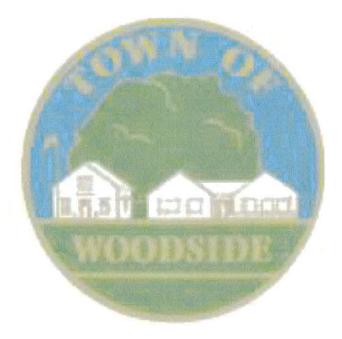
Initial Study and **Public Review Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration** for the 988 Godetia Drive Land Division Project LDIV2020-0001 and CEQA 2020-0001



Prepared by: Town of Woodside P.O Box 620005 (Mail) 2955 Woodside Road Woodside, CA 94062

Public Review Period: October 13, 2022 through November 12, 2022 (30 days)

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ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Application
- 2. Land Division Exhibits
- 3. Tree Inventory, Assessment and Protection, prepared by Richard Gessner, Monarch Consulting Arborists, LLC, dated February 14, 2019.
- 4. Subdivision Feasibility Study, prepared by Geosphere Consultants, Inc., dated May 27, 2019
- 5. Cotton, Shires, and Associates, Inc., Consulting Engineers and Geologists, Supplemental Geotechnical Peer Review, dated November 12, 2020
- 6. Native American Heritage Commission, letter dated and received April 7, 2020.
- 7. California Historical Research Information System (CHRIS), letter dated April 28, 2020; received May 7, 2020.
- 8. Calwater Offer Letter for Transfer of Service, dated August 4, 2022
- 9. Copies of 'Will Serve' letters provided by PG&E, AT+T and Redwood City Water Department
- 10. CalWater Fire Flow Test of New Fire Hydrant at 999 Godetia Drive, dated June 10, 2022
- 11. Tentative Parcel Map, prepared by DOES Architects, submitted March 3, 2020

1.	<u>Project title</u> :	988 Godetia Drive Land Division
2.	<u>Lead agency name and address</u> :	Town of Woodside Planning Department P.O. Box 620005 (Mail) 2955 Woodside Road Woodside, CA 94062
3.	Contact person and phone number:	Sarah Filipe, Associate Planner (650) 851-6790
4.	Project location:	988 Godetia Drive Woodside, CA (APN: 068-301-100)
5.	<u>Project sponsor's name and address</u> :	Vladimir Alexanyan and Margaret Migdal 988 Godetia Drive Woodside, CA 94062
6.	General Plan designation:	Residential (R)
7.	Zoning:	Suburban Residential (SR)
8	Public Review Period:	October 13, 2022 through November12, 2022 (30 days)

9. <u>Description of Project</u>: The 988 Godetia Drive Project ("the Project") proposes to divide one existing legal parcel of record (APN: 068-301-100) into two legal parcels (Parcel A and Parcel B). The existing property is 4.96 acres (215,857 square feet) gross, and 4.39 acres (191,253.67 square feet) net. The proposed parcel sizes with the land division are described below:

Proposed Parcel Sizes				
	Parcel A	Parcel B		
Gross Lot Area (Acres)	1.97	2.98		
Gross Lot Area (Square Feet)	85,947.91	129,909		
Net Lot Area (Acres)	1.58	2.81		
Net Lot Area (Square Feet)	68,657	122,596		

This applicant's purpose in applying for the subdivision is to create an additional legal parcel that can be developed with a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed as part of this application; however, a proposed building envelope has been identified on the Tentative Parcel Map (Attachment 11, Sheet TP-1).

General Plan: The property is designated (R) for residential development.

Zoning: The property is zoned (SR) for Suburban Residential. The purpose of the SR District is to

provide suburban residential opportunities within the Town's predominately rural setting. Both proposed parcels would meet minimum lot requirements for the SR District, including the minimum lot size of 1 acre for new parcels (Attachment 11, Sheet TP-2).

10. <u>Project Location</u>: Regional and local project location and site access are as follows:

Regional Location: The Project is located in the northeast part of the Town of Woodside, in San Mateo County. U.S. Hwy. 280 extends through the Town approximately 1/3 mile west of the project site. State Hwy. 84 is located approximately 1.74 miles south of the project site (**Figure 1**, Project Vicinity Map, and **Figure 2**, Project Location Map).

Local Location: The Proposed Project is located near the intersection of Godetia Drive and Jefferson Avenue, and is located just under 1/3 mile east of Cañada Road.

Site Access: Site access for both parcels would be from Godetia Drive. While no development is proposed at this time, the Tentative Parcel Map (**Attachment 11**, Sheet TP-1) depicts the existing driveway on proposed Parcel B, and the proposed driveway on proposed Parcel A.

- 11. <u>Surrounding land uses and setting</u>: The project site is surrounded by single-family residential properties on land zoned for Suburban Residential (SR) development on the southeast, south, and southwest sides. The minimum lot size for SR zoned properties is one acre for newly created lots. The required size increases as the average slope of a lot increases where the provisions of Section 153.414 apply. On the north side of Jefferson Avenue, properties are zoned for Single-Family Residential (R-1), with minimum lot sizes of 20,000 square feet for newly created lots (that are required to increase in size as the average slope of a lot increases (where Section 153.414 applies)).
- 12. <u>Environmental Setting</u>: The property is located within the northeastern hills of Woodside. It ranges from an elevation of 448 at the western property line, to an elevation of 558 at the site of the existing residence on proposed Parcel B. The site is mapped as Mixed Oak Woodland (GP Map: General Woodside Habitats). The site is located .25 miles from the Alquist Priolo Study Zone and .5 miles from the Hermit Fault (GP Map NH2: Fault Zones). It is located within Geologic Hazard Zone A, characterized by standard constraints, which encompasses regions that are not included in the areas described in other zones (GP Map NH1: Geologic Hazard Zones). The site is located within the Very High Severity Fire Hazard Zone (GP Map NH4).
- 13. <u>Required Permits and Approvals from the Town of Woodside</u>: The proposed project would require the following approvals from the Town of Woodside. This Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration is intended as the environmental document for these actions.
 - Land Division
 - Plan Approval from the Planning Commission
- 14. <u>Other public agencies whose approval is required</u>: None is required for the Land Division. Any future development would be subject to the County Environmental Health review of any proposed septic system.
- 15. <u>Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area</u> requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3? If so, has consultation <u>begun</u>? The Town of Woodside has not received requests for consultation by California Native American Tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area.

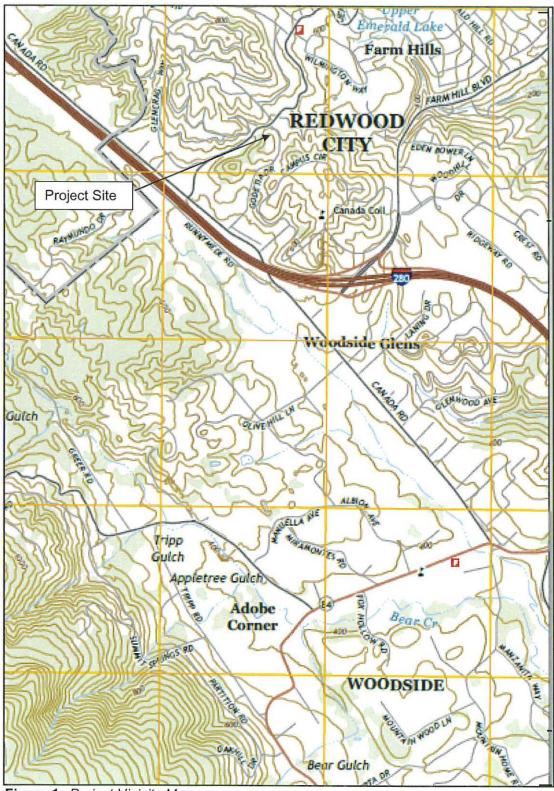
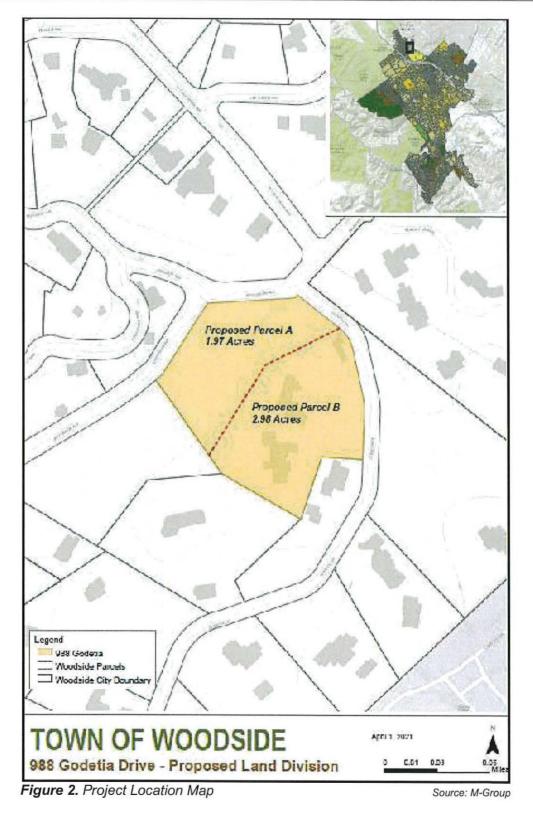


Figure 1. Project Vicinity Map

Source: USGS Map



ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

Aesthetics	Mineral Resources
Agricultural Resources	□ Noise
□ Air Quality	Population and Housing
Biological Resources	Public Services
🗵 Cultural Resources	□ Recreation
Energy	Transportation
🗵 Geological and Soils	Tribal Cultural Resources
Greenhouse Gas Emissions	図 Utilities and Service Systems
Hazards & Hazardous Materials	□ Wildfire
Hydrology and Water Quality	図 Mandatory Findings of Significance
Land Use and Planning	Earlier Analyses

DETERMINATION (completed by the Lead Agency) On the basis of this initial evaluation:

 Dasis of this initial evaluation.
I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
I find that the proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed.
I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

ilipe Signature

Sarah Filipe

Sarah Filipe, Associate Planner

10/12/22 Date

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project would not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from Section XVIII, "Earlier Analyses," may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's

environmental effects in whatever format is selected.

- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance.

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Issues (and Supporting Information Sources)	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Impact Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
I. AESTHETICS Except as provided in Public Resources Code Section 21099, would the project:				:
a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				
b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				
c) In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage points). If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with the applicable zoning and other regulation governing scenic quality?				
d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time. The project site consists primarily of a tree-covered knoll with some areas of grassland within the eastern hills of Woodside. The existing parcel has a single-family residence and accessory structures. A stable is also located on the property close to Godetia Drive. The existing residence on Parcel B is located at the top of the knoll and is well screened by the existing oak forest. The proposed building site on Parcel A would be more visible due to its proximity to Godetia Drive and Jefferson Avenue (**Figures 3** and **4**).

(a-c): Key scenic resources in the vicinity of the project include views of the Western Hills (Figure 5).



Figure 3. View of the Project Site on the west side of Godetia Drive.



Figure 4. View of the Project Site, looking west from Jefferson Avenue.



Figure 5. View of the Western Hills from Godetia Drive in the Project Vicinity.

The subject property is not visible from either I-280, the closest scenic highway, or Cañada Road, the closest Town-designated Scenic Corridor; therefore, the project would not result in visual impacts to a Scenic Highway or Town-designated Scenic Corridor (GP Map CL2: Scenic Corridors).

The zoning designation of the subject property is Suburban Residential (SR), which is a zoning district intended to preserve opportunities for suburban development within the Town's primarily rural setting. The Community Vision in the General Plan articulates the priority of preserving Community Character: *"The Woodside Community is dedicated to preserving, enhancing and restoring the Town's character as a rural, scenic, and historic community"*. With its tree-covered knoll, many of these attributes currently exist on the site.

The project would create the opportunity for future construction of another single-family residence and accessory structures, and the proposed Land Division would result in less-than-significant impacts to existing visual resources. The project would not result in an additional source of substantial light or glare. Any future proposed development would be subject to design review and would be evaluated for the potential need for CEQA compliance. No mitigation would be required.

(Source: Review of the Woodside General Plan, Municipal Code, Residential Design Guidelines)

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ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	Potentially Significant Impact	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT Impact Unless Mitigation Incorporated	LESS THAN Significant Impact	No Імраст
II. AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Dept. of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project, and the Forest Legacy Assessment, and carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. Would the project:				
a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				
c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland, (as defined by Public Resources Code				

section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined in Public Resources Code section 51104(g))?		
 d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest uses? 		
e) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non- agricultural use or convert forest land to non-forest use?		

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time. The project site consists of an oak knoll within an existing residential subdivision. It is within an area mapped as Mixed Oak Woodland and adjacent to Grassland.

(a and b, e): The California Land Conservation Act ("Williamson Act") was enacted to help preserve agricultural and open space lands via a contract between the property owner and the local jurisdiction. Neither the project site nor the surrounding areas are zoned for agricultural use and are therefore not protected by Williamson Act contracts. The properties are, and would continue to be, zoned for residential use, which supports the development of single-family residences and accessory structures. The project would not convert farmland or affect any properties that may be under a Williamson Act contract.

(c and d, e): There are no lands zoned as 'Forest Land' or 'Timber Production' within the Town of Woodside; therefore, the project would not have the potential to convert forest land to other uses. While not designated as forest land, a large portion of the Town supports mixed oak and evergreen forests. The Town requires protection of all Significant Trees in accordance with Woodside Municipal Code §153.430. Permits are required for tree removal (Woodside Municipal Code §153.430).

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code, Williamson Act, and Woodside General Plan)

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	Potentially Significant Impact	POTENTIALLY Significant Impact Unless Mitigation Incorporated	LESS THAN Significant Impact	NO Імраст
III. AIR QUALITY Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:				
a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				
b) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non- attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard?				
c) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				
d) Result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people?				

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

(a-b): The Town of Woodside is located within the southern region of the San Francisco Bay Area air basin. The California Air Resources Board (CARB) coordinates and oversees both State and federal air quality control programs in California. The management of air quality in the basin is the responsibility of the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD). Specifically, the BAAQMD is responsible for regulating stationary sources of air pollution and monitoring ambient air pollutant levels in the nine counties that surround San Francisco Bay. Through the development and implementation of attainment strategies, the BAAQMD ensures that future emissions would be within State and federal standards.

If a project exceeds thresholds identified by the BAAQMD, a detailed air quality analysis is usually required, as well as review by BAAQMD staff. If a project does not exceed the thresholds, then it is assumed to have a less-than-significant impact upon air quality, unless there are special circumstances. The BAAQMD Guidelines indicate that the size of this project would not result in the generation of potentially significant emissions from trip generation during project operation, as this project is a minor land division. No

development or construction is proposed at this time and further discretionary action would be required for construction of a single-family residence and accessory structures on Parcel A. The project would therefore not result in any adverse effects to air quality.

The Bay Area Air Basin is currently classified as a "non-attainment" area for the State ozone standard, which means that the level of ozone during a one-hour period exceeds the standard of 0.09 parts per million (ppm) on more than one day per year, excluding those occasions when a violation was caused by an exceptional event, as defined in the criteria. For particulate matter less than 10 micrometers in diameter (PM_{10}), the Bay Area Air Basin is currently designated as a "non-attainment" area for the State standard. For particulate matter less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter ($PM_{2.5}$), the Bay Area Air Basin is currently designated as a "non-attainment" area for the State standard. For particulate matter less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter ($PM_{2.5}$), the Bay Area Air Basin is currently designated as a "non-attainment" area for the State standard. For particulate matter less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter ($PM_{2.5}$), the Bay Area Air Basin is currently designated as a "non-attainment" area for the State standard.

The project is limited in scope to a Land Division. A single-family residence and accessory structures already exist on Parcel B. No construction or development of Parcel A is proposed at this time. Allowable residential units would increase from the one existing single-family residence and associated accessory structures to an additional single-family residence and associated accessory structures.

The proposed project would not result in any cumulatively considerable net increase of ozone, PM_{10} , or $PM_{2.5}$, the criteria pollutants for which the project region is non-attainment, under applicable federal or State ambient air quality standards.

Future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures on proposed Parcel A would be required to comply with BAAQMD's CEQA Guidelines, which identify thresholds of significance for construction emissions (the May 2017 CEQA Guidelines are advisory). BAAQMD's approach to CEQA analyses of construction impacts is to emphasize implementation of effective and comprehensive control measures rather than detailed quantification of emissions.

(c): The BAAQMD defines sensitive receptors as facilities where sensitive receptor population groups (children, the elderly, the acutely ill and the chronically ill) are likely to be located. These land uses include residences, hospitals, schools, child-care centers, retirement centers, convalescent homes, and medical clinics. The adjacent residential properties would be the nearest sensitive receptors. No construction of an additional residence or accessory structures is proposed at this time; therefore, the project would not result in adverse impacts to sensitive receptor populations.

(d): No development is proposed at this time; however, even in the future, as a residential project, it would not result in other emissions such as odors affecting a substantial number of people.

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code, Woodside General Plan, Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines May 2017, Bay Area Air Quality Management District website)

¹ On January 9, 2013, EPA issued a final rule to determine that the Bay Area attains the 24-hour PM_{2.5} national standard. This EPA rule suspends key SIP requirements as long as monitoring data continues to show that the Bay Area attains the standard. Despite this EPA action, the Bay Area will continue to be designated as "non-attainment" for the national 24-hour PM_{2.5} standard until such time as the Air District submits a "redesignation request" and a "maintenance plan" to EPA, and EPA approves the proposed redesignation (BAAQMD website accessed March 19, 2020; no update on redesignation; BAAQMD website accessed again on March 18, 2021).

	ues (and Supporting Information jrces)	Potentially Significant Impact	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT UNLESS MITIGATION INCORPORATED	LESS THAN Significant Impact	No Impact
IV.	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES Would the proposal:				
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service?				
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				

f)	Conflict with the provisions of an		
	adopted Habitat Conservation Plan,		
	Natural Community Conservation		
	Plan, or other approved local, regional,	· · · · · ·	
	or state habitat conservation plan?		

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time. The project site consists of an oak knoll within an existing residential subdivision. It is within an area mapped as Mixed Oak Woodland and adjacent to Grassland (GP Map CV2: General Woodside Habitats).

(a): The project consists of a Land Division that would allow for the future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures on proposed Parcel A, in addition to the single-family residence and accessory structures that already exist on proposed Parcel B. No development is proposed at this time. The two proposed lots depicted on the Tentative Parcel Map (Attachment 11, Sheet TP-1) identify the existing residence and accessory structures on Parcel B, and the conceptual building envelope for proposed Parcel A. The conceptual building envelope for proposed Parcel A would be located within grassland area surrounded by a mixed oak forest.

(b and c): No federally protected wetlands, or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or United States Fish and Wildlife Service are known to exist on the subject parcels.

(d): Although the project does not include any construction at this time, any future construction, development, or redevelopment of the subject properties, could potentially affect resources such as wildlife corridors. Any future development should carefully consider impacts of fencing and other improvements on the migratory patterns of the area's native wildlife.

(e): The proposed building site on Parcel A would be located just above the slope leading up from Godetia Drive (Figure 6). A total of forty-five (45) trees were evaluated in the vicinity of the proposed building site, consisting of twelve (12) bay laurels, thirty-two (32) coast live oaks, and one (1) valley oak. Of the forty-five (45) trees assessed, twenty-six (26) are considered Significant Trees as defined in Woodside Municipal Code Section 153.005. Development is not proposed at this time; however, eventual development of Parcel A would be anticipated to result in impacts to seven (7) Significant Trees. Four (4) additional Significant Trees may be impacted around the perimeter of the building site¹ (Attachment 3). Removal of Significant Trees in the future requires a Significant Tree Removal Permit from the Town of Woodside, prior to removing or impacting any tree on the property that meets the criteria listed under the Town of Woodside's Tree Protection Ordinance (Woodside Municipal Code Section 153.430).

(f): The project is not known to conflict with any Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan. The Town of Woodside is within an Urban/Wildland interface area, and therefore, much of the Town functions as a wildlife corridor.



Figure 6. The proposed conceptual building site for Parcel A would be a grassland area surrounded by a mixed oak forest.

(Sources: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code; Woodside General Plan,)

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	Potentially Significant Impact	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT UNLESS MITIGATION INCORPORATED	LESS THAN Significant Impact	NO Impact
V. CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the Proposal:				¥
a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in '15064.5?				
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to '15064.5?				
c) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?				

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

(a): According to San Mateo County's tax records, existing structures on the property (the area of proposed Parcel B) were constructed in 1938, and are therefore 83 years old. None of the structures are proposed for demolition, and the proposed new building site is not in proximity to existing structures.

"The State Office of Historic Preservation Built Environment Resources Directory (OHP BERD), which includes listings of the California Register of Historic Resources, California State Historical Landmarks, California State Points of Historical Interest, and the National Register of Historic Places, lists no recorded buildings or structures within or adjacent to the 988 Godetia Drive project area."⁽¹⁾ (Attachment 7).

"Review of historical literature and maps indicated the possibility of historic-period activities within the 988 Godetia Drive project area. The San Mateo County Map indicates the project area was previously located within the lands of F.W. Billings, although no buildings are indicated within these lands (Bromfield 1894). With this in mind, there is a low potential for unrecorded historic-period archaeological resources to be within the proposed 988 Godetia Drive project area."

The project would not result in a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource.

Town of Woodside Environmental Initial Study and *Mitigated Negative Declaration* 988 Godetia Drive Land Division



Figure 7. The existing stable adjacent to Godetia Drive would not be affected by the proposed land division. It would be located 31.78 feet from the proposed side property boundary and \approx 90 feet from the proposed new building envelope on Parcel A.

(b): There are no Native American resources in or adjacent to the proposed 988 Godetia Drive project area referenced in the ethnographic literature.^{IV} The 988 Godetia Drive project area contains hilly terraces that include mixed oak woodland, and an adjacent creek and drainage. Given the similarity of these environmental factors, there is a moderate potential for unrecorded Native American resources to be within the proposed 988 Godetia Drive project area.^V

No development is proposed as part of the project. *Mitigation Measure CULTURAL-1* would be required as a Condition of Project Approval for any subsequent discretionary approval on the site to ensure that adverse effects to archaeological resources are avoided in the event that any are encountered during any future construction on the site:

<u>Mitigation Measure CULTURAL-1 (Archeological Resources)</u>: If archaeological resources are encountered during excavation or construction, construction personnel should be instructed to immediately suspend all activity in the immediate vicinity of the suspected resources, and the Town and a licensed archaeologist should be contacted to evaluate the situation. A licensed archaeologist should be retained to inspect the discovery and make any necessary recommendations to evaluate the find under current CEQA guidelines prior to the submittal of a resource mitigation plan and monitoring program to the Town for review and approval prior to the continuation of any on-site construction activity. A restrictive covenant or some other equivalent shall be recorded with the Final Parcel Map ensuring compliance of future development with this measure.

(c): No human remains are known to exist on the project site and no development is currently proposed on the project site. *Mitigation Measure Cultural-2* shall be required as a Condition of Project Approval to ensure that if human remains are discovered during future excavation or construction, they would be addressed to avoid adverse effects to cultural resources:

<u>Mitigation Measure CULTURAL-2 (Human Remains)</u>: In the event a human burial or skeletal element is identified during excavation or construction, work in that location should stop immediately until the find can be properly treated. The Town and the San Mateo County Coroner's office should be notified. If deemed prehistoric, the Coroner's office would notify the Native American Heritage Commission who would identify a "Most Likely Descendant (MLD)." The archeological consultant and MLD, in conjunction with the project sponsor, should formulate an appropriate treatment plan for the find, which might include, but not be limited to, respectful scientific recording and removal, being left in place, or removal and reburial on site, or elsewhere. Associated grave goods are to be treated in the same manner. A restrictive covenant or some other equivalent shall be recorded with the Final Parcel Map ensuring compliance of future development with this measure.

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code, Woodside General Plan, California Office of Historic Preservation website, California Historical Resources Information System)

With implementation of the mitigation measure identified above, there would be no significant residual impact to cultural resources.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	Potentially Significant Impact	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT UNLESS MITIGATION INCORPORATED	LESS THAN Significant Impact	NO Impact
VI. ENERGY. Would the project:				
a) Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources during project construction or operation?				
b) Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?			Q	

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

(a): The project would not result in a potentially significant impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources. The project would allow for future construction of a residence and accessory structures on Parcel A. No development is proposed at this time.

(b): The project would not conflict with or obstruct a State or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency.

(Source: Review of the Woodside General Plan, the Woodside Climate Action Plan, and the Woodside Municipal Code)

Issues (and Supporting Information Sources)	Potentially Significant Impact	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT UNLESS MITIGATION INCORPORATED	LESS THAN Significant Impact	NO Impact
VII. GEOLOGIC PROBLEMS Would the proposal result in or expose people to potential impacts involving:				
a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:				
 i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42. 				
ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?	0			
iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				
iv) Landslides?		ū		
b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				
c) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				
d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?				

f) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique		
paleontological resource or site or		
unique geologic feature?		

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time. A Geotechnical Feasibility Study for the proposed two lot subdivision was prepared by Geosphere Consultants, Inc. (Attachment 4). Cotton, Shires and Associates, Inc. prepared a Supplemental Geotechnical Peer Review of the project (Attachment 5). The Town of Woodside Geologic Map (January 2017) was also reviewed for the project.

Setting

"The property occupies a dissected northeast-trending ridge in foothill terrain of the northwestern [northeastern] part of Woodside and is flanked on the north side by a seasonal drainage network reclaimed to accommodate Jefferson Avenue and Godetia Drive. Proposed Parcel A is on the northwestern half of the wooded property, extending from [your] house site at the north tip of a rounded north trending ridge segment that descends from an elevation of 700 feet above mean sea level (msl) to an average gradient of approximately 44% to the northern boundary coincident with the top of a 75% cut slope at approximate elevation 620 feet msl. The proposed building area will occupy a 14%-18% abandoned stream terrace surface bordered on the north and east sides by a continuous cut slope for Jefferson Avenue and Godetia Drive, and on the south side by the tow of the native ridge slope mantled locally by artificial fill." (Attachment 4).

(a): The project site is characterized by the following conditions:

(i) <u>Seismic Hazard</u>: The project site is located within the seismically active San Francisco Bay Area. "The site occupies an active tectonic block between the San Francisco Peninsula Segment of the San Andreas Fault Zone, approximately 1 mile to the southwest, and the Hayward Fault approximately 18 miles to the northeast."¹⁴ "Historic movement on the San Andreas Fault has produced major earthquakes in 1906 and 1989, and strong to very strong ground shaking in the site area (Lawson, 1908, Plafker and Galloway, 1989). A moderate earthquake was centered on the San Andreas Fault in Daly City in 1957 (Bonilla, 1959). That event probably produced moderate ground shaking in the site area.¹⁴

(ii) <u>Ground Shaking</u>: "The Working Group [on California Earthquake Probabilities] (2015) forecasts the Hayward Fault has the highest probability for significant earthquake by the year 2044. Crustal movement across the San Francisco Peninsula Segment of the San Andreas Fault could also produce a significant earthquake in that timeframe. It is capable of producing a magnitude 7.9 earthquake, and the northeastern segment of the Hayward Fault is capable of producing another magnitude 7.1 earthquake...Petersen and others (1999) predict a major earthquake on a nearby segment of either fault zone would result in very strong to very violent ground shaking in the site area."viii

(iii) <u>Liquefaction</u>: "The ridge containing the site is not within a liquefaction seismic hazard zone. It is underlain at shallow depth by competent bedrock, thus unsusceptible to liquefaction from strong earthquake shaking."x

(iv) <u>Landslides</u>: Geosphere judges "...the potential for increased risk of landsliding to occur on the site to be low, provided the design-level geotechnical study which will be required for the proposed residential development, addresses site surface and surface drainage mitigation and provides a detailed characterization of the cut slope, and addresses long-term erosion mitigation."^x The project has the potential to result in potentially significant geotechnical hazards, particularly related to ground shaking, that would be reduced to a less-than-significant level through implementation of the following mitigation measure:

<u>Mitigation Measure GEO-1 (Geotechnical Hazards)</u>: A design-level geotechnical study and report shall be required for future development that contains findings, conclusions and recommendations, consistent with the Geosphere Geotechnical Feasibility Report (May, 2019), including additional borings in conformance with ASTM D1586, consistent with the requirements specified by the Town Engineer and the conclusions of Cotton Shires (November, 2020).

(b): "The site receives sheet flow runoff from the ridge, which in turn, sheets sluggishly to the western property line and locally accumulates on the irregular terrace to infiltrate the surficial soil. There was no observed evidence of perennial spring seepage on the property. Incipient surface erosion near the top of the lush, grass-covered Jefferson Avenue cut indicates infiltration of seasonal runoff on the irregular terrace surface results in perched groundwater seepage, probably from rodent burrowing." "None of the explorations on the property encountered free groundwater. Sampling in October 2011 and March 2019 found the surficial soils to be generally damp." xi Substantial erosion and/or loss of topsoil is not anticipated.

(c): "Over-steepened surficial soil, particularly high plasticity colluvium is highly susceptive to deep fissuring and creep. Franciscan greenstone is not generally considered to represent a troublesome bedrock material in San Mateo County. But it can spawn landsides when adversely oriented geologic structure is undercut by erosion or grading. Neither of these conditions appear to constrain the site."xii Potentially significant impacts related to slope stability would be reduced to a less-than-significant level with the implementation of *Mitigation Measure GEO-1* identified above.

(d): The Geotechnical Feasibility Study notes that the ridge is underlain by Juro-Cretaceous Franciscan greenstone described as altered mafic volcanic rock, generally basalt locally containing coarse-grained pyroclastic material. "Surficial soils obscure bedrock exposures in the area, but previous subsurface exploration on the ridge confirmed the presence of greenstone that ranged from hard to a depth of 3 to 4 feet below the ground and becoming hard with refusal to auger drilling penetration less than 10 feet below the surface. The greenstone was mantled by less than 2 feet of stiff, high plasticity silty sandy clay colluvium."xiii While some surficial soils may be expansive, these conditions are limited to less than two feet, and are not anticipated to result in a potentially significant impact related to expansive soils (**Figure 8**)

(e): Proposed Parcel B has an existing septic system. Future development of proposed Parcel A would require installation of a septic system. The Tentative Parcel Map identifies the location for both primary leachfield lines and expansion lines for Parcel A (**Attachment 11**, Sheet TP-1). Any future construction on proposed Parcel A would require evaluation of the adequacy of the proposed septic system.

(f): There are no known paleontological resources (fossils) on the project site or in the project vicinity. The proposed project would not involve excavation. *Mitigation Measure GEO-2* would be added as a Condition of Approval for future development on the site to ensure potential impacts related to paleontological resources are reduced to a less-than-significant level:

<u>Mitigation Measure GEO-2 (Paleontological Resources)</u>: The following practices shall be followed during all phases of future site preparation and construction activities: If paleontological resources are encountered during construction, construction personnel should be instructed to immediately suspend all activity in the immediate vicinity of the suspected resources, and the Town and a licensed paleontologist should be contacted to evaluate the situation. Project personnel should not collect paleontological resources. A licensed paleontologist should be retained to inspect the discovery and make any necessary recommendations to evaluate the find under current CEQA guidelines, prior to the submittal of a resource mitigation plan and monitoring program to the Town for review and approval prior to the continuation of any on-site construction activity.

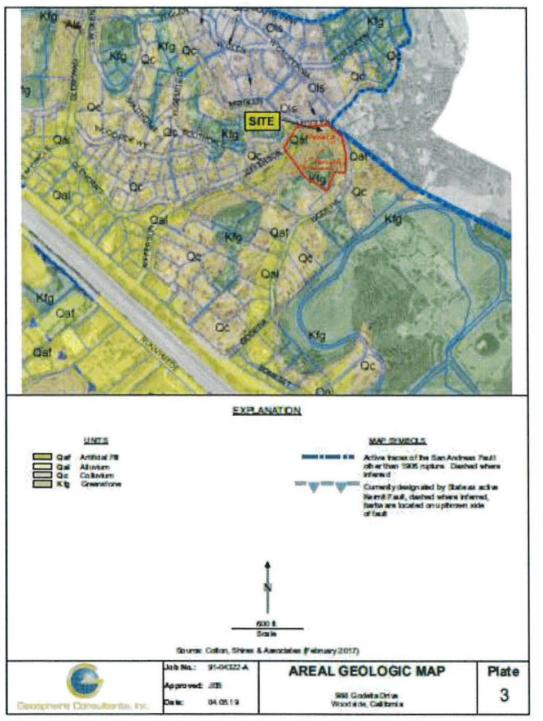


Figure 8. Excerpt from Geologic Map in the vicinity of the Project Site Source: Geosphere Consultants, Inc. and Town Geologic Map, Updated by Cotton Shires & Associates, January 2017

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code, Woodside General Plan, Preliminary Geotechnical Study (May, 2019)

With implementation of the mitigation measures identified above, there would be no significant residual impact to related to geologic or geotechnical conditions.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	Potentially Significant Impact	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT UNLESS MITIGATION INCORPORATED	LESS THAN Significant Impact	NO IMPACT
VIII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS Would the Proposal:				
a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				

DISCUSSION:

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

(a): The project involves a Land Division of one existing lot to create two lots of record. No demolition or new construction is proposed at this time. Currently, the lot is developed with an existing single-family residence, and accessory structures, including a stable close to Godetia Drive (**Figure 7**). Should the project be approved, the potential for development would increase from one existing single-family residence and accessory structures to two single family residences and accessory structures. The Land Division would therefore slightly intensify use of the parcel; however, both of the lots created would meet the minimum lot size requirements of the Suburban Residential zoning district.

If development is proposed in the future, site planning and construction should follow the "Addressing the Climate Change at the Project Level" document prepared by the California Attorney General's Office (available at http://ag.ca.gov/globalwarming/pdf/GW mitigation measures.pdf). In addition, the Town of Woodside has significant policy language in the General Plan concerning environmentally conscious design and conservation of environmental resources, including air quality, habitat restoration, and open space conservation. All development is required to conform to these policies. Further, the Town's Climate Action Plan provides additional guidance and strategies for reducing greenhouse gases.

(b): The proposed project does not conflict with any locally adopted applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases.

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code, Woodside General Plan, and Woodside Climate Action Plan)

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	Potentially Significant Impact	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT UNLESS MITIGATION INCORPORATED	LESS THAN Significant Impact	NO Імраст
VIX. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS Would the proposal:			, ,	
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				
b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
 d) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment? 				
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
f) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
g) Expose people or structures either directly or indirectly to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires?				

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

(a and b): No routine transport, use or disposal of hazardous materials would be associated with the project. Any future construction on proposed Parcel A would be required to be performed in accordance with State and federal hazardous materials regulations and current best management practices (BMPs) for construction activities. The use of toxic chemicals for landscaping (pesticides and herbicides) would not be above what is generally required for landscape maintenance and is not considered significant. The equipment used to deliver and install any future construction material is equipment that is regulated by the State Department of Motor Vehicles and contains the appropriate vehicle emissions systems that are intended to minimize pollutants.

(c): The proposed project would not emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of any school.

(d): The proposed project site is not listed on the California Department of Toxic Substance Control's Hazardous Waste and Substances Sites List, compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5, and therefore it would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment. xtv

(e): The project is not in the vicinity of a public or private airport or airstrip.

(f): No development of Parcel A is proposed at this time; therefore, the project would not interfere with emergency response or evacuation plans. Any subsequent development of the site would be required to meet all requirements related to access/emergency access in compliance with the California Building Code Standards and requirements of the Woodside Fire Protection District.

(g): The Town of Woodside is considered a "Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Area" and the project site is within one of the two areas within the Town are mapped as "Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone" (VHFHSZ) on the California Department of Forestry and Fire's state-adopted fire maps. Both Godetia Drive and Jefferson Avenue provide access routes to and from the project site, to reduce risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires. All development is required to meet building requirements for Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones. No additional mitigation would be required.

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code, Woodside General Plan, California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection website, Woodside Fire Protection District)

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	Potentially Significant Impact	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT UNLESS MITIGATION INCORPORATED	LESS THAN Significant Impact	NO Імраст
X. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the proposal result in:				

	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or groundwater quality?		
	Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?		
i i	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner which would:		
	 Result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site; 		
	Substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site;		
	 iii. Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff; or 		
i	iv. Impede or redirect flood flows?		
	In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk release of pollutants due to project inundation?		· · ·
	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan?		

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

(a): The project would not violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements, or otherwise substantially degrade surface or groundwater. The project would not have any impact on waterways or the water table.

(b) While the project does not propose construction of an additional residence and accessory structures at this time, a conceptual building envelope is identified on the Tentative Parcel Map (Attachment 11, Sheet TP-1) to show that a residence could fit on proposed Parcel A.

(c):

- (i) Any future construction would follow required erosion control measures, which include retention systems and energy dissipaters to control storm water post construction. The proposed project would not deplete groundwater, degrade water quality, or alter drainage patterns of a stream or river.
- (ii): While no construction is proposed at this time, any future construction of a single-family residence and any related accessory structures would be carefully reviewed by the Town's Engineering Department to evaluate the adequacy of any proposed storm water drainage systems to ensure that the project does not result in flooding on-or off-site (*See Mitigation Measure UTIL-1*).
- (iii and iv): The project site is located in Zone X, Area of Minimal Flood Hazard, according to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Maps, dated October 16, 2012 (Panel 06081C0285E) (Figure 9). As a project that is within an Area of Minimal Flood Hazard, it would not impede or redirect flood flows.

(d): The project is not located within a flood hazard, tsunami or seiche zone as it is not near the ocean, bay, lake, or reservoir. As a project located on a wooded knoll, there is no potential for inundation.

(e): The project would not interfere with implementation of water quality control plans by the Regional Water Quality Control Board. A sustainable groundwater management plan is not in effect in the project area.

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code, Woodside General Plan, Regional Water Quality Control Board website, and FEMA website)

With implementation of the mitigation measures identified above, there would be no significant residual impact to related to hydrology or water quality.

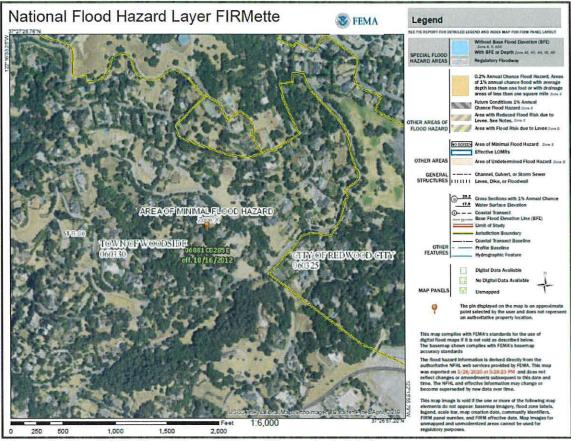


Figure 9. The FEMA Flood Hazard Map of the project vicinity.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	Potentially Significant Impact Unless Mitigation Incorporated	LESS THAN Significant Impact	NO Impact
 XI. LAND USE AND PLANNING Would the proposal: a) Physically divide an established community? 				
b) Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

(a and b): The proposed project site is designated Residential (R) on the Woodside General Plan land use diagram and is zoned Suburban Residential (SR). With approval of the proposed project, both parcels would have these designations. Parcel B already supports a single-family residence and accessory structures, outbuildings, and utilities. The project would allow for the future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures on Parcel A. As a result of the project, the number of parcels would increase from one to two, and the maximum number of single-family residential units would increase from one to two. The existing barn is a nonconforming structure as it is located within the front setback. With the proposed land division, it would be located 31.78 feet from the proposed property boundary of Parcel A and would therefore meet the required side setback of 25 feet.

The minimum lot size in the SR zone for new parcels is 1 acre (43,560 square feet). The two lots that would be created by the Land Division would both meet the minimum lot size requirements in conformance with Woodside Municipal Code § 153.205, Table D, Lot Area Requirements (Attachment 11, Sheet TP-1). Both lots created would be considered conforming lots.

Table 1. Lot Size Exhibit

	Existing	Proposed
Parcel A		68,587.40 SF (net)
Parcel B	191,253.67 square feet (net)	122,596.26 SF (net)

Section 153.412 (B) of the Town's Municipal Code requires that all undeveloped hillside lots, where the net average slope of the lot exceeds 15% created under the subdivision provisions, are subject to Natural State requirements. Proposed Parcel A has a net average slope of 16.53%. Forty (40)% of the net lot area (excludes areas with slopes > 35%) or 13,182.4 square feet would be required to be maintained in Natural State

(Attachment 11, Sheet TP-2). The Proposed Parcel B would have a net average slope of 12.08% and therefore would not be required to maintain acreage in Natural State.

Woodside Municipal Code Section 153.415 (A) prohibits development on slopes greater than 35 percent. **Attachment 11**, Sheet TP-1 shows that the required tightline from the proposed building site on Proposed Parcel A would cross slopes greater than 35 percent to reach the proposed location of the leach field. If these slopes are manmade this line may be trenched. If these slopes are natural, the line must be bored.

The Land Division would not physically divide an established community or conflict with any land use plan adopted to mitigate an environmental effect. The project is not in conflict with the General Plan. The project would not alter any local, regional, State, or federal guidelines protecting identified habitats in the area. No habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plans are applicable to the project site.

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code and Woodside General Plan)

No mitigation is necessary or required.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT Impact	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT UNLESS MITIGATION INCORPORATED	LESS THAN Significant Impact	NO Impact
XII. MINERAL RESOURCES Would the proposal:				
a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				
b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				

DISCUSSION:

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

(a and b): The project would not involve the removal of any potential mineral resources in the area. There are no known mineral resources on the property.

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code and Woodside General Plan)

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	POTENTIALLY Significant Impact	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT UNLESS MITIGATION INCORPORATED	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	NO IMPACT
XIII.NOISE				
Would the proposal result in:		Į		
a) Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				
b) Generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?				
c) For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

(a): No construction is proposed as part of the project; therefore, it would not result in substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established by the local general plan.

(b): The project does not propose construction at this time. The project would not cause exposure of persons to, or generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels. No long-term increase in ambient noise levels is expected as a result of the project. If a single-family residence and accessory structures are proposed on Parcel A in the future, the construction would be required to meet all Federal, State, regional, and local regulations.

(c): The project is not located within the vicinity of an airport land use plan or within two miles of an airport. The project is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip.

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code and Woodside General Plan)

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT UNLESS MITIGATION INCORPORATED	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	NO Impact
XIV. POPULATION AND HOUSING Would the proposal:				
a) Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
b) Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

(a): The existing condition of the lot allows for the existing single-family residence and associated accessory structures and outbuildings. The proposed Land Division would allow for the development of one additional single-family residence and associated accessory structures and outbuildings. Creating the potential for construction on one additional residential lot would result in negligible population growth.

(b): The project would not displace existing housing units. Proposed Parcel B supports an existing single-family residence and accessory structures. Proposed Parcel A is vacant and, in the future, could accommodate a single-family residence and two accessory dwelling units.

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code and Woodside General Plan)

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	POTENTIALLY Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Impact Unless Mitigation Incorporated	LESS THAN Significant Impact	NO Impact
XV. PUBLIC SERVICES Would the project:				
a) Result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:				
Fire protection?	. .			
Police protection?				
Schools?				
Parks?				
Other public facilities?				

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

(a): The Land Division would result in marginal additional demand from one additional single-family residence and associated accessory structures, for public services such as fire, police services, and street maintenance; however, these services are currently provided in the area. Approval of the project would not result in any changes to existing services or require additional public services.

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code and Woodside General Plan)

	UES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION JRCES)	Potentially Significant Impact	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT UNLESS MITIGATION INCORPORATED	LESS THAN Significant Impact	No Імраст
xv	I. RECREATION		4		
a)	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

(a and b): The scope of this Land Division is the creation of two legal lots from one underlying lot. The Land Division Map identifies the existing single-family residence and accessory structures, and the proposed building site on Parcel B. The project does not include construction of residential units. The project would double the development potential of the site from one single family residence to two and increase the number of potential Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) from two to four; therefore, the land division would result in a marginal increase in the demand for recreation resources.

The project would result in a marginal increase in use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities. With this very limited increase of use, recreation areas would not be subject to substantial physical deterioration of existing facilities, and no additional recreational facilities are proposed or would be required.

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code and Woodside General Plan)

	JES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION JRCES)	POTENTIALLY Significant Impact	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT UNLESS MITIGATION INCORPORATED	LESS THAN Significant Impact	NO Impact
XV	II. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC Would the proposal:				
a)	Conflict with a program, plan, ordinance, or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?				
b)	Conflict or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines § 15064.3 (b)?				
c)	Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				
d)	Result in inadequate emergency access?		.		

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

(a and b): The project would not involve construction at this time and would therefore not substantially increase vehicular traffic, or conflict with a program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle and pedestrian facilities. The proposed project would, however, double the development potential of the site from one existing single-family residence to two single-family residences and increase the number of potential Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) from two to four. This would result in a marginal increase in Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT), as the properties are not located on a transit route. The project would not result in adverse impacts to this existing network of trails and routes, or any part of the circulation system.

(c): The project would not result in an increase in hazards due to a geometric design feature. As a Condition of Approval for any future development on proposed Parcel A, the new driveway would require review by the Woodside Fire Protection District and the Town Engineer to ensure sight distances are adequate. Implementation of *Mitigation Measure TRANS-1* for development of Parcel A would reduce potential impacts related to hazards and sight distance to a less-than-significant level.

<u>Mitigation Measure TRANS-1 (Sight Distance)</u>: The Woodside Fire Protection District and the Town Engineer would be required to review the proposed alignment for any new driveway proposed to provide access to Parcel A to ensure adequate site distances from both directions along Godetia Drive. (d) The project area has good emergency access, given the two routes into the project area, using Godetia Drive or Jefferson Avenue, from Canada Road. Impacts related to emergency access would be negligible.

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code, Woodside General Plan, and Tentative Map)

With implementation of the mitigation measure identified above, there would be no significant residual impact to related to transportation and circulation.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	Potentially Significant Impact	POTENTIALLY Significant Impact Unless Mitigation Incorporated	LESS THAN Significant Impact	No Impact
XVIII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the Proposal:				
Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe that is:				
a) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or				
b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.				

DISCUSSION:

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

The Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) provided a list of Native American Tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with lands in the project area, and completed a Sacred Land File search; the Sacred Lands

File search provided positive results for known Tribal Cultural Resources in the area (Attachment 6). The Town also conducted a California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS) search with the Northwest Information Center at Sonoma State University (Attachment 7). CHRIS indicated that the 988 Godetia Drive project area contains no recorded archaeological resources.^{xv} CHRIS notes further that there are no Native American resources in or adjacent to the proposed 988 Godetia Drive project area referenced in the ethnographic literature.^{xvi}

"Based on the evaluation of the environmental setting and features associated with known sites, Native American resources in this part of San Mateo County have been found on ridges, midslope benches, in valleys, near ecotones, and near intermittent and perennial watercourses. The 988 Godetia Drive project area contains hilly terraces that include mixed oak woodland, and an adjacent creek and drainage. Given the similarity of these environmental factors, there is a moderate potential for unrecorded Native American resources to be within the proposed 988 Godetia Drive project area."xvii

No development is proposed as part of this project; however, due to the potential sensitivity of the site with respect to Tribal Cultural Resources, *Mitigation Measures TRIBAL CULTURAL-1, TRIBAL CULTURAL-2* and *TRIBAL CULTURAL-3* shall be included as Conditions of Project Approval for any future development on the site, subject to the discretionary design review process, to ensure proper care is taken with any tribal cultural resources that may be found during any future construction.

<u>Mitigation Measure TRIBAL-CULTURAL-1 (Ground Disturbance)</u>: Planning for any potential future construction shall include avoidance of any known resources and protect the cultural and natural context. In areas of identified archaeological sensitivity, a certified archaeologist and a culturally affiliated Native American with knowledge of cultural resources should monitor all ground-disturbing activities.

<u>Mitigation Measure TRIBAL-CULTURAL-2 (Disposition of Recovered Cultural Items)</u>: Any resource encountered shall require stopping of construction to consult with any Native American tribe culturally affiliated with the area for recommendations to appropriately care for the discovered resources. Any resource encountered shall be treated with culturally appropriate dignity, taking into account the tribal cultural values and meaning of the resource, including, but not limited to:

- Protecting the cultural character and integrity of the resource;
- Protecting the traditional use of the resource; and,
- Protecting the confidentiality of the resource.

<u>Mitigation Measure TRIBAL-CULTURAL-3 (Inadvertently Discovered Native American Human</u> <u>Remains</u>): Any Native American human remains and associated grave artifacts shall be repatriated in consultation with any Native American tribe culturally affiliated with the area. The process outlined below shall be followed to be consistent California Health and Safety Code §7050.5 and Public Resources Code §5097.98:

Specifically, there shall be no further excavation or disturbance of the site or any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlie adjacent remains until the corner of the county in which the human remains are discovered has been determined and that the remains are not subject to the provisions of Section 27491 of the Government Code or another related provision of law concerning investigation of the circumstances, manner or cause of any death, and the recommendations concerning the treatment and disposition of the human remains have been made to the person responsible for the excavation or to his or her authorized representative (Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5).

The coroner shall make his or her determination within two working days from the time the person responsible for the excavation, or his or her authorized representative, notifies the coroner of the discovery or recognition of the human remains.

If the coroner determines that the remains are not subject to his or her authority and if the coroner recognizes the human remains to be those of a Native American, or has reason to believe that they are those of a Native American, he or she shall contact, by telephone within 24 hours, the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC).

(a) Whenever the NAHC receives notification of a discovery of Native American human remains from a county coroner, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5(c), it shall immediately notify those persons it believes to be most likely descended from the deceased Native American (Most Likely Descendant (MLD)). The descendants may, with the permission of the owner of the land, or his or her authorized representative, inspect the site of the discovery of the Native American human remains and may recommend to the owner, or the person responsible for the excavation work, means for treatment or disposition, with appropriate dignity of the human remains and any associated grave goods. The descendants shall complete their inspection and make recommendations or preferences for treatment within 48 hours of being granted access to the site (Public Resources Code Section 5097.98).

(b) Upon the discovery of Native American remains, the landowner shall ensure that the immediate vicinity, according to generally accepted cultural or archaeological standards or practices, where the Native American human remains are located, is not damaged or disturbed by further development activity until the landowner has discussed and conferred, as prescribed in this section, with the most likely descendants regarding their recommendations, if applicable, taking into account the possibility of multiple human remains. The landowner shall discuss and confer with the descendants all reasonable options regarding the descendants' preferences for treatment.

- 1. The descendants' preferences for treatment may include the following:
 - A. The nondestructive removal and analysis of human remains, and items associated with Native American human remains.
 - B. Preservation of Native American human remains and associated items in place.
 - C. Relinquishment of Native American human remains and associated items to the descendants for treatment.
 - D. Other culturally appropriate treatment.
- 2. The parties may also mutually agree to extend discussions, taking into account the possibility that additional or multiple Native American human remains, as defined in this section, are located in the project area, providing a basis for additional treatment measures.

(c) For purposes of this section, "conferral" or "discuss and confer" means the meaningful and timely discussion and careful consideration of the views of each party, in a manner that is cognizant of all parties' cultural values, and where feasible, seeking agreement. Each party shall recognize the other's needs and concerns for confidentiality of information provided to the other.

(d) Human remains of a Native American may be an inhumation or cremation, and in any state of decomposition or skeletal completeness. Any items associated with human remains that are placed or buried with the Native American human remains are to be treated in the same manner as the remains, but do not by themselves constitute human remains.

(e) Whenever the NAHC is unable to identify a descendent, or the descendants identified fail to make a recommendation, or the landowner or his or her authorized representative rejects the recommendations of the descendants and the mediation provided for (in subdivision (k) of Section 5097.94) fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, the landowner or his or her authorized representative shall reinter the human remains and items associated with the Native American human remains with appropriate dignity on the property in a location not subject to further and future subsurface disturbance. To protect these sites, the landowner should do one or more of the following:

- 1. Record the site with the NAHC or the appropriate information Center.
- 2. Utilize an open-space or conservation zoning designation or easement.
- 3. Record a document with the County in which the property is located. The document shall be titled "Notice of Reinternment of Native American Remains" and shall include a legal description of the property, the name of the owner of the property, and the owner's acknowledged signature, in addition to any other information required by this section. The document shall be indexed as a notice under the name of the owner.

(f) Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with the descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of the discovery may be ascertained from a review of the site utilizing cultural and archeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures, the human remains and items associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to subdivision (e).

(g) Measures taken to address human remains found would be exempt from review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code and Woodside General Plan, California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS), Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC))

Upon implementation of the mitigation measures listed above, the project would not result in any residual significant adverse effect on the environment related to Tribal Cultural Resources.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	Potentially Significant Impact	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT UNLESS MITIGATION INCORPORATED	LESS THAN Significant Impact	NO Impact
XVIX. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS Would the proposal result in a need for new systems or supplies, or substantial alterations to the following utilities:				
a) Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
b) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry and multiple dry years?				
c) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
 d) Generate solid waste in excess of State or local standards or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals? 				
e) Comply with federal, State, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

(a): The project does not propose any construction at this time. The existing parcel supports a single-family residence and accessory structures. The Land Division would allow for the development of an additional single-family residence and accessory structures on proposed Parcel A, thereby doubling the development

potential of the site. The existing residence and accessory structures are served by a septic system. Future development of a residence and accessory structures on proposed Parcel A would require installation of a septic system. The existing septic field for proposed Parcel B, and the proposed layout of the septic field for proposed Parcel A are identified on **Attachment 11**, Figure TP-1. The project would not require any additional wastewater capacity.

No additional stormwater drainage facilities, or expansion of existing facilities, would be required for the proposed land division. As is similar for all properties in Woodside, however, future construction of a single-family residence and accessory structures on Parcel A would require review by the Town Engineering Department as part of the Town's discretionary permit process to ensure compliance with current codes. Projects would also require compliance with the Regional Water Quality Control Board's (RWQCB) "C3" regulations, which require that quantity and velocity of post construction runoff conditions not exceed preconstruction runoff conditions. Potentially significant impacts related to stormwater runoff would be reduced to a less-than-significant level with implementation of *Mitigation Measure UTIL-1*:

<u>Mitigation Measure UTIL-1 (Stormwater)</u>: Any future development of proposed Parcel B would need to demonstrate compliance with Town code requirements, and RWQCB "C3" regulations that require demonstration that the project would address stormwater runoff pollutant discharges and result in no net increase in runoff quantity or velocity over pre-existing conditions. See also Mitigation Measure WILDFIRE-1.

(b) The project site is located within an existing suburban residential neighborhood and is currently served by the Redwood City Water Department (RWCWD). On June 1, 2022, Cal Water completed installation of an 8-inch emergency interconnect from Godetia Drive and four fire hydrants on Godetia Drive with Redwood City, including a fire hydrant at 999 Godetia Drive – immediately across the street from the subject parcel at 988 Godetia Drive.

On August 4, 2022, CalWater extended a transfer of service offer to serve six properties on Godetia Drive (988, 1000, 1001, 1011, 1075 and 1104). See **Attachment 8**. This offer required unanimous acceptance from all six property owners. CalWater achieved unanimous acceptance on October 3, 2022. Next steps for transfer of service from RWCWD to CalWater include: 1) RWC City Council approval (by RWC); 2) SFPUC approval (by RWC); and 3) California PUC approval (by CalWater).

The Redwood City Water Department has provided a conditional 'Will Serve' letter, dated October 3, 2022, **(Attachment 9)** for the proposed Land Division.

<u>Mitigation Measure UTIL-2 (Water)</u>: Given that, at the time of the preparation of this review, the subject parcel is served by the Redwood City Water Department (RWCWD), future development can only be conditioned by RWCWD. RWCWD, as the current purveyor, requires installation of the water infrastructure shown on the plan dated October 3, 2022, which includes: an 8" water main extension, a lateral for Parcel A with meter, and a lateral for Parcel B with meter. If and when the service is transferred to CalWater, a will serve will be required from CalWater.

(c): The existing parcel utilizes a septic system. Future development of proposed Parcel A would require installation of a septic system. A preliminary layout of a septic system is identified in **Attachment 11**, **Figure TP-1**. The project would require review by the County Environmental Health Department. Because any future development on proposed Parcel A would utilize a septic system, no new wastewater treatment capacity would be required for the project.

(d and e): Solid waste disposal is currently provided by GreenWaste Recovery, whose contract with the Town of Woodside runs for a 10-year period. The project would result in a marginal increase development potential and therefore would not substantially increase needed capacity for solid waste disposal. The project would comply with regulations regarding solid waste and would not impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals.

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code and Woodside General Plan, Will-Serve letters)

With implementation of the mitigation measure identified above, there would be no significant residual impact to related to utilities and service systems.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	Potentially Significant Impact	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT IMPACT UNLESS MITIGATION INCORPORATED	LESS THAN Significant Impact	NO Impact
XX. WILDFIRE. If located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones, would the project:				
a) Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
b) Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire?				
c) Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?				
d) Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability or drainage changes?				

DISCUSSION:

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time. The project would create two legal parcels from one underlying legal parcel.

(a): The project does not involve construction at this time. Any future development on proposed Parcel A would require installation of a new driveway. No lane or road closures would be required. The project site

is well-served for emergency access and would not result in adverse impacts to emergency access or evacuation.

(b): The project would not have the potential to expose people to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or uncontrolled spread of a wildfire, as a result of slope, prevailing winds or other factors that might exacerbate wildfires. The project is located within a Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone. Any future development would have to meet all building requirements within these zones.

(c): On June 1, 2022, Cal Water completed installation of an 8-inch emergency interconnect from Godetia Drive and four fire hydrants on Godetia Drive with Redwood City, including a fire hydrant at 999 Godetia Drive – immediately across the street from the subject parcel at 988 Godetia Drive. A fire flow report test conducted on June 10, 2022 (Attachment 10) shows adequate fire flow. The project would not require installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment.

(d): The project would not expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability or drainage changes.

(Source: Review of the Woodside Municipal Code and Woodside General Plan)

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	Potentially Significant Impact	POTENTIALLY Significant Impact Unless Mitigation Incorporated	LESS THAN Significant Impact	No Impact
XXI. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE				
a) Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				
c) Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

(a): With Implementation of identified mitigation measures, the project would not result in significant adverse impacts to the environment. Approval of a Land Division allows for a negligible increase in the potential development of the parcel by creating one additional parcel. Any future development of Parcels A would require discretionary review by the Planning, Building and Engineering Departments, and Town Boards, Commission, and Council, as applicable.

(b and c): The project would not result in cumulative impacts or impacts that would degrade the quality of the environment, have cumulative impacts, or cause adverse effects on human beings.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES)	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Impact Unless Mitigation Incorporated	LESS THAN Significant Impact	NO Імраст
XXII. EARLIER ANALYSES Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, one or more effects have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration. Section 15063(c)(D). In this case a discussion should identify the following on attached sheets:				
a) Earlier analyses used. Identify earlier analyses and state where they are available for review.	Q			
b) Impacts inadequately addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.				
c) Mitigation measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.				

The project involves a Land Division to create one additional legal parcel which would allow future development of a single-family residence and accessory structures. No development is proposed at this time.

(a-c): No earlier environmental analyses were reviewed for the preparation of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. Woodside Town staff provided an independent environmental analysis based on the proposed project.

ATTACHMENTS:

- 1. Application
- 2. Land Division Exhibits
- 3. Tree Inventory, Assessment and Protection, prepared by Richard Gessner, Monarch Consulting Arborists, LLC, dated February 14, 2019.
- 4. Subdivision Feasibility Study, prepared by Geosphere Consultants, Inc., dated May 27, 2019
- 5. Cotton, Shires, and Associates, Inc., Consulting Engineers and Geologists, Supplemental Geotechnical Peer Review, dated November 12, 2020
- 6. Native American Heritage Commission, letter dated and received April 7, 2020.
- 7. California Historical Research Information System (CHRIS), letter dated April 28, 2020; received May 7, 2020.
- 8. Calwater Offer Letter for Transfer of Service, dated August 4, 2022
- 9. Copies of 'Will Serve' letters provided by PG&E, AT+T and Redwood City Water Department
- 10. CalWater Fire Flow Test of New Fire Hydrant at 999 Godetia Drive, dated June 10, 2022
- 11. Tentative Parcel Map, prepared by DOES Architects, submitted March 3, 2020

Town of Woodside Municipal Code and Woodside General Plan can be found online at www.woodsidetown.org.

- vi Geotechnical Feasibility Study, prepared by Geosphere Consultants, Inc., dated May 27, 2019, p. 5.
- vii Geotechnical Feasibility Study, prepared by Geosphere Consultants, Inc., dated May 27, 2019, p. 6.
- viii Geotechnical Feasibility Study, prepared by Geosphere Consultants, Inc., dated May 27, 2019, p. 6.
- × Geotechnical Feasibility Study, prepared by Geosphere Consultants, Inc., dated May 27, 2019, p. 7.
- * Geotechnical Feasibility Study, prepared by Geosphere Consultants, Inc., dated May 27, 2019, p. 8.
- ^{xi} Geotechnical Feasibility Study, prepared by Geosphere Consultants, Inc., dated May 27, 2019, p. 4.
- xⁱⁱ Geotechnical Feasibility Study, prepared by Geosphere Consultants, Inc., dated May 27, 2019, p. 7.

xⁱⁱⁱ Geotechnical Feasibility Study, prepared by Geosphere Consultants, Inc., dated May 27, 2019, p. 4.
x^{iv} Hazardous Waste and Substances Site List (Cortese), ENVIROSTOR accessed March 19, 2021
(https://envirostor.dtsc,ca.gov/public)

xvi California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS), letter dated April 28, 2020, p. 1.

ⁱ Tree Inventory, Assessment and Protection, prepared by Richard Gessner, Monarch Consulting Arborists, LLC, February 14, 2019, p. 5.

ⁱⁱ California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS), letter dated April 28, 2020, p. 1.

[&]quot; California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS), letter dated April 28, 2020, p. 2.

^{iv} California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS), letter dated April 28, 2020, p. 1.

^v California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS), letter dated April 28, 2020, p. 2.

xv California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS), letter dated April 28, 2020, p. 1.

xvii California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS), letter dated April 28, 2020, p. 2.