Yana Garcia Secretary for Meredith Williams, Ph.D. Director 8800 Cal Center Drive Sacramento, California 95826-3200

Department of Toxic Substances Control

SENT VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL

December 5, 2022

Mr. Ken Strelo Planning Manager City of Oakley Planning Division 3231 Main Street Oakley, CA 94561 <u>Strelo@ci.oakley.ca.us</u>

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION FOR SELLERS AVENUE SUBDIVISION – DATED NOVEMBER 2022 (STATE CLEARINGHOUSE NUMBER: 2022110067)

Dear Mr. Strelo:

The Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) received a Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND) for the Sellers Avenue Subdivision (Project). The Lead Agency is receiving this notice from DTSC because the Project includes one or more of the following: groundbreaking activities, work in close proximity to a roadway, presence of site buildings that may require demolition or modifications, importation of backfill soil, and/or work on or in close proximity to an agricultural or former agricultural site.

DTSC recommends that the following issues be evaluated in the Hazards and Hazardous Materials section of the MND:

- A State of California environmental regulatory agency such as DTSC, a Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB), or a local agency that meets the requirements of <u>Health and Safety Code section 101480</u> should provide regulatory concurrence that the Project site is safe for construction and the proposed use.
- 2. The MND should acknowledge the potential for historic or future activities on or near the project site to result in the release of hazardous wastes/substances on the project site. In instances in which releases have occurred or may occur, further studies should be carried out to delineate the nature and extent of the









Environmental Protection

Gavin Newsom Governor contamination, and the potential threat to public health and/or the environment should be evaluated. The MND should also identify the mechanism(s) to initiate any required investigation and/or remediation and the government agency who will be responsible for providing appropriate regulatory oversight.

- 3. Refiners in the United States started adding lead compounds to gasoline in the 1920s in order to boost octane levels and improve engine performance. This practice did not officially end until 1992 when lead was banned as a fuel additive in California. Tailpipe emissions from automobiles using leaded gasoline contained lead and resulted in aerially deposited lead (ADL) being deposited in and along roadways throughout the state. ADL-contaminated soils still exist along roadsides and medians and can also be found underneath some existing road surfaces due to past construction activities. Due to the potential for ADL-contaminated soil DTSC, recommends collecting soil samples for lead analysis prior to performing any intrusive activities for the project described in the MND.
- 4. Surveys should be conducted for the presence of lead-based paints or products, mercury, asbestos containing materials, and polychlorinated biphenyl caulk for buildings or other structures to be demolished as part of the Project. Removal, demolition and disposal of any of the above-mentioned chemicals should be conducted in compliance with California environmental regulations and policies. In addition, sampling near current and/or former buildings should be conducted in accordance with DTSC's 2006 Interim Guidance Evaluation of School Sites with Potential Contamination from Lead Based Paint, Termiticides, and Electrical Transformers.
- If any projects initiated as part of the proposed project require the importation of soil to backfill any excavated areas, proper sampling should be conducted to ensure that the imported soil is free of contamination. DTSC recommends the imported materials be characterized according to DTSC's 2001 <u>Information</u> <u>Advisory Clean Imported Fill Material</u>.
- 6. The MND acknowledges that the Project site has been used for agricultural related activities and that the project applicant shall complete testing of on-site soils for organochlorine pesticides and arsenic. A State of California environmental regulatory agency or a local agency that meets the requirements of <u>H&SC section 101480</u> should provide regulatory concurrence on the sampling plans, conclusion, and recommendations. DTSC recommends the current and former agricultural lands be evaluated in accordance with DTSC's 2008 <u>Interim</u> <u>Guidance for Sampling Agricultural Properties (Third Revision)</u>.

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DTSC appreciates the opportunity to comment on the MND. Should you choose DTSC to provide oversight for any environmental investigations, please visit DTSC's <u>Site</u> <u>Mitigation and Restoration Program</u> page to apply for lead agency oversight. Additional information regarding voluntary agreements with DTSC can be found at <u>DTSC's</u> <u>Brownfield website</u>.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (916) 255-3710 or via email at <u>Gavin.McCreary@dtsc.ca.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

Harrin Malanny

Gavin McCreary Project Manager Site Evaluation and Remediation Unit Site Mitigation and Restoration Program Department of Toxic Substances Control

cc: (via email)

Governor's Office of Planning and Research State Clearinghouse <u>State.Clearinghouse@opr.ca.gov</u>

Mr. Dave Kereazis Office of Planning & Environmental Analysis Department of Toxic Substances Control <u>Dave.Kereazis@dtsc.ca.gov</u>