

CEQA EXEMPTION / NEPA CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION DETERMINATION FORM (rev. 04/2022)

DETERMINATION FORM (rev. 04/2022)				
Project Informati	<u>on</u>			
Project Name (if	applicable): ∟	A 710 Broadband Middle M	ile Network	
DIST-CO-RTE: 07	'-LA-710	PM/PM: 6.9/26.5	j	
EA : 38320	Federal-Aid	d Project Number:		
Project Descripti	<u>on</u>			
Mile Network iden Department of Tectrenching, trenchle approved Caltrans due to Section 210 hub and conduit me performed with	tified in the Intechnology. Insta ess technologies Structures de 080.51 of the O narkers that are in Caltrans Riç		en Caltrans and the it and fiber will include tallation on structures using ted, by statute, from CEQA	
	e – Caltrans is	(Check one) not the CEQA Lead Agency as prepared an IS or EIR und		
 ☑ Exempt by Sta ☐ Categorically I ☐ No except 21084 and ☑ Covered by the exempt class, 	atute. (PRC 21 Exempt. Class ions apply that I 14 CCR 1530 e Common Se but it can be se	s proposal and supporting in 1080[b]; 14 CCR 15260 et so s Enter class. (PRC 21084; t would bar the use of a cate 100.2). See the SER Chapter ense Exemption. This project een with certainty that there are effect on the environment	eq.) 14 CCR 15300 et seq.) egorical exemption (PRC r 34 for exceptions. ect does not fall within an is no possibility that the	
Senior Environm	ental Planner	or Environmental Branch	Chief	
Jason Roach		17	6/14/22	
Print Name		Signature	Date	

Project Manager

Akm Tareque A.K.M. Taregue O6/14/2022

Print Name Signature Date



Caltrans NEPA Determination (C	heck one)	
□ Not Applicable		
Caltrans has determined that this pas defined by NEPA, and that there CFR 771.117(b). See SER Chapte is categorically excluded from the rand is included under the following	e are no unusual circum r 30 for unusual circum equirements to prepare	nstances as described in 23 stances. As such, the project
	rmination pursuant to 2 ted April 18, 2022, exe that the project is a Ca	3 USC 326 and the cuted between FHWA and
☐ 23 CFR 771.117(d): activit	ty (d)(Enter activity nu	mber)
☐ Activity Enter activity nur FHWA and Caltrans	• • • • •	
☐ 23 USC 327: Based on an exam	nination of this proposal	and supporting information
Caltrans has determined that the p	• •	•
The environmental review, consulta	,	
Federal environmental laws for this		
Caltrans pursuant to 23 USC 327 a	and the Memorandum o	f Understanding dated [*]
December 23, 2016 and executed	by FHWA and Caltrans	
Senior Environmental Planner o	r Environmental Brand	ch Chief
Jason Roach		6/14/22
Print Name	Signature	Date
Project Manager/ DLA Engineer		
AKM Tareque	A.K.M. Tareque	06/14/2022
Print Name	Signature	= <u>p/ - 1/ = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = </u>
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Date of Environmental Commitment Record or equivalent: Enter date

appropriate (e.g., additional studies and design conditions).

Briefly list environmental commitments on continuation sheet if needed (i.e., not necessary if included on an attached ECR). Reference additional information, as



Continuation sheet:

Biological Resources:

Tree Protection

The cumulative loss of trees, if any, during a single nesting season would cause a reduction in the tree inventory and nesting habitat. Removal of dense vegetation could potentially impact monarch butterflies by reducing suitable roosting sites. Removal of trees are not authorized.

When working around trees, certain precautions must be taken to avoid impacting the integrity of trees in the construction areas. When broad band conduits are being constructed, areas within the canopy area of nearby trees should be avoided. If construction must take place within the canopy area, no more than 25% of the canopy may be trimmed. In addition, no more than 10% of the root systems of the tree may be impacted, otherwise it will compromise the tree and cause stress that can become a roadside hazard if the tree falls.

Bird Nesting

It is recommended that all vegetation removal occur outside of the bird nesting season. Bird nesting season is normally February 1st through September 1st. Should vegetation need to be removed during this period, the Resident Engineer (RE) shall coordinate with the District Biologist and notify them two weeks prior to construction to determine if birds are nesting within the project area.

There is potential for the presence of migratory birds within the BSA. If vegetation removal is conducted during bird nesting season (as mentioned above), the proposed project must comply with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (16 U.S.C. 703-711) by implementing measures to avoid and minimize impacts to nesting birds by conducting bird nesting surveys prior to the start of work and enforcing appropriate buffers around any active nests.

Hazardous Waste:

Minimal Disturbance of Material Containing Hazardous Waste Concentration of Aerially Deposited Lead

The proposed 18.64 miles of installation by trenching and any placement of permanent or temporary stationary mounted construction area signposts (at unpaved areas) are considered minimal disturbance of soil with hazardous waste concentrations of ADL. Minimal soil disturbance work occurs when there is no ADL soil generated that requires removal from the project or displaced to areas other than the immediate area of disturbance. Soils displaced during trenching activities to install the broadband conduits must be returned to the immediate trenched area. According to Caltrans' ADL Guidance

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Document, the United States Environmental Protection Agency allows certain discrete areas of generally dispersed contamination to be considered as individual waste management unit. These discrete areas are defined as Areas of Contamination (AOCs). An AOC is equated to a single unit; therefore movement, consolidation, or in-situ treatment of hazardous waste within the AOC does not create a new point of hazardous waste generation. For an AOC, contamination must be contiguous but can have various concentrations. The Department of Toxic Substances Control allows Caltrans to apply AOC approach to projects that will only cause minimal disturbances of soil containing hazardous waste concentrations of aerially deposited lead. All soil disturbed must remain in the immediate area of disturbance and not be transported elsewhere. Health and safety precautions and dust control when disturbing the ADL soil must be implemented. It is important to notify the Contractor that lead is present and allow for preparation of a task-specific Lead Compliance Plan (LCP) and lead awareness training as required by Title 8, Section 1532.1 of the California Code of Regulations (8CCR) and Cal-OSHA Construction Safety Order. SSP 14-11.09 Minimal Disturbance of Regulated Material Containing Aerially Deposited Lead will need to be prepared for this project.

Material Containing Hazardous Waste Concentrations of Aerially Deposited Lead

It is expected that the approximately 2,041 feet or 0.39 miles of proposed boring for the broadband installation using trenchless technologies will generate approximately 8 cubic yards of excess soil potentially contaminated with ADL.

OEE recommends a file review along with a project-specific site investigation (SI) to evaluate and determine the extent of the ADL and other contamination at the proposed work areas along the 20 mile stretch of SR-710. The site investigation and any available file data will assist the Contractor in developing a task-specific Lead Compliance Plan and Excavation Transportation Plan for special handling and management of ADL impacted soil as stipulated in the standard special provisions (SSPs), Standard Specifications, 8CCR, Section 1532.1, "Lead", Cal-OSHA Construction Safety Order. SSP 14-11.08 Regulated Material Containing Aerially Deposited Lead may need to be prepared for this Project.

For estimating this portion of the Project's cost, since an ADL investigation has not been performed at all locations along the project area, it is recommended that all excess soil generated from the installation of the broadband conduits by boring work be classified as Roadway/Structural Excavation (Type Z-2) Material. This material is required to be properly managed and transported as a California Hazardous Waste (non-RCRA) and disposed at a permitted California Class I Disposal Facility.

Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) and Lead Base Paint (LBP)

From the PSR-PR it is unclear how the approximately 8,101 feet or 1.53 miles of broadband will be installed on existing structures. The attached *List of Works (LA 710-EA383200) (PM 6.9 to PM 26.5)* identified over 42 bridges where the broadband will be installed. The PSR-PR stated that broadband conduits may be installed in conjunction with Caltrans conduits on structures using the appropriate approved Caltrans Structures design; however, this scope of work for the Project has not been finalized or detailed.

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Although the installation of the broadband conduits on the bridge structures appears not to be intrusive, it is necessary to determine if the any asbestos containing material (ACM) or lead base paint (LBP) will be disturbed during the installations. Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) and Lead Base Paint (LBP) surveys at the proposed bridge locations may be required for the bridges without historical ACM/LBP data. Also, a Health and Safety Plan will be required to protect workers from potential exposure to asbestos and lead-based paint during the work activities. The Health and Safety Plan shall contain requirements of Cal/OSHA regulations 8 CCR § 1532.1. SSP 14-11.13-Disturbance of Existing Paint Systems on Bridges and SSP 14-11.16-Asbestos-Containing Construction Materials in Bridges may need to be prepared for this Project.

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