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Receipt: 23-2047

Product	Name	Extended
FISH	FISH AND WILDLIFE FILING	\$0.00
	#Pages	4
	Document #	05-2023-008
	Document Info:	SOUTH SAN JOAQUIN IRRIGATION DISTRICT
	Filing Type	ND
	No F & W Fee	true
	File Endorsed Label	3
Total		\$0.00
Change (Cash)		\$0.00

Notice of Determination	on	Appendix D
To: Office of Planning and Resear U.S. Mail: P.O. Box 3044 Sacramento, CA 95812-3044 County Clerk County of: Calaveras Address: 891 Mountain Ran San Andreas, CA 95249	Street Address: 1400 Tenth St., Rm 113 Sacramento, CA 95814	From: Public Agency: South San Joaquin Irrigation Dis Address: 11011 E. Highway 120 Manteca, CA 95336 Contact: Forrest Killingsworth Phone: (209) 249-4600 Lead Agency (if different from above): South San Joaquin Irrigation District Address: 11011 E. Highway 120 Manteca, CA 95336 Contact: Forrest Killingsworth Phone: (209) 249-4600
SUBJECT: Filing of Notice of L Resources Code.	Determination in compli	ance with Section 21108 or 21152 of the Public
State Clearinghouse Number (if	submitted to State Cleari	nghouse):_2023010504
Project Title: Canyon Tunnel Pr	oject	
Project Applicant: South San Jo	aquin Irrigation District	
Project Location (include county)	: Calaveras County, Star	nislaus County, and Tuolumne County
Project Description:		
See attached Project Descriptio	n.	
	Lead Agency or Read Agency or Areaand has made the	
A Negative Declaration waMitigation measures [wereA mitigation reporting or monit	Report was prepared for to see prepared for this project of this project of were not made a containing plan [was	his project pursuant to the provisions of CEQA. t pursuant to the provisions of CEQA. ndition of the approval of the project. as not] adopted for this project. was not] adopted for this project.
This is to certify that the final EIF negative Declaration, is available South San Joaquin Irrigation D	e to the General Public at	
Signature (Public Agency):	-t Kil	Title: Engineering Department Manager
Date: 3/14/23	Date Received for filing at OPR:	

Authority cited: Sections 21083, Public Resources Code. Reference Section 21000-21174, Public Resources Code.

Description of Project

Project Background and Purpose

The Project consists of a new water conveyance tunnel (approximately 12,000 lineal feet, 1,000 feet hard rock and 11,000 feet soft rock) to bypass approximately 12,250 lineal feet of existing canal, referred to as the Joint Supply Canal (JSC). The purpose of the Project is to improve long-term reliability of this critical water supply system because existing canal segments along this bypass reach are extremely vulnerable to catastrophic failure, primarily due to unstable rock slopes that are present along the canyon wall above the JSC.

The JSC provides water supply for both South San Joaquin Irrigation District (SSJID) and Oakdale Irrigation District (OID). SSJID provides JSC maintenance and is the lead agency for this project. The JSC is located along the north bank of the Stanislaus River in Calaveras and Stanislaus Counties, California, near the town of Knights Ferry. Water is diverted into the JSC at Goodwin Dam; Goodwin Dam was constructed circa 1913 and was raised in 1958. Goodwin Dam is operated by the Tri-Dam Project, an agency owned jointly by SSJID and OID. The maximum design flow capacity of the existing JSC is approximately 1,250 cubic feet per second (cfs); the existing flows and annual diversion limits would not be modified as a part of this Project but would increase the reliability of supplies. Based on subsurface conditions data and evaluation of potential tunneling methods, a recommended tunnel route was selected. The Project evaluated is a tunnel intake located upstream of the dam; with a submerged intake from the existing forebay pool approximately 20 feet from the dam.

Project objectives would be as follows:

- <u>Increase water supply reliability</u>: The Project would increase reliability of supplies available for both SSJID and OID.
- Reduce rockfall hazard: The Project would provide rockfall protection, thus limiting/minimizing/preventing rocks, sand, gravel, trees, and other material cleanup within the canal, by redirecting flows through the tunnel thus minimizing rockfall issues/concerns.
- <u>Increase Safety</u>: Provide much safer working conditions for facilities maintenance personnel.

Project Description

The work would include temporary construction access, laydown, and staging areas; permanent downstream tunnel portal and tie-in to the existing canal; approximately 12,000 lineal feet of new tunnel; permanent upstream tunnel portal and tie-in to either the existing Goodwin Reservoir; and permanent access improvements leading to the existing Goodwin Dam right abutment:

The Project specifically includes the following components:

- Construction of approximately 12,000 feet tunnel; approximately 16-feet-wide by 13.8-feet-high;
- Use of existing roads paved and dirt roads to be rehabilitated where necessary;
- Rehabilitation of an existing barge landing and new barge platform:
 - o Sectional barge would consist of eight pre-cast concrete segments (each 10 feet by 15 feet) with a combined 30-foot by 40-foot area, measuring 7 feet in depth, which is required for 65,000 pound of live load weight during construction;
 - o Rehabilitation of the existing landing would be constructed at the same location and same footprint at the south shore of Goodwin Dam Reservoir at the current parking lot location;
 - o Protective cofferdam would be used to dewater around the existing barge landing;
 - o Tensioned guide cable would be secured for barge movement alignment:

- South end would be attached below the reconstructed concrete landing with rock bolts:
- North end would be attached to the existing concrete trash rack wall; and
- Electric winches would be used to move the barge platform back and forth.
- Improve and re-align existing livestock fences including barbed wire fencing and panel gates;
- Tunnel inlet would start on the north side of the reservoir, upstream of the dam, above the existing diversion canal and on the dry side of the forebay and trash rack;
- Installation of new control gates at the tunnel inlet;
 - o The tunnel size would be approximately 16 feet in diameter
- Temporary installation of stop logs at the existing trash rack for forebay dewatering;
- Installation of a concrete cover cap over the existing forebay to provide rockfall protection;
- Existing ram pump to be abandoned;
 - Proposed vertical conduit to be drilled vertically to tunnel for upland property owner (well
 with steel casing, removable screen and sump at tunnel sidewall, submersible solar power
 pump);
- Existing canal gates at dam to remain for side-spill
- Existing canal inlet gates to be abandoned
- Tunnel Outlet would be located at the south end of the Project area at the downstream portal.
- The proposed Canyon Tunnel would bypass the existing canal for approximately 12,000 feet and tie back into the existing canal through a downstream tunnel portal.

Construction Phases are as follows and are referenced throughout the document;

- 1. Excavate Portal Work Area
- 2. Shotcrete Portal Face
- 3. Excavate First 916 LF D + S
- 4. Tunnel Excavation, Stage 1 Shotcrete
- 5. Stage 2 Shotcrete
- 6. Place Concrete Slab D+S and Invert Concrete
- 7. Tunnel Cleanup

Cultural Area of Potential Effect

The cultural Area of Potential Effect (APE) for ground disturbing activities is approximately 8.5 acres outlined below:

Tuolumne County

Existing Staging Area (barge landing and related improvements) = $16,560 \text{ sf} = ^{\circ}0.4 \text{ acres}$ Existing Access Road (may need to be widened) = $780 \text{ lf} @ 16' \text{w} = 12,480 \text{ sf} = ^{\circ}0.3 \text{ acres}$

Stanislaus County

Existing Access Road (From Diversion Works – improvements to restore conditions following construction) = 5,481 If @ 16'w = 87,696 sf = ~ 2.2 acres
Temporary Contractor Laydown Area (improve then reclaim) = ~ 3 acres

Calaveras County

New Barge Landing/Cap over Upstream Portal = 12,093 sf = $^{\sim}$ 0.3 acres Existing Access Road (To Downstream Tunnel Portal and Staging Area - improvements to restore conditions following construction) = 1,508 lf @ 16'w = 24,128 sf = $^{\sim}$ 0.6 acres New Downstream Tunnel Portal and Staging Area = 19,446 sf = $^{\sim}$ 0.5 acres

Temporary Construction Staging, Spoils Pile/Staging Area with connecting Road (improve then reclaim) = 49,285 sf = ~ 1.2 acres

Construction Schedule

Construction will occur over two to three years and consist of several phases including clearing, grading, and excavation. Equipment maintenance visits are anticipated to occur weekly.

Equipment

Construction equipment would include air compressors, all-terrain vehicles, concrete mixers, concrete pumps, concrete vibrators, electric generators, excavators, light plants, loaders, water pumps, dump/haul trucks, road header tunneling machine, various hand tools, forklift, drill rig, grout pump, concrete transit trucks, and a temporary barge to transport equipment. Temporary construction staging area would be located within the Project boundary and used for storage of materials and equipment.

Operation and Maintenance

Operation and maintenance of the facility would be consistent with current activities to maintain infrastructure. The new water conveyance tunnel and associated infrastructure would have the same intent and operational needs as the existing JSC. SSJID would be responsible for operation and maintenance of the Project. Current maintenance equipment access to the north abutment is provided through the JSC during the non-irrigation season (annually November through February). Because the bypassed segment of JSC will be abandoned and no longer available for access, future permanent access to the north abutment will be provided by the new barge.

Setting and Surrounding Land Uses

The Project is located within Calaveras, Stanislaus, and Tuolumne Counties, north of the unincorporated community of Knights Ferry, California. This area lies within the foothills of the Sierra Nevada Mountain Range adjacent to the San Joaquin Valley. The topography is made up of rolling hills with elevations ranging from approximately 300 to 700 feet, with underlying rock formations of older metamorphic rock and younger volcanic flows and sandstone. The hills are made up of large oak woodland and grassland habitat. Outside of the community of Knights Ferry are residential homes and ranches on larger lot sizes.

Like most of California, the Sierra foothills experience a Mediterranean climate. Warm, dry summers are followed by cool, moist winters. Summer temperatures range between 70- and 90-degrees Fahrenheit (°F), but often exceeds 100 °F. Winter minimum temperatures are near 40 °F. The average annual precipitation is approximately 13 inches, falling mainly from October to April.