Notice of Completion & Environmental Document Transmittal

Mail to: State Clearinghouse, P.O. Box 3044, Sacramento, CA 95812-3044 (916) 445-0613 SCH# For Hand Delivery/Street Address: 1400 Tenth Street, Sacramento, CA 95814 Project Title: Canyon Tunnel Project Lead Agency: South San Joaquin Irrigation District Contact Person: Forrest Killingsworth Mailing Address: 11011 E. Highway 120 Phone: (209) 249-4600 City: Manteca County: San Joaquin County Project Location: County: Calaveras, Stanislaus, and Tuolumne County City/Nearest Community: Modesto Cross Streets: NA Zip Code: Longitude/Latitude (degrees, minutes and seconds): 37 o 50 o 54.53 o N / 120 o 38 o 51.39 o W Total Acres: See attached PD Assessor's Parcel No.: Section: Twp.: Range: _____ Base: State Hwy #: _____ Waterways: Stanislaus River Within 2 Miles: Railways: Schools: Airports: **Document Type:** CEQA: NOP Draft EIR NOI Other: Joint Document NEPA: Supplement/Subsequent EIR EA ☐ Final Document Early Cons Draft EIS ☐ Neg Dec (Prior SCH No.) Other: ■ Mit Neg Dec FONSI **Local Action Type:** General Plan Update Specific Plan Rezone Annexation General Plan Amendment Master Plan Prezone ☐ Redevelopment General Plan Element ☐ Planned Unit Development ☐ Use Permit Coastal Permit Site Plan ☐ Community Plan ☐ Land Division (Subdivision, etc.) ☐ Other: **Development Type:** Residential: Units _____ Acres __ Office: Sq.ft. Acres Employees Mining:

Commercial:Sq.ft. Acres Employees Mining:

Acres Employees Power: Sq.ft. ____ Acres ___ Employees ___ Transportation: Type Mineral Industrial: Sq.ft. ____ Acres ____ Employees____ Type Waste Treatment: Type Educational: MGD Recreational: Hazardous Waste: Type Other: Water Conveyance Tunnel ■ Water Facilities: Type MGD **Project Issues Discussed in Document:** Aesthetic/Visual Fiscal ☐ Recreation/Parks Vegetation Schools/Universities ☐ Agricultural Land ☐ Flood Plain/Flooding Water Quality ■ Air Quality Forest Land/Fire Hazard Septic Systems Water Supply/Groundwater Sewer Capacity Archeological/Historical ■ Geologic/Seismic ☐ Wetland/Riparian Growth Inducement ☐ Minerals Soil Erosion/Compaction/Grading
Solid Waste ■ Biological Resources Coastal Zone ■ Noise Land Use ☐ Drainage/Absorption ☐ Population/Housing Balance ☐ Toxic/Hazardous Cumulative Effects ☐ Economic/Jobs Public Services/Facilities Traffic/Circulation Other: Tribal Cultural **Present Land Use/Zoning/General Plan Designation:** General Agriculture/Preserve, Residential Estate, Water Right of Way Project Description: (please use a separate page if necessary)

Note: The State Clearinghouse will assign identification numbers for all new projects. If a SCH number already exists for a project (e.g. Notice of Preparation or previous draft document) please fill in.

See attached Project Description.

Reviewing Agencies Checklist

	Agencies may recommend State Clearinghouse distribut have already sent your document to the agency please of			
X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	Air Resources Board Boating & Waterways, Department of California Emergency Management Agency California Highway Patrol Caltrans District # 10 Caltrans Division of Aeronautics Caltrans Planning Central Valley Flood Protection Board Coachella Valley Mtns. Conservancy Coastal Commission Colorado River Board Conservation, Department of Delta Protection Commission Education, Department of Energy Commission	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	Office of Historic Preservation Office of Public School Construction Parks & Recreation, Department of Pesticide Regulation, Department of Public Utilities Commission	
	Public Review Period (to be filled in by lead agency)			
Starting Date January 25, 2023			Ending Date February 23, 2023	
Lead	Agency (Complete if applicable):			
Consulting Firm: Provost & Pritchard Consulting Group Address: 455 W. Fir Avenue City/State/Zip: Clovis, CA 93611 Contact: Briza Sholars, Environmental Project Manager Phone: (559) 449-2700		Applicant: South San Joaquin Irrigation District Address: 11011 E. Highway 120 City/State/Zip: Manteca, CA 95336 Phone: (209) 249-4600		
Signature of Lead Agency Representative: Ft lu-				

Authority cited: Section 21083, Public Resources Code. Reference: Section 21161, Public Resources Code.

Description of Project

Project Background and Purpose

The Project consists of a new water conveyance tunnel (approximately 12,000 lineal feet, 1,000 feet hard rock and 11,000 feet soft rock) to bypass approximately 12,250 lineal feet of existing canal, referred to as the Joint Supply Canal (JSC). The purpose of the Project is to improve long-term reliability of this critical water supply system because existing canal segments along this bypass reach are extremely vulnerable to catastrophic failure, primarily due to unstable rock slopes that are present along the canyon wall above the JSC.

The JSC provides water supply for both South San Joaquin Irrigation District (SSJID) and Oakdale Irrigation District (OID). SSJID provides JSC maintenance and is the lead agency for this project. The JSC is located along the north bank of the Stanislaus River in Calaveras and Stanislaus Counties, California, near the town of Knights Ferry. Water is diverted into the JSC at Goodwin Dam; Goodwin Dam was constructed circa 1913 and was raised in 1958. Goodwin Dam is operated by the Tri-Dam Project, an agency owned jointly by SSJID and OID. The maximum design flow capacity of the existing JSC is approximately 1,250 cubic feet per second (cfs); the existing flows and annual diversion limits would not be modified as a part of this Project but would increase the reliability of supplies. Based on subsurface conditions data and evaluation of potential tunneling methods, a recommended tunnel route was selected. The Project evaluated is a tunnel intake located upstream of the dam; with a submerged intake from the existing forebay pool approximately 20 feet from the dam.

Project objectives would be as follows:

- <u>Increase water supply reliability</u>: The Project would increase reliability of supplies available for both SSJID and OID.
- Reduce rockfall hazard: The Project would provide rockfall protection, thus limiting/minimizing/preventing rocks, sand, gravel, trees, and other material cleanup within the canal, by redirecting flows through the tunnel thus minimizing rockfall issues/concerns.
- Increase Safety: Provide much safer working conditions for facilities maintenance personnel.

Project Description

The work would include temporary construction access, laydown, and staging areas; permanent downstream tunnel portal and tie-in to the existing canal; approximately 12,000 lineal feet of new tunnel; permanent upstream tunnel portal and tie-in to either the existing Goodwin Reservoir; and permanent access improvements leading to the existing Goodwin Dam right abutment:

The Project specifically includes the following components:

- Construction of approximately 12,000 feet tunnel; approximately 16-feet-wide by 13.8-feet-high;
- Use of existing roads paved and dirt roads to be rehabilitated where necessary;
- Rehabilitation of an existing barge landing and new barge platform:
 - Sectional barge would consist of eight pre-cast concrete segments (each 10 feet by 15 feet)
 with a combined 30-foot by 40-foot area, measuring 7 feet in depth, which is required for
 65,000 pound of live load weight during construction;
 - Rehabilitation of the existing landing would be constructed at the same location and same footprint at the south shore of Goodwin Dam Reservoir at the current parking lot location;
 - o Protective cofferdam would be used to dewater around the existing barge landing;
 - o Tensioned guide cable would be secured for barge movement alignment:

- South end would be attached below the reconstructed concrete landing with rock bolts;
- North end would be attached to the existing concrete trash rack wall; and
- Electric winches would be used to move the barge platform back and forth.
- Improve and re-align existing livestock fences including barbed wire fencing and panel gates;
- Tunnel inlet would start on the north side of the reservoir, upstream of the dam, above the existing diversion canal and on the dry side of the forebay and trash rack;
- Installation of new control gates at the tunnel inlet;
 - o The tunnel size would be approximately 16 feet in diameter
- Temporary installation of stop logs at the existing trash rack for forebay dewatering;
- Installation of a concrete cover cap over the existing forebay to provide rockfall protection;
- Existing ram pump to be abandoned;
 - Proposed vertical conduit to be drilled vertically to tunnel for upland property owner (well
 with steel casing, removable screen and sump at tunnel sidewall, submersible solar power
 pump);
- Existing canal gates at dam to remain for side-spill
- Existing canal inlet gates to be abandoned
- Tunnel Outlet would be located at the south end of the Project area at the downstream portal.
- The proposed Canyon Tunnel would bypass the existing canal for approximately 12,000 feet and tie back into the existing canal through a downstream tunnel portal.

Construction Phases are as follows and are referenced throughout the document:

- 1. Excavate Portal Work Area
- 2. Shotcrete Portal Face
- 3. Excavate First 916 LF D + S
- 4. Tunnel Excavation, Stage 1 Shotcrete
- 5. Stage 2 Shotcrete
- 6. Place Concrete Slab D+S and Invert Concrete
- 7. Tunnel Cleanup

Cultural Area of Potential Effect

The cultural Area of Potential Effect (APE) for ground disturbing activities is approximately 8.5 acres outlined below:

Tuolumne County

Existing Staging Area (barge landing and related improvements) = 16,560 sf = $^{\circ}$ 0.4 acres Existing Access Road (may need to be widened) = 780 lf @ 16'w = 12,480 sf = $^{\circ}$ 0.3 acres

Stanislaus County

Existing Access Road (From Diversion Works – improvements to restore conditions following construction) = 5,481 lf @ 16'w = 87,696 sf = \sim 2.2 acres Temporary Contractor Laydown Area (improve then reclaim) = \sim 3 acres

Calaveras County

New Barge Landing/Cap over Upstream Portal = 12,093 sf = \sim 0.3 acres Existing Access Road (To Downstream Tunnel Portal and Staging Area - improvements to restore conditions following construction) = 1,508 lf @ 16'w = 24,128 sf = \sim 0.6 acres New Downstream Tunnel Portal and Staging Area = 19,446 sf = \sim 0.5 acres

Temporary Construction Staging, Spoils Pile/Staging Area with connecting Road (improve then reclaim) = 49,285 sf = $^{\sim} 1.2$ acres

Construction Schedule

Construction will occur over two to three years and consist of several phases including clearing, grading, and excavation. Equipment maintenance visits are anticipated to occur weekly.

Equipment

Construction equipment would include air compressors, all-terrain vehicles, concrete mixers, concrete pumps, concrete vibrators, electric generators, excavators, light plants, loaders, water pumps, dump/haul trucks, road header tunneling machine, various hand tools, forklift, drill rig, grout pump, concrete transit trucks, and a temporary barge to transport equipment. Temporary construction staging area would be located within the Project boundary and used for storage of materials and equipment.

Operation and Maintenance

Operation and maintenance of the facility would be consistent with current activities to maintain infrastructure. The new water conveyance tunnel and associated infrastructure would have the same intent and operational needs as the existing JSC. SSJID would be responsible for operation and maintenance of the Project. Current maintenance equipment access to the north abutment is provided through the JSC during the non-irrigation season (annually November through February). Because the bypassed segment of JSC will be abandoned and no longer available for access, future permanent access to the north abutment will be provided by the new barge.

Setting and Surrounding Land Uses

The Project is located within Calaveras, Stanislaus, and Tuolumne Counties, north of the unincorporated community of Knights Ferry, California. This area lies within the foothills of the Sierra Nevada Mountain Range adjacent to the San Joaquin Valley. The topography is made up of rolling hills with elevations ranging from approximately 300 to 700 feet, with underlying rock formations of older metamorphic rock and younger volcanic flows and sandstone. The hills are made up of large oak woodland and grassland habitat. Outside of the community of Knights Ferry are residential homes and ranches on larger lot sizes.

Like most of California, the Sierra foothills experience a Mediterranean climate. Warm, dry summers are followed by cool, moist winters. Summer temperatures range between 70- and 90-degrees Fahrenheit (°F), but often exceeds 100 °F. Winter minimum temperatures are near 40 °F. The average annual precipitation is approximately 13 inches, falling mainly from October to April.