# ENVIRONMENT | PLANNING | DEVELOPMENT SOLUTIONS, INC.

Date: January 4, 2022

Prepared by: Hashem Basrawi, Abby Pal

To: City of Perris

Site: NEC Ramona Expressway & Brennan Avenue

Subject: DRP22-00021: Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) & Trip Generation Screening Analysis and

Focused Traffic Analysis

#### Introduction

This technical memorandum evaluates the need to prepare a Level of Service (LOS) or Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) analysis for the proposed 99,990 SF industrial warehouse building located at the north-east corner of Ramona Expressway & Brennan Avenue in the City of Perris. Additionally, a Focused Traffic Analysis (FTA) was conducted to evaluate LOS at intersections in the immediate vicinity of the project which provide access to the project site. Access to the project site will be provided via one passenger car driveway on Brennan Avenue North and one truck driveway on Ramona Expressway. An emergency vehicle access driveway will be provided on Brennan Avenue North. The project proposes signalizing the intersection of Brennan Avenue South and Ramona Expressway to allow project truck traffic access from Brennan Avenue South. Project truck traffic will be restricted to only northbound and southbound through movements. The FTA is included in this technical memorandum. The existing site is currently vacant. The project site plan is shown in Figure 1.

#### **Project Trip Generation**

The project trip generation was prepared using land use code 150 (Warehousing) trip rates that were obtained from the Institute of Transportation Engineers, Trip Generation, 11th Edition, 2021. Per the City of Perris, a Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) is required for projects that will generate 500 or more daily trips and/or 50 or more peak hour trips. Passenger Car Equivalent (PCE) factors were added to project truck trips to account for the larger size, slower starting times, and reduced maneuverability of trucks.

As shown in Table 1, the project would generate a total of 171 daily trips, 17 AM peak hour trips and 19 PM peak hour trips. With the application of PCE factors, the project would generate 263 daily trips, 22 AM peak hour trips and 24 PM peak hour trips. As per the City's threshold of 50 or more peak hour trips, the project would screen, and a preparation of an LOS TIA would not be required.

#### VMT Screening Analysis

Senate Bill (SB) 743 was signed by Governor Brown in 2013 and required the Governor's Office of Planning and Research (OPR) to amend the CEQA Guidelines to provide an alternative to LOS for evaluating Transportation impacts. SB743 specified that the new criteria should promote the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, the development of multimodal transportation networks and a diversity of land uses. The bill also specified that delay-based level of service could no longer be considered an indicator of a significant impact on the environment. In response, Section 15064.3 was added to the CEQA Guidelines beginning January 1, 2019. Section 15064.3 - Determining the Significance of Transportation Impacts states that Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) is the most appropriate measure of transportation impacts and provides lead agencies with the discretion to choose the most appropriate methodology and thresholds for evaluating VMT. Section 15064.3(c) states that the provisions of the section shall apply statewide beginning on July 1, 2020.

City of Perris Transportation Impact Analysis Guidelines for CEQA include VMT analysis methodology, impact thresholds, and screening thresholds to determine if projects would require a vehicle miles traveled (VMT) analysis. The City's TIA Guidelines provide criteria for projects that would be considered to have a less-than significant impact on VMT and therefore could be screened from further VMT analysis. If a project meets one of the following criteria, then the VMT impact of the project is considered less-than significant and no further analysis of VMT would be required:

#### Screening Criteria

- 1. Project is 100% affordable housing.
- 2. Project is within one half mile of qualifying transit.
- 3. Project is a local serving land use.
- 4. Project is in a low VMT area.
- 5. Project generates less than 500 net daily trips.

The applicability of each Screening Criteria to the proposed project is discussed below.

<u>Screening Criteria 1 – Project is 100% affordable housing:</u> According to the City's guidelines, if a project consists of 100% affordable housing, then the presumption can be made that it will have a less than significant impact on VMT. Moreover, sources provided by the Office of Planning and Research (OPR) state that affordable housing projects typically generate lower VMT than market-rate housing and a project consisting of a high percentage of affordable housing may be a basis for the lead agency to find a less than significant impact on VMT. Since this project is not considered a 100% affordable housing project, Screening Criteria 1 doesn't apply.

Screening Criteria 2 – Project is within one half mile of qualifying transit: The City's guidelines refer to CEQA Guideline Section 15064.3, subdivision (b)(1), which states that lead agencies generally should presume that certain projects (including residential, retail, and office projects, as well as projects that are a mix of these uses) proposed within one half mile of an existing major transit stop or an existing stop along a high quality transit corridor will have a less than significant impact on VMT. This project is not located within half a mile of the existing RTA Route 19 bus stop. Additionally, since this is an industrial warehouse project, Screening Criteria 2 doesn't apply.

<u>Screening Criteria 3 – Project is a local serving land use:</u> According to the City's guidelines, local serving land uses provide more opportunities for residents and employees to shop, dine and obtain services closer to home and work. Local serving uses can also include community resources that may otherwise be located outside of the city or local area. The project is not considered a local serving land use per the description in the City's guidelines, therefore Screening Criteria 3 doesn't apply.

Screening Criteria 4 – Project is in a low VMT area: According to the City's guidelines, projects that are located in areas with low VMT, and that incorporate similar features (i.e., land use type, access to the circulation network, etc.), will tend to exhibit similarly low VMT. If a project is located in a Traffic Analysis Zone (TAZ) with VMT per capita or VMT per employee that is less than or equal to the Citywide average, then the project is considered to be located in a low VMT area and can be presumed to have a less than significant impact on VMT. Western Riverside Council of Governments (WRCOG) web-based VMT screening tool has been to utilized to determine if the project is not required to prepare a VMT analysis. The results of the WRCOG VMT screening tool for the project concluded that the project is not located in a low VMT area and therefore does not screen out of further VMT analysis based on this criteria. Figure 2 shows the screening criteria utilized as well as the results of the screening analysis.

<u>Screening Criteria 5 – Project generates less than 500 net daily trips:</u> According to the City's guidelines, development projects that generate less than 500 daily vehicle trips are considered to have a less than significant VMT impact. To determine if the project's trip generation would exceed the 500 daily vehicle trips screening threshold, the passenger vehicle trip generation was utilized.

This project would generate a total of 171 daily trips, 17 AM peak hour trips and 19 PM peak hour trips. Furthermore, according to this screening criteria, a conclusion can be made that this project would screen from the requirement of a VMT analysis. No VMT analysis would be required since the number of daily vehicle trips (171) is fewer than 500 daily trips. Table 1 shows the proposed project trip generation.

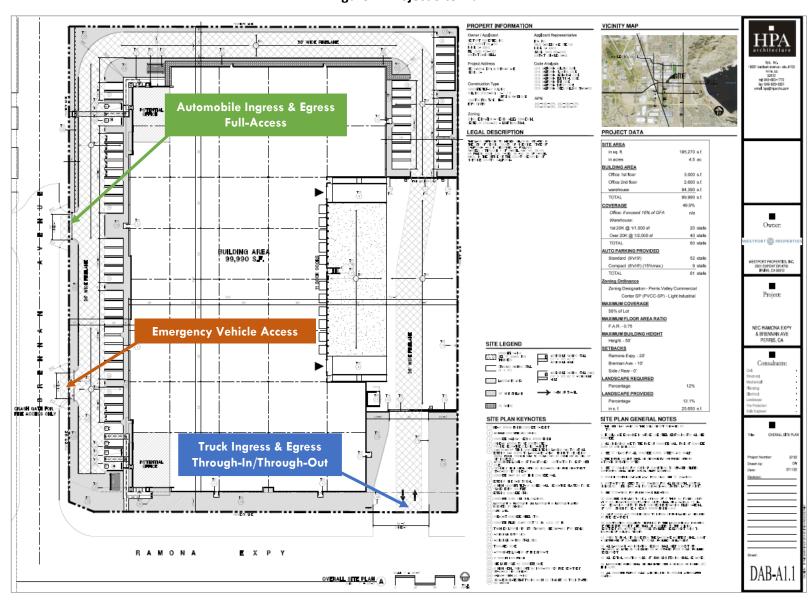


Figure 1: Project Site Plan

Figure 2: WRCOG VMT Screening Tool Inputs and Results

#2. Select the VMT Metric. Note each jurisdiction may	OBJECTID	1	OBJECTID	1
have adopted a different metric by which they measure VMT. Please consult with the jurisdiction to verify which metric to use for your analysis.*	Completely within a TPA?	No (Fail)	Assessor Parcel Number (APN)	302260078
PA VMT Per Worker	Within a low VMT generating	No (Fail)	Traffic Analysis Zone (TAZ)	1832
#3. Select the Baseline Year. The year available for	TAZ? Note	Screening results are	Community Region	PERRIS
analysis are from 2018 to 2045.*  2022		based on location of parcel centroids. If results are desired considering the full parcel, please refer to the	Inside a Transit Priority Area (TPA)	No
#4. Select the Threshold (% reduction from baseline		associated map layers to visually review parcel and	TAZ VMT	17.2
year). Note each jurisdiction may have adopted a different metric by which they measure VMT. Please	Community	TAZ boundary relationship.	Jurisdiction VMT	16.9
consult with the jurisdiction to verify which metric to use for your analysis.*	Regions have		% Difference	1.42%
Below City Baseline (0%)	different thresholds		VMT Metric	PA VMT Per Worker
below City baseline (070)	(1=Yes, 0=No)		Threshold	16.9

# **Focused Traffic Analysis**

A Focused Traffic Analysis has been prepared as part of this technical memorandum which includes the following study intersections and analysis scenarios.

Study Intersections:

- 1. Ramona Expressway/Brenna Avenue South Project Driveway
- 2. Ramona Expressway/Brenna Avenue North

The location of the project site and study area intersections are shown in Figure 3. AM and PM peak hour traffic operations were evaluated for the following scenarios:

- Existing Conditions
- Existing Plus Project Conditions

The analysis methodology and significance criteria utilized in this technical memorandum are provided in *Attachment A* for reference.



Figure 3: Project Site and Study Area Intersections

#### **Existing Conditions Intersection Operations**

The existing Levels of Service at the study area intersections were determined using the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM), 7<sup>th</sup> Edition methodology, described in *Attachment A.* Turning Movement Count for the study intersections were collected during AM and PM peak hours on November 10, 2022 and are provided in *Attachment B.* Existing AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes at the study area intersections are provided in *Attachment C (Figures A-1 and A-2)*. Table 2 shows the existing AM and PM peak hour levels of service at study intersections using the HCM methodology. All LOS calculations are provided in *Attachment D.* As shown in Table 2, both intersections would operate at a satisfactory LOS during the AM and PM peak hour.

Table 2. Existing AM and PM Peak Hour Level of Service

			AM	Peak	PM Peak		
	Intersection	Traffic Control	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS <sup>2</sup>	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS <sup>2</sup>	
1.	Ramona Expressway/Brennan Ave South — Project Driveway	TWSC	15.2	C	18.6	С	
2.	Ramona Expressway/Brennan Ave North	TWSC	19.9	C	1 <i>7</i> .1	С	

=Unsatisfactory Level of Service

TWSC = Two-Way Stop Control

Delay in Seconds

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Level of Service

#### **Project Trip Generation and Trip Distribution**

As aforementioned, the project trip generation was prepared using land use code 150 (Warehousing) trip rates that were obtained from the Institute of Transportation Engineers, Trip Generation, 11th Edition, 2021. Per the City of Perris, a TIA analysis is required for projects that will generate 500 or more daily trips and/or 50 or more peak hour trips. Passenger Car Equivalent (PCE) factors were added to project truck trips to account for the larger size, slower starting times, and reduced maneuverability of trucks.

As shown in Table 1, the project would generate a total of 171 daily trips, 17 AM peak hour trips and 19 PM peak hour trips. With the application of PCE factors, the project would generate 263 daily trips, 22 AM peak hour trips and 24 PM peak hour trips. Project trips were distributed throughout the study area based on logical travel paths and patterns. The project truck and automobile trip distributions are shown in Figures 3 and 4. The project AM and PM trip assignments are provided in Attachment C (Figures A-5 and A-6).

**Table 1: Project Trip Generation** 

			AM	Peak Ho	our	PN	l Peak l	lour
Land Use	Units	Daily	ln	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
Trip Rates								
Warehousing Vehicles <sup>1</sup>	TSF	1.71	0.13	0.04	0.17	0.05	0.13	0.18
Project Trip Generation								
Warehouse 99.990	TSF	171	13	4	17	5	13	18
ITE Vehicle Mix <sup>2</sup>								
Passenger (64.9% Daily, 88.2% AM, 83.3% PM)		111	12	3	15	4	11	15
Truck (35.1% Daily, 11.8% AM, 16.7% PM)		60	2	0	2	1	3	4
		171	14	3	17	5	14	19
<u>Truck Vehicle Mix</u> <sup>3</sup>	Percent <sup>3</sup>							
2-Axle truck	16.70%	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
3-Axle truck	20.70%	12	1	0	1	0	1	1
4+-Axle Trucks	62.50%	38	1	0	1	1	2	3
	100%	60	2	0	2	1	3	4
PCE Trip Generation 4	PCE Factor	4						
Passenger Vehicles	1.0	111	12	3	15	4	11	15
2-Axle truck	1.5	15	0	0	0	0	0	0
3-Axle truck	2.0	25	2	0	2	0	1	1
4+-Axle Trucks	3.0	113	4	1	5	2	6	8
	<u> </u>	263	18	4	22	6	18	24

TSF = Thousand Square Feet

PCE = Passenger Car Equivalent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Trip rates/Percentages from the Institute of Transportation Engineers, Trip Generation, 11th Edition, 2021. Land Use Code 150 - Warehousing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> ITE Vehicle Mix for Warehousing

<sup>3</sup> SCAQMD Warehouse Truck Study Fleet Mix (Without Cold Storage).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Passenger Car Equivalent (PCE) factors from County of Riverside Transportation Analysis Guidelines for Level of Service Vehicle Miles Traveled, dated December 2020.



Figure 3: Project Truck Trip Distribution



Figure 4: Project Automobile Trip Distribution

#### **Existing Plus Project Conditions Intersection Operations**

The Existing Plus Project Conditions Levels of Service at the study intersections were determined using the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM), 7<sup>th</sup> Edition methodology, described in *Attachment A*. Existing Plus Project AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes at the study area intersections are provided in *Attachment C (Figures A-3 and A-4)*. Table 3 shows the Existing Without and With Project AM and PM peak hour levels of service at study intersections using the HCM methodology. All LOS calculations are provided in *Attachment D*. As mentioned previously, it is to be noted that for the Existing Plus Project scenario, a traffic signal control was assumed for the intersection of Ramona Expressway/Brenna Avenue South – Project Driveway to facilitate truck access along Ramona Expressway. As shown in Table 3, under existing plus project conditions, both intersections would operate at a satisfactory LOS during the AM and PM peak hours.

Table 3. Existing Plus Project AM and PM Peak Hour Level of Service (HCM Methodology)

		Traffic	Existing			Existing Plus Project							
	Intersection		AM Peak		PM Peak		AM Peak		PM Peak		AM Delay	PM Delay	Impact
		Control		LOS <sup>2</sup>	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS <sup>2</sup>	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS <sup>2</sup>	Delay <sup>1</sup>	LOS2	Difference	Difference	
1.	Ramona Expressway/Brennan Ave South — Project Driveway	Signal	15.2	С	18.6	С	1.7	Α	1.9	Α	-13.5	-16.7	No
2.	Ramona Expressway/Brennan Ave North	TWSC	19.9	С	1 <i>7</i> .1	С	20.6	С	18.4	С	0.7	1.3	No

=Unsatisfactory Level of Service

TWSC = Two-Way Stop Control

1 Delay in Seconds

<sup>2</sup> Level of Service

#### Summary

As shown in Table 1, with the application of PCE factors, the project would generate a total of 22 AM peak hour trips and 24 PM peak hour trips. As per the City's threshold of 50 or more peak hour trips, the project would screen, and a preparation of an LOS TIA would not be required.

EPD Solutions referenced the City of Perris Transportation Impact Analysis Guidelines for CEQA that discusses analysis methodologies and screening thresholds to determine if this project would require a vehicle miles traveled (VMT) analysis. If a project meets the following criteria, then the VMT impact of the project is considered less-than significant and no further analysis of VMT would be required:

- 1. Project is 100% affordable housing.
- 2. Project is within one half mile of qualifying transit.
- 3. Project is a local serving land use.
- 4. Project is in a low VMT area.
- 5. Project generates less than 500 net daily trips.

The project would not meet Screening Criteria 1, 2, 3, or 4. However, the project is expected to generate 171 daily vehicle trips which is less than the City's threshold of 500 daily vehicle trips; therefore, Screening Criteria 5 is satisfied. Furthermore, VMT impacts would be considered less than significant and further analysis of VMT would not be required.

As shown in Table 3, under Existing Plus Project conditions, both intersections would operate at a satisfactory LOS during the AM and PM peak hours. Therefore, the project would not cause an LOS deficiency at the study intersections.

# Attachment A

# Methodology

Intersection operations are evaluated using Level of Service (LOS), which is a measure of the delay experienced by drivers on a roadway facility. LOS A indicates free-flow traffic conditions and is generally the best operating conditions. LOS F is an extremely congested condition and is the worst operating condition from the driver's perspective. In this report, LOS at signalized and unsignalized intersections is calculated using the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM), 6th Edition methodology.

LOS at signalized intersections is defined in terms of the weighted average control delay for the intersection as a whole. Control delay is a measure of the increase in travel time that is experienced due to traffic signal control and is expressed in terms of average control delay per vehicle (in seconds). Control delay is determined based on the intersection geometry and volume, signal cycle length, phasing and coordination along the arterial corridor. Table 1 shows the relationship between control delay and LOS.

Table 1: Relationship between Control Delay and LOS at a Signalized Intersection

LOS	Delay (Seconds per Vehicle)
A	≤ 10
В	>10 - 20
С	>20 – 35
D	>35 - 55
E	>55 – 80
F	>80

Unsignalized intersections are categorized as either all-way stop control (AWSC) or two-way stop control (TWSC). LOS at AWSC intersections is determined by the weighted average control delay of the overall intersection. The HCM TWSC intersection methodology calculates LOS based on the delay experienced by drivers on the minor (stop-controlled) approaches to the intersection. For TWSC intersections, LOS is determined for each minor-street movement, as well as the major-street left-turns. The relationship between delay and LOS at Unsignalized intersections is shown in Table 2.

Table 2: Relationship between Delay and LOS an Unsignalized Intersection

LOS	Delay (seconds)
A	0-10
В	>10 - 15
С	>15 - 25
D	>25 - 35
E	>35 - 50
F	>50

#### City of Perris LOS Standards and Traffic Criteria for Traffic Studies

#### **LOS Standards**

The City of Perris utilizes the following LOS standards:

- LOS "D" along all City maintained roads (including intersections) and LOS "D" along I-215 and SR 74 (including intersections with local streets and roads). An exception to the local road standard is LOS "E", at intersections of any Arterials and Expressways with SR 74, the Ramona-Cajalco Expressway or at I-215 freeway ramps.
- LOS "E" may be allowed within the boundaries of the Downtown Specific Plan Area to the extent
  that it would support transit-oriented development and walkable communities. Increased
  congestion in this area will facilitate an increase in transit ridership and encourage development
  of a complementary mix of land uses within a comfortable walking distance from light rail
  stations.

#### Thresholds of a Traffic Impact

The City of Perris utilizes the following thresholds to determine if a project causes a traffic impact:

- A LOS A project-related traffic impact is considered direct when a study intersection operates
  at an acceptable Level of Service for existing conditions (without the project) and the addition
  of 50 or more a.m. or p.m. peak hour project trips causes the intersection delay to increase by
  2 seconds or more and causes the intersection to operate at an unacceptable Level of Service
  for existing plus project conditions.
- A project-related traffic impact is considered direct when a study intersection operates at an
  unacceptable Level of Service for existing conditions (without the project) and the addition of
  50 or more a.m. or p.m. peak hour project trips causes the intersection delay to increase by 2
  seconds or more.
- A cumulative impact is considered direct when a study intersection is forecast to operate at an acceptable Level of Service without the project and with the addition of 50 or more a.m. or p.m. peak hour project trips causes the intersection delay to increase by 2 seconds or more and causes the intersection to operate at an unacceptable Level of Service.
- A cumulative impact is considered an indirect traffic impact when a study intersection is forecast
  to operate at an unacceptable Level of Service with the addition of cumulative/background
  traffic and the project contributes 50 or more a.m. or p.m. peak hour project trips and causes
  the intersection delay to increase by 2 seconds or more.

# Attachment B

# INTERSECTION TURNING MOVEMENT COUNTS

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# INTERSECTION TURNING MOVEMENT COUNTS

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119	3	378	0	0	9/2	0	₽	0	0	0	0	0	MA 21:8	
653	8	340	0	0	30⁴	0	Ţ	0	0	0	0	0	MA 00:8	
69	₽	₽98	0	0	288	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	MA 24:7	
ΙΙΖ	₽	168	0	0	302	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	MA 0E:7	
699	6	968	0	0	797	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	MA 21:7	
179	6	327	0	0	760	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	MA 00:7	
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# Attachment C

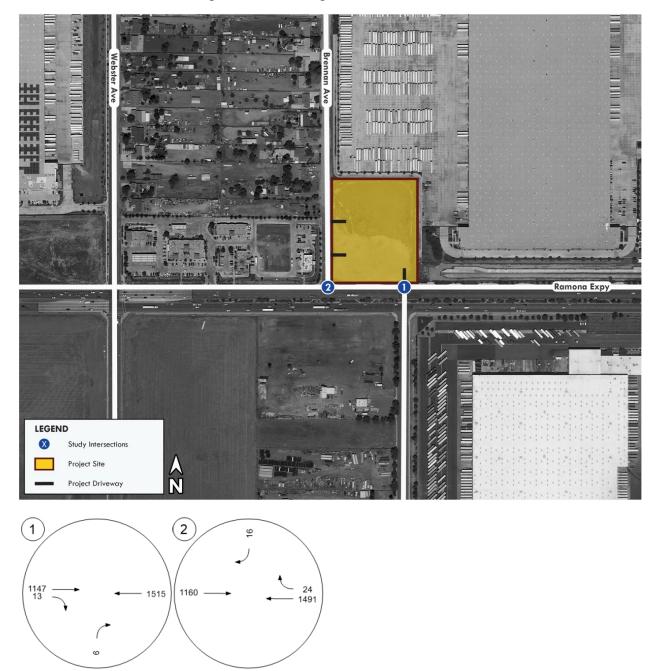


Figure A-1: Existing AM Traffic Volumes

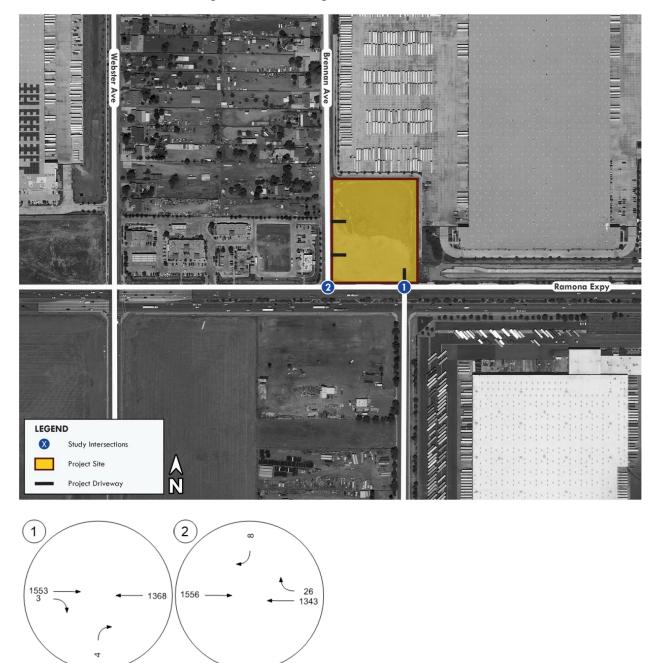


Figure A-2: Existing PM Traffic Volumes



Figure A-3: Existing Plus Project AM Traffic Volumes

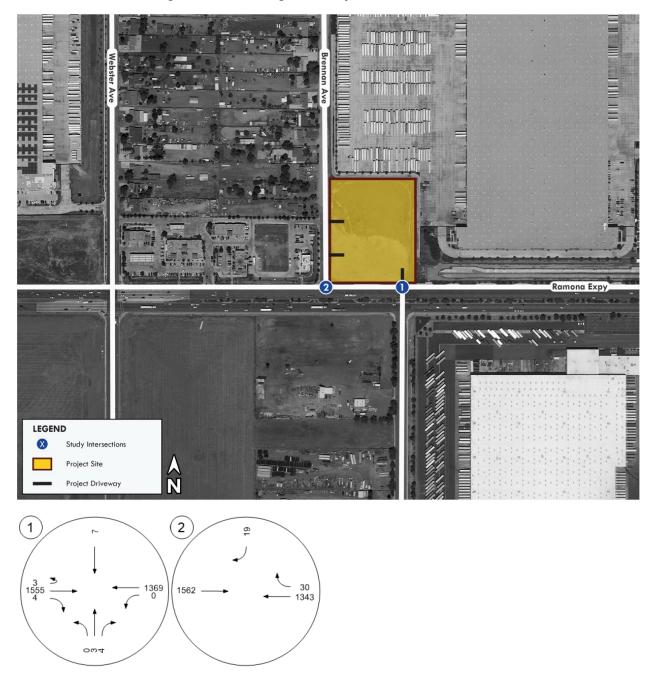


Figure A-4: Existing Plus Project PM Traffic Volumes

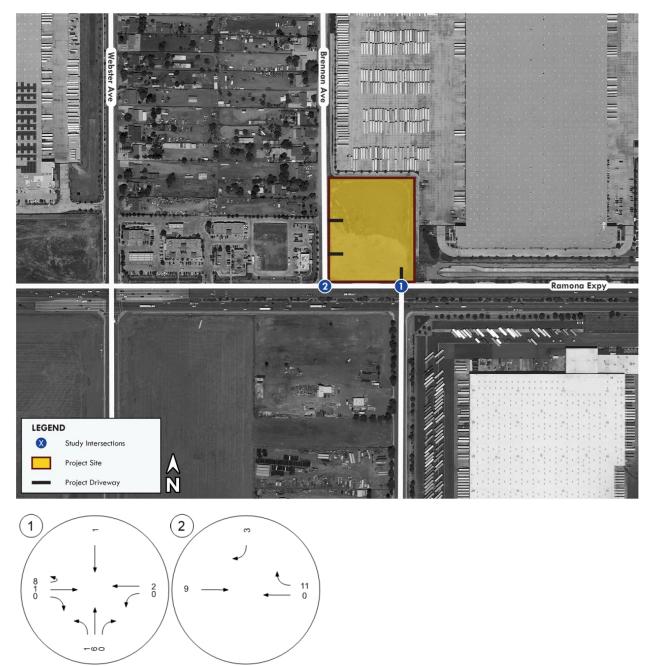


Figure A-5: Project AM Peak Hour Trip Assignment

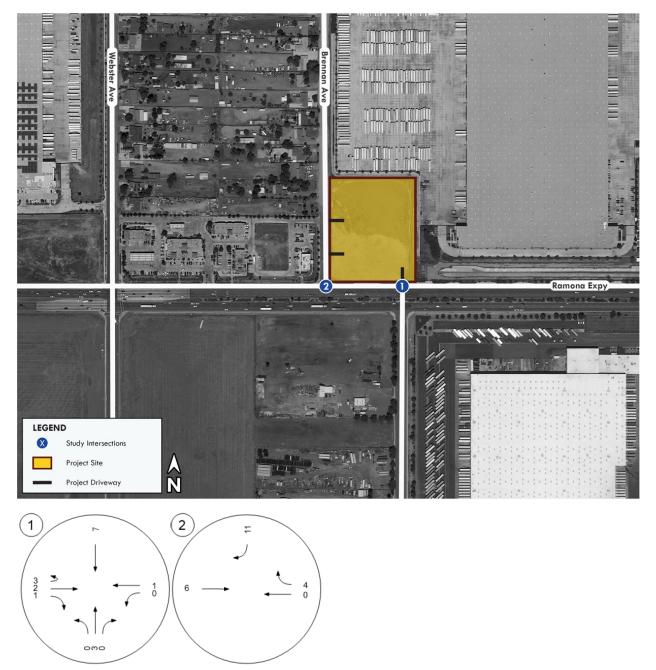


Figure A-6: Project PM Peak Hour Trip Assignment

# Attachment D

# Ramona and Brennon Warehouse

Vistro File: C:\...\Vistro - Update - 2.vistro

Report File: C:\...\Existing AM.pdf

Scenario 1 Existing AM

1/3/2023

# **Intersection Analysis Summary**

ID	Intersection Name	Control Type	Method	Worst Mvmt	V/C	Delay (s/veh)	LOS
	Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave South – Project Driveway			NB Right	0.033	15.2	С
2	Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave North	Two-way stop	HCM 7th Edition	SB Right	0.142	19.9	С

V/C, Delay, LOS: For two-way stop, these values are taken from the movement with the worst (highest) delay value. For all other control types, they are taken for the whole intersection.

Version 2022 (SP 0-10) Scenario 1: 1 Existing AM

#### Intersection Level Of Service Report

# Intersection 1: Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave South - Project Driveway

Control Type:Two-way stopDelay (sec / veh):15.2Analysis Method:HCM 7th EditionLevel Of Service:CAnalysis Period:15 minutesVolume to Capacity (v/c):0.033

#### Intersection Setup

Name	Bren	na Ave S	outh	Proj	ect Drive	way	Ramoi	na Expre	ssway	Ramoi	na Expre	ssway
Approach	N	orthboun	ıd	Southbound			Е	astboun	d	Westbound		
Lane Configuration	Г						III		1111			
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Entry Pocket	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Entry Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
No. of Lanes in Exit Pocket	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exit Pocket Length [ft]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Speed [mph]		30.00		30.00				30.00			50.00	
Grade [%]		0.00		0.00			0.00			0.00		
Crosswalk		No			No	No No			No			

#### Volumes

Name	Bren	na Ave S	South	Proj	ect Drive	way	Ramo	na Expre	ssway	Ramo	na Expre	ssway
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	1147	13	0	1515	0
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Growth Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	1147	13	0	1515	0
Peak Hour Factor	1.0000	1.0000	0.5000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9160	0.9160	1.0000	0.9360	1.0000
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	313	4	0	405	0
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	1252	14	0	1619	0
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0			0			0			0		

Version 2022 (SP 0-10)

# Scenario 1: 1 Existing AM

# Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Stop	Stop	Free	Free
Flared Lane				
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance	No			
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0	0

# Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	0.00	0.00	15.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Movement LOS			С					Α	Α		Α	
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh/ln]	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft/ln]	0.00	0.00	2.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]		15.17		0.00		0.00			0.00			
Approach LOS		С		А				Α		A		
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]	0.06											
Intersection LOS	С											

# Intersection Level Of Service Report Intersection 2: Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave North

Control Type:Two-way stopDelay (sec / veh):19.9Analysis Method:HCM 7th EditionLevel Of Service:CAnalysis Period:15 minutesVolume to Capacity (v/c):0.142

#### Intersection Setup

Name	Brenna /	Ave North			Ramona E	xpressway	
Approach	South	bound	Eastl	oound	Westbound		
Lane Configuration	r		11	11	IIIF		
Turning Movement	Left Right		Left	Thru	Thru	Right	
Lane Width [ft]	12.00 12.00		12.00 12.00		12.00	12.00	
No. of Lanes in Entry Pocket	0 0		0	0	0	0	
Entry Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
No. of Lanes in Exit Pocket	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Exit Pocket Length [ft]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Speed [mph]	30.00		30.00		30.00		
Grade [%]	0.00		0.00		0.00		
Crosswalk	No		N	lo	No		

#### Volumes

Name	Brenna /	Ave North			Ramona E	Expressway	
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	0	16	0	1160	1491	24	
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Growth Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	0	16	0	1160	1491	24	
Peak Hour Factor	1.0000	0.4000	1.0000	0.9460	0.9360	0.9360	
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	10	0	307	398 6		
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	0	40	0	1226	1593	26	
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0			0	0		

# Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Stop	Free	Free
Flared Lane			
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance	No		
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

#### Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.00			
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	0.00	19.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
Movement LOS		С		Α	Α	Α			
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh/ln]	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft/ln]	0.00	12.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	19	.94	0.0	00	0.0	00			
Approach LOS	(	2	Į.	4	A	4			
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]	0.28								
Intersection LOS	С								

#### Ramona and Brennon Warehouse

Vistro File: C:\...\Vistro - Update - 2.vistro

Report File: C:\...\Existing AM.pdf

Scenario 1 Existing AM

1/3/2023

# **Turning Movement Volume: Summary**

Ī	ID Intersection Name Northbound Right	Intersection Name	Northbound	Eastb	ound	Westbound	Total
		Right	Thru	Right	Thru	Volume	
	1	Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave South – Project Driveway	6	1147	13	1515	2681

Ī	ID	Intersection Name Southbound Right	Southbound	Eastbound	West	Total	
	טו		Right	Thru	Thru	Right	Volume
	2	Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave North	16	1160	1491	24	2691

Scenario 2: 2 Existing PM

# Ramona and Brennon Warehouse

Vistro File: C:\...\Vistro - Update - 2.vistro

Report File: C:\...\Existing PM.pdf

Scenario 2 Existing PM

1/3/2023

# **Intersection Analysis Summary**

ID	Intersection Name	Control Type	Method	Worst Mvmt	V/C	Delay (s/veh)	LOS
	Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave South – Project Driveway			NB Right	0.040	18.6	С
2	Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave North	Two-way stop	HCM 7th Edition	SB Right	0.063	17.1	С

V/C, Delay, LOS: For two-way stop, these values are taken from the movement with the worst (highest) delay value. For all other control types, they are taken for the whole intersection.

Scenario 2: 2 Existing PM

# Intersection Level Of Service Report

# Intersection 1: Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave South - Project Driveway

Control Type:Two-way stopDelay (sec / veh):18.6Analysis Method:HCM 7th EditionLevel Of Service:CAnalysis Period:15 minutesVolume to Capacity (v/c):0.040

#### Intersection Setup

Name	Bren	na Ave S	outh	Proj	ect Drive	way	Ramoi	na Expre	ssway	Ramoi	na Expre	ssway
Approach	N	orthbour	ıd	S	Southbound		Eastbound			Westbound		
Lane Configuration	۲						III			1111		
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Entry Pocket	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Entry Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
No. of Lanes in Exit Pocket	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exit Pocket Length [ft]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Speed [mph]		30.00			30.00			30.00			50.00	
Grade [%]	0.00 No				0.00			0.00			0.00	
Crosswalk				No		No			No			

#### Volumes

Name	Bren	na Ave S	South	Proj	ect Drive	way	Ramo	na Expre	ssway	Ramo	na Expre	ssway
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1553	3	0	1368	0
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Growth Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1553	3	0	1368	0
Peak Hour Factor	1.0000	1.0000	0.3500	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9450	0.9450	1.0000	0.9500	1.0000
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	411	1	0	360	0
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	1643	3	0	1440	0
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0			0			0			0		

# Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Stop	Stop	Free	Free
Flared Lane				
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance	No			
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0	0

#### Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	0.00	0.00	18.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Movement LOS			С					Α	Α		Α	
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh/ln]	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft/ln]	0.00	0.00	3.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]		18.63		0.00		0.00			0.00			
Approach LOS		С		А				Α		A		
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]	0.07											
Intersection LOS	С											

# Scenario 2: 2 Existing PM

## Intersection Level Of Service Report Intersection 2: Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave North

Control Type: Delay (sec / veh): Two-way stop 17.1 Analysis Method: HCM 7th Edition Level Of Service: С Analysis Period: 15 minutes Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.063

#### Intersection Setup

Name	Brenna /	Ave North			Ramona E	xpressway	
Approach	South	bound	Eastl	oound	Westbound		
Lane Configuration	Г	•	11	11	IIIF		
Turning Movement	Left	Right	Left	Thru	Thru	Right	
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
No. of Lanes in Entry Pocket	0 0		0	0	0	0	
Entry Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
No. of Lanes in Exit Pocket	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Exit Pocket Length [ft]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Speed [mph]	30	0.00	30.00		30.00		
Grade [%]	0.	.00	0.	00	0.00		
Crosswalk	N	No	N	lo	No		

Name	Brenna /	Ave North			Ramona E	xpressway
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	0	8	0	1556	1343	26
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Growth Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	0	8	0	1556	1343	26
Peak Hour Factor	1.0000	0.4000	1.0000	0.9570	0.9400	0.9400
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	5	0	406	357	7
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	0	20	0	1626	1429	28
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]		0		0		0

# Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Stop	Free	Free
Flared Lane			
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance	No		
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

# Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.00			
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	0.00	17.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
Movement LOS		С		A	Α	Α			
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh/ln]	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft/ln]	0.00	5.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	17	.11	0.0	00	0.0	0.00			
Approach LOS		С	Į ,	Į.	4				
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]	0.11								
Intersection LOS	С								

Scenario 2: 2 Existing PM

#### Ramona and Brennon Warehouse

Vistro File: C:\...\Vistro - Update - 2.vistro

Report File: C:\...\Existing PM.pdf

Scenario 2 Existing PM

1/3/2023

# **Turning Movement Volume: Summary**

ID	Intersection Name	Northbound	Easth	ound	Westbound	Total
ID	intersection name	Right	Thru	Right	Thru	Volume
1	Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave South – Project Driveway	4	1553	3	1368	2928

Ī	ID	Intersection Name	Southbound	Eastbound	West	Total	
	טו	intersection Name	Right	Thru	Thru	Right	Volume
	2	Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave North	8	1556	1343	26	2933

# Ramona and Brennon Warehouse

Vistro File: C:\...\Vistro - Update - 2.vistro

Report File: C:\...\Existing Plus Project AM.pdf

Scenario 3 Existing Plus Project AM

1/3/2023

# **Intersection Analysis Summary**

ID	Intersection Name	Control Type	Method	Worst Mvmt	V/C	Delay (s/veh)	LOS
1	Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave South – Project Driveway		HCM 7th Edition	NB Right	0.345	1.7	Α
2	Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave North	Two-way stop	HCM 7th Edition	SB Right	0.172	20.6	O

V/C, Delay, LOS: For two-way stop, these values are taken from the movement with the worst (highest) delay value. For all other control types, they are taken for the whole intersection.

#### Intersection Level Of Service Report

# Intersection 1: Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave South - Project Driveway

Control Type: Signalized Delay (sec / veh): 1.7 HCM 7th Edition Analysis Method: Level Of Service: Α Analysis Period: 15 minutes Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.345

#### Intersection Setup

Name	Bren	Brenna Ave South			ect Drive	way	Ran	nona E	xpress	way	Ramona Expressway		
Approach	N	orthbour	ıd	S	outhbour	ıd	Eastbound				Westbound		
Lane Configuration		<b>1</b> F			1			រា	H		+	1111	Ì
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	U-tu	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Entry Pocket	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Entry Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.00	100.00	100.00
No. of Lanes in Exit Pocket	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Exit Pocket Length [ft]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.	0.00	0.00	0.00
Speed [mph]		30.00			30.00			30	.00			50.00	
Grade [%]		0.00			0.00			0.	00			0.00	
Curb Present		No			No			N	0			No	
Crosswalk		No			No			N	o			No	

Name	Bren	na Ave S	South	Proj	ect Drive	way	Ran	nona E	xpress	way	Ramoi	na Expre	ssway
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	1147	13	0	1515	0
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Proportion of CAVs [%]						0.	00						
Growth Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	1	6	0	0	1	0	8	0	1	0	0	2	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Right Turn on Red Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	1	6	6	0	1	0	8	0	1148	13	0	1517	0
Peak Hour Factor	1.0000	0.9500	0.5000	1.0000	0.9500	1.0000	1.00	1.00	0.91	0.91	1.0000	0.9360	1.0000
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	2	3	0	0	0	2	0	313	4	0	405	0
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	1	6	12	0	1	0	8	0	1253	14	0	1621	0
Presence of On-Street Parking	No		No	No		No	No			No	No		No
On-Street Parking Maneuver Rate [/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Bus Stopping Rate [/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
v_do, Outbound Pedestrian Volume crossing major stre	е	0			0			(	)			0	
v_di, Inbound Pedestrian Volume crossing major street	[	0			0			(	)			0	
v_co, Outbound Pedestrian Volume crossing minor stre	е	0			0			(	)			0	
v_ci, Inbound Pedestrian Volume crossing minor street	[	0			0			(	)			0	
v_ab, Corner Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]		0			0			(	)			0	
Bicycle Volume [bicycles/h]		0			0			(	)			0	

# Intersection Settings

Located in CBD	No
Signal Coordination Group	-
Cycle Length [s]	120
Coordination Type	Time of Day Pattern Coordinated
Actuation Type	Semi-actuated
Offset [s]	0.0
Offset Reference	Lead Green - Beginning of First Green
Permissive Mode	SingleBand
Lost time [s]	0.00

# Phasing & Timing

Control Type	Permis	Permis	Permis	Permis	Permis	Permis	Perm	Perm	Perm	Perm	Permis	Permis	Permis
Signal Group	0	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	6	0
Auxiliary Signal Groups													
Lead / Lag	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minimum Green [s]	0	10	0	0	10	0	0	0	10	0	0	10	0
Maximum Green [s]	0	30	0	0	30	0	0	0	30	0	0	30	0
Amber [s]	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0
All red [s]	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
Split [s]	0	34	0	0	34	0	0	0	86	0	0	86	0
Vehicle Extension [s]	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0
Walk [s]	0	5	0	0	5	0	0	0	5	0	0	5	0
Pedestrian Clearance [s]	0	10	0	0	10	0	0	0	10	0	0	10	0
Delayed Vehicle Green [s]	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rest In Walk		No			No				No			No	
I1, Start-Up Lost Time [s]	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0
l2, Clearance Lost Time [s]	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0
Minimum Recall		No			No				No			No	
Maximum Recall		No			No				No			No	
Pedestrian Recall		No			No				No			No	
Detector Location [ft]	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Detector Length [ft]	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
I, Upstream Filtering Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

#### **Exclusive Pedestrian Phase**

Pedestrian Signal Group	0
Pedestrian Walk [s]	0
Pedestrian Clearance [s]	0

# **Lane Group Calculations**

Lane Group	L	С	С	L	С	С	L	С
C, Cycle Length [s]	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
L, Total Lost Time per Cycle [s]	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
I1_p, Permitted Start-Up Lost Time [s]	2.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
I2, Clearance Lost Time [s]	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
g_i, Effective Green Time [s]	5	5	5	107	107	107	107	107
g / C, Green / Cycle	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.89	0.89	0.89	0.89	0.89
(v / s)_i Volume / Saturation Flow Rate	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.33	0.33	0.00	0.23
s, saturation flow rate [veh/h]	1439	1700	1900	316	1900	1893	444	6901
c, Capacity [veh/h]	100	69	77	324	1696	1689	420	6160
d1, Uniform Delay [s]	56.73	55.80	55.24	1.70	1.04	1.04	0.00	0.90
k, delay calibration	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
I, Upstream Filtering Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
d2, Incremental Delay [s]	0.04	1.96	0.07	0.14	0.63	0.64	0.00	0.10
d3, Initial Queue Delay [s]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Rp, platoon ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PF, progression factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

# Lane Group Results

X, volume / capacity	0.01	0.26	0.01	0.02	0.37	0.37	0.00	0.26
d, Delay for Lane Group [s/veh]	56.77	57.76	55.30	1.84	1.67	1.68	0.00	1.01
Lane Group LOS	E	E	E	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
Critical Lane Group	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	No
50th-Percentile Queue Length [veh/ln]	0.03	0.57	0.03	0.03	0.94	0.93	0.00	0.04
50th-Percentile Queue Length [ft/ln]	0.77	14.19	0.76	0.86	23.39	23.34	0.00	1.12
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh/ln]	0.06	1.02	0.05	0.06	1.68	1.68	0.00	0.08
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft/ln]	1.38	25.54	1.37	1.54	42.10	42.01	0.00	2.01

# Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	56.77	57.76	57.76	0.00	55.30	0.00	1.84	0.00	1.67	1.68	0.00	1.01	0.00
Movement LOS	Е	Е	Е		Е		Α		Α	Α	Α	Α	
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]		57.71			55.30			1.0	68				
Approach LOS		E			E A							Α	
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]						1.	69						
Intersection LOS	A												
Intersection V/C	0.345												

#### Other Modes

g_Walk,mi, Effective Walk Time [s]	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
M_corner, Corner Circulation Area [ft²/ped]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
M_CW, Crosswalk Circulation Area [ft²/ped]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
d_p, Pedestrian Delay [s]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
I_p,int, Pedestrian LOS Score for Intersection	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Crosswalk LOS	F	F	F	F
s_b, Saturation Flow Rate of the bicycle lane [bicycles/l	1] 2000	2000	2000	2000
c_b, Capacity of the bicycle lane [bicycles/h]	500	500	1367	1367
d_b, Bicycle Delay [s]	33.75	33.75	6.02	6.02
I_b,int, Bicycle LOS Score for Intersection	1.591	1.561	2.611	2.228
Bicycle LOS	A	A	В	В

# Sequence

-																	
	Ring 1	-	2	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Ring 2	-	6	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Ring 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ì	Ring 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



## Intersection Level Of Service Report Intersection 2: Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave North

Control Type: Delay (sec / veh): Two-way stop 20.6 Analysis Method: HCM 7th Edition Level Of Service: С Analysis Period: 15 minutes Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.172

#### Intersection Setup

Name	Brenna /	Ave North	Ramona E	xpressway	Ramona E	xpressway	
Approach	South	bound	Eastl	oound	West	bound	
Lane Configuration	Г	•	11	11	iii-		
Turning Movement	Left Right L		Left	Thru	Thru	Right	
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
No. of Lanes in Entry Pocket	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Entry Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
No. of Lanes in Exit Pocket	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Exit Pocket Length [ft]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.21	
Speed [mph]	30	30.00		.00	30	.00	
Grade [%]	0.00		0.	00	0.	00	
Crosswalk	N	No.	No		No		

Name	Brenna /	Ave North	Ramona E	Expressway	Ramona E	xpressway
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	0	16	0	1160	1491	24
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Growth Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	3	0	9	0	11
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	0	19	0	1169	1491	35
Peak Hour Factor	1.0000	0.4000	1.0000	0.9460	0.9360	0.9360
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	12	0	309	398	9
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	0	48	0	1236	1593	37
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]		0		0		0

# Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Stop	Free	Free
Flared Lane			
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance	No		
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

#### Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.17	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.00	
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	0.00	20.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Movement LOS		С		A	Α	A	
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh/ln]	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft/ln]	0.00	15.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	20	.60	0.	00	0.0	00	
Approach LOS		C	,	4	Į.	4	
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]	0.34						
Intersection LOS	С						

#### Ramona and Brennon Warehouse

Vistro File: C:\...\Vistro - Update - 2.vistro

Scenario 3 Existing Plus Project AM

Report File: C:\...\Existing Plus Project AM.pdf

1/3/2023

# **Turning Movement Volume: Summary**

ID	Intersection Name	N	orthbou	nd	Southbound	Е	astboun	ıd	West	oound	Total
טו	intersection name	Left	Thru	Right	Thru	U-T	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Volume
1	Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave South – Project Driveway	1	6	6	1	8	1148	13	0	1517	2700

Ī	ID	Intersection Name	Southbound	Eastbound	West	oound	Total
	טו	intersection name	Right	Thru	Thru	Right	Volume
	2	Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave North	19	1169	1491	35	2714

# Ramona and Brennon Warehouse

Vistro File: C:\...\Vistro - Update - 2.vistro

Report File: C:\...\Existing Plus Project PM.pdf

Scenario 4 Existing Plus Project PM

1/3/2023

# **Intersection Analysis Summary**

ID	Intersection Name	Control Type	Method	Worst Mvmt	V/C	Delay (s/veh)	LOS
1	Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave South – Project Driveway	Signalized	HCM 7th Edition	NB Right	0.443	1.9	Α
2	Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave North	Two-way stop	HCM 7th Edition	SB Right	0.152	18.4	С

V/C, Delay, LOS: For two-way stop, these values are taken from the movement with the worst (highest) delay value. For all other control types, they are taken for the whole intersection.

Scenario 4: 4 Existing Plus Project PM

#### Intersection Level Of Service Report

# Intersection 1: Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave South - Project Driveway

Control Type:SignalizedDelay (sec / veh):1.9Analysis Method:HCM 7th EditionLevel Of Service:AAnalysis Period:15 minutesVolume to Capacity (v/c):0.443

#### Intersection Setup

Name	Bren	Brenna Ave South			ect Drive	way	Ran	nona E	xpress	way	Ramona Expressway			
Approach	N	orthbour	nd	S	Southbound			Eastbound				Westbound		
Lane Configuration		<b>7</b> F		1			피타				7			
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	U-tu	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.00	12.00	12.00	
No. of Lanes in Entry Pocket	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	
Entry Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.00	100.00	100.00	
No. of Lanes in Exit Pocket	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
Exit Pocket Length [ft]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Speed [mph]		30.00			30.00			30	.00			50.00		
Grade [%]	0.00				0.00		0.00					0.00		
Curb Present	No		No			No				No				
Crosswalk	No			No			No				No			

Name	Bren	na Ave S	South	Project Driveway			Ramona Expressway				Ramona Expressway		
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	1553	3	0	1368	0
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Proportion of CAVs [%]					00						-		
Growth Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	3	0	0	7	0	3	0	2	1	0	1	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Right Turn on Red Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	0	3	4	0	7	0	3	0	1555	4	0	1369	0
Peak Hour Factor	1.0000	0.9500	0.3500	1.0000	0.9500	1.0000	1.00	1.00	0.94	0.94	1.0000	0.9500	1.0000
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	1	3	0	2	0	1	0	411	1	0	360	0
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	0	3	11	0	7	0	3	0	1646	4	0	1441	0
Presence of On-Street Parking	No		No	No		No	No			No	No		No
On-Street Parking Maneuver Rate [/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Bus Stopping Rate [/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
v_do, Outbound Pedestrian Volume crossing major stre	е	0			0	-		(	)			0	
v_di, Inbound Pedestrian Volume crossing major street	[	0			0			(	)			0	
v_co, Outbound Pedestrian Volume crossing minor stre	<b>e</b> 0				0		0					0	
v_ci, Inbound Pedestrian Volume crossing minor street	et [ 0			0			0				0		
v_ab, Corner Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0			0			0					0	
Bicycle Volume [bicycles/h]	0			0			0				0		

# Intersection Settings

Located in CBD	No
Signal Coordination Group	-
Cycle Length [s]	120
Coordination Type	Time of Day Pattern Coordinated
Actuation Type	Semi-actuated
Offset [s]	0.0
Offset Reference	Lead Green - Beginning of First Green
Permissive Mode	SingleBand
Lost time [s]	0.00

# Phasing & Timing

Control Type	Permis	Permis	Permis	Permis	Permis	Permis	Perm	Perm	Perm	Perm	Permis	Permis	Permis
Signal Group	0	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	6	0
Auxiliary Signal Groups													
Lead / Lag	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minimum Green [s]	0	10	0	0	10	0	0	0	10	0	0	10	0
Maximum Green [s]	0	30	0	0	30	0	0	0	30	0	0	30	0
Amber [s]	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0
All red [s]	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
Split [s]	0	33	0	0	33	0	0	0	87	0	0	87	0
Vehicle Extension [s]	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0
Walk [s]	0	5	0	0	5	0	0	0	5	0	0	5	0
Pedestrian Clearance [s]	0	10	0	0	10	0	0	0	10	0	0	10	0
Delayed Vehicle Green [s]	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rest In Walk		No			No				No			No	
I1, Start-Up Lost Time [s]	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0
l2, Clearance Lost Time [s]	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0
Minimum Recall		No			No				No			No	
Maximum Recall		No			No				No			No	
Pedestrian Recall		No			No				No			No	
Detector Location [ft]	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Detector Length [ft]	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
I, Upstream Filtering Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

#### **Exclusive Pedestrian Phase**

Pedestrian Signal Group	0
Pedestrian Walk [s]	0
Pedestrian Clearance [s]	0

# **Lane Group Calculations**

Lane Group	L	С	С	L	С	С	L	С
C, Cycle Length [s]	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
L, Total Lost Time per Cycle [s]	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
I1_p, Permitted Start-Up Lost Time [s]	2.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
I2, Clearance Lost Time [s]	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
g_i, Effective Green Time [s]	4	4	4	108	108	108	108	108
g / C, Green / Cycle	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
(v / s)_i Volume / Saturation Flow Rate	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.43	0.43	0.00	0.21
s, saturation flow rate [veh/h]	1431	1669	1900	376	1900	1898	308	6901
c, Capacity [veh/h]	84	55	62	379	1711	1710	304	6215
d1, Uniform Delay [s]	0.00	56.61	56.35	1.38	1.05	1.05	0.00	0.75
k, delay calibration	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
I, Upstream Filtering Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
d2, Incremental Delay [s]	0.00	2.44	0.79	0.04	0.98	0.98	0.00	0.09
d3, Initial Queue Delay [s]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Rp, platoon ratio	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PF, progression factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

# Lane Group Results

X, volume / capacity	0.00	0.26	0.11	0.01	0.48	0.48	0.00	0.23
d, Delay for Lane Group [s/veh]	0.00	59.05	57.14	1.42	2.02	2.03	0.00	0.84
Lane Group LOS	Α	Е	E	Α	Α	Α	Α	А
Critical Lane Group	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	No
50th-Percentile Queue Length [veh/ln]	0.00	0.45	0.22	0.01	1.05	1.05	0.00	0.04
50th-Percentile Queue Length [ft/ln]	0.00	11.30	5.50	0.26	26.23	26.24	0.00	0.94
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh/ln]	0.00	0.81	0.40	0.02	1.89	1.89	0.00	0.07
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft/ln]	0.00	20.33	9.91	0.47	47.21	47.23	0.00	1.70

# Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	0.00	0.00 59.05 59.05			57.14	0.00	1.42	0.00	2.02	2.03	0.00	0.84	0.00
Movement LOS	Α	Е	Е		Е		Α		Α	Α	Α	Α	
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]		59.05			57.14			2.	02				
Approach LOS		Е			Е			A	4			Α	
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]						1.	85						
Intersection LOS	A												
Intersection V/C	0.443												

#### Other Modes

g_Walk,mi, Effective Walk Time [s]	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
M_corner, Corner Circulation Area [ft²/ped]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
M_CW, Crosswalk Circulation Area [ft²/ped]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
d_p, Pedestrian Delay [s]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
I_p,int, Pedestrian LOS Score for Intersection	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Crosswalk LOS	F	F	F	F
s_b, Saturation Flow Rate of the bicycle lane [bicycles/l	1] 2000	2000	2000	2000
c_b, Capacity of the bicycle lane [bicycles/h]	483	483	1383	1383
d_b, Bicycle Delay [s]	34.50	34.50	5.70	5.70
I_b,int, Bicycle LOS Score for Intersection	1.583	1.571	2.923	2.154
Bicycle LOS	A	A	С	В

# Sequence

_	-																
	Ring 1	-	2	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ſ	Ring 2	-	6	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Ring 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Γ	Ring 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



# Intersection Level Of Service Report

Intersection 2: Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave North

Control Type: Delay (sec / veh): Two-way stop 18.4 Analysis Method: HCM 7th Edition Level Of Service: С Analysis Period: 15 minutes Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.152

#### Intersection Setup

Name	Brenna /	Ave North			Ramona E	xpressway	
Approach	South	bound	Eastl	oound	Westbound		
Lane Configuration	Г	•	11	i i	IIF		
Turning Movement	Left Right Left				Thru	Right	
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
No. of Lanes in Entry Pocket	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Entry Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
No. of Lanes in Exit Pocket	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Exit Pocket Length [ft]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.21	
Speed [mph]	30	0.00	30	.00	30.00		
Grade [%]	0.	.00	0.	00	0.00		
Crosswalk	N	No	N	lo	No		

Name	Brenna /	Ave North			Ramona E	Expressway
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	0	8	0	1556	1343	26
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Growth Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	11	0	6	0	4
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	0	19	0	1562	1343	30
Peak Hour Factor	1.0000	0.4000	1.0000	0.9570	0.9400	0.9400
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	12	0	408	357	8
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	0	48	0	1632	1429	32
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]		0		0		0

# Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Stop	Free	Free
Flared Lane			
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance	No		
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

#### Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.00
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	0.00	18.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Movement LOS		С		А	Α	Α
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh/ln]	0.00	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft/ln]	0.00	13.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	18.41 C		0.00		0.00	
Approach LOS				A	А	
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]	0.28					
Intersection LOS	С					

#### Ramona and Brennon Warehouse

Vistro File: C:\...\Vistro - Update - 2.vistro

Report File: C:\...\Existing Plus Project PM.pdf

Scenario 4 Existing Plus Project PM

1/3/2023

# **Turning Movement Volume: Summary**

	ID	Intersection Name	Northbound		nd	Southbound	Eastbound		Westbound		Total
			Left	Thru	Right	Thru	U-T	Thru	Right	Left	Thru
	1	Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave South – Project Driveway	0	3	4	7	3	1555	4	0	1369

ID	Intersection Name	Southbound	Eastbound	West	Total	
		Right	Thru	Thru	Right	Volume
2	Ramona Expressway/Brenna Ave North	19	1562	1343	30	2954