**APPENDIX F – GEOTECHNICAL REPORTS** 

Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation, Proposed Everett Street Terraces Apartment Complex, Northeast Corner of Everett Street and Walnut Canyon Road, Moorpark, California

> W.O. 8953 December 2, 2005

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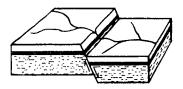
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# GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

Foundation and Soils Engineering, Geology

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> December 2, 2005 W.O. 8953

John W. Newton & Associates, Inc. 165 High Street, Suite 103 Moorpark, California 93021

Attention: John Newton

SUBJECT: Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation of 2-Acre Parcel, Northeast Corner of Everett Street and Walnut Canyon Road, Moorpark, California

Mr. Newton:

In accordance with your request, our firm has undertaken a study of the geotechnical

conditions at the subject property (Plate 1.1). Our purpose was to evaluate the distribution and

engineering characteristics of the earth materials that occur at the site so that we might assess

their impact upon the proposed development of the property.

The scope of work for this project included the following tasks:

- mapping of the site and its immediate vicinity;
- logging of three (3) Cone Penetrometer Tests (CPT) soundings;
- logging and sampling of four (4) exploratory borings excavated with a truck-mounted hollow-stem auger;
- logging and sampling of two (2) exploratory borings excavated with a truck-mounted bucket-auger drill rig and one (1) exploratory boring excavated with a track-mounted limited access bucket-auger drill rig;
- selected laboratory testing of the retrieved samples;
- review of previous work which was judged both pertinent to our purpose and readily available to our office;
- soil engineering analysis of the assembled data;
- preparation of this report.

Field data and the approximate locations of exploratory excavations are shown on the enclosed Geologic Map (Plate 1.2). Descriptions of the materials encountered in the exploratory excavations are provided on the enclosed logs (Plates B1.1 to B7, and CPT1 to CPT3). Pertinent

laboratory test results are also provided herein. Our findings are presented in the following sections, followed by a discussion of these findings and geotechnical recommendations.

## **SITE DESCRIPTION**

The project site consists of an approximate 2-acre parcel of land on the northeast corner of Everett Street and Walnut Canyon Road in the City of Moorpark, California. The land is presently partially developed with approximately one dozen older residential structures plus minor remnants of one or two demolished structures that originally faced Everett Street. The southern three-fourths of the site consists of gently southerly sloping land with a gradient of approximately 15:1 (horizontal:vertical) and sparse vegetation. The northern one-fourth of the site consists of moderate to steep southeast to southwest facing vegetated slopes with gradients ranging from 3:1 (H:V) to as steep as 1:1 (H:V) locally.

Regionally the site is located on the northern margin of Little Simi Valley and ranges in elevation from 530 to 585 feet above Mean Sea Level (MSL). The Arroyo Simi drains Little Simi Valley from east to west and is located approximately 1.9 miles south of the site at approximate elevation 490 feet above MSL.

### PREVIOUS GEOTECHNICAL STUDIES

No record of previous geotechnical studies on the subject site was found in the City's files and we are not aware of any previous studies performed on the site. Geotechnical investigations performed for nearby projects were reviewed as part of this investigation. These include studies for Tentative Tracts 5505 and 5130, Tracts 5045 and 5187, and studies for smaller projects including 251 Moorpark Road and 180 Wicks Road. Pertinent geotechnical reports from those projects are listed in the attached References.

## PROPOSED PROJECT

Based upon project drawings received from the architect and civil engineer, we understand that the proposed project consists of a terraced complex of 44 apartments with two levels of partially subterranean to subterranean parking. Site access will be from Everett Street near the intersection with Walnut Canyon Road. Retaining walls up to 24 feet in height are proposed. Terraced pads will occur at approximate elevations 533', 544', 555' and 564'. Given this configuration the greatest structural loads are anticipated to occur in the northern portion of the project where two stories of apartments will be constructed atop two stories of partially subterranean parking. The highest proposed fill slope is approximately 6 feet, fronting Everett Street. No permanent cut slopes are proposed. The preliminary grading plan by Stantec indicates raw cut and fill volumes of 11,204 cubic yards and 10,243 cubic yards, respectively.

At the time of this writing, specific foundation loads, nor specific foundation locations or types are known. For purposes of this preliminary report, we have assumed that maximum column loads will be on the order of 250 kips, and maximum wall loads will be on the order of 2 to 6 kips per linear foot of wall.

## **FIELD INVESTIGATION**

Our office selected several exploratory locations and several methods of exploration in order to characterize the nature of the earth materials throughout the site.

The subsurface exploration began on June 29, 2004 with performing three cone penetrometer (CPT) soundings. The soundings were performed using a 23-ton truck-mounted CPT rig provided by Holguin, Fahan & Associates, Inc. The cone tip has a cross-sectional area of 10 square centimeters. The CPT is capable of obtaining tip pressure and side friction data at 2 inch (0.05 meter) intervals. The cone tip was pushed to a depth of approximately fifty feet or

refusal, whichever was shallower.

Exploratory borings were performed by three types of drill rigs. Borings B1 through B4 extended into the alluvium underlying the site. These borings were performed with a hollowstem auger drill rig. Samples were driven with a 140 lb. hydraulic winch safety hammer lifted 30 inches. The estimated efficiency of the hydraulic winch hammer is approximately 68 percent (Kovacs et.al. 1978]). Drilling rod was not used, the sampler and hammer was suspended by cable. The boring diameter was approximately eight inches (outer diameter). The samplers consisted of an SPT Split Spoon Sampler and a lined California split spoon sampler (2.375 inch id.).

Borings B5 and B6 were excavated with a truck-mounted bucket-auger drill rig and Boring B7 was excavated with a track-mounted limited access bucket-auger drill rig. Samples were driven with the drill rig Kelly bar lifted with a hydraulic winch dropped 12 inches, except for Boring B7 which was dropped 15 inches. The estimated efficiency of the hammer is approximately 68 percent (Kovacs et.al. 1978). Drilling rod was not used, the sampler and hammer were suspended by cable. The boring diameter for borings B5-B7 was approximately 24 inches. The samplers consisted of a lined California Split Spoon sampler (2.375 inch id.).

Both disturbed (bulk) and relatively undisturbed samples were obtained from each boring. These samples were secured and transported to our laboratory for testing.

## **GEOLOGIC SETTING**

The site is located in the Transverse Ranges geomorphic province of Southern California. The Transverse Ranges are essentially east-west trending elongate mountain ranges and valleys that are geologically complex. Structurally, the province reflects the north-south compressional forces that are the result of a bend in the San Andreas fault. As the Pacific Plate (westerly side

of the fault) and the North American Plate (easterly side) move past one another along the fault the bend creates a deflection which allows for large accumulations of compressional energy. Some of these forces are spent in deforming the crust into roughly east-west trending folds and secondary faults. The most significant of these faults are typically reverse or thrust faults, which allow for the crustal shortening taking place regionally.

The site lies in the central portion of the Transverse Ranges province, in the City of Moorpark. The site is situated at the base of a range of low foothills that define the northern margin of Little Simi Valley. The foothills are underlain by Quaternary-age sediments (Saugus Formation) that were deposited in a fluvial/floodplain environment that has subsequently been uplifted and eroded. The valley margin is underlain by alluvial deposits which thicken considerably toward the south into the broad floodplain of Arroyo Simi.

## EARTH MATERIALS

The subject property is underlain by alluvium and Saugus Formation bedrock (see Plate 1.2). Due to past development of the site, minor thin artificial fill may be present; however, artificial fill was not encountered in the subsurface exploration and is not present in significant quantity to be a mappable earth unit. A brief description of each material is provided in the following sections.

## Artificial Fill (Af)

Fill was encountered to a depth of approximately 5 feet in offsite boring B7 which was drilled on the Bowen property between Wicks Road and the subject property. This material consisted of dark brown fine to coarse grained sand with minor amounts of clay and silt, in a moist, medium dense to dense condition. This fill is presumably associated with the construction of Wicks Road.

# Alluvium (Qal)

Alluvium was encountered in all three CPT soundings as well as in borings B1 through B6. The alluvium consists predominantly of fine to coarse grained silty sand with infrequent lenses and strata of gravelly sand, clayey sand, silt and clay. An exception is a stiff clayey silt unit approximately 5 feet thick between 11-16 feet in Boring B1 which correlates well with CPT1, CPT2, CPT3 and B3. The alluvial soils tested in our laboratory have dry densities ranging from 104 to 123 pcf and moisture contents ranging from 1.8 to 18.2 percent.

### Saugus Formation Bedrock (TQs)

Bedrock of the Plio-Pleistocene age Saugus Formation underlies the hillside terrain and alluvial deposits at the site. Saugus Formation was encountered in borings B3, B5, B6 and B7. The lithologies encountered include fine to coarse grained sandstone, gravelly sandstone and minor conglomeratic sandstone, with less prevalent interbeds of siltstone and clayey siltstone. Claystone was absent with the exception of a 4-inch thick bed in Boring B5. The coarser grained units were typically dense, weakly cemented to uncemented, and friable. These units frequently exhibited scoured irregular contacts, internal scours and channel fills, and crude bedding to well-defined cross bedding. Finer grained units were typically stiff and massive. Overall we would characterize the Saugus Formation in this location to be very thinly to thickly bedded.

### **GEOLOGIC STRUCTURE**

The site is located on the far southern flank of a regional structure originally described as the Moorpark Anticline (Weber, 1973; Dibblee, 1992) which is a broad, possibly asymmetrical structure occupying the foothills north of Little Simi Valley and downtown Moorpark. Numerous studies conducted on sites to the west, northwest, north and northeast suggest that this

broad anticlinal structure is folded and faulted, and that gentle lower-order folds and warps are superimposed upon the larger anticlinal structure. Pertinent geologic structural data surrounding the site include Tentative Tract 5505 approximately 850 feet northwest (GWV, unpublished), and Tentative Tract 5130 approximately 1250 feet to the northeast (Gorian, 1998). These data suggest an overall gentle west-southwesterly dip, ranging from 2 to 8 degrees, for the Saugus Formation in the area of the subject site. Although the data are being projected across significant distances, the data are projected from different directions (northeast and northwest) and when viewed in conjunction with the site specific data, suggest that the overall structure across the area is somewhat consistent with gentle southwest dips.

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Site-specific geologic data were obtained from the downhole logging of Borings B5 through B7 and these data are illustrated on Plate 1.2. Attitudes were measured on bedding planes, and in some cases on cross-bedding and scoured contacts. It should be noted that the cross-bedding and scoured contact attitudes are not representative of the overall geologic structure of the site vicinity. In general, bedding attitudes measured in the borings ranged in strike from N55E to N45W, with gentle dips to the northwest, west and southwest. The boring data for B5 revealed some northwest to northeast dipping Saugus Formation structure. A sharp moderately southwest-dipping contact identified as a possible fault was logged at 43.5 feet in B5; however, displacement could not be measured and no clayey shear surface was identified. Below this feature bedding structure changed to gentle southwesterly dips.

## Local Faulting

Fault investigations performed on Tract 5045 (PML, 1996, 1997) northeast of the subject site identified two significant fault features (termed the *Northern Area Thrust* and *Southern Area Thrust*) and concluded that these features were active faults but not seismogenic structures (i.e.,

not deeply rooted into the regional tectonic framework and not capable of individually producing earthquakes), rather, they were secondary fault features that originated along bedding planes at relatively shallow depths during folding (aka "bending moment structures"). The faults were modeled as features associated with active deformation (i.e., folding and warping in response to north-south regional compression and uplift) that presumably occurs co-seismically with events on either the Oak Ridge Fault or Simi-Santa Rosa Fault which bracket the area to the north and south, respectively. The *Northern Area Thrust* was concluded to be a blind thrust fault that warped older alluvial sediments that were younger than 50,000 years (ECI, 1997). The *Southern Area Thrust*, a north-dipping feature, was interpreted by PML to be an active fault based upon geomorphic expression (lineament) and displacement of older alluvial sediments; however the *Southern Area Thrust* was never studied further on that site--apparently due to designation of that area of the site as Open Space. We are aware that representatives of the State Geologist (Mr. Jerry Treiman) reviewed the fault trenches on Tract 5045; however, the State chose to not zone the features under the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act program.

A fault investigation on Tract 5187 (GWV, 1999), which is approximately 2500 feet north of the subject property, encountered a north-dipping thrust fault which may well be a southwesterly extension of the *Northern Area Thrust* from Tract 5045. This investigation concluded that the observed fault did not displace sediments on the order of 15 ka to 20 ka, and therefore the fault was not considered active under the State's criteria (GWV, 1999; Shlemon, 1999).

A fault investigation on Tract 5130, north of the subject site, was performed by Gorian & Associates, Inc. (GAI, 1998). The investigation was based upon a geomorphic lineament traversing the property approximately 500 to 600 feet north of Wicks Road. This lineament

### **GEOLABS - WESTLAKE VILLAGE**

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appeared to be a westerly projection of the *Southern Area Thrust* lineament from Tract 5045. A prominent south-dipping reverse fault was encountered in two trenches on Tract 5130. The projected surface trace of this feature is approximately 750 feet north of the subject site. GAI concluded that the fault observed was a bending moment or back-thrust feature, and that due to its apparent association with the *Southern Area Thrust* to the east (although oriented differently), it should also be considered active. The fault was found to displace Saugus Formation bedrock and warp and displace an older alluvial unit described as Qoal2. Studies by others (ECI,1997) estimated the Qoal2 unit on adjacent Tract 5045 to range in age from 80 ka to 130 ka (80,000 to 130,000 years before present). A younger alluvial unit described as Qoal3 (and estimated by ECI to be younger than 50 ka on adjacent tract 5045) was not displaced or warped in the GAI trenches. Nevertheless, GAI assumed the fault to be active and recommended building setbacks from this feature.

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### GROUNDWATER

Groundwater was not encountered to the depths explored (51.5 feet bgs in the alluvium, 70 feet bgs in the Saugus Formation).

We have reproduced Plate 1.2 from CDMG Open-File Report 2000-007 (Seismic Hazard Zone report for the Moorpark Quadrangle) to illustrate the site's location at the edge of the alluviated valley. This figure also illustrates historical high groundwater that has been encountered in the alluviated valley, generally south of the subject site. At the southern end of the subject site, groundwater was not encountered in the CPT soundings or borings which were extended to 51.5 feet below ground surface, with the southern-most boring (B1) extending to an elevation of approximately 477 feet above mean sea level (from a surface elevation of 529 feet).

Approximately 2500 feet south of the site, at a similar point in time, GWV encountered

groundwater at elevation 465 feet from a surface elevation of approximately 503 feet in September 2004 (GWV, 2004).

Research was performed at the County of Ventura to obtain information regarding the history of groundwater in the area. Our research indicates there are two wells in Moorpark with a significant history of water depth readings. They are well 02N19W05K001S and 02N19W04K001S. Several others have information dating back a decade or so. The following table summarizes the groundwater information:

Well Designation	Date Drilled	GS Elevation	GW Elevation	Comments
02N19W05K001S	06/1975*	497'	361' to 469'	GW highest after 1985 (27')
4K001S	10/1950	530'	290' to 500'	GW highest after 1985 (29')
4H	07/1995	543'	530.5'	Near Arroyo Simi (12.5')
4K	09/1991	550'	None	(>50')
4M	12/1989	520'	485' to 488.5'	West of Moorpark Rd. (31.5')
4M	11/2000	520'	469.5' to 471'	(49')
4M	06/2002	520'	470'	412 High St. (50')
9B	07/1988	500'	467' to 470'	Spring & New L.A Ave. (30')

\* Denotes date of 1<sup>st</sup> reading

Based on well data, the groundwater has been rising in the last half of the 1900's and has leveled off since significant development occurred in Moorpark in the mid 1980's. In addition, we feel it can be reasonably concluded that groundwater has not historically risen above approximate elevation 490' at the site, nor immediately south of the site.

Historic high groundwater is indicated on Plate 1.2 in the SHZ report to be about 20 feet below the ground surface in the alluviated valley south of the site. However, it should be noted that as the topography rises at the valley margin, a 40-foot below ground surface groundwater contour is illustrated in some locations (CDMG, 2000). Based upon the historic groundwater information as well as the site elevation range of 530 to 580 feet above sea level (which at the south end is roughly 25 feet above the valley floor), it can be reasonably concluded that the

subject site falls into this category. As such we have assumed historic high groundwater to be 40 feet below the ground surface for the purposes of liquefaction analysis.

## FAULTING AND SEISMICITY

The subject site contains no known active or potentially active faults, nor is it within an Earthquake Fault Zone designated along faults judged sufficiently active and well defined by the State Geologist. Local faults which appear to be secondary, bending-moment structures encountered north and northeast of the site, are described above in the Geologic Structure section. The closest of these known faults is some 750 feet north of the subject property and poses no ground rupture hazard to the subject property. Therefore, the potential for ground rupture is considered to be very low. However, the property is situated within the seismically active Southern California region and ground shaking is likely to occur due to earthquakes caused by movement along nearby faults.

One method of seismic design is to utilize the Static Force procedure (structures less than five stories) presented in the Uniform Building Code (UBC), which can be used to estimate base shear/on-site acceleration based upon site location, occupancy classifications, and the planned structural system. For the 1997 UBC this site has a Seismic Zone Factor, Z of 0.4 (Tbl 16-I). The Soil Profile Type is considered  $S_D$  (Tbl 16-J). The Seismic Source Type is considered B (Tbl 16-U) for the Simi-Santa Rosa fault, and the Near Source Factors are estimated as  $N_a = 1.3$  and  $N_v$ =1.6 (Tbl 16-S & 16-T). These values were derived from the computer program UBCSEIS. The UBCSEIS output is included in Appendix A.

Another method of seismic design is to assess the potential on-site ground acceleration based upon a site's proximity to specific, known faults. This relies upon prediction of a maximum earthquake for each fault considered, relationships that characterize the diminution of

ground response with distance from the causative event, and relationships that assess impact of site-characteristics upon ground response. Two commonly used methods of estimating possible on-site accelerations are the deterministic seismic hazard analysis method (DSHA) and the probabilistic seismic hazard analysis method (PSHA). The deterministic method is of interest in evaluating how individual faults affect the site, and when a design is based on a deterministic analysis (such as a Caltrans structure). The probabilistic methods are of interest in evaluating the design-basis earthquake as prescribed by the UBC. The probabilistic type analyses can be further separated into a site specific PSHA and a probabilistic analysis using the "Simple Prescribed Parameter Value" Method (SPPV). The results of probabilistic analyses using these methods are discussed below. Analysis summaries are attached in Appendix A, Seismic Analyses.

## Probabilistic "Simple Prescribed Parameter Value" (SPPV)

We have employed the "Simple Prescribed Parameter Value" Method (SPPV) for estimating the peak ground acceleration (PGA) for a 10 percent exceedance probability for an exposure period of 50 years (UBC Design-Basis Earthquake, 475 year return period). As discussed in CGS Seismic Hazard Evaluation Reports, the attenuation relationships of Boore et.al. (1997), Campbell (1997), Sadigh et.al. (1997), and Youngs et.al. (1997) were utilized to generate PGA maps. We have reproduced Figure 3.3 of CDMG Open File Report 2000-007 (for the Moorpark 7.5 Minute Quadrangle) in Appendix A to illustrate the project location with respect to SPPV PGA values for alluvial conditions. A peak ground acceleration of 0.69g is estimated for a UBC design-level event. A design earthquake magnitude of  $M_w$ =6.9 is the predominant earthquake, per Figure 3.4 of Open File Report 2000-007.

# Seismic Discussion

The methodology in the Uniform Building Code has been to protect and preserve life and

limb. Building designs using previous UBC codes (pre-1997) has apparently been successful in that regard. With the acceptance of the 1997 UBC, the seismic design of structures has generally become more conservative. On that basis, we recommend minimum structural design be in compliance with the seismic design provisions of the UBC. Though still not performance based, this most recent Building Code will enhance performance over designs based on previous codes.

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Design per the UBC (and hence adoption of the philosophy that life and limb need be protected) is commensurate with the local building ordinance. Being that higher standards of design (i.e. that intend to minimize property damage in the case of a much less likely event) have not been adopted by the governing agency (which is responsible for setting such standards), use of a higher acceleration (than provided by the UBC) is discretionary.

## LABORATORY TESTING

Undisturbed and bulk samples of soil and rock materials encountered at the site were collected during the course of our fieldwork. Selected laboratory tests completed on the retrieved samples are described below. A comprehensive summary of laboratory test results is provided in Plate LS in Appendix B.

# Moisture-Density

The field moisture content and dry unit weight were determined for each undisturbed sample. Dry unit weight is expressed in pounds per cubic foot and the moisture content represents a percentage of the dry unit weight. This test data is presented in the attached boring logs.

## **Compaction and Expansion Tests**

To determine the compaction characteristics of the onsite materials, compaction tests are performed in accordance with ASTM D 1557-00. The maximum dry density is reported in

John	W.	Newton	&	Associates,	Inc.
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pounds per cubic foot and the optimum moisture content as a percentage of the maximum dry density. Expansion index tests were performed in accordance with the criteria in U.B.C. 18-2. The results of these tests are included below in Table I.

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# Laboratory Test Data - Table I

Sample Description B1@0-3' Silty Sand	Maximum Dry Density <u>(PCF)</u> 129.0	Optimum Moisture Content <u>(%)</u> 8.0	Expansion <u>Index</u> 0
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# Shear Test

Shear tests were performed in a Direct Shear Machine of the strain control type. The rate of deformation is approximately 0.01 inches per minute. Shearing occurred under a variety of confining loads in order to determine the Coulomb shear strength parameters. The test was performed on undisturbed and remolded (@ 90% relative compaction) samples in an artificially saturated condition. The test results are presented graphically on Plates S-B1.0 to SB6.50).

# **Consolidation Test**

Settlement predictions of the soil's behavior under load are made on the basis of consolidation tests. A one-inch high sample is loaded in a geometric progression and the resulting deformation is recorded at selected time intervals. Porous stones are placed in contact with the sample (top and bottom) to permit addition and release of pore fluid. The sample is inundated at a selected load during the progression. Selected samples had data recorded at timed intervals for specific loads to obtain data for time-rate evaluations. Results are plotted on the enclosed Consolidation-Pressure Curves (Plates C-B1.10-C-B6.30).

# Particle Size Analysis

The distribution of various particle sizes in selected representative samples was determined using both mechanical sieves and hydrometer tests. The percentage and distribution

of particles larger than a #200 sieve (0.075 mm) are determined using mechanical processes. Particle distributions for fine-grained soils are determined using hydrometer methods. The particle distribution is presented as the relative percentages of sand, silt and clay particles in each sample tested. The results are presented on the attached boring logs and on Plate PS.1.

# Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index

The Liquid Limit, Plasticity Limit, and Plasticity Index for selected cohesive soil samples were determined in the laboratory. The Standard Test Method (ASTM D4318-84) was utilized. These parameters are used in the classification of cohesive soils.

A cohesive plastic soil may go through four consistency states as the moisture content of the soil is increased. These states are the solid state, the semisolid state, the plastic state, and the liquid state. The limits between these consistency states are the Shrinkage limit, Plastic limit, and the Liquid Limit (respectively). These limits are often referred to as the Atterberg limits. The Plasticity Index is defined as the numeric value of the Liquid limit minus the numeric value of the Plastic limit (see Plate AL).

### Resistivity

The laboratory test for resistivity is performed in order to determine the relative quantity of soluble salts present in a specific soil. It is most often used as a method to determine the likelihood of corrosion potential for steel pipe, pile, or reinforced concrete structures. The resistivity test is also a means for determining the necessity of further chemical analysis of the soil or water for pH, sulfate and chloride-ion content.

A representative sample of the earth materials encountered at the site was delivered to M.J.Schiff & Associates, Inc. where it was tested for resistivity. The test method utilized is in conformity with the procedures outlined in California Test 532/643. Resistivity of soils is

Αs	sample	was t	aken	from	each	lot	and	submitted	to	our	laboratory	for a	a sc	luble	sulf	fate
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analysis. Please refer to Table III for a list of the results. When test results exceed 150 ppm, special considerations for concrete design are appropriate per UBC Table 19-A-3. This table contains specific requirements for concrete that is exposed to sulfate.

# Laboratory Test Results-Table III

Sample	Description	Soluble Sulfates (ppm)
B1@0-3'	Silty Sand	ND (Not Detected)

<u>pH</u>

Soluble Sulfates

The pH of selected samples was tested. The results indicate the sample was slightly basic, with a pH of 7.3.

# HYDROCONSOLIDATION POTENTIAL

Hydroconsolidation is a condition where dry or moist soils undergo settlement upon being wetted. In many cases no additional surcharge load is necessary to trigger the

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inversely proportional to corrosiveness. Thus, the analysis helps in determining whether the soils may have a deleterious affect on underground metallic structures. Test results are presented below in Table II. A generally accepted correlation between resistivity and soil corrosiveness toward metals is provided below:

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Resistivity (<u>Ohm-Centimeter</u>) < 1,000 1,000 - 2,000 2,000 - 10,000 > 10,000

<u>Corrosiveness</u> Severely Corrosive Corrosive Increasingly Moderate Increasingly Mild

## Laboratory Test Results-Table II

			Resistivity
<u>Sample</u>	Description	<u>Status</u>	(ohm-centimeters)
B1@0-3'	Silty Sand	as-received	52,000
		saturated	5,000

hydroconsolidation.

The potential for hydroconsolidation has been evaluated based upon the results of consolidation tests performed on samples taken from the excavated borings. The results from our testing suggest that the soils within the upper 5 to 7 feet of the site have a potential for hydroconsolidation, considering the results from our consolidation test on the sample from boring B3 at a depth of 5 feet. Other consolidation test results indicate potential hydroconsolidation on the order of 0 to 3 percent. The 3 percent consolidation was noted in a sample from the Saugus formation bedrock in B6 at a depth of 30 feet. This material was noted in the boring log as being friable. The alluvial samples obtained from depths below five feet and exhibiting hydroconsolidation during testing are also coarse-grained. Each of these alluvial samples required a high number of blows to drive the sampler.

Based on our data, we believe that much of the hydroconsolidation noted in our laboratory samples is related to disturbance of sandy samples. It is our opinion that the potential for hydroconsolidation is significant only in the upper 5 to 7 feet of the soil profile. If the recommended removals are accomplished (see the grading recommendation portion of this report), the materials to support the planned construction will have an insignificant potential for hydroconsolidation.

## **LIQUEFACTION POTENTIAL**

Liquefaction is a condition where the soil undergoes continued deformation at a constant low residual stress due to the build-up of high porewater pressures. The possibility of liquefaction occurring at a given site is dependent upon the occurrence of a significant earthquake in the vicinity; sufficient groundwater to cause high pore pressures; and on the grain size, relative density, and confining pressures of the soil at the site.

As part of our analyses of the liquefaction potential on the site, we have performed three CPT soundings and seven borings to obtain subsurface data. Based upon our subsurface information and review of published data, the site is situated at the northern edge of Little Simi Valley where alluvial deposits range from 0 to >50 feet depth beneath the site. We have reproduced Plate 1.2 from CDMG Open-File Report 2000-007 (Moorpark Quadrangle) to illustrate the site's location at the edge of the alluviated valley. As discussed above in the Groundwater section, despite the fact that groundwater was not encountered in the subsurface exploration of the alluvial soil to a depth of 51.5 feet, we feel that available information supports an assumption of historic high groundwater to be 40 feet below the ground surface. This, coupled with the likelihood of significant ground shaking, was cause to perform further evaluation of the liquefaction potential at the site.

## **General Discussion**

Liquefaction is a condition where the sedimentary soils, primarily recently deposited sands and silts, below the water table lose strength and behave as a viscous liquid rather than a solid. This is related to ground shaking when these soils undergo continued deformation at a constant low residual stress due to the build-up of high porewater pressures. The possibility of liquefaction occurring at a given site is dependent upon the occurrence of a significant earthquake in the vicinity; sufficient groundwater to cause high pore pressures; and on the grain size, relative density, and confining pressures of the soil at the site.

We have performed both borings and CPT soundings for use in evaluating the liquefaction potential at the site. Boring B1 has been excavated immediately adjacent to CPT1 to allow for confirmation of the CPT correlations used in our analysis. Based on the exploration information, the CPT data appears to correlate well with the boring information (comparative

information is available in the Liquefaction Analysis Appendix with the CPT 1 data). Considering the positive correlation between the boring information and the CPT information, we have chosen to use primarily the CPT data in analysis of liquefaction potential because of its inherent repeatability and its superior ability to define the underlying earth material stratigraphy.

Based on our data, there are some coarse-grained materials below the assumed design groundwater elevation that have a potential to liquefy during a design-level earthquake.

In the liquefied condition, soil may deform with little shear resistance. The amount of soil deformation following liquefaction depends on the looseness of the material, the depth, thickness, and areal extent of the liquefied layers, the ground slope, and the distribution of loads applied by structures. When liquefaction is accompanied by ground displacement or ground failure, it can be destructive. Adverse effects of liquefaction can include ground oscillation, lateral spreads, flow failures, loss of bearing strength, settlement, and increased pressures on retaining walls.

### **Discussion of Liquefaction Hazard Assessment**

As part of our analyses of the liquefaction potential on the site, we have performed several CPT soundings and borings to obtain subsurface data for use in analyses. Based upon our data, coarse-grained sedimentary soils are present on the site within the upper fifty feet of the soil profile; however it should be noted that these alluvial soils pinch out to zero thickness as bedrock crops out in the northern portion of the site. Groundwater was not encountered within the upper fifty feet during our exploration but is assumed to occur at forty feet below ground surface to reflect probable historic highs.

To address the possible impacts of liquefaction, the practice of geotechnical engineering currently has methods of approximating the potential liquefaction-induced settlement, lateral

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spreading, and the possibility of surface manifestations.

# Liquefaction-Induced Settlement Potential

The potential for liquefaction-induced settlement has been evaluated using the procedures proposed by Tokimatsu and Seed (1987). Our analysis indicates the potential seismic settlement due to a design-level earthquake could be on the order of 3 ½ inches in the southern portion of the site, where the alluvial deposits are the thickest. The potential seismic settlement is actually due mostly to anticipated compression of the unsaturated alluvial soils, with only a minor contribution from the liquefiable soils. In northern portions of the site, where alluvial deposits are thinner, the potential seismic settlement is reduced. This methodology does not apply to fine-grained materials. Currently, the practice of geotechnical engineering does not have effective means to estimate seismic settlement of fine-grained materials. Recommended design settlement values are discussed subsequent to the Foundation Systems section of this report.

# Lateral Spreading and Surface Manifestations

Do to the depth of the groundwater, lateral spreading and surface manifestations are not anticipated using the evaluation methods noted in the attached liquefaction appendix.

### **SLOPE STABILITY**

Stability analyses of the planned and existing slopes were performed using a computerized limit-equilibrium method, the Spencer's Method. The computer program SLIDE v5.0 (Rocscience, 2004) was used. Spencer's Method of stability analysis was chosen because with its use of inter-slice forces, it solves for both force and moment equilibrium. A search of postulated failure surfaces was performed along a fine-grained layer in the bedrock along what we have considered the most critical geologic section. The results of these analyses are provided as a factor of safety. The factor of safety is considered the ratio of available shear strength to the shear strength required for just-stable equilibrium. The minimum computed factor of safety for the static permanent case is in excess of 1.5; however, for the pseudostatic case it is below 1.10.

## Cross-Section B-B'

Cross-Section B-B' was drawn through the subject site and projected approximately 1,000 feet north of the northerly property line. Available geologic data projected into the cross-section from offsite areas results in an overall apparent dip of approximately 3 degrees to the southwest, based upon southwest true dips of 4 to 6 degrees. For purposes of analyses, we projected the weakest material encountered in the subsurface exploration (clay at 46 feet in B5) upslope along a 3 degree dip. Based upon attitudes in the lower section of B5, we also projected the bed upslope along a 5 degree apparent dip. Both projections were assumed to be truncated by the south-dipping fault encountered by GAI on Tract 5130. It should be noted that these upslope clay bed projections assume: 1) that the clay bed is laterally continuous across a distance of >500 feet; and, 2) that it is perfectly planar (i.e., not warped by local folding). Neither of these assumptions may be true but we have modeled the slope stability in this manner based upon the limited available geologic data that can be projected to the site.

For material strengths we have utilized our shear test results from our work on this project, along with our knowledge of strength results for these geologic units in the general area of the project. The use of residual strength (based on Stark & McCone correlation) for the aforementioned clay bed, as opposed to the fully-softened state, further assumes that the clay bed has been previously sheared (i.e., via flexural slip) when in fact downhole observation of the material yielded no such evidence. The following strengths were used in our analyses.

Material	Wet Unit Weight (pcf)	Cohesion (psf)	Internal Friction Angle (deg)
Eng. Fill	130	130	32
Alluvium	130	200	38
Saugus Form. Across-bedding	130	500	27
Saugus Form. Along-bedding	130	300	20
Saugus Form. Fine-Grained Bed	130	Non-linear*	Non-linear*

\* Based on results of Stark & McCone correlation

# <u>Slope Stability – Static Analyses</u>

Based on our static slope stability analysis of cross-section B-B', the slopes superjacent to the subject site appear to have a factor of safety in excess of 1.5. This stability analysis considers the planned cuts for structural improvements.

# <u>Slope Stability – Pseudostatic Analyses</u>

We have performed pseudostatic slope stability analysis along cross-section B-B'. These analyses utilized a pseudostatic coefficient of friction of 0.2, in keeping with our understanding of the standards for the City of Moorpark. The results of our analysis using the Spencer's Method indicate a factor of safety of approximately 1.03. This does not meet the customary factor of safety of 1.10 for pseudostatic analysis.

When conditions are such that the customary pseudostatic factor of safety is not met, a secondary analysis is performed to estimate the potential deformation that could occur for the pseudostatic condition. For our deformation analysis, we have used the methods proposed in the "Recommended Procedures for Implementation of DMG Special Publication 117 Guidelines for Analyzing and Mitigating Landslide Hazards in California" ("Guidelines"). We have performed seismic slope stability analyses using the method proposed by Bray, et.al., (1998). This stability methodology was developed for analyses of geosynthetic-lined solid waste landfills. It has been adopted by the implementation committee as being applicable to conventional fill and natural slopes.

## **Bray Slope Stability Method**

The Bray slope stability method utilizes the results of the PSHA, a shear wave velocity for the material, a maximum depth to failure plane, and a failure yield acceleration. The yield acceleration is that pseudo-static coefficient that produces a factor-of-safety of 1.0.

The shear wave velocity acceleration for the bedrock was obtained from reference materials. The analyses, for a CBC level earthquake (475 year return period), predicts displacements of 1 inch and 2 inches for the 3° and 5° apparent dip cases, respectively. Typically, estimated displacements of less than 5 cm are considered acceptable for residential structures. We do not consider this estimated displacement to have negative consequences for the project.

### **DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Data from our field exploration, laboratory testing, reference reports, and engineering analyses, coupled with inferred conditions about our exploratory excavations, is the basis for the following discussion. Recommendations, based upon the presently available data, are presented for your consideration.

# **Removals**

Based upon our findings, it is recommended that the upper 5 to 7 of alluvial soil be removed down to firm native materials in areas proposed to support fills or structural loads. In addition, design cuts into bedrock which may support foundations should be observed to confirm that the uppermost weathered zone, which typically affects the upper 3 feet of bedrock, has been removed.

# **Temporary Excavations**

Temporary excavations (such as backcuts for retaining wall excavations) may be considered stable if cut vertical, providing they are restricted to a maximum of 4 feet in height, are provided with permanent support as soon as possible, and they are protected from erosion and saturation. Portions of temporary excavations in excess of 4 feet high should be laid down to 1 1/2:1 for excavations exposing alluvial soils, or 1:1 for excavations exposing bedrock, unless

specific alternative treatments are evaluated and found acceptable.

It should be noted several offsite structures occur near the property line of the subject site. Alternative construction methods, such as slot cutting, or shoring, may be required to ensure temporary stability of offsite properties during construction of retaining walls proposed along property lines. This should be evaluated further during the plan review stage of the project, unless the Client desires an earlier assessment for purposes of evaluating economic feasibility.

## **Engineered Fill—Compaction Standard**

The on-site materials are suitable for use as engineered fill. All roots, organic matter, and other deleterious material should be hand-picked from the soils prior to their use as engineered fill. The majority of soils at the site are coarse-grained, having more than 15% fines passing a 0.005 mm particle size sieve. These materials should be moistened and/or air-dried to near optimum moisture content and compacted to at least 90% of their maximum density as determined using the Modified Proctor Test (ASTM D 1557-00).

## Grading—Engineered Fills

The following recommendations pertain to the placement of, and preparation for, engineered fills;

1. The on-site soils are suitable for use as structural fill. Any import materials that are to be used as structural fill should be approved by this office prior to placement.

2. Shrinkage refers to the lesser volume of fill that results from a given volume of excavation. The shrinkage of the alluvial materials is anticipated to be between 12% and 17%. The Saugus Formation bedrock is anticipated to shrink on the order of 7% to 12% considering the planned cuts.

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3. All vegetation, trash debris or other deleterious material should be stripped from the area to be graded. Soils bearing sparse grasses may be thoroughly mixed with at least ten parts clean soil and incorporated into the engineered fill. Other materials should be wasted from the site.

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4. Compressible soils that lie within the areas to receive engineered fill should be removed to relatively incompressible material, moisture conditioned, and replaced as properly compacted fill. Portions of the compressible materials that are sufficiently thin may be scarified, watered or air dried to approximately the material's optimum moisture content, and compacted in-place. A combination of removal and recompaction in-place may be used, providing the recommended compaction is obtained throughout the recommended depth interval. Based upon the materials exposed in our exploratory excavations, we anticipate the removals to extend to depths of 5 to 7 feet. Removal bottoms must be field verified by a representative of the geotechnical consultant.

5. Exposed surfaces should be scarified, moistened or air dried as appropriate, and compacted to the appropriate percentage of the material's maximum dry density prior to placement of fill (see COMPACTION STANDARD section).

6. We recommend a uniform blanket of compacted fill be created for support of structural footings. The fill cap should extend to at least three feet below the base of proposed footings and five feet beyond their perimeter. Special consideration should be paid to locations where property lines or existing improvements (buildings, retaining walls, fences, power poles, etc.) interfere with the creation of the desired fill cap. Such conditions should be brought to the attention of this office so that the specific site conditions may be evaluated and recommendations provided. Depending upon the circumstances, special excavating techniques may be employed (i.e. slot cutting), alternative foundation designs may be used (i.e. grade beams supported by pad footings or piles), or the compaction standard may be increased.

7. Transition lots (building pads partially cut and partially fill), building pads underlain by non-uniform earth materials (e.g. differing expansive properties) and shallow cut lots (where the depth of cut is less than the thickness of compressible soils) should be provided with a uniform blanket of compacted fill for support of structural footings. The fill cap should extend to at least three feet below the base of proposed footings and five feet beyond their perimeter.

8. Where the ground slopes steeper than 5:1 (H:V), the engineered fill should be properly benched into competent material. Typical benching is illustrated in Appendix E.

9. Fill slopes that toe onto sloping ground should be founded below the compressible surface soils in [MATERIAL]. The key should be at least 20 feet wide and 3 feet deep (measured on the downslope side). The bottom of the key should be graded so that there is at least one foot of fall across its width (toward the upslope side). The key should be located in front of the toe of slope (as shown on the plan) so that the outside limit of the key lies at or beyond a 1:1 projection from the planned toe of the slope. Typical fill key construction is illustrated in Appendix E.

10. Areas that are to be paved should be scarified to at least 12 inches below the existing or rough grade (whichever is <u>deeper</u>), brought to near the material's optimum moisture content, and compacted to the appropriate relative compaction (see COMPACTION STANDARD section).

11. Fill materials should be placed in thin lifts, watered to near the material's optimum moisture content, and compacted to the appropriate relative compaction prior to placing the next lift.

12. Fill slopes constructed of clean sand are commonly subject to excessive erosion or shallow slope failures. Similarly, fill slopes constructed with clayey soils may be subject to desiccation, cracking, creep or other surficial deterioration. Utilizing mixed soils (sand with

some proportion of fines, i.e. clayey sand) in the outer 20 feet of the fill slope may serve to minimize the potential for surficial slope deterioration.

13. The compaction standard applies to the face of fill slopes. This may be achieved by overfilling the constructed slope and trimming to a compacted finished surface, rolling the slope face with a sheepsfoot, or any method that achieves the desired product.

14. All grading should comply with the grading specifications and requirements of the local governing agency.

## **Grading**—Temporary Excavations

Temporary excavations (such as backcuts for stability fills, removals, and retaining wall excavations) may be considered stable if cut vertical, providing they are restricted to a maximum of 4 feet in height, are provided with permanent support as soon as possible, and they are protected from erosion and saturation. Portions of temporary excavations in excess of 4 feet high should be laid back to 1 1/2:1 unless specific alternative treatments are evaluated and found acceptable.

## **Utility Trench Backfill**

Backfill for utility trench excavations should be compacted the appropriate relative compaction (see COMPACTION STANDARD section). Where installed in sloping areas, the backfill should be properly keyed and benched.

# **Foundation Systems**

For planning purposes, this section provides preliminary foundation recommendations for conventional foundations. Once specific building types and foundation loads and locations are known, project specific foundation recommendations can be prepared.

Considering the planned excavations near property lines, there is a probability that

portions of the buildings will have walls designed to use soldier piles. Recommendations for pile foundations are provided in the retaining wall section of this report.

## **Conventional Foundations**

Continuous or pad footings may be used to support the proposed structures. In order to achieve the capacities specified below, they should be founded a minimum of 12 inches into engineered fill, with the concrete placed against in-place, undisturbed material. Foundation design criteria are based, in part, upon the expansive properties of the materials anticipated to be present near the finished pad grade. Laboratory testing to verify the expansive properties of the near-pad-grade materials should be performed at the completion of rough grading.

Pre-saturation guidelines are presented in the following table. Pre-saturation of the foundation soils should be initiated well before concrete is scheduled to be placed. Care should be taken to see that the water has properly penetrated the soil. Last minute flooding is not a good practice. Excess water remaining in the target pre-saturation zone at the time of concrete placement will penetrate further into the soil, possibly causing additional expansion and uplift of the curing concrete.

Anticipated Expansion Index Range Pre-moisten	
Footings <sup>(1)</sup> Allowable Bearing Capacity Lateral Resistance Maximum Lateral Resistance Coefficient of Friction Minimum Embedment Into Foundation Material Minimum Embedment Below Adjacent Grade <sup>(4)</sup> Minimum Reinforcement.	. 400 PSF/Ft <sup>(2) (3)</sup> . 2500 PSF <sup>(2) (3)</sup> . 0.4 . 12 inches . 24 inches
Slabs-On-Grade Bedding Thickness Minimum Reinforcement	. Full 4"

Anticipated Expansion Index Range Pre-saturation	18" (El 21-50)
Footings <sup>(1)</sup> Allowable Bearing Capacity Lateral Resistance Maximum Lateral Resistance Coefficient of Friction	250 PSF/Ft <sup>(2) (3)</sup> 1800 PSF <sup>(2) (3)</sup>
Minimum Embedment Into Foundation Material Minimum Embedment Below Adjacent Grade <sup>(4)</sup> Minimum Reinforcement	12 inches 24 inches
Slabs-On-Grade Bedding Thickness	4" of clean sand <sup>(5)</sup> Full 4"

Minimum Reinforcement<sup>(6)</sup>...... e.w.

(1) Bearing portions of all footings should be at least five feet (measured horizontally) from the face of adjacent, descending slopes. All footings should bear at least three feet below an imaginary plane projected upward at 1.5:1 from the toe of locally over-steepened slopes. Pad footings should be at least 24 inches square.

(2) May be increased by 1/3 for short duration loading such as by wind or seismic forces.

(3) Decrease by 1/3 when combined with friction.

(4) Applies to exterior footings. Depth must meet the CBC requirements for the specific level of stories supported.

(5) Place vapor barrier (10 mil. visqueen) one inch below top of sand layer beneath all areas where moisture penetration of the slab is undesirable.

(6) Dowel slab to exterior footing using #3 bars @ 32" on center, bent 3' into slab for EI=51-90.

For design of mat foundations or slabs-on-grade, a modulus-of-subgrade reaction of 125

PSI/IN may be used. This value is a unit value for use with a 1-foot-square plate. The modulus

should be reduced in accordance with the following equation when used with a larger area:

$$K_s = K_1 \left[ \frac{B+1}{2B} \right]^2$$

Where:  $K_s$  =Reduced subgrade modulus  $K_1$  =Unit subgrade modulus B =Foundation width in feet

### <u>Settlement</u>

For planning purposes, structural foundations designs should consider total static settlement from foundation loads to be on the order of 1 inch with differential settlement on the order of  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch over a distance of 30 feet.

The site is defined as having a potential for seismically induced settlement. Our analysis indicates a potential for seismic settlement as great as approximately 3 ½ inches during a design-level earthquake. The differential seismic settlement can be assumed to be equal half of the total seismic settlement. Considering the estimated potential total seismic settlement of 3 ½ inches, the differential seismic settlement can be considered 1 ¾ inches over an assigned horizontal distance of 30 feet.

# **Retaining Wall Recommendations**

Retaining walls are planned throughout the property, with some to be constructed near the perimeter property lines. It is anticipated that the walls away from the property lines will use conventional foundations, while those walls along the perimeter of the property will be designed as soldier pile walls. Foundation design criteria for conventional foundations are provided in the preceding Foundation section. Pile design criteria is provided in subsequent portions of this report. Lateral loading criteria for cantilevered wall designs are presented in the table below.

Slope of Backfill	Equivalent Fluid Density Active Condition (pcf)	Equivalent Fluid Density At-Rest Condition (pcf)
Level	43	64
3:1	56	95
2:1	70	

All retaining walls should be provided with adequate backdrainage systems. Either weep holes or pipe outlets should be installed. Free draining material should be used behind weep holes or about pipe drains. Care should be exercised to see that weep holes are installed and maintained above the finish grade adjacent to the face of the wall.

Backfill for retaining walls should be properly compacted. An impervious cap should be provided at the top of the backfill to retard infiltration of water.

Additional surcharge, such as that due to proposed structures, traffic, or other loading, should be included in the wall design. Use of expansive soil as backfill for retaining walls will result in a surcharge to the wall, the magnitude of which is dependent upon the expansion index of the backfill. This may be avoided by using sand or gravel as backfill adjacent to the wall. Details regarding this type of construction may be provided upon request.

In areas where sloping of the sidewalls of temporary excavations is not possible, such as where retaining walls are planned along property lines, soldier pile walls may be used as an alternative to cantilever retaining walls with conventional shallow spread footings. The following geotechnical recommendations are provided for of cantilever soldier piles with lagging. It is anticipated that for the property line walls, the temporary lagging will be covered over with a reinforced concrete wall between soldier piles. These recommendations are general in nature, additional recommendations may be warranted once construction methods and specific data regarding the shoring design are available.

For soldier pile retaining walls the aforementioned active-earth lateral pressure may be used for the retained soil. Additional loading from any adjacent foundations should be incorporated into the design of the retaining wall. The lateral surcharge load from foundations should be continued to a depth where the pressure exerted by the surcharge is 100 psf or less. At this point the foundation surcharge may be discontinued provided it is below the bottom of the excavation. Nearby traffic loads within a 1:1 projection from the base of the excavation should also be incorporated into the design loading. The lateral load from traffic loads should be continued to a depth of 10 feet or to the bottom depth of the excavation, whichever is less.

The cantilever soldier piles are anticipated to resist lateral movement or overturning through transmission of these lateral forces to the soils below the excavation elevation. The

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passive resistance provided by the soils below the base of the excavation can be assumed to be an allowable pressure of 600 psf/ft to a maximum of 6000 psf (considering a factor of safety of 1.5) for piles spaced at least three pile diameters apart. This passive resistance is applicable for undisturbed soil in direct contact with the soldier pile. The depth of the pile penetration below the base of the excavation must be sufficient to resist the lateral movement and over-turning of the soldier pile system. We recommend that passive resistance be ignored for a depth equal to 1.5 times the effective pile diameter below the base of the excavation. The effective pile diameter is considered the dimension of the soldier pile taken parallel to the line of the wall for driven piles, or the diameter of the drilled hole, whichever is greater.

Drilled holes may be backfilled with structural concrete below the excavation line. The remainder of the hole may be backfilled to the ground surface with sand-cement slurry or lean concrete that is strong enough to prevent collapse of the hole, but weak enough to be excavated for installation of lagging.

Wood or steel lagging should be used to support the excavation wall between the soldier piles. If the lagging is to remain in place permanently, then treated lumber should be used for the wood lagging. Much of the lateral force is anticipated to be distributed to the cantilever soldier piles through soil arching. Therefore, the lagging may be designed to resist 60% of the theoretical lateral load on a simple span, but need not exceed a value of 400 psf (without surcharges). For the arching effect to occur, the backside of the soldier pile must bear against the soil. Placement of lagging behind the back flange of the soldier pile is not recommended.

#### **Cast-in-Drilled-Hole Pile Foundations**

Based on the site conditions and our understanding of the project, the proposed structures may be supported on cast-in-drilled-hole (CIDH) friction piles founded in competent native materials. The alluvium and bedrock on the site can be excavated by a drill rig. This material is sandy and caving of the excavations may occur.

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CIDH piles may be designed with a minimum diameter of 24 inches. The recommended allowable vertical capacity is presented on Plate C1. Concrete must be placed in direct contact with the undisturbed in-place materials in order to achieve the specified allowable capacities. Piles may be assumed to derive vertical support via skin friction in the native materials or fill beginning at a depth of approximately 1.5 pile diameters below grade.

Pullout resistance may be taken as one-half the allowable capacity. Capacities may be increased by one-third for short duration loading (i.e., by wind and seismic loading). Settlement of piles is anticipated to be less than one half inch. Lateral deflection of 24 inch diameter CIDH piles is anticipated to be less than one quarter of an inch.

#### **Factors of Safety**

The factor of safety for the allowable bearing pressure provided is greater than three. The allowable passive pressure provided is based upon a factor of safety of 1.5. The factor of safety for the sliding friction is one. The factor of safety for the active pressure is one.

With regard to retaining walls, the Uniform Building Code calls for a 1.5 factor of safety for both sliding and overturning. We defer to the Uniform Building Code and the project structural engineer on this matter.

#### **Corrosion Potential**

Preliminary testing of a sample obtained from our borings indicates the on-site soils have a negligible level of sulfates-indicates a low corrosion potential for concrete. Resistivity tests indicate the soils are mildly corrosive to ferrous metals. Near the completion of grading additional testing should be performed to verify the corrosion potential of the soils.

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	EAFUSE	D TO SULFATE-	CONTAININ	G SOLUTIONS	
SULFATE EXPOSURE	WATER-SOLUBLE SULFATE (S0₄) IN SOIL, percentage by weight	SULFATE (SO₄) IN WATER, ppm	CEMENT TYPE	Maximum Water- Cementitious Materials Ratio, by Weight, Normal- Weight Aggregate	Minimum f <sup>*</sup> c Normal Weight and Lightweight Aggregate Concrete, psi <sup>1</sup>
Negligible	0.00 - 0.10	0 150			x 0.00689 for MPa
Moderate <sup>2</sup>	0.10 - 0.20	150 - 1,500	II, IP(MS), IS(MS)	0.50	4,000
Severe	0.20 - 2.00	1,500 - 10,000	V	0.45	4,500
Very severe	Over 2.00	Over 10,000	V plus pozzolan <sup>3</sup>	0.45	4,500

#### TABLE 19-A-4 REQUIREMENTS FOR CONCRETE EXPOSED TO SULFATE-CONTAINING SOLUTIONS

A lower water-cementitious materials ratio or higher strength may be required for low permeability or for protection against corrosion of embedded items or freezing and thawing (Table 19-A-2). Seawater

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1

Pozzolan that has been determined by test or service record to improve sulfate resistance when used in concrete containing Type V cement.

#### **Preliminary Pavement Structural Sections**

Preliminary plans indicate improvements will include constructing parking lots, access drives, and perhaps improvements to existing exterior streets. The parking stalls should be designed using 3 inches of asphaltic concrete on 7.5 inches of base. The driveways should be designed using 3 inches of asphaltic concrete on 10.5 inches of base. At this time, the location and planned traffic index of exterior streets is not known. Street recommendations can be provided once supplemental street improvement design information is known.

The upper 12 inches of the subgrade soil should be compacted to at least 95% relative compaction. Base materials should be compacted to at least 95% relative compaction.

R-value tests should be performed at the completion of grading and final pavement section designs developed at that time.

#### Drainage

Positive drainage should be established to carry pad waters away from structures and foundations, and to prevent uncontrolled or sheet flow over manufactured slopes. We recommend as steep a gradient as practical be established around the structures, to the street or other non-erosive drainage devices. Fine-grade fills placed to create pad drainage should be compacted in order to retard infiltration of surface water.

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Preserving proper surface drainage is also important. Planters, decorative walls, plants, trees or accumulations of organic matter should not be allowed to retard surface drainage. Area drains and roof gutters (if present) should be kept free of obstruction. Roof gutters (if present) and/or condensation lines from air conditioners should outlet to a non-erodible device, i.e., walkways, patios, driveways, drain lines or splash blocks that direct the water away from the structure. Swales and/or area drains should outlet to the street or acceptable non-erodible device. Positive drainage along the backs of retaining walls should be maintained. Any other measures that will facilitate positive surface drainage should be employed.

#### **Construction Monitoring**

Finalized grading plans and foundation plans should be submitted to this office. The project Civil Engineer should incorporate the removal recommendations into the grading plans. Additional recommendations may be provided at that time of our review, if such are considered warranted.

Placement of all fill and backfill should be monitored by representatives of this office. This includes our observation of prepared bottoms prior to filling. All excavated slopes, both temporary and permanent, should be observed by a representative of this office. Supplemental recommendations may prove warranted based upon the materials exposed in the actual excavations.

Foundation excavations should be observed by representatives of this office to see if the recommended penetration of proper supporting strata has been achieved. Such observations should be made prior to placing concrete, steel or forms. This office should be notified at least 24 hours prior to placing concrete.

#### **CLOSURE**

This geotechnical report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted engineering practices at this time and location. No other warranties, either express or implied,

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are made as to the professional advice provided under the terms of our agreement and included in this report.

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Thank you for this opportunity to be of service. Please do not hesitate to call if you have

any questions regarding this report. Respectfully submitted, GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE GEOLO ED ED GEO RONALD Z. SHMERLING NO. 1047 No. 1832 CERTIFIED ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST Michael B. Phipps n 论 CERTIFIED C.E.G. 1832 047 ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST 44 7/31/0 OF CALL PROFESSIONAL FROMEER Lawrence/K. R.C, É. 46240 ER No. 46240 R.C Exp. 12/31/06 XC: (6) Add ATE OF CALIFO Exp. 09/30/07 TTE OF CALIFO

### **REFERENCE LIST**:

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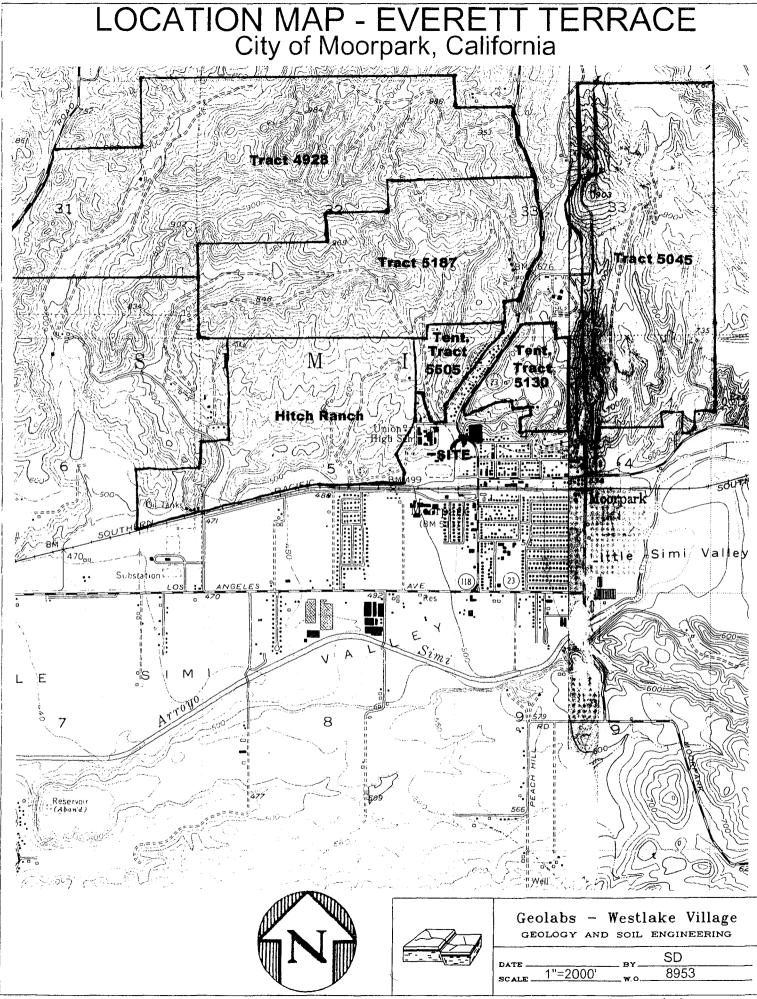
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-	and a second second second			nn Nev		PROJECT: Everett Terrace	W.O.: 8953
-	LOCATI				(	ELEVATION: 529'	DATE: 7/2/04
-	RIG TY		-	-	1.55	HAMMER WEIGHTS: 140 lbs.	DROP: 30"
4	N	U	B	M	DD	DESCRIPTION	ATTITUDES
U		1.5	X		1-1		
-	8/12/14	C	X	4.4	103 7	@2.5' - <u>Alluvium</u> : Dark brown silty SAND with infrequent coarse grains,	
	0112114			1.4	100.1	dry, loose, porous, roots and rootlets.	
5	5/10/12	С		6.6	106.5	@5' - Dark brown silty SAND with occasional coarse grains, damp,	
-	44140101					loose, porous (frequent 1/16" diameter pores occasionally larger).	
-	11/16/21	C	1v	6.2	119.2	@6.5' - Yellowish brown slightly silty SAND, medium grained, with	0
-			x	1.00		occasional subrounded coarse grains to fine grained sequences, damp, medium dense, friable.	
5	13/25/25	С	1	8.2	113.1	@10' - Yellowish brown slightly silty fine grained SAND, damp, dense.	
						@11' - Dark yellowish brown silty CLAY with sand, moist, very stiff,	
	11/30/50	С	X	18.2	112.4	frequent white calcium carbonate filaments (veinlets).	
-			X				
5	12/25/32	C		17.8	108 5	@15' - Dark yellowish brown CLAY, moist, very stiff, frequent soft	
-	12120102			11.0	100.0	calcium carbonate rich pockets; LL=56.3, PL=17.8, PI=39; 12% sand,	
	7/8/10		s			58% silt, 30% clay (0.002).	
]						@16' - Yellow brown fine to coarse grained SAND with occasional	
-	10/11/11					gravels, damp to dry, medium dense, friable.	
2	10/11/10		S			@20' - Yellowish brown silty SAND with occasional subrounded to	
1	9/10/12		s			subangular gravels, damp, medium dense. @22.5' - Yellowish brown silty clayey SAND to sandy CLAY with	
1			100			occasional coarse grains, moist, medium dense to very stiff; 1% gravel,	
						52% sand, 33% silt, 14% clay (0.002).	1 .
5	11/12/17		S			@25' - Pale yellowish brown SILT with clay stringers, grading to medium	
-	10/14/15		s		10	to coarse grained SAND with gravels, finer sequences moist, coarser	
-	10/14/15		3			sequences dry, very stiff to dense, non-plastic; 2% gravel, 60% sand, 28% silt, 10% clay (0.002).	
1	1.1					@27.5' - Yellow brown SILT with small white calcium carbonate veinlets,	
5	9/12/12	1	S			damp, very stiff, grading to fine grained SAND, friable, damp, dense to	
1		1.1				medium dense.	
-	12/12/15		S			@30' - Yellowish brown silty fine grained SAND with infrequent coarse	
-						grains, damp, dense to medium dense, grading to medium brown sandy	
	12/11/13	10	s			CLAY with frequent medium to coarse grained SAND, moist, very stiff. @31' - Dark yellowish brown slightly clayey silty SAND with frequent	
1					1	coarse grains, damp, dense to medium dense.	
]	12/17/25	1.0	S			@35' - Medium brown clayey silty SAND, moist, dense/stiff; LL=26.5,	
-						PL=14.1, PI=13; 54% sand, 34% silt, 12% clay (0.002).	
-	12/12/14		s			@37.5' - Pale yellow brown slightly silty medium to coarse grained	
1	12/12/14		3			SAND with frequent small gravels, dry, dense. @40' - Medium brown clayey silty SAND with frequent coare grains,	
						moist, dense to medium dense.	
1							
		014	A AFT	ITC			
11	IONAL C	,OM	ME	115:		C = California Split Barrel Sampler S = Standard Penetration Test (SPT)	
						Blows per 6"	

SURFACE DATA

			RING B1
CLIENT: Joh		PROJECT: Everett Terrace	W.O.: 8953
LOCATION: Mod	·	ELEVATION: 529'	DATE: 7/2/0
RIG TYPE: 8" H	ISA	HAMMER WEIGHTS: 140 lbs.	DROP: 30"
N U B	M DD	DESCRIPTION	ATTITUDES
LOCATION: Mod RIG TYPE: 8" H	orpark ISA	ELEVATION: 529' HAMMER WEIGHTS: 140 lbs.	DATE: 7/2/0
85 ADDITIONAL COMMEN	:	C = California Split Barrel Sampler S = Standard Penetration Test (SPT) Blows per 6"	

LOCATION: Moorpark       ELEVATION: 543'       DATE: 7/204         RIG TYPE: 8" HSA       HAMMER WEIGHTS: 140 lbs.       DROP: 30''         0       I       I       I       D         10       I       I       I       I       I       I         14/23/C       3.0       112.4 @5' - Yellowish brown fine, well sorted fine grained SAND with infrequent coarse grains, dry to damp, dense.       Occasional sits tringers.         10       12/27/30       S       @10 - Yellowish brown fine, well sorted fine grained SAND with infrequent coarse grains, dry to damp, dense.         10       12/27/30       S       @10 - Yellowish brown singhtly clayey silly SAND and gravels, damp, dense to very dense.         10       12/27/30       S       Subrounded gravels at 14'.         15       100-6" C       S       2.0          16       100-6" C       S       2.0          20        @16' - Yellowish brown singhtly clayey silly SAND and gravels, damp, dense to very dense.         210       12/27/30       S       Subrounded gravels at 14'.         220        @16' - Yellowish brown Singhtly clayey silly SAND and gravels, damp, dense coasional calcium carbonate coating of gravels.         231       No graving       Backfilied.       No graving </th <th>CLIENT: Jo</th> <th>hn Newton</th> <th>PROJECT: Everett Terrace</th> <th>W.O.: 8953</th>	CLIENT: Jo	hn Newton	PROJECT: Everett Terrace	W.O.: 8953
RIG TYPE: 6' HSA     HAMMER WEIGHTS: 140 lbs.     DROP: 30'       N     U     B     M     DD     DESCRIPTION     ATTITUDES       1     Alluvium: Medium brown singlity Calyay sity SAND with frequent coarse grains, dry to moist, loose to medium dense.     Alluvium: Medium brown singlity Calyay sity SAND with infrequent coarse grains, dry to damp, dense.       5     14/23' C     3.0     112.4     @F' Yellowish brown fine, well sorted fine grained SAND with infrequent coarse grains, dry to damp, dense.       10     12/27/30     S     .     .     .       11     100.6' C     S     2.0     .     .       15     100.6' C     S     2.0     .     .       20     S     2.0     .     .     .       21     100.6' C     S     2.0     .     .       22     .     Subrounded gravels at 14'.     .     .       20     .     .     .     .     .       22     .     .     .     .     .       23     .     .     .     .     .       112/27/30     S     .     .     .     .       24     .     .     .     .     .       12/27/30     S     .     .     .     . <td>the second s</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	the second s			
N         U         B         M         DD         DESCRIPTION         ATTITUDES           0         Alluvium: Medium brown slighty clavey sity SAND with frequent coarse grains, dry to moist, loose to medium dense.         Alluvium: Medium brown fine, well sorted fine grained SAND with infrequent coarse grains, dry to moist, loose to medium dense.         Cravels at 5'.           14/23/C         3.0         112.4         @5' - Yellowish brown fine, well sorted fine grained SAND with infrequent coarse grains, dry to damp, dense.           10         12/27/30         S         @10' - Yellowish brown SAND with graded sequences consisting of fine to coarse grains, dry to damp, dense.           11         100-6' C         S         2.0				
0       Aluvium: Medum brown slightly clayey sitty SAND with frequent coarse grains, dry to moist, loose to medium dense.         5       14/23/ C       3.0       112.4         50-5°       X       X       Gravels at 5'.         10       12/27/30       S       112.4         15       100-6° C       S       2.0		and the second se		
15       100-6" C       2.0        @15' - Yellowish brown slightly clayey silty SAND and gravels, damp, dense to very dense.         20       50-6"       S        @15' - Yellowish gray brown GRAVEL with coarse sand, subrounded to rounded, dry to damp, tightly packed, very dense, occasional calcium carbonate coating of gravels.         20        Total Depth - 16.5' (refusal on gravels). No groundwater No caving       Total Depth - 16.5' (refusal on gravels). No groundwater         30         E       E         41        E       E	5 14/23/ C 50-5" X X	3.0 112.4	grains, dry to moist, loose to medium dense. Gravels at 5'. @5' - Yellowish brown fine, well sorted fine grained SAND with infrequent coarse grains, dry to damp, dense. Occasional silt stringers. @10' - Yellowish brown SAND with graded sequences consisting of	
No groundwater No caving Backfilled. 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	50-6" S	2.0	<ul> <li>@15' - Yellowish brown slightly clayey silty SAND and gravels, damp, dense to very dense.</li> <li>@16' - Yellowish gray brown GRAVEL with coarse sand, subrounded to rounded, dry to damp, tightly packed, very dense, occasional calcium carbonate coating of gravels.</li> </ul>	
5     C = California Split Barrel Sampler       5     S = Standard Penetration Test (SPT)	30		No groundwater No caving	
		INTS:	S = Standard Penetration Test (SPT)	

		hn Nev		PROJECT: Everett Terrace	W.O.: 8953
LOCATIC	N: M	oorparl	k	ELEVATION: 535'	DATE: 7/2/04
RIG TYP		and the second s	-	HAMMER WEIGHTS: 140 lbs.	DROP: 30"
	UE	B M	DD	DESCRIPTION	ATTITUDES
6/10/12 (		3.3	103.7	<u>Alluvium</u> : Medium to dark brown silty SAND with frequent coarse grains, dry, porous, loose, abundant roots and rootlets.	
13/14/15	s			@7' - Yellowish brown slightly clayey silty SAND, frequent medium grains, occasional coarse grains, damp, medium dense to dense.	
5/30/30	x	2.7	107.0	@15' - Yellowish brown fine to coarse grained SAND, frequent graded sequences (fine to coarse), damp to dry, dense to very dense, occasional white calcium carbonate coatings on coarse grains.	
25-5"	X X S			@17' - Yellowish brown clayey SILT to silty CLAY and interfingers of SAND, occasional coarse grains, moist, dense/very stiff, finer grained sequences speckled with small white calcium carbonate veinlets.	
100-6" (		8.0	114.0	<ul> <li>@25' - Medium brown clayey SAND with frequent coarse grains, damp, very dense, occasional pores.</li> <li>@26.5' - Very tight drilling, near refusal.</li> <li>Saugus Formation:</li> </ul>	
16/18/24	S			@30' - Pale yellow fine grained SANDSTONE, dry, dense, well sorted.	
100-11" (		23.6	98.4	@34' - Dark yellow brown to medium brown CLAYSTONE, massive, frequent black manganese staining, damp, very stiff, grades to light brown SILTSTONE, damp, very stiff.	
40/50-5"	S			@40' - Pale yellow fine grained SANDSTONE, well sorted, friable, dry, very dense. Total Depth - 40' No groundwater No caving Backfilled	
DITIONAL CO	DMME	NTS:		C = California Split Barrel Sampler S = Standard Penetration Test (SPT) Blows per 6"	

CLIE	NT:	Joh	in Nev	vton	PROJECT: Everett Terrace	W.O.: 8953
LOCATI	ON:	Мо	orpark		ELEVATION: 540'	DATE: 7/2/04
RIG TY	PE:		ISA		HAMMER WEIGHTS: 140 lbs.	DROP: 30"
N	U	В	M	DD	DESCRIPTION	ATTITUDES
6/10/18		S			<u>Alluvium</u> : @5' - Medium brown silty SAND with frequent coarse grains, damp, medium dense.	
) 100-10"	с		6.0	122.5	@10' - Medium brown silty SAND with frequent coarse grains, damp, dense.	
5 7/18/20		s			@15' - Medium brown slightly clayey silty SAND with occasional coarse grains, damp, dense.	
12/15/25		s x x			@20' - Pale yellow fine to coarse grained SAND and subrounded subangular gravels, dry, dense, friable.	
8/16/50	с		10.0	115.3	@25' - Medium olive brown clayey SILT stringers over pale yellow very fine grained SAND, finer materials, moist, stiff, coarse grained materials dry, dense.	
12/20/25		S			@30' - Pale yellow silty SAND, damp, dense, with infrequent thin medium brown clayey stringers.	
					Total Depth - 30' No groundwater No caving Backfilled	
	CON	IMEI	NTS:		C = California Split Barrel Sampler S = Standard Penetration Test (SPT) Blows per 6"	

	SURFA	din.		-		LOG OF BORIN	
	CLIE	NT:	Joh	n Nev	vton	PROJECT: Everett Terrace	W.O.: 8953
LC	CATIO	ON:	Mo	orpark	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ELEVATION: 542'	DATE: 11/9/04
∥R	IG TY	PE:	24"	Buck	et	HAMMER WEIGHTS: Kelly Bar Weights	DROP: 18"
	N	U	В	Μ	DD	DESCRIPTION	ATTITUDES
						Alluvium: Dark brown silty SAND with frequent coarse subangular	
				ļ		grains and occasional subangular to subrounded gravels, moist,	
						moderately loose, porous.	
5							
						@6' - Dry, increasing coarse grains, increasing clay content, decreasing	
						porosity, stiff to dense.	
10							
						@12' - Clayey SAND with frequent coarse subangular to subrounded	
						grains, moist, dense. @14.5' - Medium brown sandy CLAY, moist, frequent coarse grains,	
15						stiff.	
						@15' - Medium brown silty SAND with frequent subangular coarse	
<u> </u>						grains, moist to damp.	
						@19' - Coarsening at lower contact to friable SAND with subangular	
20						gravels, dry.	
						@21' - Irregular scoured contact of dark brown silty SAND with occasional	
I						friable SAND lenses with abundant coarse grains, dry.	
						@23-38' - Casing. @24' - Yellowish brown fine to coarse grained SAND with frequent small	
25						gravels, moderately friable, massive.	
- 20						@26' - 4" SILT lens, discontinuous.	
<b>  </b>						@27' - SILT with frequent subrounded to rounded coarse grains and small	
						gravels.	@28' Approx.
						@28' - Caved - light gray fine to coarse grained well graded SAND and	N35W/20NE
30						small gravel, dry, friable.	
						@30-38' - Not logged due to caving and casing. Saugus Formation	
						contact estimated at $\pm 35'$ .	
35							
							@38.5' - B
						@38' - <u>Saugus Formation</u> : Olive tan SILTSTONE, wavy, weakly bedded,	N66W/25NE
						interbedded with fine grained SANDSTONE, moist, stiff to dense.	N52W/14NE
40				Į			@39.5' B
	3/6/8			25.0		Becoming slightly clayey SILTSTONE, massive, moist, stiff.	N65E/25NW
	NR			18.5	109.9		@40' B
$ \square$							N36W/25NE
45							@40.5' B N42W/16NE
ADDI	LION4		ОМ		L S:	Kelly Bar Weights: 0 - 25', 2800 lbs.	
1.001		0	~ 111			25 - 47', 1600 lbs.	
						47'+, 1000 lbs.	
ļ						NR = Not Recorded	

LOCATION:       Moorpark       ELEVATION:       542"       DATE:       11/9         RIG TYPE:       24"       Bucket       HAMMER WEIGHTS:       Kelly Bar Weights       DROP:       18"         N       U       B       M       DD       DESCRIPTION       ATTITUDE:         40       0       0       DESCRIPTION       ATTITUDE:         40       0       0       0       0       0         45       0       0       0       0       0       0         45       0       0       0       0       0       0       0         45       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0         45       0	CLIENT: John Newton	PROJECT: Everett Terrace	W.O.: 8953
RIG TYPE: 24" Bucket       HAMMER WEIGHTS: Kelly Bar Weights       DROP: 18"         N       U       B       M       DD       DESCRIPTION       ATTITUDE         40       0       0       0       0       DESCRIPTION       ATTITUDE         45       0       0       0       DESCRIPTION       DESCRIPTIONE       DESCRIPTIONE       DESCRIPT			DATE: 11/9/04
N       U       B       M       DD       DESCRIPTION       ATTITUDE:         40       0       0       DESCRIPTION       ATTITUDE:         41       0       0       DESCRIPTION       DESCRIPTION       ATTITUDE:         44       0       DESCRIPTION       Backford:       DESCRIPTION       DESC			
45       (a) 43.5' - Sharply truncated (faulted?) by sandy SILTSTONE bed.       (b) 42.5' B         45       (a) 44' - Medium brown SANDSTONE with abundant coarse sand, occasional subrounded to rounded gravels, moist.       (b) 43.5' - Sharply truncated (faulted?) by sandy SILTSTONE bed.         46       (a) 44' - 4' clay bed, smooth bedding plane, no striations, no evidence of movement, underlain by olive brown SILTSTONE and light olive grav fine grained SANDSTONE interbeds.       (b) 43.5' Fa         50       7/15       4.4       120.7       SILTSTONE interbedded lenses.       (b) 44' B         50       (b) 7/15       (c) 4.4       120.7       SILTSTONE interbedded lenses.       (b) 44' B         50       7/15       4.4       120.7       SILTSTONE interbedded lenses.       (b) 44' B         50       7/15       (c) 4.4       120.7       SILTSTONE interbedded lenses.       (b) 44' B         50       7/15       (c) 4.4       120.7       SILTSTONE interbedded lenses.       (c) 44' B         50       7/15       (c) 4.4       120.7       SILTSTONE interbedded lenses.       (c) 44' B         51       - Ligt grav fine grained massive SANDSTONE with 1" grav, massive, stiff, clay lens at base.       (c) 48' B       (c) 48' B         55       (c) 51' - Ligt pay fine gravined sequences.       (c) 63' B       (c) 63' B         657' - Dark b	N U B M D		ATTITUDES
20 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 3		<ul> <li>@44' - Medium brown SANDSTONE with abundant coarse sand, occasional subrounded to rounded gravels, moist.</li> <li>@46' - 4" clay bed, smooth bedding plane, no striations, no evidence of movement, underlain by olive brown SILTSTONE and light olive gray fine grained SANDSTONE interbeds.</li> <li>@48' - Fine to medium grained SANDSTONE with fine grained</li> <li>7 SILTSTONE interbedded lenses.</li> <li>@49' - Olive brown SILTSTONE, massive, damp to moist.</li> <li>@52' - Vellow brown fine to medium grained SANDSTONE with 1" gray, massive, stiff, clay lens at base.</li> <li>@52' - Yellow brown fine to medium grained SANDSTONE with frequent subrounded to rounded coarse grained lenses and gravels, moderately friable, damp, poorly bedded, moderate well graded, coarsening downward sequences to include rounded cobles, crossbedded by coarser grained sequences.</li> <li>@57' - Dark brown slightly slift fine to medium grained SANDSTONE with abundant coarse grains and subrounded to subangular gravels, damp.</li> <li>@61' - Olive brown slightly slift fine to medium grained SANDSTONE with abundant coarse grains and subrounded gravels.</li> <li>@62' - Cobbles up to 10".</li> </ul>	N55W/13NE @43' - B N38W/20NE @43.5' Fault N27W/37SW @44' B N33E/34SE @46' B N25W/14SW @48' - B N45W/15SW @52' Approx. BN45W/6SW

	CLIE	NT:	Nev	vton		PROJECT: Everett Terrace	W.O.: 8953
LOC	CATI	ON:	Mo	orparl	<	ELEVATION: 549'±	DATE: 2/7/05
RI		Sec. 26. 122	1.	Buck		HAMMER WEIGHTS: Kelly Bar Weights	DROP: 12"
1	N	U	В	M	DD	DESCRIPTION	ATTITUDES
5	3			2.2	104.7	Fill: Dark brown clayey SAND with gravel, dense, moist, sparse roots to 8'. @1.5' - <u>Alluvium</u> : Tan brown fine to coarse grained SAND, dense, damp. Tan brown fine to coarse grained SAND with occasional subrounded to round gravel, very friable, dense, damp. Belling below 4'. Cross bedded friable SAND.	
0	9			1.8	112.9	Subrounded to round gravel to cobble in friable yellow brown fine to coarse grained SAND, well graded, dense, damp. @9' - Interbedded 12" thick subrounded to round gravel to cobble in fine to coarse grained SAND, well graded, and fine to coarse grained	@7' B N42E/19NW (x-bedding) @12' B
5	9			2.6	116.8	<ul> <li>SAND, friable, dense, damp.</li> <li>@12' - Laminated light olive gray fine to coarse grained SAND, friable, dense, damp.</li> <li>@12.5' - Subrounded to round gravel to coarse cobble in fine to coarse grained SAND, dense, damp, well graded, occasionally poorly graded</li> </ul>	N38E/7NW (lamination)
0	8			3.7	114.1	gravel, heavily scoured. <u>Saugus Formation</u> : Scoured contact with discontinuous pale yellow brown SILTSTONE and light olive gray cross bedded friable fine to coarse grained SANDSTONE. Massive silty fine grained SANDSTONE, dense, moist.	@19' Contact N25E/27NW @22' B N25E/8NW
5	17			14.5	108.1	Interbedded 3-6" pale yellow brown clayey SILTSTONE, hard, moist, and silty SANDSTONE, dense, damp.	@26' B N22E/8NW
5	9			6.0	102.8	@30.5' - Slightly scoured contact between friable light olive brown fine to medium grained SANDSTONE and pale yellow brown friable fine grained SANDSTONE with silt.	@30.5' Contac N-S/39W
5	7			2.4	98.2	Thinly bedded brown clayey SILTSTONE within pale yellow brown silty SANDSTONE.	@34' B N16W/16SW
0	13			2.7	102.4	Thinly bedded (1-3" thick) yellow brown silty fine grained SANDSTONE within yellow brown to light live gray friable fine to coarse grained SANDSTONE, cross bedded, dense, damp, caving sands below 39'.	@39' B N21E/3NW
5		A1 C		MEN	TC.	Blows per 12"	
					10.	Kelly Bar Weights: 0 - 24', 3800 lbs. 24 - 47', 2800 lbs. 47 - 74', 1800 lbs.	

SURFACE DATA

SURFACE D		_		LOG OF BOR	
CLIEN	F: Nev	vton		PROJECT: Everett Terrace	W.O.: 8953
LOCATION	I: Mo	orpark		ELEVATION: 549'±	DATE: 2/7/05
RIG TYPE		Buck	the second s	HAMMER WEIGHTS: Kelly Bar Weights	DROP: 12"
" <u>N</u> L	JB	M	DD	DESCRIPTION	ATTITUDES
40		3.3	104.1	Yellow brown cross bedded fine to coarse grained SANDSTONE. @48.5' - Yellow brown friable gravelly coarse grained SANDSTONE to	@44' B N40W/19SW (x-bedding) @48.5' B
50 61		13.2	106.3	brown clayey SILTSTONE, massive, hard, moist. 12" thick brown clayey SILTSTONE itnerbedded within friable fine to coarse grained SANDSTONE, dense, damp. @51' - Tan brown friable fine to coarse grained SANDSTONE, dense, damp.	N12W/6SW @50' B N10W/6SW
55       36         60       -         60       -         70       -         70       -         70       -         80       -         80       -         85       -		2.5	101.0	Total Depth - 57' No grounwater Caving-very friable from 1.5-19' and 39-57'	
		/MEN	TS:	Blows per 12" Kelly Bar Weights: 0 - 24', 3800 lbs. 24 - 47', 2800 lbs. 47 - 74', 1800 lbs.	<b>.</b>
L					

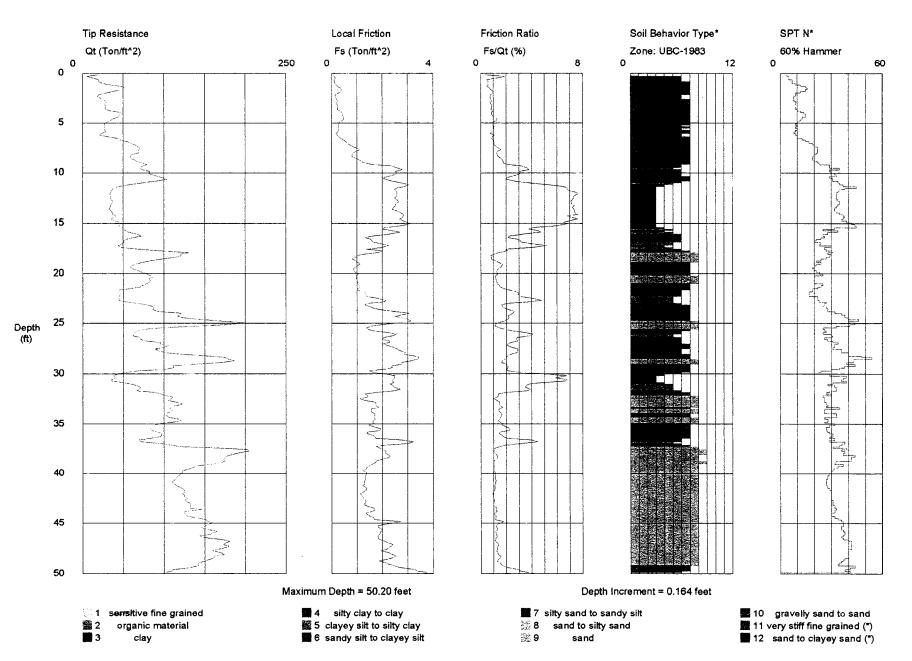
LOG OF BORING B7

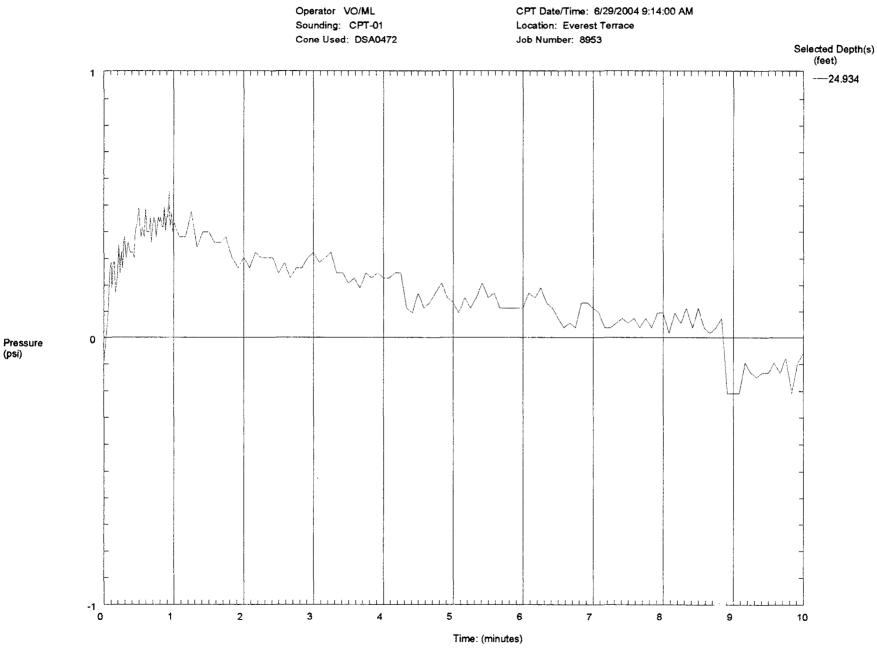
SOBS	_	· · · ·					
				· ·····		PROJECT: Everett Terrace	W.O.: 8953
II			······	orpark			DATE: 3/8/05
				Bucke		HAMMER WEIGHTS: Kelly Bar Weights	DROP: 15"
-	N	U	В	M	DD	DESCRIPTION	ATTITUDES
						<u>Fill</u> : Dark brown fine to coarse grained SAND with clay and silt, abundant roots, trace paper debris, medium dense to dense, moist.	
						Saugus Formation: Irregular contact, light brown medium to coarse grained	
5	36	С		10.7	123.8	SANDSTONE with fine gravel, very dense, moist, massive, poorly cemented,	
						trace rootlets.	
<b>├</b> ──┤						12" thick brown silty fine grained SANDSTONE, dense, moist.	@8' B
						3-4" diameter tree root.	N30E/10SE
10	27	С		10.0	115.5		
						Light brown medium to coarse grained SANDSTONE, well graded, bedded,	@11' B
<b> </b>						slightly friable, dense, moist, over fine to medium grained SANDSTONE with	N21W/5NE
<b> </b>					İ	clay and gravel, well graded, poorly cemented, dense, moist. @11.5' - Grades to moderately cemented fine to coarse grained	
15	47	c		5.4	118.1	SANDSTONE with clay and subangular to subrounded gravel to cobble	
						(5-15%), massive, dense, moist.	@16' Contact
						@16' - Horizontal contact with tan brown thinly bedded horizontal medium	B Horizontal
						to coarse grained SANDSTONE interbed.	
20	53			4.8	107.7	@17' - 3" thick gravel CONGLOMERATE channel, slightly friable, dense, moist.	@20' scoured
	55			4.0	107.7	(@19' - Scoured contact with moderately cemented light brown silty fine	upper contact
Ŋ						grained SANDSTONE, very dense, moist.	N80W/14SW
J						@20' - Light brown medium grained SANDSTONE, thinly bedded, friable,	@21' sharp
I						over 12" thick light brown moderately cemented SILTSTONE, hard, moist.	contact
25	47	С		1.9	117.2	@21' - Sharp contact with 3" thick gravely SANDSTONE, slightly friable,	N24W/3SW
┣──┥				ļ		to brown clayey fine grained SANDSTONE, very dense, moist, massive. @24' - Grades to damp, slightly friable light brown fine to coarse grained	@27' Paleosol
┠{						SANDSTONE with subangular to subrounded gravel, dense, massive.	N55E/17SE
						@26' - Thin undulating Paleosols within light brown slightly friable fine to	N75W/8SW
30	60	С		2.1	117.1	coarse grained SANDSTONE with gravel, dense, damp, massive.	@29' B
						Light brown thin bedded fine to coarse grained SANDSTONE with fine	N20W/2SW
						gravel, damp to massive, slightly friable, dense.	@31'B
$\parallel$							N23W/4SW
35	68	С		4.0	109.8	@35.5' - 12" thick light brown fine grained silty SANDSTONE, hard, moist	
	_					to dry, friable, medium to coarse grained SANDSTONE, caving.	
		Į		l			
<b> </b>							
40						Total Depth - 37'	
<u>+</u>						No groundwater	
<b>├</b> ───┤						Caving at 36.5'	
			1			Blows per 12"	
	l						
45		L					L
ADDI	HON	IAL	CON	лмеn	15:		
ł,						Kelly Bar Weights:         0-8'         866 lbs.         30.5-38'           0.45 5'         30.2 lbs.         30.45 5'         30.45 5'	
						8-15.5' 703 lbs. 38-45.5'	
						15.5-23' 556 lbs. 45.5-52'	172 lbs.
<u>  </u>						23-30.5' 430 lbs.	

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Operator: VO/ML Sounding: CPT-01 Cone Used: DSA0472 CPT Date/Time: 6/29/2004 9:14: Location: Everest Terrace Job Number: 8953 +

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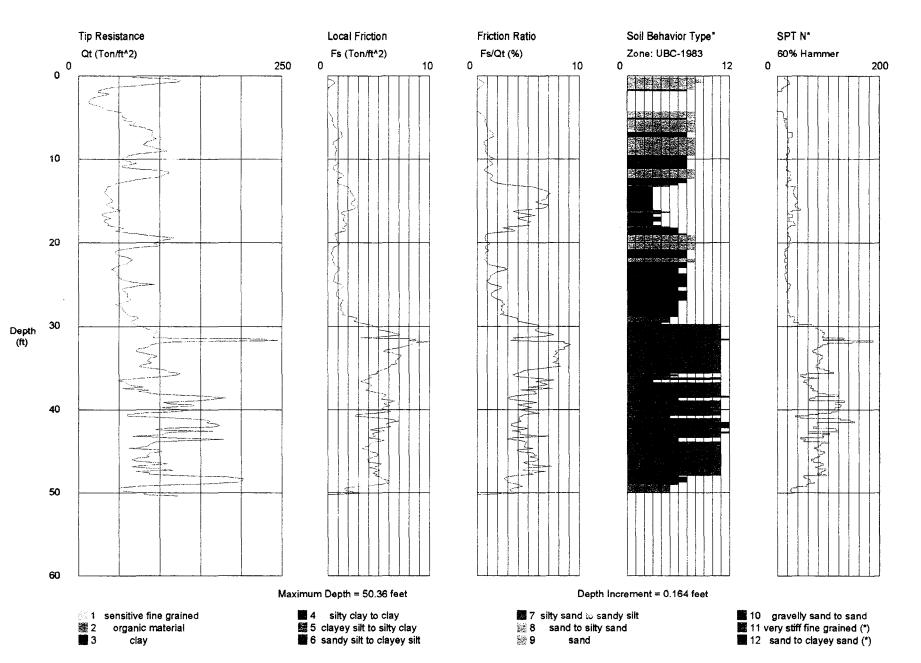




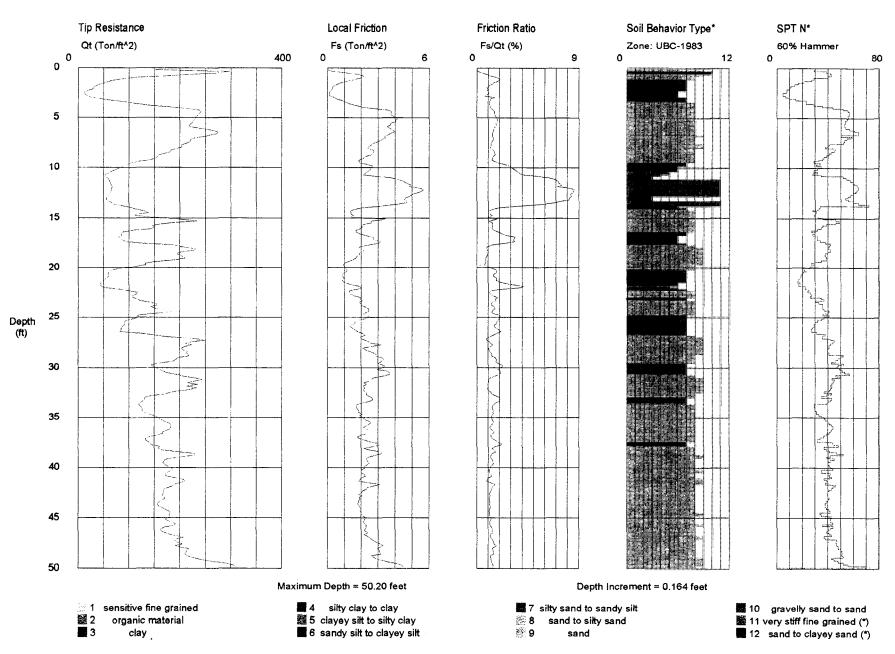
Maximum Pressure = 0.55 psi Hydrostatic Pressure = 10.821 psi

(psi)

Operator: VO/ML Sounding: CPT-02 Cone Used: DSA0472 CPT Date/Time: 6/29/2004 10:33 Location: Everest Terrace Job Number: 8953



Operator: VO/ML Sounding: CPT-03 Cone Used: DSA0472 CPT Date/Time: 6/29/2004 11:25 Location: Everest Terrace Job Number: 8953



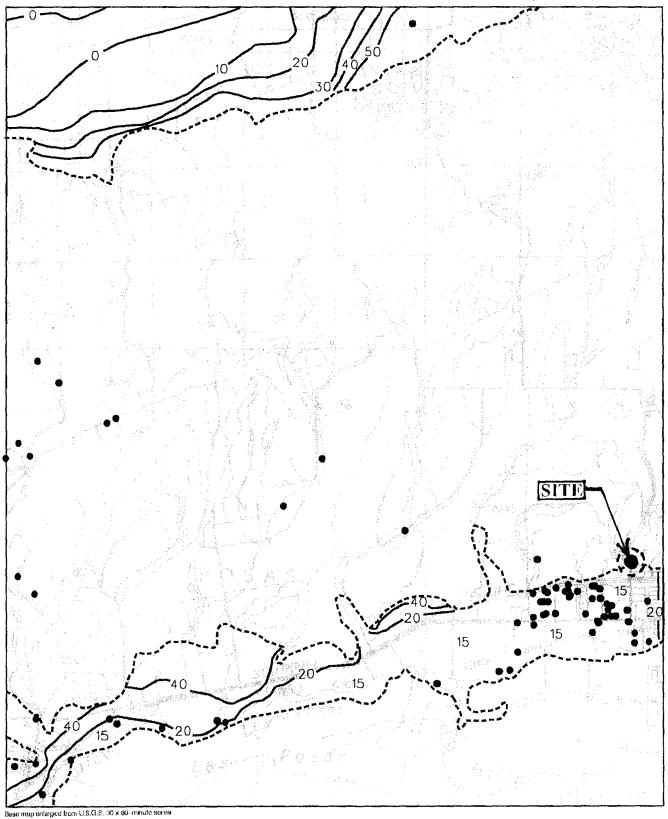
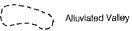


Plate 1.2 Historically shallow ground-water depths and borehole data points in alluviated valley areas of the Moorpark Quadrangle.



-20-

) ---- Historically shallow ground-water depth contours (in feet)

Borehole Site

15

Historically shallow ground-water depth where same value occurs over a broad area (in feet)

ONE MILE

	FRI	CTION C	IDH PI	LE CAP	ACI	TIES	(drille	d,cast-in-	place)		
		So	il Data:			Phi	(	Cohesior	1	Bottom c	of
			No.	Density	/	(deg)		(psf)		Layer	
		Saugus F	2	125		27		500		60	
			3								
			4								
		Dila Config	5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Non Dec	nin o Do		$\overline{)}$	<u>~</u> a
	r	Pile Configu					Non-Bea	n. Diame		3.00	ft ( ft
							Min. Er			2.00	ft
								Increm		1.00	ft
								th to Wa		50.00	ft
								or of Saf		2.00	
	0	20	40	60	80	100	120		160	180	200
	0 t		40		00 T-1-1-T			140			200 T T T
				╡╾┿╴╇╾╀╴┼╶┼╸ ┼╌┼╌┼╍╄╍╇╴╆			╾┾╼┿╼┽╌┝╌┿╼		┿┿┿┿ ╆╌╿╼╋╌╫		+
	5										
		X		┫╼┥┥┥╴┤╴┤┍┑┥╸ ┥╴┧╶┤╺┑╸╵╽╍╅╴	┿╺┾╍┾ ╽╴┠╍┾╺╈	┼┼┉┿┥	┈┥┊┦╌┝╼╞	┊┼┼┽┽	╈╈		+++
	10										
				<mark>┟╴╎╴╆</mark> ╶┾╸┾ <mark>╍</mark> ╆╴				┊┼┾┿┿			+
a				┥┥╺╄╺╄╺╄╺╄ ┥┥┙┥╺╋╴┥╴┤	╈╈╸┝╶┾			┼╌┞╶╆╌╈╼┼╴ ╆╼┽╼┞╶┧╶┠╸	┝╌╄╌┼╌┾╍ ┽╼┨╍┽╍┾╸	┥ <del>┑</del> ╸╸ ┥╴╷╶╎╴	
de (fi	15										
Gra	-			╞╴┤╶┧╌┧╌┾ ╋╴┥╴┨╴╅╺┽┥╼		┥┥┥					
cent	20 -	┥╼┨╍╏╸╅╌┨╴┤╴┤ ┿┅┧╼┨╍┨╴┨╴┥╴┤				┼┿┽┅			┿╍┥╌┥╌┼ ┽╶┥╌┽╴┼		
Adja											
/est	25					┤╶╎╾┞╾┝╾╿ ╺┧╍ <del>┞╺╎</del> ╺┼╶┤╶┤	╶┼╶┼╶┼╌┽╍╋╸	┝╍╏╶╧╶╡╌ ┝──┠─╀─┠─┿┅	┤╌ <mark>┠╌┝╌</mark> ╞╴	┽╾╎╌╎╌╽╸╷┥╸ ┧╴╿╶┧╴╵┥╾┥╸╵╽╴	
Low							━┼╌┼╌┼╶┼╶┼╴				
elow	30										
Depth Below Lowest Adjacent Grade (ft)	F	┝╋╋			┼┼┼┼	N		╞╼╁╌╆╼╂╼┞╴	╆╌┠╌┝╼┾╍ ╆╼┝╼┝╼┝╍	┥┽┽╄╌┞╌╿	
Dep	35	╋╫╎╪╪ ╆╍╈╋╝╴┿┅┟			╪╾┾╌ <u></u> ╡╴				┾╶┾╼┾╸ ┿╍┾╍╅╍┽╴	┊╸╃╺╂╸╂╺┤╶┤	++-
	-										
	40	╁┿┿┥┶┿┿									+
		╅┥┥		┦┄ <mark>╞╶╶</mark> ┎╼╊╍ <mark>╞</mark> ╍╋╸	┟╺╸┽╶┼╴┼ ┟╺┇╴╿╴╎	┿┿╄┿ ┥┥╴	╍╋╍╉╸╋╸╋╴			┼╌┼╌╎╼╎╼╎╴╎╴	
	45 -		11	30in. Dia.		╋╼╞═╋╼╋╶╋ ┪╴╦╼╄╼╫╺╄					
	40			24in. Dia.							
	F	╋ <del>╴┥┥┥┥╹</del> ┧┧┾┽╋╋			┝┝╴┝╺┝	┿┿┿┿ ┥┙┙┙			╎ <mark>╎</mark> ┾┿┿ ┿╋┽┝┽		
	50 L			└_╷Ĺ└┵┈┸┈┖┈	Allowa	ble Capac	ity (kips)		<u> </u>	<u></u>	

PLATE C.1

## APPENDIX A

## **LABORATORY TEST RESULTS**

Labora	tory Test Summar	У															$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	V.O. 8953
Depth	Geology	Sample Description	ST	w	DD	S	Ma	x Opt	EI	LL	PI	e	n	WÐ	SD	BD	Consol	Shear
Excavation	n: B1 (TD= 51.5 ft, No GW)	)					_											
0	Engineered Fill	Silty Sand	(B)				129	8	0		[			]				S-B1.0
2.5	Alluvium	Silty Sand	(U)	4.4	104	19						0.62	0.38	108	127	64.7		
5	Alluvium	Silty Sand	(U)	6.6	107	31			<u> </u>			0.57	0.36	114	129	66.7		
7.5	Alluvium	Silty Sand	(U)	6.2	119	41					!	0.41	0.29	127	137	74.6		i
10	Alluvium	Silty Sand	(U)	8.2	113	46						0.48	0.32	122	133	70.9	C-B1.10	
12.5	Alluvium	Silty Clay with Sand	(U)	18.2	112	100	1	1			1	0.49	0.33	133	133	70.5		
15	Alluvium	Clay	(U)	17.8	109	88	1			56	39	0.54	0.35	128	130	68	C-B1.15	1
25	Alluvium	Silt with Clay	(S)				-	1	-	NP	NP		1	1		1		
35	Alluvium	Clayey Silty Sand	(S)							26	13		1					
47.5	Alluvium	Clayey Silty Sand	(S)				1			NP	NP					1		
Excavation	n: B2 (TD= 16.5 ft, No GW	)				L	l		-J				·			-i		!
6	Alluvium	Sand	(U)	3	112	16	1			1	Ţ	0.50	0.34	116	132	69.7		S-B2.6
15	Alluvium	Silty Sand	(U)	2			1	+	1					1				
Excavation	n: B3 (TD= 40 ft, No GW)	aling and a second and a second	·····	L						d								
5	Alluvium	Silty Sand	(U)	3.3	104	14				T	1	0.63	0.39	107	127	64.2	C-B3.5	
15	Alluvium	Sand	(U)	2.7	107	13						0.56	0.36	110	130	67.3	C-B3.15	
25	Alluvium	Clayey Sand	(U)	8	114	46	1	1				0.47	0.32	123	134	71.5		1
35	Saugus Formation	Claystone	(U)	23.6	98.4	90	1	1	1			0.70	0.41	122	124	61.6		
Excavation	n: B4 (TD= 30 ft, No GW)					1								-d	Å			
10	Alluvium	Silty Sand	(U)	6	123	44	]		· · · · · ·			0.37	0.27	130	139	76.8	C-B4.10	
25	Alluvium	Silt	(U)	10	115	60			1			0.45	0.31	127	135	72.4		
Excavation	n: B5 (TD= 70 ft, No GW)			<u> </u>	L	i					-1				al		I	
41	Saugus Formation	clayey SILTSTONE	(U)	25	93.5	85	Ţ			1		0.79	0.44	117	121	58.6		
42	Saugus Formation	clayey SILTSTONE	(U)	18.5	110	95			+	1		0.52	0.34	130	131	68.9		S-B5.42
43	Saugus Formation	clayey SILTSTONE	(U)							63	37	+		+		1		+
46	Saugus Formation	CLAY	(U)				-	1		67	39		1		+	+		
50	Saugus Formation	SILTSTONE	(U)	4.4	121	31			+	+		0.38	0.28	126	138	76		

For abbreviation explanation see Legend on PLATE LS 2

Page 1 of 2



### GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

.

PLATE LS. 1

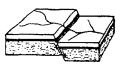
Depth	Geology	Sample Description	ST	w	DD	S	Max Opt	EI	LL	PI	е	n	WD	SD	BD	Consol	Shear
Excavation	n: B6 (TD= 57 ft, No GV	¥)															
5	Alluvium	Sand	(U)	2.2	105	10					0.59	0.37	107	128	65.9		
10	Alluvium	Sand	(U)	1.8	113	10					0.48	0.32	115	133	70.7		
15	Alluvium	Sand	(U)	2.6	117	16					0.44	0.30	120	135	73.0		
20	Saugus Formation	SANDSTONE	(U)	3.7	114	21					0.47	0.32	118	134	71.2	C-B6.20	
25	Saugus Formation	clayey SILTSTONE and silty SANDSTONE	(U)	14.5	108	71					0.55	0.35	124	130	67.8		S-B6.25
30	Saugus Formation	SANDSTONE	(U)	6	103	26					0.62	0.38	109	127	64.8	C-B6.30	
35	Saugus Formation	clayey SILTSONE	(U)	2.4	98.2	9					0.71	0.42	101	124	61.1		1
40	Saugus Formation	silty SANDSTONE	(U)	2.7	102	11					0.66	0.4	105	126	63.2		
45	Saugus Formation	SANDSTONE	(U)	3.3	104	15				1	0.59	0.37	108	128	65.9		
50	Saugus Formation	clayey SILTSTONE	(U)	15.2	106	71				†	0.57	0.37	123	129	66.6		S-B6.50
55	Saugus Formation	SANDSTONE	(U)	2.5	101	10					0.67	0.40	104	125	62.8		1
xcavation	n: B7 (TD= 37 ft, No GV	V)			<u>.</u>	1						<u> </u>		L			.L
5	Saugus Formation	SANDSTONE	(U)	10.7	124	82			<b></b>		0.35	0.26	137	144	81.5		
10	Saugus Formation	SANDSTONE	(U)	10	116	60			1	Ī	0.45	0.31	127	145	82.7		
15	Saugus Formation	SANDSTONE	(U)	5.4	118	35	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			0.41	0.29	125	154	91.6		
20	Saugus Formation	SANDSTONE	(U)	4.8	108	23				1	0.56	0.36	113	155	92.9		1
25	Saugus Formation	SANDSTONE	(U)	1.9	117	12					0.42	0.3	119	162	99.8		
30	Saugus Formation	SANDSTONE	(U)	2.1	117	13					0.43	0.30	120	162	99.2		
35	Saugus Formation	silty SANDSTONE	(U)	4	110	20				1	0.54	0.35	114	157	94.7		

Depth = Sample Depth (ft) below ground surface ST = Sample Type*	LL = Liquid Limit PI = Plasticity Index	Consol = Consolidation Test Diagram (Plate No.) Shear = Shear Test Diagram (Plate No.)
w = Initial Moisture Content (%)	e = Void Ratio	8 ( )
DD = Initial Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	n = Porosity	
Max = Maximum Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	WD = Initial Wet Unit Weight (pcf)	
Opt = Optimum Moisture Content (%)	SD = Saturated Unit Weight (pcf)	
EI = Expansion Index	BD = Bouyant (Submerged) Unit Weig	ht (pcf) - Assuming water unit weight of 62.4 pcf
S = Degree of Saturation (%)	* Sample Types: (U) = relatively Undistu	arbed; (S) = SPT; (B) = Bulk

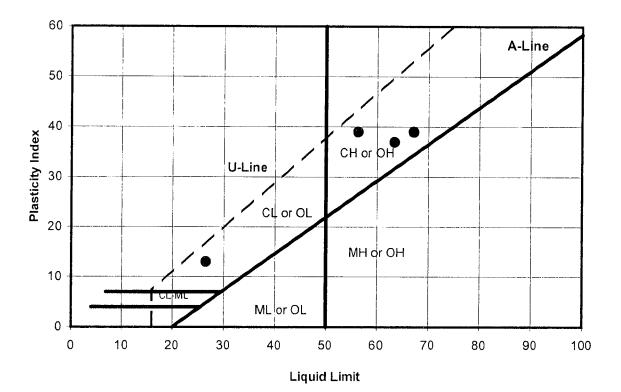


### GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

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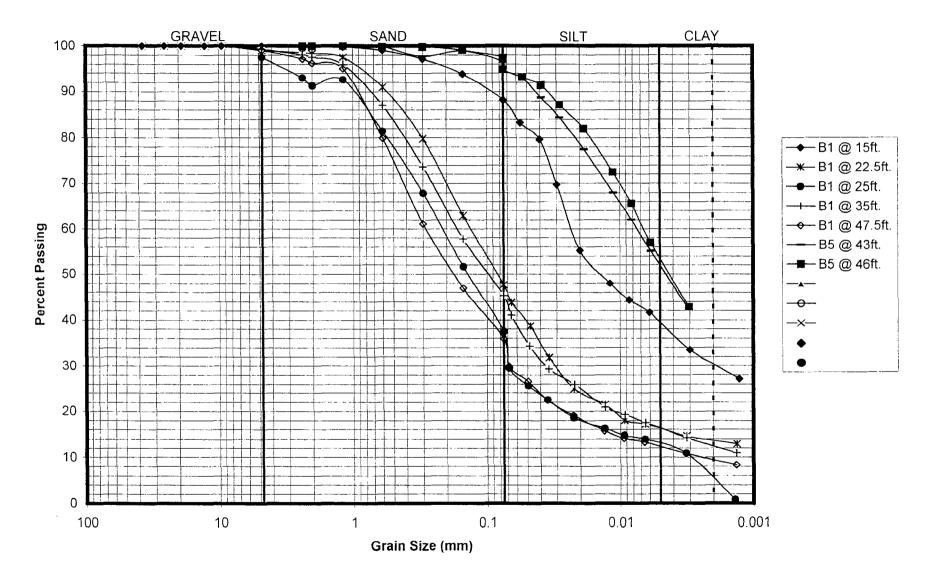
## **Atterberg Limits Test Results**



Plasticity Chart

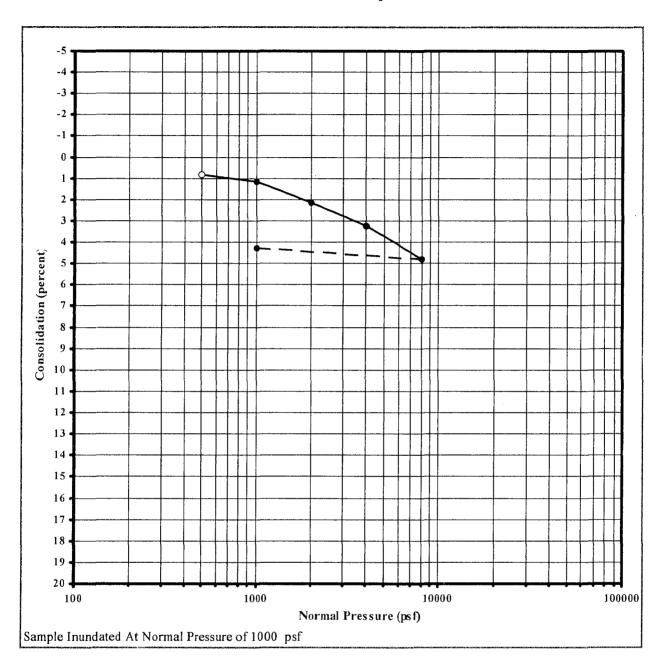
 Location	Depth (ft)	LL	PI	Classification
B1	15	56.3	39	СН
B1	35	26.5	13	CL
B5	43	63.4	37	СН
B5	46	67.2	39	СН
B1	25	-	-	non-plastic
B1	47.5	-	-	non-plastic

### PARTICLE SIZE ANALYSIS



GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

.



**Undisturbed Sample** 

Sample Location: B1

Sample Depth: 10 ft.

Initial Moisture: 8.2 %

Init. Dry Density: 113.1 pcf

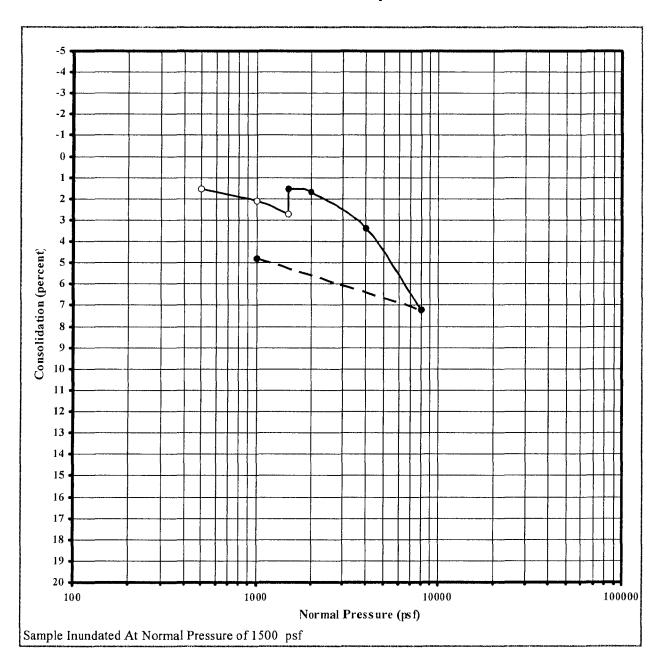
Alluvium Geologic Unit: Material:

Silty Sand



**GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE** 

PLATE C-B1.10



**Undisturbed Sample** 

Sample Location: B1

Sample Depth: 15 ft.

Initial Moisture: 17.8 %

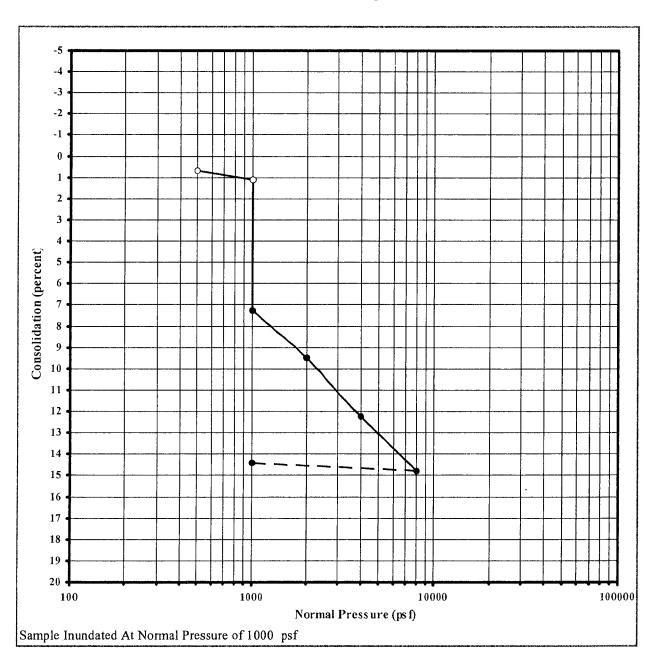
Init. Dry Density: 108.5 pcf

Geologic Unit: Alluvium Material: Clay



**GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE** 

PLATE C-B1.15



**Undisturbed Sample** 

Sample Location: B3

Sample Depth: 5 ft.

Initial Moisture: 3.3 %

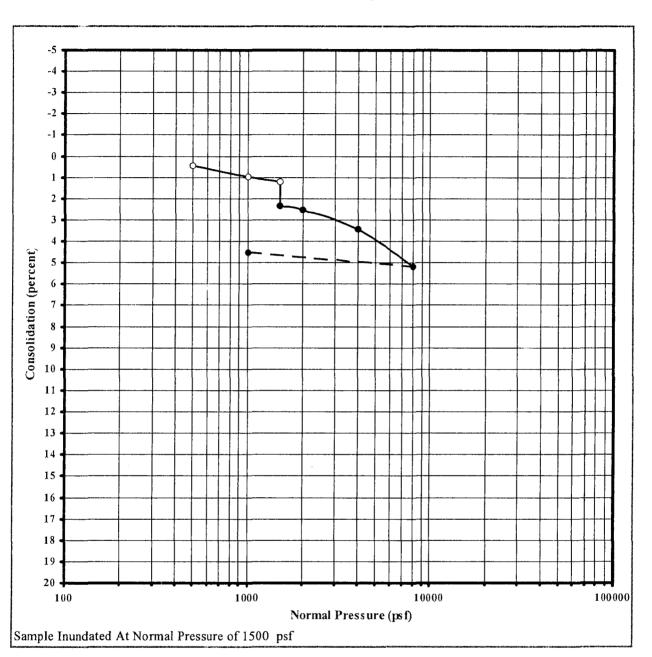
Init. Dry Density: 103.7 pcf

Alluvium Geologic Unit: Material:

Silty Sand

**GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE** 

PLATE C-B3.5



**Undisturbed Sample** 

Sample Location: B3

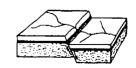
Sample Depth: 15 ft.

Initial Moisture: 2.7 %

Init. Dry Density: 107 pcf

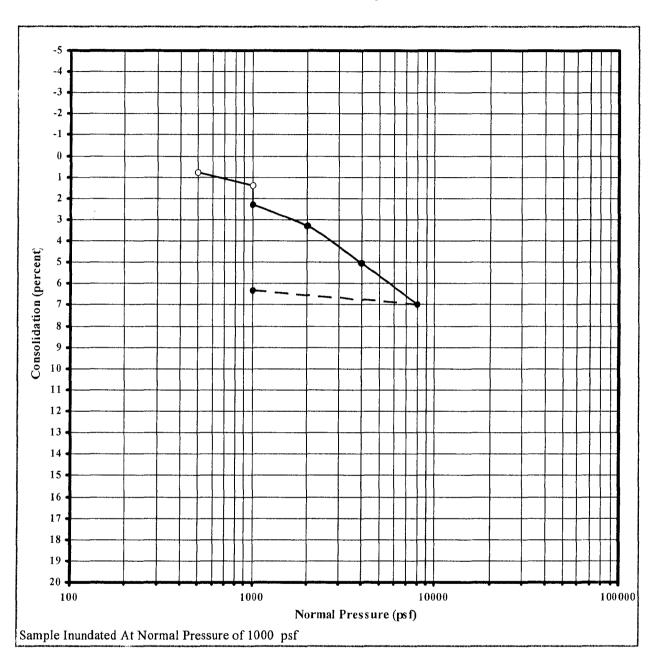
Geologic Unit: Material: Sand

Alluvium



**GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE** 

**PLATE C-B3.15** 



**Undisturbed Sample** 

Sample Location: B4

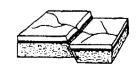
Sample Depth: 10 ft.

Initial Moisture: 6 %

Init. Dry Density: 122.5 pcf

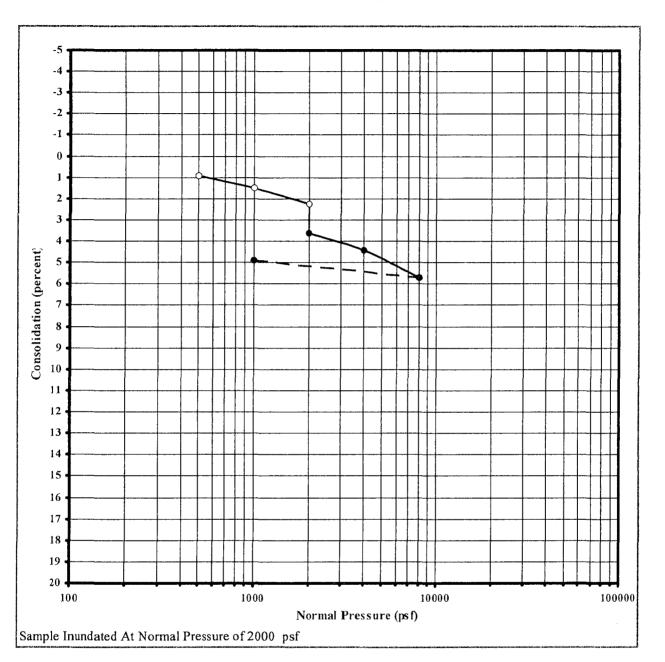
Alluvium Geologic Unit: Material:

Silty Sand



**GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE** 

PLATE C-B4.10



**Undisturbed Sample** 

Sample Location: B6

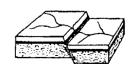
Sample Depth: 20 ft.

Initial Moisture: 3.7 %

Init. Dry Density: 114.1 pcf

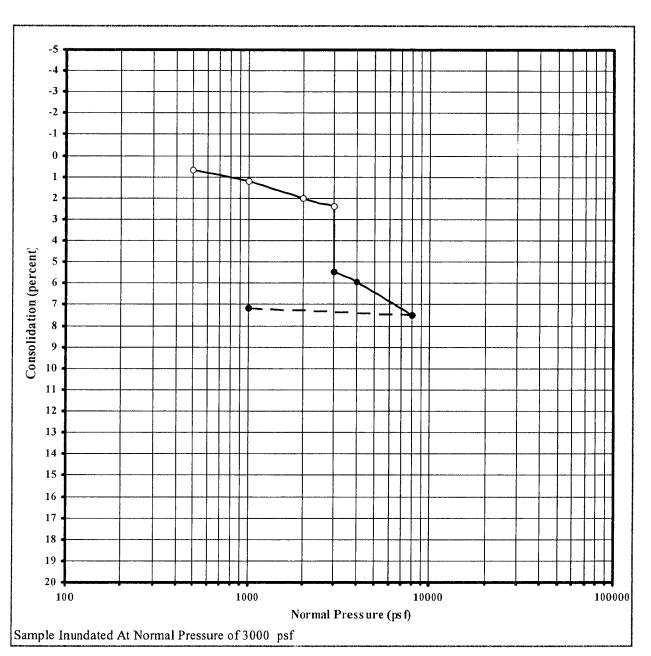
Geologic Unit: Sau Material: SA

Saugus Formation SANDSTONE



**GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE** 

PLATE C-B6.20



**Undisturbed Sample** 

Sample Location: B6

Sample Depth: 30 ft.

Initial Moisture: 6 %

Init. Dry Density: 102.8 pcf

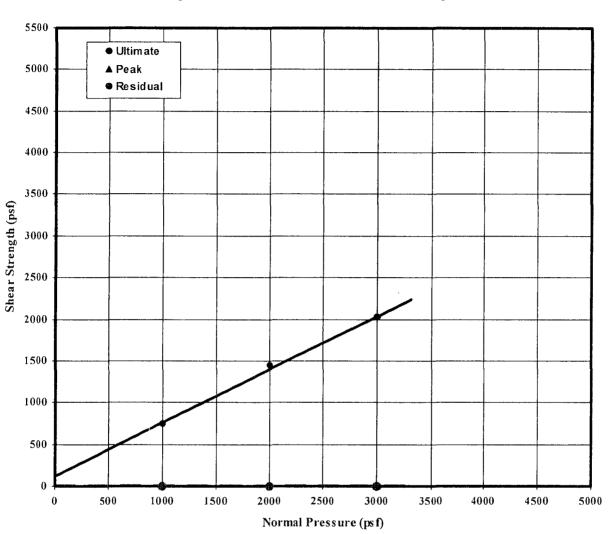
Geologic Unit: Sau Material: SAI

Saugus Formation SANDSTONE



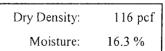
**GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE** 

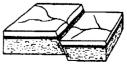
PLATE C-B6.30

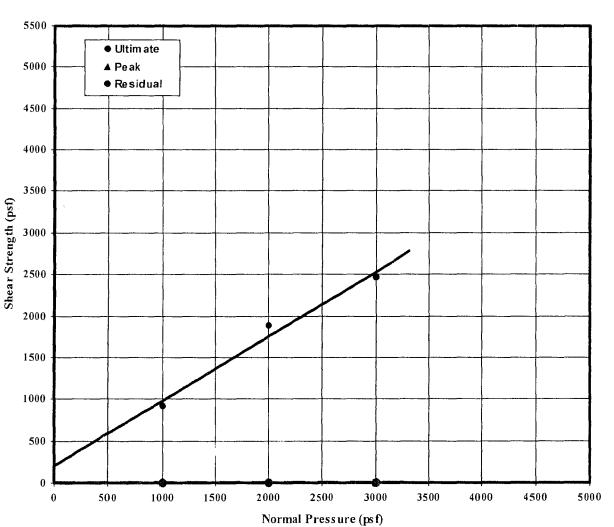


Bulk Sample Remolded to 90 Percent Relative Compaction

	Friction Angle	Cohesion		
Ultimate Shear Strength	: 32 deg	125 psf		
Peak Shear Strength:				
Residual Shear Strength:				
Displacement Rate:	0.01 in/min		Dry Density:	1
Sample Location: B1			Moisture:	16
Sample Depth: 0	ft.		L	
Geologic Unit: En	gineered Fill			
Material: Sil	ty Sand			



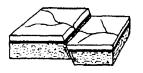




Undisturbed Sample

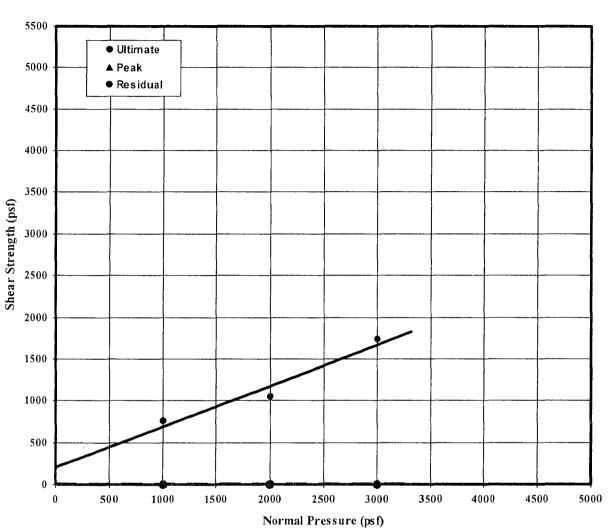
	Friction Angle	<u>Cohesion</u>
Ultimate Shear Streng	th: 38 deg	200 psf
Peak Shear Strengt	h:	
Residual Shear Strengt	h:	
Displacement Rat	e: 0.01 in/mi <b>n</b>	
Sample Location: H	32	
Sample Depth: 6	ft.	
Geologic Unit: A	Alluvium	
Material: S	Sand	

Dry Density:	112.4 pcf
Moisture:	19.3 %



GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

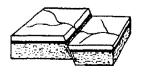
PLATE S-B2.6



Undisturbed Sample

	Friction Angle	Cohesion
Ultimate Shear Strengt	h: 26 deg	200 psf
Peak Shear Strengt	h:	
Residual Shear Strengt	h:	
Displacement Rate	e: 0.01 in/min	
Sample Location: B	5	
Sample Depth: 4	2 ft.	
Geologic Unit: S	augus Formation	
Material: c	layey SILTSTONE	

Dry Density:	109.9 pcf
Moisture:	22.8 %



W.O. 8953

GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

PLATE S-B5.42

Shear Strength (psf)

500

0 4

500

1000

1500

2000

2500

Normal Pressure (psf)

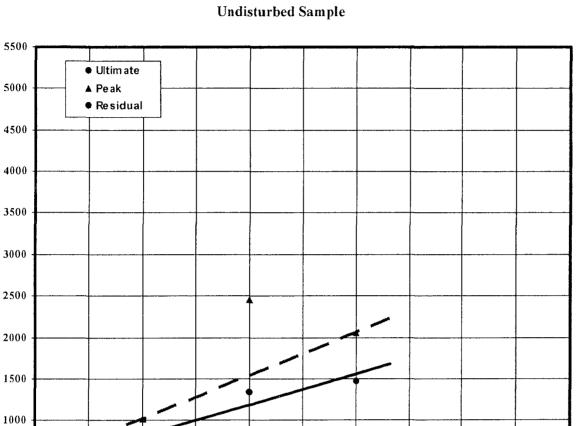
3000

3500

4000

4500

5000



# SHEAR TEST RESULTS

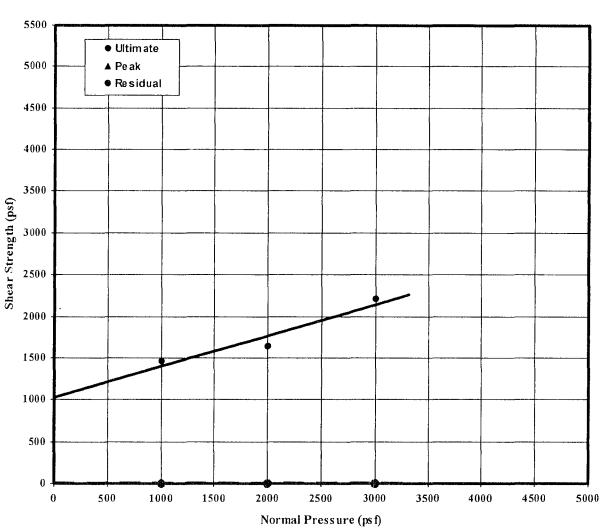
		Friction Angle	Cohesion				
Ultimate Shear Streng	th:	20 deg	450 psf				
Peak Shear Strength: 27 deg 500 psf							
Residual Shear Strength:							
Displacement Ra	Displacement Rate: 0.01 in/min						
Sample Location: B6							
Sample Depth: 25 ft.							
Geologic Unit: Saugus Formation							
Material: clayey SILTSTONE and silty SANDSTONE							

Dry Density:	108.1 pcf
Moisture:	22.2 %



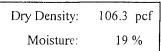
GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

PLATE S-B6.25



Undisturbed Sample

	Friction Angle	Cohesion			
Ultimate Shear Strength:	20 deg	1025 psf			
Peak Shear Strength:					
Residual Shear Strength:					
Displacement Rate:	0.01 in/min		D	ry Density:	106.
Sample Location: B6				Moisture:	1
Sample Depth: 50 f	ft.		L		
Geologic Unit: Saug	gus Formation				
Material: clay	ey SILTSTONE			$\langle \Sigma \rangle$	

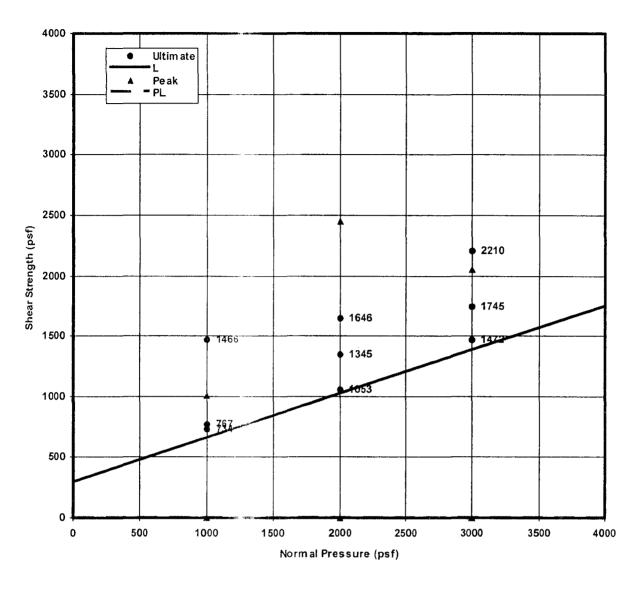




W.O. 8953

**GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE** 

PLATE S-B6.50



	Friction Angle	Cohesion
Ultimate Shear Strength:	20 deg	300 psf

Material: TQs

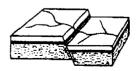
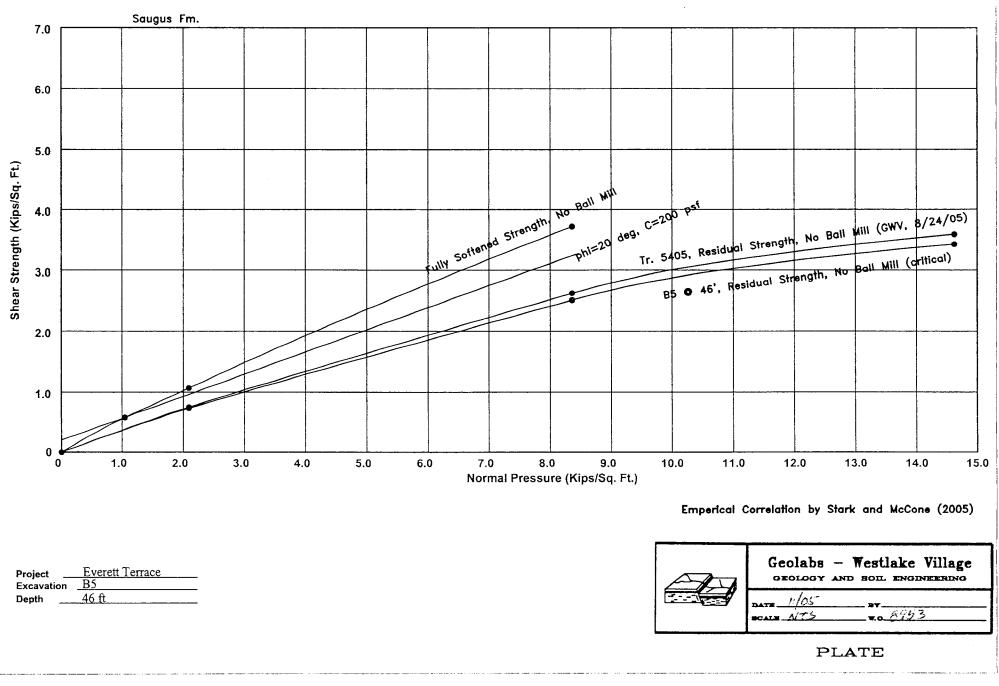
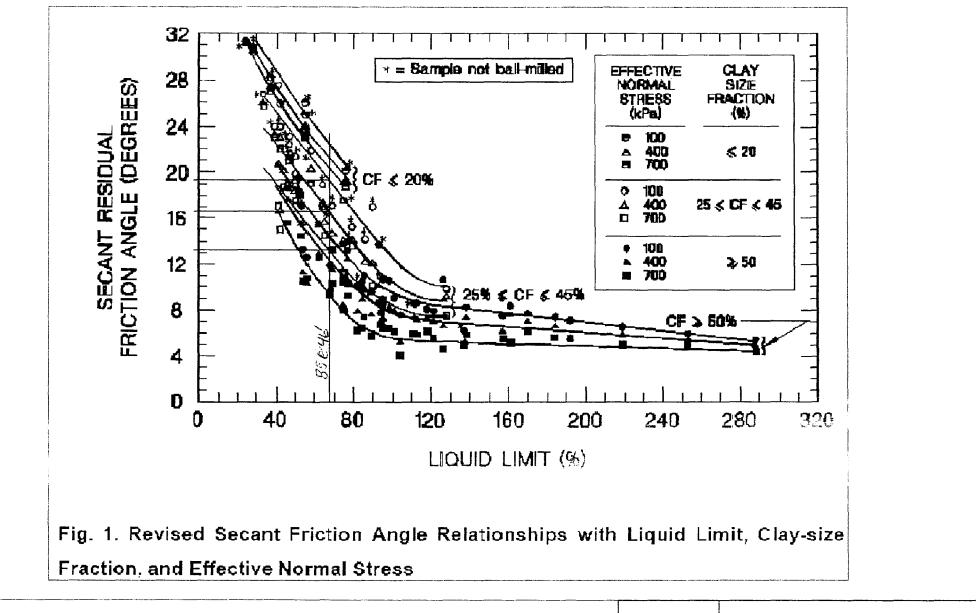
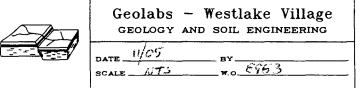


PLATE S-TQs

## ESTIMATED SHEAR STRENGTH DIAGRAM









Consulting Corrosion Engineers - Since 1959 431 W. Baseline Road Claremont, CA 91711

### Table 1 - Laboratory Tests on Soil Samples

Everett Terrace Your #8953, MJS&A #04-1057LAB 5-Aug-04

Sample ID				
			B1	
an nga santan kapakapatén kara sa sa sa	· · · · · ·	goda o ja toga	@ 0-3'	医乳化剂 医结束性尿道 网络拉拉拉 人名法格尔 化乙烯酸盐
ana kapa dingini katisi ne	te el wright u	니사 동생한 가지가 있는 것을 된다. 	Namo P (no cuide antonio). Namo P (no cuide antonio)	na har sang sang sang sang sang sang sang sang
Resistivity as-received		Units ohm-cm	52,000	
saturated		ohm-cm	5,000	
рН			7.3	
Electrical				
Conductivity		mS/cm	0.11	
Chemical Analys				
Cations	es			
	Ca <sup>2+</sup>	malia	64	
calcium		mg/kg	64	
magnesium	Mg <sup>2+</sup>	mg/kg	27	·
sodium	Na <sup>1+</sup>	mg/kg	5	
Anions	2			
carbonate		mg/kg	ND	
bicarbonate	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>1</sup>	mg/kg	342	
chloride	Cl1-	mg/kg	ND	
sulfate	504 <sup>2.</sup>	mg/kg	ND	
Other Tests				
ammonium	$\mathrm{NH_4}^{\mathrm{1+}}$	mg/kg	na	
nitrate	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>1-</sup>	mg/kg	na	
sulfide	S <sup>2</sup> .	qual	na	
Redox		mV	na	

Electrical conductivity in millisiemens/cm and chemical analysis were made on a 1:5 soil-to-water extract. mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram (parts per million) of dry soil.

Redox = oxidation-reduction potential in millivolts

ND = not detected

na = not analyzed

## APPENDIX B

## SEISMICITY ANALYSES

-------SUMMARY OF FAULT PARAMETERS

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UBCSEIS \* Version 1.00 \* \* . \*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*\*

COMPUTATION OF 1997 UNIFORM BUILDING CODE SEISMIC DESIGN PARAMETERS

JOB NUMBER: 8953

DATE: 11-14-2005

JOB NAME: Everett Terrace

FAULT-DATA-FILE NAME: CDMGUBCR.DAT

SITE COORDINATES: SITE LATITUDE: 34.2880 SITE LONGITUDE: 118.8821

UBC SEISMIC ZONE: 0.4

UBC SOIL PROFILE TYPE: SD

NEAREST TYPE A FAULT: NAME: SAN ANDREAS - 1857 Rupture DISTANCE: 54.8 km

NEAREST TYPE B FAULT: NAME: SIMI-SANTA ROSA DISTANCE: 0.0 km

NEAREST TYPE C FAULT: DISTANCE: 99999.0 km

. .

SELECTED UBC SEISMIC COEFFICIENTS :

Na: 1.3 Nv: 1.6 Ca: 0.57 Cv: 1.02 Ts: 0.716 To: 0.143

.

		* *
* CAUTION:	The digitized data points used to model faults are	*
*	limited in number and have been digitized from small-	÷
*	scale maps (e.g., 1:750,000 scale). Consequently,	*
*		*
*	several kilometers. Therefore, it is important that	*
*	the distances be carefully checked for accuracy and	*
*	adjusted as needed, before they are used in design.	*
********	***************************************	* *

#### Page 1

	APPROX.	SOURCE	MAX.	SLIP	FAULT
ABBREVIATED	DISTANCE				TYPE
FAULT NAME	(km)	(A,B,C)	(Mw)	(mm/yr)	(SS,DS,BT)
=======================================	=======	{ <b>=</b> ======		=====================================	
SIMI-SANTA ROSA	0.0	B	6.7	1.00	DS
OAK RIDGE (Onshore)	1 5.8	. –	6.9	4.00	I DS
SANTA SUSANA	13.2	В	6.6	1 5.00	DS
SAN CAYETANO	13.6	. –	6.8		I DS
HOLSER	16,9	,	6.5	• •	DS
MALIBU COAST	23.8	-	6.7		DS
VENTURA - PITAS POINT	24.6	. –	6.8		I DS
ANACAPA-DUME	27.4	. –	7.3		I DS
SANTA YNEZ (East)	30.5		17.0		\$ SS
SAN GABRIEL	32.7	,	17.0		i ss
M.RIDGE-ARROYO PARIDA-SANTA ANA	33.0	. –	6.7		I DS
SANTA MONICA	35.2		6.6		DS
SIERRA MADRE (San Fernando)	1 37.1		6.7		DS
RED MOUNTAIN VERDUGO	1 38.7	. –	6.8		I DS
PALOS VERDES	42.5	•	6.7	•	I DS
HOLLYWOOD		•	1 7.1	•	I SS
NEWPORT-INGLEWOOD (L.A.Basin)	1 46.3 I 53.6	-	6.5     6.9		I DS I SS
SIERRA MADRE (Central)	53.8	• –	•		SS DS
SAN ANDREAS - 1857 Rupture	54.8	-			
BIG PINE	1 56.8	-	7.8   6.7		•
GARLOCK (West)	60.3	. –	1 7.1		I SS I SS
PLEITO THRUST	62.2		/.1   6.8 :		
RAYMOND	62.4		1 6.5		
SANTA CRUZ ISLAND	67.0	. –	6.8		
SANTA YNEZ (West)	1 72.4	. –	6.9		I SS
CLAMSHELL-SAWPIT	75.6	. –	6.5		DS
WHITE WOLF	85.1	• –	7.2		DS
ELSINORE-WHITTIER	86.2	• –	6.8		I SS
SAN JOSE	94.2	• –	6.5		DS
SANTA ROSA ISLAND	98.6	. –	6.9		DS
CUCAMONGA	102.1		7.0		DS
CHINO-CENTRAL AVE. (Elsinore)	105.3		6.7		DS
LOS ALAMOS-W. BASELINE	115.2		6.8		1 DS
NEWPORT-INGLEWOOD (Offshore)	117.9	! B	6.9	1.50	I SS
ELSINORE-GLEN IVY	124.2	B	6.8	5.00	ss
SAN ANDREAS - Southern	1 124.6	A I	7.4	24.00	I SS
SAN JACINTO-SAN BERNARDINO	126.3	B	6.7	12.00	SS
CLEGHORN	130.3	в	6.5	3.00	I SS
LIONS HEAD	132.4	B	6.6	0.02	l DS
GARLOCK (East)	136.1	A	1 7.3	7.00	SS
SAN JUAN	137.7	ΙВ	1 7.0	1.00	SS
SAN LUIS RANGE (S. Margin)	139.2	ΙВ	7.0	0.20	DS
CORONADO BANK	143.3	ΙВ	7.4	I 3.00	1 SS
LENWOOD-LOCKHART-OLD WOMAN SPRGS	146.1	ΙВ	7.3	0.60	l ss
NORTH FRONTAL FAULT ZONE (West)	147.1	ΙВ	7.0	1.00	I DS

#### -------SUMMARY OF FAULT PARAMETERS

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ABEREVIATED FAULT NAME         APPERX.   SOURCE   MAX.         SLIP         FAULT TYPE           CASMALIA (Orcutt Frontal Fault)         ITANCE   TYPE         MAG.         RATE         TYPE           CASMALIA (Orcutt Frontal Fault)         ITANCE   TYPE         ITANCE   TYPE         ITANCE   TYPE         ITANCE   TYPE           CASMALIA (Orcutt Frontal Fault)         ITASO   TANCE   TYPE         ITANCE   TYPE         ITANCE   TYPE         ITANCE   TYPE           CASMALIA (Orcutt Frontal Fault)         ITASO   TANCE   TANC						
ABBREVIATED         IDISTANCE         TYPE         IMAG.         FATE         TYPE           FAULT NAME         (km)         (km)         (km)         (km)         (km)         (struct)         (SS, DS, BT)           CASMALIA         (Orcutt Frontal Fault)         149.0         B         6.5         0.25         DS           FALLENDALE         S. CORRARDT         150.7         B         7.1         0.60         SS           SAN JACINTO-SAN JACINTO VALLEY         154.1         B         6.9         12.00         SS           SO. SIERA NEYADA         166.4         B         6.8         0.50         DS           LOS OSOS         166.4         B         7.1         0.100         DS           GRAVEL HILLS - HARPER LAKE         165.7         B         6.9         0.60         SS           HOGGRI         178.2         B         7.3         2.50         SS           RINCONDA         185.8         B         6.9         0.60         SS           SAN JACINTO-ANZA         190.5         A         7.2         122.00         SS           SAN JACINTO-ANZA         196.5         B         7.1         0.60         SS           SAN MORE-						
FAULT NAME         ( km)         ( km, )         <						
CASMALIA (Occutt Frontal Fault)   149.0   B   6.5   0.25   DS HELENDALE - S. LOCKHARDT   150.7   B   7.1   0.60   SS SAN JACINTO-SAN JACINTO VALLEY   154.1   B   6.9   12.00   SS ELSINORE-TEMECULA   158.1   B   6.8   5.00   DS GRAVEL HILLS - HARPER LAKE   169.7   B   6.9   0.60   SS GRAVEL HILLS - HARPER LAKE   169.7   B   6.9   0.60   SS ILITILE LAKE   178.2   B   7.3   2.50   SS LITTLE LAKE   185.3   B   6.7   0.70   SS BLACKNATER   185.5   B   6.9   0.60   SS RINCOMADA   167.6   B   7.3   1.00   SS AN JACINTO-ANZA   185.5   B   6.9   0.60   SS NORTH FRONTAL FAULT ZONE (East)   190.6   B   7.3   1.00   SS LANDERS (JAUNON   185.3   B   7.3   1.00   SS AN JACINTO-ANZA   190.5   A   7.2   12.00   SS AN JACINTO-ANZA   190.5   B   7.3   0.60   SS LANDERS (JAUNON   185.3   B   7.3   0.60   SS LANDERS (JAUNON   196.5   B   7.3   0.60   SS ELSINORE-JULIAN   199.4   A   7.1   5.00   SS ELSINORE-JULIAN   199.4   A   7.1   5.00   SS TANK CANYON   2211.6   B   6.7   0.60   SS TANK CANYON   211.6   B   6.7   0.60   SS TANK CANYON   2211.6   B   6.5   1.00   DS TANK CANYON   221.6   B   6.5   0.60   SS TANK CANYON   221.6   B   6.5   0.60   SS TANK CANYON   221.6   B   6.5   0.60   SS FANAMINT VALLEY   227.0   B   7.2   2.50   SS SAN JACINTO-COYDE CREEK   227.9   B   7.1   0.60   SS SAN AJACINTO-COYDE CREEK   227.9   B   7.2   2.50   SS SAN AJACINTO-COYDE CREEK   229.3   B   6.5   0.60   SS SAN AJACINTO-COYDE CREEK   226.9   B   6.8   4.00   SS SAN AJACINTO-COYDE CREEK   226.9   B   6.5   2.00   SS SAN AJACINTO-COYDE CREEK   226.6   B   6.9   4.00   SS SAN AJACINTO-COYDE CREEK   226.6   B   6.9   4.00   SS SAN AJACINTO-COYDE CREEK   226.6   B   6.9   4.00   SS SAN AJACINTO-COYDE CREEK   236.9   B   6.5   2.00   SS SAN AJACINTO-COYDE CREEK   236.9   B   6.5   2.00   SS SAN AJACINTO-COYDE CREEK   236.9   B   6.6   4.00   SS SAN AJACINTO-COYDE CREEK   226.6   B   6.9   4.00   SS SAN AJACINTO-COYDE CREEK   236.9   B   6.5   2.00   SS SAN AJACINTO - BORREGO   274.0   B   6.5   2.00   SS S	FAULT NAME	(km)	(A, B, C)	(Mw)	(mm/yr)	(SS,DS,BT)
HELENDALE - S. LOCKHARDT       1 150.7       B       7.1       0.60       SS         SAN JACINTO-SAN JACINTO VALLEY       1 154.1       B       6.9       12.00       SS         SAN JACINTO-SAN JACINTO VALLEY       1 154.1       B       6.9       12.00       SS         So. SIERRA NEVADA       1 161.4       B       7.1       0.10       DS         LOS OSOS       1 166.4       B       6.9       0.60       SS         GRAVEL HILLS - HARPER LAKE       1 169.7       B       6.9       0.60       SS         LITTLE LAKE       1 185.3       B       6.7       0.70       SS         ROSERT       1 185.5       B       6.9       0.60       SS         ROSE CANYON       1 185.8       B       6.9       1.00       SS         RINCONADA       1 100.5       A       7.2       12.00       SS         SAN JACINTO-ANZA       1 190.5       A       7.2       12.00       SS         CALICO - HIDALGO       1 96.5       B       7.1       0.60       SS         CALICO - HIDALGO       1 96.5       B       7.1       0.60       SS         JOHNON VALLEY (Northern)       200.0       B <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>						
ELSINORE-TEMECULA         158.1         B         6.8         5.00         SS         SO. SIERA NEVADA         161.4         B         7.1         0.10         DS         LOS OSOS         169.4         B         6.8         0.50         DS         GRAVEL HILLS - HARPER LAKE         169.7         B         6.9         0.60         SS         LITTLE LAKE         185.3         B         6.7         0.70         SS         ELACKWATER         185.5         B         6.9         0.60         SS         ROSE CANYON         185.8         B         6.7         0.70         SS         RINCONADA         190.5         A         7.2         12.00         SS         NORTH FRONTAL FAULT ZONE (East)         190.6         B         7.1         0.60         SS         LANDERS         195.3         B         7.1         0.60         SS         CALICO - HIDALGO         196.5         B   7.1         0.60         SS         FISCAN-EQUITAN         199.4         A         7.1         5.00         SS         JOHNSON VALLEY (Northern)         203.2         B   6.5         1.00         DS         PISCAN-EQUITE LK	CASMALIA (Orcutt Frontal Fault)	149.0	B	6.5	0.25	DS
ELSINORE-TEMECULA         158.1         B         6.8         5.00         SS         SO. SIERA NEVADA         161.4         B         7.1         0.10         DS         LOS OSOS         160.4         B         6.9         0.60         SS         GRAVEL HILLS - HARPER LAKE         169.7         B         6.9         0.60         SS         LITTLE LAKE         185.3         B         6.7         0.70         SS         BLACKWATER         185.5         B         6.9         0.60         SS         ROSE CANYON         185.8         B         6.9         0.60         SS         RINCONADA         196.5         B         7.3         1.00         SS         SAN JACINTO-ANZA         190.5         A         7.2         12.00         SS         CALICO - HIDALGO         196.5         B         7.1         0.60         SS         CALICO - HIDALGO         196.4         A         7.1         5.00         SS         PINTO MOUNTAIN         200.0         B         7.0         2.50         SS         PISCAN-EDULION MTNMESQUITE LK         227.0         B         6.5         1.00         SS	HELENDALE - S. LOCKHARDT	150.7	I B	7.1	1 0.60	SS
LOS OSOS         168.4   8         6.9   0.60   SS         GRAVEL HILLS - HARPER LAKE         169.7   8         6.9   0.60   SS         HOSGRI         178.2   8         7.3   2.50   SS         LITTLE LAKE         185.3   8         6.9   0.60   SS         BLACKMATER         185.5   8         6.9   0.60   SS         ROSE CANYON         185.8   8         6.9   1.50   SS         RINCOMADA         197.6   8         7.3   1.00   SS         SAN JACINTO-ANZA         190.5   A         7.2   12.00   SS         NORTH FRONTAL FAULT ZONE (East)         190.5   B         7.1   0.60   SS         CALICO - HIDALGO         195.3   B         7.1   0.60   SS         ELSINORE-JULIAN         199.4   A         7.1   0.60   SS         JOHNSON VALLEY (Northern)         203.2   B         6.7   0.60   SS         TANK CANTON         211.6   B         7.1   0.60   SS         PISGAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK         227.0   B         7.1   0.60   SS         PUSGH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK         229.2   B         7.2   2.50   SS         PUSGAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK         229.2   B         7.2   2.50   SS         EUREKA PEAK         229.2   B         7.2   2.50   SS         EUREKA PEAK         229.2   B         7.2   2.50   SS	SAN JACINTO-SAN JACINTO VALLEY	154.1	I B	6.9	12.00	I SS
LOS OSOS         168.4   8         6.9   0.60   SS         GRAVEL HILLS - HARPER LAKE         169.7   8         6.9   0.60   SS         HOSGRI         178.2   8         7.3   2.50   SS         LITTLE LAKE         185.3   8         6.9   0.60   SS         BLACKMATER         185.5   8         6.9   0.60   SS         ROSE CANYON         185.8   8         6.9   1.50   SS         RINCOMADA         197.6   8         7.3   1.00   SS         SAN JACINTO-ANZA         190.5   A         7.2   12.00   SS         NORTH FRONTAL FAULT ZONE (East)         190.5   B         7.1   0.60   SS         CALICO - HIDALGO         195.3   B         7.1   0.60   SS         ELSINORE-JULIAN         199.4   A         7.1   0.60   SS         JOHNSON VALLEY (Northern)         203.2   B         6.7   0.60   SS         TANK CANTON         211.6   B         7.1   0.60   SS         PISGAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK         227.0   B         7.1   0.60   SS         PUSGH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK         229.2   B         7.2   2.50   SS         PUSGAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK         229.2   B         7.2   2.50   SS         EUREKA PEAK         229.2   B         7.2   2.50   SS         EUREKA PEAK         229.2   B         7.2   2.50   SS	ELSINORE-TEMECULA	158.1	I B	6.8	5.00	
LDS USUS         168.4   B         6.9   0.60   DS         GRAVEL HILLS - HARPER LAKE         169.7   B         6.9   0.60   SS         HOSGRI         178.2   B         7.3   2.50   SS         LITTLE LAKE         185.3   B         6.9   0.60   SS         BLACKMATER         185.3   B         6.9   0.60   SS         ROSE CANYON         185.8   B         6.9   1.50   SS         RINCONADA         187.6   B         7.3   1.00   SS         SAN JACINTO-ANZA         190.5   A         7.2   12.00   SS         NORTH FRONTAL FAULT ZONE (East)         190.5   B         7.1   0.60   SS         CALICO - HIDALGO         195.3   B         7.1   5.00   SS         LANDERS         195.3   B         7.1   0.60   SS         CALICO - HIDALGO         196.5   B         7.1   0.60   SS         JOHNSON VALLEY (NOTHERN)         203.2   B         6.7   0.60   SS         JOHNSON VALLEY (NOTHERN)         227.0   B         7.6   1.50   SS         PISCAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK         227.0   B         7.2   2.50   SS         PURNMITT VALLEY         228.3   B         6.5   0.60   SS         PNAMITT VALLEY         229.2   B         7.2   2.50   SS         EUREKA PEAK         229.2   B         7.2   2.50   SS         EUREKA PEAK	So. SIERRA NEVADA	161.4	ίв	7.1	0.10	I DS
HOSGRI         178.2         B         7.3         2.50         SS         LITTLE LAKE         185.3         B         6.7         0.70         SS         BLACKWATER         185.3         B         6.9         1.50         SS         ROSE CANYON         185.8         B         6.9         1.50         SS         RINCONADA         187.6         B         7.3         1.00         SS         SAN JACINTO-ANZA         190.6         B         6.7         0.50         DS         NORTH FRONTAL FAULT ZONE (East)         190.6         B         6.7         0.60         SS         CALICO - HIDALGO         195.3         B         7.1         0.60         SS         CALICO - HIDALGO         199.4         A         7.1         0.60         SS         JOHNSON VALLEY (Northern)         203.2         B         6.7         0.60         SS         TANK CANYON         211.6         B         6.5         1.00         DS         EMERSON So COPPER MTN.         217.1         B         6.5         0.60         SS         PISCAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK         227.9         B         7.1         0.60         SS </td <td>LOS OSOS</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	LOS OSOS					
LITTLE LAKE         185.3   B         6.7   0.70   SS         BLACKWATER         185.5   B         6.7   0.70   SS         BLACKWATER         185.5   B         6.9   1.50   SS         RINCONADA         185.6   B         6.7   0.70   SS         RINCONADA         187.6   B         7.3   1.00   SS         SAN JACINTO-ANZA         190.5   A         7.2   12.00   SS         NORTH FRONTAL FAULT ZONE (East)         190.6   B         6.7   0.50   DS         LANDERS         195.3   B         7.1   0.60   SS         CALICO - HIDALGO         196.5   B         7.1   0.60   SS         ELSINORE-JULIAN         199.4   A         7.1   5.00   SS         PINTO MOUNTAIN         200.0   B         7.0   2.50   SS         JOHNSON VALLEY (Northern)         203.2   B         6.7   0.60   SS         DISCAN-SON SO COPPER MTN.         217.1   B         6.5   1.00   DS         EMERSON SO COPPER MTN.         227.0   B         7.1   5.06   SS         PISCAN-EDULLION MTNMESQUITE LK         229.2   B         7.2   2.50   SS         BURNT MTN.         228.3   B   6.5   0.60   SS         SA         PANAMINT VALLEY         229.2   B   7.2   2.50   SS         SA         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK         235.4   B   6.5   2.00   SS         SA						
BLACKWATER         185.5   B       6.9   0.60   SS         ROSE CANTON         185.8   B       6.9   1.50   SS         ROSE CANTON         185.8   B       6.9   1.50   SS         RINCONADA         197.6   B       7.2   12.00   SS         SAN JACINTO-ANZA         190.5   A       7.2   12.00   SS         CALICO - HIDALGO         196.5   B         6.7   0.60   SS         CALICO - HIDALGO         196.5   B         7.1   0.60   SS         CALICO - HIDALGO         196.5   B         7.1   0.60   SS         JORNSON VALLEY (Northern)         203.2   B         6.7   0.60   SS         JOHNSON VALLEY (Northern)         201.6   B         6.5   1.00   DS         EMERSON SO COPPER MTN.         227.9   B         7.1   0.60   SS         DISCAM-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK         227.9   B         7.2   2.50   SS         BURNT MTN.         228.3   B         6.5   0.60   SS         OWL LAKE         229.3   B         6.5   0.60   SS         OWL LAKE         229.3   B         6.5   0.60   SS         OWL LAKE         229.3   B         6.5   0.200   SS         SAN ALCINTO-COYOTE CREEK         235.4   B         6.5   0.200   SS         SAN ALCINTO-COYOTE CREEK         236.9   B         6.5   0.200   SS         SAN ALCINTO-COYOT						
ROSE CANYON         185.8   B       6.9   1.50   SS         RINCONADA         187.6   B         7.3   1.00   SS         SAN JACINTO-ANZA         190.5   A         7.2   12.00   SS         NORTH FRONTAL FAULT ZONE (East)         190.5   A         7.3   1.00   SS         LANDERS         195.3   B         7.1   0.60   SS         CALICO - HIDALGO         196.5   B         7.1   0.60   SS         ELSINORE-JULIAN         199.4   A         7.1   0.60   SS         JOHNSON VALLEY (Northern)         200.0   B         7.0   2.50   SS         JOHNSON VALLEY (Northern)         203.2   B         6.7   0.60   SS         TANK CANYON         211.6   B         6.5   1.00   DS         EMERSON SO COPPER MTN.         217.1   B         6.5   0.60   SS         PISCAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK         229.2   B         7.2   2.50   SS         EUREKA PEAK         229.2   B         7.2   2.50   SS         EUREKA PEAK         229.2   B         7.2   2.50   SS         ENT MTN.         225.4   B         6.5   2.00   SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK         235.4   B         6.5   2.00   SS         SAN ANDREAS (Creeping)         245.1   B         5.0   34.00   SS         DEATH VALLEY         274.0   B         6.8   4.00   SS						
RINCONADA       107.6       B       7.3       1.00       SS         SAN JACINTO-ANZA       100.5       A       7.2       12.00       SS         SAN JACINTO-ANZA       190.5       A       7.2       12.00       SS         NORTH FRONTAL FAULT ZONE (East)       190.6       B       6.7       0.50       DS         LANDERS       195.3       B       7.3       0.60       SS         CALICO - HIDALGO       196.5       B       7.1       0.60       SS         ELSINORE-JULIAN       199.4       A       7.1       5.00       SS         PINTO MOUNTAIN       200.0       B       7.0       2.50       SS         JORNSON VALLEY (Northern)       203.2       B       6.5       1.00       DS         EMERSON SO COPPER MTN.       211.6       B       6.5       1.00       DS         PISCAH-EDULION MTNMESQUITE LK       227.0       B       7.1       0.60       SS         PANAMINT VALLEY       228.3       B       6.5       0.60       SS         PANAMINT WALLEY       229.2       B       7.2       2.50       SS         EVEREKA PEAK       2235.4       B       6.5       2.					-	
SAN JACINTO-ANZA       190.5       A       7.2       12.00       SS         NORTH FRONTAL FAULT ZONE (East)       190.6       B       6.7       0.50       DS         LANDERS       195.3       B       7.1       0.60       SS         CALICO - HIDALGO       196.5       B       7.1       0.60       SS         CLICO - HIDALGO       196.5       B       7.1       0.60       SS         PINTO MOUNTAIN       1200.0       B       7.0       2.50       SS         JOHNSON VALLEY (Northern)       203.2       B       6.7       0.60       SS         JOHNSON VALLEY (Northern)       203.2       B       6.7       0.60       SS         JOHNSON VALLEY (Northern)       227.0       B       7.6       1.50       SS         PISCAMEDULION MTNMESQUITE LK       227.9       B       7.1       0.60       SS         BURNT MTN.       228.2       B       7.2       2.50       SS         OWENS VALLEY       228.3       B       6.5       0.60       SS         OWENTAIN       228.3       B       6.5       2.00       SS         SOWELLINO       MTNMESQUITE LK       228.3       B						
LANDERS   195.3   B   7.3   0.60   SS CALICO - HIDALGO   196.5   B   7.3   0.60   SS ELSINORE-JULIAN   199.4   A   7.1   5.00   SS ELSINORE-JULIAN   200.0   B   7.0   2.50   SS JOHNSON VALLEY (NOTHERN)   203.2   B   6.7   0.60   SS TANK CANTON   211.6   B   6.5   1.00   DS EMERSON SO COPPER MTN.   217.1   B   6.5   1.00   SS OWENS VALLEY (NOTHERN)   227.0   B   7.6   1.50   SS OWENS VALLEY (NOTHERN)   227.0   B   7.6   1.50   SS EUREKA PEAK   228.3   B   6.5   0.60   SS EUREKA PEAK   229.2   B   7.2   2.50   SS EUREKA PEAK   229.3   B   6.5   0.60   SS EARTHQUAKE VALLEY   243.5   B   6.5   2.00   SS EARTHQUAKE VALLEY   244.5   B   6.5   2.00   SS SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK   235.4   B   6.5   2.00   SS EARTHQUAKE VALLEY   244.5   B   6.5   34.00   SS EARTHQUAKE VALLEY   244.5   B   6.9   4.00   SS DEATH VALLEY (Graben)   274.0   B   6.8   4.00   SS SAN JACINTO - BORREGO   275.0   B   6.6   4.00   SS SAN JACINTO - BORREGO   275.0   B   6.5   0.70   SS SAN JACINTO - SO SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto)   307.7   B   6.6   5.00   SS EARTHCY SISHIC ZONE   303.9   B   6.5   2.00   SS EARTHCY SISHIC ZONE   303.1   B   6.5   1.00   SS EARTHCY SISHIC ZONE   301.4   B   6.5   1.00   SS EARTHCY SISHIC ZONE   311.3   A   7.2   5.00   SS ELMORE RANCH   311.4   B   6.6   1.00   SS		107.6	I B	7.3	1.00	
LANDERS   195.3   B   7.3   0.60   SS CALICO - HIDALGO   196.5   B   7.3   0.60   SS ELSINORE-JULIAN   199.4   A   7.1   5.00   SS ELSINORE-JULIAN   200.0   B   7.0   2.50   SS JOHNSON VALLEY (NOTHERN)   203.2   B   6.7   0.60   SS TANK CANTON   211.6   B   6.5   1.00   DS EMERSON SO COPPER MTN.   217.1   B   6.5   1.00   SS OWENS VALLEY (NOTHERN)   227.0   B   7.6   1.50   SS OWENS VALLEY (NOTHERN)   227.0   B   7.6   1.50   SS EUREKA PEAK   228.3   B   6.5   0.60   SS EUREKA PEAK   229.2   B   7.2   2.50   SS EUREKA PEAK   229.3   B   6.5   0.60   SS EARTHQUAKE VALLEY   243.5   B   6.5   2.00   SS EARTHQUAKE VALLEY   244.5   B   6.5   2.00   SS SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK   235.4   B   6.5   2.00   SS EARTHQUAKE VALLEY   244.5   B   6.5   34.00   SS EARTHQUAKE VALLEY   244.5   B   6.9   4.00   SS DEATH VALLEY (Graben)   274.0   B   6.8   4.00   SS SAN JACINTO - BORREGO   275.0   B   6.6   4.00   SS SAN JACINTO - BORREGO   275.0   B   6.5   0.70   SS SAN JACINTO - SO SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto)   307.7   B   6.6   5.00   SS EARTHCY SISHIC ZONE   303.9   B   6.5   2.00   SS EARTHCY SISHIC ZONE   303.1   B   6.5   1.00   SS EARTHCY SISHIC ZONE   301.4   B   6.5   1.00   SS EARTHCY SISHIC ZONE   311.3   A   7.2   5.00   SS ELMORE RANCH   311.4   B   6.6   1.00   SS	SAN JACINTO-ANZA	1 190.5	A	7.2	12.00	
CALICO - HIDALGO       1 106.7 1       0.60 1       SS         ELSINORE-JULIAN       1 199.4 1       A       7.1 1       0.60 1       SS         PINTO MOUNTAIN       1 200.0 1       B       7.0 1       2.50 1       SS         JOHNSON VALLEY (Northern)       1 203.2 1       B       6.5 1       1.00 1       DS         EMERSON SO COPPER MTN.       1 211.6 1       B       6.5 1       1.00 1       DS         EMERSON SO COPPER MTN.       1 217.1 1       B       6.9 1       0.60 1       SS         OWENS VALLEY       227.0 1       B       7.6 1       1.50 1       SS         PISGAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK       227.9 1       B       7.1 1       0.60 1       SS         BURNT MTN.       1 228.3 1       B       1 6.5 1       0.60 1       SS         PNAMINT VALLEY       229.3 1       B       1 6.5 1       2.00 1       SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK       1 235.4 1       B       1 6.5 1       2.00 1       SS         SAN ANDREAS (Creeping)       1 244.5 1       B 1 6.9 1       4.00 1       SS         SAN ANDREAS (Creeping)       2 245.1 1       B 1 6.9 1       4.00 1       SS         DEATH VALLEY (South)	NORTH FRONTAL FAULT ZONE (East)	190.6	I B			
HART CANTON       1       211.6       B       6.5       1.00       DS         EMERSON SO COPPER MTN.       1       217.1       B       6.9       0.60       SS         OMENS VALLEY       1       227.0       B       7.6       1.50       SS         PISCAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK       1       227.9       B       7.1       0.60       SS         PISCAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK       1       228.3       B       1       6.5       0.60       SS         PANAMINT VALLEY       1       228.3       B       1       6.5       0.60       SS         CWL LAKE       1       229.3       B       1       6.5       2.00       SS         OWL LAKE       235.4       B       6.5       2.00       SS         CARTHQUAKE VALLEY       1       244.5       B       6.5       2.00       SS         SAN ADREAS (Creeping)       1       245.1       B       5.0       1       34.00       SS         DEATH VALLEY (Graben)       1       274.0       B       6.9       4.00       SS         DEATH VALLEY (Graben)       1       274.3       B       6.6       4.00       SS <td>LANDERS</td> <td>1 195.3</td> <td>I B</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	LANDERS	1 195.3	I B			
HART CANTON       i       211.6       B       6.5       1.00       DS         EMERSON SO COPPER MTN.       i       217.1       B       6.6.9       i       0.60       SS         OWENS VALLEY       i       227.0       B       i       7.6       i       1.50       SS         PISCAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK       i       227.9       B       i       7.1       0.60       SS         PISCAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK       i       228.3       B       i       6.5       0.60       SS         PANAMINT VALLEY       i       228.3       B       i       6.5       0.60       SS         OWL LAKE       i       229.3       B       i       6.5       2.00       SS         OWL LAKE       i       235.4       B       i       6.5       2.00       SS         CARTHQUAKE VALLEY       i       245.1       B       i       6.5       i       2.00       SS         SAN ADREAS (Creeping)       i       245.1       B       i       6.9       i<.00	CALICO - HIDALGO	196.5	В			
HART CANTON       1       211.6       B       6.5       1.00       DS         EMERSON SO COPPER MTN.       1       217.1       B       6.9       0.60       SS         OMENS VALLEY       1       227.0       B       7.6       1.50       SS         PISCAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK       1       227.9       B       7.1       0.60       SS         PISCAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK       1       228.3       B       1       6.5       0.60       SS         PANAMINT VALLEY       1       228.3       B       1       6.5       0.60       SS         CWL LAKE       1       229.3       B       1       6.5       2.00       SS         OWL LAKE       235.4       B       6.5       2.00       SS         CARTHQUAKE VALLEY       1       244.5       B       6.5       2.00       SS         SAN ADREAS (Creeping)       1       245.1       B       5.0       1       34.00       SS         DEATH VALLEY (Graben)       1       274.0       B       6.9       4.00       SS         DEATH VALLEY (Graben)       1       274.3       B       6.6       4.00       SS <td>ELSINUKE-JULIAN</td> <td>[ 199.4</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	ELSINUKE-JULIAN	[ 199.4				
HART CANTON       i       211.6       B       6.5       1.00       DS         EMERSON SO COPPER MTN.       i       217.1       B       6.6.9       i       0.60       SS         OWENS VALLEY       i       227.0       B       i       7.6       i       1.50       SS         PISCAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK       i       227.9       B       i       7.1       0.60       SS         PISCAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK       i       228.3       B       i       6.5       0.60       SS         PANAMINT VALLEY       i       228.3       B       i       6.5       0.60       SS         OWL LAKE       i       229.3       B       i       6.5       2.00       SS         OWL LAKE       i       235.4       B       i       6.5       2.00       SS         CARTHQUAKE VALLEY       i       245.1       B       i       6.5       i       2.00       SS         SAN ADREAS (Creeping)       i       245.1       B       i       6.9       i<.00	PINIO MOUNTAIN	200.0	ГВ			
HART CANTON       i       211.6       B       6.5       1.00       DS         EMERSON SO COPPER MTN.       i       217.1       B       6.6.9       i       0.60       SS         OWENS VALLEY       i       227.0       B       i       7.6       i       1.50       SS         PISCAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK       i       227.9       B       i       7.1       0.60       SS         PISCAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK       i       228.3       B       i       6.5       0.60       SS         PANAMINT VALLEY       i       228.3       B       i       6.5       0.60       SS         OWL LAKE       i       229.3       B       i       6.5       2.00       SS         OWL LAKE       i       235.4       B       i       6.5       2.00       SS         CARTHQUAKE VALLEY       i       245.1       B       i       6.5       i       2.00       SS         SAN ADREAS (Creeping)       i       245.1       B       i       6.9       i<.00	JUHNSON VALLEY (Northern)	203.2	В			
OMENS VALLEY       (       227.0               B               7.6               1.50               SS         PISCAN-EDULLION MTNMESQUITE LK               227.0               B               7.1               0.60               SS         BURNT MTN.               228.3               B               6.5               0.60               SS         BURNT MTN.               229.2               B               6.5               0.60               SS         CWREKA PEAK               229.2               B               6.5               2.00               SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK               235.4               B               6.5               2.00               SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK               236.9               B               6.5               2.00               SS         SAN ADREAS (Creeping)       !       245.1               B       !       6.9       !       4.00               SS         DEATH VALLEY (Graben)       !       274.0       !       B       !       6.9       !						
PISGAH-BULLION MTNMESQUITE LK       227.9       B       7.1       0.60       SS         BURNT MTN.       228.3       B       6.5       0.60       SS         PNANMINT VALLEY       229.2       B       7.2       2.50       SS         EUREKA PEAK       229.2       B       7.2       2.50       SS         EUREKA PEAK       229.2       B       7.2       2.00       SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK       235.4       B       6.5       2.00       SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK       236.9       B       6.5       2.00       SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK       236.9       B       6.5       2.00       SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK       236.9       B       6.5       2.00       SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK       226.6       B       6.9       4.00       SS         DEATH VALLEY (South)       268.5       B       6.9       4.00       SS         DEATH VALLEY (Graben)       274.0       B       6.8       4.00       SS         SAN JACINTO - BORREGO       275.0       B       6.6       4.00       SS         SAN JACINTO - BORREGO       277.0       B	OWENE VALLEY	1 217.1	в			
BURNT MTN.               228.3         B               6.5         0.60         SS         PANAMINT VALLEY               229.2         B               7.2         2.50         SS         EUREKA PEAK               229.2         B               6.5         0.60         SS         OWL LAKE               229.2         B               6.5         2.00         SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK               235.4         B               6.5         2.00         SS         EARTHQUAKE VALLEY               244.5         B               6.5         2.00         SS         SAN ANDREAS (Creeping)       !       245.1         B               6.9         0.20         DS         DEATH VALLEY (South)       !       266.6         B       !       6.9         4.00         SS         DEATH VALLEY (Graben)       !       274.0         B       !       6.8         4.00         SS         SAN JACINTO - BOREGO       !       274.3         B       !       6.6         4.00         SS         SUPERSTITION FE MUNTAIN       !       274.3         B       !       6.5 !       0.70 !						
OWL LARE         235.4         B         6.5         2.00         SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK         236.9         B         6.5         2.00         SS         EARTHQUAKE VALLEY         244.5         B         6.5         2.00         SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK         244.5         B         6.5         2.00         SS         EARTHQUAKE VALLEY         244.5         B         6.5         2.00         SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK         245.6         B         6.9         0.20         SS         DEATH VALLEY (South)         268.5         B         6.9         4.00         SS         DEATH VALLEY (Graben)         274.0         B           6.8         4.00         SS         SAN JACINTO - BORREGO         275.0         B           6.6         4.00         SS         SAN JACINTO - BORREGO         277.0         B           6.5         0.70         DS         BIRCH CREEK         3031.1         B           6.5         0.70         DS         SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto)         307.7         B           6.6         5.00         SS         BRAHLEY SSISMIC ZONE         309.9         B           6.5	BIRNT MTN	1 227.9				
OWL LARE         235.4         B         6.5         2.00         SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK         236.9         B         6.5         2.00         SS         EARTHQUAKE VALLEY         244.5         B         6.5         2.00         SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK         244.5         B         6.5         2.00         SS         EARTHQUAKE VALLEY         244.5         B         6.5         2.00         SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK         245.6         B         6.9         0.20         SS         DEATH VALLEY (South)         268.5         B         6.9         4.00         SS         DEATH VALLEY (Graben)         274.0         B           6.8         4.00         SS         SAN JACINTO - BORREGO         275.0         B           6.6         4.00         SS         SAN JACINTO - BORREGO         277.0         B           6.5         0.70         DS         BIRCH CREEK         3031.1         B           6.5         0.70         DS         SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto)         307.7         B           6.6         5.00         SS         BRAHLEY SSISMIC ZONE         309.9         B           6.5	PANAMINT VALLEY	228.3				
OWL LARE         235.4         B         6.5         2.00         SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK         236.9         B         6.5         2.00         SS         EARTHQUAKE VALLEY         244.5         B         6.5         2.00         SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK         244.5         B         6.5         2.00         SS         EARTHQUAKE VALLEY         244.5         B         6.5         2.00         SS         SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK         245.6         B         6.9         0.20         SS         DEATH VALLEY (South)         268.5         B         6.9         4.00         SS         DEATH VALLEY (Graben)         274.0         B           6.8         4.00         SS         SAN JACINTO - BORREGO         275.0         B           6.6         4.00         SS         SAN JACINTO - BORREGO         277.0         B           6.5         0.70         DS         BIRCH CREEK         3031.1         B           6.5         0.70         DS         SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto)         307.7         B           6.6         5.00         SS         BRAHLEY SSISMIC ZONE         309.9         B           6.5	EIREKA PEAK	1 220 2				
SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK       235.9       B       6.8       4.00       SS         EARTHQUAKE VALLEY       244.5       B       6.8       4.00       SS         SAN ANDREAS (Creeping)       244.5       B       6.5       2.00       SS         INDEPENDENCE       256.6       B       6.9       0.20       DS         DEATH VALLEY (South)       268.5       B       6.9       4.00       SS         DEATH VALLEY (Graben)       274.0       B       6.8       4.00       SS         LESINORE-COYOTE MOUNTAIN       274.3       B       6.6       4.00       SS         BIRCH CREEK       1       301.1       B       6.6.5       4.00       SS         SUPERSTITION MTN SALINE VALLEY       277.0       B       7.0       2.50       SS         SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto)       307.7       B       6.6       5.00       SS         DEATH VALLEY (Northern)       311.3       A       7.2       5.00       SS						
EARTHQUARE VALLEY         244.5         B         6.5         2.00         SS         SAN ANDREAS (Creeping)         245.1         B         5.0         34.00         SS         INDEPENDENCE         256.6         B         6.9         0.20         DS         DEATH VALLEY (South)         268.5         B         6.9         4.00         SS         DEATH VALLEY (Graben)         274.0         B         6.8         4.00         DS         ELSINORE-COYOTE MOUNTAIN         274.3         B         6.6         4.00         SS         SAN AJACINTO - BORREGO         275.0         B         6.6         4.00         SS         BIRCH CREEK         207.0         B         6.6         4.00         SS         SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto)         307.7         B         6.6         5.00         SS         BRAWLEY SEISMIC ZONE         309.9         B         6.6         5.00         SS         DEATH VALLEY (Northern)         311.4         B         6.6         1.00         SS	SAN JACINTO-COYOTE CREEK	236 9		1 6 8	1 2.00	
DEATH VALLEY (South)         268.5         B         6.9         4.00         SS         DEATH VALLEY (Graben)         274.0         B         6.9         4.00         DS         ELSINORE-COYOTE MOUNTAIN         274.0         B         6.6         4.00         SS         SAN JACINTO - BORREGO         275.0         B         6.6         4.00         SS         HUNTER MTN SALINE VALLEY         277.0         B         6.5         0.70         DS         BIRCH CREEK         303.1         B         6.6         5.00         SS         SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto)         307.7         B         6.6         5.00         SS         DEATH VALLEY (Northern)         311.3         A         7.2         5.00         SS	EARTHOUAKE VALLEY	1 244 5		65		
DEATH VALLEY (South)         268.5         B         6.9         4.00         SS         DEATH VALLEY (Graben)         274.0         B         6.9         4.00         DS         ELSINORE-COYOTE MOUNTAIN         274.0         B         6.6         4.00         SS         SAN JACINTO - BORREGO         275.0         B         6.6         4.00         SS         HUNTER MTN SALINE VALLEY         277.0         B         6.5         0.70         DS         BIRCH CREEK         303.1         B         6.6         5.00         SS         SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto)         307.7         B         6.6         5.00         SS         DEATH VALLEY (Northern)         311.3         A         7.2         5.00         SS	SAN ANDREAS (Creeping)					
DEATH VALLEY (South)         268.5         B         6.9         4.00         SS         DEATH VALLEY (Graben)         274.0         B         6.9         4.00         DS         ELSINORE-COYOTE MOUNTAIN         274.0         B         6.6         4.00         SS         SAN JACINTO - BORREGO         275.0         B         6.6         4.00         SS         HUNTER MTN SALINE VALLEY         277.0         B         6.5         0.70         DS         BIRCH CREEK         303.1         B         6.6         5.00         SS         SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto)         307.7         B         6.6         5.00         SS         DEATH VALLEY (Northern)         311.3         A         7.2         5.00         SS	INDEPENDENCE					
DEATH VALLEY (Graben)               274.0               B               6.8               4.00               DS         ELSINORE-COYOTE MOUNTAIN               274.3               B               6.8               4.00               SS         SAN JACINTO - BOREGO               275.0               B               6.6               4.00               SS         HUNTER MTN SALINE VALLEY               277.0               B               7.0               SS         BIRCH CREEK       !       303.1               B               6.5       !       0.00               SS         SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto)       !       307.7               B               6.6               5.00               SS         DEATH VALLEY (Northern)       !       311.3               A       !       7.2       !       5.00       !       SS         ELMORE RANCH       !       311.4               B       !       6.6       !       .00       !       SS	DEATH VALLEY (South)	268.5	1 8	6.9	4.00	
ELSINORE-COYOTE MOUNTAIN         274.3         B         6.8         4.00         SS         SAN JACINTO - BORREGO         275.0         B         6.6         4.00         SS         HUNTER MTN SALINE VALLEY         277.0         B         7.0         2.50         SS         BIRCH CREEK         303.1         B         6.5         0.70         DS         SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto)         307.7         B         6.6         5.00         SS         DEATH VALLEY (Northern)         301.3         A         7.2         5.00         SS         ELMORE RANCH         311.4         B         6.6         1.00         SS	DEATH VALLEY (Graben)	1 274.0	I B			
HUNTER MTN SALINE VALLEY         277.0         B         7.0         2.50         SS         BIRCH CREEK         303.1         B         6.5         0.70         DS         SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto)         307.7         B         6.6         5.00         SS         BRAWLEY SRISMIC ZONE         309.9         B         6.5         25.00         SS         DEATH VALLEY (Northern)         311.3         A         7.2         5.00         SS         ELMORE RANCH         311.4         B         6.6         1.00         SS	ELSINORE-COYOTE MOUNTAIN	274.3	I B	6.8		
HUNTER MTN SALINE VALLEY         277.0         B         7.0         2.50         SS         BIRCH CREEK               303.1         B               6.5         0.70         DS         SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto)               307.7         B               6.6         5.00         SS         BRAWLEY SIISMIC ZONE               309.9         B               6.5         25.00         SS         DEATH VALLEY (Northern)               311.3         A               7.2         5.00         SS	SAN JACINTO - BORREGO	275.0	I B	6.6	4.00	
BIRWLEY SEISMIC ZONE         303.1         B         6.5         0.70         DS         SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto)         307.7         B         6.6         5.00         SS         BRAWLEY SEISMIC ZONE         309.9         B         6.5         25.00         SS         DEATH VALLEY (Northern)         311.3         A         7.2         5.00         SS         ELMORE RANCH         311.4         B         6.6         1.00         SS	HUNTER MTN SALINE VALLEY	277.0	I B	1 7.0	2.50	I SS
DEATH VALLEY (Northern)         I 309.9           B           6.5           25.00           SS           ELMORE RANCH                   311.4           B           6.6           1.00           SS				6.5	0.70	
DEATH VALLEY (Northern)         I 309.9           B           6.5           25.00           SS           ELMORE RANCH                   311.4           B           6.6           1.00           SS	SUPERSTITION MTN. (San Jacinto)	1 307.7	1 B	6.6	5.00	SS
DEATH VALLEY (Northern)               311.3         A               7.2         5.00 !       SS         ELMORE RANCH               311.4         B               6.6         1.00         SS         SUPERSTITION HILLS (San Jacinto)               313.5         B               6.6         4.00         SS         WHITE MOUNTAINS               313.5         B               6.6         4.00         SS         ELSINORE-LAGUNA SALADA               325.8         B               7.0         3.50         SS         ROUND VALLEY (E. of S.N.Mtns.)               330.0         B               6.6         1.00         DS	BRAWLEY SEISMIC ZONE	1 309.9	ΙВ	6.5	1 25.00	i ss
ELMORE RANCH         311.4         B         6.6         1.00         SS         SUPERSTITION HILLS (San Jacinto)         313.5         B         6.6         4.00         SS         WHITE MOUNTAINS         313.5         B         7.1         1.00         SS         ELSINORE-LAGUNA SALADA         325.8         B         7.0         3.50         SS         ROUND VALLEY (E. of S.N.Mtns.)         330.0         B         6.6         1.00         DS	DEATH VALLEY (Northern)	311.3	A	7.2	1 5.00	SS
SUPERSTITION HILLS (San Jacinto)         313.5         B         6.6         4.00         SS         WHITE MOUNTAINS         313.5         B         7.1         1.00         SS         ELSINORE-LAGUNA SALADA         325.8         B         7.0         3.50         SS         ROUND VALLEY (E. of S.N.Mtns.)         330.0         B         6.6         1.00         DS	ELMORE RANCH	311.4	I B	6.6	1.00	SS
WHITE MOUNTAINS           313.5           B           7.1           1.00           SS           ELSINORE-LAGUNA SALADA                   325.8           B                   7.0           3.50           SS           ROUND VALLEY (E. of S.N.Mtns.)                   330.0           B                   6.6           1.00           DS	SUPERSTITION HILLS (San Jacinto)	313.5	I B	6.6	4.00	I SS
ELSINORE-LAGUNA SALADA           325.8           B           7.0           3.50           SS           ROUND VALLEY (E. of S.N.Mtns.)           330.0           B           6.6           1.00           DS	WHITE MOUNTAINS	313.5	I B	7.1	1.00	I SS
ROUND VALLEY (E. of S.N.Mtns.)   330.0   B   6.8   1.00   DS	ELSINORE-LAGUNA SALADA	325.8	I B	7.0	1 3.50	l ss
	ROUND VALLEY (E. of S.N.Mtns.)	330.0	I B	6.8	1 1.00	
ORTIGALITA   331.7   B   6.9   1.00   SS	ORTIGALITA	331.7	I B	6.9	1.00	SS

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#### -----SUMMARY OF FAULT PARAMETERS

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ABBREVIATED FAULT NAME         I APPEOX. [SOURCE   MAX.   SLIP         FAULT         TYPE           CALAVERAS (So.of Calaveras Res)           333.7   B           6.2   15.00   SS           COLAVERAS (So.of Calaveras Res)           333.7   B           6.2   15.00   SS           MORTEREY RAY - TULARCITOS           335.4   B           7.1   0.50   DS           DEEP SFINGS           336.1   B           7.0   3.00   SS           FISH SLOUGH           340.4   A           7.0   3.00   SS           GUIEN SABE           340.4   A           6.6   0.20   DS           GUIEN SABE           343.8   B           6.6   0.20   DS           GUIEN SABE           343.8   B           6.6   0.20   DS           GUIEN SABE           343.3   A           7.0   S.00   SS           SAN FURCKISS           353.2   B           6.6   0.20   DS           DEATH VALLEY (N. OF Cucamongo)           354.3   A           7.0   S.00   SS           SAN RDREAS (1906)           371.0   A           7.3   S.00   SS           SANGENT           372.7   B           6.6   0.50   DS           MONO LAXE           400.2   A           7.3   S.00   SS           GREGORIO           410.2   A           7.3   S.00   SS           GREGORIO           422.1   B           6.5   0.40   DS           MONTE VISTA						
ABBREVIATED         IDISTANCE         TYPE         MAG.         IRAG.		APPROX.	SOURCE	MAX.	SLIP	FAULT
FAULT NAME         ( k,n)         ( k,n, C, C)         ( M=V)         ( M=V)         ( SS, DS, DT)           CALAVERAS (So.of Calaveras Res)         334.7         B         6.2         15.00         ( SS, DS, DT)           CALAVERAS (So.of Calaveras Res)         333.4         B         7.1         0.500         DS           DEFP SFRINGS         335.8         B         6.6         0.60         DS           PALO COLORADO - SUR         1         336.1         B         7.0         1         3.00         SS           IMPERIA         1         340.4         A         7.0         1         2.00         SS           UIEN SABE         1         343.8         B         6.6         0.200         SS           SATANTE-VERGELES         1         353.2         B         6.6.8         0.10         SS           SAN GREGRIO         1         371.0         A         7.9         1         2.000         SS           SARGENT         1         371.0         A         6.6         0.50         DS           SAN GREGRIO         410.2         A         7.3         5.00         SS           MANDREGRIO         4422.1         B         6.5						
CALAVERAS (So. of Calaveras Res)         334.7         B           6.2         15.00         SS           MONTEREY BAY - TULARCITOS         335.4         B         7.1         0.50         DS           DEEP SPRINGS         1335.4         B         16.6         10.00         DS           PALO COLORADO - SUR         1335.4         B         16.6         10.00         DS           SIMPERIAL         1340.4         A         7.0         20.00         SS           CUIEN SABE         1340.4         A         7.0         20.00         SS           HILTON CREEK         1353.2         B         16.7         2.50         DS           DEATH VALLEY (N. of Cucamongo)         1354.3         A         7.0         5.00         SS           SAN ANDRASS (1906)         1371.5         B         16.6         10.05         SS           SAN ANDRASS (1906)         1371.5         B         16.6         2.50         DS           SAN ANDRASS (1906)         421.0         B         6.5         0.40         DS           MARTLEY SPRINGS         1372.7         B         6.6         2.50         DS           SAN ANDRAS         1906.0         SS         GREENTU						
CALAVERAS (So. of Calaveras Res)       334.7       B       6.2       15.00       SS         MONTEREY BAY - TULARCITOS       335.4       B       7.1       0.50       DS         DEEP SPRINGS       335.8       B       6.6       0.80       DS         PALD COLORADO - SUR       1336.1       B       7.0       13.00       SS         IMPERIAL       1340.4       A       7.0       13.00       SS         IMPERIAL       1340.4       A       7.0       13.00       SS         FISH SLOUGH       1343.8       B       6.6       0.20       DS         GUIEN SABE       1348.4       B       6.6.7       2.500       DS         DEATH VALLEY (N. of Cucamongo)       1354.3       A       7.0       S.00       SS         SAN GREGORIO       1371.5       B       6.6.8       0.100       SS         SAN GREGORIO       410.2       A       7.3       S.00       SS         MONO LAKZ       406.0       B       6.5       0.40       DS         MATARD (SE Extension)       422.1       B       6.5       0.50       DS         GREGORIO       4402.1       A       7.1       9.00       <						
MONTEREY PAY - TULARCITOS               335.4                       1       7.1               0.50               DS         DEEP SFINGS               336.1                       1       6.6               0.50               DS         PALO COLORADO - SUR               336.1                       1       7.0               3.00               SS         IMPERIAL               340.4               A               7.0               20.00               SS         QUIEN SABE               348.4               B               6.6               0.20               SS         ZAYANE-VERGELS               354.3               A               7.0               24.00               SS         SAN ANDEAS               106.1       B               6.6               0.00               SS         SAN ANDEAS               1406.0       B               6.6               0.00               SS         SAN ANDEAS               421.0       I       B               6.5               0.00               SS					•	
DEEP SPRINGS         335.8         B         6.6         0.80         DS         IMPERIAL         340.4         A         7.0         20.00         SS         FISH SLOUGH         340.4         A         7.0         20.00         SS         FISH SLOUGH         343.8         B         6.6         0.20         DS         QUIEN SABE         343.8         B         6.7         2.50         DS         DEATH VALLEY (N. of Cucamongo)         353.2         B         6.8         0.10         SS         SAN ANDREAS (1906)         371.0         A         7.9         24.00         SS         SARGENT         372.7         B         6.6         3.00         SS         SAN GREGORIO         410.2         A         7.3         5.00         DS         MONO LAKE         422.1         B         6.5         0.40         DS         SAN GREGORIO         422.1         B         6.5         0.40         DS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)         442.1         B         6.7         0.80         SS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)         442.1         B         6.5         0.00         SS	MONTEREY BAY - TULARCITOS	335.4	I B			
PALO COLORADO - SUR       336.1       B       7.0       3.00       SS         IMPERIAL       340.4       A       7.0       3.00       SS         IMPERIAL       340.4       A       7.0       3.00       SS         IMPERIAL       340.4       A       F.7.0       5.00       SS         QUIEN SABE       1348.4       B       6.6       1.00       SS         HLTON CREEK       353.2       B       6.7       2.50       DS         DEATH VALLEY (N. of Cucamongo)       1354.3       A       7.0       5.00       SS         SAM ANDRAS (1906)       1371.0       A       1.7.9       24.00       SS         SAM ANDRAS (1906)       1371.0       A       1.7.9       24.00       SS         SAM ANDRAS (1906)       1372.7       B       6.6       0.50       DS         SAN ANDRAS (1906)       410.2       A       1.7.3       S.00       SS         SARGEORIO       410.2       A       1.7.3       S.00       SS         SAN TELEY SPRINCS       1421.0       B       6.5       1.00       DS         NAMARD (SE Extension)       422.1       B       6.5       0.50       DS <td>DEEP SPRINGS</td> <td>1 335 8</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	DEEP SPRINGS	1 335 8				
IMPERIAL               340.4         A               7.0         20.00         SS         PISH SLOUGH               343.8         B               6.6         0.20         DS         QUIEN SABE               343.8         B               6.6         0.20         DS         PILTON CREEK               353.2         B               6.7         2.50         DS         DEATH VALLEY (N. of Cucamongo)               354.3         A               7.9         24.00         SS         SANANDREAS (1906)               371.5         B               6.6         2.50         DS         SARGENT               372.7         B               6.6         2.50         DS         SAN GREGORIO               410.2         A               7.3         5.00         SS         GREENVILLE               422.1         B               6.5         3.00         SS         RATLEY SPRINGS               422.1         B               6.0         DS         MONT LXF - SHANNON               422.1         B               6.0         DS         COLATYER - SHANNON         <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
FISH SLOUGH       1       343.8       B       6.6       0.20       DS         QUIEN SABE       1       348.4       B       6.5       1.00       SS         QUIEN SABE       1       353.2       B       6.7       2.50       DS         DEATH VALLEY (N. of Cucamongo)       1       354.3       A       1       7.0       5.00       SS         ZAYANTE-VERGELES       1       353.2       B       6.8       0.10       SS         SAN ANDRAS (1906)       1       371.0       A       1       7.9       24.00       SS         SARGENT       1       371.5       B       6.6       0.50       DS         MONO LAKE       1       406.0       B       6.6       2.50       DS         SAN GREGORIO       410.2       A       1       7.3       100       SS         GREENVILLE       422.1       B       6.5       0.40       DS         NONTE VISTA - SHANNON       1       422.1       B       6.5       0.50       DS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)       1       422.1       B       6.5       0.00       SS         CONCORD - GREEN VALLEY       1						
QUIEN SABE       1       348.4       B       6.5       1.000       SS         HILTON CREEK       1       353.2       B       6.7       2.50       DS         DEATH VALLEY (N. of Cucamongo)       1       353.3       A       1       7.0       5.00       SS         ZAYANTE-VERGLES       1       365.8       B       6.8       0.10       SS         SAN ANDREAS (1906)       1       371.5       B       6.8       0.00       SS         MARTLEY SPRINGS       1       372.7       B       6.6       0.50       DS         MONO LAKE       1       406.0       B       6.6       0.50       DS         MONTE VISTA - SHANNON       421.0       B       6.5       3.00       SS         ROBINSON CREEK       423.6       B       6.5       0.50       DS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)       442.1       B       6.5       1.000       SS         ANTELOP VALLEY       440.0       B       6.5       1.000       SS         GENDA       1       440.0       B       6.5       1.000       SS         MATLEP VALLEY       440.0       B       6.5       1.00 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td></t<>				•		
HILTON CREEK       i 353.2       B       6.7       2.50       DS         DEATH VALLEY       (N. of Cucamongo)       i 354.3       A       7.0       5.00       SS         ZAYANTE-VERGELES       i 365.8       B       6.8       0.10       SS         SAN ANDREAS       (1906)       i 371.0       A       i 7.9       24.00       SS         SARGENT       i 371.5       B       i 6.6       0.50       DS         MONO LARE       i 371.5       B       i 6.6       2.50       DS         SAN GREGORIO       i 406.0       B       i 6.5       0.400       DS         MONTE VISTA - SHANNON       i 422.1       B       i 6.5       0.400       DS         HAYWARD (SE Extension)       i 422.1       B       i 6.5       0.400       DS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)       i 442.1       B       i 6.5       0.50       DS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)       i 442.1       B       i 6.7       0.80       DS         CONCORD - GREEN VALLEY       i 472.6       B       i 6.7       0.60       DS         GENOA       i 494.0       B       i 6.5       1.000       SS         GENOA <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>• •</td> <td>• • •</td> <td></td>				• •	• • •	
DEATH VALLEY (N. of Cucamongo)       1 354.3       A       1 7.0       5.00       1 SS         ZAYANTE-VERGELES       1 365.8       B       6.8       0.10       SS         SAN ANDERAS (1906)       1 371.0       A       7.9       24.00       SS         SARGENT       1 371.5       B       6.6       0.50       DS         MONO LAKE       1 406.0       B       6.6       0.50       DS         MONO LAKE       1 406.0       B       6.6       0.50       DS         MONTE VISTA - SHANNON       1 422.0       I       B       6.5       0.400       DS         HAYWARD (SE Extension)       1 422.1       I       B       6.5       0.400       DS         ROBINSON CREER       1 423.6       I       B       6.5       0.50       DS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)       1 442.1       B       6.7       0.80       SS         CONCORD - GREEN VALLEY       1 472.6       B       6.7       0.80       DS         CONCORD - GREEN VALLEY       1 490.9       B       6.9       1.000       SS         GENCA       S28.0       A       7.0       9.001       SS         CONCORD - GREEN						
ZAYANTE-VERGELES               365.8               B               6.8               0.10               SS         SAN ANDREAS (1906)               371.0               A               7.9       24.00               SS         SARGENT               371.7               B       !       6.6       !       0.50               DS         MONO LAKE               406.0               B       !       6.6       !       0.50               DS         MONO LAKE               400.2               B       !       6.5       !       0.00       DS         SAN GREGORIO               422.1               B       !       6.5       !       0.00       I       DS         MONTE VISTA - SHANNON               422.1               B       !       6.5       !       0.00       I       SS         CREENVILLE               422.1               B       !       6.7       !       0.00       ISS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)       !       442.1               A       ?       ?       9.00       ISS         CONCORD - GREEN VALLEY						
SAN GREGORIO               410.2               A               7.3               5.00               SS         MONTE VISTA - SHANNON               422.0               B               6.5               0.40               DS         HAYWARD (SE Extension)               422.1               B               6.5               0.40               DS         ROBINSON CREEK               422.1               B               6.5               0.50               DS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)               442.1               B               6.8               6.00               SS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)               442.1               B               6.9               0.00               SS         ANTELOPE VALLEY               490.9               B               6.9               0.00               SS         GENCA               528.6               A               0.00               SS         POINT REVES               545.0               B               6.9               0.00	ZAYANTE-VERGELES	1 365 9		•		
SAN GREGORIO               410.2               A               7.3               5.00               SS         MONTE VISTA - SHANNON               422.0               B               6.5               0.40               DS         HAYWARD (SE Extension)               422.1               B               6.5               0.40               DS         ROBINSON CREEK               422.1               B               6.5               0.50               DS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)               442.1               B               6.8               6.00               SS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)               442.1               B               6.9               0.00               SS         ANTELOPE VALLEY               490.9               B               6.9               0.00               SS         GENCA               528.6               A               0.00               SS         POINT REVES               545.0               B               6.9               0.00	SAN ANDREAS (1906)	1 371 0				
SAN GREGORIO               410.2               A               7.3               5.00               SS         MONTE VISTA - SHANNON               422.0               B               6.5               0.40               DS         HAYWARD (SE Extension)               422.1               B               6.5               0.40               DS         ROBINSON CREEK               422.1               B               6.5               0.50               DS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)               442.1               B               6.8               6.00               SS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)               442.1               B               6.9               0.00               SS         ANTELOPE VALLEY               490.9               B               6.9               0.00               SS         GENCA               528.6               A               0.00               SS         POINT REVES               545.0               B               6.9               0.00	SARCENT	371.0				
SAN GREGORIO               410.2               A               7.3               5.00               SS         MONTE VISTA - SHANNON               422.0               B               6.5               0.40               DS         HAYWARD (SE Extension)               422.1               B               6.5               0.40               DS         ROBINSON CREEK               422.1               B               6.5               0.50               DS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)               442.1               B               6.8               6.00               SS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)               442.1               B               6.9               0.00               SS         ANTELOPE VALLEY               490.9               B               6.9               0.00               SS         GENCA               528.6               A               0.00               SS         POINT REVES               545.0               B               6.9               0.00	HADTIEV CODINCE	1 371.3	-			
SAN GREGORIO               410.2               A               7.3               5.00               SS         MONTE VISTA - SHANNON               422.0               B               6.5               0.40               DS         HAYWARD (SE Extension)               422.1               B               6.5               0.40               DS         ROBINSON CREEK               422.1               B               6.5               0.50               DS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)               442.1               B               6.8               6.00               SS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)               442.1               B               6.9               0.00               SS         ANTELOPE VALLEY               490.9               B               6.9               0.00               SS         GENCA               528.6               A               0.00               SS         POINT REVES               545.0               B               6.9               0.00	MONO LAKE	1 406 0	-			
MONTE VISTA - SHANNON         421.0         B         6.5         0.40         DS         HAYWARD (SE Extension)         422.1         B         6.5         3.00         SS         GREENVILLE         423.6         B         6.5         3.00         SS         ROBINSON CREEK         423.6         B         6.5         0.50         DS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)         442.1         B         6.7         0.60         SS         ANTELOPE VALLEY         472.6         B         6.7         0.60         SS         ANTELOPE VALLEY         490.9         B         6.9         1.00         DS         CONCORD - GREEN VALLEY         490.9         B         6.9         1.00         DS         CONCORD - GREEN VALLEY         490.9         B         6.9         1.00         DS         POINT REYES         530.3         B         6.5         1.00         SS         WEST NAPA         530.3         B         6.9         9.00         SS         COLLAYOMI         591.5         B   6.9         9.00         SS         COLLAYOMI         632.7         A   7.1         9.00         SS         MAACAMA (North)	SAN GRECORIO	1 408.0				
HAYWARD (SE Extension)         422.1         B         6.5         3.00         SS         GREENVILLE         422.1         B         6.5         3.00         SS         GREENVILLE         423.6         B         6.5         2.00         SS         CRDEINSON CREEK         435.1         B         6.5         0.50         DS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)         442.1         A         7.1         9.00         SS         ANTELOPE VALLEY         472.6         B         6.7         0.80         DS         CONCORD - GREEN VALLEY         490.9         B         6.9         1.00         DS         CONCORD - GREEN VALLEY         490.9         B         6.9         1.00         DS         CONCORD - GREEN VALLEY         490.9         B         6.9         1.00         DS         RODERES CREEK         528.6         A       7.0         9.00         SS         POINT REYES         545.0         B         6.8         0.30         DS         HUNTING CREEK - BERRYESSA         554.3         B         6.9         9.00         SS         COLLAYOMI         591.5         B         6.5         0.60         SS						
GREENVILLE         423.6         B         6.9         2.00         SS         ROBINSON CREEK         435.1         B         6.5         0.50         DS         CALAVERAS (No.of Calaveras Res)         442.1         B         6.8         6.00         SS         HAYWARD (Total Length)         442.1         A         7.1         9.00         SS         ANTELOFE VALLEY         472.6         B         6.7         0.80         DS         CONCORD - GREEN VALLEY         490.9         B           6.9         1.00         DS         GENCA         494.0         B         6.9         1.00         DS         RODGERS CREEK         528.6         A         7.0         9.00         SS         POINT REYES         545.0         B         6.7         0.60         SS         MAACAMA (South)         591.5         B         6.9         9.00         SS         COLLAYOMI         692.6         A         7.1         9.00         SS         COLLAYOMI         622.6         A         7.1         9.00         SS         MAACAMA (Central)         622.6         A         7.1         9.00         SS	HAVEADD (CC Contaction)		. –			
ROBINSON CREEK       1       435.1       B       6.5       0.50       1       DS         CALAVERAS (No. of Calaveras Res)       1       442.1       B       6.6.5       0.50       1       DS         CALAVERAS (No. of Calaveras Res)       1       442.1       B       6.6.5       0.50       1       SS         HAYWARD (Total Length)       1       442.1       A       1       1       9.00       SS         ANTELOPE VALLEY       1       490.9       B       1       6.7       0.80       DS         CONCORD - GREEN VALLEY       1       490.9       B       1       6.9       1       0.00       SS         RODGERS CREEK       528.6       A       1       7.0       9.00       SS         POINT REYES       545.0       B       1       6.9       1       0.00       SS         MAACAMA (South)       1       591.5       B       1       6.9       9       0.00       SS         COLLAYOMI       1       591.5       B       1       6.00       SS         MAACAMA (North)       1       692.7       A       7.1       9.00       SS         MAACAMA (North)       <			. –			
CALAVERAS (No. of Calaveras Res)         442.1         B         6.8         6.00         SS         HAYWARD (Total Length)         442.1         A         7.1         9.00         SS         HAYWARD (Total Length)         442.1         A         7.1         9.00         SS         ANTELOPE VALLEY         472.6         B         6.9         0.06         DS         CONCORD - GREEN VALLEY         490.0         B         6.9         1.00         DS         RODGERS CREEK         528.6         A         7.0         9.00         SS         WEST NAPA         530.3         B         6.8         0.30         DS         POINT REYES         545.0         B         6.9         9.00         SS         MAACAMA (South)         591.5         B         6.9         9.00         SS         MAACAMA (Central)         632.7         A         7.1         9.00         SS         MAACAMA (North)         692.6         A         7.1         9.00         SS         MAACAMA (North)         758.8         B         6.7         6.00         SS         GARBERVILLE REICELAND         774.7         B         6.9         9.00         SS<			• –			
CONCORD - GREEN VALLEY         490.9         B         6.9         6.00         SS         GENGA         494.0         B         6.9         6.00         SS         GENGA         494.0         B         6.9         1.00         DS         RODGERS CREEK         528.6         A       7.0         9.00         SS         POINT RYES         545.0         B         6.9         6.00         SS         HUNTING CREEK - BERRYESSA         554.3         B         6.9         9.00         SS         COLLAYOMI         591.5         B         6.9         9.00         SS         BARTLETT SPRINGS         614.4         A         7.1         9.00         SS         MAACAMA (North)         632.7         A         7.1         9.00         SS         ROUND VALLEY (N. S.F.Bay)         700.9         B         6.8         6.00         SS         RAACMA (North)         727.7         B         6.9         9.00         SS         RAMACMA (North)         622.6         A         7.1         9.00         SS         RAMACMA (North)         747.7         B         6.9         9.00         SS         RATLE CR						
CONCORD - GREN VALLEY         490.9         B         6.9         6.00         SS         GENCA         494.0         B         6.9         1.00         DS         RODGERS CREEK         528.6         A         7.0         9.00         SS         WEST NAPA         530.3         B         6.5         1.00         SS         POINT REYES         545.0         B         6.9         0.00         SS         HUNTING CREEK - BERRYESSA         554.3         B         6.9         0.00         SS         COLLAYOMI         591.5         B         6.9         9.00         SS         BARTLETT SPRINGS         614.4         A         7.1         9.00         SS         MAACAMA (North)         632.7         A         7.1         9.00         SS         ROUND VALLEY (N. S.F.Bay)         700.9         B         6.8         6.00         SS         RAACMA (North)         737.0         B         6.9         9.00         SS         ROUND VALLEY (N. S.F.Bay)         700.9         B         6.8         6.00         SS         LAKE MOUNTAIN         74.7         B         6.9         9.00         SS	HAVERAS (NO.OI Calaveras Res)	1 442.1				
CONCORD - GREN VALLEY         490.9         B         6.9         6.00         SS         GENCA         494.0         B         6.9         1.00         DS         RODGERS CREEK         528.6         A         7.0         9.00         SS         WEST NAPA         530.3         B         6.5         1.00         SS         POINT REYES         545.0         B         6.9         0.00         SS         HUNTING CREEK - BERRYESSA         554.3         B         6.9         0.00         SS         COLLAYOMI         591.5         B         6.9         9.00         SS         BARTLETT SPRINGS         614.4         A         7.1         9.00         SS         MAACAMA (North)         632.7         A         7.1         9.00         SS         ROUND VALLEY (N. S.F.Bay)         700.9         B         6.8         6.00         SS         RAACMA (North)         737.0         B         6.9         9.00         SS         ROUND VALLEY (N. S.F.Bay)         700.9         B         6.8         6.00         SS         LAKE MOUNTAIN         74.7         B         6.9         9.00         SS	ANTELOPE VALLEY	1 442.1				
MACA       I       530.3       I       I       1.00       I       SS         POINT REYES       I       545.0       I       B       I       6.9       I       0.00       I       SS         HUNTING CREEK - BERRYESSA       I       554.3       I       B       I       6.9       I       0.00       I       SS         MAACAMA (South)       I       591.5       I       B       I       6.9       I       0.00       I       SS         COLLAYOMI       I       609.3       I       B       I       6.9       I       0.00       I       SS         GARAMA (Central)       I       632.7       I       I       7.1       I       9.000       SS         MAACAMA (North)       I       632.7       I       I       1       9.000       SS         ROUND VALLEY (N. S.F.Bay)       I       700.9       I       B       I       6.8       I       0.00       SS         BATTLE CREEK       I       77.0       I       B       I       6.9       9.00       SS         GARBERVILLE PRICELAND       I       774.7       I       B       I       6.9	CONCORD - GREEN VALLEY	1 472.0			• • • • •	
MACA       I       530.3       I       I       1.00       I       SS         POINT REYES       I       545.0       I       B       I       6.9       I       0.00       I       SS         HUNTING CREEK - BERRYESSA       I       554.3       I       B       I       6.9       I       0.00       I       SS         MAACAMA (South)       I       591.5       I       B       I       6.9       I       0.00       I       SS         COLLAYOMI       I       609.3       I       B       I       6.9       I       0.00       I       SS         GARAMA (Central)       I       632.7       I       I       7.1       I       9.000       SS         MAACAMA (North)       I       632.7       I       I       1       9.000       SS         ROUND VALLEY (N. S.F.Bay)       I       700.9       I       B       I       6.8       I       0.00       SS         BATTLE CREEK       I       77.0       I       B       I       6.9       9.00       SS         GARBERVILLE PRICELAND       I       774.7       I       B       I       6.9	GENOA	1 494 0				•
MACA       I       530.3       I       I       1.00       I       SS         POINT REYES       I       545.0       I       B       I       6.9       I       0.00       I       SS         HUNTING CREEK - BERRYESSA       I       554.3       I       B       I       6.9       I       0.00       I       SS         MAACAMA (South)       I       591.5       I       B       I       6.9       I       0.00       I       SS         COLLAYOMI       I       609.3       I       B       I       6.9       I       0.00       I       SS         GARAMA (Central)       I       632.7       I       I       7.1       I       9.000       SS         MAACAMA (North)       I       632.7       I       I       1       9.000       SS         ROUND VALLEY (N. S.F.Bay)       I       700.9       I       B       I       6.8       I       0.00       SS         BATTLE CREEK       I       77.0       I       B       I       6.9       9.00       SS         GARBERVILLE PRICELAND       I       774.7       I       B       I       6.9	RODGERS CREEK	528.6	1 2			
POINT REYES       545.0         B       6.8         0.30         DS         HUNTING CREEK - BERRYESSA       554.3         B       6.9         9.00         SS         MAACAMA (South)       1       591.5         B       1       6.9         9.00         SS         COLLAYOMI       1       591.5         B       1       6.5         0.60         SS         CALAYOMI       1       609.3         B       1       6.5         0.60         SS         MAACAMA (Central)       1       632.7         A       1       7.1         9.00         SS         MAACAMA (North)       1       692.6         A       1       7.1         9.00         SS         ROUND VALLEY (N. S.F.Bay)       1       700.9         B       1       6.5         0.50         DS         LAKE MOUNTAIN       1       758.8         B       1       6.7         6.00         SS         GARBERVILLE-BRICELAND       1       74.7         B       6.9         9.00         SS         LITTLE SALMON (Onshore)       1       842.5         B       1       7.0         5.00         DS         LITTLE SALMON (Onshore)       1	WEST NAPA	1 530 3				
HUNTING CREEK - BERRYESSA       554.3       B       6.9       6.00       SS         MAACAMA (South)       1591.5       B       16.9       9.00       SS         COLLAYOMI       1591.5       B       16.9       9.00       SS         COLLAYOMI       1609.3       B       16.5       10.60       SS         BARTLETT SPRINGS       1614.4       A       7.1       9.00       SS         MAACAMA (Central)       1632.7       A       7.1       9.00       SS         MAACAMA (Central)       1632.7       A       7.1       9.00       SS         MAACAMA (North)       1632.7       A       7.1       9.00       SS         ROUND VALLEY (N. S.F.Bay)       1700.9       B       6.8       6.00       SS         BATTLE CREEK       1737.0       B       6.9       9.00       SS         CANEERVILLE-BRICELAND       174.7       B       6.9       9.00       SS         MANDRIVER       829.1       A       7.4       35.00       DS         LIARE MOUNTAIN       174.7       B       6.9       9.00       SS         CASCADIA SUBDUCTION ZONE       842.5       B       7.0       5.00						
MAACAMA (South)       1       591.5       B       1       6.9       9.00       SS         COLLAYOMI       1       609.3       B       1       6.9       9.00       SS         COLLAYOMI       1       609.3       B       1       6.9       1       9.00       SS         CALLAYOMI       1       609.3       B       1       6.9       1       9.00       SS         MAACAMA (Central)       1       632.7       A       1       7.1       9.00       SS         MAACAMA (North)       1       692.6       A       1       7.1       9.00       SS         ROUND VALLEY (N. S.F.Bay)       1       700.9       B       1       6.8       1       6.00       SS         BATLE CREEK       1       737.0       B       1       6.9       9.00       SS         GARBERVILLE-BRICELAND       1       74.7       B       1       6.9       9.00       SS         MENDOCINO FAULT ZONE       1       829.1       A       1       7.0       1       S.00       DS         CASCADIA SUBDUCTION ZONE       1       841.6       A       1       8.3       3.0       DS						•
COLLAYOMI         609.3   B         6.5   0.60   SS         BARTLETT SPRINGS         614.4   A         7.1   6.00   SS         MAACAMA (Central)         632.7   A         7.1   9.00   SS         MAACAMA (Central)         692.6   A         7.1   9.00   SS         MAACAMA (North)         692.6   A         7.1   9.00   SS         ROUND VALLEY (N. S.F.Bay)         700.9   B         6.8   6.00   SS         BATTLE CREEK         737.0   B         6.7   6.00   SS         GARBERVILLE-BRICELAND         774.7   B         6.7   6.00   SS         MENDOCINO FAULT ZONE         829.1   A         7.0   5.00   DS         LITTLE SALMON (Onshore)         839.2   A         7.0   5.00   DS         MAD RIVER         842.5   B   7.1   0.70   DS         MAD RIVER         842.6   B   7.0   0.60   DS         FICKUE HILL         854.3   B   6.9   0.60   DS         TRINIDAD         854.3   B   6.9   0.60   DS         TABLE BLUFF         858.3   B   7.0   0.60   DS         TABLE BLUFF         858.3   B   7.0   0.60   DS         LITTLE SALMON (Offshore)         871.8   B   7.1   1.00   DS			. –			
MAACAMA (North)               692.6         A               7.1         9.00         SS         POUND VALLEY (N. S.F.Bay)               700.9         B               6.5         0.50         DS         BATTLE CREEK               737.0         B               6.5         0.50         DS         LAKE MOUNTAIN               758.8         B               6.7         6.00         SS         GAREERVILLE-BRICELAND               774.7         B               6.9         9.00         SS         LITTLE SALMON (ORSHORE)               829.1         A               7.4 i       35.00         DS         CASCADIA SUBDUCTION ZONE               841.6         A       !       6.9 i       35.00         DS         MAD RIVER               842.5         B               7.0 i       0.60         DS         FICKLE HILL               854.3         B               7.0 i       0.60         DS         TRINIDAD               854.3         B               7.0 i       0.60         DS         TABLE BLUFF               858.3         B               7.0 i       0.60         DS	COLLAYOMI	609.3				
MAACAMA (North)               692.6         A               7.1         9.00         SS         POUND VALLEY (N. S.F.Bay)               700.9         B               6.5         0.50         DS         BATTLE CREEK               737.0         B               6.5         0.50         DS         LAKE MOUNTAIN               758.8         B               6.7         6.00         SS         GAREERVILLE-BRICELAND               774.7         B               6.9         9.00         SS         LITTLE SALMON (ORSHORE)               829.1         A               7.4 i       35.00         DS         CASCADIA SUBDUCTION ZONE               841.6         A       !       6.9 i       35.00         DS         MAD RIVER               842.5         B               7.0 i       0.60         DS         FICKLE HILL               854.3         B               7.0 i       0.60         DS         TRINIDAD               854.3         B               7.0 i       0.60         DS         TABLE BLUFF               858.3         B               7.0 i       0.60         DS	BARTLETT SPRINGS	614.4	A			
MAACAMA (North)               692.6         A               7.1         9.00         SS         POUND VALLEY (N. S.F.Bay)               700.9         B               6.5         0.50         DS         BATTLE CREEK               737.0         B               6.5         0.50         DS         LAKE MOUNTAIN               758.8         B               6.7         6.00         SS         GAREERVILLE-BRICELAND               774.7         B               6.9         9.00         SS         LITTLE SALMON (ORSHORE)               829.1         A               7.4 i       35.00         DS         CASCADIA SUBDUCTION ZONE               841.6         A       !       6.9 i       35.00         DS         MAD RIVER               842.5         B               7.0 i       0.60         DS         FICKLE HILL               854.3         B               7.0 i       0.60         DS         TRINIDAD               854.3         B               7.0 i       0.60         DS         TABLE BLUFF               858.3         B               7.0 i       0.60         DS	MAACAMA (Central)	632.7	A			
ROUND VALLEY (N. S.F.Bay)       1       700.9 !       B       6.8 !       6.00 !       SS         BATTLE CREEK       1       737.0 !       B       6.8 !       6.00 !       SS         LAKE MOUNTAIN       1       737.0 !       B       6.7 !       6.00 !       SS         GARBERVILLE-BRICELAND       1       774.7 !       B       6.9 !       9.00 !       SS         MENDOCINO FAULT ZONE       1       829.1 !       A       1       7.0 !       S.00 !       DS         LITTLE SALMON (Onshore)       1       838.2 !       A       7.0 !       S.00 !       DS         MAD RIVER       !       841.6 !       A       !       8.1 '       S.00 !       DS         MAD RIVER       !       842.5 !       B       !       7.0 !       0.60 !       DS         FICKLE HILL       !       854.3 !       B       1       0.60 !       DS         TRINIDAD       !       854.6 !       B       !       7.3 !       2.50 !       DS         TABLE BLUFF       !       858.3 !       B       !       7.0 !       0.60 !       DS         TABLE BLUFF       !       858.3 !       B       ! <td>MAACAMA (North)</td> <td>692.6</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	MAACAMA (North)	692.6				
BATTLE CREEK         737.0         B         6.5         0.50         DS         LAKE MOUNTAIN         758.8         B         6.7         6.00         SS         GARBERVILLE-BRICELAND         774.7         B         6.9         9.00         SS         MENDOCINO FAULT ZONE         829.1         A         7.4         35.00         DS         LITTLE SALMON (ORSHORE)         841.6         A         7.0         5.00         DS         CASCADIA SUBDUCTION ZONE         841.6         A         7.0         0.60         DS         MAD RIVER         842.5         B         7.1         0.70         D.60         DS         FICKLE HILL         854.3         B         6.9         0.60         DS         TRINIDAD         854.3         B         7.0         0.60         DS         TABLE BLUFF         858.3         B         7.0         0.60         DS         LITTLE SALMON (Offshore)         871.8         B         7.1         1.00         DS						
LAKE MOUNTAIN       1       758.8       1       B       6.7       6.00       1       SS         GARBERVILLE-BRICELAND       1       774.7       1       B       6.67       9.00       1       SS         MENDOCINO FAULT ZONE       1       829.1       A       1       7.4       35.00       DS         LITTLE SALMON (Onshore)       1       838.2       A       1       7.0       5.00       DS         CASCADIA SUBDUCTION ZONE       1       841.6       A       1       7.0       1       0.70       DS         MAD RIVER       1       842.5       B       1       7.0       0.60       DS         MCKINLEYVILLE       1       854.3       B       1       7.0       0.60       DS         FICKLE HILL       1       854.6       B       1       7.3       2.50       DS         TABLE BLUFF       1       858.3       B       7.0       0.60       DS         LITTLE SALMON (OFFshore)       1       81.8       7.3       1       0.60       DS         BIG LAGOON - BALD MTN.FLT.ZONE       891.8       B       7.3       0.50       DS						
GARBERVILLE-BRICELAND               774.7               B               6.9       !       9.00       !       SS         MENDOCINO FAULT ZONE               829.1               A               7.4       !       35.00               DS         LITTLE SALMON (Onshore)               838.2               7.0       !       5.00               DS         CASCADIA SUBDUCION ZONE               841.6               A       !       7.0       !       5.00               DS         MAD RIVER       !       842.5               B       !       7.1       0.70               DS         MCKINLEYVILLE       !       854.3               B       !       7.0       !       0.60               DS         TRINIDAD       !       854.6               B       !       7.0       !       0.60               DS         TABLE BLUFF       !       858.3               B       !       7.3       !       0.60               DS         LITTLE SALMON (OFfshore)       !       871.8               B       !       7.3       !       0.50               DS <td>LAKE MOUNTAIN</td> <td>758.8</td> <td>в</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	LAKE MOUNTAIN	758.8	в			
MENDOCINO FAULT ZONE               829.1       A               7.4       35.00               DS         LITTLE SALMON (ORSHORE)               838.2               A               7.0               5.00               DS         CASCADIA SUBDUCTION ZONE               841.6               A               7.0               5.00               DS         MAD RIVER               842.5               B               7.1               0.70               DS         MCKINLEYVILLE               852.6               B               7.0               0.60               DS         FICKLE HILL               854.3               B               7.0               0.60               DS         TRINIDAD               858.3               B               7.0               0.60               DS         LITTLE SALMON (Offshore)               871.8               B               7.3               0.50               DS         ISG LAGOON - BALD MTN.FLT.ZONE               891.8               7.3               0.50               DS </td <td>GARBERVILLE-BRICELAND</td> <td>774.7</td> <td>в</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	GARBERVILLE-BRICELAND	774.7	в			
LITTLE SALMON (Onshore)               036.2         A       1       7,0         5.00         DS         CASCADIA SUBDUCTION ZONE               041.6         A       1       0.3         35.00         DS         MAD RIVER               842.5         B       [       7.0         0.70         DS         MCKINLEYVILLE               852.6         B               7.0         0.60         DS         FICKLE HILL               854.3         B               6.9         0.60         DS         TRINIDAD               854.3         B               6.0         DS         TABLE BLUFF               858.3         B               7.0         0.60         DS         LITTLE SALMON (Offshore)               071.8         B               7.0         0.60         DS         LITTLE SALMON (Offshore)               071.8         B               7.0         0.60         DS	MENDOCINO FAULT ZONE	829.1	Ā	7.4	35.00	
MAD RIVER       I       842.5       B       I       7.1       0.70       DS         MCKINLEYVILLE       I       852.6       B       I       7.0       0.60       DS         FICKLE HILL       I       854.3       B       I       6.9       0.60       DS         TRINIDAD       I       854.6       I       B       I       7.0       0.60       DS         TABLE BLUFF       I       858.3       B       I       7.0       0.60       DS         LITTLE SALMON (Offshore)       I       971.8       B       I       7.3       0.50       DS         BIG LAGCON - BALD MIN.FLT.ZONE       1       81.8       B       I       7.3       0.50       DS	LITTLE SALMON (Onshore)	838.2	A	7.0	5.00	DS
McKINLEYVILLE           952.6           B           7.0           0.60           DS       FICKLE HILL           854.3           B           6.9           0.60           DS       TRINIDAD           854.6           B           7.3           2.50           DS       TABLE BLUFF           858.3           B           7.0           0.60           DS       LITTLE SALMON (Offshore)           871.8           B           7.1           1.00           DS       BIG LAGCON - BALD MIN.FLT.ZONE           891.8           8     1     7.3           0.50           DS	CASCADIA SUBDUCTION ZONE	841.6	A	8.3	35.00	DS
MCKINLEYVILLE       [       652.6       ]       B       [       7.0       ]       0.60       ]       DS         FICKLE HILL       [       854.3       ]       B       [       6.9       ]       0.60       ]       DS         TRINIDAD       [       854.6       ]       B       [       7.3       ]       2.50       ]       DS         TABLE BLUFF       [       858.3       ]       B       [       7.0       ]       0.60       ]       DS         LITTLE SALMON (Offshore)       [       971.8       ]       B       [       7.3       ]       0.50       ]       DS         BIG LAGCON - BALD MIN.FLT.ZONE       [       891.8       ]       7.3       ]       0.50       ]       DS	MAD RIVER	842.5	в	7.1	0.70	DS
FICKLE HILL               854.3         B               6.9         0.60         DS         TRINIDAD               854.6         B               7.3         2.50         DS         TABLE BLUFF               858.3         B               7.0         0.60         DS         LITTLE SALMON (Offshore)               871.8         B               7.1         1.00         DS         BIG LAGOON - BALD MIN.FLT.ZONE               891.8         B               7.3         0.50         DS	MCKINLEYVILLE	852.6			0.60	
TRINIDAD         I         854.6         B         I         7.3         I         2.50         I         DS           TABLE BLUFF         I         858.3         I         B         I         7.0         I         0.60         I         DS           LITTLE SALMON (Offshore)         I         071.8         I         I         1.00         I         DS           BIG LAGOON - BALD MIN.FLT.ZONE         091.8         I         B         I         7.3         I         0.50         I         DS	FICKLE HILL	854.3				
LITTLE SALMON (Offshore)   871.8   B   7.1   1.00   DS BIG LAGOON - BALD MIN.FLT.ZONE   891.8   B   7.3   0.50   DS		854.6	в	7.3	2.50	DS
BIG LAGOON - BALD MTN.FLT.ZONE   891.8   8   7.3   0.50   DS	TABLE BLUFF	858.3	В	7.0	0.60	DS
BIG LAGOON - BALD MTN.FLT.ZONE   891.8   8   7.3   0.50   DS	LITTLE SALMON (Offshore)	871.8	в	7.1	1.00	DS
***************************************	BIG LAGOON - BALD MTN.FLT.ZONE					
	**********	*******	*******	******	********	******

## MOORPARK 7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE AND PORTIONS OF ADJACENT QUADRANGLES

10% EXCEEDANCE IN 50 YEARS PEAK GROUND ACCELERATION (g)

1998 ALLUVIUM CONDITIONS

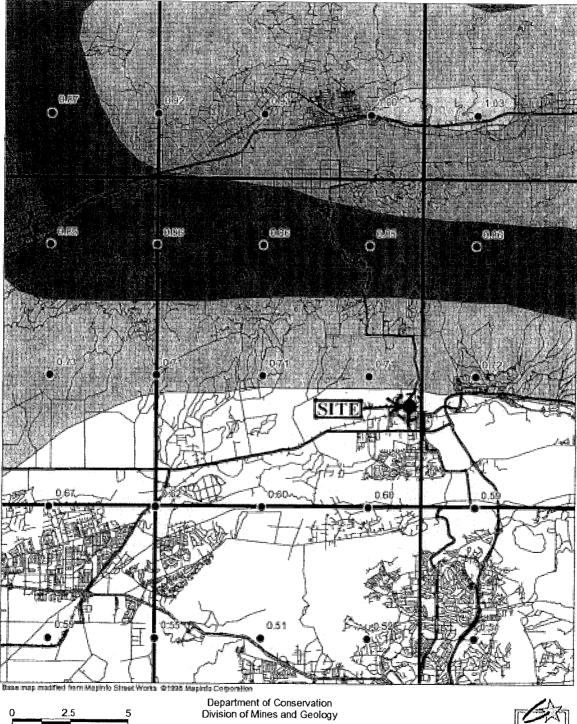
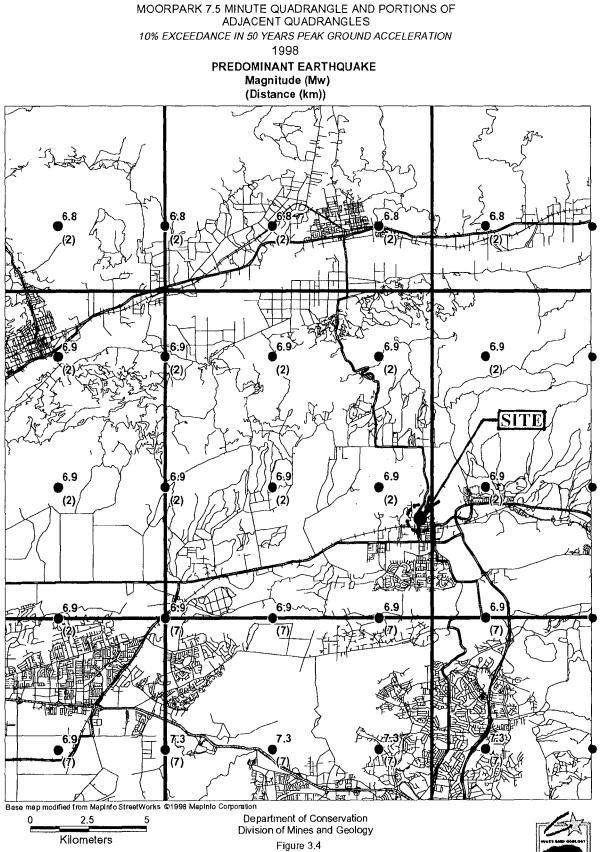




Figure 3.3







## <u>APPENDIX C</u>

## LIQUEFACTION / SEISMIC SETTLEMENT ANALYSES

### APPENDIX C LIQUEFACTION AND SEISMIC SETTLEMENT ANALYSIS

This geotechnical investigation included analysis of the liquefaction potential and potential seismically induced settlement at the subject site. The liquefaction analysis addressed the alluvium below the shallow groundwater. The analysis of seismic settlement encompassed both saturated and unsaturated soils.

#### **Field Investigation**

These analyses used data retrieved from Standard Penetration Tests (SPT) in borings drilled using a hollow-stem auger and from the Cone Penetrometer Test (CPT) soundings. Samples were driven with a 140 lb. Cathead and winch hammer lifted 30 inches. The estimated efficiency of the hammer is approximately 60 percent. Drilling rod was used to allow the hammer to remain above the auger. The boring diameter was approximately 6 inches (outer diameter). The samplers consisted of both a SPT split spoon sampler and a lined Modified California split spoon sampler (2.375 inch i.d.). The borings for this investigation used water and drilling mud to prohibit soil from sluicing up the auger.

The CPT rig used during the field investigation was a 23-ton truck-mounted rig provided by Holguin, Fahan & Associates, Inc. The cone tip has a cross-sectional area of 10 square centimeters. The CPT is capable of obtaining tip pressure and side friction data at 2 inch (0.05 meter) intervals.

#### **Data Analyses**

The data obtained from the CPT and SPT tests were processed using the procedures proposed from the 1996 NCEER (Youd, 1997) and 1998 NCEER/NSF Workshops (Youd, 2001), and the SCEC implementation document (Martin, 1999). The analyses were performed using procedures programmed in the computer using Microsoft Visual Basic in conjunction with a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet.

#### SPT Analysis

The data from the SPT tests were processed according to the procedures proposed by NCEER, 2001. The field blowcounts were corrected for overburden, hammer energy, rod length, percent fines, and sampler liner. Tests performed using the lined California sampler (with 3 inch outer diameter and 2.37 inch inner diameter) were converted to SPT blowcounts using the procedures proposed by Lowe and Zaccheo (Fang, 1991). The cyclic resistance of the soils is compared to the cyclic stress ratio. Ratios less than 1.3 are considered to have a potential for liquefaction. The following correlations were used in these analyses.

Cyclic Stress Ratio, CSR:	$\mathrm{CSR} = 0.65(\mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{max}} / g)(\sigma_{\mathrm{vo}} / \sigma'_{\mathrm{vo}})$	$)r_d$
Stress Reduction Coeff, r <sub>d</sub> :	a	For $z \le 9.15m$ For $9.15m < z \le 23m$
Cyclic Resistance Ratio, CRR <sub>7.5</sub> :	$CRR_{7.5} = \frac{1}{34 - (N_1)_{60}} + \frac{(N_1)_6}{135}$ for : $(N_1)_{60} < 30$	$\frac{0}{10} + \frac{50}{\left[10 \times (N_1)_{60} + 45\right]^2} - \frac{1}{200}$

Fines Content Correction:	$(N_1)_{60cs} = \alpha + \beta (N_1)_{60}$		
Where:	$\alpha = 0$	for	$FC \leq 5\%$
	$\alpha = e^{(1.76 - (190/FC^2))}$	for	5% < FC < 35%
	$\alpha = 5.0$	for	$FC \ge 35\%$
	$\beta = 1.0$	for	$FC \leq 5\%$
	$\beta = [0.99 + (FC^{1.5} / 1000)]$	for	5% < FC < 35%
	$\beta = 1.2$	for	$FC \ge 35\%$
	FC = Fines Content		
Corrections to SPT N value:	$(N_1)_{60} = N_{field} C_n C_e C_b C_r C_s$		
Where:	$C_n = 2.2/(1.2 + \sigma'_{vo} / P_a)$	for over	burden normalization
	Other Correction factors per Table	2 (Youd,	2001)
Liquefaction Safety Factor:	$FS = (CRR_{7.5} / CSR)MSF$		
	Where: MSF is Magnitude Scaling	g Factor (	Revised Idriss)
	$MSF = 10^{2.24} / M_{w}^{2.56}$		

#### CPT Analysis

The reduction of CPT data consisted of interpreting the soil behavior types encountered and assigning stratagraphic layers to the different soils. The depth ranges for the layers were assigned based upon material type differences such as grain size distribution and penetration resistance. Once soil layers were assigned to the sounding profile, thin sand layers were evaluated for the applicability of a correction for thin sand layers between soft clay layers. After applying a thin layer correction (if necessary), the profile data is normalized to approximately one atmosphere, evaluated, and material types and engineering characteristics are determined. The following correlations were used within these analyses.

Thin Layer

Correction, K<sub>H</sub>:

$$K_{H} = \frac{1}{4} \times \left[ \left( \left( \frac{H}{d_{c}} \right) / 17 \right) - 1.77 \right]^{2} + 1.0$$

Overburden Normalization:

iterative procedure proposed by Robertson and Wride (1997).

 $q_{clN} = C_O(q_c/P_a)$  where:  $C_O = (l_a^2/\sigma'_{ya})^n$  but not greater than 1.7

*n* varies from 0.5 to 1 by soil type. this requires an iterative process

SPT Blowcounts: R.S.

R.S. Olsen (1997)

(see attached graph)

Soil Behavior Index, Ic:

 $I_{c} = [(3.47 - \log Q)^{2} + (1.22 + \log F)^{2}]^{n}$ 

Soil Behavior Chart, Robertson & Wride (1997) Soil Type: Where:  $Q = [(q_c - \sigma_{y_0}) / P_a] [(P_a / \sigma'_{y_0})^n]$  $F = [f_s / (q_c - \sigma_{va})] \times 100\%$ And Percent Fines: Robertson & Wride (1997) Ic < 2.6FC(%) = 0 $1.26 \le Ic \le 3.5$  $FC(\%) = 1.75 Ic^{3.25} - 3.7$ Ic > 3.5FC(%) = 100if *Ic* < 2.6 Where: if if Grain characteristic corr. factor, K<sub>c</sub>:  $K_c = 1.0$  for  $I_c \le 1.64$  $K_c = -0.403I_c^4 + 5.581I_c^3 - 21.63I_c^2 + 33.75I_c - 17.88$  for  $I_c > 1.64$ 

Overburden

corr. factor,  $K_{\sigma}$ :  $K_{\sigma} = (\mathcal{O}_{v})^{fl}$  where: f ranges from 0.8 to 0.6 inversely to Dr

Equivalent Clean Sand Normalized Penetration Resistance:

$$(q_{c1N})_{cs} = K_c q_{c1N}$$

Cyclic Resistance Ratio, CRR<sub>7.5</sub>:

$$CRR_{7.5} = 0.833[(q_{c1N})_{cs} / 1000] + 0.05 \qquad \text{for} \quad (q_{c1N})_{cs} < 50$$
  
$$CRR_{7.5} = 93[(q_{c1N})_{cs} / 1000]^3 + 0.08 \qquad \text{for} \quad 50 \le (q_{c1N})_{cs} < 160$$

Cyclic Stress Ratio, CSR:

$$\mathrm{CSR} = 0.65(\mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{max}} / g)(\sigma_{vo} / \sigma'_{vo})r_d$$

Magnitude Scaling Factor, MSF:

 $MSF = 10^{2.24} / M_w^{2.56}$ 

Magnitude Scaling Factor (Revised Idriss)

Liquefaction Safety Factor:  $FS = (CRR_{15} / CSR)MSF$ 

W.O.8953

Jamiolkowski et al (1985), Units of 10kPa

Relative Density

$$D_r = -98 + 66 \log_{10} \frac{q_c}{[\sigma'_{vo}]^{0.5}}$$

$$D_r = \frac{1}{2.41} * \ln[q_c / (157 * \sigma_{v_0}^{0.55})]$$
Baldi et al (1986), Units of kPa

Undrained Shear Strength:

Effective Internal Friction:

$$S_{u} = \frac{q_{c} - \sigma_{o}}{N_{K}}$$
Robertson & Campanella (1989), N\_{k}=15  
 $\phi' = \tan^{-1}[0.1 + 0.38 \log \frac{q_{c}}{\sigma_{vo}}]$ 
Roberston & Campanella (1983)  
 $\phi' = 53.881 - 27.6034e^{(-0.0147N)}$ 
Peck et al., (1974) after Coyle (1985)

Schmertmann (1978)

Overconsolidation Ratio: programmed from chart

ф

φ

The results of our analyses are presented on the attached graphs. Layers of materials in which the CSR exceeds the CRR<sub>75</sub> are considered liquefiable. The data from boring B1 and CPT sounding CPT1 were compared on a plot located at the end of the CPT1 output series. In our opinion the CPT data compares well with the SPT data.

### **Liquefaction Induced Settlement**

The analyses of the potential liquefaction induced settlement are performed using the same electronic spreadsheet used to perform the liquefaction analyses. The spreadsheet is programmed to perform the analyses proposed by Tokimatsu and Seed (1987).

For the settlement analyses, the normalized, fines corrected SPT blowcounts are compared to digitized files of chart data (SPT blowcounts vs. Volumetric strain for clean sands) provided in Tokimatsu and Seed. The fines correction to the SPT blowcounts consider a liquefied soil. Therefore, this fines correction produces smaller corrected blowcounts than the corrected blowcounts used to estimate the potential for triggering of liquefaction. This fines correction is based on the recommended procedures for implementation of Publication 117 (Martin and Lew, 1999). The spreadsheet estimates the percent volumetric strain for each layer assuming the lateral strain is minor so the volumetric strain is equivalent to settlement. The estimated settlement for each soil layer and a summation of all the soil layers below the design groundwater level are then reported.

#### Seismic Settlement of Dry Sands

For coarse-grained materials above the design groundwater level the potential for settlement related to ground shaking is analyzed using the methods proposed by Tokimatsu and Seed (1987). Like in the liquefaction-induced-settlement analyses, the SPT blowcounts and/or CPT derived SPT blowcounts are corrected to an equivalent blowcount for clean sand. Clayey soils with 15 percent clay or more, and soils with an Ic of 2.6 or greater are discarded from the analyses. The following equations are used in the analysis to enter into charts provided with the methodology.

Effective Shear Strain:

$$\gamma_{eff} = \frac{\tau_{av}}{G_{max} \times \frac{G_{eff}}{G_{max}}}$$

Average Cyclic Shear Stress:  $\tau_{av} = 0.65 \bullet \frac{a_{\text{max}}}{g} \bullet \sigma_o \bullet r_d$ 

Shear Modulus at Low Strain:

$$G_{\max} = 1000 \bullet (K_2)_{\max} \bullet (\sigma'_m)^{1/2} \text{ in psf units}$$
$$(K_2)_{\max} \cong 20(N_1)^{1/3} \qquad (\text{Ohta and Goto, 1976})$$

Using the referenced methodology, the volumetric strain is estimated for each soil layer or layer portion above the design water level. This methodology is considered applicable to dry or moist sands (unsaturated). Again the lateral strains are considered insignificant so the volumetric strain is considered as settlement. The estimated settlement for each soil layer and a summation of all the soil layers above the groundwater level are then reported by incorporation into the attached settlement graphs.

Currently the practice of soils engineering lacks accurate means or knowledge to estimate the potential seismic settlement for fine-grained soils. The use of this methodology for soils with significant amounts of fine grain sizes is believed to be conservative. This methodology is used with the understanding of its limitations and for lack of better simplified means of estimating the potential for seismic settlement.

The estimate of potential differential settlement is typically taken to be half of the total seismic settlement (Martin and Lew, 1999).

#### **Surface Manifestations**

Consideration of the potential for surface manifestations used the procedure proposed by Ishihara, 1985. The potential is considered a function of the relative density (SPT blowcounts), depth and thickness of liquefiable material, and thickness of overlying non-liquefiable material. Surface manifestations are not considered probable during a design level earthquake.

#### Liquefaction-Induced Lateral Spread

The potential for liquefaction-induced lateral spread was analyzed using the procedures proposed by Barlett and Youd (1995) as modified in 1999. The potential is considered a function of earthquake distance and magnitude, thickness and grain-size distribution in the liquefiable layers, and ground slope or nearness of an open face. It should be noted that this procedure was developed using a historical database of large displacement events. The database includes few points with movement magnitudes of small value, on the order that is of interest for engineering purposes. The procedure is also applicable only for earthquake sources greater than 10 kilometers from the subject site (though we have evaluated our data using smaller source distances). These two elements of the analyses are cause to suspect the output when faults are near source events and when the magnitude of movement is relatively small (a few meters). Therefore, for our purposes we have used this analyses as an indicator whether lateral-spread may be possible; however, the magnitudes of movement output from the analyses are considered suspect.

Considering the blow counts and estimated blow counts obtained during the investigation and the depth of design groundwater, lateral spreading during a design level earthquake is considered unlikely.

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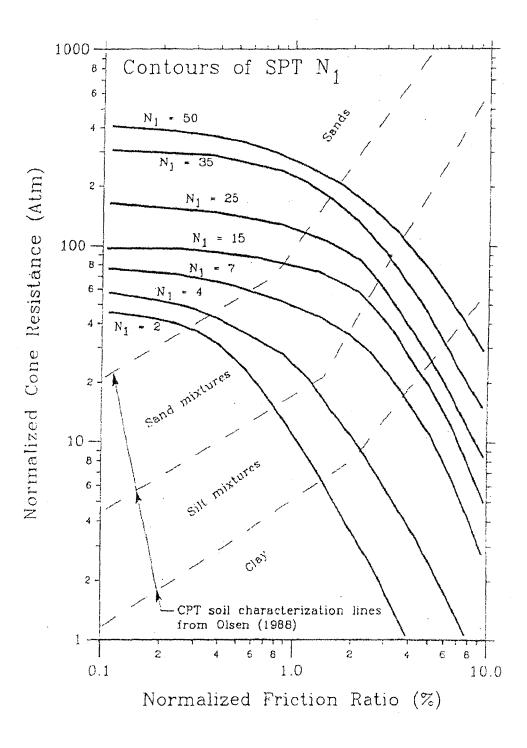


Figure 11 CPT estimation of SPT N<sub>1</sub> using both CPT measurements (Olsen 1994, 1988 1986, 1984).

### **References**

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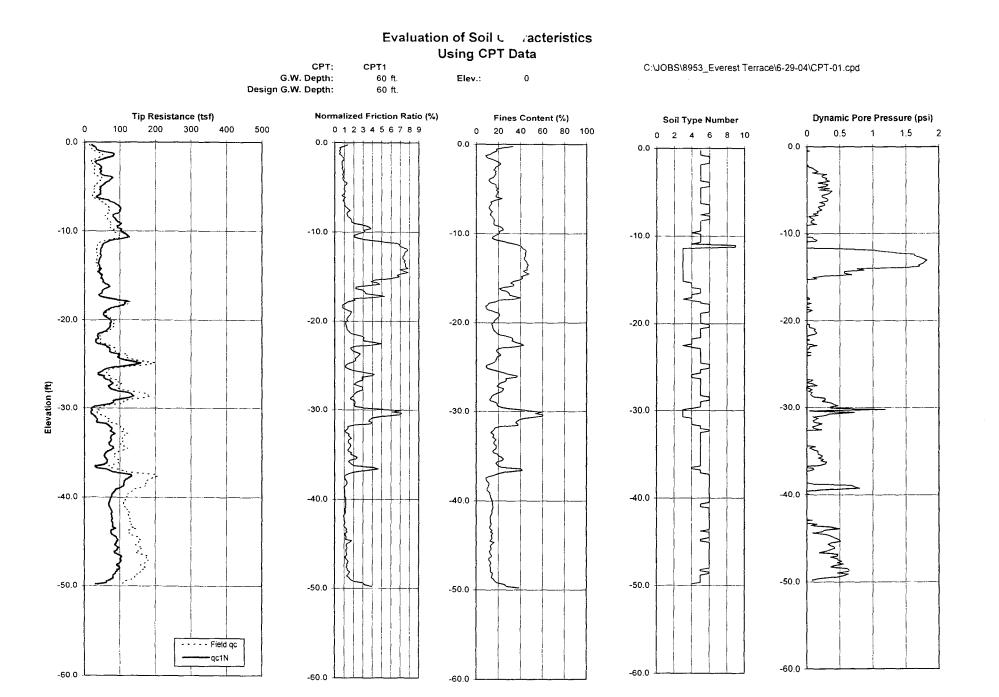
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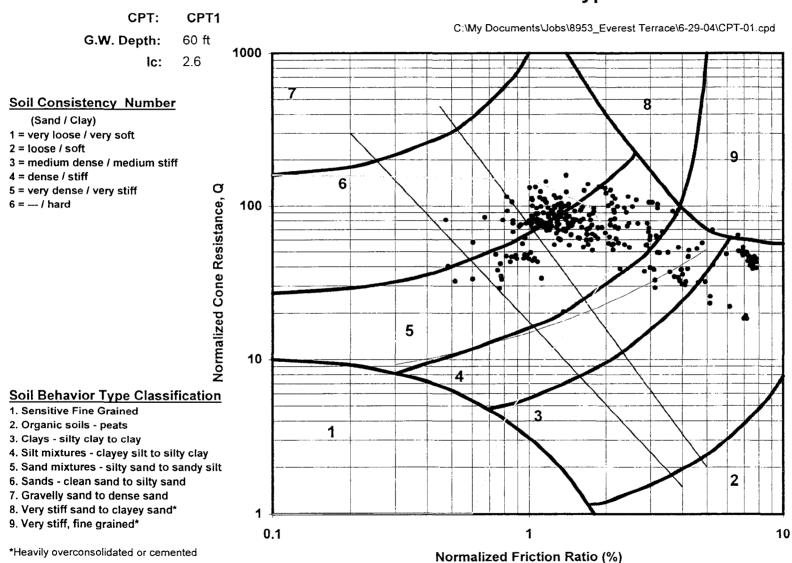
CPT ANALYSIS CPT 1

### Summary of Analysis of CPT Data

Design earthquake magnitude:         6 90           Arg. Arg. Arg. Arg. Tip Side Avg. Norm. Est.         Soli         Eff. Norm.         Fines         Fines           Bott Thick Resist Fric. Tip Resist Fric. R. Wet Den.         Bott Typic (15)         Colspan="6">Colspan="6"         Superime Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6">Colspan="6" <colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6">Colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6< th=""><th>SPT         SPT           N1(80)         N1(60)cs           (bpf)         (bpf)           3.9         8.2           10.6         12.4           6.1         9.7           14.1         16.3           7.2         11.1           19.24.8         28.3           21.3         24.1           27.9         32.9           48.1         57.6           37.6         43.3           44.8         53.9           50.0         64.2</th></colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6<></colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"></colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"></colspan="6"<colspan="6"<colspan="6"></colspan="6"></colspan="6"<colspan="6"></colspan="6"<colspan="6"></colspan="6"></colspan="6"></colspan="6"></colspan="6"></colspan="6"></colspan="6"></colspan="6"></colspan="6"></colspan="6"></colspan="6"></colspan="6"></colspan="6"></colspan="6"></colspan="6"></colspan="6"></colspan="6">	SPT         SPT           N1(80)         N1(60)cs           (bpf)         (bpf)           3.9         8.2           10.6         12.4           6.1         9.7           14.1         16.3           7.2         11.1           19.24.8         28.3           21.3         24.1           27.9         32.9           48.1         57.6           37.6         43.3           44.8         53.9           50.0         64.2
Layer         Tayer         Tayer         Tayer         Tip         Side         Avg.         Norm.         Est.         Soil         Eft.         Norm.         Image         Ko         Tip         Soil         From         Behavior         Soil         Eft.         Norm.         Ic         Control         Phine         Tip         Soil         Soil         Eft.         Norm.         Est.         Soil         Soil         Control         Phine         Tip         Soil         Control         Phine         Tip         Soil         Control         Phine         Phine         Phine         Phine         Phine         Phine         Phine         Phine <t< td=""><td>N1(60)         N1(60)cs           (bpf)         (bpf)           3.9         6.2           10.6         12.4           6.1         9.7           14.1         16.3           7.2         11.1           18.1         20.5           24.8         28.3           21.3         24.1           27.9         32.9           46.1         57.6           37.6         43.3           44.6         53.9</td></t<>	N1(60)         N1(60)cs           (bpf)         (bpf)           3.9         6.2           10.6         12.4           6.1         9.7           14.1         16.3           7.2         11.1           18.1         20.5           24.8         28.3           21.3         24.1           27.9         32.9           46.1         57.6           37.6         43.3           44.6         53.9
Layer         (ft)         cp (lt)         fs         qc/N (ltf)         (%)         (pc/)         Type         (ltf)         (ltf)         n         Range         Kc         (%)         (ltg)         (%) <th< td=""><td>(bpf)         (bpf)           39         62           10.6         12.4           6.1         9.7           14.1         16.3           72         11.1           18.1         20.5           24.8         28.3           27.9         32.9           48.1         57.6           37.6         43.3</td></th<>	(bpf)         (bpf)           39         62           10.6         12.4           6.1         9.7           14.1         16.3           72         11.1           18.1         20.5           24.8         28.3           27.9         32.9           48.1         57.6           37.6         43.3
1         0.62         0.48         17.6         0.13         28.7         0.8         120         Sand mutures - silly sand lo sandy sitt         0.031         0.5         2.17 to 2.55         2.09         23.2         46         75.0            2         180         0.96         0.14         0.026         0.75         0.7         125         Sands -clean sand to sitty sand         0.080         0.080         0.55         2.09 to 2.29         1.60         150         43         0.7         1.97         256         0.22         43.3         0.6         120         Sand mutures - sitty sand to sandy sitt         0.010         0.5         2.09 to 2.29         1.60         150         43         52.0            4         4.43         0.66         463.3         0.43         75.4         0.9         128         Sands -clean sand to sitty sand         0.246         0.248         0.52         1.65         1.87         40         39.0            6         7.55         1.15         57.6         0.65         86.8         1.1         125         Sands -clean sand to sitty sand         0.424         0.424         0.424         0.246         1.94 to 2.04         1.24         46.30 <td>39         82           106         124           61         97           141         163           72         111           181         205           248         283           213         241           279         329           48.1         576           37.6         433</td>	39         82           106         124           61         97           141         163           72         111           181         205           248         283           213         241           279         329           48.1         576           37.6         433
2         190         0.08         414         0.26         67.5         0.7         125         Sand matures and to siny sand         0.080         0.5         18 to 2.07         1.26         11.8         48         87.0	10.6.         12.4           6.1         9.7           14.1         16.3           7.2         11.1           18.1         20.5           24.8         28.3           21.3         24.1           27.9         32.9           48.1         57.6           37.0         43.3           44.6         53.9
3       377       197       266       0.22       43.3       0.8       120       Sand mutures - silly sand to sandy sitt       0.170       0.5       2.09 to 2.20       1.60       18.0       43       62.0	6.1         9.7           14.1         16.3           7.2         11.1           18.1         20.5           24.8         28.3           21.3         24.1           27.9         32.9           48.1         57.6           37.6         43.3           44.6         53.9
4       443       0.66       463       0.43       75.4       0.9       125       Sand mix-clean sand to sity sand       0.249       0.248       0.5       195 to 2.04       1.28       12.6       44       66.0          5       6 400       197       28.4       0.29       46.1       1.0       120       Sand mix-users sity sand to sandy sitt       0.329       0.52       215 to 2.32       1.65       18.7       40       39.0          6       755       115       57.8       0.65       86.8       1.1       125       Sand s-clean sand to sity sand       0.329       0.52       215 to 2.32       1.65       18.7       40       63.0          7       7.1       0.16       68.6       1.10       98.5       1.5       120       Sand mixtures - sity sand to sandy sit       0.424       0.52       1.86       14.5       43       68.0          9       95.1       131       68.8       0.69       94.0       1.3       122       220       Sand mixtures - sity sand to sandy sit       0.445       0.455       0.5       2.99       1.31       124       2.60        40       131       123       133       242 <td>14         16         3           7         2         11         1           18         1         20         5           24         8         28         3           21.3         24         1         27           27.9         32         9         48.1         57           37.6         43         3         44.6         53</td>	14         16         3           7         2         11         1           18         1         20         5           24         8         28         3           21.3         24         1         27           27.9         32         9         48.1         57           37.6         43         3         44.6         53
5       6.40       107       22.4       0.29       46.1       1.0       120       Sandmutures - silty sand to sandy sitt       0.329       0.5       2.15 to 2.32       1.65       187       40       380          6       7.57       9       0.65       86.8       1.1       125       Sands -clean sand to sitty sand       0.424       0.424       0.55       1.94 to 2.04       129       12.7       42       63.0          7       7.71       0.16       66.6       0.67       94.0       1.3       125       Sands -clean sand to sitty sand       0.424       0.425       0.465       0.5       2.06       1.31       132       42       66.0          8       8.20       0.49       66.6       0.67       94.0       1.3       125       Sands -clean sand to sitty sand       0.445       0.455       1.94 to 2.04       1.31       132       42       66.0          9       9.55       1.31       66.4       1.50       91.0       2.2       2.33       0.52       0.54       0.55       1.71       42       65.0        49       13       132       42       66.0        49       0.540	7 2         11 1           18 1         20 5           24.8         28 3           21.3         24 1           27 9         32 9           48.1         57 6           37.6         43 3           44.6         53 9
6       7.55       115       57.9       0.65       88.8       1.1       125       Sand mix-clean sand to sity sand       0.424       0.52       0.5       1.94 to 2.04       1.29       1.27       42       63.0          7       77.1       0.16       68.6       1.0       198.5       1.6       120       Sand mixtures - sity sand to sandy sitt       0.465       0.465       0.55       2.06       1.38       14.5       43       68.0          8       8.20       0.49       66.8       0.87       94.0       1.3       125       Sanda - clean sand to sity sand       0.485       0.485       0.55       1.90 to 2.05       1.31       132       42       66.0          9       9.51       1.31       66.4       1.50       91.0       2.2       120       Sand mixtures - sity sand to sandy sitt       0.540       0.52       2.07 to 2.34       1.59       17.7       42       65.0        49         10       9.68       0.16       7.3.3       2.81       9.39       120       Sim mixtures - clayey sitt to sinty cley       0.684       0.544       0.55       2.26       1.80       43       73.0        12       10.99	18 1         20 5           24.8         28 3           21.3         24 1           27.9         32 9           48.1         57.6           37.6         43 3           44.6         53 9
7         7.71         0.16         0.86         1.10         9.85         1.8         120         Sand mutures - silty sand to sardy sitt         0.465         0.455         0.5         2.06         1.38         14.5         43         0.80	24.8         28.3           21.3         24.1           27.9         32.9           48.1         57.6           37.6         43.3           44.6         53.9
8         8.20         0.49         66.8         0.87         94.0         1.3         125         Sands - clean sand to silly sand         0.485         0.485         0.5         1.99 to 2.05         1.31         132         42         66.0            9         9.51         1.31         66.4         1.50         91.0         2.2         120         Sand mixtures - silly sand to sandy silt         0.540         0.55         2.07 to 2.34         1.59         17.7         42         65.0          49           10         9.68         0.16         7.33         2.81         93.9         3.9         120         Sill mixtures - silly sand to sandy silt         0.544         0.584         0.54<	21.3         24.1           27.9         32.9           48.1         57.6           37.6         43.3           44.6         53.9
10         968         0.16         73.3         2.81         93.9         3.9         120         Sill modures - clayey sill to sity clay         0.584         0.5         2.35         2.11         24.3           9.9         11         10.68         11.5         0.67         2.35         2.11         24.3           9.9         11         10.68         11.5         0.67         2.35         2.11         24.3           9.9         11         10.63         11.5         0.067         2.35         2.11         24.3           4.9         11         10.63         10.5         0.23         0.52         0.52         0.52         0.51         12.5         0.9         10.63         0.653         0.663         0.65         2.36         2.15         24.8           4.8           13         11.22         0.33         51.3         2.65         45.3         7.3         120         Clays silly clay to clay         0.076         0.676         0.670         0.510         2.51 to 2.33         2.24         4.4         3.4           2.4         4.5         15.61         0.666         <	48.1         57.6           37.6         43.3           44.6         53.9
11         10.83         115         90.7         2.34         112.4         2.6         120         Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy sitt         0.623         0.623         0.62         2.06         16.2.26         1.60         4.3         73.0            12         10.99         0.16         73.1         2.74         8.79         3.8         120         Silt mixtures - cavey silt to silty clay         0.663         0.663         0.652         0.5         2.36         2.15         24.8           4.6           13         1132         0.33         51.3         2.96         66.7         5.9         125         Very silt fine grained"         0.678         0.510         125 15 2.63         2.24         3.6          -         3.4           14         15.26         3.94         37.2         2.65         45.3         7.3         120         Clays - silty clay         0.806         1         2.68 to 2.83         4.46         4.3.9           3.4           15         15.510         0.66         53.1         2.24         5.3.6         1.2         16.2.78         1.02.73         3.0.2         3.2.9	37.6 43.3 44.6 53.9
12         10.09         0.16         7.31         2.74         8.79         3.8         120         Simularias - layer, sitt to sitty clay         0.663         0.55         2.36         2.15         2.48            4.8           13         1132         0.33         51.3         2.96         667         5.9         125         Very stiff, fine grained*         0.678         0.678         0.510         5.230         2.15         2.48           4.8           14         15.26         3.94         37.2         2.65         45.3         7.3         120         Clays - sitty clay to clay         0.806         0.806         1         2.88         16.2.83         4.46         4.3.9         -         -         2.4           15         15.61         0.66         63.0         2.7         120         Simularus - clayer sitt to sitty - 0.944         0.844         0.52         2.51         0.2.57         3.02         3.2.9         -         -         3.5           15         16.57         0.66         63.0         2.7         120         Sim dmixtures - clayer sitt to sitty sand to sandy sitt         0.983         0.983         0.52         12.5         12.4 <td>44.6 53.9</td>	44.6 53.9
13         11 32         0 33         51 3         2.96         66.7         5.9         125         Very stiff, fine grained*         0.676         0.670         0.510         1 253 to 2.63         3 24         34.6	
14         15 26         394         37 2         2 65         45.3         7.3         120         Clays - sity clay to clay         0 606         0 406         1         2.68 to 2.83         4.48         43.9           2.44           15         15 15 06         53.1         2.26         53.5         4.4         120         Sitt matures - clayey sill to sitty clay         0.944         0.544         0.52         251 to 2.57         3.02         32.9           3.5           16         16.57         0.66         63.8         1.68         63.0         2.7         120         Sand matures - sitty sand to sandy sitt         0.983         0.5         2.25 to 2.44         2.13         2.4.4         38         48.0          -         3.5           17         17.06         0.49         50.0         1.74         4.8.5         3.6         120         Sitt matures - sitty sand to sandy sitt         0.083         0.5         2.25 to 2.44         2.13         2.4.4         38         48.0          -         3.3           18         17.22         0.16         43.6         2.24         41.0         5.3         120         Clays         1.018	
15         15         0         0         66         53.1         2.28         53.5         4.4         120         Sit mixtures - clayey silt to sity clay         0.944         0.944         0.5         2.51         to 2.57         3.02         32.9           3.5           16         16.57         0.966         63.8         1.68         63.0         2.7         120         Send mixtures - sifty send to sandy sit         0.893         0.582         0.5         225 to 2.44         213         24.4         38         46.0           3.0           17         17.06         0.49         50.0         1.74         48.5         3.6         120         Sitt mixtures - clayey sitt to sitty clay         1.018         1.018         0.5         2.48 to 2.56         2.84         31.2         -          3.3           17         17.22         0.16         43.6         2.24         41.0         5.3         120         Sitt mixtures - clayey sitt to sitty clay         1.018         1.038         1         2.66         3.86          -         3.2           18         17.22         0.16         43.6         2.24         10         5.3         120	
16         16.57         0.96         6.3.8         1.68         6.3.0         2.7         120         Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt         0.983         0.5         2.25 to 2.44         2.13         2.4.4         38         48.0            17         17.06         0.49         50.0         1.74         .48.5         3.6         120         Silt mixtures - city ye silt to silty city         1.018         1.018         0.5         2.48 to 2.59         2.84         31.2            2.3           18         17.22         0.16         43.6         2.24         41.0         5.3         120         Citys + silty city to city city city         1.038         1.038         2.68         3.80         30.8          -2.8	497 646 353 465
17         17         06         0.49         50.0         1.74         48.5         3.6         120         Sill mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay         1.018         1.018         0.5         2.48         102.58         2.64         31.2           3.3           18         17.22         0.16         43.6         2.24         41.0         5.3         120         Clays - silty clay         1.038         1         2.69         3.90         39.8          -2.8	231 29.9
18 17.22 0 16 43.6 2.24 41.0 5.3 120 Cleys silty clay to clay 1.038 1.038 1 2.66 3.00 39.8 2.8	26.3 35.5
19 17 39 0 16 484 2 00 463 42 120 Sitt mixtures - clayey sitt to sitty clay 1.047 1.047 0.5 2 58 321 344 32	36.3 48.8
	30.6 41.4
20 17 72 0.33 82.5 1.70 76.4 2.1 120 Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt 1.062 1.062 0.5 2.17 to 2.24 1.69 19.2 39 57.0	219 27
21 18.70 0.96 111.9 1.14 104 4 1.0 125 Sands clean sand to silty sand 1.103 1.103 0.5 1.81 to 2.04 1.20 10.6 41 68.0 -	21.6 23.2
22 20.01 131 67.6 0.98 61.1 1.5 120 Sand mixtures - silty sand to sendy silt 1.173 1.173 0.5 2.12 to 2.28 1.64 185 38 460	130 172
23 2051 0.40 84.1 0.07 74.3 12 125 Sanda - clean sand to sitly sand 1.228 1.228 0.5 2.04 to 2.07 1.38 14.5 39 55.0 - 24 2125 115 70.6 1.04 61.3 16 120 Sand modures - alty sand te and/s sitl 1.277 1.277 0.5 2.07 to 2.46 1.72 19.2 37 46.0 -	15.2 18.2 13.3 17.6
24 2165 115 70.6 1.04 61.3 16 120 Sandhures atly sand to sandy sitt 1.277 1.277 0.5 2.07 to 2.48 1.72 19.2 37 46.0 - 2.9 24 0.82 45.1 14 35.9 3.2 120 Sin mixtures city sand to sandy sitt 1.337 1.337 1.537 1.55 10.268 3.22 3.44 2.9	15.4 23.1
26 264 0.16 45.0 2.14 31.9 4.9 120 Clays silv clay to an out 1.366 1.274 4.31 42.7 2.9	281 387
27 22.80 0.16 53.9 2.08 38.2 4.0 120 Silt mixtures - clayey slit to silty clay 1.376 1.376 1 2.62 3.45 38.4 3.5	25 2 35 2
28 24 61 1.80 101.7 2.20 83.0 2.2 120 Sand mixtures - sitty sand to sandy sitt 1.435 1.435 0.5 2.11 to 2.32 1.68 19.1 39 56.0	24.0 29.2
29 25.26 0.66 171 7 2.38 130.8 1.4 125 Sands clean sand to silty sand 1.510 1.510 0.5 1.83 to 2.01 1.20 10.6 41 79.0	29.5 31.3
30 25 75 0.49 80.7 1.47 63.6 1.9 120 Sand mxtures - silty sand to sandy stil 1.545 1.545 0.5 2.1 to 2.38 1.82 20.6 37 470	161 211
31 2825 049 62.7 2.38 42.2 3.9 120 Silt midures - ciayey silt to sithy clay 1.574 1.574 0.5 to 1 2.5 to 2.63 3.26 34.8 4.1	26.3 36.1
32 28.38 2.13 104.1 2.54 79.1 2.6. 120 Sand motures - sity send to sandy sit 1.653 1.853 0.5 2.03 to 2.41 1.91 21.7 38 550 -	26.8 33
33 28.87 0.49 178.6 3.10 132.8 1.8 125 Sanda - clean sand to silty sand 1.732 1.732 0.5 1.97 to 2.02 1.29 12.7 41 78.0 14 29.96 0.02 106.3 2.21 78.2 21 120 Sand midures - silty sand bardwri silt 1.772 1.772 0.5 1.21 to 2.34 1.73 19.6 38 550	314 343
34         29         69         0.82         106.3         2.21         78.2         21         120         Sand mixtures - silly sand to sendy silt         1.772         1.772         0.5         2.12 to 2.34         1.73         19.6         38         550         -           35         29.86         0.16         54.4         1.64         29.2         3.1         120         Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay         1.802         1         2.64         3.57         37.3         -          35	223 275 109 18
35 29 46 010 34 4 104 29 2 31 120 Similarias cayve sin to sing chay 1.602 1.602 1.624 337 25	277 383
37 31.66 082 66.7 2.48 34.3 3.8 120 Sit mixtures clayers in to sity clay 1.891 1 26 to 269 382 37.6 43	203 294
38 32.15 0.49 95.5 1.51 67.3 1.6 120 Sand mixtures - sifty sand to sandy sift 1.930 1.930 0.5 2.12 to 2.27 1.62 18.2 37 49.0	155 19.8
39 32,48 0.33 110.1 1.25 77.1 1.2 1.26 Sands - clean sand to silty sand 1.955 1.955 0.5 2.01 to 2.08 1.35 14.0 37 55.0	15.8 18.7
40 38 42 3 94 102 5 1 65 69 6 1 7 120 Sand mixtures silty sand to sendy silt 2 083 2 083 0 5 2 07 to 2 35 1 63 18.3 37 50.0	16.4 20.7
41 3675 033 70.7 2.99 310 4.4 120 Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay 2.211 2.211 1 2.7 to 2.73 4.11 4.13 46	229 325
42 3724 049 108.5 227 710 22 120 Sand multures - slity sand to sandy sit 2,238 0.5 2.11 to 2.4 182 20.5 38 510 45 40.57 328 154.5 170 98.8 11 125 Sands -clean sand to sity sand 2,238 2,238 0.5 2.11 to 2.4 182 10.5 38 510	21.6 27.2 20.8 22.9
	208 22.9 13.9 17.2
44 4101 0.49 111.6 129 695 1.2 120 Sand mutures - sity sand to samby sitt 2.470 2.470 0.5 2.08 to 2.08 1.42 15.2 36 50.0	156 181
45 43.80 0.16 125.6 1.81 75.5 1.3 120 Sand midures - sity sand to sandy sit 2.654 2.654 0.5 2.08 1.42 1.52 36 54.0	16.2 19.5
17 14.62 0.82 134.6 1.52 80.4 1.2 125 Sands - clean sand to sitty sand 2.885 2.885 0.5 1.98 to 2.05 1.33 13.6 37 56.0	167 194
48 44 95 0 33 156.8 2.61 93.1 1.7 120 Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy sill 2.720 2.720 0.5 2.06 to 2.11 1.43 15.4 38 62.0	238 276
49 48 06 3 12 183.5 2 05 95 1 1.3 125 Sands - clean sand to silly sand 2.827 2.827 0.5 1.94 to 2.04 1.30 12.9 38 63.0	21.4 24
50 4839 033 161.5 246 922 16 120 Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt 2.935 2.935 0.5 2.06 to 2.07 139 14.7 37 620	22 4 25 9
51 48.72 0.33 153.0 199 87.1 13 125 Sends-clean sand to silly sand 2.955 2.955 0.5 2.03 to 2.04 135 13.9 37 55.0 -	19.5 22.5 22.3 27.8
52 49.70 0.98 130.0 2.67 73.5 2.2 120 Sand mintures - silly sand to sandy suit 2.995 2.995 0.5 2.09 to 2.41 1.79 20.1 36 52.0	



#### GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

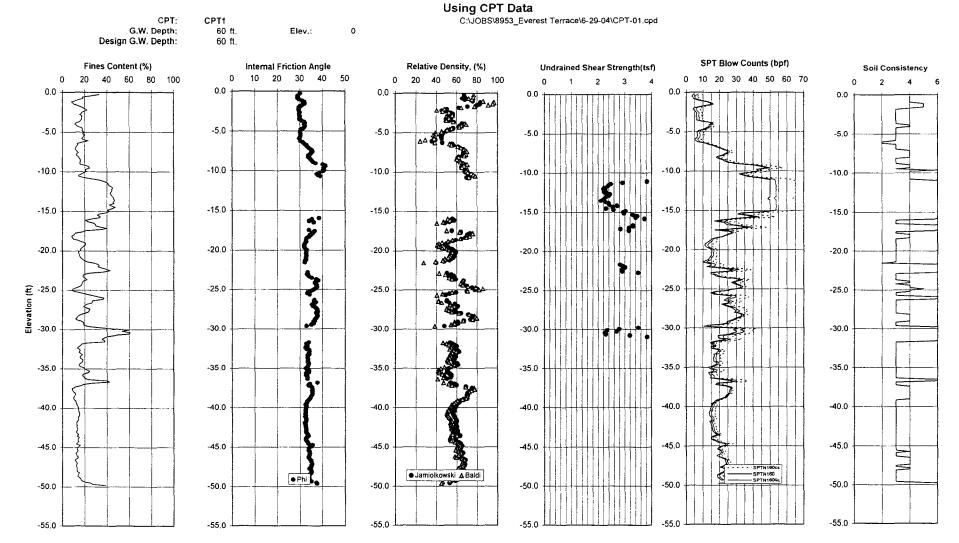


## **CPT-Based Soil Behavior Type**

\*Heavily overconsolidated or cemented

**GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE** 

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Soil Characteristics and Engineering Characteristics

GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

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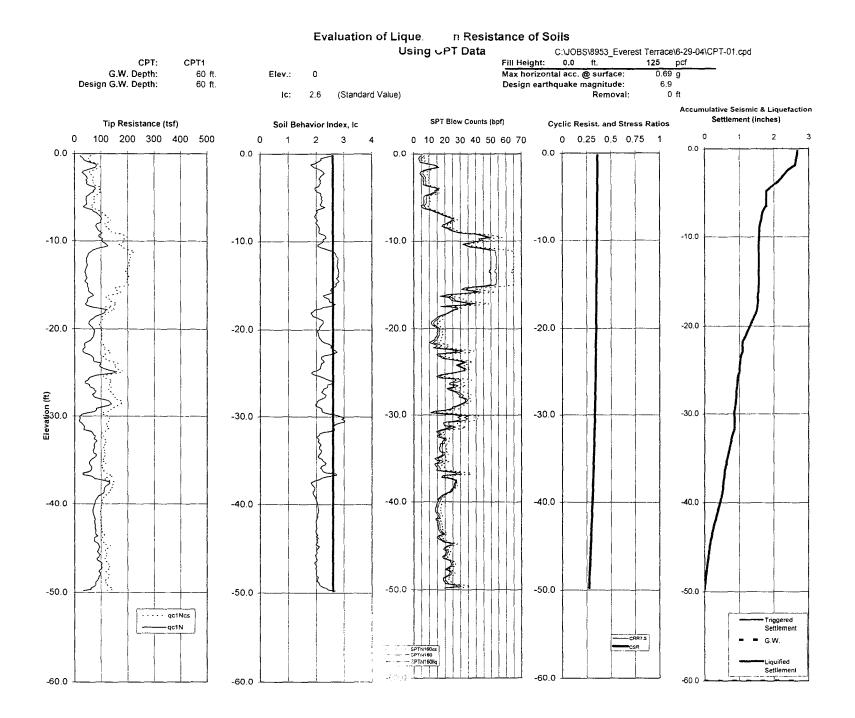
## CPT ANALYSIS CPT 1 NO DESIGN GROUNDWATER

## "Dry" Sand Seismic Settlement Using CPT Data

			CPT:	CPT1		w.o.:	8953	5	C:I	Height:	0.0	ft.	125	pcf						
		<b>C</b> 14	I. Depth:		) ft.		0955						0.69		-					
	<b>D</b> .		•		) ft	Elev.:						. @ surface:		g						
	0	esign G.W				lc:	2.6	C'UOBS\8953_Everest Terrace\6-29-04\CPT-01 cpd	U			magnitude:	6.90		Cualia					
			Removal: Avg.		) ft.					Magni	tude Sca	aling Factor:	0.88		Cyclic Shear					
	Layer	Layer	Tip	Avg. Side	Avg.	Norm.	Eff.	Soil				Fines	Avg.	Spt	Stress				Vol.	"Dry"
					-			-					-			-				-
	Bott.	Thick.	Resist	Fric.	Tip Resist	Frc. Rt.	O.B.	Behavior	Avg.			Content	Dr	N160cs	Tav	Gmax	γeff /		Strain	Settle.
Layer	(ft)	(ft)	qc (tsf)	fs	qc1N (tsf)	(%)	(tsf)	Туре	rd	KC	Kσ	(%)	(%)	(bpf)	(psf)	(ksf)	(Geff/Gmax)	γeff	(%)	(in)
1	0.82	0.49	17.6	0.13	28.7	0.8	0.031	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	1.00	2.09	1	23.2	75	8.2	28	2.16E+02	1.24E-04	4.21E-04	2.70E-01	1.85E-02
2	1.80	0.98	41.4	0.28	67.5	0.7	0.080	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	1.00	1.26	1	11.8	87	12.4	72	4.12E+02	1.73E-04	1.20E-03	4.65E-01	5.50E-02
3	3.77	1.97	26.6	0.22	43.3	0.8	0.170	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	1.00	1.60	1	18.0	52	9.7	152	5.77E+02	2.60E-04	5.31E-03	2.23E+00	5.27E-01
4	4.43	0.66	46.3	0.43	75.4	0.9	0.249	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0,99	1.28	1	12.6	66	16.3	222	8.30E+02	2.67E-04	1.42E-02	2.64E+00	2.08E-01
5	6.40	1.97	28.4	0.29	46.1	1.0	0.329	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.99	1.65	1	18.7	39	11.1	292	8.61E+02	3.39E-04	3.69E-02	3.56E-01	8.40E-02
6	7.55	1.15	57.9	0.65	86.8	1.1	0.424	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0,99	1.29	1	12.7	63	20 5	375	1.18E+03	3.19E-04	5.99E-03	9.65E-01	1.33E-01
7	7.71	0.16	68.6	1.10	98.5	1.6	0.465	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0,98	1.38	1	14.5	68	28.3	410	1.37E+03	2.98E-04	2.29E-03	2.62E-01	5.15E-03
8	8.20	0.49	66.8	0.87	94.0	1,3	0.485	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.98	1.31	1	13.2	66	24.1	428	1.33E+03	3.21E-04	3.18E-03	4.66E-01	2.75E-02
9	9.51	1.31	68.4	1.50	91.0	2.2	0.540	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0,98	1.59	1	17.7	65	32.9	475	1.55E+03	3.09E-04	2.31E-03	2.83E-01	4.46E-02
10	9.68	0.16	73.3	2.81	93.9	3.9	0.584	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.98	2.11	1	24.3	L	57.6	513	2.79E+03	1.84E-04	3.01E-04	1.62E-02	3.19E-04
11	10.83	1.15	90,7	2.34	112.4	2.6	0.623	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.98	1.60	1	18.0	73	43.3	547	1.83E+03	2.99E-04	1.49E-03	9.12E-02	1.26E-02
12	10.99	0.16	73.1	2.74	87.9	3.8	0.663	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.98	2.15	1	24.8		53.9	581	2.90E+03	2.00E-04	3.39E-04	1.83E-02	3.60E-04
15	15.91	0.66	53.1	2.28	53.5	4.4	0.944	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.97	3.02	1	32.9		46.5	819	3.30E+03	2.49E-04	4.44E-04	2.39E-02	1.89E-03
16	16.57	0.66	63.8	1.68	63.0	2.7	0.983	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.97	2.13	1	24.4	48	29.9	852	2.10E+03	4.08E-04	2.21E-03	2.61E-01	2 05E-02
17	17.06	0.49	50.0	1.74	48.5	3.6	1.018	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.96	2.84	1	31.2		35.5	881	3.13E+03	2.82E-04	5.26E-04	4.17E-02	2.47E-03
19	17.39	0.16	48.4	2.00	46.3	4.2	1.047	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0,96	3,21	0.99	34.4		41.4	905	3.35E+03	2.70E-04	4.82E-04	2.61E-02	5.13E-04
20	17.72	0.33	82.5	1.70	78.4	2.1	1.062	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.96	1.69	0.99	19.2	57	27.0	917	2.10E+03	4.39E-04	2.66E-03	3.51E-01	1.38E-02
21	18.70	0.98	111.9	1.14	104.4	1.0	1.103	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.96	1.20	0.97	10.6	68	23.2	951	2.01E+03	4.75E-04	3.59E-03	5.77E-01	6.82E-02
22	20.01	1.31	67.6	0.98	61.1	1.5	1.173	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.96	1.64	0.96	18.5	46	17.2	1008	1.92E+03	5.24E-04	4.69E-03	1.01E+00	1.60E-01
23	20.51	0.49	84.1	0.97	74 3	1.2	1.228	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.96	1.38	0.94	14.5	55	18.2	1053	1.99E+03	5.28E-04	4.69E-03	9.44E-01	5.58E-02
24	21.65	1.15	70.6	1.04	61.3	1.6	1.277	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.95	1.72	0.94	19.2	46	17.6	1093	2.03E+03	5.38E-04	4.74E-03	9.96E-01	1.37E-01
25	22.47	0.82	45.1	1.41	35.9	3.2	1.337	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.95	3.22	0.94	34.4		23.1	679	1.81E+03	2.25E-04	4.39E-04	7.23E-02	7.11E-03
28	24.61	1.80	101.7	2.20	83.0	2.2	1.435	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.95	1.68	0.9	19.1	58	29.2	1217	2.51E+03	4.89E-04	2.89E-03	3.68E-01	7.97E-02 2.32E-02
29	25.26	0.66	171.7	2.38	136.8	1.4	1.510	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.94	1.20	0.86	10.6	79	31.3	1275	2.59E+03	4.94E-04 5.48E-04	2.88E-03 3.71E-03	2.94E-01 6.29E-01	3.71E-02
30	25.75 26.25	0.49	80.7	1.47	63.6	1.9 3.9	1.545	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.94	1.82	0.88	20.6	47	<u>21.1</u> 36.1	1302 439	2.38E+03	1.13E-04	1.98E-04	1.48E-02	8.73E-04
	28.38		104.1	2.38		2.6	1.574	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.94	3.26	0.91	34.8 21.7	55		1383	1.30E+03	4.89E-04	2,18E-03	1.98E-02	5.07E-02
32	28.87	2.13	178.6	2.54	79.1 132.8	1.8	1.653	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0,93	1.91	0.87	12.7	78	33.0 34.3	1303	2.83E+03 2.87E+03	5.02E-04	2.16E-03 2.37E-03	1.96E-01	1.16E-02
33	29.69	0.49	106.3	2.21	78.2	2.1	1.772	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.93	1.73	0.83	19.6	55	27.5	1440	2.75E+03	5.35E-04	2.56E-03	3.29E-01	3.24E-02
38	32.15	0.49	95.5	1.51	67.3	1.6	1.930	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5) Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.92	1.62	0.85	18.2	49	19.8	1575	2.61E+03	6.04E-04	3.12E-03	5.75E-01	3.40E-02
39	32.48	0.33	110.1	1,25	77.1	1.2	1.955	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.91	1.35	0.83	14.0	55	18.7	1591	2.56E+03	6.22E-04	3.46E-03	6.80E-01	2.68E-02
40	36.42	3.94	102.5	1.65	69.6	1.7	2.083	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.89	1.63	0.81	18.3	50	20.7	1669	3.E+03	6.08E-04	2.70E-03	4.68E-01	2.21E-01
42	37.24	0.49	102.5	2.27	71.0	2.2	2.236	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.88	1.82	0.82	20.5	51	27.2	1756	3.E+03	5.69E-04	2.01E-03	2.74E-01	1.62E-02
43	40.52	3.28	154.5	1.70	98.8	1.1	2.353	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.86	1.02	0.75	11.8	64	22.9	1815	3.E+03	6.12E-04	2.34E-03	3.84E-01	1.51E-01
44	41.01	0.49	111.6	1.29	69.5	1.2	2.470	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.84	1.42	0.77	15.2	50	17.2	1869	3.E+03	6.61E-04	2.67E-03	5.94E-01	3.51E-02
45	43.64	2.62	127.5	1.34	77.9	1.1	2.567	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.83	1.32	0.76	13.3	55	18.2	1909	3.E+03	6.54E-04	2.52E-03	5.25E-01	1.65E-01
46	43.80	0.16	125.6	1.61	75.5	1.3	2.654	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.82	1.42	0.73	15.2	54	19.6	1942	3052.360	6.36E-04	2.26E-03	4.11E-01	8.09E-03
47	44.62	0.82	134.6	1.52	80.4	1.2	2.685	Sands - clean sand to sitty sand (6)	0.81	1.33	0.74	13.6	56	19.4	1952	3054.050	6.40E-04	0.0	0.43462	0.042778
48	44.95	0.33	156.8	2.61	93.1	1.7	2.720	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.80	1.43	0.73	15.4	62	27.6	1964	3433.130	5.72E-04	0.0	0.20157	0.007936
49	48.06	3.12	163.5	2.05	95.1	1.3	2.827	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.79	1.30	0.71	12.9	63	24.0	1997	3339.520	5.98E-04	0.0	0.2749	0.102818
50	48.39	0.33	161.5	2.46	92.2	1.6	2.935	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.73	1.39	0.7	14.7	62	25.9	2027	3500.300	5.79E-04	0.0	0.22624	0.008907
51	48.72	0.33	153.0	1.99	87.1	1.3	2.955	Sands - clean sand to sally sand (6)	0.77	1.35	0,71	13.9	59	22.5	2032	3360.880	6.05E-04	00	0.30261	0.011914
52	49,70	0.98	130.0	2.67	73.5	2.2	2.995	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.76	1.79	0.72	20.1	52	27.8	2032	3648.220	5.62E-04	0.0	0.20888	0.024671
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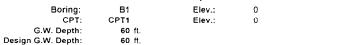
GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

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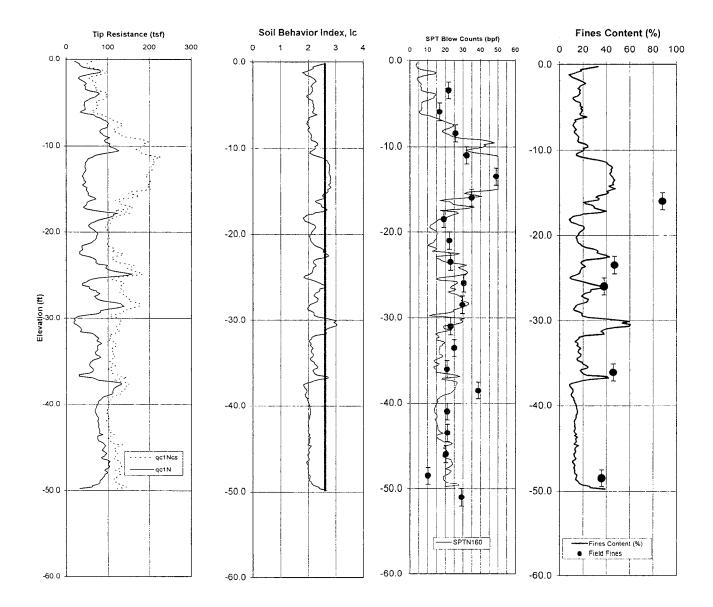
TO EASE OF A STRAKE VILLAGE

\*Exclude Settlement from layers thinner than 6 inches Comparison of CPT Data and SPT Data



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## CPT ANALYSIS CPT 1 DESIGN GROUNDWATER AT 40 FOOT DEPTH

## "Dry" Sand Seismic Settlement Using CPT Data

			CPT:	CPT1		W.O.:	8953	•	Fil	Height:	0.0	ft.	125	pcf						
		G.W	V. Depth:	60	ft.	Elev.:	0		M	Max horizontal acc. @ surface:		0.69	<u>a</u>							
	De	esign G.W		40		lc:	26	C.UOBS\8953_Everest Terrace\6-29-04\CPT-01.cpd		Design earthquake magnitude:		6.90								
			Removai:	0	ft.		_	· · · · · <u>-</u> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	Magnitude Scaling Factor;			0.88		Cyclic					
			Avg.	Avg.						······································					Shear					
	Layer	Layer	Tlp	Side	Avg.	Norm.	Eff.	Soil				Fines	Avg.	Spt	Stress				Vol.	"Dry"
	Bott.	Thick.	Resist	Fric.	Tip Resist	Frc. Rt.	O.B.	Behavior	Avg.			Content	Dr	N160cs	Tav	Gmax	γeff /		Strain	Settle.
Layer	(ft)	(ft)	qc (tsf)	fs	qc1N (tsf)	(%)	(tsf)	Туре	rđ	Kc	Kσ	(%)	(%)	(bpf)	(psf)	(ksf)	(Geff/Gmax)	yeff	(%)	(in)
1	0.82	0.49	17.6	0 13	28.7	0.8	0.031	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	1.00	2.09	1	23.2	75	8.2	28	2.16E+02	1.24E-04	4.21E-04	2.70E-01	1.85E-02
2	1.80	0.98	41.4	0 28	67.5	0.7	0.080	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	1.00	1.26	1	11.8	87	12.4	72	4.12E+02	1.73E-04	1.20E-03	4.65E-01	5.50E-02
3	3 77	1 97	26.6	0 22	433	0.8	0.170	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	1.00	1.60	1	18.0	52	9.7	152	5.77E+02	2.60E-04	5.31E-03	2.23E+00	5.27E-01
4	4 4 3	0.66	46.3	0 43	75.4	09	0.249	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.99	1.28	1	12.6	_66	16.3	222	8.30E+02	2.67E-04	1.42E-02	2.64E+00	2.08E-01
5	6.40	1 97	28.4	0 29	46 1	10	0 329	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.99	1.65	1	18.7	39	11.1	292	8.61E+02	3.39E-04	3.69E-02	3.56E-01	8.40E-02
6	7.55	1.15	57.9	0.65	86.8	1.1	0.424	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.99	1.29	1	12.7	63	20.5	375	1.18E+03	3.19E-04	5.99E-03	9.65E-01	1.33E-01
7	7.71	0.16	68.6	1.10	98.5	1.6	0.465	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.98	1.38	1	14.5	68	28.3	410	1.37E+03	2.98E-04	2.29E-03	2.62E-01	5.15E-03
8	8.20	0.49	66.8	0.87	94.0	1.3	0.485	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.98	1.31	1	13.2	66	24.1	428	1.33E+03	3.21E-04	3.18E-03	4.66E-01	2.75E-02
9	9.51	1.31	68.4	1.50	91.0	2.2	0.540	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.98	1.59	1	17.7	65	32.9	475	1.55E+03	3.09E-04	2.31E-03	2.83E-01	4.46E-02
10	9.68	0.16	73.3	2.81	93.9	3.9	0.584	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.98	2.11	1	24.3		57.6	513	2.79E+03	1.84E-04	3.01E-04	1.62E-02	3.19E-04
11	10.83	1.15	90.7	2.34	112.4	2.6	0.623	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0,98	1.60	1	18.0	73	43.3	547	1.83E+03	2.99E-04	1.49E-03	9.12E-02	1.26E-02
12	10.99	0.16	73.1	2.74	87.9	3.8	0.663	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.98	2.15	1	24.8		53.9	581	2.90E+03	2.00E-04	3.39E-04	1.83E-02	3.60E-04
15	15.91	0.66	53.1	2 28	53.5	4.4	0.944	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.97	3.02	1	32.9		46.5	819	3.30E+03	2.49E-04	4.44E-04	2.39E-02	1.89E-03
16	16.57	0.66	63.8	1.68	63.0	2.7	0.983	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.97	2.13	1	24.4	48	29.9	852	2.10E+03	4.08E-04	2.21E-03	2.61E-01	2.05E-02
17	17.06	0.49	50.0	1.74	48.5	3.6	1.018	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0,96	2.84	1	31.2		35.5	881	3.13E+03	2.82E-04	5.26E-04	4.17E-02	2.47E-03
19	17.39	0.16	48.4	2.00	46.3	4.2	1.047	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0,96	3.21	0.99	34,4		41.4	905	3.35E+03	2.70E-04	4.82E-04	2.61E-02	5.13E-04
20	17.72	0.33	82.5	1.70	78.4	2.1	1.062	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0,96	1.69	0.99	19.2	57	27.0	917	2.10E+03	4.39E-04	2.66E-03	3.51E-01	1.38E-02
21	18.70	0.98	111.9	1.14	104.4	1.0	1.103	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.96	1.20	0.97	10.6	68	23.2	951	2.01E+03	4.75E-04	3.59E-03	5.77E-01	6.82E-02
22	20.01	1.31	67.6	0.98	61.1	1.5	1.173	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.96	1.64	0.96	18.5	46	17.2	1008	1.92E+03	5.24E-04	4.69E-03	1.01E+00	1.60E-01
23	20.51	0.49	84.1	0.97	74.3	1.2	1.228	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0,96	1.38	0.94	14.5	55	18.2	1053	1.99E+03	5.28E-04	4.69E-03	9.44E-01	5.58E-02
24	21.65	1.15	70.6	1.04	61.3	1.6	1.277	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.95	1.72	0.94	19.2	46	17.6	1093	2.03E+03	5.38E-04	4.74E-03	9.96E-01	1.37E-01
25	22.47	0.82	45.1	1.41	35.9	3.2	1.337	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.95	3.22	0.94	34.4		23.1	679	1.81E+03	2.25E-04	4.39E-04	7.23E-02	7.11E-03
28	24.61	1.80	101.7	2.20	83.0	2.2	1.435	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.95	1.68	0.9	19.1	58	29.2	1217	2.51E+03	4.89E-04	2.89E-03	3.68E-01	7.97E-02
29	25.26	0.66	171.7	2.38	136.8	1.4	1.510	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.94	1.20	0.86	10.6	79	31.3	1275	2.59E+03	4.94E-04	2.88E-03	2.94E-01	2.32E-02
30	25.75	0.49	80.7	1.47	63.6	1.9	1.545	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.94	1.82	0.88	20.6	47	21.1	1302	2.38E+03	5.48E-04	3.71E-03	6.29E-01	3.71E-02
31	26.25	0.49	62.7	2.38	42.2	3.9	1.574	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.94	3.26	0.91	34.8		36.1	439	1.30E+03	1.13E-04	1.98E-04	1.48E-02	8.73E-04
32	28.38	2.13	104.1	2.54	79.1	2.6	1.653	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.93	1.91	0.87	21.7	55	33.0	1383	2.83E+03	4.89E-04	2 18E-03	1.98E-01	5.07E-02
33	28.87	0.49	178.6	3.10	132.8	1.8	1.732	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.93	1.29	0.81	12.7	78	34.3	1440	2.87E+03	5.02E-04	2.37E-03	1.96E-01	1.16E-02
34	29.69	0.82	106.3	2.21	78.2	2.1	1.772	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.92	1.73	0.83	19.6	55	27.5	1469	2.75E+03	5.35E-04	2.56E-03	3.29E-01	3.24E-02
38	32.15	0.49	95.5	1.51	67.3	1.6	1.930	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.91	1.62	0.85	18.2	49	19.8	1575	2.61E+03	6.04E-04	3.12E-03	5.75E-01	3.40E-02
39	32.48	0.33	110.1	1.25	77.1	1.2	1,955	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.91	1.35	0.82	14.0	55	18.7	1591	2.56E+03	6.22E-04	3.46E-03	6.80E-01	2.68E-02
40	36.42	3.94	102.5	1.65	69.6	1.7	2.083	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.89	1.63	0.81	18.3	50	20.7	1669	3.E+03	6.08E-04	2.70E-03	4.68E-01	2.21E-01
42	37.24	0.49	108.5	2.27	71.0	2.2	2.236	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.88	1.82	0.82	20.5	51	27.2	1756	3.E+03	5.69E-04	2.01E-03	2.74E-01	1.62E-02
43	40.52	2.76	154.5	1,70	98.8	1.1	2.353	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.86	1.25	0,75	11.8	64	22.9	1536	3.E+03	5.14E-04	1.95E-03	3.00E-01	1.18E-01
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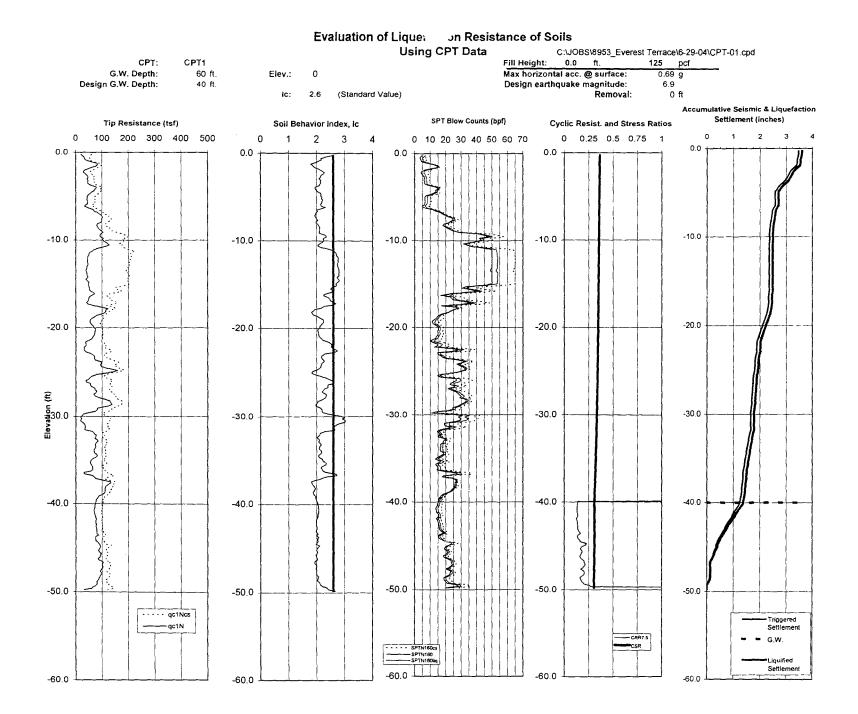
2.23

## Liquefaction Analysis Using CPT Data

			CPT:	CPT1		W.O.:	8953												3.59
		G.W	V. Depth:	60	ft.	Elev.:	0					Fi	ll Height:	0.0	ft.	125	pcf		
	De	esign G.V	V. Depth:	40	ft.	Ic:	2.6	C.UOBS\8953_Everest Terrace\6-29-04\CPT-01.cpd				N	lax horiz	ontal acc. @	surface:	0.69	g		
			Removal:	0	ft.							C		rthquake ma		6.90			
			Avg.	Avg.									Magn	itude Scaling	Factor:	1.24			
	Layer	Layer	Tip	Side	Avg.	Norm.	Eff.	Soil				Avg. Fines	Avg.	Avg. SPT	Min.		Min.	Avg.	Liq
	Bott.	Thick.	Resist	Fric.	Tip Resist	Frc. Rt.	O.B.	Behavior	Avg.			Content	Dr	N1(60)liq	CRR	Avg.	Liq.	Strain	Settle.
Layer	(ft)	(ft)	qc (tsf)	fs	qc1N (tsf)	(%)	(tsf)	Туре	rd	Kc	Κσ	(%)	(%)	(bpf)	(M=7.5)	ĊSR	FS	(%)	(in)
43	40.52	0.52	154.5	1.70	98.8	1.1	2.353	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.86	1.25	0.75	11.8	64	109.1	0.13	0.312	0.43	1.8	0.12
44	41.01	0.49	111.6	1.29	69.5	1.2	2.470	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.84	1.42	0.78	15.2	50	15.2	0.13	0.309	0.42	1.9	0.11
45	43.64	2.62	127.5	1.34	77.9	1.1	2.567	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.83	1.32	0.76	13.3	55	16.7	0.12	0.309	0.40	1.8	0.55
46	43.80	0.16	125.6	1.61	75.5	1.3	2.654	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.82	1.42	0.74	15.2	54	17.5	0.14	0.309	0.47	1.7	0.03
47	44.62	0.82	134.6	1.52	80.4	1.2	2.685	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.81	1.33	0.76	13.6	56	17.8	0.13	0.309	0.43	1.6	0.16
_ 48	44.95	0.33	156.8	2.61	93.1	1.7	2.720	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.80	1.43	0.74	15.4	62	25.1	0.22	0.309	0.70	0.0	0
49	48.06	3.12	163.5	2.05	95.1	1.3	2.827	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.79	1.30	0.73	12.9	63	22.5	0.16	0.307	0.52	1.1	0.26
50	48.39	0.33	161.5	2.46	92.2	1.6	2.935	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.77	1.39	0.72	14.7	62	23.7	0.20	0.306	0.64	0.0	0
51	48.72	0.33	153.0	1.99	87.1	1.3	2.955	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.77	1.35	0.73	13.9	59	20.7	0.16	0.305	0.53	1.4	0.05
52	49.70	0.98	130.0	2.67	73.5	2.2	2.995	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.76	1.79	0.74	20.1	52	24.1	0.17	0.305	0.55	0.9	0.08

### **GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE**

1.36



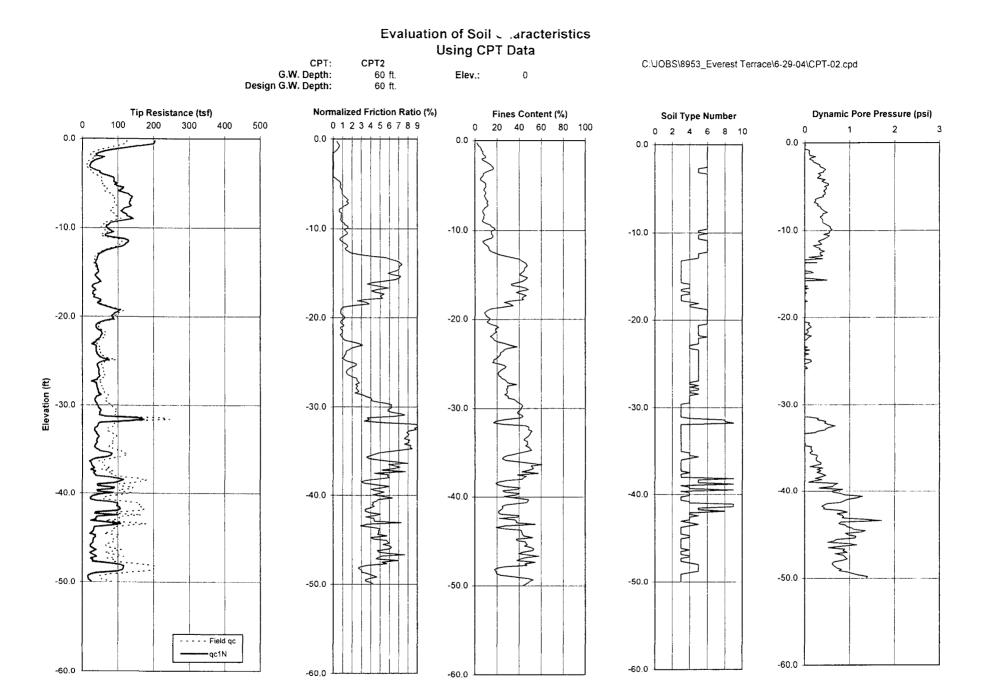
GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

\*Exclude Settlement from layers thinner than 6 inches CPT ANALYSIS CPT 2

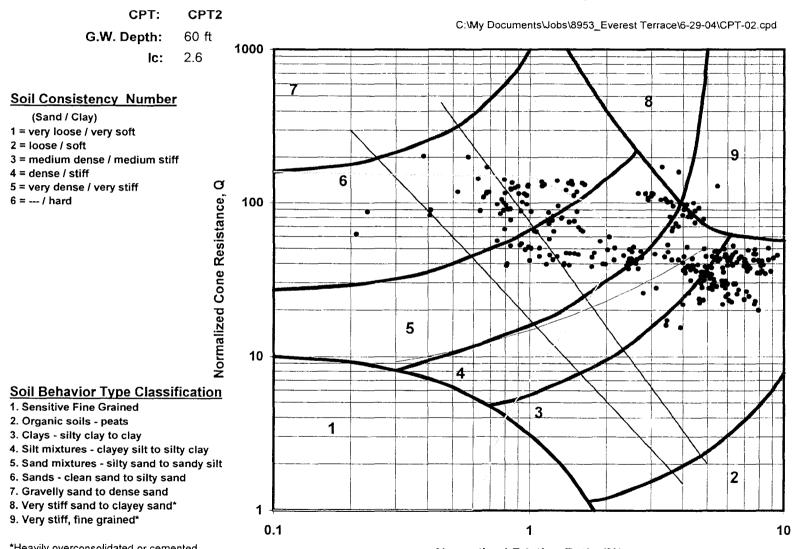
#### Summary of Analysis of CPT Data

har         har <th></th> <th>De</th> <th>sign G.W</th> <th>CPT: /. Depth: /. Depth: Removal:</th> <th>CPT2 60 60 0</th> <th>n</th> <th>W.O.: Elev.: lc:</th> <th>8953 0 2 6</th> <th>C u-OBS/8952_Everent Terrace%-29-04/CPT-07 cpd</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Max</th> <th></th> <th>aiacc. 🔞 s</th> <th></th> <th>125 0 69 6 90</th> <th>9 9</th> <th></th> <th></th>		De	sign G.W	CPT: /. Depth: /. Depth: Removal:	CPT2 60 60 0	n	W.O.: Elev.: lc:	8953 0 2 6	C u-OBS/8952_Everent Terrace%-29-04/CPT-07 cpd				Max		aiacc. 🔞 s		125 0 69 6 90	9 9		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		Layer		Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Norm.		Soli					911 02111	Fines					
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$														¥						
1         1	Layer												1 41 to 1.98					-		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	2	3.28		14.3	0.01		0.1		Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt											
$ \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 101 & 101 & 028 & 039 & 039 & -10 & 021 & 10 & 021 & 029 & 028 & 039 & 029 & 038 & 147 & 04 & 96 & 6 & -1 & 60 & 11 \\ \hline 1 & 102 & 102 & 020 & 101 & 021 $	3																			
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$																				
$ \begin{vmatrix} 1 & p \\ 0									Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt											
6         70         0.05         0.07         0.07         0.07         0.00         0.0																				
																	47.0			
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	10	15.75	2.62		2.43	40.9	67	120	Clays - silty clay to clay	0 893	0 893	1	2 69 to 2.82	4.49	43.9			2.4	44.9	58 8
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$												0.5 to 1								
1         1         178         0.82         348         11         332         51         100         100         105												1								
i         i	14	17.88	0.82	34.6	1 71	31.2	51	120	Clays - silty clay to clay	1.075	1.075		2.74 to 2.81	4 46	43.7			22	28.9	39 7
17       16.84       0.33       ctag       1.72       1.72       1.72       0.52       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.25       2.21       2.21       2.25       2.21																				
11         11<							37											32		
12       12       12       12       12       12       12       12       12       12       12       12       12       13       14       15       15       16       10       17       16       15       16       15       16       15       16       15       16       15       16       15       16       15       16       15       16       15       16       15       16       15       16       15       16       15       16       15       15       16       15       15       16       15       15       16 <t< td=""><td>18</td><td></td><td>0.16</td><td>55 2</td><td>1 16</td><td></td><td>2.2</td><td>120</td><td>Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt</td><td>1 1 4 4</td><td>1 1 4 4</td><td>0.5</td><td>2.35</td><td>2.13</td><td>24.5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>13.1</td><td>18 8</td></t<>	18		0.16	55 2	1 16		2.2	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	1 1 4 4	1 1 4 4	0.5	2.35	2.13	24.5				13.1	18 8
17:       1																				
22       22       22       23       26       0.62       2110       2130       0.5       2110       24												0.5								
$\frac{1}{24}$ $\frac{1}{270}$ $\frac{3}{270}$ $\frac{3}{28}$ $\frac{1}{26}$ $\frac{1}{$	22	22.80	0.82	57 D	0 68	476	1.2	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy sill	1.375	1 375	0.5	2 11 to 2 41	1.75	19.8			-	8.0	12.1
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							2.7									26				
20       27.26       0.46       516       7.20       200       24       720       -       100       117         27       277       0.46       533       441       2.0       1.0       531       molecular starting and output start						33.4											34.0	3.2		
72       82       9.6       0.33       647       1.30       41.0       24       120       Stand moturessing gain by dy.       1.765       1.765       0.5       2.468       2.60       2.86       3.44       2.90       -       1.17       16         25       25.8       0.83       67.0       1.51       4.31       2.7       1.00       Stand moturessing gain by dy.       1.721       1.722       0.5       1.721       1.72	26	27.56	0.16	51.6	1.20	39 0	2.4	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	1 680	1 680		2.47		29.3	34	27.0			17
29       28       29       29       151       431       27       1724       1724       1724       1724       28       29       24       24       24       26       24       22       23       33       30       -       17       163       165       100 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay</td> <td></td>									Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay											
100       1									Silt mixtures - claver silt to silty clav								29.0			
32 $517$ $164$ $966$ $543$ $452$ $646$ $190$ $165$ $12$ $206$ $275$ $412$ $413$ $$ $$ $57$ $465$ $99$ $33$ $3166$ $0.33$ $2262$ $925$ $926$ $87$ $156$ $1907$ $0.5$ $2136$ $22$ $160$ $160$ $42$ $277$ $$ $0.6$ $324$ $224$ $357$ $$ $152$ $800$ $845$ $64$ $77$ $800$ $855$ $637$ $930$ $952$ $87$ $1327$ $652$ $1327$ $652$ $1327$ $652$ $132$ $1807$ $1328$ $127$ $652$ $1328$ $1242$ $1275$ $1275$ $1275$ $1275$ $1275$ $1275$ $1275$ $1275$ $1282$ $1275$ $1282$ $1275$ $1282$ $1275$ $1282$ $1275$ $1282$ $1275$ $1282$ $1275$ $1282$ $1275$ $1282$ $1275$ $1282$ $1275$ $12825$ $12825$ $12825$ <td>30</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>608</td> <td>1.38</td> <td>45.1</td> <td>23</td> <td>120</td> <td>Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy sill</td> <td>1 7 3 9</td> <td></td> <td>05</td> <td>2.41</td> <td></td> <td>26.9</td> <td>34</td> <td>33.0</td> <td></td> <td>12.4</td> <td></td>	30			608	1.38	45.1	23	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy sill	1 7 3 9		05	2.41		26.9	34	33.0		12.4	
33       3.33       0.16       920       3.22       6.52       1.8       100       1007 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>																				
33         36         0.33         2382         6.95         167         16         175         Very stiff, fing ranged         1922         1927         192         192         192         192         192         192         192         192         192         192         192         192         193 </td <td></td>																				
35         35         10         Class-sity day to day         2041         1         2.08 to 28         5.02         47.6	34		0.33	236.2	8 36	166 7	36	125	Very sliff sand to clayey sand*	1 922	1 922	0.5			18.0	42	87.0			
37       5 50       0.48       1150       4 4       170       Sitt metures - dayrs afte barly situate       2154       215       12       250       2.6       2.13       230       2.5       2.5       4.7       539         38       35.83       0.16       105.9       3.88       701       3.8       120       Sati mitutes - dayrs afte barly situate       2.13       2.14       2.24       2.22       1       2.74       2.14       2.24       2.24       1.25       2.24       2.24       2.24       2.24       2.24       2.24       2.24       2.24       2.24       2.24       2.24       2.24       2.24       2.24       2.24       2.25       2.25       2.25       2.25       2.25       2.25       2.25       2.25       2.25       2.25 </td <td></td> <td>0.5</td> <td></td> <td>2 24</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>												0.5		2 24						
98       87.6       0.16       121.7       4.24       60.8       3.5       120       Sand maturesethy and to sary sit       2.174       2.174       2.174       2.183       0.5       2.16       2.44       2.75												0.5 to 1								
40       97:40       148       637       382       27.5       6.5       120       Clays - sity clay       2233       2233       1       27.1       0.36         41       33.6       46.2         41       37.67       37.1       38.4        -5.7       37.1       38.4        -5.7       37.1       38.4        -5.7       37.1       38.4        -5.7       37.0       38.4        -5.4       36.8       49.2         43       36.22       0.16       1216       5.75       78.1       48       120       Clays - sity clay clay       2302       2321       0.5       2.47       2.63       2.84        -5.5       0.0       6.57         46       10.6       10.50       5.14       43.3       6.0       120       Clays - sity clay clay       2.361       2.316       2.317       2.31       2.35       2.68        -8.2       4.22       5.44       4.24       5.5       5.00       6.09        -8.2       4.22       5.44       4.24       5.5       4.20       Sitt matures - clays sitto sity clay       2.361       2.361       2.361       2.3	38	35.76	0.16	1217	4.24	80.8	3.5	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	2.174	2 174	0.5	2 36	2 16	24.9	37	57.0		38.6	47 3
41       97.57       0.16       87.2       37.2      <																				
42       38.06       0.49       83.1       4.76       35.1       5.9       120       Clays -stly topics       23.02       2.202       1       2.74 to 2.81       4.54       44.3         5.4       30.6       6.62        7.8       1.4       1.8       1.2       1.2       2.221       0.23       1.82       2.09        7.7       1.4       4.8       1.2       1.2       1.2       2.211       0.23       1.82       2.09        7.4       4.00       0.60        7.6       4.6       0.6       0.6       0.7       4.6       1.0       Clays - stly topic									Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay	2 2 3 3				3.71						
44       38,71       0.48       1679       5.42       1074       3.3       120       Sand matures. sulty and to sandy suit       2.241       2.341       0.5       2.216       2.3       162       2.09       39       68.0	42								Clays - silty clay to clay											
46       38.88       0.16       145.5       6.80       92.7       4.6       125       Versitif, fing grained*       2361       2.05       241       2.35       268										2.321										
46       39.04       0.16       10.50       6.14       43.3       6.0       120       Clays-silly carly to sly       2371       2371       1       2.11       4.06       41.1         6.8       42.1       55.5         47       39.3       10.31       155       5.00       67.5       4.6       120       Sitt matures - clays sills oally clay       2386       05.01       2371       2.37       2.38         8.2       4.3.2       5.4         49       39.53       0.16       140.1       6.13       88.5       4.5       125       Very stiff, foe graned*       2.401       2.401       2.386       0.510.1       2.411       2.37       3.28         8.0       0.417       5.36       5.7       4.9         4.06       3.46       1.0       0.33       1.14         6.7       3.80         4.06       14.0       1.0																- 39				
48       39:53       0.16       1401       6 13       88:5       4.5       125       Very stiff, fing graned*       2401       2.401       0.5       241       2.36       28.9         9.2       25.0       60.9       9.9         49       197       0.16       1027       5.51       416       5.5       120       Clays silty clay to lay       2411       2.410       2.44       317       33.8         6.7       38.0       59.7         51       40.68       0.49       155.0       5.5       3       120       Clays silty clay to lay       2.460       2.465       2.46       51       47.7       52.4       6.57       37.1       47.6       37.1       37.8         7.5       37.1       47.7       58.4       4.13       33.114.5       47.7       59.8       4.2       120       Stift mixtues - clayy stift, ling graned*       2.510       2.510       0.5       2.216       2.61       2.12       2.49        -       7.5       37.1       47.6       38.0       39.1       2.5       2.550       2.550       2.550       2.523       2.526       2.560       2.523       2.52       2.52	46	39.04	0.16	105.0	6 14	43.3	60	120	Clays - silty clay to clay	2 371	2 371	1	2.71	4 08	41.1			6.8	42.1	
93       970       0.16       1027       5.51       41.6       5.5       120       Clays - sity clay to clay       2411       2411       1       270       397       40.2        67       38.0       507         50       40.19       0.49       1223       5.76       59.5       4.8       120       Sitt mixtures - clayey sitt to sity clay       2.460       2.460       1       2.421 0.261       3.17       33.8        42       2.4.6       3.44         51       40.68       0.49       150       1.4       4.77       59.8       4.2       120       Sitt mixtures - clayey sitt to sity clay       2.465       2.485       0.510.1       2.421 0.263       2.97       3.22        -7.5       3.0       4.77         53       41.50       0.33       171.5       5.78       105.4       3.4       120       Sand mixtures - clayey sitt to sity clay       2.555       2.550       0.55       2.216       2.81       3.8       66.0        4.6.0       3.6       0.6       5.5       4.14       3.1       1.7       1.5       5.5       4.16       3.9       4.4       4.7       3.5       5.5       4.16       3.9       3.7 <td></td>																				
50       40.9       1223       576       59.5       4.8       120       Sitt mixtures - clayery stilt to sitly clay       2431       0.510       1.2 4 to 2.64       3.17       33.8									Clays - silty clay to clay											
62       41 01       0.33       114 5       4.77       59.8       4.2       120       Stimutures - clayery sith to sity clay       2465       2.485       0.510       12.42 to 2.63       2.97       32.2         7.5       37.1       477         53       41.63       0.33       1715       55.9       92       42       125       Very sith (nergramed-2510       2510       0.55       2.316       38       68.0        47.3       55.4         54       41.83       0.33       1715       5.76       100.5       3.9       125       Very sith sand to clayery sind       2.550       2.550       0.5       2.216       2.86       38       68.0        47.3       55.4         56       42.32       0.33       90.0       4.56       37.2       4.8       120       Stim matures - sity sand to sandy sitt       2.560       2.56       1.268 to 2.69       3.8       38       66.0        46.0       54.3         56       42.90       0.16       1653       5.64       100.7       3.5       120       Stim matures - sity sand to sandy sitt       2.560       2.56       2.665       1.268 to 2.653       3.7        -	50	40.19		122.3			4.8		Silt mixtures - clayey sill to silty clay			05 to 1		3.17					41.7	
53       41.50       0.49       1550       6.55       99.2       4.2       125       Ups stiff, find gramed*       2510       2510       2510       235       2510       235       216       249												1								
64       41.83       0.03       1715       57.8       1054       3.4       120       Sand mutures . silly sand to sandy sill       2535       2535       0.5       227 lo 2.28       1.87       71.6       39       680        47.3       55.4         55       41.99       0.16       163.7       6.24       100.3       3.9       125       Very still sand to clayey sand'       2550       2565       1       268to 2.66       38       680        64.4       30.4       41.4         56       42.32       0.33       980       4.56       37.2       4.8       120       Sand mutures - clayey sitto sity clay       2560       2560       1.2       268to 2.66       3.88       39.7        6.4       30.4       41.4         57       42.49       0.16       165.3       5.64       100.7       3.5       120       Sand mutures - clayey sitto sity clay       2600       2600       1.2       261.6       2.65       3.64       3.7        -       7.0       2.69       3.97        -       7.0       2.69       3.97        -       7.0       2.69       3.97        -       7.0       2.69       3									Very stiff, fine grained*											
66       42.32       0.33       98.0       4.56       37.7       4.8       120       Stit motures - clayyr sith o sith clay       2.565       2.865       1       2.866 0.266       3.80       39.7        6.4       30.4       41.4         57       42.49       0.16       165.3       5.64       100.7       3.5       120       Sand motures - clayyr sith o sith clay       2.560       0.5       2.29       1.92       2.22       3.8       6.6.0        4.6.0       54.3         58       42.48       0.44       57       4.43       2.64       7.3       120       Clayyr sith o sith clay       2.600       2.600       1       2.614       6.13       5.47        -       4.3       3.6.9       4.9.7         60       43.31       0.16       67.0       4.69       2.4.6       7.3       120       Clayyr sith o sith clay       2.629       2.629       0.5       2.4.2       2.39       2.7.2        -       4.3       3.6.9       4.9.7         61       43.47       0.16       17.89       5.12       10.7.8       2.9       120       Sith motures - clayr sith o sith clay       2.639       0.5       2.211       1.7.0																				
57       42.49       0.16       1653       5.64       100.7       3.5       120       Sand mxtures - silly sand to sandy sitt       2580       0.5       229       1.92       222       38       660       -       460       543         58       42.98       0.49       107.4       4.57       40.3       44       120       Sitt mxtures - clayey sitt o sity clay       2619       2619       12       224       613       547       -       -       43       360       49.3         60       43.01       0.16       67.0       4.69       24.6       7.3       120       Sitt mxtures - clayey sitt o sity clay       2619       2619       1.2       242       2.39       272       -       -       7.4       34       49.3         61       43.47       0.16       178.8       512       107.8       2.9       2.05       2.221       1.7       1.0       19.5       38       66.0       -       40.5       47.1         62       43.64       0.16       134.8       55.4       81.1       42       120       Sitt mxtures - clayey sitt o sity clay       2649       0.5       2.41       2.37       27.0       -       -       8.4       46.2<							3.9									38	66.0			
58       42.98       0.49       107.4       4.57       40.3       4.4       120       Stimutes - clayys sith silly clay       2600       1       2610       260       1       2610       260       1       2610       2600       1       2610       260       3.54       37.0        7.0       28.9       39.7         59       43.14       0.16       67.0       4.66       26.6       7.3       120       Stimutues - silly sold log sold sold sold sold sold sold sold sold		42.49		165 3	5 64	100.7	3 5	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	2 580	2,580		2.29	1,92	22.2	38	66.0	_	46.0	
60       43 31       0 16       113 5       4 05       66 5       3 7       700       Sitt mutures - clayey sitt o sity clay       2 629       0.5       2 42       2.39       27.2        -7       4 34 7       4 38         61       43 47       0 16       178.9       5 12       107.8       2.9       120       Sand mixtures - clayey sitt o sity clay       2 639       0.5       2 41       2.37       27.0        -7       4 34.7       4 38         62       43.64       0 16       178.9       5 12       107.8       2.9       120       Sand mixtures - clayey sitt o sity clay       2 649       0.5       2 41       2.37       27.0         88       46.2       55.7         63       44.62       0.98       83.4       4.00       30.1       5.0       120       Clayey sitt o sity clay       2 649       2 649       0.5       2 41       2.37       27.0         88       46.2       55.7         63       44.62       0.98       83.4       4.03       27.8       57       120       Clayey sitt o sity clay       2 72.2       2 77.2       1       2 75 10.2 92       5.09       48.0	58	42.98	0.49	107.4	4 57	40 3	44	120	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay	2 600	2.600	<u> </u>	2.61 to 2.65	3.54	37.0				28.9	
61       43.47       0.16       178.9       5.12																				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							2.9		Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt											
64         44 95         0.33         101 9         4.11         36.4         4.1         120         Sitt mxtures - clayer silt to silty clay         2723         2723         1         264 to 2.66         3.64         37.8           6.6         25.5         35.6           65         46.26         1.31         79.9         4.39         27.8         5.7         120         Clayer silt o silty clay         2.172         1.772         1.772         2.772         1.772         2.772         1.78.0         29.5         5.09         48.0           5.1         30.6         41.7           66         46.42         0.16         1.10.6         5.26         3.8.3         4.9         1/20         Silt mxtures - clayer silt o silty clay         2.816         1.8         2.86         1.8.8         39.6           5.0         3.2.4         4.33           67         46.82         0.49         77.1         4.60         2.82         6.3         120         Clays - silty clay to clay         2.836         1.2.616.0.29         3.8.94          -7.1         2.9.6         4.0.5           68         47.74         0.49         81.6         4.55	62						4 2		Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay											
65         46,26         1.31         7.9.9         4.39         27.8         5.7         120         Clays - sitly clay to clay         2.772         2.772         1.         2.75 to 2.92         5.09         48.0           5.1         30.6         41.7           66         46.42         0.16         11.06         5.28         38.3         4.9         120         Sill matures - clayer sill to silly clay         2.816         1         2.88         3.86         39.6          -7.2         31.7         43           67         46.92         0.49         77.1         4.60         26.6         3         120         Clays - silly clay to clay         2.836         2.836         1.2.81 to 2.99         5.52         50.7          50         32.4         4.39           68         47.74         0.49         31.7         4.7         120         Sill matures - clayer sill to silly clay         2.860         1.2.65 to 2.7         3.6         3.94          7.1         2.96         4.05         1.2.76 to 2.94         5.2         4.90          7.1         2.96         4.90          7.1         2.96         4.90		44.62							Clays - sitty clay to clay			$-\frac{1}{1}$								
66         46.42         0.16         110.6         5.28         38.3         4.9         120         Stimutures - clayer still to stilly clay         2.816         2.816         1         2.88         3.86					4.39		57	120				1						51		
68         47.24         0.33         1094         4.99         37.2         4.7         120         Sitt matures - clayer sitt to sity clay         2.860         1         2.65 to 2.7         3.86         39.4          7.1         2.96         40.5           69         47.74         0.43         156         465         27.3         6.0         120         Clays - sity cay to clay         2.860         1         2.79 to 2.94         5.25         480          7.1         2.96         40.5           70         47.90         0.16         12.74         4.67         7.32         3.7         120         Sitt matures - clayery sitt o sity clay         2.905         2.905         0.5         2.41         2.34         2.67          6.8         3.7.8         4.71           71         4.86         0.98         191.5         5.65         100.3         3.0         120         Sand matures - sligy and to sandy sit         2.939         2.39         0.5         2.16 to 2.32         1.7.3         197         3.8         69.0          4.95           72         4.90         0.17.8         4.81         3.87         4.20         3.97.4         1.2.66         3.47	66	46.42	0 16	110.6	5 26	38.3	49	120	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay	2.816	2.816	1	2 68	3.88				72	31.7	43
69         4774         0.49         816         465         27.3         6.0         120         Clays - sitty clay to clay         2.885         1         2.79 to 2.94         5.25         49.0         -         -         5.3         31.6         42.9           70         47.90         016         127.4         4.67         73.2         3.7         120         Sitt mittures - clayery sitt to sitty clay         2.905         2.905         0.5         2.41         2.34         2.87         -         -         8.3         37.8         47.1           71         48.88         0.98         1915         5.65         109.3         3.0         120         Sand mutrues - clayery sitt to sitty clay         2.974         2.16 to 2.32         1.73         197         38         69.0         -         42.6         49.5           72         49.05         0.16         117.9         4.81         38.7         4.2         120         Sitt matures - clayery sitt to sitty clay         2.974         1         2.63         3.54         37.0         -         -         7.7         26.8         37.2									Clays - silty clay to clay			1								
70         47.90         0.16         127.4         4.67         73.2         3.7         120         Stit motives - clayey sit to silly clay         2.905         2.905         2.51         2.31         2.87          6.3         37.8         47.1           71         48.88         0.98         1915         5.65         109.3         3.0         120         Sand motives - silly sand to sandy sit         2.909         2.905         2.5         2.41         2.34         2.87          -8.3         37.8         47.1           71         48.88         0.98         1915         5.65         109.3         3.0         120         Sand motives - silly sand to sandy sit         2.939         0.5         2.16 to 2.32         1.73         19.7         38         69.0          42.8         49.5           72         49.05         0.16         117.9         4.81         38.7         4.2         120         Sitt motures - clayey sitt to sitly clay         2.974         1         2.63         3.54         3.70          -77         72.8         3.7.2					4.65				Clays - silty clay to clay											
72 49 05 0.16 1179 481 38 7 4 2 120 Silt matures - clayey silt to silty clay 2974 2974 1 263 3 54 37.0 7.7 26.8 37.2	70		0 16	127 4	4 67		3.7		Sift mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay		2.905		2.41	2.34					37.8	
									Clays - silty clay to clay											

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#### GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

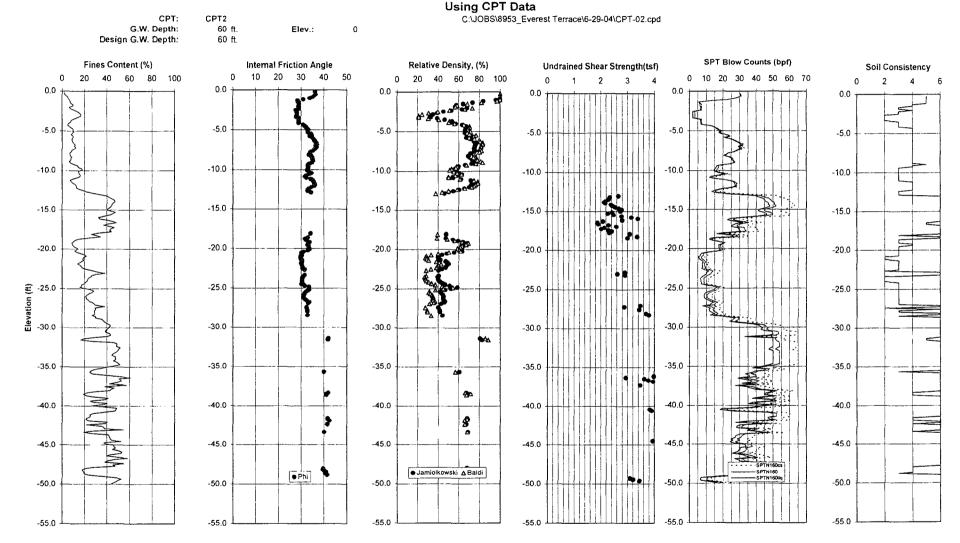


## **CPT-Based Soil Behavior Type**

Normalized Friction Ratio (%)

**GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE** 

\*Heavily overconsolidated or cemented



### Soil Characteristics and Engineering Characteristics

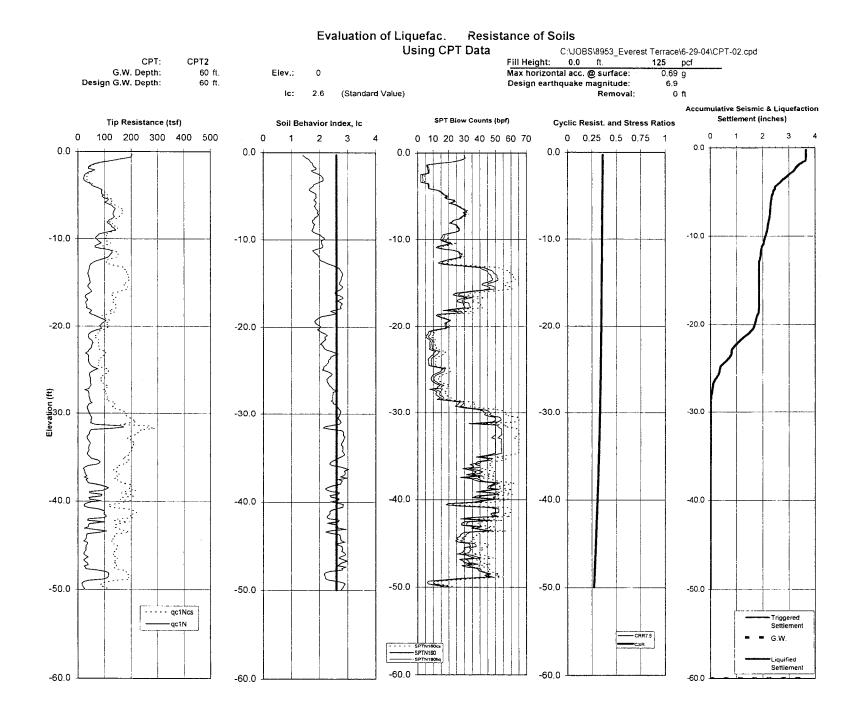
### CPT ANALYSIS CPT 2 NO DESIGN GROUNDWATER

# "Dry" Sand Seismic Settlement Using CPT Data

Bott.         Thick.         Resist.         Fric.         Tip Resist.         Fric.         D.B.         Behavior         Avg.         Content         Dr         N160cs         Tay         Gmax         yeff /         S           Layer         (ft)         (ft)         qc (tsf)         fs         qc1N (tsf)         (%)         (tsf)         Type         rd         Kc         Kσ         (%)         (bpf)         (psf)         (ksf)         (Geff/Gmax)         Yeff           2         3.28         0.66         14.3         0.01         23.3         0.1         0.184         Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)         1.09         1         7.1         78         14.5         82         4.035+02         1.97E-04         3.69E-03         1.92           2         3.28         0.66         14.3         0.01         2.33         0.1         0.184         Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)         0.99         1.47         1         16.0         2.4         4.9         16.4         4.94E+02         3.32E-04         5.6E=0.3         9.7           4         10.01         0.33         54.1         0.84         67.7         1.6         0.613         Sandm ixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)         0.98	Vol.         "Dry"           Strain         Settle.           (%)         (in)           92E+00         5.31E-01           01E+00         2.37E-01           79E-01         7.52E-01           94E-01         3.13E-02           05E+00         2.07E-02
Removal: 0 ft.         Magnitude Scaling Factor: 0.88         Cyclic Shars           Layer         Tip         Side         Avg.         Cyclic Shars           Bott.         Thick.         Resist         Fric.         Tip Resist         Frc. Rt.         O.B.         Behavior         Avg.         Content         Dr         N160cs         Tav         Gmax         yeft /         S           Layer         (ft)         oc (tsf)         fs         qc/N(tsf)         (%)         (tsf)         Type         rd         Kc         Kσ         (%)         (%)         (bpf)         (psf)         (ksf)         (%)         3.89E-04         3.68E-03         3.0           2         3.28         0.66         14.3         0.01         2.3         0.1         0.184         Sand mixtures - sity sand to sandy sit!         0.99         1.47         1         16         2.4         4.9         4.94E-02         3.32E-04         3.68E-03         3.0           4         10.01         0.33         5.41         0.84         5.39         1.42E-03         3.78E-04         4.32E-03         7.7           5         10.17         0.16         5.92	Strain         Settle.           (%)         (in)           92E+00         5.31E-01           01E+00         2.37E-01           79E-01         7.52E-01           94E-01         3.13E-02
Avg.         Avg.         Avg.         Norm.         Eff.         Soil         Fines         Avg.         Spt         Stress           Bott.         Thick.         Resist         Fric.         Tip Beist         Frc. Rt.         O.B.         Behavior         Avg.         Content         Dr         N160cs         Tav         Gmax         yeff /         Stress           Layer         (ft)         (ft)         qc (tsr)         fs         qc1N (tsr)         (%)         (tsr)         Type         rd         Kc         Ka         N60cs         Tav         Gmax         yeff /         Stress           1         2.62         2.30         566         0.23         92.7         0.3         0.092         Sands -clean sand to silly sand (6)         1.00         1.09         1         7.1         78         14.5         82         4.03E+02         1.97E-04         3.69E-03         1.5           2         3.28         0.66         11.3         0.01         23.3         0.1         0.184         Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)         0.99         1.47         1         16.0         24         4.9         1.42E+03         3.78E-04         4.32E-03         7.5         1.4         1.0.551	Strain         Settle.           (%)         (in)           92E+00         5.31E-01           01E+00         2.37E-01           79E-01         7.52E-01           94E-01         3.13E-02
LayerLayerTipSideAvg.Norm.Eff.SoilFine.Avg.SptStressBott.Thick.ResistFric.Tip ResistFrc.Rt.O.B.BehaviorAvg.ContentDrN160csTavGmax $\gamma eff /$ StressLayer(ft)(ft)qc (tsf)fsqc1N (tsf)(%)(tsf)TyperdKcK $\sigma$ (%)(bpf)(psf)(hsf)(Geff/Gmax) $\gamma eff /$ Stress12.622.3056.90.2392.70.30.092Sands-clean sand to silty sand (6)1.001.0917.17.81.45824.03E+023.32E-043.69E-033.0223.280.6614.30.012.330.10.184Sandm mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt500.991.1519.27.121.53571.14E+033.13E-045.59E-033.0239.686.4071.10.65104.90.80.403Sands-clean sand to silty sand (6)0.991.1519.27.121.53571.14E+033.13E-045.59E-031.02410.010.3354.10.6467.71.60.613Sands-clean sand to silty sand (6)0.981.4511.7.95219.55381.42E+033.38E-044.32E-043.78E-044.32E-043.78E-044.32E-037.6712.301.48<	Strain         Settle.           (%)         (in)           92E+00         5.31E-01           01E+00         2.37E-01           79E-01         7.52E-01           94E-01         3.13E-02
Bott.         Thick.         Resist         Fric.         Tip Resist         Frc. Rt.         O.B.         Behavior         Avg.         Content         Dr         N160cs         Tay         Gmax         yeff         S           Layer         (ft)         qc (tsf)         fs         qc1N (tsf)         (%)         (tsf)         Type         rd         Kc         Ka         (%)         (bpf)         (psf)         (ksf)         (Geff/Gmax)         Yeff           2         3.28         0.66         14.3         0.01         23.3         0.1         0.184         Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)         1.00         1.09         1         7.1         78         14.5         82         4.035+02         1.97E-04         3.69E-03         1.92           2         3.28         0.66         14.3         0.01         23.3         0.1         0.184         Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)         0.99         1.47         1         16.0         24         4.9         164         4.94E+02         3.32E-04         3.66E-03         3.0           3         9.68         6.40         7.1         0.6128         Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)         0.98         1.45         1         17.7	Strain         Settle.           (%)         (in)           92E+00         5.31E-01           01E+00         2.37E-01           79E-01         7.52E-01           94E-01         3.13E-02
Layer         (ft)         qc (tsf)         fs         qc IN (tsf)         (%)         (tsf)         Type         rd         Kc         Kσ         (%)         (bpf)         (psf)         (ksf)         (Geff/Gmax)         Yeff           1         2.62         2.30         56.9         0.23         92.7         0.3         0.092         Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)         1.00         1.09         1         7.1         78         14.5         82         4.03E+02         1.97E-04         3.69E-03         1.5           2         3.28         0.66         14.3         0.01         23.3         0.1         0.184         Sand mixtures - sity sand to sandy sitt (5)         0.99         1.47         1         16.0         24         4.9         164         4.94E+02         3.32E-04         3.66E-03         3.0           3         9.68         6.40         71.1         0.65         10.49         0.8         0.613         Sand mixtures - sity sand to sandy sitt (5)         0.99         1.15         1         7.2         1.5         1         1.42E+03         3.78E-04         3.29E+03         7.5         1.41         1.0E+03         3.93E+04         5.20E+03         1.0         6         10.83         0.66 </th <th>(%)         (in)           92E+00         5.31E-01           01E+00         2.37E-01           79E-01         7.52E-01           94E-01         3.13E-02</th>	(%)         (in)           92E+00         5.31E-01           01E+00         2.37E-01           79E-01         7.52E-01           94E-01         3.13E-02
1       2.62       2.30       56.9       0.23       92.7       0.3       0.092       Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)       1.00       1.09       1       7.1       78       14.5       82       4.03E+02       1.97E-04       3.69E-03       1.5         2       3.28       0.66       14.3       0.01       23.3       0.1       0.184       Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)       0.99       1.47       1       16.0       24       4.9       164       4.94E+02       3.32E-04       3.66E-03       3.0         3       9.68       6.40       71.1       0.65       104.9       0.8       0.403       Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)       0.99       1.15       1       9.2       71       21.5       357       1.4E+03       3.18E-04       5.29E-03       9.7       5       10.17       0.16       59.2       0.70       73.0       1.2       0.628       Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)       0.98       1.39       1       14.7       55       18.1       551       1.40E+03       3.93E-04       5.20E+03       1.07       6       1.083       0.66       63.3       0.88       76.7       1.4       0.653       Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)       0	92E+00         5.31E-01           01E+00         2.37E-01           79E-01         7.52E-01           94E-01         3.13E-02
1       2.62       2.30       56.9       0.23       92.7       0.3       0.092       Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)       1.00       1.09       1       7.1       78       14.5       82       4.03E+02       1.97E-04       3.69E-03       1.5         2       3.28       0.66       14.3       0.01       23.3       0.1       0.184       Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)       0.99       1.47       1       16.0       24       4.9       164       4.94E+02       3.32E-04       3.66E-03       3.0         3       9.68       6.40       71.1       0.65       104.9       0.8       0.403       Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)       0.99       1.15       1       9.2       71       21.5       357       1.4E+03       3.13E-04       5.59E-03       9.7         4       10.01       0.33       54.1       0.84       67.7       1.6       0.613       Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)       0.98       1.39       1       14.7       55       18.1       551       1.40E+03       3.93E-04       5.20E+03       1.0         6       10.83       0.66       63.3       0.88       76.7       1.4       0.628       Sands - clean sand to silty sand	01E+00 2.37E-01 79E-01 7.52E-01 94E-01 3.13E-02
2         3.28         0.66         14.3         0.01         23.3         0.1         0.184         Sand mixtures - sity sand to sandy sitt (5)         0.99         1.47         1         160         24         4.9         164         4.94E+02         3.32E-04         3.66E-03         3.0           3         9.66         6.40         71.1         0.65         104.9         0.8         0.403         Sands - clean sand to sitly sand (6)         0.99         1.15         1         9.2         71         21.5         357         1.14E+03         3.13E-04         5.59E-03         9.7           4         10.01         0.33         54.1         0.84         67.7         1.6         0.613         Sand mixtures - sity sand to sandy sitt (5)         0.98         1.59         1         17.9         55         18.1         551         1.42E+03         3.78E-04         4.32E+03         3.85E-04         4.32E+03         3.65E-03         5.0         5.1<	79E-01 7.52E-01 94E-01 3.13E-02
3       9.68       6.40       71.1       0.65       104.9       0.8       0.403       Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)       0.99       1.15       1       9.2       71       21.5       357       114E+03       313E-04       5.59E-03       9.7         4       10.01       0.33       54.1       0.84       67.7       1.6       0.613       Sandmixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)       0.98       1.59       1       17.9       52       19.5       539       1.42E+03       3.78E-04       4.32E-03       7.5         5       10.17       0.16       59.2       0.70       73.0       1.2       0.628       Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)       0.98       1.39       1       14.7       55       18.1       551       1.40E+03       3.93E-04       3.20E-03       1.0         6       10.83       0.66       65.3       0.88       76.7       1.4       0.653       Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)       0.98       1.45       1       1.57       57       20.6       573       1.49E+03       3.87E-04       3.78E-04       3.78E-04<	94E-01 3.13E-02
4         10.01         0.33         54.1         0.84         67.7         1.6         0.613         Sand mixtures - sity sand to sandy sitt (5)         0.98         1.59         1         17.9         52         19.5         539         1.42E+03         3.78E-04         4.32E-03         7.5           5         10.17         0.16         59.2         0.70         73.0         1.2         0.628         Sand mixtures - sity sand to sity sand (6)         0.98         1.39         1         14.7         55         18.1         551         1.40E+03         3.93E-04         5.20E-03         1.0           6         10.83         0.66         65.3         0.88         7.7         1.4         0.653         Sand mixtures - sity sand to sandy sitt (5)         0.98         1.45         1         15.7         57         20.6         573         1.69E+03         3.8EE-04         4.20E-03         7.6           7         12.90         1.48         93.7         1.07         108.0         1.1         0.719         Sand mixtures - sity sand to sandy sitt (5)         0.97         1.85         1         20.8         47         20.4         685         1.65E+03         4.15E-04         3.58E-04         4.25E-04         2.7	
5         10.17         0.16         59.2         0.70         73.0         1.2         0.628         Sands - clean sand to sitty sand (6)         0.98         1.39         1         14.7         55         18.1         551         1.40E+03         3.93E-04         5.20E-03         1.0           6         10.83         0.66         63.3         0.88         76.7         1.4         0.653         Sand mixtures - sity sand to sandy sitt (5)         0.98         1.45         1         15.7         57         2.06         573         1.49E+03         3.85E-04         4.20E-03         7.0           7         12.30         1.48         93.7         107         1080         1.1         0.719         Sands - clean sand to sitty sand (6)         0.98         1.22         1         110         70         24.7         629         1.65E+03         4.37E=03         7.6E=03         6.6           8         12.96         0.66         56.2         1.00         62.2         1.9         0.785         Sand mixtures - sity sand to sandy sitt (5)         0.97         1.85         1         20.8         47         20.4         685         1.65E+03         4.15E-04         3.58E+03         2.46E-04         4.25E+04         2.1         11<	05E+00 2.07E-02
7       12.30       1.48       93.7       1.07       108.0       1.1       0.719       Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)       0.98       1.22       1       11.0       70       24.7       629       1.63E+03       3.87E-04       3.75E-03       6.         8       12.96       0.66       56.2       1.00       62.2       1.9       0.785       Sand mixtures - sitty sand to sandy sitt (5)       0.97       1.85       1       20.8       47       20.4       685       1.65E+03       4.15E-04       3.58E-04       2.62       9       13.12       0.16       40.7       1.61       44.3       4.0       0.991       Sitt mixtures - clayey sit to sitly clay (4)       0.97       3.21       1       34.4        38.7       706       2.87E+03       2.46E-04       2.5E-04       2.	
8         12.96         0.66         56.2         1.00         62.2         1.9         0.785         Sand mixtures - sity sand to sandy sit         0.97         1.85         1         2.06         4.05         1.632+03         3.012-04         0.512-05         0.012-04         0.512-05         0.012-04         0.512-05         0.012-04         0.512-05         0.012-04         0.512-05         0.012-05         0.012-04         0.512-05         0.012-05         0.012-04         0.512-05         0.012-05	.66E-01 6.03E-02
9         13.12         0.16         40.7         1.61         44.3         4.0         0.809         Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)         0.97         3.21         1         34.4          38.7         706         2.87E+03         2.46E-04         4.62E-04         2.57E+03           11         16.40         0.66         43.9         1.68         43.2         4.4         0.991         Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)         0.97         3.45         1         36.2          40.6         429         1.58E+03         1.36E-04         2.51E-04         1.51           15         18.04         0.16         47.3         1.56         44.1         3.4         1.04         Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)         0.96         2.91         0.98         32.0          31.2         953         3.12E+03         3.05E-04         5.71E-04         5.5           16         18.21         0.16         55.3         1.38         51.3         2.5         1.114         Sand mixtures - clayey silt to sandy silt (5)         0.96         2.09         0.98         32.0          35.4         973         3.30E+03         4.62E-04         2.91E-04         4.62E-04         2.91E-0	14E-01 1.09E-01
11         16.40         0.66         43.9         1.88         43.2         4.4         0.991         Sitt mixtures - clayey silt to silly clay (4)         0.97         3.45         1         36.2          40.8         429         1.58E+03         1.36E-04         2.51E-04         1.7           15         18.04         0.16         47.3         1.56         44.1         3.4         1.104         Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)         0.96         2.91         0.98         32.0          31.2         953         3.12E+03         3.05E-04         5.71E-04         5.5           16         18.21         0.16         55.3         1.38         51.3         2.5         1.114         Sand mixtures - clayey silt to sandy silt (5)         0.96         2.30         0.98         32.6          31.2         953         3.12E+03         4.62E-04         2.91E-04         4.0           17         18.54         0.33         40.8         1.74         44.9         3.7         1.129         Silt mixtures - slity sand to sandy silt (5)         0.96         3.02         0.97         32.8          35.4         973         3.30E+03         4.62E-04         2.91E-04         4.0	42E-01 5.06E-02
15         18.04         0.16         47.3         1.56         44.1         3.4         1.104         Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)         0.96         2.91         0.98         32.0          31.2         953         3.12E+03         3.05E-04         5.71E-04         5.72E-04         5.71E-04	79E-02 5.50E-04
16         18.21         0.16         55.3         1.38         51.3         2.5         1.114         Sand mixtures - sitly sand to sandy sitl (5)         0.96         2.30         0.98         26.3         39         22.8         961         2.08±+03         4.62±-04         2.91±-03         4.4           17         18.54         0.33         48.8         1.74         44.9         3.7         1.129         Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)         0.96         3.02         0.97         32.8          35.4         973         3.30±+03         2.95±-04         5.34±-04         4.0           18         18.70         0.16         55.2         1.16         50.5         2.2         1.144         Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)         0.96         2.13         0.97         24.5         39         18.8         985         1.98±+03         4.99±-04         3.83±-03         7.4	77E-02 1.39E-03
17       18.54       0.33       48.8       1.74       44.9       3.7       1.129       Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)       0.96       3.02       0.97       32.8        35.4       973       3.30E+03       2.95E-04       5.34E-04       4.0         18       18.70       0.16       55.2       1.16       50.5       2.2       1.144       Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)       0.96       2.13       0.97       24.5       39       18.8       985       1.98E+03       4.99E-04       3.83E-03       7.4	50E-02 1.08E-03
18 18.70 0.16 55.2 1.16 50.5 2.2 1.144 Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5) 0.96 2.13 0.97 24.5 39 18.8 985 1.98E+03 4.99E-04 3.83E-03 7.4	48E-01 8.82E-03
	.06E-02 1.60E-03
	42E-01 1.46E-02
	01E+00 2.19E-01
	13E+00 4.94E-01
	23E+00 6.35E-02
	50E+00 2.46E-01
	.27E-01 7.51E-03
	60E+00 7.23E-01
	38E-02 3.30E-03
	12E-01 1.60E-02
	77E-01 3.48E-03
	04E-01 2.77E-02
	47E-01 5.79E-03 64E-01 1.31E-02
	21E-02 2.61E-03
	40E-02 6.70E-04
	80E-02 3.07E-03
	.03E-02 1.20E-03
	.97E-02 1.37E-03
	32E-02 6.54E-04
	32E-02 3.73E-03
	31E-02 5.17E-04
	32E-03 4.92E-04
	18E-02 4.63E-04
	.82E-02 2.29E-03
55 41.99 0.16 163.7 6.24 100.3 3.9 2.550 Very stiff sand to dayey sand* (8) 0.83 2.05 0.72 23.6 66 59.4 1905 4272.060 4.46E-04 0.0 0.	.05488 0.00108
	0.05799 0.001142
	.02062 0.000406
61 43.47 0.16 178.9 5.12 107.8 2.9 2.639 Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5) 0.82 1.70 0.82 19.5 68 47.1 1938 4013.450 4.83E-04 0.0 0.	0.06381 0.001256
	0.01826 0.00036
	01000
71 48.88 0.98 191.5 5.65 109.3 3.0 2.939 Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5) 0.77 1.73 0.7 19.7 69 49.5 2026.00 4312.760 4.70E-04 0.0 0.	0.01096 0.000216

#### GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

3.66



GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

\*Exclude Settlement from layers thinner than 6 inches

### CPT ANALYSIS CPT 2 DESIGN GROUNDWATER AT 40 FOOT DEPTH

# "Dry" Sand Seismic Settlement Using CPT Data

			CPT:	CPT2	!	<b>W.O</b> .:	8953	-	Fil	l Height:	0.0	ft.	125	pcf						
		G.W	. Depth:	60	) ft.	Elev.:	0		M	ax horizo	ntal acc	. @ surface:	0.69	9	•					
	De	esign G.V	V. Depth:	40	) ft.	lc:	2.6	C:\UO85\8953_Everest Terrace\6-29-04\CPT-02.cpd	D	esign ear	thquake	magnitude:	6.90	-						
			Removal:	0	) ft.					Magnit	ude Sca	ling Factor:	0.88		Cyclic					
			Avg.	Avg.						_					Shear					
	Layer	Layer	Tip	Side	Avg.	Norm.	Eff.	Soil				Fines	Avg.	Spt	Stress				Vol.	"Dry"
	Bott.	Thick.	Resist	Fric.	Tip Resist	Frc. Rt.	0.B.	Behavior	Avg.			Content	Dr	N160cs	τav	Gmax	γeff /		Strain	Settle.
Layer	(ft)	(ft)	qc (tsf)	fs	qc1N (tsf)	(%)	(tsf)	Туре	rd	Kc	Kσ	(%)	(%)	(bpf)	(psf)	(ksf)	(Geff/Gmax)	yeff	(%)	(in)
_ 1	2.62	2.30	56.9	0.23	92.7	0.3	0.092	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	1.00	1.09	1	7.1	78	14.5	82	4.03E+02	1.97E-04	3.69E-03	1.92E+00	5.31E-01
2	3.28	0.66	14,3	0.01	23.3	0.1	0.184	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.99	1.47	1	16.0	24	4.9	164	4.94E+02	3.32E-04	3.66E-03	3.01E+00	2.37E-01
3	9.68	6.40	71.1	0.65	104.9	0.8	0,403	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.99	1.15	1	9.2	71	21.5	357	1.14E+03	3.13E-04	5.59E-03	9.79E-01	7.52E-01
4	10.01	0.33	54.1	0.84	67.7	1.6	0.613	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.98	1.59	1	17.9	52	19.5	539	1.42E+03	3.78E-04	4.32E-03	7.94E-01	3.13E-02
5	10.17	0.16	59.2	0.70	73.0	1.2	0.628	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.98	1.39	1	14.7	55	18.1	_551	1.40E+03	3.93E-04	5.20E-03	1.05E+00	2.07 <u>E-0</u> 2
6	10.83	0.66	63.3	0.88	76.7	1.4	0.653	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.98	1.45	1	15.7	57	20.6	573	1.49E+03	3.85E-04	4.20E-03	7.66E-01	6.03E-02
7	12.30	1.48	93.7	1.07	108.0	1.1	0.719	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.98	1.22	1	11.0	70	24.7	629	1.63E+03	3.87E-04	3.75E-03	6.14E-01	1.09E-01
8	12.96	0.66	56.2	1.00	62.2	1.9	0.785	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.97	1.85	1	20.8	47	20.4	685	1.65E+03	4.15E-04	3.58E-03	6.42E-01	5.06E-02
9	13,12	0.16	40.7	1.61	44.3	4.0	0.809	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.97	3.21	1	34.4		38.7	706	2.87E+03	2.46E-04	4.62E-04	2.79E-02	5.50E-04
11	16.40	0.66	43.9	1.88	43.2	4.4	0.991	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.97	3.45	1	36.2		40.8	429	1.58E+03	1.36E-04	2.51E-04	1.77E-02	1.39E-03
15	18.04	0.16	47.3	1.56	44.1	3.4	1.104	Silt mixtures - clayev silt to silty clay (4)	0.96	2.91	0.98	32.0		31.2	953	3.12E+03	3.05E-04	5.71E-04	5.50E-02	1.08E-03
16	18.21	0.16	55.3	1.38	51.3	2.5	1.114	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.96	2.30	0.98	26.3	39	22.8	961	2.08E+03	4.62E-04	2.91E-03	4.48E-01	8.82E-03
17	18.54	0.33	48.8	1.74	44.9	3.7	1.129	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.96	3.02	0.97	32.8		35.4	973	3.30E+03	2.95E-04	5.34E-04	4.06E-02	1.60E-03
18	18.70	0.16	55.2	1.16	50.5	2.2	1.144	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.96	2.13	0.97	24.5	39	18.8	985	1.98E+03	4.99E-04	3.83E-03	7.42E-01	1.46E-02
19	20.51	1.80	95.8	0.88	85.5	0.9	1,205	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.96	1.24	0.94	11.6	60	18.4	1035	1.97E+03	5.28E-04	4.85E-03	1.01E+00	2.19E-01
20	21.82	1.31	52.5	0.49	45.1	1.0	1.301	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.95	1.63	0.94	18.3	33	10.4	1113	1.74E+03	6.39E-04	8.70E-03	3.13E+00	4.94E-01
21	21.98	0.16	66.7	0.49	56.3	0.7	1.345	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.95	1.35	0.93	14.0	43	10.2	1148	1.74E+03	6.58E-04	9.33E-03	3.23E+00	6.35E-02
22	22.80	0.82	57.0	0.68	47.6	1.2	1.375	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.95	1.75	0.93	19.8	36	12.1	1172	1.88E+03	6.23E-04	7.75E-03	2.50E+00	2.46E-01
23	23.29	0.49	43.7	1.15	34.0	2.7	1,414	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.95	3.08	0.93	33.2		17.4	802	1.94E+03	2.75E-04	5.66E-04	1.27E-01	7.51E-03
24	27.07	3.77	59.4	0.99	46.8	1.7	1,542	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.94	2.02	0.91	23.1	34	15.1	1301	2.15E+03	6.09E-04	5.63E-03	1.60E+00	7.23E-01
25	27.40	0.33	49.4	1.28	33.4	2.7	1.665	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.93	3.14	0.9	33.7		16.7	695	1.63E+03	2.13E-04	4.44E-04	8,38E-02	3.30E-03
26	27.56	0,16	51.6	1.20	39.0	2,4	1,680	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.93	2.61	0.9	29.3	27	17.0	1405	2.37E+03	5.93E-04	3.66E-03	8.12E-01	1.60E-02
27	27.72	0.16	53.3	1.35	40.1	2.6	1.690	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.93	2.68	0.9	29.9		18.9	1412	3.27E+03	4.31E-04	9.10E-04	1.77E-01	3.48E-03
28	28.05	0.33	54.7	1.30	41.0	2.4	1,705	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.93	2.56	0.9	28.8	29	18.0	1422	2.43E+03	5.86E-04	3.40E-03	7.04E-01	2.77E-02
29	28.38	0.33	57.9	1.51	43.1	2.7	1,724	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.93	2.61	0.89	29.2		20,8	1437	3.41E+03	4.21E-04	8.76E-04	1.47E-01	5.79E-03
30	28.54	0.16	60.8	1.38	45.1	2.3	1,739	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.93	2.36	0.9	26.9	33	18.5	1447	2.46E+03	5.88E-04	3.34E-03	6.64E-01	1.31E-02
31	29.53	0.98	67.7	2.58	41.2	3.9	1.774	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.92	3.33	0.89	35.2		35.1	486	1.32E+03	1.23E-04	2.30E-04	2.21E-02	2.61E-03
33	31.33	0.16	92.0	3.27	65.2	3.6	1.907	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.91	2.44	0.88	27.7		42,3	1562	4.54E+03	3.44E-04	6.28E-04	3.40E-02	6.70E-04
34	31.66	0.33	236.2	8.36	166,7	3.6	1,922	Very stiff sand to clayey sand* (8)	0.91	1.60	0.82	18.0	87	56.5	1572	3.55E+03	4.43E-04	1.41E-03	7.80E-02	3.07E-03
37	35.60	0.49	115.0	4.97	69.0	4.4	2.154	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.89	2.73	0.86	30.2		53.9	1145	3.54E+03	2.16E-04	3.75E-04	2.03E-02	1.20E-03
38	35.76	0.16	121.7	4.24	80.8	3.5	2.174	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.89	2.16	0.86	24.9	57	47.3	1726	3.68E+03	4.69E-04	1.27E-03	6.97E-02	1.37E-03
39	35.93	0.16	105.9	3.98	70.1	3.8	2,183	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.88	2.43	0.79	27.5		47.0	1731	5.E+03	3.44E-04	6.14E-04	3.32E-02	6.54E-04
44	38.71	0.49	167.9	5.42	107.4	3.3	2.341	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.86	1.82	0.78	20.9	68	53,7	1813	4.E+03	4.60E-04	1.15E-03	6.32E-02	3.73E-03
47	39.37	0.33	125.6	5.60	67.5	4.6	2.386	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.86	2.96	0.84	31.8		54.4	918	3.E+03	1.62E-04	2.43E-04	1.31E-02	5.17E-04
50	40.19	0.30	122.3	5.76	59.5	4.8			0.85											4.90E-04
							2.380	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4) Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)		3.17	0.84	31.8	·	54.4 53.6	618	2.E+03	1.62E-04	1 54E-04	8.30E-03	

#### GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

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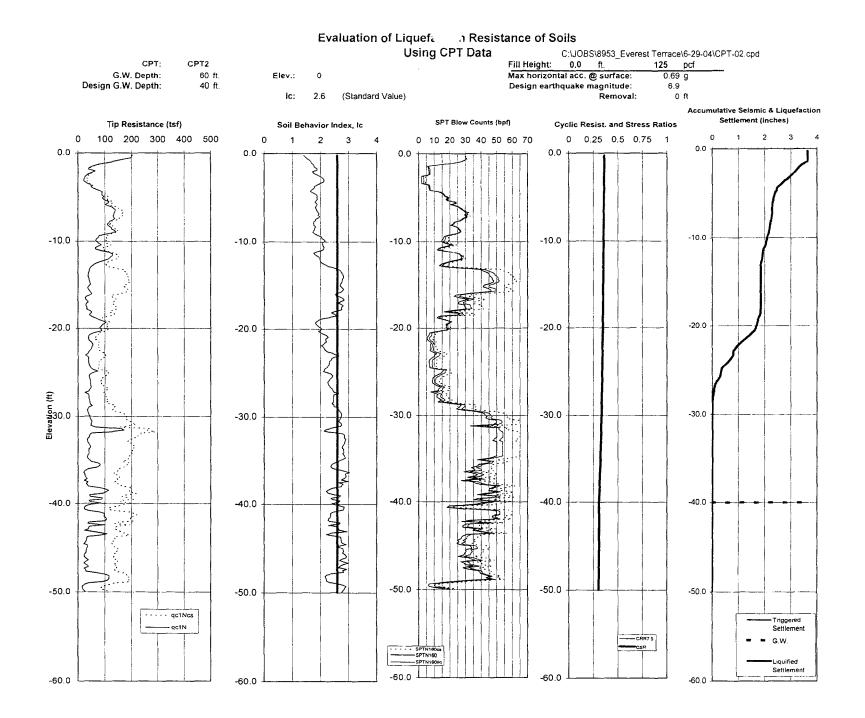
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# Liquefaction Analysis Using CPT Data

			CPT:	CPT2		W.O.:	8953												3.66
		G.V	V. Depth:	60	ft.	Elev.:	0					Fi	ll Height:	0.0	ft.	125	pcf		
	De	esign G.V	V. Depth:	40	ft.	lc:	2.6	C:\JOBS\8953_Everest Terrace\6-29-04\CPT-02.cpd				N	ax horiz	ontal acc. @	surface:	0.69	g		
			Removal:	0	ft.							0		rthquake mag		6.90			
			Avg.	Avg.									Magn	itude Scaling	Factor:	1.24			
	Layer	Layer	Tip	Side	Avg.	Norm.	Eff.	Soil				Avg. Fines	Avg.	Avg. SPT	Min.		Mîn.	Avg.	Liq
	Bott.	Thick.	Resist	Fric.	Tip Resist	Frc. Rt.	Ó.B.	Behavior	Avg.			Content	Dr	N1(60)liq	CRR	Avg.	Liq.	Strain	Settle.
Layer	(ft)	(ft)	qc (tsf)	fs	qc1N (tsf)	(%)	(tsf)	Туре	rd	Kc	Κσ	(%)	(%)	(bpf)	(M=7.5)	CSR	FS	(%)	(in)
50	40.19	0.19	122.3	5.76	59.5	4.8	2.431	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.85	3.17	0.84	33.8		66.7	Infin	0.308	Infin	0.0	0
52	41.01	0.33	114.5	4.77	59.8	4.2	2.485	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.84	2.97	0.84	32.2		39.8	Infin	0.309	Infin	0.0	0
53	41.50	0.49	159.0	6.55	98.2	4.2	2.510	Very stiff, fine grained* (9)	0.84	2.16	0.83	24.9		52.1	Infin	0.309	Infin	0.0	0
54	41.83	0.33	171.5	5.78	105.4	3.4	2.535	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.84	1.87	0.78	21.6	_68	49.1	Infin	0.309	Infin	0.0	0
55	41.99	0.16	163.7	6.24	100.3	3.9	2.550	Very stiff sand to clayey sand* (8)	0.83	2.05	0.73	23.6	66	52.0	Infin	0.309	Infin	0.0	0
57	42.49	0.16	165.3	5.64	100.7	3.5	2.580	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.83	1.92	0.83	22.2	66	47.9	Infin	0.309	Infin	0.0	0
60	43.31	0.16	113.5	4.05	68.5	3.7	2.629	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.82	2.39	0.83	27.2		37.0	Infin	0.309	Infin	0.0	0
61	43.47	0.16	178.9	5.12	107.8	2.9	2.639	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.82	1.70	0.83	19.5	68	42.2	Infin	0.309	Infin	0.0	0
62	43.64	0.16	134.9	5.54	81.1	4.2	2.649	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.82	2.37	0.72	27.0		48.5	Infin	0.309	Infin	0.0	0
70	47.90	0.16	127.4	4.67	73.2	3.7	2.905	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.77	2.34	0.82	26.7		40.0	Infin	0.306	Infin	0.0	0
71	48,88	0.98	191.5	5.65	109.3	3.0	2.939	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.77	1.73	0.73	19.7	69	44.3	Infin	0.306	Infin	0.0	0

### GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

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GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

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\*Exclude Settlement from layers thinner than 6 inches **CPT ANALYSIS** CPT 3

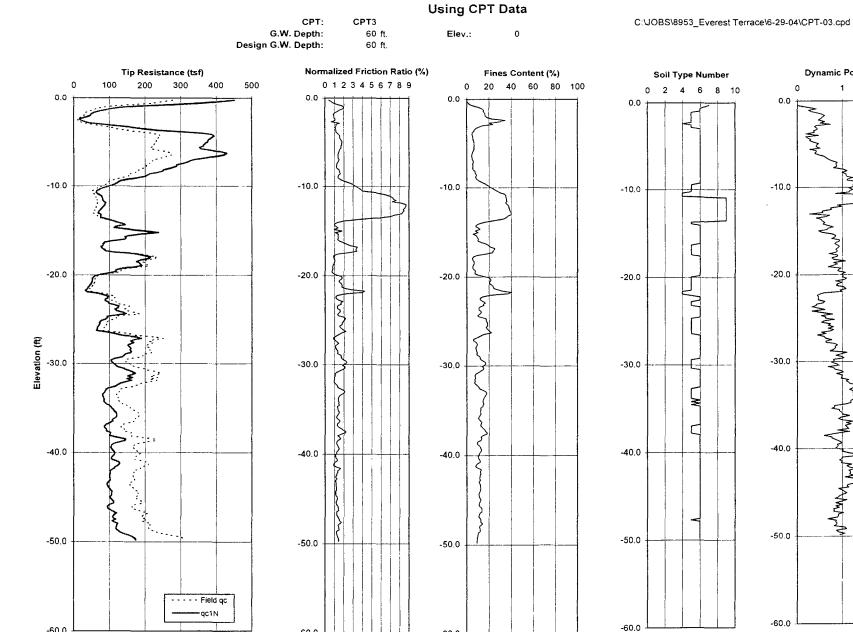
# Summary of Analysis of CPT Data

			CPT:	СРТЗ		<b>W.O.</b> :	8953										_		
	_		. Depth:	60		Elev.:	0						I Height:		ft.		pcf		
	D	esign G.V		60		ic:	2.6	C'UO8S\8953_Everest Terrace\6-29-04\CPT-03.cpd						tal acc. @ s		0.69	g		
			Removal:	0	π.							Des	ign earth	quake mag	gnitude:	6.90			
	1		Avg.	Avg. Side		NI	<b>F</b>	<b>A</b>											SPT
	Layer Bott.	Layer Thick.	Tip Resist		Avg.	Norm.	Est. Wet Den.	Soil Behavior		Eff.	Norm.			Fines	<b></b>	-	~	SPT	- · ·
Laver	6011. (ft)	(ft)		Fric.	Tip Resist	Frc. Rt.			О.B.	О.В.	Exp.	lc		Content	Phi	Dr	Su	N1(60)	N1(60)cs
Layer			qc (tsf)	fs	qc1N (tsf)	(%)	(pcf)	Туре	(tsf)	(tsf)	n	Range	Kc	(%)	(deg)	(%)	(tsf)	(bpf)	(bpf)
	0.49	0.16	277.3	1.09	451.5	0.4	125	Gravelly sand to dense sand	0.015	0.015	0.5	1.15	1.00	0.0	60	100.0		50.0	50
2	0.98	0.49	167.2	2.00	272.3	1.3	125	Sands - clean sand to silty sand	0.046	0.046	0.5	1.46 to 1.92	1.08	6.3	55	100.0		48.7	49.5
3	2.30	1.31	44.3	0.66	72.2	1.3	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	0.101	0.101	0.5	2.04 to 2.29	1.52	16.7	47	79.0		15.6	19.3
4		0.16	10.1	0.11	16.4	1.1	120	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay	0.145	0.145	0.5	2.58	3.21	34.4			0.7	3.2	8.7
5	2.95	0.49	19.3	0.22	31.4	1.1	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	0.165	0.165	0.5	2.24 to 2.49	2.17	24.7	41	38.0		5.4	10.1
6	9.35	6.40	197.7	2.90	302.7	1.4	125	Sands - clean sand to silty sand	0.380	0.380	0.5	1.6 to 2.03	1.06	6.6	48	98.0		46.4	46.8
	10.33	0.98	85.8	2.42	107.8	2.9	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	0.609	0.609	0.5	2.03 to 2.37	1.74	19.6	42	71.0		40.0	46.6
8	10.83	0.49	55.0	2.42	66.6	4.5	120	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay	0.653	0.653	0.5	2.42 to 2.57	2.73	30.3			3.6	41.9	53.3
9	13.62	2.79	63.1	4.79	78.5	7.7	125	Very stiff, fine grained*	0.755	0.755	0.5 to 1	2.55 to 2.69	3.52	36.8			4.2	50.0	64.9
10	13.94	0.33	96.3	2.68	102.0	2.9	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	0.852	0.852	0.5	2.08 to 2.34	1.76	19.7	41	68.0		38.1	44.8
11	16.24	2.30	148.9	1.93	150.7	1.3	125	Sands - clean sand to silty sand	0.934	0.934	0.5	1.67 to 2.01	1.16	9.6	43	83.0		31.7	33.1
12	17.55	1.31	90.3	2.54	86.4	2.9	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	1.045	1.045	0.5	2.15 to 2.37	1.88	21.5	40	61.0		32.7	39.5
13	19.85	2.30	184.0	1.67	168.0	0.9	125	Sands - clean sand to silty sand	1.156	1.156	0.5	1.63 to 1.9	1.05	6.6	43	88.0		29.5	29.9
14	21.49	1.64	60.7	1.00	52.6	1.7	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	1.277	1.277	0.5	2.07 to 2.44	1,91	21.8	36	40.0		11.6	16.5
15	21.98	0.49	46.7	1.69	35.6	3.7	120	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay	1.341	1.341	0.5 to 1	2.53 to 2.7	3.48	36.5			3.0	20.4	29.3
16	22.15	0.16	80.6	1.75	67.6	2.2	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	1.361	1.361	0.5	2.27	1.85	21.3	38	50.0		19.7	25.3
17	22.64	0.49	110.3	1.32	91.8	1.2	125	Sands - clean sand to silty sand	1.381	1.381	0.5	1.96 to 2.04	1.29	12.8	39	63.0		20.0	22.5
18	23.29	0.66	113.3	1.88	93.2	1.7	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	1.416	1.416	0.5	2.06 to 2.13	1.43	15.3	39	64.0		23.6	27.4
19	24.61	1.31	156.1	2.18	125.7	1.4	125	Sands - clean sand to silty sand	1.477	1.477	0.5	1.87 to 2	1.23	11.4	41	76.0		27.9	30
20	26,57	1.97	98.8	1.84	77.1	1.9	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	1.577	1.577	0.5	2.09 to 2.29	1.63	18.4	38	55.0		20.1	24.7
21	29.36	2.79	_207.4	2.62	154.7	1.3	125	Sands - clean sand to silty sand	1.723	1.723	0.5	1.68 to 1.98	1.15	9.2	42	84.0		30.8	32.1
22	30.51	1.15	158.0	3.27	113.8	2.1	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	1.845	1.845	0.5	2.04 to 2.15	1.44	15.6	40	71.0	-+-	31.1	35.3
23	32.64	2.13	212.1	2.48	148.9	1.2	125	Sands - clean sand to silty sand	1.946	1.946	0.5	1.74 to 2	1.14	8.9	41	82.0		29.5	30.7
24	33.96	1.31	127.6	2.19	87.2	1.7	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	2.052	2.052	0.5	2.06 to 2.16	1.48	16.2	38	60.0		22.4	26.4
25	34.12	0.16	126.2	1.74	85.3	1.4	125	Sands - clean sand to silty sand	2.096	2.096	0.5	2.06	1.38	14.6	38	59.0	ļ	19.4	22.7
26	34.28	0.16	126.1	1.86	85.0	1.5	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	2.106	2.106	0.5	2.08	1.42	15.2	38	59.0		20.0	23.5
27	34.45	0.16	130.2	1.84	87.6	1.4	125	Sands - clean sand to silty sand	2.116	2.116	0.5	2.06	1.38	14.5	38	60.0		20.3	23.6
28	34.61	0.16	137.5	2.08	92.3	1.5	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	2.126	2.126	0.5	2.06	1.39	14.6	38	62.0		22.3	25.8
29	36.91	2.30	166.6	2.26	109.9	1.4	125	Sands - clean sand to silty sand	2.203	2.203	0.5	1.9 to 2.02	1.27	12.2	39	70.0		25.2	27.7
30	37.89	0.98	142.1	2.62	91.6	1.9	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	2.304	2.304	0.5	2.06 to 2.17	1.50	16.4	38	62.0		24.5	28.8
31	47.57	9.68	180.6	2.27	109.0	1.3	125	Sands - clean sand to silty sand	2.636	2.636	0.5	1.79 to 2.03	1.25	11.7	39	69.0	-	24.5	26.7
32	47,74	0.16	191.4	3.30	109.2	1.8	120	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt	2.944	2.944	0.5	2.05	1.37	14.3	38	69.0		27.3	30.8
33	49.70	1.97	236.8	3.25	133.5	1.4	125	Sands - clean sand to silty sand	3.010	3.010	0.5	1.86 to 2.01	1.21	10.8	39	77.0		28.8	30.7
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#### GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

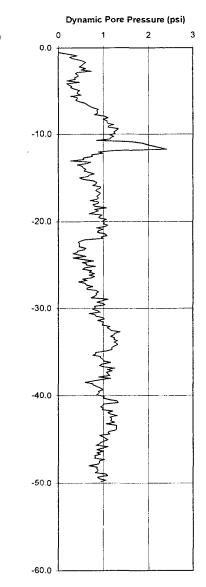
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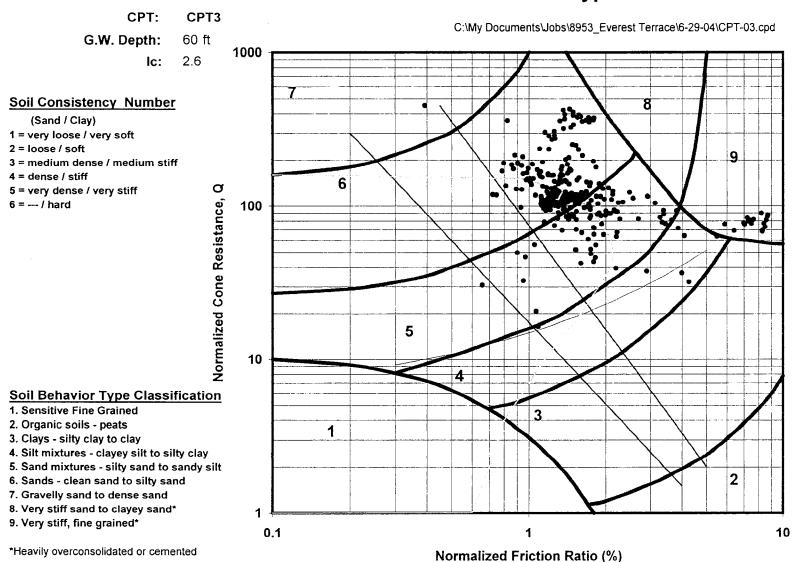
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GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

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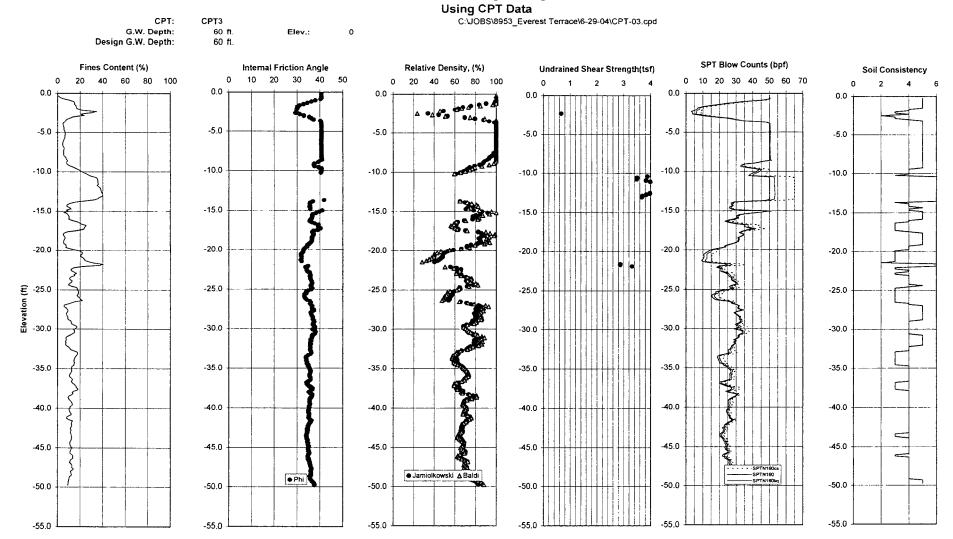


## **CPT-Based Soil Behavior Type**

\*Heavily overconsolidated or cemented

**GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE** 

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#### Soil Characteristics and Engineering Characteristics

### CPT ANALYSIS CPT 3 NO DESIGN GROUNDWATER

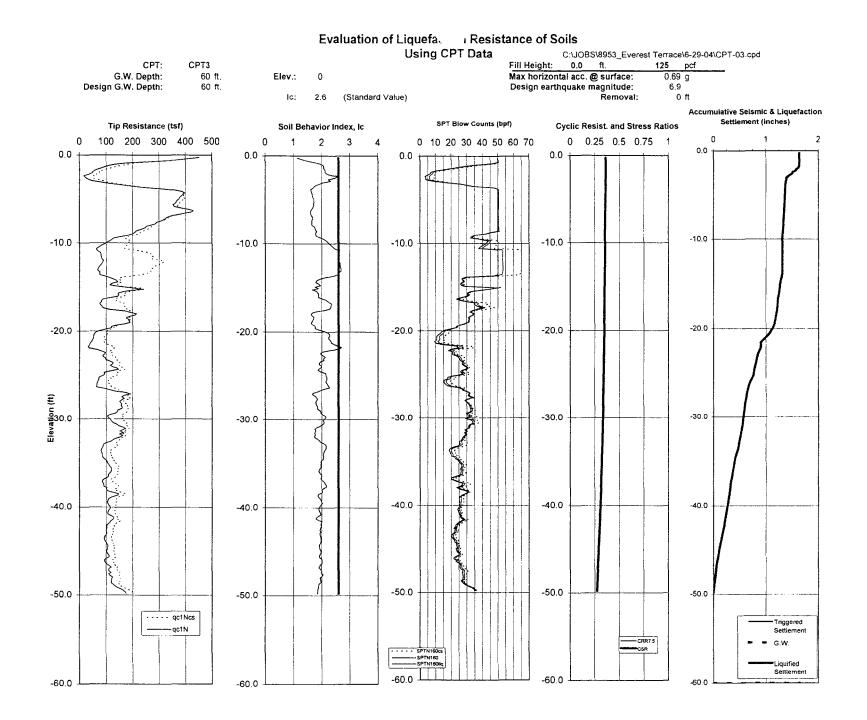
# "Dry" Sand Seismic Settlement Using CPT Data

			CPT:	СРТЗ		<b>w.o.</b> :	8953	2	=:1	l Height:	0.0	, U	125	pcf						
		<b>C</b> 14	Depth:	60		Elev.:	0355				_									
	Detion						-					. @ surface:	0.69	9						
	Desigr			60		lc:	2.6	C:UOBS/8953_Everesi Terrace/6-29-04/CPT-03 cpd	D			magnitude:	6.90							
		ĸ	emoval:		ft.					Magni	ude Sca	ling Factor:	0.88	·	Cyclic					
			Avg.	Avg.				<b>A</b> 11						<b>.</b> .	Shear					
Laj	yer La	yer	Тір	Side	Avg.	Norm.	Eff.	Soil				Fines	Avg.	Spt	Stress				Vol.	"Dry"
Bo	ott. Th	nick.	Resist	Fric.	Tip Resist	Frc. Rt.	O.B.	Behavlor	Avg.			Content	Dr	N160cs	Tav	Gmax	γeff /		Strain	Settle.
Layer (f	ft) (1	ft)	qc (tsf)	fs	qc1N (tsf)	(%)	(tsf)	Туре	rd	Kc	Kσ	(%)	(%)	(bpf)	(psf)	(ksf)	(Geff/Gmax)	γeff	(%)	(in)
1 0.4		16	277.3	1.09	451.5	0.4	0.015	Gravelly sand to dense sand (7)	1.00	1.00	1	0.0	100	50.0	14	2.66E+02	5.19E-05	7.60E-05	4.07E-03	2.40E-04
2 0.9	98 0.	.49	167.2	2.00	272.3	1.3	0.046	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	1.00	1.08	1	6.3	100	49.5	41	4.73E+02	8.68E-05	1.69E-04	9.09E-03	5.37E-04
3 2.3	30 1.	.31	44.3	0.66	72.2	1.3	0.101	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	1.00	1.52	1	16.7	79	19.3	90	5.14E+02	1.77E-04	1.97E-02	8.01E-01	1.26E-01
4 2.4	46 0.	.16	10.1	0.11	16.4	1.1	0.145	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	1.00	3.21	1	34.4		8.7	130	7.41E+02	1.75E-04	5.31E-04	2.86E-01	5.62E-03
5 2.9		.49	19.3	0.22	31.4	1.1	0.165	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	1.00	2.17	1	24.7	38	10.1	147	5.85E+02	2.53E-04	4.51E-03	1.94E+00	1.14E-01
6 9.3	35 6.	.40	197.7	2.90	302.7	1.4	0.380	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.99	1.06	1	6.6	98	46.8	336	1.39E+03	2.37E-04	8.15E-03	8.92E-02	6.84E-02
7 10.	.33 0.	.98	85.8	2.42	107.8	2.9	0.609	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.98	1.74	1	19.6	71	46.6	535	1.86E+03	2.88E-04	1.33E-03	7.91E-02	9.34E-03
8 10	.83 0.	49	55.0	2.42	66.6	4.5	0.653	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.98	2.73	1	30.3		53.3	573	2.87E+03	2.00E-04	3.41E-04	1.84E-02	1.09E-03
10 13.	.94 0.	.33	96.3	2.68	102.0	2.9	0.852	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.97	1.76	1	19.7	68	44.8	742	2.18E+03	3.44E-04	1.61E-03	1.23E-01	4.83E-03
11 16.	.24 2.	.30	148.9	1.93	150.7	1.3	0.934	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.97	1.16	1	9.6	83	33.1	811	2.04E+03	3.99E-04	2.43E-03	2.40E-01	6.61E-02
12 17.	.55 1.	.31	90.3	2.54	86.4	2.9	1.045	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.96	1.88	0.99	21.5	61	39.5	904	2.35E+03	3.86E-04	1.73E-03	1.31E-01	2.06E-02
13 19.	.85 2.	.30	184.0	1.67	168.0	0.9	1.156	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.96	1.05	0.95	6.6	88	29.9	995	2.20E+03	4.54E-04	2.94E-03	3.31E-01	9.12E-02
14 21.	.49 1.	.64	60.7	1.00	52.6	1.7	1.277	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.95	1,91	0.94	21.8	40	16.5	1094	2.00E+03	5.48E-04	5.04E-03	1.14E+00	2.24E-01
15 21.	.98 0.	.49	46.7	1.69	35.6	3.7	1.341	Silt mixtures - clavey silt to silty clay (4)	0.95	3.48	0.94	36.5		29.3	379	9.94E+02	1.27E-04	2.51E-04	4.26E-02	2.51E-03
16 22.	15 0.	.16	80.6	1.75	67.6	2.2	1.361	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.95	1.85	0.94	21.3	50	25.3	1161	2.36E+03	4.92E-04	3.03E-03	4.12E-01	8.11E-03
17 22.	.64 0.	.49	110.3	1.32	91,8	1.2	1,381	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.95	1.29	0.91	12.8	63	22.5	1177	2.25E+03	5.22E-04	3.93E-03	6.18E-01	3.65E-02
18 23.	.29 0.	.66	113.3	1.88	93.2	1,7	1,416	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.95	1.43	0.89	15.3	64	27.4	1205	2.43E+03	4.95E-04	3.05E-03	3.74E-01	2.95E-02
19 24	61 1.	.31	156.1	2.18	125.7	1.4	1.477	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.95	1.23	0.87	11.4	76	30.0	1252	2.53E+03	4.94E-04	2.94E-03	3.05E-01	4.81E-02
20 26.	.57 1.	.97	98.8	1.84	77.1	1.9	1.577	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.94	1.63	0.87	18.4	55	24.7	1329	2.50E+03	5.32E-04	3.27E-03	4.80E-01	1.13E-01
21 29.	.36 2.	.79	207.4	2.62	154.7	1.3	1,723	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.93	1,15	0.81	9,2	84	32.1	1437	2.78E+03	5.16E-04	2.72E-03	2.56E-01	8.55E-02
22 30.	.51 1.	.15	158.0	3.27	113.8	2.1	1.845	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.92	1 4 4	0.8	15.6	71	35.3	1523	3.02E+03	5.05E-04	2.09E-03	1.63E-01	2.25E-02
23 32	.64 2.	.13	212.1	2.48	148.9	1.2	1,946	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0,91	1.14	0.77	8.9	82	30,7	1591	2.92E+03	5.44E-04	2.50E-03	2.52E-01	6.46E-02
24 33.	.96 1.	.31	127.6	2.19	87.2	1.7	2.052	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.90	1.48	0.79	16.2	60	26.4	1659	2.92E+03	5.68E-04	2.34E-03	3.07E-01	4.83E-02
25 34	.12 0.	.16	126.2	1.74	85.3	1.4	2.096	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.90	1.38	0.79	14.6	59	22.7	1686	2.82E+03	5,98E-04	2.61E-03	4.04E-01	7.96E-03
26 34.	.28 0.	.16	126.1	1.86	85.0	1.5	2,106	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.90	1.42	0.79	15.2	59	23.5	1692	2.86E+03	5.92E-04	2.50E-03	3.73E-01	7.34E-03
27 34.	.45 0.	.16	130.2	1.84	87.6	1.4	2,116	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.89	1.38	0.79	14.5	60	23.6	1698	2.87E+03	5.92E-04	2.49E-03	3.69E-01	7.27E-03
28 34.	.61 0.	.16	137.5	2.08	92.3	1.5	2.126	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.89	1.39	0.79	14.6	62	25.8	1704	2.95E+03	5.77E-04	2.30E-03	3.06E-01	6.02E-03
29 36.	.91 2.	.30	166.6	2.26	109.9	1.4	2,203	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.88	1.27	0.76	12.2	70	27.7	1748	3.05E+03	5.72E-04	2.17E-03	2.59E-01	7.14E-02
30 37.		.98	142.1	2.62	91.6	1.9	2.304	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.87	1.50	0.77	16.4	62	28.8	1803	3.19E+03	5.66E-04	1.91E-03	2.20E-01	2.60E-02
31 47.		.68	180,6	2.27	109.0	1.3	2.636	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.82	1.25	0.72	11.7	69	26.7	1945	3.31E+03	5.88E-04	1.89E-03	2.39E-01	2.78E-01
32 47.	74 0.	.16	191,4	3.30	109.2	1.8	2,944	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.78	1.37	0.68	14.3	69	30.8	2049	3.69E+03	5.56E-04	1.55E-03	1.52E-01	3.00E-03
	.70 1.		236.8	3.25	133.5	1.4	3.010	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.76	1.21	0.67	10.8	77	30.7	2065	4.E+03	5.60E-04	1.58E-03	1.59E-01	3.74E-02
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									0.70						2000		0.000	1		

1.64

#### GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

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GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

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\*Exclude Settlement from layers thinner than 6 inches

### CPT ANALYSIS CPT 3 DESIGN GROUNDWATER AT 40 FOOT DEPTH

# "Dry" Sand Seismic Settlement Using CPT Data

			CPT:	СРТЗ		w.o.:	8953	•	EII	Height:		- <b>-</b>	125	pcf						
		C 14	/. Depth:	60		Elev.:	0303							F						
					ft.		•					@ surface:	0.69	g						
	De	esign G.N	Removal:		ιn. IfL	ic:	2.6	C \UOBS\8953_Everest Terrace\6-29-04\CPT-03 cpd	De			magnitude:	6.90		0					
			Avg.	-	n.					мадля	ude Sca	ling Factor:	0.88		Cyclic Shear					
	Layer	Layer	Tip	Avg. Side	A	Name	Eff.	Soil			-	Fines	• •	0-1					Vol.	"Dry"
			•		Avg.	Norm.							Avg.	Spt	Stress					-
	Bott.	Thick.	Resist	Fric.	Tip Resist	Frc. Rt.	0.B.	Behavior	Avg.			Content	Dr	N160cs	ταν	Gmax	γeff /		Strain	Settle.
Layer	(ft)	(ft)	qc (tsf)	fs	qc1N (tsf)	(%)	(tsf)	Туре	rd	Kc	Κσ	(%)	(%)	(bpf)	(psf)	(ksf)	(Geff/Gmax)	γeff	(%)	(in)
1	0.49	0.16	277.3	1.09	451.5	0.4	0.015	Gravelly sand to dense sand (7)	1.00	1.00	1	0.0	100	50.0	14	2.66E+02	5.19E-05	7.60E-05	4.07E-03	2.40E-04
2	0.98	0.49	167.2	2.00	272.3	1.3	0.046	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	1.00	1.08	1	6.3	100	49.5	41	4.73E+02	8.68E-05	1.69E-04	9.09E-03	5.37E-04
3	2.30	1.31	44.3	0.66	72.2	1.3	0.101	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	1.00	1.52	1	16.7	79	19.3	90	5.14E+02	1.77E-04	1.97E-02	8.01E-01	1.26E-01
4	2.46	0.16	10.1	0.11	16.4	1.1	0.145	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	1.00	3.21	1	34.4		8.7	130	7.41E+02	1.75E-04	5.31E-04	2.86E-01	5.62E-03
5	2.95	0.49	19.3	0.22	31.4	1.1	0.165	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	1.00	2.17	1	24.7	38	10.1	147	5.85E+02	2.53E-04	4.51E-03	1.94E+00	1.14E-01
6	9,35	6.40	197.7	2.90	302.7	1.4	0.380	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.99	1.06	1	6.6	98	46.8	336	1.39E+03	2.37E-04	8.15E-03	8.92E-02	6.84E-02
7	10.33	0.98	85.8	2.42	107.8	2.9	0.609	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.98	1.74	1	19.6	71	46.6	535	1.86E+03	2.88E-04	1.33E-03	7.91E-02	9.34E-03
8	10.83	0.49	55.0	2.42	66.6	4.5	0.653	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.98	2.73	1	30.3		53.3	573	2.87E+03	2.00E-04	3.41E-04	1.84E-02	1.09E-03
10	13.94	0.33	96.3	2.68	102.0	2.9	0.852	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.97	1.76	1	19.7	68	44.8	742	2.18E+03	3.44E-04	1.61E-03	1.23E-01	4.83E-03
11	16.24	2.30	148.9	1.93	150.7	1.3	0.934	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.97	1.16	1	9.6	83	33.1	811	2.04E+03	3.99E-04	2.43E-03	2.40E-01	6.61E-02
12	17.55	1.31	90.3	2.54	86.4	2.9	1.045	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.96	1.88	0.99	21.5	61	39.5	904	2.35E+03	3.86E-04	1.73E-03	1.31E-01	2.06E-02
13	19.85	2.30	184.0	1.67	168.0	0,9	1.156	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.96	1.05	0.95	6.6	88	29.9	995	2.20E+03	4.54E-04	2.94E-03	3.31E-01	9.12E-02
14	21.49	1.64	60.7	1.00	52.6	1.7	1.277	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.95	1.91	0.94	21.8	40	16.5	1094	2.00E+03	5.48E-04	5.04E-03	1.14E+00	2.24E-01
15	21.98	0.49	46.7	1.69	35.6	3.7	1.341	Silt mixtures - clayey silt to silty clay (4)	0.95	3.48	0.94	36.5		29.3	379	9.94E+02	1.27E-04	2.51E-04	4.26E-02	2.51E-03
16	22.15	0.16	80.6	1.75	67.6	2.2	1.361	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.95	1.85	0.94	21,3	50	25.3	1161	2.36E+03	4.92E-04	3.03E-03	4.12E-01	8.11E-03
17	22.64	0.49	110.3	1.32	91.8	1.2	1.381	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.95	1.29	0.91	12.8	63	22.5	1177	2.25E+03	5.22E-04	3.93E-03	6.18E-01	3.65E-02
18	23.29	0.66	113.3	1.88	93.2	1.7	1.416	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.95	1.43	0.89	15.3	64	27.4	1205	2.43E+03	4.95E-04	3.05E-03	3.74E-01	2.95E-02
19	24.61	1.31	156.1	2.18	125.7	1.4	1.477	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.95	1.23	0.87	11.4	76	30.0	1252	2.53E+03	4.94E-04	2.94E-03	3.05E-01	4.81E-02
20	26.57	1.97	98.8	1.84	77.1	1.9	1.577	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.94	1.63	0.87	18.4	55	24.7	1329	2.50E+03	5.32E-04	3.27E-03	4.80E-01	1.13E-01
21	29.36	2.79	207.4	2.62	154.7	1.3	1.723	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.93	1.15	0.81	9.2	84	32.1	1437	2.78E+03	5.16E-04	2.72E-03	2.56E-01	8.55E-02
22	30.51	1.15	158.0	3.27	113.8	2.1	1.845	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.92	1.44	0.8	15.6	71	35.3	1523	3.02E+03	5.05E-04	2.09E-03	1.63E-01	2.25E-02
23	32.64	2.13	212.1	2.48	148.9	1.2	1.946	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.91	1.14	0.77	8.9	82	30.7	1591	2.92E+03	5.44E-04	2.50E-03	2.52E-01	6.46E-02
24	33.96	1.31	127.6	2.19	87.2	1.7	2.052	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.90	1.48	0.79	16.2	60	26.4	1659	2.92E+03	5.68E-04	2.34E-03	3.07E-01	4.83E-02
25	34.12	0.16	126.2	1.74	85.3	1.4	2.096	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.90	1.38	0.79	14.6	59	22.7	1686	2.82E+03	5.98E-04	2.61E-03	4.04E-01	7.96E-03
26	34.28	0.16	126.1	1.86	85.0	1.5	2.106	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.90	1.42	0.79	15.2	59	23.5	1692	2.86E+03	5.92E-04	2.50E-03	3.73E-01	7.34E-03
27	34.45	0.16	130.2	1.84	87.6	1.4	2.116	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.89	1.38	0.79	14.5	60	23.6	1698	2.87E+03	5.92E-04	2.49E-03	3.69E-01	7.27E-03
28	34.61	0.16	137.5	2.08	92.3	1.5	2.126	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.89	1.39	0.79	14.6	62	25.8	1704	2.95E+03	5.77E-04	2.30E-03	3.06E-01	6.02E-03
29	36.91	2.30	166.6	2.26	109.9	1.4	2.203	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.88	1.27	0.76	12.2	70	27.7	1748	3.05E+03	5.72E-04	2.17E-03	2.59E-01	7.14E-02
30	37.89	0.98	142.1	2.62	91.6	1.9	2.304	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0.87	1.50	0.77	16.4	62	28.8	1803	3.19E+03	5.66E-04	1.91E-03	2.20E-01	2.60E-02
31	47.57	2.11	180.6	2.27	109.0	1.3	2.636	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.82	1.25	0.72	11.7	69	26.7	408	7.11E+02	1.26E-04	4.23E-04	4.76E-02	5.53E-02

1.37

# Liquefaction Analysis Using CPT Data

			CPT:	CPT3		W.O.:	8953												1.59
		G.V	V. Depth:	60	) ft.	Elev.:	0					Fi	ll Height:	0.0	ft.	125	pcf		
	D	esign G.V	V. Depth:	40	) ft.	lc:	2.6	C.UOBS\8953_Everest Terrace\6-29-04\CPT-03 cpd						ontal acc. @		0.69	g		
			Removal:	0	) ft.									rthquake ma		6.90			
			Avg.	Avg.									Magn	itude Scaling	Factor:	1.24			
	Layer	Layer	Tip	Side	Avg.	Norm.	Eff.	Soil				Avg. Fines	Avg.	Avg. SPT	Min.		Min.	Avg.	Liq
	Bott.	Thick.	Resist	Fric.	Tip Resist	Frc. Rt.	O.B.	Behavior	Avg.			Content	Dr	N1(60)liq	CRR	Avg.	Liq.	Strain	Settle.
Layer	(ft)	(ft)	qc (tsf)	fs	qc1N (tsf)	(%)	(tsf)	Туре	rd	Kc	Κσ	(%)	(%)	(bpf)	(M=7.5)	CSR	FS	(%)	(in)
31	47.57	7.57	180.6	2.27	109.0	1.3	2.636	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.82	1.25	0.72	11.7	69	32.0	0.17	0.309	0.56	0.6	0.22
32	47.74	0.16	191.4	3.30	109.2	1.8	2.944	Sand mixtures - silty sand to sandy silt (5)	0,78	1.37	0.7	14.3	69	28.5	0.27	0.306	0.89	0.0	0
33	49.70	1.97	236.8	3.25	133.5	1.4	3.010	Sands - clean sand to silty sand (6)	0.76	1.21	0.69	10.8	77	29.7	0.25	0.305	0.83	0.0	0

#### **GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE**

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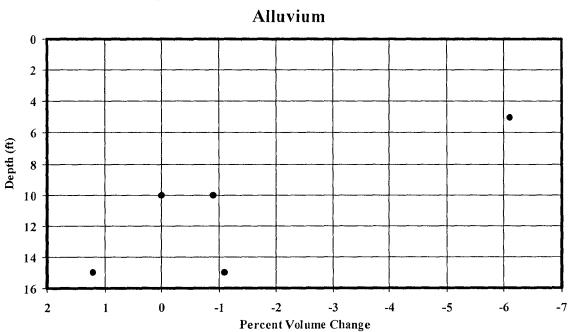
0.22

Evaluation of Liquefac ... Resistance of Soils Using CPT Data C:\JOBS\8953\_Everest Terrace\6-29-04\CPT-03.cpd 125 pcf CPT: CPT3 Fill Height: 0.0 ft. 60 ft. G.W. Depth: Elev.: Max horizontal acc. @ surface: 0 0.69 g Design G.W. Depth: 40 ft. Design earthquake magnitude: 6.9 Ic: 2.6 (Standard Value) Removal: 0 ft Accumulative Seismic & Liquefaction Settlement (inches) Tip Resistance (tsf) SPT Blow Counts (bpf) Soil Behavior Index, Ic Cyclic Resist. and Stress Ratios 2 0 100 200 300 400 500 0 0.25 0.5 0.75 1 0 1 0 1 2 3 4 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 0,0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 -10.0 -10.0 -10.0 -10.0 -10.0 -20.0 -20.0 -20.0 -20.0 -20.0 Elevation (ft) 0.0000 -30.0 -30.0 -30.0 -30.0 -40.0 -40.0 -40.0 -40.0 -40.0 -50.0 -50.0 -50.0 -50.0 -50.0 ···· qc1Ncs Triggered \_\_\_\_qc1N Settlement = G.W. SPTN160 -SPTN160 -SPTN160kg Liquified Settlement -60.0 -60.0 -60.0 -60.0 -60.0

GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

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\*Exclude Settlement from layers thinner than 6 inches

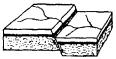


# HYDROCONSOLIDATION/EXPANSION VS. DEPTH

Note: Expansion (+), Collapse (-)

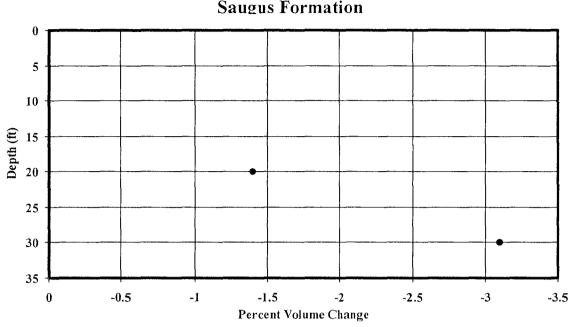
Excavation	Depth (ft)	Field DD (pcf)	M (%)	e	S (%)	Volume Change (%)	Alluvium Material	
B3	5	103.7	3.3	0.63	14	-6.1	Silty Sand	
B1	10	113.1	8.2	0.48	46.1	0.0	Silty Sand	
B4	10	122.5	6.0	0.37	44.1	-0.9	Silty Sand	
B1	15	108.5	17.8	0.54	88.1	1.2	Clay	
B3	15	107.0	2.7	0.56	13	-1.1	Sand	

DD = Field Dry Density, M = Field Moisture, e = initial void ratio, S = initial degree of saturation, Volume Change = percent of hydroconsolidation(-) or expansion (+)



GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

PLATE C-Hydro.Qal.1



### HYDROCONSOLIDATION/EXPANSION VS. DEPTH Saugus Formation

Note: Expansion (+), Collapse (-)

Excavation	Depth (ft)	Field DD_(pcf)	M (%)	e	S (%)	Volume Change (%)	Saugus Formation Material
B6	20	114.1	3.7	0.47	21	-1.4	SANDSTONE
B6	30	102.8	6.0	0.62	26	-3.1	SANDSTONE

DD = Field Dry Density, M = Field Moisture, e = initial void ratio, S = initial degree of saturation, Volume Change = percent of hydroconsolidation(-) or expansion (+)

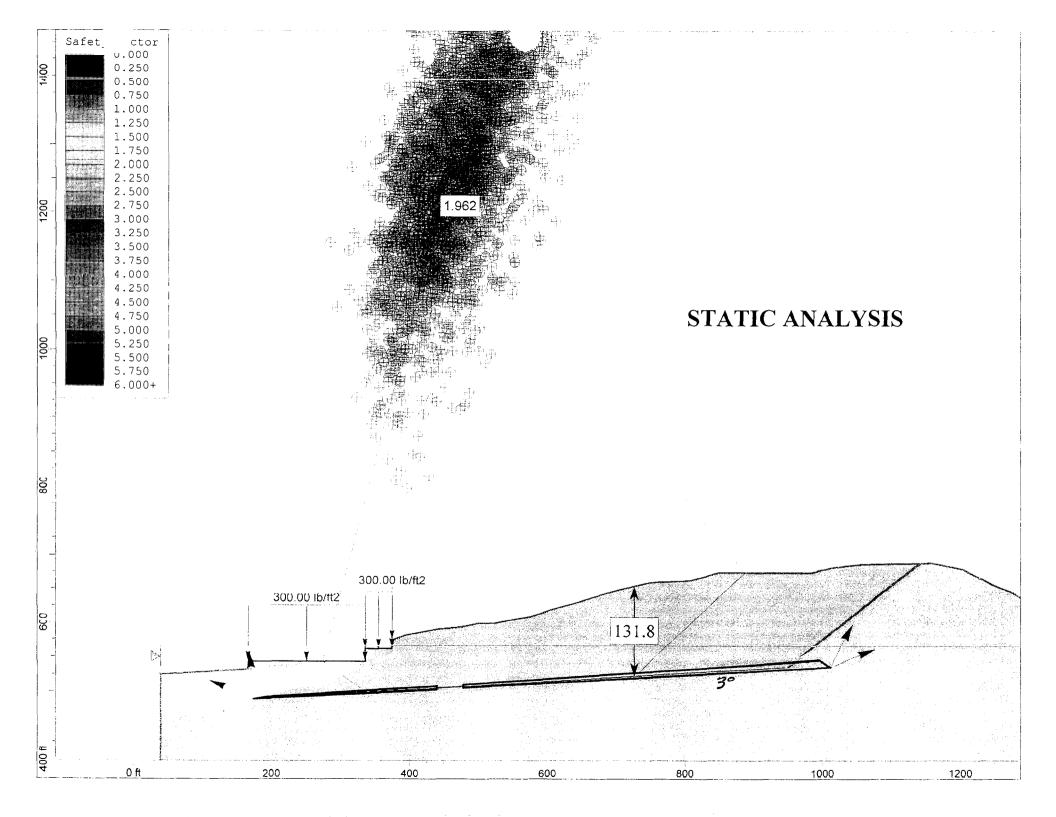


GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

PLATE C-Hydro.TQs.1

### APPENDIX D

### SLOPE STABILITY ANALYSIS



# Slide Analysis Information

#### **Document Name**

File Name: 8953 B-B' 20051130 study.sli

#### **Project Settings**

Project Title: Section B-B' Static Analysis Failure Direction: Right to Left Units of Measurement: Imperial Units Pore Fluid Unit Weight: 62.4 lb/ft3 Groundwater Method: Water Surfaces Data Output: Maximum Calculate Excess Pore Pressure: Off Allow Ru with Water Surfaces or Grids: Off Random Numbers: Pseudo-random Seed Random Number Seed: 10116 Random Number Generation Method: Park and Miller v.3

#### **Analysis Methods**

Analysis Methods used: Spencer

Number of slices: 25 Tolerance: 0.005 Maximum number of iterations: 50

#### **Surface Options**

Surface Type: Non-Circular Block Search Number of Surfaces: 3000 Pseudo-Random Surfaces: Enabled Convex Surfaces Only: Enabled Left Projection Angle (Start Angle): 157 Left Projection Angle (End Angle): 95 Right Projection Angle (Start Angle): 63 Right Projection Angle (End Angle): 22 Minimum Elevation: Not Defined Minimum Depth: Not Defined

#### Loading

1 Distributed Load present: Distributed Load Constant Distribution, Orientation: Vertical, Magnitude: 300 lb/ft2

#### **Material Properties**

<u>Material: Qal</u> Strength Type: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Cohesion: 200 psf Friction Angle: 38 degrees Water Surface: None

<u>Material: TQs</u> Strength Type: Anisotropic function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

Material: TQs (5' Bed) Strength Type: Shear Normal function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

Material: TQs above Bed Strength Type: Anisotropic function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

Material: Eng. Fill Strength Type: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Cohesion: 125 psf Friction Angle: 32 degrees Water Surface: None

#### **Global Minimums**

#### Method: spencer

FS: 1.962050 Axis Location: 448.750, 1220.822 Left Slip Surface Endpoint: 274.873, 542.955 Right Slip Surface Endpoint: 886.717, 675.000 Resisting Moment=1.60009e+009 lb-ft Driving Moment=8.15523e+008 lb-ft Resisting Horizontal Force=2.0086e+006 lb Driving Horizontal Force=1.02373e+006 lb

#### Valid / Invalid Surfaces

Method: spencer Number of Valid Surfaces: 1757 Number of Invalid Surfaces: 1243 Error Codes: Error Code -108 reported for 39 surfaces Error Code -111 reported for 95 surfaces Error Code -112 reported for 1109 surfaces

#### Error Codes

The following errors were encountered during the computation:

-108 = Total driving moment or total driving force < 0.1. This is to limit the calculation of extremely high safety factors if the driving force is very small (0.1 is an arbitrary number).

-111 = safety factor equation did not converge

-112 = The coefficient M-Alpha =

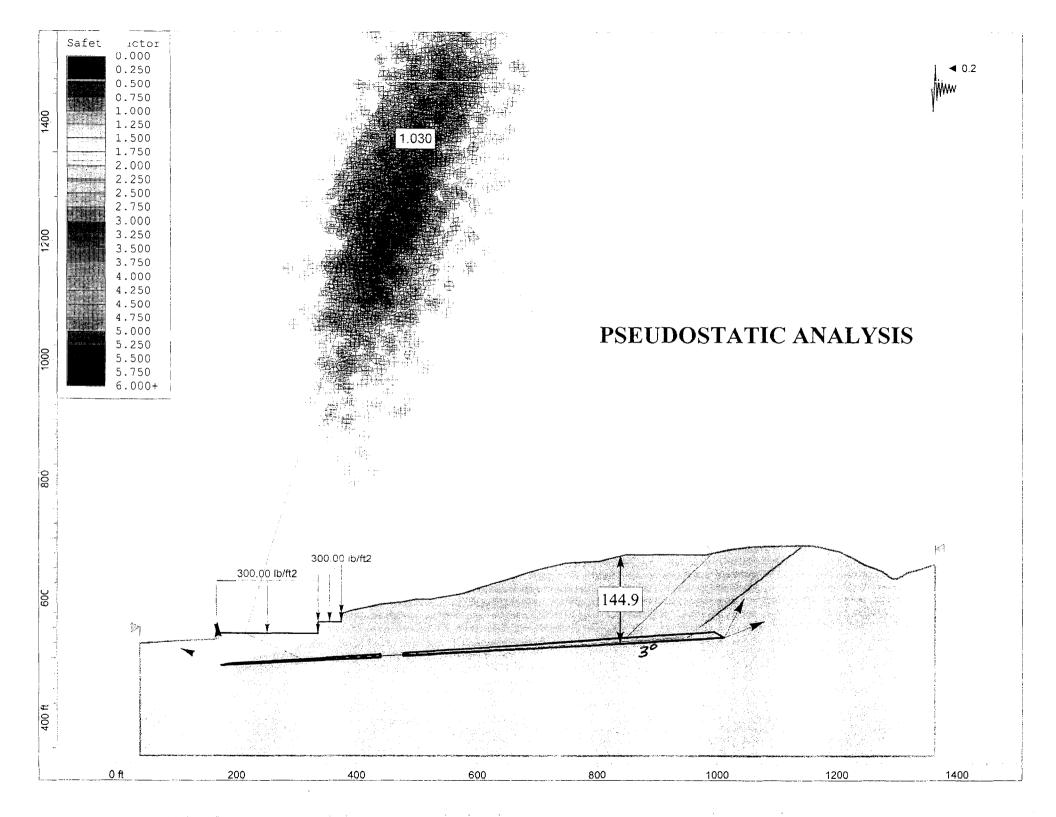
cos(alpha)(1+tan(alpha)tan(phi)/F)

< 0.2 for the final iteration of the safety factor calculation. This screens out

some slip surfaces which may not be valid in the context of the analysis, in

# particular, deep seated slip surfaces with many high negative base angle

slices in the passive zone.



# Slide Analysis Information

#### **Document Name**

File Name: 8953 B-B' 20051130 study.sli

#### **Project Settings**

Project Title: Section B-B' Pseudostatic Analysis Failure Direction: Right to Left Units of Measurement: Imperial Units Pore Fluid Unit Weight: 62.4 lb/ft3 Groundwater Method: Water Surfaces Data Output: Maximum Calculate Excess Pore Pressure: Off Allow Ru with Water Surfaces or Grids: Off Random Numbers: Pseudo-random Seed Random Number Seed: 10116 Random Number Generation Method: Park and Miller v.3

#### **Analysis Methods**

Analysis Methods used: Spencer

Number of slices: 25 Tolerance: 0.005 Maximum number of iterations: 50

#### **Surface Options**

Surface Type: Non-Circular Block Search Number of Surfaces: 3000 Pseudo-Random Surfaces: Enabled Convex Surfaces Only: Enabled Left Projection Angle (Start Angle): 157 Left Projection Angle (End Angle): 95 Right Projection Angle (Start Angle): 63 Right Projection Angle (End Angle): 22 Minimum Elevation: Not Defined Minimum Depth: Not Defined

#### Loading

Seismic Load Coefficient (Horizontal): 0.2 1 Distributed Load present: Distributed Load Constant Distribution, Orientation: Vertical, Magnitude: 300 lb/ft2

#### **Material Properties**

Material: Qal Strength Type: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Cohesion: 200 psf Friction Angle: 38 degrees Water Surface: None

<u>Material: TQs</u> Strength Type: Anisotropic function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

<u>Material: TQs (5' Bed)</u> Strength Type: Shear Normal function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

Material: TQs above Bed Strength Type: Anisotropic function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

<u>Material: Eng. Fill</u> Strength Type: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3

Cohesion: 125 psf Friction Angle: 32 degrees Water Surface: None

#### **Global Minimums**

Method: spencer FS: 1.029770 Axis Location: 468.828, 1386.596 Left Slip Surface Endpoint: 214.712, 542.955 Right Slip Surface Endpoint: 991.271, 677.119 Resisting Moment=2.56358e+009 lb-ft Driving Moment=2.48946e+009 lb-ft Resisting Horizontal Force=2.68726e+006 lb Driving Horizontal Force=2.60957e+006 lb

#### Valid / Invalid Surfaces

<u>Method: spencer</u> Number of Valid Surfaces: 1094 Number of Invalid Surfaces: 1906 Error Codes: Error Code -108 reported for 7 surfaces Error Code -111 reported for 107 surfaces Error Code -112 reported for 1792 surfaces

#### **Error Codes**

The following errors were encountered during the computation:

-108 = Total driving moment or total driving force < 0.1. This is to limit the calculation of extremely high safety factors if the driving force is very small (0.1 is an arbitrary number).

-111 = safety factor equation did not converge

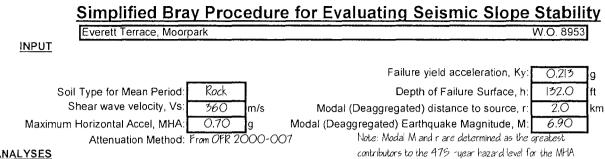
-112 = The coefficient M-Alpha = cos(alpha)(1+tan(alpha)tan(phi)/F)

< 0.2 for the final iteration of the safety factor calculation. This screens out

some slip surfaces which may not be valid in the context of the analysis, in

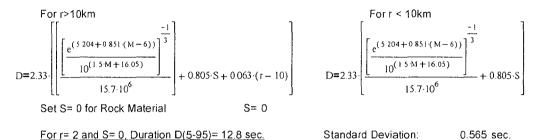
particular, deep seated slip surfaces with many high negative base angle

slices in the passive zone.





Estimation of Strong Motion Duration (central 90% of Arias Intensity):



Estimation of mean-square Period, Tm of input rock motion:

if M<=7.25 then In(Tm)=In(C1+C2\*(M-6)+C3\*r)+Sdev if 7.25<M<8 then In(Tm)=In(C1+1.25\*C2+C3\*r)+Sdev

For soil Type of Rock the Rathje et.al. (1998) coefficients are:

C1:	0.411
C2:	0.0837
C3:	0.00208
Stand. Dev:	0.437

The mean-square Period, Tm is 0.49 sec. (mean)

Estimation of fundamental period of equivalent 1-D slide mass at small strains, Ts:

$$T_s = 4 \cdot \frac{H}{V_s}$$

For H= 132 ft and Vs= 360 m/s; Ts= 0.45 sec.

Ratio Ts/Tm is\*: 0.91

Non-Linear Response Factor, NRF is 0.82

Maximum Horizontal Equivalent Acceleration over the duration of earthquake shaking, MHEA:

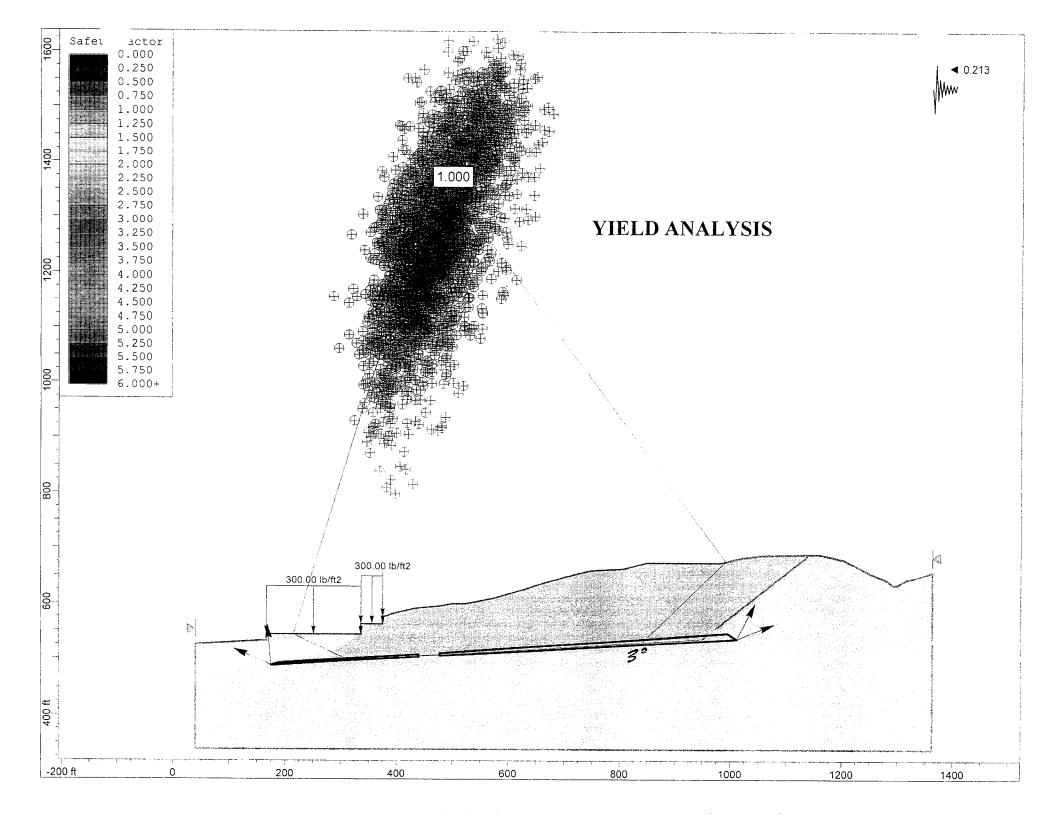
MHEA for the subject slope is 0.33 g

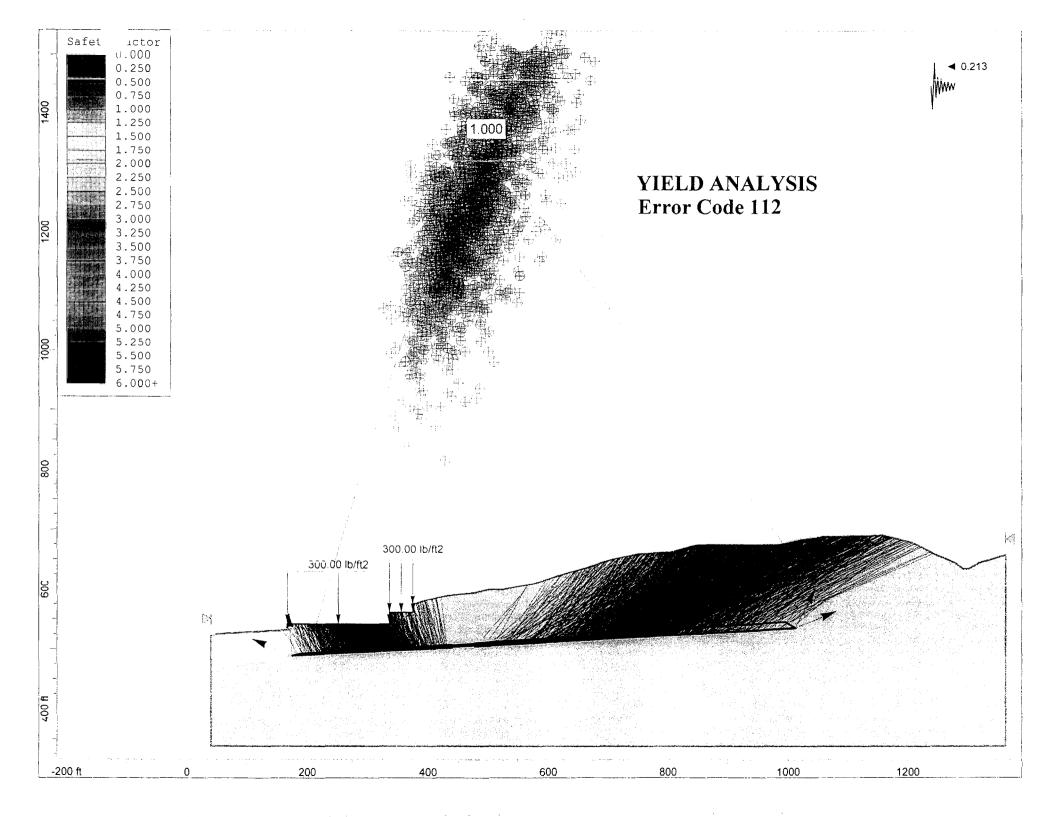
kmax is set to MHEA, therefore, kmax is 0.33 g and ky/kmax is 0.65

Estimated Displacement,  $\mu$ :

$\mu$ (mean):	1.7 cm (1 in)
μ. (M+sig):	4 cm (2 in)
μ <b>(M-sig)</b> :	1 cm (0 in)

The results of the analyses indicates the estimated mean displacement is about 2 cm of displacement. The estimated mean plus one standard deviation displacement is about 4 cm.





## Slide Analysis Information

#### **Document Name**

File Name: 8953 B-B' 20051130 yield study.sli

#### **Project Settings**

Project Title: Section B-B' Pseudostatic Analysis Failure Direction: Right to Left Units of Measurement: Imperial Units Pore Fluid Unit Weight: 62.4 lb/ft3 Groundwater Method: Water Surfaces Data Output: Maximum Calculate Excess Pore Pressure: Off Allow Ru with Water Surfaces or Grids: Off Random Numbers: Pseudo-random Seed Random Number Seed: 10116 Random Number Generation Method: Park and Miller v.3

#### **Analysis Methods**

Analysis Methods used: Spencer

Number of slices: 25 Tolerance: 0.005 Maximum number of iterations: 50

#### **Surface Options**

Surface Type: Non-Circular Block Search Number of Surfaces: 3000 Pseudo-Random Surfaces: Enabled Convex Surfaces Only: Enabled Left Projection Angle (Start Angle): 157 Left Projection Angle (End Angle): 95 Right Projection Angle (Start Angle): 63 Right Projection Angle (End Angle): 22 Minimum Elevation: Not Defined Minimum Depth: Not Defined

#### Loading

Seismic Load Coefficient (Horizontal): 0.213 1 Distributed Load present: Distributed Load Constant Distribution, Orientation: Vertical, Magnitude: 300 lb/ft2

#### **Material Properties**

Material: Qal Strength Type: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Cohesion: 200 psf Friction Angle: 38 degrees Water Surface: None

Material: TQs Strength Type: Anisotropic function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

Material: TQs (5' Bed) Strength Type: Shear Normal function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

Material: TQs above Bed Strength Type: Anisotropic function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

<u>Material: Eng. Fill</u> Strength Type: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Cohesion: 125 psf

Friction Angle: 32 degrees Water Surface: None

#### **Global Minimums**

#### Method: spencer

FS: 1.000420 Axis Location: 468.828, 1386.596 Left Slip Surface Endpoint: 214.712, 542.955 Right Slip Surface Endpoint: 991.271, 677.119 Resisting Moment=2.5741e+009 lb-ft Driving Moment=2.57301e+009 lb-ft Resisting Horizontal Force=2.70123e+006 lb Driving Horizontal Force=2.70008e+006 lb

#### Valid / Invalid Surfaces

Method: spencer Number of Valid Surfaces: 1056 Number of Invalid Surfaces: 1944 Error Codes: Error Code -108 reported for 6 surfaces Error Code -111 reported for 115 surfaces Error Code -112 reported for 1823 surfaces

#### **Error Codes**

The following errors were encountered during the computation:

-108 = Total driving moment or total driving force < 0.1. This is to limit the calculation of extremely high safety factors if the driving force is very small (0.1 is an arbitrary number).

-111 = safety factor equation did not converge

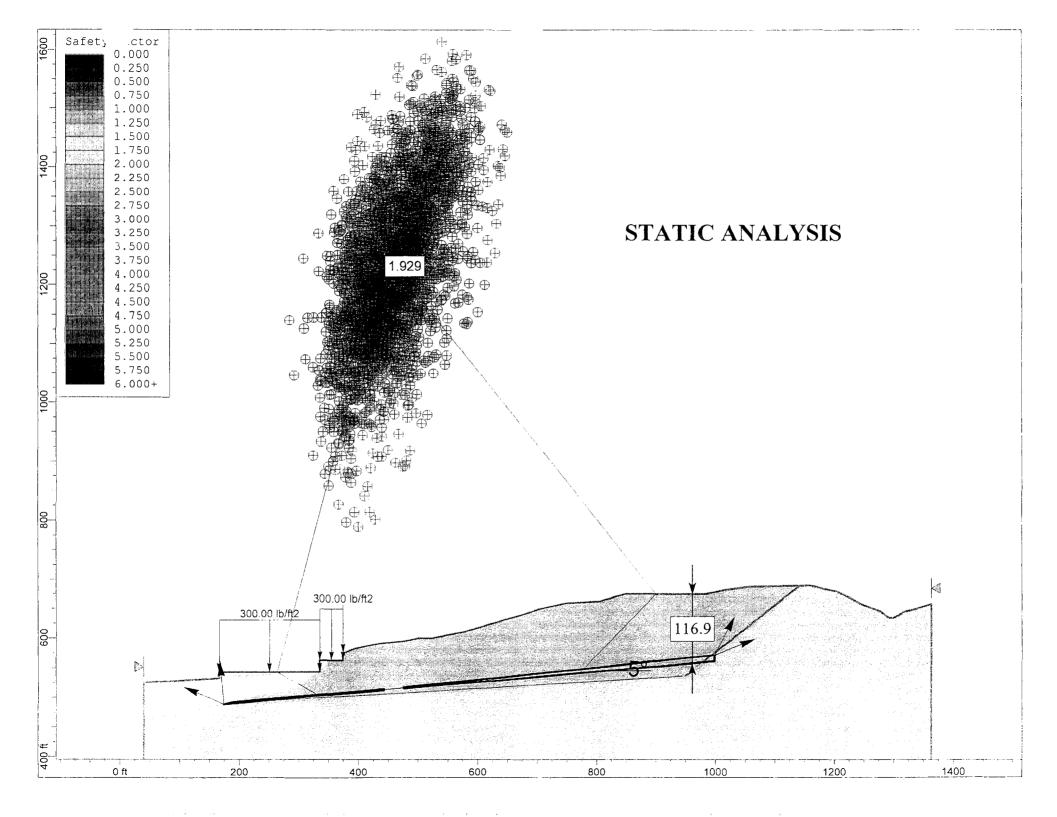
-112 = The coefficient M-Alpha = cos(alpha)(1+tan(alpha)tan(phi)/F)

 $\!<$  0.2 for the final iteration of the safety factor calculation. This screens out

some slip surfaces which may not be valid in the context of the analysis, in

particular, deep seated slip surfaces with many high negative base angle

slices in the passive zone.



## Slide Analysis Information

#### **Document Name**

File Name: 8953 B-B' 20051130 5deg study.sli

#### **Project Settings**

Project Title: Section B-B' Static Analysis Failure Direction: Right to Left Units of Measurement: Imperial Units Pore Fluid Unit Weight: 62.4 lb/ft3 Groundwater Method: Water Surfaces Data Output: Maximum Calculate Excess Pore Pressure: Off Allow Ru with Water Surfaces or Grids: Off Random Numbers: Pseudo-random Seed Random Number Seed: 10116 Random Number Generation Method: Park and Miller v.3

#### **Analysis Methods**

Analysis Methods used: Spencer

Number of slices: 25 Tolerance: 0.005 Maximum number of iterations: 50

#### **Surface Options**

Surface Type: Non-Circular Block Search Number of Surfaces: 3000 Pseudo-Random Surfaces: Enabled Convex Surfaces Only: Enabled Left Projection Angle (Start Angle): 157 Left Projection Angle (End Angle): 95 Right Projection Angle (Start Angle): 63 Right Projection Angle (End Angle): 22 Minimum Elevation: Not Defined Minimum Depth: Not Defined

#### Loading

1 Distributed Load present: Distributed Load Constant Distribution, Orientation: Vertical, Magnitude: 300 lb/ft2

#### **Material Properties**

<u>Material: Qal</u> Strength Type: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Cohesion: 200 psf Friction Angle: 38 degrees Water Surface: None

<u>Material: TQs</u> Strength Type: Anisotropic function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

<u>Material: TQs (5' Bed)</u> Strength Type: Shear Normal function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

<u>Material: TQs above Bed</u> Strength Type: Anisotropic function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

<u>Material: Eng. Fill</u> Strength Type: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Cohesion: 125 psf Friction Angle: 32 degrees Water Surface: None

#### **Global Minimums**

Method: spencer FS: 1.929270 Axis Location: 450.233, 1244.504 Left Slip Surface Endpoint: 264.514, 542.955 Right Slip Surface Endpoint: 900.040, 675.000 Resisting Moment=1.55239e+009 lb-ft Driving Moment=8.0465e+008 lb-ft Resisting Horizontal Force=1.925e+006 lb Driving Horizontal Force=997785 lb

#### Valid / Invalid Surfaces

Method: spencer Number of Valid Surfaces: 1851 Number of Invalid Surfaces: 1149 Error Codes: Error Code -108 reported for 57 surfaces Error Code -111 reported for 39 surfaces Error Code -112 reported for 1053 surfaces

#### **Error Codes**

The following errors were encountered during the computation:

-108 = Total driving moment or total driving force < 0.1. This is to limit the calculation of extremely high safety factors if the driving force is very small (0.1 is an arbitrary number).

-111 = safety factor equation did not converge

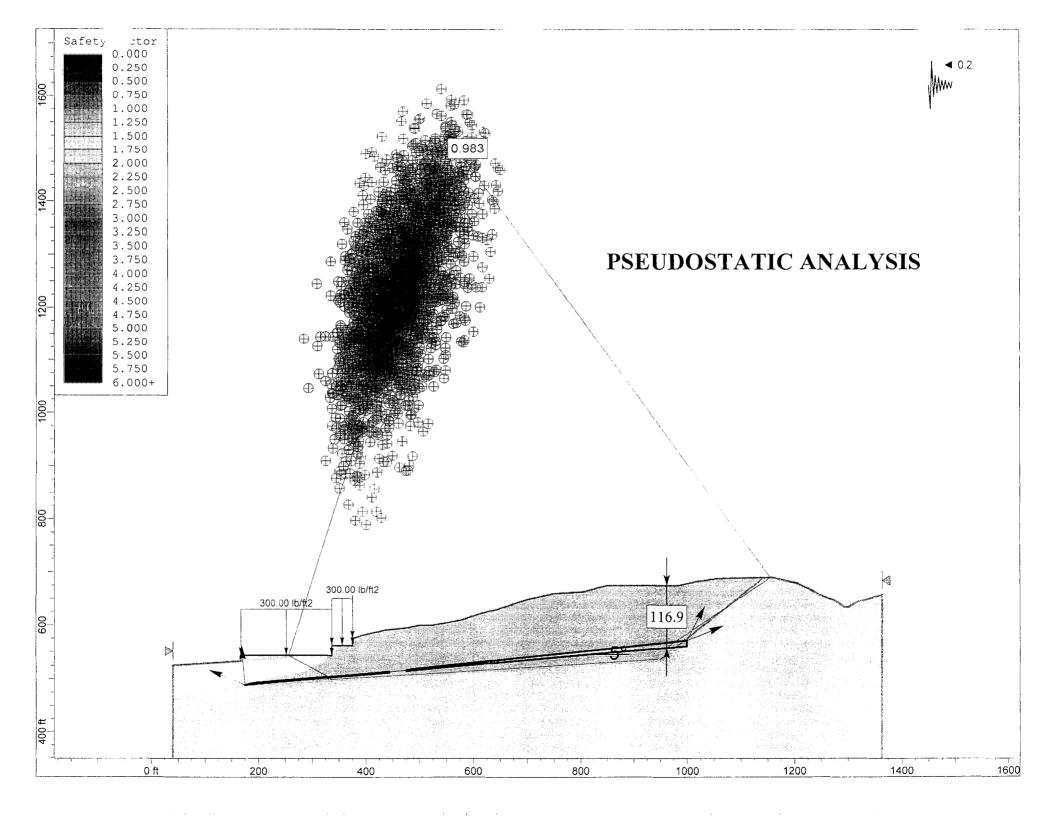
-112 = The coefficient M-Alpha = cos(alpha)(1+tan(alpha)tan(phi)/F) < 0.2 for the final iteration of the safety factor calculation. This screens out

some slip surfaces which may not be valid in the context of the analysis,

particular, deep seated slip surfaces with many high negative base angle slices in the passive zone.

#### GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

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## Slide Analysis Information

#### **Document Name**

File Name: 8953 B-B' 20051130 5deg Pseudostaticstudy.sli

#### **Project Settings**

Project Title: Section B-B' Pseudostatic Analysis Failure Direction: Right to Left Units of Measurement: Imperial Units Pore Fluid Unit Weight: 62.4 lb/ft3 Groundwater Method: Water Surfaces Data Output: Maximum Calculate Excess Pore Pressure: Off Allow Ru with Water Surfaces or Grids: Off Random Numbers: Pseudo-random Seed Random Number Seed: 10116 Random Number Generation Method: Park and Miller v.3

#### **Analysis Methods**

Analysis Methods used: Spencer

Number of slices: 25 Tolerance: 0.005 Maximum number of iterations: 50

#### **Surface Options**

Surface Type: Non-Circular Block Search Number of Surfaces: 3000 Pseudo-Random Surfaces: Enabled Convex Surfaces Only: Enabled Left Projection Angle (Start Angle): 157 Left Projection Angle (End Angle): 95 Right Projection Angle (Start Angle): 63 Right Projection Angle (End Angle): 22 Minimum Elevation: Not Defined Minimum Depth: Not Defined

#### Loading

Seismic Load Coefficient (Horizontal): 0.2 1 Distributed Load present: Distributed Load Constant Distribution, Orientation: Vertical, Magnitude: 300 lb/ft2

#### **Material Properties**

Material: Qal Strength Type: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Cohesion: 200 psf Friction Angle: 38 degrees Water Surface: None

<u>Material: TQs</u> Strength Type: Anisotropic function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

<u>Material: TQs (5' Bed)</u> Strength Type: Shear Normal function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

<u>Material: TQs above Bed</u> Strength Type: Anisotropic function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

<u>Material: Eng. Fill</u> Strength Type: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Cohesion: 125 psf Friction Angle: 32 degrees Water Surface: None

#### **Global Minimums**

#### Method: spencer

FS: 0.983370 Axis Location: 557.957, 1514.225 Left Slip Surface Endpoint: 256.025, 542.955 Right Slip Surface Endpoint: 1153.814, 689.917 Resisting Moment=3.08194e+009 lb-ft Driving Moment=3.13406e+009 lb-ft Resisting Horizontal Force=2.9217e+006 lb Driving Horizontal Force=2.97111e+006 lb

#### Valid / Invalid Surfaces

Method: spencer Number of Valid Surfaces: 1265 Number of Invalid Surfaces: 1735 Error Codes: Error Code -108 reported for 17 surfaces Error Code -111 reported for 47 surfaces Error Code -112 reported for 1671 surfaces

#### **Error Codes**

The following errors were encountered during the computation:

-108 = Total driving moment or total driving force < 0.1. This is to limit the calculation of extremely high safety factors if the driving force is very small (0.1 is an arbitrary number).

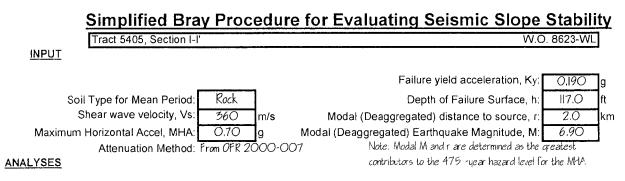
-111 = safety factor equation did not converge

-112 = The coefficient M-Alpha = cos(alpha)(1+tan(alpha)tan(phi)/F) < 0.2 for the final iteration of the safety factor calculation. This screens out

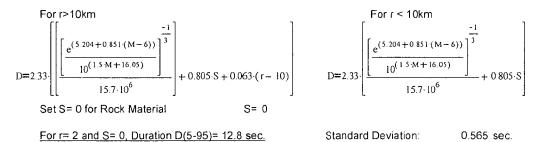
some slip surfaces which may not be valid in the context of the analysis, in

particular, deep seated slip surfaces with many high negative base angle

slices in the passive zone.



Estimation of Strong Motion Duration (central 90% of Arias Intensity):



Estimation of mean-square Period, Tm of input rock motion:

if M<=7.25 then ln(Tm)=ln(C1+C2\*(M-6)+C3\*r)+Sdev if 7.25<M<8 then ln(Tm)=ln(C1+1.25\*C2+C3\*r)+Sdev

For soil Type of Rock the Rathje et.al. (1998) coefficients are:

C1:	0.411
C2:	0.0837
C3:	0.00208
Stand. Dev:	0.437

The mean-square Period, Tm is 0.49 sec. (mean)

Estimation of fundamental period of equivalent 1-D slide mass at small strains, Ts:

$$T_s = 4 \cdot \frac{H}{V_s}$$

For H= 117 ft and Vs= 360 m/s; Ts= 0.4 sec.

Ratio Ts/Tm is\*: 0.81

Non-Linear Response Factor, NRF is 0.82

Maximum Horizontal Equivalent Acceleration over the duration of earthquake shaking, MHEA:

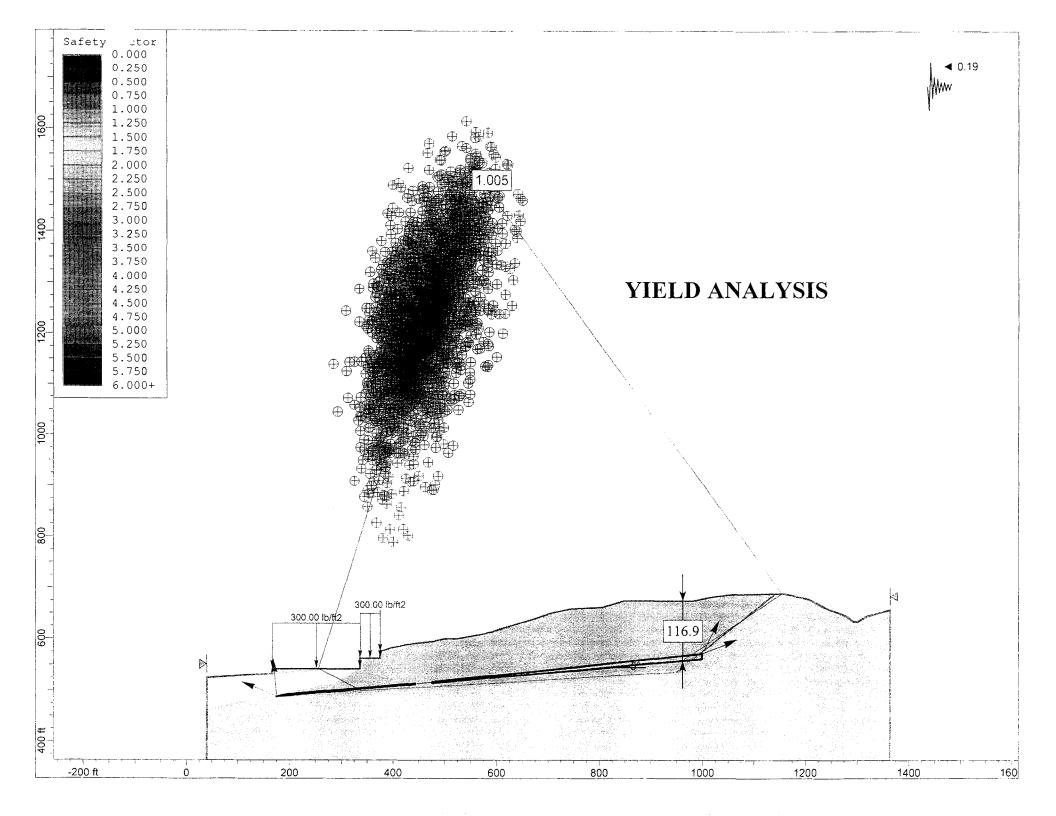
MHEA for the subject slope is 0.36 g

kmax is set to MHEA, therefore, kmax is 0.36 g and ky/kmax is 0.53

#### Estimated Displacement, $\mu$ :

$\mu$ (mean):	5.0 cm (2 in)
μι (M+sig):	11 cm (4 in)
μ <b>(M-sig)</b> :	2 cm (1 in)

The results of the analyses indicates the estimated mean displacement is about 5 cm of displacement. The estimated mean plus one standard deviation displacement is about 11 cm.



## Slide Analysis Information

#### **Document Name**

File Name: 8953 B-B' 20051130 5deg Yield study.sli

#### **Project Settings**

Project Title: Section B-B' Pseudostatic Yield Analysis Failure Direction: Right to Left Units of Measurement: Imperial Units Pore Fluid Unit Weight: 62.4 lb/ft3 Groundwater Method: Water Surfaces Data Output: Maximum Calculate Excess Pore Pressure: Off Allow Ru with Water Surfaces or Grids: Off Random Numbers: Pseudo-random Seed Random Number Seed: 10116 Random Number Generation Method: Park and Miller v.3

#### **Analysis Methods**

Analysis Methods used: Spencer

Number of slices: 25 Tolerance: 0.005 Maximum number of iterations: 50

#### Surface Options

Surface Type: Non-Circular Block Search Number of Surfaces: 3000 Pseudo-Random Surfaces: Enabled Convex Surfaces Only: Enabled Left Projection Angle (Start Angle): 157 Left Projection Angle (End Angle): 95 Right Projection Angle (Start Angle): 63 Right Projection Angle (End Angle): 22 Minimum Elevation: Not Defined Minimum Depth: Not Defined

#### Loading

Seismic Load Coefficient (Horizontal): 0.19 1 Distributed Load present: Distributed Load Constant Distribution, Orientation: Vertical, Magnitude: 300 lb/ft2

#### **Material Properties**

Material: Qal Strength Type: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Cohesion: 200 psf Friction Angle: 38 degrees Water Surface: None

Material: TQs Strength Type: Anisotropic function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

<u>Material: TQs (5' Bed)</u> Strength Type: Shear Normal function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

<u>Material: TQs above Bed</u> Strength Type: Anisotropic function Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Water Surface: None

<u>Material: Eng. Fill</u> Strength Type: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 130 lb/ft3 Cohesion: 125 psf Friction Angle: 32 degrees Water Surface: None

#### **Global Minimums**

Method: spencer FS: 1.004880 Axis Location: 557.957, 1514.225 Left Slip Surface Endpoint: 256.025, 542.955 Right Slip Surface Endpoint: 1153.814, 689.917 Resisting Moment=3.06634e+009 lb-ft Driving Moment=3.05145e+009 lb-ft Resisting Horizontal Force=2.90743e+006 lb Driving Horizontal Force=2.89331e+006 lb

#### Valid / Invalid Surfaces

Method: spencer Number of Valid Surfaces: 1286 Number of Invalid Surfaces: 1714 Error Codes: Error Code -108 reported for 19 surfaces Error Code -111 reported for 45 surfaces Error Code -112 reported for 1650 surfaces

#### **Error Codes**

The following errors were encountered during the computation:

-108 = Total driving moment or total driving force < 0.1. This is to limit the calculation of extremely high safety factors if the driving force is very small (0.1 is an arbitrary number).

-111 = safety factor equation did not converge

-112 = The coefficient M-Alpha = cos(alpha)(1+tan(alpha)tan(phi)/F) < 0.2 for the final iteration of the safety factor calculation. This screens out

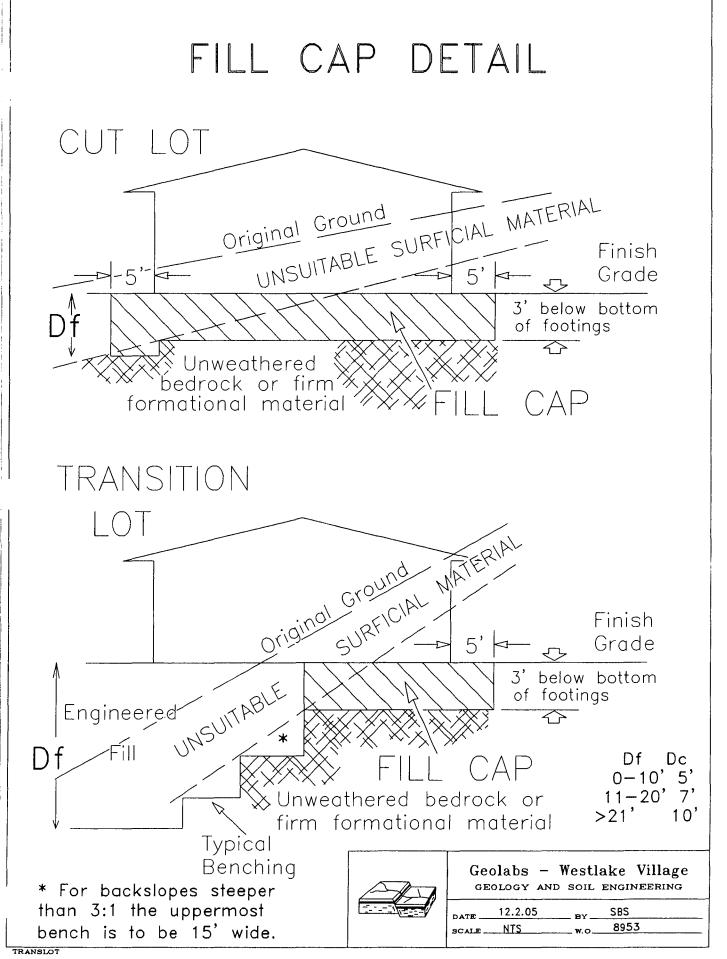
some slip surfaces which may not be valid in the context of the analysis, in

particular, deep seated slip surfaces with many high negative base angle

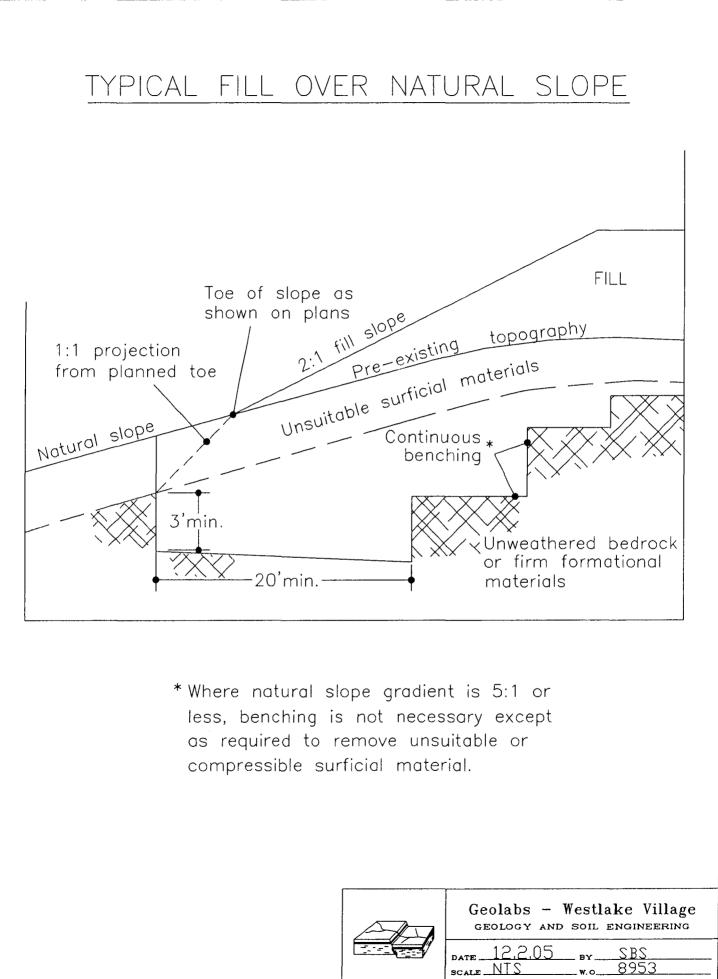
slices in the passive zone.

### APPENDIX E

### **TYPICAL DETAILS**



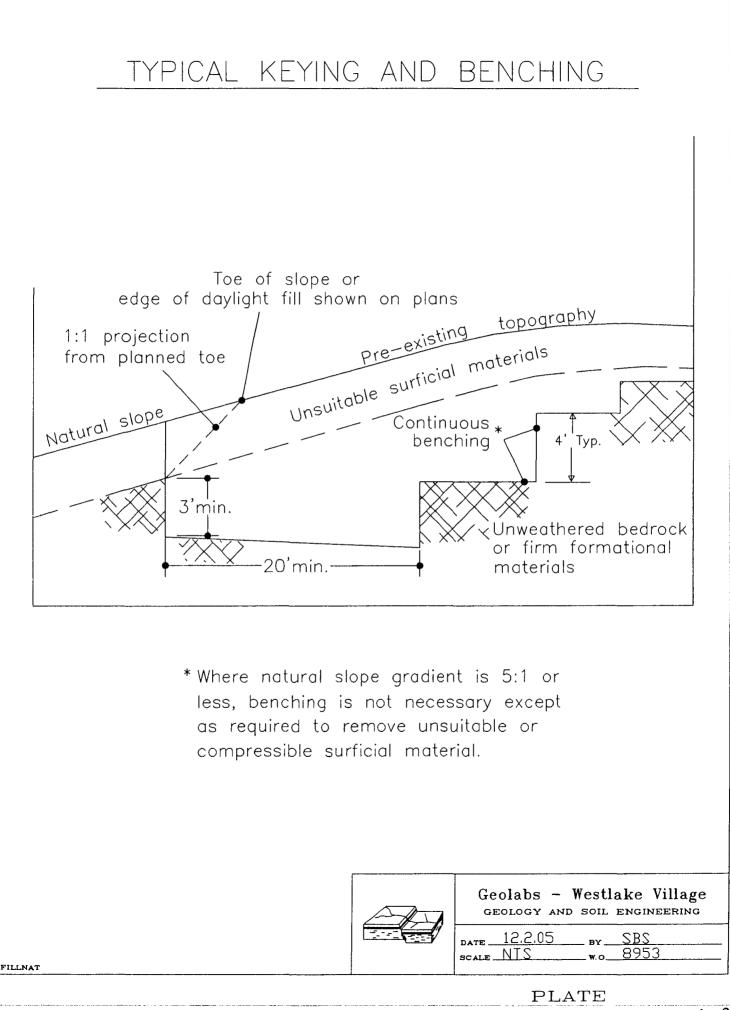
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E-2

FILLNAT



## TYPICAL RETAINING WALL

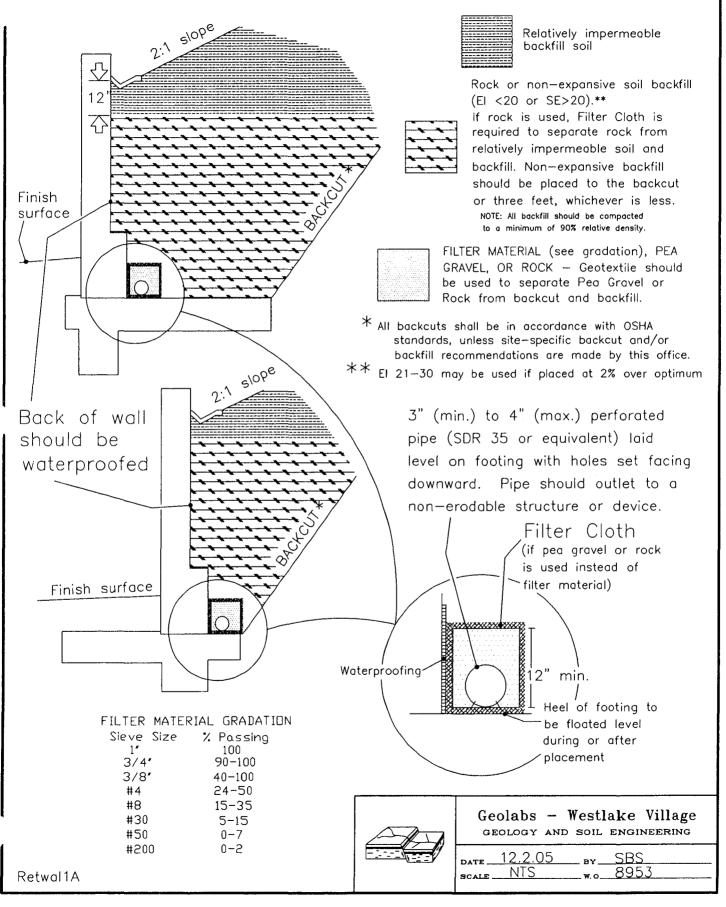
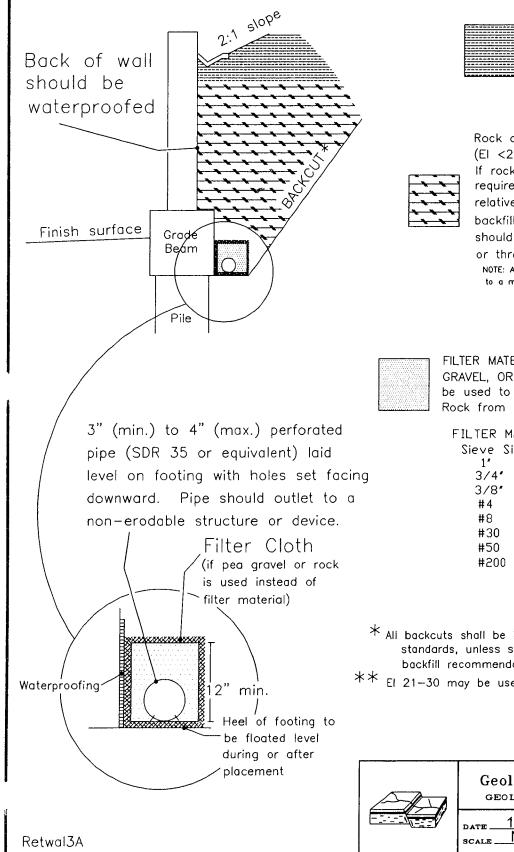


PLATE RW

E-4

## TYPICAL PILE AND GRADE BEAM RETAINING WALL



Relatively impermeable backfill soil

Rock or non-expansive soil backfill (El <20 or SE>20).\*\*

If rock is used, Filter Cloth is required to separate rock from relatively impermeable soil and backfill. Non-expansive backfill should be placed to the backcut or three feet, whichever is less. NOTE: All backfill should be compacted to a minimum of 90% relative density.

FILTER MATERIAL (see gradation), PEA GRAVEL, OR ROCK - Geotextile should be used to separate Pea Gravel or Rock from backcut and backfill.

RIAL GRADATION
% Passing
100
90-100
40-100
24-50
15-35
5-15
0-7
0-2

 \* All backcuts shall be in accordance with OSHA standards, unless site-specific backcut and/or backfill recommendations are made by this office.
 \* \* El 21-30 may be used if placed at 2% over optimum

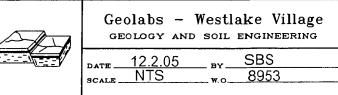
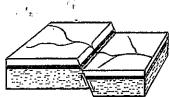


PLATE RW3



Corporation

## GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

Foundation and Soils Engineering, Geology

a dba of Voice: R & R Services

31119 Via Colinas, Suite 502 • Westlake Village, CA 91362 Voice: (818) 889-2562 (805) 495-2197 Fax: (818) 889-2995 (805) 379-2603

> December 30, 2015 W.O. 8953

John C. Chiu, FLPM c/o John W. Newton & Associates, Inc. 159 Moonsong Court P.O. Box 471 Moorpark, California 93020

Attention: Mr. John Newton

- SUBJECT:Response to City of Moorpark Incompleteness Letter,<br/>Tentative Tract 5739, Everett Street and Walnut Canyon Road,<br/>Everett Street Terraces Apartment Complex, City of Moorpark, California
- Reference: Geolabs-Westlake Village, July 22, 2015; Update Geotechnical Investigation For Proposed Everett Street Terraces Apartment Complex, Everett Street and Walnut Canyon Road, City of Moorpark, California

#### Mr. Newton

In accordance with your request, we have prepared this letter-report to provide our response to the subject Incompleteness Letter by the City of Moorpark for Tentative Tract Map 5739. This letter, dated November 24, 2015, is attached for your convenience.

#### **INCOMPLETENESS LETTER 11-24-2015**

#### Comment - Page 3:

The requested update geotechnical report, referenced above, was previously submitted to the City of Moorpark. Discussion of Lot 14 can be found on Page 2 of the Proposed Project section. For your convenience, we have attached our updated geotechnical report (dated July 22, 2015).

#### **CLOSURE**

This geotechnical report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted engineering practices at this time and location. No other warranties, either express or implied, are made as to the professional advice provided under terms of our agreement and included in this report. John C. Chiu, FLPM c/o John W. Newton & Associates, Inc.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service. Please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned if you have any questions regarding this report.

Respectfully submitted, GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

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Joanna Nygren Staff Geologist

CAS: JN: jw

Enclosures: City of Moorpark Review Letter Geolabs-Westlake Village Report Dated July 22, 2015......AppendixA

XC: (4) Addressee

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RCNALD Z. SHMERLING NO. 1047 CERTIFIED

ENGINEERING

GEOLOGIST

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# CITY OF MOORPARK

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT | 799 Moorpark Avenue, Moorpark, California 93021 Main City Phone Number (805) 517-6200 | Fax (805) 532-2540 | www.moorparkca.gov

November 24, 2015

Dr. John C. Chiu FLP-N 1001 Newbury Road Thousand Oaks, CA 91320

RE: INCOMPLETENESS LETTER FOR RESIDENTIAL PLANNED DEVELOPMENT NO. 2005-02, TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 5739, GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 2005-02, ZONE CHANGE NO. 2005-02, REQUESTING APPROVAL FOR CONSTRUCTION OF A SIXTY UNIT BUILDING ON 2.4 ACRES LOCATED AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF EVERETT STREET AND WALNUT CANYON ROAD, ON THE APPLICATION OF JOHN C. CHIU

Dear Dr. Chiu:

The City of Moorpark has reviewed your application resubmitted on October 27, 2015, for Residential Planned Development No. 2005-02, Tentative Tract Map 5739, General Plan Amendment No. 2005-02, and Zone Change No. 2005-02, requesting approval for construction of a sixty unit building on 2.4 acres located at the northeast corner of Everett Street and Walnut Canyon Road, and finds it remains incomplete at this time. Until such time as the application can be determined to be complete, the City's processing is being suspended.

On August 3, 2010, a list of outstanding completeness items was emailed to you, describing those items required to be submitted in order to determine the application complete for processing. Many of these items do not appear to have been addressed. That list is reiterated as follows:

#### Planning/Zoning Issues:

- 1. Although the City Engineer finds that the drainage feasibility study and plans depict an acceptable concept for the drainage system from a technical perspective, the Community Development Department has determined that the detention basin design is not acceptable from a planning perspective and must be redesigned. This design creates an area for loitering and litter accumulation. A mechanical system which does not create a deep basin should be considered as an alternative. (Conceptual Grading and Drainage Plan)
- 2. An improvement plan for the realignment of Everett Street is needed. Remove Wicks Road realignment from plans and maintain Everett Street opened to Walnut Canyon Road. (Conceptual Grading and Drainage Plan, Site Plan)

John Chiu FLP-N November 24, 2015 Page 2

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- 3. HVAC and water heater, locations must be shown on the plan. (Site Plan, Floor Plan, Landscape Plan)
- 4. Detailed, fully dimensioned floor plans are needed for each unit type. (Site Plan, Floor Plan)
- 5. Confirm new ADA accessibility requirements with Moorpark Building Official and show on plan as applicable. (Site Plan)
- 6. Fully dimension the pool and spa areas, including changing rooms. (Conceptual Grading and Drainage Plan, Site Plan)
- 7. Show conceptual lighting locations and types. (Site Plan)
- 8. Remove monument sign and bus shelter from plans. (Site Plan, Landscape Plan)
- 9. Show how standard trash bins will fit and explain how trash hauler will remove and replace bins. (Site Plan)
- 10. Provide details and elevations of gazebo and all other accessory structures including trellises and fountains. (Elevations, Landscape Plan)
- 11. Show building height at several points, including highest overall height of the building, from lowest to highest point. (Elevations)
- 12. Show all roof vents. Use flat vents where possible. (Elevations)
- 13. Provide fencing details, colors, and materials. (Landscape Plan)
- 14. Fully dimension the off-street loading area for residents moving in and out and truck deliveries. (Site Plan)

#### City Engineer Issues:

Provide a letter updating the Hydrology and Drainage Study, including Lot 14. Previous comments were provided as follows:

The drainage feasibility study and plans depict an acceptable concept for the drainage system on the site plan (See Planning/Zoning comment No. 1). When the project has received approval you will be required at final design to submit a drainage report based on Ventura County design standards showing the site does not produce post development storm water runoff quantities (Q50) that exceed the pre development conditions (Q10) and onsite storm water clarification and the capacity of downstream systems.

Provide a letter updating the Traffic Study, including Lot 14 and removal of the Wicks Road connection. Previous comments were provided as follows:

1. The traffic report states, "An extension of Everett Street is planned to be constructed from its current westerly terminus at Moorpark Avenue to Wicks Road. The Everett Street extension is to run parallel along the east side of Moorpark Avenue (Walnut Canyon Road) between its current westerly terminus to Wicks Road. Direct vehicular access to and from Moorpark Avenue and Everett Street or Wicks Road will no longer be provided." The entrance/exit is treated as if this is the case in the traffic report. However, this is not how the site is designed. The conceptual plan shows cars entering and exiting the project site in the middle of the merge between Everett Street and Walnut Canyon Road. This is cause for concern on this project.

- 2. The traffic report must analyze traffic movements in and out of the site. It must show that traffic movements in and out of the site do not adversely impact traffic movements on Walnut Canyon Road. Include an analysis of potential for causing vehicles to back up into Walnut Canyon Road.
- 3. Include striping and signing plan for the site entrance and exit on Everett Street/Walnut Canyon Road (SR 23).
- 4. Include line of sight exhibits for vertical and horizontal lines of sight on Everett Street/Walnut Canyon Road (SR 23).
- 5. The final design must show that an on-site circulation corridor can accommodate movements necessary for access by a CA fire truck and the site can be entered and exited by a CA fire truck.
- 6. Show all proposed dedications on Everett Street and Walnut Canyon Road (SR 23).
- 7. Show sections extending across Everett Street at the entrance and at midblock.

#### Subdivision Map

- 1. Show how lot merges will be accomplished.
- 2. Include legal descriptions.
- 3. Please verify all affected title reports have been submitted, including lot 14.

Provide a letter updating the Geotechnical Study, including Lot 14. Previous comments were provided as follows:

<u>Review of the geotechnical report did not reveal anything prohibitive to the conceptual design. The geotechnical review addressed the following items which could affect the project design. The following recommendations were included in the review:</u>

- 1. Faulting and Seismicity The closest active fault is 750-feet north of the site and there is no danger that the ground will rupture. The report recommends that minimum structural design be in compliance with the UBC.
- 2. Hydro-consolidation Potential There is potential for hydro-consolidation in the upper 5-7 feet. Over-excavation is therefore recommended.
- 3. Liquefaction Potential Potential for liquefaction induced settlement due to a design level earthquake could be on the order of 3-½ inches in the southem portion of the site. Recommendations are made to the foundation system

John Chiu FLP-N November 24, 2015 Page 4

because of the potential settlement. Lateral spreading and surface manifestations are not anticipated.

4. Slope Stability – Over-excavation and removal of the top 5-7 feet of soil and engineered fill is recommended.

Based on recommendations by your soils engineer in the preliminary geotechnical report, it does not appear to prevent this project from being built as depicted in the conceptual plan as long as the recommendations are followed. As such a more thorough review by the City's geotechnical consultant during this preliminary entitlement process was not warranted based on recommendations asserted in the preliminary report. During final design, review of the geotechnical study will be required by the City's geotechnical and it is possible the recommendations may change.

In your response, please submit a cover letter noting in detail how and where on the plans and supporting documents these comments have been addressed. The following additional corrections and additional information are required to be addressed at this time as well:

- 1. The project as redesigned (without the Wicks Road realignment) shows driveway access on Walnut Canyon Road. All access must be from Everett Street. The project traffic engineer should evaluate the appropriate distance of the driveways from the intersection of Everett Street and Walnut Canyon Road, since this intersection is to remain open. The existing and proposed street improvements and full driveway plans must be shown on the site plan, including the full right-of-way of all adjacent streets.
- 2. The redesigned project shows 59 units (previously 60). Please identify and explain all changes to the plan since its last submittal.
- 3. A brief review of the updated traffic study shows that it is deficient in that it is based on 60 units, not 59, and it is based on the previously proposed alignment of Wicks Road and the closing of Everett Street. The new access needs to be addressed (also see No. 1 above).

Please note that on December 2, 2015, the City Council will be considering your request to extend the timeframe for the validity of the General Plan Amendment Pre-Screening for this project from December 4, 2015 to March 31, 2016. While staff is supportive of this request, the decision will be ultimately be made by the City Council and may affect the timing by which additional information is needed to complete this application.

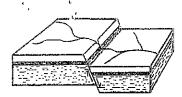
Šincereļy Joseph Pladning Manager

C: Steven Kueny, City Manager David A. Bobardt, Community Development Director John Newton, John Newton & Associates, Inc. Case File: RPD 2005-01 Chron

## APPENDIX A GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE REPORT DATED JULY 22, 2015

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December 30, 2015 W.O. 8953



## GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

Foundation and Soils Engineering, Geology

a dba of R & R Services Corporation 31119 Via Colinas, Suite 502 • Westlake Village, CA 91362 Voice: (818) 889-2562 (805) 495-2197 Fax: (818) 889-2995 (805) 379-2603

> July 22, 2015 W.O. 8953

John C. Chiu, FLPM c/o John W. Newton & Associates, Inc. 159 Moonsong Court P.O. Box 471 Moorpark, California 93020

Attention: Mr. John Newton

- Subject: Update Geotechnical Investigation for Proposed Everett Street Terraces Apartment Complex, Everett Street and Walnut Canyon Road City of Moorpark, California
- References: Geolabs-Westlake Village, December 2, 2005; Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation, Proposed Everett Street Terraces Apartment Complex, Northeast Corner of Everett Street and Walnut Canyon City of Moorpark, California

Mr. Chiu

The project site was investigated by Geolabs-Westlake Village in 2005 for entitlement process. The age of the referenced investigation report, which was previously found acceptable, requires an update of information, analyses, or findings that may be outdated due to changes in the site condition, analyses methodology, standard of practice, or building code changes. In accordance with your agent's request, we present herein updated geotechnical criteria to address future construction designs. We are presenting this report to update design criteria using methodologies in the 2013 California Building Code. The updated criteria include seismic ground motion values, conventional foundation and slab on grade (Green Code) design criteria, slope deformation, liquefaction, and retaining wall design criteria. A site geologic map showing the current development plan with previously defined geologic conditions is also included (see Plate1.2).

In order to perform the update, we have visited the project site and observed the surface conditions and reviewed the referenced report, current codes and local practices. The

c/o John W. Newton & Associates, Inc.

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interested reader may consult the referenced Geolabs-Westlake Village report dated December 2, 2005 for a more thorough characterization of the onsite soil conditions. All recommendations and criteria presented in the referenced report remains applicable unless superseded herein.

#### SITE CONDITIONS

Based on our recent reconnaissance, the site remains in essentially the same condition as reported in our 2005 report. An exception is that previously observed older residential structures now no longer exist. It appears that concrete retaining walls have been constructed in areas where the previous structures may have retained the hillside.

#### PROPOSED PROJECT

The project addressed in the referenced report consisted of a terraced complex of 44 apartments with two levels of partially subterranean to subterranean parking. The project was to be accessed from Everett Street. Retaining walls up to 24 feet in height were proposed. The terraced pads were planned for approximate elevations 533 feet, 544 feet, 555 feet, and 564 feet. The highest proposed fill slope was to be approximately 6 feet, fronting Everett Street. No permanent cut slopes were proposed.

The current project is illustrated on the Site Plan prepared by Holmes Enterprises, Inc. (HEI), dated 26 May 2015. The general concept of the project remains the same. The three level project has extended westward approximately 100 feet onto a property that was not a part of the previous project. The project now incorporates a 15 foot rear setback, 5 foot side setbacks, and 10 foot wide utility easement. The terrace elevations differ somewhat from the previous design. Based on elevations noted on the HEI plans, the tallest wall appears to be 15.5 feet in the northwest corner of the project, and adjacent to the northern portion of the utility easement. The new design grade changes are considered to be insignificant, so no additional exploration or changes to our cross sections are deemed warranted at this time.

#### DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on our review of the site conditions and relevant available documents, many of the previous recommendations and findings remain applicable. In our opinion the liquefaction, slope stability analyses remain applicable. The current California Building Code requires tall retaining walls be designed for seismic lateral earth pressures. We have supplemented our

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previous retaining wall recommendations to address this requirement. We offer the following updates to our previous recommendations.

#### SEISMIC GROUND MOTION VALUES - GENERAL PROCEDURE

For this report we provide seismic ground motion values in accordance with the 2013 CBC (California Building Code). This code addresses seismic design based on response spectra considering an earthquake with a 2% probability of exceedance in 50 years (2475 year return period). Seismic ground motion values were determined in accordance with the procedure within CBC §1613.3 using the U.S. Seismic Design Maps website provided by the USGS.

Latitude: 34.288º		
Longitude: -118.882º	Factor/Coefficient	Value
Site Profile Type	Site Class	D
Short-Period MCE at 0.2s	Ss	2.760
1.0s Period MCE	S <sub>1</sub>	0.966
Site Coefficient	Fa	1.0
Site Coefficient	۴ <sub>v</sub>	1.5
Adjusted MCE Spectral	Sms	2.760
Response Parameters	Smi	1.448
Design Spectral	S <sub>DS</sub>	1.840
Acceleration Parameters	S <sub>D1</sub>	0.966
Peak Ground Acceleration	PGA <sub>M</sub>	1.047

Output from the analysis is summarized herein.

#### FOUNDATION SYSTEMS

For planning purposes, this section provides preliminary foundation recommendations for conventional foundations. Once specific building types and foundation loads and locations are known, project specific foundation recommendations can be prepared.

#### **Conventional Foundations**

Continuous or pad footings may be used to support the proposed structures. In order to achieve the capacities specified below, they should be founded a minimum of 12 inches into engineered fill, with the concrete placed against in-place, undisturbed material. Foundation design criteria are based, in part, upon the expansive properties of the materials anticipated to be present near the finished pad grade. The building pad will contain expansive soils (EI>20).

The parameters provided in the following table are our minimum design values for the pertinent expansion range. Some of these values are empirical in nature. The foundation and

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slab designer should evaluate and design the foundations for the effects of expansive soils. The final foundation and slab-on-grade configuration should contain details that are not less than the values provided. Laboratory testing to verify the expansive properties of the near-pad-grade materials should be performed at the completion of rough grading.

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Pre-saturation guidelines are presented in the following table. Pre-saturation of the foundation soils should be initiated well before concrete is scheduled to be placed. Care should be taken to see that the water has properly penetrated the soil. Last minute flooding is not a good practice. Excess water remaining in the target pre-saturation zone at the time of concrete placement will penetrate further into the soil, possibly causing additional expansion and uplift of the curing concrete.

Expansion Index Range Pre-moisten	
Footings <sup>(1)</sup> Allowable Bearing Capacity Lateral Resistance Maximum Lateral Resistance Coefficient of Friction Minimum Embedment Into Foundation Material Minimum Embedment Below Adjacent Grade Minimum Reinforcement	400 PSF/Ft <sup>(2) (3)</sup> 2500 PSF <sup>(2) (3)</sup> 0.40 12 inches
Slabs-On-Grade Thickness Minimum Reinforcement	
Expansion Index Range Pre-saturation	
Footings <sup>(1)</sup> Allowable Bearing Capacity Lateral Resistance Maximum Lateral Resistance Coefficient of Friction Minimum Embedment Into Foundation Material Minimum Embedment Below Adjacent Grade Minimum Reinforcement	250 PSF/Ft <sup>(2) (3)</sup> 1800 PSF <sup>(2) (3)</sup> 0.3 12 inches
Slabs-On-Grade Thickness Minimum Reinforcement	

(1) Bearing portions of all footings should be at least five feet (measured horizontally) from the face of adjacent, descending slopes. All footings should bear at least three feet below an imaginary plane projected upward at 1.5:1 from the toe of locally over-steepened slopes. Pad footings should be at least 24 inches square. Continuous footings should be at least 12 inches wide for one-story and 15

inches wide for two-story.

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- (2) May be increased by 1/3 for short duration loading such as by wind or seismic forces.
- (3) Decrease by 1/3 when combined with friction.
- (4) Applies to exterior footings. Depth must meet the CBC requirements for the specific level of stories supported.
- (5) Dowel slab to exterior footing using #3 bars @ 32" on center, bent 3' into slab for EI=51-90..

#### SLAB-ON-GRADE SUBGRADE

Approximately four inches of sand for EI=21-90, or two inches of sand for EI 0-20, should be placed across the slab subgrade, with a vapor retarder placed on top of the sand in all areas where moisture penetration of the slab is undesirable. The vapor retarder should consist of at least 10 mil thick, polyolefin plastic that complies with specifications in the present version of ASTM E1745. Concrete for the floor slab should be placed directly upon the vapor retarder.

The vapor retarder should be placed in general conformance with ASTM E1643 – 10. The permeance (propensity to transmit water) and strength (i.e. Class A, B or C) of the vapor retarder, as well as the water/cement ratio, mix design and strength of the concrete, will influence a variety of things, including slab finishing, construction schedules, moisture released from the slab, and floor coverings. Project design and construction professionals should consider these factors when developing specifications for, and/or selecting materials for, the vapor retarder, concrete, and floor covering.

#### **RETAINING WALLS**

#### Seismic Increment of Earth Pressure

As required by CBC §1803.5.12 geotechnical reports for structures assigned to Seismic Design Category D, E or F must include information regarding lateral pressures on foundation walls and retaining walls due to earthquake motions. Recent writings such as Lew et al. (2010) and Al Atik et al. (2010) attempt to address the appropriate means to implement this code requirement. These works conclude in part that seismic earth pressures can be neglected when the peak ground acceleration is equal to or less than 0.4g. For this site, the peak ground acceleration  $PGA_{M}$  is considered to be 1.05g.

For retaining walls, the following design criteria are provided considering the general provisional recommendations proposed by Lew et al. (2010) and findings presented in Al Atik (2010) for walls founded on non-saturated, level ground conditions. Lew et al. recommended the seismic earth pressure increment need only be included in design when wall height (H)

c/o John W. Newton & Associates, Inc.

exceeds 12 feet; however, 2013 CBC Section 1803.5.12 indicates that seismic lateral earth pressures be addressed for retaining walls supporting more than six feet of backfill, using design earthquake ground motions. When H meets this criterion, cantilever walls free to move and rotate can be designed for a seismic earth pressure increment considering an equivalent fluid pressure of 33 pcf (triangular pressure distribution). Walls restricted from moving or rotating, such as basement walls, can be designed for a seismic earth pressure increment considering an equivalent fluid pressure of 46 pcf (triangular pressure distribution). The resultant of this seismic earth pressure increment is considered to act at one-third H above the base of the wall. The seismic earth pressure increment should be applied to the active earth pressure for both the free-to-rotate and restrained cases. Often, for the case of walls restricted from moving or rotating, this combination of active earth pressure and seismic earth pressure increment will not exceed the at-rest earth pressure for the static case when considering factored loads used for the basic load combinations prescribed in the California Building Code.

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#### CLOSURE

This geotechnical report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted engineering practices at this time and location. No other warranties, either express or implied, are made as to the professional advice provided under the terms of our agreement and included in this report.

Thank you for this opportunity to be of service. Please do not hesitate to call if you have any questions regarding this report. l

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Respectfully submitted, GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLA Lawrence K. Stark G.E. 2772	AGE PROFESSIONAL No. 2772	Ronald Z/Shimething C.E.G. 4047 R.C.E. 35444	MOMALD 2. GHAERLING NO. 1007 CERTIFIED ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST
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John C. Chiu, FLPM c/o John W. Newton & Associates, Inc.

#### REFERENCES

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Geolabs-Westlake Village (2005), "Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation of 2-Acre Parcel, Northeast Corner of Everett Street and Walnut Canyon Road, Moorpark, California.

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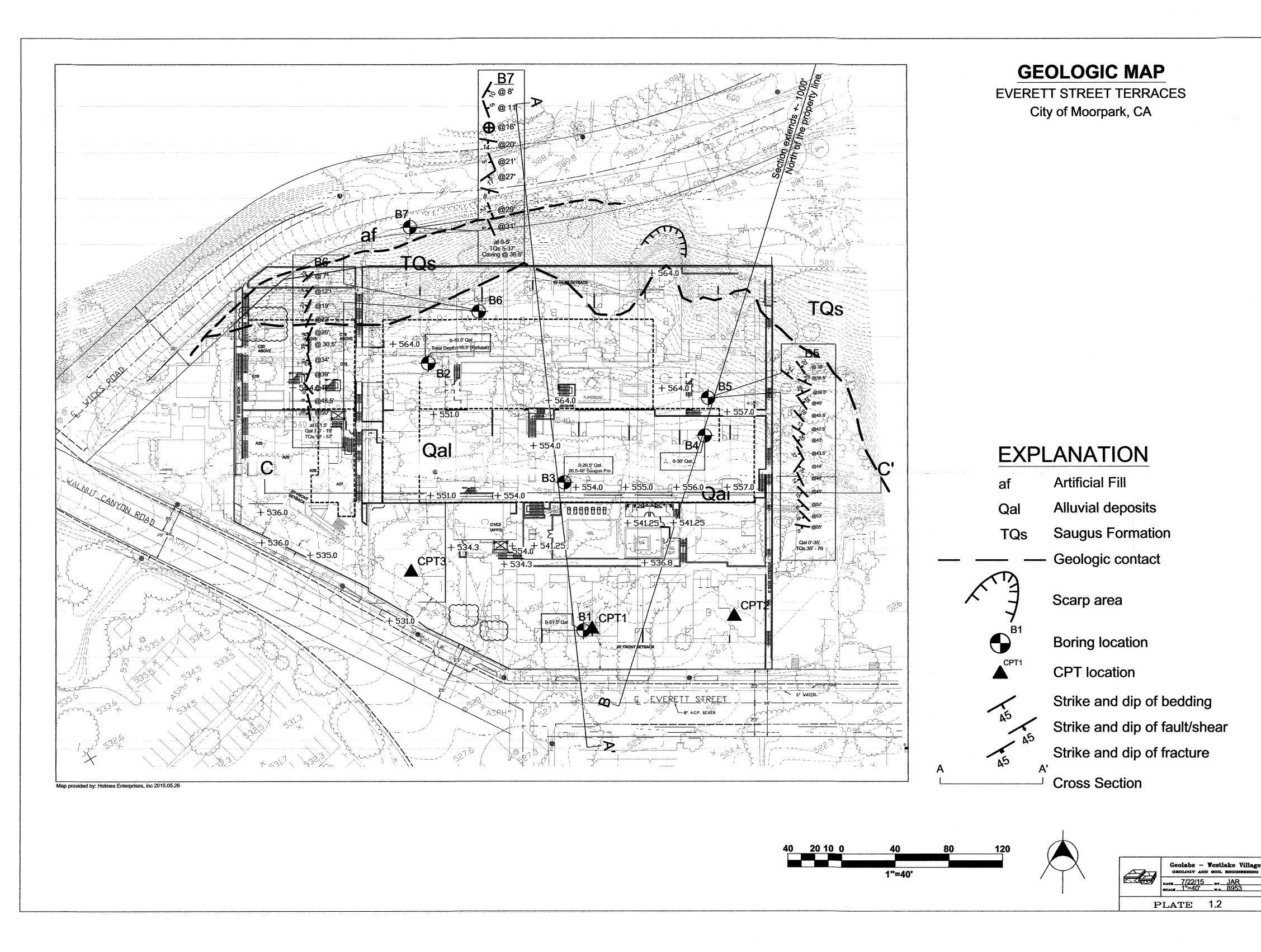
Al Atik, L, and Sitar, N. (2010). "Seismic Earth Pressures on Cantilever Retaining Structures." J. Geotech. Geoenviron. Eng., 136(10), 1324-1333.

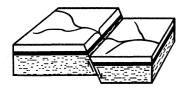
Bray, J.B., Travasarou, T., Zupan, J. (2010). "Seismic Displacement Design of Earth Retaining Structures." Proc., 2010 Earth Retention Conference 3, ASCE, Bellevue, WA., 638-655.

Kramer, S.L. (1996). Geotechnical Earthquake Engineering. Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, New Jersey.

Lew, M., Sitar, N., Al Atik, L. (2010). "Seismic Earth Pressures: Fact or Fiction." Proc., 2010 Earth Retention Conference 3, ASCE, Bellevue, WA., 656-673.

Lew, M., Sitar, N., Al Atik, L., Pourzanjani, M., Hudson, M.B. (2010). "Seismic Earth Pressures on Deep Building Basements." Proc., SEAOC 2010 Convention, SEAOC, Indian Wells, CA.





## GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

Foundation and Soils Engineering, Geology

a dba of R & R Services Corporation 31119 Via Colinas, Suite 502 • Westlake Village, CA 91362 Voice: (818) 889-2562 (805) 495-2197 Fax: (818) 889-2995 (805) 379-2603

> January 22, 2021 W.O. 8953 Revised February 9, 2021

John C. Chiu, FLPM C/o John W. Newton & Associates, Inc. 159 Moonsong Court P.O. Box 471 Moorpark, California 93020

Attention: Mr. John Newton

SUBJECT: Revised Response to Third-Party Peer Review and Update Geotechnical Report, Everett Street Terraces Apartment Complex, Everett Street and Walnut Canyon Road, City of Moorpark, California

Mr. Chiu,

In accordance with your agent's request, Geolabs – Westlake Village (GWV) presents herein a *revised* response to the third-party peer review prepared by Haley & Aldrich, Inc. dated 20 November 2020. A copy of the review letter is provided in Appendix A. In addition, GWV presents updated geotechnical design criteria using methodologies addressing the 2019 California Building Code. The updated criteria include seismic ground motion values, conventional foundation design criteria, and retaining wall design criteria. Finally, an evaluation of feasibility of onsite stormwater infiltration is provided. Our finding is that onsite infiltration of stormwater is **not** feasible. A site geologic map showing the current development plan with previously defined geologic conditions is also included (see Plate 1).

This report was revised in response to email comments from the City Planning Department (Farley-Judkins, 2021) to make the response to review portion of the report more distinct from the update portion of the report. Revisions to the text are italicized to facilitate their identification. Note that review comments in the original version of this report were reiterated in bold italics, so though reiterated review comments remain in italics, they are not

#### revised.

In order to perform the update, we have visited the project site and observed the surface conditions and reviewed the referenced reports, current codes and local practices. The interested reader may consult the referenced GWV report dated 2 December 2005 for a more thorough characterization of the onsite soil conditions. All recommendations and criteria presented in the referenced reports remains applicable unless superseded herein.

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#### **RESPONSE TO REVIEW**

A copy of the review letter is provided in Appendix A. Review comments are reiterated in bold italics and responses are provided in the following sections.

# <u>Comment #1:</u> Update Letter, Cover Page: Reference is made to the 2013 California Building Code (CBC). The 2019 CBC was adopted on 1 January 2020. Unless a waiver has been provided, methodologies from the 2019 CBC should be used.

#### **RESPONSE:**

The reviewed report addressed the CBC edition that was current at the time. This report again updates our work to address the current CBC edition (2019). Findings and design criteria in this report supersede that in previous writings. *They are presented below under the "UPDATE REPORT" header. The updated criteria include seismic ground motion values, conventional foundation design criteria, and retaining wall design criteria.* Previous findings and design criteria in previous reports, not specifically addressed in the current writing, remain applicable.

<u>Comment #2:</u> Update Letter, Seismic Ground Motion Values: Recommendations for ground motion values were presented based on the 2013 CBC. Those values are derived based on America Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE) 7-10,1 which has been updated with ASCE 7-16.2 The methodologies should be updated to reflect current methodologies.

#### **RESPONSE:**

This update report includes updated Seismic Ground Motion Values in accordance with

ASCE 7-16 methodologies. Please see *pages 6 and 7* of this report.

<u>Comment #3:</u> Update Letter, Foundation Systems: The Update Letter states, "Once specific building types and foundation loads and locations are known, project specific foundation recommendations can be prepared." The Update Letter only includes preliminary recommendations and proposes that a final design-level study should be performed. Haley & Aldrich agrees that physical samples of the exposed soils should be collected after completing the rough grading to confirm the selection of the geotechnical recommendations.

#### **RESPONSE:**

Acknowledged.

<u>Comment #4:</u> Update Letter, Conventional Foundations: It is recommended that the concrete be placed against in-place, undisturbed material. This appears to contradict earlierreferenced recommendations for overexcavation to address hydro-consolidation and slope stability, which implies that the foundations would be supported on engineered fill rather than in-place, undisturbed material.

#### **RESPONSE:**

The authors of the reviewed geotechnical report understood that grading was going to occur, replacing native materials with engineered fill in areas to support conventional foundations. To clarify our design criteria, at the time the foundations are to be constructed, the engineered fill will be the in-place material within which the foundations will be embedded. The criteria that concrete is to be placed against in-place, undisturbed material is to be interpreted that foundations are to be constructed in excavations with compacted, undisturbed side walls consisting of engineered fill, as opposed to being constructed using forms and then backfilled against.

<u>Comment #5:</u> Update Letter, Conventional Foundations: Recommendations are provided that the expansive properties of the near-pad grade materials should be evaluated after completing the rough grading. The section then provides two separate sets of recommendations for various expansive conditions, including differing allowable bearing capacities, lateral resistance, and coefficients of friction. Haley & Aldrich agrees that physical samples of the exposed soils should be collected after completing the rough grading to confirm the selection of the geotechnical recommendations.

#### **RESPONSE:**

Acknowledged.

<u>Comment #6:</u> Update Letter, Slab-on-Grade: The proposed 2- to 4-inch thickness of sand below the slab does not appear to be sufficiently thick enough to mitigate the potential for swell if the soils have a high expansive index. A detailed discussion should be provided.

#### **RESPONSE:**

The design criterion for the sand below the slab-on-grade has been our standard for nearly four decades, and has been used successfully for hundreds of structures in Moorpark. This is based on Table 18-1-D-2 (formerly Table 29-A-2) that has been incorporated into ordinances for several jurisdictions within Ventura County. In the Moorpark Municipal Code it is

attached to this response letter for your convenience.

<u>Comment #7:</u> Preliminary Report, Liquefaction-Induced Settlement Potential: Liquefaction analysis resulted in an estimated 3½ inches of settlement from a seismic event. This is a significant amount of potential settlement for a residential structure. New methodologies for evaluating earthquake parameters have also been developed that may modify the presented findings by Geolabs-Westlake Village. These are discussed under comments for Seismic Ground Motion Values above.

# **RESPONSE:**

Acknowledged.

<u>Comment #8:</u> Preliminary Report, Settlement: Total settlement of up to 4 ½ inches and differential settlement of up to 2 ¼ inches, including static and seismic conditions, were reported. These values exceed conventional limits of 1 inch of total settlement and ½ inch of differential settlement for most structures. Mitigation measures should be provided to reduce the settlement or the structural engineer should confirm that the proposed structures are capable of tolerating such excessive movement.

# **RESPONSE:**

For this writing we have updated both the ground motion parameters and the seismic settlement analyses considering new methodologies. Based on these updated evaluations, post-grading seismic settlement is estimated to be in the range of one to two inches. Differential seismic settlement can be assumed to be half the total settlement, ½ to 1 inch. For design purposes, this differential seismic settlement can be assumed to act over the horizontal distance 30 feet. This equates to distortion ratios of less than 0.003L (where "L" is the horizontal distance). This is within the 0.010L distortion ratio upper limit presented in the most recent guide, Table 12.13-3 of ASCE 7-16, for use to prevent structure collapse when designing shallow foundations for multi-story structures in risk Category II without concrete or masonry wall systems.

For the static condition, for planning purposes, structural foundation designs should consider total static settlement from foundation loads to be on the order of one inch, with differential settlement on the order of ½ inch over a horizontal distance of 30 feet. The combined anticipated static & seismic differential settlement equates to a distortion ratio of 0.004L which remains well below the upper limits of Table 12.13-3. We concur with the

reviewer; the structural engineer should confirm the proposed structures are capable of tolerating this movement.

# <u>Comment #9:</u> Preliminary Report, Retaining Wall Recommendations: An allowable passive resistance of 600 pounds per square foot per foot with a factor of safety of 1.5 was provided. Based on the laboratory testing provided, this value exceeds the engineering properties of the soils. Additional justification should be provided for the recommended passive pressure.

# **RESPONSE:**

To clarify, retaining walls with conventional shallow foundations would use the 400 psf/ft lateral resistance provided on page 28 of the reviewed report. The 600 psf/ft lateral resistance applies to pile supported retaining walls. As noted in Caltrans Trenching and Shoring Manual (pages 6-9, 6-10), "passive resistance in front of an isolated pile is a three dimensional problem" and "the passive resistance in front of a pile calculated by classical earth pressure theories shall be multiplied by the adjusted pile width." The manual continues, "(F) or granular soils, if the pile spacing is 3 times the effective width (d) or less the arching capability factor may be taken as 3." This produces an adjusted pile width equal to the effective pile width (pile diameter) multiplied by the arching capability factor. The passive resistance provided for the piles in the reviewed report takes into account the adjusted pile width.

For example, using a soil with an internal friction, phi, of 27 degrees, the passive resistance estimated using the log spiral solution would be about 290 psf/ft considering a factor of safety of 1.5. Multiplying this value by the arching capability factor of 3 results in a passive resistance of over 850 psf/ft, well in excess of the recommended 600 psf/ft.

This concludes the response to review portion of this report.

# **UPDATE REPORT**

The remaining portions of this report provide updates to our previous work that may be outdated due to changes in site condition, analysis methodology, standard of practice, or building code changes.

# SITE CONDITIONS

Based on our recent reconnaissance, the site remains in essentially the same condition as reported in our 2015 report (*GWV*, 22 July 2015).

# PROPOSED PROJECT

The current project is illustrated on the Site Plan prepared by Holmes Enterprises, Inc. (HEI), dated 1 June 2020 (see Plate 1). It consists of a terraced complex of 60 condominium units with two levels of partially subterranean to subterranean parking. The project is to be accessed from Everett Street. Retaining walls up to 17 feet in height are proposed. The tallest wall is located in the northeast corner of the project. The terraced pads are planned for approximate elevations 535 feet, 541 feet, 554 feet, and 564 feet. The highest proposed fill slope is approximately 8 feet, fronting Everett Street. No permanent cut slopes are proposed. A 15-foot rear setback and 5-foot side setbacks are incorporated, as well as a north-south oriented, 10-foot-wide utility easement in the western portion of the site.

The general concept of the project remains the same as that described in our previous Update Report (GWV, 22 July 2015). The new design grade changes are considered to be insignificant, so no additional exploration or changes to our cross sections are deemed warranted at this time.

#### **DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Based on our review of the site conditions and relevant available documents, many of the previous recommendations and findings remain applicable. In our opinion the liquefaction and slope stability analyses remain applicable. Local policy has changed regarding the calculation of seismic earth pressures on retaining walls. We have revised our previous retaining wall recommendations to address this policy change. We offer the following updates to our previous recommendations *for seismic ground motion values, foundation systems, and retaining walls*.

#### Seismic Ground Motion Values – General Procedure

This report includes preliminary seismic ground motion values in accordance with the methodology of ASCE Standard 7-16. Seismic ground motion values were determined using the U.S. Seismic Design Maps website (https://seismicmaps.org) provided by OSHPD and SEA. These seismic design maps present data for a maximum considered earthquake ground motion, defined by an earthquake with a 2 percent probability of exceedance within a 50-year return period (recurrence interval of 2475 years). Output from these analyses are provided in Appendix B and summarized herein.

Latitude: 34.2880º	Factor/Coefficient	Value
Longitude: -118.8821º		
Site Profile Type	Site Class	D – Stiff Soil
Short-Period MCE at 0.2s	Ss	1.9
1.0s Period MCE	S <sub>1</sub>	0.701
Site Coefficient	Fa	1.0
Site Coefficient	Fv	null
Adjusted MCE Spectral Response	S <sub>ms</sub>	1.9
Parameters	S <sub>m1</sub>	null
Design Spectral	S <sub>DS</sub>	1.266
Acceleration Parameters	S <sub>D1</sub>	null
Long-Period Transition Period	TL	8.0 sec
Peak Ground Acceleration	PGA <sub>M</sub>	0.911

Structures on soil profiles designated as Site Class D with  $S_1$  values greater than or equal to 0.2, need not use site-specific ground motion values provided the value of the seismic response coefficient  $C_s$  is determined in accordance with the procedures in ASCE 7-16 §12.8.1.1 (per exception 2 of §11.4.8). The following parameters are considered appropriate for use in determining  $C_s$  per exception 2.

Fa	1.0	Site amplification factor at 0.2	
Fv	1.7	Site amplification factor at 1.0	
S <sub>MS</sub>	1.9	Site-modified spectral acceleration value	(11.4-1)
S <sub>M1</sub>	1.192	Site-modified spectral acceleration value	(11.4-2)
S <sub>DS</sub>	1.266	Numeric seismic design value at 0.2 second SA	(11.4-3)
S <sub>D1</sub>	0.795	Numeric seismic design value at 1.0 second SA	(11.4-4)

If the designer uses the simplified lateral force analysis procedure, \$12.14.8 allows  $F_a$  to be taken as 1.0 for rock sites, or 1.4 for soil sites, for development of  $S_{DS}$ . Also, the value of  $S_S$  can be capped at 1.5 for development of parameters in accordance with \$11.4.4. Sites are permitted to be considered rock if the soil thickness is no greater than 10 feet below the footing.

# **Foundation Systems**

For planning purposes, this section provides preliminary foundation recommendations for conventional foundations. Once specific building types and foundation loads and locations are known, project specific foundation recommendations can be prepared.

# **Conventional Foundations**

Continuous or pad footings may be used to support the proposed structures. In order to achieve the capacities specified below, they should be founded a minimum of 12 inches into engineered fill, with the concrete placed against in-place, undisturbed material. Foundation design criteria are based, in part, upon the expansive properties of the materials anticipated to be present near the finished pad grade. The building pad will contain expansive soils (EI>20).

The parameters provided in the following table are our minimum design values for the pertinent expansion range. Some of these values are empirical in nature. The foundation and slab designer should evaluate and design the foundations for the effects of expansive soils. The final foundation and slab-on-grade configuration should contain details that are not less than the values provided. Laboratory testing to verify the expansive properties of the near-pad-grade materials should be performed at the completion of rough grading.

Pre-saturation guidelines are presented in the following table. Pre-saturation of the foundation soils should be initiated well before concrete is scheduled to be placed. Care should be taken to see that the water has properly penetrated the soil. Last minute flooding is not a good practice. Excess water remaining in the target pre-saturation zone at the time of concrete placement will penetrate further into the soil, possibly causing additional expansion and uplift of the curing concrete.

FOUNDATION DESIGN PARAMETER	D	UNITS	NOTES		
FOUNDATION DESIGN PARAMETER	EI = 0-20	EI=21-50	EI=51-90		
Pre-Saturation depth	12	18	21	in	
Allowable Bearing Capacity (net) (FS>3)	1800	1500	1500	psf	1,2
Allowable Lateral Resistance (FS=1.5)	400	250	250	psf/ft	2,3
Maximum Allowable Lateral Resistance	2500	1800	1800	psf	2,3
Coefficient of Friction (FS=1.0)	0.40	0.30	0.30		
Minimum Embedment Below Adjacent Grade	24	24	24	in	4
Minimum Embedment Into Supporting Material	12	12	12	in	
Minimum Reinforcement	2 - #4, 1 near top and 1 near bottom	2 - #4, 1 near top and 1 near bottom	2 - #4, 1 near top and 1 near bottom		
SLAB-ON-GRADE DESIGN PARAMETER					

8

FOUNDATION DESIGN PARAMETER	D	UNITS	NOTES		
	EI = 0-20	EI=21-50	El=51-90		
Minimum Concrete Thickness	4	4	4	in	
Minimum Reinforcement (On-Center-Each-					
Way)	#4 @ 16"	#4 @ 16"	#4 @ 16"		5

# NOTES

1) Bearing portions of all footings should be at least five feet (measured horizontally) from the face of adjacent descending slopes. All footings should bear at least three feet below an imaginary plane projected upward at 1.5:1 from the toe of locally oversteepened slopes. Pad footings should be at least 24 inches square. Continuous footings should be at least 12-inches wide for onstory and 15-inches wide for two-story construction.

2) May be increased by 1/3 for short duration loading such as by wind or seismic forces.

3) Decrease by 1/3 when combined with friction.

4) Applies to exterior footings.

John C. Chiu, FLPM

C/o John W. Newton & Associates, Inc.

5) For EI>50, dowel slab to exterior footing using #3 bars @ 24" on-center each way bent 12" into footing, 36" into slab.

# Slab-on-Grade Subgrade

Approximately four inches of sand for EI=21-90, or two inches of sand for EI=0-21, should be placed across the slab subgrade, with a vapor retarder placed on top of the sand in all areas where moisture penetration of the slab is undesirable. The vapor retarder should consist of at least 10 mil thick, polyolefin plastic that complies with specifications in the present version of ASTM E1745. Concrete for the floor slab should be placed directly upon the vapor retarder.

The vapor retarder should be placed in general conformance with ASTM E1643 – 10. The permeance (propensity to transmit water) and strength (i.e. Class A, B or C) of the vapor retarder, as well as the water/cement ratio, mix design and strength of the concrete, will influence a variety of things, including slab finishing, construction schedules, moisture released from the slab, and floor coverings. Project design and construction professionals should consider these factors when developing specifications for, and/or selecting materials for, the vapor retarder, concrete, and floor covering.

# **Retaining Walls**

# Seismic Increment of Earth Pressure

As required by CBC §1803.5.12 geotechnical reports for structures assigned to Seismic Design Category D, E or F must include information regarding lateral pressures on foundation walls and retaining walls due to earthquake motions. Recent writings such as Lew et al. (2010), Al Atik

et al. (2010), and Agusti and Sitar (2013) attempt to address the appropriate means to implement this code requirement. These works conclude in part that seismic earth pressures can be neglected when the peak ground acceleration is equal to or less than 0.4g. For this site, the peak ground acceleration  $PGA_{M}$  is considered to be 0.911g.

For retaining walls, the following design criteria are provided considering the findings presented in Agusti and Sitar (2013) for walls founded on non-saturated, level ground conditions. Per CBC §1803.5.12 item 1, the seismic earth pressure increment need only be included in design when walls support more than six feet of backfill. When this criterion is met, cantilever walls free to move and rotate can be designed for a seismic earth pressure increment considering an equivalent fluid pressure of **27** pcf (triangular pressure distribution). Walls restricted from moving or rotating, such as basement walls, can be designed for a seismic earth pressure increment considering an equivalent fluid pressure of **43** pcf (triangular pressure distribution). The resultant of this seismic earth pressure increment is considered to act at one-third H above the base of the wall. The seismic earth pressure increment should be applied to the active earth pressure for both the free-to-rotate and restrained cases. Often, for the case of walls restricted from moving or rotating, this combination of active earth pressure and seismic earth pressure increment will not exceed the at-rest earth pressure for the static case when considering factored loads used for the basic load combinations prescribed in the California Building Code.

#### **STORMWATER INFILTRATION**

As discussed in the response to review comment 8 above, post-grading seismic settlement is estimated to be in the range of one to two inches. Saturation of the onsite soils by use of stormwater infiltration Best Management Practices (BMPs) may increase the potential magnitude of seismic settlement, which the reviewer has already pointed out to be significant in their comments 7 and 8. Due to the potential to cause increased seismic settlements, we consider onsite infiltration of stormwater to be infeasible.

# **CLOSURE**

This geotechnical report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted engineering practices at this time and location. No other warranties, either express or implied,

are made as to the professional advice provided under the terms of our agreement and included in this report.

Thank you for this opportunity to be of service. Please do not hesitate to call if you have any questions regarding this report.

Respectfully submitted, GEOLABS-WESTLAKE VILLAGE

Ryan M. Prose C.E.G. 2625

LKS:RP:af

ENCLOSURE LIST:

	GINEERING	
	RYAN M. PROSE	
ES	EG 2625	ST
SI	E OF CALIFO	

2772 Lawrence K. Stark G.E. 2772

Reference List.....R Geologic Map .....Plate 1 (in pocket) MMC Table 1809.7.....Plate 2.1-2.2 Review Letter .....Appendix A Seismicity .....Appendix B

XC: (3) Addressee

John C. Chiu, FLPM c/o John W. Newton & Associates, Inc.

# REFERENCES

Al Atik, L, and Sitar, N. (2010). "Seismic Earth Pressures on Cantilever Retaining Structures." J. Geotech. Geoenviron. Eng., 136(10), 1324-1333.

Agusti, G.C. and Sitar, N. (2013). "Seismic Earth Pressures on Retaining Structures in Cohesive Soils." Report submitted to the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) under Contract No. 65A0367 and NSF-NEES-CR Grant No. CMMI-0936376. Report No. UCB GT 13-02.

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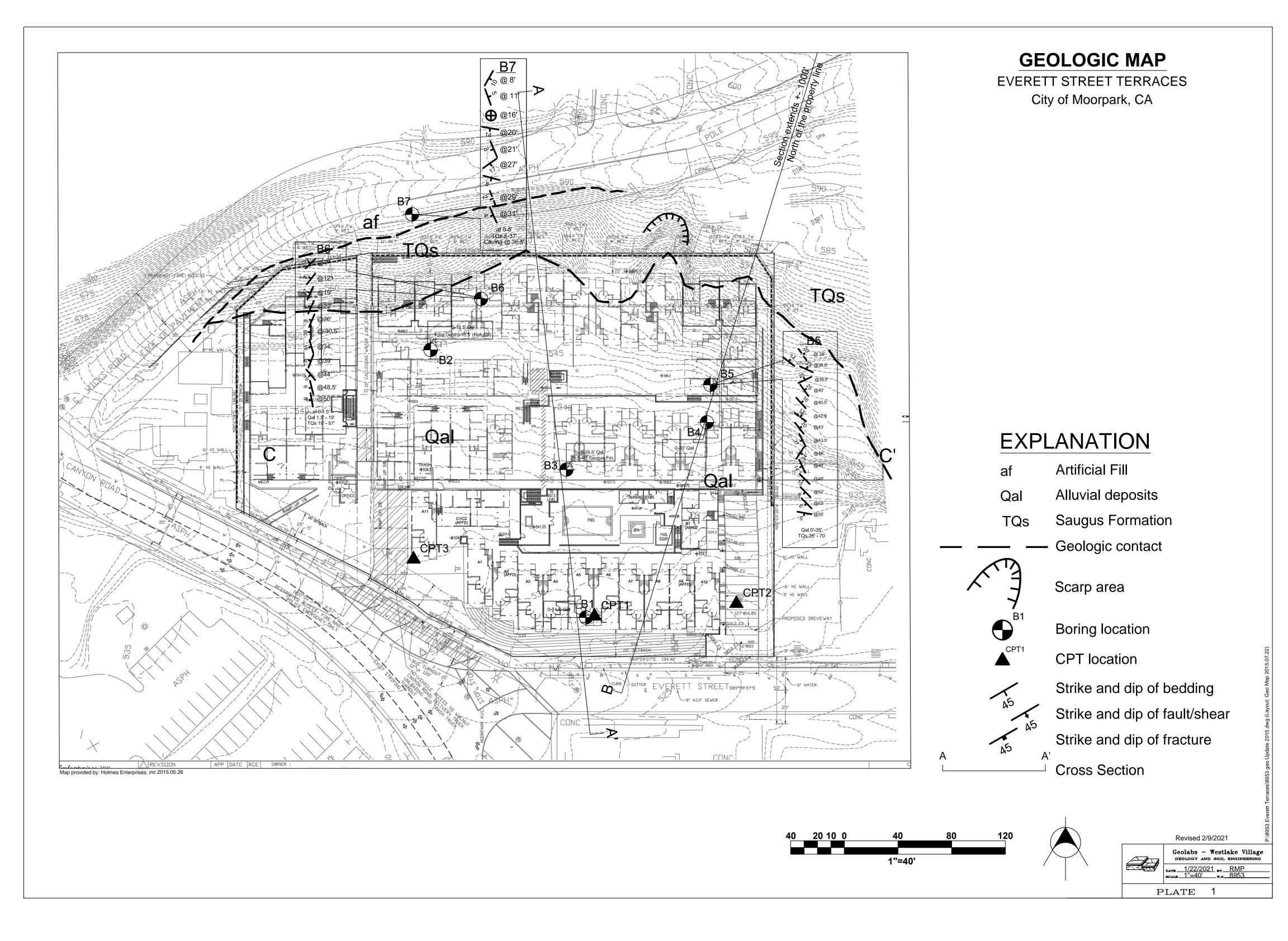
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Lew, M., Sitar, N., Al Atik, L. (2010). "Seismic Earth Pressures: Fact or Fiction." Proc., 2010 Earth Retention Conference 3, ASCE, Bellevue, WA., 656-673.

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Weighted			Foundation for	or slab and rais	ed floor system	s <sup>2,5,7</sup>		Concrete	slabs			
expansion index	No. of stories	Stem Thickness <sup>8</sup>	Footing width <sup>9</sup>	Footing thickness	All perimeter footings <sup>6</sup>	Interior footings for slab and raised floors <sup>6</sup>	Reinforcement for continuous foundations <sup>3,8</sup>	3-1/2" minimur 4" with E.I.		Pre-moistening of soils under footings, piers and slabs <sup>5,6</sup>	Restrictions on piers under raised floors	
					Depth belo surface of g finish	ground and		Reinforcement <sup>4</sup>	Total thickness of sand			
				Inches								
0—20 Very low non expansive	1 2 3	6 6 10	12 15 18	6 7 8	12 18 24	12 18 24	1-#4 Top and bottom	#4 @ 48" o.c. each way or #3 @ 36" o.c.	2"	Moistening of ground prior to placing concrete is recommended	Piers allowed for single floor loads only	
21—50 Low	1 2 3	6 8 10	12 15 18	6 7 8	15 18 24	12 18 24	1-#4 Top and bottom	each way	4"	3% over optimum moisture required to a depth of 18" below lowest adjacent grade. Testing required.	Piers allowed for single floor loads only	
51—90 Medium	1 2	6	12 15	- 8	21 21	12	1-#4 top and bottom	#3 @ 24" o.c. each way		3% over optimum moisture required to	Piers not	
Weddum	3	10	18	8	24	24	#3 bars @ 24" o	b.c. each way $12''$ 36" into slab <sup>10</sup>	4"	a depth of 18" below lowest adjacent grade. Testing required.	allowed	
91—130	1	6	12	8	27	12	2-#4 top	#3 @ 24" o.c.		3% over optimum		
High	2	8	15	8	27	18	and bottom	each way	-	moisture required to a depth of 18" below lowest adjacent grade. Testing required.	Piers not allowed	
	3	10	18	8	27	24		' o.c. each way g, 36" into slab <sup>10</sup>	4"		lowest adjacent grade. Testing	lowest adjacent grade. Testing
Above 130 Very high					Special de	sign by a licen	sed Architect or Eng	gineer required				

# Table 1809.7—Foundations for Stud Bearing Walls—Minimum Requirements<sup>1,10,11,12</sup>

#### Footnotes to Table 1809.7:

- 1. Pre-moistening is required where specified in Table CBC 1809.7 in order to achieve maximum and uniform expansion of the soil prior to construction and thus limit structural distress caused by uneven expansion and shrinkage. Other systems, which do not include pre-moistening, may be approved by the building official, when such alternatives are shown to provide equivalent safeguards against the adverse effects of expansive soil.
- 2. Under-floor access crawl holes shall be provided with curbs extending not less than six (6) inches above adjacent grade to prevent surface water from entering the foundation area.
- 3. Reinforcement for continuous foundations shall be placed not less than three (3) inches above the bottom of the footing and not less than three (3) inches below the top of the stem.
- 4. Slab reinforcement shall be placed at mid-depth and continue to within two (2) inches of the exterior face of the exterior face of the exterior footing walls.
- 5. Moisture content of soils shall be maintained until foundations and piers are poured and a vapor barrier is installed. Test shall be taken within twenty-four (24) hours of each slab pour.
- 6. Crawl spaces under raised floors need not be pre-moistened except under interior footings. Interior footings which are not enclosed by a continuous perimeter foundation system or equivalent concrete or masonry moisture barrier shall be designed and constructed as specified for perimeter footings in Table CBC 1809.7.

(Moorpark Supp. No. 47, 12-19)

- 7. A grade beam not less than twelve (12) inches by twelve (12) inches in cross-sectional area, reinforced as specified for continuous foundations in Table CBC 1809.7, shall be provided at garage door openings.
- 8. Foundation stem walls which exceed a height of three (3) times the stem thickness above lowest adjacent grade shall be reinforced in accordance with Sections 18 and 19 in the CBC, or as required by engineering design, whichever is more restrictive.
- 9. Footing widths may be reduced upon submittal of calculations by a registered civil or structural engineer or licensed architect, but shall be a minimum of twelve (12) inches for one and twostory structures and fifteen (15) inches for three-story structures.
- 10. Bent reinforcing bar between exterior footing and slab shall be omitted when floor is designed as an independent, "floating" slab.
- 11. Fireplace footings shall be reinforced with a horizontal grid located three (3) inches above the bottom of the footing and consisting of not less than No. 4 bars at twelve (12) inches on center each way. Vertical chimney reinforcing bars shall be hooked under the grid.
- 12. Underground utility conduits shall be installed prior to foundation inspection and shall extend beyond the foundation.

(Ord. 474 § 3, 2019)

# APPENDIX A Review Letter

January 22, 2021 W.O. 8953 Revised February 9, 2021



HALEY & ALDRICH, INC. 5333 Mission Center Road Suite 300 San Diego, CA 92108 619.280.9210

20 November 2020 File No. 135537-002

Chambers Group, Inc. 5 Hutton Centre Drive, Suite 750 Santa Ana, California 92707

Attention: Meghan Gibson Project Manager/Senior Environmental Planner

Subject: Third-Party Peer Review of Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation and Update Letter Everett Street Terraces Apartment Complex City of Moorpark, California

Ladies and Gentlemen:

This letter summarizes Haley & Aldrich, Inc.'s (Haley & Aldrich) third-party review of the following geotechnical investigation documents prepared by Geolabs-Westlake Village, both completed under file 8953:

- "Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation, Proposed Everett Street Terraces Apartment Complex, Northeast Corner of Everett Street and Walnut Canyon Road, Moorpark, California," dated
   2 December 2005 (Preliminary Report); and
- "Update Geotechnical Investigation for Proposed Everett Street Terraces Apartment Complex, Everette Street and Walnut Canyon Road, City of Moorpark, California," dated 22 July 2015 (Update Letter).

These documents were prepared to provide geotechnical considerations for the proposed development in Everett Street and Walnut Canyon in the City of Moorpark, California (the "Site"). A letter prepared by the City of Moorpark dated 24 November 2015 was also provided, including comments regarding the incompleteness of a development application.

The proposed development includes construction of a sixty-unit complex on a sloped, 2.4-acre property. The development is anticipated to include multi-story residential structures with subterranean basements. The residential structures are expected to be podium-style (wood frame over a reinforced concrete ground level) with slab-on-grade concrete floors and shallow, spread foundations. The preliminary investigation included advancing three cone penetration tests to unreported depths and seven borings of unreported methods and depths. The Update Letter addresses seismic ground motions, foundation systems, slabs-on-grade, and seismic parameters for retaining walls. As stated in the Update Letter, Geolabs-Westlake Village concluded that the primary concerns for the Site development include the potential for liquefaction induced settlement, the potential for settlement from collapsible soil, the presence of expansive soils, and slope stability.

Chambers Group, Inc. 20 November 2020 Page 2

Haley & Aldrich reviewed the Update Letter, and we have several comments as presented below:

- Update Letter, Cover Page: Reference is made to the 2013 California Building Code (CBC). The 2019 CBC was adopted on 1 January 2020. Unless a waiver has been provided, methodologies from the 2019 CBC should be used.
- Update Letter, Seismic Ground Motion Values: Recommendations for ground motion values were presented based on the 2013 CBC. Those values are derived based on America Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE) 7-10,<sup>1</sup> which has been updated with ASCE 7-16.<sup>2</sup> The methodologies should be updated to reflect current methodologies.
- Update Letter, Foundation Systems: The Update Letter states, "Once specific building types and foundation loads and locations are known, project specific foundation recommendations can be prepared." The Update Letter only includes preliminary recommendations and proposes that a final design-level study should be performed. Haley & Aldrich agrees that physical samples of the exposed soils should be collected after completing the rough grading to confirm the selection of the geotechnical recommendations.
- Update Letter, Conventional Foundations: It is recommended that the concrete be placed against in-place, undisturbed material. This appears to contradict earlier-referenced recommendations for overexcavation to address hydro-consolidation and slope stability, which implies that the foundations would be supported on engineered fill rather than in-place, undisturbed material.
- Update Letter, Conventional Foundations: Recommendations are provided that the expansive properties of the near-pad grade materials should be evaluated after completing the rough grading. The section then provides two separate sets of recommendations for various expansive conditions, including differing allowable bearing capacities, lateral resistance, and coefficients of friction. Haley & Aldrich agrees that physical samples of the exposed soils should be collected after completing the rough grading to confirm the selection of the geotechnical recommendations.
- Update Letter, Slab-on-Grade: The proposed 2- to 4-inch thickness of sand below the slab does not appear to be sufficiently thick enough to mitigate the potential for swell if the soils have a high expansive index. A detailed discussion should be provided.
- Preliminary Report, Liquefaction-Induced Settlement Potential: Liquefaction analysis resulted in an estimated 3½ inches of settlement from a seismic event. This is a significant amount of potential settlement for a residential structure. New methodologies for evaluating earthquake parameters have also been developed that may modify the presented findings by Geolabs-Westlake Village. These are discussed under comments for Seismic Ground Motion Values above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> ASCE (2016) Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures. ASCE/SEI Standard 7-16



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> ASCE (2010) Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures. ASCE/SEI Standard 7-10

Chambers Group, Inc. 20 November 2020 Page 3

- Preliminary Report, Settlement: Total settlement of up to 4 ½ inches and differential settlement of up to 2 ¼ inches, including static and seismic conditions, were reported. These values exceed conventional limits of 1 inch of total settlement and ½ inch of differential settlement for most structures. Mitigation measures should be provided to reduce the settlement or the structural engineer should confirm that the proposed structures are capable of tolerating such excessive movement.
- Preliminary Report, Retaining Wall Recommendations: An allowable passive resistance of 600 pounds per square foot per foot with a factor of safety of 1.5 was provided. Based on the laboratory testing provided, this value exceeds the engineering properties of the soils. Additional justification should be provided for the recommended passive pressure.

In summary, Haley & Aldrich recommends that additional services be performed. Design-level information should be updated to include current building codes and methodologies to evaluate the seismic hazards at the Site. In addition, laboratory testing should be performed after completing the rough grading to verify the properties of the near-pad grade materials. Finally, the structural engineer should confirm that the anticipated settlement under static and seismic conditions are within the tolerance of the structures or mitigation measures should be developed.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide our services to you on this project. If you have any questions or require any additional information, please call.

Sincerely yours, HALEY & ALDRICH, INC.

Catherine<sup>(</sup>H. Ellis, PE, GE Senior Associate, Geotechnical Engineer

Narcy E. Mard

Nancy E. Gardiner, CPESC, QSD, QISP Senior Associate

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# APPENDIX B Seismicity

January 22, *2021* W.O. 8953 *Revised February 9, 2021* 





# **Everett Street Terraces**

# Latitude, Longitude: 34.2880, -118.8821

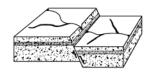
Walnut Canyon School       Moorpark City Hall       Wees Part         Moorpark City Hall       Everett St       Bonnie V         Moorpark City Library       Charles St       Map de         Dete       12/29/2020, 2:58:08 PM       Description         Site Class       0 Stiff Soil       Map de         Site Class       0 Stiff Soil       Description         Site I - See Section 114.8       Site-modified spectral acceleration value         Syst       1.9       Site-modified spectral acceleration value         Syst       1.266       Numeric seismic design value at 0.2 second SA         Sop       null-See Section 114.8       Site-modified spectral acceleration value         SDC       null-See Section 114.8       Site amplification factor at 0.2 second         Fv       null-See Section 114.8       Site amplification factor at 0.2 second         Fv       null-See Section 114.8       Site amplification factor at 0.2 second         Fv       null-See Section 114.8       Site amplification factor at 0.2 second					
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Date       12/29/2020, 2:58:08 PM         Design Code Reference Document       ASCE7-16         Risk Category       II         Site Class       D - Stiff Soil         Type       Value       Description         S1       0.701       MCE <sub>R</sub> ground motion. (for 0.2 second period)         SMS       1.9       Site-modified spectral acceleration value         Sps       1.266       Numeric seismic design value at 0.2 second SA         Sp1       null-See Section 11.4.8       Setsmic design value at 0.3 second SA         SDC       null-See Section 11.4.8       Setsmic design value at 1.0 second SA         Type       Value       Description         SDC       null-See Section 11.4.8       Setsmic design category         Fa       1       Site amplification factor at 0.2 second         Fy       null-See Section 11.4.8       Site-modified second         Fy       null-See Section 11.4.8       Setsmic design value at 1.0 second         FyA       null -See Section 11.4.8       Site amplification factor at 0.2 second					
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	Factored uniform-hazard (2% probability of exceedance in 50 years) spectral acceleration.				
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PGAd         0.962         Factored deterministic acceleration value. (Peak Ground Acceleration)	Factored deterministic acceleration value. (Peak Ground Acceleration)				
C <sub>RS</sub> 0.892 Mapped value of the risk coefficient at short periods					

Туре	Value	Description
C <sub>R1</sub>	0.892	Mapped value of the risk coefficient at a period of 1 s

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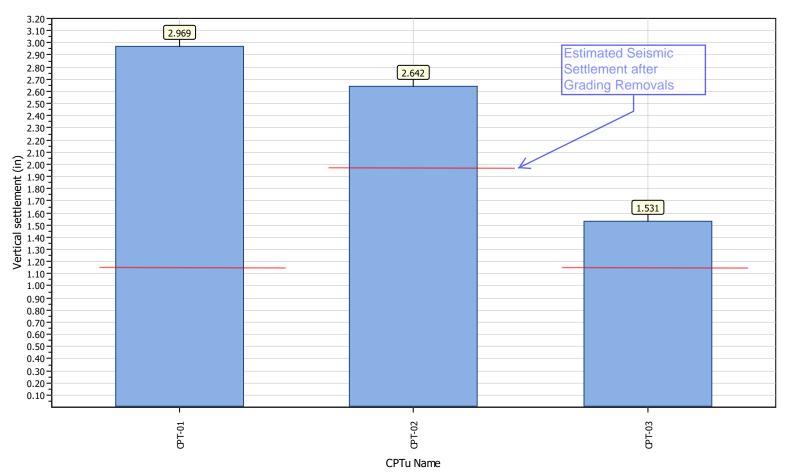
--- 🖸 🟠 Q Search https://earthquake.usgs.gov/hazards/interactive/ Summary statistics for, Deaggregation: Total **Deaggregation targets Recovered targets** Return period: 2920.1363 yrs Return period: 2475 yrs Exceedance rate: 0.0004040404 yr<sup>-1</sup> Exceedance rate: 0.00034244977 yr<sup>-1</sup> PGA ground motion: 0.85416217 g Mean (over all sources) Totals **Binned:** 100% m: 6.97 Residual: 0% r: 8.31 km Trace: 0.04% **ε.:** 1.28 σ Mode (largest m-r bin) Mode (largest m-r-E bin) m: 7.52 m: 7.52 r: 9.29 km r: 8.66 km **ε**: 1.07 σ **ao:** 0.82 σ Contribution: 19.06% Contribution: 10.99%



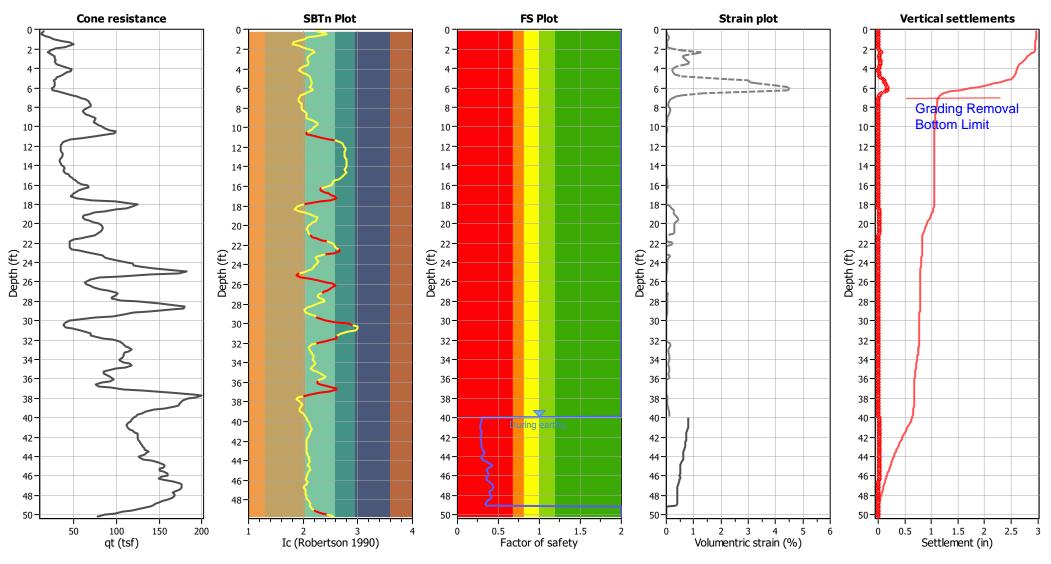
**GEOLABS - WESTLAKE VILLAGE** Engineering Geology and Soils Engineering 31119 Via Colinas, Suite 502 (818) 889-2562

# Project title :

Location :



# **Overall vertical settlements report**



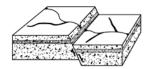
# Estimation of post-earthquake settlements

#### Abbreviations

q <sub>t</sub> :	Total cone resistance (cone resistance q <sub>c</sub> corrected for pore water effects)

- Ic: Soil Behaviour Type Index
- FS: Calculated Factor of Safety against liquefaction

Volumentric strain: Post-liquefaction volumentric strain

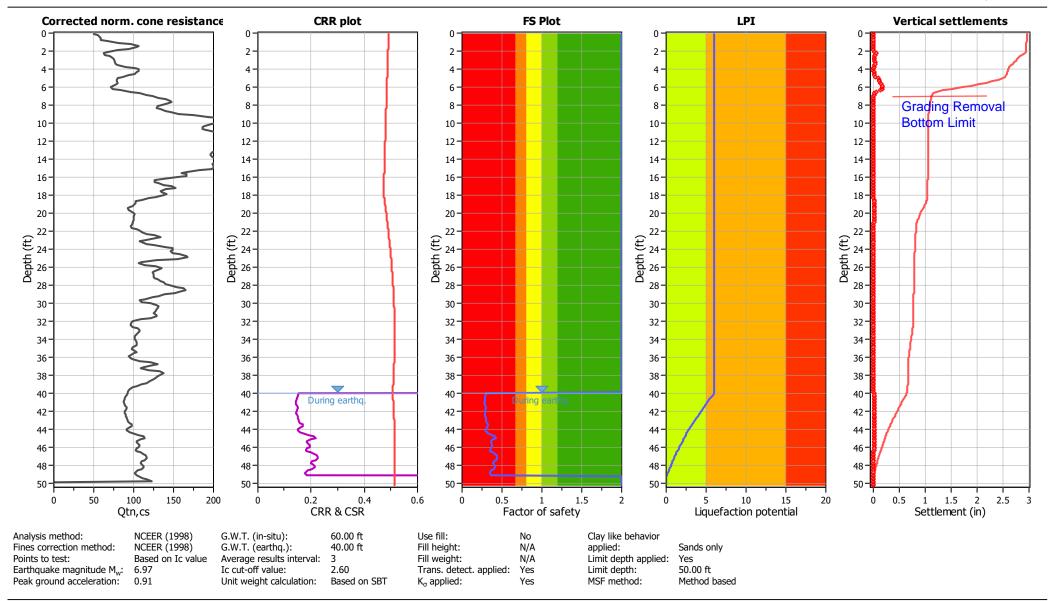


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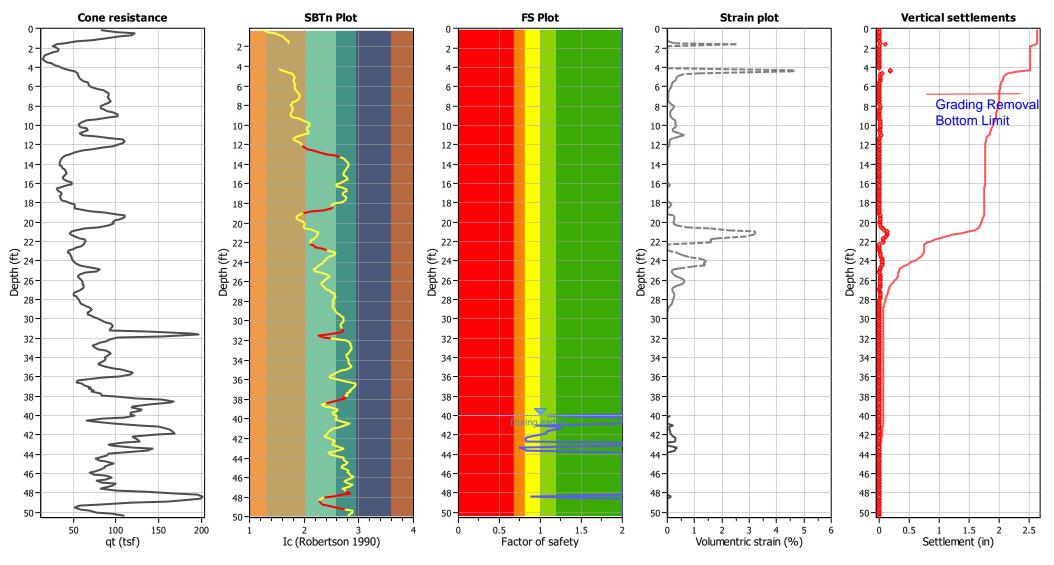
#### Project: Location:

# CPT: CPT-01

Total depth: 50.20 ft



CPeT-IT v.2.2.1.11 - CPTU data presentation & interpretation software - Report created on: 1/29/2021, 9:13:34 AM Project file: S:\8953 Everett Terrace\6-29-04\2020.12.29 CLiq Re-Analyses.clq



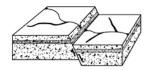
# Estimation of post-earthquake settlements

#### Abbreviations

qt: Total cone resistance (con	ne resistance q <sub>c</sub> corrected for pore water effects)
--------------------------------	--

- I<sub>c</sub>: Soil Behaviour Type Index
- FS: Calculated Factor of Safety against liquefaction

Volumentric strain: Post-liquefaction volumentric strain

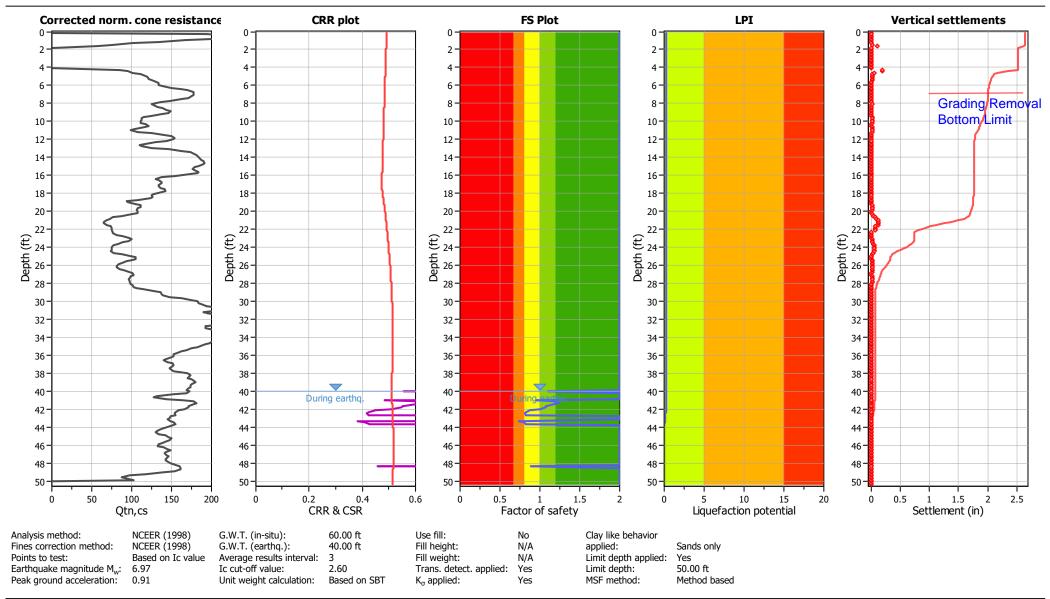


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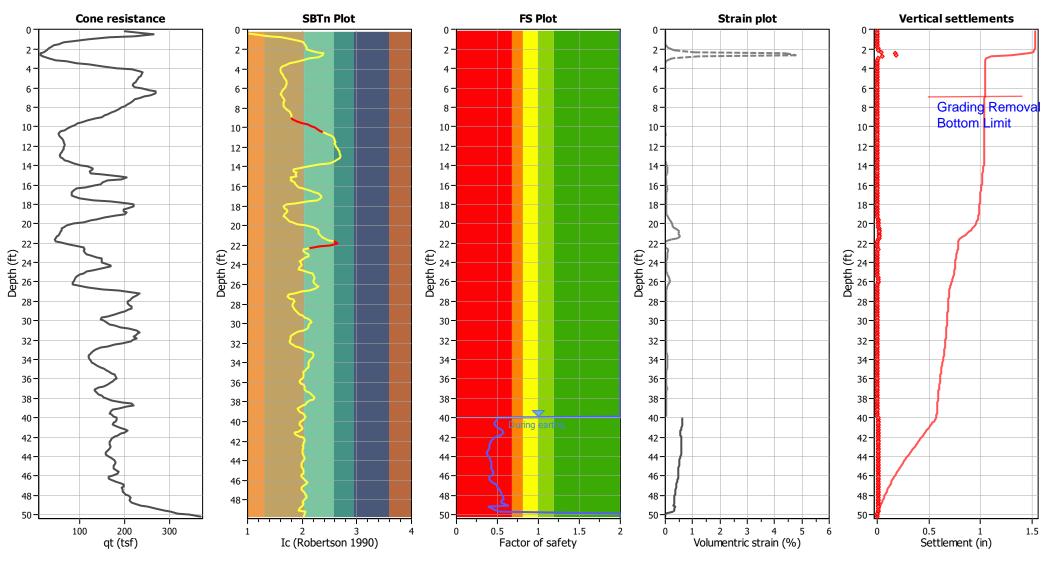
#### Project: Location:

# CPT: CPT-02

Total depth: 50.36 ft



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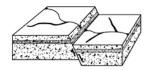
# Estimation of post-earthquake settlements

#### Abbreviations

q <sub>t</sub> :	Total cone resistance (cone resistance q	corrected for pore water effects)
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- I<sub>c</sub>: Soil Behaviour Type Index
- FS: Calculated Factor of Safety against liquefaction

Volumentric strain: Post-liquefaction volumentric strain

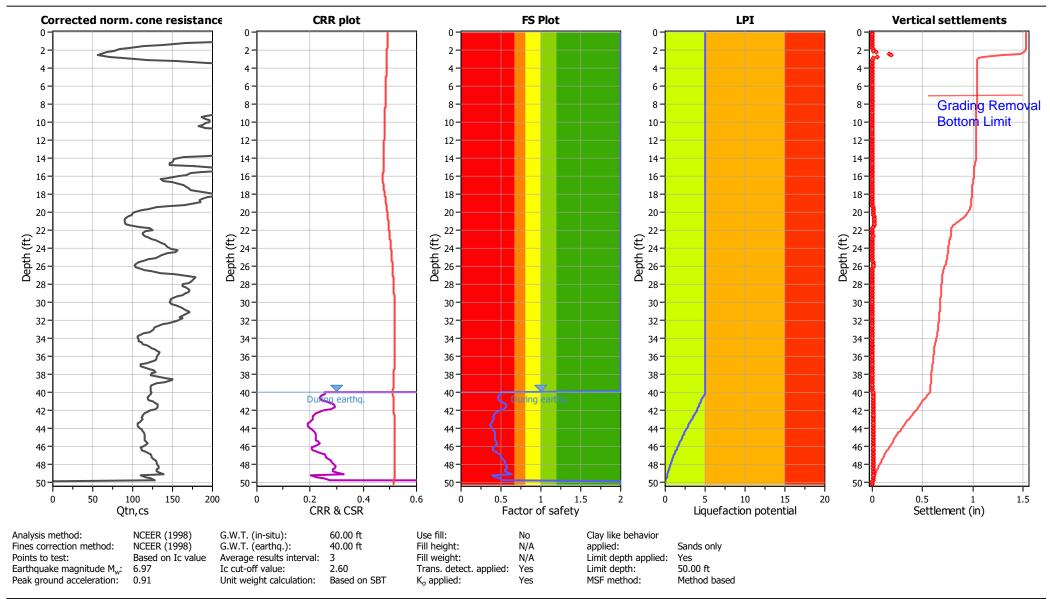


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#### Project: Location:

# CPT: CPT-03

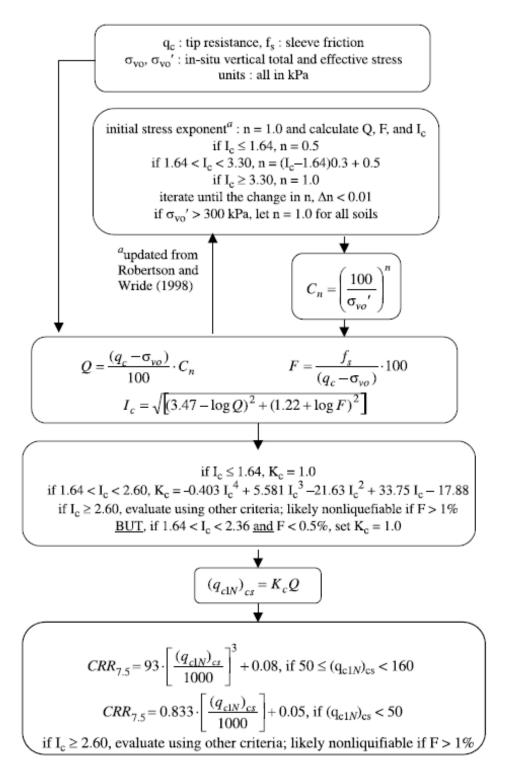
Total depth: 50.20 ft



CPeT-IT v.2.2.1.11 - CPTU data presentation & interpretation software - Report created on: 1/29/2021, 9:13:35 AM Project file: S:\8953 Everett Terrace\6-29-04\2020.12.29 CLiq Re-Analyses.clq

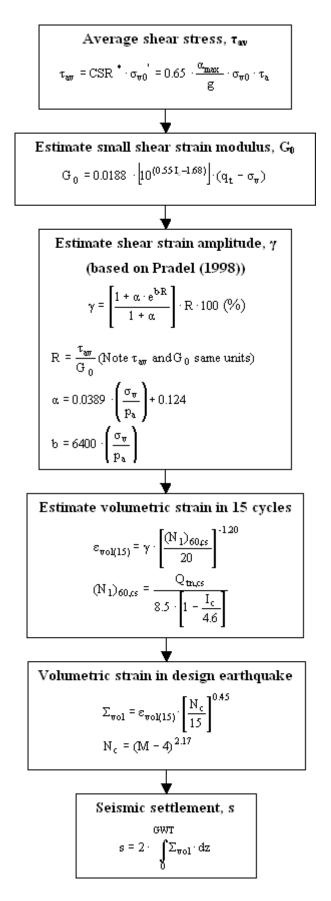
# Procedure for the evaluation of soil liquefaction resistance, NCEER (1998)

Calculation of soil resistance against liquefaction is performed according to the Robertson & Wride (1998) procedure. The procedure used in the software, slightly differs from the one originally published in NCEER-97-0022 (Proceedings of the NCEER Workshop on Evaluation of Liquefaction Resistance of Soils). The revised procedure is presented below in the form of a flowchart<sup>1</sup>:



<sup>1</sup> "Estimating liquefaction-induced ground settlements from CPT for level ground", G. Zhang, P.K. Robertson, and R.W.I. Brachman

# Procedure for the estimation of seismic induced settlements in dry sands



Robertson, P.K. and Lisheng, S., 2010, "Estimation of seismic compression in dry soils using the CPT" FIFTH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON RECENT ADVANCES IN GEOTECHNICAL EARTHQUAKE ENGINEERING AND SOIL DYNAMICS, Symposium in honor of professor I. M. Idriss, San Diego, CA

# Liquefaction Potential Index (LPI) calculation procedure

Calculation of the Liquefaction Potential Index (LPI) is used to interpret the liquefaction assessment calculations in terms of severity over depth. The calculation procedure is based on the methology developed by Iwasaki (1982) and is adopted by AFPS.

To estimate the severity of liquefaction extent at a given site, LPI is calculated based on the following equation:

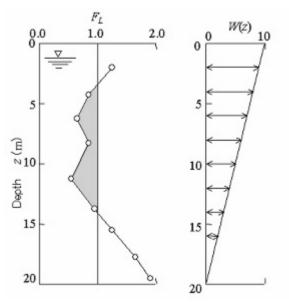
$$LPI = \int_{0}^{20} (10 - 0.5_Z) \times F_Z \times d_Z$$

where:

 $F_L = 1$  - F.S. when F.S. less than 1  $F_L = 0$  when F.S. greater than 1 z depth of measurment in meters

Values of LPI range between zero (0) when no test point is characterized as liquefiable and 100 when all points are characterized as susceptible to liquefaction. Iwasaki proposed four (4) discrete categories based on the numeric value of LPI:

- LPI = 0 : Liquefaction risk is very low
- 0 < LPI <= 5 : Liquefaction risk is low
- 5 < LPI <= 15 : Liquefaction risk is high
- LPI > 15 : Liquefaction risk is very high



Graphical presentation of the LPI calculation procedure

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