## **Notice of Exemption**

Appendix E

<b>To:</b> Office of Planning and Research P.O. Box 3044, Room 113 Sacramento, CA 95812-3044	From: (Public Agency):
County Clerk	
County of:	(Address)
<del></del>	
<del></del>	
Project Title:	
Project Applicant:	
Project Location - Specific:	
Project Location - City:	Project Location - County:
Description of Nature, Purpose and Beneficiari	
Name of Public Agency Approving Project:	
Name of Person or Agency Carrying Out Proje	ct:
Exempt Status: (check one):  Ministerial (Sec. 21080(b)(1); 15268);  Declared Emergency (Sec. 21080(b)(4));  Emergency Project (Sec. 21080(b)(4));  Categorical Exemption, State type and	3); 15269(a));
	nber:
Reasons why project is exempt:	
Lead Agency Contact Person:	Area Code/Telephone/Extension:
If filed by applicant: 1. Attach certified document of exemption 2. Has a Notice of Exemption been filed by	finding. y the public agency approving the project? Yes No
Signature: Melissa A. Millio Herson	_ Date: Title:
Signed by Lead Agency Signe	
Authority cited: Sections 21083 and 21110, Public Resource: Sections 21108, 21152, and 21152.1, Public	

#### December 15, 2021

#### ATTACHMENT TO NOTICE OF EXEMPTION

RE: Emergency Action to Amend Subsections 7.40(a)(40) and 8.00(a) and (b), Title 14, California Code of Regulations, Alphabetical List of Waters with Special Fishing Regulations and Low-Flow Restrictions.

On December 15, 2021, the California Fish and Game Commission (Commission) has taken final action under the California Fish and Game Code and the Administrative Procedure Act with respect to the proposed project. The Commission adopted and noticed an emergency amendment of Section 7.50, Title 14, California Code of Regulations (CCR). In compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA; Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seq.), the Commission adopted the regulation relying on a statutory exemption contained in Public Resources Code Section 21080 (Actions Necessary to Prevent or Mitigate an Emergency). The Commission also relied on the categorical exemption to protect natural resources (Title 14, CEQA Guidelines Section 15307). Each exemption is discussed below.

# Statutory Exemption for Specific Actions Necessary to Prevent or Mitigate an Emergency

The Commission considered the following factors in determining whether an emergency exists: the magnitude of potential harm; the existence of a crisis situation; the immediacy of the need; and whether the anticipation of harm has a basis firmer than simple speculation. Because the regulation is intended to mitigate the worst consequences of the effect of drought, and the consequent vulnerability of the fishery, the adoption of the regulation by the Commission is an activity that is the proper subject of the statutory exemption.

### Class 7. Actions by Regulatory Agencies for Protection of Natural Resources

Class 7 (Title 14, CEQA Guidelines Section 15307), consists of actions taken by regulatory agencies as authorized by state law or local ordinance to assure the maintenance, restoration, or enhancement of a natural resource where the regulatory process involves procedures for protection of the environment. Examples include but are not limited to wildlife preservation activities of the California Department of Fish and Wildlife.

The proposed emergency regulation would add a low-flow restriction between September 1 through April 30 on the stretch of Eel River from the mouth to Fulmor Road at its paved junction with the south bank of the Eel River. It would also extend the low-flow closure period for a different stretch of the Eel River as well as the Mad River, Mattole River, Redwood Creek, Smith River and Van Duzen River (currently October 1 through January 31, four months) to September 1 through April 30 (eight months). It would also extend the low-flow closure period (currently October 1 through March 31, six months) for the Mendocino, Sonoma, and Marin counties' coastal streams to September 1 through April 30 (eight months).

The Commission believes that under these extreme conditions of the current drought, and possibly a prolonged period, it is prudent to extend the low-flow angling closure periods between September 1 through April 30, eight months, for the described areas to eliminate angling as an additional stress on steelhead and salmon populations. This action is necessary to conserve wild steelhead and salmon populations by protecting as many adult fish as possible and is an activity that is the proper subject of the statutory exemption.