# Mango \& South Highland Residential 

Traffic Study
City of Fontana

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## LIST OF ABBREVIATED TERMS

(1)

ADT
CA MUTCD
Caltrans
CEQA
CMP
DIF
HCM
ITE
LOS
NCHRP
OD
OPR

## PHF

Project
RCTC
RTA
SB 743
SBTAM
SHS
TA
TAZ
TPA
V/C
VMT

## Reference

Average Daily Traffic
California Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices
California Department of Transportation
California Environmental Quality Act
Congestion Management Program
Development Impact Fee
Highway Capacity Manual
Institute of Transportation Engineers
Level of Service
National Cooperative Highway Research Program
Origination-Destination
Office of Planning and Research
Peak Hour Factor
Mango \& South Highland Residential
Riverside County Transportation Commission
Riverside Transit Agency
Senate Bill 743
San Bernardino Transportation Analysis Model
State Highway System
Traffic Analysis
Traffic Analysis Zone
Transit Priority Area
Volume to Capacity
Vehicle Miles Traveled

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## 1 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of the Traffic Analysis (TA) for the proposed Mango \& South Highland Residential development ("Project"), which is located on the southwest corner of Mango Avenue and S. Highland Avenue in the City of Fontana, as shown on Exhibit 1-1.

The purpose of this TA is to evaluate the potential deficiencies related to traffic, identify circulation system deficiencies that may result from the development of the proposed Project, and to recommend improvements to resolve identified deficiencies in order to achieve acceptable operational conditions at study area intersections and ensure consistency with the City's General Plan. This TA has been prepared in accordance with the City of Fontana's Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) Guidelines for Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) and Level of Service Assessment (October 21, 2020) and through consultation with City of Fontana staff during the scoping process. (1) The Project traffic study scoping agreement is provided in Appendix 1.1 of this TA, which has been approved by the City of Fontana.

### 1.1 Summary of Findings

The Project is to construct the following improvements as design features in conjunction with development of the site:

- Project to construct S. Highland Avenue at its ultimate half-width as a Primary Highway (104-foot right-of-way) from the Project's western boundary to Mango Avenue consistent with the City's standards.
- Project to construct Mango Avenue at its ultimate half-width as a Collector Street ( 68 -foot right-of-way) between S. Highland Avenue and the Project's southern boundary consistent with the City's standards.

Additional details and intersection lane geometrics are provided in Section 1.6 Recommendations of this report. The proposed Project is not anticipated to require the construction of any off-site improvements, however, there are improvement needs identified at off-site intersections for future cumulative traffic study scenarios. As such, the Project Applicant's responsibility for the Project's contributions towards deficient off-site intersections is fulfilled through payment of fair share and/or payment into pre-existing fee programs (if applicable) that would be assigned to the future construction of the identified recommended improvements. The Project Applicant would be required to pay requisite fees and/or fair share contributions consistent with the City's requirements (see Section 7 Local and Regional Funding Mechanisms).

As required by City Guidelines, a project-level vehicle miles traveled (VMT) analysis was conducted consistent with the requirements identified for residential projects. The Project was found to meet the low VMT screening criteria. In addition, the Project is consistent with the adopted General Plan and is consistent with the growth projections assumed in the Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy (RTP/SCS). Therefore, the Project would result in a less than significant impact for VMT; no further VMT analysis required. Detail traffic analysis can be found in Section 8 Vehicle Miles Traveled Analysis of this TS.

## Exhibit 1-1: Location Map



### 1.2 Project Overview

The proposed Project includes the development of 107 multifamily housing (low-rise) dwelling units. The Project is anticipated to have an Opening Year of 2023. A preliminary site plan of the proposed Project is shown on Exhibit 1-2. As indicated on Exhibit 1-2, access to the Project site will be provided to S . Highland Avenue and Mango Avenue. Regional access to the Project site is available from the I-210 Freeway via Sierra Avenue. Exhibit 1-1 depicts the location of the proposed Project in relation to the existing roadway network and the study area intersections.

In order to develop the traffic characteristics of the proposed project, trip-generation statistics published in the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual (10th Edition, 2017) for the Multifamily Housing (Low-Rise) (ITE Land Use Code 220). (2) The Project is anticipated to generate a net total of 784 two-way trips per day with 49 AM peak hour trips and 60 PM peak hour trips. The assumptions and methods used to estimate the Project's trip generation characteristics are discussed in greater detail in Section 4.1 Project Trip Generation of this report.

### 1.3 Analysis Scenarios

For the purposes of this traffic study, potential deficiencies to traffic and circulation have been assessed for each of the following conditions:

- Existing (2021)
- Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Without Project
- Opening Year Cumulative (2023) With Project
- Horizon Year (2040) Without Project
- Horizon Year (2040) With Project


### 1.3.1 Existing (2021) Conditions

Information for Existing (2021) conditions is disclosed to represent the baseline traffic conditions as they existed at the time this report was prepared. Existing traffic counts were adjusted accordingly to reflect a non-COVID baseline for the purposes of this analysis. Additional details are provided in Section 3.5 Existing Traffic Counts.

### 1.3.3 Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Conditions

The Opening Year Cumulative (2023) conditions analysis determines the potential near-term cumulative circulation system deficiencies. To account for background traffic growth, traffic associated with other known cumulative development projects in conjunction with an ambient growth from Existing (2021) conditions of 2.33\% is included for Opening Year Cumulative (2023) traffic conditions. This list of cumulative projects was compiled from information provided by the City of Fontana and is consistent with other recent studies in the study area.

## Exhibit 1-2: Site Map



### 1.3.3 Horizon Year (2040) Conditions

Traffic projections for Horizon Year (2040) with Project conditions were derived from the San Bernardino Transportation Analysis Model (SBTAM) modified to represent buildout of the City of Fontana. The Horizon Year (2040) conditions analysis will be utilized to determine if improvements funded through regional transportation fee programs, such as the County's Development Impact Fee (DIF) program, or other approved funding mechanisms can accommodate the long-range cumulative traffic at the target level of service (LOS) identified by the City of Fontana (lead agency). Other improvements needed beyond the "funded" improvements (such as localized improvements to non-DIF facilities) are identified as such.

### 1.4 Study Area

To ensure that this TA satisfies the City of Fontana's traffic study requirements, Urban Crossroads, Inc. prepared a Project traffic study scoping package for review by City of Fontana staff prior to the preparation of this report. This agreement provides an outline of the Project study area, trip generation, trip distribution, and analysis methodology. The agreement approved by the City of Fontana is included in Appendix 1.1 of this TA.

The 3 study area intersections shown on Exhibit 1-3 and listed in Table 1-1 were selected for evaluation in this TA based on consultation with City of Fontana staff. The study area includes intersections where the Project is anticipated to contribute 50 or more peak hour trips per the City of Fontana's traffic study guidelines. (1) The "50 peak hour trip" criterion represents a minimum number of trips at which a typical intersection would have the potential to be substantively affected by a given development proposal. The 50 peak hour trip criterion is a traffic engineering rule of thumb that is accepted and widely used within San Bernardino County for estimating a potential area of influence (i.e., study area).

The intent of a Congestion Management Program (CMP) is to more directly link land use, transportation, and air quality, thereby prompting reasonable growth management programs that will effectively utilize new transportation funds, alleviate traffic congestion and related deficiencies, and improve air quality. Counties within California have developed CMPs with varying methods and strategies to meet the intent of the CMP legislation.

TABLE 1-1: INTERSECTION ANALYSIS LOCATIONS

| ID | Intersection Location | Jurisdiction | CMP? |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Highland Village Ctr./ Driveway 1 \& Highland Av. | City of Fontana | No |
| 2 | Mango Av. \& Highland Av. | City of Fontana | No |
| 3 | Mango Av. \& Driveway 2/Walnut Grove Ct. | City of Fontana | No |

Exhibit 1-3: Study Area


### 1.5 Deficiencies

This section provides a summary of deficiencies by analysis scenario. Section 2 Methodologies provides information on the methodologies used in the analysis and Section 5 Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Traffic Conditions, and Section 6 Horizon Year (2040) includes the detailed analysis. A summary of LOS results for all analysis scenarios is presented on Table 1-2.

TABLE 1-2: SUMMARY OF LOS

|  | Intersection | Existing |  | 2023 Without <br> Project |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2023 \text { With } \\ & \text { Project } \end{aligned}$ |  | 2040 Without Project |  | 2040 With Project |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | AM | PM | AM | PM | AM | PM | AM | PM | AM | PM |
| 1 | Highland Village Ctr./Driveway 1 \& Highland Al | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 2 | Mango Av. \& Highland AV. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ |
| 3 | Mango Av. \& Driveway 2/Walnut Grove Ct. | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | O | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |

### 1.5.1 Existing (2021) Conditions

The study area intersections are currently operating at an acceptable LOS during the peak hours.

### 1.5.2 Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Conditions

The following study area intersection is anticipated to operate at an unacceptable LOS during the peak hours under Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Without Project:

- Mango Avenue \& Highland Avenue (\#2) - LOS E AM and PM peak hours

There are no additional study area intersections anticipated to operate at an unacceptable LOS with the addition of Project traffic, in addition to the intersection previously identified under Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Without Project traffic conditions.

### 1.5.3 Horizon Year (2040) Conditions

The following study area intersection is anticipated to operate at an unacceptable LOS under Horizon Year (2040) Without Project traffic conditions:

- Mango Avenue \& Highland Avenue (\#2) - LOS F AM and PM peak hours

There are no additional study area intersections anticipated to operate at a deficient LOS during one or both peak hours with the addition of Project traffic, in addition to the locations identified above for Horizon Year (2040) Without Project traffic conditions.

### 1.6 Recommendations

### 1.6.1 Site Adjacent and Site Access Recommendations

The following recommendations are based on the minimum improvements needed to accommodate site access and maintain acceptable peak hour operations. The site adjacent recommendations are shown on Exhibit 1-4.

Recommendation 1 - Highland Village Center/Driveway 1 \& Highland Avenue (\#1) - The following improvements are necessary to accommodate site access:

- Project to install additional signal equipment to accommodate site access to the south.
- Project to construct northbound shared left-through-right turn lane.
- Project to construct a westbound left turn lane with a minimum of 100 -feet of storage.

Recommendation 2 - Mango Avenue \& Driveway 2/Walnut Grove Court (\#3) - The following improvements are necessary to accommodate site access:

- Project to install a stop control on the eastbound approach (Project driveway) and a shared left-through-right turn lane.

Recommendation 3-Highland Avenue is an east-west oriented roadway located on the Project's northern boundary. Project to construct Highland Avenue at its ultimate half-width as a Primary Highway (104-foot right-of-way) from the western Project boundary to Mango Avenue consistent with the City's standards.

Recommendation 4 - Mango Avenue is a north-south oriented roadway located on the Project's eastern boundary. Project to construct Mango Avenue at its ultimate half-width as a Collector Street (68-foot right-of-way) between Highland Avenue and the Project's southern boundary consistent with the City's standards.

On-site traffic signing and striping should be implemented agreeable with the provisions of the California Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (CA MUTCD) and in conjunction with detailed construction plans for the Project site.

Sight distance at each project access point should be reviewed with respect to standard Caltrans and City of Fontana sight distance standards at the time of preparation of final grading, landscape, and street improvement plans.

## Exhibit 1-4: Site Adjacent Roadway and Site Access Recommendations



$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\text { Stop Sign } \\
& =\text { Stop Sign Improvement } \\
& =\text { Existing Lane } \\
100 & =\text { Lane Improvement } \\
100 & =\text { Recommended Turn Pocket Length } \\
& =\text { Minimum Turn Pocket Length }
\end{aligned}
$$

### 1.6.2 Queuing Analysis

A queuing analysis has been performed for the Project driveways and the site adjacent intersection of Mango Avenue and Highland Avenue for Horizon Year (2040) With Project traffic conditions. The traffic modeling and signal timing optimization software package SimTraffic has been utilized to assess the queues. SimTraffic is designed to model networks of signalized and unsignalized intersections, with the primary purpose of checking and fine-tuning signal operations. SimTraffic uses the input parameters from Synchro to generate random simulations. These random simulations generated by SimTraffic have been utilized to determine the $95^{\text {th }}$ percentile queue lengths observed for each applicable turn lane. These queuing results were then used to determine the appropriate turn lane storage requirements reflected on Exhibit 1-4. A SimTraffic simulation has been recorded up to 5 times, during the weekday AM and weekday PM peak hours, and has been seeded for 30-minute periods with 60-minute recording intervals. Queuing analysis worksheets for the weekday AM and PM peak hours are provided in Appendix 1.2 of this report.

### 1.6.3 Off-site Recommendations

The recommended improvements needed to address the cumulative deficiencies identified under Existing (2021), Opening Year Cumulative (2023), and Horizon Year (2040) traffic conditions are shown in Table 1-3. For those improvements listed in Table 1-3 and not constructed as part of the Project, the Project Applicant's responsibility for the Project's contributions towards deficient intersections is fulfilled through payment of fair share that would be assigned to construction of the identified recommended improvements. The Project Applicant would be required to pay fair share fees consistent with the City's requirements (see Section 7 Local and Regional Funding Mechanisms).

### 1.7 Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) Analysis

The Project was found to meet the low VMT screening criteria. In addition, the Project is consistent with the adopted General Plan and is consistent with the growth projections assumed in the regional RTP/SCS. Therefore, the Project would result in a less than significant impact for VMT; no further VMT analysis required. Detail traffic analysis can be found in Section 8 Vehicle Miles Traveled Analysis of this TA.

## TABLE 1-3: SUMMARY OF IMPROVEMENTS BY ANALYSIS SCENARIO


${ }^{1}$ Improvements are included in the SBCTA Nexus Study Fee program or the SSBCTA Measure I Funding.
${ }^{2}$ Identifies the Project's responsibility to construct an improvement or contribute fair share or fee payment towards the implementation of the improvements shown.
${ }^{3}$ Costs have been estimated using the data provided in Appendix G of the San Bernardino County CMP (2016 Update) for preliminary construction costs.
Appendix $G$ costs escalated by a factor of 1.71 to reflect 2021 conditions, except for Traffic Signals.
${ }^{4}$ Program improvements constructed may be eligible for fee credit, at discretion of City. See Table 7-1 for Fair Share Calculations.
${ }^{5}$ Total project fair share contribution consists of the improvements which are not already included in the City of Fontana's DIF for those intersections wholly or partially within the City of Fontana.

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## 2 METHODOLOGIES

This section of the report presents the methodologies used to perform the traffic analyses summarized in this report. The methodologies described are generally consistent with the City of Fontana's traffic study guidelines. (1)

### 2.1 LeVel Of Service

Traffic operations of roadway facilities are described using the term "Level of Service" (LOS). LOS is a qualitative description of traffic flow based on several factors such as speed, travel time, delay, and freedom to maneuver. Six levels are typically defined ranging from LOS A, representing completely free-flow conditions, to LOS F, representing breakdown in flow resulting in stop-and-go conditions. LOS E represents operations at or near capacity, an unstable level where vehicles are operating with the minimum spacing for maintaining uniform flow.

### 2.2 Intersection Capacity Analysis

The definitions of LOS for interrupted traffic flow (flow restrained by the existence of traffic signals and other traffic control devices) differ slightly depending on the type of traffic control. The LOS is typically dependent on the quality of traffic flow at the intersections along a roadway. The Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) methodology expresses the LOS at an intersection in terms of delay time for the various intersection approaches. (3) The HCM uses different procedures depending on the type of intersection control.

### 2.2.1 Signalized Intersections

The City of Fontana requires signalized intersection operations analysis based on the methodology described in the HCM ( $6{ }^{\text {th }}$ Edition). Intersection LOS operations are based on an intersection's average control delay. Control delay includes initial deceleration delay, queue move-up time, stopped delay, and final acceleration delay. For signalized intersections, LOS is directly related to the average control delay per vehicle and is correlated to a LOS designation as described in Table 2-1. Study area intersections have been evaluated using the Synchro (Version 10) analysis software package.

The traffic modeling and signal timing optimization software package Synchro 11 is utilized to analyze signalized intersections within the study area. Synchro is a macroscopic traffic software program that is based on the signalized intersection capacity analysis as specified in the HCM. Macroscopic level models represent traffic in terms of aggregate measures for each movement at the study intersections. Equations are used to determine measures of effectiveness such as delay and queue length. The level of service and capacity analysis performed by Synchro takes into consideration optimization and coordination of signalized intersections within a network.

## TABLE 2-1: SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION LOS THRESHOLDS

| Description | Average Control <br> Delay (Seconds), <br> V/C $\leq 1.0$ | Level of <br> Service, V/C <br> $\leq 1.0$ | Level of <br> Service, V/C <br> $>1.0$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Operations with very low delay occurring with favorable <br> progression and/or short cycle length. | 0 to 10.00 | A | F |
| Operations with low delay occurring with good <br> progression and/or short cycle lengths. | 10.01 to 20.00 | B | F |
| Operations with average delays resulting from fair <br> progression and/or longer cycle lengths. Individual cycle <br> failures begin to appear. | 20.01 to 35.00 | C | F |
| Operations with longer delays due to a combination of <br> unfavorable progression, long cycle lengths, or high V/C <br> ratios. Many vehicles stop and individual cycle failures <br> are noticeable. | 35.01 to 55.00 | D | F |
| Operations with high delay values indicating poor <br> progression, long cycle lengths, and high V/C ratios. <br> Individual cycle failures are frequent occurrences. This <br> is considered to be the limit of acceptable delay. | 55.01 to 80.00 | E | F |
| Operation with delays unacceptable to most drivers <br> occurring due to over saturation, poor progression, or <br> very long cycle lengths | 80.01 and up | F | F |
| Source: HCM, $6^{\text {th } \text { Edition }}$ |  |  |  |

A saturation flow rate of 1900 has been utilized for all study area intersections located within the City of Fontana. The peak hour traffic volumes are adjusted using a peak hour factor (PHF) to reflect peak 15 -minute volumes. Common practice for LOS analysis is to use a peak 15-minute rate of flow. However, flow rates are typically expressed in vehicles per hour. The PHF is the relationship between the peak 15-minute flow rate and the full hourly volume (e.g., PHF = [Hourly Volume] / [ $4 \times$ Peak 15-minute Flow Rate]). The use of a 15 -minute PHF produces a more detailed analysis as compared to analyzing vehicles per hour. Existing PHFs have been used for all analysis scenarios. Per the HCM, PHF values over 0.95 often are indicative of high traffic volumes with capacity constraints on peak hour flows while lower PHF values are indicative of greater variability of flow during the peak hour. (3)

### 2.2.2 Unsignalized Intersections

The City of Fontana requires the operations of unsignalized intersections be evaluated using the methodology described the HCM. (3) The LOS rating is based on the weighted average control delay expressed in seconds per vehicle (see Table 2-2).

## TABLE 2-2: UNSIGNALIZED INTERSECTION LOS THRESHOLDS

|  | Average Control <br> Delay Per Vehicle <br> (Seconds) | Level of <br> Service, V/C <br> $\leq \mathbf{1 . 0}$ | Level of <br> Service, V/C <br> $>\mathbf{1 . 0}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Description | 0 to 10.00 | A | F |  |
| Little or no delays. | 10.01 to 15.00 | B | F |  |
| Short traffic delays. | 15.01 to 25.00 | C | F |  |
| Average traffic delays. | 25.01 to 35.00 | D | F |  |
| Long traffic delays. | 35.01 to 50.00 | E | F |  |
| Very long traffic delays. | $>50.00$ | F | F |  |
| Extreme traffic delays with intersection capacity exceeded. |  |  |  |  |

At two-way or side-street stop-controlled intersections, LOS is calculated for each controlled movement and for the left turn movement from the major street, as well as for the intersection as a whole. For approaches composed of a single lane, the delay is computed as the average of all movements in that lane. Per the HCM, the highest delay and associated LOS on the minor approach is reported for two-way stop-controlled intersections. For all-way stop controlled intersections, LOS is computed for the intersection as a whole and the average delay is reported (similar to signalized intersections).

### 2.3 Traffic Signal Warrant Analysis Methodology

The term "signal warrants" refers to the list of established criteria used by the Caltrans and other public agencies to quantitatively justify or ascertain the potential need for installation of a traffic signal at an otherwise unsignalized intersection. This TA uses the signal warrant criteria presented in the latest edition of the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) California Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (CA MUTCD). (4)

The signal warrant criteria for Existing conditions are based upon several factors, including volume of vehicular and pedestrian traffic, frequency of accidents, and location of school areas. The Caltrans CA MUTCD indicates that the installation of a traffic signal should be considered if one or more of the signal warrants are met. (4) Specifically, this TA utilizes the Peak Hour Volume-based Warrant 3 as the appropriate representative traffic signal warrant analysis for existing study area intersections for all analysis scenarios. Warrant 3 is appropriate to use for this TA because it provides specialized warrant criteria for intersections with rural characteristics (e.g., located in communities with populations of less than 10,000 persons or with adjacent major streets operating above 40 miles per hour). For the purposes of this study, the speed limit was the basis for determining whether Urban or Rural warrants were used for a given intersection.

CROSSROADS

Traffic signal warrant analyses were performed for the following unsignalized study area intersections shown in Table 2-3:

## TABLE 2-3: TRAFFIC SIGNAL WARRANT ANALYSIS LOCATIONS

| ID | Intersection Location | Jurisdiction |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Mango Av. \& Highland Av. | Fontana |
| 3 | Mango Av. \& Driveway 2/Walnut Grove Ct. | Fontana |

The Existing conditions traffic signal warrant analysis is presented in the subsequent section, Section 3 Area Conditions of this report. The traffic signal warrant analyses for future conditions are presented in Section 5 Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Traffic Conditions, and Section 6 Horizon Year (2040) Traffic Conditions of this report.

It is important to note that a signal warrant defines the minimum condition under which the installation of a traffic signal might be warranted. Meeting this threshold condition does not require that a traffic control signal be installed at a particular location, but rather, that other traffic factors and conditions be evaluated in order to determine whether the signal is truly justified. It should also be noted that signal warrants do not necessarily correlate with LOS. An intersection may satisfy a signal warrant condition and operate at or above acceptable LOS or operate below acceptable LOS and not meet a signal warrant.

### 2.4 Minimum Level of Service (LOS)

The City's General Plan recommends a LOS standard of LOS C. Intersections which are forecast to operate at unsatisfactory conditions (i.e., at LOS worse than LOS C for city intersections) shall be identified as cumulatively deficient intersections. Therefore, any intersection operating at LOS $D, E$, or $F$ will be considered deficient for the purposes of this analysis. (1)

### 2.5 Deficiency CriteriA

For the intersections that lie within the City of Fontana, determination of direct project-related deficiencies will be based on a comparison of without and with project levels of service for each analysis year. A project-related deficiency occurs if project traffic increases the average delay at an intersection by more than the thresholds identified on Table 2-4. The thresholds for LOS A, B, and C do not apply to projects consistent with the General Plan.

TABLE 2-4: THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

| Pre-Project LOS | Significant Impact Threshold ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| A/B | 10.0 Seconds |
| C | 8.0 Seconds |
| D | 5.0 Seconds |
| E | 2.0 Seconds |
| F | 1.0 Second |

Source: Fontana Traffic Study Guidelines, October 2020
${ }^{1}$ Increase in delay

Cumulative traffic impacts are deficiencies that are not directly caused by the Project, but occur as a result of regional growth combined with that or other nearby cumulative development projects. Cumulative impacts utilize the same thresholds of significant impacts as shown on Table 2-4. The Project's contribution to a particular cumulative transportation deficiency is deemed cumulatively considerable if the Project adds significant traffic to the forecasted deficiency (Per Table 2-4). A Project's contribution to a cumulatively considerable impact can be reduced to less than significant if the Project is required to implement or fund its fair share of improvements designed to alleviate the potential cumulative impact. If full funding of future cumulative improvements is not reasonably assured, a temporary unmitigated cumulative impact may occur until the needed improvement is fully funded and constructed.

### 2.6 Project Fair Share Calculation Methodology

In cases where this TA identifies that the Project would contribute additional traffic volumes to traffic deficiencies, Project fair share costs of improvements necessary to address deficiencies have been identified. The Project's fair share cost of improvements is determined based on the following equation, which is the ratio of Project traffic to new traffic, and new traffic is total future (Horizon Year) traffic less existing baseline traffic:

## Project Fair Share \% = Project (2040) AM/PM Traffic / (2040 With Project AM/PM Total Traffic Existing AM/PM Traffic)

The project fair share percentage has been calculated for both the AM peak hour and PM peak hour and the highest of the two has been selected. The Project fair share contribution calculations are presented in Section 7 Local and Regional Funding Mechanisms of this TA. The cost of implementing the improvements shown on Table 1-3 have been estimated based on the preliminary construction cost estimates found in Appendix G of the San Bernardino County CMP in conjunction with a total cost escalation factor of 1.568 to more closely approximate current (2020) costs. These cost estimates have been utilized in conjunction with the Project fair share percentages to determine the Project's fair share cost of the recommended improvements (see Table 8-1). These estimates are a rough order of magnitude only as they are intended only for discussion purposes and do not imply any legal responsibility or formula for contributions or physical improvements.

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## 3 AREA CONDITIONS

This section provides a summary of the existing circulation network, the City of Fontana General Plan Circulation Network, and a review of existing peak hour intersection operations and traffic signal warrant analyses.

### 3.1 Existing Circulation Network

Pursuant to the scoping agreement with City of Fontana staff (Appendix 1.1), the study area includes a total of 3 existing and future intersections as shown previously on Exhibit 1-2. Exhibit 3-1 illustrates the study area intersections located near the proposed Project and identifies the number of through traffic lanes for existing roadways and intersection traffic controls.

### 3.2 General Plan Circulation Elements

As noted previously, the Project site is located within the City of Fontana. The roadway classifications and planned (ultimate) roadway cross-sections of the major roadways within the study area, as identified on City of Fontana General Plan Hierarchy of Streets, are described subsequently. Exhibit 3-2 shows the City of Fontana General Plan Circulation Element. The City of Fontana General Plan does not include roadway cross-sections in its General Plan.

Primary Highways are four-lane roadways and may include a painted median. These roadways typically direct traffic through major development areas. The following study area roadway within the City of Fontana is classified as a Primary Highway:

- Highland Avenue

Collector Streets are two-lane streets, providing one lane in each direction. The following study area roadway within the study area is classified as a Modified Local Street:

- Mango Avenue


### 3.3 Bicycle \& Pedestrian Facilities

The City of Fontana bike facilities are shown on Exhibit 3-3. There are existing Class II bike facilities along Sierra Avenue to the west of the study area. Exhibit 3-4 illustrates the existing pedestrian facilities, including sidewalks and crosswalks. As shown on Exhibit 3-4, there are limited pedestrian facilities along the Project frontage on both Highland Avenue and Mango Avenue.

Exhibit 3-1: Existing Number of Through Lanes and Intersection Controls


Exhibit 3-2: City of Fontana Hierarchy of Streets


Approved and Adopted by City Council November 13, 2018
City Council Resolution 2018-096 City Council Resolution 2018-097

Exhibit 3-3: City of Fontana Bicycle Facilities

9.14 Fontana General Plan

Approved and Adopted by City Council November 13, 2018

City Council Resolution 2018-096
City Council Resolution 2018-097

Exhibit 3-4: Existing Pedestrian Facilities


### 3.4 Transit Service

The study area is currently served by Omnitrans Transit Agency with bus services along Sierra Avenue. Route 82 runs along Sierra Avenue with a stop at the intersection of Sierra Avenue and Highland Avenue, but there are currently no transit routes along Highland Avenue in front of the Project. The transit services are illustrated on Exhibit 3-5. Transit service is reviewed and updated by Omnitrans periodically to address ridership, budget, and community demand needs. Changes in land use can affect these periodic adjustments which may lead to either enhanced or reduced service where appropriate.

### 3.5 Existing Traffic Counts

The intersection LOS analysis is based on the traffic volumes observed during the peak hour conditions using traffic count data collected in December 2019 at the intersection of Mango Avenue and Highland Avenue. The following peak hours were selected for analysis:

- Weekday AM Peak Hour (peak hour between 7:00 AM and 9:00 AM)
- Weekday PM Peak Hour (peak hour between 4:00 PM and 6:00 PM)

Due to the currently ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, schools and businesses within the study area were closed or operating at less than full capacity at the time this study was prepared. As such, historic traffic counts from 2019 were utilized in conjunction with a $1.16 \%$ per year, compounded annually, growth rate to develop traffic volumes for 2021 conditions. The historic weekday AM and weekday PM peak hour count data is representative of typical weekday peak hour traffic conditions in the study area. There were no observations made in the field that would indicate atypical traffic conditions on the count dates, such as construction activity or detour routes and near-by schools were in session and operating on normal schedules.

Historic traffic count data was not readily available at Highland Village Center and Walnut Grove Court. As such, 2021 traffic counts have been collected at these intersections. Traffic counts have also been collected at the intersection of Mango Avenue and Highland Avenue in order to compare and develop an adjustment factor based on a comparison to historic 2019 traffic count data to the recently collected 2021 traffic count data. This adjustment factor has been applied to the 2021 traffic count data at the intersections lacking historic data to reflect non-COVID traffic conditions. Where applicable, traffic volumes have been flow conserved in order to not have any loss of vehicles. The raw manual peak hour turning movement traffic count data sheets are included in Appendix 3.1.

Existing weekday ADT volumes on arterial highways throughout the study area are shown on Exhibit 3-6. Existing ADT volumes were based upon factored intersection peak hour counts collected by Urban Crossroads, Inc. using the following formula for each intersection leg:

Weekday PM Peak Hour (Approach Volume + Exit Volume) x $12.00=$ Leg Volume

Exhibit 3-5: Existing Transit Routes


## Exhibit 3-6: Existing (2021) Traffic Volumes



The above equation utilizing a factor of 12.00 estimates the ADT volumes on the study area roadway segments assuming a peak-to-daily relationship of approximately 8.33 percent (i.e., $1 / 0.0833=12.00$ ) and was assumed to sufficiently estimate ADT volumes for planning-level analyses. Existing weekday AM and weekday PM peak hour intersection volumes are shown on Exhibit 3-6.

### 3.6 Existing (2021) Intersection Operations Analysis

Existing peak hour traffic operations have been evaluated for the study area intersections based on the analysis methodologies presented in Section 2.2 Intersection Capacity Analysis of this report. The intersection operations analysis results are summarized in Table 3-1 which indicates that the study area intersections are currently operating at an acceptable LOS during the peak hours.

TABLE 3-1: INTERSECTION ANALYSIS FOR EXISTING (2021) CONDITIONS

|  |  | Traffic |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \# | Intersection | Control ${ }^{2}$ | AM | PM | AM | M |
| 1 | Highland Village Ctr./Driveway 1 \& Highland Av. | TS | 9.5 | 13.0 | A | B |
| 2 | Mango Av. \& Highland Av. | CSS | 22.5 | 24.4 | C | C |
| 3 | Mango Av. \& Driveway 2/Walnut Grove Ct. | CSS | 10.7 | 10.5 | B | B |
| 1 Per the Highway Capacity Manual (6th Edition), overall average intersection delay and level of service are shown for intersections with a traffic signal or all way stop control. For intersections with cross street stop control, the delay and level of service for the worst individual movement (or movements sharing a single lane) are shown. HCM delay reported in seconds. | Per the Highway Capacity Manual (6th Edition), overall average intersection delay and level of service are shown for intersections with a traffic signal or all way stop control. For intersections with cross street stop control, the delay and level of service for the worst individual movement (or movements sharing a single lane) are shown. HCM delay reported in seconds. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | TS = Traffic Signal; CSS = Cross-Street Stop |  |  |  |  |  |

The intersection operations analysis worksheets are included in Appendix 3.2 of this TA.

### 3.7 Existing (2021) Traffic Signal Warrants Analysis

Traffic signal warrants for Existing traffic conditions are based on existing peak hour intersection turning volumes. The following unsignalized study area intersection currently meets a traffic signal for Existing (2021) traffic conditions (see Appendix 3.3):

- Mango Avenue \& Highland Avenue (\#2)

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## 4 PROJECTED FUTURE TRAFFIC

The proposed Project includes the development of 107 multifamily housing (low-rise) dwelling units. The Project is anticipated to have an Opening Year of 2023. As indicated previously on Exhibit 1-2, access to the Project site will be provided to Highland Avenue via a future driveway aligning with Highland Village Center and Mango Avenue via a future driveway aligning with Walnut Grove Court. Regional access to the Project site is available from the I-210 Freeway via Sierra Avenue.

### 4.1 Project Trip Generation

In order to develop the traffic characteristics of the proposed project, trip-generation statistics published in the ITE Trip Generation Manual (10th Edition, 2017) for the Multifamily Housing (Low-Rise) land use (ITE Land Use Code 220) has been utilized. The Project trip generation summary is shown in Table 4-1. As shown in Table 4-1, the Project is anticipated to generate a total of 784 two-way trips per day with 49 AM peak hour trips and 60 PM peak hour trips. The assumptions and methods used to estimate the Project's trip generation characteristics are discussed in greater detail in Section 4.1 Project Trip Generation of this report.

TABLE 4-1: PROJECT TRIP GENERATION SUMMARY

| Land Use ${ }^{1}$ | ITE LU <br> Code | Units ${ }^{2}$ | AM Peak Hour |  |  | PM Peak Hour |  |  | Daily |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | In | Out | Total | In | Out | Total |  |
| Project Trip Generation Rates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Multifamily Housing (Low-Rise) | 220 | DU | 0.11 | 0.35 | 0.46 | 0.35 | 0.21 | 0.56 | 7.32 |

${ }^{1}$ Trip Generation Source: Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), Trip Generation Manual, Tenth Edition (2017).
${ }^{2}$ DU = Dwelling Units

| Land Use | Quantity Units ${ }^{1}$ | AM Peak Hour |  |  | PM Peak Hour |  |  | Daily |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | In | Out | Total | In | Out | Total |  |
| Project Trip Generation Summary: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Multifamily Housing | 107 DU | 11 | 38 | 49 | 38 | 22 | 60 | 784 |

${ }^{1}$ DU = Dwelling Units

### 4.2 Project Trip Distribution

The Project trip distribution and assignment process represents the directional orientation of traffic to and from the Project site. Trip distribution is the process of identifying the probable destinations, directions or traffic routes that will be utilized by Project traffic. The potential interaction between the planned land use and surrounding regional access routes are considered, to identify the route where the Project traffic would distribute. The Project trip distribution patterns are graphically depicted on Exhibit 4-1.

## Exhibit 4-1: Project Trip Distribution



### 4.3 Modal Split

The traffic reducing potential of public transit, walking, or bicycling have not been considered in this TA. Essentially, the traffic projections are "conservative" in that these alternative travel modes might be able to reduce the forecasted traffic volumes.

### 4.4 Project Trip Assignment

The assignment of traffic from the Project area to the adjoining roadway system is based upon the Project trip generation, trip distribution, and the arterial highway and local street system improvements that would be in place by the time of initial occupancy of the Project. Based on the identified Project traffic generation and trip distribution patterns, the Project only ADT and peak hour intersection turning movement volumes are shown on Exhibit 4-2.

### 4.5 BACKground Traffic

Future year traffic forecasts have been based upon background (ambient) growth at 1.16\% per year for 2023 traffic conditions, consistent with other recent studies performed in the area. The total ambient growth is $2.33 \%$ for 2023 traffic conditions (compounded growth of 1.16 percent per year over 2 years or $1.0116^{2}$ years). The ambient growth factor is intended to approximate regional traffic growth. This ambient growth rate is added to existing traffic volumes to account for area-wide growth not reflected by cumulative development projects. Ambient growth has been added to daily and peak hour traffic volumes on surrounding roadways, in addition to traffic generated by the development of future projects that have been approved but not yet built and/or for which development applications have been filed and are under consideration by governing agencies. Opening Year Cumulative (2023) traffic volumes are provided in Section 6 of this TA. The traffic generated by the proposed Project was then manually added to the base volume to determine Opening Year Cumulative "With Project" forecasts.

### 4.6 Cumulative Development Traffic

A cumulative project list was developed for the purposes of this analysis through consultation with planning and engineering staff from the City of Fontana. The cumulative project list includes known and foreseeable projects that are anticipated to contribute traffic to the study area intersections.

Where applicable, cumulative projects anticipated to contribute measurable traffic (i.e., 50 or more peak hour trips) to study area intersections have been manually added to the study area network to generate Opening Year Cumulative (2023) forecasts. In other words, this list of cumulative development projects has been reviewed to determine which projects would likely contribute measurable traffic through the study area intersections (e.g., those cumulative projects in close proximity to the proposed Project). For the purposes of this analysis, the cumulative projects that were determined to affect one or more of the study area intersections are shown on Exhibit 4-3, listed in Table 4-2, and have been considered for inclusion.

Exhibit 4-2: Рroject Only Traffic Volumes


Exhibit 4-3: Cumulative Development Location Map


TABLE 4-2: CUMULATIVE DEVELOPMENT LAND USE SUMMARY

| \# | Project | Land Use | Quantity ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | N of Mango Av. \& Sierra Lakes Pkwy. | Fast Food w/ Drive-Thru | 47.000 TSF |
| 2 | 16850 S. Highland Av. | Car Dealership <br> Automated Car Wash | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 46.073 TSF } \\ \text { 4.160 TSF } \end{array}$ |
| 3 | SWC of Alder Av. \& Casmalia St. | Gas Station <br> Truck Fueling Positions <br> Fast-Food w/ Drive-Thru | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 16 \text { VFP } \\ 9 \mathrm{VFP} \\ 2.400 \mathrm{TSF} \end{array}$ |
| 4 | Baseline/Palmetto Warehouse II | Warehouse | 90.726 TSF |
| 5 | NWC of Baseline / Alder Warehouse | Warehouse | 255.655 TSF |
| 6 | NWC of Baseline / Tamarind Warehouse | Warehouse | 156.500 TSF |
| 7 | W of Alder Av. \& S of Miro Wy. | Warehouse | 78.680 TSF |
| 8 | W of Alder Av. \& N of Renaissance Pkwy. | Gas Station <br> High-Turnover Sit-Down Restaurant <br> Fast-Food w/ Drive-Thru <br> Fast-Food w/o Drive-Thru <br> Hotel | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 16 VFP } \\ & \text { 4.500 TSF } \\ & \text { 4.550 TSF } \\ & \text { 1.000 TSF } \\ & \text { 100 Rooms } \end{aligned}$ |

${ }^{1}$ TSF = Thousand Square Feet; VFP = Vehicle Fueling Positions
Any additional traffic generated by other projects not on the cumulative projects list is likely accounted for through background ambient growth factors that have been applied to the peak hour volumes at study area intersections as discussed in Section 4.5 Background Traffic. Cumulative Only ADT and peak hour intersection turning movement volumes are shown on Exhibit 4-4.

### 4.7 Near-Term Traffic Conditions

The "buildup" approach combines existing traffic counts with a background ambient growth factor to forecast the near-term 2023 traffic conditions. An ambient growth factor of 1.16\% per year, compounded annually, accounts for background (area-wide) traffic increases that occur over time up to the years 2023 from the year 2021. Traffic volumes generated by cumulative development projects are then added to assess the Opening Year Cumulative (2023) traffic conditions. Lastly, Project traffic is added to assess "With Project" traffic conditions. The 2023 roadway network are similar to the existing conditions roadway network with the exception of intersections proposed to be developed by the Project.

Exhibit 4-4: Cumulative Only Traffic Volumes


The near-term traffic analysis includes the following traffic conditions, with the various traffic components:

- Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Without Project
- Adjusted Existing 2021 counts
- Ambient growth traffic (2.33\%)
- Cumulative Development Project traffic
- Opening Year Cumulative (2023) With Project
- Adjusted Existing 2021 counts
- Ambient growth traffic (2.33\%)
- Cumulative Development Project traffic
- Project traffic


### 4.8 Horizon Year (2040) Volume Development

Traffic projections for Horizon Year (2040) without Project conditions were derived from the San Bernardino Transportation Analysis Model (SBTAM) using accepted procedures for model forecast refinement and smoothing for study area intersections located within the County of San Bernardino. The current version of the SBTAM (Version 2.20, March 2019) reflects the local input in the adopted 2016 SCAG RTP within the County of San Bernardino. The post processing volume worksheets are provided in Appendix 4.1 of this TA.

The traffic forecasts reflect the area-wide growth anticipated between the adjusted Existing (2021) conditions and Horizon Year (2040) traffic conditions. In most instances the traffic model zone structure is not designed to provide accurate turning movements along arterial roadways unless refinement and reasonableness checking is performed. Therefore, the Horizon Year (2040) peak hour forecasts were refined using the model derived long range forecasts, base (validation) year model forecasts, along with existing peak hour traffic count data collected at each analysis location. The SBTAM has a base (validation) year of 2012 and a horizon (future forecast) year of 2040. The difference in model volumes (2040-2012) defines the growth in traffic over the 28 -year period.

The refined future peak hour approach and departure volumes obtained from the model output data are then entered into a spreadsheet program consistent with the National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP Report 765), along with initial estimates of turning movement proportions. A linear programming algorithm is used to calculate individual turning movements which match the known directional roadway segment forecast volumes computed in the previous step. This program computes a likely set of intersection turning movements from intersection approach counts and the initial turning proportions from each approach leg.

The SBTAM uses an AM peak period-to-peak hour factor of 0.35 and a PM peak period-to-peak hour factor of 0.27 . These factors represent the relationship of the highest single AM peak hour to the modeled 3 -hour AM peak period (an even distribution would result in a factor of 0.33 ) and the highest single PM peak hour to the modeled 4-hour PM peak period (an even distribution would result in a factor of 0.25).

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Typically, the model growth is prorated and is subsequently added to the existing (base validation) traffic volumes to represent Horizon Year traffic conditions. In an effort to conduct a conservative analysis, reductions to traffic forecasts from either Existing or Opening Year Cumulative traffic conditions were not assumed as part of this analysis. As such, in conjunction with the addition of cumulative projects that are not consistent with the General Plan, additional growth has also been applied on a movement-by-movement basis, where applicable, to estimate reasonable Horizon Year (2040) forecasts. Horizon Year (2040) turning volumes were compared to Opening Year Cumulative (2030) volumes in order to ensure a minimum growth as a part of the refinement process. The minimum growth includes any additional growth between Opening Year Cumulative (2030) and Horizon Year (2040) traffic conditions that is not accounted for by the traffic generated by cumulative development projects and ambient growth rates assumed between Existing (2021) and Opening Year Cumulative (2030) conditions. Future estimated peak hour traffic data was used for new intersections and intersections with an anticipated change in travel patterns to further refine the Horizon Year (2040) peak hour forecasts.

The future Horizon Year (2040) Without Project peak hour turning movements were then reviewed by Urban Crossroads, Inc. for reasonableness, and in some cases, were adjusted to achieve flow conservation, reasonable growth, and reasonable diversion between parallel routes. Flow conservation checks ensure that traffic flow between two closely spaced intersections, such as two adjacent driveway locations, is verified in order to make certain that vehicles leaving one intersection are entering the adjacent intersection and that there is no unexplained loss of vehicles. The result of this traffic forecasting procedure is a series of traffic volumes which are suitable for traffic operations analysis.

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## 5 OPENING YEAR CUMULATIVE (2023) TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

This section discusses the methods used to develop Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Without and With Project traffic forecasts, and the resulting intersection operations and traffic signal warrant analyses.

### 5.1 ROADWAY IMPROVEMENTS

The lane configurations and traffic controls assumed to be in place for Opening Year Cumulative (2023) conditions are consistent with those shown previously on Exhibit 3-1, with the exception of the following:

- Project driveways and those facilities assumed to be constructed by the Project to provide site access are also assumed to be in place for Opening Year Cumulative conditions only (e.g., intersection and roadway improvements along the Project's frontage and driveways, including Mango Avenue and S. Highland Avenue).
- Driveways and those facilities assumed to be constructed by cumulative developments to provide site access are also assumed to be in place for Opening Year Cumulative conditions only (e.g., intersection and roadway improvements along the cumulative development's frontages and driveways).


### 5.2 Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Without Project Traffic Volume Forecasts

This scenario includes Existing traffic volumes plus an ambient growth factor of 2.33\% plus traffic from pending and approved but not yet constructed known development projects in the area. The ADT and peak hour intersection turning movement volumes which can be expected for Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Without Project conditions are shown on Exhibit 5-1.

### 5.3 Opening Year Cumulative (2023) With Project Traffic Volume Forecasts

This scenario includes Existing traffic volumes, an ambient growth factor of 2.33\%, traffic from pending and approved but not yet constructed known development projects in the area and the addition of Project traffic. The ADT and peak hour intersection turning movement volumes which can be expected for Opening Year Cumulative (2023) With Project conditions are shown on Exhibit 5-2.

## Exhibit 5-1: Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Without Project Traffic Volumes



Exhibit 5-2: Opening Year Cumulative (2023) With Project Traffic Volumes


### 5.4 Intersection Operations Analysis

### 5.4.1 Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Without Project Traffic Conditions

Opening Year Cumulative (2023) peak hour traffic operations have been evaluated for the study area intersections based on the analysis methodologies presented in Section 2.2 Intersection Capacity Analysis of this report. The intersection analysis results are summarized in Table 5-1, which indicate that the following study area intersection is anticipated to operate at an unacceptable LOS during the peak hours under Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Without Project:

- Mango Avenue \& Highland Avenue (\#2) - LOS E AM and PM peak hours

The intersection operations analysis worksheets for Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Without Project traffic conditions are included in Appendix 5.1 of this TA.

TABLE 5-1: INTERSECTION ANALYSIS FOR OPENING YEAR CUMULATIVE (2023) CONDITIONS

| \# | Intersection | Traffic Control ${ }^{2}$ | 2023 Without Project Delay ${ }^{1} \quad$ Level of (secs.) Service |  |  |  | 2023 With Project Delay ${ }^{1} \quad$ Level of (secs.) Service |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | AM | PM | AM | PM | AM | PM | AM | PM |
| 1 | Highland Village Ctr./Driveway 1 \& Highland Av. | TS | 9.5 | 14.5 | A | B | 13.0 | 16.1 | B | B |
| 2 | Mango Av. \& Highland Av. | CSS | 45.1 | 41 | E |  | 50.3 | 46.5 | F | E |
| 3 | Mango Av. \& Driveway 2/Walnut Grove Ct. | CSS | 11.0 | 10.9 | B | B | 14.6 | 15.0 | B | C |
| BOLD $=$ LOS does not meet the applicable jurisdictional requirements (i.e., unacceptable LOS). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Per the Highway Capacity Manual (6th Edition), overall average intersection delay and level of service are shown for intersections with a traffic signal or all way stop control. For intersections with cross street stop control, the delay and level of service for the worst individual movement (or movements sharing a single lane) are shown. HCM delay reported in seconds. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | TS = Traffic Signal; CSS = Cross-Street Stop |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### 5.4.2 Opening Year Cumulative (2023) With Project Traffic Conditions

As shown in Table 5-1, there are no additional study area intersections anticipated to operate at an unacceptable LOS with the addition of Project traffic, in addition to the intersection previously identified under Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Without Project traffic conditions. The intersection operations analysis worksheets for Opening Year Cumulative (2023) With Project traffic conditions are included in Appendix 5.2 of this TA.

### 5.5 Traffic Signal Warrants Analysis

Traffic signal warrants have been performed (based on CA MUTCD) for Opening Year Cumulative (2023) traffic conditions based on peak hour intersection turning movements volumes or planning level (ADT) volumes. There is no additional unsignalized study area intersections anticipated to meet a traffic signal warrant under Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Without Project traffic conditions, in addition to the intersections identified previously under Existing (2021) traffic conditions (see Appendix 5.3). Similarly, the intersection of Mango Avenue at Driveway 2/Walnut Grove Court is not anticipated to meet a traffic signal warrant for Opening Year Cumulative (2023) With Project traffic conditions (see Appendix 5.4).

### 5.6 Deficiencies and Improvements

This section provides a summary of deficiencies, based on the City of Fontana's deficiency criteria discussed in Section 2.5 Deficiency Criteria, and improvements needed to improve operations back to acceptable levels. The effectiveness of the recommended improvement strategies to address Opening Year Cumulative (2023) traffic deficiencies are presented in Table 5-2. Worksheets for Opening Year Cumulative (2023) With Project conditions, with improvements, HCM calculation worksheets are provided in Appendix 5.5.

TABLE 5-2: INTERSECTION ANALYSIS FOR OPENING YEAR CUMULATIVE (2023) CONDITIONS WITH IMPROVEMENTS

| \# | Intersection | Traffic Control ${ }^{3}$ | Intersection Approach Lanes ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Delay ${ }^{2}$ (secs.) |  | Level of Service |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | R | AM | PM | AM | PM |
| 2 | Mango Av. \& Highland Av. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Without Improvements: | CSS | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 50.3 | 46.5 | F | E |
|  | With Improvements: | TS | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 6.4 | 12.1 | A | B |

${ }^{1}$ When a right turn is designated, the lane can either be striped or unstriped. To function as a right turn lane there must be sufficient width for right turning vehicles to travel outside the through lanes.

$$
\text { L = Left; T = Through; R = Right; } \underline{\mathbf{1}}=\text { Improvement }
$$

2 Per the Highway Capacity Manual (6th Edition), overall average intersection delay and level of service are shown for intersections with a traffic signal or all way stop control. For intersections with cross street stop control, the delay and level of service for the worst individual movement (or movements sharing a single lane) are shown.
${ }^{3}$ CSS $=$ Cross-street Stop; TS = Traffic Signal; $\underline{\text { TS }}=$ Improvement

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## 6 HORIZON YEAR (2040) TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

This section discusses the methods used to develop Horizon Year (2040) Without and With Project traffic forecasts, and the resulting intersection operations and traffic signal warrant analyses.

### 6.1 ROADWAY IMPROVEMENTS

The lane configurations and traffic controls assumed to be in place for Horizon Year (2040) conditions are consistent with those shown previously on Exhibit 3-1, with the exception of the following:

- Project driveways and those facilities assumed to be constructed by the Project to provide site access are also assumed to be in place for Horizon Year conditions only (e.g., intersection and roadway improvements along the Project's frontage and driveways).
- Driveways and those facilities assumed to be constructed by cumulative developments to provide site access are also assumed to be in place for Horizon Year conditions only (e.g., intersection and roadway improvements along the cumulative development's frontages and driveways).
- Other parallel facilities, that although not evaluated for the purposes of this analysis, are anticipated to be in place for Horizon Year traffic conditions and would affect the travel patterns within the study area.


### 6.2 Horizon Year (2040) Without Project Traffic Volume Forecasts

This scenario includes the refined post-process volumes obtained from the SBTAM (see Section 4.8 Horizon Year (2040) Volume Development of this TA for a detailed discussion on the postprocessing methodology). The weekday ADT and weekday AM and PM peak hour volumes which can be expected for Horizon Year (2040) Without Project traffic conditions are shown on Exhibit 6-1.

### 6.3 Horizon Year (2040) With Project Traffic Volume Forecasts

This scenario includes the refined post-process volumes obtained from the SBTAM, plus the traffic generated by the proposed Project. The weekday ADT and weekday AM and PM peak hour volumes which can be expected for Horizon Year (2040) With Project traffic conditions are shown on Exhibit 6-2.

## Exhibit 6-1: Horizon Year (2040) Without Project Traffic Volumes



Exhibit 6-2: Horizon Year (2040) With Project Traffic Volumes


### 6.4 Intersection Operations Analysis

### 6.4.1 Horizon Year (2040) Without Project Traffic Conditions

LOS calculations were conducted for the study intersections to evaluate their operations under Horizon Year (2040) Without Project conditions with roadway and intersection geometrics consistent with Section 6.1 Roadway Improvements. As shown on Table 6-1, the following study area intersection is anticipated to operate at an unacceptable LOS under Horizon Year (2040) Without Project traffic conditions:

- Mango Avenue \& Highland Avenue (\#2) - LOS F AM and PM peak hours

The intersection operations analysis worksheets for Horizon Year (2040) Without Project traffic conditions are included in Appendix 6.1 of this TA.

### 6.4.2 Horizon Year (2040) With Project Traffic Conditions

As shown on Table 6-1, there are no additional study area intersections anticipated to operate at a deficient LOS during one or both peak hours for Horizon Year (2040) With Project traffic conditions, in addition to the locations identified above for Horizon Year (2040) Without Project traffic conditions. The intersection operations analysis worksheets for Horizon Year (2040) With Project traffic conditions are included in Appendix 6.2 of this TA.

## TABLE 6-1: INTERSECTION ANALYSIS FOR HORIZON YEAR (2040) CONDITIONS

| \# | Intersection | Traffic Control ${ }^{2}$ | 2040 Without Project <br> Delay ${ }^{1} \quad$ Level of <br> (secs.) Service |  |  |  | 2040 With Project  <br> Delay ${ }^{1}$ Level of <br> (secs.) Service |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | AM | PM | AM | PM | AM | PM | AM | PM |
| 1 | Highland Village Ctr./Driveway 1 \& Highland Av. | TS | 10.7 | 20.9 | B | c | 14.6 | 23.5 | B | C |
| 2 | Mango Av. \& Highland Av. | CSS | 182.0 | 176.5 |  | F | 205.5 | 202.5 | F | F |
| 3 | Mango Av. \& Driveway 2/Walnut Grove Ct. | CSS | 11.9 | 11.8 | B | B | 17.3 | 17.7 | C | C |
| BOLD = LOS does not meet the applicable jurisdictional requirements (i.e., unacceptable LOS). <br> 1 Per the Highway Capacity Manual (6th Edition), overall average intersection delay and level of service are shown for intersections with a traffic signal or all way stop control. For intersections with cross street stop control, the delay and level of service for the worst individual movement (or movements sharing a single lane) are shown. HCM delay reported in seconds. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | TS = Traffic Signal; CSS = Cross-Street Stop |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### 6.5 Traffic SigNAl Warrants Analysis

Traffic signal warrants have been performed (based on CA MUTCD) for Horizon Year (2040) traffic conditions based on peak hour intersection turning movements volumes or planning level (ADT) volumes. There is no additional unsignalized study area intersection anticipated to meet a traffic signal warrant under Horizon Year (2040) Without Project or With Project traffic conditions, in addition to the intersection identified previously under Existing (2021) traffic conditions (see Appendices 6.3 and 6.4).

### 6.6 Deficiencies and Improvements

This section provides a summary of deficiencies, based on the City of Fontana's deficiency criteria discussed in Section 2.5 Deficiency Criteria, and improvements needed to improve operations back to acceptable levels. The effectiveness of the recommended improvement strategies to address Horizon Year (2040) traffic deficiencies are presented in Table 6-2. Worksheets for Horizon Year (2040) With Project conditions, with improvements, HCM calculation worksheets are provided in Appendix 6.5.

TABLE 6-2: INTERSECTION ANALYSIS FOR HORIZON YEAR (2040) CONDITIONS WITH IMPROVEMENTS

|  |  | Traffic | Intersection Approach Lanes ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Delay }{ }^{2} \\ & \text { (secs.) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Level of Service |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \# | Intersection | Control ${ }^{3}$ | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | R | AM | PM | AM | PM |
| 2 | Mango Av. \& Highland Av. Without Improvements: With Improvements: | $\begin{gathered} \text { CSS } \\ \underline{\mathrm{TS}} \end{gathered}$ | 0 1 | 1 0 | 0 1 | 0 0 | 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 0 | 2 2 | 1 | 0 1 | 2 2 | 0 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 205.5 \\ 11.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 202.5 \\ 12.6 \end{array}$ | F | F |

When a right turn is designated, the lane can either be striped or unstriped. To function as a right turn lane there must be sufficient width for right turning vehicles to travel outside the through lanes.

$$
\text { L = Left; T = Through; R = Right; } \underline{\mathbf{1}}=\text { Improvement }
$$

2 Per the Highway Capacity Manual (6th Edition), overall average intersection delay and level of service are shown for intersections with a traffic signal or all way stop control. For intersections with cross street stop control, the delay and level of service for the worst individual movement (or movements sharing a single lane) are shown.
${ }^{3}$ CSS $=$ Cross-street Stop; TS = Traffic Signal; $\underline{\text { TS }}=$ Improvement

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## 7 LOCAL AND REGIONAL FUNDING MECHANISMS

Transportation improvements within the City of Fontana are funded through a combination of direct project mitigation, development impact fee programs or fair share contributions, such as the City of Fontana DIF program. Identification and timing of needed improvements is generally determined through local jurisdictions based upon a variety of factors.

### 7.1 Measure "I" Funds

In 2004, the voters of San Bernardino County approved the 30 -year extension of Measure " 1 ", a one-half of one percent sales tax on retail transactions, through the year 2040, for transportation projects including, but not limited to, infrastructure improvements, commuter rail, public transit, and other identified improvements. The Measure " $I$ " extension requires that a regional traffic impact fee be created to ensure development is paying its fair share. A regional Nexus study was prepared by SBCTA and concluded that each jurisdiction should include a regional fee component in their local programs in order to meet the Measure " $I$ " requirement. The regional component assigns specific facilities and cost sharing formulas to each jurisdiction and was most recently updated in May 2018. Revenues collected through these programs are used in tandem with Measure " 1 " funds to deliver projects identified in the Nexus Study.

While Measure " $l$ " is a self-executing sales tax administered by SBCTA, it bears discussion here because the funds raised through Measure " $I$ " have funded in the past and will continue to fund new transportation facilities in San Bernardino County, including within the City of Fontana.

### 7.2 City of Fontana Development Impact Fee (DIF)

The City of Fontana adopted the latest update to their DIF program in September 2019. Fees from new residential, commercial and industrial development are collected to fund Measure "I" compliant regional facilities as well as local facilities. Under the City's DIF program, the City may grant to developers a credit against specific components of fees when those developers construct certain facilities and landscaped medians identified in the list of improvements funded by the DIF program.

After the City's DIF fees are collected, they are placed in a separate restricted use account pursuant to the requirements of Government Code sections 66000 et seq. The timing to use the DIF fees is established through periodic capital improvement programs which are overseen by the City's Engineering Department. Periodic traffic counts, review of traffic accidents, and a review of traffic trends throughout the City are also periodically performed by City staff and consultants. The City uses this data to determine the timing of the improvements listed in its facilities list. The City also uses this data to ensure that the improvements listed on the facilities list are constructed before the LOS falls below the LOS performance standards adopted by the City. In this way, the improvements are constructed before the LOS falls below the City's LOS performance thresholds. The City's DIF program establishes a timeline to fund, design, and build the improvements.

### 7.3 Fair Share Contribution

Project improvements may include a combination of fee payments to established programs, construction of specific improvements, payment of a fair share contribution toward future improvements or a combination of these approaches. Improvements constructed by development may be eligible for a fee credit or reimbursement through the program where appropriate (to be determined at the City's discretion). When off-site improvements are identified with a minor share of responsibility assigned to proposed development, the approving jurisdiction may elect to collect a fair share contribution or require the development to construct improvements. Detailed fair share calculations, for each peak hour, have been provided in Table 7-1 for the applicable deficient study area intersection for both Opening Year Cumulative and Horizon Year (2040) traffic conditions. These fees are collected with the proceeds solely used as part of a funding mechanism aimed at ensuring that regional highways and arterial expansions keep pace with the projected population increases.

TABLE 7-1: PROJECT FAIR SHARE CALCULATIONS

| \# | Intersection | Existing | Project | 2023 With <br> Project | Total New <br> Traffic | Project \% of <br> New Traffic |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Mango Av. \& Highland Av. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | AM: | 1,044 | 19 | 1,258 | 214 | $8.9 \%$ |
|  |  | PM: | 1,085 | 21 | 1,278 | 193 | $\mathbf{1 0 . 9 \%}$ |


| \# | Intersection | Existing | Project | 2040 With <br> Project | Total New <br> Traffic | Project \% of <br> New Traffic |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Mango Av. \& Highland Av. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | AM: | 1,044 | 19 | 1,526 | 482 | $3.9 \%$ |
|  |  | PM: | 1,085 | 21 | 1,549 | 464 | $\mathbf{4 . 5 \%}$ |
| BOLD $=$ Highest fair share percentage is highlighted. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 8 VEHICLE MILES TRAVELED

Changes to California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines were adopted in December 2018, which require all lead agencies to adopt VMT as a replacement for automobile delay-based level of service (LOS) as the measure for identifying transportation impacts for land use projects. This statewide mandate went into effect July 1, 2020. To aid in this transition, the Governor's Office of Planning and Research (OPR) released a Technical Advisory on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA (December of 2018) (Technical Advisory). (5) Based on OPR's Technical Advisory, the San Bernardino County Transportation Authority (SBCTA) released to each of its member agencies Recommended Traffic Impact Analysis Guidelines for Vehicle Miles Traveled and Level of Service Assessment (SBCTA Guidelines) (6), which provided a template of specific procedures for complying with the new CEQA requirements for VMT analysis. (6) Based on the SBCTA Guidelines, the City of Fontana adopted Traffic Impact Analysis Guidelines for Vehicle Miles Traveled and Level of Service Assessment (City Guidelines) (7), which documents the City's VMT analysis methodology and approved impact thresholds. The VMT screening evaluation presented in this report has been developed based on the adopted City Guidelines.

### 8.1 Project Screening

The City Guidelines describe specific "screening thresholds" that can be used to identify when a proposed land use project is anticipated to result in a less than significant impact without conducting a more detailed project level VMT analysis. Screening thresholds are described in the following four steps:

- Step 1: Transit Priority Area (TPA) Screening
- Step 2: Low VMT Area Screening
- Step 3: Low Project Type Screening
- Step 4: Project net daily trips less than 500 ADT

Consistent with City Guidelines a land use project needs only to satisfy one of the above screening thresholds to result in a less than significant impact.

For the purposes of this analysis, the initial VMT screening process has been conducted with the SBCTA VMT Screening Tool (Screening Tool), which uses screening criteria consistent with the screening thresholds recommended in the Technical Advisory and City Guidelines.

### 8.1.1 Step 1: TPA Screening

Consistent with guidance identified in the City Guidelines, projects located within a Transit Priority Area (TPA) (i.e., within $1 / 2$ mile of an existing "major transit stop" ${ }^{1}$ or an existing stop along

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a "high-quality transit corridor" ${ }^{2}$ ) may be presumed to have a less than significant impact absent substantial evidence to the contrary. However, the presumption may not be appropriate if a project:

- Has a Floor Area Ratio (FAR) of less than 0.75;
- Includes more parking for use by residents, customers, or employees of the project than required by the jurisdiction (if the jurisdiction requires the project to supply parking);
- Is inconsistent with the applicable Sustainable Communities Strategy (as determined by the lead agency, with input from the Metropolitan Planning Organization); or
- Replaces affordable residential units with a smaller number of moderate- or high-income residential units.

Based on the Screening Tool results presented in Attachment $A$, the Project site is not located within $1 / 2$ mile of an existing major transit stop, or along a high-quality transit corridor.

## TPA screening criteria is not met.

### 8.1.2 STEP 2: Low VMT Area Screening

As noted in the City Guidelines, "Residential and office projects located within a low VMTgenerating area may be presumed to have a less than significant impact absent substantial evidence to the contrary. In addition, other employment-related and mixed-use land use projects may qualify for the use of screening if the project can reasonably be expected to generate VMT per resident, per worker, or per service population that is similar to the existing land uses in the low VMT area." ${ }^{3}$ The Screening Tool uses the sub-regional San Bernardino County Transportation Analysis Model (SBTAM) to measure VMT performance within San Bernardino County for individual traffic analysis zones (TAZ's) within each city. The Project's physical location based on APN is input into the Screening Tool to determine the VMT generated within the respective TAZ as compared to the jurisdictional average inclusive of a particular threshold (e.g., $15 \%$ below baseline County of San Bernardino VMT per service population). The results are displayed in Attachment A, which indicates that the Project TAZ generates 25.7 VMT per service population for baseline conditions. SBCTA maintains baseline and horizon year VMT per service population values for each of its member agencies as calculated from the SBTAM model. Urban Crossroads has obtained these values from SBCTA to use in this assessment. The baseline County of San Bernardino VMT per service population is 32.7. The Project's TAZ is found to generate VMT per service population at a level of $21.4 \%$ below the baseline County of San Bernardino.

Low VMT Area screening criteria is met.

### 8.1.3 Step 3: Low Project Type Screening

The City Guidelines identify that local serving retail with buildings less than 50,000 square feet or other local serving essential services (e.g., day care centers, public schools, medical/dental office

[^1]buildings, etc.) are presumed to have a less than significant impact absent substantial evidence to the contrary. The proposed Project is not considered a local serving use based on the examples provided in the City Guidelines. ${ }^{4}$

## Low Project Type screening criteria is not met.

### 8.1.4 Step 4: Project Net Daily Trips Less Than 500 ADT Screening

Projects that generate fewer than 500 average daily trips (ADT) (stated in actual vehicles) are deemed to not cause a substantial increase in the total citywide or regional VMT and are therefore presumed to have a less than significant impact on VMT. Substantial evidence in support this daily trip threshold is documented in the City Guidelines. ${ }^{5}$ Trip generation rates and a summary of daily vehicle trips for the Project are presented in Attachment B of this memorandum. The trip generation rates used for this analysis are based on the trip generation statistics published in the Institute of Transportation Engineer (ITE) Trip Generation Manual (10 $0^{\text {th }}$ Edition, 2017). (8) The Project anticipated to generate 784 vehicle trip-ends per day which would exceed the City's screening threshold of 500 ADT

Project net daily trips less than 500 ADT screening criteria is not met.

### 8.2 Conclusion

The Project was found to meet the low VMT screening criteria. In addition, the Project is consistent with the adopted General Plan and is consistent with the growth projections assumed in the regional RTP/SCS. Therefore, the Project would result in a less than significant impact for VMT; no further VMT analysis required.

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## 9 REFERENCES

1. City of Fontana Public Works Department. Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) Guidelines for Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) and Level of Service Assessment. Fontana : s.n., October 21, 2020.
2. Institute of Transportation Engineers. Trip Generation Manual. 10th Edition. 2017.
3. Transportation Research Board. Highway Capacity Manual (HCM). 6th Edition. s.I. : National Academy of Sciences, 2016.
4. California Department of Transportation. California Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD). [book auth.] California Department of Transportation. California Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (CAMUTCD). 2017.
5. Office of Planning and Research. Technical Advisory on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA. State of California : s.n., December 2018.
6. San Bernardino County Transportation Authority (SBCTA). Recommended Traffic Impact Analysis Guidelines for Vehicle Miles Traveled and Level of Service Assessment. February 2020.
7. City of Fontana Traffic Engineering Division. Traffic Impact Analysis Guidelines for Vehicle Miles Traveled and Level of Service Assessment. City of Fontana : s.n., October 2020.
8. Institute of Transportation Engineers. Trip Generation Manual. 10th Edition. 2017.

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## APPENDIX 1.1:

## Approved Traffic Study Scoping Agreement

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## Exhibit B

## SCOPING AGREEMENT FOR TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY

This letter acknowledges the City of Fontana Engineering Department requirements for traffic impact analysis of the following project. The analysis must follow the SBCTA Congestion Management Plan (CMP) Guidelines Updated 2016.

Case No.


## A. Trip Generation Source:

| Current GP Land Use |  |  | Proposed Land Use MDR |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current Zoning | Walnut village SP |  | Proposed Zoning | Walnut Village SP |  |  |
| Current Trip Generation | Out | Total | Proposed Trip Generation |  |  |  |
| In |  |  | In | Out |  | Total |
| AM Trips |  |  | $11 \quad 38$ |  | 49 |  |
| PM Trips |  |  | $38 \quad 22$ |  | 60 |  |
| Internal Trip Allowance | $\square$ Yes | $\square$ No | ( | \% Trip | ount) |  |
| Pass-By Trip Allowance | $\square$ Yes | $\checkmark$ No |  | \% Trip | ount) |  |

A pass-by trip discount is allowed for appropriate land uses per ITE trip generation handbook 3rd edition. The pass-by trips at adjacent study area intersections and project driveways shall be indicated on a report figure. (Attach table for detailed trip generation)
B. Trip Geographic Distribution:

$\qquad$
$\qquad$ W $75 \quad \%$ (attach exhibit for detailed assignment)

## C. Background Traffic



## Exhibit B - Scoping Agreement - Page 2

D. Study intersections: (NOTE: Subject to revision after other projects, trip generation and distribution are determined, or comments from other agencies.)

1. Driveway $1 /$ Highland Village Ctr. \& S. Highland Av. 6.
2. Mango Av. \& S. Highland Av. 7.
3. Mango Av. \& Driveway 2Nalnut Grove Ct. 8.
4. 
5. $\qquad$
6. 
7. 
8. 
9. $\qquad$
E. Study Roadway Segments: (NOTE: Subject to revision after other projects, trip generation and distribution are determined, or comments from other agencies.)
10. Not Applicable
11. 
12. 
13. 
14. $\qquad$
15. 
16. 
17. 
18. 
19. $\qquad$

## E. Other Jurisdictional Impacts

Is this project within a City's Sphere of Influence or one-mile radius of City boundaries? $\square$ Yes $\square$ No
If so, name of City Jurisdiction: City of Rialto \& $\mathrm{l}-210$ Ramps at Sierra (Caltrans)
F. Site Plan (please attach reduced copy)
G. Specific issues to be addressed in the Study (in addition to the standard analysis described in the Guideline) (To be filled out by Engineering Department)
(NOTE: If the traffic study states that "a traffic signal is warranted" (or "a traffic signal appears to be warranted," or similar statement) at an existing unsignalized intersection under existing conditions, 8-hour approach traffic volume information must be submitted in addition to the peak hourly turning movement counts for that intersection.)

See Attached Memo

## H. Existing Conditions

Traffic count data must be new or recent. Provide traffic count dates if using other than new counts. Date of counts_Historic counts plus new counts (adjusted to pre-COVID conditions)
I. VMT Assessment

Provide VMT screening/assessment per the latest TIA \& VMT Guidelines.
NOTE* Traffic Study Submittal Form and appropriate fee must be submitted with, or prior to submittal of this form. Transportation Department staff will not process the Scoping Agreement prior to receipt of the fee.


Approved Scoping Agreement:
Mahmoud Khodr 6/1/2021
City of Fontana Traffic Engineer Date

## Scoping Agreement Submitted on 5/19/21

Revised on 5/28/21
urbanxroads.com

May 28, 2021

Mr. Mahmoud Khodr
City of Fontana
8353 Sierra Avenue
Fontana, CA 92335

## Subject: Scoping Agreement for the Mango \& South Highland Residential Traffic AnAlysis

Dear Mr. Mahmoud Khodr:
The firm of Urban Crossroads, Inc. is pleased to submit this letter documenting the recommended Scope of Work for the traffic analysis in support of the proposed Mango \& South Highland Residential development (Project), which is located on the southwest corner of Mango Avenue and South Highland Avenue in the City of Fontana. Exhibit 1 depicts the location of the proposed Project in relation to the existing roadway network. Our goal is to obtain comments from City of Fontana staff, to ensure that the traffic assessment fully addresses the potential impacts of the proposed Project. The remainder of this letter describes the draft proposed analysis methodology, project trip generation, trip distribution, and project traffic assignment/project trips on the surrounding roadway network, which have been used to establish the draft proposed project study area and analysis locations.

## PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed Project includes the development of 107 multifamily housing (low-rise) dwelling units. The proposed Project is anticipated to have an Opening Year of 2023. The preliminary site plan for the proposed Project is shown on Exhibit 2. As indicated on Exhibit 2, access to the Project site will be provided to S. Highland Avenue via Driveway 1 (opposite the existing signalized entry into the Highland Village Center) and Mango Avenue via Driveway 2 (to align with the existing Walnut Grove Court). Both driveways will allow for full turning movements.

## STUDY AREA

The purpose of this traffic analysis is to evaluate the peak hour operations of study area intersections based on the proposed distribution of Project traffic. Exhibit 3 presents the proposed study area intersection analysis locations (and listed on Table 1). The study area intersections will be evaluated using the HCM $6^{\text {th }}$ Edition methodology.

Table 1: Study Area Intersections

| \# | Intersection |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Highland Village Center/Driveway 1 \& S. Highland Av. |
| 2 | Mango Av. \& S. Highland Av. |
| 3 | Mango Av. \& Walnut Grove Ct. |

## ANALYSIS SCENARIOS

The analysis of peak hour operations at study area intersections will be provided for the following analysis scenarios (analysis based on HCM $6^{\text {th }}$ Edition):

- Existing (2021) Conditions
- Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Without and With Project
- Horizon Year (2040) Without and With Project


## EXISTING COUNT DATA

Due to the currently ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, historic traffic count data for the study area intersections that we collected during the weekday AM (7-9AM) and weekday PM (4-6PM) under prepandemic traffic conditions will be utilized. Counts utilized will have been conducted when local schools were in session and operating on normal bell schedules. An ambient growth rate of 1.16 percent per year is proposed to adjust the historic count data to the current baseline year (2021). The growth rate is based on the average growth for population (1.06\% per year), households (1.43\% per year), and employment ( $0.97 \%$ per year) between 2016 and 2045 in the 2020 SCAG RTP/SCS for the City of Fontana (Connect SoCal, adopted September 3, 2020).

For study area intersections where historic traffic count data is unavailable, new traffic counts will be conducted at those locations in addition to key locations where historic count data is available. An adjustment factor will be calculated based on a comparison of the adjusted 2021 (using historic counts) and current 2021 traffic counts. This adjustment factor will then be applied to the 2021 counts for all study area intersections where historic count data is not available in order to establish a non-COVID baseline.

## TRIP GENERATION

Trip generation represents the amount of traffic that is attracted and produced by a development and is based upon the specific land uses planned for a given project. In order to develop the traffic characteristics of the proposed project, trip-generation statistics published in the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual (10 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Edition, 2017) was used to estimate the trip generation. Trip generation rates for the Project are shown in Table 2. The trip generation summary for the Project is also shown on Table 2. As shown on Table 2, the Project is anticipated to generate a total of 784 two-way trips per day with 49 AM peak hour trips and 60 PM peak hour trips.

Table 2: Project Trip Generation Summary

| Land Use ${ }^{1}$ | ITE LU <br> Code | Units ${ }^{2}$ | AM Peak Hour |  |  | PM Peak Hour |  |  | Daily |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | In | Out | Total | In | Out | Total |  |
| Project Trip Generation Rates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Multifamily Housing (Low-Rise) | 220 | DU | 0.11 | 0.35 | 0.46 | 0.35 | 0.21 | 0.56 | 7.32 |


|  |  | AM Peak Hour |  |  | PM Peak Hour |  |  | Daily |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Land Use | Quantity Units ${ }^{2}$ | In | Out | Total | In | Out | Total |  |
| Project Trip Generation Summary: Multifamily Housing | 107 DU | 11 | 38 | 49 | 38 | 22 | 60 | 784 |

${ }^{1}$ Trip Generation Source: Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), Trip Generation Manual, Tenth Edition (2017).
${ }^{2}$ DU = Dwelling Units

## TRIP DISTRIBUTION

Trip distribution is the process of identifying the probable destinations, directions, or traffic routes that will be utilized by Project traffic. The potential interaction between the planned land uses and surrounding regional access routes are considered, to identify the route where the Project traffic would distribute. Exhibit 4 illustrates the Project trip distribution patterns.

## LEVEL OF SERVICE (LOS) CRITERIA

The City of Fontana has set the goal for acceptable LOS as LOS C or better, wherever feasible (see Goal \#1, Policy \#12 of the City of Fontana General Plan Circulation Element). However, in some instances maintaining the LOS C threshold within a built environment may require extensive roadway widening that could affect existing uses, property rights and substantial costs associated with implementing these improvements. In the event that the improvements required to maintain LOS C is determined to be infeasible, the City of Fontana recognizes that LOS D may be considered the worst acceptable level of service in urbanized areas of the City.

## DEFICIENCY CRITERIA - INTERSECTIONS

For the intersections that lie within the City of Fontana, determination of whether the Project has an adverse effect on intersection operations will be based on a comparison of without and with project levels of service. A deficiency occurs if project traffic increases the average delay at an intersection by more than the thresholds identified on Table 3. The thresholds for LOS A, B, and C do not apply to projects consistent with the General Plan. The deficiency criteria will be applied to Opening Year Cumulative traffic conditions to determine off-site construct obligations and will recommend improvements needed to reduce delays to pre-project conditions (as applicable).

Table 3: Intersection Deficiency Criteria

| Pre-Project LOS | Deficiency Criteria ${ }^{1}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOS A/B | 10.0 Seconds |
| LOS C | 8.0 Seconds |
| LOS D | 5.0 Seconds |
| LOS E | 2.0 Seconds |
| LOS F | 1.0 Second |
| ${ }^{1}$ Increase in delay. |  |

## AMBIENT GROWTH

Consistent with other studies performed in the area, an ambient growth rate of $1.16 \%$ per year is proposed for the study area intersections to approximate background traffic growth not identified by nearby cumulative development projects. The rate will be compounded over a two-year period for Phase 1 (i.e., $1.0116^{2 y e a r s}=1.0233$ or $2.33 \%$ for 2023). Horizon Year (2040) traffic forecasts will be based on post-processed and refined forecasts from the San Bernardino County Transportation Analysis Model (SBTAM).

## SPECIAL ISSUES

The following special issues will also be addressed as part of the focused traffic assessment:

- Conduct traffic signal warrant analysis for all existing and future unsignalized study area intersections (Mango Avenue at S. Highland Avenue and Mango Avenue at Driveway 2).
- Provide a queuing analysis for applicable Project driveways and site adjacent intersections of Mango Avenue and S. Highland Avenue.
- A VMT assessment has been prepared under separate cover.

Mr. Mahmoud Khodr
City of Fontana
May 28, 2021
Page 5 of 5

## OPEN ITEMS - CUMULATIVE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS

We request that City staff provide a list/map of cumulative projects for inclusion in the traffic study. We have already reached out to the City of Rialto for any relative cumulative projects within their jurisdiction.

## SIGNAL TIMING

It is requested that the City provide any signal timing that should be considered for signalized study area intersections within the City.

The analysis findings and recommendations (if applicable) will be presented in a draft report for the City's review. If you have any questions, please contact me directly at (949) 861-0177.

Respectfully submitted,


Charlene So, PE
Associate Principal

Exhibit 1: Location Map


## Exhibit 2: Preliminary Site Plan



## Exhibit 3: Study Area



## Exhibit 4: Project Trip Distribution



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## APPENDIX 1.2:

## Site Adjacent Queuing Worksheets

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Intersection: 1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.

| Movement | EB | EB | EB | WB | WB | WB | NB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | TR | L | T | TR | LTR | L | TR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 179 | 103 | 138 | 6 | 182 | 191 | 36 | 51 | 79 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 80 | 37 | 44 | 0 | 96 | 101 | 14 | 17 | 40 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 143 | 80 | 95 | 4 | 152 | 158 | 40 | 44 | 72 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 746 | 746 |  | 812 | 812 | 115 | 155 | 155 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  | 100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 220 |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |

Intersection: 2: Mango Av. \& Highland Av.

| Movement | EB | EB | EB | WB | WB | WB | NB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | T | T | R | L | T | T | LR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 143 | 120 | 97 | 117 | 133 | 111 | 214 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 78 | 59 | 46 | 46 | 66 | 43 | 116 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 126 | 107 | 79 | 86 | 111 | 87 | 193 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 812 | 812 |  |  | 1313 | 1313 | 383 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  | 225 | 200 |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Intersection: 3: Mango Av. \& Driveway 2/Walnut Grove Ct.

| Movement | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | LTR | LTR | LTR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 30 | 46 | 63 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 9 | 21 | 15 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 30 | 45 | 47 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 77 | 135 | 383 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |
| Network Summary |  |  |  |
| Network wide Queuing Penalty: 0 |  |  |  |

Intersection: 1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.

| Movement | EB | EB | EB | WB | WB | WB | NB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | TR | L | T | TR | LTR | L | TR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 291 | 263 | 149 | 15 | 154 | 155 | 46 | 94 | 131 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 158 | 46 | 54 | 1 | 100 | 100 | 8 | 43 | 66 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 252 | 152 | 108 | 7 | 145 | 146 | 31 | 88 | 112 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 746 | 746 |  | 812 | 812 | 115 | 155 | 155 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  | 100 |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 220 |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |  |

Intersection: 2: Mango Av. \& Highland Av.

| Movement | EB | EB | EB | WB | WB | WB | NB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | T | T | R | L | T | T | LR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 117 | 133 | 100 | 147 | 100 | 78 | 192 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 64 | 63 | 52 | 61 | 48 | 30 | 100 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 100 | 111 | 84 | 111 | 84 | 66 | 170 |
| Link Distance ( ft ) | 812 | 812 |  |  | 1313 | 1313 | 383 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  | 225 | 200 |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Intersection: 3: Mango Av. \& Driveway 2/Walnut Grove Ct.

| Movement | EB | WB | NB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | LTR | LTR | LTR | LTR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 29 | 59 | 14 | 75 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 5 | 26 | 1 | 12 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 23 | 53 | 8 | 49 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 77 | 135 | 457 | 383 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |  |
| Network Summary |  |  |  |  |
| Network wide Queuing Penalty: 8 |  |  |  |  |

## APPENDIX 3.1:

## Existing \& Historical Traffic Counts

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## INTERSECTION TURNING MOVEMENT COUNTS




## INTERSECTION TURNING MOVEMENT COUNTS




City of Fontana
N/S: Mango Avenue
E/W: South Highland Avenue
Weather: Clear

File Name : FON_Mango_S Highland AM
Site Code : 04319776
Start Date: 12/3/2019
Page No : 1

|  | South Highland Avenue Westbound |  |  | Mango Avenue Northbound |  |  | South Highland Avenue Eastbound |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start Time | Left | Thru | App. Total | Left | Right | App. Total | Thru | Right | App. Total | Int. Total |
| 07:00 AM | 11 | 111 | 122 | 54 | 18 | 72 | 55 | 29 | 84 | 278 |
| 07:15 AM | 11 | 99 | 110 | 53 | 15 | 68 | 94 | 51 | 145 | 323 |
| 07:30 AM | 10 | 47 | 57 | 50 | 26 | 76 | 51 | 44 | 95 | 228 |
| 07:45 AM | 7 | 30 | 37 | 32 | 17 | 49 | 31 | 30 | 61 | 147 |
| Total | 39 | 287 | 326 | 189 | 76 | 265 | 231 | 154 | 385 | 976 |
| 08:00 AM | 9 | 19 | 28 | 32 | 13 | 45 | 26 | 15 | 41 | 114 |
| 08:15 AM | 10 | 24 | 34 | 16 | 10 | 26 | 18 | 25 | 43 | 103 |
| 08:30 AM | 7 | 24 | 31 | 26 | 13 | 39 | 15 | 18 | 33 | 103 |
| 08:45 AM | 6 | 26 | 32 | 31 | 11 | 42 | 18 | 19 | 37 | 111 |
| Total | 32 | 93 | 125 | 105 | 47 | 152 | 77 | 77 | 154 | 431 |
| Grand Total | 71 | 380 | 451 | 294 | 123 | 417 | 308 | 231 | 539 | 1407 |
| Apprch \% | 15.7 | 84.3 |  | 70.5 | 29.5 |  | 57.1 | 42.9 |  |  |
| Total \% | 5 | 27 | 32.1 | 20.9 | 8.7 | 29.6 | 21.9 | 16.4 | 38.3 |  |


|  | South Highland Avenue Westbound |  |  | Mango Avenue Northbound |  |  | South Highland Avenue Eastbound |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start Time | Left | Thru | App. Total | Left | Right | App. Total | Thru | Right | App. Total | Int. Total |
| Peak Hour Analysis From 07:00 AM to 08:45 AM - Peak 1 of 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Peak Hour for Entire Intersection Begins at 07:00 AM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07:00 AM | 11 | 111 | 122 | 54 | 18 | 72 | 55 | 29 | 84 | 278 |
| 07:15 AM | 11 | 99 | 110 | 53 | 15 | 68 | 94 | 51 | 145 | 323 |
| 07:30 AM | 10 | 47 | 57 | 50 | 26 | 76 | 51 | 44 | 95 | 228 |
| 07:45 AM | 7 | 30 | 37 | 32 | 17 | 49 | 31 | 30 | 61 | 147 |
| Total Volume | 39 | 287 | 326 | 189 | 76 | 265 | 231 | 154 | 385 | 976 |
| \% App. Total | 12 | 88 |  | 71.3 | 28.7 |  | 60 | 40 |  |  |
| PHF | . 886 | . 646 | . 668 | . 875 | . 731 | . 872 | 614 | . 755 | . 664 | 755 |

City of Fontana
File Name : FON_Mango_S Highland AM
N/S: Mango Avenue Site Code : 04319776
E/W: South Highland Avenue
Start Date : 12/3/2019
Weather: Clear


Peak Hour Analysis From 07:00 AM to 08:45 AM - Peak 1 of 1
Peak Hour for Each Approach Begins at:

|  | 07:00 AM |  |  | 07:00 AM |  |  | 07:00 AM |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| +0 mins. | 11 | 111 | 122 | 54 | 18 | 72 | 55 | 29 | 84 |
| +15 mins. | 11 | 99 | 110 | 53 | 15 | 68 | 94 | 51 | 145 |
| +30 mins. | 10 | 47 | 57 | 50 | 26 | 76 | 51 | 44 | 95 |
| +45 mins. | 7 | 30 | 37 | 32 | 17 | 49 | 31 | 30 | 61 |
| Total Volume | 39 | 287 | 326 | 189 | 76 | 265 | 231 | 154 | 385 |
| \% App. Total | 12 | 88 |  | 71.3 | 28.7 |  | 60 | 40 |  |
| PHF | . 886 | . 646 | . 668 | . 875 | . 731 | . 872 | . 614 | . 755 | . 664 |

City of Fontana
N/S: Mango Avenue
E/W: South Highland Avenue
Weather: Clear

File Name : FON_Mango_S Highland PM
Site Code : 04319776
Start Date : 12/3/2019
Page No : 1

|  | South Highland Avenue Westbound |  |  | Mango Avenue Northbound |  |  | South Highland Avenue Eastbound |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start Time | Left | Thru | App. Total | Left | Right | App. Total | Thru | Right | App. Total | Int. Total |
| 04:00 PM | 11 | 54 | 65 | 39 | 10 | 49 | 75 | 57 | 132 | 246 |
| 04:15 PM | 17 | 53 | 70 | 21 | 19 | 40 | 62 | 57 | 119 | 229 |
| 04:30 PM | 20 | 49 | 69 | 33 | 19 | 52 | 54 | 35 | 89 | 210 |
| 04:45 PM | 13 | 70 | 83 | 34 | 24 | 58 | 58 | 50 | 108 | 249 |
| Total | 61 | 226 | 287 | 127 | 72 | 199 | 249 | 199 | 448 | 934 |
| 05:00 PM | 24 | 70 | 94 | 46 | 17 | 63 | 88 | 54 | 142 | 299 |
| 05:15 PM | 20 | 49 | 69 | 48 | 11 | 59 | 45 | 58 | 103 | 231 |
| 05:30 PM | 19 | 60 | 79 | 41 | 23 | 64 | 77 | 47 | 124 | 267 |
| 05:45 PM | 15 | 39 | 54 | 30 | 13 | 43 | 61 | 42 | 103 | 200 |
| Total | 78 | 218 | 296 | 165 | 64 | 229 | 271 | 201 | 472 | 997 |
| Grand Total | 139 | 444 | 583 | 292 | 136 | 428 | 520 | 400 | 920 | 1931 |
| Apprch \% | 23.8 | 76.2 |  | 68.2 | 31.8 |  | 56.5 | 43.5 |  |  |
| Total \% | 7.2 | 23 | 30.2 | 15.1 | 7 | 22.2 | 26.9 | 20.7 | 47.6 |  |


|  | South Highland Avenue Westbound |  |  | Mango Avenue Northbound |  |  | South Highland Avenue Eastbound |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start Time | Left | Thru | App. Total | Left | Right | App. Total | Thru | Right | App. Total | Int. Total |
| Peak Hour Analysis From 04:00 PM to 05:45 PM - Peak 1 of 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Peak Hour for Entire Intersection Begins at 04:45 PM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04:45 PM | 13 | 70 | 83 | 34 | 24 | 58 | 58 | 50 | 108 | 249 |
| 05:00 PM | 24 | 70 | 94 | 46 | 17 | 63 | 88 | 54 | 142 | 299 |
| 05:15 PM | 20 | 49 | 69 | 48 | 11 | 59 | 45 | 58 | 103 | 231 |
| 05:30 PM | 19 | 60 | 79 | 41 | 23 | 64 | 77 | 47 | 124 | 267 |
| Total Volume | 76 | 249 | 325 | 169 | 75 | 244 | 268 | 209 | 477 | 1046 |
| \% App. Total | 23.4 | 76.6 |  | 69.3 | 30.7 |  | 56.2 | 43.8 |  |  |
| PHF | . 792 | . 889 | . 864 | . 880 | . 781 | . 953 | . 761 | . 901 | . 840 | . 875 |

City of Fontana
File Name : FON_Mango_S Highland PM
N/S: Mango Avenue
E/W: South Highland Avenue
Site Code : 04319776
Weather: Clear Start Date : 12/3/2019
Page No : 2


Peak Hour Analysis From 04:00 PM to 05:45 PM - Peak 1 of 1
Peak Hour for Each Approach Begins at:

|  | 04:45 PM |  |  | 04:45 PM |  |  | 04:45 PM |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| +0 mins. | 13 | 70 | 83 | 34 | 24 | 58 | 58 | 50 | 108 |
| +15 mins. | 24 | 70 | 94 | 46 | 17 | 63 | 88 | 54 | 142 |
| +30 mins. | 20 | 49 | 69 | 48 | 11 | 59 | 45 | 58 | 103 |
| +45 mins. | 19 | 60 | 79 | 41 | 23 | 64 | 77 | 47 | 124 |
| Total Volume | 76 | 249 | 325 | 169 | 75 | 244 | 268 | 209 | 477 |
| \% App. Total | 23.4 | 76.6 |  | 69.3 | 30.7 |  | 56.2 | 43.8 |  |
| PHF | . 792 | . 889 | . 864 | . 880 | . 781 | . 953 | . 761 | . 901 | . 840 |

INTERSECTION TURNING MOVEMENT COUNTS
PREPARED BY: AimTD LLC. tel: 7142537888 cs@aimtd.com


TURNING MOVEMENT COUNTS


## APPENDIX 3.2:

## Existing (2021) Conditions Intersection Operations Analysis Worksheets

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1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.


Cycle Length: 75
Actuated Cycle Length: 47.5
Natural Cycle: 75
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated
Splits and Phases: 1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.


1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ |  | $\mathbf{- 1}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 236 | 158 | 51 | 294 | 216 | 89 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 236 | 158 | 51 | 294 | 216 | 89 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | 225 | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 257 | 172 | 55 | 320 | 235 | 97 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 429 | 0 | 527 | 130 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 257 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 270 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.14 | - | 6.84 | 6.94 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.84 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.84 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | - | 2.22 | - | 3.52 | 3.32 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1127 | - | 481 | 896 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 762 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 751 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - |  | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1127 | - | 453 | 895 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 453 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 762 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 707 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | NB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 |  | 1.4 |  | 22.5 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | C |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 529 | - | - | 1127 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.627 | - | - | 0.049 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 22.5 | - | - | 8.4 | 0.2 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | C | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 4.3 | - | - | 0.2 | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |  |
| Lane Configurations |  |  |  |  | $\dagger$ |  |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 277 | 3 | 36 | 172 | 0 |  |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 277 | 3 | 36 | 172 | 0 |  |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Sign Control Stoper | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free |  |
| RT Channelized |  | - | None | - | - | None | - | - | None | - |  | None |  |
| Storage Length |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# |  | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Grade, \% |  | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |  |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| Mvmt Flow | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 301 | 3 | 39 | 187 | 0 |  |



|  |  |  | $\leftarrow$ | $\checkmark$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | WBT | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | ${ }^{*}$ | ¢4 | 中t | \% | F |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 306 | 428 | 402 | 69 | 207 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 306 | 428 | 402 | 69 | 207 |
| Turn Type | Prot | NA | NA | Prot | Perm |
| Protected Phases | 7 | 4 | 8 | 1 |  |
| Permitted Phases |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| Detector Phase | 7 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 6 |
| Switch Phase |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum Initial (s) | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 5.0 | 7.0 |
| Minimum Split (s) | 12.0 | 13.7 | 27.7 | 9.6 | 33.0 |
| Total Split (s) | 14.0 | 41.7 | 27.7 | 33.3 | 33.3 |
| Total Split (\%) | 18.7\% | 55.6\% | 36.9\% | 44.4\% | 44.4\% |
| Yellow Time (s) | 3.0 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 3.6 | 4.0 |
| All-Red Time (s) | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 |
| Lost Time Adjust (s) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 5.0 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 4.6 | 6.0 |
| Lead/Lag | Lead |  | Lag |  |  |
| Lead-Lag Optimize? | Yes |  | Yes |  |  |
| Recall Mode | None | None | None | None | None |
| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |  |  |

Cycle Length: 75
Actuated Cycle Length: 49.4
Natural Cycle: 80
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated
Splits and Phases: 1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.


|  | $\rangle$ |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 | $p$ |  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | \% | 个4 |  |  | 性 |  |  |  |  | \% |  | F |
| Traffic Volume (veh/h) | 306 | 428 | 0 | 0 | 402 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 69 | 0 | 207 |
| Future Volume (veh/h) | 306 | 428 | 0 | 0 | 402 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 69 | 0 | 207 |
| Initial $Q(Q b)$, veh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT) | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Parking Bus, Adj | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Work Zone On Approach |  | No |  |  | No |  |  |  |  |  | No |  |
| Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln | 1870 | 1870 | 0 | 0 | 1870 | 1870 |  |  |  | 1870 | 0 | 1870 |
| Adj Flow Rate, veh/h | 333 | 465 | 0 | 0 | 437 | 25 |  |  |  | 75 | 0 | 90 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.92 |  |  |  | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.92 |
| Percent Heavy Veh, \% | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Cap, veh/h | 402 | 2035 | 0 | 0 | 708 | 40 |  |  |  | 200 | 0 | 178 |
| Arrive On Green | 0.23 | 0.57 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.21 | 0.21 |  |  |  | 0.11 | 0.00 | 0.11 |
| Sat Flow, veh/h | 1781 | 3647 | 0 | 0 | 3511 | 195 |  |  |  | 1781 | 0 | 1585 |
| Grp Volume(v), veh/h | 333 | 465 | 0 | 0 | 227 | 235 |  |  |  | 75 | 0 | 90 |
| Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/n | 1781 | 1777 | 0 | 0 | 1777 | 1835 |  |  |  | 1781 | 0 | 1585 |
| Q Serve(g_s), s | 6.4 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.2 | 4.2 |  |  |  | 1.4 | 0.0 | 1.9 |
| Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s | 6.4 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.2 | 4.2 |  |  |  | 1.4 | 0.0 | 1.9 |
| Prop In Lane | 1.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.11 |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h | 402 | 2035 | 0 | 0 | 368 | 380 |  |  |  | 200 | 0 | 178 |
| V/C Ratio(X) | 0.83 | 0.23 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.62 | 0.62 |  |  |  | 0.37 | 0.00 | 0.50 |
| Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h | 447 | 3467 | 0 | 0 | 1040 | 1074 |  |  |  | 1425 | 0 | 1268 |
| HCM Platoon Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upstream Filter(I) | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 |
| Uniform Delay (d), s/veh | 13.2 | 3.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.9 | 12.9 |  |  |  | 14.8 | 0.0 | 15.0 |
| Incr Delay (d2), s/veh | 10.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.6 |  |  |  | 1.2 | 0.0 | 2.2 |
| Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| \%ile BackOfQ (50\%),veh/ln | 2.7 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 |  |  |  | 0.5 | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LnGrp Delay (d),s/veh | 23.3 | 3.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.5 | 13.5 |  |  |  | 15.9 | 0.0 | 17.2 |
| LnGrp LOS | C | A | A | A | B | B |  |  |  | B | A | B |
| Approach Vol, veh/h |  | 798 |  |  | 462 |  |  |  |  |  | 165 |  |
| Approach Delay, s/veh |  | 11.9 |  |  | 13.5 |  |  |  |  |  | 16.6 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | B |  |  | B |  |  |  |  |  | B |  |
| Timer - Assigned Phs |  |  |  | 4 |  | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Phs Duration ( $G+Y+R \mathrm{c}$ ), $s$ |  |  |  | 27.2 |  | 8.6 | 13.1 | 14.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Change Period ( $\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{Rc}$ ), s |  |  |  | 6.7 |  | 4.6 | 5.0 | 6.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Max Green Setting (Gmax), s |  |  |  | 35.0 |  | 28.7 | 9.0 | 21.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Max Q Clear Time (g_c+11), s |  |  |  | 4.3 |  | 3.9 | 8.4 | 6.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Green Ext Time (p_c), s |  |  |  | 1.7 |  | 0.5 | 0.0 | 1.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HCM 6th Ctrr Delay |  |  | 13.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HCM 6th LOS |  |  | B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 6.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ |  | $\mathbf{- 1}$ | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 283 | 214 | 78 | 261 | 173 | 77 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 283 | 214 | 78 | 261 | 173 | 77 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | 225 | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 311 | 235 | 86 | 287 | 190 | 85 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 546 | 0 | 627 | 156 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 311 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 316 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.14 | - | 6.84 | 6.94 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.84 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.84 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | - | 2.22 | - | 3.52 | 3.32 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1019 | - | 416 | 862 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 716 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 712 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - |  | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1019 | - | 374 | 862 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 374 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 716 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 641 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | NB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 |  | 2.3 |  | 24.4 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | C |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL WBT |  |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 453 | - | - | 1019 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.606 | - |  | 0.084 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 24.4 | - | - | 8.9 | 0.3 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | C | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 3.9 | - | - | 0.3 | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |  |
| Lane Configurations |  |  |  |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\hat{\beta}$ |  |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 222 | 9 | 27 | 265 | 0 |  |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 222 | 9 | 27 | 265 | 0 |  |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Sign Control S | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free |  |
| RT Channelized | - | - | None | - | - | None | - | - | None | - | - | None |  |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |  |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| Mvmt Flow | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 241 | 10 | 29 | 288 | 0 |  |



## ApPENDIX 3.3:

## Existing (2021) Conditions Traffic Signal Warrant Analysis Worksheets

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Figure 4C-4. Warrant 3, Peak Hour (70\% Factor)
(COMMUNITY LESS THAN 10,000 POPULATION OR ABOVE $64 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ OR ABOVE 40 mph ON MAJOR STREET)

Traffic Conditions $=\quad$ Existing (2021) Conditions - Weekday AM Peak Hour
Major Street Name $=$ Highland Av.
Total of Both Approaches (VPH) $=739$ Number of Approach Lanes Major Street $=2$

Minor Street Name $=$ Mango Av.
High Volume Approach (VPH) $=305$
Number of Approach Lanes Minor Street $=1$

WARRANTED FOR A SIGNAL

$\longrightarrow 1$ Lane (Major) \& 1 Lane (Minor)
$\longrightarrow$ 2+ Lanes (Major) \& 1 Lane (Minor) OR 1 Lane (Major) \& 2+ Lanes (Minor)
$\longrightarrow 2+$ Lanes (Major) \& 2+ Lanes (Minor)
$\longrightarrow$ Major Street Approaches

-     -         -             - Minor Street Approaches
*Note: 100 vph applies as the lower threshold for a minor-street approach with two or more lanes and 75 vph applies as the lower threshold for a minor-street approach with one lane

Figure 4C-3. Warrant 3, Peak Hour

Traffic Conditions $=$ Existing (2021) Conditions - Weekday PM Peak Hour

Major Street Name = Mango Av.
Total of Both Approaches (VPH) $=523$
Number of Approach Lanes on Major Street $=1$

Minor Street Name $=$ Walnut Grove Ct.
High Volume Approach (VPH) $=35$
Number of Approach Lanes On Minor Street =1

SIGNAL WARRANT NOT SATISFIED


*Note: 150 vph applies as the lower threshold for a minor-street approach with two or more lanes and 100 vph applies as the lower threshold for a minor-street approach with one lane

## APPENDIX 4.1:

## Post Processing Worksheets

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| Project: ======================>> |  | Mango \& Highland Residential | <=== | Job \#: 14153 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Horizon Year (2040) | <=== | Analyst: CS |
| Existing Conditions Model Run ID: | ==> | SBTAM 2016 | <=== | Date: 6/18/21 |
| Future Conditions Model Run ID: | ==> | SBTAM 2040 | <== |  |



Z:|Shared $\backslash$ UcJobs $\_14100-14500$ \14100\14153\02_LOS\Post Processing \[02 Mango_Highland.xIsJInput (1)
4.1-1

- 1 -

Project: Mango \& Highland Residential Horizon Year (2040)

Job \#: 14153
Analyst: CS
Date: $\quad 6 / 18 / 21$

LOCATION:
FORECAST YEAR:

Mango Av. \& Highland Av.
2040

|  |  |  | DIVIDUAL | N VOLUME | GROWTH | EVIEW |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | M PEAK HOU | INPUT DATA |  |  | PEAK HOU | R INPUT DA |  |
| APPROACH | TURNING MOVEMENT | EXISTING COUNT | FUTURE VOLUME | DIFFERENCE | \% CHANGE | EXISTING COUNT | FUTURE VOLUME | DIFF- <br> ERENCE | \% CHANGE |
| NORTH BOUND |  | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \hline 216 \\ 0 \\ 89 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \hline 214 \\ 0 \\ 101 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | -2 | $-1 \%$ <br> \#DIV/0! <br> $14 \%$ | 173 0 77 | 177 0 103 | 4 0 26 | 2\% <br> \#DIV/0! <br> $34 \%$ |
|  | NB Total | 305 | 315 | 10 | 3\% | 250 | 280 | 30 | 12\% |
| SOUTH <br> BOUND |  | 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { \#DIV/O! } \\ & \text { \#DIV/O! } \\ & \text { \#DIV/O! } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 |  |
|  | SB Total | 0 | 0 | 0 | \#DIV/0! | 0 | 0 | 0 | \#DIV/0! |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { EAST } \\ \text { BOUND } \end{gathered}$ | Left Through Right | $\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 236 \\ 158 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 249 \\ 170 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 0 13 12 | \#DIV/0! <br> $5 \%$ <br> $8 \%$ | 0 283 214 | 0 347 213 | 0 64 -1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { \#DIV/0! } \\ 23 \% \\ 0 \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  | EB Total | 394 | 419 | 25 | 6\% | 497 | 560 | 63 | 13\% |
| WEST BOUND |  | 51 294 0 | 60 296 0 | 9 2 0 | $\begin{gathered} 18 \% \\ 1 \% \\ \text { \#DIV/0! } \end{gathered}$ | 78 261 0 | 87 273 0 | r 9 | $\begin{gathered} 12 \% \\ 5 \% \\ \text { \#DIV/0! } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | WB Total | 345 | 356 | 11 | 3\% | 339 | 360 | 21 | 6\% |
| TOTAL ENTERING VOLUME |  | 1,044 | 1,090 | 46.2254694 | 4\% | 1,085 | 1,200 | 115 | 11\% |


| FORECAST PEAK HOUR TO ADT COMPARISON |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | VOLUMES |  | PERCENT OF ADT |  | ADT |
|  | AM | PM | AM | PM |  |
| North Leg Inbound <br> North Leg Outbound <br> North Leg TOTAL | 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | \#DIV/0! | \#DIV/0! | - |
| South Leg Inbound <br> South Leg Outbound <br> South Leg TOTAL | $\begin{aligned} & 315 \\ & 230 \\ & 545 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 280 \\ & 300 \\ & 580 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 7\% | 7\% | 7,745 |
| East Leg Inbound <br> East Leg Outbound <br> East Leg TOTAL | $\begin{aligned} & 356 \\ & 350 \\ & 706 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 360 \\ & 450 \\ & 810 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 5\% | 6\% | 13,122 |
| West Leg Inbound <br> West Leg Outbound <br> West Leg TOTAL | $\begin{aligned} & 419 \\ & 510 \\ & 929 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 560 \\ 450 \\ \mathbf{1 , 0 1 0} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 7\% | 7\% | 13,780 |
| OVERALL TOTAL | 2,180 | 2,400 | 6\% | 7\% | 34,648 |

[^3]
## APPENDIX 5.1:

## Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Without Project Conditions Intersection Operations Analysis Worksheets

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1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.

|  |  |  | $\leftarrow$ | $\checkmark$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | WBT | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | * | ¢4 | $\uparrow{ }^{\text {t }}$ | \% | F |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 161 | 453 | 568 | 18 | 89 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 161 | 453 | 568 | 18 | 89 |
| Turn Type | Prot | NA | NA | Prot | Perm |
| Protected Phases | 7 | 4 | 8 | 1 |  |
| Permitted Phases |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| Detector Phase | 7 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 6 |
| Switch Phase |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum Initial (s) | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 5.0 | 7.0 |
| Minimum Split (s) | 12.0 | 13.7 | 27.7 | 9.6 | 33.0 |
| Total Split (s) | 14.0 | 41.7 | 27.7 | 33.3 | 33.3 |
| Total Split (\%) | 18.7\% | 55.6\% | 36.9\% | 44.4\% | 44.4\% |
| Yellow Time (s) | 3.0 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 3.6 | 4.0 |
| All-Red Time (s) | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 |
| Lost Time Adjust (s) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 5.0 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 4.6 | 6.0 |
| Lead/Lag | Lead |  | Lag |  |  |
| Lead-Lag Optimize? | Yes |  | Yes |  |  |
| Recall Mode | None | None | None | None | None |
| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |  |  |

Cycle Length: 75
Actuated Cycle Length: 48.8
Natural Cycle: 75
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated
Splits and Phases: 1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.


|  | $\rangle$ |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | $\dagger$ |  |  | $\dagger$ | $\downarrow$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | \% | 个4 |  |  | 瑯 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{1}$ |  | F |
| Traffic Volume (veh/h) | 161 | 453 | 0 | 0 | 568 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 89 |
| Future Volume (veh/h) | 161 | 453 | 0 | 0 | 568 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 89 |
| Initial Q (Qb), veh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT) | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 0.98 |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Parking Bus, Adj | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Work Zone On Approach |  | No |  |  | No |  |  |  |  |  | No |  |
| Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln | 1870 | 1870 | 0 | 0 | 1870 | 1870 |  |  |  | 1870 | 0 | 1870 |
| Adj Flow Rate, veh/h | 192 | 539 | 0 | 0 | 676 | 17 |  |  |  | 21 | 0 | 70 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 |  |  |  | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 |
| Percent Heavy Veh, \% | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Cap, veh/h | 300 | 2114 | 0 | 0 | 1005 | 25 |  |  |  | 149 | 0 | 133 |
| Arrive On Green | 0.17 | 0.59 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.28 | 0.28 |  |  |  | 0.08 | 0.00 | 0.08 |
| Sat Flow, veh/h | 1781 | 3647 | 0 | 0 | 3633 | 89 |  |  |  | 1781 | 0 | 1585 |
| Grp Volume(v), veh/h | 192 | 539 | 0 | 0 | 339 | 354 |  |  |  | 21 | 0 | 70 |
| Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln | 1781 | 1777 | 0 | 0 | 1777 | 1852 |  |  |  | 1781 | 0 | 1585 |
| Q Serve(g_s), s | 3.5 | 2.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.9 | 5.9 |  |  |  | 0.4 | 0.0 | 1.5 |
| Cycle Q Clear (g_c), s | 3.5 | 2.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.9 | 5.9 |  |  |  | 0.4 | 0.0 | 1.5 |
| Prop In Lane | 1.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.05 |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Lane Grp Cap (c), veh/h | 300 | 2114 | 0 | 0 | 505 | 526 |  |  |  | 149 | 0 | 133 |
| V/C Ratio(X) | 0.64 | 0.25 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.67 | 0.67 |  |  |  | 0.14 | 0.00 | 0.53 |
| Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h | 456 | 3538 | 0 | 0 | 1061 | 1106 |  |  |  | 1454 | 0 | 1294 |
| HCM Platoon Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upstream Filter(l) | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 |
| Uniform Delay (d), s/veh | 13.6 | 3.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.1 | 11.1 |  |  |  | 14.9 | 0.0 | 15.4 |
| Incr Delay (d2), s/veh | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.6 |  |  |  | 0.4 | 0.0 | 3.2 |
| Initial Q Delay (d3),s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| \%ile BackOfQ(50\%),veh/In | 1.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 1.5 |  |  |  | 0.2 | 0.0 | 1.4 |
| Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh | 14.5 | 3.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.7 | 11.7 |  |  |  | 15.4 | 0.0 | 18.7 |
| LnGrp LOS | B | A | A | A | B | B |  |  |  | B | A | B |
| Approach Vol, veh/h |  | 731 |  |  | 693 |  |  |  |  |  | 91 |  |
| Approach Delay, s/veh |  | 6.3 |  |  | 11.7 |  |  |  |  |  | 17.9 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | A |  |  | B |  |  |  |  |  | B |  |
| Timer - Assigned Phs |  |  |  | 4 |  | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Phs Duration ( $\mathrm{G}+\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{Rc}$ ), s |  |  |  | 27.6 |  | 7.5 | 10.9 | 16.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Change Period ( $\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{Rc}$ ), s |  |  |  | 6.7 |  | 4.6 | 5.0 | 6.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Max Green Setting (Gmax), s |  |  |  | 35.0 |  | 28.7 | 9.0 | 21.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Max Q Clear Time (g_c+11), s |  |  |  | 4.5 |  | 3.5 | 5.5 | 7.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Green Ext Time (p_c), s |  |  |  | 2.1 |  | 0.2 | 0.1 | 1.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HCM 6th Ctrl Delay |  |  | 9.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HCM 6th LOS |  |  | A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 12.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | 个4 | $\mathbf{7}$ |  | $\mathbf{- 1}$ | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 308 | 164 | 70 | 362 | 224 | 111 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 308 | 164 | 70 | 362 | 224 | 111 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | 225 | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 335 | 178 | 76 | 393 | 243 | 121 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 513 | 0 | 684 | 169 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 335 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 349 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.14 | - | 6.84 | 6.94 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.84 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.84 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | - | 2.22 | - | 3.52 | 3.32 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1049 | - | 382 | 845 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 697 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 685 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - |  | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1049 | - | 346 | 844 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 346 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 697 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 621 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | NB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 |  | 1.7 |  | 45.1 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | E |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 430 | - | - | 1049 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.847 | - | - | 0.073 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 45.1 | - | - | 8.7 | 0.3 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | E | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 8.3 | - | - | 0.2 | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |  |
| Lane Configurations |  |  |  |  | $\dagger$ |  |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 307 | 4 | 37 | 196 | 0 |  |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 307 | 4 | 37 | 196 | 0 |  |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Sign Control Stoper | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free |  |
| RT Channelized |  | - | None | - | - | None | - | - | None | - |  | None |  |
| Storage Length |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# |  | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Grade, \% |  | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |  |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| Mvmt Flow | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 334 | 4 | 40 | 213 | 0 |  |



1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.

|  |  |  | $\leftarrow$ | , |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | WBT | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | \% | 个4 | 中t | \% | F |
| Trafic Volume (vph) | 313 | 498 | 465 | 70 | 211 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 313 | 498 | 465 | 70 | 211 |
| Turn Type | Prot | NA | NA | Prot | Perm |
| Protected Phases | 7 | 4 | 8 | 1 |  |
| Permitted Phases |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| Detector Phase | 7 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 6 |
| Switch Phase |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum Initial (s) | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 5.0 | 7.0 |
| Minimum Split (s) | 12.0 | 13.7 | 27.7 | 9.6 | 33.0 |
| Total Split (s) | 29.0 | 56.7 | 27.7 | 33.3 | 33.3 |
| Total Split (\%) | 32.2\% | 63.0\% | 30.8\% | 37.0\% | 37.0\% |
| Yellow Time (s) | 3.0 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 3.6 | 4.0 |
| All-Red Time (s) | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 |
| Lost Time Adjust (s) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 5.0 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 4.6 | 6.0 |
| Lead/Lag | Lead |  | Lag |  |  |
| Lead-Lag Optimize? | Yes |  | Yes |  |  |
| Recall Mode | None | None | None | None | None |
| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |  |  |

Cycle Length: 90
Actuated Cycle Length: 61.3
Natural Cycle: 80
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated

Splits and Phases: 1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.


|  | 4 |  |  | 7 |  |  | 4 | 4 | $p$ |  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | ${ }^{4}$ | 个4 |  |  | 瑯 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{7}$ |  | F |
| Traffic Volume (veh/h) | 313 | 498 | 0 | 0 | 465 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 0 | 211 |
| Future Volume (veh/h) | 313 | 498 | 0 | 0 | 465 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 0 | 211 |
| Initial $Q(Q b)$, veh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | - | 0 | 0 |
| Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT) | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 0.97 |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Parking Bus, Adj | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Work Zone On Approach |  | No |  |  | No |  |  |  |  |  | No |  |
| Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln | 1870 | 1870 | 0 | 0 | 1870 | 1870 |  |  |  | 1870 | 0 | 1870 |
| Adj Flow Rate, veh/h | 373 | 593 | 0 | 0 | 554 | 35 |  |  |  | 83 | 0 | 215 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 |  |  |  | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 |
| Percent Heavy Veh, \% | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Cap, veh/h | 437 | 2054 | 0 | 0 | 773 | 49 |  |  |  | 331 | 0 | 294 |
| Arrive On Green | 0.25 | 0.58 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.23 | 0.23 |  |  |  | 0.19 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
| Sat Flow, veh/h | 1781 | 3647 | 0 | 0 | 3482 | 214 |  |  |  | 1781 | 0 | 1585 |
| Grp Volume(v), veh/h | 373 | 593 | 0 | 0 | 290 | 299 |  |  |  | 83 | 0 | 215 |
| Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/n | 1781 | 1777 | 0 | 0 | 1777 | 1825 |  |  |  | 1781 | 0 | 1585 |
| Q Serve(g_s), s | 9.6 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.2 | 7.2 |  |  |  | 1.9 | 0.0 | 6.1 |
| Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s | 9.6 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.2 | 7.2 |  |  |  | 1.9 | 0.0 | 6.1 |
| Prop In Lane | 1.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.12 |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Lane Grp Cap (c), veh/h | 437 | 2054 | 0 | 0 | 406 | 417 |  |  |  | 331 | 0 | 294 |
| V/C Ratio(X) | 0.85 | 0.29 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.72 | 0.72 |  |  |  | 0.25 | 0.00 | 0.73 |
| Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h | 894 | 3717 | 0 | 0 | 781 | 802 |  |  |  | 1070 | 0 | 952 |
| HCM Platoon Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upstream Filter(l) | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 |
| Uniform Delay (d), s/veh | 17.2 | 5.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.0 | 17.0 |  |  |  | 16.6 | 0.0 | 18.3 |
| Incr Delay (d2), s/veh | 1.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.9 |  |  |  | 0.4 | 0.0 | 3.5 |
| Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| \%ile BackOfQ(50\%),veh/ln | 3.2 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.3 | 2.4 |  |  |  | 0.7 | 0.0 | 5.5 |
| Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh | 19.1 | 5.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.9 | 17.9 |  |  |  | 17.0 | 0.0 | 21.8 |
| LnGrp LOS | B | A | A | A | B | B |  |  |  | B | A | C |
| Approach Vol, veh/h |  | 966 |  |  | 589 |  |  |  |  |  | 298 |  |
| Approach Delay, s/veh |  | 10.5 |  |  | 17.9 |  |  |  |  |  | 20.5 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | B |  |  | B |  |  |  |  |  | C |  |
| Timer - Assigned Phs |  |  |  | 4 |  | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Phs Duration ( $G+Y+R \mathrm{c}$ ), $s$ |  |  |  | 34.3 |  | 13.5 | 16.7 | 17.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Change Period ( $Y+\mathrm{Rc}$ ), s |  |  |  | 6.7 |  | 4.6 | 5.0 | 6.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Max Green Setting (Gmax), s |  |  |  | 50.0 |  | 28.7 | 24.0 | 21.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Max Q Clear Time (g_c +11 ), s |  |  |  | 6.0 |  | 8.1 | 11.6 | 9.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Green Ext Time (p_c), s |  |  |  | 2.3 |  | 0.9 | 0.2 | 1.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HCM 6th Ctrl Delay |  |  | 14.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HCM 6th LOS |  |  | B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 9.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | 个4 | $\mathbf{F}$ |  | $\mathbf{- 1}$ | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 347 | 222 | 95 | 318 | 180 | 96 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 347 | 222 | 95 | 318 | 180 | 96 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | 225 | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 377 | 241 | 103 | 346 | 196 | 104 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 618 | 0 | 756 | 190 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 377 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 379 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.14 | - | 6.84 | 6.94 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.84 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.84 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | - | 2.22 | - | 3.52 | 3.32 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 958 | - | 344 | 820 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 663 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 662 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - |  | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 958 | - | 298 | 819 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 298 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 663 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 574 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | NB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 |  | 2.4 |  | 41.1 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | E |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL WBT |  |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 383 | - | - | 958 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.783 | - |  | 0.108 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 41.1 | - | - | 9.2 | 0.4 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | E | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 6.6 | - | - | 0.4 | - |




## APPENDIX 5.2:

## Opening Year Cumulative (2023) With Project Conditions Intersection Operations Analysis Worksheets

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Cycle Length: 75
Actuated Cycle Length: 52
Natural Cycle: 75
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated
Splits and Phases: 1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.


1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.

|  | $y$ | $\rightarrow$ |  | $\checkmark$ | - |  | 4 | 4 |  |  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | ${ }^{7}$ | 中 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | ${ }^{*}$ | 性 |  |  | \$ |  | ${ }^{7}$ | $\hat{\beta}$ |  |
| Traffic Volume (veh/h) | 161 | 455 | 7 | 1 | 574 | 18 | 23 | - | 2 | 18 | 0 | 89 |
| Future Volume (veh/h) | 161 | 455 | 7 | 1 | 574 | 18 | 23 | 0 | 2 | 18 | 0 | 89 |
| Initial $Q(Q b)$, veh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT) | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 0.97 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Parking Bus, Adj | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Work Zone On Approach |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |
| Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 |
| Adj Flow Rate, veh/h | 192 | 542 | 8 | 1 | 683 | 17 | 27 | 0 | 2 | 21 | 0 | 70 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 |
| Percent Heavy Veh, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Cap, veh/h | 264 | 1572 | 23 | 4 | 952 | 24 | 323 | 6 | 12 | 423 | 0 | 261 |
| Arrive On Green | 0.15 | 0.44 | 0.44 | 0.00 | 0.27 | 0.27 | 0.17 | 0.00 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.00 | 0.17 |
| Sat Flow, veh/h | 1781 | 3585 | 53 | 1781 | 3541 | 88 | 958 | 36 | 74 | 1415 | 0 | 1582 |
| Grp Volume(v), veh/h | 192 | 269 | 281 |  | 343 | 357 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 70 |
| Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln | 1781 | 1777 | 1861 | 1781 | 1777 | 1852 | 1069 | 0 | 0 | 1415 | 0 | 1582 |
| Q Serve(g_s), s | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 0.0 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.6 |
| Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 0.0 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 2.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 1.6 |
| Prop In Lane | 1.00 |  | 0.03 | 1.00 |  | 0.05 | 0.93 |  | 0.07 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Lane Grp Cap (c), veh/h | 264 | 779 | 816 | 4 | 478 | 498 | 341 | 0 | 0 | 423 | 0 | 261 |
| V/C Ratio(X) | 0.73 | 0.34 | 0.34 | 0.24 | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.09 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.27 |
| Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h | 378 | 1007 | 1054 | 294 | 881 | 918 | 1016 | 0 | 0 | 1101 | 0 | 1020 |
| HCM Platoon Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upstream Filter(l) | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 |
| Uniform Delay (d), s/veh | 17.2 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 21.1 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 16.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.9 | 0.0 | 15.4 |
| Incr Delay (d2), s/veh | 1.7 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 10.4 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| \%ile BackOfQ( $50 \%$ ),veh/In | 1.5 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.5 |
| Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh | 18.9 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 31.5 | 14.8 | 14.8 | 16.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.0 | 0.0 | 15.6 |
| LnGrp LOS | B | A | A | C | B | B | B | A | A | B | A | B |
| Approach Vol, veh/h |  | 742 |  |  | 701 |  |  | 29 |  |  | 91 |  |
| Approach Delay, s/veh |  | 10.8 |  |  | 14.8 |  |  | 16.0 |  |  | 15.5 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | B |  |  | B |  |  | B |  |  | B |  |
| Timer - Assigned Phs |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Phs Duration ( $\mathrm{G}+\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{Rc}$ ), $s$ |  | 13.0 | 4.1 | 25.3 |  | 13.0 | 11.3 | 18.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Change Period ( $Y+R \mathrm{Rc}$ ), s |  | * 6 | 4.0 | 6.7 |  | 6.0 | 5.0 | 6.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Max Green Setting (Gmax), s |  | *28 | 7.0 | 24.0 |  | 27.3 | 9.0 | 21.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Max Q Clear Time (g_c+11), s |  | 4.2 | 2.0 | 6.2 |  | 3.6 | 6.4 | 9.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Green Ext Time (p_c), s |  | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1.6 |  | 0.3 | 0.0 | 1.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HCM 6th Ctrr Delay |  |  | 13.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HCM 6th LOS |  |  | B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Notes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

* HCM 6th computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 14.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | 个4 | $\mathbf{F}$ |  | $\mathbf{- 1}$ | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 310 | 166 | 72 | 363 | 230 | 117 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 310 | 166 | 72 | 363 | 230 | 117 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | 225 | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 337 | 180 | 78 | 395 | 250 | 127 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 517 | 0 | 691 | 170 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 337 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 354 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.14 | - | 6.84 | 6.94 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.84 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.84 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | - | 2.22 | - | 3.52 | 3.32 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1045 | - | 378 | 844 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 695 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 681 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - |  | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 1045 | - | 342 | 843 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 342 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 695 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 616 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | NB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 |  | 1.7 |  | 50.3 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | F |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL WBT |  |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 428 | - | - | 1045 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.881 | - |  | 0.075 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 50.3 | - | - | 8.7 | 0.3 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | F | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 9.1 | - | - | 0.2 | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |  |
| Lane Configurations |  | ¢ |  |  | ¢ |  |  | ¢ |  |  | \$ |  |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 11 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 28 | 1 | 307 | 4 | 37 | 196 | 3 |  |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 11 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 28 | 1 | 307 | 4 | 37 | 196 | 3 |  |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free |  |
| RT Channelized | - | - | None | - | - | None | - | - | None | - |  | None |  |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |  |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| Mvmt Flow | 12 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 30 | 1 | 334 | 4 | 40 | 213 | 3 |  |




Cycle Length: 90
Actuated Cycle Length: 62.4
Natural Cycle: 80
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated
Splits and Phases: 1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.


| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lane Configurations | ${ }^{7}$ | 中t |  | ${ }^{7}$ | 中 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | \$ |  | ${ }^{7}$ | $\hat{\beta}$ |  |
| Traffic Volume (veh/h) | 313 | 504 | 23 | , | 468 | 33 | 13 | 0 | 1 | 70 | 0 | 211 |
| Future Volume (veh/h) | 313 | 504 | 23 | 2 | 468 | 33 | 13 | 0 | 1 | 70 | 0 | 211 |
| Initial $Q(Q b)$, veh | O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT) | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 0.97 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Parking Bus, Adj | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Work Zone On Approach |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |
| Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 |
| Adj Flow Rate, veh/h | 373 | 600 | 27 | 2 | 557 | 35 | 15 | 0 | 1 | 83 | 0 | 215 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 |
| Percent Heavy Veh, \% | 2 |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Cap, veh/h | 433 | 1674 | 75 | 7 | 761 | 48 | 202 | 5 | 5 | 452 | 0 | 296 |
| Arrive On Green | 0.24 | 0.48 | 0.48 | 0.00 | 0.22 | 0.22 | 0.19 | 0.00 | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.00 | 0.19 |
| Sat Flow, veh/h | 1781 | 3463 | 156 | 1781 | 3390 | 213 | 351 | 24 | 25 | 1416 | 0 | 1583 |
| Grp Volume(v), veh/h | 373 | 308 | 319 | 2 | 291 | 301 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 83 | 0 | 215 |
| Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln | 1781 | 1777 | 1842 | 1781 | 1777 | 1825 | 400 | 0 | 0 | 1416 | 0 | 1583 |
| Q Serve(g_s), s | 10.3 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 0.1 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.5 |
| Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s | 10.3 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 0.1 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 6.5 |
| Prop In Lane | 1.00 |  | 0.08 | 1.00 |  | 0.12 | 0.94 |  | 0.06 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h | 433 | 859 | 890 | 7 | 399 | 410 | 211 | 0 | 0 | 452 | 0 | 296 |
| V/C Ratio(X) | 0.86 | 0.36 | 0.36 | 0.29 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.08 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.18 | 0.00 | 0.73 |
| Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h | 800 | 1329 | 1378 | 243 | 739 | 759 | 660 | 0 | 0 | 962 | 0 | 865 |
| HCM Platoon Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upstream Filter(I) | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 |
| Uniform Delay (d), s/veh | 18.6 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 25.4 | 18.4 | 18.4 | 20.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.8 | 0.0 | 19.6 |
| Incr Delay (d2), s/veh | 2.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 8.5 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1.3 |
| Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| \%ile BackOfQ(50\%),veh/ln | 3.5 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 0.0 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 2.3 |
| Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LnGrp Delay (d),s/veh | 20.6 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 33.9 | 19.4 | 19.4 | 20.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.8 | 0.0 | 20.9 |
| LnGrp LOS | C | A | A | C | B | B | C | A | A | B | A | C |
| Approach Vol, veh/h |  | 1000 |  |  | 594 |  |  | 16 |  |  | 298 |  |
| Approach Delay, s/veh |  | 12.9 |  |  | 19.4 |  |  | 20.9 |  |  | 20.0 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | B |  |  | B |  |  | C |  |  | C |  |


| Timer - Assigned Phs | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Phs Duration ( $G+Y+\mathrm{Rc}$ ), $s$ | 15.6 | 4.2 | 31.5 | 15.6 | 17.4 | 18.2 |  |
| Change Period ( $\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{Rc}$ ), s | * 6 | 4.0 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 6.7 |  |
| Max Green Setting (Gmax), s | *29 | 7.0 | 38.3 | 28.0 | 23.0 | 21.3 |  |
| Max Q Clear Time (g_c+11), s | 9.0 | 2.1 | 7.6 | 8.5 | 12.3 | 9.8 |  |
| Green Ext Time (p_c), s | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 1.5 |  |

Intersection Summary

| HCM 6th Ctrl Delay | 16.1 |
| :--- | ---: |
| HCM 6th LOS | $B$ |

## Notes

* HCM 6th computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 11.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | 个4 | $\mathbf{7}$ |  | $\mathbf{- 1}$ | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 348 | 228 | 101 | 320 | 183 | 99 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 348 | 228 | 101 | 320 | 183 | 99 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | 225 | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 378 | 248 | 110 | 348 | 199 | 108 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 626 | 0 | 772 | 190 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 378 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 394 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.14 | - | 6.84 | 6.94 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.84 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.84 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | - | 2.22 | - | 3.52 | 3.32 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 952 | - | 336 | 820 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 663 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 650 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - |  | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 952 | - | 288 | 819 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 288 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 663 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 557 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | NB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 |  | 2.5 |  | 46.5 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | E |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 373 | - | - | 952 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.822 | - | - | 0.115 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 46.5 | - | - | 9.3 | 0.4 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | E | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 7.3 | - | - | 0.4 | - |




## APPENDIX 5.3:

## Opening Year Cumulative (2023) Without Project Conditions Traffic Signal Warrant Analysis Worksheets

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Figure 4C-3. Warrant 3, Peak Hour

Traffic Conditions = 2023 Without Project Conditions - Weekday PM Peak Hour

Major Street Name = Mango Av.
Total of Both Approaches $(\mathrm{VPH})=572$
Number of Approach Lanes on Major Street $=1$

Minor Street Name = Walnut Grove Ct.
High Volume Approach (VPH) $=36$ Number of Approach Lanes On Minor Street =1

## SIGNAL WARRANT NOT SATISFIED



```
——1 Lane (Major) \& 1 Lane (Minor)
\(\longrightarrow\) 2+ Lanes (Major) \& 1 Lane (Minor) OR 1 Lane (Major) \& 2+ Lanes (Minor)
2+ Lanes (Major) \& 2+ Lanes (Minor)
\(\ldots\) Major Street Approaches
- - * - Minor Street Approaches
```

*Note: 150 vph applies as the lower threshold for a minor-street approach with two or more lanes and 100 vph applies as the lower threshold for a minor-street approach with one lane

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## APPENDIX 5.4:

## Opening Year Cumulative (2023) With Project Conditions Traffic Signal Warrant Analysis Worksheets

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Figure 4C-3. Warrant 3, Peak Hour

Traffic Conditions $=2023$ With Project Conditions - Weekday PM Peak Hour

Major Street Name = Mango Av.
Total of Both Approaches (VPH) $=585$
Number of Approach Lanes on Major Street $=\mathbf{1}$

Minor Street Name $=$ Walnut Grove Ct.
High Volume Approach (VPH) $=36$ Number of Approach Lanes On Minor Street =1

## SIGNAL WARRANT NOT SATISFIED



```
——1 Lane (Major) \& 1 Lane (Minor)
\(\longrightarrow\) 2+ Lanes (Major) \& 1 Lane (Minor) OR 1 Lane (Major) \& 2+ Lanes (Minor)
2+ Lanes (Major) \& 2+ Lanes (Minor)
- Major Street Approaches
- - \(\boldsymbol{\infty}\) - Minor Street Approaches
```

*Note: 150 vph applies as the lower threshold for a minor-street approach with two or more lanes and 100 vph applies as the lower threshold for a minor-street approach with one lane

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## APPENDIX 5.5:

## Opening Year Cumulative (2023) With Project Conditions Intersection Operations Analysis Worksheets With Improvements

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Cycle Length: 45.2
Actuated Cycle Length: 30.6
Natural Cycle: 50
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated

Splits and Phases: 2: Mango Av. \& Highland Av.



## Notes

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.


Cycle Length: 80
Actuated Cycle Length: 50
Natural Cycle: 80
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated
Splits and Phases: 2: Mango Av. \& Highland Av.



## Notes

User approved volume balancing among the lanes for turning movement.

* HCM 6th computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.


## APPENDIX 6.1:

# Horizon Year (2040) Without Project Conditions Intersection Operations 

 Analysis WorksheetsThis Page Intentionally Left Blank

|  |  |  | $\leftarrow$ | $\checkmark$ | $\downarrow$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | WBT | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | * | ¢4 | 中t | \% | F |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 196 | 552 | 691 | 22 | 108 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 196 | 552 | 691 | 22 | 108 |
| Turn Type | Prot | NA | NA | Prot | Perm |
| Protected Phases | 7 | 4 | 8 | 1 |  |
| Permitted Phases |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| Detector Phase | 7 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 6 |
| Switch Phase |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum Initial (s) | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 5.0 | 7.0 |
| Minimum Split (s) | 12.0 | 13.7 | 27.7 | 9.6 | 33.0 |
| Total Split (s) | 14.0 | 41.7 | 27.7 | 33.3 | 33.3 |
| Total Split (\%) | 18.7\% | 55.6\% | 36.9\% | 44.4\% | 44.4\% |
| Yellow Time (s) | 3.0 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 3.6 | 4.0 |
| All-Red Time (s) | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 |
| Lost Time Adjust (s) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 5.0 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 4.6 | 6.0 |
| Lead/Lag | Lead |  | Lag |  |  |
| Lead-Lag Optimize? | Yes |  | Yes |  |  |
| Recall Mode | None | None | None | None | None |
| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |  |  |

Cycle Length: 75
Actuated Cycle Length: 52
Natural Cycle: 80
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated

Splits and Phases: 1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.


|  | $y$ |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 | $p$ |  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | \% | 个4 |  |  | 中t |  |  |  |  | \% |  | F |
| Traffic Volume (veh/h) | 196 | 552 | 0 | 0 | 691 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 108 |
| Future Volume (veh/h) | 196 | 552 | 0 | 0 | 691 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 108 |
| Initial $Q(Q b)$, veh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT) | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 0.98 |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Parking Bus, Adj | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Work Zone On Approach |  | No |  |  | No |  |  |  |  |  | No |  |
| Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln | 1870 | 1870 | 0 | 0 | 1870 | 1870 |  |  |  | 1870 | 0 | 1870 |
| Adj Flow Rate, veh/h | 233 | 657 | 0 | 0 | 823 | 22 |  |  |  | 26 | 0 | 93 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 |  |  |  | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 |
| Percent Heavy Veh, \% | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Cap, veh/h | 296 | 2185 | 0 | 0 | 1130 | 30 |  |  |  | 166 | 0 | 148 |
| Arrive On Green | 0.17 | 0.61 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.32 | 0.32 |  |  |  | 0.09 | 0.00 | 0.09 |
| Sat Flow, veh/h | 1781 | 3647 | 0 | 0 | 3627 | 94 |  |  |  | 1781 | 0 | 1585 |
| Grp Volume(v), veh/h | 233 | 657 | 0 | 0 | 414 | 431 |  |  |  | 26 | 0 | 93 |
| Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/n | 1781 | 1777 | 0 | 0 | 1777 | 1851 |  |  |  | 1781 | 0 | 1585 |
| Q Serve(g_s), s | 4.9 | 3.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 |  |  |  | 0.5 | 0.0 | 2.2 |
| Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s | 4.9 | 3.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 |  |  |  | 0.5 | 0.0 | 2.2 |
| Prop In Lane | 1.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.05 |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h | 296 | 2185 | 0 | 0 | 568 | 592 |  |  |  | 166 | 0 | 148 |
| V/C Ratio(X) | 0.79 | 0.30 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.73 | 0.73 |  |  |  | 0.16 | 0.00 | 0.63 |
| Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h | 414 | 3212 | 0 | 0 | 964 | 1004 |  |  |  | 1320 | 0 | 1175 |
| HCM Platoon Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upstream Filter(l) | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 |
| Uniform Delay (d), s/veh | 15.5 | 3.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.7 | 11.7 |  |  |  | 16.2 | 0.0 | 16.9 |
| Incr Delay (d2), s/veh | 4.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.7 |  |  |  | 0.4 | 0.0 | 4.4 |
| Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| \%ile BackOfQ (50\%),veh/ln | 1.7 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 |  |  |  | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LnGrp Delay (d),s/veh | 19.7 | 3.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.4 | 12.3 |  |  |  | 16.6 | 0.0 | 21.3 |
| LnGrp LOS | B | A | A | A | B | B |  |  |  | B | A | C |
| Approach Vol, veh/h |  | 890 |  |  | 845 |  |  |  |  |  | 119 |  |
| Approach Delay, s/veh |  | 7.8 |  |  | 12.3 |  |  |  |  |  | 20.2 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | A |  |  | B |  |  |  |  |  | C |  |
| Timer - Assigned Phs |  |  |  | 4 |  | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Phs Duration ( $G+Y+R \mathrm{c}$ ), $s$ |  |  |  | 30.5 |  | 8.2 | 11.4 | 19.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Change Period ( $\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{Rc}$ ), s |  |  |  | 6.7 |  | 4.6 | 5.0 | 6.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Max Green Setting (Gmax), s |  |  |  | 35.0 |  | 28.7 | 9.0 | 21.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Max Q Clear Time (g_c+11), s |  |  |  | 5.4 |  | 4.2 | 6.9 | 10.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Green Ext Time (p_c), s |  |  |  | 2.6 |  | 0.3 | 0.0 | 2.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HCM 6th Ctrr Delay |  |  | 10.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HCM 6th LOS |  |  | B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 49.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | 4. | $\mathbf{7}$ |  | $\mathbf{- 1} 4$ | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 374 | 200 | 85 | 440 | 273 | 135 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 374 | 200 | 85 | 440 | 273 | 135 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | 225 | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 407 | 217 | 92 | 478 | 297 | 147 |


| Major/Minor | Major1 | Major2 |  |  | Minor1 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 624 | 0 | 830 | 205 |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 407 | - |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 423 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.14 | - | 6.84 | 6.94 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.84 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.84 | - |  |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | - | 2.22 | - | 3.52 | 3.32 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 953 | - | 308 | 802 |  |
| $\quad$ Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 641 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 629 | - |  |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - |  | - |  |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 953 | - | $\sim 268$ | 801 |  |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | $-\sim 268$ | - |  |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 641 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 547 | - |  |


| Approach | EB | WB | NB |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 | 1.8 | 182 |
| HCM LOS |  |  | F |


| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 344 | - | -953 | - |  |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 1.289 | - | -0.097 | - |  |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 182 | - | - | 9.2 | 0.4 |
| HCM Lane LOS | F | - | - | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 20.5 | - | - | 0.3 | - |

[^4]| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |  |
| Lane Configurations |  |  |  |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 35 | 0 | 373 | 4 | 45 | 240 | 0 |  |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 35 | 0 | 373 | 4 | 45 | 240 | 0 |  |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Sign Control S | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free |  |
| RT Channelized | - |  | None | - | - | None | - | - | None | - | - | None |  |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |  |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| Mumt Flow | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 38 | 0 | 405 | 4 | 49 | 261 | 0 |  |



1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.

|  |  |  | $\leftarrow$ | $\checkmark$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | WBT | SBL | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | * | ¢4 | $\uparrow{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | \% | F |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 380 | 605 | 565 | 86 | 257 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 380 | 605 | 565 | 86 | 257 |
| Turn Type | Prot | NA | NA | Prot | Perm |
| Protected Phases | 7 | 4 | 8 | 1 |  |
| Permitted Phases |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| Detector Phase | 7 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 6 |
| Switch Phase |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum Initial (s) | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 5.0 | 7.0 |
| Minimum Split (s) | 12.0 | 13.7 | 27.7 | 9.6 | 33.0 |
| Total Split (s) | 29.0 | 56.7 | 27.7 | 33.3 | 33.3 |
| Total Split (\%) | 32.2\% | 63.0\% | 30.8\% | 37.0\% | 37.0\% |
| Yellow Time (s) | 3.0 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 3.6 | 4.0 |
| All-Red Time (s) | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 |
| Lost Time Adjust (s) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 5.0 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 4.6 | 6.0 |
| Lead/Lag | Lead |  | Lag |  |  |
| Lead-Lag Optimize? | Yes |  | Yes |  |  |
| Recall Mode | None | None | None | None | None |
| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |  |  |

Cycle Length: 90
Actuated Cycle Length: 70.3
Natural Cycle: 90
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated

Splits and Phases: 1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.


|  | $\rangle$ |  |  | 7 |  |  | 4 | 4 | $p$ |  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | ${ }^{*}$ | 个4 |  |  | 瑯 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{7}$ |  | F |
| Traffic Volume (veh/h) | 380 | 605 | 0 | 0 | 565 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 86 | 0 | 257 |
| Future Volume (veh/h) | 380 | 605 | 0 | 0 | 565 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 86 | 0 | 257 |
| Initial $Q(Q b)$, veh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | - | 0 | 0 |
| Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT) | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 0.97 |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Parking Bus, Adj | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Work Zone On Approach |  | No |  |  | No |  |  |  |  |  | No |  |
| Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln | 1870 | 1870 | 0 | 0 | 1870 | 1870 |  |  |  | 1870 | 0 | 1870 |
| Adj Flow Rate, veh/h | 452 | 720 | 0 | 0 | 673 | 44 |  |  |  | 102 | 0 | 270 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 |  |  |  | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 |
| Percent Heavy Veh, \% | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Cap, veh/h | 500 | 2157 | 0 | 0 | 832 | 54 |  |  |  | 377 | 0 | 336 |
| Arrive On Green | 0.28 | 0.61 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.25 | 0.25 |  |  |  | 0.21 | 0.00 | 0.21 |
| Sat Flow, veh/h | 1781 | 3647 | 0 | 0 | 3473 | 221 |  |  |  | 1781 | 0 | 1585 |
| Grp Volume(v), veh/h | 452 | 720 | 0 | 0 | 354 | 363 |  |  |  | 102 | 0 | 270 |
| Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/n | 1781 | 1777 | 0 | 0 | 1777 | 1824 |  |  |  | 1781 | 0 | 1585 |
| Q Serve(g_s), s | 15.3 | 6.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.7 | 11.7 |  |  |  | 3.0 | 0.0 | 10.1 |
| Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s | 15.3 | 6.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.7 | 11.7 |  |  |  | 3.0 | 0.0 | 10.1 |
| Prop In Lane | 1.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.12 |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Lane Grp Cap (c), veh/h | 500 | 2157 | 0 | 0 | 437 | 449 |  |  |  | 377 | 0 | 336 |
| V/C Ratio(X) | 0.90 | 0.33 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.81 | 0.81 |  |  |  | 0.27 | 0.00 | 0.80 |
| Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h | 685 | 2849 | 0 | 0 | 598 | 614 |  |  |  | 820 | 0 | 729 |
| HCM Platoon Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upstream Filter(l) | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 |
| Uniform Delay (d), s/veh | 21.6 | 6.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 22.1 | 22.1 |  |  |  | 20.5 | 0.0 | 23.3 |
| Incr Delay (d2), s/veh | 10.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.1 | 4.1 |  |  |  | 0.4 | 0.0 | 4.5 |
| Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| \%ile BackOfQ(50\%),veh/ln | 6.7 | 1.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.6 | 4.7 |  |  |  | 1.2 | 0.0 | 8.8 |
| Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh | 31.9 | 6.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 26.2 | 26.2 |  |  |  | 20.9 | 0.0 | 27.9 |
| LnGrp LOS | C | A | A | A | C | C |  |  |  | C | A | C |
| Approach Vol, veh/h |  | 1172 |  |  | 717 |  |  |  |  |  | 372 |  |
| Approach Delay, s/veh |  | 16.0 |  |  | 26.2 |  |  |  |  |  | 26.0 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | B |  |  | C |  |  |  |  |  | C |  |
| Timer - Assigned Phs |  |  |  | 4 |  | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Phs Duration ( $\mathrm{G}+\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{Rc}$ ), s |  |  |  | 44.6 |  | 17.8 | 22.5 | 22.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Change Period ( $Y+\mathrm{Rc}$ ), s |  |  |  | 6.7 |  | 4.6 | 5.0 | 6.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Max Green Setting (Gmax), s |  |  |  | 50.0 |  | 28.7 | 24.0 | 21.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Max Q Clear Time (g_c +11 ), s |  |  |  | 8.2 |  | 12.1 | 17.3 | 13.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Green Ext Time (p_c), s |  |  |  | 2.9 |  | 1.1 | 0.3 | 1.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HCM 6th Ctrl Delay |  |  | 20.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HCM 6th LOS |  |  | C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 39.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | 4. | $\mathbf{7}$ |  | $\mathbf{- 1} 4$ | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 421 | 270 | 115 | 387 | 219 | 116 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 421 | 270 | 115 | 387 | 219 | 116 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | 225 | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 458 | 293 | 125 | 421 | 238 | 126 |



[^5]Synchro 11 Report

| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |  |
| Lane Configurations |  |  |  |  | \$ |  |  | $\hat{\dagger}$ |  |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 35 | 0 | 300 | 12 | 34 | 351 | 0 |  |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 35 | 0 | 300 | 12 | 34 | 351 | 0 |  |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Sign Control S | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free |  |
| RT Channelized | - | - | None | - | - | None | - | - | None | - | - | None |  |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | - |  |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |  |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| Mvmt Flow | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 38 | 0 | 326 | 13 | 37 | 382 | 0 |  |



## APPENDIX 6.2:

# Horizon Year (2040) With Project Conditions Intersection Operations Analysis Worksheets 

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|  | $\rangle$ | $\rightarrow$ | 7 |  | 4 | 4 | L | $\downarrow$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBT | SBL | SBT |
| Lane Configurations | \% | 个t | * | 个 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | $\uparrow$ | \% | $\hat{\beta}$ |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 196 | 554 | 1 | 697 | 23 | 0 | 22 | 0 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 196 | 554 | 1 | 697 | 23 | 0 | 22 | 0 |
| Turn Type | Prot | NA | Prot | NA | Perm | NA | Perm | NA |
| Protected Phases | 7 | 4 | 3 | 8 |  | 2 |  | 6 |
| Permitted Phases |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 6 |  |
| Detector Phase | 7 | 4 | 3 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 6 |
| Switch Phase |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum Initial (s) | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 |
| Minimum Split (s) | 12.0 | 27.7 | 11.0 | 27.7 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 33.0 | 33.0 |
| Total Split (s) | 14.0 | 30.7 | 11.0 | 27.7 | 33.3 | 33.3 | 33.3 | 33.3 |
| Total Split (\%) | 18.7\% | 40.9\% | 14.7\% | 36.9\% | 44.4\% | 44.4\% | 44.4\% | 44.4\% |
| Yellow Time (s) | 3.0 | 4.7 | 3.0 | 4.7 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| All-Red Time (s) | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Lost Time Adjust (s) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 5.0 | 6.7 | 4.0 | 6.7 |  | 5.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 |
| Lead/Lag | Lead | Lag | Lead | Lag |  |  |  |  |
| Lead-Lag Optimize? | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Recall Mode | None | None | None | None | Min | Min | None | None |
| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Cycle Length: 75
Actuated Cycle Length: 55.3
Natural Cycle: 80
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated
Splits and Phases: 1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.


1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.

| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lane Configurations | ${ }^{7}$ | 中 ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | \% | 个 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | * |  | \% | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Traffic Volume (veh/h) | 196 | 554 | 7 | 1 | 697 | 22 | 23 | 0 | 2 | 22 | 0 | 108 |
| Future Volume (veh/h) | 196 | 554 | 7 | 1 | 697 | 22 | 23 | 0 | 2 | 22 | 0 | 108 |
| Initial $Q(Q b)$, veh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT) | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 0.98 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Parking Bus, Adj | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Work Zone On Approach |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |
| Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 |
| Adj Flow Rate, veh/h | 233 | 660 | 8 | 1 | 830 | 22 | 27 | 0 | 2 | 26 | 0 | 93 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 |
| Percent Heavy Veh, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Cap, veh/h | 288 | 1747 | 21 | 4 | 1076 | 29 | 271 | 6 | 9 | 395 | 0 | 239 |
| Arrive On Green | 0.16 | 0.49 | 0.49 | 0.00 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.15 | 0.00 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.00 | 0.15 |
| Sat Flow, veh/h | 1781 | 3596 | 44 | 1781 | 3534 | 94 | 797 | 36 | 62 | 1415 | 0 | 1582 |
| Grp Volume(v), veh/h | 233 | 326 | 342 | 1 | 417 | 435 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 0 | 93 |
| Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln | 1781 | 1777 | 1863 | 1781 | 1777 | 1851 | 895 | 0 | 0 | 1415 | 0 | 1582 |
| Q Serve(g_s), s | 5.8 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 0.0 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.5 |
| Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s | 5.8 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 0.0 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 3.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 2.5 |
| Prop In Lane | 1.00 |  | 0.02 | 1.00 |  | 0.05 | 0.93 |  | 0.07 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h | 288 | 863 | 905 | 4 | 541 | 564 | 286 | 0 | 0 | 395 | 0 | 239 |
| V/C Ratio(X) | 0.81 | 0.38 | 0.38 | 0.26 | 0.77 | 0.77 | 0.10 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.07 | 0.00 | 0.39 |
| Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h | 347 | 922 | 966 | 270 | 807 | 840 | 892 | 0 | 0 | 1016 | 0 | 934 |
| HCM Platoon Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upstream Filter(l) | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 |
| Uniform Delay (d), s/veh | 18.7 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 23.0 | 14.6 | 14.6 | 18.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16.9 | 0.0 | 17.7 |
| Incr Delay (d2), s/veh | 9.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 12.6 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 |
| Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| \%ile BackOfQ(50\%),veh/ln | 2.6 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.8 |
| Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh | 28.2 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 35.7 | 15.9 | 15.8 | 18.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16.9 | 0.0 | 18.1 |
| LnGrp LOS | C | A | A | D | B | B | B | A | A | B | A | B |
| Approach Vol, veh/h |  | 901 |  |  | 853 |  |  | 29 |  |  | 119 |  |
| Approach Delay, s/veh |  | 12.9 |  |  | 15.9 |  |  | 18.6 |  |  | 17.8 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | B |  |  | B |  |  | B |  |  | B |  |


| Timer - Assigned Phs | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Phs Duration ( $G+Y+\mathrm{Rc}$ ), $s$ | 13.0 | 4.1 | 29.2 | 13.0 | 12.5 | 20.8 |  |
| Change Period ( $\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{Rc}$ ), s | * 6 | 4.0 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 6.7 |  |
| Max Green Setting (Gmax), s | *28 | 7.0 | 24.0 | 27.3 | 9.0 | 21.0 |  |
| Max Q Clear Time (g_c+11), s | 5.2 | 2.0 | 7.3 | 4.5 | 7.8 | 11.9 |  |
| Green Ext Time (p_c), s | 0.1 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 2.1 |  |

Intersection Summary

| HCM 6th Ctrl Delay | 14.6 |
| :--- | ---: |
| HCM 6th LOS | $B$ |

Notes

* HCM 6th computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.


| Major/Minor Major1 |  | Major2 | Minor1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 629 | 0839 | 206 |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - 409 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - 430 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | - | 4.14 | - 6.84 | 6.94 |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - 5.84 | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - 5.84 | - |  |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | 2.22 | - 3.52 | 3.32 |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | 949 | - 304 | 800 |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - 639 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - 624 | - |  |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - |  | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | 949 | - ~ 263 | 799 |  |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - ~ 263 | - |  |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - 639 | - |  |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - 539 | - |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach EB |  | WB | NB |  |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s |  | 1.9 | 205.5 |  |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  | F |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR WBL | WBT |  |
| Capacity (veh/h) | 339 | - | - 949 | - |  |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 1.347 | - | - 0.1 | - |  |
| HCM Control Delay (s) | 205.5 | - | - 9.2 | 0.4 |  |
| HCM Lane LOS | F | - | - A | A |  |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) | 22.4 | - | - 0.3 | - |  |
| Notes |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\sim$ : Volume exceeds capacity | \$: Delay exceeds 300s |  |  | +: Computation Not Defined | : All major volume in platoon |

[^6]Synchro 11 Report

| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |  |
| Lane Configurations |  | ¢ |  |  | ¢ |  |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  | \$ |  |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 11 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 35 | 1 | 373 | 4 | 45 | 240 | 3 |  |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 11 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 35 | 1 | 373 | 4 | 45 | 240 | 3 |  |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free | Free |  |
| RT Channelized | - | - | None | - | - | None | - | - | None | - |  | None |  |
| Storage Length | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | \# - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Grade, \% | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - |  |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |  |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| Mvmt Flow | 12 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 38 | 1 | 405 | 4 | 49 | 261 | 3 |  |


| Major/Minor | Minor2 | Minor1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 789 | 778 | 263 | 777 | 777 | 413 | 264 | 0 | 0 | 415 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stage 1 | 361 | 361 | - | 415 | 415 | - | - | - | - | - | - |


|  | $\rangle$ | $\rightarrow$ | $t$ |  | 4 | 4 | , | $\downarrow$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lane Group | EBL | EBT | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBT | SBL | SBT |
| Lane Configurations | * | 个t | ${ }^{7}$ | 个 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  | $\uparrow$ | \% | $\hat{\beta}$ |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 380 | 611 | 2 | 568 | 13 | 0 | 86 | 0 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 380 | 611 | 2 | 568 | 13 | 0 | 86 | 0 |
| Turn Type | Prot | NA | Prot | NA | Perm | NA | Perm | NA |
| Protected Phases | 7 | 4 | 3 | 8 |  | 2 |  | 6 |
| Permitted Phases |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 6 |  |
| Detector Phase | 7 | 4 | 3 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 6 |
| Switch Phase |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum Initial (s) | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 |
| Minimum Split (s) | 12.0 | 27.7 | 11.0 | 27.7 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 33.0 | 33.0 |
| Total Split (s) | 29.0 | 45.7 | 11.0 | 27.7 | 33.3 | 33.3 | 33.3 | 33.3 |
| Total Split (\%) | 32.2\% | 50.8\% | 12.2\% | 30.8\% | 37.0\% | 37.0\% | 37.0\% | 37.0\% |
| Yellow Time (s) | 3.0 | 4.7 | 3.0 | 4.7 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| All-Red Time (s) | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Lost Time Adjust (s) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total Lost Time (s) | 5.0 | 6.7 | 4.0 | 6.7 |  | 5.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 |
| Lead/Lag | Lead | Lag | Lead | Lag |  |  |  |  |
| Lead-Lag Optimize? | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Recall Mode | None | None | None | None | Min | Min | None | None |
| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Cycle Length: 90
Actuated Cycle Length: 71.4
Natural Cycle: 90
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated
Splits and Phases: 1: Driveway 1/Highland Village Ctr. \& Highland Av.


| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lane Configurations | \% | 个t |  | \% | 郎 |  |  | ¢ |  | * | $\hat{\square}$ |  |
| Traffic Volume (veh/h) | 380 | 611 | 23 | , | 568 | 40 | 13 | 0 | 1 | 86 | 0 | 257 |
| Future Volume (veh/h) | 380 | 611 | 23 | 2 | 568 | 40 | 13 | 0 | 1 | 86 | 0 | 257 |
| Initial $Q(Q b)$, veh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ped-Bike Adj(A_pbT) | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 0.97 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Parking Bus, Adj | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Work Zone On Approach |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |
| Adj Sat Flow, veh/h/ln | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 | 1870 |
| Adj Flow Rate, veh/h | 452 | 727 | 27 | 2 | 676 | 44 | 15 | 0 | 1 | 102 | 0 | 270 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 |
| Percent Heavy Veh, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Cap, veh/h | 497 | 1862 | 69 | 7 | 821 | 53 | 158 | 3 | 4 | 467 | 0 | 335 |
| Arrive On Green | 0.28 | 0.53 | 0.53 | 0.00 | 0.24 | 0.24 | 0.21 | 0.00 | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.00 | 0.21 |
| Sat Flow, veh/h | 1781 | 3494 | 130 | 1781 | 3381 | 220 | 249 | 16 | 18 | 1416 | 0 | 1583 |
| Grp Volume(v), veh/h | 452 | 370 | 384 | 2 | 355 | 365 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 102 | 0 | 270 |
| Grp Sat Flow(s),veh/h/ln | 1781 | 1777 | 1847 | 1781 | 1777 | 1824 | 283 | 0 | 0 | 1416 | 0 | 1583 |
| Q Serve(g_s), s | 16.3 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 0.1 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10.8 |
| Cycle Q Clear(g_c), s | 16.3 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 0.1 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 11.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.2 | 0.0 | 10.8 |
| Prop In Lane | 1.00 |  | 0.07 | 1.00 |  | 0.12 | 0.94 |  | 0.06 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |
| Lane Grp Cap(c), veh/h | 497 | 947 | 984 | 7 | 431 | 443 | 165 | 0 | 0 | 467 | 0 | 335 |
| V/C Ratio(X) | 0.91 | 0.39 | 0.39 | 0.29 | 0.82 | 0.82 | 0.10 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.22 | 0.00 | 0.81 |
| Avail Cap(c_a), veh/h | 644 | 1044 | 1085 | 188 | 562 | 577 | 407 | 0 | 0 | 749 | 0 | 651 |
| HCM Platoon Ratio | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Upstream Filter(l) | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 |
| Uniform Delay (d), s/veh | 23.1 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 33.0 | 23.8 | 23.8 | 27.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 21.9 | 0.0 | 24.9 |
| Incr Delay (d2), s/veh | 12.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 8.6 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1.7 |
| Initial Q Delay(d3),s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| \%ile BackOfQ(50\%),veh/ln | 7.5 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 0.0 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 4.0 |
| Unsig. Movement Delay, s/veh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LnGrp Delay(d),s/veh | 35.7 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 41.6 | 29.6 | 29.6 | 27.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 22.0 | 0.0 | 26.6 |
| LnGrp LOS | D | A | A | D | C | C | C | A | A | C | A | C |
| Approach Vol, veh/h |  | 1206 |  |  | 722 |  |  | 16 |  |  | 372 |  |
| Approach Delay, s/veh |  | 19.2 |  |  | 29.6 |  |  | 27.8 |  |  | 25.3 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | B |  |  | C |  |  | C |  |  | C |  |


| Timer - Assigned Phs | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Phs Duration ( $\mathrm{G}+\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{Rc}$ ), $s$ | 20.1 | 4.3 | 42.1 | 20.1 | 23.5 | 22.8 |  |
| Change Period ( $\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{Rc}$ ), s | * 6 | 4.0 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 6.7 |  |
| Max Green Setting (Gmax), s | *28 | 7.0 | 39.0 | 27.3 | 24.0 | 21.0 |  |
| Max Q Clear Time (g_c+11), s | 13.4 | 2.1 | 10.2 | 12.8 | 18.3 | 14.6 |  |
| Green Ext Time (p_c), s | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 1.4 |  |

Intersection Summary

| HCM 6th Ctrl Delay | 23.5 |
| :--- | ---: |
| HCM 6th LOS | C |

Notes

* HCM 6th computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.

| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 45.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | 个4 | $\mathbf{T}$ |  | $\mathbf{- 1} 4$ | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 422 | 276 | 121 | 389 | 222 | 119 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 422 | 276 | 121 | 389 | 222 | 119 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | 225 | - | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 459 | 300 | 132 | 423 | 241 | 129 |



[^7]Synchro 11 Report
Page 3



## APPENDIX 6.3:

## Horizon Year (2040) Without Project Conditions Traffic Signal Warrant Analysis Worksheets

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Figure 4C-3. Warrant 3, Peak Hour

Traffic Conditions = 2040 Without Project Conditions - Weekday PM Peak Hour

Major Street Name = Mango Av. Total of Both Approaches (VPH) $=697$ Number of Approach Lanes on Major Street =1

Minor Street Name $=$ Walnut Grove Ct.
High Volume Approach (VPH) $=44$ Number of Approach Lanes On Minor Street =1

## SIGNAL WARRANT NOT SATISFIED



*Note: 150 vph applies as the lower threshold for a minor-street approach with two or more lanes and 100 vph applies as the lower threshold for a minor-street approach with one lane

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## APPENDIX 6.4:

## Horizon Year (2040) With Project Conditions Traffic Signal Warrant Analysis Worksheets

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Figure 4C-3. Warrant 3, Peak Hour

Traffic Conditions $=2040$ With Project Conditions - Weekday PM Peak Hour

Major Street Name = Mango Av.
Total of Both Approaches $(\mathrm{VPH})=710$ Number of Approach Lanes on Major Street $=1$

Minor Street Name $=$ Walnut Grove Ct.
High Volume Approach (VPH) $=44$ Number of Approach Lanes On Minor Street =1

## SIGNAL WARRANT NOT SATISFIED



```
——1 Lane (Major) \& 1 Lane (Minor)
\(\longrightarrow\) 2+ Lanes (Major) \& 1 Lane (Minor) OR 1 Lane (Major) \& 2+ Lanes (Minor)
2+ Lanes (Major) \& 2+ Lanes (Minor)
\(\ldots\) Major Street Approaches
- - - - Minor Street Approaches
```

*Note: 150 vph applies as the lower threshold for a minor-street approach with two or more lanes and 100 vph applies as the lower threshold for a minor-street approach with one lane

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## APPENDIX 6.5:

## Horizon Year (2040) With Project Conditions Intersection Operations Analysis Worksheets With Improvements

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Cycle Length: 80
Actuated Cycle Length: 54
Natural Cycle: 80
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated
Splits and Phases: 2: Mango Av. \& Highland Av.



## Notes

* HCM 6th computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.


Cycle Length: 80
Actuated Cycle Length: 52.9
Natural Cycle: 80
Control Type: Actuated-Uncoordinated
Splits and Phases: 2: Mango Av. \& Highland Av.



## Notes

* HCM 6th computational engine requires equal clearance times for the phases crossing the barrier.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Pub. Resources Code, § 21064.3 ("'Major transit stop' means a site containing an existing rail transit station, a ferry terminal served by either a bus or rail transit service, or the intersection of two or more major bus routes with a frequency of service interval of 15 minutes or less during the morning and afternoon peak commute periods.").

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ Pub. Resources Code, § 21155 ("For purposes of this section, a high-quality transit corridor means a corridor with fixed route bus service with service intervals no longer than 15 minutes during peak commute hours.").
    ${ }^{3}$ City Guidelines; Page 12.

[^2]:    ${ }^{4}$ City Guidelines; Page 13.
    ${ }^{5}$ City Guidelines; Appendix B.

[^3]:    Z:\Shared\UcJobs\14100-14500\14100\14153\02_LOS\Post Processing\[02 Mango_Highland.xls]Output (3)

[^4]:    Notes
    $\sim$ : Volume exceeds capacity $\quad \$$ : Delay exceeds 300s $\quad+$ : Computation Not Defined $\quad$ *: All major volume in platoon

[^5]:    2040 Without Project - PM Peak Hour
    Urban Crossroads, Inc.

[^6]:    2040 With Project - AM Peak Hour
    Urban Crossroads, Inc.

[^7]:    2040 With Project - PM Peak Hour
    Urban Crossroads, Inc.

