Preliminary Drainage Report for Phelan Perris PLN No. TBD City of Perris

Prepared for:

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September 25, 2020

Prepared by:

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CHAPTER 1 - BACKGROUND

1.1 – Introduction

The purpose of this report is to summarize the hydrologic and hydraulic analyses of the proposed Phelan Perris project (PLN No. TBD) and its associated improvements.

The Phelan Perris project proposes to construct one industrial building on APN 302-030-010 in the City of Perris. The site is bound by West Nance Street to the north, APN 302-030-012 to the east, APN 302-030-005 to the south, and North Webster Avenue to the west.

This report presents findings for the following:

- 1. The offsite storm drain system capacity
- 2. The proposed condition Rational Method peak flows
- 3. The overland drainage pathway to the offsite storm drain system

This study acknowledges that the offsite master planned storm drain system (Perris Valley MDP Line E-3 per PM 36726 Sheet Nos. 10 and 12) has been sized for build-out condition from the project site, from the project discharge location to the Ramona Expressway and Indian Avenue intersection. Therefore, since this project does not divert from the assumptions made for the existing offsite master planned system—as described later in this report—on-site peak flow attenuation is not required, and as a result, this report only assesses the proposed conditions.

1.2 – Summary of Existing Conditions

The existing site has historically supported agricultural and greenhouse operations. Existing land cover consists of approximately one-half tilled row crops and one-half greenhouse structures. The existing site drains from the southwest to the northeast via overland flow and shallow concentrated flow until reaching the northeastern property corner where runoff discharges to the West Nance Avenue curb and gutter. Runoff from the existing project site ultimately enters MDP Line E-3 at via Lateral E3-6 (existing inlet nearest the northeastern property line). The project site ultimately discharges to the Perris Valley Channel. The project is located within an Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard (Zone D), as illustrated on the Flood Insurance Rate Map Panel #06065C1430H, dated August 18, 2014. Therefore, no floodplain analysis is necessary. Supporting documentation is provided in Appendix 5.

<u>1.3 – Summary of Proposed Conditions</u>

The proposed development includes one light industrial warehouse, paved parking, landscaped areas, vegetated swales along the northern, eastern and western boundaries, and two subterranean biofiltration facilities sized for flow-based pollutant control per the project-specific water quality management plan (WQMP). The project site is characterized by two drainage areas

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with a shared point. The drainage area consists of multiple sub-drainage areas characterized by warehouse rooftop, paved parking, sidewalk, and landscaped areas. The post-developed hydrology exhibit is provided in Appendix 1. Hydrologic parameters are provided in Appendix 2.

Each sub-drainage area presents the same general drainage characteristics: rooftop and downspouts, paved sheet flow, ribbon drains (sloped at roughly 1%), catch basins, and landscaped areas. Each drainage area drains to a single underground biofiltration facility via storm drain. The catch basins will intercept sheet flow and shallow ribbon gutter flow and will tie into the private on-site storm drain system. The private storm drain system will discharge flows into their respective biofiltration system. The biofiltration systems are designed to internally bypass flows in excess of the water quality design storm. The biofiltration system outflow pipes confluence onsite just before discharging from the project site via 18-inch diameter HDPE, where the onsite drainage system will tie into the relocated 7-foot-wide Lateral E3-6 catch basin within the southern half-street of West Nance Street.

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CHAPTER 2 – HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS

2.1 – Offsite Storm Drain Capacity

The site proposes to discharge to West Nance Street in roughly the same location and in a similar nature as in the existing condition. Based upon review of the Perris Valley Master Drainage Plan (MDP) Line E-3 storm drain improvement plans (PM 36726 Sheet Nos. 10 and 12), the offsite storm drain plans present a 30-inch diameter storm drain profile with capacity for 23.5 cfs from the build-out tributary drainage area. The hydraulic grade line (HGL) is approximately six feet below the street surface.

Based on the corresponding street improvement plans and topography of the project site, the tributary drainage area appears to consist of the project site and the West Nance Street southern half-street. The project proposes to maintain the same drainage footprint tributary to Line E-3. Therefore, since: (1) the proposed project and frontage improvements maintain the same tributary drainage area to MDP Line E-3 at the existing headworks and Lateral E3-6, (2) the existing HGL has roughly six feet of freeboard, and (3) since MDP Line E-3 can accommodate at least 23.5 cfs at its headworks without increasing the HGL, it is reasonable to conclude that the existing storm drain system is adequately sized to accommodate the built-out condition flow rates from the project site so long as flows do not exceed 23.5 cfs. Therefore, this analysis neglects the existing condition. Supporting documentation is provided in Appendix 6.

2.2 – Rational Method

Methodology used for the computation of storm runoff is consistent with criteria set forth in the Riverside County Hydrology Manual (RCHM). Advanced Engineering Software (AES) was used for computing hydrologic calculations and integrates the RCHM methodology and standards.

2.2.1 Design Storms

The 10-year and 100-year design storms were analyzed using the Rational Method from RCHM Section D.

2.2.2 Soil Type and Land Cover

The project site consists of Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG) Type B. The land cover consists of rooftop, paved parking, and landscaping. Therefore, the following conservative assumptions were made in the Rational Method analysis:

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- HSG Type D assumed for the entire site
- 90% imperviousness assumed for all developed areas
- 5-minute time of concentration for all initial sub-areas

2.2.3 Peak Flow Determination

The Rational Method was used to analyze the 10-year and 100-year storm for the proposed condition. Post-developed peak flows were computed by AES Rational Method software for Riverside County and are presented in Table 1. The complete AES reports are provided in Appendix 3.

TABLE 1 – Proposed Condition Peak Flows

Drainage Area ID	Drainage Area (ac)	Node ID	10-Year Peak Flow (cfs)	100-Year Peak Flow (cfs)
1	5.0	108.00	8.9	14.3

The 10-year peak flow in Table 1 was used to determine inlet depth ponding. This analysis is provided in Chapter 3.

CHAPTER 3 – HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

3.1 – On-Site Storm Drain Hydraulic Analysis

The 10-year storm peak flows were used for pipe hydraulic calculations. Pipes were assumed to be either PVC or HDPE, with a roughness coefficient of n = 0.013. Manning's equation was used to calculate pipe normal depths. The normal depth calculations demonstrate that the proposed storm drain system is expected to function under open channel flow conditions. The results are summarized in Table 2.

TABLE 2 – On-Site Storm Drain Summary

Reach	Upstream Node	Downstream Node	Diameter (in)	Q ₁₀ (cfs)	Normal Depth (in)
1	104.00	106.00	18	6.2	4
2	204.00	206.00	12	2.1	7
3	208.00	106.00	12	3.1	4
4	106.00	108.00	18	8.9	11

3.2 – On-Site Storm Drain Inlet Analysis

The 10-year storm peak flows were used to check inlet capacities at all inlet locations. Capacities were calculated using Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk AutoCAD Civil 3D software. Inlets were conservatively estimated at 50% capacity to account for potential clogging. All proposed inlets are in a sump configuration. Software output is provided in Appendix 3. Finished floor elevations were further compared to the lowest adjacent elevation within each sump area in the event emergency overland escape is needed due to system failure. The results are summarized in Table 3. Supporting calculations are provided in Appendix 4.

TABLE 3 – Inlet Capacity Analysis

Inlet(s)	Node	Size L (in) x W (in)	Q ₁₀ (cfs)	Depth (in)	Water Surface Elevation (ft)	Adjacent Finished Floor Elevation (ft)	Freeboard (ft)	Emergency Escape Elevation (ft)
1	104.00	48" x 48"	6.2	3.1	1468.88	1474.13	5.25	1470.50
2	204.00	24" x 24"	2.1	2.4	1473.50	1474.24	0.74	1474.00

Based on the results presented in Tables 2 and 3, the proposed storm drain system flows openly, the inlets can drain each sump without inundating the adjacent finished floor, and the grading plan is anticipated to provide sufficient freeboard at the proposed structure at each sump in the event of onsite storm drain system failure.

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CHAPTER 4 – CONCLUSION

Our preliminary analysis demonstrates that the Jurupa Commerce Center project will:

- 1. Not adversely impact the offsite storm drain system
- 2. Provide an adequately sized storm drain to convey onsite flows to the proposed underground infiltration system
- 3. Provide an overland drainage pathway to the offsite storm drain system in the event the onsite storm drain system becomes inoperable

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REFERENCES

- 1. Riverside County, Hydrology Manual, April 1978.
- 2. City of Perris, Parcel Map 36726 IPT Perris DC-TPM 36726, December 2016.

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Hydrology Exhibits

NANCE STREET SITE WORTH MEBSTER ANENGE WEST MARKHAM STREET WICHNITY MAP

POST-DEVELOPED HYDROLOGY EXHIBIT PHELAN PERRIS PLN NO. TBD

OWNER/APPLICANT

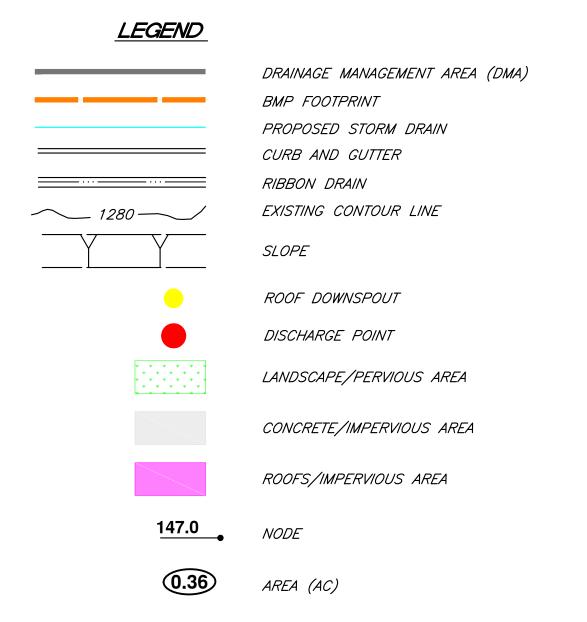
PHELAN DEVELOPMENT COMPANY 450 NEWPORT CENTER DRIVE, SUITE 405 NEWPORT BEACH, CA 92660

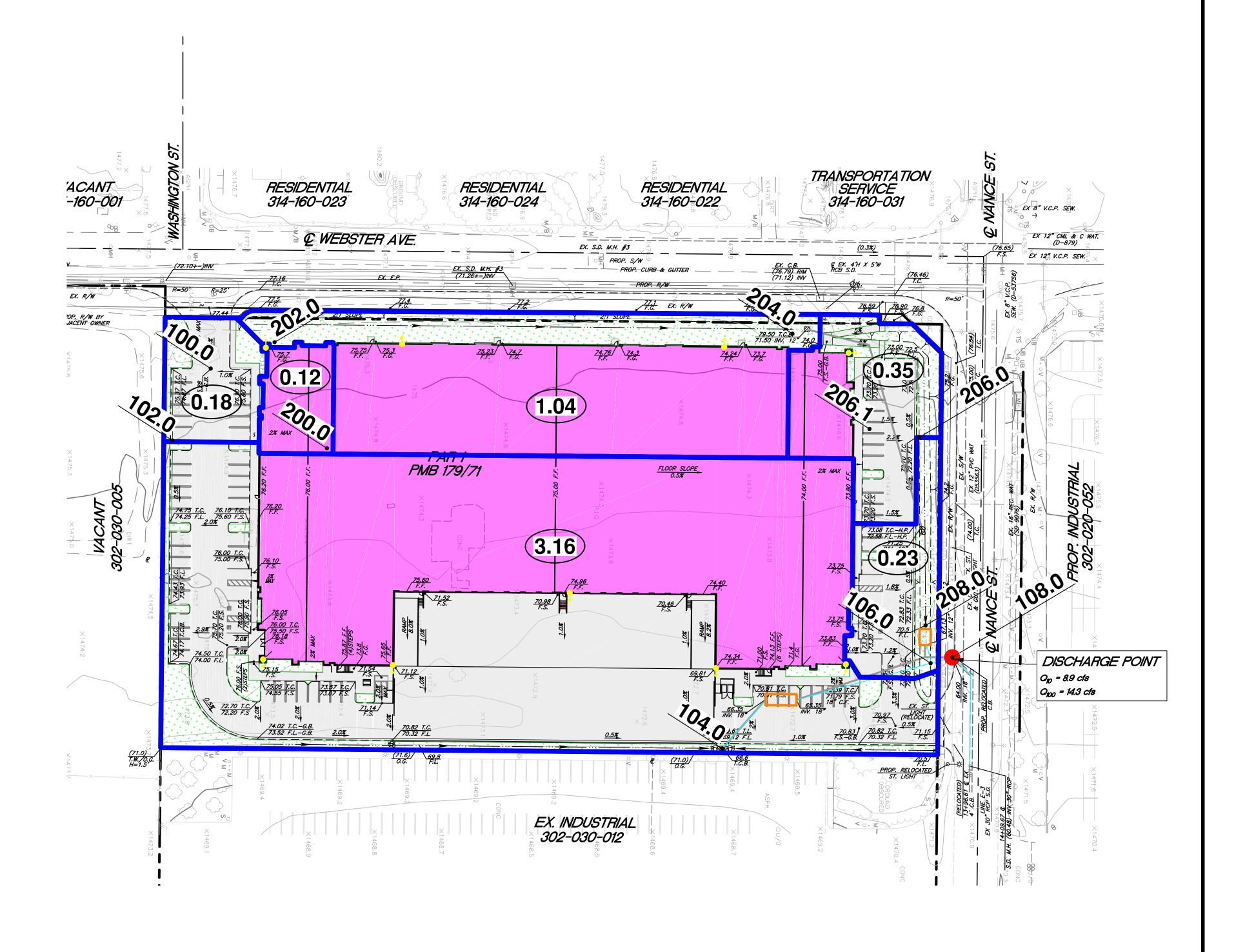
CIVIL ENGINEER

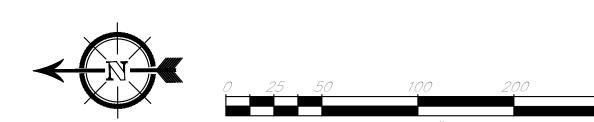
SDH & ASSOCIATES 14060 MERIDIAN PARKWAY RIVERSIDE, CA 92518 (951) 683–3691

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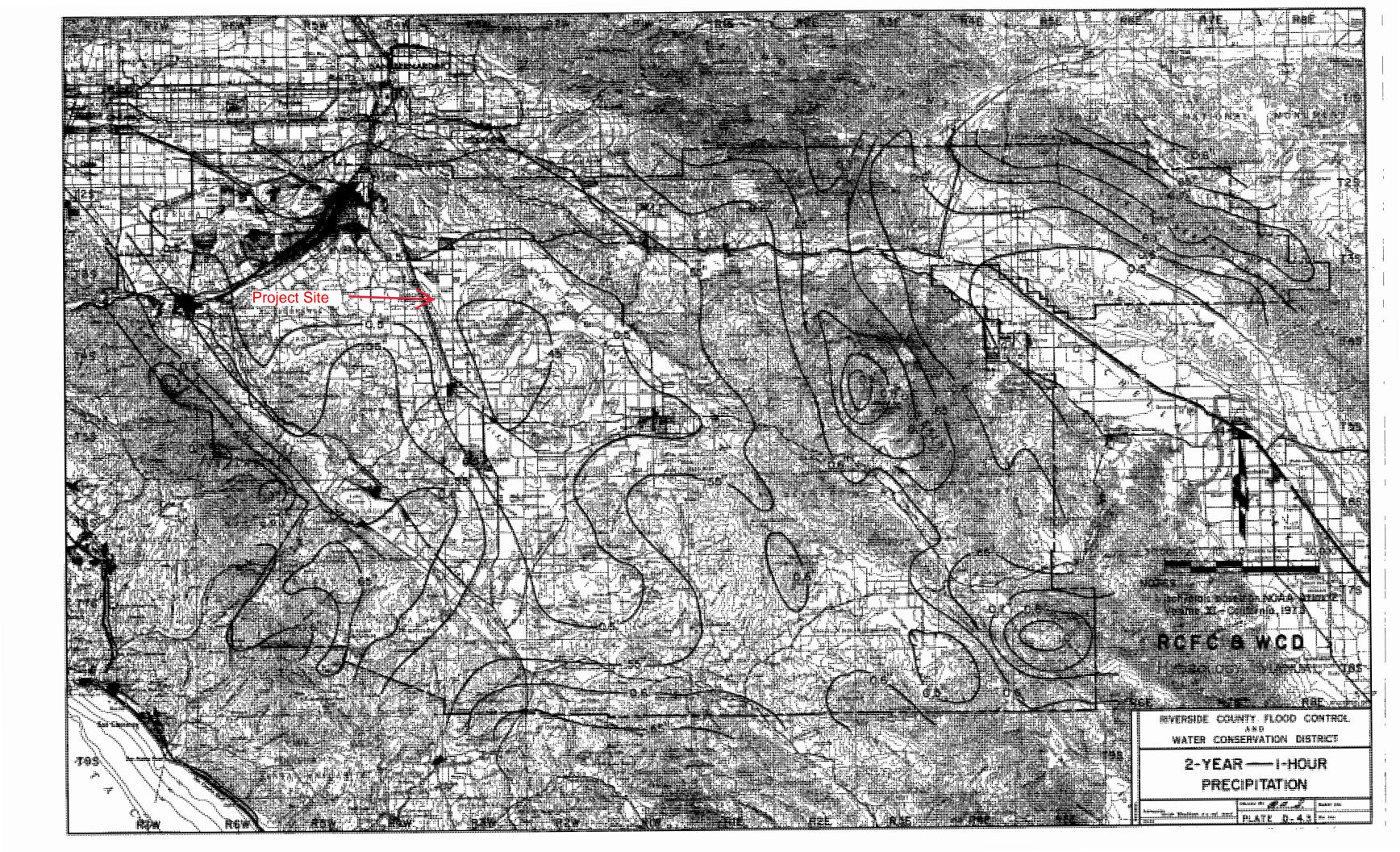


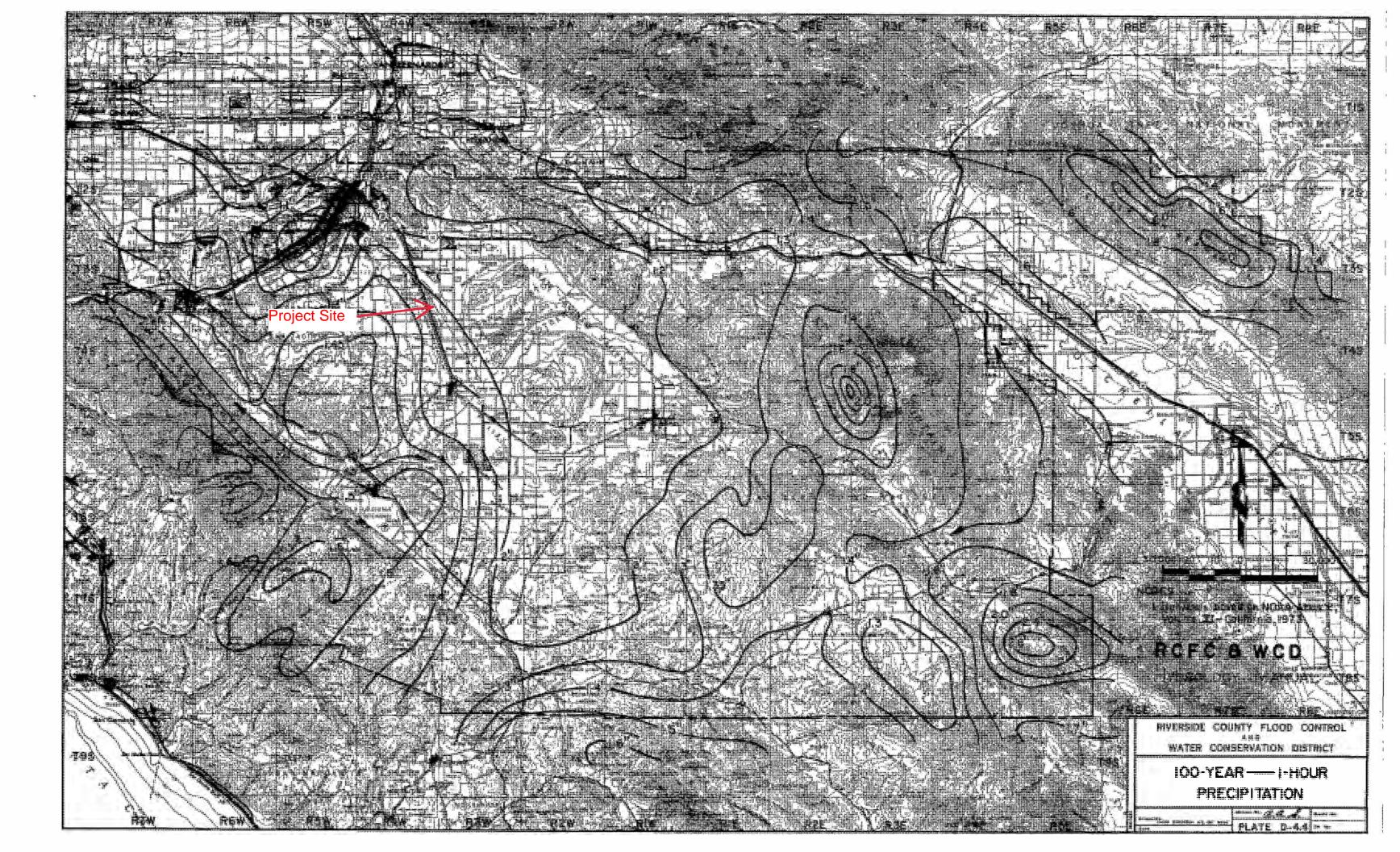


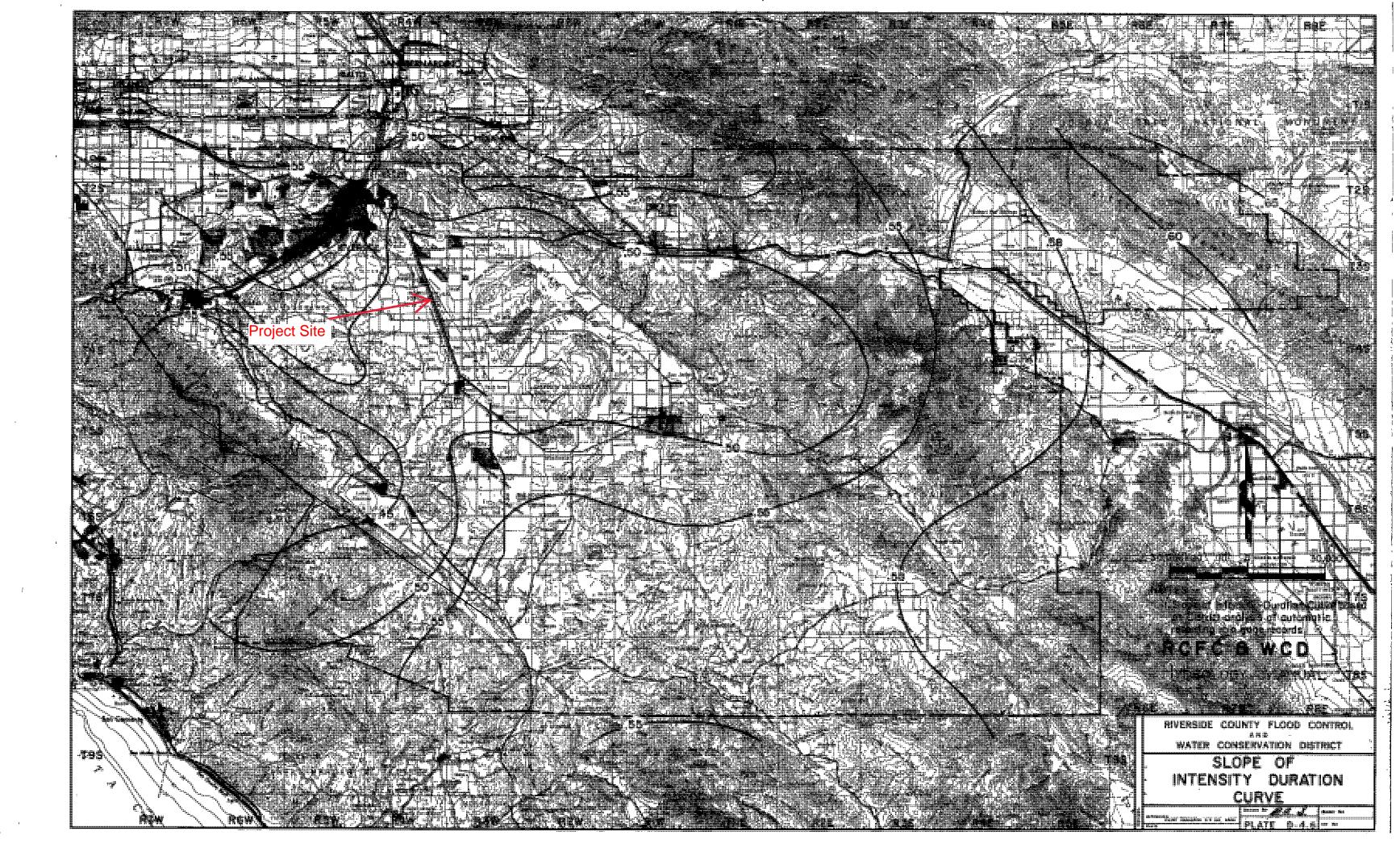
CITY OF PERRIS

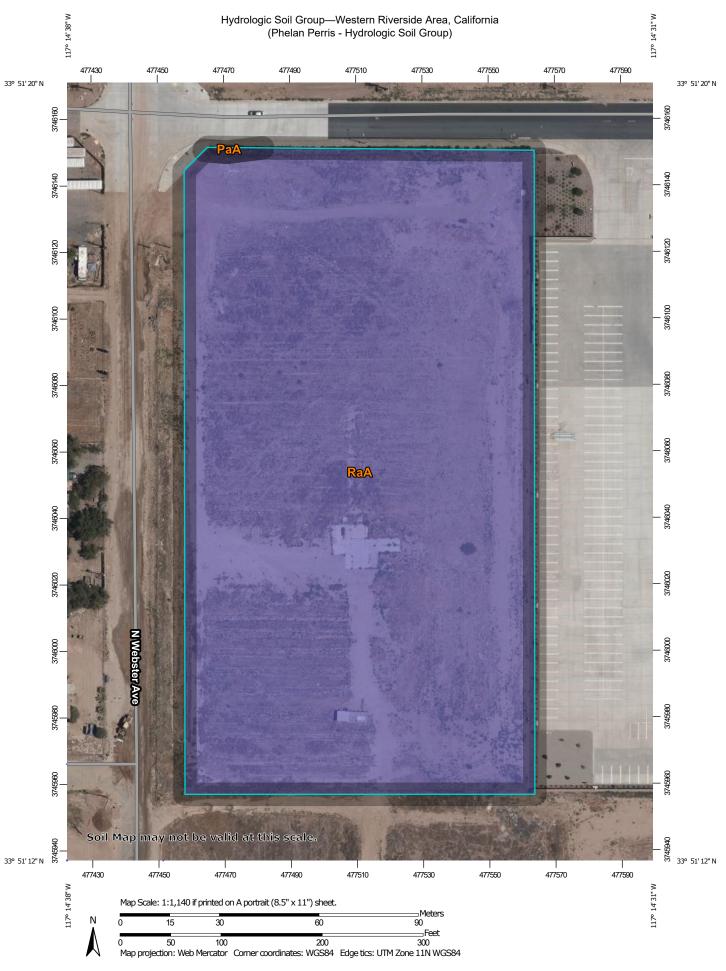
HYDROLOGY EXHIBIT PHELAN PERRIS PLN NO. TBD **1** OF **1** SHEETS

Hydrologic Parameters









MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at Area of Interest (AOI) С 1:15.800. Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Soils Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. D **Soil Rating Polygons** Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause Not rated or not available Α misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil **Water Features** line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of A/D Streams and Canals contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed Transportation B/D Rails ---Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Interstate Highways C/D Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service **US Routes** Web Soil Survey URL: D Major Roads Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Not rated or not available -Local Roads Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Soil Rating Lines Background distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Aerial Photography Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: Western Riverside Area, California Survey Area Data: Version 13, May 27, 2020 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger. Not rated or not available Date(s) aerial images were photographed: May 25, 2019—Jun 25. 2019 **Soil Rating Points** The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background A/D imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident. B/D

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI		
PaA	Pachappa fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	В	0.0	0.1%		
RaA	Ramona sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, MLRA 19	В	5.1	99.9%		
Totals for Area of Interest			5.1	100.0%		

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

AES Rational Method Output

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT (RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

(c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) (Rational Tabling Version 23.0)

Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1532

Analysis prepared by:

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******************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ***************
* PHELAN PERRIS
* RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY
* 10-YEAR STORM
****************************
 FILE NAME: PP 10.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:02 09/25/2020
    ______
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 10.00
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 12.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
 2-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION(INCH) = 0.500
 100-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION(INCH) = 1.300
 COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA:
 STORM EVENT =
              10.00
                      1-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =
 SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.5000
 RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
 NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL
      AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES
 *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
    HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
    WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP
                                                     HIKE FACTOR
                   SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT)
NO.
     (FT)
            (FT)
         === ====
                   0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
     30.0
            20.0
 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
   1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
      as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
   2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
```

```
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
```

```
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE
                                     102.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 22
______
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
______
       ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
       DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
 USER SPECIFIED Tc(MIN.) = 5.000
   10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.901
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8880
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.46
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.18 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                0.46
*********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 104.00 IS CODE = 62
 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED)<<<<<
______
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 74.55 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 69.12
 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 656.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0
 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) =
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
   **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                             3.38
   STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
   STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.38
   HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 12.23
   AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.21
   PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) =
                                      0.84
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.94 Tc(MIN.) =
                                              9.94
   10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.057
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8840
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 3.16 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.75
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.3
                                PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                       6.21
 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.45 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 15.90
```

```
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.53 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.13
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE
                                   104.00 = 19156.00 FEET.
**********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 104.00 TO NODE 106.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 66.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 64.75
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 113.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.9 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.24
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 6.21
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.26 Tc(MIN.) =
                                   10.20
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE
                                   106.00 = 19269.00 FEET.
************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 106.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 10.20
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.03
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.34
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 6.21
*********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE
                                202.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 22
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
______
      ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
      DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
 USER SPECIFIED Tc(MIN.) = 5.000
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.901
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8880
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.31
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.12
                   0.12 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
*********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 204.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) << <<
______
```

```
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 75.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 74.00
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 425.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0040
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =
   10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.946
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8833
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.22
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.16
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.59 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 6.11
 Tc(MIN.) =
           11.11
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.04 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.79
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.2 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.10
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.73 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.32
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 204.00 = 538.00 FEET.
***********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 204.00 TO NODE 206.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) << <<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 72.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 71.25
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 80.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.9 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.51
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 2.10
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.30 Tc(MIN.) = 11.41
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 206.00 = 618.00 FEET.
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 206.10 TO NODE 206.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
   10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.920
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8831
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.35 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.59
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.5 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.69
 TC(MIN.) = 11.41
******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 206.00 TO NODE
                                  208.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 51
    ......
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
```

```
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 70.82 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 32.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0100
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 8.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =
   10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.891
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8829
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.88
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.23 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =
 Tc(MIN.) =
          11.76
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.23 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.38
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.7
                              PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.07
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.23 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.55
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 208.00 =
                                              650.00 FEET.
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 208.00 TO NODE 106.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) << <<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                            67.13 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 64.75
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 15.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 12.000
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 3.8 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 14.18
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                 3.07
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.02 Tc(MIN.) = 11.78
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE
                                     106.00 = 665.00 FEET.
*********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE
                                 106.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 1
______
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.78
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.89
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.74
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.07
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
 STREAM
         RUNOFF
                Tc INTENSITY
                                     AREA
```

```
NUMBER
          (CFS)
                 (MIN.)
                         (INCH/HOUR)
                                    (ACRE)
           6.21
                           2.031
    1
                 10.20
                                      3.34
    2
           3.07
                 11.78
                           1.890
                                      1.74
IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED
 ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA
 WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW.
 ******************************
 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
 STREAM
         RUNOFF
                  Tc
                         INTENSITY
 NUMBER
          (CFS)
                 (MIN.)
                        (INCH/HOUR)
    1
           8.87
                 10.20
                          2.031
    2
           8.85
                 11.78
                          1.890
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                     8.87
                            Tc(MIN.) =
                                     10.20
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      5.1
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                       100.00 TO NODE
                                     106.00 = 19269.00 FEET.
***********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                     106.00 TO NODE
                                  108.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                            64.75 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =
                  17.00
                        MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.64
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00
                                 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                  8.87
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.04
                           Tc(MIN.) =
                                     10.24
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                        100.00 TO NODE
                                     108.00 =
                                             19286.00 FEET.
______
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES)
                         5.1 TC(MIN.) =
                                        10.24
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)
______
______
```

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT (RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

(c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) (Rational Tabling Version 23.0)

Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1532

Analysis prepared by:

```
******************* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY ***************
* PHELAN PERRIS
* RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY
* 100-YEAR STORM
****************************
 FILE NAME: PP 100.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:11 09/25/2020
    ______
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 12.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95
 2-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION(INCH) = 0.500
 100-YEAR, 1-HOUR PRECIPITATION(INCH) = 1.300
 COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA:
 STORM EVENT = 100.00
                      1-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =
 SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.5000
 RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
 NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL
      AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES
 *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
    HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
    WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP
                                                     HIKE FACTOR
                   SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT)
NO.
     (FT)
            (FT)
         === ====
                   0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
     30.0
            20.0
 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
   1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
      as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
   2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
```

```
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
```

```
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE
                                     102.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 22
______
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
______
       ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
       DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
 USER SPECIFIED Tc(MIN.) = 5.000
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.503
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8919
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
                       0.72
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.18 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                                0.72
**********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 104.00 IS CODE = 62
 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED)<<<<<
______
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 74.55 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 69.12
 STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 656.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 8.0
 STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 30.00
 DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 20.00
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018
 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) =
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200
   **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
   STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
   STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.43
   HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 14.96
   AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.46
   PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) =
                                      1.06
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.44 Tc(MIN.) =
                                              9.44
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.277
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8893
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 3.16 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.3
                                PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                       9.93
 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.51 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 19.26
```

```
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.83 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.43
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE
                                   104.00 = 19156.00 FEET.
**********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 104.00 TO NODE 106.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 66.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 64.75
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 113.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.7 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.15
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 9.93
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.23 Tc(MIN.) =
                                   9.68
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE
                                   106.00 = 19269.00 FEET.
************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 106.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.68
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.24
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.34
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE
                                202.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 22
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
______
      ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
      DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
 USER SPECIFIED Tc(MIN.) = 5.000
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.503
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8919
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.48
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.12
                   0.12 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
*********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 204.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) << <<
______
```

```
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 75.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 74.00
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 425.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0040
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.116
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8888
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.95
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.30
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.71 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 5.44
 Tc(MIN.) =
           10.44
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.04 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.88 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.2 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.36
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.87 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.49
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 204.00 = 538.00 FEET.
***********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 204.00 TO NODE 206.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) << <<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 72.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 71.25
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 80.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.8 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.88
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.36
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.27 Tc(MIN.) = 10.72
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 206.00 = 618.00 FEET.
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 206.10 TO NODE 206.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.076
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8886
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.35 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.96
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.5 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.32
 TC(MIN.) = 10.72
******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 206.00 TO NODE
                                  208.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 51
    ......
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
```

```
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 70.82 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 32.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0100
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 8.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.034
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8885
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 4.63
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.30
 Tc(MIN.) = 11.02
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.23 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.62
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.7
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.94
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.31 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.85
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 208.00 =
                                              650.00 FEET.
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 208.00 TO NODE 106.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) << <<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                            67.13 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 64.75
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 15.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 12.000
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 5.0 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 16.15
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
                 4.94
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.02 Tc(MIN.) = 11.03
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 106.00 = 665.00 FEET.
*********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE
                                 106.00 IS CODE = 1
______
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.03
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.03
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.74
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 4.94
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
 STREAM
         RUNOFF
               Tc INTENSITY
                                     AREA
```

```
NUMBER
          (CFS)
                  (MIN.)
                         (INCH/HOUR)
                                    (ACRE)
    1
           9.93
                  9.68
                           3.237
                                      3.34
    2
           4.94
                 11.03
                           3.032
                                      1.74
IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED
 ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA
 WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW.
 ****************************
 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
 STREAM
         RUNOFF
                  Tc
                         INTENSITY
 NUMBER
          (CFS)
                 (MIN.)
                        (INCH/HOUR)
    1
          14.26
                 9.68
                          3.237
    2
          14.24
                 11.03
                          3.032
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                    14.26
                            Tc(MIN.) =
                                      9.68
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      5.1
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                       100.00 TO NODE
                                     106.00 = 19269.00 FEET.
***********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                     106.00 TO NODE
                                  108.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                            64.75 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =
                  17.00
                        MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.7 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.57
                                 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                  14.26
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03
                           Tc(MIN.) =
                                      9.71
                        100.00 TO NODE
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                                      108.00 =
                                             19286.00 FEET.
______
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES)
                         5.1 TC(MIN.) =
                                        9.71
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)
______
______
```

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

Hydraulic Calculations

Inlet Report

Local Depr (in)

Gutter Width (ft)

Gutter Slope (%)

Gutter n-value

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Monday, Sep 28 2020

Inlet 1 (Node 104.00)

Drop Grate Inlet		
Location	= Sag	
Curb Length (ft)	= -0-	
Throat Height (in)	= -0-	
Grate Area (sqft)	= 8.00	
Grate Width (ft)	= 4.00	
Grate Length (ft)	= 4.00	
Gutter		
Slope, Sw (ft/ft)	= 0.020	
Slope, Sx (ft/ft)	= 0.020	

= -0-

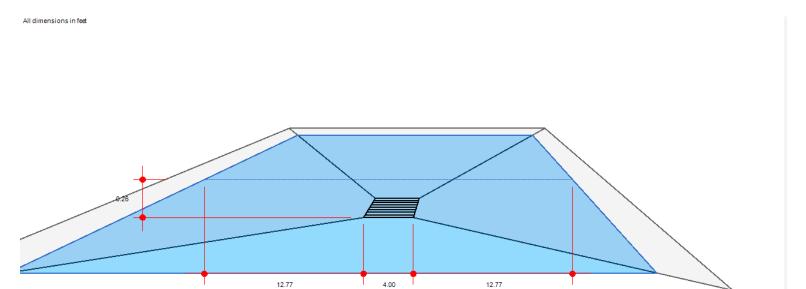
= -0-

= -0-

= 4.00

Compute by: Q (cfs)	Known Q = 6.20
Highlighted	
Q Total (cfs)	= 6.20
Q Capt (cfs)	= 6.20
Q Bypass (cfs)	= -0-
Depth at Inlet (in)	= 3.06
Efficiency (%)	= 100
Gutter Spread (ft)	= 29.54
Gutter Vel (ft/s)	= -0-
Bypass Spread (ft)	= -0-
Bypass Depth (in)	= -0-

Calculations



Inlet Report

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Monday, Sep 28 2020

Inlet 2 (Node 204.00)

Drop Grate Inlet	
Location	= Sag
Curb Length (ft)	= -0-
Throat Height (in)	= -0-
Grate Area (sqft)	= 2.00
Grate Width (ft)	= 2.00
Grate Length (ft)	= 2.00
5 , ,	
O44	

Gutter

Outto.	
Slope, Sw (ft/ft)	= 0.020
Slope, Sx (ft/ft)	= 0.020
Local Depr (in)	= -0-
Gutter Width (ft)	= 2.00
Gutter Slope (%)	= -0-
Gutter n-value	= -0-

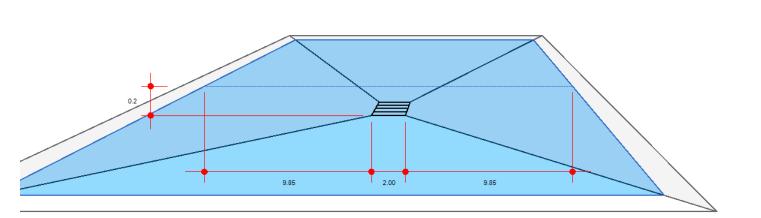
Calculations

Compute by:	Known Q
Q (cfs)	= 2.10

Highlighted

Q Total (cfs)	= 2.10
Q Capt (cfs)	= 2.10
Q Bypass (cfs)	= -0-
Depth at Inlet (in)	= 2.36
Efficiency (%)	= 100
Gutter Spread (ft)	= 21.69
Gutter Vel (ft/s)	= -0-
Bypass Spread (ft)	= -0-
Bypass Depth (in)	= -0-

All dimensions in feet



FEMA NFHL Firmette

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



Legend SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR SPECIAL FLOOD **HAZARD AREAS** Regulatory Floodway 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X **Future Conditions 1% Annual** Chance Flood Hazard Zone X Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes. Zone X OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X Effective LOMRs OTHER AREAS Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D - - - Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer **GENERAL** STRUCTURES | LILLIL Levee, Dike, or Floodwall 20.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance 17.5 Water Surface Elevation **Coastal Transect** ₩ 513 W Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE) Limit of Study Jurisdiction Boundary **Coastal Transect Baseline** OTHER **Profile Baseline FEATURES** Hydrographic Feature Digital Data Available No Digital Data Available

MAP PANELS

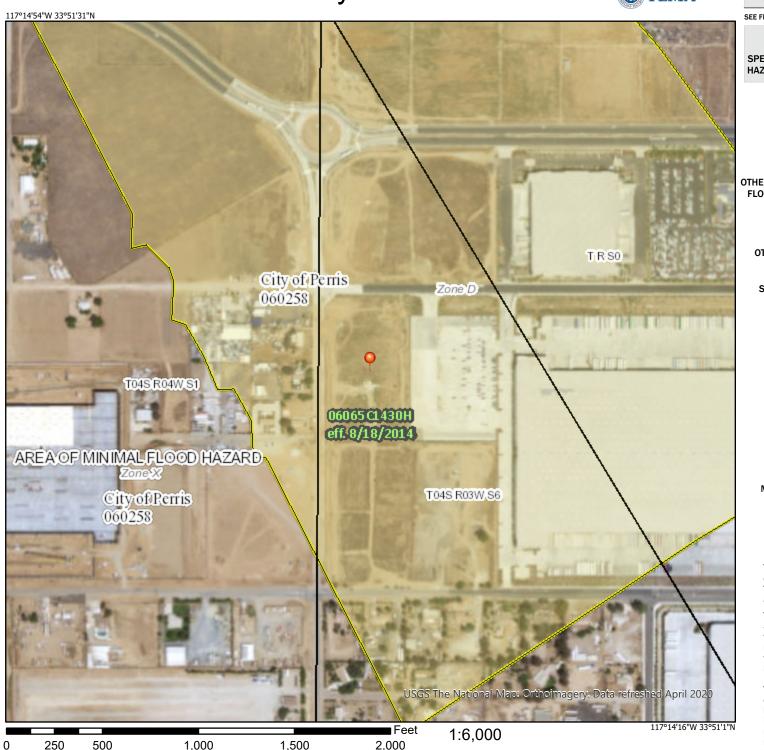
Unmapped

The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 9/25/2020 at 4:30 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.



Referenced Documents

STREET NOTES

- IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER/OWNER CONTRACTOR TO APPLY TO THE CITY OF PERRIS ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT, PERMIT SECTION, FOR AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT FOR ALL WORK PERFORMED WITHIN PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY, DEDICATED AND ACCEPTED FOR PUBLIC USE; AND TO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SATISFACTORY COMPLIANCE FOR ALL CURRENT ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS DURING THE LIFE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES FOR THIS PROJECT, ADDITIONAL STUDIES AND/OR PERMITS MAY BE REQUIRED.
- THE CONTRACTOR/DEVELOPER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CLEARING OF THE WORK AREA, AND RELOCATION COSTS OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES. THIS INCLUDES UNDERGROUNDING OF EXISTING OVERHEAD LINES ALONG THE PROJECT FRONTAGE AS REQUIRED BY THE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL PERMITEE MUST INFORM CITY OF CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO BEGINNING PHONE: (951) 943-6504.
- THE DEVELOPER WILL INSTALL STREET NAME SIGNS CONFORMING TO COUNTY STANDARD NO. 816 OR AS APPROVED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.
- ALL WORK SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT IMPROVEMENT STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. LATEST EDITION, COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. 461 AND SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENTS, CITY OF PERRIS STANDARDS AND AS APPROVED BY THE CITY ENGINEER AND COMPLY TO ADA REQUIREMENTS.
- IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER TO NOTIFY THE ENGINEER TO INSTALL STREET CENTERLINE MONUMENTS AS REQUIRED BY RIVERSIDE COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. 461 (TRACTS AND PARCEL MAPS ONLY). ALL EXISTING SURVEY MONUMENTS SHALL BE PROTECTED IN PLACE OR RELOCATED BY A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL SURVEYOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- ALL UNDERGROUND FACILITIES, WITH LATERALS, SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO PAVING THE STREET. INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE FOLLOWING: SEWER, WATER, ELECTRIC, GAS, STORM DRAINS.
- CURB DEPRESSIONS AND DRIVEWAY APPROACHES WILL BE INSTALLED AND CONSTRUCTED ACCORDING TO COUNTY STANDARD NO. 207A, AS DIRECTED IN THE FIELD AND AS APPROVED BY THE CITY
- IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER OR CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL AND MAINTAIN ALL CONSTRUCTION, REGULATORY, GUIDE AND WARNING SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS AND ITS SURROUNDINGS TO PROVIDE SAFE PASSAGE FOR THE TRAVELING PUBLIC AND WORKERS UNTIL THE FINAL COMPLETION AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE PROJECT BY THE CITY. A TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MUST BE SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW TO THE PERMITS SECTION OR INSPECTION SECTION PRIOR TO OBTAINING
- ALL STREET SECTIONS ARE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS. ADDITIONAL SOIL TESTS SHALL BE TAKEN AFTER ROUGH GRADING TO DETERMINE THE RECOMMENDED STREET SECTION REQUIREMENTS. USE COUNTY STD. NO. 401 IF EXPANSIVE SOILS ARE ENCOUNTERED.
- 10. ASPHALTIC EMULSION (FOG SEAL) SHALL BE APPLIED NOT LESS THAN FOURTEEN DAYS FOLLOWING PLACEMENT OF THE ASPHALT SURFACING, FOG SEAL AND PAINT BINDER SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 0.05 AND 0.03 GALLON PER SQUARE YARD RESPECTIVELY. ASPHALTIC EMULSION SHALL CONFORM TO SECTION 37, 39 AND 94 OF THE STATE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.
- 11. INSTALL STREET TREES IN ACCORDANCE WITH ORDINANCE NO. 461 AND THE COMPREHENSIVE LANDSCAPING GUIDELINES.
- 12. STREET LIGHTS SHALL BE INSTALLED PER RIVERSIDE COUNTY STANDARDS / SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON REQUIREMENTS AND AS APPROVED BY THE CITY ENGINEER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
- 13. AS DETERMINED BY THE CITY ENGINEER, THE DEVELOPER IS RESPONSIBLE AT A MINIMUM FOR ROAD IMPROVEMENTS TO CENTERLINE, AND MAY BE REQUIRED TO RECONSTRUCT EXISTING PAVEMENT, INCLUDING BASE, AND MATCHING OVERLAY REQUIRED TO MEET THE STRUCTURAL STANDARDS FOR THE CURRENT ASSIGNED TRAFFIC INDEX PER ENGINEERING CONDITION OF APPROVAL.
- 14. ANY PRIVATE DRAINAGE FACILITIES SHOWN ON THESE PLANS ARE FOR INFORMATION ONLY, BY SIGNING THESE IMPROVEMENT PLANS. NO REVIEW OR APPROVAL OF THOSE PRIVATE FACILITIES IS IMPLIED OR INTENDED BY THE CITY OF PERRIS ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT.
- 15. CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS MUST OBTAIN A NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT. OWNERS/DEVELOPERS ARE REQUIRED TO FILE A NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) WITH THE STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD (SWRCB), PREPARE A STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) AND MONITORING PLAN FOR THE SITE.

PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION, THE DEVELOPER SHALL PROVIDE THE CITY A COPY OF THE NOI WITH A VALID WDID NUMBER.

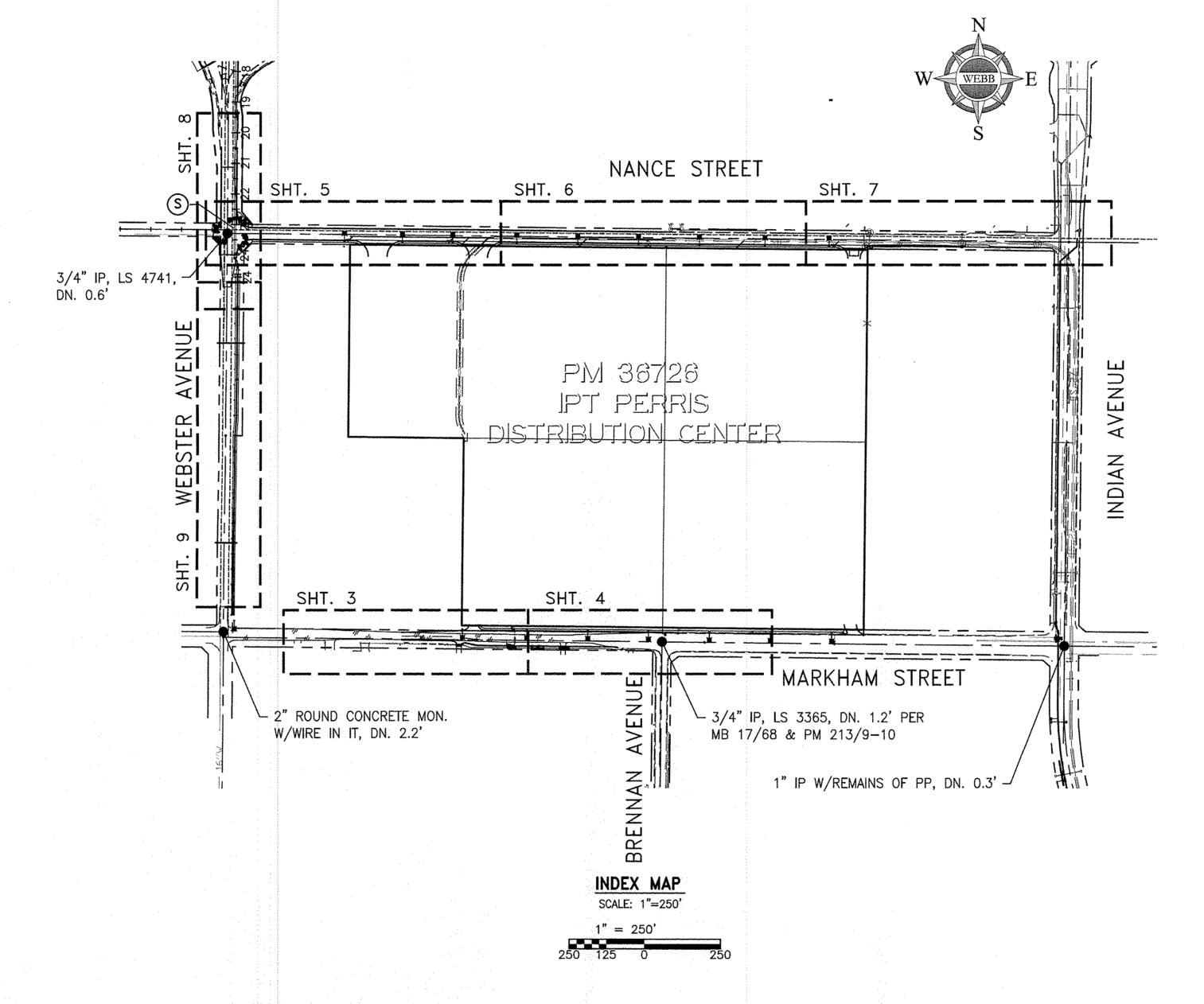
- 16. THE DEVELOPER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INSTALLATION OF ADDITIONAL SIGNS AND MARKINGS NOT INCLUDED IN THE SIGNING AND STRIPING PLAN WITHIN THE PROJECT AREAS, OR ON ROADWAYS ADJACENT TO THE PROJECT BOUNDARIES, UPON THE REQUEST OF THE CITY ENGINEER OR HIS DESIGNEE TO IMPROVE TRAFFIC SAFETY ON THE ROADS UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE DEVELOPER.
- 17. EXISTING STORM DRAIN PIPES / CULVERTS (WHETHER TO BE CONNECTED TO, EXTENDED, ADJUSTED, DRAINED TO, OR JUST IN THE PROJECT VICINITY) MUST BE REPAIRED, AND/OR CLEANED TO MAKE THEM FUNCTIONAL AND ACCEPTABLE APPROVED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.
- 18. FOR ALL DRIVEWAY RECONSTRUCTION BEYOND RIGHT-OF-WAY, PROOF OF DRIVEWAY OWNER NOTIFICATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 19. IN THE EVENT OF ANY DAMAGE TO ADJACENT STREETS CAUSED BY THE CONSTRUCTION, CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE AND REPLACE DAMAGES AS DIRECTED BY CITY ENGINEER.
- 20. PAVEMENT REPAIR AND RESTORATION SUCH AS 0.15 GRIND AND OVERLAY SHALL BE DONE PER CITY STANDARDS OR AS APPROVED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.
- 21. TRAFFIC CONTROL SHALL BE SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW BY THE CITY ENGINEER. TRAFFIC CONTROL SHALL BE SIGNED BY CIVIL OR TRAFFIC ENGINEER AND SHALL BE INSPECTED ONSITE BY PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO MAKE SURE SIGNS ARE ADEQUATE AND PROMOTE PUBLIC SAFETY.
- 22. WORKING HOURS SHALL BE LIMITED FROM 7:00 AM TO 6:00 PM MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY. ANY SCHEDULED WORK ON WEEKENDS AND HOLIDAYS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE CITY ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL. OVERTIME INSPECTION SHALL BE AT THE CONTRACTORS EXPENSE.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

CONTRACTOR AGREES THAT HE SHALL ASSUME COMPLETE AND SOLE RESPONSIBILITY FOR JOB SITE CONDITIONS DURING THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDING SAFETY OF ALL PERSONS AND PROPERTY; THAT THIS REQUIREMENT SHALL CONTINUOUSLY AND NOT BE

LIMITED TO NORMAL WORKING HOURS; AND THAT THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DEFEND, INDEMNIFY AND HOLD THE OWNER AND ENGINEER HARMLESS FROM ANY AND ALL LIABILITY, REAL OR ALLEGED, IN CONNECTION WITH THE PERFORMANCE OF WORK ON THIS PROJECT, EXCEPTING FROM LIABILITY ARISING FROM THE SOLE NEGLIGENCE OF THE OWNER OR ENGINEER.

STREET IMPROVEMENT PLANS CITY OF PERRIS DPR # 14-02-0014 PM. 36726



BASIS OF BEARINGS

THE BASIS OF BEARINGS FOR THIS SURVEY IS BASED ON THE CALIFORNIA COORDINATE SYSTEM (CCS83), ZONE V, NAD 83 (2010.00 EPOCH) AS DETERMINED LOCALLY BY A LINE BETWEEN "AJ1911" AND "AJ1887" BEING NORTH 53'20'18" WEST AS DERIVED FROM COORDINATES PUBLISHED BY NATIONAL GEODETIC SURVEY(NGS).

LONGITUDE NORTHING EASTING LATITUDE 2248987.06 6278618.65 33°50'08.60372"N 117°10'55.47115"W

2279468.20 6237668.05 33°55'24080"N 117'19'04.60176"W

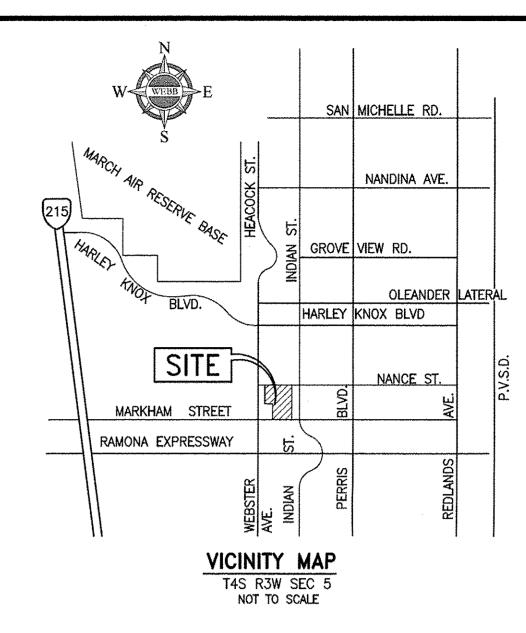
UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ALL BEARINGS AND DISTANCES ARE GROUND. TO OBTAIN GRID DISTANCES MULTIPLY GROUND DISTANCES BY 0.99999946.

UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES

ALL UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES OR UTILITIES REPORTED BY THE OWNER OR OTHERS AND THOSE SHOWN ON THE RECORDS EXAMINED ARE INDICATED WITH THEIR APPROXIMATE LOCATION AND EXTENT.

THE OWNER, BY ACCEPTING THESE PLANS OR PROCEEDING WITH THE IMPROVEMENTS PURSUANT THERETO AGREES TO ASSUME LIABILITY AND TO HOLD THE UNDERSIGNED HARMLESS FOR ANY DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE EXISTENCE OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES OR STRUCTURES NOT REPORTED TO THE UNDERSIGNED, NOT INDICATED ON THE PUBLIC RECORDS EXAMINED, OR LOCATED AT VARIANCE WITH THAT REPORTED OR SHOWN ON THE RECORDS EXAMINED.

THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO TAKE DUE PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES TO PROTECT THE UTILITIES OR STRUCTURES SHOWN AND ANY OTHER UTILITIES OR STRUCTURES FOUND AT THE SITE. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO NOTIFY THE OWNERS OF THE UTILITIES OR STRUCTURES CONCERNED BEFORE STARTING WORK.



LEGEND:

CONSTRUCT 0.54' A.C. OVER 1.00' CLASS 2 BASE

GRIND AND A.C. OVERLAY

CONSTRUCT 0.67' PCC CONCRETE OVER 1.33' CLASS 2 BASE

CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK EXISTING ELEVATION

EXISTING CONTOURS PROPOSED STREET LIGHT

ASPHALT CONCRETE MINIMUM ANGLE POINT MANHOLE BEGIN CURVE MIDDLE OF VERTICAL CURVE BEGIN CURB RETURN PULLBOX BEGIN VERTICAL CURVE POINT OF INTERSECTION CURB FACE POWER POLE PROPOSED CURB & GUTTER PVI POINT OF VERTICAL INTERSECTION

END OF CURVE RIGHT OF WAY END CURB RETURN STORM DRAIN ELECTRIC STATION END VERTIVAL CURVE SIDEWALK EDGE OF PAVEMENT TOP OF CURB EXISTING TOP OF DIKE FINISHED GRADE TELEPHONE FIRE HYDRANT TOP OF GRADE TRANSITION FINISH SURFACE TYP TYPICAL GRADE BREAK VERTICAL CURVE MAXIMUM WATER METER

UTILITIES:

EASTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT

PHONE: (909) 820-3713

EASTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT PHONE: (909) 820-2525

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON COMPANY

PHONE: (800) 655-4555

TELEPHONE: VERIZON CALIFORNIA INC PHONE: (800) 837-4966

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS COMPANY PHONE: (800) 427-2200

SHEET INDEX

TITLE SHEET DETAILS & SECTIONS PLAN & PROFILE - MARKHAM STREET PLAN & PROFILE - NANCE STREET PLAN & PROFILE - WEBSTER AVENUE PLAN & SECTIONS - WEBSTER AVENUE SHEET 10-12 PLAN & PROFILE - STORM DRAIN

SHEET 13-16 X-SECTIONS

WDID: 8 33C375426

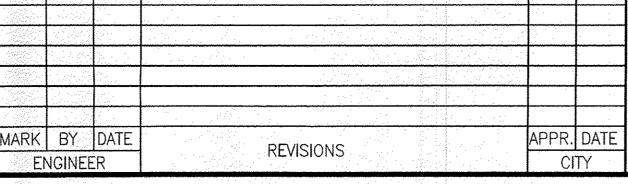


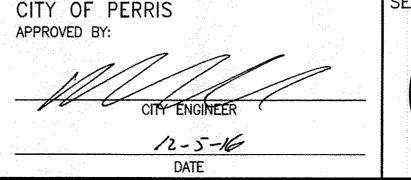
A PUBLIC SERVICE BY

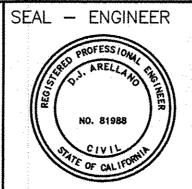
UNDERGROUND SERVICE ALERT

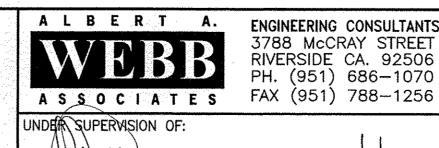
WORK CONTAINED WITHIN THESE PLANS SHALL NOT COMMENCE UNTIL AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT AND/OR A GRADING PERMIT HAS BEEN ISSUED

THE PRIVATE ENGINEER SIGNING THESE PLANS IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSURING THE ACCURACY AND ACCEPTABILITY OF THE DESIGN HEREON THE EVENT OF DISCREPANCIES ARISING AFTER CITY APPROVAL OR DURING CONSTRUCTION, THE PRIVATE ENGINEER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING AN ACCEPTABLE SOLUTION AND REVISING THE PLANS FOR APPROVAL BY THE CITY.









ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS 3788 McCRAY STREET RIVERSIDE CA. 92506 PH. (951) 686-1070

R.C.E. NO. 81988

BENCHMARK: USC & GS BENCHMARKS: NGS PID DX2725 ELEV. = 1535.16, (NAVD 88)

H: 1"=250' V: N/A

CITY OF PERRIS TITLE SHEET

SHEET NO. PARCEL MAP 36726 IPT PERRIS DC-TPM 36726 STREET IMPROVEMENT PLANS OF 16 SHEETS CITY FILE NO.

2015-0347

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