EXHIBIT H

Water Availability Analysis

Hibbard Ranch c/o James Bushey Henry Road Napa, CA 94558

James Bushey

Prepared by:



O'Connor Environmental, Inc. P.O. Box 794, 447 Hudson Street Healdsburg, CA 95448 www.oe-i.com

Jeremy Kobor, MS, PG #9501 Senior Hydrologist

William Creed, BS Hydrologist

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Introduction

Hibbard Ranch is seeking permits to expand an existing vineyard on Henry Road in Upper Carneros Creek (Napa County APN 050-380-014). The proposed project will plant an additional 34 acres of vineyard on the parcel. Most of the existing and proposed vineyards are irrigated using surface water stored in an onsite reservoir. However, some blocks of vineyard are irrigated using water from two onsite wells near the north edge of the property.

The project parcel is located approximately five miles west of the City of Napa in the County of Napa's Hillside groundwater zone (Figure 1). This Water Availability Analysis (WAA) was developed based on the guidance provided in the Napa County Department of Planning, Building, & Environmental Services' Water Availability Analysis Guidance Document formally adopted by the Napa County Board of Supervisors in May 2015. The WAA includes the following elements: estimates of existing and proposed water uses within the project recharge area, compilation of drillers' logs from the area and characterization of local hydrogeologic conditions, analyses to estimate groundwater recharge relative to proposed uses (Tier 1), and a screening analysis of the potential for well interference at neighboring wells located within 500-ft of the project well (Tier 2).

Limitations

Groundwater systems of Napa County and the Coast Range are typically complex, and available data rarely allows for more than general assessment of groundwater conditions and delineation of aquifers. Hydrogeologic interpretations are based on the drillers' reports made available to us through the California Department of Water Resources, available geologic maps and hydrogeologic studies, and professional judgment. This analysis is based on limited available data and relies significantly on interpretation of data from disparate sources of disparate quality. Existing and proposed future water use on and near the project site is estimated based on information received from the applicant and on regionally-appropriate water duties for the observed and expected uses. The recharge estimates presented below are based on established soil water balance modeling techniques for calculating infiltration recharge and they do not account for the role of surface water/groundwater interaction or bedrock geology in controlling recharge and groundwater availability.





Figure 1: Project location map.



Hydrogeologic Conditions

The project parcel is located along the eastern side of the Carneros Valley. Most of the parcel, including the northern portion where the project wells are located, is underlain by a large block of the Late Jurassic to Late Cretaceous-aged Great Valley Sequence (map unit KJgv) (Figure 2). This unit consists of marine shale, sandstone, and conglomerate (Wagner and Gutierrez, 2010). The Great Valley Sequence is bounded by a northwest to southeast trending fault running through the western portion of the project parcel. This fault serves as the contact between the Great Valley Sequence and the Miocene-aged marine sandstone and mudstone (map unit Tms). While this fault is located on the project parcel, it is approximately 0.7 miles from the two project wells, a considerable distance in the low-permeability Great Valley Sequence.

In general, rocks of the Great Valley Sequence have a very low primary porosity and groundwater occurs primarily in fractures. These materials are considered low-yielding and wells typically produce only a few gallons per minute (gpm) owing to the highly deformed and well-lithified nature of the rocks (LSCE, 2013). Dry holes are also common within this formation.

Well Data

Well Completion Reports for wells near the project parcel were obtained from the California Department of Water Resources' Well Completion Report Map Application. The subset of these logs which could be accurately georeferenced based on parcel and location sketch information is discussed below and has been compiled in Appendix A. Well Completion Reports were not available for the two project wells. Details about these wells have been supplied by the applicant.

Both wells on the project parcel were completed in 2002. The first (Well 1) was completed to a depth of 270 feet and screened between 40 and 260 feet. At the time of completion, it had an estimated yield of 35 gpm and a static water level of 40 feet. The construction and conditions of the second well (Well 2) are very similar. This well was drilled to a depth of 230 feet and screened between 70 and 230 feet. At the time of completion, the well had an estimated yield of 30 gpm and a static water level of 48 feet (Table 1). Both wells are drilled in black, grey, and green shale consistent with the Great Valley Sequence.

Well Completion Reports could be accurately georeferenced for fourteen other nearby wells (Figure 2). These wells were typically completed to depths of 200 - 400 feet, with two extending to 600 feet (Wells 6 and 14). At the time of completion, most wells had static water levels of 30 - 60 feet and estimated yields of 15 - 50 gpm. However, four test holes did not encounter useable quantities of water and two successful wells have estimated yields of only one gpm. This may suggest that groundwater conditions within the Great Valley Sequence vary significantly over relatively short distances. At the time of drilling, many wells had pressure heads of between 10 and 15 feet indicating that groundwater likely occurs under confined conditions.







Figure 2: Surficial geology and locations of wells in the vicinity of the project parcel. Surficial geology based on data from the Preliminary Geologic Map of the Napa and Bodega Bay $30' \times 60'$ Quadrangle (Wagner and Gutierrez, 2010). Note that the locations of Wells 3 - 5 have been reported by the applicant but that it could not be determined which Well Completion Report corresponds to which well.

O E I

Well ID	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Year Filed	2002	2002	2009	2009	2009	2004	2004	2000
Depth (ft)	270	230	300	240	200	600	360	260
Estimated Yield (gpm)	35	30	15	50	25	0	1	38
Static Water Level (ft)	40	48	60	50	40	N/A	Unk.	4
Top of Casing (ft)	40	70	80	60	40	Test Hole	Test Hole	38
Bottom of Casing (ft)	260	230	300	240	200	Test Hole	Test Hole	158
Geologic Map Unit	KJgv	KJgv	KJgv	KJgv	KJgv	KJgv	KJgv	KJgv
Well ID	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Year Filed	2007	2015	1999	2004	2012	2010	1991	1991
Depth (ft)	360	300	400	400	217	600	300	220
Estimated Yield (gpm)	1-2	40	75	15	20	1	0	0
Static Water Level (ft)	Unk.	58	34	40	20	142	N/A	N/A
Top of Casing (ft)	60	70	27	50	37	118	Test Hole	Test Hole
Bottom of Casing (ft)	360	270	367	400	217	558	Test Hole	Test Hole
Geologic Map Unit	KJgv	KJgv	KJgv	KJgv	KJgv	KJgv	KJgv	KJgv

Table 1: Well completion details for wells in the vicinity of the project parcel.

Geologic Cross Section

A geologic cross-section oriented southwest to northeast is shown in Figure 3 (see Figure 2 for location). Elevations along this cross-section range from close to 300 feet near Carneros Creek to more than 700 feet near the project wells. Little information is available about the geology near these wells but the few available Well Completion Reports indicate a relatively homogenous mixture of shale and sandstone. From the limited information available, static water levels suggest that groundwater elevations mimic surface topography.





Geologic Units

Figure 3: Hydrogeologic cross section A -A' through the project parcel (see Figure 2 for location and geologic map units). Note that the faults are shown as vertical however the actual orientation of the faults is unknown.

Project Recharge Area

The project aquifer is conceptualized to lie entirely within the Great Valley Sequence. Given the relative uniformity of static water levels in the vicinity of the project well, the area recharging this aquifer was defined based on surface topography and drainage patterns. The northern, eastern, and western boundaries of the recharge area are defined by prominent ridgelines which likely function as groundwater divides. The southern boundary is defined by two spur ridges which define the drainage the project well is located in. The total area of the project recharge area is 110 acres, all of which is underlain by the Great Valley Sequence. Given the clay-rich nature of the Great Valley Sequence and the occurrence of pressure heads in wells, the aquifer is likely confined or semi-confined.



Water Demand

Within the project recharge area, water demand was estimated for both the existing and proposed conditions. Uses on the project parcel were determined using site details provided by the project applicant and verified using satellite imagery. Uses on other neighboring parcels within the project recharge area were determined using satellite imagery and the County of Napa's Public Winery Database. Irrigation rates for vineyards on the project parcel were estimated using data provided by the project applicant. All other water use rates were estimated using data from the County of Napa's Water Availability Analysis Guidance Document dated May 12, 2015.

Existing Use

In the existing condition, there are 102.9 acres of vineyard on the project parcel. Most of these are irrigated using surface water stored in a larger reservoir near the western edge of the project parcel. Only 4.6 acres of vineyard, mostly along the eastern edge of the project parcel, are irrigated using groundwater from the project well (Figure 4). These vineyards are irrigated with groundwater due to specific language in the property's water right which prohibits irrigation with surface water in these sections.

For the 2011 – 2016 growing seasons, the applicant estimates that these vineyards were irrigated at an average rate of 0.19 acre-ft/acre/yr. This rate was estimated by dividing the net volume of water depleted from the storage reservoir by the total acreage of vineyard on the project parcel irrigated with surface water. Irrigation rates for vineyard blocks irrigated with groundwater were assumed to be equivalent. It should be noted that water is conserved using a series of subsurface drains which return excess irrigation water back to the pond. As such, the gross irrigation rate may be higher than net use.

Portions of a neighboring parcel to the east (APN 050-030-025) are also included in the project recharge area. To be conservative, all uses on this parcel were included in the water use calculations. Based on satellite imagery dated September 1st, 2018, this neighboring parcel contains approximately 6.0 acres of vineyard, 0.6 acres of orchard, a primary residence, and a pool. It also contains a winery. Per the County's Public Winery Database, this winery is permitted to produce up to 10,000 gallons per year, have two full-time employees, and have up to 110 guests per year at marketing events. This winery/residence has significant landscaping beyond what is included in the water use estimates for either the primary residence or winery landscaping. As such, water use for this landscaping has been calculated separately.

In total, estimated existing groundwater water use within the project recharge area is estimated to be 7.78 acre-ft/yr (Table 2). Of this, 0.87 acre-ft/yr comes from the project parcel (Table 3) and the remainder comes from the neighboring parcel to the east (Table 4).





Figure 4: Location of water uses on project parcel and neighboring parcel to the east (APN 050-030-025).



	Existing Condition (acre-ft/yr)	Proposed Condition (acre-ft/yr)
Project Parcel	0.87	1.12
Irrigation Use	0.87	1.12
Neighboring Parcels	6.91	6.91
Residential Use	1.21	1.21
Irrigation Use	5.40	5.40
Winery Use	0.27	0.27
Employee/Guest Use	0.03	0.03
Total	7.78	8.03

 Table 2: Estimated groundwater use within the project recharge are in the existing and proposed conditions.

Table 3: Estimated groundwater uses on the project parcel in the existing condition.

	# of Units	Use per Unit	Annual Water Use (AF/yr)
Agricultural Use Vineyard	4.6 Acres	0.19 AF/acre/yr	0.87 0.87
Total			0.87

Table 4: Estimated groundwater uses on neighboring parcels within the project recharge area in the existing and proposed conditions.

	# of Units	Use per Unit	Annual Water Use (AF/yr)
Residential Use			1.21
Residences, Primary	1 Residence	0.75 AF/Residence	0.75
Pools	1 Pool	0.10 AF/Pool	0.10
Lawn, Additional	19000 sq. ft.	0.10 AF/10,000 sq. ft.	0.19
Other Landscaping, Addtl.	34000 sq. ft.	0.05 AF/10,000 sq. ft.	0.17
Agricultural Use			5.40
Vineyard	6 Acres	0.50 AF/acre/yr	3.00
Orchard, Irrigated	0.6 Acres	4.00 AF/acre/yr	2.40
Winery Use			0.27
Process Water	10000 Gallons	2.15 AF/100,000 gal.	0.22
Domestic & Landscaping	10000 Gallons	0.50 AF/100,000 gal.	0.05
Guest & Employee Use			0.03
Events w/ On-Site Catering	110 Guests	15 gal./Guest	0.01
Full-Time Employees	2 Employees	15 gal./shift @ 250 shifts/yr	0.02
Total			6.91

Proposed Use

In the proposed condition, an additional 34.0 acres of vineyard will be planted on the project parcel. Of this, 1.3 acres will be irrigated using groundwater. Sufficient water is stored in the pond to irrigate all of the proposed vineyard. However, due to language in the property's water right, water from the reservoir may not be used in certain sections. No other water uses are proposed as part of this project.

The project is estimated to increase groundwater use on the parcel by 0.25 acre-ft/yr to 1.12 acre-ft/yr (Table 5). Total water use within the project recharge area is estimated to increase to 8.03 acre-ft/yr.

	# of Units	Use per Unit	Annual Wa Use (AF/y		
Agricultural Use			1.12		
Vineyard	5.9 Acres	0.19 AF/acre/yr	1.12		
Total			1.12		

Table 5: Estimated proposed water demand from the project parcel.

Groundwater Recharge Analysis

Groundwater recharge within the project recharge area was estimated using a Soil Water Balance (SWB) of Napa County developed by OEI. This model implements the U.S. Geologic Survey's SWB modeling software and produces a spatially distributed estimate of annual recharge. This model operates on a daily timestep and calculates runoff based on the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) curve number approach and Actual Evapotranspiration (AET) and recharge based on a modified Thornthwaite-Mather soil-water-balance approach (Westenbroek et al., 2010). Details of this model are included in Appendix B.

Groundwater recharge was simulated for two water years. The first, Water Year 2010, was selected to represent average year conditions because annual precipitation totals across most of Napa County were close to their long-term 30-year averages. The second, Water Year 2014, was selected to represent drought conditions because annual precipitation totals were between 41 and 73% of long-term 30-year averages for much of Napa County.

During Water Year 2010, precipitation averaged 35.1 inches across the project recharge area and actual evapotranspiration (AET) averaged 21.6 inches. Simulated groundwater recharge varied from 3.8 to 11.2 inches across the recharge area, with a spatial average of 8.4 inches. During Water Year 2014, precipitation averaged 22.5 inches across the project recharge area and actual evapotranspiration averaged 16.5 inches. Groundwater recharge varied from close to zero to 5.4 across the recharge area with a spatial average of 3.1 inches (Table 6). Averaged across the project parcel, the water budget is similar to the average across the recharge area with recharge averaging 8.1 inches in Water Year 2010 and 2.8 inches in Water Year 2014 (Table 7).

ter



Groundwater recharge estimates can also be expressed as a total volume by multiplying the estimated recharge rate by a representative area. For the 110-acre project recharge area, these calculations yield and estimated total recharge of 28.4 acre-ft/yr during the drought conditions of water year 2014 and of 77.0 acre-ft/yr for the average water year of 2010 (Table 8). For the 439 acre-project parcel, these calculations yield an estimated total recharge of 296.3 AF/yr of recharge for Water Year 2010 and 102.4 AF/yr in Water Year 2014.

	2010 Nor	mal Year	2014 Dry Year			
	inches	% of precip	inches	% of precip		
Precipitation	35.1	-	22.5	-		
AET	21.6	62%	16.5	73%		
Runoff	5.8	1/%	7.0	31%		
Δ Soil Moisture	-0.7	-2%	-4.1	-18%		
Recharge	8.4	24%	3.1	14%		

Table 6: Summary of water balance results for the project recharge area estimated by the SWB model.

Table 7: Summary of water balance results for the project parcel estimated by the SWB model.

	2010 Nor	mal Year	2014 Dry Year			
	inches % of precip		inches	% of precip		
Precipitation	35.2	-	22.5	-		
AET	22.0	63%	16.9	75%		
Runoff	5.8	16%	6.9	31%		
∆ Soil Moisture	-0.7	-2%	-4.1	-18%		
Recharge	8.1	23%	2.8	12%		

Water budget estimates are available for several nearby watersheds including Dry Creek and Napa Creek. Average annual recharge for these two watersheds is estimated to be 6% and 11% of average annual precipitation (LSCE, 2013). Regional estimates are also available for the Napa River watershed, the Santa Rosa Plain, Sonoma Valley, and the Green Valley Creek watershed. Comparisons to these water budgets are useful for determining the overall reasonableness of the results although one would not expect precise agreement owing to significant variations in climate, land cover, soil types, and underlying hydrogeologic conditions. It should also be noted that the project recharge area comprises a small, upland area where recharge may be higher and more spatially variable than on a watershed scale. These regional analyses estimated that mean annual recharge was equivalent to between 7% and 28% of mean annual precipitation (Farrar et. al., 2006; Flint and Flint 2014, Kobor and O'Connor, 2016; Wolfenden and Hevesi, 2014). The

simulated water year 2010 groundwater recharge for the project recharge area represents approximately 24% (Tables 6 & 7) of the precipitation which is near the upper end of the range of these regional estimates.

Comparison of Water Demand and Groundwater Recharge

The total proposed groundwater use for the project recharge area is estimated to be 8.0 acreft/yr, 1.1 acre-ft/yr of which will originate on the project parcel. Groundwater use in the project recharge area is equivalent to 10% of the estimated average water year groundwater recharge of 46.3 acre-ft/yr and 28% of the estimated dry water year recharge of 11.2 acre-ft/yr (Table 8). Water use on the project parcel is equivalent to <1% of the estimated recharge occurring on the project parcel during average water years and 1% of the estimated recharge during dry water years such as 2014. Given the magnitude of these surpluses, water use associated with the proposed vineyard expansion is highly unlikely to result in reductions in groundwater levels or depletion of groundwater resources over time.

 Table 8: Comparison of proposed water use to average and dry year groundwater recharge for the project recharge area and for the project parcel.

		Averag	ge Water Yea	r (2010)	Dry Water Year (2014)			
Domain	Total Proposed Demand (ac-ft/yr)	Recharge (ac-ft/yr)	Recharge Surplus (ac-ft/yr)	Demand as % of Recharge	Recharge (ac-ft/yr)	Recharge Surplus (ac-ft/yr)	Demand as % of Recharge	
Project Recharge Area Project Parcel	8.0 1.1	77.0 296.3	69.0 295.2	10% <1 %	28.4 102.4	20.4 101.3	28% 1%	

Well Interference Analysis

There are no neighboring wells within 500 feet of the either of the project wells (Wells 1 & 2). The nearest well, Well 3, is located approximately 670 feet northeast of Well 1 and 660 feet north of Well 2. Based on the WAA guidance document, a Tier 2 well interference analysis is not required given that all non-project wells are located greater than 500-feet from the project wells.

Summary

Application of the Soil Water Balance model (SWB) to the project parcel revealed that average water year recharge was approximately 8.1 inches/yr or 296.3 acre-ft/yr. During drought conditions, recharge was significantly lower at 2.8 inches/yr or 102.4 acre-ft/yr. The total proposed groundwater use on the project parcel is estimated to be 1.1 acre-ft/yr. This represents less than 1% of the mean annual recharge indicating that the project is unlikely to result in declines in groundwater elevations or depletion of groundwater resources over time. The nearest neighboring well is located more than 500-ft from either of the project wells indicating that a Tier 2 well interference analysis is not required.



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APPENDIX A

WELL COMPLETION REPORTS



Well 1

CUSTOMER# S101 NAME: Sathi Vineyards STREET: Henry Road CITY: Napa WELLOCATION: H-1

HOME PHONE. WORK PHONE: OTHER PHONE:

COMMENTS:

WELL # AP# 050-380-014 CLASS: 1 DEPTH: 270 CASING SIZE AND TYPE: O DVC CASING DEPTH: 250' PERF 40-260 SEAL: 27 STATIC LEVEL. 40 DRAWDOWN: 140" AFTER: 2 hours VIELD: 35 mm TESTED: air TEST PIPE SETTING: 4"-260" EQUIPMENT: THEO WELL DRILLED DATE: 11/06/02 WELL CLEANED DATE: CLEANED WELL FROM: BOOSTER PUMP: STORAGE TANK.

BACKFLOW MAKE BF SERIAL #

PSI: BF MODEL:

PUMP MAKE: Grundfos PUMPTYPE: submersible FUMP MODEL 10530-24 HP: 3 VOLT 230 PH: 1 PUMP SERIAL # Plosicus WARRANTY: PUMPINSTALL DATE: 05/04/03 PUMP SETTING: 231' CHECK VALVE(S): 1 PUMP SAVER: 233 PIPE SIZE: 114 TYPE / SCH: Falv WIRE: #10-3wg DRESSURE TANK TANK INSTALL DATE: OPEN DISCHARGE DATE: LAB WORK Boron 1.1

METER#

BF SIZE:

GENERAL INFORMATION:

11-06-02 draw & deliver boron sample

06-04-03 finish panel at 1st well,install plumbingdepanel at upper well concrete riser

06-05-03 finish riser at upper well, finish electrical, test both wells,

leave lower well running

LOCATION;

PURPOSE: WRLLLOG: 0 - 3 topsoil 3 - 30 gray brown rock 30 - 50 gray rock stringers gray hard shale 50 - 70 gray rock stringers hard gray shale 70 - 90 gray & black rock soft 90 - 110 gray rock stringers hard gray shale

110 - 130 gray & black rock soft

130 - 150 hard gray shale stringers white rock

150 - 210 hard gray shale stringers gray black&white rock

210 - 260 hard gray shale stringers white@black rock

260 - 270 soft & hard gray shale

#1

Well 2

CUSTOMER # S101 NAME: V. Sathi Vineyards STREET: Henry Road CITY: Napa WELL LOCATION: first well past gate#2

#2

HOME PHONE: WORK PHONE: OTHER PHONE:

COMMENTS:

WELL # AP# 050-380-014 CLASS: 1 DEPTH: 250 CASING SIZE AND TYPE: & PVC CASING DEPTH: 230 PERP: 70'-230' SEAL: 24 STATIC LEVEL: 48 DRAWDOWN: 200 AFTER: 3hrs YIELD: 30.gun TESTED air TEST PIPE SETTING: EQUIPMENT: THEO WELL DRILLED DATE: 07/04/02 WELL CLEANED DATE: CLEANED WELL FROM: BOOSTER PUMP: STORAGE TANK:

BACKFLOW MAKE BF SERIAL #

PST: BF MODEL:

FUMPMAKE: Grundfos PUMP TYPE: submersible FUMP MODEL 16830-24 HP: 3 VOLT 230 PH: 1 PUMP SERIAL # PI0318US WARRANTY: PUMPINSTALL DATE: 00903/03 PUMP SETTING: 210 CHECK VALVE(S): 1 PUMP SAVER. FIFE SIZE: 11/4" TIPE/SCH: galv WIRE: #10-3wg PRESSURE TANK TANK INSTALL DATE: OPEN DISCHARGE DATE: LAB WORK irrightion(free?)

METER#

BF SIZE:

GENERAL INFORMATION: 07-08-02 irrigation sample

06-03-03 remove steel casingdipad,set pumpdido plumbing ranove concreteducing a other well, install goose neck at well heads

LOCATION:

PURPOSE. WHILLOG: 0 - 3 topsoil 3 - 30 brown clay & soil 30 - 50 hard gray shale 50 - 70 hard shale gray 70 - 90 hard shale stringers black & gray rock 90 - 110 hard shale stringers green black gray rock 110 - 130 hard gray shale stringers gray rock 130 - 150 hard gray shale stringers gray rock

150 - 170 hard gray shale

170 - 190 hard gray shale

190 - 210 hard gray shale

210 - 230 hard gray shale

230 - 250 hard & soft gray shale

#2

Well 3 STATE OF CALIFORNIA File with DWR WELL COMPLETION REPORT WELL NO STATION NO Refer to Instruction Pamphlet Page ____ of . \№ 1073673 **Owner's Well No.** LATITUDE LONGITUDE Date Work Began 🙋 Local Permit_Agen APN/TRS/OTHER Permit NoEOC ľŪ Permit Difte **GEOLOGIC LOG** ORIENTATION (∠) VERTICAL _ HORIZONTAL ANGLE (SPECIE DRILLING DRILLING NOT 0 FLUID DEPTH FROM SURFACE DESCRIP FION Describe material, guin size, color, etc WELL LOCATION Addrens 🛇 City County. Parcel 050-030-02 APN Book Page Township 🔿 🗘 Section . Range . Long_ Lat. Ν DEG. DEG. SEC MIN. MIN. SEC ACTIVITY (≤) LOCATION SKETCH NORTH NEW WELL MODIFICATION/REPAIR _ Deepen Other (Specify) TTICK DESTROY (Describe Procedures and Materials Under "GEOLOGIC LOG", 1 1 USES (∠) WATER SUPPLY K Domestic Public Industria EAST MONITORING °., TEST WELL CATHODIC PROTECTION HEAT EXCHANGE DIRECT PUSH INJECTION VAPOR EXTRACTION SPARGING SOUTH REMEDIATION Illustrate or Describe Distance of Well from Roads, Buildings, Fences, Rivers, etc. and attach a map. Use additional paper if necessary. **PLEASE BE ACCURATE** & **COMPLETE.** OTHER (SPECIFY) WATER LEVEL & YIELD OF COMPLETED WELL DEPTH TO FIRST WATER _80 (Ft.) BELOW SURFACE DEPTH OF STATIC (Ft.) & DATE MEASURED 6-8-69 60 WATER LEVEL _ (GPM) & TEST TYPE AIR LEFT ESTIMATED YIELD . TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING SCO TEST LENGTH __ __ (Hrs.) TOTAL DRAWDOWN_ _ (Et.) TOTAL DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL (Feet) * May not be representative of a well's long-term yield. CASING (S) ANNULAR MATERIAL DEPTH DEPTH BORE FROM SURFACE FROM SURFACE TYPE(∠) TYPE HOLE DIA. CON-DUCTOR FILL PIPE SCREEN INTERNAL GAUGE SLOT SIZE MATERIAL / CE-BEN-BLANK OR WALL FILTER PACK DIAMETER MENT TONITE (Inches) GRADE FILL Ft Ft. ta (Inches) THICKNESS (Inches) Ft. to. Ft. (TYPE/SIZE) (∠) (∠) (~ 200 25 11 5 0 25 ZASTIC х 80 K 80 11 4< 11 300 WELL PACK 8" 21 80 300 F A 11 **~**7407 ER ATTACHMENTS (∠) **CERTIFICATION STATEMENT** certify that this rep ate to the best of my knowledge and belief. is complete and _ Geologic Log _ Well Construction Diagram Geophysical Log(s) _ Soil/Water Chemical Analyses Other ATTACH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, IF IT EXISTS. C-57 LICENSED WATER OSP 03 78836 IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED, USE NEXT CONSECUTIVELY NUMBERED FORM DWR 188 REV. 05-03

Well 4 STATE OF CALIFORNIA **File with DWR** WELL COMPLETION REPORT Refer to Instruction Pamphlet LE NO (STATION NO Page ____ of _ 107 No. 367 **Owner's Well No**, LATITUDE LONGITUDE Date Work Began Inded Local Permit Agen APN/TRS/OTHER DANA Permit Permit No. GEOLOGIC LOG ORIENTATION (∠) HORIZONTAL DRILLING Y OTO FLUID DEPTH FROM SURFACE DESCRIPTION Describe material grain size, color, etc. WELL LOCATION Addres Citv County-Parcel 050-0.30-0 APN Book Page (N) Township 00 _ Range . Section . Dat S Ν Long_ 80 DEG. DEG. MIN. SEC. MIN. SEC LOCATION SKETCH NORTH MODIFICATION/REPAIR _ Deepen _ Other (Specify) DESTROY (Describe Procedures and Materials Under "GEOLOGIC LOG") USES (⊻) WATER SUPPLY Domestic _____ Public _ Industria VEST EAST MONITORING TEST WELL CATHODIC PROTECTION HEAT EXCHANGE DIRECT PUSH INJECTION VAPOR EXTRACTION SPARGING SOUTH REMEDIATION Illustrate or Describe Distance of Well from Roads, Buildings, Fences, Rivers, etc. and attach a map. Use additional paper if necessary. PLEASE BE ACCURATE & COMPLETE. OTHER (SPECIFY) DEPTH TO FIRST WATER _ DEPTH OF STATIC 50 WATER LEVEL ESTIMATED YIELD . 50 (GPM) & TEST TYPE ALK LEFT TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING TEST LENGTH _2 (Hrs.) TOTAL DRAWDOWN 200 (Ft.) TOTAL DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL (Feet) * May not be representative of a well's long-term yield. CASING (S) ANNULAR MATERIAL DEPTH DEPTH BORE FROM SURFACE FROM SURFACE TYPE (∠) TYPE HOLE DIA INTERNAL GAUGE BLANK SCREEN CON-DUCTOR SLOT SIZE MATERIAL / CE-BEN-IF ANY (Inches) DIAMETER OR WALL THICKNESS FILTER PACK (Inches) GRADE MENT TONITE FILL Ft to Ft (Inches) Ft. to Ft. (TYPE/SIZE) (ビ) (ビ) (≤) " 0 ACTIC ১ 200 53 11 11 240 WELL PACH 5^{5} 60 3/32 8" AA C 11 11 240 ERF 1 60 ATTACHMENTS (∠) **CERTIFICATION STATEMENT** I, the und signed, certify that this repor accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief. complete Geologic Log Well Construction Diagram NAME Geophysical Log(s) Soil/Water Chemical Analyses Other ATTACH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, IF IT EXISTS. UNION LIMA OSP 03 78836 IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED, USE NEXT CONSECUTIVELY NUMBERED FORM DWR 188 REV. 05-03

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Well 5 STATE OF CALIFORNIA DWR USE ONLY File with DWR 511 WELL COMPLETION REPORT Refer to Instruction Pamphlet TE WELL NO./STATION NO Page ____ of _ № 1073675 Owner's Well No LATITUDE LONGITUDE Date Work Began ded 🖄 71433-S Local Permit Agen APN/TRS/OTHER 0 Permit No. EOX Permit D **GEOLOGIC LOG** ORIENTATION (∠) VERTICAL HORIZONTAL (SPEC DRILLING otav METHOD _ FLUID 🗜 DEPTH FROM **DESCRIPTION** SURFACE Describe material grain size, color, etc. WELL LOCATION Addrès OGIVD) County' Parcel 0.50-030-0. ÀPN Book Page Township 🔿 Range Section <u>æ</u>àt Ç Ν Long ___ DEG. DEG SEC Ū.V MIN. MIN SEC ¥CTIVITY (≤) NEW WELL LOCATION SKETCH NORTH MODIFICATION/REPAIR __ Deepen _ Other (Specify) ~ DESTROY (Describe Procedures and Materials Under "GEOLOGIC LOG", D 1 USES (ニ) U 1 WATER SUPPLY Z Domestic — Public Irrigation ____ Industrial NEST EAST MONITORING TEST WELL CATHODIC PROTECTION HEAT EXCHANGE DIRECT PUSH INJECTION VAPOR EXTRACTION SPARGING SOUTH REMEDIATION Illustrate or Describe Distance of Well from Roads, Buildings, Fences, Rivers, etc. and attach a map. Use additional paper if necessary. PLEASE BE ACCURATE & COMPLETE. OTHER (SPECIFY) WATER LEVEL & YIELD OF COMPLETED WELL DEPTH TO FIRST WATER ______ (Ft.) BELOW SURFACE DEPTH OF STATIC 40 - (Ft.) & DATE MEASURED 5-22-09 WATER LEVEL . 25 GPM) & TEST TYPE AIR LEPT ESTIMATED YIELD * _ TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING ___ (Hrs.) TOTAL DRAWDOWN TEST LENGTH TOTAL DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL * May not be representative of a well's long-term yield. **CASING** (S) ANNULAR MATERIAL DEPTH FROM SURFACE DEPTH BORE FROM SURFACE TYPE (ビ) TYPE BLANK SCREEN CON-DUCTOR DIA. INTERNAL GAUGE SLOT SIZE MATERIAL / CE- BEN-MENT TONITE FILTER PACK DIAMETER OR WALL IF ANY (Inches) FILL Ft. (TYPE/SIZE) Ft. Ft. Ft. to (Inches) (Inches) to (∠) (_) 1~ X 45TIC 51 200 25 // X X f v 1 1 ' 40 200 WALL 11 40 **FAC** REF 61 11. 3/32 60 ATTACHMENTS (∠) **CERTIFICATION STATEMENT** I, the und that this report is curate to the best of my knowledge and belief. complete and Geologic Log Well Construction Diagram Geophysical Log(s) Soil/Water Chemical Analyses Other ATTACH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, IF IT EXISTS. NUM 03 7883F OSP

DWR 188 REV. 05-03

IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED, USE NEXT CONSECUTIVELY NUMBERED FORM

Page 1 of 1 Refer to instruction Page 1 of 1 Owner's Well No. TW#1-'04 No. e012 Date Work Began 4/27/2004 Ended5/4/2004 Local Permit Agency Napa County Environmental Mgmt Permit No. 96-12655 Permit Date 4/28/2004	1096
Owner's Well No. TW#1-'04 No. e012 Date Work Began 4/27/2004 Ended5/4/2004 Local Permit Agency Napa County Environmental Mgmt 4/28/2004 Permit No. 96-12655 Permit Date 4/28/2004	
Date Work Began <u>4/27/2004</u> , Ended5/4/2004 Local Permit Agency Napa County Environmental Mgmt Permit No. <u>96-12655</u> Permit Date <u>4/28/2004</u>	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
Local Permit Agency Napa County Environmental Mgmt Permit No. 96-12655 Permit Date 4/28/2004	
Permit No. 96-12655 Permit Date 4/28/2004	
ORIENTATION (1) VERTICAL	
DEPTH FROM METHOD ROTARY FLUID AIR	
SURFACE DESCRIPTION Et Describe material, grain, size, color, etc.	
0 35 BROWN CLAY	Address 1727 Partrick Road
35 175 70%SHALE/ 30% CLAY	City Napa CA
175 240 60% CLAY/ 40% SHALE	County Napa
240 265 50% SHALE/ 50% CLAY	APN Book 50 Page 010 Parcel 13
265 280 SANDSTONE	Township Range Section
280 400 60% SHALE/ 40% CLAY	Latitude i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
400: 600 60% CLAY/ 40% SHALE	LOCATION SKETCH ACTIVITY (2)
TO 201 INSTALLED CONCRETE TO 21	PARTISICK NORTH ROAD
TOPPED WITH NATURAL MATERIAL	MODIFICATION/REPAIR
	Other (Specify)
	DESTROY (Describe Procedures and Material Union WARD)
	PLANNED USES (~)
	WATER SUPPLY
	Domestic Public Domestic Public Lindustria
	MONITORING_
	TEST WELL &
	CATHODIC PROTECTION
	HEAT EXCHANGE
	INJECTION
	VAPOR EXTRACTION
	SPARGING
	Illustrate or Describe Distance of Well from Roads, Buildings,
	necessary. PLEASE HE AOCUBATE & COMPLETE.
	WATER LEVEL & YIELD OF COMPLETED WELL
	DEPTH TO FIRST WATER (FL) BELOW SURFACE
	DEPTH OF STATIC
	WATER LEVEL (FL) & DATE MEASURED
TOTAL DEPTH OF BODING 600 (Free)	ESTIMATED YIELD * (GPM) & TEST TYPE
TOTAL DEFINIO COMPLETED WELL (Feet)	IEST LENGTH (HS.) IOTAL DRAWLOWN (PL)
DEPTH BORE CASING (S)	DEPTH ANNULAR MATERIAL
FROM SURFACE HOLE TYPE (2)	SLOT SIZE
	IF ANY MENT TONITE FILL FILTER PACK
	CERTIFICATION STATEMENT
Geologic Log	is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Weil Construction Diagram MAME <u>FIUCKFELDT WELL D</u> Weil Construction Diagram (PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPOR	ATION) (TYPED OR PRINTED)
	Napa CA 94559
SoliWater Chemical Analysis 2110 Penny Lane	
	Hude Att City 05/11/04 STATE 200

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8 REV. 11-97

Well 7											
ORIGINAL	STATE OF CALIF	ORNIA									
	WELL COMPLETION Refer to Instruction	DIN REPORT DIS VOID VIZ									
Owner's Well No	No. e01	2097									
Date Work Began	4/30/2004, Ended 5/4/2004										
Local Permit A	gency Napa County Environmental Mgmt										
Permit No. 30 12005 Permit Date 332004											
URIENTATION (1)											
DEPTH FROM SURFACE	DESCRIPTION										
<u>Ft. to Ft</u>	BROWN CLAY	4707 Particle B WELL LOCATION									
25 40	85% CLAY/ 15% SHALE	Address 1727 Failback Duau									
40 70	GRAY SANDY CLAY	CountyNapa									
70 90	HARD SHALE	APN Book 50 Page 010 Parcel 13									
90 125	SANDSTONE	Township Range Section									
215 210	SHALE SHALE A CLAY	Latitude									
240 260	SHALE	LOCATION SKETCH ACTIVITY (2) -									
260 265	SANDSTONE	PARTICIZED IN DE LE NEW WELL									
265 360	SHALE & CLAY	- Deepen									
	BACKFILLED TEST HOLE WITH PEA GRAVEL	- Other (Specity)									
	78' CONCRETE TO 3' TOPPED WITH	- DESTROY (Describe Procedures and Materiais									
	NATURAL MATERIAL.	Under "GEOLOGIC LOG"									
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PLANNED USES (2) WATER SUPPLY									
		Z Domestio Public Industrial									
 		MONITORING									
	<u> </u>	HEAT EXCHANGE									
		DIRECT PUSH									
<u> </u>											
		SPARGING									
		Illustrates or Describe Distances of Well from Roads, Buildings, Rences Rivers, etc. and attack a man. Use additional namer if OTHER (SPECIFY)									
		DIVERSETY. FLEASE BE ACCUBATE & COMPLETE.									
		WATER LEVEL & YIELD OF COMPLETED WELL									
		DEPTH TO FIRST WATER 750 (FL) BELOW SURFACE									
		DEPTH OF STATIC WATER LEVEL (FL) & DATE MEASURED									
	280	estimated yield • 1 (GPM) & test type <u>air lift</u>									
TOTAL DEPTH OF	COMPLETED WELL (Feet)	TEST LENGTH (Hrs.) TOTAL DRAWDOWN N/A (FL)									
TOTAL DEL IN OF		May not be representative of a well's long-term yield.									
DEPTH	BORE - CASING (S)	DEPTH ANNULAR MATERIAL									
PROM SURFACE	HOLE <u>IVPE ()</u> DIA. <u>× A. #</u> B. MATERIAL / INTERNAL GAUG	E SLOT SIZE									
FL to FL	(Inches) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -2 \\ -3 \\ -3 \\ -3 \\ -3 \\ -3 \\ -3 \\ -3$	LL IF ANY SS (inches) FL to FL MENT TONITE FILL (TYPERSIZE)									
0 360	9										
		3 28 V CONCRETE									
		28 36 V CHIPS									
ł	┝╾╾┥┽┝┼┽┥╴╾╸┥╴╼╴	36 360 PEA GRAVEL									
├ ───	┝───┤┼┼┼┦────┦────┼───╴	╶┼╌╼╌╴╢┠╼╍┊╾╍╴┼╶┾╶┼╍┽╌╶╴╸┥									
ATTAC	IMENTS (∠)	CERTIFICATION STATEMENT									
Geniogia	Log [] I, the undersigned, certify that this reponstruction Diagram [] MAME HUCKFELDT WELL	nt is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge and beast.									
Geophys	(PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPOR	VATION) (TYPED OR PRINTED)									
SolitWat		CITY STATE ZIP									
ATTACH ADDITIONAL.	NFORMATION, IF IT EXISTS. Signed WELL DRILLER/AUTHORIZE	<u>NY W/V M/VU D5/06/04 439-746</u> D REPRESENTATIVE DATE SIGNED C-57 LICENSE NUMBER									

	10/07/0	5 FRI	11:18	FA	X	707	7 91	63 7596		KRAUS2	zs	T HELENA	W	N				团 0 0 3
	Owner's Page 1 Owner's Date Wor Local P Perm	Copy of 1 Well No & Began crimit Ag	6-15 zency N 96-114	=0(apa 58		Cou	1 nty	WELL	COMI Refer to 1 N 9-00 mental Date 2	2LETI 10.78: Mont. -29-00		N REPOI				WELL N WELL N] []		
¥	ORIENTAT	DN (∠) FRIOM ACE FI.		CATICA G D	AL.		DE Iteri	SCRIPTION	ANGLE	(SPECIFY)	N N T	Jame Aailing Addres	Don s171 Nap	- WELL ald Cu 7 Part	own tler rick CA	er — Rd.		4558
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			1 1 1 1 1 1 1								N. N						MODI	FICATION/REPAIR Deepon Other (Specify) DESTROY (Dousribo
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												lustrate or Describe oncos, Rivers, etc. on coccessary. FLFASE 1 WATE:	Distance of U ad attach a m BE ACCURA R LEVEL	Vall from Ro ap. Use addi TE & COM	adv, Buth tional pa PLETE.	tings per if	ETED	REMEDIATION OTHER (SPECIFY)
	TOTAL DE TOTAL DE	PTH OF PTH OF	BONING	26 ED V	50 NE		(Freet) 15) 58(Feet)				DEPTH TO FIRST V DEPTH OF STATIC VATER LEVEL STIMATED VIELD EST LENGTH May not be repr	4 38 (Hrs.) T estentative or	(FL) & DAT (FL) & DAT (GPM) & 'OTAL DRAV f a well's lo	ELOW S E MEASI TEST T VDOWN_	URFACE JRED (PE N/A	6-19 ulr . (FL)	9-00 lift
	DEPT	н	BORE]		*****		C.	ASING (S))		and the second se	DE	РТН	Ţ	ANNI	ULAR	MATERIAL
	F1. 10	FI.	HOLE DIA. (Inchos)	ELANK	SCREEN d			MATERIAL / GRADE	INTERNAL DIAMETER (Inches)	GAUGE OR WAI THICKNE	1 1 55	SLOT SIZE	FROM S	SURFACE	CE- MENT	BEN-	FILL	FILTER PACK (TYPE/SIZE)
	0 25	25 260	10 8										0 20	20	X	X	(2)	concrete chips
	0 38	38 158		x	X		1 L	VC F480 VC F480	5	SDR-2 SDR-2	21 24	.032	24_	280			<u>X</u>	Dea gravel
		ATTACH Geologic	IMENTS Log	(∠)				I, the unde	rsigned, ce	entify that t	his r	CERTIFICA eport is complet	TION STA	TEMENT rate to the	best o	l miý kn	nowled	ge and belief.
		Ceophysi Soil/Wate	isaucion Ol ical Log(s) ar Chemical	Analy	/585	ŝ		ADDRESS	2110	Papers		ED OR PRINTED)	219	CITY		BA	94 STATE	1 559 Zip
	ATTACH AD	DITIONAL I	NFORMATIC	DN, IF	17	EXIST	3.	Signed WELL	DRILLER/AUTHO	RIZEO REPRES	Emj	ATA		D/	7-11	-00		439-746

DW.B	155	REV.	11-97

IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED, USE NEXT CONSECUTIVELY NUMBERED FORM

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Well 9		STATE OF CALI	FORNIA		ILY - DO NOT FILL IN							
File with DWR	. WI	ELL COMPLET										
Page of		Rejer to Instruction		3811837	111111113							
Owner's Well No.	11/20/07	-11/27/07	40302									
Date Work Began	, Ende	ed <u>11/2//0/</u>										
Local Permit Age	ncy $Napa$	n n 11/1/1	<u>, ;</u>		APN/TRS/OTHER							
Permit No.		Permit Date	<u> </u>	~	· _							
	V UTOTION											
OHIENTATION ()	DRILLING	AL ANGLE (SPECIFY										
DEPTH FROM	METHOD DESCR	ILT FLUID VERSAIOAL										
Ft. to Ft.	Describe material, g	rain size, color, etc.	YOUX CAN N	VD	STATE ZIP							
0 20	brown clay		~ Address	1727 Partrick	Road							
20 30	brown clay gray s	shale all 1	City 1	Napa								
30 50	gray shale	A V MA	County	Napa								
50 70	hard fract gray s	hale little white	APN Book 050	Page _010 Parc	el _013							
70 110	<u>soft gray shale</u>		Township	_ Range Sect	ion							
	hard gray?shale_	SVVV Y V	Eat	N Long								
130 360	nard & sott gray	snale\		TION SKETCH								
	We HI				NEW WELL							
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					Other (Specify)							
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				Convertient of	INJECTION							
			_		APOR EXTRACTION							
					SPARGING							
1	-		Illustrate or Describe Dis	stance of Well from Roads, Bu	ildings, OTHEB (SPECIFY)							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			necessary. PLEASE BE	ACCURATE & COMPLETE								
8	·····		WATER	LEVEL & YIELD OF	COMPLETED WELL							
			DEPTH TO FIRST WAT	ER (Ft.) BELOW	SURFACE							
1			DEPTH OF STATIC									
1				WATER LEVEL (Ft.) & DATE MEASURED								
TOTAL DEPTH OF	BORING <u>360</u> (Feet)		TEST LENGTH									
TOTAL DEPTH OF	COMPLETED WELL 3	<u>60</u> (Feet)	* May not be represen	ntative of a well's long-ter	m yield.							
[<u>`</u>								
DEPTH FROM SUBFACE					ANNULAR MATERIAL							
			GE SLOT SIZE	CE-	BEN-							
Ft. to Ft.		RADE DIAMETER OR W (Inches) THICK	ALL IF ANY IESS (Inches)	Ft. to Ft.	IT TONITE FILL (TYPE/SIZE)							
				·····································	$(\underline{\times})$ $(\underline{\times})$							
	123/4 X F4	$\frac{80}{200}$ 6 200	└───┤	<u> </u>								
	$\gamma/\gamma X$ F4	$\frac{80}{90}$ 6 200		55 360	peagravel							
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	97/8 X 1											
ATTAC	$\frac{2}{100} \times 100 \times 1000 \times 100 \times 100$		CERTIFICATI	ON STATEMENT -								
Geologic	Log	I, the undersigned, certify that	this report is complete a	and accurate to the best	of my knowledge and belief.							
Well Con	struction Diagram	NAME MCLe	an & Williams,	Inc.								
Geophys	sical Log(s)	(PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPORATIO	N) (TYPED OR PRINTED)		,							
Soil/Wat	er Ghemical Analyses	878	El Centro Ave.	, Napa, CA 9	94558							
Other	·		5-0 -	CITY	STATE ZIP							
ATTACH ADDITIONAL	INFORMATION, IF IT EXISTS.	Signed C-57 LICENSED WATER WELL CA	MARACTOR		19/07 396352 C-57 LICENSE NUMBER							
DWR 188 REV. 05-03	IF ADDITIONAL	. SPACE IS NEEDED, USE N	EXT CONSECUTIVELY N		OSP 03 78836							

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IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED, USE NEXT CONSECUTIVELY NUMBERED FORM

State of California Well Completion Report No/0948382

Well 9, Cont.

continue casing list:

140 - 160	9 7/8	Perf	F480	6"	200	factory
160 - 180	9 7/8	Blank	F480	6"	200	a such a construction of the second second second
180 - 200	9 7/8	Perf	F480	6"	200	factory
200 – 220	9 7/8	Blank	F480	6"	200	フ と(オ149) C.2。(前:6547
220 - 240	9 7/8	Perf	F480	6"	200	factory
240 – 260	9 7/8	Blank	F480	6"	200	
260 – 280	9 7/8	Perf	F480	6"	200	factory
280 – 300	9 7/8	Blank	F480	6"	200	-
300 - 320	9 7/8	Perf	F480	6" `	200	factory
320 - 340	9 7/8	Blank	F480	6"	200	
340 - 360	9 7/8	Perf	F480	6"	200	factory

'n

A.P.#050-010-013

1727 Partrick Road, Napa, CA 94558 Oscar Renteria

Well	10 _{Re}	ader ma	y be used to view	and complete	e this form.	However,	software m	ust be purchas	sed to comp	lete, save	, and reus	se a saved form.	£ 91,23/15			
File Ori	ginal with	DWR				S	tate of Cali	fornia	ז		D	WR Use Only – [Do Not Fill In			
Dago		of			W	lell Co	mpleti	on Repo	ort [Di		251010				
Owner's	s Well Nur	nber –				Refe	r to Instruction	Pamphlet		م ال ^س ار سرمجم	Sta	ate Well Number	/Site Number			
Date W	ork Begar	05/12	/2015	Date	Work En	ded 5/15	5/2015			20		36 N L	W C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C			
_ocal P	ermit Age	ncy <u>Na</u>	pa County En	vironmenta	al Servic	es			I			i I L.I.				
Permit I	Number_E	15-002	260	Permit Da	ate <u>4/29</u>	/15			L			APN/TRS/C	Other			
			Geolo	gic Log]								
Or	ientation	O Ver	tical O Ho	rizontal	OAngle	Speci	fy	-								
Drilling	g Method A	ir Drilling		Dee	Drilling F	luid Foar	n 	-								
Fee	t to F	eet	Des	cribe material	grain size	, color, etc										
0	20		Top soil brow	n clay.							Well	Location				
20	80		Shale.	.		<u></u>		Address	<u>1727 Pa</u>	artriçk R	load					
80	100		Shale 70%, gi	rey clay 30	%.			City <u>Na</u>	ара			County	Napa			
100	120		Shale 80%, m	ulticolor ro	ck 20%.			Latitude				N Longitude	w			
120	140		Shale 70%, m	ulticolor ro	<u>ck 30%.</u>			Datum	Deq.	Min.	Sec.	De	Dea. Min. Sec.			
140	180		Shale 80%, gi	ray clay 20	<u>%.</u>					Dec. La	010	Dec	c. Long			
240	240		Shale 70%, m	ulticolor ro	CK 30%.		. 1 5 0/	Townshi	in	_ Faye	- <u>-کلک</u> -	Fai Sai	ction			
260	300		Shale 60% or	av clav 40	%	gray cia	15%.	-	l ocat	ion Ske	tch	<u> </u>				
200			Shale 00 %, gi	ay clay 40	/0.			(Sketch	must be drawn	by hand a	ter form is	printed.)	New Well			
									1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	North		Ŏ _{ww}	Modification/Repair			
											2		O Other			
										3/	,		Destroy			
			*****CON	TINUED C	ASING L	.IST* * *	* *	-1 1		,1			Uescribe procedures and materials under "GEOLOGIC LOG"			
250	270	5	Blank F480	PVC .316	6.625 N	Ailled slo	t 0.032		1207			/	Planned Uses			
270	290	Ş	9 Screen F48	D PVC .316	6.625							⊚	Water Supply			
									-	*			Urrigation Dipdustrial			
													Cathodic Protection			
								`,	ँ न		i Ma	i zi ŏ	Dewatering			
							<u>.</u>		S.		, .	, Õ	Heat Exchange			
<u></u>								- 15	1 - Sa	1			Injection			
									$\mathbf{N} = \mathbf{\lambda}$	Ĵ	-12		Monitoring Remediation			
				· · · · · ·								ř Ö	Sparging			
								79.44				, Ō	Test Well			
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Illustrate or describe distance of well from roads, buildings, fences, rivers, etc. and attach a map. Use additional paper if necessary. O Vapor Extraction Please be accurate and complete. O other								
				,			• ••• •									
	····							Water L	evel and	Yield c	of Com	pleted Well				
								Depth to	first water	58		(Fe	eet below surface)			
			······································					- Depth to Water L	o Static evel 58		(Fee	et) Date Meas	sured 05/15/2015			
Total (Depth of E	loring	300			Feet		Estimate	ed Yield *	40	(GPI	M) Test Type	Air Lift			
Total (Depth of C	omplete	ed Well 290			- Feet		Test Ler	ngth 4.0		(Ηοι	urs) Total Drav	wdown(Feet)			
		ompiere					. <u></u>	*May no	t be repres	entative	of a wel	l's long term yi	ield.			
	4. 6	Deathe	1-	Cas	ings	10/-11	0.4.14		01-4-01			Annular M	atorial			
Uep Su	ui πom irface	Boreho Diamet	er Type	Mater	rial	vvall Thickness	Diameter	Screen Type	Slot Size if Any	Su	n rrom rface	Ful	Description			
Feet	to Feet	(Inches	s) Block	E400 D100	I	(Inches)	(Inches)	[(Inches)	Feet	to Feet	Coment				
70	90	9	Screen	F480 PVC		.316	6.625	Milled Slots	0.032	55	290	Filter Pack	Pea gravel			
90	110	9	Blank	F480 PVC		.316	6.625						, an grand			
110	170	9	Screen	F480 PVC		.316	6.625	Milled Slots	0.032		1	1				
170	190	9	Blank	F480 PVC		.316	6.625									
190	250	9	Screen	F480 PVC		.316	6.625	Milled Slots	0.032							
		Attacl	nments					(Certificati	on Stat	ement					
	Geologic	Log			I, the un		d, certify th	at this report	is comple	te and ad	ccurate t	o the best of m	ny knowledge and belief			
	Well Cor	structio	n Diagram		Name	Person	Firm or Corpo	s. IIIC.	<u>.</u>							
	Geophys	acai Log ar Charr	I(S) Nical Analyses		<u>878 E</u>	I Centro	Ave.		<u>Nap</u>	a Citu		<u>CA</u>	94558 Zip			
	l Other _		noar Anaryses		Signed	>	Da.	<u> </u>	•		08-20-	2015 3963	52			
Attach ac	ditional infor	nation, if it	exists			C-57 Lic	ensed Water	Nell Contractor			Date Si	gned C-57 L	icense Number			
WR 188	REV. 1/200	6		_	IF ADDITIO	ONAL SPAC	E IS NEEDED	USE NEXT CO	NSECUTIVEL			••				

Well 1	1	#	3	•				STATE (-	ORI	NIA			E ONL	Y	D-D N	IOT FILL IN
File with	DWR	1.	/			V	VELL C	COMP	LETI	ON	N REPOR	T	O.SINIC	15	WO	111	
Page 1	of	-						Refer to In	struction	Pam	phlet		ST	TATE W		STATI	
Owner's	Well No	0 20	00				1 10 4		777	4	11					1	
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Local I	Permit Ag	ency 6-1085	56				Pomoit		-8-99	- 0		-		A	N/TRS/	OTHER	
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80	210	shal	e							A	PN Book 50	1	Page 010	Parce	1.17		
210	215	sand	lst	one						Т	ownship		Range	Sectio	m		
215	290	shal	e	· ·			·	<u> </u>	;	L	atitude	Thi	1 NORTH	Longi	tude _	1	1 WEST
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320	400	snal	<u>e</u>	1							RIVA		RORTH			X r	NEW WELL
		gray	<u>.</u>	Lay						1	PARTI					MODIF	FICATION/REPAIR
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287	307	blan	k		P	IC IC	5 .05	a stoc		14	ecessary. PLEASE E	E A	CCURATE & COMP	LETE.	, ar iy		
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	1	1								₽	EPTH TO FIRST W	ATE	R 45 (F1.) BE	LOW S	URFACE	i.	
	1	1						-		D	EPTH OF STATIC	34	(EL) & DATE	MEASI	1860	10-	4-99
	;	<u>i</u>								E	STIMATED YIELD		75 (GPM) & T	EST T	PE	air	lift
TOTAL D	EPTH OF	BORING	_4	100	(Fa	eet)	7			т	EST LENGTH _2		(Hrs.) TOTAL DRAW	XWNL	N/A	(FL)	
TOTAL D	EPTH OF	COMPLET	ED	WELL			(Feet)			<u>'</u>	May not be repre	sent	ative of a well's lon	g-term	yield.		
DE	ФТH	0000					C	ASING (S)	•				DEPTH		ANN	ULAR	MATERIAL
FROM S	URFACE	HOLE	T	YPE (<u>(</u>)							F	ROM SURFACE	L		TY	'PE
		DIA. (inches)	Ä	ALL AND	PIPE SHI	1	GRADE	DIAMETER	GAUGE OR WAL	L L	IF ANY	F	Ph	CE- MENT	BEN-	FILL	FILTER PACK
Ft. to	o Ft.		B	S S	a E			(Inches)	THICKNE	SS	(Inches)	L	FL to FL	(*)	(±)	(=)	(TYPE/SIZE)
0	25	10	1		+							_	0 23	X			concrete
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27	21			v		_ <u>P</u>	VC VC	5	SDD-2	1	032						· · ·
87	187		x		+	<u>ק</u> ק	VC	5	SDR-2	1	.0.32		i				
	ATTAC	IMENTS	(上)								CERTIFICA	TIC	N STATEMENT				
-		Log					I, the unde	rsigned, ce	ortify that th	his r	report is complete	a ar	id accurate to the l	best of	my kn	owledg	ge and bellef.
-	Well Cor	nstruction Di	iagrau	nn,			NAME I	HUCKFEI	DT WE	ГŤ	DRILLING						
	Geophys	ical Log(s)					(PERSC	лі, гікм, UK (JUNPUNATIUN	(ITF	CLI UN PRIMIED)						
-	Soll/Wat	er Chemical	Anal	lyses			ADDRESS	2140 Pe	anny L	ana	a		City	Nar	a	STATE	<u>94559</u>
-	Other					-	Claned	102	And	A.	alt -		1	0-13	-99	UNIC.	439-746
ATTACH A	DDITIONAL.	INFORMATIC	ON, 11	ſΠĐ	asts.		WELL	DRILLERIALITHO	RIZE DEPRES	EN	TWE		DAT	e signel		Č	-57 LICENSE NUMBER
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188 REV. 11-97



Well 13 ORIGINAL STATE OF CALIFORNIA File with DWR WELL COMPLETION REPORT Refer to Instruction Pamphlet Page ____ of _ No. 0947977 **Owner's Well No** 2 Date Work Began Local Permit Agen APN/TRS/OTHER Permit No. Permit Id GEOLOGIC LOG ORIENTATION (≤) VERTICAL HORIZONTAL ANGLE SPECIFY DRILLING FLUID MUC rotar ٠. DEPTH FROM DESCRIPTION teria, grain size Describe materia WELL LOCATION OUN mo Addres City County Parcel 050-0/0-0/8 APN Book Page Township 00 Section Range _ Long_ Lat N W DEG. MIN. SEC. DEG. MIN. LOCATION SKETCH SEC MODIFICATION/REPAIR 11 ____ Deepen __ Other (Specify) DESTROY (Describe Procedures and Materials Under "GEOLOGIC LOG") 5-1 10% 17 USES (∠) mi WATER SUPPLY Domestic ____ Public WEST EAST MONITORING TEST WELL CATHODIC PROTECTION HEAT EXCHANGE DIRECT PUSH INJECTION Drownstatter VAPOR EXTRACTION SPARGING SOUTH Illustrate or Describe Distance of Well from Reads, Buildings, Fences, Rivers, etc. and attach a map. Use additional paper if necessary. PLEASE BE ACCURATE & COMPLETE. REMEDIATION ... OTHER (SPECIFY) WATER LEVEL & YIELD OF COMPLETED WELL DEPTH TO FIRST WATER 20 (Ft.) BELOW SURFACE DEPTH OF STATIC 20 __ (FI.) & DATE MEASURED WATER LEVEL ESTIMATED YIELD . _ 20_ (GPM) & TEST TYPE AIA LEFT TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING JJO(Feet) TEST LENGTH 2 (Hrs.) TOTAL DRAWDOWN 2/0 (FL.) TOTAL DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL 317 (Feet) * May not be representative of a well's long-term yield. CASING (S) ANNULAR MATERIAL DEPTH FROM SURFACE DEPTH FROM SURFACE BORE-TYPE TYPE (∠) HOLE DIA. INTERNAL GAUGE SLOT SIZE SCREEN CON-DUCTOR MATERIAL / GRADE CE. BEN-BLANK FILTER PACK IF ANY (Inches) (Inches) DIAMETER OR WALL MENT TONITE FILL Ft. Ft THICKNESS Ft. to Ft. (TYPE/SIZE) to (Inches) (\leq) (\preceq) 1-5" 0 0 27 LASIK 200 2 × WELL PACK #6 8 11 11 2.7 1 11 11 11 11 ATTACHMENTS (∠) **CERTIFICATION STATEMENT** I, the u certify that this curate to the est of my knowledge and belief. ersia complete and _ Geologic Log NAME _ Geophysical Log(s) _ Soil/Water Chemical Analyses Other ATTACH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, IF IT EXISTS. Signeo SIGNED UNCHIAN OSP 03 78836 IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED, USE NEXT CONSECUTIVELY NUMBERED FORM DWR 188 REV. 05-03

Well 14 STATE OF CALIFORNIA File with DWR WELL COMPLETION REPORT Refer to Instruction Pamphlet Page ____ of _ №. 0947977 **Owner's Well No.** <u>み</u> LATITUDE Date Work Began Local Permit Agen APN/TRS/OTHER Permit No. Permit I GEOLOGIC LOG ORIENTATION (≤) VERTICAL HORIZONTAL ANGLE (SPE DRILLING FLUID MUC otar METHOD DEPTH FROM E DES SUBFACE Describe materia grain size WELL LOCATION Addres City County : Parcel 050-010 APN Book Page Township 0.0 Range Section Eat 🗹 Ν Long _ DEG DEG. MIN. SEC. MIN. SEC LOCATION SKETCH CTIVITY (∠) X NEW WELL MODIFICATION/REPAIR _ Deepen _ Other (Specify) DESTROY (Describe Procedures and Materials Under "GEOLOGIC LOG", 10 1 11 USES (∠) m WATER SUPPLY Domestic _____ _ Public __ Industria VEST EAST MONITORING TEST WELL CATHODIC PROTECTION HEAT EXCHANGE DIRECT PUSH INJECTION OLMSVOLLE VAPOR EXTRACTION SPARGING SOUTH Illustrate or Describe Distance of Well from Roads, Buildings, Fences, Rivers, etc. and attach a map. Use additional paper if necessary. PLEASE BE ACCURATE & COMPLETE. REMEDIATION OTHER (SPECIFY) WATER LEVEL & YIELD OF COMPLETED WELL DEPTH TO FIRST WATER ______ (Ft.) BELOW SURFACE DEPTH OF STATIC WATER LEVEL (Et.) & DATE MEASUBED TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING TEST LENGTH ___ (Hrs.) TOTAL DRAWDOWN ã TOTAL DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL (Feet) * May not be representative of a well's long-term yield. ANNULAR MATERIAL CASING (S) DEPTH DEPTH BORE FROM SURFACE FROM SURFACE TYPE (∠) TYPE HOLE DIA. SLOT SIZE SCREEN CON-DUCTOR MATERIAL / INTERNAL GAUGE CE-BEN PIPE BLANK FILTER PACK OR WALL DIAMETER IF ANY (Inches) GRADE MENT TONITE EIL I (TYPE/SIZE) Ft. Ft. THICKNESS Ft. Et. to (Inches) (Inches) to ELL (∠) (∠) (兰) X ~ // 0 0 2 5 Χ 200 ACTN 8" 2 X 11 11 23 WELL PACK #6 87 11 6 11 **CERTIFICATION STATEMENT** ATTACHMENTS (∠) I, the u certify that this urate to the best of my knowledge and belief. ndersig Geologic Log Well Construction Diagram NAME Geophysical Log(s) Soil/Water Chemical Analyses ___ Other ATTACH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, IF IT EXISTS. Signed SIGNED

DWR 188 REV. 05-03

IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED, USE NEXT CONSECUTIVELY NUMBERED FORM

OSP 03 78836

Well 15

ORIGINAL File with DWR

. . . . THE RESOURCES AGENCY DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES WATER WELL DRILLERS REPORT

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

2 - A - 1

Do not fill in

No. 364944

Notice of Intent No.	State Well No.
Local Permit No. or Date 2-12-1991	Other Well No. 05N05W0113
	(12) WELL LOG: Total depth 300 ft. Completed depth ft
	from ft to ft Formation (Describe by color character size or material)
(2) LOCATION OF WELL (See instructions)	- TEST HOLE LOG
County Napa Owner's Well Number	-
Well address if different from above S ame	0-60 light brown clay
Township 5 N. Range 5 W. Section Rancho	60-160 br. clay with embedded rock
Distance from cities, roads, railroads, fences, etc. Napa	<u>160-220 soft lt. Abr. & (sm. gr</u>
	- gray shale
	220-300 soft gray shale
<u>A.</u> P. $\#$ 50-040-03	
(3) TYPE OF WORK:	
New Well 🚺 Deepening	
Reconstruction	
Reconditioning	
Horizontal Well	
Destruction (Describe	
cedures in Item 12)	*Eillothe to the lowith
(4) PROPOSED USE.	- dby & shale cuttings from
Domestic	- dry g snaze auxings from
Irrigation	A CLEAN COL
Industrial 🛛	$\overline{\langle \mathcal{S} \rangle} = \langle \mathcal{S} \rangle$
Test Well	
Municipal 🗸	
Other	b $ c$ b $ c$ b $ c$ b $ c$ b c
WELL LOCATION SKETCH (Describe)	
5) EQUIPMENT: (6) CRAVEL PACK:	\square
Rotary 🖾 Reverse 🗆 🗸 Res 🖓 No 🖉 Size	
Cable Air X Quameter of bore	
Other D Bucket D Rached from to ft	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>
North Plastic Contracts Turns of herter time of contract	P
	<u> </u>
From To Dia. Gage or Fram To Slot	
9) WELL SEAL	
Was surface sanitary seal provided? Yes No I If yes, to depth ft.	
Were strata sealed against pollution? Yes	
Method of sealing	Work started 2-12-91 19 Completed 2-14 19 91
(10) WATER LEVELS:	WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:
Depth of first water, if known ft.	
Standing level after well completion ft	best of my knowledge and belief.
(11) WELL TESTS:	Simed Sloyd Hundsholet
Was well test made? Yes No I If yes, by whom?	(Well Driller)
Lype of test Yump I Bailer I Air hift Depth to water at start of test ft. At end of test ft.	NAME HUCKFELDT WELL DRILLING -
Discharge gal/min after hours Water temperature	Address 2110 Penny Lane
Chemical analysis made? Yes No I If yes, by whom?	City Napa ZIP 94559
Was electric log made Yes No I If yes, attach copy to this report	License No. <u>439-746</u> Date of this report <u>2-20-199</u> 1

DWR 188 (REV. 12-86)

IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED, USE NEXT CONSECUTIVELY NUMBERED FORM

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Well	16						STATE	OF CALL	FORM	ЛА	Г		EONI	<u> </u>	<u>D.O.N</u>	OT FILL IN			
FIIE W Page	of					WEL	L COM	PLET	ION n Par	REPOR'	$\mathbf{\Gamma}_{\ell^{\pm}}$	051	015 STATE	WELL N) / (TION NO.			
Owner'	s Well No.						N	ю. Л	00	126-1					1				
Date W	ork Began	<u>5-2-</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>91</u>	,	Ended <u>5</u>	-3-199	<u>1</u> 40	0 4	420		LATITUDE			LC	INGITUDE			
Local	l Permit Ag	ency <u>N</u>	<u>ap</u>	<u>a (</u>	Cou	<u>nty Env</u>	ironme	ntal_	Mg	mt.									
Pe	rmit No		GEC)1.0		Permi	t Date				_ L	WELL	NR NE	D	5/01H2	n			
ORIENT	ATION (∠)	<u>X</u> ver			_ HOI			(SPECIEY)		-									
		DEPTI	н то	FIRST	r wat	TER(Ft) BELOW SU	RFACE											
	JRFACE			_	DI	ESCRIPTION	i												
Ft.	to <u>Ft.</u>	1		Descri	ibe ma	terial, grain size,	color, etc.					WELL LO	CATI	0 N	517				
	20	bro	งพท	<u></u>	lav				Ad	dress	Sai								
20		dar	k 1	bro	own	clay				y	Nai	 Da							
30	31	gra	ıve	1					APN Book 50 Page 040 Parcel 03										
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		1 1 1					<u> </u>		 Illustrate or Describe Distance of Well from Landmarks such as Roads, Buildings, Fences, Biners, etc. 							OTHER (Specify			
									- PLEASE BE ACCURATE & COMPLETE.										
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										WATER	LEVE	L & YIELD	OF C	OMPI	LETE	D WELL -			
		, <u></u>							WA	TER LEVEL		(Ft.) & D.	ATE ME	ASURE	D				
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APPENDIX B

NAPA COUNTY GROUNDWATER RECHARGE ANALYSIS


Napa County Groundwater Recharge Analysis

Introduction

Developing accurate estimates of the spatial and temporal distribution of groundwater recharge is a key component of sustainable groundwater management. Efforts to quantify recharge are inherently difficult owing to the wide variability of factors controlling hydrologic processes, the wide range of available tools/methods for estimating recharge, and the difficulty in assessing the accuracy of estimates because direct measurement of recharge rates is, for the most part, infeasible (Healy 2010, Seiler and Gat 2007).

Numerical modeling is a common approach for developing recharge estimates. Soil-waterbalance modeling is one category of numerical models particularly well-suited for estimating recharge across large areas with modest data requirements. This study describes an application of the U.S. Geological Survey's (USGS) Soil Water Balance Model (SWB) (Westenbroek et al. 2010) to develop spatial and temporal distributions of groundwater recharge across Napa County. This model operates on a daily timestep and calculates surface runoff based on the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) curve number method and potential evapotranspiration based on the Hargreaves-Samani methods (Hargreaves and Samani 1985). Actual evapotranspiration (AET) and recharge are calculated using a modified Thornthwaite-Mather soil-water-balance approach (Westenbroek et al. 2010).

It is important to note that the SWB model focuses on surface and soil-zone processes and does not simulate the groundwater system or track groundwater storage over time. The model also does not simulate surface water/groundwater interaction or baseflow; thus, the runoff estimates represent only the surface runoff component of streamflow resulting from rainstorms and the recharge estimates represent only the infiltration recharge component (also referred to as diffuse recharge) of total recharge (stream-channel recharge is not simulated).

This modeling work and summary report has been prepared by O'Connor Environmental, Inc., for it's private use in relation to Water Availability Analyses (WAA) prepared on behalf of private clients for projects using groundwater in "hillside" areas of Napa County as required by Napa Planning, Building & Environmental Services. The modeling to-date is complete in its current form but remains subject to revision; it is considered a working draft with information suitable for use to support WAA projects. Parties interested in obtaining more information regarding the modeling or who may wish to offer comments should contact O'Connor Environmental, Inc.



Model Development

The model was developed using a 30-meter (98.4 ft) resolution rectangular grid. Water budget calculations were made on a daily time step. Key spatial inputs included a flow direction map developed from the USGS 1 arc-second resolution Digital Elevation Model (DEM), a land cover map derived from the U.S. Forest Service (USFS) CALVEG dataset that was supplemented by a database of agricultural areas maintained by the County of Napa (Figure 1), a distribution of Hydrologic Soil Groups (A through D classification from lowest to highest runoff potential; Figure 2), and a distribution of Available Water Capacity (AWC) developed from the NRCS Soil Survey Geographic Database (SSURGO) (Figure 3).

A series of model parameters were assigned for each land cover type/soil group combination including an infiltration rate, a curve number, dormant and growing season interception storage values, and a rooting depth (Table 1).

Infiltration rates for hydrologic soil groups A through D were applied based on Cronshey et al. (1986) (Table 2) along with default soil-moisture-retention relationships based on Thornthwaite and Mather (1957) (Figure 4). Curve numbers were assigned based on standard NRCS methods. Interception storage values and rooting depths were assigned based on literature values and from previous modeling experience including a SWB model covering Sonoma County and calibrated using runoff volumes from several stream gages (OEI 2017).





Figure 1: Land cover distribution used in the Napa County SWB model.





Figure 2: Hydrologic soil group distribution used in the Napa County SWB model.





Figure 3: Available water capacity distribution used in the Napa County SWB model.



Land Cover	Interception Storage Values ()		Curve Number by NRCS Soil Type ()				Rooting Depth by NRCS Soil Type (ft)			
	Growing Season	Dormant Season	Туре А	Туре А Туре В Туре С Туре D		Туре А	Туре В	Туре С	Type D	
Agriculture, Other	0.080	0.040	38	61	75	81	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.7
Barren	0.000	0.000	77	86	91	94	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Developed	0.005	0.002	61	75	83	87	2.3	2.1	2.0	1.8
Grassland/Herbaceous	0.005	0.004	30	58	71	78	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.0
Forest, Coniferous	0.050	0.050	30	55	70	77	5.9	5.1	4.9	4.7
Forest, Deciduous	0.050	0.020	30	55	70	77	5.9	5.1	4.9	4.7
Shrub/Scrub	0.080	0.015	30	48	65	73	3.2	2.8	2.7	2.6
Orchard	0.050	0.015	38	61	75	81	3.2	2.8	2.7	2.6
Vineyard	0.080	0.015	38	61	75	81	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.9
Water	0.000	0.000	100	100	100	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Table 1: Soil and land cover properties used in the Napa County SWB model.

Table 2: Infiltration rates for NRCS hydrologicsoil groups (Cronshey et al. 1986).

Soil Group	Infiltration Rate (in/hr)
А	> 0.3
В	0.15 - 0.3
С	0.05 - 0.15
D	<0.05

SOIL MOISTURE RETAINED, IN INCHES



Figure 4: Soil-moisture-retention table (Thornthwaite and Mather 1957).



The SWB model utilizes daily precipitation and mean daily temperature data derived from climate stations. To account for the spatial variability of these parameters, daily precipitation and mean daily temperature were input as gridded (spatially-distributed) time-series. The gridded precipitation time-series was created using data from 15 weather stations in Napa County, and the gridded mean temperature time-series was created using data from 8 stations (Table 3). These stations were selected based on completeness of the records and to provide station data representative of the range of climates experienced in the county. Data was obtained from the California Data Exchange Center (CDEC), the National Climatic Data Center (NCDC), and from Napa One Rain.

To create the gridded time-series, the model domain was divided into discrete areas represented by individual weather stations (Figures 5 and 6). This delineation was based on climate variations described by existing gridded mean annual (1981-2010) precipitation and temperature data (PRISM 2010) and local knowledge of climatic variations across the county.

For the precipitation time-series, each area representing a weather station was subdivided into four to twenty-three zones based on 1-inch average annual precipitation contours. Within each zone the raw station data was multiplied by a unique scaling factor. This scaling factor was calculated as the ratio of average annual precipitation within a zone to average annual precipitation at the representative rain gage. In certain locations, typically near the boundary of areas represented by gages located on the valley bottom and at higher elevations, this scaling was unable to smoothly resolve differences in annual and event precipitation totals. To more accurately estimate precipitation near these boundaries, precipitation records from the two gages in question were averaged using weights calculated proportionally to the difference between PRISM mean annual precipitation at a rain gage and within a selected zone. The resulting gridded time-series is comprised of 220 individual time-series based on the scaled station data from 15 stations.

The assignment of temperature stations was based on the understanding that the spatial variability of temperatures across Napa County is relatively homogenous, with elevation being the primary variable. Temperature records were classified either as Mountain, Valley Bottom, or East County and applied within areas the PRISM datasets described as being similar. To smooth the transition from Mountain zones to Valley Bottom and East County zones, Hillside zones were created where the temperature records of the two nearest gages were averaged.

Missing and suspect data was encountered in the raw precipitation and temperature data from the weather stations used by the model. Values that were significantly outside the typical range, and where similar observations were not found at nearby stations, were removed from the datasets. These and missing values were filled using scaled data from other nearby stations. Precipitation data used for gap filling was scaled using the ratio of the 1981 to 2010 mean annual precipitation (PRISM 2010) between the two stations. Temperature data was scaled using the ratio of the 1981 to 2010 mean monthly minimum and maximum temperatures (PRISM 2010) between the two stations.



The current analysis focuses on Water Year 2010 (October 1, 2009 – September 30, 2010) and Water Year 2014 (October 1, 2013 – September 30, 2014). These years were selected because they represent periods with data available from most weather stations in the county and where most stations reported annual precipitation totals close to the long-term average (WY 2010) and significantly below the long term average (WY 2014). Based on a comparison between station data and PRISM average precipitation depths during Water Year 2010, rainfall averaged 101% of long-term average conditions and ranged from 78% at Lake Hennessey to 111% at the Napa County Airport. In Water Year 2014, rainfall averaged 55% of long-term average conditions and ranged from 41% at Lake Hennessey to 73% at the Napa State Hospital (Table 3).

		1981 - 2010 Mean	WY 20)10	WY 2014		
Station	Data Used	Annual Precip (in)	Precip (in)	% Avg	Precip (in)	% Avg	
Angwin ¹	Precip & Temp	42.54	44.64	105%	25.04	59%	
Atlas Peak ¹	Precip & Temp	41.76	39.04	93%	20.08	48%	
Berryessa ¹	Precip & Temp	28.97	28.16	97%	13.97	48%	
Calistoga ²	Precip	39.41	41.75	106%	18.18	46%	
Knoxville Creek ¹	Temp Only	-	-	-	-	-	
Lake Hennessey ³	Precip Only	34.09	26.52	78%	13.92	41%	
Mt. George ³	Precip Only	31.15	29.64	95%	18.24	59%	
Mt. Veeder ³	Precip Only	44.81	46.44	104%	28.6	64%	
Napa County Airport ²	Precip & Temp	21.14	23.56	111%	9.87	47%	
Napa River at Yountville Cross Rd ³	Precip Only	31.86	32.72	103%	14.93	47%	
Napa State Hospital ²	Precip & Temp	26.81	28.85	108%	19.66	73%	
Petrified Forest ³	Precip Only	42.39	46.6	110%	22.84	54%	
Redwood Creek At Mt. Veeder Road ³	Precip Only	34.71	37.36	108%	23.48	68%	
Saint Helena ²	Precip & Temp	37.43	39.11	104%	19.11	51%	
Saint Helena 4WSW ¹	Precip & Temp	45.44	47.88	105%	28.88	64%	
Sugarloaf Peak ³	Precip Only	32.20	26.16	81%	17.12	53%	

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Table 3: Weather stations used in the Na	ipa County SWB mode	el. See Figures 7-9 for	associated timeseries.

1 – Data accessed from California Data Exchange Center (CDEC)

2 – Data accessed from National Climate Data Center (NCDC)

3 - Data access from Napa One Rain





Figure 5: Precipitation zones used in the Napa County SWB model. Hatching indicates areas where two precipitation records were averaged across a zone.





Figure 6: Temperature zones used in the Napa County SWB model. Hatching indicates areas where two temperature records were averaged across a zone.





Figure 7a: Daily precipitation data used in the Napa County SWB model for WY 2010.





Figure 7b: Daily precipitation data used in the Napa County SWB model for WY 2014.

OEI



Figure 8: Daily minimum and maximum temperature data used in the Sonoma County SWB model for WY 2010.



DRAFT



Figure 8 – cont.



DRAFT



Figure 9: Daily minimum and maximum temperature data used in the Sonoma County SWB model for WY 2010.





Figure 9 – cont.



Model Calibration

Available data are insufficient to calibrate the Water Year 2010 and 2014 SWB simulations; however, the land cover and soil properties used in the model were obtained from a previously prepared and calibrated SWB model of Sonoma County (OEI 2017). The Sonoma County model was calibrated against total monthly runoff volumes derived using baseflow separation of streamflow data for five watersheds within Sonoma County. Gages were selected because they represented relatively small watersheds ($1.2 - 14.3 \text{ mi}^2$) without significant urbanization, diversions, groundwater abstraction, reservoir impoundments, or large alluvial bodies where significant exchanges between surface water and groundwater may be expected. These attributes are desirable because the hydrographs can more readily be separated into surface runoff and baseflow components and the surface runoff pattern is more directly comparable to the SWB simulated surface runoff which does not account for water use, reservoir operations, or surface water/groundwater exchange.

SWB utilizes a simplified routing scheme whereby surface runoff is routed to downslope cells or out of the model domain on the same day in which it originates as rainfall, thus it is not capable of accurately estimating streamflow over short time periods. The use of the total monthly surface runoff volumes provided a means of calibrating the Sonoma County SWB model to measured surface runoff data within the limitations of the model's approach to simulating surface runoff.

The SWB model of Sonoma County reproduced seasonal variations in surface runoff in all five calibration watersheds. Monthly Mean Errors (ME) ranged from -0.2 to 0.4 inches with a mean value of 0.1 inches. Annual surface runoff totals ranged from an under-prediction of approximately 10% at Franchini Creek to an over-prediction of approximately 19% at Buckeye Creek, with a mean over-prediction of approximately 6% across the five watersheds. These results indicate that the SWB model was able to reproduce monthly surface runoff volumes with a reasonable degree of accuracy and that the model tends to over-predict surface runoff somewhat, suggesting that the model may generate a low-range estimate of recharge.

Although the climate in Napa County is slightly drier than in Sonoma County, the vegetation, soils, and geology are similar and parameters calibrated using data from Sonoma County should be applicable to Napa County. Calibration of the Napa County SWB model was not performed due to a lack of publicly-available contemporary discharge records in suitable watersheds. Contemporary discharge records exist for USGS gaging stations located along the Napa River near St. Helena and Napa, but the watersheds above these gages are large and contain significant groundwater abstraction, reservoir impoundments, and alluvial bodies. USGS gages on smaller watersheds in Napa County have been inactive since 1983 or earlier. Discharge records exist through Napa One Rain for several streams gaged by the Napa County Resource Conservation District (RCD) but the RCD has cautioned against use of these discharge records for calibration purposes due to incomplete rating curve development.



Estimates of groundwater recharge are also available from an earlier model prepared by Luhdorff and Scalmanini Engineers and MBK Engineers (LSCE 2013). This report provided estimates of average annual recharge as a percentage of average annual precipitation for nine watersheds in Napa County. Averaged across the same nine watersheds, the SWB model predicts significantly higher rates of recharge than the model prepared by LSCE, which predicts slightly lower AET but significantly more runoff (Table 4). Differences in methodology between these two models complicate direct comparisons. The LSCE model calculated infiltration into the soil as the difference between monthly precipitation and discharge volumes within each watershed. Discharge volumes were calculated from USGS stream gages and included both direct runoff and baseflow from groundwater. Inclusion of baseflow with direct runoff in these calculations may inappropriately reduce the estimated volume of water infiltrated into the soil and available for recharge.

USGS Gage	HUC	Mean Precip, 2010 (in)	Mean AET, 2010 (% Precip)		Mean Runoff, 2010 (% Precip)		Mean Recharge, 2010 (% Precip)	
			SWB	LSCE	SWB	LSCE	SWB	LSCE
Conn Ck nr Oakville	11456500	34.8	59%	53%	21%	25%	21%	21%
Dry Ck nr Napa	11457000	41.5	56%	50%	18%	43%	25%	6%
Milliken Ck nr Napa	11458100	32.3	52%	41%	20%	51%	28%	8%
Napa Ck at Napa	11458300	36.6	61%	43%	16%	46%	23%	11%
Napa R nr Napa	11458000	39.5	56%	48%	20%	35%	24%	17%
Napa R nr St Helena	11456000	47.9	46%	45%	23%	42%	30%	14%
Redwood Ck nr Napa	11458200	39.6	53%	49%	26%	40%	22%	10%
Tulucay Ck nr Napa	11458300	27.0	64%	49%	16%	47%	20%	5%

Table 4: Comparison of results from SWB model and Luhdorff and Scalmanini model.

Model Results

The principal elements of the annual water budget simulated with the Napa County SWB model for Water Years 2010 and 2014 are presented in map form in Figures 10 - 19 and in tabular form for 27 major watershed areas in Napa County (Tables 5 - 8). The watersheds are based on USGS HUC-12 watersheds and are named for the stream which comprises the largest proportion of the area; in many cases the areas consist of multiple tributary streams (Figure 20).

In Water Year 2010 (representing "average" hydrologic conditions) precipitation varied from 21.8 inches in the Ledgewood Creek watershed to 53.3 inches in the Saint Helena Creek watershed (Figure 10, Table 5). Actual evapotranspiration (AET) ranged from 13.4 inches in the Jackson Creek watershed to 25.2 inches in the Saint Helena Creek watershed (Figure 11). Surface runoff ranged from 3.4 inches in the Ledgewood Creek watershed to 13.5 inches in the Saint Helena Creek watershed (Figure 12). Recharge ranged from 3.3 inches in the Ledgewood Creek watershed to 14.4 inches in the Saint Helena watershed. (Figure 13). Small decreases in soil moisture storage (up to 1.8 inches) occurred in most watersheds, with changes in most



watersheds being less than an inch (Figure 14). Note that the San Pablo Bay estuaries have been excluded from these comparisons.

Expressed as a percentage of the annual precipitation, AET ranged from 77% in the Ledgewood Creek watershed to 45% in the Jackson Creek watershed (Table 6). Surface runoff ranged from 15% of precipitation in the Ledgewood Creek watershed to 42% in the Jackson Creek watershed. Recharge ranged from 10% of the precipitation in the Jackson Creek watershed to 27% in the Saint Helena watershed.

In Water Year 2014 (representing "dry" hydrologic conditions during the second year of an extreme three-year drought) precipitation varied from 10.1 inches in the American Canyon Creek watershed to 32.2 inches in the Saint Helena Creek watershed (Figure 15, Table 7). Actual evapotranspiration (AET) ranged from 10.3 inches in the Jackson Creek watershed to 17.8 inches in the Saint Helena Creek watershed (Figure 16). Surface runoff ranged from 0.7 inches in the American Canyon Creek watershed to 13.2 inches in the Saint Helena Creek watershed to 13.2 inches in the Saint Helena Creek watershed (Figure 17). Recharge ranged from 0.6 inches in the Wragg Canyon watershed to 4.1 inches in the Saint Helena watershed. (Figure 18). Large decreases in soil moisture storage of between 2.3 and 4.3 inches were also simulated (Figure 19).

Expressed as a percentage of the annual precipitation, AET ranged from 55% in the Saint Helena Creek watershed to 121% in the Jackson Creek watershed (Table 8). These very large AET rates caused significant decreases in soil moisture. Decreases in soil moisture ranged from 9% of precipitation in the Saint Helena watershed to 36% in the American Canyon Creek watershed. Surface runoff ranged from 7% of precipitation in the American Canyon Creek watershed to 41% in the Saint Helena Watershed. Recharge ranged from 18% in the Milliken Creek Watershed to 5% in the Jackson Creek and Wragg Canyon watersheds.





Figure 10: Water Year 2010 precipitation simulated with the Napa County SWB model.





Figure 11: Water Year 2010 AET simulated with the Napa County SWB model.





Figure 12: Water Year 2010 runoff simulated with the Napa County SWB model.





Figure 13: Water Year 2010 recharge simulated with the Napa County SWB model.





Figure 14: Water Year 2010 change in soil moisture content simulated with the Napa County SWB model.





Figure 15: Water Year 2014 precipitation simulated with the Napa County SWB model.





Figure 16: Water Year 2014 AET simulated with the Napa County SWB model.





Figure 17: Water Year 2014 recharge simulated with the Napa County SWB model.





Figure 18: Water Year 2014 recharge simulated with the Napa County SWB model.





Figure 19: Water Year 2014 change in soil moisture content simulated with the Napa County SWB model.



 Table 5: Simulated precipitation and recharge values averaged across HUC-12 watersheds in Napa County for

 Water Year 2010 expressed as depths.
 See Figure 20 for watershed locations.

Name	Drainage Area (mi ²)	Precipitation (in)	AET (in)	Surface Runoff (in)	Recharge (in)	Soil Moisture Change (in)
American Canyon Creek	10.8	24.1	16.3	3.7	4.7	-0.6
Bucksnort Creek	1.9	47.9	24.5	12.1	11.1	0.1
Butts Creek-Putah Creek	49.9	33.0	17.4	9.7	6.2	-0.7
Capell Creek	43.0	31.1	19.1	7.4	5.0	-0.6
Carneros Creek	29.7	28.0	18.6	5.2	5.5	-0.6
Chiles Creek	32.0	34.6	21.1	7.1	6.8	-0.5
Dry Creek	28.8	37.0	22.2	7.2	8.4	-0.5
Hunting Creek	12.0	33.7	19.0	9.7	5.7	-0.8
Jackson Creek-Putah Creek	54.5	29.9	13.4	12.6	3.0	-0.5
Lake Curry-Suisun Creek	16.4	30.7	18.9	6.5	5.9	-0.6
Lake Hennessey-Conn Creek	20.0	35.1	19.6	8.5	7.3	-0.4
Ledgewood Creek	6.4	21.8	16.9	3.4	3.3	-1.8
Lower Eticuera Creek	44.0	30.0	17.7	8.1	4.7	-0.7
Lower Napa River	45.0	31.7	19.9	5.6	6.7	-0.6
Lower Pope Creek	31.8	33.9	18.0	9.7	6.5	-0.6
Maxwell Creek	35.1	34.7	19.6	8.7	6.9	-0.6
Middle Napa River	60.3	39.9	22.8	8.5	9.2	-0.5
Milliken Creek	29.7	30.9	16.9	6.6	7.9	-0.6
Rector Creek-Conn Creek	22.3	32.8	18.0	7.1	8.2	-0.7
Saint Helena Creek	7.7	53.3	25.2	13.5	14.4	0.1
San Pablo Bay Estuaries	19.5	23.9	8.1	13.8	2.3	-0.3
Tulucay Creek	34.2	26.1	16.7	4.6	5.4	-0.7
Upper Eticuera Creek	25.6	31.2	17.2	8.6	6.1	-0.8
Upper Napa River	44.6	44.7	23.6	10.6	10.8	-0.4
Upper Pope Creek	21.7	44.5	22.7	10.5	11.5	-0.3
Wooden Valley & Suisun Creeks	23.3	29.0	19.0	5.1	5.5	-0.6
Wragg Canyon-Putah Creek	34.2	28.3	16.3	8.6	3.3	-0.6



 Table 6: Simulated precipitation and recharge values averaged across HUC-12 watersheds in Napa County for

 Water Year 2010 expressed as a percentage of precipitation.

 See Figure 20 for watershed locations.

Name	Drainage Area (mi ²)	Precipitation (in)	AET (%)	Surface Runoff (%)	Recharge (%)	Soil Moisture Change (%)
American Canyon Creek	10.8	24.1	67%	15%	19%	-3%
Bucksnort Creek	1.9	47.9	51%	25%	23%	0%
Butts Creek-Putah Creek	49.9	33.0	53%	29%	19%	-2%
Capell Creek	43.0	31.2	61%	24%	16%	-2%
Carneros Creek	29.7	29.7	66%	19%	20%	-2%
Chiles Creek	32.0	34.6	61%	21%	20%	-1%
Dry Creek	28.8	37.8	60%	20%	23%	-1%
Hunting Creek	12.0	33.7	56%	29%	17%	-2%
Jackson Creek-Putah Creek	54.5	29.7	45%	42%	10%	-2%
Lake Curry-Suisun Creek	16.4	30.7	61%	21%	19%	-2%
Lake Hennessey-Conn Creek	20.0	36.0	56%	24%	21%	-1%
Ledgewood Creek	6.4	21.8	77%	15%	15%	-8%
Lower Eticuera Creek	44.0	30.0	59%	27%	16%	-2%
Lower Napa River	45.0	31.7	63%	18%	21%	-2%
Lower Pope Creek	31.8	33.9	53%	29%	19%	-2%
Maxwell Creek	35.1	34.7	56%	25%	20%	-2%
Middle Napa River	60.3	40.4	57%	21%	23%	-1%
Milliken Creek	29.7	30.9	55%	21%	26%	-2%
Rector Creek-Conn Creek	22.3	32.8	55%	22%	25%	-2%
Saint Helena Creek	7.7	53.3	47%	25%	27%	0%
San Pablo Bay Estuaries	19.5	23.9	34%	58%	10%	-1%
Tulucay Creek	34.2	26.1	64%	18%	21%	-3%
Upper Eticuera Creek	25.6	31.2	55%	28%	19%	-3%
Upper Napa River	44.6	44.7	53%	24%	24%	-1%
Upper Pope Creek	21.7	44.5	51%	23%	26%	-1%
Wooden Valley & Suisun Creeks	23.3	29.0	65%	18%	19%	-2%
Wragg Canyon-Putah Creek	34.2	28.3	58%	31%	12%	-2%



 Table 7: Simulated precipitation and recharge values averaged across HUC-12 watersheds in Napa County for

 Water Year 2014 expressed as depths.
 See Figure 20 for watershed locations.

Name	Drainage Area (mi ²)	Precipitation (in)	AET (in)	Surface Runoff (in)	Recharge (in)	Soil Moisture Change (in)
American Canyon Creek	10.8	10.1	12.3	0.7	0.7	-3.6
Bucksnort Creek	1.9	28.8	17.6	11.5	2.6	-3.0
Butts Creek-Putah Creek	49.9	16.9	14.2	3.9	1.9	-3.2
Capell Creek	43.0	15.8	14.8	3.1	1.1	-3.1
Carneros Creek	29.7	15.0	14.7	4.6	2.0	-3.7
Chiles Creek	32.0	18.3	16.5	3.7	1.5	-3.3
Dry Creek	28.8	21.5	16.5	6.8	2.5	-3.7
Hunting Creek	12.0	16.7	15.4	3.1	1.6	-3.4
Jackson Creek-Putah Creek	54.5	14.9	10.3	6.1	0.7	-2.3
Lake Curry-Suisun Creek	16.4	18.4	16.1	3.7	1.9	-3.4
Lake Hennessey-Conn Creek	20.0	19.1	14.8	5.7	2.2	-3.2
Ledgewood Creek	6.4	12.2	13.9	1.7	0.8	-4.3
Lower Eticuera Creek	44.0	14.9	14.0	2.6	1.3	-3.1
Lower Napa River	45.0	19.4	15.9	5.0	2.2	-3.6
Lower Pope Creek	31.8	17.8	14.5	4.5	2.0	-3.2
Maxwell Creek	35.1	18.3	15.9	3.8	2.0	-3.3
Middle Napa River	60.3	21.3	16.5	6.6	2.5	-3.7
Milliken Creek	29.7	18.7	13.7	4.5	3.4	-2.9
Rector Creek-Conn Creek	22.3	16.5	13.6	4.0	2.3	-3.4
Saint Helena Creek	7.7	32.2	17.8	13.2	4.1	-3.0
San Pablo Bay Estuaries	19.5	10.4	6.0	5.6	0.5	-1.6
Tulucay Creek	34.2	14.6	13.5	2.6	1.7	-3.3
Upper Eticuera Creek	25.6	15.5	14.1	2.5	2.1	-3.2
Upper Napa River	44.6	22.9	16.2	6.9	3.3	-3.5
Upper Pope Creek	21.7	25.6	16.8	8.5	3.5	-3.2
Wooden Valley & Suisun Creeks	23.3	17.9	16.4	3.1	2.0	-3.5
Wragg Canyon-Putah Creek	34.2	14.1	12.6	3.6	0.6	-2.8



 Table 8: Simulated precipitation and recharge values averaged across HUC-12 watersheds in Napa County for

 Water Year 2014 expressed as a percentage of precipitation.

 See Figure 20 for watershed locations.

Name	Drainage Area (mi ²)	Precipitation (in)	AET (%)	Surface Runoff (%)	Recharge (%)	Soil Moisture Change (%)
American Canyon Creek	10.8	10.1	121%	7%	7%	-36%
Bucksnort Creek	1.9	28.8	61%	40%	9%	-10%
Butts Creek-Putah Creek	49.9	16.8	84%	23%	11%	-19%
Capell Creek	43.0	15.8	94%	20%	7%	-20%
Carneros Creek	29.7	17.6	98%	30%	13%	-25%
Chiles Creek	32.0	18.4	90%	20%	8%	-18%
Dry Creek	28.8	22.1	77%	32%	12%	-17%
Hunting Creek	12.0	16.7	92%	18%	10%	-20%
Jackson Creek-Putah Creek	54.5	14.7	69%	41%	5%	-16%
Lake Curry-Suisun Creek	16.4	18.4	88%	20%	10%	-19%
Lake Hennessey-Conn Creek	20.0	19.6	78%	30%	12%	-17%
Ledgewood Creek	6.4	12.2	114%	14%	7%	-35%
Lower Eticuera Creek	44.0	14.9	94%	18%	9%	-21%
Lower Napa River	45.0	19.4	82%	26%	11%	-19%
Lower Pope Creek	31.8	17.8	81%	25%	11%	-18%
Maxwell Creek	35.1	18.3	87%	21%	11%	-18%
Middle Napa River	60.3	21.8	77%	31%	12%	-18%
Milliken Creek	29.7	18.7	74%	24%	18%	-16%
Rector Creek-Conn Creek	22.3	16.5	83%	24%	14%	-21%
Saint Helena Creek	7.7	32.2	55%	41%	13%	-9%
San Pablo Bay Estuaries	19.5	10.4	58%	53%	4%	-16%
Tulucay Creek	34.2	14.6	93%	18%	12%	-23%
Upper Eticuera Creek	25.6	15.5	91%	16%	14%	-21%
Upper Napa River	44.6	22.9	71%	30%	14%	-15%
Upper Pope Creek	21.7	25.6	66%	33%	14%	-12%
Wooden Valley & Suisun Creeks	23.3	17.9	91%	17%	11%	-20%
Wragg Canyon-Putah Creek	34.2	14.1	90%	26%	5%	-20%





Figure 20: Major watersheds areas used to summarize water budget information in Tables 5 - 8.



Discussion and Conclusion

Numerous previous modeling studies have estimated water budget components in several larger watershed areas in Sonoma and Napa Counties including the Santa Rosa Plain, the Green Valley and Dutch Bill Creek watersheds, and the Sonoma Valley (Farrar et. al., 2006; Kobor and O'Connor, 2016; Woolfenden and Hevesi, 2014). Comparisons to these water budgets are useful for evaluating the SWB results, but one would not expect precise agreement owing to significant variations in climate, land cover, soil types, underlying hydrogeologic conditions, and different spatial scales of modeling studies. These regional analyses estimate that average annual recharge varies from 7% to 19% of the annual precipitation. The equivalent county-wide value from this study is slightly higher at 20%.

Water budgets for the Napa River and selected sub-basins were also estimated in a previous study by Luhdorff and Scalmanini Engineers and MBK Engineers (LSCE 2013). The LSCE study estimated that, as a percentage of annual precipitation, AET comprised slightly less, runoff significantly more, and recharge substantially less of the typical annual water budget. LSCE (2013) calculated infiltration of precipitation based on the difference between total monthly streamflow at selected gaging stations and total monthly precipitation for the gages' drainage area. Streamflow volumes include both direct runoff (overland flow and interflow) and baseflow Inclusion of baseflow with direct runoff in these calculations may from groundwater. inappropriately reduce the estimated volume of water infiltrated into the soil and available for recharge; the LSCE approach therefore tends to underestimate groundwater recharge. Additionally, many of the gauging stations used for the analysis are located in reaches that may be significantly influenced by upstream reservoir releases, surface water diversions, groundwater abstraction, and/or surface water groundwater exchanges, further complicating the interpretation of the LSCE (2013) runoff rates and the interrelated calculations of AET and recharge rates. In contrast, the SWB model presented here is based on calibrated parameter values developed for a similar model in Sonoma County which was calibrated to gauges specifically selected to minimize the effects of reservoir releases, water use, or significant surface water/groundwater interaction, and after separating and removing the baseflow component of streamflow.

The recharge estimates presented here arguably represent the best available county-wide estimates produced at a fine spatial resolution using a consistent and objective data-driven approach. This analysis focused on two Water Years, 2010 and 2014, which represent average and drought conditions respectively. Input parameters were determined based on literature values and values calibrated through prior modeling experience in Sonoma County.



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