

ALTERNATE PRELIMINARY HYDROLOGY STUDY
4665 Lampson Avenue
LOS ALAMITOS, CA
TTM No. 19263

Project Address:

4665 Lampson Avenue
Los Alamitos, California 90720

Prepared For:

MJW Investments, LLC
27702 Crown Valley Parkway
Suite D-4-197
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Prepared By:

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Prepared: March 2023
Revised: September 2023

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**Preliminary Hydrology Study
For
4665 Lampson Avenue
TR 19263, Los Alamitos**

This Preliminary Hydrology Study was prepared by C&V Consulting, Inc. under the supervision of Philip Malcomson, P.E.

Philip Malcomson, R.C.E. 67819
Principal, C&V Consulting, Inc.

Date

1.0 SITE DESCRIPTION:

The proposed development encompasses one parcel consisting of approximately 12.37 acres as shown on the Assessor's Parcel Map, Book 14, Page 31, County of Orange, dated February 1891. The project is bounded to the south by Lampson Avenue, a golf course to the east, the Seal Beach Joint Forces Training Base to the west, and a park to the north. There are 2 driveways that provide access to the site from Lampson Avenue. The site is currently occupied by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife with an associated parking lot and open space. Approximately 1/3 of the site consists of a paved parking lot. Along the west and northern property lines there is a drive aisle and parking that serves the park to the north. The rest of the site consists of a two-story office building, associated concrete sidewalks, and a large grassy/ brush filled open space. Per the City of Los Alamitos General Plan dated March 2015, Existing Land Use exhibit the site is located within the General Office designation. According to the city of Los Alamitos Zoning Map the site is located within the C-F Community Facilities designation.

2.0 PURPOSE OF STUDY:

The purpose of this report is to provide quantitative information to verify the design of the storm drain infrastructure and hydrologic methodology of the project site. The values and statements within confirm the subject site is designed and planned in accordance with the Orange County Hydrology Manual and the City of Los Alamitos drainage requirements.

3.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS:

According to existing topography, the site elevations range from approximately 21 feet to 26 feet. The existing site generally flows in a north to south direction into an existing westerly flowing concrete channel along the site's southerly property line. The westerly flowing channel is collected via an offsite 18-inch CMP that flows under the offsite driveway to Arbor Park and discharges into an offsite earthen channel on the west side of the driveway. Runoff flows within this earthen channel are then collected by an existing 24-inch CMP that flows westerly, discharge into a westerly flowing earthen channel within the Joint Forces Training Base, and then drains to the Old Ranch Country Club to the south. Runoff is ultimately conveyed downstream into the San Gabriel River.

Per field observation, the existing concrete channel along the site's southerly property line currently ponds back to the existing driveway and may overflow onto Lampson Avenue. Per Orange County Flood Protection Goals attached in Appendix A, flooding is allowed over the curb for the 100-year storm event as long as the 1-foot freeboard from the building finished floor to the water surface elevation is provided; additionally, street flow calculations located within Appendix C.2, contributing Q25 street flows are contained below the top of curb with a 12-ft wide travel lane provided for emergency vehicles in accordance with Orange County Flood Protection requirements. Based on conversations with City of Seal Beach staff, historical stormwater flows in Lampson Avenue exceed the top of curb elevation during larger storm events. C&V Consulting conducted field observations and found that the existing concrete channel along the site's southerly property line currently ponds back to the existing driveway and may overflow onto Lampson Avenue.

Refer to the Existing Conditions Hydrology Map located within Appendix A.1 of this report for additional information.

4.0 PROPOSED CONDITIONS:

The proposed development will consist of 76 single family residential buildings (consisting of detached condos and attached townhomes) and 3 apartment buildings for a total of 246 dwelling units. Associated drive aisles, parking and flatwork will increase the impervious area compared to the existing condition of the site.

The proposed site's stormwater runoff will be conveyed by roof downspouts or street surface flow to proposed gutters and collected by thru-curb inlet bio-filtration devices or catch basin inlets for water quality treatment. The bio-filtration devices include internal overflow bypass that direct flows via on-site underground storm drain system to an underground detention system located under parking areas at the southwest portion of the site. From the detention system, a stormwater sump pump located in the southwest corner of the site will outlet flows onto Lampson Avenue via a parkway culvert. Due to existing flooding concerns on Lampson Avenue, the onsite pump system will allow for low flows to enter Lampson Avenue up until the time that the flows begin to exceed the allowed Q25 in Lampson Avenue. At that point, peak flows will be detained onsite. Once the flows are no longer above the allowed Q25 in Lampson Avenue, onsite flows will continue pumping to Lampson Avenue normally.

Proposed finished floor elevations for the onsite buildings shall be set 1-ft minimum above the Q100 water surface elevation in accordance with Orange County Flood Protection requirements.

A 10-ft dedication along the northern the property line to the adjacent park is proposed. This 10-ft dedication area is outside the proposed residential development and will not be tributary to the site's proposed storm drain system.

Refer to the Proposed Conditions Hydrology Map located within Appendix A.2 of the report.

5.0 METHODOLOGY:

The existing/proposed subarea was analyzed for acreage, land-use, soil type, peak flow rate, and time of concentration according to the Rational Method.

Recommended perviousness values are based on existing and proposed land use.

Proposed conditions are analyzed with AES rational method to determine the detention volume.

AES Ration Method Analysis identify the onsite and offsite 25-year storm event flow allowed to prevent flooding of one travel lane of the half-street per Orange County Public Works Flood Local Drainage Manual.

6.0 RESULTS:

Existing Conditions

Drainage Area	Area (ac)	Q10 (cfs)	Q25 (cfs)	Q100 (cfs)	T_c (min)
X1	0.20	0.48	0.58	0.75	9.09
X2	3.05	6.98	8.43	10.92	9.92
X3	8.87	18.47	22.72	29.86	11.92
Total	12.12	24.71	30.52	40.28	

Proposed Conditions

Drainage Area	Area (ac)	Q10 (cfs)	Q25 (cfs)	Q100 (cfs)	T_c (min)
P1	0.73	2.13	2.54	3.27	7.15
P2	6.07	14.75	17.86	23.17	9.39
P3	3.16	7.39	8.95	11.63	10
P4	0.64	1.86	2.22	2.85	7.19
P5	1.52	3.85	4.64	5.99	8.88
Total	12.12	28.14	34.08	44.31	10.7

Catch Basin Sizing

Catch basin Sizing will be analyzed for the 100-year storm event peak flow and provided during final engineering.

Pipe Sizing

Onsite underground storm drain pipe will be analyzed for the 100-year storm event peak flow rate utilizing WSPG software and provided during final engineering.

100-Year Water Surface Ponding Exhibit/ Calculations

Water surface elevations for the 100-year storm event peak flow rates will verify that the proposed finish floor elevations are set at least 1 foot above the water surface elevation. A ponding exhibit will be prepared based on the 100-year water surface elevation tributary to each subarea during final engineering.

Onsite Detention Calculations

Due to increased peak runoff flows and existing flooding on Lampson Avenue, stormwater will need to be detained and mitigated onsite such that Lampson Avenue meets OC Hydrology flooding standards. Onsite and Offsite small unit hydrographs were analyzed using AES Rational Method Analysis to identify the time that the flows exceed the allowed offsite Q₂₅ to prevent flooding of one travel lane of the half-street per the OC Local Drainage Manual. Hydrographs of the onsite and offsite flows were plotted to determine the volume required to be detained onsite during the time that the offsite Q₂₅ is exceeded. It was determined that approximately 32,300 cf (cubic feet) of volume will have to be detained onsite.

By matching the maximum flows and providing an additional 20% factor of safety for preliminary sizing, approximately 38,800 cf is required to be detained onsite.

7.0 CONCLUSION:

The results from this hydrology study demonstrate that the proposed condition of the project site will generate a 10% (44.31/40.28cfs) higher Q100 peak runoff flowrate than the existing condition of the site due to an increase in impervious area and change in land use. The proposed detention facilities will be designed to detain at the flows and times indicated by the produced hydrographs in Appendix C.1. Detained volumes will be discharged from the site via a pump system at flow rates that do not exceed the existing condition flow rates. Downstream facilities will not be hydrologically impacted by the proposed project site improvements.

8.0 DESIGN PARAMETERS:

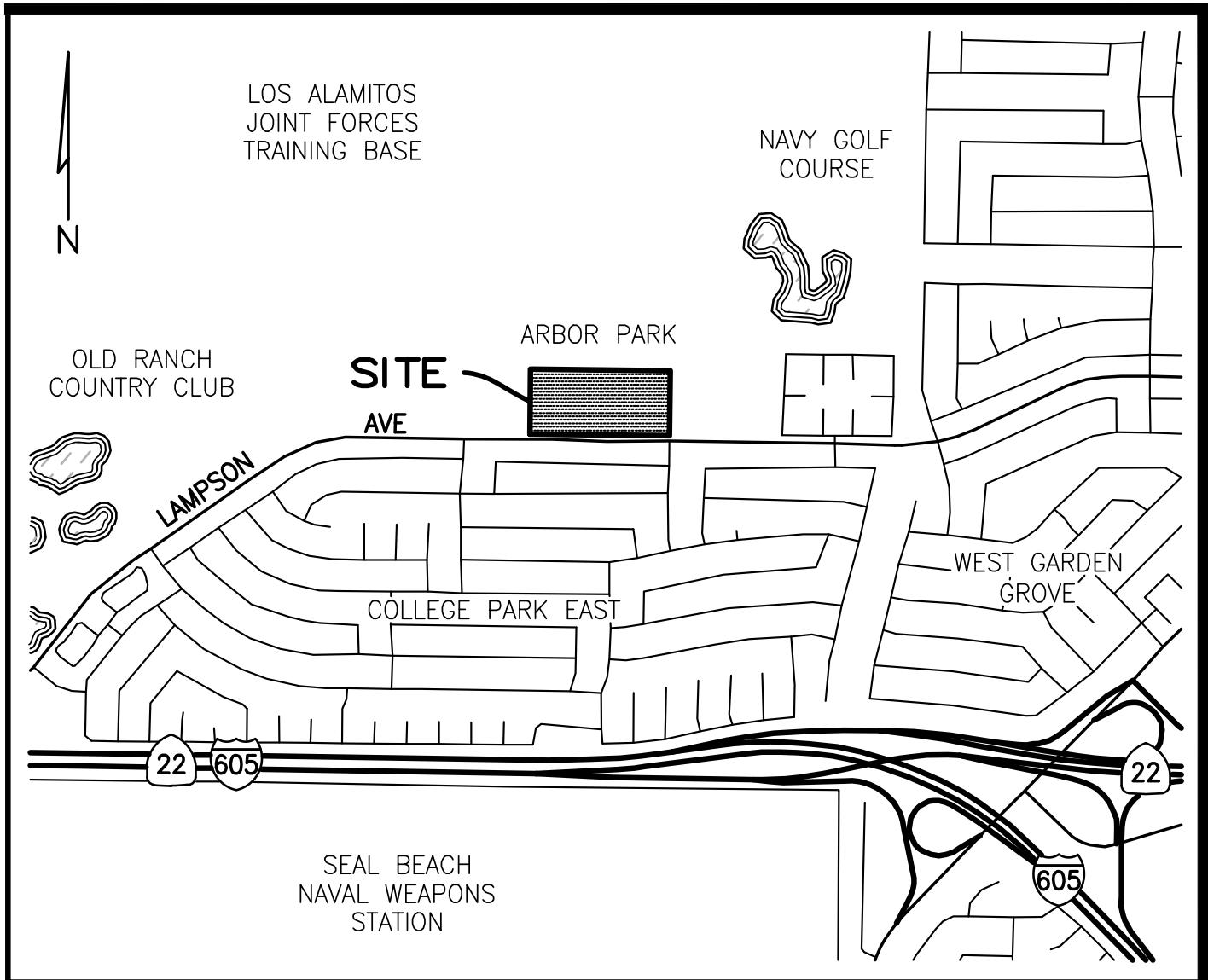
1. The onsite drainage area was analyzed for a 10, 25, 100-Year storm event using Rational Method Analysis per the County of Orange Hydrology Manual. The offsite drainage was analyzed for a 25, 100-Year storm event.
2. The drainage area is classified as Soil Group D (See Appendix E of this report). According to the Geotechnical Investigation report prepared by LGC Geotechnical, Inc. (dated December 21, 2021), the site is underlain by alluvial fan deposits to the maximum depth of 46.5 feet below existing grade. It consists of clay, clayey sand, silty clay, and silty sand. The soil is to be very moist to wet with depth and soft to stiff and medium dense to dense.
3. Assumed commercial and natural turf for existing land use.
4. Assumed apartments and condo for proposed land use.
5. Time of concentration Tc were calculated by using the County of Orange Hydrology Manual to calculate flow rates and volume amounts.
6. There is no offsite run-on tributary to the site.

9.0 REFERENCES:

1. Orange County Hydrology Manual dated October 1986
2. Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk AutoCAD Civil 3D
3. Existing Storm Drain As-Built Plans
4. Orange County Technical Guidance Document

APPENDIX A

HYDROLOGY MAPS



VICINITY MAP

N.T.S.

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



Legend

118°31'12"W 33°47'7"N

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT



This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards.

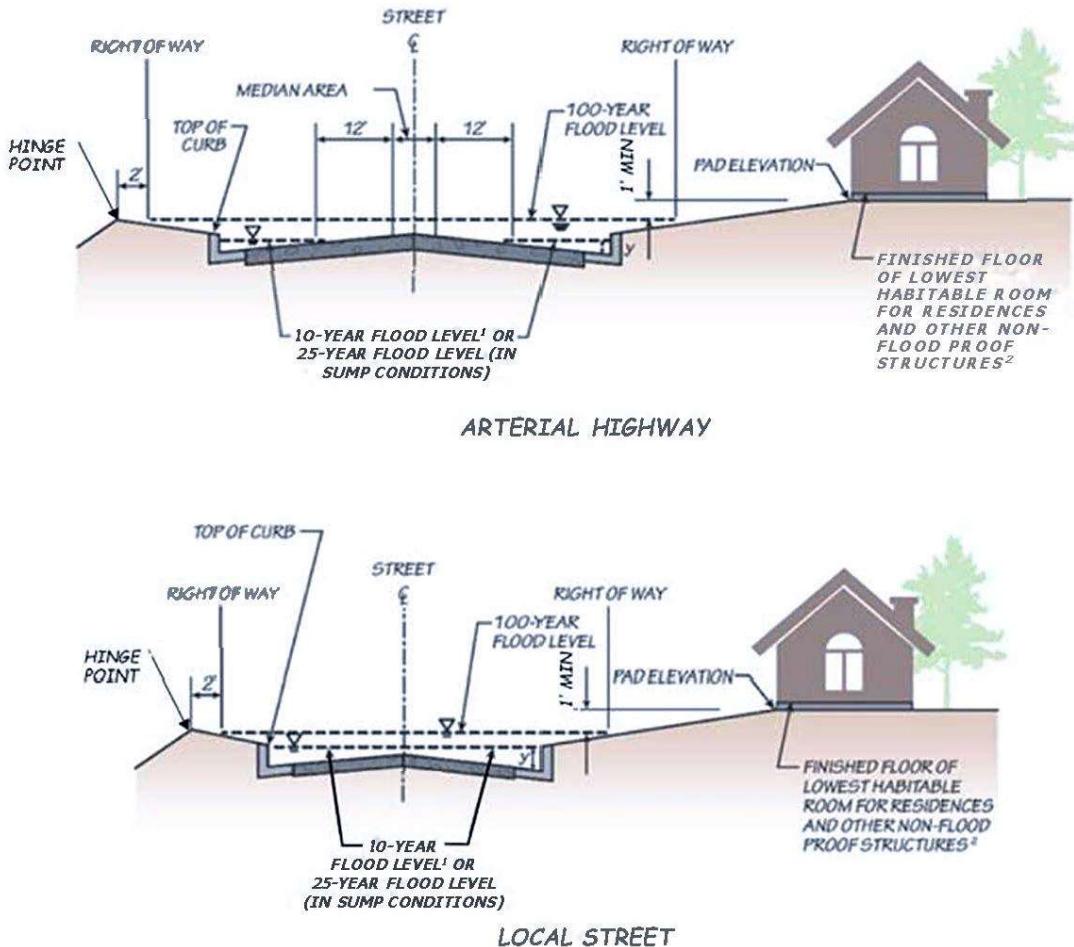
The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on **8/18/2022 at 12:30 PM** and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change, or become superseded by new data over time.

This map is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRMS effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.

118°2'34"W 33°46'38"N

1:6,000 Feet
0, 250, 500, 1,000, 1,500, 2,000

Basemap: USGS National Map. Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020

**NOTE:**

¹FOR ARTERIAL HIGHWAY, COLLECTOR STREET, AND LOCAL STREET, DEPTH (Y) TIMES VELOCITY CANNOT EXCEED 6 ft²/s.

²IF THE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP LISTS A BASE FLOOD ELEVATION (BFE), THEN THE ELEVATION OF THE LOWEST FLOOR OF THE BUILDING, INCLUDING BASEMENTS, OR CELLARS MUST BE AT LEAST 1 FOOT ABOVE THE BFE. IF THERE ARE NO BFE'S, THE BUILDING PAD MUST BE 1 FOOT ABOVE THE CALCULATED 100-YEAR WATER SURFACE ELEVATION FOR NEW DEVELOPMENT.



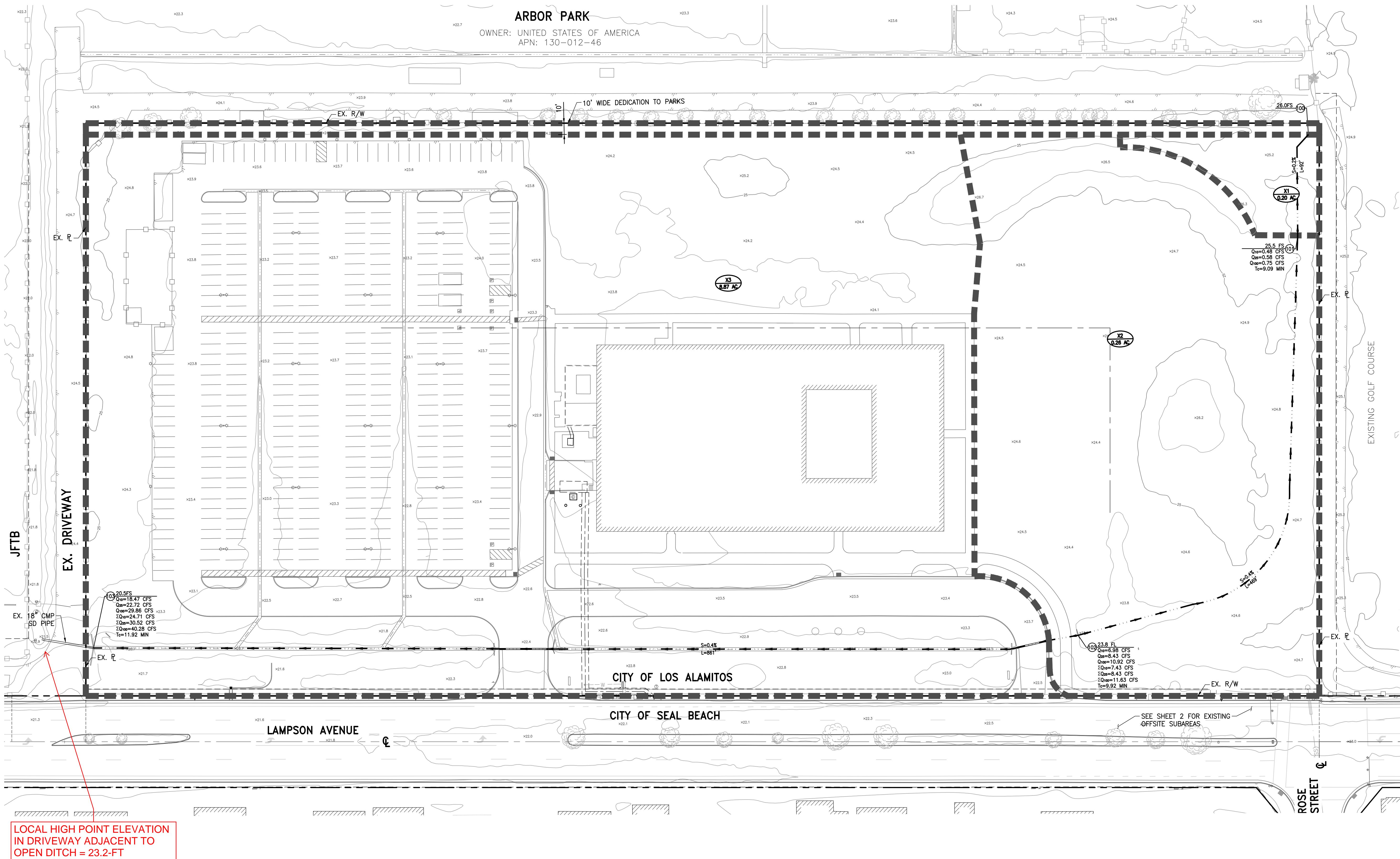
**ORANGE COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS
Flood Protection Goals**

Figure 3-1

Figure 3-1: Flood Protection Goals

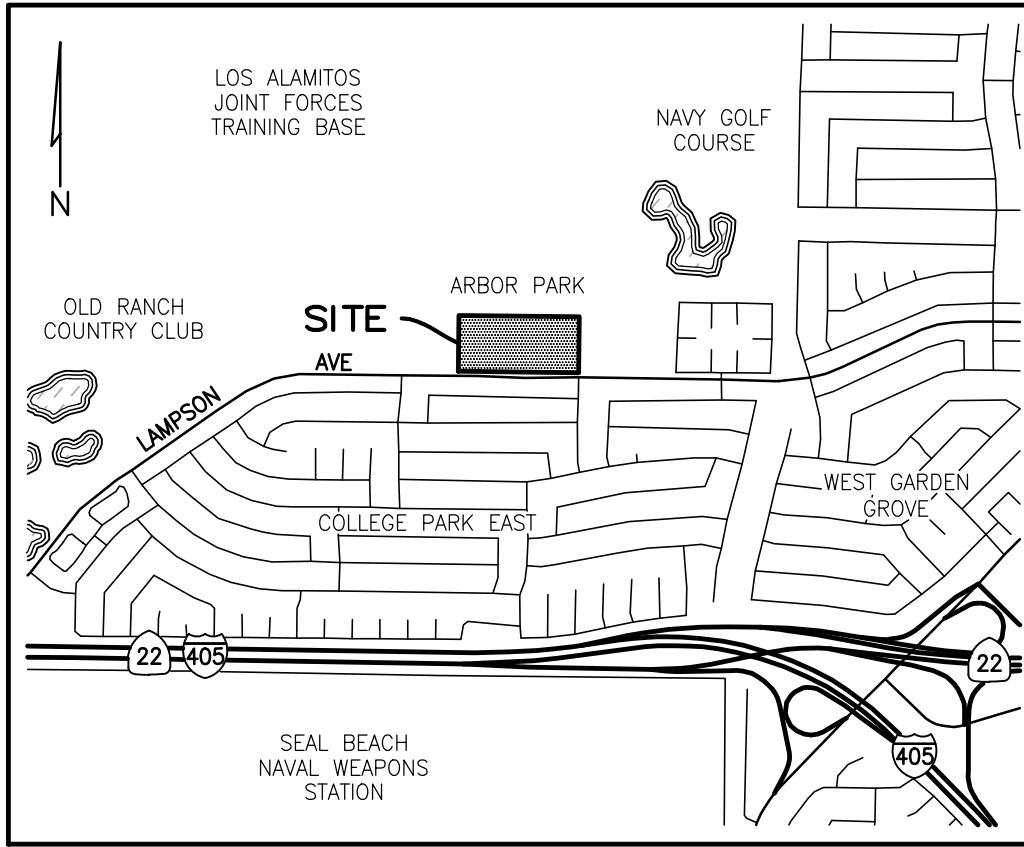
A.1 - Existing Conditions Hydrology Map

**ONSITE EXISTING CONDITIONS HYDROLOGY MAP
TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 19263
4665 LAMPSON AVENUE
CITY OF LOS ALAMITOS, COUNTY OF ORANGE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA**



DRAINAGE AREA SUMMARY (ONSITE)

DA	AREA (SF)	AREA (AC)	PERVIOUS AREA (SF)	IMPERVIOUS AREA (SF)	PERCENT IMPERVIOUS	Q10	Q25	Q100	100-yr Tc
X1	8627.39	0.20	0.20	0	0	0.48	0.58	0.75	9.09
X2	133050.72	3.05	3.05	0	0	6.98	8.43	10.92	9.92
X3	386267.51	8.87	0.89	7.98	0.9	18.47	22.72	29.86	11.92
TOTAL	527945.61	12.12	4.14	7.98	0.66	24.71	30.52	40.28	



VICINITY MAP
NTS

LEGEND

- EXISTING RIGHT-OF-WAY / BOUNDARY
- DRAINAGE MANAGEMENT AREA (DMA)
- EXISTING STORM DRAIN
- PROPOSED STORM DRAIN
- DRAINAGE FLOW ARROWS
- PROPOSED MWS BIOFILTRATION VAULT
- PROPOSED CATCH BASIN
- DRAINAGE MANAGEMENT AREA (DMA) ACREAGE

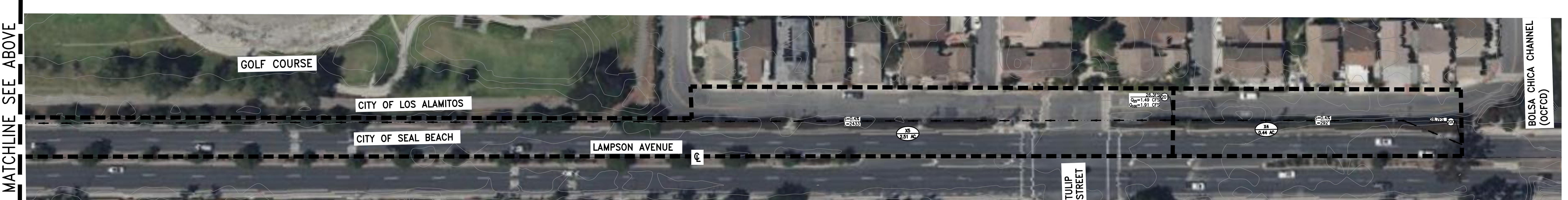
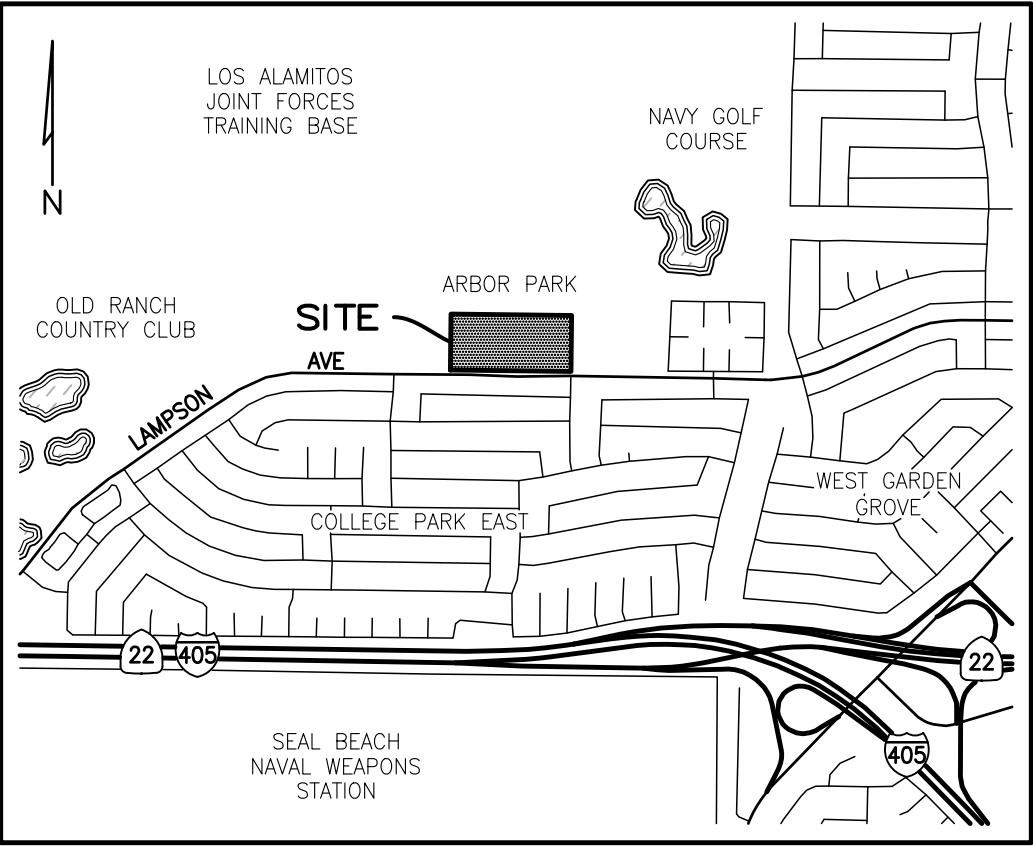
1" = 40'
0 20 40 80

REVISIONS					
NUMBER	DATE	INITIALS	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED	INSTALLED

PLANS PREPARED BY:
C&V CONSULTING, INC.
1030 IRVINE CENTER DRIVE
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VESTING TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 19263
EXISTING CONDITIONS HYDROLOGY MAP
4665 LAMPSON AVENUE
PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY
CITY OF LOS ALAMITOS

**OFFSITE EXISTING CONDITIONS HYDROLOGY MAP
TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 19263
4665 LAMPSON AVENUE
CITY OF LOS ALAMITOS, COUNTY OF ORANGE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA**



DRAINAGE AREA SUMMARY (OFFSITE)

DA	AREA (SF)	AREA (AC)	Q25	25-yr Tc	Q100	100-yr Tc
X4	19,129.9	0.44	1.49	7.69	1.91	7.69
X5	109,209.9	2.51	3.40	38.23	4.43	36.56
TOTAL	128,339.8	2.95	4.00	38.23	5.20	36.56



1" = 40'
0 20 40 80

REVISIONS					
NUMBER	DATE	INITIALS	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED	INSTALLED

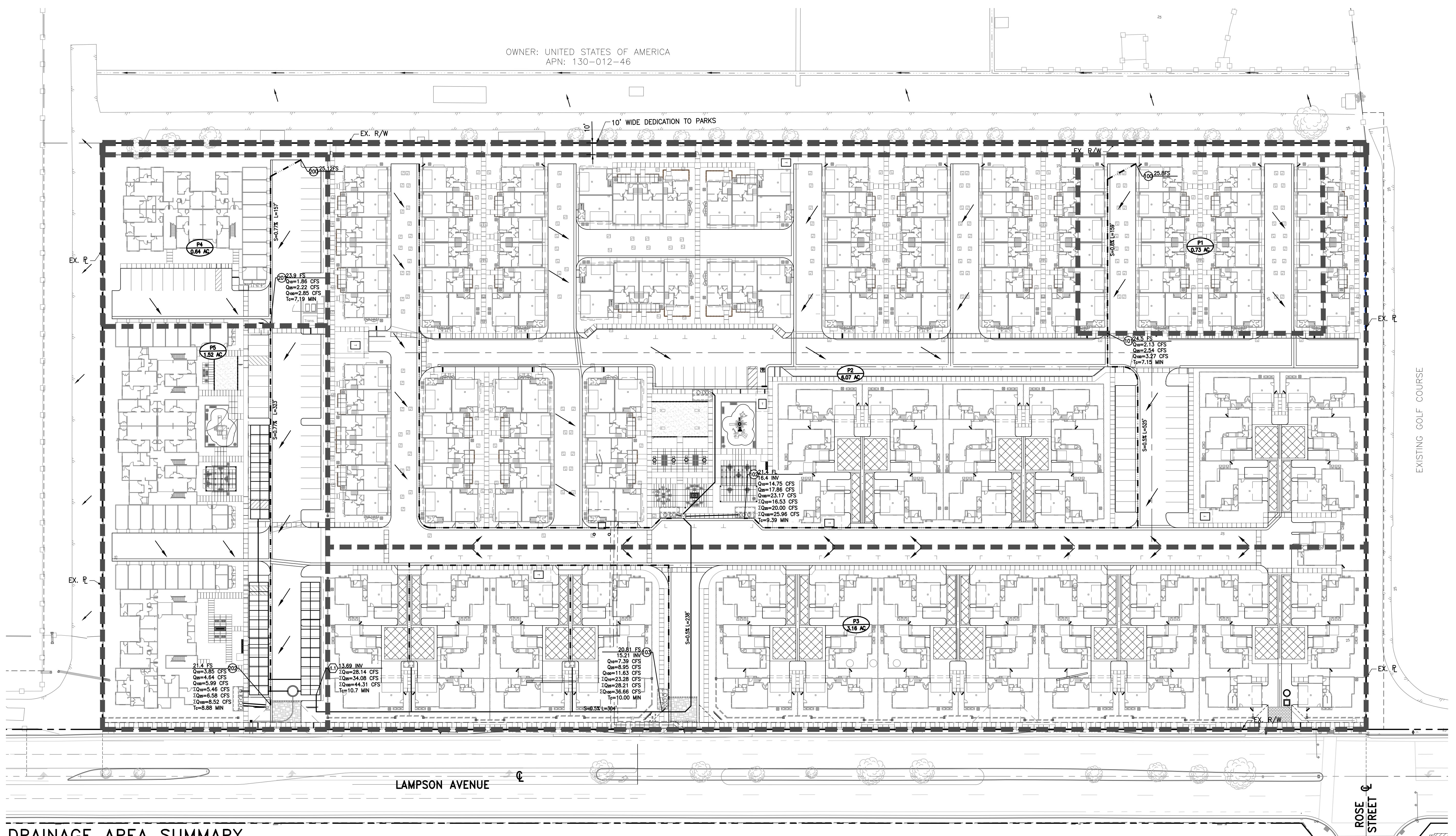
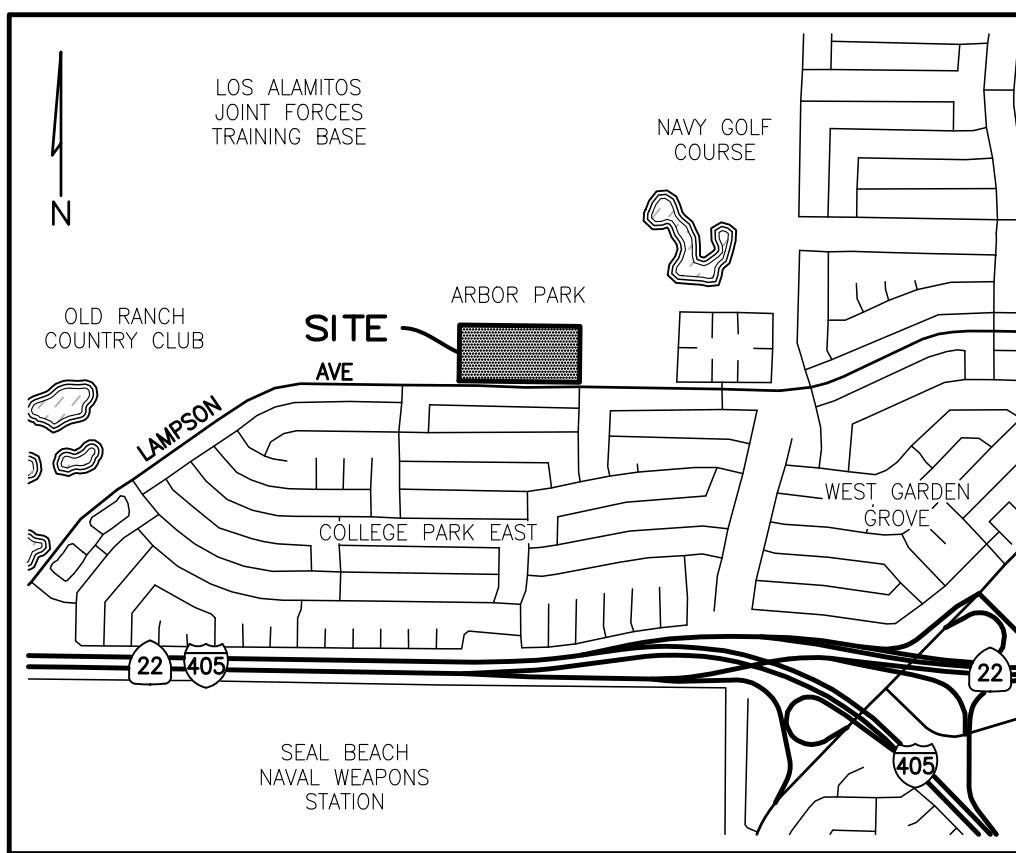
PLANS PREPARED BY:
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1000 IRVINE CENTER DRIVE
IRVINE, CALIFORNIA 92618
(714) 910-3800
E-MAIL: INFO@CVCINC.NET
CIVIL ENGINEERING
LAND PLANNING & SURVEYING
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**VESTING TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 19263
EXISTING CONDITIONS HYDROLOGY MAP
4665 LAMPSON AVENUE**

PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY
CITY OF LOS ALAMITOS

A.2 - Proposed Conditions Hydrology Map

**ONSITE PROPOSED CONDITIONS HYDROLOGY MAP
TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 19263
4665 LAMPSON AVENUE
CITY OF LOS ALAMITOS, COUNTY OF ORANGE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA**



0 20 40 80

REVISIONS					
NUMBER	DATE	INITIALS	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED	INSTALLED

PLANS PREPARED BY:
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**VESTING TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 19263
PROPOSED CONDITIONS HYDROLOGY MAP
4665 LAMPSON AVENUE**

PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY
CITY OF LOS ALAMITOS

APPENDIX B

HYDROLOGY CALCULATIONS

B.1 - Existing Conditions Hydrology Calculations (10, 25, 100-year Storm Event)

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
(Reference: 1986 ORANGE COUNTY HYDROLOGY CRITERION)
(c) Copyright 1983-2014 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1580

Analysis prepared by:

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* LOS ALAMITOS *
* TTM 19263 *
* EXISTING Q10 *

FILE NAME: KB07X10.DAT

TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:04 10/10/2022

USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

--*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 10.00

SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00

SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95

DATA BANK RAINFALL USED

ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) II ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH NO.	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / CROSSFALL =====	CURB SIDE / SIDE / WAY =====	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: OUT- / PARK- =====	HEIGHT WAY (FT)	WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	MANNING (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018 / 0.018 / 0.020	0.018 / 0.018 / 0.020	0.018 / 0.018 / 0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0312	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)

*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN

OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

*USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 101.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 92.00
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 26.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 25.50

$$T_c = K * [(\text{LENGTH}^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot 3.00) / (\text{ELEVATION CHANGE})]^{0.20}$$

SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM T_c (MIN.) = 9.092

* 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.882

SUBAREA T_c AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	F _p (INCH/HR)	A _p (DECIMAL)	SCS CN	T _c (MIN.)
URBAN POOR COVER						
"TURF"	D	0.20	0.20	1.000	87	9.09
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE LOSS RATE, F _p (INCH/HR)				0.20		
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE AREA FRACTION, A _p				1.000		
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)		0.48				
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)		0.20	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)			0.48

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 91

>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<

UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 25.50
DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 23.80
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 469.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0050
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL(DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.00200
MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00
* 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.741
SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	F _p (INCH/HR)	A _p (DECIMAL)	SCS CN
URBAN POOR COVER					
"TURF"	D	3.05	0.20	1.000	87
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE LOSS RATE, F _p (INCH/HR)				0.20	
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE AREA FRACTION, A _p				1.000	
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS)				3.97	
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.)					9.40
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET)		0.80	FLOOD WIDTH(FEET)		5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.)		0.83	T _c (MIN.)		9.92
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES)		3.05	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)		6.98
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES)		3.25	AREA-AVERAGED F _m (INCH/HR)		0.20
AREA-AVERAGED F _p (INCH/HR)		0.20	AREA-AVERAGED A _p		1.00
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)		3.2	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)		7.43

NOTE: TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL DEPTH

IN A FLOWING-FULL GUTTER(NORMAL DEPTH = GUTTER HIKE)

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.80 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.40 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC) = 7.52
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 102.00 = 561.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 91

>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<

UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 23.80
DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 20.50
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 861.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 3.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0150
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL(DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00
* 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.334

SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	Fp (INCH/HR)	Ap (DECIMAL)	SCS CN
COMMERCIAL	D	8.87	0.20	0.100	75
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR)			0.20		
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE AREA FRACTION, Ap			0.100		
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS)				16.10	
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.)					4.47
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET)	1.00	FLOOD WIDTH(FEET)			22.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.)	3.21	Tc(MIN.)			13.14
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES)	8.87	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)			18.47
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES)	12.12	AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)			0.07
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR)	0.20	AREA-AVERAGED Ap			0.34
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	12.1	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)			24.71

==>ERROR:FLOW EXCEEDS CAPACITY OF CHANNEL WITH
NORMAL DEPTH EQUAL TO SPECIFIED MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DEPTH.
AS AN APPROXIMATION, TRAVEL TIME CALCULATIONS ARE BASED
ON FLOW DEPTH EQUAL TO THE SPECIFIED MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DEPTH.

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 22.00
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.86 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC) = 6.86
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 103.00 = 1422.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.1 TC(MIN.) = 13.14
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 12.12 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)= 0.07

AREA-AVERAGED F_p (INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED A_p = 0.341
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 24.71

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS



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Analysis prepared by:

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* LOS ALAMITOS *
* TTM 19263 *
* EXISTING Q25 *

FILE NAME: KB07X25.DAT

TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:03 10/10/2022

USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

--*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 25.00

SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00

SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95

DATA BANK RAINFALL USED

ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) II ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH NO.	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / CROSSFALL (FT)	CURB SIDE / SIDE (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: OUT- / PARK- WAY (FT)	HEIGHT (FT)	WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0312	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)

*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN

OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

*USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 101.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 92.00
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 26.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 25.50

$$T_c = K * [(\text{LENGTH}^{\frac{3}{2}} * 3.00) / (\text{ELEVATION CHANGE})]^{0.20}$$

SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM T_c (MIN.) = 9.092

* 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.439

SUBAREA T_c AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	F _p (INCH/HR)	A _p (DECIMAL)	SCS CN	T _c (MIN.)
URBAN POOR COVER						
"TURF"	D	0.20	0.20	1.000	87	9.09
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE LOSS RATE, F _p (INCH/HR)				0.20		
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE AREA FRACTION, A _p				1.000		
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)		0.58				
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)		0.20	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)			0.58

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 91

>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<

UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 25.50
DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 23.80
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 469.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0050
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL(DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.00200
MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00
* 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.273
SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	F _p (INCH/HR)	A _p (DECIMAL)	SCS CN
URBAN POOR COVER					
"TURF"	D	3.05	0.20	1.000	87
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE LOSS RATE, F _p (INCH/HR)				0.20	
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE AREA FRACTION, A _p				1.000	
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS)				4.80	
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.)					9.40
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET)		0.80	FLOOD WIDTH(FEET)		5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.)		0.83	T _c (MIN.)		9.92
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES)		3.05	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)		8.43
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES)		3.25	AREA-AVERAGED F _m (INCH/HR)		0.20
AREA-AVERAGED F _p (INCH/HR)		0.20	AREA-AVERAGED A _p		1.00
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)		3.2	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)		8.99

NOTE: TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL DEPTH

IN A FLOWING-FULL GUTTER(NORMAL DEPTH = GUTTER HIKE)

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.80 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.40 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC) = 7.52
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 102.00 = 561.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 91

>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<

UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 23.80
DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 20.50
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 861.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 3.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0150
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL(DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00
* 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.866

SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	Fp (INCH/HR)	Ap (DECIMAL)	SCS CN
COMMERCIAL	D	8.87	0.20	0.100	75
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR)			0.20		
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE AREA FRACTION, Ap			0.100		
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS)				19.73	
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.)					5.47
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET)	1.00	FLOOD WIDTH(FEET)			22.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.)	2.62	Tc(MIN.)			12.55
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES)	8.87	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)			22.72
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES)	12.12	AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)			0.07
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR)	0.20	AREA-AVERAGED Ap			0.34
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	12.1	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)			30.52

==>ERROR:FLOW EXCEEDS CAPACITY OF CHANNEL WITH
NORMAL DEPTH EQUAL TO SPECIFIED MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DEPTH.
AS AN APPROXIMATION, TRAVEL TIME CALCULATIONS ARE BASED
ON FLOW DEPTH EQUAL TO THE SPECIFIED MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DEPTH.

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 22.00
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.47 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC) = 8.47
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 103.00 = 1422.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.1 TC(MIN.) = 12.55
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 12.12 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)= 0.07

AREA-AVERAGED F_p (INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED A_p = 0.341
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 30.52

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS



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Analysis prepared by:

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* LOS ALAMITOS *
* TTM 19263 *
* EXISTING Q100 *

FILE NAME: KB07X100.DAT

TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:02 10/10/2022

USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

--*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00

SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00

SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95

DATA BANK RAINFALL USED

ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) III ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH FT	CROWN TO CROSSFALL FT	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE / WAY	CURB HEIGHT FT	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH FT	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018 / 0.018 / 0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)

*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN

OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

*USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 101.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 92.00
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 26.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 25.50

$$T_c = K * [(\text{LENGTH}^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot 3.00) / (\text{ELEVATION CHANGE})]^{0.20}$$

SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM T_c (MIN.) = 9.092

* 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.392

SUBAREA T_c AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	F _p (INCH/HR)	A _p (DECIMAL)	SCS CN	T _c (MIN.)
URBAN POOR COVER						
"TURF"	D	0.20	0.20	1.000	97	9.09
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE LOSS RATE, F _p (INCH/HR)				0.20		
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE AREA FRACTION, A _p				1.000		
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)		0.75				
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)		0.20	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)			0.75

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 91

>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<

UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 25.50
DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 23.80
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 469.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0050
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL(DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.00200
MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00
* 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.178
SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	F _p (INCH/HR)	A _p (DECIMAL)	SCS CN
URBAN POOR COVER					
"TURF"	D	3.05	0.20	1.000	97
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE LOSS RATE, F _p (INCH/HR)				0.20	
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE AREA FRACTION, A _p				1.000	
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS)				6.21	
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.)					9.40
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET)		0.80	FLOOD WIDTH(FEET)		5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.)		0.83	T _c (MIN.)		9.92
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES)		3.05	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)		10.92
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES)		3.25	AREA-AVERAGED F _m (INCH/HR)		0.20
AREA-AVERAGED F _p (INCH/HR)		0.20	AREA-AVERAGED A _p		1.00
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)		3.2	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)		11.63

NOTE: TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL DEPTH

IN A FLOWING-FULL GUTTER(NORMAL DEPTH = GUTTER HIKE)

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.80 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.40 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC) = 7.52
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 102.00 = 561.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 91

>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<

UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 23.80
DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 20.50
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 861.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 3.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0150
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL(DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00
* 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.761

SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	Fp (INCH/HR)	Ap (DECIMAL)	SCS CN
COMMERCIAL	D	8.87	0.20	0.100	91
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR)			0.20		
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE AREA FRACTION, Ap			0.100		
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS)				25.87	
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.)					7.18
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET)	1.00	FLOOD WIDTH(FEET)			22.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.)	2.00	Tc(MIN.)			11.92
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES)	8.87	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)			29.86
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES)	12.12	AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)			0.07
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR)	0.20	AREA-AVERAGED Ap			0.34
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	12.1	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)			40.28

==>ERROR:FLOW EXCEEDS CAPACITY OF CHANNEL WITH
NORMAL DEPTH EQUAL TO SPECIFIED MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DEPTH.
AS AN APPROXIMATION, TRAVEL TIME CALCULATIONS ARE BASED
ON FLOW DEPTH EQUAL TO THE SPECIFIED MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DEPTH.

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 22.00
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 11.17 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC) = 11.17
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 103.00 = 1422.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.1 TC(MIN.) = 11.92
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 12.12 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)= 0.07

AREA-AVERAGED F_p (INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED A_p = 0.341
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 40.28

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS



**B.2 - Offsite Existing Conditions Hydrology Calculations
For Lampson Avenue
(25, 100-year Storm Event)**

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Analysis prepared by:

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* LOS ALAMITOS *
* TTM 19263 *
* EXISTING Q25 OFFSITE *

FILE NAME: KB07X25.DAT

TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:22 03/13/2023

USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

--*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 25.00

SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00

SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95

DATA BANK RAINFALL USED

ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) II ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH NO.	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / CROSSFALL (FT)	SIDE / SIDE/ PARK- WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)

*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN

OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

*USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 201.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<

=====
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 292.00
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 28.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 26.30

$$T_c = K * [(\text{LENGTH}^{\star\star} 3.00) / (\text{ELEVATION CHANGE})]^{\star\star} 0.20$$

SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM T_c (MIN.) = 7.692

* 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.780

SUBAREA T_c AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	Fp (INCH/HR)	Ap (DECIMAL)	SCS CN	Tc (MIN.)
COMMERCIAL	D	0.44	0.20	0.100	75	7.69

SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS LOSS RATE, F_p (INCH/HR) = 0.20
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS AREA FRACTION, A_p = 0.100
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.49
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.44 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.49

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<

=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 26.30 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 21.50
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 2400.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 36.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 5.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.29
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.46
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 15.25
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.31
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.61
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 30.54 T_c (MIN.) = 38.23
* 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.525

SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	Fp (INCH/HR)	Ap (DECIMAL)	SCS CN
COMMERCIAL	D	2.51	0.20	0.100	75

SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS LOSS RATE, F_p (INCH/HR) = 0.20
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS AREA FRACTION, A_p = 0.100

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.51 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.40
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.95 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.0 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.00

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.49 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.51
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.37 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.67
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 202.00 = 2692.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.0 TC(MIN.) = 38.23
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.95 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)= 0.02
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.100
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.00

=====

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

↑

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Analysis prepared by:

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* LOS ALAMITOS *
* TTM 19263 *
* EXISTING Q100 OFFSITE *

FILE NAME: KB07X100.DAT

TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 18:15 08/28/2023

USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

--*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00

SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00

SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95

DATA BANK RAINFALL USED

ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) III ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH NO.	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / CROSSFALL =====	CURB SIDE / SIDE / WAY =====	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: OUT- / PARK- =====	HEIGHT WAY (FT)	WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	MANNING (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018 / 0.018 / 0.020	0.018 / 0.018 / 0.020	0.018 / 0.018 / 0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)

*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN

OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

*USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 201.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 292.00
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 28.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 26.30

$$T_c = K * [(\text{LENGTH}^{\text{3.00}}) / (\text{ELEVATION CHANGE})]^{0.20}$$

SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM T_c (MIN.) = 7.692

* 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.834

SUBAREA T_c AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	F _p (INCH/HR)	A _p (DECIMAL)	SCS CN	T _c (MIN.)
COMMERCIAL	D	0.44	0.20	0.100	91	7.69

SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS LOSS RATE, F_p (INCH/HR) = 0.20
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS AREA FRACTION, A_p = 0.100
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.91
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.44 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.91

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<

>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 26.30 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 21.50
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 2400.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 36.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 5.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 4.26

STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:

STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50

HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.97

AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.39

PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.69

STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 28.86 T_c (MIN.) = 36.56

* 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.979

SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	F _p (INCH/HR)	A _p (DECIMAL)	SCS CN
COMMERCIAL	D	2.51	0.20	0.100	91

SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS LOSS RATE, F_p (INCH/HR) = 0.20
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS AREA FRACTION, A_p = 0.100

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.51 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.43
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.95 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.0 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 5.20

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.53 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 18.37
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.46 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.77
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 202.00 = 2692.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.0 TC(MIN.) = 36.56
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.95 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)= 0.02
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.100
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 5.20

=====

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END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

↑

B.3 - Proposed Conditions Hydrology Calculations (10, 25, 100-year Storm Event)

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
(Reference: 1986 ORANGE COUNTY HYDROLOGY CRITERION)
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Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1580

Analysis prepared by:

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***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
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* LOS ALAMITOS *
* TTM 19263 *
* PROPOSED Q10 *

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*****
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FILE NAME: KB07P10.DAT

TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 08:51 02/16/2023

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USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

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--*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 10.00

SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00

SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95

DATA BANK RAINFALL USED

ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) II ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH NO.	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT-/PARK- SIDE / SIDE/ WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

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GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)

*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN

OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

*USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 101.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<

=====

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 159.00
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 25.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 24.50

$$T_c = K * [(\text{LENGTH}^{\text{**}} 3.00) / (\text{ELEVATION CHANGE})]^{\text{**}} 0.20$$

SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM T_c (MIN.) = 7.151

* 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.307

SUBAREA T_c AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	Fp (INCH/HR)	Ap (DECIMAL)	SCS	Tc (MIN.)
CONDOMINIUMS	D	0.73	0.20	0.350	75	7.15

SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS LOSS RATE, F_p (INCH/HR) = 0.20
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.350
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.13
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.73 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.13

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 24.50 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 21.40
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 525.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 12.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 6.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.120
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.001

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 9.56

STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:

NOTE: STREET FLOW EXCEEDS TOP OF CURB.

THE FOLLOWING STREET FLOW RESULTS ARE BASED ON THE ASSUMPTION
THAT NEGLIBLE FLOW OCCURS OUTSIDE OF THE STREET CHANNEL.
THAT IS, ALL FLOW ALONG THE PARKWAY, ETC., IS NEGLECTED.

STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.52

HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.97

AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.38

PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.75

STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.59 T_c (MIN.) = 9.74

* 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.771

SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/	SCS SOIL	AREA	Fp	Ap	SCS
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LAND USE	GROUP	(ACRES)	(INCH/HR)	(DECIMAL)	CN
CONDOMINIUMS	D	6.07	0.20	0.350	75
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, F_p (INCH/HR) =		0.20			
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, A_p =		0.350			
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	6.07	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	14.75		
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) =	6.80	AREA-AVERAGED F_m (INCH/HR) =	0.07		
AREA-AVERAGED F_p (INCH/HR) =	0.20	AREA-AVERAGED A_p =	0.35		
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	6.8	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	16.53		

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.65 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 10.08
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.03 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 2.62
 *NOTE: INITIAL SUBAREA NOMOGRAPH WITH SUBAREA PARAMETERS,
 AND L = 525.0 FT WITH ELEVATION-DROP = 3.1 FT, IS 12.9 CFS,
 WHICH EXCEEDS THE TOP-OF-CURB STREET CAPACITY AT NODE 102.00
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 102.00 = 684.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 16.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 15.21
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 238.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 17.8 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.93
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 16.53
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.67 T_c (MIN.) = 10.41
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 103.00 = 922.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

MAINLINE T_c (MIN.) = 10.41
 * 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.667
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	F_p (INCH/HR)	A_p (DECIMAL)	SCS CN
CONDOMINIUMS	D	3.16	0.20	0.350	75
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, F_p (INCH/HR) =		0.20			
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, A_p =		0.350			
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	3.16	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	7.39		
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) =	9.96	AREA-AVERAGED F_m (INCH/HR) =	0.07		
AREA-AVERAGED F_p (INCH/HR) =	0.20	AREA-AVERAGED A_p =	0.35		
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	10.0	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	23.28		

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 15.21 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 13.69
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 304.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 30.0 INCH PIPE IS 20.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.43
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 30.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 23.28
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.79 Tc(MIN.) = 11.20
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 1.10 = 1226.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 10

>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 201.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<

=====
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 157.00
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 25.12 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 23.90

Tc = K*((LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE))**0.20

SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 7.187

* 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.297

SUBAREA Tc AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	Fp (INCH/HR)	Ap (DECIMAL)	SCS CN	Tc (MIN.)
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CONDOMINIUMS	D	0.64	0.20	0.350	75	7.19
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SUBAREA AVERAGE PREVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20

SUBAREA AVERAGE PREVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.350

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.86

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.64 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.86

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<

=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 23.90 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 21.40
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 323.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0

STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 12.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 6.00

INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.120

OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.001

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1

Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.79

STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:

STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.34

HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 7.52

AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.73

PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.94

STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.97 Tc(MIN.) = 9.16

* 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.869

SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	Fp (INCH/HR)	Ap (DECIMAL)	SCS CN
APARTMENTS	D	1.51	0.20	0.200	75
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20					
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.200					
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.51	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.85				
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.15	AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.05				
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20	AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.24				
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.2	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 5.46				

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.39 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 7.93

FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.09 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.21

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 202.00 = 480.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 11

>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

=====

** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	Q (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	Intensity (INCH/HR)	Fp(Fm) (INCH/HR)	Ap (ACRES)	Ae (ACRES)	HEADWATER NODE
1	5.46	9.16	2.869	0.20(0.05)	0.24	2.2	200.00
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 1.10 = 480.00 FEET.							

** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	Q (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	Intensity (INCH/HR)	Fp(Fm) (INCH/HR)	Ap (ACRES)	Ae (ACRES)	HEADWATER NODE
1	23.28	11.20	2.558	0.20(0.07)	0.35	10.0	100.00
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 1.10 = 1226.00 FEET.							

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	Q (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	Intensity (INCH/HR)	Fp(Fm) (INCH/HR)	Ap	Ae (ACRES)	HEADWATER NODE
1	26.89	9.16	2.869	0.20(0.07)	0.33	10.3	200.00
2	28.14	11.20	2.558	0.20(0.07)	0.33	12.1	100.00
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =			12.1				

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 28.14 Tc(MIN.) = 11.195

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 12.11 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.07

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.33

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.1

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 1.10 = 1226.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.1 TC(MIN.) = 11.20

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 12.11 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)= 0.07

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.331

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 28.14

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	Q (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	Intensity (INCH/HR)	Fp(Fm) (INCH/HR)	Ap	Ae (ACRES)	HEADWATER NODE
1	26.89	9.16	2.869	0.20(0.07)	0.33	10.3	200.00
2	28.14	11.20	2.558	0.20(0.07)	0.33	12.1	100.00

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END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
(Reference: 1986 ORANGE COUNTY HYDROLOGY CRITERION)
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Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1580

Analysis prepared by:

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***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
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* LOS ALAMITOS *
* TTM 19263 *
* PROPOSED Q25 *

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*****
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FILE NAME: KB07P25.DAT

TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 08:56 02/16/2023

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USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

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--*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 25.00

SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00

SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95

DATA BANK RAINFALL USED

ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) II ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH NO.	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT-/PARK- SIDE / SIDE/ WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

```
=====
```

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)

*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN

OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

*USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED

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*****
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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 101.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<

=====

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 159.00
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 25.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 24.50

$$T_c = K * [(\text{LENGTH}^{\text{**}} 3.00) / (\text{ELEVATION CHANGE})]^{\text{**}} 0.20$$

SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 7.151

* 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.939

SUBAREA Tc AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	Fp (INCH/HR)	Ap (DECIMAL)	SCS	Tc (MIN.)
CONDOMINIUMS	D	0.73	0.20	0.350	75	7.15

SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.350
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.54
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.73 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.54

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 24.50 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 21.40
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 525.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 12.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 6.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.120
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.001

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 11.52

STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:

NOTE: STREET FLOW EXCEEDS TOP OF CURB.

THE FOLLOWING STREET FLOW RESULTS ARE BASED ON THE ASSUMPTION
THAT NEGLIBLE FLOW OCCURS OUTSIDE OF THE STREET CHANNEL.
THAT IS, ALL FLOW ALONG THE PARKWAY, ETC., IS NEGLECTED.

STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.56

HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 9.31

AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.60

PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 2.01

STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.43 Tc(MIN.) = 9.58

* 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.338

SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/	SCS SOIL	AREA	Fp	Ap	SCS
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LAND USE	GROUP	(ACRES)	(INCH/HR)	(DECIMAL)	CN
CONDOMINIUMS	D	6.07	0.20	0.350	75
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, F_p (INCH/HR) =		0.20			
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, A_p =		0.350			
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	6.07	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	17.86		
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) =	6.80	AREA-AVERAGED F_m (INCH/HR) =	0.07		
AREA-AVERAGED F_p (INCH/HR) =	0.20	AREA-AVERAGED A_p =	0.35		
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	6.8	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	20.00		

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.71 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 10.55
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.27 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 3.02
 *NOTE: INITIAL SUBAREA NOMOGRAPH WITH SUBAREA PARAMETERS,
 AND L = 525.0 FT WITH ELEVATION-DROP = 3.1 FT, IS 15.4 CFS,
 WHICH EXCEEDS THE TOP-OF-CURB STREET CAPACITY AT NODE 102.00
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 102.00 = 684.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 16.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 15.21
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 238.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 20.7 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.10
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 20.00
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.65 T_c (MIN.) = 10.23
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 103.00 = 922.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

MAINLINE T_c (MIN.) = 10.23
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.217
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	F_p (INCH/HR)	A_p (DECIMAL)	SCS CN
CONDOMINIUMS	D	3.16	0.20	0.350	75
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, F_p (INCH/HR) =		0.20			
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, A_p =		0.350			
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	3.16	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	8.95		
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) =	9.96	AREA-AVERAGED F_m (INCH/HR) =	0.07		
AREA-AVERAGED F_p (INCH/HR) =	0.20	AREA-AVERAGED A_p =	0.35		
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	10.0	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	28.21		

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 15.21 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 13.69
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 304.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 30.0 INCH PIPE IS 24.5 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.57
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 30.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 28.21
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.77 Tc(MIN.) = 11.00
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 1.10 = 1226.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 10

>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 201.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<

=====
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 157.00
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 25.12 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 23.90

Tc = K*((LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE))**0.20

SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 7.187

* 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.928

SUBAREA Tc AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	Fp (INCH/HR)	Ap (DECIMAL)	SCS CN	Tc (MIN.)
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CONDOMINIUMS	D	0.64	0.20	0.350	75	7.19
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SUBAREA AVERAGE PREVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20

SUBAREA AVERAGE PREVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.350

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.22

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.64 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.22

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<

=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 23.90 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 21.40
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 323.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0

STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 12.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 6.00

INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.120

OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.001

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1

Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 4.54

STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:

STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.37

HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 7.71

AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.91

PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.06

STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.85 Tc(MIN.) = 9.03

* 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.451

SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	Fp (INCH/HR)	Ap (DECIMAL)	SCS CN
APARTMENTS	D	1.51	0.20	0.200	75
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20					
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.200					
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.51	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.64				
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.15	AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.05				
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20	AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.24				
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.2	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 6.58				

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.42 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.17

FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.28 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.38

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 202.00 = 480.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 11

>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

=====

** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	Q (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	Intensity (INCH/HR)	Fp(Fm) (INCH/HR)	Ap (ACRES)	Ae (ACRES)	HEADWATER NODE
1	6.58	9.03	3.451	0.20(0.05)	0.24	2.2	200.00
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 1.10 = 480.00 FEET.							

** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	Q (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	Intensity (INCH/HR)	Fp(Fm) (INCH/HR)	Ap (ACRES)	Ae (ACRES)	HEADWATER NODE
1	28.21	11.00	3.087	0.20(0.07)	0.35	10.0	100.00
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 1.10 = 1226.00 FEET.							

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	Q (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	Intensity (INCH/HR)	Fp(Fm) (INCH/HR)	Ap	Ae (ACRES)	HEADWATER NODE
1	32.54	9.03	3.451	0.20(0.07)	0.33	10.3	200.00
2	34.08	11.00	3.087	0.20(0.07)	0.33	12.1	100.00
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =			12.1				

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 34.08 Tc(MIN.) = 11.002

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 12.11 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.07

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.33

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.1

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 1.10 = 1226.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.1 TC(MIN.) = 11.00

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 12.11 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)= 0.07

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.331

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 34.08

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	Q (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	Intensity (INCH/HR)	Fp(Fm) (INCH/HR)	Ap	Ae (ACRES)	HEADWATER NODE
1	32.54	9.03	3.451	0.20(0.07)	0.33	10.3	200.00
2	34.08	11.00	3.087	0.20(0.07)	0.33	12.1	100.00

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END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
(Reference: 1986 ORANGE COUNTY HYDROLOGY CRITERION)
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Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1580

Analysis prepared by:

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***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
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* LOS ALAMITOS *
* TTM 19263 *
* PROPOSED Q100 *

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*****
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FILE NAME: KB07P100.DAT

TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 08:58 02/16/2023

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USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

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--*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00

SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00

SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95

DATA BANK RAINFALL USED

ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) III ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH NO.	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT-/PARK- SIDE / SIDE/ WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

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GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)

*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN

OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

*USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 101.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<

=====

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 159.00
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 25.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 24.50

$$T_c = K * [(\text{LENGTH}^{\text{**}} 3.00) / (\text{ELEVATION CHANGE})]^{\text{**}} 0.20$$

SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM T_c (MIN.) = 7.151

* 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.040

SUBAREA T_c AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	Fp (INCH/HR)	Ap (DECIMAL)	SCS	Tc (MIN.)
CONDOMINIUMS	D	0.73	0.20	0.350	91	7.15

SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS LOSS RATE, F_p (INCH/HR) = 0.20
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS AREA FRACTION, A_p = 0.350
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.27
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.73 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.27

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 24.50 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 21.40
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 525.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 12.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 6.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.120
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.001

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 14.91

STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:

NOTE: STREET FLOW EXCEEDS TOP OF CURB.

THE FOLLOWING STREET FLOW RESULTS ARE BASED ON THE ASSUMPTION
THAT NEGLIBLE FLOW OCCURS OUTSIDE OF THE STREET CHANNEL.
THAT IS, ALL FLOW ALONG THE PARKWAY, ETC., IS NEGLECTED.

STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.62

HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 9.85

AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.90

PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 2.43

STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.24 T_c (MIN.) = 9.39

* 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.312

SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/	SCS SOIL	AREA	Fp	Ap	SCS
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LAND USE	GROUP	(ACRES)	(INCH/HR)	(DECIMAL)	CN
CONDOMINIUMS	D	6.07	0.20	0.350	91
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, F_p (INCH/HR) =		0.20			
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, A_p =		0.350			
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	6.07	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	23.17		
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) =	6.80	AREA-AVERAGED F_m (INCH/HR) =	0.07		
AREA-AVERAGED F_p (INCH/HR) =	0.20	AREA-AVERAGED A_p =	0.35		
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	6.8	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	25.96		

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.79 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 11.27
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.62 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 3.67
 *NOTE: INITIAL SUBAREA NOMOGRAPH WITH SUBAREA PARAMETERS,
 AND L = 525.0 FT WITH ELEVATION-DROP = 3.1 FT, IS 19.8 CFS,
 WHICH EXCEEDS THE TOP-OF-CURB STREET CAPACITY AT NODE 102.00
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 102.00 = 684.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 16.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 15.21
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 238.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 30.0 INCH PIPE IS 22.6 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.53
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 30.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 25.96
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.61 T_c (MIN.) = 10.00
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 103.00 = 922.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

MAINLINE T_c (MIN.) = 10.00
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.159
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	F_p (INCH/HR)	A_p (DECIMAL)	SCS CN
CONDOMINIUMS	D	3.16	0.20	0.350	91
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, F_p (INCH/HR) =		0.20			
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, A_p =		0.350			
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	3.16	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	11.63		
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) =	9.96	AREA-AVERAGED F_m (INCH/HR) =	0.07		
AREA-AVERAGED F_p (INCH/HR) =	0.20	AREA-AVERAGED A_p =	0.35		
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	10.0	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	36.66		

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 15.21 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 13.69
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 304.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 24.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.22
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 36.66
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.70 Tc(MIN.) = 10.70
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 1.10 = 1226.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 10

>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 201.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<

=====
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 157.00
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 25.12 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 23.90

Tc = K*((LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE))**0.20

SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 7.187

* 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.026

SUBAREA Tc AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	Fp (INCH/HR)	Ap (DECIMAL)	SCS CN	Tc (MIN.)
CONDOMINIUMS	D	0.64	0.20	0.350	91	7.19

SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.350
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.85
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.64 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.85

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<

=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 23.90 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 21.40
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 323.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0

STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 12.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 6.00

INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.120

OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.001

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1

Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 5.86

STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:

STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.40

HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.01

AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.17

PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.27

STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.70 Tc(MIN.) = 8.88

* 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.451

SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	Fp (INCH/HR)	Ap (DECIMAL)	SCS CN
APARTMENTS	D	1.51	0.20	0.200	91
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR)				0.20	
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERSIVE AREA FRACTION, Ap				0.200	
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES)	1.51	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS)		5.99	
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES)	2.15	AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)		0.05	
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR)	0.20	AREA-AVERAGED Ap		0.24	
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	2.2	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)		8.52	

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.47 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.55

FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.58 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.67

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 202.00 = 480.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 11

>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

=====

** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	Q (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	Intensity (INCH/HR)	Fp(Fm) (INCH/HR)	Ap (ACRES)	Ae (ACRES)	HEADWATER NODE
1	8.52	8.88	4.451	0.20(0.05)	0.24	2.2	200.00
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	200.00	TO NODE	1.10	=	480.00	FEET.	

** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	Q (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	Intensity (INCH/HR)	Fp(Fm) (INCH/HR)	Ap (ACRES)	Ae (ACRES)	HEADWATER NODE
1	36.66	10.70	4.001	0.20(0.07)	0.35	10.0	100.00
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	100.00	TO NODE	1.10	=	1226.00	FEET.	

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	Q (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	Intensity (INCH/HR)	Fp(Fm) (INCH/HR)	Ap	Ae (ACRES)	HEADWATER NODE
1	42.44	8.88	4.451	0.20(0.07)	0.33	10.4	200.00
2	44.31	10.70	4.001	0.20(0.07)	0.33	12.1	100.00
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =			12.1				

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 44.31 Tc(MIN.) = 10.700

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 12.11 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.07

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.33

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.1

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 1.10 = 1226.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.1 TC(MIN.) = 10.70

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 12.11 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)= 0.07

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.331

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 44.31

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	Q (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	Intensity (INCH/HR)	Fp(Fm) (INCH/HR)	Ap	Ae (ACRES)	HEADWATER NODE
1	42.44	8.88	4.451	0.20(0.07)	0.33	10.4	200.00
2	44.31	10.70	4.001	0.20(0.07)	0.33	12.1	100.00

=====

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

▲

APPENDIX C

HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

C.1 - Detention Calculations

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<

=====
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 292.00
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 28.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 26.30

$$T_c = K * [(\text{LENGTH}^{\star\star} 3.00) / (\text{ELEVATION CHANGE})]^{\star\star} 0.20$$

SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM T_c (MIN.) = 7.692

* 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.780

SUBAREA T_c AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	Fp (INCH/HR)	Ap (DECIMAL)	SCS CN	Tc (MIN.)
COMMERCIAL	D	0.44	0.20	0.100	75	7.69

SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS LOSS RATE, F_p (INCH/HR) = 0.20
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.49
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.44 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.49

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 61

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>(STANDARD CURB SECTION USED)<<<<

=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 26.30 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 21.50
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 2400.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 36.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 5.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.29
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.46
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 15.25
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.31
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.61
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 30.54 T_c (MIN.) = 38.23
* 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.525

SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ LAND USE	SCS SOIL GROUP	AREA (ACRES)	Fp (INCH/HR)	Ap (DECIMAL)	SCS CN
COMMERCIAL	D	2.51	0.20	0.100	75

SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS LOSS RATE, F_p (INCH/HR) = 0.20
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVERIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.51 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.40
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.95 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.0 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.00

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.49 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.51
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.37 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 0.67
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 202.00 = 2692.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.0 TC(MIN.) = 38.23
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.95 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)= 0.02
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.100
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.00

=====

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

↑

NON-HOMOGENEOUS WATERSHED AREA-AVERAGED LOSS RATE (Fm)
AND LOW LOSS FRACTION ESTIMATIONS

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Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1580

Analysis prepared by:

Problem Descriptions:

LOS ALAMITOS
TTM 19263
PROPOSED Q25

*** NON-HOMOGENEOUS WATERSHED AREA-AVERAGED LOSS RATE (Fm)
AND LOW LOSS FRACTION ESTIMATIONS FOR AMC II:

TOTAL 24-HOUR DURATION RAINFALL DEPTH = 4.29 (inches)

SOIL-COVER TYPE	AREA (Acres)	PERCENT OF PREVIOUS AREA	SCS CURVE NUMBER	LOSS RATE Fp(in./hr.)	YIELD
1	12.12	35.00	75.	0.200	0.768

TOTAL AREA (Acres) = 12.12

AREA-AVERAGED LOSS RATE, \bar{F}_m (in./hr.) = 0.070

AREA-AVERAGED LOW LOSS FRACTION, \bar{Y} = 0.232

Problem Descriptions:

LOS ALAMITOS
TTM 19263
PROPOSED Q25

RATIONAL METHOD CALIBRATION COEFFICIENT = 0.94

TOTAL CATCHMENT AREA(ACRES) = 12.12

SOIL-LOSS RATE, F_m , (INCH/HR) = 0.070

LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.232

TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.00
 SMALL AREA PEAK Q COMPUTED USING PEAK FLOW RATE FORMULA
 ORANGE COUNTY "VALLEY" RAINFALL VALUES ARE USED
 RETURN FREQUENCY(YEARS) = 25
 5-MINUTE POINT RAINFALL VALUE(INCHES) = 0.40
 30-MINUTE POINT RAINFALL VALUE(INCHES) = 0.87
 1-HOUR POINT RAINFALL VALUE(INCHES) = 1.15
 3-HOUR POINT RAINFALL VALUE(INCHES) = 1.94
 6-HOUR POINT RAINFALL VALUE(INCHES) = 2.71
 24-HOUR POINT RAINFALL VALUE(INCHES) = 4.49

TOTAL CATCHMENT RUNOFF VOLUME(ACRE-FEET) = 3.46
 TOTAL CATCHMENT SOIL-LOSS VOLUME(ACRE-FEET) = 1.07

TIME (HOURS)	VOLUME (AF)	Q (CFS)	0.	10.0	20.0	30.0	40.0
-----------------	----------------	------------	----	------	------	------	------

0.05	0.0000	0.00	Q	.	.	.	.
0.23	0.0045	0.60	Q	.	.	.	.
0.42	0.0136	0.60	Q	.	.	.	.
0.60	0.0227	0.60	Q	.	.	.	.
0.78	0.0319	0.61	Q	.	.	.	.
0.97	0.0412	0.61	Q	.	.	.	.
1.15	0.0505	0.62	Q	.	.	.	.
1.33	0.0600	0.62	Q	.	.	.	.
1.52	0.0694	0.63	Q	.	.	.	.
1.70	0.0790	0.63	Q	.	.	.	.
1.88	0.0887	0.64	Q	.	.	.	.
2.07	0.0984	0.64	Q	.	.	.	.
2.25	0.1082	0.65	Q	.	.	.	.
2.43	0.1181	0.65	Q	.	.	.	.
2.62	0.1280	0.66	Q	.	.	.	.
2.80	0.1381	0.67	Q	.	.	.	.
2.98	0.1482	0.67	Q	.	.	.	.
3.17	0.1585	0.68	Q	.	.	.	.
3.35	0.1688	0.69	Q	.	.	.	.
3.53	0.1792	0.69	Q	.	.	.	.
3.72	0.1898	0.70	Q	.	.	.	.
3.90	0.2004	0.70	Q	.	.	.	.
4.08	0.2111	0.71	Q	.	.	.	.
4.27	0.2219	0.72	Q	.	.	.	.
4.45	0.2329	0.73	Q	.	.	.	.
4.63	0.2439	0.73	Q	.	.	.	.
4.82	0.2550	0.74	Q	.	.	.	.
5.00	0.2663	0.75	Q	.	.	.	.
5.18	0.2777	0.76	Q	.	.	.	.
5.37	0.2892	0.76	Q	.	.	.	.

5.55	0.3008	0.77	Q	.	.	.	.	.
5.73	0.3126	0.78	Q	.	.	.	.	.
5.92	0.3245	0.79	Q	.	.	.	.	.
6.10	0.3365	0.80	Q	.	.	.	.	.
6.28	0.3487	0.81	Q	.	.	.	.	.
6.47	0.3610	0.82	Q	.	.	.	.	.
6.65	0.3735	0.83	Q	.	.	.	.	.
6.83	0.3861	0.84	Q	.	.	.	.	.
7.02	0.3989	0.85	Q	.	.	.	.	.
7.20	0.4118	0.86	Q	.	.	.	.	.
7.38	0.4249	0.87	Q	.	.	.	.	.
7.57	0.4382	0.88	Q	.	.	.	.	.
7.75	0.4517	0.90	Q	.	.	.	.	.
7.93	0.4653	0.91	Q	.	.	.	.	.
8.12	0.4792	0.92	Q	.	.	.	.	.
8.30	0.4932	0.93	Q	.	.	.	.	.
8.48	0.5075	0.95	Q	.	.	.	.	.
8.67	0.5220	0.96	Q	.	.	.	.	.
8.85	0.5367	0.98	Q	.	.	.	.	.
9.03	0.5516	0.99	Q	.	.	.	.	.
9.22	0.5668	1.01	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
9.40	0.5823	1.03	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
9.58	0.5980	1.05	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
9.77	0.6140	1.06	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
9.95	0.6303	1.09	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
10.13	0.6469	1.10	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
10.32	0.6639	1.13	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
10.50	0.6811	1.15	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
10.68	0.6988	1.18	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
10.87	0.7168	1.20	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
11.05	0.7352	1.23	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
11.23	0.7540	1.25	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
11.42	0.7733	1.29	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
11.60	0.7931	1.32	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
11.78	0.8134	1.36	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
11.97	0.8342	1.39	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
12.15	0.8582	1.78	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
12.33	0.8864	1.94	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
12.52	0.9162	2.00	. Q	.	.	.	.	.
12.70	0.9469	2.04	. Q	.	.	.	.	.
12.88	0.9784	2.12	. Q	.	.	.	.	.
13.07	1.0108	2.16	. Q	.	.	.	.	.
13.25	1.0443	2.26	. Q	.	.	.	.	.
13.43	1.0789	2.31	. Q	.	.	.	.	.
13.62	1.1147	2.42	. Q	.	.	.	.	.
13.80	1.1518	2.48	. Q	.	.	.	.	.
13.98	1.1905	2.63	. Q	.	.	.	.	.
14.17	1.2310	2.72	. Q	.	.	.	.	.
14.35	1.2738	2.93	. Q	.	.	.	.	.
14.53	1.3192	3.07	. Q	.	.	.	.	.

14.72	1.3684	3.41	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
14.90	1.4216	3.62	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
15.08	1.4803	4.13	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
15.27	1.5455	4.47	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
15.45	1.6170	4.96	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
15.63	1.6933	5.11	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
15.82	1.7934	8.10	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
16.00	1.9413	11.44	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
16.18	2.2862	34.08	.	Q	.	.	.	.	Q	.
16.37	2.5905	6.08	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
16.55	2.6735	4.88	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
16.73	2.7397	3.85	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
16.92	2.7933	3.23	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
17.10	2.8391	2.80	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
17.28	2.8796	2.55	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
17.47	2.9168	2.36	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
17.65	2.9515	2.21	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
17.83	2.9839	2.08	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
18.02	3.0146	1.97	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
18.20	3.0402	1.41	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
18.38	3.0611	1.34	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
18.57	3.0809	1.27	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
18.75	3.0997	1.22	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
18.93	3.1177	1.16	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
19.12	3.1350	1.12	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
19.30	3.1516	1.08	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
19.48	3.1676	1.04	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
19.67	3.1831	1.00	.	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
19.85	3.1980	0.97	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
20.03	3.2125	0.94	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
20.22	3.2266	0.91	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
20.40	3.2403	0.89	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
20.58	3.2535	0.87	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
20.77	3.2665	0.84	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
20.95	3.2791	0.82	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
21.13	3.2914	0.80	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
21.32	3.3035	0.79	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
21.50	3.3152	0.77	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
21.68	3.3267	0.75	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
21.87	3.3380	0.74	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
22.05	3.3490	0.72	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
22.23	3.3599	0.71	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
22.42	3.3705	0.69	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
22.60	3.3809	0.68	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
22.78	3.3911	0.67	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
22.97	3.4012	0.66	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
23.15	3.4111	0.65	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
23.33	3.4208	0.64	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
23.52	3.4304	0.63	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
23.70	3.4398	0.62	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

23.88	3.4491	0.61	Q	.	.	.	.
24.07	3.4582	0.60	Q	.	.	.	.
24.25	3.4627	0.00	Q	.	.	.	.

TIME DURATION(minutes) OF PERCENTILES OF ESTIMATED PEAK FLOW RATE:

(Note: 100% of Peak Flow Rate estimate assumed to have
an instantaneous time duration)

Percentile of Estimated Peak Flow Rate	Duration (minutes)
0%	1441.0
10%	132.0
20%	33.0
30%	22.0
40%	11.0
50%	11.0
60%	11.0
70%	11.0
80%	11.0
90%	11.0

NON-HOMOGENEOUS WATERSHED AREA-AVERAGED LOSS RATE (Fm)
AND LOW LOSS FRACTION ESTIMATIONS

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Ver. 21.0 Release Date: 06/01/2014 License ID 1580

Analysis prepared by:

Problem Descriptions:

LOS ALAMITOS
TTM 19263
EXISTING Q25 OFFSITE

*** NON-HOMOGENEOUS WATERSHED AREA-AVERAGED LOSS RATE (Fm)
AND LOW LOSS FRACTION ESTIMATIONS FOR AMC II:

TOTAL 24-HOUR DURATION RAINFALL DEPTH = 4.29 (inches)

SOIL-COVER TYPE	AREA (Acres)	PERCENT OF PREVIOUS AREA	SCS CURVE NUMBER	LOSS RATE Fp(in./hr.)	YIELD
1	2.95	0.00	98.	0.200	0.945

TOTAL AREA (Acres) = 2.95

AREA-AVERAGED LOSS RATE, \bar{F}_m (in./hr.) = 0.000

AREA-AVERAGED LOW LOSS FRACTION, \bar{Y} = 0.055

Problem Descriptions:

LOS ALAMITOS
TTM 19263
EXISTING Q25 OFFSITE

RATIONAL METHOD CALIBRATION COEFFICIENT = 0.90

TOTAL CATCHMENT AREA(ACRES) = 2.95

SOIL-LOSS RATE, F_m , (INCH/HR) = 0.000

LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.055

TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 38.23
 SMALL AREA PEAK Q COMPUTED USING PEAK FLOW RATE FORMULA
 ORANGE COUNTY "VALLEY" RAINFALL VALUES ARE USED
 RETURN FREQUENCY(YEARS) = 25
 5-MINUTE POINT RAINFALL VALUE(INCHES) = 0.40
 30-MINUTE POINT RAINFALL VALUE(INCHES) = 0.87
 1-HOUR POINT RAINFALL VALUE(INCHES) = 1.15
 3-HOUR POINT RAINFALL VALUE(INCHES) = 1.94
 6-HOUR POINT RAINFALL VALUE(INCHES) = 2.71
 24-HOUR POINT RAINFALL VALUE(INCHES) = 4.49

TOTAL CATCHMENT RUNOFF VOLUME(ACRE-FEET) = 0.99
 TOTAL CATCHMENT SOIL-LOSS VOLUME(ACRE-FEET) = 0.12

TIME (HOURS)	VOLUME (AF)	Q (CFS)	0.	2.5	5.0	7.5	10.0
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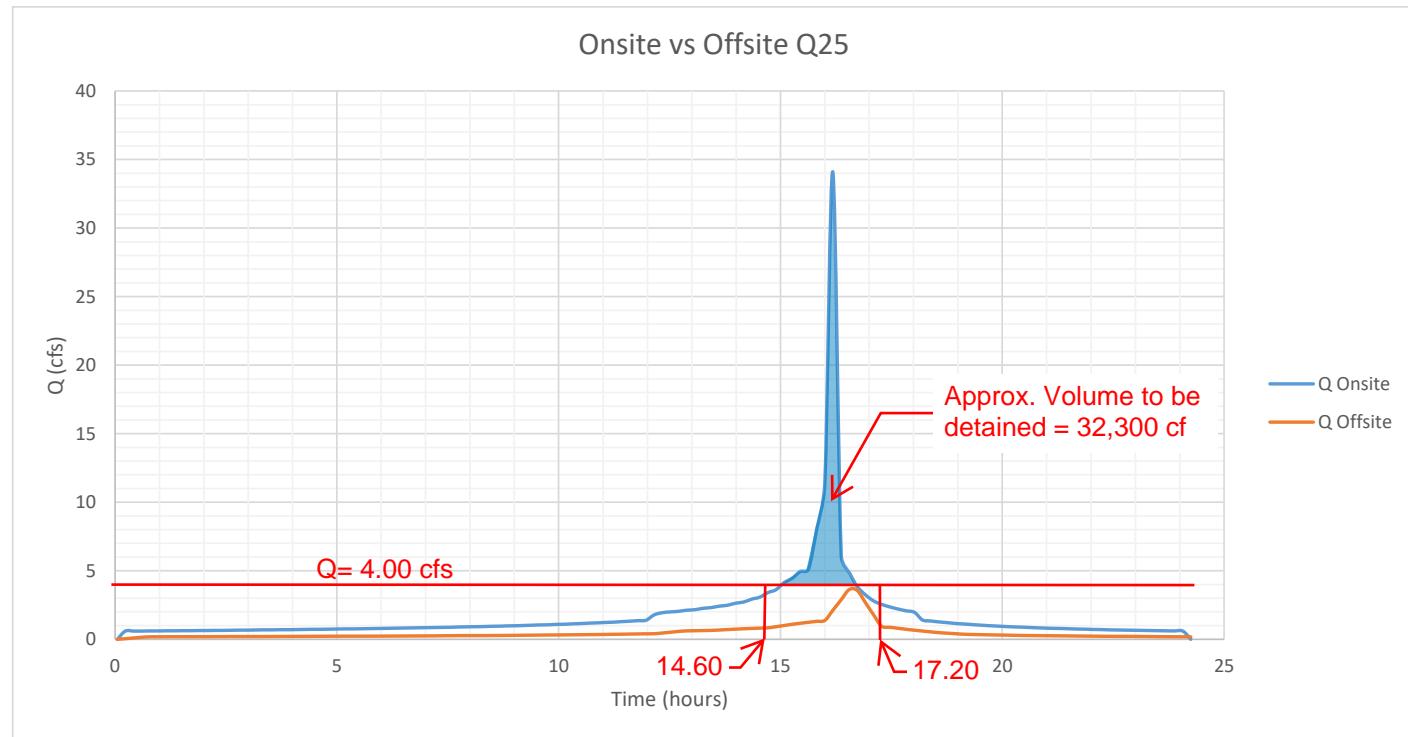
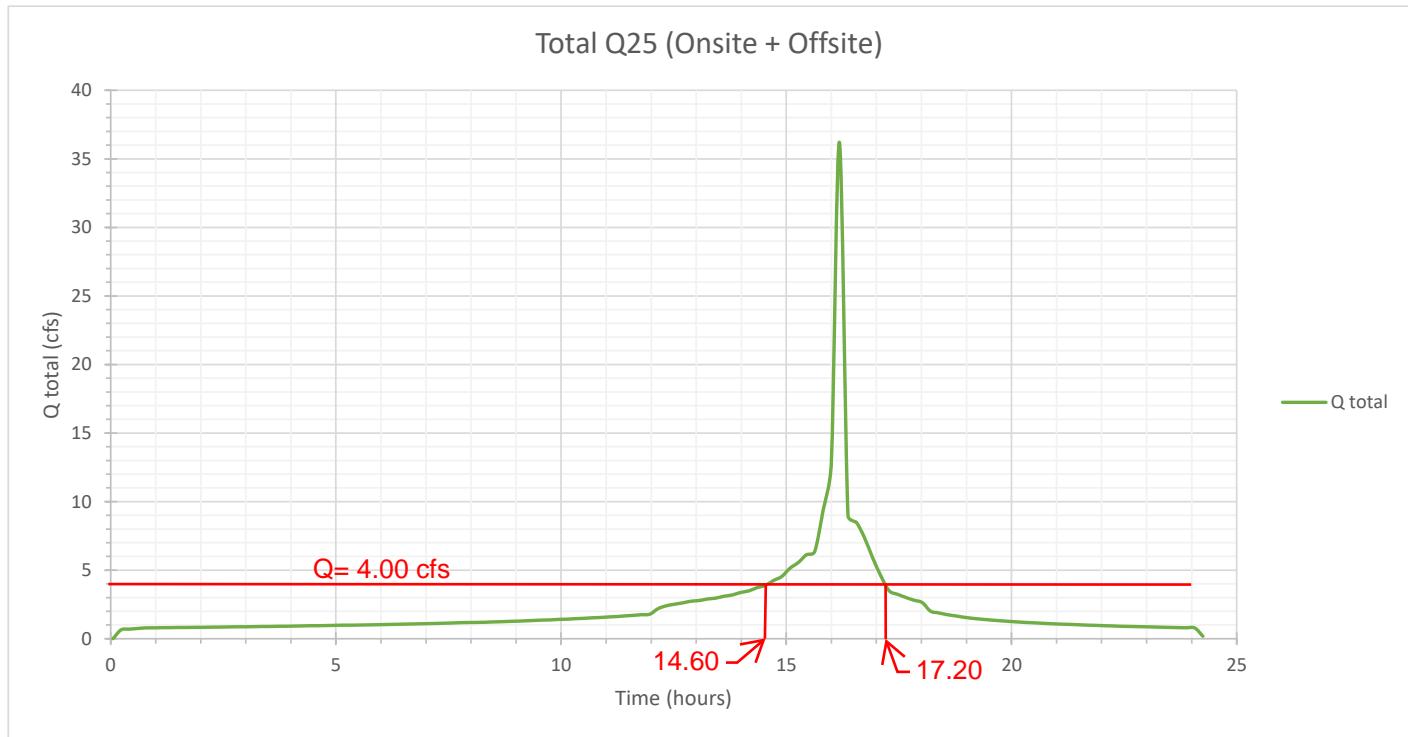
0.07	0.0000	0.00	Q
0.71	0.0048	0.18	Q
1.35	0.0145	0.19	Q
1.98	0.0245	0.19	Q
2.62	0.0348	0.20	Q
3.26	0.0453	0.20	Q
3.89	0.0562	0.21	Q	.	.	.	.
4.53	0.0675	0.22	Q	.	.	.	.
5.17	0.0791	0.23	Q	.	.	.	.
5.81	0.0912	0.23	Q	.	.	.	.
6.44	0.1037	0.24	Q	.	.	.	.
7.08	0.1168	0.25	.Q	.	.	.	.
7.72	0.1304	0.27	.Q	.	.	.	.
8.35	0.1447	0.27	.Q	.	.	.	.
8.99	0.1596	0.29	.Q	.	.	.	.
9.63	0.1755	0.31	.Q	.	.	.	.
10.27	0.1922	0.33	.Q	.	.	.	.
10.90	0.2101	0.35	.Q	.	.	.	.
11.54	0.2294	0.38	.Q	.	.	.	.
12.18	0.2503	0.41	.Q	.	.	.	.
12.81	0.2771	0.61	. Q	.	.	.	.
13.45	0.3103	0.65	. Q	.	.	.	.
14.09	0.3476	0.76	. Q	.	.	.	.
14.73	0.3898	0.84	. Q	.	.	.	.
15.36	0.4421	1.14	. Q	.	.	.	.
16.00	0.5086	1.38	. Q	.	.	.	.
16.64	0.6502	4.00	.	.	Q	.	.
17.27	0.7807	0.96	. Q	.	.	.	.
17.91	0.8243	0.70	. Q	.	.	.	.
18.55	0.8558	0.49	. Q	.	.	.	.

19.19	0.8784	0.36	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
19.82	0.8964	0.32	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
20.46	0.9123	0.28	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
21.10	0.9266	0.26	.Q	.	.	.	.	.
21.73	0.9396	0.24	Q	.	.	.	.	.
22.37	0.9517	0.22	Q	.	.	.	.	.
23.01	0.9630	0.21	Q	.	.	.	.	.
23.65	0.9735	0.19	Q	.	.	.	.	.
24.28	0.9835	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.	.
24.92	0.9884	0.00	Q	.	.	.	.	.

TIME DURATION(minutes) OF PERCENTILES OF ESTIMATED PEAK FLOW RATE:

(Note: 100% of Peak Flow Rate estimate assumed to have
an instantaneous time duration)

Percentile of Estimated Peak Flow Rate	Duration (minutes)
0%	1452.7
10%	420.5
20%	191.1
30%	76.5
40%	38.2
50%	38.2
60%	38.2
70%	38.2
80%	38.2
90%	38.2



C.2 - Street Flows

Q25 Street Flow Depth on North Side of Lampson Ave (per X4+X5) Section A-A

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Friday, Aug 25 2023

Q vs Depth_Half-Street to median 29 ft

User-defined

Invert Elev (ft)	= 20.61
Slope (%)	= 0.20
N-Value	= 0.015

Calculations

Compute by:	Known Q
Known Q (cfs)	= 4.00

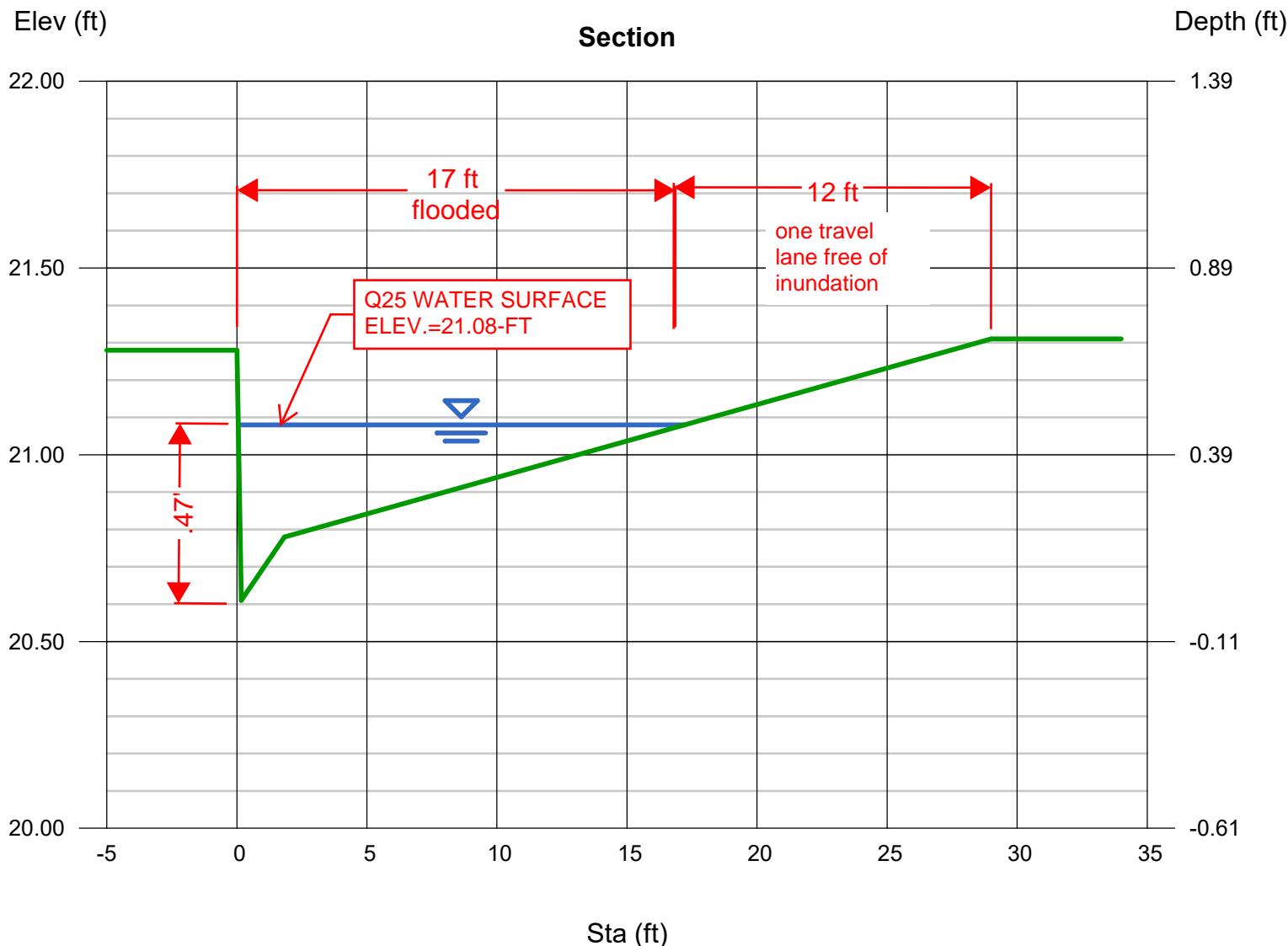
(Sta, El, n)-(Sta, El, n)...

(0.00, 21.28)-(0.17, 20.61, 0.015)-(1.83, 20.78, 0.015)-(29.00, 21.31, 0.015)

Highlighted

Depth (ft)	= 0.47
Q (cfs)	= 4.000
Area (sqft)	= 2.97
Velocity (ft/s)	= 1.34
Wetted Perim (ft)	= 17.54
Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.40
Top Width (ft)	= 17.16
EGL (ft)	= 0.50

Per Basin X4 + X5 contributing flows, street flooded ~17 ft, leaving 12 ft travel lane free of flooding.



Channel Report

Q vs Depth_Half-Street to median 29 ft - Q100

User-defined

Invert Elev (ft) = 20.61
Slope (%) = 0.20
N-Value = 0.015

Calculations

Compute by: Known Q
Known Q (cfs) = 49.51

Highlighted

Depth (ft) = 1.01
Q (cfs) = 49.51
Area (sqft) = 20.16
Velocity (ft/s) = 2.46
Wetted Perim (ft) = 46.85
Crit Depth, Yc (ft) = 0.88
Top Width (ft) = 46.00
EGL (ft) = 1.10

(Sta, El, n)-(Sta, El, n)...

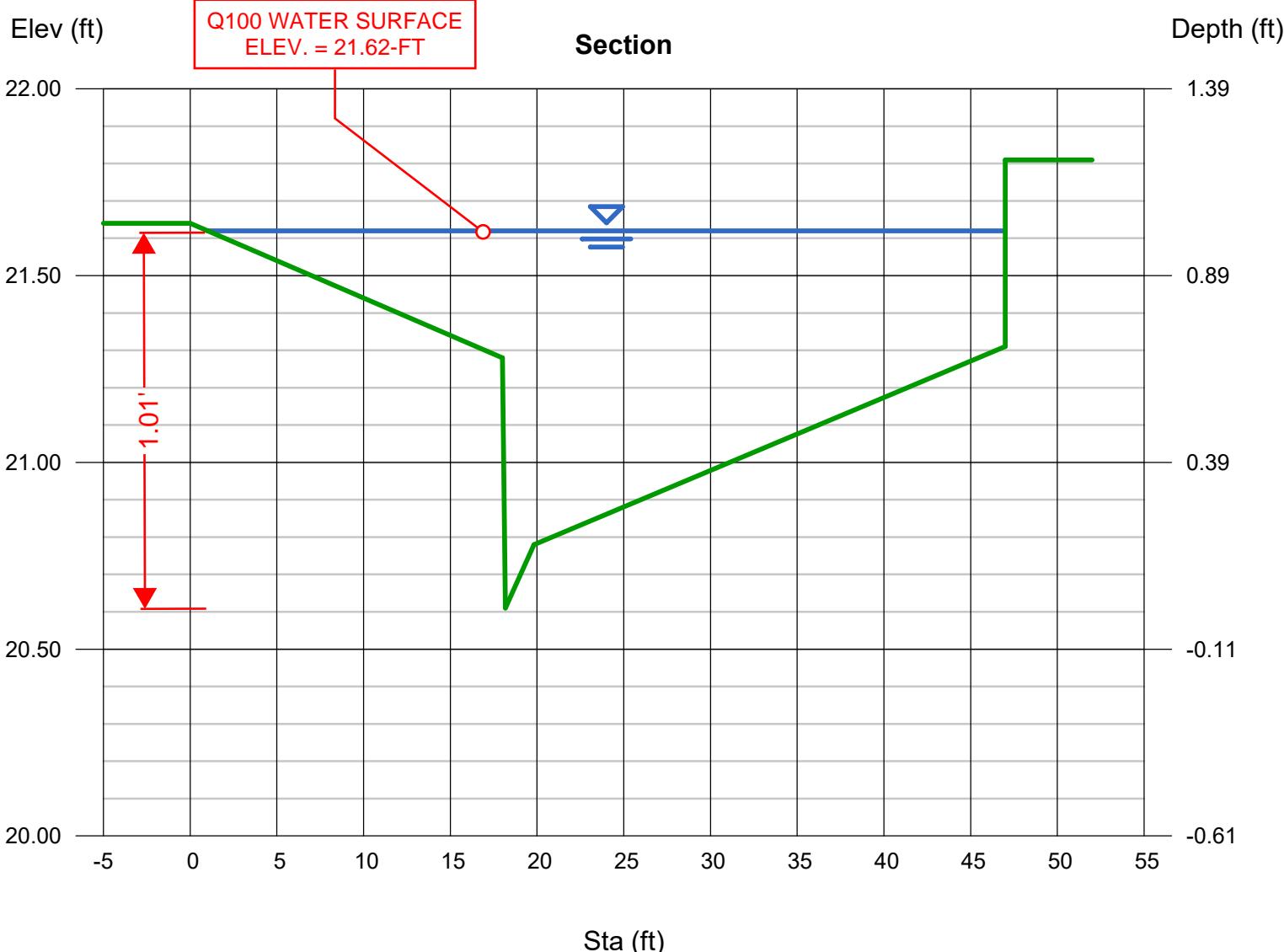
(0.00, 21.64)-(18.00, 21.28, 0.015)-(18.17, 20.61, 0.015)-(19.83, 20.78, 0.015)-(47.00, 21.31, 0.015)-(47.00, 21.81, 0.015)

Per Basin X4 + X5 contributing flows with onsite Q100 peak flow rate:

$$5.20 + 44.31 = 49.51 \text{ cfs}$$

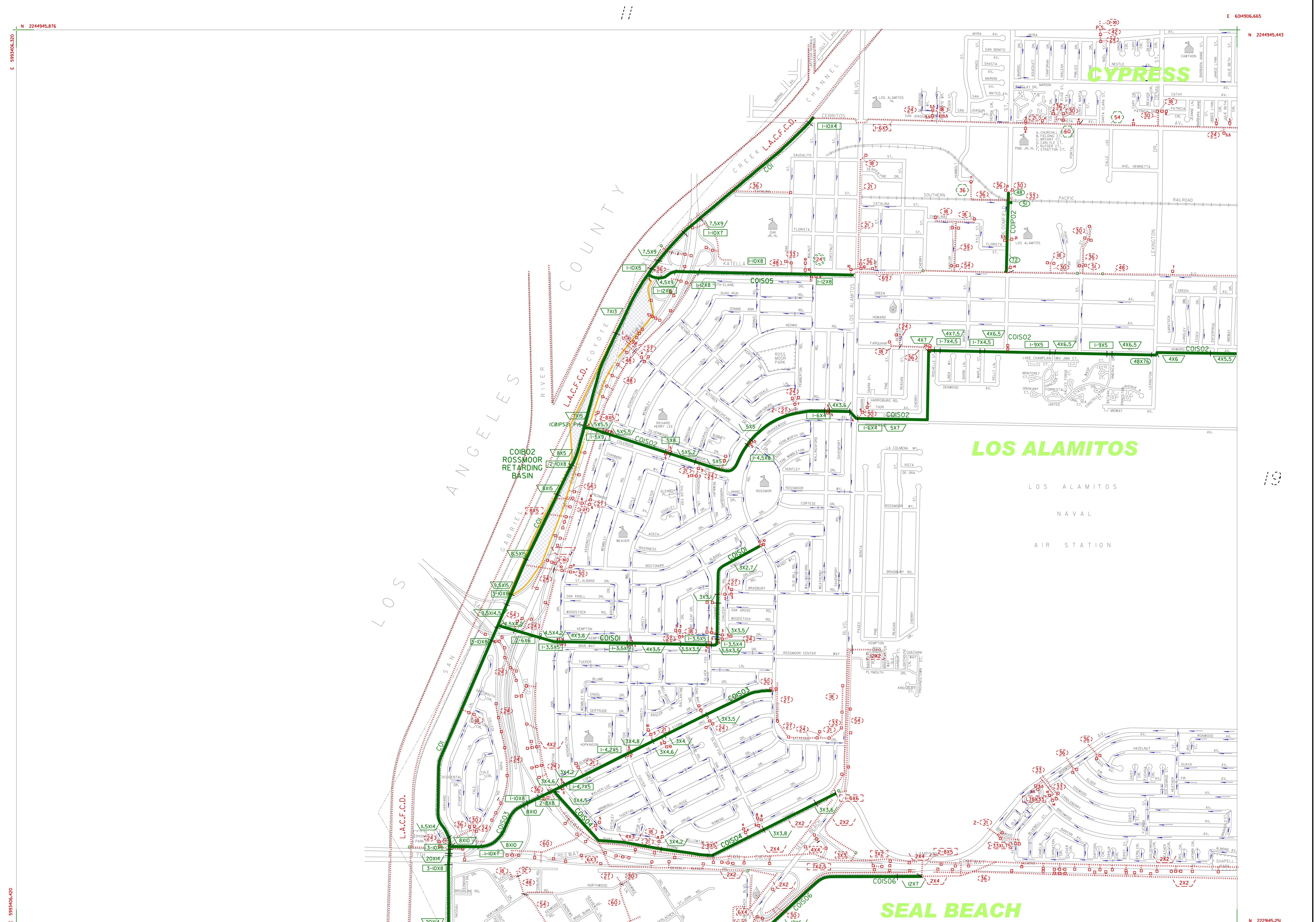
Lowest Building FF - Q100 Surface Elevation:

25.10' - 21.62' = 3.48' > 1'; therefore satisfy OC flood protection goals.

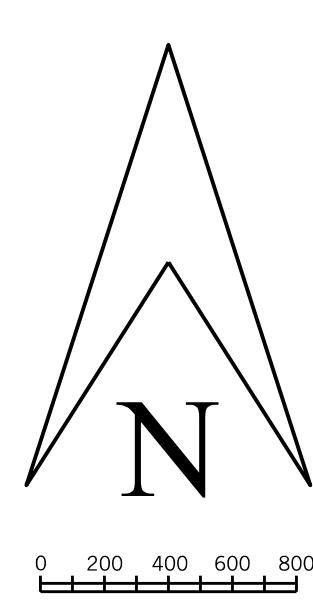


APPENDIX D

REFERENCE MATERIALS



18



NOTICE

NOTICE

The drainage information has been prepared for information purposes only. The location, ownership, facility information and limits have been determined from available information provided by public agencies, but may not be exact, accurate, or up-to-date. The user of this information is responsible for verifying exact location, ownership, accuracy, and the regional versus local character of drainage facilities.

Additional information may be obtained from public plans and recorded deeds. Facility designations included with this information are for convenience only and are not controlling or intended to imply ownership by the County or the Orange County Flood Control District (OCFCD). The information is being provided as a courtesy and neither the County of Orange nor OCFCD assume any liabilities for inaccuracy of the information.

To notify OC Public Works Flood Control Section of additions or corrections, please contact Sal Gutierrez at (714) 834-5396 or by email at sal.gutierrez@ocpw.ocgov.com

ORANGE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT


**BASE MAP
OF DRAINAGE FACILITIES
IN ORANGE COUNTY**

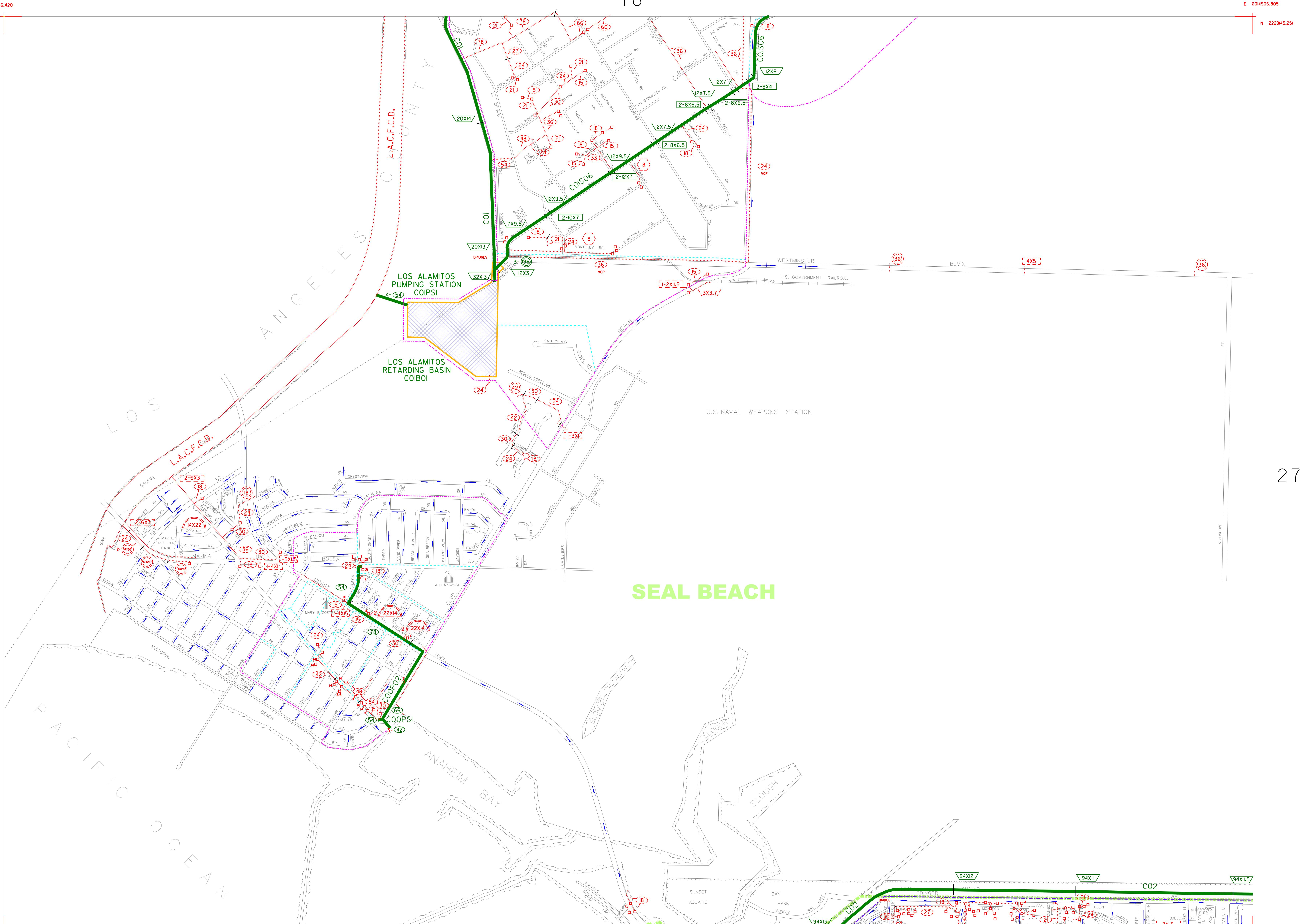
The legend consists of two columns. The left column contains symbols and labels, while the right column contains their corresponding descriptions.

- Channel Drainage Area Boundary:** Dashed purple line
- Major Sub-Area Drainage Boundary:** Dashed magenta line
- Minor Sub-Area Drainage Boundary:** Dashed cyan line
- Existing O.C.F.C.D. Facility:** Thick black bar
- Existing Local Facility:** Dotted red line
- Existing Retarding Basin or Reservoir:** Solid red line
- Natural Watercourse:** Dashed green line
- City Limits:** Green dotted line
- Greenbelt:** Green dotted line
- Pump Station:** Two letters "G" in green and red above the text "P.S." in green and red respectively.
- Catch Basin (length in feet):** Red square symbol
- Drop Inlet or Other Entry:** Red circle symbol
- OCFCD Basins or Reservoirs:** Yellow box with a blue cross-hatch pattern

EXISTING FACILITIES	
O.C.F.C.D.	LOCAL
	 Earth Trapezoidal Channel (base width by height in feet)
	 Reinforced Concrete Trapezoidal Channel (base width by height in feet)
	 Reinforced Concrete Rectangular Channel (base width by height in feet)
	 Reinforced Concrete Box (RCB) (number of barrels-span by height in feet)
	 Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP) (diameter in inches)
	 Metal Sheet Channel (MSC) (Base width by pile height in feet/Sheet pile total length)
	 Corrugated Metal Pipe (CMP) (diameter in inches)
	 Concrete Pipe (diameter in inches)
	 Concrete Oval Pipe (width by height in inches)
	 Steel Pipe (diameter in inches)
	 Reinforced Concrete Arch (base span by height in inches)
	 Corrugated Metal Arch (base open by height in inches)

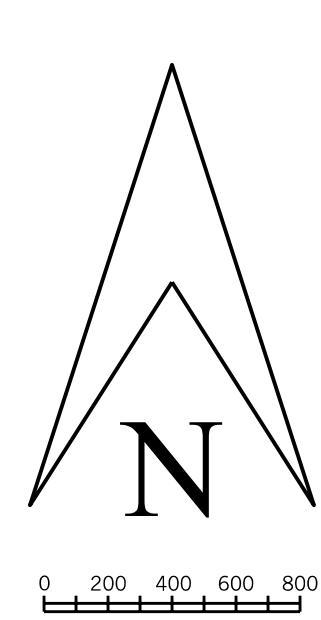
18





ORANGE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
BASE MAP
OF DRAINAGE FACILITIES
IN ORANGE COUNTY

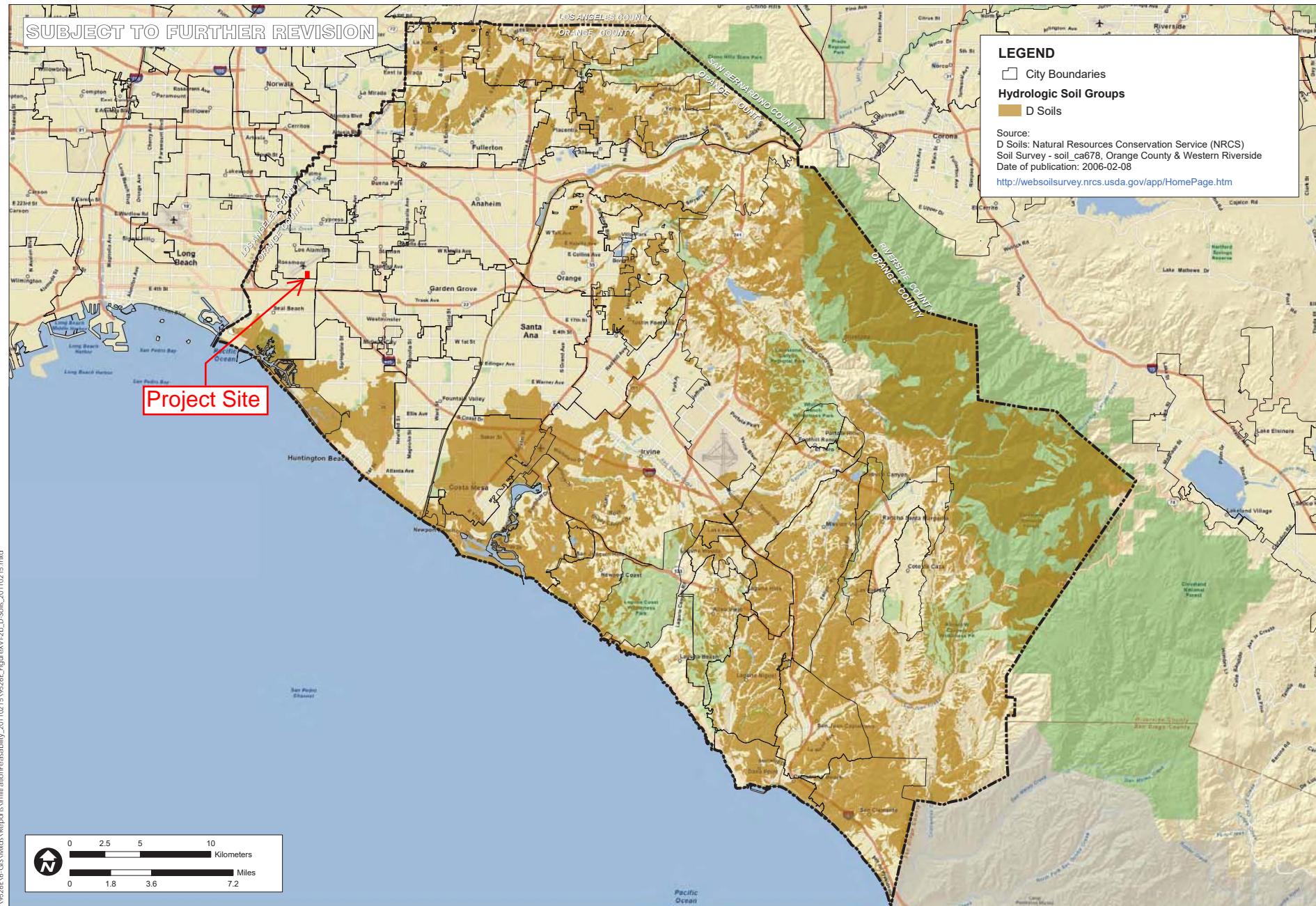
REVISION S. GUTIERREZ DATE MAR 7, 2007 SHEET NO. 26 DWG. NO. MAPS-113-3



0 200 400 600 800 FEET

APPENDIX E

SOILS MAP



**HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP
TYPE D NRCS SOIL SURVEY**

**ORANGE COUNTY
INFILTRATION STUDY**

CA

PACE
Advanced Water Engineering

FIGURE XVI-2b

DESIGNED TH
DRAWING TH
CHECKED BD
DATE 02/09/11
JOB NO. 9226-E