## NEGATIVE DECLARATION and INITIAL STUDY

## Reyes Holdings, Victorville Warehouse APN 3090-431-07

Prepared for:

City of Victorville 14343 Civic Drive, P.O. Box 5001 Victorville, California 92395

Prepared by:

Mark Hagan

Wildlife Biologist

B.S. Degree, Wildlife Management
Humboldt State University

## **INITIAL STUDY**

- 1. PROJECT TITLE: Site Plan Case No. PLAN22-00004 (Reyes Holdings, Victorville Warehouse)
- 2. LEAD AGENCY NAME AND ADDRESS: City of Victorville, Planning Department, 14343 Civic Drive, Victorville, California 92392
- 3. CONTACT PERSON AND PHONE NUMBER:

Alex Jauregui, Senior Planner; 760.955.5135

- 4. PROJECT LOCATION: APN 3090-431-07, Victorville, California. The approximately 7 acres (2.8 ha) project area was located south of Ottawa Street, and east of Enterprise Way, T5N, R4W, a portion of the NE1/4 of the SW1/4 of the of Section 27, S.B.B.M (Figures 1 to 3).
- 5. PROJECT SPONSOR'S NAME AND ADDRESS:

Mr. Phil Erdman
707-684-9941
PErdman@reyesholdings.com
6250 North River Road, Rosemont, IL 60018

- 6. GENERAL PLAN DESIGNATION: Heavy Industrial
- 7. ZONING: APN 3090-431-07 is zoned M-2T, Heavy Industrial
- 8. DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT: Development of an approximately 18,600 square foot building warehouse facility is planned for APN 3090-431-07. Supporting infrastructure, drainage control, etc. will be constructed and installed to support this operation. Building and supporting infrastructure specifics are in the site plan (Figure 4). Packaging and distribution of food and beverages will be accomplished within this facility. Employees assigned to the site will consist of 18 drivers and 7 administrative staff. Thirty-five sales and merchandisers will be at the site once to twice a week. Four shuttles will be used for deliveries three times per night.
- 9. SURROUNDING LAND USES AND SETTING (Figures 5 to 7):

Enterprise Way was west of the study site. Ottawa Street was north of the study site. Vacant desert was present across from Enterprise Way and Ottawa Street. A wrought iron fence, parking, and industrial buildings existed adjacent to the eastern boundary. Sidewalks, cul de sac, and industrial buildings were present to the south of the study site. A sidewalk and a channelized wash/storm drain existed west and north of the project site. Heavy Industrial zoning is present to the north, south, and east of the project site. General Commercial zoning was present to the west of the project site. An Environmental Impact Report is currently under review for the Ottawa Business Center Project immediately adjacent to the north of Ottawa Street.

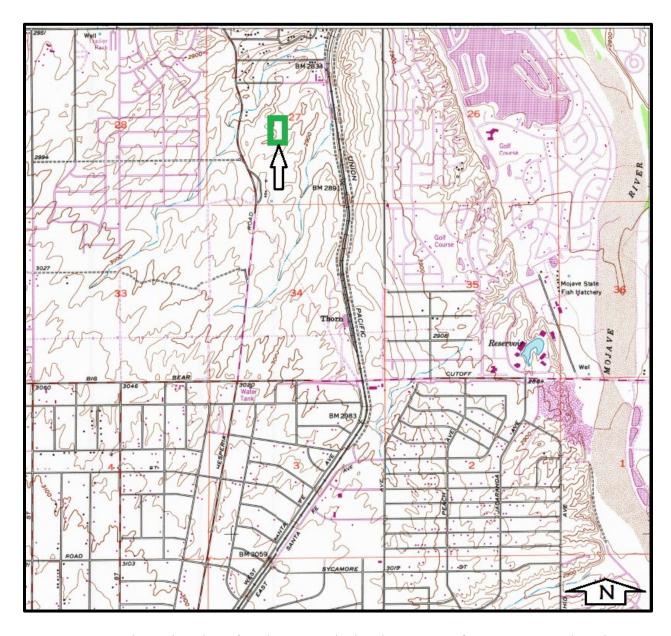


Figure 1. Approximate location of study area as depicted on excerpt from USGS Quadrangle, Hesperia, California, 7.5' 1980.



Figure 2. Approximate location of project area, Google Earth, April 2018, showing surrounding land use.





Figure 3. Representative photos of the project site. Top photo is west half, bottom photo is east half of site.

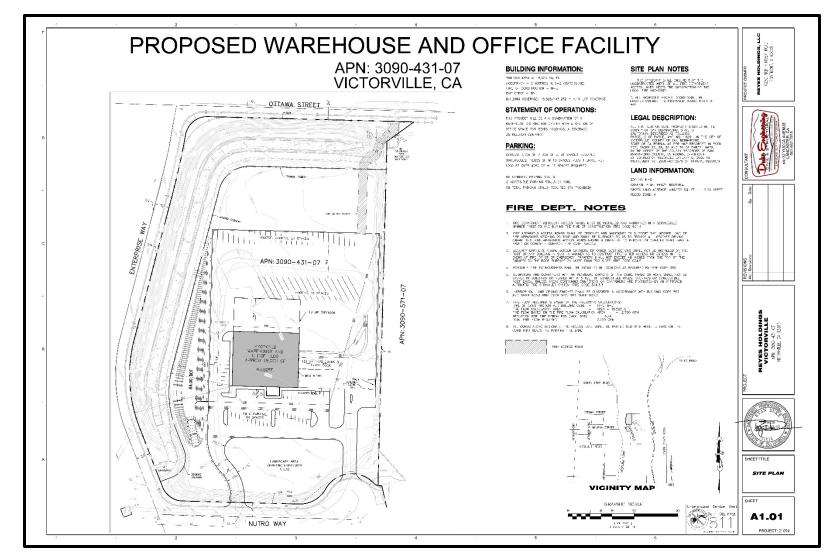


Figure 4. Site Plan - January 2022

Page 9 of 179 05/22/2022

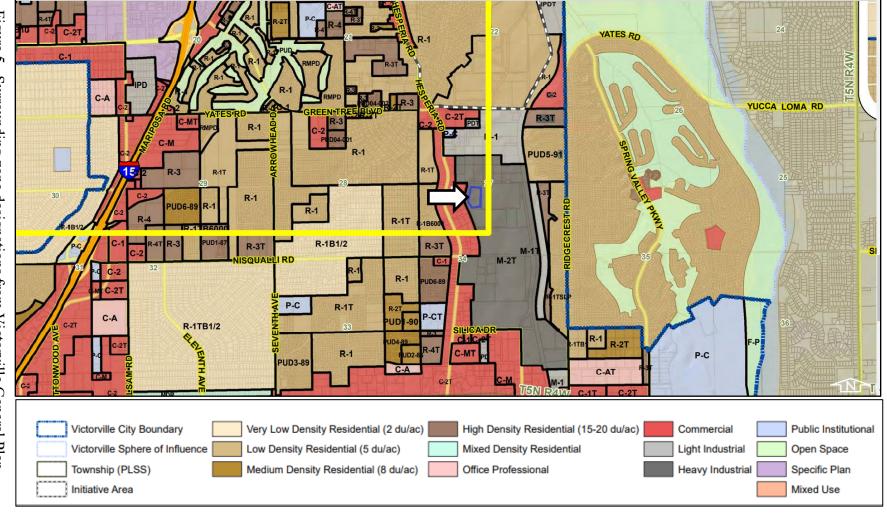






Figure 6. Photos of surrounding land uses. Top photo is south of the project site, bottom photo is looking to the east of the site.





Figure 7. Photos of surrounding land uses. Top photo storm channel immediately adjacent to the west of the project site. Bottom photo looking west of the site.

- 10. OTHER PUBLIC AGENCIES WHOSE APPROVAL IS REQUIRED (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement). Distribution of this document is appropriate, but not limited, to the following agencies:
  Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board
  Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District
- 11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21080.3.1?

  The City of Victorville mailed the required tribal notice on 9 March 2022. No responses were received. The 30-day period closed with no concerns noted by tribal entities. However, after the close of the required tribal noticing period, the City received comments from the San Manuel Band of Mission Indians that have been included as Cultural and Tribal Mitigation Measures CUL-1 through CUL-3 and TCR-1 and TCR-2 accordingly.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

Aesthetics	Hazards & Hazardous	Public Services
	Materials	
Agriculture Resources	Hydrology/Water Quality	Recreation
Air Quality/GHG/Energy	Land Use/Planning	Transportation/Traffic
Biological Resources	Mineral Resources	Utilities/Service Systems
Cultural Resources	Noise	Mandatory Findings of Significance
Geology/Soils	Population/Housing	

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by the Lead Agency). On the basis of this initial evaluation:

I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the	
environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.	
I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the	
environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the	Х
project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED	
NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.	
I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment,	
and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.	
I find that the proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or	
potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one	
effect (1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable	1
legal standards, and (2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the	
earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT	
REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed.	
I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the	983433
environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed	
adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable	1
standards and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or	
NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are	
imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.	

a.M.	6/2/2022
Signature	Date
Alex Jauregui	Senior Planner
Printed Name	Title

## **EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:**

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in its explanation following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g. the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e. g. the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation incorporated, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact' is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from Section 17, "Earlier Analysis," may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analysis may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063 (c) (3) (D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - (a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - (b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - (c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address the site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g. general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify: (a) the significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and (b) the mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

1. Aesthetics:	Potentially	Less than	<b>Less Than</b>	No
	Significant	Significant with	Significant	Impact
	Impact	Mitigation		
a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic				X
vista?				
The project site is not located next to a state scenic			sidered a sce	nic
resource. The project site is situated next to existing	ıg industrial c	levelopment.		
b) Substantially damage scenic resources,				X
including, but not limited to, trees, rock				
outcroppings, and historic buildings within a				
state scenic highway?				
There are no trees, rock outcroppings, or historic by	_			tion
indicates there are no designated scenic highways i	n the City of	Victorville (Caltra	ns 2022).	
c) Substantially degrade the existing visual				X
character or quality of the site and its				
surroundings?				
The proposed project would not substantially degra		_		
or its surroundings. This project site has been fully				
past. The area to the south and east are developed	with industria	al facilities. The pr	oject site is b	ounded
on the north and south by paved roads.				
d) Create a new source of substantial light or				X
glare which would adversely affect day or				
nighttime views in the area?				
The project will be developed in compliance with V		-	nded to preve	nt
substantial light or glare. This project is situated w	ithin an indu	strial use area.		

	2.	Agriculture Resources: In determining	Potentially	Less than	Less Than	No
		whether impacts to agricultural resources	Significant	Significant with	Significant	Impact
		are significant environmental effects, lead	Impact	Mitigation		
		agencies may refer to the California				
		Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site				
		Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the				
		California Department of Conservation as				
		an optional model to use in assessing				
		impacts on agriculture and farmland.				
		Would the project:				
a)	С	onvert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland,				X
	01	Farmland of Statewide Importance				
	(F	Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared				
		arsuant to the Farmland Mapping and				
	M	Ionitoring Program of the California				
	R	esources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
No		This is non-agricultural land (Department of C	Conservation	2022)		
b)	С	onflict with existing zoning for agricultural				X
	us	se, or a Williamson Act contract?				
No	. [	This project site is zoned heavy industrial and	has been pre	viously graded and	used for	•
		or-trailer parking.	1	, ,		
		. 0				
c)	Ir	volve other changes in the existing				X
	er	nvironment which, due to their location or				
		ature, could result in conversion of				
		armland, to non-agricultural use?				
Th	is 1	project would have no impacts on farmland.	The area, both	project site and ac	djacent sites,	are
		heavy industrial and commercial.	-	- <del>-</del>	-	
		-				

3. Air Quality: Where available, the	Potentially	Less than	Less Than	No
significance criteria established by the	Significant	Significant with	Significant	Impact
applicable air quality management or air	Impact	Mitigation		
pollution control district may be relied				
upon to make the following				
determinations. Would the project:				
determinations. Would the project.				
a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of				X
the applicable air quality plan?				
and approximate drawing from				
Development and operation of this project will con	ply with all a	applicable district i	ules and	
regulations, and proposed control measures as requ				gement
District (MDAQMD). By complying with these ru	•	2		
conflict with or obstruct implementation of the air				
appropriately zoned area (M2 – Heavy Industrial).	The mitigation	on measures requir	ed by the MD	DAQMD
are listed within the Mitigation, Monitoring and Re	porting Plan	(MMRP) (Append	ix E).	
b) Result in a cumulatively considerable net				X
increase of any criteria pollutant for which				
the project region is non-attainment under an				
applicable federal or state ambient air quality				
standard (including releasing emissions which				
exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone				
precursors)?				
An Air Quality Study was accomplished and finding				
pollutants and greenhouse gases for each year of co				
well below the applicable MDAQMD Significant I			1 0	
have a significant air quality impact on the environ	\ <b>1</b>	,		
expected to expose sensitive receptors to substantia				
and operational emissions are below the significant		_		
required" (MS Hatch Consulting 2021). Emission the MDAQMD and are contained within the Air Qu				
Quality Study was based on an approximately 50,0				
scaled done to an 18,600 square foot facility makin				s occii
scaled done to all 10,000 square foot facility making	g the chilissio	nis even iess man p	rojections.	
c) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial				X
pollutant concentrations?				71
The proposed project is not considered one of the p	roject types t	hat the MDAOME	CEOA Guid	elines
require to be evaluated for potentially exposing sen				
concentrations (MS Hatch Consulting). As such, h	-	-		e not
calculated, and the project was not evaluated for po	-			
Consulting 2021).			1 (	
d) Result in other emissions (such as those				X
leading to odors) adversely affecting a				
substantial number of people?				
Typical construction odors would be expected and	temporary no	t affecting a substa	ntial number	of
people in this industrial/commercial area. Objection				
substantial number of people would be those such a		-		Γhis
facility will be operating a beverage distribution ce				
odiferous emissions.		-		-

4. Biological Resources	·	Less than	Less Than	No
Would the project?	Significant	Significant with	Significant	Impact
	Impact	Mitigation		<u> </u>
Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly		X		
or through habitat modifications, on any species				
identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special				
status species in local or regional plans,				
policies, or regulations, or by the California				
Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish				
and Wildlife Service?				1
Results noted here are from Hagan 2022, Appendix I				
developed site and is not expected to result in a signi				
sensitive wildlife sign was observed within the project				
within the site. Vegetation within the site is unsuitab	_	_		
necessary. No burrowing owl cover sites were obser				
squirrel burrows were observed on the constructed by				
possible for burrowing owls to take up residence with				
ourrowing owl survey should be accomplished within				
ourrowing owls have not moved into the study area.				
n the California Department of Fish and Wildlife titlused for addressing burrowing owl issues on the stud	-	_	_	
ised for addressing burrowing owr issues on the stud	ly site (Califor	ima Department of	risii aliu Gali	16 2012)
) Have a substantial adverse effect on any				X
riparian habitat or other sensitive natural				
community identified in local or regional plans,				
policies, regulations or by the California				
Department of Fish and Wildlife or US Fish				
and Wildlife Service?				
There is no riparian habitat or sensitive natural comm	nunity present	on the project site.	•	
e) Have a substantial adverse effect on state or				X
federally protected wetlands (including, but not				
limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.)				
through direct removal, filling, hydrological				
interruption, or other means?				
There are none of these features within the project sit	te.		•	
) Interfere substantially with the movement of				X
any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife				
species or with established native resident or				
migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use				
of native wildlife nursery sites?				
There is no evidence of any movement corridors or n	ursery sites w	vithin this project ar	ea. This proj	ect will
not interfere with the movement of fish or wildlife sp	ecies, migrate	ory corridors, or wi	ldlife nursery	sites. Th
rea is fenced on two sides with constructed banks or	n the other two	o sides.		
Conflict with any local policies or ordinances				X
protecting biological resources, such as a tree				
preservation policy or ordinance?				
There are no sensitive resources within the project sit	te which could	d be impacted (Hag	an 2022).	
) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted				X
) conflict with the provisions of an adopted				
Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community				
Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community				

5. Cultural Resources	Potentially	Less than	Less Than	No
	Significant	Significant with	Significant	Impact
	Impact	Mitigation		_
a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the		X		
significance of a historical resource as				
defined in § 15064.5?				
No adverse change would be expected. A Cultura	Resources R	Leport was complet	ed for the pro	ject site
(Love 2022, Appendix C). There was no observat	ion of any his	storical resources o	n the project	site. The
Records Search returned with a negative finding for	or cultural res	ources. However,	mitigation m	easures
will be employed in the event resources or remains	s are discover	ed during construc	tion. These r	neasures
are listed in the MMRP (Appendix E).				
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the				X
significance of an archaeological resource				
pursuant to § 15064.5?				
No archaeological resources are present within this	s project site	(Love 2022). No is	ndication of h	numan
remains was observed on the project site. The site	was complete	ely graded and reco	ntoured prior	to 2005
according to Google Earth historical aerials.				
c) Disturb any human remains, including those		X		
interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?				
No indication of human remains was observed on	the project sit	e. The site was co	mpletely grad	ded and
recontoured prior to 2005 according to Google Ear	th historical	aerials. However,	mitigation me	easures
will be employed in the event resources or remains	s are discover	ed during construc	tion. These r	neasures
are listed in the MMRP (Appendix E).				

Θν	O		Less Than Significant	No Impact		
a) Result in potentially significant				X		
environmental impact due to wasteful,						
inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of						
energy resources, during project construction						
or operation?						
Energy use calculated during the Air Quality Study	, Tables 3 an	d 4, were well belo	ow any signif	icance		
level (MS Hatch Consulting 2021). During constru	action and op	eration, this projec	t will be requ	ired to		
comply with the latest Environmental Protection A	gency (EPA)	and California Air	Resources B	oard		
(CARB) emissions standards as well as Title 24 Building Efficiency Standards. Following these						
standards will ensure no significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary						
consumption of energy resources occur.	•	ŕ	•	•		
b) Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan				X		

Calculated energy use is well below significance and will not conflict or obstruct with state or local plans for renewable energy or energy efficient. In addition to Title 24 and the EPA and CARB emissions standards compliance the City of Victorville has energy policies within the General Plan to promote energy sustainability (City of Victorville 2008). Policy 7.2.1 requires sustainable building design and development. Policy 7.2.1.3 requires drought tolerant landscaping. Both of these further ensures compliance with state and local plans.

for renewable energy or energy efficient?

7. Geology and Soils: Would the project	Potentially	Less than	Less Than	No
			Significant	Impact
	Impact	Mitigation		
a) Directly or indirectly cause substantial				X
adverse effects, including the risk of loss,				
injury, or death involving:				
i)rupture of a known earthquake fault, as				
delineated on the most recent Alquist-				
Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map				
issued by the State Geologist for the area				
or based on other substantial evidence of				
a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines				
and Geology Special Publication 42.				
ii)Strong seismic ground shaking?				
iii)Seismic-related ground failure,				
including liquefaction?				
iv)Landslides?				
i)Based on the American Geosciences Institute Ca	lifornia Earth	quake Hazard Zon	es map this ar	ea and
site are not within an Earthquake Fault Zone.				
ii)Strong seismic shaking could occur anywhere in				
comply with the California Building Codes and the	-		_	
iii)There are clay soils within the project site howe	•		-	
the parking area is planned. Liquefaction can be a				ans and
geo-technical studies will ensure the building is co				0
iv)The project site is level and other than construct			there are no a	areas of
elevation around the project site. Landslides woul	d not be expe	cted.		37
b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				X
Grading and soil disturbance will create some soil	erosion and l	oss of topsoil but d	ue to require	ments in
the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPP)				
will not result in substantial soil erosion or loss of		1		
c) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is	1			X
unstable, or that would become unstable as a				
result of the project, and potentially result in				
on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading,				
subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				
The project would comply with the California Bui	lding Code ar	nd incorporate reco	mmendations	from
the geo-technical and soils report into the develop	ment of the pr	roject.		
d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in				X
Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code				
(1994), creating substantial risks to life or				
property?				
According to the General Plan the expansion poter	ntial for most	soils within the Cit	ty of Victorvi	lle have
a low expansion potential (City of Victorville 2008	3). The soils	within this project	site have been	n graded
and recontoured in the past for development. No s	ubstantial ris	k to life or property	is expected.	
e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting				X
the use of septic tanks or alternative waste				
water disposal systems where sewers are not				
available for the disposal of waste water?				
Septic tanks will not be used for this project.				

f)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique	X	
	paleontological resource or site or unique		
	geologic feature?		

The project site is on a previously developed site which has been graded and recontoured, no paleontological resources or unique geologic features are present or expected. However, mitigation measures will be employed in the event resources are discovered during construction. These measures are listed in the MMRP (Appendix E).

	8. Greenhouse Gas Emissions: Would the	<b>Potentially</b>	Less than	Less Than	No
	project:	Significant	Significant with	Significant	Impact
		Impact	Mitigation		
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either				X
	directly or indirectly, that may have a				
	significant impact on the environment?				

An Air Quality Study was accomplished and findings indicated "The estimated emissions of criteria pollutants and greenhouse gases for each year of construction and the total operational emissions are well below the applicable MDAQMD Significant Emissions Thresholds; therefore, this project does not have a significant air quality impact on the environment. In addition, this project is not expected to expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations. Since the construction and operational emissions are below the significance thresholds, emissions mitigation measures are not required" (MS Hatch Consulting 2021). Emission thresholds applicable to this project have been set by the MDAQMD and are contained within the Air Quality Study (MS Hatch Consulting 2021).

The Air Quality Study was based on an approximately 50,000 square foot facility, whereas the project has been scaled done to an 18,600 square foot facility making the emissions even less than the projection.

b)	X	
Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or		
regulation adopted for the purpose of		
reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?		

Given that greenhouse gases were estimated to be well below the applicable MDAQMD Significant Emissions Thresholds no conflict could occur. The San Bernardino County Regional Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan shall be applied and current GHG screening table shall be followed. Mitigation measures are listed within the MMRP (Appendix E).

Significant   Significant with   Significant with   Impact   Mitigation   Significant   Impact   Significant with   Significant wi	
	X
environment through the routine transport,	
use, or disposal of hazardous materials?	
Other than common hazardous materials used during construction such as petroleum-based fuels, oils	5,
etc. no hazardous materials usage is planned during operations. If there were any or if there are in the	e
future Federal regulations rigorously regulate the transport, use, and disposal of hazardous materials.	
Regulations would be followed in every aspect.	
b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the	X
environment through reasonably foreseeable	
upset and accident conditions involving the	
release of hazardous materials into the	
environment?	
Note a) above.	
	X
hazardous or acutely hazardous materials,	
substances, or waste within one-quarter mile	
of an existing or proposed school?	1
No schools are within one-quarter mile. In addition, this project is located in an area zoned and already	dy
developed as heavy industrial.	
	X
list of hazardous materials sites compiled	
pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a	
significant hazard to the public or the	
environment?	
An Envirostor search was completed for the project site. No hazardous materials sites were within 0.	5
miles of the project site (distance that was researched). Only one previous operation has taken place	
this project site and that was a parking lot. Prior to construction of the parking lot the site was relativ	
untouched vacant land.	5
	X
use plan or, where such a plan has not been	
adopted, within two miles of a public airport	
or public use airport, would the project result	
in a safety hazard for people residing or	
working in the project area?	
Based on review of Google Earth aerial photography no public airport or public use airport is located	
within two miles and therefore would not be within an airport land use plan.	
	X
airstrip, would the project result in a safety	
hazard for people residing or working in the	
project area?	
This project is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip.	
g) Impair implementation of or physically	X
interfere with an adopted emergency response	
plan or emergency evacuation plan?	
Development of this project would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adoption of the project would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adoption of the project would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adoption of the project would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adoption of the project would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adoption of the project would not impair implementation of the project would not implementation of the project would not implementation of the project would not be project would not implementation of the project would not be	
emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. This project is in an appropriately zoned are where these issues were previously considered when zoned	ea

h)	Expose people or structures to a significant		X
	risk of loss, injury or death involving		
	wildland fires, including where wildlands are		
	adjacent to urbanized areas or where		
	residences are intermixed with wildlands?		

The project site is located within an urban area with facilities bordering the east and south, a major road to the west and north. Vacant land with low growing vegetation is present for a short distance to the west and then residential housing. Vacant land with low growing vegetation is present to the north. The context of the project site is such that a risk to wildland fires would be anticipated to be low to nonexistent.

	10. Hydrology and Water Quality	Potentially	Less than	Less Than	No
		_	Significant with	Significant	Impact
	X7' 1	Impact	Mitigation		
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste		X		
T 1	discharge requirements?	771	G ( AIRDEG)	. 1	<u> </u>
	e project will apply National Pollutant Discharg				
	actices to ensure water quality standards and was				
	ormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) fu		no violations occu	ır. Mitigation	1
	asures to be applied are listed in the MMRP (Ap	ppendix E).	1		T
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or				X
	interfere substantially with groundwater recharge				
	such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer				
	volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of preexisting				
	nearby wells would drop to a level which would				
	not support existing land uses or planned uses for				
	which permits have been granted)?				
Th	e City of Victorville's General Plan requires water	conservation	measures be applied	ed to new deve	lopment
	ough their General Plan Resource Element Object:				1
	dscaping and water conserving measures help to p				er
	pacts were evaluated within the General Plan Envi				
	nsistent with those analyzed and determined to not				
	ostantially with recharge.	•			
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern				X
	of the site or area, including through the				
	alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a				
	manner which would result in:				
	i)substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-				
	site?				
	ii)substantially increase the rate or amount of				
	surface runoff in a manner which would result				
	in flooding on or off site?				
	iii)create or contribute runoff water which				
	would exceed the capacity of existing or				
	planned stormwater drainage systems or				
	provide substantial additional sources of				
	polluted runoff?				
D	iv)impede or redirect flood flows?		VDDD 1	T 1 4 33	7.4
	st management practices as required by both NPD				
	ality Control Board ensures control of erosion and				
	drology Report show the drainage controls which				
	ntrol surface runoff and flood flows to maintain pro 22, Appendix D). Mitigation measures to be applied				meering
	In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk		Appe	ildix E).	X
u)					Λ
	release of pollutants due to project				
NT.	inundation?				
_	t applicable.	T	T		37
e)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a				X
	water quality control plan or sustainable				
<u>_</u>	groundwater management plan?				<u> </u>
	e proposed project is being developed within an	-		-	
	is development is small, normal construction, ar	-	_	hin the bound	S
ext	pected within the General Plan for build out (Cit	y of Victorvi	lle 2008).		

11. Land Use and Planning	Potentially	Less than	Less Than	No
	Significant	Significant with	Significant	Impact
	Impact	Mitigation		
a) Physically divide an established community?				X
This is a previously developed site, no community	would be div	ided.		
b) Conflict with any applicable land use plan,				X
policy, or regulation of an agency with				
jurisdiction over the project (including, but				
not limited to the general plan, specific plan,				
local coastal program, or zoning ordinance)				
adopted for the purpose of avoiding or				
mitigating an environmental effect?				
No conflict with any applicable plan or regulation	would occur.	The project site is	zoned approp	oriately
for the planned project.				
c) Conflict with any applicable habitat				X
conservation plan or natural community				
conservation plan?				
Currently there are no habitat conservation or natural	ral communit	y conservation plan	ns that cover t	this area.

12. Mineral Resources	Potentially	Less than	Less Than	No	
	Significant	Significant with	Significant	Impact	
	Impact	Mitigation			
b) Result in the loss of availability of a known				X	
mineral resource that would be of value to the					
region and the residents of the state?					
This project site is in an area that has already been developed, is small in nature, and is located within an					
already established area with major roads and facil	ities surround	ling it. No loss of	known miner	al	
resources would occur due to development of this	site.				
c) Result in the loss of availability of a locally				X	
important mineral resource recovery site					
delineated on a local general plan, specific					
plan or other land use plan?					
This project site is in an area that has already been	developed, is	small in nature, ar	nd is located v	vithin an	
already established area with major roads and facil		•			

This project site is in an area that has already been developed, is small in nature, and is located within an already established area with major roads and facilities surrounding it. No loss of known mineral resources would occur due to development of this site.

13. Noise	Potentially	Less than	<b>Less Than</b>	No
	Significant	Significant with	Significant	Impact
	Impact	Mitigation		_
a) Generation of a substantial temporary or				X
permanent increase in ambient noise levels in				
the vicinity of the project in excess of				
standards established in the local general plan				
or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of				
other agencies?				
Construction of the site would be required to follow	w established	standards within the	ne General Pl	an (City
of Victorville 2008). This area is within an industr	rial area when	re noise sensitive re	eceptors are n	ot
present. Construction noise would be considered n	ormal conve	entional standard for	r this type of	
development.				
b) Generation of excessive groundborne				X
vibration or groundborne noise levels?				
Normal conventional construction noise would be	expected dur	ing development of	this project.	
Operations would be consistent with an industrial a	area.			
c) For a project located within the vicinity of a				X
private airstrip or an airport land use plan or,				
where such a plan has not been adopted,				
within two miles of a public airport or public				
use airport, would the project expose people				
residing or working in the project area to				
excessive noise levels?				
Not applicable				

	14. Population and Housing	Potentially	Less than	Less Than	No
		Significant	Significant with	Significant	Impact
		Impact	Mitigation		
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an				X
	area, either directly (for example, by				
	proposing new homes and businesses) or				
	indirectly (for example, through extension of				
	roads or other infrastructure)?				
No	new homes are being proposed. This project is	a relatively s	mall business which	ch would not	generate
sub	stantial population growth.				
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing				X
	housing, necessitating the construction of				
	replacement housing elsewhere?				
No	housing would be displaced due to developmen	t of this proje	ect site.		
c)	Displace substantial numbers of people,				X
	necessitating the construction of replacement				
	housing elsewhere?				
No	people would be displaced due to development	of this projec	et site.		

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No Impact
a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered government facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:				X
Fire Protection				X
Police Protection				X
Schools, parks, other public facilities				X

The project is compatible with the City's land designation and impacts on public services were evaluated within the General Plan (City of Victorville 2008). Construction would be required to meet all current fire codes. This facility is not expected to increase population levels that would impact or cause a need for new facilities. Additionally, as noted in the General Plan, Policy 3.1.1, Implementation Measure 3.1.1.1, the City collects and applies a development impact fee to pay for infrastructure improvements.

16. Recreation	Potentially	Less than	<b>Less Than</b>	No
	Significant	Significant with	Significant	Impact
	Impact	Mitigation		
a) Would the project increase the use of existing				X
neighborhood and regional parks or other				
recreational facilities such that substantial				
physical deterioration of the facility would				
occur or be accelerated?				
This is a relatively small business that would not be	e expected to	have a significant	impact on par	rks or
other recreational facility.				
b) Does the project include recreational facilities				X
or require the construction or expansion of				
recreational facilities which might have an				
adverse physical effect on the environment?				
No recreational facilities nor need for recreational	facilities will	occur due to devel	opment of thi	s project
site.			_	- 2

17. Transporta	ation Would the project:	Potentially	Less than	Less Than	No
		Significant	Significant with	Significant	Impact
		Impact	Mitigation		
a) Conflict with a	program, plan, ordinance, or				X
policy addressing	ng the circulation system,				
including transi	t, roadway, bicycle and				
pedestrian facil	ities?				
b) Would the proje	ect conflict or be inconsistent				X
with CEQA Gu	idelines Section 15064.3,				
subdivision (b)	?				
The City Traffic Er	ngineer (Victorville) determined	this project	would not require a	traffic study	
provided no parking	g signs were posted along the ea	ast side of En	iterprise Way and a	n adjacent cu	rve was
clear of any sight o	bstructions (Wagdy 2021). The	se were liste	d as mitigations in	Appendix E.	
c) Substantially in	crease hazards due to a				X
geometric desig	gn feature (e.g., sharp curves or				
dangerous inter	sections) or incompatible uses				
(e.g., farm equi	pment)?				
Major roads already	y border the project site, no rede	esign of these	e roads is planned a	nd no incomp	atible
vehicle types will b	e used.				
d) Result in inadea	quate emergency access?				X
Roads bordering th	e project site are sufficient to pr	ovide emerg	ency access for this	planned use.	The
project is within an	already evaluated land designate	tion for heav	y industrial use wh	ich has consid	dered
emergency access.					

	18. Tribal Cultural Resources: Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a Tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American Tribe, and that is:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No Impact
	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1 (k) here are no resources present on this site. The site				
	as made to appropriate Tribes on 9 March 2022 a ceived.	nd ran throug	gh 7 April 2022. N	o comments	were
-	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and is supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public				X

There are no resources present on this site. The site was previously developed. Request for comment was made to appropriate Tribes on 9 March 2022 and ran through 7 April 2022. No comments were received. However, after the close of the required tribal noticing period, the City received comments

from the San Manuel Band of Mission Indians that have been included as Cultural and Tribal Mitigation Measures CUL-1 through CUL-3 and TCR-1 and TCR-2 accordingly.

19. Utilities and Service Systems	•	Less than	Less Than	No		
	Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation	Significant	Impact		
a) Require or result in the relocation or				X		
construction or new or expanded water,						
wastewater treatment or storm water						
drainage, electric power, natural gas, or						
telecommunications facilities, the						
construction or relocation of which could						
cause significant environmental effects?						
The project will connect to existing utilities and no	ot require any	new or expanded	facilities or			
infrastructure to operate.	-	-				
b) Have sufficient water supplies available to				X		
serve the project and reasonably foreseeable						
future development during normal, dry and						
multiple dry years?						
The City of Victorville 2020 Urban Water Manage	ement Plan in	dicates sufficient v	vater supply e	exists to		
meet the needs of this project (City of Victorville 2	2020). Given	this heavy industr	ial area was v	vithin		
the General Plan normal conventional water usage	would be ex	pected during the o	original plann	ing		
decisions for the City (City of Victorville 2008).	•			C		
c) Result in a determination by the wastewater				X		
treatment provider which serves or may serve						
the project that it has adequate capacity to						
serve the project's projected demand in						
addition to the provider's existing						
commitments?						
During initial review of the project it is subject to	review by the	City Engineer to	determine ade	quate		
sewer capacity. This project is conventional use, h	nas a small sta	aff, and relatively s	small operation	n. The		
wastewater treatment facility has adequate capacit	y to service tl	his project.				
d) Generate solid waste in excess of State or				X		
local standards, or in excess of the capacity of						
local infrastructure, or otherwise impact the						
attainment of solid waste reduction goals?						
Based on CalRecycle the estimated closure date of	the Victorvi	lle Sanitary Landfi	ll is 2047. Su	ıfficient		
landfill space is available for the project. This pro						
waste reduction goals. Recycling protocols are pa						
e) Comply with federal, state, and local				X		
management and reduction statutes and						
regulations related to solid waste?						
This new development would have to implement r	ecycling prog	grams with a 50% of	diversion of s	olid		
waste based on Assembly Bill 939 and the County Integrated Waste Management Plan. The project						
will comply with all federal, state, local management	_	_				

	20. Mandatory Findings of Significances	Potentially	Less than	Less Than	No			
		Significant	Significant with	Significant	Impact			
		Impact	Mitigation					
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade				X			
	the quality of the environment, substantially							
	reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species,							
	cause a fish or wildlife population to drop							
	below self-sustaining levels, threaten to							
	eliminate a plant or animal community,							
	reduce the number or restrict the range of a							
	rare or endangered plant or animal or							
	eliminate important examples of the major				ļ			
	periods of California history or prehistory?							
No	, there are no valuable habitats, plants, or wildlin	fe within this	project site and no	examples of				
Ca	California history or prehistory. This site was previously developed into a parking lot. It was							
completely graded and recontoured. No native or natural features exist within the site.								
b)	Does the project have impacts that are				X			
	individually limited, but cumulatively							
	considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable"							
	means that the incremental effects of a project							
	are considerable when viewed in connection							
	with the effects of past projects, the effects of							
	other current projects, and the effects of							
	probable future projects)?							
No	No cumulatively considerable impacts are expected from this project. The project has a small footprint,							
is within an already zoned heavy industrial area which had been planned and evaluated within the								
General Plan (City of Victorville 2008).								
c)	Does the project have environmental effects				X			
	which will cause substantial adverse effects							
	on human beings, either directly or							
	indirectly?							
As	As noted in the individual elements of this checklist there are no significant impacts any of the							
cat	categories. There is nothing unusual or large about this project. This is a conventional straightforward							
pro	ject that will not cause substantial adverse effec	ts on human	beings directly or i	ndirectly.				

- American Geosciences Institute 2022. Earthquake zones of required investigation for victorville, california (map). https://maps.conservation.ca.gov/cgs/EQZApp/app/ Accessed 30 January 2022.
- Bruce Love Consulting. 2022. Cultural resources report for victorville warehouse project, apn 3090-431-07, se corner of ottawa street and enterprise way, victorville, ca and addendum. Bruce Love, 29709 104<sup>th</sup> Street East, Littlerock, California 93543. 21pp.
- California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG). 2012. Staff report on burrowing owl mitigation. Calif. Dept. of Fish and Wildlife, Wildlife Branch, Sacramento, CA. 36pp.
- Caltrans 2022. Scenic highway systems list. Scenic Highways | Caltrans . 1pp.
- City of Victorville. 2008. General plan 2030. General Plan | Victorville, CA (victorvilleca.gov) 246pp. City of Victorville. 2020. 2020 urban water management plan.
  - https://www.victorvilleca.gov/home/showpublisheddocument/6593/637583035592600000 441pp.
- Department of Conservation. 2022. California important farmland finder. <u>DLRP Important Farmland Finder</u> (ca.gov)
- Duke Engineering 2022. Hydrology study. Duke Engineering, 44732 Yucca Avenue, Lancaster, California, 93534. 15 pp.
- EnviroStor. 2022. EnviroStor map, victorville, california. www.envirostor.dtsc.ca.gov/pbulic/map/?global\_id=36650008 Accessed 31 January 2022
- Hagan, Mark. 2022. Biological resource assessment of apn 3090-431-07, victorville, california. Mark Hagan, 44715 17<sup>th</sup> Street East, Lancaster, California. 12pp.
- M.S. Hatch Consulting, LLC. 2021. Air Quality Study warehouse & office facility apn 3090-431-07 Ottawa street and enterprise way, Victorville, ca. Duke Engineering, 44732 Yucca Avenue, Lancaster, California, 93534. 9 pp
- Wagdy, Anwar. 2021. Traffic study for apn 3090-431-07, dec 20, 2021 (email). Mark Hagan, 44715 17<sup>th</sup> Street East, Lancaster, California. 1pp.



Date: November 12, 2021

To: Ms. Jenni Duke, Duke Engineering

From: M. S. Hatch Consulting, LLC

Subject: Air Quality Study – Warehouse & Office Facility APN 3090-431-07 – Ottawa

Street and Enterprise Way, Victorville, CA

M. S. Hatch Consulting, LLC (MSHC) appreciates the opportunity to prepare the air quality study for the proposed construction and operation of a warehouse and office facility for Duke Engineering (Duke). The project consists of a warehouse, an office, and a parking lot on 7.49 acres in the City of Victorville. This air quality study includes the estimated criteria pollutant and greenhouse gas emissions from the construction and operation of the proposed project.

#### **Executive Summary**

Table 1 and Table 2 compare the estimated annual and daily emissions summaries from the construction and operation of the proposed warehouse and office facility to the significant emission thresholds described in the Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District (MDAQMD) California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and Federal Conformity Guidelines, dated February 2020, included in Attachment A. The estimated emissions of criteria pollutants and greenhouse gases for each year of construction and the total operational emissions are well below the applicable thresholds. Greenhouse gas emissions are presented in units of carbon dioxide equivalent (CO<sub>2</sub>e). The proposed project is not considered one of the project types that the MDAQMD CEQA Guidelines require to be evaluated for potentially exposing sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations. As such, hazardous air pollutants (HAP) emissions were not calculated, and the project was not evaluated for potential health risks to sensitive receptors.

**Table 1. Annual Emissions Summary and Significance Thresholds** 

- · · · · ·	Total Emissions (tons per year)						
Emissions Source	ROG	NOx	СО	SOx	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> e
Year 1 Construction Emissions (2022)	0.08	0.69	0.62	< 0.01	0.13	0.07	120
Year 2 Construction Emissions (2023)	0.33	1.41	1.77	< 0.01	0.18	0.09	356
Total Operational Emissions	0.29	0.11	0.65	< 0.01	0.13	0.04	243
Significant Emissions Threshold	25	25	100	25	15	12	100,000

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Residences, schools, daycare centers, playgrounds and medical facilities are considered sensitive receptor land uses. The following project types proposed for sites within the specified distance to an existing or planned (zoned) sensitive receptor land use must be evaluated using significance threshold criteria number 4 (refer to the significance threshold discussion): any industrial project within 1000 feet; a distribution center (40 or more trucks per day) within 1000 feet; a major transportation project (50,000 or more vehicles per day) within 1000 feet; a dry cleaner using perchloroethylene within 500 feet; or a gasoline dispensing facility within 300 feet.

Table 2. Daily Emissions Summary and Significance Thresholds

Fi		Total Emissions (pounds per day)						
Emissions Source	ROG	NOx	CO	SOx	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> e	
Year 1 Construction Emissions (2022)	3.24	33.12	21.58	0.05	9.43	5.46	4,834	
Year 2 Construction Emissions (2023)	15.53	16.49	21.03	0.05	2.21	1.08	4,764	
Total Operational Emissions	1.75	0.65	4.35	0.01	0.84	0.23	938	
Significant Emissions Threshold	137	137	548	137	82	65	548,000	

ROG: Reactive Organic Compounds, used interchangeably with Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC);  $NO_X$ : oxides of nitrogen; CO: Carbon monoxide;  $SO_X$ : Oxides of sulfur;  $PM_{2.5}$ : particulate matter less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter;  $PM_{10}$ : particulate matter less than 10 micrometers in diameter;  $CO_2$ e: Carbon dioxide equivalent

# **Project Description**

The proposed project includes the construction of a warehouse, an office, and a parking lot on 7.49 acres. The project site is currently a vacant lot<sup>2</sup> located southeast of the intersection of Ottawa Street and Enterprise Way in Victorville, CA. The site location is included in Figure 1 and the proposed site plan is included in Figure 2.



Figure 1. Regional Vicinity

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Located on assessor parcel number (APN) 3090-431-07.

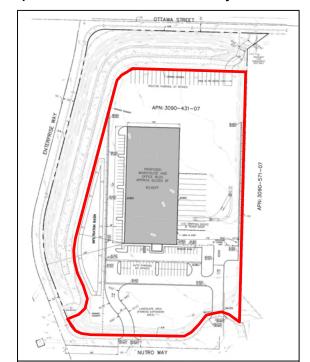


Figure 2. Site Plan – Proposed Warehouse and Office Facility – APN 3090-431-07, Victorville, CA

#### **Sources of Emissions**

The emissions associated with the proposed project consist of construction and operational emissions from the warehouse and office facility. Construction emissions are temporary and include emissions of criteria pollutants and greenhouse gases from construction activities during site preparation, grading, building construction, paving, and the application of architectural coatings. Operational emissions consist of area sources (e.g., re-applying architectural coatings, consumer products, and landscaping equipment), energy use (i.e., electricity and natural gas), mobile sources (e.g., commuting), off-road equipment, solid waste disposal, and water and wastewater use (i.e., supplying and treating water and wastewater).

#### **Emissions Estimates**

Tables 3 and 4 present the annual and daily emissions summaries from the construction and operation of the proposed project, respectively. Emissions were estimated using CalEEMod Version 2020.4.0. The detailed emissions model outputs are included in Attachment B.

This project is not considered one of the project types that the MDAQMD CEQA Guidelines require to be evaluated for potentially exposing sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations. As such, HAP emissions were not calculated, and the project was not evaluated for potential health risks to sensitive receptors.

**Table 3. Annual Construction and Operational Emissions Summary** 

Emissions Source	Total Emissions (tons per year)							
Emissions Cource	ROG	NOx	CO	SOx	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> e	
Construction Emissions								
Year 1 Construction Emissions (2022)	0.08	0.69	0.62	< 0.01	0.13	0.07	120	
Year 2 Construction Emissions (2023)	0.33	1.41	1.77	< 0.01	0.18	0.09	356	
Operational Emissions								
Area Sources	0.22	0.00	< 0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	< 1	
Energy	< 0.01	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	47	
Mobile	0.07	0.11	0.65	< 0.01	0.13	0.04	124	
Offroad (Electric Equipment)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	
Waste	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.00	0.00	24	
Water	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.00	0.00	48	
Total Operational Emissions	0.29	0.11	0.65	< 0.01	0.13	0.04	243	
Significant Emissions Threshold	25	25	100	25	15	12	100,000	

**Table 4. Daily Construction and Operational Emissions Summary** 

Emissions Source	Total Emissions (pounds per day)						
Linissions oddice	ROG	NOx	CO	SO <sub>x</sub>	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub> e
Construction Emissions							
Year 1 Construction Emissions (2022)	3.24	33.12	21.58	0.05	9.43	5.46	4,834
Year 2 Construction Emissions (2023)	15.53	16.49	21.03	0.05	2.21	1.08	4,764
Operational Emissions							
Area Sources	1.22	< 0.01	0.01	0.00	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 1
Energy	< 0.01	0.03	0.03	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	36
Mobile	0.53	0.62	4.31	0.01	0.84	0.23	902
Offroad (Electric Equipment)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
Waste	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Water	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Operational Emissions	1.75	0.65	4.35	0.01	0.84	0.23	938
Significant Emissions Threshold	137	137	548	137	82	65	548,000

ROG: Reactive Organic Compounds, used interchangeably with Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC);  $NO_X$ : oxides of nitrogen; CO: Carbon monoxide;  $SO_X$ : Oxides of sulfur;  $PM_{2.5}$ : particulate matter less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter;  $PM_{10}$ : particulate matter less than 10 micrometers in diameter;  $CO_2$ : Carbon dioxide equivalent

#### **Emissions Calculation Methodology**

Construction and operational emissions were based on four CalEEMod land use types: *Unrefrigerated Warehouse – No Rail, General Office Building, Parking Lot,* and *City Park.* A discussion on the land use types that were used for the emissions modeling is included below.

CalEEMod Land Use Type: Unrefrigerated Warehouse – No Rail

The *Unrefrigerated Warehouse- No Rail* land use type was used to model the emissions associated with the proposed facility's warehouse. The building square footage (42,300 square feet) was provided by Duke.<sup>3</sup> The warehouse acreage (0.97 acres) was calculated from the building square footage.

CalEEMod Land Use Type: General Office Building

The *General Office Building* land use type was used to model the emissions associated with the proposed facility's office space. The office space square footage (7,700 square feet) was provided by Duke and the acreage (0.18 acres) was calculated from the square footage.

CalEEMod Land Use Type: Parking Lot

The *Parking Lot* land use type was used to model the emissions associated with the 97 parking spaces for the proposed facility. The parking lot acreage (4.12 acres) was provided by Duke.

CalEEMod Land Use Type: City Park

The *City Park* land use type was used to model the emissions associated with the proposed facility's open space (e.g., natural detention basins, landscaped area, etc.). The acreage (2.23 acres) was provided by Duke.

#### Construction Emissions

Construction emissions were calculated using CalEEMod defaults and input provided by Duke. The construction equipment and the anticipated construction schedule was reviewed and verified by Duke.

Table 5 provides the anticipated construction schedule. Duke provided the proposed start date (10/3/2022) for the project<sup>4</sup> and indicated that work would be conducted five days per week. Apart from the *Building Construction* phase, all phase durations are based on CalEEMod default values. The *Building Construction* phase was shortened to meet the estimated construction timeline expected by Duke.<sup>5</sup>

Table 6 provides the anticipated number of equipment that will be used during each construction phase, the hours per day the equipment will be operated, and the horsepower of the equipment. The values in Table 6 are based on CalEEMod default values.

Based on input from Duke, this project will not require any material import or export. For fugitive dust emissions, CalEEMod defaults do not include any control of fugitive dust from construction sites.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Duke provided the total square footage of the warehouse via phone call on 11/8/21.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The construction start date (10/3/2022) was provided by Duke via email on 11/8/21.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Duke provided an initial timeline of one year for the project's construction.

MDAQMD Rule 403 requires that "any person shall not cause or allow the emissions of Fugitive Dust from any transport, handling, construction or storage activity so that the Visible Fugitive Dust remains visible in the atmosphere beyond the property line of the emission source"; to meet this requirement, it is assumed that the construction site will be watered three times per day. Although the addition of watering for dust control is listed as a mitigation measure in CalEEMod, within the MDAQMD this is a requirement, and is therefore included.

For architectural coating operations, VOC emissions were calculated based on the assumption that the coatings would be compliant with the VOC content limits of MDAQMD Rule 1113.<sup>6</sup>

**Table 5. Construction Schedule** 

Construction Phase	Start Date	End Date	Days/week	Workdays
Demolition	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Site Preparation	10/3/2022	10/14/2022	5	10
Grading	10/15/2022	11/11/2022	5	20
Building Construction	11/12/2022	8/7/2023	5	191
Paving	8/8/2023	9/4/2023	5	20
Architectural Coating	9/5/2023	10/2/2023	5	20

**Table 6. Construction Equipment** 

Construction Phase	Equipment	Number of Equipment	Hours per day	Horsepower
Cita Dranaration	Rubber Tired Dozers	3	8	247
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	4	8	97
	Excavators	1	8	158
Cradina	Graders	1	8	187
Grading	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	8	247
	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	8	97
	Cranes	1	7	231
	Forklifts	3	8	89
Building Construction	Generator Sets	1	8	84
	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	7	97
	Welders	1	8	46
	Pavers	2	8	130
Paving	Paving Equipment	2	8	132
	Rollers	2	8	80
Architectural Coating	Air Compressors	1	6	78

 $<sup>^6</sup>$  For building coatings, assumed to be 90% flat paints (50 g/L) and 10% non-flat paints (100 g/L). For the parking lot coatings, assumed to be compliant with the Traffic Marking Coating category (100 g/L). VOC limits based on MDAQMD Rule 1113. Effective 1/1/2022, non-flat coatings will have a VOC limit of 50 g/L – for a conservative estimate (to account for the sell-through period) assumed that non-flat coatings will still have a VOC of 100 g/L.

Page 44 of 179 05/22/2022

#### Operational Emissions

Operational emissions consist of area sources (e.g., re-applying architectural coatings, consumer products, and landscaping equipment), energy use (i.e., electricity and natural gas), mobile sources (e.g., commuting), off-road equipment, solid waste disposal, and water and wastewater use (i.e., supplying and treating water and wastewater).

For architectural coating operations (i.e., re-applying coatings), VOC emissions were calculated based on the assumption that the coatings would be compliant with the VOC content limits of MDAQMD Rule 1113.<sup>7</sup>

For operational off-road equipment, Duke indicated that an electric air compressor, an electric welder, and an electric forklift are expected to be used at the facility. The emissions from the equipment were based on CalEEMod default factors.

For mobile sources, it was assumed that there would not be any external vehicle trips to the project's open space, modeled under the *City Park* land use type. All other operational emissions sources were calculated using CalEEMod default factors.

#### **Findings**

The estimated emissions of criteria pollutants and greenhouse gases for each year of construction and the total operational emissions <u>are well below the applicable MDAQMD Significant Emissions Thresholds</u>; therefore, this project does not have a significant air quality impact on the environment. In addition, this project is not expected to expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations. Since the construction and operational emissions are below the significance thresholds, emissions mitigation measures are not required.

-

 $<sup>^7</sup>$ For building coatings, assumed to be 90% flat paints (50 g/L) and 10% non-flat paints (100 g/L). For the parking lot coatings, assumed to be compliant with the Traffic Marking Coating category (100 g/L). VOC limits based on MDAQMD Rule 1113. Effective 1/1/2022, non-flat coatings will have a VOC limit of 50 g/L – for a conservative estimate (to account for the sell-through period) assumed that non-flat coatings will still have a VOC of 100 g/L.

ATTACHMENT A – Mojave Desert AQMD California Environmental Quality Act (6	CEOA)
and Federal Conformity Guidelines	JEWA)



# **MDAQMD**

# California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)

# And

# **Federal Conformity**

Guidelines

February 2020

Planning and Rule Making Section Air Monitoring Section

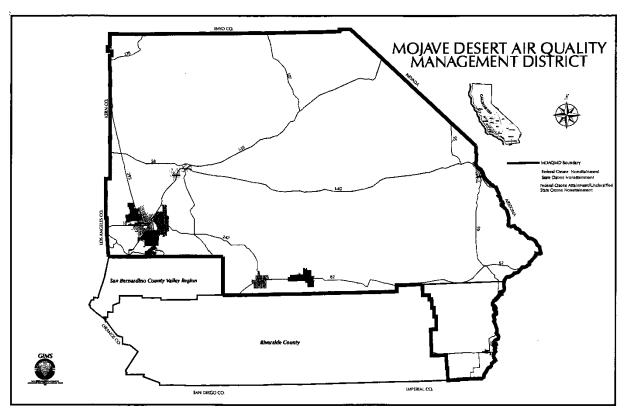
#### **Table of Contents**

2
5
7
و
و
10
11

# **Background**

Under CEQA, the Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District (District) is an expert commenting agency on air quality and related matters within its jurisdiction or impacting on its jurisdiction. Under the Federal Clean Air Act the District has adopted federal attainment plans for ozone and PM<sub>10</sub>. The District has dedicated assets to reviewing projects to ensure that they will not: (1) cause or contribute to any new violation of any air quality standard; (2) increase the frequency or severity of any existing violation of any air quality standard; or (3) delay timely attainment of any air quality standard or any required interim emission reductions or other milestones of any federal attainment plan. These Guidelines are intended to assist persons preparing environmental analysis or review documents for any project within the jurisdiction of the District by providing background information and guidance on the preferred analysis approach.

**Map 1 - District Boundaries** 



#### Jurisdiction

The District has jurisdiction over the desert portion of San Bernardino County and the far eastern end of Riverside County (please refer to Map 1). This region includes the incorporated communities of Adelanto, Apple Valley, Barstow, Blythe, Hesperia, Needles, Twentynine Palms, Victorville, and Yucca Valley. This region also includes the National Training Center at Fort Irwin, the Marine Corps Air Ground Combat Center, the Marine Corps Logistics Base, the eastern portion of Edwards Air Force Base, and a portion of the China Lake Naval Air Weapons Station.

#### Non-attainment Designations and Classification Status

The United States Environmental Protection Agency and the California Air Resources Board have designated portions of the District non-attainment for a variety of pollutants, and some of those designations have an associated classification. Please refer to Table 1 for a chart of these designations and classifications.

**Table 1 - Designations and Classifications** 

Ambient Air Quality Standard	MDAQMD
One-hour Ozone (Federal) – standard has	Proposed attainment in 2014; historical classification
been revoked	Severe-17*
Eight-hour Ozone (Federal 84 ppb (1997))	Subpart 2 Nonattainment; classified Severe-15**
Eight-hour Ozone (Federal 75 ppb (2008))	Nonattainment, classified Severe-15**
Eight-hour Ozone (Federal 70 ppb (2015))	Expected nonattainment; classified Severe-15**
Ozone (State)	Nonattainment; classified Moderate
PM <sub>10</sub> 24-hour (Federal)	Nonattainment; classified Moderate (portion of
	MDAQMD in Riverside County is
	unclassifiable/attainment)
PM <sub>2.5</sub> Annual (Federal)	Unclassified/attainment
PM <sub>2.5</sub> 24-hour (Federal)	Unclassified/attainment
PM <sub>2.5</sub> (State)	Nonattainment**
PM <sub>10</sub> (State)	Nonattainment
Carbon Monoxide (State and Federal)	Unclassifiable/Attainment
Nitrogen Dioxide (State and Federal)	Unclassifiable/Attainment
Sulfur Dioxide (State and Federal)	Attainment/unclassified
Lead (State and Federal)	Unclassifiable/Attainment
Particulate Sulfate (State)	Attainment
Hydrogen Sulfide (State)	Unclassified (Searles Valley Planning Area is
	nonattainment)
Visibility Reducing Particles (State)	Unclassified

<sup>\*</sup>Note: Portion of MDAQMD outside of Southeast Desert Modified AQMA is unclassified/attainment

#### Attainment Plans

The District has adopted a variety of attainment plans for a variety of nonattainment pollutants. Please refer to Table 2 for a chart of these attainment plans.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Note: Portion of MDAQMD outside of Western Mojave Desert Ozone Nonattainment Area is unclassifiable/attainment

**Table 2 – MDAQMD Attainment Plans** 

Name of Plan	Date of Adoption	Standard(s) Targeted	Applicable Area	Pollutant(s) Targeted	Attainment Date*
MDAQMD Federal 75 ppb Ozone Attainment Plan (Western Mojave Desert Nonattainment Area)	27-Feb-17	Federal eight hour ozone (75 ppb)	Western Mojave Desert Nonattainment Area (MDAQMD portion)	NO <sub>x</sub> and VOC	2027
Federal 8-Hour Ozone Attainment Plan (Western Mojave Desert Nonattainment Area)	9-Jun-08	Federal eight hour ozone (84 ppb)	Western Mojave Desert Nonattainment Area (MDAQMD portion)	NO <sub>x</sub> and VOC	2019 (revised from 2021)
2004 Ozone Attainment Plan (State and Federal)	26-Apr-04	Federal one hour ozone	Entire District	NO <sub>x</sub> and VOC	2007
Attainment Demonstration, Maintenance Plan, and Redesignation Request for the Trona Portion of the Searles Valley PM <sub>10</sub> Non- attainment Area	25-Mar-96	Federal daily and annual PM <sub>10</sub>	Searles Valley Planning Area	PM <sub>10</sub>	N/A
Triennial Revision to the 1991 Air Quality Attainment Plan	22-Jan-96	State one hour ozone	Entire District	NO <sub>x</sub> and VOC	2005
Mojave Desert Planning Area Federal Particulate Matter Attainment Plan	31-Jul-95	Federal daily and annual PM <sub>10</sub>	Mojave Desert Planning Area	PM <sub>10</sub>	2000
Searles Valley PM <sub>10</sub> Plan	28-Jun-95	Federal daily and annual PM <sub>10</sub>	Searles Valley Planning Area	$PM_{10}$	1994
Post 1996 Attainment Demonstration and Reasonable Further Progress Plan	26-Oct-94	Federal one hour ozone	Southeast Desert Modified AQMA	NO <sub>x</sub> and VOC	2007
Reasonable Further Progress Rate-Of- Progress Plan	26-Oct-94	Federal one hour ozone	Southeast Desert Modified AQMA	NO <sub>x</sub> and VOC	2007

Name of Plan	Date of Adoption	Standard(s) Targeted	Applicable Area	Pollutant(s) Targeted	Attainment Date*
1991 Air Quality	26-Aug-91	State one hour	San Bernardino	NO <sub>x</sub> and VOC	1994
Attainment Plan		ozone	County portion		

<sup>\*</sup>Note: A historical attainment date given in an attainment plan does not necessarily mean that the affected area has been re-designated to attainment; please refer to Table 1.

#### Rules and Regulations

The District maintains a set of Rules and Regulations to improve air quality and maintain good air quality. Please visit www.mdaqmd.ca.gov.

# **Recommended Environmental Setting Elements**

#### Air Quality Data

The District gathers a variety of air quality data from a variety of monitoring sites (from the USMC AGCC site on contract). Table 3 details the data available from the District for each monitoring site. Each site with current PM10 monitoring is operating a Beta Attenuation Monitor (or BAM) with realtime hourly data, and BAMs replaced TEOMs and Hi-Vols beginning in 2011.

Table 3 - Available Air Quality Data

Site	Address	Pollutants	Dates
Barstow	225 E. Mountain	$O_3$ , $NO_x$ , $CO$ , $PM_{10}$	5/1/80 to present
	View		
Hesperia	17288 Olive	$O_3$ , $PM_{10}$	1/2/86 to present
Lucerne Valley	8560 Aliento Road	$PM_{10}$	6/1/89 to present
Phelan	Beekley and Phelan	$O_3$	1/1/88 to present
	Road		
Trona	Market Street	$O_3$ , $NO_x$ , $SO_2$ , $H_2S$ , $PM_{10}$	8/1//80 to 2/13/93
Trona	Athol Street	$O_3$ , $NO_x$ , $SO_2$ , $H_2S$ , $PM_{10}$	1/25/93 to 3/1997
Trona	Telescope	$O_3$ , $NO_x$ , $SO_2$ , $H_2S$ , $PM_{10}$	4/1997 to present
Twentynine	6136 Adobe Road	$O_3$ , $NO_x$ , $SO_2$ , $CO$ , $PM_{10}$	8/1/80 to 12/2005
Palms			
Victorville	County Fairgrounds	O <sub>3</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub> , SO <sub>2</sub> , CO, TSP	8/1980 to 12/1985
Victorville	Eighth Street	O <sub>3</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub> , SO <sub>2</sub> , CO, TSP	1/1985 to 12/1989
Victorville	County Fairgrounds	$O_3$ , $NO_x$ , $SO_2$ , $CO$ , $PM_{10}$	1/1990 to 4/1991
Victorville	14029 Amargosa Rd	O <sub>3</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub> , SO <sub>2</sub> , CO, PM <sub>10</sub>	4/1991 to 12/1999
Victorville	14306 Park Avenue	O <sub>3</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub> , SO <sub>2</sub> , CO, PM <sub>2.5</sub> (dual	1/2000 to present
		co-located), PM <sub>10</sub>	_

#### Meteorological Data

A variety of meteorological data is available from the District for several monitoring sites

throughout the District. Table 4 contains a list of monitoring sites and the date range the following data is available for: wind speed (hourly average and peak), wind direction, temperature, barometric pressure, and relative humidity.

Table 4 - Available Meteorological Data

Site	Address	Dates
Barstow	225 E. Mountain View	1/1988 to present
Hesperia	17288 Olive Street	1/1988 to present
Lucerne Valley	8560 Aliento Road	3/2020 to present
Phelan	Beekley and Phelan	1/88 to present
	Road	
Trona	Athol Street	2/1993 to 3/1997
Trona	Telescope	4/1997 to present
Twentynine Palms	6136 Adobe Road	1/1988 to 12/2005
Victorville	14029 Amargosa Road	4/91 to 12/1999
Victorville	14306 Park Avenue	1/2000 to present

#### Topography and Climate Discussion

The District covers the majority of the Mojave Desert Air Basin (MDAB). The MDAB is an assemblage of mountain ranges interspersed with long broad valleys that often contain dry lakes. Many of the lower mountains which dot the vast terrain rise from 1,000 to 4,000 feet above the valley floor. Prevailing winds in the MDAB are out of the west and southwest. These prevailing winds are due to the proximity of the MDAB to coastal and central regions and the blocking nature of the Sierra Nevada mountains to the north; air masses pushed onshore in southern California by differential heating are channeled through the MDAB. The MDAB is separated from the southern California coastal and central California valley regions by mountains (highest elevation approximately 10,000 feet), whose passes form the main channels for these air masses. The Antelope Valley is bordered in the northwest by the Tehachapi Mountains, separated from the Sierra Nevadas in the north by the Tehachapi Pass (3,800 ft elevation). The Antelope Valley is bordered in the south by the San Gabriel Mountains, bisected by Soledad Canyon (3,300 ft). The Mojave Desert is bordered in the southwest by the San Bernardino Mountains, separated from the San Gabriels by the Cajon Pass (4,200 ft). A lesser channel lies between the San Bernardino Mountains and the Little San Bernardino Mountains (the Morongo Valley).

The Palo Verde Valley portion of the Mojave Desert lies in the low desert, at the eastern end of a series of valleys (notably the Coachella Valley) whose primary channel is the San Gorgonio Pass (2,300 ft) between the San Bernardino and San Jacinto Mountains.

During the summer the MDAB is generally influenced by a Pacific Subtropical High cell that sits off the coast, inhibiting cloud formation and encouraging daytime solar heating. The MDAB is rarely influenced by cold air masses moving south from Canada and Alaska, as these frontal systems are weak and diffuse by the time they reach the desert. Most desert moisture arrives from infrequent warm, moist and unstable air masses from the south. As can be seen from Table 5, the MDAB averages between three and seven inches of precipitation per year (from 16 to 30 days with at least 0.01 inches of precipitation). The MDAB is classified as a dry-hot desert

climate (BWh), with portions classified as dry-very hot desert (BWhh), to indicate at least three months have maximum average temperatures over 100.4° F.

Table 5 - MDAB Average Precipitation and Evaporation History

Location	Precipitation	Precipitation	Evaporation	Length of Observations
	(inches)	(days)	(inches)	(years)
Trona	3.82	16		48
Randsburg	5.89	23		48
China Lake	4.42			34
Goldstone Echo	5.42	20		23
Daggett Airport	3.87	23		48
Barstow Fire	4.60	23		16
Barstow CIMIS	5.10	27	70	22
Granite Mountain	5.76	22		5
Victorville CIMIS	7.30	29	63	15
Mitchell Caverns	10.41	32		38
Mountain Pass	7.63	28		41
Parker Reservoir	5.38	24		48
Needles Airport	4.55	23		48
Twentynine Palms	3.95	19		48
Blythe Airport	3.57	17		48
Iron Mountain	3.40	19		48

# **Recommended Impacts Discussion Elements**

#### Direct Impacts

Direct impacts are the result of the project itself (from its construction and operation), in the form of project activity and trips generated by the project. For example, in the case of a subdivision project, construction emissions (equipment exhaust, wind erosion, vehicle exhaust), housing use activity (natural gas consumption) and trips to and from the housing (vehicle exhaust, tire wear) represent direct impacts. In the case of a new mine project, construction emissions (equipment exhaust, wind erosion, vehicle exhaust), material handling (drilling, blasting, transfers, crushing, screening, bagging), operational emissions (wind erosion, vehicle travel, vehicle exhaust, tire wear), and employee/customer/delivery travel (vehicle exhaust, tire wear) represent direct impacts.

#### **Indirect Impacts**

Indirect impacts are the result of changes that would not occur without the project. In the case of a subdivision project, indirect impacts on the surrounding community can be generated in many ways: nearby construction of roadways (or roadway modifications) and other infrastructure to support the subdivision, construction and operation of new commercial/retail establishments, changes in traffic/circulation patterns that result in increased congestion/delays, etc. In the case of a new mine project, indirect impacts can be generated by nearby construction of infrastructure

to support the mine, housing constructed and/or occupied by mine employees, changes in traffic/circulation patterns that result in increased congestion/delays, etc.

#### Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative impacts are similar to direct and indirect impacts of the project, which the project contributes to. In the case of a subdivision project, a given project has a cumulative impact with all other subdivision projects, from the standpoint of each type of impact (cumulative construction emissions, residential natural gas consumption, solvent use, transportation emissions, congestion, etc.). Similarly, a new mine project has a cumulative impact with all other mining projects, from the standpoint of each type of impact (cumulative construction emissions, diesel equipment emissions, blasting emissions, fugitive emissions, transportation, congestion, etc.).

### **Conformity Impacts**

A project is non-conforming if it conflicts with or delays implementation of any applicable attainment or maintenance plan. A project is conforming if it complies with all applicable District rules and regulations, complies with all proposed control measures that are not yet adopted from the applicable plan(s), and is consistent with the growth forecasts in the applicable plan(s) (or is directly included in the applicable plan). Conformity with growth forecasts can be established by demonstrating that the project is consistent with the land use plan that was used to generate the growth forecast. An example of a non-conforming project would be one that increases the gross number of dwelling units, increases the number of trips, and/or increases the overall vehicle miles traveled in an affected area (relative to the applicable land use plan).

#### Sensitive Receptor Land Uses

Residences, schools, daycare centers, playgrounds and medical facilities are considered sensitive receptor land uses. The following project types proposed for sites within the specified distance to an existing or planned (zoned) sensitive receptor land use must be evaluated using significance threshold criteria number 4 (refer to the significance threshold discussion):

- Any industrial project within 1000 feet;
- A distribution center (40 or more trucks per day) within 1000 feet;
- A major transportation project (50,000 or more vehicles per day) within 1000 feet;
- A dry cleaner using perchloroethylene within 500 feet;
- A gasoline dispensing facility within 300 feet.

#### Friant Ranch Decision

The MDAQMD does not currently have a methodology that would correlate the expected air quality emissions of project to the likely health consequences of those emissions. However, the MDAQMD does recommend the use of specific tools which are available (such as CalEEMod) for the purposes of project evaluation. Outside of existing tools, the MDAQMD does not currently have methodologies that would provide lead agencies and the public with a consistent, reliable and meaningful analysis to correlate specific health impacts that may result from a

proposed project's air emissions.

#### **Recommended Substantiation Discussion Elements**

For projects applying the emissions-based significance thresholds, project emissions quantification is required. In addition the environmental documentation must include support for the quantification methodology used, including emission factors, emission factors source, assumptions, and sample calculations where necessary. For projects using a calculation tool such as CalEEMod or URBEMIS, the support section must specify the inputs and settings used for the evaluation.

# **Significance Thresholds**

Any project is significant if it triggers or exceeds the most appropriate evaluation criteria. The District will clarify upon request which threshold is most appropriate for a given project; in general, the emissions comparison (criteria number 1) is sufficient:

- 1. Generates total emissions (direct and indirect) in excess of the thresholds given in Table 6;
- 2. Generates a violation of any ambient air quality standard when added to the local background;
- 3. Does not conform with the applicable attainment or maintenance plan(s) 1;
- 4. Exposes sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations, including those resulting in a cancer risk greater than or equal to 10 in a million and/or a Hazard Index (HI) (non-cancerous) greater than or equal to 1.\*

A significant project must incorporate mitigation sufficient to reduce its impact to a level that is not significant. A project that cannot be mitigated to a level that is not significant must incorporate all feasible mitigation. Note that the emission thresholds are given as a daily value and an annual value, so that multi-phased project (such as project with a construction phase and a separate operational phase) with phases shorter than one year can be compared to the daily value.

**Table 6 – Significant Emissions Thresholds** 

Criteria Pollutant	Annual Threshold	Daily Threshold
	(short tons)	(pounds)
Greenhouse Gases (CO2e)	100,000	548,000
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	100	548
Oxides of Nitrogen (NO <sub>x</sub> )	25	137
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	25	137
Oxides of Sulfur (SO <sub>x</sub> )	25	137
Particulate Matter (PM <sub>10</sub> )	15	82

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A project is deemed to not exceed this threshold, and hence not be significant, if it is consistent with the existing land use plan. Zoning changes, specific plans, general plan amendments and similar land use plan changes which do not increase dwelling unit density, do not increase vehicle trips, and do not increase vehicle miles traveled are also deemed to not exceed this threshold.

<sup>\*</sup>Refer to the Sensitive Receptor Land Use discussion above

Criteria Pollutant	Annual Threshold (short tons)	Daily Threshold (pounds)
Particulate Matter (PM <sub>2.5</sub> )	12	65
Hydrogen Sulfide (H <sub>2</sub> S)	10	54
Lead (Pb)	0.6	3

# **District Contacts**

If an address is not listed, use the general address for the District, to the attention of the listed individual.

Mojave Desert Air Quality	(760) 245-1661
Management District General	14306 Park Avenue
_	Victorville, CA 92392-2310
Planning and Rules	Tracy Walters (760) 245-1661 x6122
Air Quality and Meteorological Data	Chris Collins (760) 245-1661 x6282
CEQA and Conformity	Alan De Salvio (760) 245-1661 x6726
Permitting	Sheri Haggard (760) 245-1661 x1864

# Appendix A – Basic Definitions of Major Air Pollutants

Technical and/or legal definitions exist for many of these pollutants, depending on context. The following definitions are for general, introductory purposes only:

Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) – Common product of combustion. Not a criteria pollutant, but considered an important greenhouse gas. Important on a national or global scale.

**Carbon Monoxide (CO)** – Common product of incomplete combustion. A criteria pollutant with state and federal standards. Not a primary photochemical reaction compound, but involved in photochemical reactions. Dissipates rapidly, and is therefore only important on a local scale near sources.

**Criteria Pollutants** – Those air pollutants specifically identified for control under the Federal Clean Air Act (currently six: carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, lead, sulfur oxides, ozone and particulates).

**Lead (Pb)** – A heavy metal, present in the environment mainly due to historical use in motor vehicle fuel. Primarily associated with lead smelting operations. A criteria pollutant with state and federal standards. Primarily of concern near sources.

Oxides of Nitrogen ( $NO_x$ ) – Common product of combustion in the presence of nitrogen. Includes  $NO_2$ , which is a criteria pollutant with state and federal standards. Locally and regionally important due to its involvement in the photochemical formation of ozone.

Oxides of Sulfur ( $SO_x$ ) – Common product of combustion in the presence of sulfur. Associated primarily with diesel and coal burning. Includes  $SO_2$ , a criteria pollutant with state and federal standards. Primarily of concern near sources.

Ozone  $(O_3)$  – A gas mainly produced by a photochemical reaction between reactive organic gases and oxides of nitrogen in the presence of sunlight (also produced by molecular oxygen in the presence of ultraviolet light or electrical discharge). A strong oxidant that is damaging at ground level but necessary at high altitude (in the stratosphere, where it absorbs dangerous ultraviolet light). Also considered an important greenhouse gas. A criteria pollutant with state and federal standards.

Particulate Matter (TSP or  $PM_{30}$ ) – Solid or liquid matter suspended in the atmosphere, excluding water. Includes aerosols and droplets that form in the atmosphere. Locally and regionally important.

Reactive/Volatile Organic Compounds/Gases (ROG, VOC, NMOG, NMOC) – A portion of total organic compounds or gases, excludes methane, ethane and acetone (due to low photochemical reactivity). "ROG" is generally used by the California Air Resources Board, "VOC" is generally used by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, but all four terms are interchangeable for most uses. Regionally important due to its involvement in the photochemical reaction that produces ozone.

Respirable Particulate Matter (coarse or  $PM_{10}$ , and fine or  $PM_{2.5}$ ) – That portion of particulate matter that tends to penetrate into the human lung. The subscript refers to aerodynamic diameter. Criteria pollutants with state and federal standards. Locally and regionally important.

**Total Organic Compounds/Gases (TOC or TOG)** – Compounds containing at least one atom of carbon, except carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, carbonic acid, metallic carbides and metallic carbonates. Primarily methane in the atmosphere, a greenhouse gas.

**ATTACHMENT B – CalEEMod Emissions Model Output** 

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 1 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

#### EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

# 1.0 Project Characteristics

#### 1.1 Land Usage

Land Uses	Size	Metric	Lot Acreage	Floor Surface Area	Population
General Office Building	7.70	1000sqft	0.18	7,700.00	0
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail	42.30	1000sqft	0.97	42,300.00	0
Parking Lot	4.12	Acre	4.12	179,467.20	0
City Park	2.23	Acre	2.23	97,138.80	0

#### 1.2 Other Project Characteristics

Urbanization	Urban	Wind Speed (m/s)	2.6	Precipitation Freq (Days)	30
Climate Zone	10			Operational Year	2023
Utility Company	Southern California	a Edison			
CO2 Intensity (lb/MWhr)	390.98	CH4 Intensity (lb/MWhr)	0.033	N2O Intensity (lb/MWhr)	0.004

#### 1.3 User Entered Comments & Non-Default Data

Project Characteristics -

Land Use - Information provided by client.

Construction Phase - Schedule adjusted based on client input.

Architectural Coating - VOC limits from MDAQMD Rule 1113. For the building, assumes 90% flat paint (50 g/L) and 10% non-flat (100 g/L). For parking lot coatings, assumed to be compliant with the Traffic Marking Coating category VOC limit of 100 g/L. Effective 1/1/2022, non-flat coatings will have a VOC limit of 50 g/L - for conservative estimate (to account for the sell-through period) it is assumed that non-flat coatings will still have a VOC of 100 g/L.

Vehicle Trips - All areas modeled as City Park are within the development and no vehicle trips are expected.

Area Coating - VOC limits from MDAQMD Rule 1113. For the building, assumes 90% flat paint (50 g/L) and 10% non-flat (100 g/L). For parking lot coatings, assumed to be compliant with the Traffic Marking Coating category VOC limit of 100 g/L. Effective 1/1/2022, non-flat coatings will have a VOC limit of 50 g/L - for conservative estimate (to account for the sell-through period) it is assumed that non-flat coatings will still have a VOC of 100 g/L.

Page 59 of 179 05/22/2022

Construction Off-road Equipment Mitigation - Assumes that construction site will be watered 3 times per day to be in compliance with MDAQMD Rule 403.

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

#### EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

Area Mitigation - VOC limits from MDAQMD Rule 1113. For the building, assumes 90% flat paint (50 g/L) and 10% non-flat (100 g/L). For parking lot coatings, assumed to be compliant with the Traffic Marking Coating category VOC limit of 100 g/L. Effective 1/1/2022, non-flat coatings will have a VOC limit of 50 g/L - for conservative estimate (to account for the sell-through period) it is assumed that non-flat coatings will still have a VOC of 100 g/L.

Operational Off-Road Equipment - Type of equipment, number of equipment, and fuel type was provided by client.

Table Name	Column Name	Default Value	New Value
tblArchitecturalCoating	EF_Nonresidential_Exterior	250.00	55.00
tblArchitecturalCoating	EF_Nonresidential_Interior	250.00	55.00
tblArchitecturalCoating	EF_Parking	250.00	100.00
tblArchitecturalCoating	EF_Residential_Exterior	250.00	55.00
tblArchitecturalCoating	EF_Residential_Interior	250.00	55.00
tblAreaCoating	Area_EF_Nonresidential_Exterior	250	55
tblAreaCoating	Area_EF_Nonresidential_Interior	250	55
tblAreaCoating	Area_EF_Parking	250	100
tblAreaCoating	Area_EF_Residential_Exterior	250	55
tblAreaCoating	Area_EF_Residential_Interior	250	55
tblConstructionPhase	NumDays	230.00	191.00
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	11/24/2023	10/2/2023
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	9/29/2023	8/7/2023
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	10/27/2023	9/4/2023
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseStartDate	10/28/2023	9/5/2023
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseStartDate	9/30/2023	8/8/2023
tblOperationalOffRoadEquipment	OperFuelType	Diesel	Electrical
tblOperationalOffRoadEquipment	OperFuelType	Diesel	Electrical
tblOperationalOffRoadEquipment	OperFuelType	Diesel	Electrical
tblOperationalOffRoadEquipment	OperOffRoadEquipmentNumber	0.00	1.00
tblOperationalOffRoadEquipment	OperOffRoadEquipmentNumber	0.00	1.00
tblOperationalOffRoadEquipment	OperOffRoadEquipmentNumber	0.00	1.00
tblVehicleTrips	CC_TL	7.30	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	CC_TTP	48.00	0.00

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

# EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

tblVehicleTrips	CNW_TL	7.30	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	CNW_TTP	19.00	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	CW_TL	9.50	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	CW_TTP	33.00	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	DV_TP	28.00	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	PB_TP	6.00	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	PR_TP	66.00	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	1.96	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	2.19	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	0.78	0.00

# 2.0 Emissions Summary

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 4 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

# EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 2.1 Overall Construction

# **Unmitigated Construction**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year	tons/yr									MT/yr						
2022	0.0756	0.6944	0.6248	1.3300e- 003	0.1966	0.0323	0.2288	0.0922	0.0300	0.1222	0.0000	118.4773	118.4773	0.0242	3.0500e- 003	119.9921
2023	0.3327	1.4119	1.7729	3.9400e- 003	0.1171	0.0623	0.1794	0.0318	0.0586	0.0903	0.0000	351.2188	351.2188	0.0522	0.0129	356.3706
Maximum	0.3327	1.4119	1.7729	3.9400e- 003	0.1966	0.0623	0.2288	0.0922	0.0586	0.1222	0.0000	351.2188	351.2188	0.0522	0.0129	356.3706

# **Mitigated Construction**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year	tons/yr									MT/yr						
2022	0.0756	0.6944	0.6248	1.3300e- 003	0.0934	0.0323	0.1257	0.0405	0.0300	0.0705	0.0000	118.4772	118.4772	0.0242	3.0500e- 003	119.9920
2023	0.3327	1.4119	1.7729	3.9400e- 003	0.1171	0.0623	0.1794	0.0318	0.0586	0.0903	0.0000	351.2186	351.2186	0.0522	0.0129	356.3703
Maximum	0.3327	1.4119	1.7729	3.9400e- 003	0.1171	0.0623	0.1794	0.0405	0.0586	0.0903	0.0000	351.2186	351.2186	0.0522	0.0129	356.3703

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 5 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

# Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

# EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.88	0.00	25.27	41.72	0.00	24.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Quarter	Start Date	End Date	Maximum Unmitigated ROG + NOX (tons/quarter)	Maximum Mitigated ROG + NOX (tons/quarter)
1	10-3-2022	1-2-2023	0.7650	0.7650
2	1-3-2023	4-2-2023	0.6014	0.6014
3	4-3-2023	7-2-2023	0.6058	0.6058
4	7-3-2023	9-30-2023	0.5150	0.5150
		Highest	0.7650	0.7650

# 2.2 Overall Operational

# **Unmitigated Operational**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Area	0.2231	0.0000	5.2000e- 004	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0100e- 003	1.0100e- 003	0.0000	0.0000	1.0700e- 003
Energy	6.0000e- 004	5.4600e- 003	4.5900e- 003	3.0000e- 005		4.2000e- 004	4.2000e- 004		4.2000e- 004	4.2000e- 004	0.0000	47.0397	47.0397	3.5800e- 003	5.3000e- 004	47.2871
Mobile	0.0687	0.1087	0.6478	1.3200e- 003	0.1323	1.1900e- 003	0.1335	0.0353	1.1100e- 003	0.0364	0.0000	121.6717	121.6717	7.4700e- 003	6.7500e- 003	123.8711
Offroad	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Waste	1					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	9.5629	0.0000	9.5629	0.5652	0.0000	23.6917
Water	,		 			0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	3.5375	32.6365	36.1741	0.3661	8.9100e- 003	47.9824
Total	0.2923	0.1142	0.6529	1.3500e- 003	0.1323	1.6100e- 003	0.1339	0.0353	1.5300e- 003	0.0369	13.1004	201.3490	214.4494	0.9423	0.0162	242.8333

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 6 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

# Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

# EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 2.2 Overall Operational

# **Mitigated Operational**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Area	0.2231	0.0000	5.2000e- 004	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0100e- 003	1.0100e- 003	0.0000	0.0000	1.0700e- 003
Energy	6.0000e- 004	5.4600e- 003	4.5900e- 003	3.0000e- 005		4.2000e- 004	4.2000e- 004		4.2000e- 004	4.2000e- 004	0.0000	47.0397	47.0397	3.5800e- 003	5.3000e- 004	47.2871
Mobile	0.0687	0.1087	0.6478	1.3200e- 003	0.1323	1.1900e- 003	0.1335	0.0353	1.1100e- 003	0.0364	0.0000	121.6717	121.6717	7.4700e- 003	6.7500e- 003	123.8711
Offroad	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Waste	,,	<del></del>	]		<del></del>	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	9.5629	0.0000	9.5629	0.5652	0.0000	23.6917
Water	,,					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	3.5375	32.6365	36.1741	0.3661	8.9100e- 003	47.9824
Total	0.2923	0.1142	0.6529	1.3500e- 003	0.1323	1.6100e- 003	0.1339	0.0353	1.5300e- 003	0.0369	13.1004	201.3490	214.4494	0.9423	0.0162	242.8333

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

# 3.0 Construction Detail

#### **Construction Phase**

Phase Number	Phase Name	Phase Type	Start Date	End Date	Num Days Week	Num Days	Phase Description
1	Site Preparation	Site Preparation	10/3/2022	10/14/2022	5	10	
2	Grading	Grading	10/15/2022	11/11/2022	5	20	Page

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

#### EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

3	Building Construction	Building Construction	11/12/2022	8/7/2023	5	191	
4	Paving	Paving	8/8/2023	9/4/2023	5	20	
5	Architectural Coating	Architectural Coating	9/5/2023	10/2/2023	5	20	

Acres of Grading (Site Preparation Phase): 15

Acres of Grading (Grading Phase): 20

Acres of Paving: 4.12

Residential Indoor: 0; Residential Outdoor: 0; Non-Residential Indoor: 75,000; Non-Residential Outdoor: 25,000; Striped Parking Area: 10,768 (Architectural Coating – sqft)

#### **OffRoad Equipment**

Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Type	Amount	Usage Hours	Horse Power	Load Factor
Site Preparation	Rubber Tired Dozers	3	8.00	247	0.40
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	4	8.00	97	0.37
Grading	Excavators	1	8.00	158	0.38
Grading	Graders	1	8.00	187	0.41
Grading	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	8.00	247	0.40
Grading	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	8.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Cranes	1	7.00	231	0.29
Building Construction	Forklifts	3	8.00	89	0.20
Building Construction	Generator Sets	1	8.00	84	0.74
Building Construction	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	7.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Welders	1	8.00	46	0.45
Paving	Pavers	2	8.00	130	0.42
Paving	Paving Equipment	2	8.00	132	0.36
Paving	Rollers	2	8.00	80	0.38
Architectural Coating	Air Compressors	1	6.00	78	0.48

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 8 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

# EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Count	Worker Trip Number	Vendor Trip Number	Hauling Trip Number	Worker Trip Length	Vendor Trip Length	Hauling Trip Length	Worker Vehicle Class	Vendor Vehicle Class	Hauling Vehicle Class
Site Preparation	7	18.00	0.00	0.00	10.80	7.30	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Grading	6	15.00	0.00	0.00	10.80	7.30	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Building Construction	9	136.00	54.00	0.00	10.80	7.30	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Paving	6	15.00	0.00	0.00	10.80	7.30	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Architectural Coating	1	27.00	0.00	0.00	10.80	7.30	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT

# **3.1 Mitigation Measures Construction**

Water Exposed Area

# 3.2 Site Preparation - 2022

**Unmitigated Construction On-Site** 

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Fugitive Dust					0.0983	0.0000	0.0983	0.0505	0.0000	0.0505	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0159	0.1654	0.0985	1.9000e- 004		8.0600e- 003	8.0600e- 003		7.4200e- 003	7.4200e- 003	0.0000	16.7197	16.7197	5.4100e- 003	0.0000	16.8549
Total	0.0159	0.1654	0.0985	1.9000e- 004	0.0983	8.0600e- 003	0.1064	0.0505	7.4200e- 003	0.0579	0.0000	16.7197	16.7197	5.4100e- 003	0.0000	16.8549

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 9 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

# Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

# EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 3.2 Site Preparation - 2022

# **Unmitigated Construction Off-Site**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	3.0000e- 004	2.2000e- 004	2.3800e- 003	1.0000e- 005	7.3000e- 004	0.0000	7.3000e- 004	1.9000e- 004	0.0000	2.0000e- 004	0.0000	0.5770	0.5770	2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005	0.5830
Total	3.0000e- 004	2.2000e- 004	2.3800e- 003	1.0000e- 005	7.3000e- 004	0.0000	7.3000e- 004	1.9000e- 004	0.0000	2.0000e- 004	0.0000	0.5770	0.5770	2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005	0.5830

# **Mitigated Construction On-Site**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Fugitive Dust					0.0383	0.0000	0.0383	0.0197	0.0000	0.0197	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0159	0.1654	0.0985	1.9000e- 004		8.0600e- 003	8.0600e- 003		7.4200e- 003	7.4200e- 003	0.0000	16.7197	16.7197	5.4100e- 003	0.0000	16.8549
Total	0.0159	0.1654	0.0985	1.9000e- 004	0.0383	8.0600e- 003	0.0464	0.0197	7.4200e- 003	0.0271	0.0000	16.7197	16.7197	5.4100e- 003	0.0000	16.8549

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 10 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

# Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

# EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 3.2 Site Preparation - 2022

# **Mitigated Construction Off-Site**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	3.0000e- 004	2.2000e- 004	2.3800e- 003	1.0000e- 005	7.3000e- 004	0.0000	7.3000e- 004	1.9000e- 004	0.0000	2.0000e- 004	0.0000	0.5770	0.5770	2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005	0.5830
Total	3.0000e- 004	2.2000e- 004	2.3800e- 003	1.0000e- 005	7.3000e- 004	0.0000	7.3000e- 004	1.9000e- 004	0.0000	2.0000e- 004	0.0000	0.5770	0.5770	2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005	0.5830

# 3.3 Grading - 2022

# **Unmitigated Construction On-Site**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	-/yr		
Fugitive Dust					0.0708	0.0000	0.0708	0.0343	0.0000	0.0343	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0195	0.2086	0.1527	3.0000e- 004		9.4100e- 003	9.4100e- 003		8.6600e- 003	8.6600e- 003	0.0000	26.0548	26.0548	8.4300e- 003	0.0000	26.2654
Total	0.0195	0.2086	0.1527	3.0000e- 004	0.0708	9.4100e- 003	0.0802	0.0343	8.6600e- 003	0.0429	0.0000	26.0548	26.0548	8.4300e- 003	0.0000	26.2654

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 11 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

# Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

# EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

3.3 Grading - 2022

# **Unmitigated Construction Off-Site**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	5.0000e- 004	3.6000e- 004	3.9700e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2100e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2200e- 003	3.2000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	3.3000e- 004	0.0000	0.9617	0.9617	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005	0.9717
Total	5.0000e- 004	3.6000e- 004	3.9700e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2100e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2200e- 003	3.2000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	3.3000e- 004	0.0000	0.9617	0.9617	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005	0.9717

# **Mitigated Construction On-Site**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Fugitive Dust					0.0276	0.0000	0.0276	0.0134	0.0000	0.0134	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0195	0.2086	0.1527	3.0000e- 004		9.4100e- 003	9.4100e- 003		8.6600e- 003	8.6600e- 003	0.0000	26.0547	26.0547	8.4300e- 003	0.0000	26.2654
Total	0.0195	0.2086	0.1527	3.0000e- 004	0.0276	9.4100e- 003	0.0370	0.0134	8.6600e- 003	0.0220	0.0000	26.0547	26.0547	8.4300e- 003	0.0000	26.2654

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 12 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

# Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

# EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

3.3 Grading - 2022

# **Mitigated Construction Off-Site**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	5.0000e- 004	3.6000e- 004	3.9700e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2100e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2200e- 003	3.2000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	3.3000e- 004	0.0000	0.9617	0.9617	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005	0.9717
Total	5.0000e- 004	3.6000e- 004	3.9700e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2100e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2200e- 003	3.2000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	3.3000e- 004	0.0000	0.9617	0.9617	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005	0.9717

# 3.4 Building Construction - 2022

# **Unmitigated Construction On-Site**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
	0.0299	0.2733	0.2864	4.7000e- 004		0.0142	0.0142		0.0133	0.0133	0.0000	40.5519	40.5519	9.7200e- 003	0.0000	40.7948
Total	0.0299	0.2733	0.2864	4.7000e- 004		0.0142	0.0142		0.0133	0.0133	0.0000	40.5519	40.5519	9.7200e- 003	0.0000	40.7948

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 13 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

# Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

# EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 3.4 Building Construction - 2022 <u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	1.7300e- 003	0.0408	0.0179	1.9000e- 004	6.3200e- 003	5.4000e- 004	6.8600e- 003	1.8200e- 003	5.2000e- 004	2.3400e- 003	0.0000	18.3541	18.3541	9.0000e- 005	2.5100e- 003	19.1054
1	7.8900e- 003	5.7700e- 003	0.0630	1.7000e- 004	0.0192	1.0000e- 004	0.0193	5.1000e- 003	9.0000e- 005	5.1900e- 003	0.0000	15.2582	15.2582	5.2000e- 004	4.9000e- 004	15.4169
Total	9.6200e- 003	0.0465	0.0809	3.6000e- 004	0.0255	6.4000e- 004	0.0262	6.9200e- 003	6.1000e- 004	7.5300e- 003	0.0000	33.6123	33.6123	6.1000e- 004	3.0000e- 003	34.5224

# **Mitigated Construction On-Site**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Off-Road	0.0299	0.2733	0.2864	4.7000e- 004		0.0142	0.0142		0.0133	0.0133	0.0000	40.5519	40.5519	9.7200e- 003	0.0000	40.7948
Total	0.0299	0.2733	0.2864	4.7000e- 004		0.0142	0.0142		0.0133	0.0133	0.0000	40.5519	40.5519	9.7200e- 003	0.0000	40.7948

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 14 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

# Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

# EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 3.4 Building Construction - 2022

# **Mitigated Construction Off-Site**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							МТ	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
T VOLIGO	1.7300e- 003	0.0408	0.0179	1.9000e- 004	6.3200e- 003	5.4000e- 004	6.8600e- 003	1.8200e- 003	5.2000e- 004	2.3400e- 003	0.0000	18.3541	18.3541	9.0000e- 005	2.5100e- 003	19.1054
1 Worker	7.8900e- 003	5.7700e- 003	0.0630	1.7000e- 004	0.0192	1.0000e- 004	0.0193	5.1000e- 003	9.0000e- 005	5.1900e- 003	0.0000	15.2582	15.2582	5.2000e- 004	4.9000e- 004	15.4169
Total	9.6200e- 003	0.0465	0.0809	3.6000e- 004	0.0255	6.4000e- 004	0.0262	6.9200e- 003	6.1000e- 004	7.5300e- 003	0.0000	33.6123	33.6123	6.1000e- 004	3.0000e- 003	34.5224

# 3.4 Building Construction - 2023

# **Unmitigated Construction On-Site**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Off-Road	0.1227	1.1220	1.2670	2.1000e- 003		0.0546	0.0546		0.0514	0.0514	0.0000	180.8077	180.8077	0.0430	0.0000	181.8830
Total	0.1227	1.1220	1.2670	2.1000e- 003		0.0546	0.0546		0.0514	0.0514	0.0000	180.8077	180.8077	0.0430	0.0000	181.8830

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 15 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

# EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 3.4 Building Construction - 2023 <u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	6.2300e- 003	0.1514	0.0747	8.3000e- 004	0.0282	1.4600e- 003	0.0296	8.1300e- 003	1.4000e- 003	9.5200e- 003	0.0000	79.4098	79.4098	3.5000e- 004	0.0108	82.6446
Worker	0.0325	0.0226	0.2571	7.2000e- 004	0.0856	4.1000e- 004	0.0860	0.0227	3.8000e- 004	0.0231	0.0000	65.8154	65.8154	2.0900e- 003	2.0100e- 003	66.4656
Total	0.0387	0.1740	0.3317	1.5500e- 003	0.1137	1.8700e- 003	0.1156	0.0309	1.7800e- 003	0.0326	0.0000	145.2252	145.2252	2.4400e- 003	0.0128	149.1102

# **Mitigated Construction On-Site**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Off-Road	0.1227	1.1220	1.2670	2.1000e- 003		0.0546	0.0546	1 1 1	0.0514	0.0514	0.0000	180.8075	180.8075	0.0430	0.0000	181.8828
Total	0.1227	1.1220	1.2670	2.1000e- 003		0.0546	0.0546		0.0514	0.0514	0.0000	180.8075	180.8075	0.0430	0.0000	181.8828

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 16 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

# Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

# EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 3.4 Building Construction - 2023

# **Mitigated Construction Off-Site**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							МТ	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	6.2300e- 003	0.1514	0.0747	8.3000e- 004	0.0282	1.4600e- 003	0.0296	8.1300e- 003	1.4000e- 003	9.5200e- 003	0.0000	79.4098	79.4098	3.5000e- 004	0.0108	82.6446
Worker	0.0325	0.0226	0.2571	7.2000e- 004	0.0856	4.1000e- 004	0.0860	0.0227	3.8000e- 004	0.0231	0.0000	65.8154	65.8154	2.0900e- 003	2.0100e- 003	66.4656
Total	0.0387	0.1740	0.3317	1.5500e- 003	0.1137	1.8700e- 003	0.1156	0.0309	1.7800e- 003	0.0326	0.0000	145.2252	145.2252	2.4400e- 003	0.0128	149.1102

# 3.5 Paving - 2023

**Unmitigated Construction On-Site** 

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Off-Road	0.0103	0.1019	0.1458	2.3000e- 004		5.1000e- 003	5.1000e- 003		4.6900e- 003	4.6900e- 003	0.0000	20.0269	20.0269	6.4800e- 003	0.0000	20.1888
Paving	5.4000e- 003					0.0000	0.0000	       	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total	0.0157	0.1019	0.1458	2.3000e- 004		5.1000e- 003	5.1000e- 003		4.6900e- 003	4.6900e- 003	0.0000	20.0269	20.0269	6.4800e- 003	0.0000	20.1888

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 17 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

## Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

3.5 Paving - 2023
<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	4.6000e- 004	3.2000e- 004	3.6300e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2100e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2200e- 003	3.2000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	3.3000e- 004	0.0000	0.9307	0.9307	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005	0.9398
Total	4.6000e- 004	3.2000e- 004	3.6300e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2100e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2200e- 003	3.2000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	3.3000e- 004	0.0000	0.9307	0.9307	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005	0.9398

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							МТ	/yr		
Off-Road	0.0103	0.1019	0.1458	2.3000e- 004		5.1000e- 003	5.1000e- 003		4.6900e- 003	4.6900e- 003	0.0000	20.0268	20.0268	6.4800e- 003	0.0000	20.1888
, ·	5.4000e- 003					0.0000	0.0000	i i	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total	0.0157	0.1019	0.1458	2.3000e- 004		5.1000e- 003	5.1000e- 003		4.6900e- 003	4.6900e- 003	0.0000	20.0268	20.0268	6.4800e- 003	0.0000	20.1888

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 18 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

## Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

3.5 Paving - 2023

<u>Mitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	4.6000e- 004	3.2000e- 004	3.6300e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2100e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2200e- 003	3.2000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	3.3000e- 004	0.0000	0.9307	0.9307	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005	0.9398
Total	4.6000e- 004	3.2000e- 004	3.6300e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2100e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2200e- 003	3.2000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	3.3000e- 004	0.0000	0.9307	0.9307	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005	0.9398

# 3.6 Architectural Coating - 2023 <u>Unmitigated Construction On-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							МТ	/yr		
Archit. Coating	0.1524					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	1.9200e- 003	0.0130	0.0181	3.0000e- 005		7.1000e- 004	7.1000e- 004		7.1000e- 004	7.1000e- 004	0.0000	2.5533	2.5533	1.5000e- 004	0.0000	2.5571
Total	0.1543	0.0130	0.0181	3.0000e- 005		7.1000e- 004	7.1000e- 004		7.1000e- 004	7.1000e- 004	0.0000	2.5533	2.5533	1.5000e- 004	0.0000	2.5571

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 19 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

## Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 3.6 Architectural Coating - 2023 <u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	8.3000e- 004	5.8000e- 004	6.5400e- 003	2.0000e- 005	2.1800e- 003	1.0000e- 005	2.1900e- 003	5.8000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	5.9000e- 004	0.0000	1.6752	1.6752	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005	1.6917
Total	8.3000e- 004	5.8000e- 004	6.5400e- 003	2.0000e- 005	2.1800e- 003	1.0000e- 005	2.1900e- 003	5.8000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	5.9000e- 004	0.0000	1.6752	1.6752	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005	1.6917

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							МТ	/yr		
Archit. Coating	0.1524					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	1.9200e- 003	0.0130	0.0181	3.0000e- 005		7.1000e- 004	7.1000e- 004		7.1000e- 004	7.1000e- 004	0.0000	2.5533	2.5533	1.5000e- 004	0.0000	2.5571
Total	0.1543	0.0130	0.0181	3.0000e- 005		7.1000e- 004	7.1000e- 004		7.1000e- 004	7.1000e- 004	0.0000	2.5533	2.5533	1.5000e- 004	0.0000	2.5571

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 20 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

## 3.6 Architectural Coating - 2023

## **Mitigated Construction Off-Site**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	8.3000e- 004	5.8000e- 004	6.5400e- 003	2.0000e- 005	2.1800e- 003	1.0000e- 005	2.1900e- 003	5.8000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	5.9000e- 004	0.0000	1.6752	1.6752	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005	1.6917
Total	8.3000e- 004	5.8000e- 004	6.5400e- 003	2.0000e- 005	2.1800e- 003	1.0000e- 005	2.1900e- 003	5.8000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	5.9000e- 004	0.0000	1.6752	1.6752	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005	1.6917

## 4.0 Operational Detail - Mobile

## **4.1 Mitigation Measures Mobile**

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 21 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

## Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Mitigated	0.0687	0.1087	0.6478	1.3200e- 003	0.1323	1.1900e- 003	0.1335	0.0353	1.1100e- 003	0.0364	0.0000	121.6717	121.6717	7.4700e- 003	6.7500e- 003	123.8711
Unmitigated	0.0687	0.1087	0.6478	1.3200e- 003	0.1323	1.1900e- 003	0.1335	0.0353	1.1100e- 003	0.0364	0.0000	121.6717	121.6717	7.4700e- 003	6.7500e- 003	123.8711

## **4.2 Trip Summary Information**

	Ave	age Daily Trip Ra	ite	Unmitigated	Mitigated
Land Use	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Annual VMT	Annual VMT
City Park	0.00	0.00	0.00		
General Office Building	75.00	17.02	5.39	135,669	135,669
Parking Lot	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail	73.60	73.60	73.60	214,882	214,882
Total	148.60	90.62	78.99	350,551	350,551

## 4.3 Trip Type Information

		Miles			Trip %			Trip Purpos	e %
Land Use	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	Primary	Diverted	Pass-by
City Park	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0
General Office Building	9.50	7.30	7.30	33.00	48.00	19.00	77	19	4
Parking Lot	9.50	7.30	7.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No	9.50	7.30	7.30	59.00	0.00	41.00	92	5	3

#### 4.4 Fleet Mix

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 22 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

Land Use	LDA	LDT1	LDT2	MDV	LHD1	LHD2	MHD	HHD	OBUS	UBUS	MCY	SBUS	MH
City Park	0.526992	0.056742	0.174739	0.140288	0.030240	0.007815	0.006009	0.021774	0.000488	0.000160	0.028107	0.000925	0.005722
General Office Building	0.526992	0.056742	0.174739	0.140288	0.030240	0.007815	0.006009	0.021774	0.000488	0.000160	0.028107	0.000925	0.005722
Parking Lot	0.526992	0.056742	0.174739	0.140288	0.030240	0.007815	0.006009	0.021774	0.000488	0.000160	0.028107	0.000925	0.005722
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail	0.526992	0.056742	0.174739	0.140288	0.030240	0.007815	0.006009	0.021774	0.000488	0.000160	0.028107	0.000925	0.005722

## 5.0 Energy Detail

Historical Energy Use: N

## **5.1 Mitigation Measures Energy**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Electricity Mitigated						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	41.0932	41.0932	3.4700e- 003	4.2000e- 004	41.3052
Electricity Unmitigated		       	,			0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	41.0932	41.0932	3.4700e- 003	4.2000e- 004	41.3052
NaturalGas Mitigated	6.0000e- 004	5.4600e- 003	4.5900e- 003	3.0000e- 005		4.2000e- 004	4.2000e- 004	,	4.2000e- 004	4.2000e- 004	0.0000	5.9465	5.9465	1.1000e- 004	1.1000e- 004	5.9819
NaturalGas Unmitigated	6.0000e- 004	5.4600e- 003	4.5900e- 003	3.0000e- 005		4.2000e- 004	4.2000e- 004	,	4.2000e- 004	4.2000e- 004	0.0000	5.9465	5.9465	1.1000e- 004	1.1000e- 004	5.9819

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 23 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# **5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas**

## **Unmitigated**

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr					ton	s/yr							MT	-/yr		
City Park	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
General Office Building	26411	1.4000e- 004	1.2900e- 003	1.0900e- 003	1.0000e- 005		1.0000e- 004	1.0000e- 004		1.0000e- 004	1.0000e- 004	0.0000	1.4094	1.4094	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005	1.4178
Parking Lot	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail	85023	4.6000e- 004	4.1700e- 003	3.5000e- 003	3.0000e- 005		3.2000e- 004	3.2000e- 004		3.2000e- 004	3.2000e- 004	0.0000	4.5372	4.5372	9.0000e- 005	8.0000e- 005	4.5641
Total		6.0000e- 004	5.4600e- 003	4.5900e- 003	4.0000e- 005		4.2000e- 004	4.2000e- 004		4.2000e- 004	4.2000e- 004	0.0000	5.9465	5.9465	1.2000e- 004	1.1000e- 004	5.9819

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 24 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

## **5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas**

## **Mitigated**

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr					ton	s/yr							MT	-/yr		
City Park	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
General Office Building	26411	1.4000e- 004	1.2900e- 003	1.0900e- 003	1.0000e- 005		1.0000e- 004	1.0000e- 004		1.0000e- 004	1.0000e- 004	0.0000	1.4094	1.4094	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005	1.4178
Parking Lot	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail	85023	4.6000e- 004	4.1700e- 003	3.5000e- 003	3.0000e- 005		3.2000e- 004	3.2000e- 004		3.2000e- 004	3.2000e- 004	0.0000	4.5372	4.5372	9.0000e- 005	8.0000e- 005	4.5641
Total		6.0000e- 004	5.4600e- 003	4.5900e- 003	4.0000e- 005		4.2000e- 004	4.2000e- 004		4.2000e- 004	4.2000e- 004	0.0000	5.9465	5.9465	1.2000e- 004	1.1000e- 004	5.9819

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 25 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

5.3 Energy by Land Use - Electricity Unmitigated

	Electricity Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kWh/yr		MT	-/yr	
City Park	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
General Office Building	70763	12.5495	1.0600e- 003	1.3000e- 004	12.6142
Parking Lot	62813.5	11.1397	9.4000e- 004	1.1000e- 004	11.1972
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail	98136	17.4040	1.4700e- 003	1.8000e- 004	17.4938
Total		41.0932	3.4700e- 003	4.2000e- 004	41.3052

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 5.3 Energy by Land Use - Electricity

#### **Mitigated**

	Electricity Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kWh/yr		MT	/yr	
City Park	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
General Office Building	70763	12.5495	1.0600e- 003	1.3000e- 004	12.6142
Parking Lot	62813.5	11.1397	9.4000e- 004	1.1000e- 004	11.1972
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail	98136	17.4040	1.4700e- 003	1.8000e- 004	17.4938
Total		41.0932	3.4700e- 003	4.2000e- 004	41.3052

## 6.0 Area Detail

## **6.1 Mitigation Measures Area**

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 27 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

## Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Mitigated	0.2231	0.0000	5.2000e- 004	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0100e- 003	1.0100e- 003	0.0000	0.0000	1.0700e- 003
Unmitigated	0.2231	0.0000	5.2000e- 004	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0100e- 003	1.0100e- 003	0.0000	0.0000	1.0700e- 003

## 6.2 Area by SubCategory

## **Unmitigated**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Architectural Coating	0.0152					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Products	0.2078					0.0000	0.0000	       	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
' "	5.0000e- 005	0.0000	5.2000e- 004	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	       	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0100e- 003	1.0100e- 003	0.0000	0.0000	1.0700e- 003
Total	0.2231	0.0000	5.2000e- 004	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0100e- 003	1.0100e- 003	0.0000	0.0000	1.0700e- 003

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 28 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

## 6.2 Area by SubCategory

#### **Mitigated**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Architectural Coating	ii i					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	0.2078				 	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Landscaping	5.0000e- 005	0.0000	5.2000e- 004	0.0000	 	0.0000	0.0000	       	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0100e- 003	1.0100e- 003	0.0000	0.0000	1.0700e- 003
Total	0.2231	0.0000	5.2000e- 004	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0100e- 003	1.0100e- 003	0.0000	0.0000	1.0700e- 003

## 7.0 Water Detail

## 7.1 Mitigation Measures Water

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 29 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category		МТ	/уг	
Mitigated	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.3661	8.9100e- 003	47.9824
Unmitigated	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.3661	8.9100e- 003	47.9824

# 7.2 Water by Land Use <u>Unmitigated</u>

	Indoor/Out door Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	Mgal		МТ	-/yr	
City Park	0 / 2.657	5.2351	4.4000e- 004	5.0000e- 005	5.2621
General Office Building	1.36855 / 0.838789	5.2471	0.0450	1.1000e- 003	6.7006
Parking Lot	0/0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail	9.78187 / 0	25.6918	0.3207	7.7600e- 003	36.0197
Total		36.1741	0.3661	8.9100e- 003	47.9824

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

## 7.2 Water by Land Use

#### **Mitigated**

	Indoor/Out door Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	Mgal		МТ	/yr	
City Park	0 / 2.657	5.2351	4.4000e- 004	5.0000e- 005	5.2621
General Office Building	1.36855 / 0.838789	5.2471	0.0450	1.1000e- 003	6.7006
Parking Lot	0/0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail	9.78187 / 0	25.6918	0.3207	7.7600e- 003	36.0197
Total		36.1741	0.3661	8.9100e- 003	47.9824

## 8.0 Waste Detail

## **8.1 Mitigation Measures Waste**

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

## Category/Year

	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
		МТ	-/yr	
		0.5652	0.0000	23.6917
Unmitigated	. 0.0020	0.5652	0.0000	23.6917

# 8.2 Waste by Land Use <u>Unmitigated</u>

	Waste Disposed	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	tons		MT	-/yr	
City Park	0.19	0.0386	2.2800e- 003	0.0000	0.0956
General Office Building	7.16	1.4534	0.0859	0.0000	3.6008
Parking Lot	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail	39.76	8.0709	0.4770	0.0000	19.9954
Total		9.5629	0.5652	0.0000	23.6917

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 32 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

## 8.2 Waste by Land Use

#### **Mitigated**

	Waste Disposed	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	tons		МТ	/yr	
City Park	0.19	0.0386	2.2800e- 003	0.0000	0.0956
General Office Building	7.16	1.4534	0.0859	0.0000	3.6008
Parking Lot	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail	39.76	8.0709	0.4770	0.0000	19.9954
Total		9.5629	0.5652	0.0000	23.6917

## 9.0 Operational Offroad

Equipment Type	Number	Hours/Day	Days/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type
Air Compressors	1	8.00	260	78	0.48	Electrical
Forklifts	1	8.00	260	89	0.20	Electrical
Welders	1	8.00	260	46	0.45	Electrical

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 33 of 33 Date: 11/9/2021 9:22 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Annual

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

## **UnMitigated/Mitigated**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Equipment Type	tons/yr										MT	/yr				
Air Compressors	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Forklifts	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Welders	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	   	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

# **10.0 Stationary Equipment**

## **Fire Pumps and Emergency Generators**

Equipment Type	Number	Hours/Day	Hours/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type

#### **Boilers**

Equipment Type	Number	Heat Input/Day	Heat Input/Year	Boiler Rating	Fuel Type

## **User Defined Equipment**

Equipment Type	Number

## 11.0 Vegetation

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 1 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

#### EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

#### 1.0 Project Characteristics

#### 1.1 Land Usage

Urbanization

Land Uses	Size	Metric	Lot Acreage	Floor Surface Area	Population
General Office Building	7.70	1000sqft	0.18	7,700.00	0
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail	42.30	1000sqft	0.97	42,300.00	0
Parking Lot	4.12	Acre	4.12	179,467.20	0
City Park	2.23	Acre	2.23	97,138.80	0

Precipitation Freq (Days)

30

#### 1.2 Other Project Characteristics

Urban

O' Barrization	O Dan	rriid opood (iii/o)	2.0	r rooipitation r roq (Dayo)	00
Climate Zone	10			Operational Year	2023
Utility Company	Southern California Ediso	n			
CO2 Intensity (lb/MWhr)	390.98	CH4 Intensity (lb/MWhr)	0.033	N2O Intensity (lb/MWhr)	0.004

2.6

Wind Speed (m/s)

#### 1.3 User Entered Comments & Non-Default Data

Project Characteristics -

Land Use - Information provided by client.

Construction Phase - Schedule adjusted based on client input.

Architectural Coating - VOC limits from MDAQMD Rule 1113. For the building, assumes 90% flat paint (50 g/L) and 10% non-flat (100 g/L). For parking lot coatings, assumed to be compliant with the Traffic Marking Coating category VOC limit of 100 g/L. Effective 1/1/2022, non-flat coatings will have a VOC limit of 50 g/L - for conservative estimate (to account for the sell-through period) it is assumed that non-flat coatings will still have a VOC of 100 g/L.

Vehicle Trips - All areas modeled as City Park are within the development and no vehicle trips are expected.

Area Coating - VOC limits from MDAQMD Rule 1113. For the building, assumes 90% flat paint (50 g/L) and 10% non-flat (100 g/L). For parking lot coatings, assumed to be compliant with the Traffic Marking Coating category VOC limit of 100 g/L. Effective 1/1/2022, non-flat coatings will have a VOC limit of 50 g/L - for conservative estimate (to account for the sell-through period) it is assumed that non-flat coatings will still have a VOC of 100 g/L.

Page 92 of 179 05/22/2022

Construction Off road Equipment Mitigation. Assumes that construction site will be watered 3 times nor day to be in compliance with MDACMD Rule 403.

Construction Off-road Equipment Mitigation - Assumes that construction site will be watered 3 times per day to be in compliance with MDAQMD Rule 403.

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

#### EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

Area Mitigation - VOC limits from MDAQMD Rule 1113. For the building, assumes 90% flat paint (50 g/L) and 10% non-flat (100 g/L). For parking lot coatings, assumed to be compliant with the Traffic Marking Coating category VOC limit of 100 g/L. Effective 1/1/2022, non-flat coatings will have a VOC limit of 50 g/L - for conservative estimate (to account for the sell-through period) it is assumed that non-flat coatings will still have a VOC of 100 g/L.

Operational Off-Road Equipment - Type of equipment, number of equipment, and fuel type was provided by client.

Table Name	Column Name	Default Value	New Value
tblArchitecturalCoating	EF_Nonresidential_Exterior	250.00	55.00
tblArchitecturalCoating	EF_Nonresidential_Interior	250.00	55.00
tblArchitecturalCoating	EF_Parking	250.00	100.00
tblArchitecturalCoating	EF_Residential_Exterior	250.00	55.00
tblArchitecturalCoating	EF_Residential_Interior	250.00	55.00
tblAreaCoating	Area_EF_Nonresidential_Exterior	250	55
tblAreaCoating	Area_EF_Nonresidential_Interior	250	55
tblAreaCoating	Area_EF_Parking	250	100
tblAreaCoating	Area_EF_Residential_Exterior	250	55
tblAreaCoating	Area_EF_Residential_Interior	250	55
tblConstructionPhase	NumDays	230.00	191.00
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	11/24/2023	10/2/2023
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	9/29/2023	8/7/2023
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	10/27/2023	9/4/2023
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseStartDate	10/28/2023	9/5/2023
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseStartDate	9/30/2023	8/8/2023
tblOperationalOffRoadEquipment	OperFuelType	Diesel	Electrical
tblOperationalOffRoadEquipment	OperFuelType	Diesel	Electrical
tblOperationalOffRoadEquipment	OperFuelType	Diesel	Electrical
tblOperationalOffRoadEquipment	OperOffRoadEquipmentNumber	0.00	1.00
tblOperationalOffRoadEquipment	OperOffRoadEquipmentNumber	0.00	1.00
tblOperationalOffRoadEquipment	OperOffRoadEquipmentNumber	0.00	1.00
tblVehicleTrips	CC_TL	7.30	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	CC_TTP	48.00	0.00

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

tblVehicleTrips	CNW_TL	7.30	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	CNW_TTP	19.00	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	CW_TL	9.50	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	CW_TTP	33.00	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	DV_TP	28.00	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	PB_TP	6.00	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	PR_TP	66.00	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	1.96	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	2.19	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	0.78	0.00

## 2.0 Emissions Summary

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 4 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

## 2.1 Overall Construction (Maximum Daily Emission)

## **Unmitigated Construction**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year	ar Ib/day										lb/d	lay				
2022	3.2414	33.1234	21.5769	0.0483	19.8049	1.6133	21.4182	10.1417	1.4843	11.6259	0.0000	4,761.967 7	4,761.967 7	1.1963	0.1870	4,833.912 6
2023	15.5320	16.4881	21.0296	0.0477	1.4835	0.7237	2.2072	0.4018	0.6812	1.0830	0.0000	4,694.227 2	4,694.227 2	0.7171	0.1793	4,763.680 2
Maximum	15.5320	33.1234	21.5769	0.0483	19.8049	1.6133	21.4182	10.1417	1.4843	11.6259	0.0000	4,761.967 7	4,761.967 7	1.1963	0.1870	4,833.912 6

## **Mitigated Construction**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year	ar Ib/day								lb/day							
2022	3.2414	33.1234	21.5769	0.0483	7.8141	1.6133	9.4274	3.9792	1.4843	5.4634	0.0000	4,761.967 7	4,761.967 7	1.1963	0.1870	4,833.912 6
2023	15.5320	16.4881	21.0296	0.0477	1.4835	0.7237	2.2072	0.4018	0.6812	1.0830	0.0000	4,694.227 2	4,694.227 2	0.7171	0.1793	4,763.680 2
Maximum	15.5320	33.1234	21.5769	0.0483	7.8141	1.6133	9.4274	3.9792	1.4843	5.4634	0.0000	4,761.967 7	4,761.967 7	1.1963	0.1870	4,833.912 6

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	56.33	0.00	50.75	58.45	0.00	48.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

## 2.2 Overall Operational

## **Unmitigated Operational**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Area	1.2226	5.0000e- 005	5.7500e- 003	0.0000		2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005		2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005		0.0123	0.0123	3.0000e- 005		0.0131
Energy	3.2900e- 003	0.0299	0.0251	1.8000e- 004		2.2700e- 003	2.2700e- 003		2.2700e- 003	2.2700e- 003		35.9175	35.9175	6.9000e- 004	6.6000e- 004	36.1309
Mobile	0.5265	0.6220	4.3141	8.7200e- 003	0.8319	7.3400e- 003	0.8392	0.2218	6.8900e- 003	0.2287		887.6940	887.6940	0.0485	0.0444	902.1326
Offroad	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	i i	0.0000
Total	1.7524	0.6520	4.3450	8.9000e- 003	0.8319	9.6300e- 003	0.8415	0.2218	9.1800e- 003	0.2310	0.0000	923.6238	923.6238	0.0492	0.0451	938.2767

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 6 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

## 2.2 Overall Operational

## **Mitigated Operational**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/	day							lb/d	day		
Area	1.2226	5.0000e- 005	5.7500e- 003	0.0000		2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005		2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005		0.0123	0.0123	3.0000e- 005		0.0131
Energy	3.2900e- 003	0.0299	0.0251	1.8000e- 004		2.2700e- 003	2.2700e- 003		2.2700e- 003	2.2700e- 003		35.9175	35.9175	6.9000e- 004	6.6000e- 004	36.1309
Mobile	0.5265	0.6220	4.3141	8.7200e- 003	0.8319	7.3400e- 003	0.8392	0.2218	6.8900e- 003	0.2287		887.6940	887.6940	0.0485	0.0444	902.1326
Offroad	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000
Total	1.7524	0.6520	4.3450	8.9000e- 003	0.8319	9.6300e- 003	0.8415	0.2218	9.1800e- 003	0.2310	0.0000	923.6238	923.6238	0.0492	0.0451	938.2767

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

## 3.0 Construction Detail

## **Construction Phase**

Phase Number	Phase Name	Phase Type	Start Date	End Date	Num Days Week	Num Days	Phase Description	
1	Site Preparation	Site Preparation	10/3/2022	10/14/2022	5	10		
2	Grading	Grading	10/15/2022	11/11/2022	5	20		
3	Building Construction	Building Construction	11/12/2022	8/7/2023	5	191		
4	Paving	Paving	8/8/2023	9/4/2023	5	20	Page	97 of 179 05/22/2022

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 7 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

#### EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

|--|

Acres of Grading (Site Preparation Phase): 15

Acres of Grading (Grading Phase): 20

Acres of Paving: 4.12

Residential Indoor: 0; Residential Outdoor: 0; Non-Residential Indoor: 75,000; Non-Residential Outdoor: 25,000; Striped Parking Area: 10,768 (Architectural Coating – sqft)

#### **OffRoad Equipment**

Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Type	Amount	Usage Hours	Horse Power	Load Factor
Site Preparation	Rubber Tired Dozers	3	8.00	247	0.40
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	4	8.00	97	0.37
Grading	Excavators	1	8.00	158	0.38
Grading	Graders	1	8.00	187	0.41
Grading	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	8.00	247	0.40
Grading	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	8.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Cranes	1	7.00	231	0.29
Building Construction	Forklifts	3	8.00	89	0.20
Building Construction	Generator Sets	1	8.00	84	0.74
Building Construction	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	7.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Welders	1	8.00	46	0.45
Paving	Pavers	2	8.00	130	0.42
Paving	Paving Equipment	2	8.00	132	0.36
Paving	Rollers	2	8.00	80	0.38
Architectural Coating	Air Compressors	1	6.00	78	0.48

**Trips and VMT** 

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 8 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Count	Worker Trip Number	Vendor Trip Number	Hauling Trip Number	Worker Trip Length	Vendor Trip Length	Hauling Trip Length	Worker Vehicle Class	Vendor Vehicle Class	Hauling Vehicle Class
Site Preparation	7	18.00	0.00	0.00	10.80	7.30	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Grading	6	15.00	0.00	0.00	10.80	7.30	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Building Construction	9	136.00	54.00	0.00	10.80	7.30	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Paving	6	15.00	0.00	0.00	10.80	7.30	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Architectural Coating	1	27.00	0.00	0.00	10.80	7.30	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT

## **3.1 Mitigation Measures Construction**

Water Exposed Area

## 3.2 Site Preparation - 2022

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Fugitive Dust			1 1 1		19.6570	0.0000	19.6570	10.1025	0.0000	10.1025			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.1701	33.0835	19.6978	0.0380		1.6126	1.6126		1.4836	1.4836		3,686.061 9	3,686.061 9	1.1922		3,715.865 5
Total	3.1701	33.0835	19.6978	0.0380	19.6570	1.6126	21.2696	10.1025	1.4836	11.5860		3,686.061 9	3,686.061 9	1.1922		3,715.865 5

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 9 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 3.2 Site Preparation - 2022

## **Unmitigated Construction Off-Site**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	0.0713	0.0398	0.5573	1.3800e- 003	0.1479	7.4000e- 004	0.1486	0.0392	6.8000e- 004	0.0399		139.2770	139.2770	4.1600e- 003	3.8400e- 003	140.5257
Total	0.0713	0.0398	0.5573	1.3800e- 003	0.1479	7.4000e- 004	0.1486	0.0392	6.8000e- 004	0.0399		139.2770	139.2770	4.1600e- 003	3.8400e- 003	140.5257

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Fugitive Dust	! !				7.6662	0.0000	7.6662	3.9400	0.0000	3.9400			0.0000		i ! !	0.0000
Off-Road	3.1701	33.0835	19.6978	0.0380		1.6126	1.6126		1.4836	1.4836	0.0000	3,686.061 9	3,686.061 9	1.1922	! !	3,715.865 5
Total	3.1701	33.0835	19.6978	0.0380	7.6662	1.6126	9.2788	3.9400	1.4836	5.4235	0.0000	3,686.061 9	3,686.061 9	1.1922		3,715.865 5

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 10 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

## Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 3.2 Site Preparation - 2022

## **Mitigated Construction Off-Site**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	0.0713	0.0398	0.5573	1.3800e- 003	0.1479	7.4000e- 004	0.1486	0.0392	6.8000e- 004	0.0399		139.2770	139.2770	4.1600e- 003	3.8400e- 003	140.5257
Total	0.0713	0.0398	0.5573	1.3800e- 003	0.1479	7.4000e- 004	0.1486	0.0392	6.8000e- 004	0.0399		139.2770	139.2770	4.1600e- 003	3.8400e- 003	140.5257

## 3.3 Grading - 2022

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Fugitive Dust	: :				7.0826	0.0000	7.0826	3.4247	0.0000	3.4247			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	1.9486	20.8551	15.2727	0.0297		0.9409	0.9409		0.8656	0.8656		2,872.046 4	2,872.046 4	0.9289		2,895.268 4
Total	1.9486	20.8551	15.2727	0.0297	7.0826	0.9409	8.0234	3.4247	0.8656	4.2903		2,872.046 4	2,872.046 4	0.9289		2,895.268 4

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 11 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

## Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

3.3 Grading - 2022

## **Unmitigated Construction Off-Site**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	0.0594	0.0332	0.4644	1.1500e- 003	0.1232	6.2000e- 004	0.1238	0.0327	5.7000e- 004	0.0333		116.0641	116.0641	3.4700e- 003	3.2000e- 003	117.1048
Total	0.0594	0.0332	0.4644	1.1500e- 003	0.1232	6.2000e- 004	0.1238	0.0327	5.7000e- 004	0.0333		116.0641	116.0641	3.4700e- 003	3.2000e- 003	117.1048

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Fugitive Dust					2.7622	0.0000	2.7622	1.3357	0.0000	1.3357			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	1.9486	20.8551	15.2727	0.0297	       	0.9409	0.9409		0.8656	0.8656	0.0000	2,872.046 4	2,872.046 4	0.9289		2,895.268 4
Total	1.9486	20.8551	15.2727	0.0297	2.7622	0.9409	3.7031	1.3357	0.8656	2.2012	0.0000	2,872.046 4	2,872.046 4	0.9289		2,895.268 4

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 12 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

3.3 Grading - 2022

## **Mitigated Construction Off-Site**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	0.0594	0.0332	0.4644	1.1500e- 003	0.1232	6.2000e- 004	0.1238	0.0327	5.7000e- 004	0.0333		116.0641	116.0641	3.4700e- 003	3.2000e- 003	117.1048
Total	0.0594	0.0332	0.4644	1.1500e- 003	0.1232	6.2000e- 004	0.1238	0.0327	5.7000e- 004	0.0333		116.0641	116.0641	3.4700e- 003	3.2000e- 003	117.1048

## 3.4 Building Construction - 2022

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612		2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2
Total	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612		2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 13 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 3.4 Building Construction - 2022 <u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.1019	2.2062	1.0029	0.0110	0.3663	0.0308	0.3971	0.1055	0.0295	0.1350		1,155.319 4	1,155.319 4	5.9300e- 003	0.1579	1,202.530 5
Worker	0.5386	0.3010	4.2106	0.0104	1.1172	5.6200e- 003	1.1228	0.2963	5.1800e- 003	0.3015		1,052.314 8	1,052.314 8	0.0314	0.0290	1,061.750 0
Total	0.6404	2.5072	5.2135	0.0214	1.4835	0.0365	1.5199	0.4018	0.0347	0.4365		2,207.634 1	2,207.634 1	0.0374	0.1870	2,264.280 4

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612	0.0000	2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2
Total	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612	0.0000	2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 14 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 3.4 Building Construction - 2022

**Mitigated Construction Off-Site** 

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.1019	2.2062	1.0029	0.0110	0.3663	0.0308	0.3971	0.1055	0.0295	0.1350		1,155.319 4	1,155.319 4	5.9300e- 003	0.1579	1,202.530 5
Worker	0.5386	0.3010	4.2106	0.0104	1.1172	5.6200e- 003	1.1228	0.2963	5.1800e- 003	0.3015		1,052.314 8	1,052.314 8	0.0314	0.0290	1,061.750 0
Total	0.6404	2.5072	5.2135	0.0214	1.4835	0.0365	1.5199	0.4018	0.0347	0.4365		2,207.634 1	2,207.634	0.0374	0.1870	2,264.280 4

# 3.4 Building Construction - 2023

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584		2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1
Total	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584		2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 15 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 3.4 Building Construction - 2023 <u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0833	1.8381	0.9402	0.0107	0.3663	0.0187	0.3850	0.1055	0.0179	0.1234		1,120.907 0	1,120.907 0	4.9600e- 003	0.1525	1,166.489 2
Worker	0.4964	0.2651	3.8454	0.0101	1.1172	5.2700e- 003	1.1225	0.2963	4.8500e- 003	0.3012		1,018.110 3	1,018.110 3	0.0282	0.0267	1,026.784 9
Total	0.5797	2.1032	4.7856	0.0207	1.4835	0.0240	1.5074	0.4018	0.0227	0.4245		2,139.017 2	2,139.017 2	0.0332	0.1793	2,193.274 2

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997	1 1 1	0.6584	0.6584	0.0000	2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1
Total	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584	0.0000	2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 16 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

## Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

## 3.4 Building Construction - 2023

## **Mitigated Construction Off-Site**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0833	1.8381	0.9402	0.0107	0.3663	0.0187	0.3850	0.1055	0.0179	0.1234		1,120.907 0	1,120.907 0	4.9600e- 003	0.1525	1,166.489 2
Worker	0.4964	0.2651	3.8454	0.0101	1.1172	5.2700e- 003	1.1225	0.2963	4.8500e- 003	0.3012		1,018.110 3	1,018.110 3	0.0282	0.0267	1,026.784 9
Total	0.5797	2.1032	4.7856	0.0207	1.4835	0.0240	1.5074	0.4018	0.0227	0.4245		2,139.017 2	2,139.017	0.0332	0.1793	2,193.274 2

## 3.5 Paving - 2023

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694		2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6
Paving	0.5397				       	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		<del></del>	0.0000			0.0000
Total	1.5725	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694		2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 17 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

## Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

3.5 Paving - 2023
<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category			lb/d	lb/day												
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	0.0548	0.0292	0.4241	1.1100e- 003	0.1232	5.8000e- 004	0.1238	0.0327	5.4000e- 004	0.0332		112.2916	112.2916	3.1100e- 003	2.9500e- 003	113.2483
Total	0.0548	0.0292	0.4241	1.1100e- 003	0.1232	5.8000e- 004	0.1238	0.0327	5.4000e- 004	0.0332		112.2916	112.2916	3.1100e- 003	2.9500e- 003	113.2483

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694	0.0000	2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6
Paving	0.5397					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Total	1.5725	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694	0.0000	2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 18 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

## Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

3.5 Paving - 2023

<u>Mitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e				
Category	lb/day												lb/day							
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000				
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000				
Worker	0.0548	0.0292	0.4241	1.1100e- 003	0.1232	5.8000e- 004	0.1238	0.0327	5.4000e- 004	0.0332		112.2916	112.2916	3.1100e- 003	2.9500e- 003	113.2483				
Total	0.0548	0.0292	0.4241	1.1100e- 003	0.1232	5.8000e- 004	0.1238	0.0327	5.4000e- 004	0.0332		112.2916	112.2916	3.1100e- 003	2.9500e- 003	113.2483				

# 3.6 Architectural Coating - 2023 <u>Unmitigated Construction On-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Archit. Coating	15.2417					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	0.1917	1.3030	1.8111	2.9700e- 003		0.0708	0.0708		0.0708	0.0708		281.4481	281.4481	0.0168	1 1 1 1	281.8690
Total	15.4334	1.3030	1.8111	2.9700e- 003		0.0708	0.0708		0.0708	0.0708		281.4481	281.4481	0.0168		281.8690

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 19 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

## Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

## EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 3.6 Architectural Coating - 2023 <u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category		lb/d	lb/day													
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	0.0986	0.0526	0.7634	2.0000e- 003	0.2218	1.0500e- 003	0.2229	0.0588	9.6000e- 004	0.0598		202.1248	202.1248	5.6000e- 003	5.3100e- 003	203.8470
Total	0.0986	0.0526	0.7634	2.0000e- 003	0.2218	1.0500e- 003	0.2229	0.0588	9.6000e- 004	0.0598		202.1248	202.1248	5.6000e- 003	5.3100e- 003	203.8470

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e		
Category	lb/day										lb/day							
Archit. Coating	15.2417					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000		
Off-Road	0.1917	1.3030	1.8111	2.9700e- 003	       	0.0708	0.0708		0.0708	0.0708	0.0000	281.4481	281.4481	0.0168	1       	281.8690		
Total	15.4334	1.3030	1.8111	2.9700e- 003		0.0708	0.0708		0.0708	0.0708	0.0000	281.4481	281.4481	0.0168		281.8690		

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 20 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

#### EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 3.6 Architectural Coating - 2023

**Mitigated Construction Off-Site** 

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/o	day							lb/c	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	! !	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	0.0986	0.0526	0.7634	2.0000e- 003	0.2218	1.0500e- 003	0.2229	0.0588	9.6000e- 004	0.0598		202.1248	202.1248	5.6000e- 003	5.3100e- 003	203.8470
Total	0.0986	0.0526	0.7634	2.0000e- 003	0.2218	1.0500e- 003	0.2229	0.0588	9.6000e- 004	0.0598		202.1248	202.1248	5.6000e- 003	5.3100e- 003	203.8470

# 4.0 Operational Detail - Mobile

# **4.1 Mitigation Measures Mobile**

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 21 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

#### EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Mitigated	0.5265	0.6220	4.3141	8.7200e- 003	0.8319	7.3400e- 003	0.8392	0.2218	6.8900e- 003	0.2287		887.6940	887.6940	0.0485	0.0444	902.1326
Unmitigated	0.5265	0.6220	4.3141	8.7200e- 003	0.8319	7.3400e- 003	0.8392	0.2218	6.8900e- 003	0.2287		887.6940	887.6940	0.0485	0.0444	902.1326

# **4.2 Trip Summary Information**

	Ave	age Daily Trip Ra	ate	Unmitigated	Mitigated
Land Use	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Annual VMT	Annual VMT
City Park	0.00	0.00	0.00		
General Office Building	75.00	17.02	5.39	135,669	135,669
Parking Lot	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail	73.60	73.60	73.60	214,882	214,882
Total	148.60	90.62	78.99	350,551	350,551

# 4.3 Trip Type Information

		Miles			Trip %			Trip Purpos	e %
Land Use	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	Primary	Diverted	Pass-by
City Park	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0
General Office Building	9.50	7.30	7.30	33.00	48.00	19.00	77	19	4
Parking Lot	9.50	7.30	7.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No	9.50	7.30	7.30	59.00	0.00	41.00	92	5	3

#### 4.4 Fleet Mix

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 22 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

# EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

Land Use	LDA	LDT1	LDT2	MDV	LHD1	LHD2	MHD	HHD	OBUS	UBUS	MCY	SBUS	MH
City Park	0.526992	0.056742	0.174739	0.140288	0.030240	0.007815	0.006009	0.021774	0.000488	0.000160	0.028107	0.000925	0.005722
General Office Building	0.526992	0.056742	0.174739	0.140288	0.030240	0.007815	0.006009	0.021774	0.000488	0.000160	0.028107	0.000925	0.005722
Parking Lot	0.526992	0.056742	0.174739	0.140288	0.030240	0.007815	0.006009	0.021774	0.000488	0.000160	0.028107	0.000925	0.005722
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail	0.526992	0.056742	0.174739	0.140288	0.030240	0.007815	0.006009	0.021774	0.000488	0.000160	0.028107	0.000925	0.005722

# 5.0 Energy Detail

Historical Energy Use: N

# **5.1 Mitigation Measures Energy**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
NaturalGas Mitigated	3.2900e- 003	0.0299	0.0251	1.8000e- 004		2.2700e- 003	2.2700e- 003		2.2700e- 003	2.2700e- 003		35.9175	35.9175	6.9000e- 004	6.6000e- 004	36.1309
NaturalGas Unmitigated	3.2900e- 003	0.0299	0.0251	1.8000e- 004		2.2700e- 003	2.2700e- 003	i i	2.2700e- 003	2.2700e- 003		35.9175	35.9175	6.9000e- 004	6.6000e- 004	36.1309

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 23 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

#### EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# 5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas

# **Unmitigated**

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
City Park	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
General Office Building	72.3589	7.8000e- 004	7.0900e- 003	5.9600e- 003	4.0000e- 005		5.4000e- 004	5.4000e- 004		5.4000e- 004	5.4000e- 004		8.5128	8.5128	1.6000e- 004	1.6000e- 004	8.5634
Parking Lot	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail	232.94	2.5100e- 003	0.0228	0.0192	1.4000e- 004		1.7400e- 003	1.7400e- 003		1.7400e- 003	1.7400e- 003		27.4047	27.4047	5.3000e- 004	5.0000e- 004	27.5675
Total		3.2900e- 003	0.0299	0.0251	1.8000e- 004		2.2800e- 003	2.2800e- 003		2.2800e- 003	2.2800e- 003		35.9175	35.9175	6.9000e- 004	6.6000e- 004	36.1309

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 24 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

#### EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

# **5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas**

#### **Mitigated**

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
City Park	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
General Office Building	0.0723589	7.8000e- 004	7.0900e- 003	5.9600e- 003	4.0000e- 005		5.4000e- 004	5.4000e- 004		5.4000e- 004	5.4000e- 004		8.5128	8.5128	1.6000e- 004	1.6000e- 004	8.5634
Parking Lot	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail	0.23294	2.5100e- 003	0.0228	0.0192	1.4000e- 004		1.7400e- 003	1.7400e- 003		1.7400e- 003	1.7400e- 003		27.4047	27.4047	5.3000e- 004	5.0000e- 004	27.5675
Total		3.2900e- 003	0.0299	0.0251	1.8000e- 004		2.2800e- 003	2.2800e- 003		2.2800e- 003	2.2800e- 003		35.9175	35.9175	6.9000e- 004	6.6000e- 004	36.1309

# 6.0 Area Detail

#### **6.1 Mitigation Measures Area**

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 25 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

#### EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Mitigated	1.2226	5.0000e- 005	5.7500e- 003	0.0000		2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005		2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005		0.0123	0.0123	3.0000e- 005		0.0131
Unmitigated	1.2226	5.0000e- 005	5.7500e- 003	0.0000		2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005		2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005		0.0123	0.0123	3.0000e- 005		0.0131

# 6.2 Area by SubCategory

#### **Unmitigated**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Architectural Coating	0.0835					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Products	1.1386				     	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000	       		0.0000
' " •	5.3000e- 004	5.0000e- 005	5.7500e- 003	0.0000	       	2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005		2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005		0.0123	0.0123	3.0000e- 005		0.0131
Total	1.2226	5.0000e- 005	5.7500e- 003	0.0000		2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005		2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005		0.0123	0.0123	3.0000e- 005		0.0131

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 26 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

#### EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

#### 6.2 Area by SubCategory

#### **Mitigated**

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Architectural Coating	0.0835					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
	1.1386					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Landscaping	5.3000e- 004	5.0000e- 005	5.7500e- 003	0.0000		2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005		2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005		0.0123	0.0123	3.0000e- 005		0.0131
Total	1.2226	5.0000e- 005	5.7500e- 003	0.0000		2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005		2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005		0.0123	0.0123	3.0000e- 005		0.0131

# 7.0 Water Detail

# 7.1 Mitigation Measures Water

# 8.0 Waste Detail

#### **8.1 Mitigation Measures Waste**

# 9.0 Operational Offroad

Equipment Type	Number	Hours/Day	Days/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type
Air Compressors	1	8.00	260	78	0.48	Electrical
Forklifts	1	8.00	260	89	0.20	Electrical
Welders	1	8.00	260	46	0.45	Electrical Page 117 d

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2020.4.0 Page 27 of 27 Date: 11/9/2021 9:36 AM

Air Quality Study- APN-3090-431-07 Warehouse and Office, Victorville, CA - Mojave Desert AQMD Air District, Summer

#### EMFAC Off-Model Adjustment Factors for Gasoline Light Duty Vehicle to Account for the SAFE Vehicle Rule Not Applied

#### **UnMitigated/Mitigated**

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Equipment Type	lb/day						lb/day									
Air Compressors	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Forklifts	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	       	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Welders	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000	0.0000	       	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Total	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000

# **10.0 Stationary Equipment**

## **Fire Pumps and Emergency Generators**

Equipment Type	Number	Hours/Day	Hours/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type	
		110 311 01 = 019				,,,,	

#### **Boilers**

Equipment Type	Number	Heat Input/Day	Heat Input/Year	Boiler Rating	Fuel Type

## **User Defined Equipment**

Equipment Type	Number

# 11.0 Vegetation

Appendix B Biological Resource Assessment

# Biological Resource Assessment of APN 3090-431-07 Victorville, California

January 19, 2022

Mark Hagan, Wildlife Biologist 44715 17<sup>th</sup> Street East Lancaster, CA 93535 (661) 723-0086 (661) 433-9956 (m)

B.S. Degree, Wildlife Management Humboldt State University Biological Resource Assessment of APN 3090-431-07, Victorville, California

Mark Hagan, Wildlife Biologist, 44715 17th Street East, Lancaster, CA 93535

#### Abstract

Development has been proposed for APN 3090-431-07, Victorville, California. The approximately 7 acres (2.8 ha) study area was located south of Ottawa Street, and east of Enterprise Way, T5N, R4W, a portion of the NE1/4 of the SW1/4 of the of Section 27, S.B.B.M. A line transect survey was conducted on 24 November 2021 to inventory biological resources. The proposed project area was characteristic of a heavily disturbed lot. A total of 11 plant species and 6 wildlife species or their sign were observed during the line transect survey. The study site did not support desert tortoise (Gopherus agassizii) habitat. The study site did not support Mohave ground squirrel (Xerospermophilus mohavensis) habitat. No burrowing owls (Athene cunicularia) or their sign were observed within the study site. California ground squirrel (Citellus beecheyi) burrows were observed within the study site. California ground squirrel burrows can provide future potential cover sites for burrowing owls. No desert kit foxes (Vulpes macrotis) or their sign were observed within the study site. Desert kit foxes would not be expected to use this study site due to its fenced location. The study area does not provide forage for Swainson's hawks (Buteo swainsoni) or other raptors due to the low wildlife presence. The study site did not provide potential nesting sites for migratory birds. No sensitive plants, specifically Joshua tree (Yucca brevifolia), alkali mariposa lily (Calochortus striatus), desert cymopterus (Cymopterus deserticola), and Barstow woolly sunflower (Eriophyllum mohanense) are expected to occur within the study area due to the lack of suitable habitat. No other state or federal listed species are expected to occur within the study area. No ephemeral streams or washes occur within the study area. A channelized wash/storm drain was present outside of the fenced boundary of the study site. A pipe from a dirt parking area along the eastern boundary was observed within the study site. This pipe appeared to have been used to dump water into the study site.

#### **Recommended Protection Measures:**

A burrowing owl survey should be accomplished within 30 days prior to construction activities to ensure burrowing owls have not moved into the study area. If burrowing owls are discovered the guidance outlined in the California Department of Fish and Wildlife titled "Staff Report on Burrowing Owl Mitigation" will be used for addressing burrowing owl issues on the study site (California Department of Fish and Game 2012).

Based on the condition of the habitat, the small size of the study area, surrounding land use, and lack of sensitive wildlife sign, no other protection measures are recommended.

<u>Significance</u>: Given the adjacent land uses, and highly impacted condition of the study area this project would not result in an adverse impact to biological resources.

Development has been proposed for APN 3090-431-07 (Figure 1). Development may include installation of access roads, parking, and utilities (water, sewer, electric, etc.). The entire project area would be graded prior to construction activities.

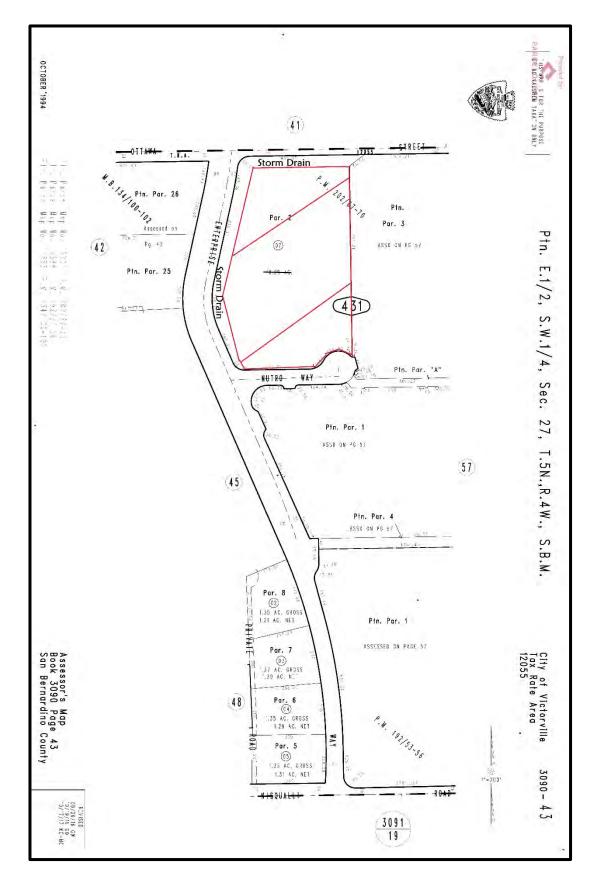


Figure 1. Location of proposed project site as depicted on APN map.

An environmental analysis should be conducted prior to any development project. An assessment of biological resources is an integral part of environmental analyses (Gilbert and Dodds 1987). The purpose of this study was to provide an assessment of biological resources potentially occurring within or utilizing the proposed project area. Specific focus was on the presence/absence of protected, rare, threatened, and endangered species of plants and wildlife that would be expected to use the existing habitat. Species of concern included the desert tortoise (*Gopherus agassizii*), Mohave ground squirrel (*Xerospermophilus mohavensis*), desert kit fox (*Vulpes macrotis*), burrowing owl (*Athene cunicularia*), Swainson's hawk (*Buteo swainsoni*), Joshua tree (*Yucca brevifolia*), alkali mariposa lily (*Calochortus striatus*), desert cymopterus (*Cymopterus deserticola*), and Barstow woolly sunflower (*Eriophyllum mohanense*).

### **Study Area**

The approximately 7 acres (2.8 ha) study area was located south of Ottawa Street, and east of Enterprise Way, T5N, R4W, a portion of the NE1/4 of the SW1/4 of the of Section 27, S.B.B.M. (Figures 2 and 3). The study site had a chain link fence along the west and north boundaries. A wrought iron fence existed along the eastern boundary. A paved road existed along the southern boundary. A sidewalk existed west and north of the chain link fence. A channelized wash/storm drain existed west and north of the sidewalk. Enterprise Way was west of the study site. Ottawa Street was north of the study site. A wrought iron fence and commercial storage buildings existed adjacent to the eastern boundary. Industrial buildings were present to the east and south of the study site.

#### Methods

A line transect survey was conducted to inventory plant and wildlife species occurring within the proposed project area (Cooperrider et al. 1986, Davis 1990). Line transects were walked in a north-south orientation. Line transects were approximately 660 feet (201 m) long and spaced about 100 feet (30 m) apart (U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service 2010).

All observations of plant and animal species were recorded in field notes. Field guides were used to aid in the identification of plant and animal species (Arnett and Jacques 1981, Borror and White 1970, Burt and Grossenheider 1976, Gould 1981, Jaeger 1969, Knobel 1980, Robbins et al. 1983, Stark 2000,). Observations were aided with the use of 10x42 binoculars. Observations of animal tracks, scat, and burrows were also utilized to determine the presence of wildlife species inhabiting the proposed project area (Cooperrider et al. 1986, Halfpenny 1986, Lowrey 2006, Murie 1974). The USGS topographic map of the study area and surrounding vicinity was reviewed. Photographs of the study site were taken (Figures 4 and 5).

#### Results

A total of 4 line transects were walked on 24 November 2021. Weather conditions consisted of warm temperature (estimated 60 degrees F), 0% cloud cover, and moderate wind. Sandy clay loam surface soil texture was present in the north half of the study site. Most of the south half of the study site was covered with gravel. Topography of the study area was

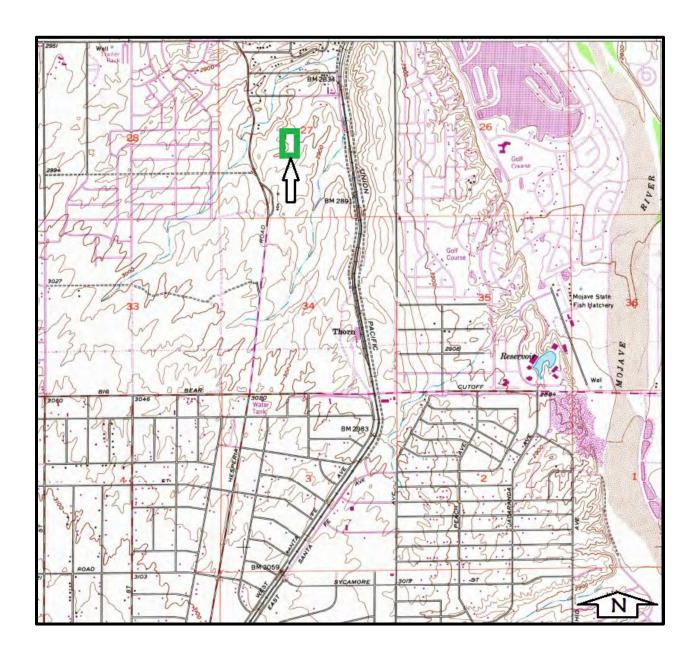


Figure 2. Approximate location of study area as depicted on excerpt from USGS Quadrangle, Hesperia, California, 7.5' 1980.



Figure 3. Approximate location of study area, Google Earth, April 2018, showing surrounding land use.





Figure 4. Representative photographs of the study area. Top photograph of site is from the southern boundary. Bottom photograph is within the northern portion of the site.





Figure 5. Representative photographs of the study area. Top photograph of site shows pipe used to drain water from adjacent property onto the study site. Bottom photograph shows the channelized wash/storm drainage present along the western and northern boundary of the site.

approximately 2,894 to 2,912 feet (882 to 888 m) above sea level. There were no blue line streams delineated on the U.S.G.S. topographic map within the study area. There were no washes or streams observed within the project site. A channelized wash/storm drain was present outside of the fenced boundary of the study site. A pipe from a dirt parking area along the eastern boundary was observed within the study site. This pipe appeared to have been used to drain water into the study site.

The proposed project area was characteristic of a highly disturbed lot. A total of 11 plant species were observed during the line transect survey (Table 1). The dominant perennial shrub species throughout the study area was rabbit brush (*Chrysothamnus nauseosis*). Annual species were sparse within the study area consisting of primarily weedy and invasive species. No Johsua trees, alkali mariposa lilies, Barstow woolly sunflowers, desert cymopterus, or suitable habitat were observed within the study site.

Six wildlife species or their sign were observed during the line transect survey (Table 2). No desert tortoises or their sign were observed during the field survey. No suitable desert tortoise habitat was observed within the study site. No burrowing owls or their sign were observed within the study site during the field survey. California ground squirrels (*Citellus beecheyi*) and their burrows were observed within the study site. No bird nests were observed within the study area. Vegetation within the study site does not provide suitable nesting habitat. No Swainson's hawk nesting sites were documented within 5 miles (8 km) of the study site (eBird 2022). No desert kit foxes, dens, or tracks were observed within the study site. No suitable Mohave ground squirrel habitat was present within the study site (CDFW 2019).

The project site had been previously graded and the southern half built up in the past. Remnants of a gravel covered area was observed within the northern half of the study site. The study site boundaries consisted of constructed banks. Several dump sites were present within the study site, primarily in the southern and northern boundaries. Scattered litter was observed within the study site.

#### **Discussion**

It is likely that some annual species were not visible during the time the field survey was performed. Nearly all the remnant annuals on the study site were invasive or weedy species (Table 1). The study area was highly disturbed from previous impacts. No sensitive plant species are expected to exist within the study site. Although not observed, several wildlife species would be expected to occur within the proposed project area (Table 3).

Human impacts within the study area are expected to continue. Habitat in the general area consisted of an urban environment. Burrowing animals within the proposed project area are not expected to survive construction activities. More mobile species, such as birds, are expected to survive construction activities. Development of this site will result in a minimal loss of cover and foraging opportunities for the common wildlife species occurring within and adjacent to the study area.

Table 1. List of plant species that were observed during the line transect survey of APN 3090-431-07, Victorville, California.

#### <u>Common Name</u> <u>Scientific Name</u>

Creosote bush Larrea tridentata

Rabbit brush
Annual burweed
Franseria acanthicarpa
Red-stem filaree
Vinegar weed
Rattlesnake weed
Annual burweed
Franseria acanthicarpa
Erodium cicutarium
Trichostema lanceolatum
Euphorbia albomarginata
Franseria acanthicarpa

Mustard sp. Brassicaceae

Sahara mustard

Russian thistle

Cheat grass

Brassica tournefortii

Salsola iberica

Bromus tectorum

Table 2. List of wildlife species, or their sign, that were observed during the line transect survey of APN 3090-431-07, Victorville, California.

Common Name Scientific Name

California ground squirrel

Desert cottontail

Black-tailed jackrabbit

Citellus beecheyi

Sylvilagus auduboni

Lepus californicus

Common raven Corvus corax

Harvester ants Order: Hymenoptera Ants Order: Hymenoptera

Table 3. List of wildlife species that may occur within the proposed study area, APN 3090-431-07, Victorville, California.

Common Name Scientific Name

Rodents Order: Rodentia

Deer mouse Peromyscus maniculatus

Rock dove Columba livia

Horned lark Eremophila alpestris

Fly Order: Diptera Spider Order: Araneida The desert tortoise is a state endangered and federal listed threatened species. The proposed project area was located within the geographic range of the desert tortoise. The proposed project site was not located in critical habitat designated for the Mojave population of the desert tortoise. Suitable habitat for desert tortoise was not present within or adjacent to the study area. Desert tortoises are not present within the study area. No protection measures are recommended for desert tortoises.

The Mohave ground squirrel (MGS) is a state listed threatened species. The study area was located within the geographic range of MGS. MGS habitat consists of a variety of desert scrub habitats, to include a specific assemblage of required shrub and annual species within those habitats, none of which occur any longer within the project site (Figures 4 and 5, Table 1). MGS foraging behavior changes depending on season and whether it has been a dry or wet season. Stems and leaves from shrubs are necessary to provide forage during times annuals are unavailable. The lack of shrubs within and around the study site preclude MGS presence. A table listing MGS habitats and a discussion of required shrubs and annuals can be found in the 2019 CDFW publication titled "A Conservation Strategy for the Mohave Ground Squirrel." California ground squirrels (CGS) are present within the study site. Since MGS prefer natural habitats, interactions with CGS would not occur often (CDFW 2019). CGS are larger and more aggressive than MGS which would seem to indicate they would be unlikely to coexist (CDFW 2019). No MGS are expected to be present within the study area. Given the lack of suitable habitat, presence of CGS, lack of adjacent habitat, no protection measures are recommended for MGS.

Burrowing owls are considered a species of special concern by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW). No burrowing owls or their sign were observed during the field survey. CGS burrows provide future potential suitable cover sites for burrowing owls.

The study site was graded, and developed prior to 2005. The study site was constructed banks approximately 8 feet (2.4 m) high along the east and south boundaries. Aerial photographs show vehicles parked in the study area. The study site no longer appears to be used as a parking area and showed signs it was revegetating, primarily with rabbit brush and invasive weeds. No suitable habitat for sensitive plant species was present within the study site. Based on the results of the field survey sensitive plant species are not expected to occur within the study area and no protection measures are recommended. No other state or federal listed species are expected to occur within the proposed project area (California Department of Fish and Wildlife 2020, 2021, Smith and Berg 1988, U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service 2016).

Landscape design should incorporate the use of native plants to the maximum extent feasible. Native plants that have food and cover value to wildlife should be used in landscape design (Adams and Dove 1989). Diversity of native plants should be maximized in landscape design (Adams and Dove 1989).

#### **Recommended Protection Measures:**

A burrowing owl survey should be accomplished within 30 days prior to construction activities to ensure burrowing owls have not moved into the study area. If burrowing owls are discovered the guidance outlined in the California Department of Fish and Wildlife titled "Staff Report on Burrowing Owl Mitigation" will be used for addressing burrowing owl issues on the study site (California Department of Fish and Game 2012).

Based on the condition of the habitat, the small size of the study area, surrounding land use, and lack of sensitive wildlife sign, no other protection measures are recommended.

<u>Significance</u>: Given the adjacent land uses, and highly impacted condition of the study area this project would not result in an adverse impact to biological resources.

#### Literature Cited

- Adams, L.W. and L.E. Dove. 1989. Wildlife reserves and corridors in the urban environment. National Institute for Urban Wildlife, Columbia, MD. 91pp.
- Arnett, R.H., Jr. and R.L. Jacques, Jr. 1981. Simon and Schuster's guide to insects. Simon and Schuster, Inc. New York. 511pp.
- Borror, D.J. and R.E. White. 1970. A field guide to insects. Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston. 404pp.
- Burt, W.H. and R.P Grossenheider. 1976. A field guide to the mammals. Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston. 289pp.
- California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG). 2012. Staff report on burrowing owl mitigation. Calif. Dept. of Fish and Wildlife, Wildlife Branch, Sacramento, CA. 36pp.
- California Department of Fish and Wildlife. 2020. State and federally listed endangered and threatened animals in california. Calif. Dept. of Fish and Wildlife California Natural Diversity Database, Sacramento, CA. 32pp.
- California Department of Fish and Wildlife. 2021. State and federally listed endangered, threatened, and rare plants of california. Calif. Dept. of Fish and Wildlife California Natural Diversity Database, Sacramento, CA. 25pp.
- Cooperrider, A.L., Boyd, R.J. and H.R. Stuart, Eds. 1986. Inventory and monitoring of wildlife habitat. U.S. Dept. of Inter., Bur. Land Manage. Service Center, CO. 858pp.
- Davis, D.E. 1990. Handbook of census methods for terrestrial vertebrates. CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL. 397pp.
- eBird. 2022. eBird: An online database of bird distribution and abundance [web application]. eBird, Cornell Lab of Ornithology, Ithaca, New York. Available: http://www.ebird.org. (Accessed: 19 January 2022)
- Gilbert, F.F. and D.G. Dodds. 1987. The philosophy and practice of wildlife management. Krieger Publishing Company, Malabar, FL. 279pp.
- Gould, F.W. 1981. Grasses of southwestern united states. Univ. of Arizona Press, Tucson, AZ. 343pp.
- Halfpenny, J. 1986. A field guide to mammal tracking in western america. Johnson Publishing Company, Boulder, CO. 161pp.
- Jaeger, E.C. 1969. Desert wild flowers. Stanford Univ. Press, Stanford, CA. 322pp.

- Knobel, E. 1980. Field guide to the grasses, sedges and rushes of the united states. Dover Publications Inc. New York, NY 83pp.
- Lowery, J.C. 2006. The tracker's field guide. The Globe Pequot Press, Gilford, CT 408pp.
- Murie, O.J. 1974. A field guide to animal tracks. Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston. 375pp.
- Robbins, C.S., Bruun, B. and H.S. Zim. 1983. A field guide to identification: birds of north america. Golden Press, NY. 360pp.
- Smith, J.P., Jr. and K. Berg, Eds. 1988. Inventory of rare and endangered plants vascular plants of california. Calif. Native Plant Society, Special Publication No. 1. Fourth Edition, Sacramento, CA. 168pp.
- Stark, M. 2000. A flower-watchers guide to wildflowers of the western mojave desert. Published by Milt Stark. Lancaster, CA 160pp.
- U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service. 2010. Preparing for any action that may occur within the range of the Mojave desert tortoise (*Gopherus agassizii*), 2010 field season. U.S. Fish & Wildl. Serv., 18pp.
- U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service. 2016. Listed species believed to or known to occur in California. 8pp. <a href="http://ecos.fws.gov/tess\_public/reports/species-listed-by-state-report?state=CA&status=listed">http://ecos.fws.gov/tess\_public/reports/species-listed-by-state-report?state=CA&status=listed</a>, accessed 22 April 2018.

Appendix C Cultural Resource Report and Addendum



#### **Bruce Love Consulting**

Archaeology-History-Cultural Resources-Native American Consultation

# Cultural Resources Report

for

# Victorville Warehouse Project

APN-3090-431-07

SE corner of Ottawa Street and Enterprise Way

Victorville, CA

Prepared for:

Duke Engineering 44732 Yucca Ave, Lancaster, CA 93534

Prepared by:

Bruce Love and Alexandra Jonassen
Bruce Love Consulting

December 13, 2021

29709 104<sup>th</sup> Street East, Littlerock, CA 93543 ph. 661-609-4759 <u>brucelove9@gmail.com</u>

# **Executive Summary**

Between October and December 2021, a cultural resources study was performed on APN-3090-431-07, 10.29 acres of vacant land located on the south-east corner of Ottawa Street and Enterprise Way in Victorville, CA in compliance with City of Victorville Department of Planning and San Bernardino County requirements and pursuant to provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The study includes a Records Search at South Central Coastal Information Center at California State University at Fullerton, a Sacred Lands Search at Native American Heritage Commission in Sacramento, a historic map search, and a walk-over survey.

Although the Records Search results and the Sacred Lands Search results were not received in time to be included in this report, the results of the study are that no "historical resources" or "tribal cultural resources" as defined by CEQA were encountered on or adjacent to the subject property, although final determination on the presence or absence of "tribal cultural resources" in the project area may be made by the City of Victorville by government-to-government consultations with pertinent Native American tribes pursuant to provisions of Assembly Bill 52. In addition, if in the course of grading or construction, cultural remains are inadvertently discovered, work should be diverted while a cultural resource specialist inspects the findings and makes a determination as to their significance.

#### Introduction

The purpose of this study is to identify any cultural-historical resources within or adjacent to the project area, to assist the City of Victorville in determining whether such resources meet the official definition of "historical resources," or "tribal cultural resources," as provided in the California Public Resources Code, in particular CEQA, and to determine if the proposed project will have an effect on those resources, if they exist. According to PRC §5020.1(j), "'historical resource' includes, but is not limited to, any object, building, site, area, place, record, or manuscript which is historically or archaeologically significant, or is significant in the architectural, engineering, scientific, economic, agricultural, educational, social, political, military, or cultural annals of California."

#### Statutes and Guidelines

CEQA guidelines state that the term "historical resource" applies to any such resource listed in or determined to be eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, included in a local register of historical resources, or determined to be historically significant by the lead agency (Title 14 CCR §15064.5(a)(1)-(3)).

Regarding the proper criteria for the evaluation of historical significance, CEQA guidelines mandate that "generally a resource shall be considered by the lead agency to be 'historically significant' if the resource meets the criteria for listing on the California Register of Historical Resources" (Title 14 CCR §15064.5(a)(3)). A resource may be listed in the California Register if it meets any of the following criteria:

- (1) Is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of California's history and cultural heritage.
- (2) Is associated with the lives of persons important in our past.
- (3) Embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, region, or method of construction, or represents the work of an important creative individual, or possesses high artistic values.
- (4) Has yielded, or may be likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history. (PRC §5024.1(c))

For "tribal cultural resources," PRC §21074, enacted and codified as part of a 2014 amendment to CEQA through Assembly Bill 52, provides the statutory definition as follows:

"Tribal cultural resources" are either of the following:

- (1) Sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, sacred places, and objects with cultural value to a California Native American tribe that are either of the following:
  - (A) Included or determined to be eligible for inclusion in the California Register of Historical Resources.
  - (B) Included in a local register of historical resources as defined in subdivision (k) of Section 5020.1.
- (2) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Section 5024.1 for the purposes of this paragraph, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.

# **Property Description**

APN-3090-431-07, a 10.29-acre portion of vacant land, is located at the SE corner of Ottawa Street and Enterprise Way in Victorville, CA (Figure 1), and lies within the SW ¼ of the NW ¼ of Section 27, Township 4N, Range 4W in the Hesperia, CA 1:24,000 topographic quadrangle (Figure 2). The property has no existing structures and is surrounded by commercial/industrial structures (Figure 3).

# **Cultural/Historical Context**

In the event that historical or archaeological resources are found on the subject property, they would have to be evaluated as to their significance and whether or not they had scientific or cultural value. Such an evaluation would take place against the cultural/historical background of the region.

# Archaeological Context

To categorize Native American cultures prior to European contact, archaeologists have devised chronological frameworks on the basis of artifacts and site types that go back some 12,000 years. One of the more frequently used time frames for the Mojave desert divides the region's prehistory into five periods marked by changes in archaeological remains reflecting different ways in which Native peoples adapted to their surroundings. Based on Warren

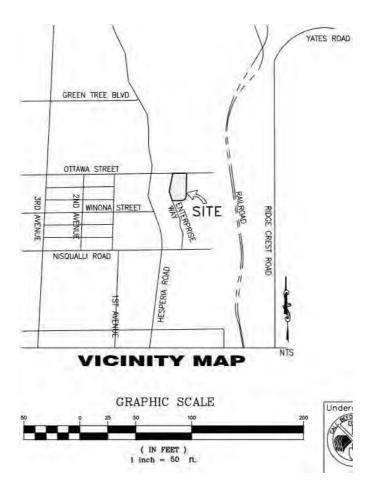


Figure 1: Vicinity Map (source: Duke Engineering).

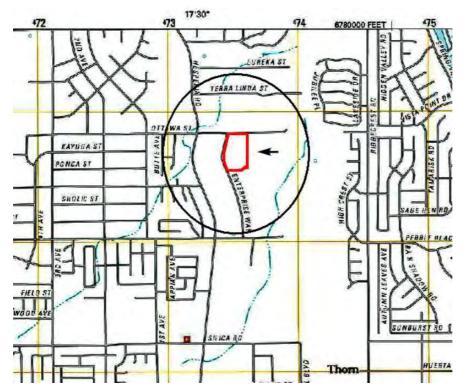


Figure 2: Property plotted onto USGS Topographic Map 7.5 minute series, Hesperia, CA 1:24,000 quadrangle(source: https://ngmdb.usgs.gov [modified and annotated]).



Figure 3: Aerial view of property (source: LoopNet.com).

(1984) and Warren and Crabtree (1986), the five periods are the Lake Mojave Period (12,000 years to 7,000 years ago), the Pinto Period (7,000 years to 4,000 years ago), the Gypsum Period (4,000 years to 1,500 years ago), the Saratoga Springs Period (1,500 years to 800 years ago), and the Protohistoric Period (800 years ago to European contact).

#### Ethnohistorical Context

The area occupied by present-day City of Victorville was an area primarily inhabited by the Serrano indians, whose homeland was and still is the San Bernardino Mountains and northern foothills of the San Gabriel Mountains (Bean and Smith 1978:570).

The Serrano are a small ethnic nationality whose name derives from the Spanish term meaning mountaineer or highlander. Serrano groups had a large territory, spanning the San Bernardino mountains east of Cajon Pass, at the base and north of these mountains within the desert near Victorville, eastward as far as Twentynine Palms, and south in the Yucaipa Valley (Bean and Smith 1978:570). Most villages were in the foothills, and some were located on the desert floor near water sources. The Serrano practices a hunter-gatherer subsistence strategy with some occasional fishing. Acorns and pinyon nuts were harvested by foothill groups and

honey mesquite and pinyon nuts, yucca roots, mesquite, and cacti fruits were consumed by desert dwellers. Game included deer, mountain sheep, antelope, rabbits, and quail.

Similarly, to other southern California native groups, shells, wood, bone, stone, and plant fibers were used to create tools including basketry. Contact with Europeans is thought to have occurred as early as 1771 when the San Gabriel mission was established, but Spanish influence increased about 1819 when a colonial *asistencia* or mission outlier was built near Redlands. During this period till 1834, the western Serrano were removed to the missions.

In 1975, it is stated that most Serrano then lived within the Morongo and San Manuel reservations (Bean and Smith 1978:573). Many other southern Californian tribes claim relations to them today.

#### Historical Context

The history of today's City of Victorville first began in 1885, at which point it was known as Victor. It was named after Jacob Nash Victor, a construction superintendent for the Santa Fe Railroad. A railroad station was constructed approximately one mile northwest of the narrows of the Mojave River. On January 18, 1886, the city's layout was planned, and the area encompassed approximately 200 acres.

The presence of water and rich lands led to agricultural development shortly after the establishment of the railroad depot. Near the turn of the century, large deposits of limestone and granite were discovered, and the cement manufacturing industry emerged. In 1901, the community's name was changed from "Victor" to "Victorville" due to the confusion associated with the community of Victor, Colorado.

In 1926, U.S. Route 66 was established, and a portion of the highway provided a transportation corridor through Victorville. During World War II, on July 23, 1941, initial construction of Victorville Army Airfield, later renamed George Air Force Base, started. The base was completed May 18, 1943. On January 5, 1989, the Secretary of Defense announced the closure of George Air Force Base under the Base Closure and Realignment Act. The base was deactivated December 15, 1992. The former military base was annexed into the City July21, 1993 and has been renamed Southern California Logistics Airport. Since then, Victorville has had a great housing expansion and as well as continuing development of industrial production (City of Victorville 2021).

#### Methods

#### Records Search

A records search was requested from the South Central Coastal Information Center at California State University at Fullerton, which is part of the statewide system of historical resource inventories. The S.C.C.I.C. contains records and reports for San Bernardino County (as well as three other counties). Information Center staff inspect files for previously recorded archaeological resources, historical resources, and previously completed studies performed within a half-mile radius of the subject property.

# Historic Map Search

The following historic maps were searched for evidence of old structures or features that may once have been present on or adjacent to the property:

1901 Southern California Sheet No. 1, CA Quadrangle 1:25,000 scale

1902 Hesperia, CA Quadrangle, 1:625,000 scale

1904 Southern California Sheet No. 1, CA Quadrangle, 1:25,000 scale

1942 Hesperia, CA Quadrangle, 1:625,000 scale

1953 San Bernardino, CA Quadrangle, 1:25,000 scale

1956 Hesperia, CA Quadrangle, 1:24,000 scale

1957 San Bernardino, CA Quadrangle, 1:25,000 scale

1958 San Bernardino, CA Quadrangle, 1:25,000 scale

1959 San Bernardino, CA Quadrangle, 1:25,000 scale

1966 San Bernardino, CA Quadrangle, 1:25,000 scale

1982 San Bernardino, CA Quadrangle, 1:100,000 scale

2012 Hesperia, CA Quadrangle, 1:24,000 scale

2015 Hesperia, CA Quadrangle, 1:24,000 scale

2018 Hesperia, CA Quadrangle, 1:24,000 scale

#### Sacred Lands Search

A Sacred Lands Search request was submitted by Bruce Love Consulting to the office of the NativeAmerican Heritage Commission in Sacramento on November 10, 2021. The NAHC was established by the State legislature in 1976 to protect sacred lands and promote free expression of Native American religious practices. Consultation with the NAHC has been adopted by the City Victorville as a requisite part of cultural resource studies for land development.

# Walk-over Survey

The property was visually inspected on October 26<sup>th</sup>, 2021 by Bruce Love and Alexandra Jonassen (see Appendix 1 for personnel qualifications) walking parallel east-west transects at 7-meter (24-foot) intervals. The purpose of the inspection was to identify any resources older than 50 years that could possibly be considered historical or archaeological in nature.

#### Results

#### Records Search Results

As of this writing, nine weeks since the records search request was submitted, the results have not been received. Due to the extended delay in receiving the records search results, Bruce Love spoke with Victorville planner Mike Szarzynski who in turn spoke with planner Travis Clark and they agreed that Bruce Love Consulting should submit this current cultural resources report without the records search results. At a later date when the records search results are received, an addendum can be submitted to the report.

# Historic Map Search Results

A search of historic maps found no structures in the subject property during any part of the 20<sup>th</sup> century based on the map search alone. Beginning with the 1901 Southern California Sheet No. 1, CA 1:25,000 scale quadrangle, a road can be seen running to the west, adjacent to the project area. This road is likely an early version of the current Hesperia Road, which still runs across the area today. To the east of the project area was the Southern California Rail Road line which is also still present today (see Figure 4). No additional structures or features were found adjacent to the property area.

#### Sacred Lands Search Results

The records search of the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) Sacred Lands File (SLF) was submitted on November 10, 2021. The City of Victorville may do the additional Native American contacts as part of the AB 52 process, which addresses "tribal cultural resources." As of this writing no results have been received for the Sacred Lands Search.

# Walk-over Survey

The property was visually inspected on October 26<sup>th</sup>, 2021 by Bruce Love and Alexandra Jonassen (see Appendix 1 for personnel qualifications) walking parallel east-west transects at 7-meter (24-foot) intervals. The purpose of the inspection was to identify any resources older than 50 years that could possibly be considered historical or archaeological in nature.

#### **Results**

#### Records Search Results

As of this writing, nine weeks since the records search request was submitted, the results havenot been received. Due to the extended delay in receiving the records search results, Bruce Love spoke with Victorville planner Mike Szarzynski who in turn spoke with planner Travis Clark and theyagreed that Bruce Love Consulting should submit this current cultural resources report without the records search results. At a later date when the records search results are received, an addendum canbe submitted to the report.

# Historic Map Search Results

A search of historic maps found no structures in the subject property during any part of the 20<sup>th</sup> century based on the map search alone. Beginning with the 1901 Southern California Sheet No. 1, CA 1:25,000 scale quadrangle, a road can be seen running to the west, adjacent to the project area. This road is likely an early version of the current Hesperia Road which still runs across the area today. To the east of the project area was the Southern California Rail Road line which is also still present today (see Figure 4). No additional structures or features were found adjacent to the property area.

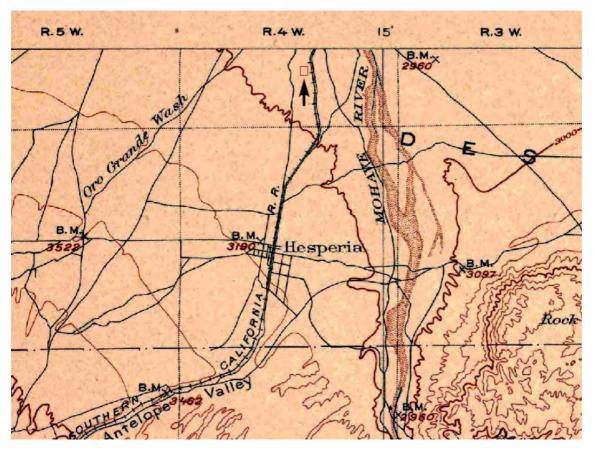


Figure 4: 1901 Southern California Sheet No. 1, CA 1:25,000 scale topographic quadrangle showing locations of HesperiaRoad (to the west) and the Southern California Rail Road line (to the east). Subject property, red square in the upper middle part of the map, is indicated by an arrow.

#### Sacred Lands Search Results

The records search of the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) Sacred Lands File (SLF) was submitted on November 10, 2021. The City of Victorville may do the additional Native American contacts as part of the AB 52 process, which addresses "tribal cultural resources." As of this writing no results have been received for the Sacred Lands Search.

# Walk-over Survey Results

During the walk-over survey, no artifacts or features were noted that could be considered historical or archaeological in nature. The subject property appears to have been graded over previously, leveling the landscape. Gravel was present across much of the center of the parcel (Figure 5). It appears that this grading and laying down of gravel took place several years ago, as scrub brush and other plant life have since grown to some height across the area (Figure 6). Scattered throughout the property are various refuse dumps including construction and household debris. The oldest cans and bottles that were observed appeared to be from the 1970s and therefore not old enough to be considered historical.



Figure 5: Gravel in center of parcel.



Figure 6: Scrub brush and plant life over parcel, facing south.

#### **Final Determination**

Based on the findings outlined in this report, which include a historic map search and a walk-over inspection, and in light of the criteria listed above (see *Statutes and Guidelines*), the present study concludes **no** "historical resources," as defined above, exist within or adjacent to the project area, although it must be noted that no results have been received for the Records Search or Sacred Lands Search. Nor have any "tribal cultural resources" been identified, although the final determination on the presence or absence of "tribal cultural resources" in the project area may be made by the City of Victorville by government-to-government consultations with pertinent Native American tribes pursuant to provisions of Assembly Bill 52.

### References

Bean, Lowell John Bean and Charles R. Smith

1978 Serrano. In In Robert F. Heizer (ed.): *Handbook of North American Indians*, Vol. 8. California, pp. 570-574. Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D.C.

Blackburn, Thomas C., and Lowell John Bean

1978 Kitanemuk. In Robert F. Heizer (ed.): *Handbook of North American Indians*, Vol. 8. California, pp. 564-569. Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D.C.

### City of Victorville

2021 City of Victorville webpage: Our History. (<a href="https://www.victorvilleca.gov/our-city/about-victorville/our-history">https://www.victorvilleca.gov/our-city/about-victorville/our-history</a>).

King, Chester, and Thomas C. Blackburn

1978 Tataviam. *In* Robert F. Heizer (ed.): *Handbook of North American Indians*, Vol. 8 *California*, pp. 535-537. Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D.C.

Warren, Claude N.

1984 The Desert Region. *In Michael J. Moratto (ed.): California Archaeology*, pp. 339-430. Academic Press, Orlando, FL.

Warren, Claude N., and Robert H. Crabtree

1986 Prehistory of the Southwestern Area. *In* Warren L. d'Azevedo (ed.): *Handbook of North American Indians*, Vol. 11 Great Basin, pp. 183-193. Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D.C.

Zigmond, Maurice L

1986 Kawaiisu. In Waren L. D'Azevedo (ed.): *Handbook of North American Indians*, Vol. 11. Great Basin, pp. 398-411. Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D.C.

# **Appendices**

### **Appendix 1: Personnel Qualifications**

CV/Resume

Bruce Love, Ph.D. RPA1

#### **EDUCATION**

1986 Ph.D. Anthropology, UCLA 1981 M.A. Anthropology, UCLA 1976 B.A. Anthropology, UCLA

### **CURRENT POSITIONS**

Owner and Principal Investigator: BRUCE LOVE CONSULTING, a Cultural Resource Management company, Littlerock, CA

President: ARC (Anthropological Research Contributions), a 501(c)(3) non-profit corporation dedicated to doing and publishing anthropological research in California and Mesoamerica.

Co-publisher: Mesoamerican Research Contributions, a web site and blog, https://brucelove.com

#### PAST POSITIONS

1993-2002 Owner and Principal: CRM TECH, a Cultural Resource Management company, Riverside, CA

1990-1993 Director: Archaeological Research Unit, Anthropology Department, University of California, Riverside

1989-1990 Coordinator: Archaeological Information Center, UCLA

1987-1990 Owner and Principal: Pyramid Archaeology, Palmdale, CA

### REPORT PRODUCTION

Since 1987 Love has written more than 1,000 CRM reports ranging from simple land surveys to complex multiphase testing and mitigation programs.

### RECENT VOLUNTEER WORK

Love currently serves as Native American Tribal Liaison for the City of Lancaster Museum of Art and History (MOAH). He also works with archaeology students at Antelope Valley College, Lancaster, CA, doing survey and analyzing collections; he volunteers with the Antelope Valley Indian Museum, a California State Park; and he is Historian for the local Juniper Hills Community Association where he lives.

In 2017 Love curated an archaeological exhibit at the Museum of Art and History (MOAH) in Lancaster, and organized *Torngava*, an all-day Native American celebration.

#### **MEMBERSHIPS**

Society for American Archaeology Society for California Archaeology Register of Professional Archaeologists

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Register of Professional Archaeologists

#### Resume Alexandra Karina Jonassen

### **EDUCATION**

### Pursuing Master's Degree in Anthropology, Fall 2021-

Present California State University Fullerton

### Pursuing Certificate in Geographic Information Systems, 2020-

Present Antelope Valley College, expected to graduate Fall 2021.

### Bachelor's Degree in Anthropology and Art History, 2018-2020

University of California Riverside, Summa Cum Laude, Cumulative GPA: 3.93.

### WORK EXPERIENCE

May 17<sup>th</sup>, 2021- October 15<sup>th</sup>, 2021

Archaeological Field Technician at Piute Ponds Project, Edwards AFB, CA CEMML (Center for the Environmental Management of Military Lands) Under

Dr. Bruce Love, Ph.D.

Colorado State University, Fort Collins, CO 80523-1490

December 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2020- May 14th, 2021

Archaeological Field Technician at Edwards Solar Project, Edwards AFB,

CA Statistical Research Inc. Under Dr. Scott Kremkau, Ph.D., RPA 21 W. Stuart Ave. Redlands,

CA 92374

August 7, 2020 Archaeological Field Technician Construction Monitoring, San Jacinto, CA

Scientific Resource Surveys Under Matthew

A. Boxt, Ph.D.

Consulting Archaeologist and Project Manager, SRSINC

Sept. 28, 2019-

Sept. 18, 2020 Eastern Information Center

Officer

Dept. of Anthropology University of California

Riverside Riverside, CA 92521-0418

### ARCHAEOLOGICAL LABORATORY EXPERIENCE

2019 El Palmar Lowland Maya Archaeological Site, student archaeologist, excavation, and

recording.

Kiché Las Pailas, Campeche, México Project director: Dr. Kenichiro

Tsukamoto

2017-2018 Antelope Valley College, reorganized laboratory collection artifacts and records, analyzed

lithics Laboratory director: Dr. Darcy Wiewall

### SKILLS AND TRAINING

2021	Experience in setting up and collecting data using ArcCollector and Avenza programs on iPad. Entered data into geodatabase and delivered to Edwards Airforce Base GIS department. Created all maps of sites within project area.
2020	Experience in Excel and ArcMap 10.8.1 software to create a digital database and several maps outlining the major Antelope Valley College Archaeological Sites and nearby ecological resources.
2020	Use of Adobe Illustrator to digitally draw structures and ceramics from El Palmar site, Mexico.



### **ADDENDUM**

Date: January 11, 2022

Re: Cultural Resources Report dated Dec. 13, 2021

Subject: APN 3090-431-07

Location: SE corner of Ottawa Street and Enterprise Way, Victorville, CA

Client: Duke Engineering

Background: Under verbal agreement with Victorville Planners Mike Szarzynski and Travis Clark in December 2021, a Cultural Resource Report for the subject property, dated Dec. 13, 2021, was submitted prior to receiving the Records Search results or the Sacred Lands Search results due to the extended delay in receiving the results of those searches.

Since that time, the results have come in (Records Search Jan. 10, 2022; Sacred Lands Search Dec. 27, 2021). The Records Search shows negative results for cultural resources and thus the findings of the Dec. 13, 2021, cultural resources report have not changed and remain valid regarding cultural resources.

However, the Sacred Lands Search letter came back positive (see attached) probably due the property's close proximity to the Mojave River. The response letter recommends consultation with the Chemehuevi Indian Tribe and San Manuel Band of Mission Indians. Such consultation would be the responsibility of the City of Victorville by government-to-government consultation pursuant to provisions of Assembly Bill 52.

Submitted by:

Bruce Love, Ph.D., R.P.A.

Ref: BLC-108





STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Gavin Newsom, Governor

### NATIVE AMERICAN HERITAGE COMMISSION

December 27, 2021

Bruce Love Bruce Love Consulting

Chairperson Laura Miranda Luiseño

Via Email to: brucelove9@gmail.com

VICE CHAIRPERSON **Reginald Pagaling** Chumash

Re: BLC 108 Project, San Bernardino County

**PARLIAMENTARIAN** 

Russell Attebery

COMMISSIONER William Mungary Paiute/White Mountain Apache

COMMISSIONER Isaac Bojorquez Ohlone-Costanoan

COMMISSIONER Sara Dutschke

COMMISSIONER **Buffy McQuillen** Yokayo Pomo, Yuki, Nomlaki

COMMISSIONER Wayne Nelson Luiseño

COMMISSIONER Stanley Rodriguez Kumeyaay

**EXECUTIVE SECRETARY Christina Snider** Pomo

NAHC HEADQUARTERS 1550 Harbor Boulevard Suite 100

California 95691 (916) 373-3710 nahc@nahc.ca.aov NAHC.ca.gov

West Sacramento,

Dear Mr. Love:

A record search of the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) Sacred Lands File (SLF) was completed for the information submitted for the above referenced project. The results were positive. Please contact the Chemehuevi Indian Tribe and the San Manuel Band of Mission Indians on the attached list for information. Please note that tribes do not always record their sacred sites in the SLF, nor are they required to do so. A SLF search is not a substitute for consultation with tribes that are traditionally and culturally affiliated with a project's geographic area. Other sources of cultural resources should also be contacted for information regarding known and recorded sites, such as the appropriate regional California Historical Research Information System (CHRIS) archaeological Information Center for the presence of recorded archaeological sites.

Attached is a list of Native American tribes who may also have knowledge of cultural resources in the project area. This list should provide a starting place in locating areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project area. Please contact all of those listed; if they cannot supply information, they may recommend others with specific knowledge. By contacting all those listed, your organization will be better able to respond to claims of failure to consult with the appropriate tribe. If a response has not been received within two weeks of notification, the Commission requests that you follow-up with a telephone call or email to ensure that the project information has been received.

If you receive notification of change of addresses and phone numbers from tribes, please notify the NAHC. With your assistance, we can assure that our lists contain current information.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact me at my email address: Andrew.Green@nahc.ca.gov.

Sincerely,

Andrew Green

Cultural Resources Analyst

ndrew Green

**Attachment** 

Page 1 of 1



#### Native American Heritage Commission **Native American Contact List** San Bernardino County 12/27/2021

Chemehuevi

Cahuilla

Serrano

Cahuilla

Serrano

Quechan

Quechan

Chemehuevi Indian Tribe

Sierra Pencille, Chairperson

P.O. Box 1976 1990 Palo Verde

Drive

Havasu Lake, CA, 92363

Phone: (760) 858 - 4219

Fax: (760) 858-5400 chairman@cit-nsn.gov

Morongo Band of Mission

Indians

Robert Martin, Chairperson

12700 Pumarra Road

Banning, CA, 92220 Phone: (951) 755 - 5110

Fax: (951) 755-5177 abrierty@morongo-nsn.gov

Morongo Band of Mission

Indians

Ann Brierty, THPO 12700 Pumarra Road

Banning, CA, 92220

Phone: (951) 755 - 5259 Fax: (951) 572-6004

abrierty@morongo-nsn.gov

Quechan Tribe of the Fort Yuma

Reservation

Manfred Scott, Acting Chairman Kw'ts'an Cultural Committee

P.O. Box 1899

Yuma, AZ, 85366

Phone: (928) 750 - 2516

scottmanfred@yahoo.com

Quechan Tribe of the Fort Yuma

Reservation

Jill McCormick, Historic

**Preservation Officer** P.O. Box 1899

Yuma, AZ, 85366

Phone: (760) 572 - 2423

historicpreservation@quechantrib

e.com

San Fernando Band of Mission

Kitanemuk

Vanyume

Tataviam

Serrano

Serrano

Chemehuevi

Indians

Donna Yocum, Chairperson

P.O. Box 221838 Newhall, CA, 91322

Phone: (503) 539 - 0933 Fax: (503) 574-3308

ddyocum@comcast.net

San Manuel Band of Mission

Indians

Jessica Mauck, Director of

Cultural Resources

26569 Community Center Drive Serrano

Highland, CA, 92346

Phone: (909) 864 - 8933 Jessica.Mauck@sanmanuel-

nsn.gov

Serrano Nation of Mission

Indians

Wayne Walker, Co-Chairperson

P. O. Box 343

Patton, CA, 92369 Phone: (253) 370 - 0167

serranonation1@gmail.com

Serrano Nation of Mission

Indians

Mark Cochrane, Co-Chairperson

P. O. Box 343 Patton, CA, 92369

Phone: (909) 528 - 9032

serranonation1@gmail.com

Twenty-Nine Palms Band of

Mission Indians

Anthony Madrigal, Tribal Historic

Preservation Officer 46-200 Harrison Place

Coachella, CA, 92236

Phone: (760) 775 - 3259

amadrigal@29palmsbomi-nsn.gov

PROJ-2021-006022

12/27/2021 04:06 PM

1 of 2



Native American Heritage Commission Native American Contact List San Bernardino County 12/27/2021

Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians
Darrell Mike, Chairperson 46-200 Harrison Place
Coachella, CA, 92236
Phone: (760) 863 - 2444
Fax: (760) 863-2449
29chairman@29palmsbominsn.gov

Chemehuevi

This list is current only as of the date of this document. Distribution of this list does not relieve any person of statutory responsibility as defined in Section 7050.5 of the Health and Safety Code, Section 5097.94 of the Public Resource Section 5097.98 of the Public Resources Code.

This list is only applicable for contacting local Native Americans with regard to cultural resources assessment for the proposed BLC 108 Project, San Bernardino County

PROJ-2021-

12/27/2021 04:06 PM

2 of 2

# Appendix D Hydrology Study

# Reyes Holdings, LLC

APN: 3090-431-07 Victorville, CA 92395

# **HYDROLOGY STUDY**



# **Prepared For:**

Reyes Holdings, LLC
APN 3090-431-07
Victorville, San Bernardino County, California

**Duke Engineering** 

44732 Yucca Avenue Lancaster, Ca 93534 Phone 661-952-7918

Date: 1/18/2022 Page 156 of 179 05/22/2022

# **Table of Contents**

Introduction	3
Project Location	
Rainfall Data	
Basin Sizing Calculations	
Storm Drain Sizing Calculations	
Conclusion	
FIGURE 1:	5
FIGURE 2:	
FIGURE 3:	9
FIGURE 4:	
FIGURE 5:	13
FIGURE 6:	15

### **Introduction**

The purpose of this report is to address the drainage conditions for the onsite development of a new warehouse and parking lot on the subject property at APN 3090-431-07 in Victorville. The results of this report will quantify the sub area storm runoff, size the above ground detention system, and ribbon gutter to safely convey storm water generated from the project site to above ground detention system. The intention of this hydrology study is to show that the detention system will be able to retain all of the 100-yr 1-hr and 10-yr 24hr storms, and the drainage devices are sized to convey the peak flow from the same storms. The pre-developed flow rates will not be analyzed in this study as all of the post-developed runoff will be retained with the current design.

# **Project Location**

The project site is located on at the corner of Ottowa St and Enterprise Way. The site is 7.5 acres of undeveloped land; there is an existing drainage easement on the eastern and northern portions of the site that will not be considered in the hydrology study.

### Rainfall Data

The rainfall data used for sizing the drainage devices is from the San Bernardino County Hydrology Manual. The rainfall data used for the basin sizing calculations is from the NOAA Atlas 14.

# **Basin Sizing Calculations**

The total area of development is 5.2 Acres. The 10-yr, 24-hr storm will produce more runoff than the 100-yr, 1-hr storm. The depth of rainfall for the 10-yr, 24-hr storm is 2.28 inches according to the NOAA Atlas 14 table shown in Figure 1. Based on this data, the maximum runoff produced from the 10-yr storm can be calculated below:

Runoff Volume = (5.2 ac) \* (2.28 in) \* (43560 ft / 1 ac) \* (1 ft / 12 in) = 43,037 Cu. Ft.

This is a conservative approach as no losses are considered for this calculation. As the basin sizing calculations show in Figure 2, the volume of the basin (62,663 Cu. Ft) is significantly larger than the runoff. The top of the basin is considered to be at an elevation of 90.00 as this is the elevation of the lowest catch basin.

# **Storm Drain Sizing Calculations**

The San Bernardino County Rational Method was used to calculate the peak flow rate for the storm drain system. The peak runoff rate for the 100-year, 1-hr storm was used as it produces a much larger flow rate than the 10-yr, 24-hr storm. See Figure 3 for peak flow rate calculations and Figure 5 for storm drain sizing calculations. These calculations show that the 15" storm drain at a minimum slope of 0.4% has capacity (at 12" deep) for the peak flow rate of 5.6 CFS produced by the 100-yr storm.

# **Conclusion**

In conclusion, the proposed storm drain, and onsite detention basin have been analyzed to ensure proper capacity for a 10-yr, 24-hr and 100-yr, 1-hr storm event. It is recommended that the site be developed with pre-cautions as described in this report to account for the storm water runoff from the areas within the project site.

The onsite storm water detention facility shall comply with the Victorville requirements for storm water volume storage.

It is of our opinion that this analysis sufficiently quantifies the onsite tributary area and calculates the required storm drain devices on-site to safely collect and convey the storm water runoff.

Please contact our office for any additional questions.

Sincerely,

Ryan Duke P.E. RCE 79729

Principle Engineer

# FIGURE 1: NOAA Atlas 14



# NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 6, Version 2 Location name: Victorville, California, USA\* Latitude: 34.4915°, Longitude: -117.2884° Elevation: 2914.08 ft\*\* \* source: ESRI Maps \*\* source: USGS



#### POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Sarah Dietz, Sarah Heim, Lillian Hiner, Kazungu Maitaria, Deborah Martin, Sandra Pavlovic, Ishani Roy, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Fenglin Yan, Michael Yekta, Tan Zhao, Geoffrey Bonnin, Daniel Brewer, Li-Chuan Chen, Tye Parzybek, John Yarchoan

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

PF\_tabular | PF\_graphical | Maps\_&\_aerials

#### PF tabular

PD	PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches) <sup>1</sup>					hes) <sup>1</sup>				
Duration		Average recurrence interval (years)								
Duration	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.092	0.128	0.178	0.221	0.282	0.332	0.386	0.444	0.527	0.595
	(0.076-0.113)	(0.106-0.157)	(0.146-0.219)	(0.180-0.273)	(0.223-0.361)	(0.257-0.434)	(0.291-0.517)	(0.326-0.611)	(0.371-0.758)	(0.405-0.884)
10-min	0.132	0.184	0.255	0.316	0.405	0.477	0.553	0.636	0.756	0.853
	(0.109-0.161)	(0.151-0.225)	(0.210-0.313)	(0.258-0.392)	(0.319-0.518)	(0.369-0.623)	(0.418-0.741)	(0.467-0.876)	(0.532-1.08)	(0.581-1.27)
15-min	0.160	0.222	0.309	0.383	0.489	0.576	0.669	0.770	0.914	1.03
	(0.132-0.195)	(0.183-0.272)	(0.254-0.379)	(0.312-0.474)	(0.386-0.626)	(0.448-0.753)	(0.505-0.896)	(0.565-1.06)	(0.643-1.31)	(0.702-1.53)
30-min	0.217	0.302	0.420	0.520	0.666	0.784	0.910	1.05	1.24	1.40
	(0.179-0.266)	(0.249-0.370)	(0.345-0.515)	(0.425-0.644)	(0.525-0.852)	(0.606-1.02)	(0.687-1.22)	(0.768-1.44)	(0.875-1.78)	(0.955-2.08)
60-min	0.262	0.365	0.507	0.629	0.804	0.947	1.10	1.26	1.50	1.70
	(0.217-0.321)	(0.301-0.447)	(0.417-0.622)	(0.513-0.778)	(0.635-1.03)	(0.732-1.24)	(0.830-1.47)	(0.928-1.74)	(1.08-2.15)	(1.15-2.52)
2-hr	0.370	0.497	0.673	0.823	1.04	1.21	1.40	1.60	1.88	2.11
	(0.305-0.452)	(0.410-0.609)	(0.554-0.828)	(0.672-1.02)	(0.820-1.33)	(0.938-1.58)	(1.05-1.87)	(1.17-2.19)	(1.32-2.69)	(1.43-3.13)
3-hr	0.446	0.594	0.796	0.969	1.22	1.41	1.62	1.85	2.16	2.42
	(0.368-0.545)	(0.490-0.727)	(0.655-0.978)	(0.791-1.20)	(0.959-1.55)	(1.09-1.85)	(1.22-2.17)	(1.38-2.54)	(1.52-3.10)	(1.65-3.59)
6-hr	0.607	0.803	1.07	1.29	1.61	1.87	2.13	2.42	2.81	3.13
	(0.501-0.742)	(0.662-0.983)	(0.879-1.31)	(1.06-1.60)	(1.27-2.08)	(1.44-2.44)	(1.61-2.85)	(1.77-3.32)	(1.98-4.04)	(2.13-4.65)
12-hr	0.778	1.04	1.40	1.69	2.10	2.43	2.77	3.12	3.62	4.01
	(0.643-0.952)	(0.859-1.27)	(1.15-1.71)	(1.38-2.09)	(1.66-2.69)	(1.88-3.17)	(2.09-3.70)	(2.29-4.30)	(2.55-5.19)	(2.73-5.98)
24-hr	1.02	1.39	1.88	2.28	2.85	3.29	3.74	4.22	4.87	5.39
	(0.902-1.17)	(1.23-1.60)	(1.68-2.17)	(2.00-2.66)	(2.41-3.43)	(2.73-4.04)	(3.03-4.71)	(3.32-5.48)	(3.68-6.58)	(3.94-7.53)
2-day	1.17	1.61	2.21	2.70	3.38	3.92	4.47	5.05	5.86	6.50
	(1.03-1.34)	(1.43-1.88)	(1.95-2.55)	(2.37-3.15)	(2.87-4.07)	(3.25-4.82)	(3.62-5.63)	(3.98-6.54)	(4.43-7.91)	(4.75-9.07)
3-day	1.27 (1.12-1.48)	1.76 (1.58-2.03)	2.43 (2.15-2.81)	2.98 (2.61-3.47)	3.74 (3.17-4.51)	4.34 (3.80-5.34)	4.96 (4.02-8.25)	5.62 (4.42-7.27)	6.52 (4.93-8.81)	<b>7.25</b> (5.29-10.1)
4-day	1.35 (1.20-1.55)	1.88 (1.67-2.17)	2.59 (2.29-3.00)	3.18 (2.79-3.71)	4.00 (3.39-4.81)	4.64 (3.85-5.70)	5.30 (4.29-6.67)	5.99 (4.72-7.76)	6.96 (5.26-9.39)	<b>7.72</b> (5.64-10.8)
7-day	1.46 (1.30-1.69)	2.02 (1.79-2.33)	2.77 (2.45-3.20)	3.39 (2.97-3.95)	4.25 (3.60-5.11)	4.91 (4.08-6.04)	5.60 (4.54-7.05)	<b>6.32</b> (4.98-8.18)	<b>7.31</b> (5.53-9.87)	8.10 (5.92-11.3)
10-day	1.55 (1.37-1.78)	2.13 (1.89-2.48)	2.91 (2.57-3.38)	3.56 (3.12-4.14)	4.45 (3.77-5.35)	5.14 (4.26-6.32)	5.85 (4.74-7.37)	6.60 (5.20-8.55)	<b>7.63</b> (5.77-10.3)	8.44 (6.16-11.8)
20-day	1.78	2.47	3.39	4.16	5.23	6.06	6.93	7.83	9.08	10.1
	(1.58-2.05)	(2.19-2.85)	(3.00-3.92)	(3.64-4.84)	(4.43-6.29)	(5.03-7.45)	(5.61-8.73)	(6.17-10.1)	(6.87-12.3)	(7.35-14.1)
30-day	2.02	2.82	3.90	4.80	6.08	7.09	8.14	9.25	10.8	12.0
	(1.80-2.33)	(2.49-3.25)	(3.44-4.50)	(4.21-5.60)	(5.15-7.32)	(5.89-8.72)	(6.60-10.3)	(7.29-12.0)	(8.16-14.6)	(8.78-16.8)
45-day	2.37 (2.10-2.72)	3.31 (2.93-3.81)	4.61 (4.07-5.32)	<b>5.72</b> (5.01-6.66)	<b>7.31</b> (6.20-8.81)	8.60 (7.14-10.6)	9.95 (8.06-12.5)	11.4 (8.98-14.8)	13.4 (10.2-18.1)	<b>15.1</b> (11.0-21.0)
60-day	2.59 (2.30-2.98)	3.61 (3.20-4.16)	5.06 (4.47-5.85)	6.31 (5.53-7.38)	8.14 (6.90-9.80)	9.64 (8.00-11.8)	<b>11.2</b> (9.10-14.2)	13.0 (10.2-16.8)	15.4 (11.7-20.8)	17.5 (12.8-24.4)

<sup>1</sup> Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

# FIGURE 2: Basin Volume Calculation

# FIGURE 3: Rational Method Calculations

The following calculation in the rational equation given in the San Bernardino County Hydrology Manual to calculate the peak flow rate for a given storm.

$$I = 1.2 \frac{in}{hr} = rainfall intensity (obtained from Figure 4, 100yr, 1hr isohyet)$$

$$C = \mathrm{runoff\,coefficient} = 0.9 \left[ a_i + \frac{(I - F_p) a_p}{I} \right] = 0.9$$
 $for: a_i = 0.9 = \mathrm{impervious\,fraction}$ 
 $a_p = 0.1 = \mathrm{pervious\,fraction}$ 
 $F_p = 0 = \mathrm{infiltration\,rate\,for\,pervious\,area}$ 
 $a_p = 0.1 = \mathrm{pervious\,fraction}$ 

A = 5.19 acres = area of project

Then

Q = peak runoff rate = CIA = 5.605 cfs

# FIGURE 4: 100-yr, 1-hr Isohyet

# FIGURE 5: Storm Drain Sizing Calculation

# FIGURE 6: Site Map

Appendix E. Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Plan

AIR QUALITY:	Mitigation Measure	
_	Per MDAAMD response letter to planned project:	
Permits for miscellaneous process equipment may be required.	AIR-1 Facility must obtain permits for all miscellaneous process equipment not exempt under Rule 219.	
Project construction will temporarily increase dust in the area.	AIR-2 Prepare and submit a dust control plan acceptable to the MDAQMD which includes all applicable dust control measures to be implemented.	
	AIR-3 Signage compliant with Rule 403 Attachment B shall be erected at each project site entrance not later than the commencement of construction.	
	AIR-4 Use a water truck to maintain moist disturbed surfaces and actively spread water during visible dusting episodes to minimize visible fugitive dust emissions. For projects with exposed sand or fines deposits (and for projects that expose such soils through earthmoving), chemical stabilization or covering with a stabilizing layer of gravel will be required to eliminate visible dust/sand from sand/fines deposits.	
	AIR-5 All perimeter fencing shall be wind fencing or the equivalent, to a minimum of four feet of height or the top of all perimeter fencing. The owner/operator shall maintain the wind fencing requirement may be superseded by local ordinance, rule or project-specific biological mitigation prohibiting wing fencing.	
	AIR-6 All maintenance and access vehicular roads and parking areas shall be stabilized with chemical, gravel or asphaltic pavement sufficient to eliminate visible fugitive dust from vehicular travel and wind erosion. Take actions to prevent project-related trackout onto paved surfaces, and clean any project-related trackout within 24 hours. All other earthen surfaces within the project area shall be stabilized by natural or irrigated vegetation, compaction, chemical or other means sufficient to prohibit visible fugitive dust from wind erosion.	
Timing: Prior to and during development		
Implementing Entity: Developer and/or Property Own		
Monitoring Agency: City of Victorville Planning Department	artment or it's designee	

BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES	Mitigation Measure
No burrowing owl cover sites were observed within	Per Biological Resource Assessment of APN 3090-431-07, January 2022 (Appendix B).
the study site. A few California ground squirrel	
burrows were observed on the constructed banks	BIO-1 A burrowing owl survey shall be accomplished within 30 days prior to construction
which make the south and east boundaries. It is	activities to ensure burrowing owls have not moved into the study area. If burrowing owls
possible for burrowing owls to take up residence	are discovered the guidance outlined in the California Department of Fish and Wildlife
within these burrows at some time in the future.	titled "Staff Report on Burrowing Owl Mitigation" will be used for addressing burrowing
Therefore, the following measures will be	owl issues on the study site (California Department of Fish and Game 2012).
implemented.	•
Timing: Prior to development	
Implementing Entity: Developer will include as part of	construction contract/specifications.
Monitoring Agency: City of Victorville Planning Depart	rtment or it's designee

CULTURAL RESOURCES	Mitigation Measure			
In the event resources or remains are discovered during project activities the following measures will be implemented.	CUL-1: Inadvertent Discovery of Archaeological Resources. If archaeological resources are encountered during implementation of the Project, all work in the immediate vicinity of the find (within a 60-foot buffer) shall cease and a qualified archaeologist meeting Secretary of Interior standards shall be hired to assess the find. Work on the other portions of the project outside of the buffered area may continue during this assessment period. Additionally, the San Manuel Band of Mission Indians Cultural Resources Department (SMBMI) shall be contacted, as detailed within TCR-1, regarding any pre-contact and/or historic-era finds and be provided information after the archaeologist makes his/her initial assessment of the nature of the find, to provide Tribal input with regards to significance and treatment.  CUL-2: Human Remains. If human remains or funerary objects are encountered during any activities associated with the project, work in the immediate vicinity (within a 100-foot buffer of the find) shall cease and the County Coroner shall be contacted pursuant to State Health and Safety Code §7050.5 and that code enforced for the duration of the project.  CUL-3: If significant pre-contact and/or historic-era cultural resources, as defined by CEQA (as amended, 2015), are discovered and avoidance cannot be ensured, the archaeologist shall develop a Monitoring and Treatment Plan, the drafts of which shall be provided to SMBMI for			
	review and comment, as detailed within TCR-1. The archaeologist shall monitor the remainder of the project and implement the Plan accordingly.			
Timing: During development				
Implementing Entity: Developer will include as part  Monitoring Agency: City of Victorville Planning Dep				
Fromtoring rigency: City of Victor vine Framming Dep	artificity of its designed			

GEOLOGY AND SOILS	Mitigation Measure
In the event of inadvertent findings are during construction activities the following measures will be implemented.	GEO-1: Inadvertent Discovery of Paleontological Resources. If paleontological resources are encountered during implementation of the Project, ground-disturbing activities will be temporarily redirected from the vicinity of the find. A qualified paleontologist (the "Project Paleontologist") shall be retained by the developer to make an evaluation of the find. If the resource is significant, Mitigation Measure GEO-2 shall apply.
	GEO-2: Paleontological Treatment Plan. If a significant paleontological resource(s) is discovered on the property, in consultation with the Project proponent and the City, the qualified paleontologist shall develop a plan of mitigation which shall include salvage excavation and removal of the find, removal of sediment from around the specimen (in the laboratory), research to identify and categorize the find, curation in the find a local qualified repository, and preparation of a report summarizing the find.
Timing: During development	
Implementing Entity: Developer will include as par Monitoring Agency: City of Victorville Planning De	•
Womtoring Agency. City of Victorvine Flamming De	partificit of it's designee

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS	Mitigation Measure
Compliance with the current GHG screening table shall be demonstrated through implementation of these measures.	GHG-1 Prior to the issuance of building permits, the applicant/developer shall complete a Greenhouse Gas Emissions Screening Table in accordance with the City's adopted version of the San Bernardino County Regional Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan 2021, while achieving the minimum number of points necessary to comply with the City of Victorville Greenhouse Gas reductions goals.
	GHG-2 To the extent feasible, the City of Victorville Planning Department shall verify incorporation of the identified Screening Table Measures within the Project building plans/site designs and/or verify compliance with an updated version of the City's Greenhouse Gas Screening Table prior to the issuance of building permit(s).
Timing: Prior to development	
Implementing Entity: Developer will include as part	of construction contract/specifications. City to verify.
Monitoring Agency: City of Victorville Planning Dep	partment or it's designee

### HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY

### **Mitigation Measure**

Best management practices as required by both NPDES and the SWPPP will be accomplished through implementation of the following measures.

WQ-1 Prior to issuance of a grading permit the applicant shall obtain coverage under the statewide general NPDES permit for control of construction and post-construction related storm water in accordance with the requirements of the Small MS4 General Permit. In addition, the applicant shall:

- Prepare a project specific Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) as required in the NPDES permit and shall identify site-specific erosion and sediment control best management practices that will be implemented;
- The SWPPP shall be applicable to all areas of the project site including construction areas, access roads to and through the site, and staging and stockpile areas;
- Temporary best management practices for all components of the project must be implemented until such time as permanent post-construction best management practices are in place and functioning; and
- All excess sediment excavated as part of the Project that is not used onsite should be stockpiled in a location such that it will not be transported by wind or water into a surface water. An adequate combination of sediment and erosion control BMPs must be implemented and maintained to temporarily stabilize all stockpiled sediment until such time that it is reused and/or permanently stabilized.

WQ-2 The applicant/developer shall prepare and implement a comprehensive Spill Prevention and Response Plan for the Project, subject to review and approval by the City Planner and City Engineer (or their designee) prior to the issuance of any associated building or grading permit. This plan should outline the site-specific monitoring requirements and list the best management practices necessary to prevent hazardous material spills or to contain and cleanup a hazardous material spill, should one occur.

Timing: Prior to and during development

Implementing Entity: Developer will include as part of construction contract/specifications. Lahontan Water Quality Control Board (permits)

Monitoring Agency: City of Victorville Planning Department or it's designee

TRANSPORTATION	Mitigation Measure
To ensure good sight distance from Nutro Way and the	TR-1 Post "No Parking Anytime" along the east side of Enterprise Way.
existing driveway off Enterprise Way the following	
mitigations will be implemented.	TR-2 The onsite strip adjacent to the curve needs to be clear of any objects, such as shrubs.
Timing: Prior to development completion	
Implementing Entity: Developer will include as part	
Monitoring Agency: City of Victorville Planning Dep	partment or it's designee

TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES	Mitigation Measure	
In the event resources or remains are discovered during project activities the following measures will be implemented.	TCR-1 The San Manuel Band of Mission Indians Cultural Resources Department (SMBMI) shall be contacted, as detailed in CR-1, of any pre-contact and/or historic-era cultural resources discovered during project implementation and be provided information regarding the nature of the find, so as to provide Tribal input with regards to significance and treatment. Should the find be deemed significant, as defined by CEQA (as amended, 2015), a Cultural Resources Monitoring and Treatment Plan shall be created by the archaeologist, in coordination with SMBMI, and all subsequent finds shall be subject to this Plan. This Plan shall allow for a monitor to be present that represents SMBMI for the remainder of the project, should SMBMI elect to place a monitor on-site.  TCR-2 Any and all archaeological/cultural documents created as a part of the project (isolate records, site records, survey reports, testing reports, etc.) shall be supplied to the applicant and Lead Agency for dissemination to SMBMI. The Lead Agency and/or applicant shall, in good faith, consult with SMBMI throughout the life of the project.	
Timing: During development		
Implementing Entity: Developer will include as part		
Monitoring Agency: City of Victorville Planning Department or it's designee		