SOIL LOSS ANALYSIS, **REVISED** REAL THOREVILOS VINEYARDS ECOTONE NORTH AND SOUTH BLOCKS PROPOSED NEW VINEYARD DEVELOPMENT 180 MUND ROAD ST. HELENA, CA 95476 APN 021-320-022, 026, -028 AUGUST 25, 2021

The following analysis evaluates the proposed development of two new vineyard blocks totaling approximately 22.2 acres, on parts of three parcels totaling approximately 390 acres, located in Napa County, California, northeast of the city of St. Helena, to determine the project's potential to increase sediment delivery from the site. The analysis also compares predicted soil loss with the USDA soil loss tolerance standard ("T"). The analysis was prepared by David Steiner, CPESC, CPSWQ, at the request of and in consultation with Mike Muelrath of Applied Civil Engineering. This analysis has adapted the Universal Soil Loss Equation (USLE) protocol developed by the Napa RCD, with guidance from the NRCS (SCS) Field Office Technical Guide, to requirements of the Napa County Engineering Division. Modeled transects are drawn on the accompanying maps, provided by Applied Civil Engineering. The accompanying Excel spreadsheet<sup>1</sup>, along with an explanatory MS Word Addendum, incorporates USLE principles and formulas, as follows:

- The "**R**" value is derived from the median of the predicted range of 2-year/6-hour storms for this site, according to NOAA Atlas 14. Printouts of the NOAA Atlas 14 tables accompany this submittal.
- The "LS" value is calculated per algorithms based on USDA empirical data, using plotted slope lengths and gradients, over twelve representative transects through the two proposed new vineyard blocks. The spreadsheet's formulas incorporate the effects of concave, convex and complex slopes, per USDA segmented slope protocols, which assign greater influence to downslope segments.
- The "K" (soil erosivity) and "T" (soil loss tolerance) values were taken from the Napa County Web Soil Survey. Copies of the NCWSS printouts accompany this submittal. Where Mapping Unit (soil type) boundaries cross modeled transects, the slope segment protocol is used to appropriately weight values of these factors, as well.
- Pre-project "C" value: To account for varying levels of vegetation and ground cover, USDA segmenting protocols—again, assigning greater influence to downslope segmentshave also been applied to "C" factor determinations. Values assigned to each segment were selected from Table 5 of the "Special Applications for Napa County" USLE pamphlet, as interpolated in the Napa County Engineering Division's "USLE (Excel) Worksheet." These evaluations are based on examination of imagery from Google Earth

<sup>1</sup>This Excel format segments modeled transects according to the <u>most complex</u> variable or USLE factor describing conditions along the transect. For example, a transect with five different types or levels of canopy or vegetative cover—but with uniform slope throughout—would nonetheless be assigned five separate slope entries (even though they were all the same), as the transect's segmentation (for <u>all factors</u>) would be based on cover, its most complex variable.

and the "OnXHunt" GPS application, and on observations during field visit on September 4 and October 16, 2020, prior to the devastating Glass Fire. Details of these findings are in the explanatory *Addendum* to this narrative. C values entered for Transect ES-2 NW, Segments 3-5 and Transect ES-2 SW, Segment 3 are not from the "Special Applications" brochure; these entries are revisions required by the Napa County Engineering Division.

- Post-project "C" values were assigned to reflect the cover crop specifications in the Erosion Control Plan: A minimum of 80%, non-tilled cover will be established and maintained in both vineyard blocks. Adherence to these specifications will (1) avoid soil loss increase<sup>2</sup> and (2) comply with the USDA "T", soil loss tolerance. Specifications for cover maintenance on vineyard avenues are the same as those within vineyard blocks; supplementary practices such as annual applications of seed and straw mulch, per specifications in the Erosion Control Plan, may be necessary to compensate for ground disturbance related to tractor and equipment traffic.
- For the most part, pre- and post-project "**P**" (practice) factors are assigned the default maximum value (1). However, the following, appropriate reductions of this factor are assigned to transects and/or segments, as indicated by cross-slope farming on proposed (post-project) vineyard layouts.
  - North Vineyard:
    - NE Transect, Segment 2: 12-18%, cross-slope, no-till. P = .60
    - Middle Transect, Segment 1: 12-18%, cross-slope, no-till. P = .60
    - Middle Transect, Segment 2: 7-12%, cross-slope, no-till. P = .45
    - South Transect, Segment 4: 2-7%, cross-slope, no-till. P = .37
  - South Vineyard:
    - Block ES-1, Segments 2-5: 2-7%, cross-slope, no-till. P = .37
    - Block ES-2 NW, Segment 1: 7-12%, cross-slope, no-till. P = .45
    - Block ES-2, SW, Segment 3: 2-7%, cross-slope, no-till. P = .37
    - Block ES-2, E, Segment 5: 2-7%, cross-slope, no-till. P = .37

**Conclusion:** With the assumption that the specified cover levels will be maintained, calculations predict that soil loss levels in proposed vineyard blocks<sup>2</sup> will exceed neither current levels nor the USDA soil loss tolerance (**"T"**). (Please see accompanying Excel printouts, and explanatory *Addendum*.)

<sup>2</sup>Although a very slight, post-project soil loss increase is predicted over Transect ES-2 Mid, the net post-project soil loss for all blocks will be substantially less than pre-project predictions. Real Thorevilos Ecotone Vineyard USLE Soil Loss Analysis Explanatory Addendum, Revised Pre-Project "C" August 25, 2021

# **SOUTH VINEYARD**

- Transect ES-1:
  - o Segment 1: 75% Trees; 80% Cover: 50% G, 50% W (C = .0265)
  - o Segment 2: No Canopy; 80% Cover: 70% G, 30% W (C = .022)
  - o Segment 3: 25% Trees: 80% Cover: 70% G, 30% W (C = .0217)
- Transect ES-2 NW:
  - o Segment 1: 25% Trees; 40% Cover: 80% G, 20% W (C = .108)
  - o Segment 2: No Canopy; 90% Cover: 80% G, 20% W (C = .0092)
  - Segment 3: Per Napa County Engineering Division  $(C = .1)^*$
  - Segment 4: Per Napa County Engineering Division  $(C = .1)^*$
  - Segment 5: Per Napa County Engineering Division  $(C = .1)^*$
- Transect ES-2 SW:
  - o Segment 1: 25% Low Brush; 85% Cover: 50% G, 50% W (C = .0205)
  - o Segment 2: No Canopy; 90% Cover: 80% G, 20% W (C = .0166)
  - o Segment 3: Per Napa County Engineering Division  $(C = .1)^*$
- Transect ES-2 Mid:
  - o Segment 1: No Canopy; 90% Cover: 50% G, 50% W (C = .014)
  - o Segment 2: 25% Low Brush; 85% Cover: 50% G, 50% W (C = .0205)
  - o Segment 3: 25% Low Brush; 40% Cover: 50% G, 50% W (C = .0515)
- Transect ES-2 E:
  - o Segment 1: 50% Trees; 90% Cover: 20% G, 80% W (C = .018)
  - o Segment 2: 25% Low Brush; 70% Cover: 30% G, 70% W (C = .0512)
  - o Segment 3: 25% Low Brush; 70% Cover: 30% G, 70% W (C = .0512)
  - o Segment 4: 25% Low Brush; 70% Cover: 30% G, 70% W (C = .0512)
  - o Segment 5: 25% Low Brush; 60% Cover: 40% G, 60% W (C = .065)
- Transect ES-2 NE:
  - o Segment 1: No Canopy; 90% Cover: 50% G, %0% W (C = .014)
  - o Segment 2: 50% Trees; 80% Cover: 40% G, 60% W (C = .0304)
- Transect ES-2 N:
  - o Segment 1: 25% Trees; 85% Cover: 50% G, 50% W (C = .021)
  - o Segment 2: 25% Trees; 85% Cover: 50% G, 50% W (C = .021)
  - o Segment 3: 25% Trees; 85% Cover: 50% G, 50% W (C = .021)

## NORTH VINEYARD

- Northeast Transect
  - Segments 1 and 2: 75% High Brush: 70% Cover: 20% G, 80% W (C = .0546)
- North Transect
  - o Segment 1: 50% High Brush; 60% Cover: 20% G, 90% W (C = .0732)
  - Segments 2-4: 50% High Brush; 50% Cover: 0 G, 100% W (C = .106)
  - o Segment 5: 50% Trees; 50% Cover: 50% G, 50% W (C = .0895)
- Middle Transect
  - o Segment 1: 75% Trees; 70% Cover: 0 G, 100% W (C = .063)
  - o Segment 2: 50% Trees; 70% Cover: 40% G, 60% W (C = .0498)
  - Segment 3: 25% Trees; 60% Cover: 505 G, 50% W (C = .065)
- South transect
  - o Segment 1: 75% Trees; 60% Cover: 0 G, 100% W (C = .084)
  - o Segment 2: 50% Trees; 60% Cover: 0 G, 100% W (C = .087)
  - o Segment 3: 50% Trees; 60% Cover: 50% G, 50% W (C = .0635)
  - Segment 4: 25% Trees; 60% Cover: 60% G, 40% W (C = .0594)

\*Based on Appendix C-1, Guides for Erosion and Sediment Control, USDA Soil Conservation Service Davis, California.

Ecotone North Pre-Project USLE 2-yr/6-hr storm, inches 1.93 March 18, 2021

к

Transect Identification		Ecotone N	orth, North	east Transe	ct, pre-proj	ect	
Acres		0.5	acres				
Total Slope Length		160	feet				
Number of Segments		2	segments				
	1	2	3	4	5		
R	68.94	68.94					
Factor (F)	0.35	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Slope Length	160.00	160.00					
Slope %	25.0	16.3					
LS	5.89	3.34	0.00	0.00	0.00		
К	0.28	0.28					
С	0.055	0.055					
Р	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Т	3.00	3.00				3.00	
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.031521	0.0332	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0648	
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	2.17	2.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.46	tons/acre/yea
	•	•	•			2.23	tons/year

Ecotone North	
Post-Project USLE	
2-yr/6-hr storm, inches	1.93
March 12, 2021	

Transect Identification		Ecotone N	orth, Northe	east Transe	ct, post-pro	ject	]
Acres		0.5	acres				
Total Slope Length		160	feet				
Number of Segments		2	segments				
	1	2	3	4	5		
R	68.94	-		4	J		
Factor (F)	0.35	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Slope Length	160.00	160.00					
Slope %	25.0	16.3					
LS	5.89	3.34	0.00	0.00	0.00		
К	0.28	0.28					
C	0.034	0.034				75 NT	
Р	1.00	0.60	1.00	1.00	1.00		1
Т	3.00	3.00				3.00	
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.019628	0.0207	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0403	
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	1.35	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.21	tons/acre/ye
						1.10	tons/year

Ecotone North, North Transect, pre-project Transect Identification 2 acres Acres Total Slope Length 435 feet Number of Segments 5 segments 1 2 3 4 5 68.94 68.94 68.94 68.94 68.94 R 0.09 0.28 Factor (F) 0.16 0.21 0.25 435 435 435 435 435 Slope Length 17.2 4.6 6.9 5.7 5.7 Slope % 5.93 1.01 1.68 1.31 1.31 LS 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.073 0.106 0.106 0.106 0.090 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 2.97 (F) (LS) (K) (C) 0.010937 0.0452 0.0048 0.0105 0.0097 0.0092 A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)0.75 0.33 0.72 3.11 tons/acre/year 0.67 0.63

2

6.23 tons/year

Transect Identification		Ecotone N	orth, North	Transect, p	ost-project		
Acres		2	acres				
Total Slope Length		435	feet				
Number of Segments		5	segments				
	1	2	3	4	5		
R	68.94	68.94	68.94	68.94	68.94		
Factor (F)	0.09	0.16	0.21	0.25	0.28		
Slope Length	435	435	435	435	435		
Slope %	17.2	4.6	6.9	5.7	5.7		
LS	5.93	1.01	1.68	1.31	1.31		
K	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28		
C	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	75 NT	
Р	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Т	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.97	
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.00508	0.0015	0.0034	0.0031	0.0035	0.0166	
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	0.35	0.11	0.23	0.22	0.24	1.14	tons/acre/ye
						2.29	tons/year

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Transect Identification		Ecotone N	orth, Middle	e Transect,	pre-project		ľ
Acres		2	acres				3
Total Slope Length		231	feet				
Number of Segments		3	segments				
	1	2	3	4	5		
R	68.94	68.94	68.94				
Factor (F)	0.19	0.35	0.46	0.00	0.00		
Slope Length	231	231	231				
Slope %	13.0	8.7	3.9				
LS	2.95	1.69	0.54	0.00	0.00		
К	0.24	0.24	0.28				
С	0.063	0.050	0.065				
Р	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Т	4.00	4.00	3.00			3.54	
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.008487	0.0071	0.0045	0.0000	0.0000	0.0201	
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	0.59	0.49	0.31	0.00	0.00	1.39	tons/acre/year
						2 77	tons/vear

Transect Identification		Ecotone N	orth, Middle	e Transect,	post-projec	t	
Acres		2	acres				
Total Slope Length		231	feet				
Number of Segments		3	segments				
	1	2	3	4	5		
R	68.94	68.94	68.94				
Factor (F)	0.19	0.35	0.46	0.00	0.00		
Slope Length	231	231	231				
Slope %	13.0	8.7	3.9				
LS	2.95	1.69	0.54	0.00	0.00		
K	0.24	0.24	0.28				
С	0.034	0.034	0.034			75 NT	
Р	0.60	0.45	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Т	4.00	4.00	3.00			3.54	
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.00458	0.0048	0.0024	0.0000	0.0000	0.0118	
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	0.19	0.15	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.50	tons/acre/ye
						1.01	tons/year

2.77 tons/year

Transect Identification		Ecotone N	orth, South	Transect, p	re-project		
Acres		4.5	acres				4
Total Slope Length		700	feet				
Number of Segments		4	segments				
	1	2	3	4	5		
R	68.94	68.94	68.94	68.94			
Factor (F)	0.12	0.23	0.30	0.35	0.00		
Slope Length	700	700	700	700			
Slope %	17.1	17.1	14.3	3.4			
LS	7.46	7.46	5.86	0.59	0.00		
К	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.28			
С	0.084	0.087	0.064	0.059			
Р	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Т	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.00		3.65	
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.018053	0.0358	0.0268	0.0034	0.0000	0.0841	
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	1.24	2.47	1.85	0.24	0.00	5.80	tons/acre/year
						26.09	tons/year

Transect Identification		Ecotone N	orth, South	Transect, p	ost-project		
Acres		4.5	acres				
Total Slope Length		700	feet				
Number of Segments		4	segments				
	1	2	3	4	5		
R	68.94	68.94	68.94	68.94			
Factor (F)	0.12	0.23	0.30	0.35	0.00		
Slope Length	700	700	700	700			
Slope %	17.1	17.1	14.3	3.4			
LS	7.46	7.46	5.86	0.59	0.00		
К	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.28			
С	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034		75 NT	
Р	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.37	1.00		
Т	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.00		3.65	
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.007307	0.0140	0.0143	0.0020	0.0000	0.0376	
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	0.50	0.97	0.99	0.05	0.00	2.51	tons/acre/ye
						11.29	tons/year

#### Real Thorevilos, Ecotone South Pre-Project USLE, revised

1.90

August 2021

2/6 storm, inches

Transect Identification		Real Thore	vilos, Block	ES-1, Pre-p	roject		ľ
Acres		0.7	acres				Ī
Total Slope Length		110	feet				ľ
Number of Segments		5	segments				I
							ļ
	1	2	3	4	5		ļ
R	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63		
Factor (F)	0.09	0.16	0.21	0.25	0.28		I
Slope Length	110	110	110	110	110		Ī
Slope %	13.6	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5		Ī
LS	2.17	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47		Ĩ
К	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43		Ī
С	0.027	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.022		Ī
Р	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		Ī
Т	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.97	ľ
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.002224	0.0007	0.0009	0.0011	0.0013	0.0063	1
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	0.15	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.42	tons
						0.29	tons

Real Thorevilos Post-Project USLE August 2021

Transect Identification		<b>Real Thore</b>	vilos, Block	ES-1, Post-	project		
Acres		0.7	acres				
Total Slope Length		110	feet				
Number of Segments		5	segments				
	1	2	3	4	5		
R	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63		
Factor (F)	0.09	0.16	0.21	0.25	0.28		
Slope Length	110	110	110	110	110		
Slope %	13.6	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5		
LS	2.17	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47		
К	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43		
C	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	75NT	
Р	1.00	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37		
Т	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.97	
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.002853	0.0011	0.0015	0.0017	0.0019	0.0091	
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	0.19	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.34	tons/acre/ye
		-				0.24	tons/year

0.42 tons/acre/year 0.29 tons/year

Real Thorevilos, Transect ES-2 NW, Pre-project Transect Identification 4 acres Acres Total Slope Length 510 feet Number of Segments 5 segments 1 2 3 4 5 66.63 66.63 66.63 66.63 66.63 R Factor (F) 0.09 0.16 0.21 0.28 0.25 510 510 510 510 Slope Length 510 Slope % 8.8 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0 2.56 0.17 0.17 1.00 0.17 LS 0.43 0.43 0.43 0.43 0.43 к 0.108 0.009 0.100 0.100 0.100 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 2.97 (F) (LS) (K) (C) 0.010696 0.0021 0.0001 0.0016 0.0108 0.0252 A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)0.71 0.01 tons/acre/year 0.10 0.72 0.14 1.68 6.72 tons/year

Transect Identification		Real Thore	vilos, Trans	ect ES-2 NV	V, Post-proj	ect	
Acres		4	acres				
Total Slope Length		510	feet				
Number of Segments		5	segments				
	1	2	3	4	5		
R	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63		
Factor (F)	0.09	0.16	0.21	0.25	0.28		
Slope Length	510	510	510	510	510		
Slope %	8.8	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.0		
LS	2.56	0.17	0.17	0.33	0.17		
K	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43		
С	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	75NT	
Р	0.45	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Т	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.97	
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.003367	0.0004	0.0005	0.0012	0.0007	0.0062	
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	0.10	0.03	0.04	0.08	0.05	0.29	tons/acre/ye
						1.16	tons/year

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Transect Identification		Real Thore	vilos, Trans	ect ES-2 SW	, Pre-proje	ct	ĺ
Acres		1.5	acres				ĺ
Total Slope Length		402	feet				ĺ
Number of Segments		3	segments				ĺ
							l
	1	2	3	4	5		Ĺ
R	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63		
Factor (F)	0.19	0.35	0.46	0.00	0.00		ĺ
Slope Length	402	402	402				ĺ
Slope %	10.4	4.5	0.7				ĺ
LS	2.87	0.80	0.14	0.00	0.00		ĺ
К	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43		ĺ
С	0.021	0.017	0.100				ĺ
Р	1.00	1.00	1.00				ĺ
Т	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	ĺ
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.004803	0.0020	0.0028	0.0000	0.0000	0.0096	
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	0.32	0.13	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.64	1
						0.96	Í+

Transect Identification		<b>Real Thore</b>	vilos, Trans	ect ES-2 SW	, Post-proje	ect	
Acres		1.5	acres				
Total Slope Length		402	feet				
Number of Segments		3	segments				
	1	2	3	4	5		
R	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63		
Factor (F)	0.19	0.35	0.46	0.00	0.00		
Slope Length	402	402	402				
Slope %	10.4	4.5	0.7				
LS	2.87	0.80	0.14	0.00	0.00		
K	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43		
C	0.022	0.022	0.022			80NT	
Р	1.00	1.00	0.37				
Т	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.005154	0.0026	0.0006	0.0000	0.0000	0.0084	
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	0.34	0.18	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.53	tons/acre/yea
						0.80	tons/year

0.96 tons/year

Transect Identification		Real Thore	vilos, Trans	ect ES 2-Mi	d, Pre-proje	ect	ĺ
Acres		2	acres				
Total Slope Length		339	feet				
Number of Segments		3	segments				ĺ
D	1	2	3	4	5		
R	66.63			66.63	66.63		ĺ.
Factor (F)	0.19	0.35	0.46	0.00	0.00		į
Slope Length	339	339	339				
Slope %	15.9	4.4	2.7				
LS	4.71	0.73	0.37	0.00	0.00		ĺ
К	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43		ĺ
С	0.014	0.021	0.052				ĺ
Р	1.00	1.00	1.00				ĺ
Т	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.005384	0.0022	0.0038	0.0000	0.0000	0.0114	
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	0.36	0.15	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.76	tons/acre/
						1.52	tons/vear

Transect Identification		Real Thorevilos, Transect ES 2- Mid, Post-project				oject	
Acres		2	acres				
Total Slope Length		339	feet				
Number of Segments		3	segments				
	1	2	3	4	5		
R	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63		
Factor (F)	0.19	0.35	0.46	0.00	0.00		
Slope Length	339	339	339				
Slope %	15.9	4.4	2.7				
LS	4.71	0.73	0.37	0.00	0.00		
К	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43		
С	0.022	0.022	0.022			80NT	
Р	1.00	1.00	1.00				
Т	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.008461	0.0024	0.0016	0.0000	0.0000	0.0125	
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	0.56	0.16	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.83	tons/acre/year
						1.66	tons/year

1.52 tons/year

Transect Identification		Real Thore	vilos, Trans	ect ES-2 E, I	Pre-project		Ī
Acres		5	acres				Ī
Total Slope Length		565	feet				Ī
Number of Segments		5	segments				Į
	1	2	3	4	5		l
R	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63		İ
Factor (F)	0.09	0.16	0.21	0.25	0.28		Î
Slope Length	565	565	565	565	565		Ī
Slope %	1.8	5.3	4.4	3.5	2.7		Ī
LS	0.31	1.36	0.89	0.56	0.44		Ī
К	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43		Ī
С	0.018	0.051	0.051	0.051	0.065		Ī
Р	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		Ī
Т	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.97	I
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.000217	0.0048	0.0041	0.0031	0.0034	0.0157	I
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	0.01	0.32	0.27	0.21	0.23	1.04	t
						E 22	ī.

Transect Identification		<b>Real Thore</b>	vilos, Trans	ect ES-2 E, I	Post-project		
Acres		5	acres				
Total Slope Length		565	feet				
Number of Segments		5	segments				
	1	2	3	4	5		
R	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63		
Factor (F)	0.09	0.16	0.21	0.25	0.28		
Slope Length	565	565	565	565	565		
Slope %	1.8	5.3	4.4	3.5	2.7		
LS	0.31	1.36	0.89	0.56	0.44		
К	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43		
С	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.022	80NT	
Р	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.37		
Т	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.97	
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.000265	0.0021	0.0018	0.0013	0.0012	0.0066	
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	0.02	0.14	0.12	0.09	0.03	0.39	tons/acre/year
						1.95	tons/year

tons/acre/year 5.22 tons/year

Transect Identification		Real Thore	vilos, Trans	ect ES=2 NE	, Pre-proje	ct	
Acres		0.8 acres					[
Total Slope Length		270	feet				[
Number of Segments		2	segments				ļ
	1	2	3	4	5		•
R	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63		ſ
Factor (F)	0.35	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00		ſ
Slope Length	270	270					ſ
Slope %	8.1	10.4					ſ
LS	1.65	2.35	0.00	0.00	0.00		ſ
К	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43		ſ
C	0.014	0.030					ſ
Р	1.00	1.00					ſ
Т	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.003487	0.0200	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0235	
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	0.23	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.56	ton
						1.25	ton

Transect Identification Real Thorevilos, Transect ES-2 NE, Post-project Acres 0.8 acres Total Slope Length 270 feet Number of Segments 2 segments 5 4 2 66.63 66.63 66.63 66.63 66.63 R 0.35 0.65 0.00 0.00 Factor (F) 0.00 Slope Length 270 270 8.1 10.4 Slope % 1.65 2.35 0.00 0.00 0.00 LS 0.43 0.43 0.43 0.43 0.43 0.022 0.022 80NT 1.00 1.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 (F) (LS) (K) (C) 0.005479 0.0145 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0199 A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)1.33 tons/acre/year 0.37 0.96 0.00 0.00 0.00

ns/acre/year ns/year

1.06 tons/year

Transect Identification		Real Thore	vilos, Trans	ect ES-2 N,	Pre-project		Ι
Acres		0.2	acres				Ī
Total Slope Length		162	feet				Ī
Number of Segments		3	segments				I
							ļ
	1	2	3	4	5		l
R	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63		
Factor (F)	0.19	0.35	0.46	0.00	0.00		I
Slope Length	162	162	162				Ī
Slope %	20.4	20.4	14.8				I
LS	4.54	4.54	2.95	0.00	0.00		Ī
К	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43		Ī
C	0.021	0.021	0.021				Ī
Р	1.00	1.00	1.00				I
Т	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	I
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.007796	0.0144	0.0123	0.0000	0.0000	0.0344	I
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	0.52	0.96	0.82	0.00	0.00	2.29	t
						0.46	t

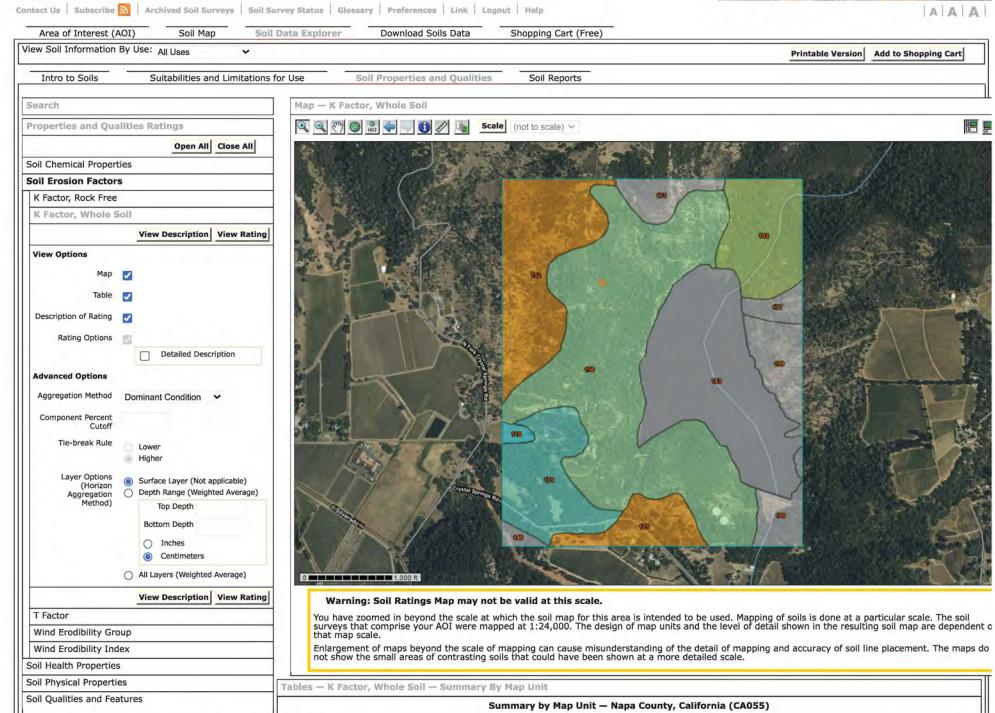
Transect Identification		Real Thore	vilos, Trans	ect ES-2 N,	Post-projec	t	]
Acres		0.2	acres				
Total Slope Length		162	feet				
Number of Segments		3	segments				
	1	2	3	4	5		
R	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63	66.63		
Factor (F)	0.19	0.35	0.46	0.00	0.00		
Slope Length	162	162	162				
Slope %	20.4	20.4	14.8				
LS	4.54	4.54	2.95	0.00	0.00		
К	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43		
С	0.022	0.022	0.017			80 <mark>, 85</mark> NT	
Р	1.00	1.00	1.00				
Т	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	
(F) (LS) (K) (C)	0.008167	0.0150	0.0099	0.0000	0.0000	0.0331	
A = (R) (F) (LS) (K) (C) (P)	0.54	1.00	0.66	0.00	0.00	2.21	tons/acre/year
						0.44	tons/year

tons/acre/year 0.46 tons/year



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### Web Soil Survey

Water Features	Summary by M	Summary by Map Unit — Napa County, California (CA055)							
	Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AO				
	102	Aiken loam, 30 to 50 percent slopes	.24	29.0	8.0%				
	109	Boomer gravelly loam, volcanic bedrock, 14 to 60 percent slopes, MLRA 15		23.0	6.3%				
	118	Cole silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, MLRA 14	.37	1.8	0.5				
	125	Cortina very stony loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes	.10	15.4	4.29				
	140	Forward silt loam, 12 to 57 percent slopes, MLRA 15		2,1	0.64				
	152	Hambright rock-Outcrop complex, 30 to 75 percent slopes	.10	46.4	12.7				
	156	Kidd loam, 30 to 75 percent slopes	.28	132.1	36.3				
	175	Rock outcrop		9.2	2.5				
	177	Rock outcrop-Kidd complex, 50 to 75 percent slopes		5.2	1.4				
	179	Sobrante loam, 30 to 50 percent slopes		31.4	8.6				
	183	Water		68.5	18.8				
	Totals for Are	a of Interest		364.1	100.04				
	Erosion factor K inc (USLE) and the Rev	actor, Whele Soll licates the susceptibility of a soil to sheet and rill erosion by water. Factor K is one of six factor vised Universal Soil Loss Equation (RUSLE) to predict the average annual rate of soil loss by sh	eet and rill	erosion in tons	per acre per yea				
	K range from 0.02	based primarily on percentage of silt, sand, and organic matter and on soil structure and satur to 0.69. Other factors being equal, the higher the value, the more susceptible the soil is to she (whole soil)" indicates the erodibility of the whole soil. The estimates are modified by the pres	et and rill	erosion by water					
	Tating Options -	K Factor, Whole Sail							
	Aggregation Meth	nod: Dominant Condition							
		ant Cutoff: None Specified							
	Tie-break Rule: H								
	Layer Options (He	orizon Aggregation Method): Surface Layer (Not applicable)							

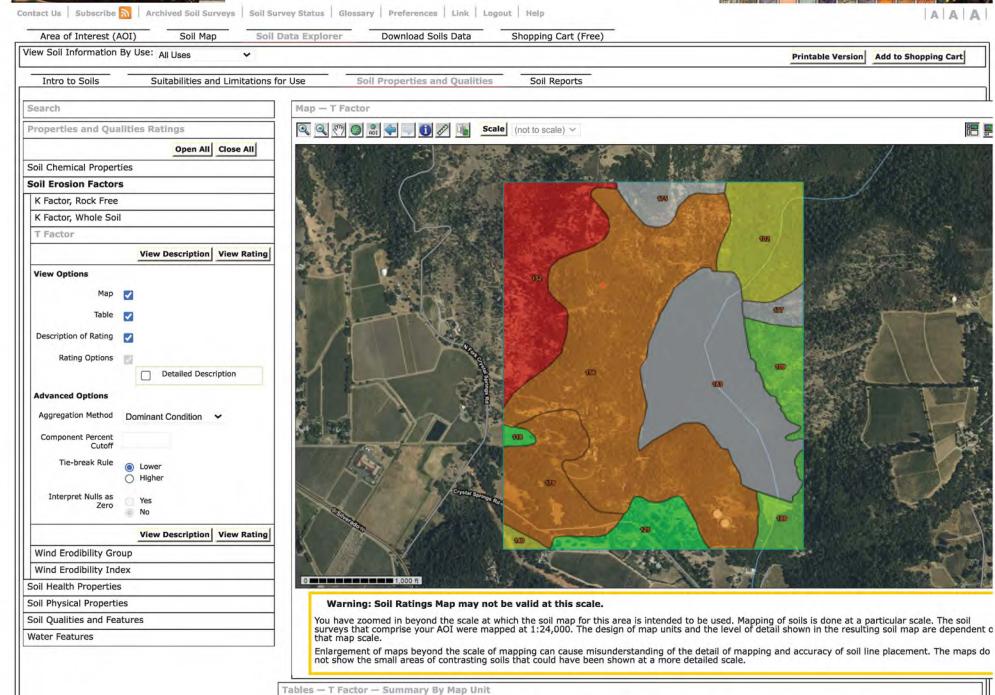


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Web Soil Survey





Summary by Map Unit - Napa County, California (CA055)

### Web Soil Survey

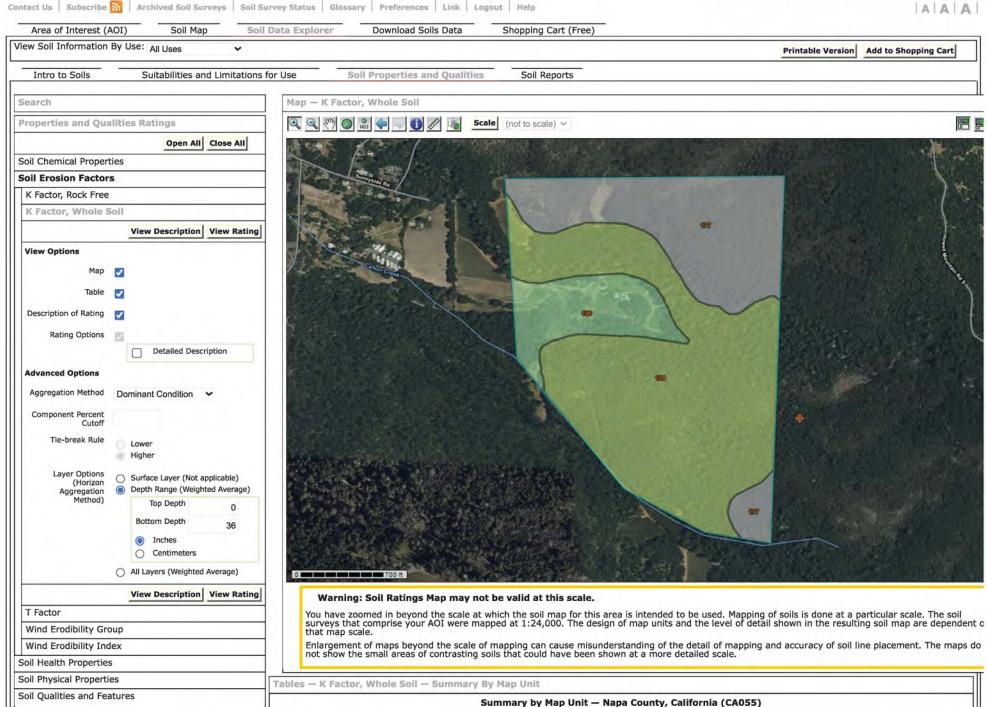
Map uni symbol		Rating (tons per acre per year)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
102	Aiken loam, 30 to 50 percent slopes	3	29.0	8.0%
109	Boomer gravelly loam, volcanic bedrock, 14 to 60 percent slopes, MLRA 15	4	23.0	6.3%
118	Cole silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, MLRA 14	5	1.8	0.5%
125	Cortina very stony loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes	5	15.4	4.2%
140	Forward silt loam, 12 to 57 percent slopes, MLRA 15	3	2.1	0.6%
152	Hambright rock-Outcrop complex, 30 to 75 percent slopes	1	46.4	12.7%
156	Kidd loam, 30 to 75 percent slopes	2	132.1	36.3%
175	Rock outcrop		9.2	2.5%
177	Rock outcrop-Kidd complex, 50 to 75 percent slopes		5.2	1.4%
179	Sobrante loam, 30 to 50 percent slopes	2	31.4	8.6%
183	Water		68.5	18.8%
Totals fo	r Area of Interest		364.1	100.0%
Description	- T Factor		10. The second s	
	is an estimate of the maximum average annual rate of soil erosion by wind and/o riod. The rate is in tons per acre per year.	r water that can occur without affec	ting crop prod	uctivity over a
Raiting Opti	ons – 7 Factor			
Units of Me	asure: tons per acre per year			
	Method: Dominant Condition			
Component	Percent Cutoff: None Specified			
Tie-break R				



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Web Soil Survey

Summary by Ma	ip Unit — Napa County, California (CA055)		Summary by Map Unit — Napa County, California (CA055)								
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI							
100	Aiken loam, 2 to 15 percent slopes	.28	16.7	12.5%							
109	Boomer gravelly loam, volcanic bedrock, 14 to 60 percent slopes, MLRA 15	.24	76.5	57.6%							
177	Rock outcrop-Kidd complex, 50 to 75 percent slopes		39.6	29.9%							
Totals for Area	a of Interest		132.8	100.0%							
Description — K Fa	Description — K Factor, Whole Soil										
K range from 0.02 to	(USLE) and the Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation (RUSLE) to predict the average annual rate of soil loss by sheet and rill erosion in tons per acre per year. The estimates are based primarily on percentage of silt, sand, and organic matter and on soil structure and saturated hydraulic conductivity (Ksat). Values of K range from 0.02 to 0.69. Other factors being equal, the higher the value, the more susceptible the soil is to sheet and rill erosion by water. "Erosion factor Kw (whole soil)" indicates the erodibility of the whole soil. The estimates are modified by the presence of rock fragments.										
Rating Options — I	Rating Options — K Factor, Whole Soil										
Aggregation Metho	Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition										
Component Percer	Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified										
· ·											
Tie-break Rule: Hig	, gher										
Tie-break Rule: Hig Layer Options (Ho											
Tie-break Rule: Hig	, gher										

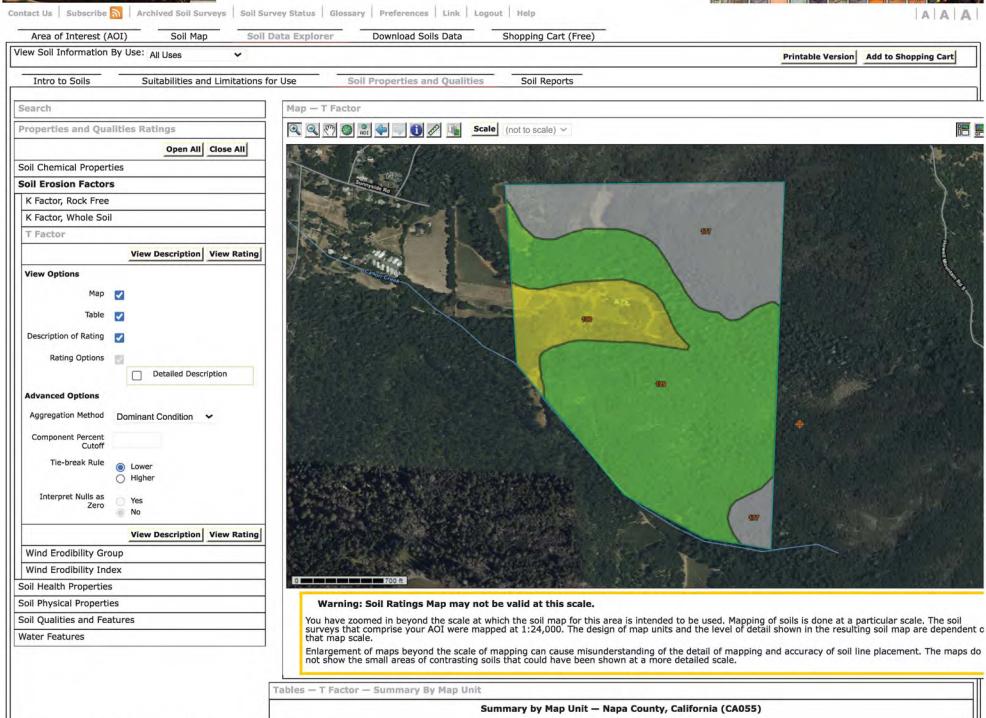


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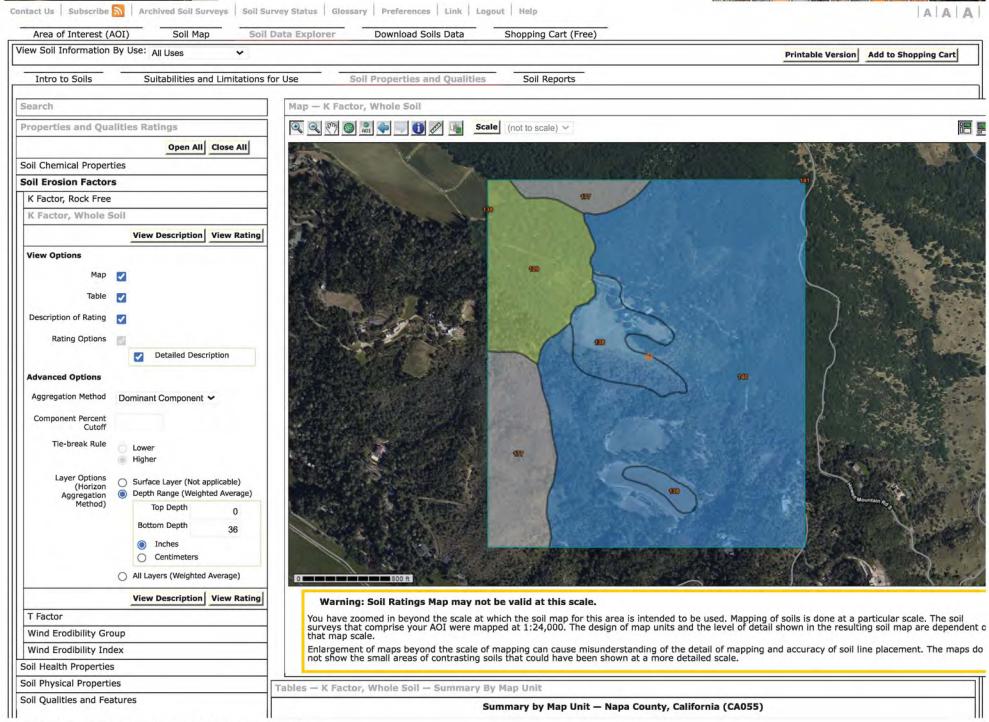


Summary by	/ Map Unit — Napa County, California (CA055)			
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating (tons per acre per year)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
100	Aiken loam, 2 to 15 percent slopes	3	16.7	12.5%
109	Boomer gravelly loam, volcanic bedrock, 14 to 60 percent slopes, MLRA 15	4	76.5	57.6%
177	Rock outcrop-Kidd complex, 50 to 75 percent slopes		39.6	29.9%
Totals for A	Area of Interest		132.8	100.0%
Description —	T Factor			
	n estimate of the maximum average annual rate of soil erosion by wind and/or d. The rate is in tons per acre per year.	water that can occur without affec	ting crop prod	uctivity over a
Rating Options	s — T Factor			
Units of Measu	ire: tons per acre per year			
Aggregation M	lethod: Dominant Condition			
Component Pe	rcent Cutoff: None Specified			
Tie-break Rule	e: Lower			
Interpret Nulls	s as Zero: No			



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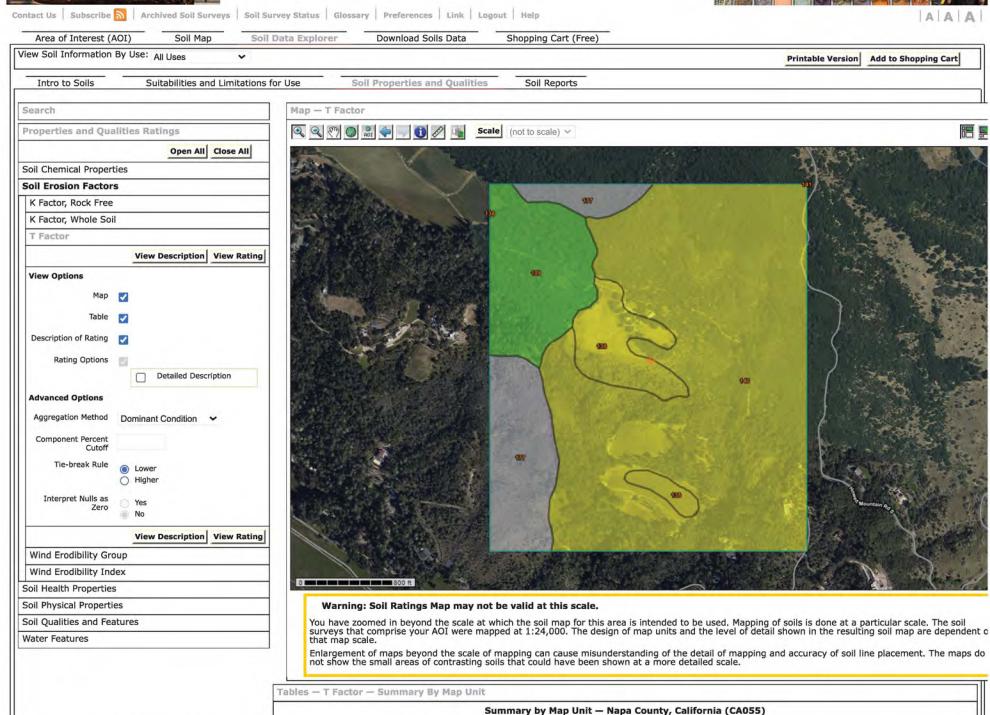


/ater Features		ap Unit — Napa County, California (CA055)							
	Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AO				
	109	Boomer gravelly loam, volcanic bedrock, 14 to 60 percent slopes, MLRA 15	.24	28.6	12.7%				
	138	Forward silt loam, 3 to 26 percent slopes, MLRA 15	.43	17.2	7.6%				
	140	Forward silt loam, 12 to 57 percent slopes, MLRA 15	.43	150.5	66.9%				
	141	Forward-Kidd complex, 11 to 60 percent slopes, MLRA 15	.43	0.0	0.0%				
	177	Rock outcrop-Kidd complex, 50 to 75 percent slopes		28.8	12.8%				
	Totals for Area	Totals for Area of Interest225.0100.0%							
	Description — K Fa	Description — K Factor, Whole Soil							
	(USLE) and the Revi The estimates are b K range from 0.02 t	cates the susceptibility of a soil to sheet and rill erosion by water. Factor K is one of six factors ised Universal Soil Loss Equation (RUSLE) to predict the average annual rate of soil loss by shee ased primarily on percentage of silt, sand, and organic matter and on soil structure and saturat o 0.69. Other factors being equal, the higher the value, the more susceptible the soil is to shee whole soil)" indicates the erodibility of the whole soil. The estimates are modified by the preser	et and rill ed hydrau t and rill e	erosion in tons ulic conductivity erosion by water	per acre per yea (Ksat). Values o				
	Rating Options —	Rating Options — K Factor, Whole Soil							
	Aggregation Meth	Aggregation Method: Dominant Component							
	Aggregation is the p	rocess by which a set of component attribute values is reduced to a single value that represent	s the map	o unit as a whole	2.				
	attribute being aggr component attribute map unit is derived, components are not	A map unit is typically composed of one or more "components". A component is either some type of soil or some nonsoil entity, e.g., rock outcrop. For the attribute being aggregated, the first step of the aggregation process is to derive one attribute value for each of a map unit's components. From this set of component attributes, the next step of the aggregation process derives a single value that represents the map unit as a whole. Once a single value for each map unit is derived, a thematic map for soil map units can be rendered. Aggregation must be done because, on any soil map, map units are delineated but components are not.							
		component typically makes up approximately 60% of the map unit. Percent composition is a critical factor in some, but not all, aggregation methods.							
	unit. If more than o "tie-break" rule indi	The aggregation method "Dominant Component" returns the attribute value associated with the component with the highest percent composition in the map unit. If more than one component shares the highest percent composition, the corresponding "tie-break" rule determines which value should be returned. The "tie-break" rule indicates whether the lower or higher attribute value should be returned in the case of a percent composition tie. The result returned by this aggregation method may or may not represent the dominant condition throughout the map unit.							
	Component Perce	Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified							
		Components whose percent composition is below the cutoff value will not be considered. If no cutoff value is specified, all components in the database will be considered. The data for some contrasting soils of minor extent may not be in the database, and therefore are not considered.							
	Tie-break Rule: Hi	Tie-break Rule: Higher							
	The tie-break rule in composition tie.	The tie-break rule indicates which value should be selected from a set of multiple candidate values, or which value should be selected in the event of a percent composition tie.							
	Layer Options (Ho	Layer Options (Horizon Aggregation Method): Depth Range (Weighted Average)							
	centimeters or inche	For an attribute of a soil horizon, a depth qualification must be specified. In most cases it is probably most appropriate to specify a fixed depth rac centimeters or inches. The Bottom Depth must be greater than the Top Depth, and the Top Depth can be greater than zero. The choice of "inches "centimeters" only applies to the depth of soil to be evaluated. It has no influence on the units of measure the data are presented in. When "Surface Layer" is specified as the depth qualifier, only the surface layer or horizon is considered when deriving a value for a component, be mind that the thickness of the surface layer varies from component to component.							
	When "All Layers" is	When "All Layers" is specified as the depth qualifier, all layers recorded for a component are considered when deriving the value for that component.							
		Whenever more than one layer or horizon is considered when deriving a value for a component, and the attribute being aggregated is a numeric attribute, a weighted average value is returned, where the weighting factor is the layer or horizon thickness.							
	Top Depth: 0								
	Bottom Depth: 36								
	Units of Measure:	Incnes							



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Web Soil Survey

Summary by	Map Unit — Napa County, California (CA055)			
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating (tons per acre per year)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
109	Boomer gravelly loam, volcanic bedrock, 14 to 60 percent slopes, MLRA 15	4	28.6	12.7%
138	Forward silt loam, 3 to 26 percent slopes, MLRA 15	3	17.2	7.6%
140	Forward silt loam, 12 to 57 percent slopes, MLRA 15	3	150.5	66.9%
141	Forward-Kidd complex, 11 to 60 percent slopes, MLRA 15	3	0.0	0.0%
177	Rock outcrop-Kidd complex, 50 to 75 percent slopes		28.8	12.8%
Totals for A	rea of Interest		225.0	100 <u>.</u> 0%
Description —	T Factor			
	n estimate of the maximum average annual rate of soil erosion by wind and/o . The rate is in tons per acre per year.	r water that can occur without affec	ting crop prod	uctivity over a
Rating Options	— T Factor			
Units of Measu	re: tons per acre per year			
Aggregation M	ethod: Dominant Condition			
Component Pe	rcent Cutoff: None Specified			
Tie-break Rule	Lower			
Interpret Nulls	an Zawas Na			

