

February 18th, 2021

PRELIMINARY HYDROLOGY STUDY

For

French Valley Development

Highway 79 & Briggs Road
Murrieta, CA 92563

Prepared for:

DMSD Property, LLC

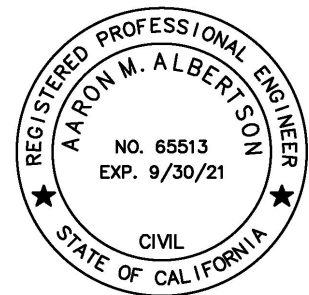
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- Attachment 2 – Existing Drainage Map & Runoff Calculations**
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- Attachment 4 – SMRHP Calculations**
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I. INTRODUCTION

Background/Purpose

The purpose of this study is to determine the incremental increase from existing and proposed site condition for comparison purposes. Stormwater runoff for 2, 10, and 100-year storm events are analyzed for a proposed commercial development in the unincorporated area of Riverside County (see vicinity map in Attachment 1). Runoff results will be used to size the new storm drain system. This study also demonstrates the mitigation measures to reduce the increased flows due to the project site developments. Project site runoff will be treated prior to releasing to downstream water courses to satisfy Low Impact Development (LID) requirements. The development is being completed by DMSD Property, LLC. The project site is located at the intersection of Briggs Road and Highway 79 (Winchester Road) and the APN is 963-070-052. The project site is bounded by Benton Crossing development to the north, Briggs Road to the east, undeveloped land to the south, and Highway 79 (Winchester Road) to the east. The project site and studied area consists of 2.17 acres (94,330 sq-ft).

The project site is currently an undeveloped, vacant lot. There is an existing storm drain drop inlet at the northwestern property line along Highway 79. This connects to the adjacent storm drain inlet in the public right-of-way and discharges across the highway. The public storm drain system is owned by the County of Riverside. Existing utilities will remain protected in place as required. The project proposes to construct two new quick service restaurants (Jack in the Box and Taco Bell) with one drive-thru lane each. Proposed site improvements include AC pavement parking lot, concrete hardscape, an underground detention and storm drain system, biofiltration basins for water quality treatment, two covered trash enclosures, incidental utilities, and new landscape areas throughout the site.

The project site is located within the Santa Margarita Watershed within Riverside County. The County owns the storm drain system that project runoff flows to. Runoff flows to Warm Springs Creek, Murrieta Creek, Santa Margarita (Upper), Santa Margarita (Lower), Santa Margarita Estuary, then ultimately discharges to the Pacific Ocean.

II. DESIGN CRITERIA AND ASSUMPTIONS

Hydrology Methodology

As recommended in the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Hydrology Manual, the rational method was used to calculate the design discharge for the local drainage areas since the watershed area to the proposed storm drain systems is less than one square mile. Hydrologic calculations to determine the 2-year, 10-year and 100-year discharges at critical locations were performed using the Riverside County Rational Method. A technical description of the rational method is provided in the Hydrology Manual dated April 1978.

The hydrology calculations are based on the Riverside County Hydrology Program, as incorporated by Advanced Engineering Software (AES) for determining peak runoff. The equations, charts, precipitation data, rainfall intensity curves used are from the Hydrology Manual. The rational method was used to calculate the 2-year, 10-year and 100-year storm frequency peak flow rates for a 1-hour storm event. The design discharges were computed by generating a hydrologic “link-node” model which divides the area into subareas, each tributary to a concentration point or hydrologic “node” point determined by the proposed site layout. The results of the hydrologic calculations were used to design the required storm drain facilities.

Hydrologic parameters used in the analysis include:

Soil type

Hydrologic soil ratings are based on a scale of A through D, where A is the most pervious, providing the least runoff. Per the soil map from NRCS (see Attachment 1), the study area consists of Soil Type C soil.

1-hour rainfall precipitation

Per NOAA Atlas 14, Vol. 6, Version 2 (see Attachment 1) the 2-year, 1-hour rainfall precipitation is 0.50 in and the 100-year, 1-hour rainfall is 1.20 in.

Slope of intensity duration curve

Per RCFCD Hydrology Manual (Plate D-4.6), the slope of the intensity duration curve is assumed to be 0.56 for the studied area.

Antecedent Moisture Condition (AMC)

Per RCFCD Hydrology Manual (page C-3 & 4), AMC I was used for 2-year storm, AMC II for 10-year storm and 100-year design storm in the hydrology analysis.

III. DISCUSSION

A. Existing Condition

The existing site is an undeveloped lot with minimal ground cover and type C soils. The studied area for existing condition is 2.17 acres and consists of 1 drainage area (DA-A). The existing condition analysis includes runoff flowing outside project site limits. Runoff in the studied area sheet flows northwest to the existing storm drain drop inlet along Highway 79 at slopes between 0.5% and 5%. This discharges project site runoff into the 18" RCP County's storm drain line. See County's storm drain plan in Attachment 1. The storm drain line discharges runoff to the west across Highway 79. The existing project site consists of 100% pervious area that was previously graded. Some scattered trash and debris, as well as gravel and cobbles, etc., also exist over portions of the surface of the site, which is mostly covered by wild grasses, weeds, and other short vegetation.

A map of the existing drainage patterns and detailed hydrology calculations are included in Attachment 2 of this report. A summary of hydrologic calculation results for the existing condition is included in Table 1 (next page).

B. Proposed Condition

The proposed project site will be developed as a commercial lot with two new quick service restaurants with one drive-thru lane each and onsite parking. The studied area for proposed condition is 2.17 acres and consists of 1 drainage area (DA-A) with 10 subareas. Drainage subareas are separated based on water quality treatment system capacities and surface types. Runoff will sheet flow to biofiltration basins or a proprietary biofiltration system for water quality treatment, then discharge to an underground detention system for hydromodification flow control. Runoff from the building roofs will be collected by a roof down drain and surface flow to an onsite inlet or basin. Flows will be discharged to the existing onsite drop inlet and follow the existing drainage pattern. The biofiltration basins and proprietary biofiltration system are sized to meet LID design capture volume (DCV) requirements for the entire project site. The proposed project site will consist of 55% impervious and 45% pervious areas.

Runoff from subareas A1 and A2 flow to a proprietary biofiltration system (Modular Wetland System) located along the eastern property line in the southern portion of the lot. This includes runoff from a portion of the new south building roof, trash enclosure roof, landscape, AC pavement and concrete hardscape areas. Runoff from subareas A3 and A4 flows to a bioretention basin adjacent to the southern-most drive-thru lane. This includes runoff from a portion of the southern-most building roof, trash enclosure roof, landscape, AC pavement and concrete hardscape areas. Runoff from subarea A5 flows to a bioretention basin along the eastern property line, south of the middle drive

entrance. This includes runoff from a portion of the southern-most building roof, landscape, AC pavement and concrete hardscape areas. Runoff from subareas A6, A7, A8 and A9 flows to a biofiltration basin adjacent to the northern-most drive-thru lane. This includes runoff from a portion of the northern-most building roof, trash enclosure roof, landscape, AC pavement and concrete hardscape areas. Subarea A10 consists of self-treating landscaped area with runoff flowing directly to the existing storm drain drop inlet at the northern property line. Flows from this subarea are not routed to the onsite treatment BMPs or hydromodification control facility.

A map of the proposed drainage patterns and detailed hydrology calculations are included in Attachment 3 of this report. A summary of hydrologic calculation results for the proposed condition is included in Table 1 (below).

Table 1 – Hydrology Analysis Summary

Drainage Area	Existing Condition				Proposed Condition (Unmitigated)				Difference (Proposed – Existing)			
	Area (ac)	2-yr (cfs)	10-yr (cfs)	100-yr (cfs)	Area (ac)	2-yr (cfs)	10-yr (cfs)	100-yr (cfs)	Area (ac)	2-yr (cfs)	10-yr (cfs)	100-yr (cfs)
DA-A	2.17	1.05	1.97	3.30	2.17	2.44	4.06	6.32	0.00	1.39	2.09	3.02
TOTAL	2.17	1.05	1.97	3.30	2.17	2.44	4.06	6.32	0.00	1.39	2.09	3.02

The site will be graded to direct project flows to the proposed water quality treatment systems. The treated runoff and overflows discharge to the detention basin prior to joining the existing storm drain at the existing onsite drop inlet. The water quality treatment and flow mitigation measures are provided for the project site. The incorporation of impervious surfaces and proposed developments will result in the increases of peak flow rates and storm runoff volumes, but the proposed underground detention tank will mitigate the increases. The area to be developed is not anticipated to affect the overall drainage characteristics or patterns of the site.

C. Water Quality and Hydromodification Considerations

The storm water peak flow rates and volumes are expected to increase due to the project developments and increase in impervious area. The underground detention system with an outlet control structure is proposed to mitigate the flow increases. The biofiltration basin and Modular Wetland System will fulfill the LID water quality treatment requirements.

Due to the hydromodification flow control requirement and small size of project site, unit hydrographs were not performed for this project. The County hydromodification worksheets are used to determine a size for the detention vault to mitigate for water

quality and increase in runoff. The detailed flow control calculations can be found in the Section 4 of this report. The County worksheet results indicate that the proposed detention vault meets the hydromodification mitigation requirements. Biofiltration basin, Modular Wetland System, and detention vault details are provided in Section 4. The detailed basin size and volume can be found in the WQMP report.

IV. CONCLUSION

The project's storm drain HDPE pipe network will be sized using flows from the 100-year storm event. Storm drain inlet and pipe sizing calculations will be included in Attachment 5 of the Final Hydrology Study. The project's proposed treatment BMPs are sized based on the LID water quality treatment requirements. The detention vault is sized based on Santa Margarita's hydromodification flow control requirements. The project site will be constructed so that runoff is conveyed to the underground detention system prior to discharging to the public storm drain system. The primary overflow is the existing drop inlet in the northwest property corner. The secondary overflow is the area drain in the landscaping along the northern property line. Overflows will bubble up and surface flow west onto Highway 79 and into the County's storm drain system.

The total unmitigated storm runoff flow rate at will increase by approximately 132% for a 2-year storm, 106% for a 10-year storm, and 92% for a 100-year storm event. This is because the project is proposing development of a vacant, undeveloped lot to one with paved parking, new buildings, and impervious sidewalks. However, all project site runoff will be captured, treated, detained onsite, and slowly released to the County's storm drain system. This will reduce the runoff for the proposed mitigated condition. Therefore, downstream channels and conveyance system will not be at risk of increased erosion due to project site developments.

V. REFERENCES

1. Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Hydrology Manual (1978).
2. Advanced Engineering Software (AES), © 1982-2016 Version 23.0, Riverside County Flood Control & Water Conservation District (RCFC&WCD) 1978 Hydrology Manual.

ATTACHMENT 1
Vicinity Map
County Soils Map
Intensity-Duration Curve
County Precipitation Maps

VICINITY MAP

JIB French Valley

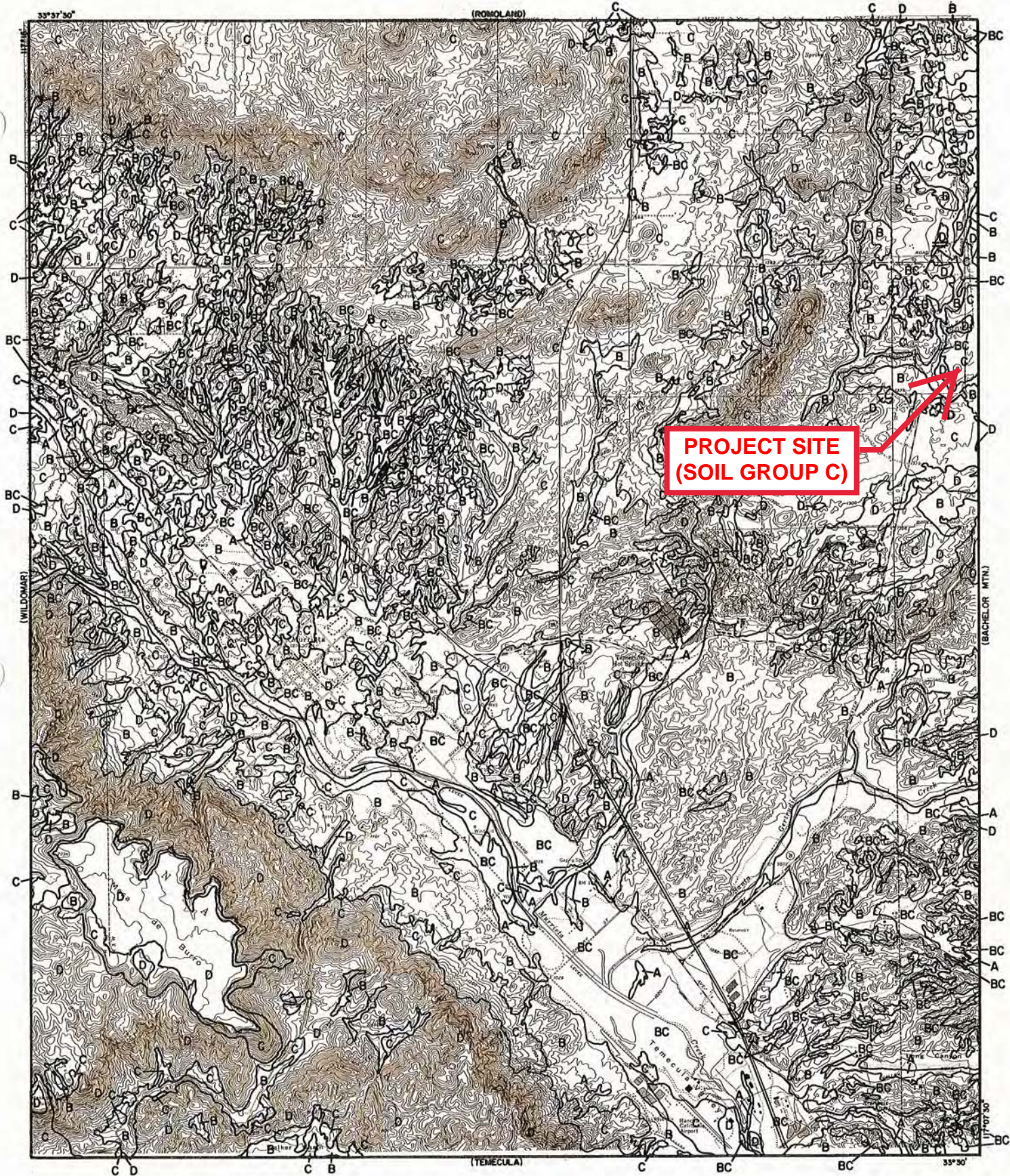
Highway 79 & Briggs Road

Winchester, CA 92596



(N.T.S.)

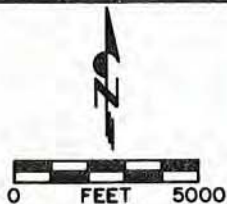




LEGEND

- SOILS GROUP BOUNDARY
- A SOILS GROUP DESIGNATION

RCFC&WCD
HYDROLOGY MANUAL



HYDROLOGIC SOILS GROUP MAP FOR MURRIETA

PROJECT SITE
(I=0.56)

Slope of Intensity-Duration Curve based
on District analysis of automatic
recording rain gauge records.

RCFC & WCD

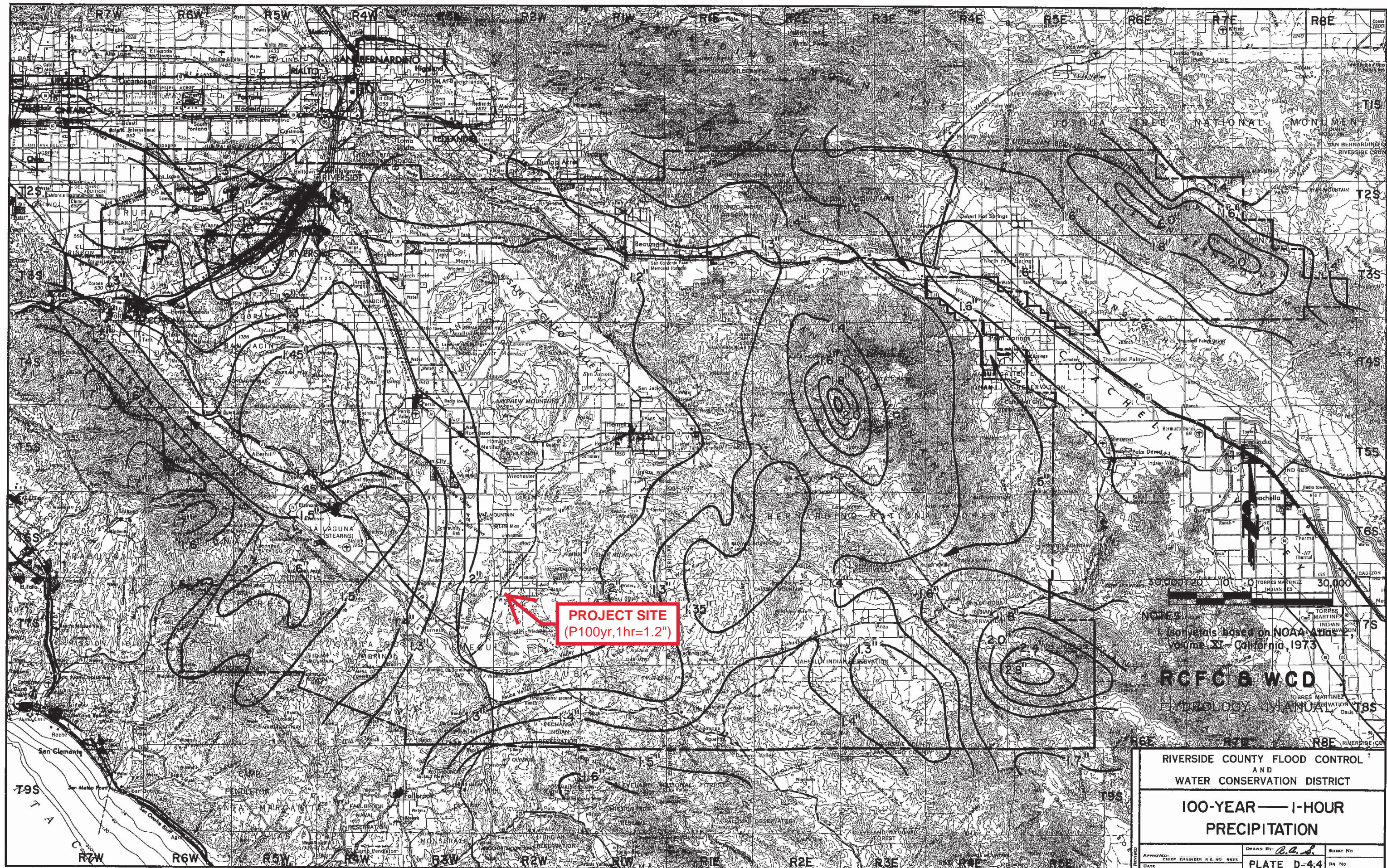
RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL
AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

SLOPE OF
INTENSITY DURATION
CURVE

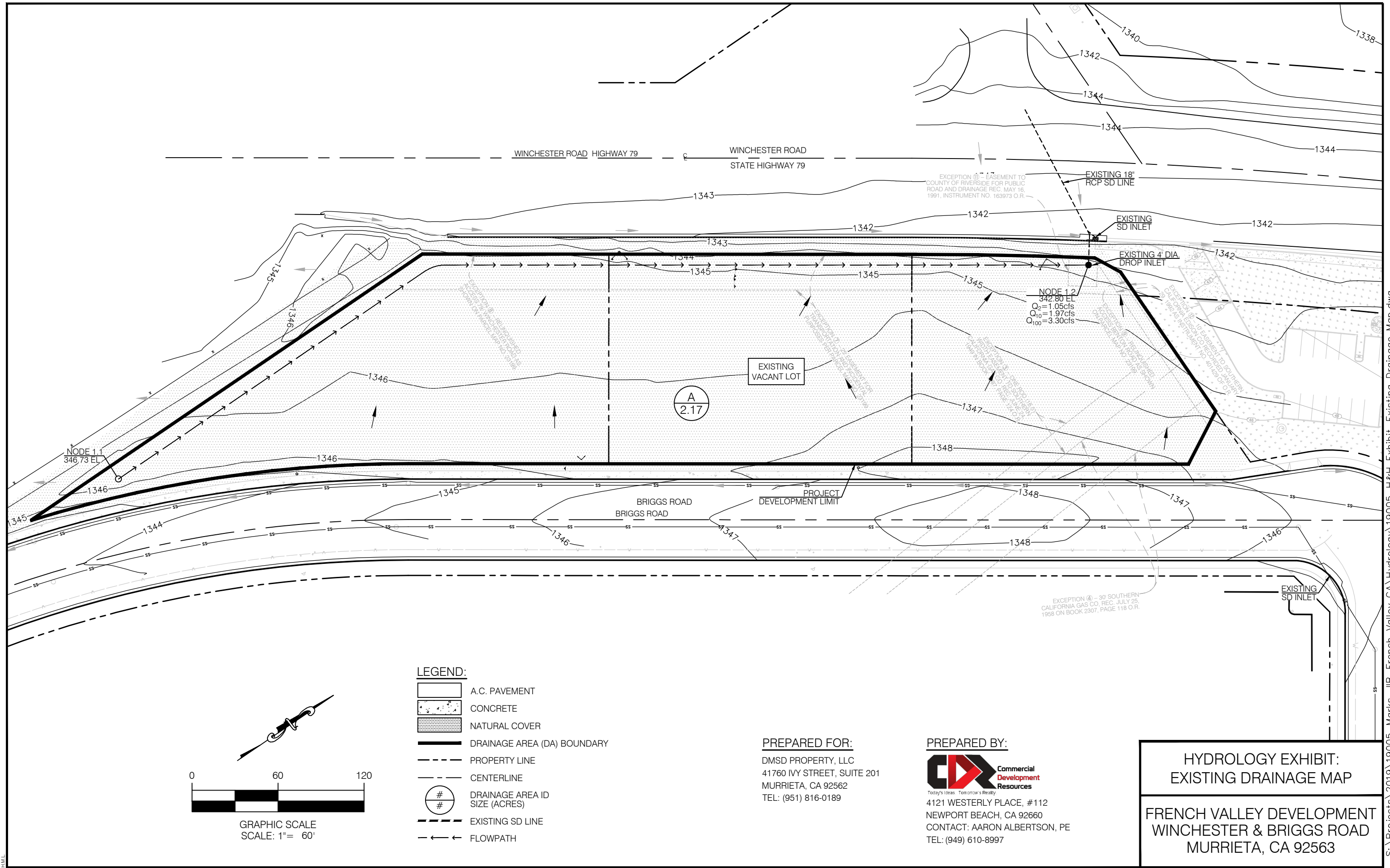
APPROVED: CHIEF ENGINEER R.E. NO. 8884
DATE

DRAWN BY: R.E. J.
SHEET NO.
PLATE D-4.6 DR. NO.





ATTACHMENT 2
**Existing Drainage Map
& Runoff Calculations**



HYDROLOGY CALCULATION SUMMARY

(Using Riverside County Hydrology Manual and AES)

PROJECT: JIB French Valley

LOCATION: Riverside Co. (Unincorporated)

DATE: 10/22/20

Slope Intensity-Duration Curve	0.56
2-Year, 1-Hour Precipitation	0.50 in
100-Year, 1-Hour Precipitation	1.20 in
Hydrologic Soil Group	C

EXISTING CONDITION:

AES Data Input:

Drainage Area			AES Nodes	Action	Elevation		Flow Length (ft)	Slope (ft/ft)	A _{IMP} %	AES Land Use (see table below)	2-yr Storm		10-yr Storm		100-yr Storm	
ID	SF	AC			Up	Down					Q _{sub} (cfs)	Q _{peak} (cfs)	Q _{sub} (cfs)	Q _{peak} (cfs)	Q _{sub} (cfs)	Q _{peak} (cfs)
A	94,330	2.17	1.01 → 1.02	Initial Sub-Area	346.73	342.80	722	0.005	0%	Undeveloped	1.05	1.05	1.97	1.97	3.30	3.30
TOTAL	94,330	2.17									1.05		1.97		3.30	

AES Output/Results:

A _{IMP}	AES Land Use Classification
90%	Commercial
80%	Apartment
75%	Mobile Home Park
65%	Condominium
50%	Single Family (1/4 ac)
40%	Single Family (1/2 ac)
20%	Single Family (1 ac)
0%	Undeveloped

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON
RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
(RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
(c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
(Rational Tabling Version 23.0)
Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1631

Analysis prepared by:

COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RESOURCES
4121 Westerly Place, Suite 112
Newport Beach, CA 92660

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* Hydrology Study for JIB FRENCH VALLEY *
* In the County of Riverside *
* Existing Condition: 2-year Storm Event *

FILE NAME: 19005EX.DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:39 06/25/2020

USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 2.00
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 3.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
2-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION(INCH) = 0.500
100-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION(INCH) = 1.200
COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA:

STORM EVENT = 2.00 1-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.500

SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.5600

RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL
AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / SIDE / SIDE / WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0312	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)

2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.02 IS CODE = 21

>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

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ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = $K * [(LENGTH ** 3) / (ELEVATION CHANGE)] ** .2$
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 722.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 346.73
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 342.80
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.93
TC = $0.533 * [(722.00 ** 3) / (3.93)] ** .2 = 21.021$
2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.900
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5403
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.05
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.17 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.05

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.2 TC(MIN.) = 21.02
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.05

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END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

↑

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON
RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
(RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
(c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
(Rational Tabling Version 23.0)
Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1631

Analysis prepared by:

COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RESOURCES
4121 Westerly Place, Suite 112
Newport Beach, CA 92660

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* Hydrology Study for JIB FRENCH VALLEY *
* In the County of Riverside *
* Existing Condition: 10-year Storm Event *

FILE NAME: 19005EX.DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:39 06/25/2020

USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 10.00
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 3.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
2-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION(INCH) = 0.500
100-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION(INCH) = 1.200
COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA:

STORM EVENT = 10.00 1-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.796

SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.5600

RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL
AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE / WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0312	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)

2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.02 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM

DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER

TC = $K * [(LENGTH ** 3) / (ELEVATION CHANGE)] ** .2$

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 722.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 346.73

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 342.80

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.93

TC = $0.533 * [(722.00 ** 3) / (3.93)] ** .2 = 21.021$

10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.432

UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6345

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.97

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.17 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.97

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END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.2 TC(MIN.) = 21.02

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.97

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END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON
RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
(RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
(c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
(Rational Tabling Version 23.0)
Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1631

Analysis prepared by:

COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RESOURCES
4121 Westerly Place, Suite 112
Newport Beach, CA 92660

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* Hydrology Study for JIB FRENCH VALLEY *
* In the County of Riverside *
* Existing Condition: 100-year Storm Event *

FILE NAME: 19005EX.DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:39 06/25/2020

USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 3.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
2-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION(INCH) = 0.500
100-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION(INCH) = 1.200
COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA:

STORM EVENT = 100.00 1-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.200

SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.5600

RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL
AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / SIDE / SIDE / WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0312	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)

2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.02 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM

DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER

TC = $K * [(LENGTH ** 3) / (ELEVATION\ CHANGE)] ** .2$

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 722.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 346.73

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 342.80

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.93

TC = $0.533 * [(722.00 ** 3) / (3.93)] ** .2 = 21.021$

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.159

UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7045

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.30

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.17 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.30

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.2 TC(MIN.) = 21.02

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.30

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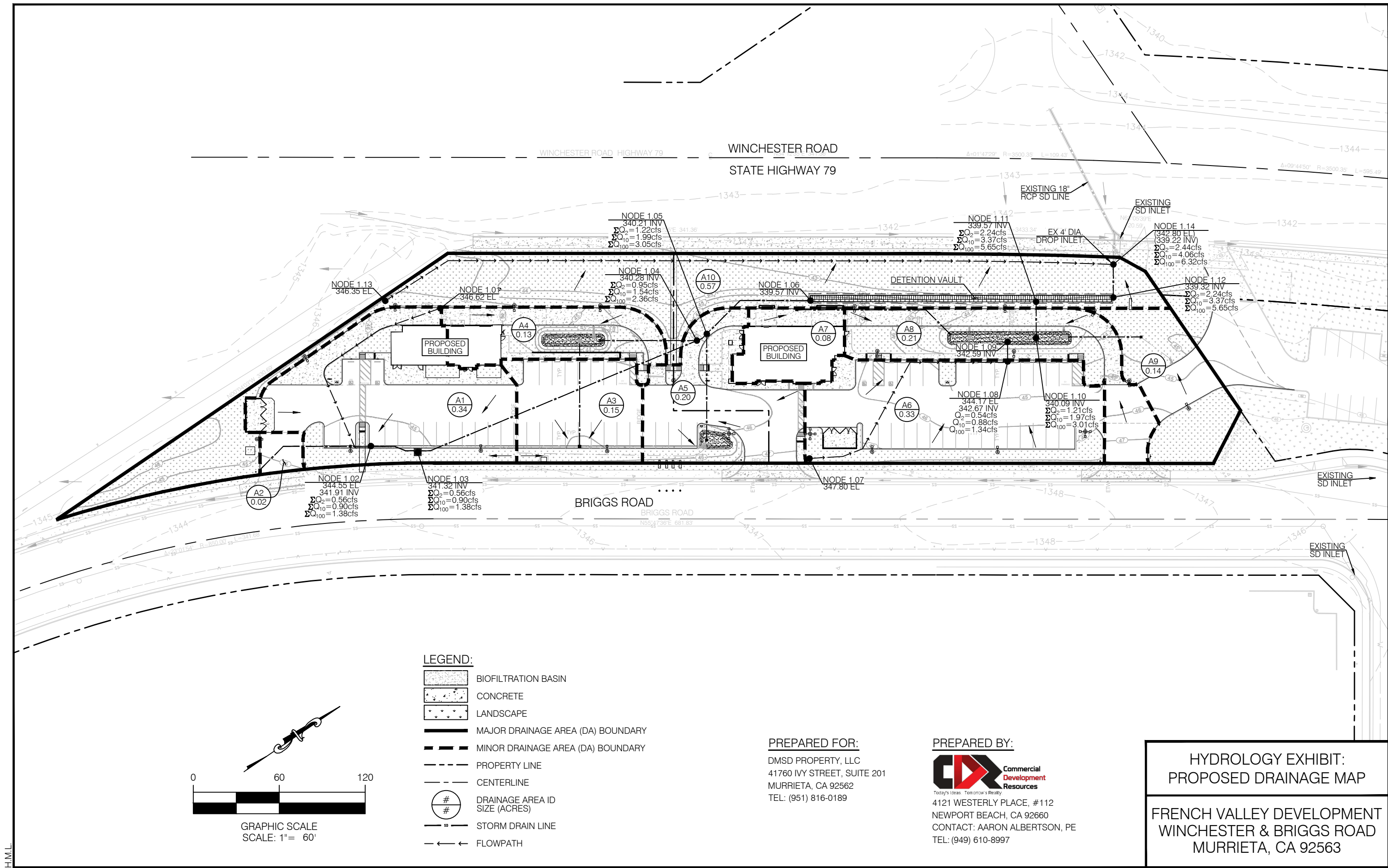
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END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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ATTACHMENT 3

**Proposed Drainage Map
& Runoff Calculations**



HYDROLOGY CALCULATION SUMMARY

(Using Riverside County Hydrology Manual and AES)

PROJECT: JIB French Valley

LOCATION: Riverside Co. (Unincorporated)

DATE: 02/17/2021

Slope Intensity-Duration Curve	0.56
2-Year, 1-Hour Precipitation	0.50 in
100-Year, 1-Hour Precipitation	1.20 in
Hydrologic Soil Group	C

PROPOSED CONDITION:

AES Data Input:

AES Output/Results:

Drainage Area			AES Nodes	Action	Elevation		Flow Length (ft)	Slope (ft/ft)	A _{IMP} %	AES Land Use (see table below)	2-yr Storm		10-yr Storm		100-yr Storm	
ID	SF	AC			Up	Down					Q _{sub} (cfs)	Q _{peak} (cfs)	Q _{sub} (cfs)	Q _{peak} (cfs)	Q _{sub} (cfs)	Q _{peak} (cfs)
A1	14,668	0.337	1.01	→ 1.02	initial subarea	346.62	344.55	162	0.013	81% Apartment	0.53	---	0.85	---	1.30	---
A2	833	0.019	1.02	→ 1.02	add subarea	---	---	---	---	100% Commercial	0.03	(0.56)	0.05	(0.90)	0.07	(1.38)
---	---	---	1.02	→ 1.03	pipe flow	341.91	341.32	30	0.020	---	---	(0.56)	---	(0.90)	---	(1.38)
---	---	---	1.03	→ 1.04	pipe flow	341.32	340.28	208	0.005	---	---	(0.56)	---	(0.90)	---	(1.38)
A3	6,412	0.147	1.04	→ 1.04	add subarea	---	---	---	---	87% Commercial	0.21	---	0.34	---	0.52	---
A4	5,766	0.132	1.04	→ 1.04	add subarea	---	---	---	---	69% Mobile Home	0.18	(0.95)	0.30	(1.54)	0.46	(2.36)
---	---	---	1.04	→ 1.05	pipe flow	340.28	340.21	8	0.008	---	---	(0.95)	---	(1.54)	---	(2.36)
A5	8,608	0.198	1.05	→ 1.05	add subarea	---	---	---	---	81% Apartment	0.27	(1.22)	0.45	(1.99)	0.69	(3.05)
---	---	---	1.05	→ 1.06	pipe flow, conf 1/2	340.21	339.57	82	0.008	---	---	(1.22)	---	(1.99)	---	(3.05)
A6	14,540	0.334	1.07	→ 1.08	initial subarea	347.80	344.17	174	0.021	81% Apartment	0.54	(0.54)	0.88	(0.88)	1.34	(1.34)
---	---	---	1.08	→ 1.09	pipe flow	342.67	342.59	13	0.006	---	---	(0.54)	---	(0.88)	---	(1.34)
A7	3,610	0.083	1.10	→ 1.10	add subarea	---	---	---	---	100% Commercial	0.14	---	0.22	---	0.34	---
A8	8,988	0.206	1.10	→ 1.10	add subarea	---	---	---	---	61% Condominium	0.32	---	0.53	---	0.81	---
A9	6,038	0.139	1.10	→ 1.10	add subarea	---	---	---	---	27% 1/2 ac Lot	0.20	(1.21)	0.34	(1.97)	0.53	(3.01)
---	---	---	1.10	→ 1.11	pipe flow, conf 2/2	340.09	339.57	25	0.021	---	---	2.24	---	3.67	---	5.65
A10	24,866	0.571	1.13	→ 1.14	initial subarea	346.35	342.80	517	0.007	2% Undeveloped	0.20	0.20	0.39	0.39	0.67	0.67
TOTAL	94,330	2.17									2.44		4.06		6.32	
											Δ%	132%		106%		92%
											ΔQ	1.39		2.09		3.02

A _{IMP}	AES Land Use Classification
90%	Commercial
80%	Apartment
75%	Mobile Home Park
65%	Condominium
50%	Single Family (1/4 ac)
40%	Single Family (1/2 ac)
20%	Single Family (1 ac)
0%	Undeveloped

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON
RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
(RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
(c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
(Rational Tabling Version 23.0)
Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1631

Analysis prepared by:

COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RESOURCES
4121 Westerly Place, Suite 112
Newport Beach, CA 92660

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* Hydrology Study for FRENCH VALLEY DEVELOPMENT *
* In the County of Riverside *
* Proposed Condition: 2-year Storm Event *

FILE NAME: 19005PR.DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 17:44 02/17/2021

USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 2.00
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 4.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
2-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION(INCH) = 0.500
100-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION(INCH) = 1.200

COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA:

STORM EVENT = 2.00 1-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.500

SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.5600

RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL
AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE / WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)

*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*


```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      1.01 TO NODE      1.02 IS CODE =  21
-----
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
      ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
      DEVELOPMENT IS APARTMENT
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =  162.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =    346.62
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =    344.55
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =     2.07
TC = 0.323*[( 162.00**3)/(    2.07)]**.2 =    5.906
      2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  1.831
APARTMENT DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8556
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =      0.53
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =      0.34  TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =      0.53

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      1.02 TO NODE      1.02 IS CODE =  81
-----
>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
=====
      2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  1.831
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8778
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =      0.02  SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =      0.03
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =      0.4  TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =      0.56
TC(MIN.) =    5.91

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      1.02 TO NODE      1.03 IS CODE =  31
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =  341.91  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =  341.32
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =   30.00  MANNING'S N =  0.012
DEPTH OF FLOW IN   6.0 INCH PIPE IS   3.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =   4.56
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =   6.00  NUMBER OF PIPES =   1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =      0.56
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =   0.11  Tc(MIN.) =   6.02
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      1.01 TO NODE      1.03 =   192.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      1.03 TO NODE      1.04 IS CODE =  31
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =  341.32  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =  340.28
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =   208.00  MANNING'S N =  0.012

```

DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.2 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.73
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.56
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.27 Tc(MIN.) = 7.29
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.04 = 400.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.04 TO NODE 1.04 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.628
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8758
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.15 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.21
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.5 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.77
TC(MIN.) = 7.29

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.04 TO NODE 1.04 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.628
MOBILE HOME PARK DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8395
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.13 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.18
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.6 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.95
TC(MIN.) = 7.29

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.04 TO NODE 1.05 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<

>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 340.28 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 340.21
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 8.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.9 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.85
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.95
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03 Tc(MIN.) = 7.32
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.05 = 408.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.05 TO NODE 1.05 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.624
APARTMENT DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8515
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.27
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.8 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.22
TC(MIN.) = 7.32

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.05 TO NODE 1.06 IS CODE = 31

>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 340.21 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 339.57
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 82.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.88
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.22
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.35 Tc(MIN.) = 7.67
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.06 = 490.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.06 TO NODE 1.06 IS CODE = 1

>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.67
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.58
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.83
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.22

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.07 TO NODE 1.08 IS CODE = 21

>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS APARTMENT
 $TC = K * [(LENGTH ** 3) / (ELEVATION CHANGE)] ** .2$
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 174.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 347.80
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 344.17
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.63
 $TC = 0.323 * [(174.00 ** 3) / (3.63)] ** .2 = 5.510$
2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.904
APARTMENT DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8569
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.54
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.33 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.54

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.08 TO NODE 1.09 IS CODE = 31

>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<

```

>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 342.67 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 342.59
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 13.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.91
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.54
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.07 Tc(MIN.) = 5.58
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.07 TO NODE 1.09 = 187.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 81
-----
>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
=====
2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.890
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8783
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.08 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.14
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.4 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.68
TC(MIN.) = 5.58

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 81
-----
>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
=====
2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.890
CONDOMINIUM DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8242
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.21 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.32
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.6 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.00
TC(MIN.) = 5.58

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 81
-----
>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
=====
2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.890
SINGLE-FAMILY(1/2 ACRE LOT) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7700
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.14 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.20
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.8 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.21
TC(MIN.) = 5.58

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.11 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 340.09 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 339.57

```

FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 25.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.4 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.62
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.21
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.07 Tc(MIN.) = 5.66
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.07 TO NODE 1.11 = 212.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.11 TO NODE 1.11 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 5.66
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.88
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.76
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.21

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	1.22	7.67	1.582	0.83
2	1.21	5.66	1.876	0.76

*****WARNING*****

IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED
ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA
WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW.

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	2.11	5.66	1.876
2	2.24	7.67	1.582

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.24 Tc(MIN.) = 7.67
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.6
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.11 = 490.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.13 TO NODE 1.14 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH GOOD COVER

$TC = K * [(LENGTH ** 3) / (ELEVATION\ CHANGE)] ** .2$
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 517.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 346.35
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 342.80
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.55
 $TC = 0.937 * [(517.00 ** 3) / (3.55)] ** .2 = 30.901$
 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.725
 UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4928
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.20
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.57 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.20

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.6 TC(MIN.) = 30.90
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.20

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS



RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON
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Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1631

Analysis prepared by:

COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RESOURCES
4121 Westerly Place, Suite 112
Newport Beach, CA 92660

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* Hydrology Study for FRENCH VALLEY DEVELOPMENT *
* In the County of Riverside *
* Proposed Condition: 10-year Storm Event *

FILE NAME: 19005PR.DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 17:44 02/17/2021

USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 10.00
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 4.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
2-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION(INCH) = 0.500
100-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION(INCH) = 1.200
COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA:

STORM EVENT = 10.00 1-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.796

SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.5600

RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL
AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE / WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH LIP HIKE (FT) (FT) (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00 0.0312 0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)

2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.02 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS APARTMENT

TC = $K * [(LENGTH ** 3) / (ELEVATION CHANGE)] ** .2$
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 162.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 346.62
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 344.55
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.07
TC = $0.323 * [(162.00 ** 3) / (2.07)] ** .2$ = 5.906
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.915
APARTMENT DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8693
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.85
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.34 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.85

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.02 TO NODE 1.02 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.915
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8847
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.02 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.05
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.4 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.90
TC(MIN.) = 5.91

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.02 TO NODE 1.03 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<

>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 341.91 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 341.32
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 30.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 3.8 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.12
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.90
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.10 Tc(MIN.) = 6.00
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.03 = 192.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.03 TO NODE 1.04 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<

>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 341.32 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 340.28

FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 208.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012

DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 5.7 INCHES

PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.06

ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1

PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.90

PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.13 Tc(MIN.) = 7.14

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.04 = 400.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.04 TO NODE 1.04 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.622

COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8833

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.15 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.34

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.5 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.24

TC(MIN.) = 7.14

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.04 TO NODE 1.04 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.622

MOBILE HOME PARK DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8582

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.13 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.30

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.6 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.54

TC(MIN.) = 7.14

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.04 TO NODE 1.05 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<

>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 340.28 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 340.21

FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 8.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012

DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.0 INCHES

PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.20

ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1

PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.54
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03 Tc(MIN.) = 7.17
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.05 = 408.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.05 TO NODE 1.05 IS CODE = 81

>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.616
APARTMENT DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8665
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.45
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.8 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.99
TC(MIN.) = 7.17

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.05 TO NODE 1.06 IS CODE = 31

>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<

>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 340.21 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 339.57
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 82.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.43
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.99
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.31 Tc(MIN.) = 7.48
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.06 = 490.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.06 TO NODE 1.06 IS CODE = 1

>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.48
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.55
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.83
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.99

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.07 TO NODE 1.08 IS CODE = 21

>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS APARTMENT

$TC = K * [(LENGTH ** 3) / (ELEVATION\ CHANGE)] ** .2$
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 174.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 347.80
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 344.17
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.63
 $TC = 0.323 * [(174.00 ** 3) / (3.63)] ** .2 = 5.510$
 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.031
 APARTMENT DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8703
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.88
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.33 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.88

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.08 TO NODE 1.09 IS CODE = 31

>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<

>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 342.67 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 342.59
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 13.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 5.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.31
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.88
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.07 T_c (MIN.) = 5.58
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.07 TO NODE 1.09 = 187.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 81

>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====
 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.011
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8851
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.08 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.22
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.4 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.10
 TC (MIN.) = 5.58

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 81

>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====
 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.011
 CONDOMINIUM DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8477
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.21 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.53
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.6 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.63
 TC (MIN.) = 5.58

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.011
SINGLE-FAMILY(1/2 ACRE LOT) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8104
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.14 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.34
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.8 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.97
TC(MIN.) = 5.58

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.11 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 340.09 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 339.57
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 25.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.31
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.97
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.07 Tc(MIN.) = 5.64
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.07 TO NODE 1.11 = 212.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.11 TO NODE 1.11 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 5.64
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.99
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.76
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.97

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	1.99	7.48	2.555	0.83
2	1.97	5.64	2.991	0.76

*****WARNING*****

IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED
ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA

WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW.

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	3.47	5.64	2.991
2	3.67	7.48	2.555

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.67 Tc(MIN.) = 7.48

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.6

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.11 = 490.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.13 TO NODE 1.14 IS CODE = 21

>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH GOOD COVER

$TC = K * [(LENGTH^{**3}) / (ELEVATION\ CHANGE)]^{**0.2}$

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 517.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 346.35

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 342.80

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.55

$TC = 0.937 * [(517.00^{**3}) / (3.55)]^{**0.2} = 30.901$

10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.154

UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5925

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.39

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.57 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.39

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.6 TC(MIN.) = 30.90

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.39

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

↑

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON
RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
(RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
(c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
(Rational Tabling Version 23.0)
Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1631

Analysis prepared by:

COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RESOURCES
4121 Westerly Place, Suite 112
Newport Beach, CA 92660

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****

* Hydrology Study for FRENCH VALLEY DEVELOPMENT *
* In the County of Riverside *
* Proposed Condition: 100-year Storm Event *

FILE NAME: 19005PR.DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 17:44 02/17/2021

USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 4.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
2-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION(INCH) = 0.500
100-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION(INCH) = 1.200
COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA:

STORM EVENT = 100.00 1-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.200

SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.5600

RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD

NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL
AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

NO.	HALF- WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE / WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH LIP HIKE (FT) (FT) (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00 0.0312 0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)

2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
 OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.02 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
 DEVELOPMENT IS APARTMENT
 $TC = K * [(LENGTH^{**3}) / (ELEVATION\ CHANGE)]^{**0.2}$
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 162.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 346.62
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 344.55
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.07
 $TC = 0.323 * [(162.00^{**3}) / (2.07)]^{**0.2} = 5.906$
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.396
 APARTMENT DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8784
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.30
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.34 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.30

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.02 TO NODE 1.02 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.396
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8892
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.02 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.07
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.4 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.38
 TC(MIN.) = 5.91

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.02 TO NODE 1.03 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<

>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 341.91 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 341.32
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 30.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.8 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.72
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.38
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.09 T_c (MIN.) = 5.99
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.03 = 192.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.03 TO NODE 1.04 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<

>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 341.32 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 340.28

FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 208.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012

DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.1 INCHES

PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.41

ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1

PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.38

PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.02 Tc(MIN.) = 7.01

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.04 = 400.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.04 TO NODE 1.04 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.993

COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8883

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.15 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.52

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.5 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.90

TC(MIN.) = 7.01

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.04 TO NODE 1.04 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.993

MOBILE HOME PARK DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8707

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.13 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.46

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.6 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.36

TC(MIN.) = 7.01

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.04 TO NODE 1.05 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<

>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 340.28 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 340.21

FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 8.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012

DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.2 INCHES

PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.80

ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1

PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 2.36
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03 Tc(MIN.) = 7.04
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.05 = 408.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.05 TO NODE 1.05 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.984
APARTMENT DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8765
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.69
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.8 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.05
TC(MIN.) = 7.04

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.05 TO NODE 1.06 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<

>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 340.21 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 339.57
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 82.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.80
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.05
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.28 Tc(MIN.) = 7.32
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.06 = 490.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.06 TO NODE 1.06 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.32
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.90
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.83
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.05

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.07 TO NODE 1.08 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS APARTMENT

$TC = K * [(LENGTH ** 3) / (ELEVATION\ CHANGE)] ** .2$
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 174.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 347.80
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 344.17
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.63
 $TC = 0.323 * [(174.00 ** 3) / (3.63)] ** .2 = 5.510$
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.570
 APARTMENT DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8791
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.34
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.33 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.34

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.08 TO NODE 1.09 IS CODE = 31

>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<

>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 342.67 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 342.59
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 13.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.55
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.34
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.06 T_c (MIN.) = 5.57
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.07 TO NODE 1.09 = 187.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 81

>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.542
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8895
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.08 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.34
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.4 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.68
 TC (MIN.) = 5.57

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.10 IS CODE = 81

>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.542
 CONDOMINIUM DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8633
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.21 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.81
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.6 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.48
 TC (MIN.) = 5.57

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.11 IS CODE = 81

>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.542
SINGLE-FAMILY(1/2 ACRE LOT) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8371
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.14 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.53
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.8 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.01
TC(MIN.) = 5.57

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.11 IS CODE = 31

>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 340.09 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 339.57
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 25.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.4 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.08
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.01
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.06 Tc(MIN.) = 5.63
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.07 TO NODE 1.11 = 212.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.11 TO NODE 1.11 IS CODE = 1

>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 5.63
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.52
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.76
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.01

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	3.05	7.32	3.897	0.83
2	3.01	5.63	4.515	0.76

*****WARNING*****

IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED
ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA

WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW.

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	5.36	5.63	4.515
2	5.65	7.32	3.897

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 5.65 Tc(MIN.) = 7.32

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.6

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.11 = 490.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.13 TO NODE 1.14 IS CODE = 21

>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH GOOD COVER

TC = $K * [(LENGTH^{**3}) / (ELEVATION\ CHANGE)]^{**.2}$

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 517.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 346.35

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 342.80

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.55

TC = $0.937 * [(517.00^{**3}) / (3.55)]^{**.2}$ = 30.901

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.740

UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6695

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.67

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.57 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.67

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.6 TC(MIN.) = 30.90

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.67

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

↑

ATTACHMENT 4

**Hydromodification
Flow Control Calculations**

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Santa Margarita Region - County HydroMod Iterative Spreadsheet Model

Only for use the unincorporated portions of Riverside County, unless otherwise approved by the Co-Permittee

Development Project Number(s): **TBD**
 Latitude (decimal format): **33.589739**
 Longitude (decimal format): **-117.12657**

Rain Gauge: **Eastern Slopes**
 BMP Type (per WQMP): **Detention Vault (StormTank)**
 BMP Number (Sequential): **BMP No. 5**

Pre-Development	Pre-Development - Hydrology Information			
	DRAINAGE AREA (ACRES) - 10 acre max ¹	1.595	2-YEAR, 1-HOUR INTENSITY (IN/HR) - Plate D-4.3	0.5
	LONGEST WATERCOURSE (FT) - 1,000' max ¹	722	10-YEAR, 1-HOUR INTENSITY (IN/HR) - Plate D-4.1	0.88
	UPSTREAM ELEVATION OF WATERCOURSE (FT)	346.73	SLOPE OF THE INTENSITY DURATION - Plate D-4.6	0.56
	DOWNSTREAM ELEV. OF WATERCOURSE (FT)	342.8	CLOSEST IMPERVIOUS PERCENTAGE (%)	0% Undeveloped - Poor Cover
	EXISTING IMPERVIOUS PERCENTAGE (%)	0		
	Use 10% of Q2 to avoid Field Screening requirements	Yes		

Pre-Development	Pre-Development - <u>Soils Information</u>										
	Cover Type #	Subarea Acreage	Cover Type	Vegetative Cover	Soil A %	Soil B %	Soil C %	Soil D %	RI Index AMC I	RI Index AMC II	RI Index AMC III
	5	1.595 Ac.	Chaparral, Narrowleaf	Poor Cover	0	0	100	0	75	88	95
									0	0	0
									0	0	0
		1.60 Ac.							0	0	0
	Weighted Average RI Numbers =								75.0	88.0	95.0

Per Dr. Luis Parra, the AMC condition is based on the rainfall record. Applying NEH-4 (1964) for the non-freezing conditions in Riverside County the AMC conditions are:
 AMC-I for less than 0.5" of rain the previous 5 days; AMC-II for between 0.5" to 1.1" of rain the previous 5 days; or AMC-III for more than 1.1" for the previous 5 days.

Pre-Development	Pre-Development - Calculated Range of Flow Rates analyzed for Hydromod (Suceptible Range of Flows)	
	Calculated Upper Flow-rate limit	Calculated Lower Flow-rate limit
	Ex. 10-year Flowrate ¹ = 1.133 cfs	Ex. 10% of the 2-year Flowrate ¹ = 0.108 cfs
	(Co-Permittee Approval is required) User-Defined Discharge Values with accompanying Hydrology Study ¹	
	Ex. 10-year Flowrate (Attach Study) = cfs	Ex. 2-year Flowrate (Attach Study) = cfs

¹The equations used to determine the 10-year and 10% of the 2-yr are limited to 10-acres and 1,000'. Flowrates from a separate study can be used to over-ride the calculated values so that larger areas (up to 20 acres) and longer watercourse lengths can be used. All values still need to be filled out, even when there is a user-defined discharge value entered.

Post-Project	Post-Project - Hydrograph Information			
	DRAINAGE AREA (ACRES)	1.595	Go to "BMP Design" tab to design your BMP, then check results below. Print both this "HydroMod" Sheet and the "BMP Design" sheet for your submittal.	
	LONGEST WATERCOURSE (FT)	179		
	DIFFERENCE IN ELEV (FT) - along watercourse	2		
	PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS PERCENTAGE (%)	0.747		

Post-Project	Post-Project - Soils Information										
	Cover Type #	Subarea Acreage	Cover Type	Vegetative Cover	Soil A %	Soil B %	Soil C %	Soil D %	RI Index AMC I	RI Index AMC II	RI Index AMC III
	22	1.595 Ac.	Urban Landscaping	Good Cover	0	0	100	0	50	69	84
									0	0	0
									0	0	0
		1.60 Ac.							0	0	0
	Weighted Average RI Numbers =								50.0	69.0	84.0

Per Dr. Luis Parra, the AMC condition is based on the rainfall record. Applying NEH-4 (1964) for the non-freezing conditions in Riverside County the AMC conditions are:
 AMC-I for less than 0.5" of rain the previous 5 days; AMC-II for between 0.5" to 1.1" of rain the previous 5 days; or AMC-III for more than 1.1" for the previous 5 days.

Results	Hydromod Ponded depth	2.00 feet	First result out of compliance in the rainfall record				See below for the Height in the Basin (Stage) that is causing a non-compliant result	
	Hydromod Drain Time (unclogged)	9.28 hours	Requirement		Proposed			
	Is the HydroMod BMP properly sized?	Yes, this is acceptable	---	---	---	---		
	Mitigated Q < 110% of Pre-Dev. Q?	Yes, this is acceptable	---	---	---	---	Issue @ Stage =	---
	Mitigated Duration < 110% of Pre-Dev?*	Yes, this is acceptable	---	---	---	---	Issue @ Stage =	---

Responsible-in-charge: **Aaron Albertson, P.E.**

Date: **2/17/2021**

Signature: _____

Spreadsheet Developed by: **Benjie Cho, P.E.**

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BMP Design

Fill in **blue** shaded areas

BMP Geometry & Detention Calculations

0.08


feet, Stage Intervals

Larger intervals may incr. the Q at the bottom stg.

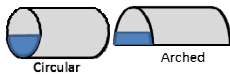
PROPOSED BMP DIMENSIONS

STEP1: Size the BMP, so that the Total Volume > Max HydroMod Vol. (Deeper is ok, it will be refined in the Design Geometry)

Is the BMP a Tank shape? 2 1 for yes; 2 for no.



"Basin Shaped"



"Tank Shaped"

Basin Shaped BMP (Bottom Stage 1st)

Bottom Stage H= 2.0' SS= 0:1

Top Area		Bottom Area	
Width	4.5	Width	4.5
Length	201.973	Length	202
area =	908.8785	area =	908.9

Top Stage H= 0.0'

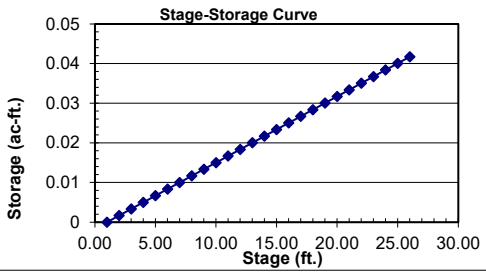
Prop. Top Stg. Vol. =	-	FT3
Prop Bottom Stg Vol =	1,818	FT3
Total Prop. Volume ¹ =	1,818	FT3
Max HydroMod Volume =	1,795	FT3
Total Acreage ² =	909	FT2
BMP % of Site =	1.31%	
Max HydroMod Depth ³ =	2.00	FT

¹Does not include forebay, or low flow trench
²Does not account for freeboard or access roads
³Does not consider Increased Runoff

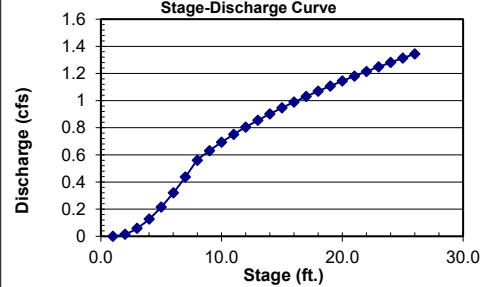
Stage-Storage-Discharge*

Stage (FT)	Storage (AC-FT)	Storage (FT3)	Q (CFS)
0	0	0	0
0.08	0.002	73	0.02
0.16	0.003	145	0.06
0.24	0.005	218	0.13
0.32	0.007	291	0.22
0.40	0.008	364	0.32
0.48	0.010	436	0.44
0.56	0.012	509	0.56
0.64	0.013	582	0.63
0.72	0.015	654	0.69
0.80	0.017	727	0.75
0.88	0.018	800	0.80
0.96	0.020	873	0.85
1.04	0.022	945	0.90
1.12	0.023	1018	0.95
1.20	0.025	1091	0.99
1.28	0.027	1163	1.03
1.36	0.028	1236	1.07
1.44	0.030	1309	1.11
1.52	0.032	1381	1.14
1.60	0.033	1454	1.18
1.68	0.035	1527	1.22
1.76	0.037	1600	1.25
1.84	0.038	1672	1.28
1.92	0.040	1745	1.31
2.00	0.042	1818	1.34

Stage-Storage Curve



Stage-Discharge Curve



MINIMUM DESIGN GEOMETRY

STEP3: Delete outlets, then propose the largest lowest orifice that does not, exceed the ex. Q or Duration. If the Q is acceptable, but the duration is exceeded, try decreasing orifice, then adding a weir slightly below the stage that has an issue.

OUTLETS (for Stage-Discharge)

Orifice Outlets			Weir Outlets		
Invert Height (ft)	Diameter (inches)	No. of Orifices	Crest Height (ft)	Crest Width (ft)	No. of Weirs
0	6.13	1	2.00	2	1

Hydromod Depth = 2.00 FT

+ 1' Freeboard = 3.00 FT

Top Surface Area

Based on HydroMod Depth +1' of Freeboard

Bottom Stage	
Width	4.5
Length	201.973

STEP4: Complete an increased runoff analysis, if the project can impact downstream properties. Incorporate these designs into the WQMP site plan.

Add emergency overflow weir, for flows that exceed the Hydromod volumes, sized to the 100-year peak flow rate. Add access roads (< 10% longitudinal slope) with enough width & turn around access for equipment that would be needed to scarify the bottom or remove Bioretention soil media.

Add Infiltration

Enter information from actual infiltration tests

Yes	Consider Infiltration (Yes or No)?	
0.15	Infiltration rate (in/hr) ³	0.0032
3	Factor of Safety (3 or greater) ³	0.0011
300	mins, Max. Time represented by tests	

³Per the RC LID Manual, Appendix A.

Only if allowed by the Co-Permittee, these infiltration inputs can be used to simulate Bioretention/Biofiltration rates with Backup Calcs and Data.

STORMTANK[®] Module Volume Calculator

Inputs	Project Name: <u>JIB French Valley</u>		Dimensions	Module	
	Engineer: <u>CDR</u>	Date: <u>2/11/2021</u>		Length: <u>210</u> ft	Width: <u>4.5</u> ft
	Units: <u>US</u>	Shape: <u>Square/Rectangle</u>		Excavation	
	Liner: <u>Yes</u>	Location: <u>N/A</u>		Length: <u>212</u> ft	Width: <u>6.5</u> ft
	Stacking: <u>Single</u>	Height: <u>24</u>		Stone	
	Stone Storage: <u>None</u>	Porosity: <u>40%</u>		Leveling Bed: <u>0.5</u> ft	Top Backfill: <u>1</u> ft
				Compacted Fill: <u>1</u> ft	

Results

Capacity:

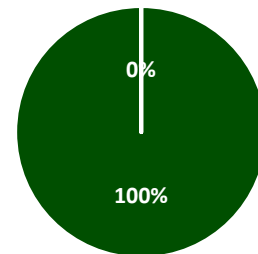
Stone Storage Volume:	<u>0.00</u>	ft ³
Module Storage Volume:	<u>1,817.76</u>	ft ³
Total Storage Volume:	<u>1,817.76</u>	ft ³

Quantities:

Required Excavation:	<u>229.67</u>	y ³
Required Stone Volume:	<u>108.63</u>	y ³
Estimated Geotextile:	<u>868.33</u>	y ²
Estimated Liner:	<u>0.00</u>	ft ²

(Estimations include 10% for scrap and overlap)

Storage Capacity Ratio



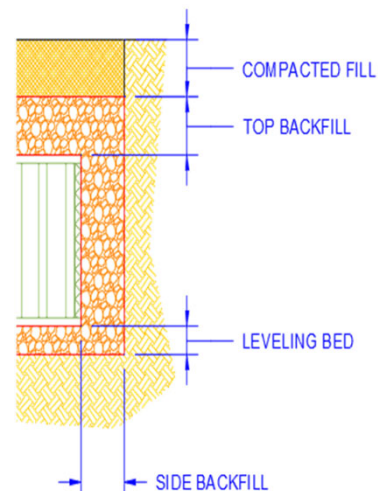
■ Stone Storage Volume: ■ Module Storage Volume:

Basin Detail

Component Quantities:

	Bottom Layer	Top Layer	Total
Height	24.0	N/A	24.0
# of Modules	210	N/A	210
# of Platens	420	N/A	420
# of Side Panels	286	N/A	286
# of Columns	1,680	N/A	1,680
# of Stacking Pins	0	N/A	0

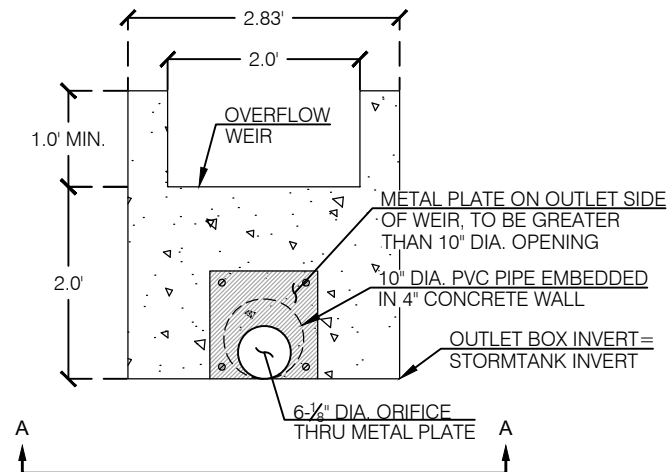
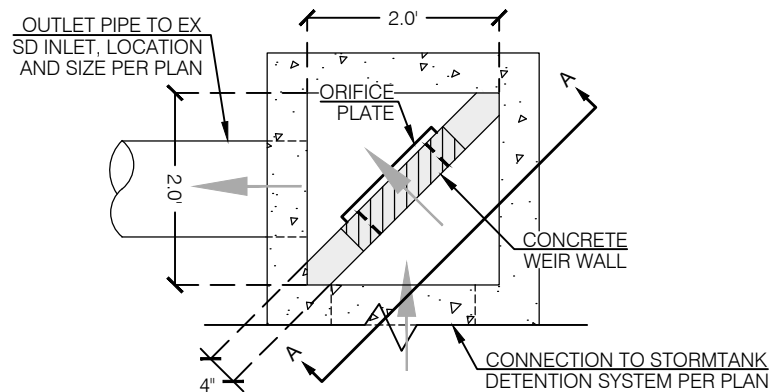
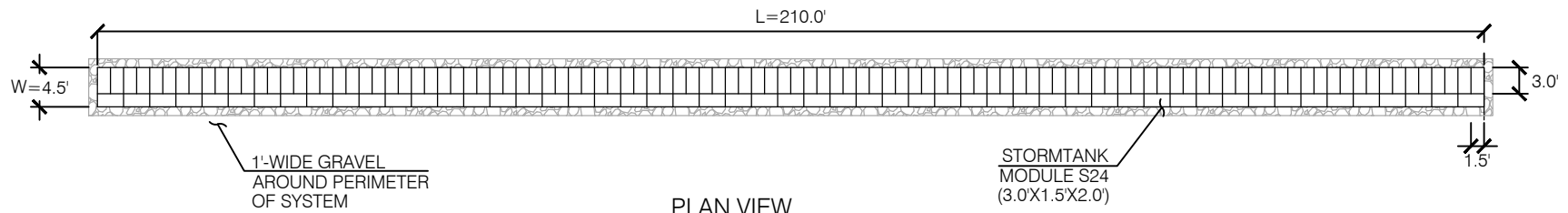
Cross-Section:



Module Footprint sf	Module Count	Module Perimeter ft	Side Panel Count	Module Height in	Module Capacity	Total Module Storage ft^3	Total Module Volume ft^3
945	210	429	286	24	8.656	1817.76	1890

Stone Footprint sf	Stone Perimeter ft	Stone Height ft	Stone Porosity	Stone Volume (All) ft^3	Stone Volume (Minus Top) ft^3	Stone Volume (None) ft^3	Stone Minus Module ft^3	Total Stone Storage ft^3
1378	437	3.50	40%	4823.000	3445.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Excavation Footprint sf	Excavation Height ft	Excavation Volume ft^3	Module Geotextile sf	Excavation Geotextile sf	Module Liner sf	Excavation Liner sf	Backfill Estimation
1378	4.50	6201.000	3053.333333	4761.666667	0	0	2933



ATTACHMENT 5

Storm Drain System Calculations

(This will be included in the Final Hydrology Study.)