Priority Development Project (PDP) Storm Water Quality Management Plan (SWQMP) All Peoples Church

PTS 636444

[Insert Drawing Number (if applicable) and Internal Order Number (if applicable)]

Check if electing for offsite alternative compliance

Engineer of Work:

MMa CHark

2/17/2021

William Gregg Mack, RCE 73620 Provide Wet Signature and Stamp Above Line



Prepared For: All Peoples Church 5577 University Avenue San Diego, CA 92105 [Insert Applicant Phone Number] Prepared By:

PASCO LARET SUITER & ASSOCIATES

CIVIL ENGINEERING + LAND PLANNING + LAND SURVEYING

Pasco Laret Suiter & Associates 1911 San Diego Ave. Suite 100 San Diego, CA 92102 (858) 259-8212 Date: February 11, 2020

Approved by: City of San Diego

Date



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Acronyms

APN	Assessor's Parcel Number
ASBS	Area of Special Biological Significance
BMP	Best Management Practice
CEQA	California Environmental Ouality Act
CGP	Construction General Permit
DCV	Design Capture Volume
DMA	Drainage Management Areas
ESA	Environmentally Sensitive Area
GLU	Geomorphic Landscape Unit
GW	Ground Water
HMP	Hvdromodification Management Plan
HSG	Hydrologic Soil Group
HU	Harvest and Use
INF	Infiltration
LID	Low Impact Development
LUP	Linear Underground/Overhead Proiects
MS4	Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System
N/A	Not Applicable
NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
NRCS	Natural Resources Conservation Service
PDP	Priority Development Project
PE	Professional Engineer
POC	Pollutant of Concern
SC	Source Control
SD	Site Design
SDRWQCB	San Diego Regional Water Ouality Control Board
SIC	Standard Industrial Classification
SWPPP	Stormwater Pollutant Protection Plan
SWQMP	Storm Water Quality Management Plan
TMDL	Total Maximum Dailv Load
WMAA	Watershed Management Area Analysis
WPCP	Water Pollution Control Program
WQIP	Water Quality Improvement Plan



Certification Page

Project Name: Permit Application

I hereby declare that I am the Engineer in Responsible Charge of design of storm water BMPs for this project, and that I have exercised responsible charge over the design of the project as defined in Section 6703 of the Business and Professions Code, and that the design is consistent with the requirements of the Storm Water Standards, which is based on the requirements of SDRWQCB Order No. R9-2013-0001 as amended by R9-2015-0001 and R9-2015-0100 (MS4 Permit).

I have read and understand that the City Engineer has adopted minimum requirements for managing urban runoff, including storm water, from land development activities, as described in the Storm Water Standards. I certify that this PDP SWQMP has been completed to the best of my ability and accurately reflects the project being proposed and the applicable source control and site design BMPs proposed to minimize the potentially negative impacts of this project's land development activities on water quality. I understand and acknowledge that the plan check review of this PDP SWQMP by the City Engineer is confined to a review and does not relieve me, as the Engineer in Responsible Charge of design of storm water BMPs for this project, of my responsibilities for project design.

Engineer of Work's Signature

73620

12/31/2022

PE#

Expiration Date

William Gregg Mack

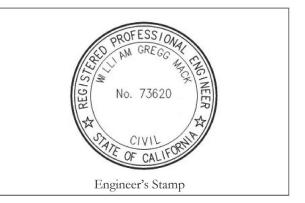
Print Name

Pasco Laret Suiter & Associates

Company

2021-2-11

Date





Submittal Record

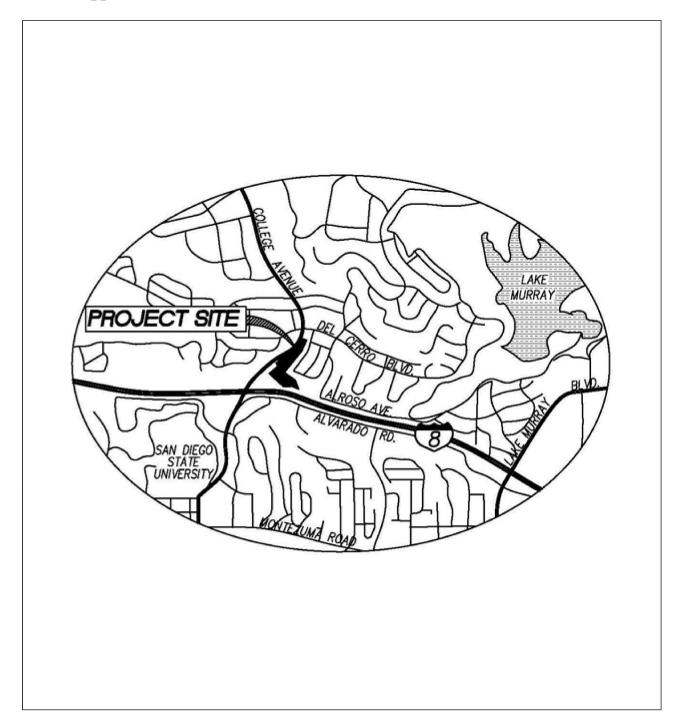
Use this Table to keep a record of submittals of this PDP SWQMP. Each time the PDP SWQMP is re-submitted, provide the date and status of the project. In last column indicate changes that have been made or indicate if response to plancheck comments is included. When applicable, insert response to plancheck comments.

Submittal Number	Date	Project Status	Changes
1	2020-8-25	Preliminary Design/Planning/CEQA	Initial Submittal
		Final Design	
2	2021-2-11	Preliminary Design/Planning/CEQA	2nd Submittal Per City Cycle Issues
		Final Design	
3		Preliminary Design/Planning/CEQA	
		Final Design	
4		Preliminary Design/Planning/CEQA	
		Final Design	



Project Vicinity Map

Project Name: All Peoples Church **Permit Application** PTS 636444





City of San Diego Form DS-560 Storm Water Requirements Applicability Checklist

Attach DS-560 form.

7 The City of San Diego | Storm Water Standards PDP SWQMP Template | January 2018 Edition





City of San Diego **Development Services** 1222 First Ave., MS-302 San Diego, CA 92101 (619) 446-5000

Storm Water Requirements Applicability Checklist

FORM **DS-560**

November 2018

Project Address: College Ave, San Diego,CA (APN 463-010-10) Project Number:					
SECTION 1. Construction Storm Water BMP Requirements: All construction sites are required to implement construction BMPs in accordance with the performance standards in the <u>Storm Water Standards Manual</u> . Some sites are additionally required to obtain coverage under the State Construction General Permit (CGP) ¹ , which is administered by the State Regional Water Quality Control Board.					
For all projects complete PART A: If project is required to submit a SWPPP or WPCP, continue to PART B.					
PART A: Determine Construction Phase Storm Water Requirements.					
 Is the project subject to California's statewide General NPDES permit for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction Activities, also known as the State Construction General Permit (CGP)? (Typically projects with land disturbance greater than or equal to 1 acre.) 					
🗙 Yes; SWPPP required, skip questions 2-4 🛛 🔲 No; next question					
2. Does the project propose construction or demolition activity, including but not limited to, clearing, grading, grubbing, excavation, or any other activity resulting in ground disturbance and/or contact with storm water?					
Yes; WPCP required, skip questions 3-4 🔲 No; next question					
 Does the project propose routine maintenance to maintain original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, or original purpose of the facility? (Projects such as pipeline/utility replacement) 					
Yes; WPCP required, skip question 4					
4. Does the project only include the following Permit types listed below?					
Electrical Permit, Fire Alarm Permit, Fire Sprinkler Permit, Plumbing Permit, Sign Permit, Mechanical Permit, Spa Permit.					
 Individual Right of Way Permits that exclusively include only ONE of the following activities: water service, sewer lateral, or utility service. 					
 Right of Way Permits with a project footprint less than 150 linear feet that exclusively include only ONE of the following activities: curb ramp, sidewalk and driveway apron replacement, pot holing, curb and gutter replacement, and retaining wall encroachments. 					
Yes; no document required					
Check one of the boxes below, and continue to PART B:					
If you checked "Yes" for question 1, a SWPPP is REQUIRED. Continue to PART B					
If you checked "No" for question 1, and checked "Yes" for question 2 or 3, a WPCP is REQUIRED. If the project proposes less than 5,000 square feet of ground disturbance AND has less than a 5-foot elevation change over the entire project area, a Minor WPCP may be required instead. Continue to PART B.					
If you checked "No" for all questions 1-3, and checked "Yes" for question 4 PART B does not apply and no document is required. Continue to Section 2.					
 More information on the City's construction BMP requirements as well as CGP requirements can be found at: www.sandiego.gov/stormwater/regulations/index.shtml 					
Printed on recycled paper. Visit our web site at <u>www.sandiego.gov/development-services</u> .					

Upon request, this information is available in alternative formats for persons with disabilities.

Clear Page 1

Pa	Page 2 of 4 City of San Diego • Development Services • Storm Water Requirements Applicability Checklist				
PART B: Determine Construction Site Priority					
Th Th Cit Sta an	is prioritiz e city rese ojects are ty has aligr ate Constru d receiving ficance (AS	ation must be completed within this form, noted on the plans, and included in the SW rves the right to adjust the priority of projects both before and after construction. Co assigned an inspection frequency based on if the project has a "high threat to water of hed the local definition of "high threat to water quality" to the risk determination appr uction General Permit (CGP). The CGP determines risk level based on project specific g water risk. Additional inspection is required for projects within the Areas of Special BS) watershed. NOTE: The construction priority does NOT change construction BMP projects; rather, it determines the frequency of inspections that will be conducted by	nstruction Juality." The oach of the sediment risk Biological Sig- requirements		
6	mnlete P	ART B and continued to Section 2			
1.		ASBS			
		a. Projects located in the ASBS watershed.			
2.		High Priority			
		a. Projects that qualify as Risk Level 2 or Risk Level 3 per the Construction General P	ermit		
		(CGP) and not located in the ASBS watershed.			
		b. Projects that qualify as LUP Type 2 or LUP Type 3 per the CGP and not located in t watershed.	ITE ASDS		
3.		Medium Priority			
		a. Projects that are not located in an ASBS watershed or designated as a High priorit	ty site.		
		b. Projects that qualify as Risk Level 1 or LUP Type 1 per the CGP and not located in watershed.	an ASBS		
		c. WPCP projects (>5,000sf of ground disturbance) located within the Los Penasquite watershed management area.	OS		
4.	X	Low Priority			
		a. Projects not subject to a Medium or High site priority designation and are not loca watershed.	ated in an ASBS		
SE	CTION 2.	Permanent Storm Water BMP Requirements.			
Ad	Additional information for determining the requirements is found in the <u>Storm Water Standards Manual</u> .				
Pr ve	PART C: Determine if Not Subject to Permanent Storm Water Requirements. Projects that are considered maintenance, or otherwise not categorized as "new development projects" or "redevelopment projects" according to the <u>Storm Water Standards Manual</u> are not subject to Permanent Storm Water BMPs.				
lf ne	"yes" is c ent Storm	hecked for any number in Part C, proceed to Part F and check "Not Subje ነ Water BMP Requirements".	ect to Perma-		
lf	"no" is cł	necked for all of the numbers in Part C continue to Part D.			
1.	Does the existing	e project only include interior remodels and/or is the project entirely within an enclosed structure and does not have the potential to contact storm water?	Yes 🗵 No		
2.		e project only include the construction of overhead or underground utilities without new impervious surfaces?	Yes 🗵 No		
3.	roof or e lots or e	e project fall under routine maintenance? Examples include, but are not limited to: exterior structure surface replacement, resurfacing or reconfiguring surface parking xisting roadways without expanding the impervious footprint, and routine nent of damaged pavement (grinding, overlay, and pothole repair).	Yes 🗵 No		
			Clear Page 2		

Pag	ge 3 of 4 City of San Diego • Development Services • Storm Water Requirements Applicability Ch	necklist			
PA	PART D: PDP Exempt Requirements.				
PC	PDP Exempt projects are required to implement site design and source control BMPs.				
	If "yes" was checked for any questions in Part D, continue to Part F and check the box labeled "PDP Exempt."				
lf '	"no" was checked for all questions in Part D, continue to Part E.				
1.					
	 Are designed and constructed to direct storm water runoff to adjacent vegetated a non-erodible permeable areas? Or; 	reas, or other			
	 Are designed and constructed to be hydraulically disconnected from paved streets Are designed and constructed with permeable pavements or surfaces in accordance Green Streets guidance in the City's Storm Water Standards manual? 				
	Yes; PDP exempt requirements apply				
2.	Does the project ONLY include retrofitting or redeveloping existing paved alleys, streets or r and constructed in accordance with the Green Streets guidance in the <u>City's Storm Water Sta</u>	oads designed andards Manual?			
	Yes; PDP exempt requirements apply X No; project not exempt.				
a S If ' or If '	 Projects that match one of the definitions below are subject to additional requirements including preparation of a Storm Water Quality Management Plan (SWQMP). If "yes" is checked for any number in PART E, continue to PART F and check the box labeled "Priority Development Project". If "no" is checked for every number in PART E, continue to PART F and check the box labeled "Standard Development Project". 				
1.	New Development that creates 10,000 square feet or more of impervious surfaces collectively over the project site. This includes commercial, industrial, residential, mixed-use, and public development projects on public or private land.	🛛 Yes 🔲 No			
2.	Redevelopment project that creates and/or replaces 5,000 square feet or more of impervious surfaces on an existing site of 10,000 square feet or more of impervious surfaces. This includes commercial, industrial, residential, mixed-use, and public development projects on public or private land.	Yes 🗵 No			
3.	New development or redevelopment of a restaurant. Facilities that sell prepared foods and drinks for consumption, including stationary lunch counters and refreshment stands se prepared foods and drinks for immediate consumption (SIC 5812), and where the land development creates and/or replace 5,000 square feet or more of impervious surface.	lling □Yes ⊠No			
4.	New development or redevelopment on a hillside. The project creates and/or replaces 5,000 square feet or more of impervious surface (collectively over the project site) and when the development will grade on any natural slope that is twenty-five percent or greater.	e □Yes ⊠No			
5.	New development or redevelopment of a parking lot that creates and/or replaces 5,000 square feet or more of impervious surface (collectively over the project site).	Yes 🛛 No			
6.	New development or redevelopment of streets, roads, highways, freeways, and driveways. The project creates and/or replaces 5,000 square feet or more of impervious surface (collectively over the project site).	□Yes ⊠No			
		Clear Page 3			

- C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C	New development or redevelopment discharging directly to an Environmentally		
	Sensitive Area. The project creates and/or replaces 2,500 square feet of impervious surface (collectively over project site), and discharges directly to an Environmentally Sensitive Area (ESA). "Discharging directly to" includes flow that is conveyed overland a distance of 200 feet or less from the project to the ESA, or conveyed in a pipe or open channel any distance		
	as an isolated flow from the project to the ESA (i.e. not commingled with flows from adjacent lands).	🗌 Yes	×N
8.	New development or redevelopment projects of a retail gasoline outlet (RGO) that create and/or replaces 5,000 square feet of impervious surface. The development project meets the following criteria: (a) 5,000 square feet or more or (b) has a projected Average Daily Traffic (ADT) of 100 or more vehicles per day.	Yes	× N
9.	New development or redevelopment projects of an automotive repair shops that creates and/or replaces 5,000 square feet or more of impervious surfaces. Development projects categorized in any one of Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes 5013, 5014, 5541, 7532-7534, or 7536-7539.	Yes	X N
10.	Other Pollutant Generating Project. The project is not covered in the categories above, results in the disturbance of one or more acres of land and is expected to generate pollutants post construction, such as fertilizers and pesticides. This does not include projects creating less than 5,000 sf of impervious surface and where added landscaping does not require regular use of pesticides and fertilizers, such as slope stabilization using native plants. Calculation of the square footage of impervious surface need not include linear pathways that are for infrequevehicle use, such as emergency maintenance access or bicycle pedestrian use, if they are built with pervious surfaces of if they sheet flow to surrounding pervious surfaces.		
PA	RT F: Select the appropriate category based on the outcomes of PART C through P	ART E.	
	The project is NOT SUBJECT TO PERMANENT STORM WATER REQUIREMENTS.		
2.	The project is a STANDARD DEVELOPMENT PROJECT . Site design and source control BMP requirements apply. See the <u>Storm Water Standards Manual</u> for guidance.		
3.	The project is PDP EXEMPT . Site design and source control BMP requirements apply. See the <u>Storm Water Standards Manual</u> for guidance.		
ŀ.	The project is a PRIORITY DEVELOPMENT PROJECT . Site design, source control, and structural pollutant control BMP requirements apply. See the <u>Storm Water Standards Manual</u>		
	for guidance on determining if project requires a hydromodification plan management		×
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Applicability of Permane		Form I-1	
Storm Wate	er BMP Requi	irements	
Project Identification			
Project Name: All Peoples Church			
Permit Application Number: PTS 636444		Date:2021-2-8	
Determination			
The purpose of this form is to identify permanent, post-construction requirements that apply to the project. This form serves as a short <u>summary</u> of applicable requirements, in some cases referencing separate forms that will serve as the backup for the determination of requirements. Answer each step below, starting with Step 1 and progressing through each step until reaching "Stop". Refer to the manual sections and/or separate forms referenced in each step below.			
Step	Answer	Progression	
Step 1: Is the project a "development project"? See Section 1.3 of the manual	Yes	Go to Step 2.	
(Part 1 of Storm Water Standards) for	No	Stop. Permanent BMP	
guidance.		requirements do not apply. No SWQMP will be required. Provide discussion below.	
Step 2: Is the project a Standard Project, PDP, or	Standard	Stop. Standard Project	
PDP Exempt?	Project	requirements apply	
To answer this item, see Section 1.4 of the manual in its entirety for guidance AND	✓ PDP	PDP requirements apply, including PDP SWQMP. Go to Step 3 .	
complete Form DS-560, Storm Water		Stop. Standard Project	
Requirements Applicability Checklist.	Exempt	requirements apply. Provide discussion and list any additional requirements below.	
	nents for exce		



Form I-1	Page 2 of 2		
Step	Answer	Progression	
Step 3 . Is the project subject to earlier PDP requirements due to a prior lawful approval? See Section 1.10 of the manual (Part 1 of	Yes	Consult the City Engineer to determine requirements. Provide discussion and identify	
Storm Water Standards) for guidance.	√ No	requirements below. Go to Step 4 . BMP Design Manual PDP requirements apply. Go to Step 4 .	
Discussion / justification of prior lawful approval lawful approval does not apply):	l, and identify n	equirements (<u>not required if prior</u>	
Step 4. Do hydromodification control requirements apply? See Section 1.6 of the manual (Part 1 of Storm Water Standards) for guidance.	✓ Yes	 PDP structural BMPs required for pollutant control (Chapter 5) and hydromodification control (Chapter 6). Go to Step 5. Stop. PDP structural BMPs required for pollutant control (Chapter 5) only. Provide brief discussion of exemption to hydromodification 	
Discussion / justification if hydromodification control requirements do not apply:			
Step 5. Does protection of critical coarse sediment yield areas apply? See Section 6.2 of the manual (Part 1 of Storm Water Standards) for guidance.	Yes	Management measures required for protection of critical coarse sediment yield areas (Chapter 6.2). Stop .	
	∠ No	Management measures not required for protection of critical coarse sediment yield areas. Provide brief discussion below. Stop .	
Discussion / justification if protection of critical coarse sediment yield areas does <u>not</u> apply: There are no CCSYA areas on site or upstream of the site.			



HMP Exemption Exhibit

Attach a HMP Exemption Exhibit that shows direct storm water runoff discharge from the project site to HMP exempt area. Include project area, applicable underground storm drain line and/or concrete lined channels, outfall information and exempt waterbody. Reference applicable drawing number(s).

Exhibit must be provided on 11"x17" or larger paper.



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Site Info	ormation Checklist For PDPs Form I-3B
Project Sum	nmary Information
Project Name	All Peoples Church
Project Address	Northeast corner of Interstate 8 and College Avenue, San Diego, CA 92120
Assessor's Parcel Number(s) (APN(s))	463-010-10-00
Permit Application Number	PTS 636444
Project Watershed	Select One: ☐San Dieguito River ☐Penasquitos ☐Mission Bay ☑San Diego River ☐San Diego Bay ☐Tijuana River
Hydrologic subarea name with Numeric Identifier up to two decimal places (9XX.XX)	Mission San Diego 907.11
Project Area (total area of Assessor's Parcel(s) associated with the project or total area of the right-of- way)	<u>5.99</u> Acres (<u>260, 924</u> Square Feet)
Area to be disturbed by the project (Project Footprint)	5.99 Acres (260,924 Square Feet)
Project Proposed Impervious Area (subset of Project Footprint)	<u>2.46</u> Acres (<u>107,187</u> Square Feet)
Project Proposed Pervious Area (subset of Project Footprint)	<u>3.53</u> Acres (<u>153,737</u> Square Feet)
Note: Proposed Impervious Area + Proposed Po This may be less than the Project Area.	ervious Area = Area to be Disturbed by the Project.
The proposed increase or decrease in impervious area in the proposed condition as compared to the pre-project condition	<u>+41</u> %



Form I-3B Page 2 of 11
Description of Existing Site Condition and Drainage Patterns
Current Status of the Site (select all that apply):
Existing development
Previously graded but not built out
Agricultural or other non-impervious use
☑Vacant, undeveloped/natural
Description / Additional Information:
Existing Land Cover Includes (select all that apply):
☑ Vegetative Cover
Non-Vegetated Pervious Areas
Impervious Areas
Description / Additional Information:
Underlying Soil belongs to Hydrologic Soil Group (select all that apply):
NRCS Type A
NRCS Type B
INRCS Type C
☑NRCS Type D
Approximate Depth to Groundwater:
Groundwater Depth < 5 feet
☐5 feet < Groundwater Depth < 10 feet
✓ 10 feet < Groundwater Depth < 20 feet
Groundwater Depth > 20 feet
Existing Natural Hydrologic Features (select all that apply):
ビ Watercourses
□ Seeps
□ Wetlands
□ None
Description / Additional Information:



Form I-3B Page 3 of 11

Description of Existing Site Topography and Drainage

How is storm water runoff conveyed from the site? At a minimum, this description should answer:

- 1. Whether existing drainage conveyance is natural or urban;
 - 2. If runoff from offsite is conveyed through the site? If yes, quantification of all offsite drainage areas, design flows, and locations where offsite flows enter the project site and summarize how such flows are conveyed through the site;
 - 3. Provide details regarding existing project site drainage conveyance network, including storm drains, concrete channels, swales, detention facilities, storm water treatment facilities, and natural and constructed channels;
 - 4. Identify all discharge locations from the existing project along with a summary of the conveyance system size and capacity for each of the discharge locations. Provide summary of the pre-project drainage areas and design flows to each of the existing runoff discharge locations.

Descriptions/Additional Information

There are three locations where offsite run-on enters the project site:

1. An existing 36-inch reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) discharges storm water onto the project site at the northern boundary of the property. Runoff is conveyed in a southerly direction through the project site in an earthern drainage channel prior to discharging to an existing 48-inch RCP which conveys flow under the Interstate 8 offramp. The offsite drainage area to the existing 36-inch RCP is 28.8 acres. The 100-year storm event peak flow rate (Q100) at this location is 60.04 cubic feet per second (cfs).

2. An existing 18-inch RCP discharges storm water onto the project site at the eastern boundary of the project site. Runoff flows westerly, confluences with the earthen drainage channel and continues in a southerly direction. The offiste drainage area to the existing 18-inch RCP is 21.5 acres. The 100-year storm event peak flow rate (Q100) at this location is 40.5 cubic feet per second (cfs).

3. An existing 30-inch RCP discharges storm water onto the project site at the southwestern boundary of the project site. Runoff flows southeasterly and confluences with the earthen drainage channel which at this location begins flowing southeasterly prior to discharging to the existing 48-inch RCP which continues under the I-8 offramp. The offsite drainage area to the existing 30-inch RCP is 4.2 acres. The 100-year storm event peak flow rate (Q100) at this location is 11.32 cubic feet per second (cfs).

The total drainage area to the existing 48-inch RCP that conveys flow under the I-8 offramp is 64 acres. Q100 at this location is 118.26 cfs.



Form I-3B Page 4 of 11

Description of Proposed Site Development and Drainage Patterns

Project Description / Proposed Land Use and/or Activities:

The project proposes to construct 1 church building, two private driveway entrances, drive aisles, paver parking, associated public and private utilities, and 4 biofiltration basins that will provide storm water quality treatment and hydromodification management for onsite runoff. A 36-inch RCP mainline storm drain is proposed to connect to the existing 36-inch RCP at the northern boundary and convey offsite storm water southerly through the project site. An 18-inch RCP is proposed to connect to the existing 18-inch RCP at the eastern boundary of the site and convey offsite storm water westerly before confluencing with the proposed mainline 48-inch RCP. Onsite storm water runoff will drain to 4 biofiltration basins for water quality treatment and hydromodification management prior to discharging to the mainline storm drain.

List/describe proposed impervious features of the project (e.g., buildings, roadways, parking lots, courtyards, athletic courts, other impervious features):

Church, parking garage, driveways/roadways, and associated hardscape.

List/describe proposed pervious features of the project (e.g., landscape areas): Landscape areas, shade trees, biofiltration basins and pervious pavement

Does the project include grading and changes to site topography?

✓ Yes

Description / Additional Information:

The site currently sits well below the adjacent College Avenue and Interstate 8 offramp to College Avenue and has relatively steep topography from one end to the other. In order to create a buildable PAD area and have reasonable road grades, the lower end of the site needs to be raised using proposed walls.



Form I-3B Page 5 of 11

Does the project include changes to site drainage (e.g., installation of new storm water conveyance systems)?

✔Yes

If yes, provide details regarding the proposed project site drainage conveyance network, including storm drains, concrete channels, swales, detention facilities, storm water treatment facilities, natural and constructed channels, and the method for conveying offsite flows through or around the proposed project site. Identify all discharge locations from the proposed project site along with a summary of the conveyance system size and capacity for each of the discharge locations. Provide a summary of pre and post-project drainage areas and design flows to each of the runoff discharge locations. Reference the drainage study for detailed calculations.

Description / Additional Information:

The site currently has 3 existing public stormdrains that outlet onto the site and then flow overland. The proposed project is going to add additional underground pipe to route two of these outlets further down the site, closer to POC-1. All new parking, garage and road surfacing will be collected via storm drain inlet structures and piped to different bioretention basins throughout the site for water quality treatment and hydromodification controls. The church structure itself will have the roof drains directed to Bioretention Basin #4. Concrete brow ditches will be used to convey off-site drainage, drainage along the property line and self-mitigating landscape areas. These ditches will be end at Type-F Catch Basins and routed amongst the main stormdrain line and routed to the south to POC-1. With the exception of DMA-4, the entire offsite and onsite drainage ends up in a 48" Public stormdrain that runs along Caltran R/W before it exits at a headwall into an engineered earthen channel (per SDD-109). This flows adjacent to the proposed retaining wall (adjacent to the proposed Church) before outletting at rip-rap and confluencing with the treated runoff from DMA-4 before flowing according to it's existing drainage path to the existing 48" Caltrans stomdrain (with headwall). This is approximately where POC-1 is located and where the runoff is picked up and routed South beneath Interstate-8.

Note: All offsite runoff that enters the property is being addressed using proposed underground (public) stormdrain infrastructure and private concrete brow ditches to convey the offsite runoff to POC-1.



Form I-3B Page 6 of 11 Identify whether any of the following features, activities, and/or pollutant source areas will be present (select all that apply): ☑Onsite storm drain inlets ☐Interior floor drains and elevator shaft sump pumps ☑Interior parking garages
☑Onsite storm drain inlets □Interior floor drains and elevator shaft sump pumps
☐Interior floor drains and elevator shaft sump pumps
☑Interior parking garages
Need for future indoor & structural pest control
☑Landscape/outdoor pesticide use
Pools, spas, ponds, decorative fountains, and other water features
Food service
Refuse areas
Industrial processes
Outdoor storage of equipment or materials
Vehicle and equipment cleaning
Vehicle/equipment repair and maintenance
Fuel dispensing areas
Loading docks
Fire sprinkler test water
Miscellaneous drain or wash water
✓Plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots
Description/Additional Information:



Form I-3B Page 7 of 11

Identification and Narrative of Receiving Water

Narrative describing flow path from discharge location(s), through urban storm conveyance system, to receiving creeks, rivers, and lagoons and ultimate discharge location to Pacific Ocean (or bay, lagoon, lake or reservoir, as applicable)

Site runoff discharges on the southwest corner of the site into an existing 48" concrete headwall that carries storm water under Interstate 8 and into Alvarado Creek. From Alvarado Creek, storm water flows and merges into San Diego River (Lower) which then flows into Famosa Slough and Channel. Storm water ultimately flows into the Pacific Ocean Shoreline, San Diego HU, at Stub Jetty, south of the San Diego River outlet, near Cape May Avenue.

Provide a summary of all beneficial uses of receiving waters downstream of the project discharge locations

AGR, AQUA, BIOL, COLD, COMM, IND, MAR, MIGR, MUN, NAV, RARE, REC1, REC2, SHELL, SPWN, WARM, WILD

Identify all ASBS (areas of special biological significance) receiving waters downstream of the project discharge locations

None

Provide distance from project outfall location to impaired or sensitive receiving waters 500 feet to Alvarado Creek

Summarize information regarding the proximity of the permanent, post-construction storm water BMPs to the City's Multi-Habitat Planning Area and environmentally sensitive lands N/A



Form I-3B Page 8 of 11

Identification of Receiving Water Pollutants of Concern

List any 303(d) impaired water bodies within the path of storm water from the project site to the Pacific Ocean (or bay, lagoon, lake or reservoir, as applicable), identify the pollutant(s)/stressor(s) causing impairment, and identify any TMDLs and/or Highest Priority Pollutants from the WQIP for the impaired water bodies:

303(d) Impaired Water Body (Refer to Appendix K)	Pollutant(s)/Stressor(s) (Refer to Appendix K)	TMDLs/WQIP Highest Priority Pollutant (Refer to Table 1-4 in Chapter 1)	
Alvarado Creek	Nitrogen	TMDL	
Alvarado Creek	Selenium	TMDL	
Famosa Slough and Channel	Eutrophic	TMDL	
Pacific Ocean Shoreline, San Diego HU	Trash	TMDL	
San Diego River (Lower)	Benthic Community Effects	TMDL	
San Diego River (Lower)	Cadmium	TMDL	
San Diego River (Lower)	Nitrogen	TMDL	
San Diego River (Lower)	Oxygen, Dissolved	TMDL	
San Diego River (Lower)	Phosphorus	TMDL	
San Diego River (Lower)	Total Dissolved Solids	TMDL	
Identification of Project Site Pollutants*			

*Identification of project site pollutants is only required if flow-thru treatment BMPs are implemented onsite in lieu of retention or biofiltration BMPs (note the project must also participate in an alternative compliance program unless prior lawful approval to meet earlier PDP requirements is demonstrated)

Identify pollutants anticipated from the project site based on all proposed use(s) of the site (see Appendix B.6):

Pollutant	Not Applicable to the	Anticipated from the	Also a Receiving Water
Foliutarit	Project Site	Project Site	Pollutant of Concern
Sediment		v	
Nutrients		N	
Heavy Metals	v		
Organic Compounds	~		
Trash & Debris			
Oxygen Demanding			
Substances			
Oil & Grease		2	
Bacteria & Viruses	v		
Pesticides		V	



<u></u>	an anna an		2
Form	I-3R	Page (9 of 11
	130	- uge -	

Hydromodification Management Requirements

Do hydromodification management requirements apply (see Section 1.6)?

Yes, hydromodification management flow control structural BMPs required.

- No, the project will discharge runoff directly to existing underground storm drains discharging directly to water storage reservoirs, lakes, enclosed embayments, or the Pacific Ocean.
- No, the project will discharge runoff directly to conveyance channels whose bed and bank are concrete-lined all the way from the point of discharge to water storage reservoirs, lakes, enclosed embayments, or the Pacific Ocean.

No, the project will discharge runoff directly to an area identified as appropriate for an exemption by the WMAA for the watershed in which the project resides.

Description / Additional Information (to be provided if a 'No' answer has been selected above):

Note: If "No" answer has been selected the SWQMP must include an exhibit that shows the storm water conveyance system from the project site to an exempt water body. The exhibit should include details about the conveyance system and the outfall to the exempt water body.

Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas* *This Section only required if hydromodification management requirements apply

Based on Section 6.2 and Appendix H does CCSYA exist on the project footprint or in the upstream area draining through the project footprint?

□Yes

₽No

Discussion / Additional Information:

No CCSYA exist in the project footprint or upstream area. Please see CCSYA exhibit.



Form I-3B Page 10 of 11
Flow Control for Post-Project Runoff*
*This Section only required if hydromodification management requirements apply
List and describe point(s) of compliance (POCs) for flow control for hydromodification management (see Section 6.3.1). For each POC, provide a POC identification name or number correlating to the project's HMP Exhibit and a receiving channel identification name or number correlating to the project's HMP Exhibit. There is 1 POC for the project. POC1 is located at the south edge of the project site. The downstream receiving channel is Alvarado Creek.
Has a geometric according to the receiving chappel(c)?
Has a geomorphic assessment been performed for the receiving channel(s)? \Box No, the low flow threshold is 0.1Q ₂ (default low flow threshold)
\square Yes, the result is the low flow threshold is 0.1Q ₂
\square Yes, the result is the low flow threshold is $0.3Q_2$
\Box Yes, the result is the low flow threshold is $0.5Q_2$
If a geomorphic assessment has been performed, provide title, date, and preparer:
Discussion / Additional Information: (optional)



Form L2D Dags 11 of 11
Form I-3B Page 11 of 11
Other Site Requirements and Constraints
When applicable, list other site requirements or constraints that will influence storm water management design, such as zoning requirements including setbacks and open space, or local
codes governing minimum street width, sidewalk construction, allowable pavement types, and
drainage requirements.
Optional Additional Information or Continuation of Previous Sections As Needed
This space provided for additional information or continuation of information from previous
sections as needed.



Source Control BMP Checklist for PDPs		Form I-4B
Source Control BMPs		
All development projects must implement source control B	MPs wh	ere applicable and
feasible. See Chapter 4 and Appendix E of the BMP Design Manua		10 B
Standards) for information to implement source control BMPs shown in	h this chec	klist.
 Answer each category below pursuant to the following. "Yes" means the project will implement the source control BI and/or Appendix E of the BMP Design Manual. Discussion / just "No" means the BMP is applicable to the project but it is Discussion / justification must be provided. "N/A" means the BMP is not applicable at the project site but it is applicable at the proj	ification is not feas	not required. sible to implement.
include the feature that is addressed by the BMP (e.g., the pro	ject has n	o outdoor materials
storage areas). Discussion / justification may be provided.		
Source Control Requirement		Applied?
4.2.1 Prevention of Illicit Discharges into the MS4	✓ Yes	No N/A
4.2.2 Storm Drain Stenciling or Signage	✓ Yes	No N/A
Discussion / justification if 4.2.2 not implemented: 4.2.3 Protect Outdoor Materials Storage Areas from Rainfall, Run- On, Runoff, and Wind Dispersal Discussion / justification if 4.2.3 not implemented:	✔ Yes	No N/A
4.2.4 Protect Materials Stored in Outdoor Work Areas from	√ Yes	No N/A
Rainfall, Run-On, Runoff, and Wind Dispersal		
Discussion / justification if 4.2.4 not implemented:		
4.2.5 Protect Trash Storage Areas from Rainfall, Run-On, Runoff, and	✓ Yes	No N/A
Wind Dispersal		
Discussion / justification if 4.2.5 not implemented:		



Form I-4B Page 2 of 2		
Source Control Requirement		Applied?
4.2.6 Additional BMPs Based on Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutan	ts (must an	swer for each
source listed below)		
On-site storm drain inlets	🖌 Yes	🗌 No 🗌 N/A
Interior floor drains and elevator shaft sump pumps	✓Yes	□No □N/A
Interior parking garages	✓Yes	🗌 No 🗌 N/A
Need for future indoor & structural pest control	Yes	🗌 No 🖌 N/A
Landscape/Outdoor Pesticide Use	✓Yes	🗌 No 🔄 N/A
Pools, spas, ponds, decorative fountains, and other water features	Yes	□No 🖌 N/A
Food service	Yes	🗌 No 🖌 N/A
Refuse areas	Yes	🗌 No 🖌 N/A
Industrial processes	Yes	🗌 No 🖌 N/A
Outdoor storage of equipment or materials	Yes	🗌 No 🖌 N/A
Vehicle/Equipment Repair and Maintenance	Yes	□ No 🖌 N/A
Fuel Dispensing Areas	Yes	□ No 🖌 N/A
Loading Docks	Yes	🗌 No 🖌 N/A
Fire Sprinkler Test Water	Yes	🗌 No 🖌 N/A
Miscellaneous Drain or Wash Water	Yes	□No 🖌 N/A
Plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots	✓Yes	□No □N/A
SC-6A: Large Trash Generating Facilities	Yes	□No 🖌 N/A
SC-6B: Animal Facilities	Yes	□No 🖌 N/A
SC-6C: Plant Nurseries and Garden Centers	Yes	No 🖌 N/A
SC-6D: Automotive Facilities	Yes	□ No 🖌 N/A

Discussion / justification if 4.2.6 not implemented. Clearly identify which sources of runoff pollutants are discussed. Justification must be provided for <u>all</u> "No" answers shown above.



Site Design BMP Checklist for PDPs		Form I-5	B
Site Design BMPs			
All development projects must implement site design BMPs where app	olicable and	d feasible	. See
Chapter 4 and Appendix E of the BMP Design Manual (Part 1 of Storm	Water Star	idards) fo	r
information to implement site design BMPs shown in this checklist.			
Answer each category below pursuant to the following.			
• "Yes" means the project will implement the site design BMP as			er 4 and/or
Appendix E of the BMP Design Manual. Discussion / justification			
 "No" means the BMP is applicable to the project but it i Discussion / justification must be provided. 	s not leas	sible to li	npiement.
 "N/A" means the BMP is not applicable at the project site 	necause th	ne project	does not
include the feature that is addressed by the BMP (e.g., the proj			
areas to conserve). Discussion / justification may be provided.			
A site map with implemented site design BMPs must be included at the	e end of thi	s checklis	t.
Site Design Requirement		Applied	
4.3.1 Maintain Natural Drainage Pathways and Hydrologic Features	✓ Yes	No	□N/A
Discussion / justification if 4.3.1 not implemented:			1
The project site is located on a natural drainage channel which will be f	illed in to c	onstruct k	ouilding
pad, parking garage, and road; however the proposed condition honors			-
and utilizes biofiltration basins to mitigate for hydromodification mana	gement an	d the 100	-year
storm event peak flows.			
1-1 Are existing natural drainage pathways and hydrologic	🖌 Yes	🗌 No	□ N/A
features mapped on the site map?	<u> </u>		
1-2 Are trees implemented? If yes, are they shown on the site	Yes	No No	✓ N/A
map?		—	
1-3 Implemented trees meet the design criteria in 4.3.1 Fact	Yes	No No	✓ N/A
Sheet (e.g. soil volume, maximum credit, etc.)?			
1-4 Is tree credit volume calculated using Appendix B.2.2.1 and	Yes	No	✓ N/A
SD-1 Fact Sheet in Appendix E? 4.3.2 Have natural areas, soils and vegetation been conserved?	✔ Yes	No	N/A
	P res		
Discussion / justification if 4.3.2 not implemented:			



Form I-5B Page 2 of 4			
Site Design Requirement		Applied?	
4.3.3 Minimize Impervious Area	🖌 Yes	No	□N/A
Discussion / justification if 4.3.3 not implemented:			
4.3.4 Minimize Soil Compaction	√ Yes	No	∏N/A
Discussion / justification if 4.3.4 not implemented:			
4.2.5 Importious Area Dispersion			
4.3.5 Impervious Area Dispersion	Yes	No	▶ N/A
Discussion / justification if 4.3.5 not implemented:			
5-1 Is the pervious area receiving runon from impervious area identified on the site map?	Yes	No	✓ N/A
5-2 Does the pervious area satisfy the design criteria in 4.3.5 Fact Sheet in Appendix E (e.g. maximum slope, minimum length, etc.)	Yes	No	✔ N/A
5-3 Is impervious area dispersion credit volume calculated using Appendix B.2.1.1 and 4.3.5 Fact Sheet in Appendix E?	Yes	No	✓N/A

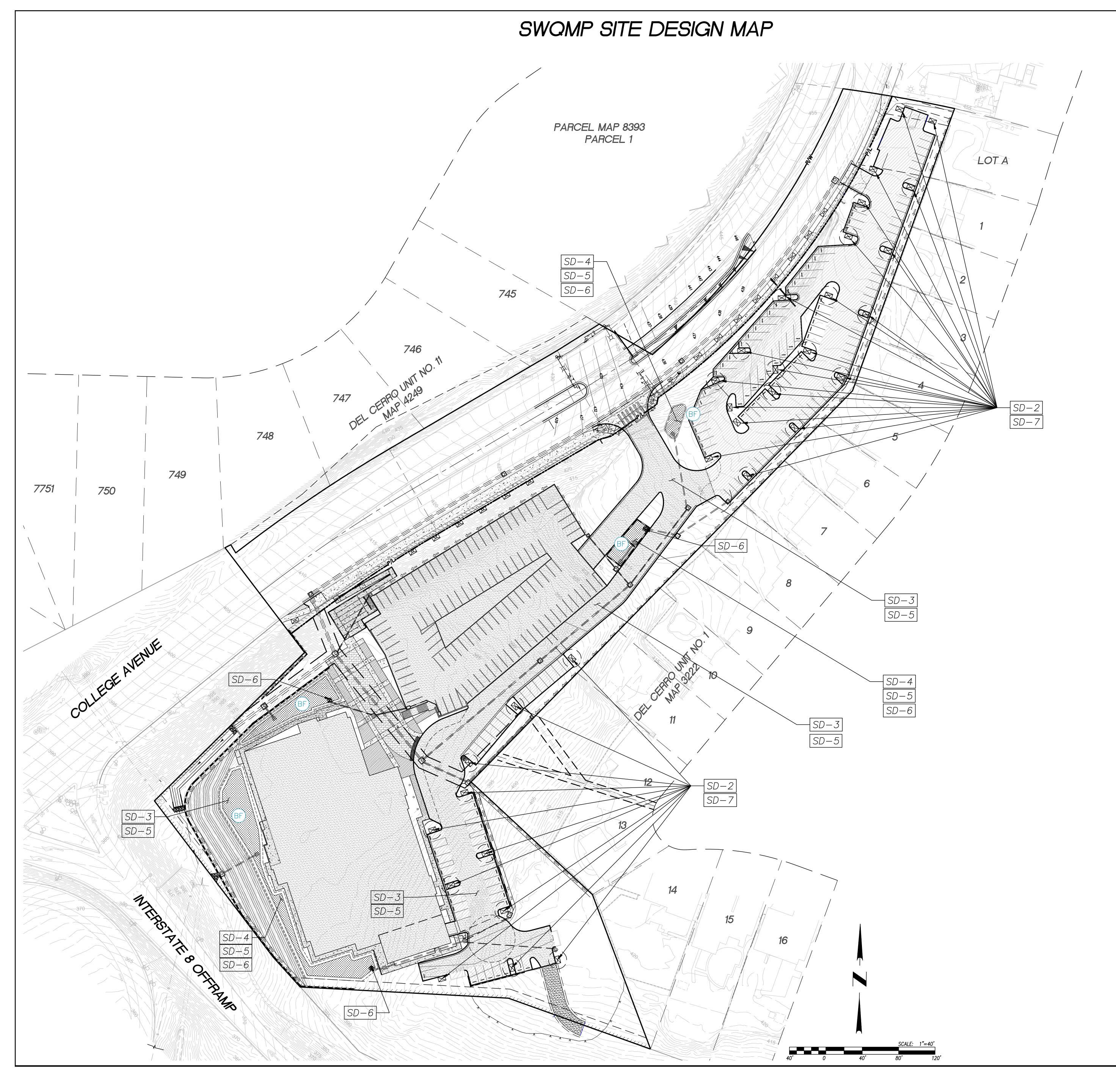


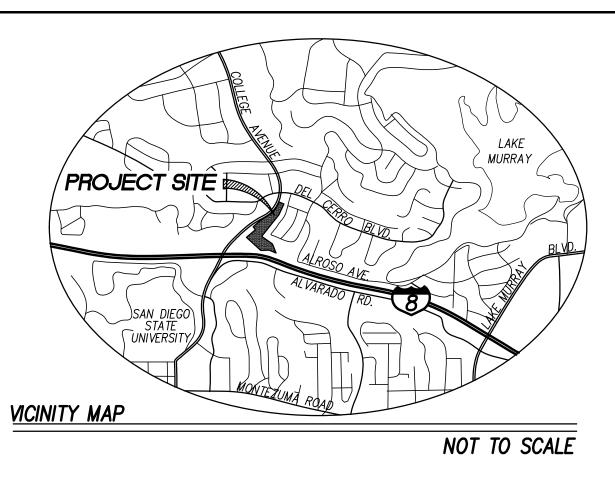
Form I-5B Page 3 of 4			
Site Design Requirement		Applied?	>
4.3.6 Runoff Collection	✓ Yes	No	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if 4.3.6 not implemented:			
6a-1 Are green roofs implemented in accordance with design criteria in 4.3.6A Fact Sheet? If yes, are they shown on the site map?	Yes	No	₽ N/A
6a-2 Is the green roof credit volume calculated using Appendix B.2.1.2 and 4.3.6A Fact Sheet in Appendix E?	Yes	No	√ N/A
6b-1 Are permeable pavements implemented in accordance with design criteria in 4.3.6B Fact Sheet? If yes, are they shown on the site map?	✔ Yes	No	□N/A
6b-2 Is the permeable pavement credit volume calculated using Appendix B.2.1.3 and 4.3.6B Fact Sheet in Appendix	🖌 Yes	No	□N/A
4.3.7 Land Scaping with Native or Drought Tolerant Species ✓ Yes No N/		□ N/A	
Discussion / justification if 4.3.7 not implemented:			
4.3.8 Harvest and Use Precipitation	Yes	₽ No	N/A
Discussion / justification if 4.3.8 not implemented: Harvest and Use Precipitation is not feasible to implement per Form I-7			
8-1 Are rain barrels implemented in accordance with design criteria in 4.3.8 Fact Sheet? If yes, are they shown on the site map?	Yes	No	✔ N/A
8-2 Is the rain barrel credit volume calculated using Appendix B.2.2.2 and 4.3.8 Fact Sheet in Appendix E?	Yes	No	✓N/A



Form I-5B Page 4 of 4	
Insert Site Map with all site design BMPs identified:	
SEE MAP ON NEXT PAGE	







<u>LEGEND</u>

RIGHT-OF-WAY DEDICATED PROPERTY LINE
LIMIT OF GRADING DRAINAGE DIRECTION
RIP RAP ENERGY DISSIPATER
PERMEABLE PAVEMENT
IMPERVIOUS AREA (ROOF AND CONCRETE)
BIOFILTRATION BASIN (BF-1)

SITE DESIGN BMPS IMPLEMENTED

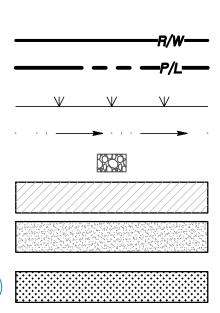
SD-2	CONSERVE NATURAL AREAS, SOILS, A
SD-3	MINIMIZE IMPERVIOUS AREA (4.3.3)
SD-4	MINIMIZE SOIL COMPACTION (4.3.4)
SD-5	IMPERVIOUS AREA DISPERSION (4.3.5)
SD-6	RUNOFF COLLECTION (4.3.6)

<u>SITE DESIGN BMP NOTES</u> THE FOLLOWING SITE DESIGN ELEMENTS WERE IMPLEMENTED TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS LAID OUT IN SECTION 4.3 OF THE STORMWATER STANDARDS MANUAL:

- 4.3.2: THIS PROJECT PROPOSES TO CONSERVE NATURAL AREAS, SOILS, AND VEGETATION BY PLANTING ADDITIONAL NATIVE OR DROUGHT TOLERANT TREES AND SHRUBS, AS WELL AS REPLACING THE TOPSOIL IN AREAS OF DISTURBANCE. 4.3.3: THE PROJECT PROPOSES TO MINIMIZE IMPERVIOUS AREA BY USING PERMEABLE
- PAVERS IN THE PRIVATE DRIVEWAYS AND SURFACE PARKING AREAS, AS WELL AS KEEPING THE DRIVE AISLES TO THE MINIMUM WIDTH NECESSARY.
- INTO THE SOIL AND SLOW DOWN THE FLOW.
- TO DRAINING TO THE PUBLIC STORM SYSTEM. 4.3.6: THE PROJECT PROPOSED RUNOFF COLLECTION BY TREATING SITE RUNOFF IN PERMANENT POST-CONSTRUCTION BMPS PRIOR TO RELEASING FLOW OFFSITE.
- AND THEN AN UNDERGROUND VAULT. 4.3.7: ALL PROPOSED LANDSCAPE ARES WILL BE PLANTED WITH NATIVE OR DROUGHT TOLERANT SPECIES.









SD-7 LANDSCAPING WITH NATIVE OR DROUGHT TOLERANT SPECIES (4.3.7)

4.3.4: ALL PROPOSED LANDSCAPE AND BIOFILTRATION AREAS MINIMIZE SOIL COMPACTION IN ORDER TO ALLOW MORE STORMWATER RUNOFF TO PERMEATE

4.3.5: THIS PROJECT SUCCESSFULLY DISPERSES ALL IMPERVIOUS AREAS THROUGH LANDSCAPING, BIOFILTRATION/STORMWATER TREATMENT, OR PERMEABLE PAVERS PRIOR

ALL RUNOFF FROM THE PROPOSED CHURCH IS COLLECTED IN ROOF DOWNSPOUTS AND DISCHARGES INTO THE BIOCLEAN MWS TREATMENT DEVICE

Summary of PDP Structural BMPs	Form I-6
PDP Structural BMPs	
 Statistics Statistics 	

All PDPs must implement structural BMPs for storm water pollutant control (see Chapter 5 of the BMP Design Manual, Part 1 of Storm Water Standards). Selection of PDP structural BMPs for storm water pollutant control must be based on the selection process described in Chapter 5. PDPs subject to hydromodification management requirements must also implement structural BMPs for flow control for hydromodification management (see Chapter 6 of the BMP Design Manual). Both storm water pollutant control and flow control for hydromodification management can be achieved within the same structural BMP(s).

PDP structural BMPs must be verified by the City at the completion of construction. This includes requiring the project owner or project owner's representative to certify construction of the structural BMPs (complete Form DS-563). PDP structural BMPs must be maintained into perpetuity (see Chapter 7 of the BMP Design Manual).

Use this form to provide narrative description of the general strategy for structural BMP implementation at the project site in the box below. Then complete the PDP structural BMP summary information sheet (page 3 of this form) for each structural BMP within the project (copy the BMP summary information page as many times as needed to provide summary information for each individual structural BMP).

Describe the general strategy for structural BMP implementation at the site. This information must describe how the steps for selecting and designing storm water pollutant control BMPs presented in Section 5.1 of the BMP Design Manual were followed, and the results (type of BMPs selected). For projects requiring hydromodification flow control BMPs, indicate whether pollutant control and flow control BMPs are integrated or separate.

The type of structural BMP chosen for the project was based on the flow charts presented in Figures 5-1 and 5-2 of the City of San Diego Storm Water Standards Manual. Using Form I-7 (Worksheet B.3-1) to gauge the feasibility of implementing capture and use techniques for the project site, it was determined that Harvest and Use BMPs are considered infeasible. After determining Harvest and Use BMPs are infeasible, the infiltration feasibility analysis per Form I-8 resulted in a No Infiltration condition.

The project site is divided into five (5) DMAs, with DMAs 1-4 treated for water quality and hydromodification. DMA-5 is self-mitigating.

The project is proposing the use of permeable pavement as Site Design BMPs per BMP Design Fact Sheet SD-D.

The permanent structural BMP selection was Biofiltration (BF-1) for DMA-1 to DMA-4

(Continue on page 2 as necessary.)



Form I-6 Page 2 of 8	
(Continued from page 1)	



Form I-6 Page 1 of 8 (Copy as many as needed)								
Structural BMP Summary Information								
Structural BMP ID No. BMP-1								
Construction Plan Sheet No.								
Type of Structural BMP:								
Retention by harvest and use (e.g. HU-1, cistern)								
Retention by infiltration basin (INF-1)								
Retention by bioretention (INF-2)								
Retention by permeable pavement (INF-3)								
Partial retention by biofiltration with partial rete	ntion (PR-1)							
Biofiltration (BF-1)								
	proval to meet earlier PDP requirements (provide							
BMP type/description in discussion section belo								
Flow-thru treatment control included as pre-trea	-							
biofiltration BMP (provide BMP type/description								
biofiltration BMP it serves in discussion section								
Flow-thru treatment control with alternative con	npliance (provide BMP type/description in							
discussion section below)								
Detention pond or vault for hydromodification r	nanagement							
Other (describe in discussion section below)								
Purpose:								
Pollutant control only								
Hydromodification control only								
Combined pollutant control and hydromodificat								
Pre-treatment/forebay for another structural BN	1P							
Other (describe in discussion section below)								
Who will certify construction of this BMP?	PASCO LARET SUITER & ASSOCIATES							
Provide name and contact information for the party responsible to sign BMP verification form	1911 SAN DIEGO AVE, SUITE 100							
DS-563	SAN DIEGO, CA 92110							
	ALL PEOPLES CHURCH							
Who will be the final owner of this BMP?								
Who will maintain this BMP into perpetuity?								
who will maintain this bivin into perpetuity:								
What is the funding mechanism for	ALL PEOPLES CHURCH							
What is the funding mechanism for ALL PEOPLES CHURCH maintenance?								



Form I-6 Page 2 of 8 (Copy as many as needed)

Structural BMP ID No. BMP-1

Construction Plan Sheet No.

Discussion (as needed; must include worksheets showing BMP sizing calculations in the SWQMPs):

472 SF bioretention basin serves to meet water quality and hydromodification requirements. It includes an 18" by 18" overflow riser, with a 0.2188" orifice for hydromodification. It treats the western half of the limited-use parking area that utilizes permeable pavement throughout. Please see B-Forms for WQ calcs, and SWMM analysis for hydromodification calculations.



Form I-6 Page 3 of 8 (Copy as many as needed)								
Structural BMP Summary Information								
Structural BMP ID No. BMP-2								
Construction Plan Sheet No.								
Type of Structural BMP:								
Retention by harvest and use (e.g. HU-1, cistern)								
Retention by infiltration basin (INF-1)								
Retention by bioretention (INF-2)								
Retention by permeable pavement (INF-3)								
Partial retention by biofiltration with partial rete	ntion (PR-1)							
Biofiltration (BF-1)								
	proval to meet earlier PDP requirements (provide							
BMP type/description in discussion section belo	°							
Flow-thru treatment control included as pre-trea	-							
biofiltration BMP (provide BMP type/description								
biofiltration BMP it serves in discussion section								
Flow-thru treatment control with alternative con	npliance (provide BMP type/description in							
discussion section below)								
Detention pond or vault for hydromodification r	nanagement							
Other (describe in discussion section below)								
Purpose:								
Pollutant control only								
Hydromodification control only								
Combined pollutant control and hydromodificat								
Pre-treatment/forebay for another structural BN	ЛР							
Other (describe in discussion section below)								
Who will certify construction of this BMP?	PASCO LARET SUITER & ASSOCIATES							
Provide name and contact information for the	1911 SAN DIEGO AVE, SUITE 100							
party responsible to sign BMP verification form DS-563	SAN DIEGO, CA 92110							
	ALL PEOPLES CHURCH							
Who will be the final owner of this BMP?								
Who will maintain this PMP into paractuit 2	ALL PEOPLES CHURCH							
Who will maintain this BMP into perpetuity?								
What is the funding mechanism for ALL PEOPLES CHURCH maintenance?								



Form I-6 Page 4 of 8 (Copy as many as needed)

Structural BMP ID No. BMP-2

Construction Plan Sheet No.

Discussion (as needed; must include worksheets showing BMP sizing calculations in the SWQMPs):

858 SF walled-in, tiered bioretention basin serves to meet water quality and hydromodification requirements. It includes an 18" by 18" overflow riser, with a 0.2969" orifice for hydromodification. It treats the eastern half of the northern limited-use parking area that utilizes permeable pavement almost entirely throughout, with some concrete in there. Please see B-Forms for WQ calcs, and SWMM analysis for hydromodification calculations.



Form I-6 Page 5 of 8 (Copy as many as needed)								
Structural BMP Summary Information								
Structural BMP ID No. BMP-3								
Construction Plan Sheet No.								
Type of Structural BMP:								
Retention by harvest and use (e.g. HU-1, cistern)								
Retention by infiltration basin (INF-1)								
Retention by bioretention (INF-2)								
Retention by permeable pavement (INF-3)								
Partial retention by biofiltration with partial rete	ntion (PR-1)							
Biofiltration (BF-1)								
	proval to meet earlier PDP requirements (provide							
BMP type/description in discussion section belo	·							
Flow-thru treatment control included as pre-trea								
biofiltration BMP (provide BMP type/description								
biofiltration BMP it serves in discussion section								
Flow-thru treatment control with alternative con	npliance (provide BMP type/description in							
discussion section below)								
Detention pond or vault for hydromodification r	nanagement							
Other (describe in discussion section below)								
Purpose:								
Pollutant control only								
Hydromodification control only								
Combined pollutant control and hydromodificat								
Pre-treatment/forebay for another structural BN	ЛР							
Other (describe in discussion section below)								
Who will certify construction of this BMP?	PASCO LARET SUITER & ASSOCIATES							
Provide name and contact information for the	1911 SAN DIEGO AVE, SUITE 100							
party responsible to sign BMP verification form DS-563	SAN DIEGO, CA 92110							
	ALL PEOPLES CHURCH							
Who will be the final owner of this BMP?								
Who will maintain this PMP into accept it 2	ALL PEOPLES CHURCH							
Who will maintain this BMP into perpetuity?								
What is the funding mechanism for ALL PEOPLES CHURCH								
maintenance?								



Form I-6 Page 6 of 8 (Copy as many as needed)

Structural BMP ID No. BMP-3

Construction Plan Sheet No.

Discussion (as needed; must include worksheets showing BMP sizing calculations in the SWQMPs):

1725 SF standard bioretention basin serves to meet water quality and hydromodification requirements. It includes an 24" by 24" overflow riser, with a 3/4" orifice for hydromodification. It treats the parking garage, concrete downgrade approach to upper deck of garage, plaza area, concrete ADA switchback ramp and associated landscape and hardscape adjacent to the plaza. Please see B-Forms for WQ calcs, and SWMM analysis for hydromodification calculations.



Form I-6 Page 7 of 8 (Copy as many as needed)								
Structural BMP Summary Information								
Structural BMP ID No. BMP-4								
Construction Plan Sheet No.								
Type of Structural BMP:								
Retention by harvest and use (e.g. HU-1, cistern)								
Retention by infiltration basin (INF-1)								
Retention by bioretention (INF-2)								
Retention by permeable pavement (INF-3)								
Partial retention by biofiltration with partial rete	ntion (PR-1)							
Biofiltration (BF-1)								
Flow-thru treatment control with prior lawful ap	proval to meet earlier PDP requirements (provide							
BMP type/description in discussion section belo	w)							
Flow-thru treatment control included as pre-trea	-							
biofiltration BMP (provide BMP type/description								
biofiltration BMP it serves in discussion section								
Flow-thru treatment control with alternative con	npliance (provide BMP type/description in							
discussion section below)								
Detention pond or vault for hydromodification r	nanagement							
Other (describe in discussion section below)								
Purpose:								
Pollutant control only								
Hydromodification control only								
Combined pollutant control and hydromodificat								
Pre-treatment/forebay for another structural BN	1P							
Other (describe in discussion section below)								
Who will certify construction of this BMP?	PASCO LARET SUITER & ASSOCIATES							
Provide name and contact information for the	1911 SAN DIEGO AVE, SUITE 100							
party responsible to sign BMP verification form	SAN DIEGO, CA 92110							
DS-563								
Who will be the final owner of this BMP?	ALL PEOPLES CHURCH							
ALL PEOPLES CHURCH								
Who will maintain this BMP into perpetuity?								
What is the funding mechanism for	ALL PEOPLES CHURCH							
maintenance?								



Form I-6 Page & of & (Copy as many as needed)

Structural BMP ID No. BMP-4

Construction Plan Sheet No.

Discussion (as needed; must include worksheets showing BMP sizing calculations in the SWQMPs):

4252 SF standard bioretention basin serves to meet water quality and hydromodification requirements. It includes an 24" by 24" overflow riser, with a 3/4" orifice for hydromodification. It treats the entirety of the Church, the fire access road and turnaourd, permeable parking spots, graded slopes, concrete downgrade approach to lower deck of garage, and associated landscape and hardscape adjacent to the Church building. Please see B-Forms for WQ calcs, and SWMM analysis for hydromodification calculations.



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Attachment 1 Backup For PDP Pollutant Control BMPs

This is the cover sheet for Attachment 1.



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Indicate which Items are Included:

Attachment Sequence	Contents	Checklist
Attachment 1a	DMA Exhibit (Required) See DMA Exhibit Checklist.	Included
Attachment 1b	Tabular Summary of DMAs Showing DMA ID matching DMA Exhibit, DMA Area, and DMA Type (Required)*	Included on DMA Exhibit in Attachment 1a
	*Provide table in this Attachment OR on DMA Exhibit in Attachment 1a	Included as Attachment 1b, separate from DMA Exhibit
	Form I-7, Harvest and Use Feasibility Screening Checklist (Required unless the entire project will use infiltration BMPs)	Included Not included because the
Attachment 1c	Refer to Appendix B.3-1 of the BMP Design Manual to complete Form I-7.	entire project will use infiltration BMPs
	 Infiltration Feasibility Information. Contents of Attachment 1d depend on the infiltration condition: No Infiltration Condition: 	
	 Infiltration Feasibility Condition Letter (Note: must be stamped and signed by licensed geotechnical engineer) Form I-8A (optional) Form I-8B (optional) 	Included
Attachment 1d	 Partial Infiltration Condition: Infiltration Feasibility Condition Letter (Note: must be stamped and signed by licensed geotechnical engineer) Form I-8A Form I-8B 	Not included because the entire project will use harvest and use BMPs
	 Full Infiltration Condition: Form I-8A Form I-8B Worksheet C.4-3 Form I-9 Refer to Appendices C and D of the BMP Design Manual for guidance. 	
Attachment 1e	Pollutant Control BMP Design Worksheets / Calculations (Required)	✓ Included
	Refer to Appendices B and E of the BMP Design Manual for structural pollutant control BMP design guidelines and site design credit calculations	

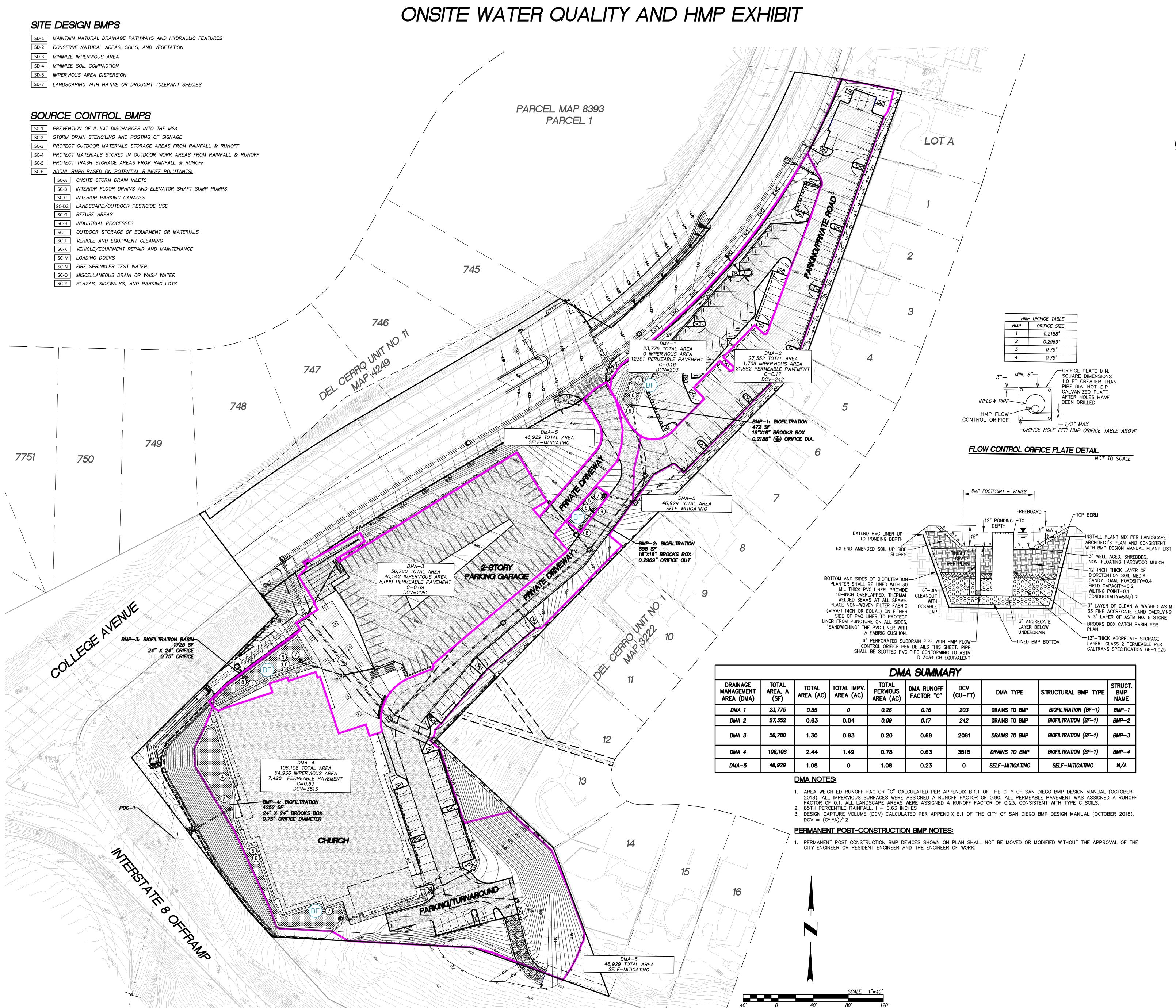


Use this checklist to ensure the required information has been included on the DMA Exhibit:

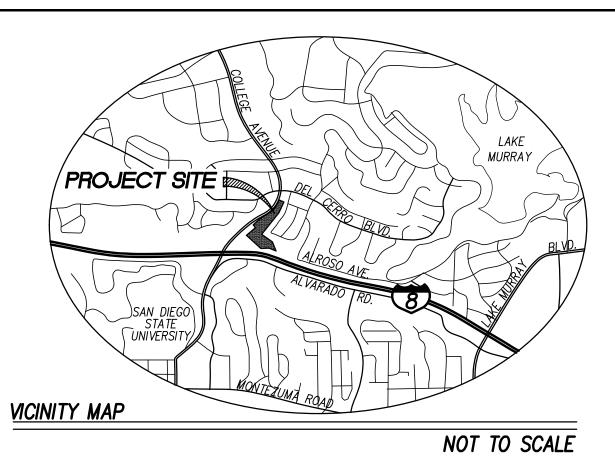
The DMA Exhibit must identify:

- ✓ Underlying hydrologic soil group
- Approximate depth to groundwater
- Existing natural hydrologic features (watercourses, seeps, springs, wetlands)
- Critical coarse sediment yield areas to be protected
- Existing topography and impervious areas
- Existing and proposed site drainage network and connections to drainage offsite
 Proposed grading
- ✓ Proposed impervious features
- ✓ Proposed design features and surface treatments used to minimize imperviousness
- ✓ Drainage management area (DMA) boundaries, DMA ID numbers, and DMA areas (square footage or acreage), and DMA type (i.e., drains to BMP, self-retaining, or self-mitigating)
- ✓ Potential pollutant source areas and corresponding required source controls (see Chapter 4, Appendix E.1, and Form I-3B)
- Structural BMPs (identify location, type of BMP, size/detail, and include crosssection)





	DMA SUMMARI										
PV. C)	TOTAL PERVIOUS AREA (AC)	DMA RUNOFF FACTOR "C"	DCV (CU–FT)	DMA TYPE	STRUCTURAL BMP TYPE	STRUCT. BMP NAME					
	0.26	0.16	203	DRAINS TO BMP	BIOFILTRATION (BF-1)	BMP-1					
	0.09	0.17	242	DRAINS TO BMP	BIOFILTRATION (BF-1)	BMP-2					
	0.20	0.69	2061	DRAINS TO BMP	BIOFILTRATION (BF-1)	BMP-3					
	0.78	0.63	3515	DRAINS TO BMP	BIOFILTRATION (BF-1)	BMP-4					
	1.08	0.23	0	SELF-MITIGATING	SELF-MITIGATING	N/A					



LEGEND

RIGHT-OF-WAY	
PROPERTY LINE	
DMA BOUNDARY	
LIMIT OF GRADING	
DRAINAGE DIRECTION	
RIP RAP ENERGY DISSIPATER	
PERMEABLE PAVEMENT	
IMPERVIOUS AREA (ROOF AND CONCRETE)	
BIOFILTRATION BASIN (BF-1)	(

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

1	PROPOSED PERMANENT BIOFILTRATION BASIN BMF
2	PROPOSED PERMANENT BIOFILTRATION BASIN BMF
3	PROPOSED PERMANENT BIOFILTRATION BASIN BMF
4	PROPOSED PERMANENT BIOFILTRATION BASIN BMF
5	6" CLEANOUT WITH LOCKABLE CAP
6	PERFORATED 6" PVC UNDERDRAIN PIPE (ASTM D
7	No. 2 BACKING RIP-RAP ENERGY DISSIPATER
8	24" X 24" BROOKS CATCH BASIN. CATCH BASIN WORDS "NO DUMPING- DRAINS TO RIVER" OR SIM DRAIN MARKER.
9	18" X 18" BROOKS CATCH BASIN. CATCH BASIN S WORDS "NO DUMPING- DRAINS TO RIVER" OR SIM DRAIN MARKER.

PROJECT CHARACTERISTICS

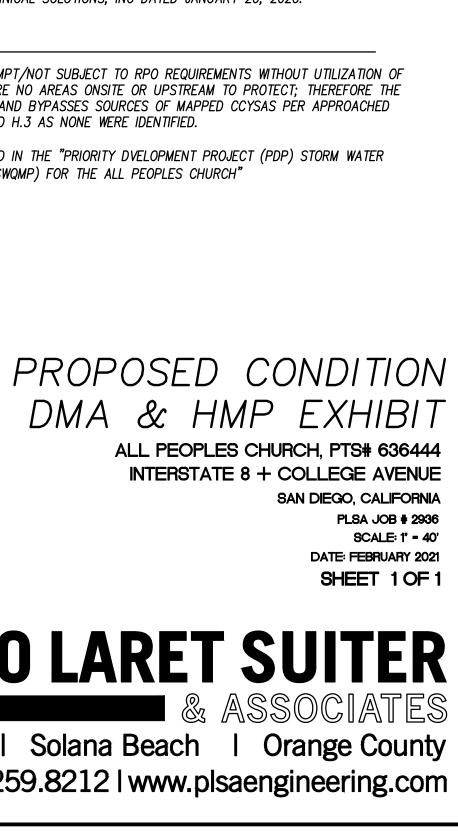
TOTAL PROJECT OWNERSHIP: 5.99 ACRES TOTAL DISTURBED AREA: 5.92 ACRES TOTAL PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS AREA: 107,187 SF= 2.46 ACRES TOTAL PERMEABLE PAVEMENT: 49,621 SF=1.14 ACRES TOTAL PROPOSED LANDSCAPE AREA: 101,059 SF = 2.32 ACRESEXISTING HYDROLOGIC FEATURES: N/A

SOIL INFORMATION

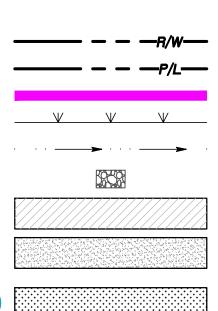
HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP: TYPE C

GROUNDWATER INFORMATION GROUNDWATER WAS NO ENCOUNTERED DURING GEOTECHNICAL TESTING PER GEOTECHNICAL

INVESTIGATION, "UPDATED PRELIMINARY GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION AND DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS, PROPOSED CHURCH FACILITY, APN 463-010-1000, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 90212" BY ADVANCED GEOTECHNICAL SOLUTIONS, INC DATED JANUARY 20, 2020. CCYSAs







IP-1 PER DETAIL THIS SHEET IP-2 PER DETAIL THIS SHEET P-3 PER DETAIL THIS SHEET IP-4 PER DETAIL THIS SHEET

3034 OR EQUIVALENT)

SHALL BE MARKED WITH THE MILAR CITY APPROVED STORM SHALL BE MARKED WITH THE MILAR CITY APPROVED STORM

BMP Sizing and DCV Summary Table

						c		Minimum 3%				
						Weighted		Treatment		DCV		
BMP	BMP	Total Area			% Permeable	Runoff	DCV Req'd	Area	BMP Area	Provided		Modular Wetland Flow Design
Location	Description	(sq-ft)	% Impervious	% Pervious	Pavement	Factor	(Cu-ft)	(sq-ft)	Provided (sq-ft)	(Cu-Ft)		(cfs)
DMA-1	BIOFILTRATION PLANTER #1	23775.00	0%	48%	52%	0.16	202.7	116	472.0	660.8		
DMA-2	BIOFILTRATION PLANTER #2	27352.00	6%	14%	80%	0.17	241.9	138	858.0	1201.2		
DMA-3	BIOFILTRATION PLANTER #3	56780.00	71%	15%	14%	0.69	2061.1	1178	1725.0	2415.0		
DMA-4	BIOFILTRATION PLANTER #4	106108.00	61%	32%	7%	0.63	3514.7	2008	4252.0	5952.8		
DMA-5	SELF-TREATING	46929.00	0%	100%	0%	0.23	566.7	NA	0.0	0.0		
TOTAL DN	1A AREA:	260944	41%	28%	31%	0.47	6587.01	3440.19	7307.00	10229.8		
TOTAL BM		7307.00					•					

TOTAL BMP AREA: 7307.00

NOTE: Weighted runoff factor based on percent of impervious, pervious, and paver area in each respective DMA

Runoff Factor (Table B.1.1 City of SI	SW Manu	P85th Parameters			
Impervious	0.90		Intensity:	0.20	in/hr
Landscape	0.23	C Soils	Precip:	0.63	in
Permeable Pavers	0.10				

Appendix B: Storm Water Pollutant Control Hydrologic Calculations and Sizing Methods

B.1.2 Offline BMPs

Diversion flow rates for offline BMPs shall be sized to convey the maximum flow rate of runoff produced from a rainfall intensity of 0.2 inches of rainfall per hour, for each hour of every storm event. The following hydrologic method (Equation B.1-3) shall be used to calculate the diversion flow rate for off-line BMPs:

Equation B.1-1: Hydrologic Method

where:		$Q = C \times i \times A$
Q Q	=	Diversion flow rate in cubic feet per second
с	=	Runoff factor, area weighted estimate using Table B.1
i i	=	Rainfall intensity of 0.2 in/hr.
A	=	Tributary area (acres) within the project footprint.

Drawdown Time for Biofiltration BMP-1

Outlet Q:	0.0026 cfs	0.234 in/hr	
BMP Percolation Rate:	5 in/hr	0.0001 ft/sec	
BMP Area:	472.0 sq-ft		
BMP Percolation Rate:	0.05 cfs		
Basin Volume:	661 cu-ft		
DCV/Average Q:	258125 secs	71.70 Hours	

Drawdown Time for Biofiltration BMP-2

Outlet Q:	0.0048 cfs	0.241 in/hr	
BMP Percolation Rate:	5 in/hr	0.0001 ft/sec	
BMP Area:	858.0 sq-ft		
BMP Percolation Rate:	0.099 cfs		
Basin Volume:	1201 cu-ft		
DCV/Average Q:	251297 secs	69.80 Hours	

Drawdown Time for Biofiltration BMP-3

Outlet Q:	0.0294 cfs	0.737 in/hr	
BMP Percolation Rate:	5 in/hr	0.0001 ft/sec	
BMP Area:	1725.0 sq-ft		
BMP Percolation Rate:	0.20 cfs		
Basin Volume:	2415 cu-ft		
DCV/Average Q:	82059 secs	22.79 Hours	

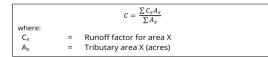
Drawdown Time for Biofiltration BMP-4

Outlet Q:	0.0294 cfs	0.299 in/hr	
BMP Percolation Rate:	5 in/hr	0.0001 ft/sec	

B.1.1 Runoff Factor

Estimate the area weighted runoff factor for the tributary area to the BMP using runoff factor (from Table B.1-1) and area of each surface type in the tributary area and Equation B.1-2.

Equation B.1-2: Estimating Runoff Factor for Area



These runoff factors apply to areas receiving direct rainfall only. For conditions in which runoff is routed onto a surface from an adjacent surface, see Section B.2 for determining composite runoff factors for these areas.

Table B.1-1: Runoff factors for surfaces draining to BMPs - Pollutant Control BMPs

Surface	Runoff Factor
Roofs ¹	0.90
Concrete or Asphalt ¹	0.90
Unit Pavers (grouted) ¹	0.90
Decomposed Granite	0.30
Cobbles or Crushed Aggregate	0.30
Amended, Mulched Soils or Landscape ²	0.10
Compacted Soil (e.g., unpaved parking)	0.30
Natural (A Soil)	0.10
Natural (B Soil)	0.14
Natural (C Soil)	0.23
Natural (D Soil)	0.30

¹Surface is considered impervious and could benefit from use of Site Design BMPs and adjustment of the runoff factor per Section B.2.1.

²Surface shall be designed in accordance with SD-F (Amended soils) fact sheet in Appendix E

ALL PEOPLES CHURCH J-2936 2/9/2021

0140 4	4252.0 sq-ft		
BMP Area:			
BMP Percolation Rate:	0.49 cfs		
Basin Volume:	5953 cu-ft		
DCV/Average Q:	202270 secs	56.19 Hours	

San Diego County 85th Percentile Isopluvials

BUENA VISTA LA

AQUA HEDIONDA LA

BATIQUITOS LAGOON

SAN ELIJO LAGOON

SAN DIE GUITO LAGOON

LOS PENASQUITOS LAGOON

85th Percentile Rainfall in Inches

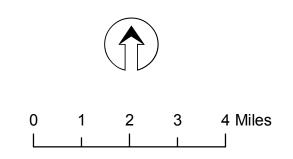
- Freeway
- Highway
- Major Road
- Street
- C Municipal Boundary
- Water Body

Note:

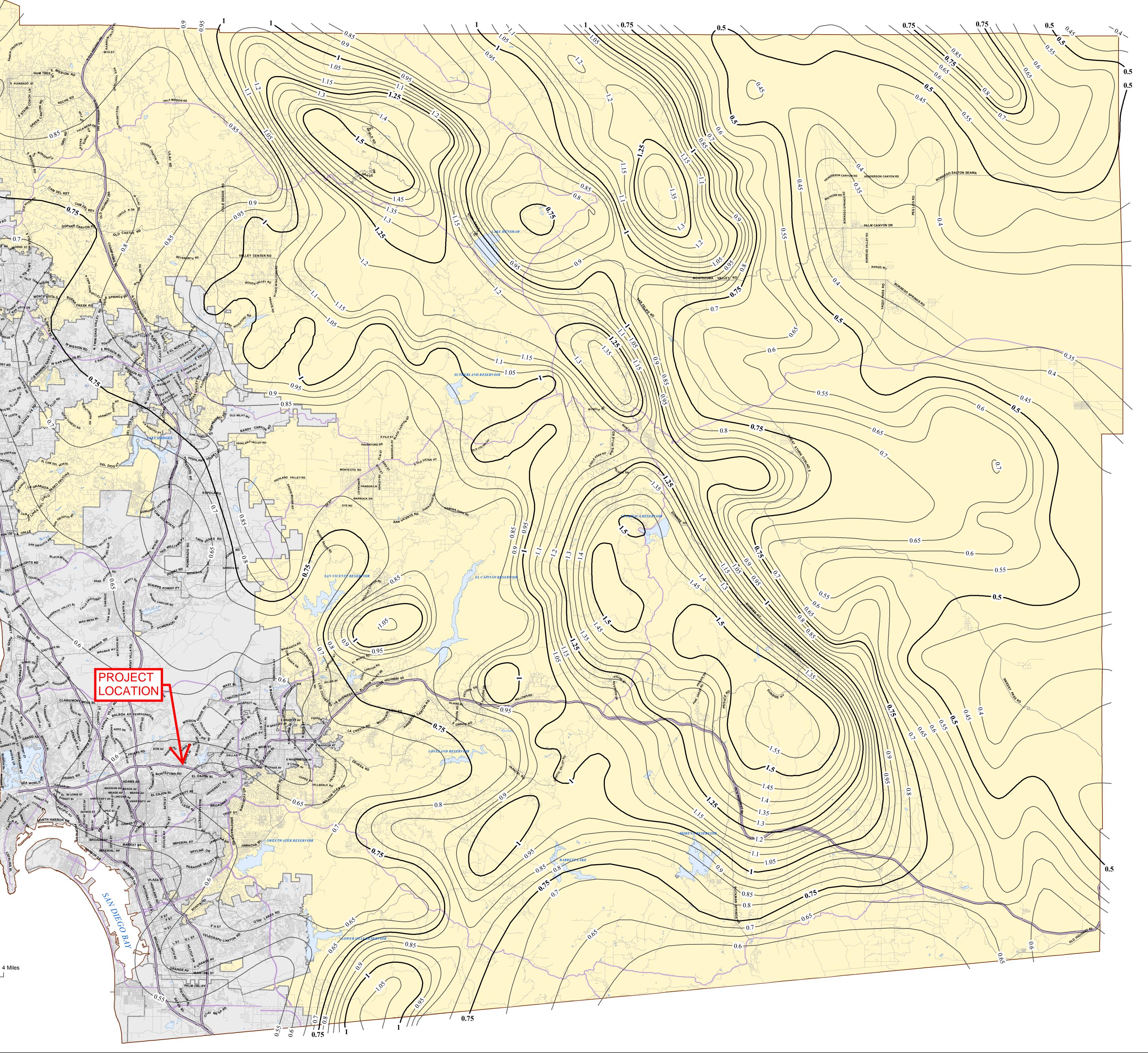
The 85th percentile is a 24-hour rainfall total. It represents a value such that 85% of the observed 24-hour rainfall totals will be less than that value.



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MISSION BAY



Overview:

Priority development projects that will be implementing biofiltration BMPs to satisfy the pollutant control performance standard for the project may use these automated worksheets to size the biofiltration BMPs and document compliance with the performance standard. The City of San Diego (City) developed this tool to assist the applicant performing sizing calculations using worksheets in Appendix B.5 and to streamline the plan review process. The use of this tool is optional and the applicant may elect to provide their own calculations.

To use this tool applicants must navigate to the appropriate worksheet tab and populate the orange cells with project specific information, all other cells are locked for editing and will be automatically calculated.

In this tool each tab is independent of other tabs.

After completion of the calculations, the applicant must print a pdf of the tab for each BMP and attach it to the PDP SWQMP.

Disclaimer:

Project Name All Peoples Church SAN DIECO Project Name All Peoples Church BMP ID 1 Sizing Method for Pollutant Removal Criteria Worksheet B.5-1 1 Area draining to the BMP 23,775 2 Adjusted runoff factor for drainage area (Refer to Appendix B.1 and B.2) 0.16 3 85 th percentile 24-hour rainfall depth 0.63 4 Design capture volume [Line 1 x Line 2 x (Line 3/12)] 200 BMP Parameters 5 Surface ponding [6 inch minimum, 12 inch maximum] 12 6 Media thickness [18 inches minimum], also add mulch layer and washed ASTM 33 fine aggregate sand thickness to this line for sizing calculations 18 7 Aggregate storage (also add ASTM No 8 stone) above underdrain invert (12 inches typical) 15 15 8 Aggregate storage below underdrain invert (3 inches minimum) – use 0 inches if the aggregate is not over the entire bottom surface area 0.2 9 Freely drained pore storage of the media 0.2 10 Porosity of aggregate storage 0.4 Media filtration rate to be used for sizing (maximum filtration rate of 5 in/hr. with no outlet infiltration into the soil and flow rate through the outlet structure) wh	sq. ft. inches cu. ft. inches inches inches inches inches inches inches in/in in/in
Sizing Method for Pollutant Removal Criteria Worksheet B.5-1 1 Area draining to the BMP 23,775 2 Adjusted runoff factor for drainage area (Refer to Appendix B.1 and B.2) 0.16 3 85 th percentile 24-hour rainfall depth 0.63 4 Design capture volume [Line 1 x Line 2 x (Line 3/12)] 200 BMP Parameters 2 5 Surface ponding [6 inch minimum, 12 inch maximum] 12 6 Media thickness [18 inches minimum], also add mulch layer and washed ASTM 33 fine aggregate sand thickness to this line for sizing calculations 18 7 - use 0 inches if the aggregate is not over the entire bottom surface area 15 8 Aggregate storage below underdrain invert (3 inches minimum) – use 0 inches if the aggregate is not over the entire bottom surface area 0.2 10 Porosity of aggregate storage 0.4 11 Media filtration rate to be used for sizing (maximum filtration rate of 5 in/hr. with no outlet control, if the filtration rate is controlled by the outlet structure) which will be less than 5 5 8 Baseline Calculations 5 12 Allowable routing time for sizing 6	inches cu. ft. inches inches inches inches inches inches in/in
1 Area draining to the BMP 23,775 2 Adjusted runoff factor for drainage area (Refer to Appendix B.1 and B.2) 0.16 3 85 th percentile 24-hour rainfall depth 0.63 4 Design capture volume [Line 1 x Line 2 x (Line 3/12)] 200 BMP Parameters 5 5 Surface ponding [6 inch minimum, 12 inch maximum] 12 6 Media thickness [18 inches minimum], also add mulch layer and washed ASTM 33 fine aggregate sand thickness to this line for sizing calculations 18 7 Aggregate storage (also add ASTM No 8 stone) above underdrain invert (12 inches typical) 15 8 Aggregate storage below underdrain invert (3 inches minimum) – use 0 inches if the aggregate is not over the entire bottom surface area 3 9 Freely drained pore storage of the media 0.2 10 Porosity of aggregate storage 0.4 11 Media filtration rate to be used for sizing (maximum filtration rate of 5 in/hr. with no outlet control, if the filtration rate is controlled by the outlet structure) which will be less than 5 5 Baseline Calculations 12 4 4 12 Allowable routing time for sizing 6	inches cu. ft. inches inches inches inches inches inches in/in
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11 Media filtration rate to be used for sizing (maximum filtration rate of 5 in/hr. with no outlet control; if the filtration rate is controlled by the outlet use the outlet controlled rate (includes infiltration into the soil and flow rate through the outlet structure) which will be less than 5 5 Baseline Calculations 12 Allowable routing time for sizing 6	
11 Media filtration rate to be used for sizing (maximum filtration rate of 5 in/hr. with no outlet control; if the filtration rate is controlled by the outlet use the outlet controlled rate (includes infiltration into the soil and flow rate through the outlet structure) which will be less than 5 5 Baseline Calculations 12 Allowable routing time for sizing 6	in/hr.
12 Allowable routing time for sizing 6	
	hours
13Depth filtered during storm [Line 11 x Line 12]30	inches
Depth of Detention Storage 22.8	inches
[Line 5 + (Line 6 x Line 9) + (Line 7 x Line 10) + (Line 8 x Line 10)]	
15Total Depth Treated [Line 13 + Line 14]52.8	inches
Option 1 – Biofilter 1.5 times the DCV	
16 Required biofiltered volume [1.5 x Line 4] 300	cu. ft.
17 Required Footprint [Line 16/ Line 15] x 1268	sq. ft.
Option 2 - Store 0.75 of remaining DCV in pores and ponding	
18Required Storage (surface + pores) Volume [0.75 x Line 4]150	cu. ft.
19 Required Footprint [Line 18/ Line 14] x 12 79	sq. ft.
Footprint of the BMP	
20 BMP Footprint Sizing Factor (Default 0.03 or an alternative minimum footprint sizing factor from Line 11 in Worksheet B.5-4) 0.03	
21 Minimum BMP Footprint [Line 1 x Line 2 x Line 20] 114	sq. ft.
22 Footprint of the BMP = Maximum(Minimum(Line 17, Line 19), Line 21) 114	sq. ft.
23 Provided BMP Footprint 472	sq. ft.
24 Is Line 23 ≥ Line 22? Yes, Performance Standard is Met	

The C		Project Name	All Pec	ples Church	
<i></i>		BMP ID		1	
	Sizing Method for Volume R	etention Criteria	Works	sheet B.5-2	1
1	Area draining to the BMP			23,775	sq. ft.
2	Adjusted runoff factor for drainage ar	0.16			
3	85 th percentile 24-hour rainfall depth			0.63	inches
4	Design capture volume [Line 1 x Line	2 x (Line 3/12)]		200	cu. ft.
Volum	e Retention Requirement				
5	Measured infiltration rate in the DMA Note: When mapped hydrologic soil groups Type C soils enter 0.30 When in no infiltration condition and t there are geotechnical and/or ground	ate is unknown enter 0.0 if	0.3	in/hr.	
6	Factor of safety			2	
7	Reliable infiltration rate, for biofiltration	n BMP sizing [Line 5 / Line 6]		0.15	in/hr.
8	Average annual volume reduction tar When Line 7 > 0.01 in/hr. = Minimum When Line 7 ≤ 0.01 in/hr. = 3.5%	31.7	%		
9	Fraction of DCV to be retained (Figur When Line $8 > 8\% =$ 0.0000013 x Line $8^3 - 0.000057$ x Lin When Line $8 \le 8\% = 0.023$	0.242			
10	Target volume retention [Line 9 x Line	e 4]		48	cu. ft.

The City of		Project Name	All Peoples C	hurch			
SAN	DIEGO	BMP ID	1				
	Volume Retentio	n for No Infiltration Condition			Wor	ksheet B.5-6	
1	Area draining to the biofiltrat					23,775	sq. ft.
2	ŭ	ainage area (Refer to Appendix B.1 an	d B 2)			0.16	
Z			a D.2)			0.10	
3	Effective impervious area dr	raining to the BMP [Line 1 x Line 2]				3804	sq. ft.
4	Required area for Evapotranspiration [Line 3 x 0.03]					114	sq. ft.
5	Biofiltration BMP Footprint					472	sq. ft.
Landscape Area (must be identified on DS-3247)							
		Identification	1	2	3	4	5
6	Landscape area that meet th Fact Sheet (sq. ft.)	he requirements in SD-B and SD-F					
7	Impervious area draining to	the landscape area (sq. ft.)					
8	Impervious to Pervious Area [Line 7/Line 6]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
9	Effective Credit Area		0	0	0	0	0
	If (Line 8 >1.5, Line 6, Line 7	-	0	Ű			0
10	Sum of Landscape area [su	m of Line 9 Id's 1 to 5]				0	sq. ft.
11	Provided footprint for evapo	transpiration [Line 5 + Line 10]				472	sq. ft.
Volume Retent	ion Performance Standard				•		
12	ls Line 11 ≥ Line 4?					ce Standard is Met	
13	Fraction of the performance 4]	standard met through the BMP footpri	nt and/or landso	aping [Line 11/Li	ine	4.14	
14		ne 10 from Worksheet B.5.2]				48	cu. ft.
15	Volume retention required fr [(1-Line 13) x Line 14]	rom other site design BMPs			-1	51.7556348	cu. ft.
Site Design BM	/P						
	Identification	Site Des	ign Type			Credit	
	1						cu. ft.
	2 3						cu. ft.
	4						cu. ft. cu. ft.
16	5						cu. it.
	Sum of volume retention be Line 16 Credits for Id's 1 to	nefits from other site design BMPs (e.g 5] ow the site design credit is calculated i		, -	f	0	cu. ft.
17	ls Line 16 ≥ Line 15?			Volume Retent	ion Performan	ce Standard is Met	

Overview:

Priority development projects that will be implementing biofiltration BMPs to satisfy the pollutant control performance standard for the project may use these automated worksheets to size the biofiltration BMPs and document compliance with the performance standard. The City of San Diego (City) developed this tool to assist the applicant performing sizing calculations using worksheets in Appendix B.5 and to streamline the plan review process. The use of this tool is optional and the applicant may elect to provide their own calculations.

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Disclaimer:

]	The City of	Project Name	All Pe	oples Church	
	SAN DIEGO	BMP ID	7.1110	2	
Siz	ing Method for Pollutant Removal C		Worl	ksheet B.5-1	
1	Area draining to the BMP			27,352	sq. ft.
2	Adjusted runoff factor for drainage area (Refer to Appendix B.1 and E	3.2)	0.17	
3	85 th percentile 24-hour rainfall depth			0.63	inches
4	Design capture volume [Line 1 x Line 2 x	(Line 3/12)]		244	cu. ft.
BM	P Parameters				
5	Surface ponding [6 inch minimum, 12 inc	ch maximum]		12	inches
6	Media thickness [18 inches minimum], aggregate sand thickness to this line for	vashed ASTM 33 fine	18	inches	
7	Aggregate storage (also add ASTM No 8 – use 0 inches if the aggregate is not ove	15	inches		
8	Aggregate storage below underdrain ir aggregate is not over the entire bottom s	use 0 inches if the	3	inches	
9	Freely drained pore storage of the media			0.2	in/in
10	Porosity of aggregate storage			0.4	in/in
11	Media filtration rate to be used for sizing (maximum filtration rate of 5 in/hr. with no outlet control; if the filtration rate is controlled by the outlet use the outlet controlled rate (includes infiltration into the soil and flow rate through the outlet structure) which will be less than 5 in/hr.				
Bas	eline Calculations				
12	Allowable routing time for sizing			6	hours
13	Depth filtered during storm [Line 11 x Lir	ne 12]		30	inches
14	Depth of Detention Storage			22.8	inches
	[Line 5 + (Line 6 x Line 9) + (Line 7 x Line	e 10) + (Line 8 x Line 10)]			
_	Total Depth Treated [Line 13 + Line 14]			52.8	inches
•	ion 1 – Biofilter 1.5 times the DCV				
-	1 6			366	cu. ft.
	Required Footprint [Line 16/ Line 15] x 1			83	sq. ft.
-	ion 2 - Store 0.75 of remaining DCV in I				
18	Required Storage (surface + pores) Volu	•		183	cu. ft.
19	Required Footprint [Line 18/ Line 14] x 1	2		96	sq. ft.
Foo	tprint of the BMP				
20	BMP Footprint Sizing Factor (Default 0.0 from Line 11 in Worksheet B.5-4)	3 or an alternative minimum	footprint sizing factor	0.03	
21	Minimum BMP Footprint [Line 1 x Line 2	x Line 20]		139	sq. ft.
22	Footprint of the BMP = Maximum(Minimu	ım(Line 17, Line 19), Line 21)	139	sq. ft.
23	Provided BMP Footprint			876	sq. ft.
24	ls Line 23 ≥ Line 22?	Yes, Pe	erformance Stand	ard is Met	

The		Project Name	All Pec	pples Church		
3		BMP ID		2		
	Sizing Method for Volume R	etention Criteria	Works	sheet B.5-2	-	
1	Area draining to the BMP			27,352	sq. ft.	
2	Adjusted runoff factor for drainage ar	0.17				
3	85 th percentile 24-hour rainfall depth			0.63	inches	
4	Design capture volume [Line 1 x Line	2 x (Line 3/12)]		244	cu. ft.	
Volum	e Retention Requirement					
5	Measured infiltration rate in the DMA Note: When mapped hydrologic soil groups Type C soils enter 0.30 When in no infiltration condition and t there are geotechnical and/or ground	ate is unknown enter 0.0 if	0.3	in/hr.		
6	Factor of safety			2		
7	Reliable infiltration rate, for biofiltration	n BMP sizing [Line 5 / Line 6]		0.15	in/hr.	
8	Average annual volume reduction tar When Line 7 > 0.01 in/hr. = Minimum When Line 7 ≤ 0.01 in/hr. = 3.5%	31.7	%			
9	Fraction of DCV to be retained (Figur When Line $8 > 8\% =$ 0.0000013 x Line $8^3 - 0.000057$ x Lin When Line $8 \le 8\% = 0.023$	0.242				
10	Target volume retention [Line 9 x Line	e 4]		59	cu. ft.	

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Disclaimer:

]	The City of	Project Name	All Pe	oples Church				
	SAN DIEGO Project Name All F BMP ID			3				
Siz	Sizing Method for Pollutant Removal Criteria Worksheet B.5-1							
1	Area draining to the BMP			56,780	sq. ft.			
2	Adjusted runoff factor for drainage area (0.69						
3	85 th percentile 24-hour rainfall depth			0.63	inches			
4	Design capture volume [Line 1 x Line 2 x	(Line 3/12)]		2057	cu. ft.			
BM	P Parameters							
5	Surface ponding [6 inch minimum, 12 inc	ch maximum]		12	inches			
6	Media thickness [18 inches minimum], aggregate sand thickness to this line for		vashed ASTM 33 fine	18	inches			
7	Aggregate storage (also add ASTM No 8 – use 0 inches if the aggregate is not ove			15	inches			
8	Aggregate storage below underdrain ir aggregate is not over the entire bottom s	use 0 inches if the	3	inches				
9	Freely drained pore storage of the media	1		0.2	in/in			
10	Porosity of aggregate storage			0.4	in/in			
11	Media filtration rate to be used for sizing control; if the filtration rate is controlled b infiltration into the soil and flow rate thro in/hr.)	5	in/hr.					
Bas	eline Calculations							
12	Allowable routing time for sizing			6	hours			
13	Depth filtered during storm [Line 11 x Lir	ne 12]		30	inches			
14	Depth of Detention Storage			22.8	inches			
	[Line 5 + (Line 6 x Line 9) + (Line 7 x Line	e 10) + (Line 8 x Line 10)]		22.0				
15	Total Depth Treated [Line 13 + Line 14]			52.8	inches			
Opt	ion 1 – Biofilter 1.5 times the DCV							
16	· · ·			3085	cu. ft.			
	Required Footprint [Line 16/ Line 15] x 1			701	sq. ft.			
-	ion 2 - Store 0.75 of remaining DCV in p							
18	8 Required Storage (surface + pores) Volume [0.75 x Line 4]				cu. ft.			
19	1 1 1 1	812	sq. ft.					
Foo	Footprint of the BMP							
20	BMP Footprint Sizing Factor (Default 0.0 from Line 11 in Worksheet B.5-4)	0.03						
21	Minimum BMP Footprint [Line 1 x Line 2	1175	sq. ft.					
22				1175	sq. ft.			
23	Provided BMP Footprint			1725	sq. ft.			
24	Yes, Performance Standard is Met							

The		All Pe		oples Church	
24		BMP ID		3	
	Sizing Method for Volume R	etention Criteria	Works	sheet B.5-2	
1	Area draining to the BMP			56,780	sq. ft.
2	Adjusted runoff factor for drainage ar	ea (Refer to Appendix B.1 and E	3.2)	0.69	
3	85 th percentile 24-hour rainfall depth			0.63	inches
4	Design capture volume [Line 1 x Line	2 x (Line 3/12)]		2057	cu. ft.
Volum	e Retention Requirement				•
5	Measured infiltration rate in the DMA Note: When mapped hydrologic soil groups are used enter 0.10 for NRCS Type D soils and for NRCS Type C soils enter 0.30 When in no infiltration condition and the actual measured infiltration rate is unknown enter 0.0 if there are geotechnical and/or groundwater hazards identified in Appendix C or enter 0.05				in/hr.
6	Factor of safety			2	
7	Reliable infiltration rate, for biofiltration	n BMP sizing [Line 5 / Line 6]		0.15	in/hr.
8	Average annual volume reduction target (Figure B.5-2) When Line 7 > 0.01 in/hr. = Minimum (40, 166.9 x Line 7 +6.62) When Line 7 \leq 0.01 in/hr. = 3.5%				%
9	Fraction of DCV to be retained (Figur When Line $8 > 8\% =$ 0.0000013 x Line $8^3 - 0.000057$ x Lin When Line $8 \le 8\% = 0.023$	0.242			
10	Target volume retention [Line 9 x Line	e 4]		498	cu. ft.

The City of		Project Name	All Peoples Cl	hurch			
SAN	DIEGO	BMP ID	2				
	Volume Retentio	n for No Infiltration Condition			Wo	rksheet B.5-6	
1	Area draining to the biofiltrat					27,352	sq. ft.
2	<u>_</u>	ainage area (Refer to Appendix B.1 an	d B 2)			0.17	
			u D.2)				
3	Effective impervious area dr	raining to the BMP [Line 1 x Line 2]				4650	sq. ft.
4	Required area for Evapotrar	nspiration [Line 3 x 0.03]				139	sq. ft.
5	Biofiltration BMP Footprint					876	sq. ft.
Landscape Are	ea (must be identified on DS	5-3247)					
		Identification	1	2	3	4	5
6	Landscape area that meet the Fact Sheet (sq. ft.)	ne requirements in SD-B and SD-F					
7	Impervious area draining to	the landscape area (sq. ft.)					
8	Impervious to Pervious Area [Line 7/Line 6]	a ratio	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
9	Effective Credit Area		0	0	0	0	0
9	If (Line 8 >1.5, Line 6, Line 7		0	0		-	0
10	Sum of Landscape area [su	m of Line 9 Id's 1 to 5]				0	sq. ft.
11	Provided footprint for evapo	transpiration [Line 5 + Line 10]				876	sq. ft.
Volume Retent	tion Performance Standard				•		ł
12	ls Line 11 ≥ Line 4?					ce Standard is Met	
13	4]	standard met through the BMP footpri	nt and/or landsc	aping [Line 11/L	ine	6.28	
14	•	ne 10 from Worksheet B.5.2]				59	cu. ft.
15	Volume retention required fr [(1-Line 13) x Line 14]	om other site design BMPs				311.9224268	cu. ft.
Site Design BM							
	Identification	Site Des	ign Type			Credit	
	1						cu. ft.
	2						cu. ft.
	3 4						cu. ft. cu. ft.
16	5						cu. it.
Sum of volume retention benefits from other site design BMPs (e.g. trees; rain barrels etc.). [sum of Line 16 Credits for Id's 1 to 5] Provide documentation of how the site design credit is calculated in the PDP SWQMP.				f	0	cu. ft.	
17	ls Line 16 ≥ Line 15?			Volume Retent	ion Performan	ce Standard is Met	

The City of		Project Name	All Peoples C	hurch			
SAN	DIEGO	BMP ID	3				
	Volume Retentio	n for No Infiltration Condition			Wo	rksheet B.5-6	
1	Area draining to the biofiltrat					56,780	sq. ft.
2		ainage area (Refer to Appendix B.1 an	d B 2)			0.69	
2			u D.2)			0.09	
3	Effective impervious area dr	raining to the BMP [Line 1 x Line 2]				39178	sq. ft.
4	Required area for Evapotrar	nspiration [Line 3 x 0.03]				1175	sq. ft.
5	Biofiltration BMP Footprint					1,725	sq. ft.
Landscape Are	a (must be identified on D	5-3247)					
		Identification	1	2	3	4	5
6	Landscape area that meet th Fact Sheet (sq. ft.)	he requirements in SD-B and SD-F					
7	Impervious area draining to	the landscape area (sq. ft.)					
8	Impervious to Pervious Area [Line 7/Line 6]	a ratio	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
9	Effective Credit Area		0	0	0	0	0
9	If (Line 8 >1.5, Line 6, Line 7	7/1.5]	0	0	0	0	0
10	Sum of Landscape area [su	m of Line 9 Id's 1 to 5]				0	sq. ft.
11	Provided footprint for evapo	transpiration [Line 5 + Line 10]				1725	sq. ft.
Volume Retent	ion Performance Standard						
12	ls Line 11 ≥ Line 4?					ce Standard is Met	
13	Fraction of the performance 4]	standard met through the BMP footpri	nt and/or landso	aping [Line 11/Li	ne	1.47	
14		ne 10 from Worksheet B.5.2]				498	cu. ft.
15	Volume retention required fr [(1-Line 13) x Line 14]	om other site design BMPs			-2	233.9467446	cu. ft.
Site Design BM							
	Identification	Site Desi	ign Type			Credit	
	1						cu. ft.
	2 3						cu. ft.
	4						cu. ft. cu. ft.
16	5						cu. ft.
Sum of volume retention benefits from other site design BMPs (e.g. trees; rain barrels etc.). [sum of					cu. ft.		
17	ls Line 16 ≥ Line 15?			Volume Retent	ion Performan	ce Standard is Met	

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Disclaimer:

]	The City of	Project Name	All Pe	oples Church				
	SAN DIEGO	BMP ID	,	4				
Siz	Sizing Method for Pollutant Removal Criteria Worksheet B.5-1							
1	Area draining to the BMP			106,108	sq. ft.			
2	Adjusted runoff factor for drainage area (0.63						
3	85 th percentile 24-hour rainfall depth			0.63	inches			
4	Design capture volume [Line 1 x Line 2 x	(Line 3/12)]		3510	cu. ft.			
BM	P Parameters				1			
5	Surface ponding [6 inch minimum, 12 inc	ch maximum]		12	inches			
6	Media thickness [18 inches minimum], aggregate sand thickness to this line for		vashed ASTM 33 fine	18	inches			
7	Aggregate storage (also add ASTM No 8 – use 0 inches if the aggregate is not ove			15	inches			
8	Aggregate storage below underdrain ir aggregate is not over the entire bottom s	use 0 inches if the	3	inches				
9	Freely drained pore storage of the media	1		0.2	in/in			
10	Porosity of aggregate storage			0.4	in/in			
11	Media filtration rate to be used for sizing control; if the filtration rate is controlled b infiltration into the soil and flow rate thro in/hr.)	5	in/hr.					
Bas	eline Calculations							
12	Allowable routing time for sizing			6	hours			
13	Depth filtered during storm [Line 11 x Lir	ne 12]		30	inches			
14	Depth of Detention Storage			22.8	inches			
	[Line 5 + (Line 6 x Line 9) + (Line 7 x Line	e 10) + (Line 8 x Line 10)]		22.0				
15	Total Depth Treated [Line 13 + Line 14]			52.8	inches			
Opt	ion 1 – Biofilter 1.5 times the DCV							
16	1 6			5264	cu. ft.			
	Required Footprint [Line 16/ Line 15] x 1			1196	sq. ft.			
-	ion 2 - Store 0.75 of remaining DCV in I							
18	8 Required Storage (surface + pores) Volume [0.75 x Line 4]				cu. ft.			
19		1385	sq. ft.					
Foo	tprint of the BMP							
20	²⁰ BMP Footprint Sizing Factor (Default 0.03 or an alternative minimum footprint sizing factor 0.03							
21	Minimum BMP Footprint [Line 1 x Line 2	2005	sq. ft.					
22	Footprint of the BMP = Maximum(Minimum(Line 17, Line 19), Line 21)			2005	sq. ft.			
23								
24	Is Line 23 ≥ Line 22?	Yes, Pe	rformance Stand	ard is Met				

The C		y of Project Name All Pe		oples Church	
21		BMP ID		4	
	Sizing Method for Volume R	etention Criteria	Works	sheet B.5-2	
1	Area draining to the BMP			106,108	sq. ft.
2	Adjusted runoff factor for drainage are	ea (Refer to Appendix B.1 and E	3.2)	0.63	
3	85 th percentile 24-hour rainfall depth			0.63	inches
4	Design capture volume [Line 1 x Line	2 x (Line 3/12)]		3510	cu. ft.
Volum	e Retention Requirement				
5	Measured infiltration rate in the DMA Note: When mapped hydrologic soil groups are used enter 0.10 for NRCS Type D soils and for NRCS Type C soils enter 0.30 When in no infiltration condition and the actual measured infiltration rate is unknown enter 0.0 if there are geotechnical and/or groundwater hazards identified in Appendix C or enter 0.05				in/hr.
6	Factor of safety			2	
7	Reliable infiltration rate, for biofiltratio	n BMP sizing [Line 5 / Line 6]		0.15	in/hr.
8	Average annual volume reduction target (Figure B.5-2) When Line 7 > 0.01 in/hr. = Minimum (40, 166.9 x Line 7 +6.62) When Line 7 \leq 0.01 in/hr. = 3.5%				%
9	Fraction of DCV to be retained (Figur When Line $8 > 8\% =$ 0.0000013 x Line $8^3 - 0.000057$ x Line When Line $8 \le 8\% = 0.023$	0.242			
10	Target volume retention [Line 9 x Line	e 4]		849	cu. ft.

The City of		Project Name	All Peoples C	hurch				
SAN	DIEGO	BMP ID	4					
Volume Retention for No Infiltration Condition Worksheet B.5-6								
1	Area draining to the biofiltrat					106,108	sq. ft.	
2		ainage area (Refer to Appendix B.1 an	d B 2)			0.63		
Z			a b.z)			0.00		
3	Effective impervious area dr	raining to the BMP [Line 1 x Line 2]				66848	sq. ft.	
4	Required area for Evapotrar	nspiration [Line 3 x 0.03]				2005	sq. ft.	
5	Biofiltration BMP Footprint					4,252	sq. ft.	
Landscape Are	a (must be identified on D	•		1		-		
		Identification	1	2	3	4	5	
6	Landscape area that meet the Fact Sheet (sq. ft.)	he requirements in SD-B and SD-F						
7	Impervious area draining to	the landscape area (sq. ft.)						
8	Impervious to Pervious Area [Line 7/Line 6]	a ratio	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
9	Effective Credit Area		0	0	0	0	0	
	If (Line 8 >1.5, Line 6, Line 7		0	Ű			0	
10	Sum of Landscape area [su	m of Line 9 Id's 1 to 5]				0	sq. ft.	
11	Provided footprint for evapo	transpiration [Line 5 + Line 10]				4252	sq. ft.	
Volume Retent	ion Performance Standard				*			
12	ls Line 11 ≥ Line 4?					ce Standard is Met		
13	Fraction of the performance 4]	standard met through the BMP footpri	nt and/or landso	aping [Line 11/Li	ine	2.12		
14		ne 10 from Worksheet B.5.2]				849	cu. ft.	
15	Volume retention required fr [(1-Line 13) x Line 14]	om other site design BMPs			-	-951.22087	cu. ft.	
Site Design BM								
	Identification	Site Desi	ign Type			Credit		
	1						cu. ft.	
	2 3						cu. ft.	
	4						cu. ft. cu. ft.	
16	5						cu. ft.	
	Sum of volume retention benefits from other site design BMPs (e.g. trees; rain barrels etc.). [sum of					cu. ft.		
17	ls Line 16 ≥ Line 15?			Volume Retent	ion Performan	ce Standard is Met		

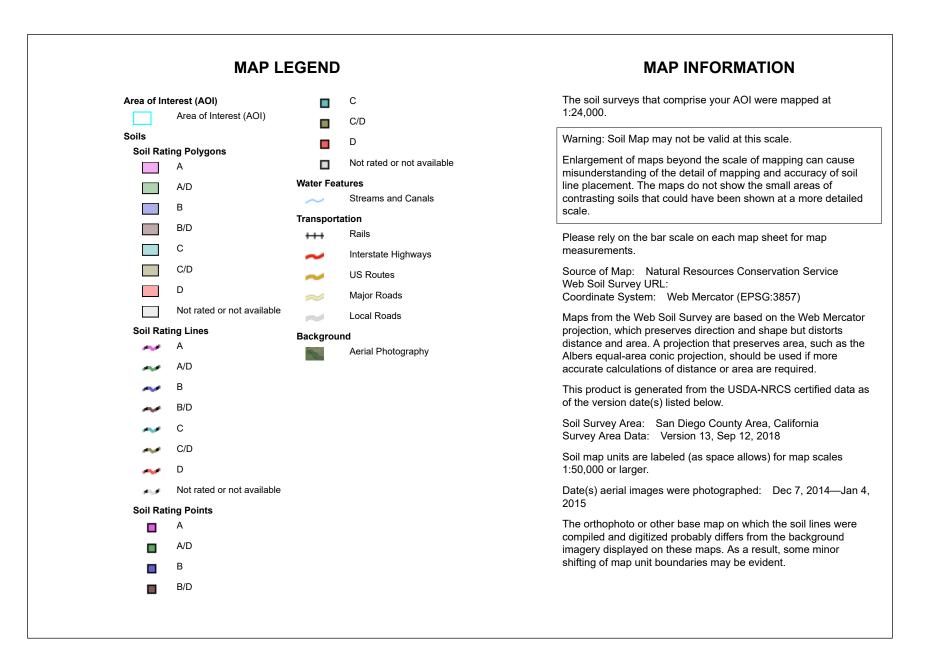
Harvest and Use Feasi	ibility Checklist	Worksheet B.3	-1 : Form I-7				
 1. Is there a demand for harvested water (check all that apply) at the project site that is reliably present during the wet season? Toilet and urinal flushing Landscape irrigation Other: NO 							
2. If there is a demand; estimate the anticipated average wet season demand over a period of 36 hours. Guidance for planning level demand calculations for toilet/urinal flushing and landscape irrigation is provided in Section B.3.2. [Provide a summary of calculations here]							
3. Calculate the DCV using worksheet B-2.1. $DCV = \frac{5,405.7}{(cubic feet)}$ [Provide a summary of calculations here] SUM OF DMAS 1-5 = 202.7 + 170.0 + 1927.4 + 2448.7 + 656.9							
3a. Is the 36-hour demand greater than or equal to the DCV? ↓ Yes / ✔ No ↔	3b. Is the 36-hour der than 0.25DCV but less DCV? Yes / Mo	0	3c. Is the 36- hour demand less than 0.25DCV? Yes				
Harvest and use appears to be feasible. Conduct more detailed evaluation and sizing calculations to confirm that DCV can be used at an adequate rate to meet drawdown criteria.	Harvest and use may more detailed evaluation calculations to determ Harvest and use may used for a portion of t (optionally) the storag upsized to meet long while draining in long	on and sizing nine feasibility. only be able to be he site, or ge may need to be term capture targets ger than 36 hours.	Harvest and use is considered to be infeasible.				
Is harvest and use feasible based on further evaluation? U Yes, refer to Appendix E to select and size harvest and use BMPs. No, select alternate BMPs.							





Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey



Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
DcF	Diablo-Urban land complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes	D	1.1	18.4%
EsD2	Escondido very fine sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	С	4.9	80.5%
FxE	Friant rocky fine sandy loam, 9 to 30 percent slopes	D	0.1	1.1%
Totals for Area of Inter	est		6.0	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified Tie-break Rule: Higher



ADVANCED GEOTECHNICAL SOLUTIONS, INC.

All Peoples Church c/o Hamann Companies 1000 Pioneer Way El Cajon, CA 92020

November 30, 2020 P/W 1805-05 Report No. 1805-05-B-5

Attention: Mr. Greg Hamann

Subject: Infiltration Feasibility Condition Letter for Stormwater BMPs, All Peoples Church, APN 463-01-010-00, San Diego, California 92120

References: Attached

Gentlemen:

In accordance with your request, Advanced Geotechnical Solutions, Inc. (AGS) has prepared this Infiltration Feasibility Condition Letter supporting a no infiltration condition for four (4) BMP Basins within the All Peoples Church Project located in the City of San Diego, California. This letter has been prepared in accordance with the guidance presented in Appendix C, Section C.1.1 – Infiltration Feasibility Condition Letter of the City of San Diego BMP Design Manual October 2018 Edition.

SITE DESCRIPTION AND PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The site is currently vacant, supporting a light growth of seasonal grasses, shrubs, and small trees. Access to the site is via College Avenue. Topography on site generally slopes down toward the southwest. Approximate elevations onsite range from 356 msl at the southwest corner to 450 msl at the northerly limits of the site. There are existing slopes up to approximately 25 feet high along the westerly/northwesterly property boundary that ascend to College Avenue. At the southwesterly corner of the site, there are existing slopes descending to a minor drainage.

Based on review of the 40-scale Preliminary Grading Plan, it is our understanding that the subject site will be graded to support a nearly 37,000 square foot church structure, associated paved parking areas, a twolevel parking garage, four (4) bioretention basins, retaining walls and slopes. It is anticipated the church structure will be a concrete and/or steel frame structure, two to three stories in height and supported by a shallow slab on grade foundation system. The two-level parking garage is anticipated to be concrete and supported by a shallow slab on grade foundation system.

Existing onsite utilities include three water lines (12 inch, 42 inch, and 48 inch) in the northerly portion of the site and a storm drain outlet in the northwesterly portion of the site. At this time, AGS is unaware of specific septic system(s) or water well(s) that may exist on the property. If encountered, septic systems and water wells must be abandoned/mitigated in accordance with the specifications of the County of San Diego.

PREVIOUS GRADING

As part of our preliminary investigations several historic aerial photos and topographic maps of the project area were reviewed by representatives of AGS. Based on our review and subsurface explorations, it was determined that the site was previously graded to its current configuration. This grading was likely

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accomplished in multiple phases. The first phase of grading appears to have occurred in the late 1950's to early 1960's in relation to the construction of the residential development superjacent to the east, College Avenue to the west and Interstate 8 (previously Highway 80) and associated College Avenue off ramp to the south and southwest. Pre-development photos show a moderate sized drainage trending southwest through the approximate central portion of the site. Minor modifications to this drainage course occurred during the first phase of grading activity at the site. Subsequently, a second phase of grading appears to have occurred in the mid- to late-1960's. During this phase, the drainage appears to have been filled and a level pad constructed in the southwest portion of the site with graded slopes descending the west and southwest. Based on our previous subsurface explorations and review of historic photos and topographic maps, fills on the order of 20 to 30 feet deep were placed in the southwesterly portion of the site. The fill materials placed during this second phase of grading may have been derived from the residential development to the southeast (Del Cerro Court).

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION

We understand storm water management devices are being proposed in accordance with the 2018 City of San Diego Storm Water Standards Manual. If not properly constructed, there is a potential for distress to improvements and properties located hydrologically down gradient or adjacent to these devices. Factors such as the amount of water to be detained, its residence time, and soil permeability have an important effect on seepage transmission and the potential adverse impacts that may occur if the storm water management features are not properly designed and constructed. If infiltration of storm water runoff occurs, downstream properties may be subjected to seeps, springs, slope instability, raised groundwater, movement of foundations and slabs, or other undesirable impacts as a result of water infiltration.

Presented below is a discussion for each item requested in Appendix C.1.1 of the 2018 City of San Diego Storm Water Standards.

> The phase of the project in which the geotechnical engineer first analyzed the site for infiltration feasibility.

The site was first analyzed for infiltration feasibility in the planning phase.

Results of previous geotechnical analysis conducted in the project area, if any.

AGS prepared a Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation for the previously proposed residential development at the site in 2015 (AGS 2015), which involved excavating, logging, and sampling of ten (10) tracked excavator tests pits extending to a maximum depth of 27 feet below existing grade. Existing fill soils up to 22 feet in thickness were encountered during site exploration. Based on our review of historic topographic maps and aerial photos, it is anticipated that fill soil up to approximately 30 feet in thickness exists onsite. In addition, an Infiltration Feasibility Study, which involved excavating and testing four (4) 12-inch diameter borehole percolation test holes, was prepared in May 2016 (AGS, 2016a) and recommended a 'No Infiltration' condition due to the depth of pre-existing fill soils, the steeply sloping (>25%) nature of the site, and negligible permeability of the underlying bedrock units.

> The development status of the site prior to the project application (i.e., new development with raw ungraded land, or redevelopment with existing graded conditions).

The property has been previously graded. Existing site improvements include multiple underground utilities.

> The history of design discussions for the project footprint, resulting in the final design determination.

It is our understanding that the design team began evaluating site development in 2014 and AGS began providing geotechnical consulting services in 2014 as well. Originally, the site was planned for a 26-lot single-family residential development. Subsequent to issuance of the Infiltration Feasibility Study, there were several meetings with the design team and City of San Diego review staff. The City of San Diego review staff concluded that partial/passive infiltration must be allowed regardless of the scope and cost of the mitigations. In December 2016, AGS prepared a response to review comments and an updated Worksheet C.4-1 (AGS 2016b) indicating a partial infiltration condition with mitigation. The proposed mitigations included deep removals and replacement with highly permeable imported/manufactured materials up to 30 feet deep to act as a conduit to a more suitable infiltration surface, lining the sides of the basins with impermeable membranes, and deepened foundation systems. In 2018, the City of San Diego BMP Design Manual was updated and provided clarification of the lower bound infiltration rate and what mitigations are considered reasonable and unreasonable. The mitigations proposed in December 2016 were now considered unreasonable and the site would be considered to have a 'No Infiltration' condition; however, the project site was sold to the current owner in 2018.

In 2018 plans changed from a single-family residential development to its currently proposed church facility. AGS began by updating the previous studies to address the new plans beginning with a Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation (AGS 2018) and an Updated Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation (AGS 2020a) which were desktop studies utilizing previous subsurface investigations.

Full/partial infiltration BMP standard setbacks to underground utilities, structures, retaining walls, fill slopes, and natural slopes applicable to the DMA that prevent full/partial infiltration.

Steep (>25 percent) existing fill slopes up to 20 feet in height flank the westerly side of the site. After development, graded fill slopes will be present in close proximity to the proposed southwesterly BMP in addition to deep fills present. Due to the top of slope and proposed church structure constraints, establishing a BMP set back from top of slope is not feasible.

A storm drain is proposed downgradient of the southerly basin where it is anticipated that stormwater allowed to infiltrate will likely flow along the bedrock/fill contact, flow into the storm drain trench, and pipe along the proposed storm drain line potentially leading to settlement and distress above.

> Physical impairments (i.e., fire road egress, public safety considerations, etc.) that prevent full/partial infiltration.

Physical impairments are not anticipated to prevent full/partial infiltration.

> The consideration of site design alternatives to achieve partial/full infiltration within the DMA.

Due to the existing sloping topography of the site descending down gradient to deep fills, negligible infiltration capacity within the bedrock/formational materials, and structural or steep (>25%) sloping terrain constraints AGS considered that there were no locations on the property which would support full or partial infiltration.

It may be possible to import or manufacture select permeable soils to be utilized beneath the basin as a 'conduit' to the native infiltration surface at depth; however, this option is highly cost prohibitive and not considered a reasonable mitigation in accordance with the current BMP Design Manual.

> The extent site design BMPs requirements were included in the overall design.

The following narrative is from the Civil Engineer (Pasco, Laret, Suiter & Associates) regarding storm water BMP design:

The development consists of construction of one church building, one two-story parking garage, parking and drive aisles, associated hardscape, and a permeable pavement plaza area with four biofiltration basins to meet water quality and hydromodification requirements. In general, runoff from the project will be directed via sheet flow, gutter flow, stormdrain structures and underground PVC drainage pipes into the proposed biofiltration basins. After stormwater is treated and mitigated it will ultimately be conveyed to the POC at the southern edge of the project site and follow existing drainage patterns into the existing 48" public stormdrain in Caltrans ROW, where it flows under Interstate-8 to the south.

In general, the site's runoff will be conveyed to the biofiltration basins, where it will be treated and flow-restricted, before entering the MS4 where it is received by the headwall and 48" public stormdrain in Caltrans ROW. The proposed biofiltration basins are designed according to the Storm Water Standards BMP Design Manual Section 5.5 and in Appendix B.5.1 (for standard biofiltration BMP sizing) and Appendix F. Appendix G.2.4 was used in combination with site specific continuous simulation modeling (EPA SWMM) to meet hydromodification management requirements.

The proposed development is divided into four basins: 1, 2, 3 and 4. Each basin connects to the public stormdrain via pipe connection underground or is released at-grade to the existing drainage pathways before ultimately being conveyed to the single POC at the headwall and 48" underground stormdrain in Caltrans ROW, adjacent to the southern edge of the project site.

Basin 1 collects and treats runoff from the permeable parking and landscape areas on the western side of the northerly parking area. Storm water sheet flows across the parking area, into the gutter, and is conveyed to the basin via curb openings; Basin 2 collects and treats the runoff from the easterly side of the northerly parking area, the drive aisle, and associated landscape. Stormwater sheet flows across the drive aisle and parking spaces before becoming gutter flow, where it is picked up by a curb inlet and piped over to the biofiltration basin; Basin 3 captures and treats runoff from the parking garage, main drive aisle, associated landscape, permeable plaza area, and miscellaneous hardscape via overland sheet flow, Type-I inlets, area drains, and is piped over to the biofiltration basin; Basin 4 captures the southern portion of the main drive aisle, associated parking, graded slopes, church structure, and associated hardscape

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before sheet flowing or being underground piped to the biofiltration basin adjacent to the Church structure.

The four bioretention basins were sized to meet the requirements for water quality treatment and hydromodification flow-control before they enter the existing point-of-compliance (POC) at the 48" underground drainage pipe in Caltrans ROW, adjacent to the southern boundary of the site. The drainage then flows beneath Interstate 8 to the south.

Conclusion or recommendation from the geotechnical engineer regarding the DMA's infiltration condition.

The hazards associated with infiltrating stormwater in the proposed BMP's as currently planned cannot be reasonably mitigated and should be avoided. Based on the presence of deep existing fill soils, the potential for slope instability, and potential soil volumetric change as discussed in sections above, AGS recommends a no infiltration condition for the proposed BMP's.

An Exhibit for all applicable DMA's that clearly labels:

AGS prepared an Infiltration Feasibility Exhibit attached herewith as Plate 1. The Exhibit shows the existing and proposed grades, proposed development, depths of existing artificial fill designated as "afu", and proposed BMP's distances to slopes, underground utilities, structures, and retaining walls.

Advanced Geotechnical Solutions, Inc., appreciates the opportunity to provide you with geotechnical consulting services and professional opinions. If you have any questions, please contact the undersigned at (619) 867-0487.

Respectfully Submitted, Advanced Geotechnical Solutions, Inc.

Prepared by:

SHANE P. SMITH Staff Engineer

Reviewed by:

ANDRES BERNAL, Sr. Geotechnical Engineer PAUL J. DERISI. Vice President OFESSION PE 62366, GE 2715, Reg. Exp. 9-30-21 CEG 2536, Reg. Exp. 5-31-21 ONAL No. 2715 No. 2536 Exp. 9/30/2 CERTIFIED Distribution: (5) Addressee ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST Attachments: References OF CALL PIEOFCALIF Plate 1 - Infiltration Feasibility Exhibit

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REFERENCES

- Advanced Geotechnical Solutions, Inc. (2015). "Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation, Del Cerro Residential Development, College Avenue and Interstate 8, San Diego, California," dated July 20, 2015, Report No. 1411-02-B-4.
- ---. (2016a). "Geotechnical Addendum, Infiltration Testing for Proposed Storm Water BMP Basins, Proposed Del Cerro Single-Family Residential Development, City of San Diego, California," dated May 21, 2016, Report No. 1411-02-B-6.
- ---. (2016b). "Geotechnical Addendum, Response to Cycle 13 Review Comments, LDR-Geology, Del Cerro Residential Development, College Avenue and Interstate 8, City of San Diego, California," dated December 21, 2016, Report No. 1411-02-B-7.
- ---. (2018). "Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation and Design Recommendations, Proposed Church Facility, APN 463-01-010-00, San Diego, California 902120," dated November 20, 2018, Report No. 1805-05-B-2.
- ---. (2020a). "Updated Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation and Design Recommendations, Proposed Church Facility, APN 463-01-010-00, San Diego, California 902120," dated January 7, 2020, Report No. 1805-05-B-3.
- ---. (2020b). "Geotechnical Addendum and Response to Cycle 2 LDR-Geology Review Comments, All Peoples Church, Northeast of College Avenue and Interstate 8, San Diego, California," dated January 20, 2020, Report No. 1805-05-B-4.
- California Building Standards Commission, 2019, California Building Code, Title 24, Part 2, Volumes 1 and 2.
- City of San Diego, 2018, Transportation & Storm Water, Storm Water Standard BMP Design Manual, October 2018 Edition.
- Kennedy, M.P., and Tan, S.S., 2008, Geologic Map of the San Diego 30' x 60' Quadrangle, California Regional Geologic Map Series, Scale = 1:100,000, Map No. 3, Sheet 1 of 2.
- State of California Water Boards, September 23, 2016, http://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/
- Pasco, Laret, Suiter, & Associates, 2020, Preliminary Grading Plan, Site Development Permit No. 92338, Planned Development Permit No. 92339, And Easement Vacation No. 92340 All Peoples Church, 40-Scale, original date April 22, 2019, plot revised March 17, 2020.



AND TENTATIV	'E MAP NO
SION 1550.00' 1.99" 139'41" (453.0 EG) EXISTII	NG 8' WIDE EASEMENT
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PER BOOK 2492, PAGE 369 PROPOSED D-75 TYPE B DRAINAGE DITCH 1 (447.0 TD) 447.0 BD 446.0 FL (446.0 TD) 444.5 BD 443.5 FL 2. (444.0 TD) 443.1 BD D) 442.1 FL STORM LEANOUT	APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF EXISTING 42* AC WATER PER DWG 6854-W APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF EXISTING 48* WATER PER DWG 6854-W
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4 (Ref.)	GEOTECHNICAL LEGEND P-1 Approximate location of percolation test boring (AGS, 2016) EX-1 Approximate location of excavator test pit (AGS, 2014) Geologic Units (bracketed where buried) afc Artificial Fill - Compacted afu Artificial Fill - Undocumented
caving	Qal Alluvium Qoa Older Alluvium Tst Stadium Conglomerate Jsp Santiago Peak Volcanics - ·?. Approximate location of geologic contact (dotted where buried, queried where uncertain) ** Surface Boulders
SCALE: 1"=40' 30' 120'	

BOUNDARY LINE ADJACENT PROPERTY LINE EASEMENT LINE RIGHT OF WAY EXISTING STREET CENTERLINE EXISTING IMPROVEMENTS EXISTING CONTOUR EXISTING CURB & GUTTER EXISTING SEWER MAIN EXISTING STORM DRAIN MAIN EXISTING CURB INLET EXISTING WATER MAIN EXISTING WATER VALVE EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT EXISTING STREET LIGHT EXISTING STRUCTURE EXISTING VEGETATION PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS PROPOSED ROAD CENTERLINE LIMIT OF WORK LINE CURB AND GUTTER 24' RESIDENTIAL DRIVEWAY PROPOSED CONTOURS PROPOSED SPOT ELEVATION RETAINING WALL SDRSD D-75 BROW DITCH **BIORETENTION BASIN** STORM DRAIN HEADWALL STORM DRAIN CLEANOUT AREA DRAIN STORM DRAIN INLET TYPE F CATCH BASIN RIP RAP ENERGY DISSIPATOR PER SDD-104 PVC STORM DRAIN (SIZE VARIES) WATER SERVICE TRAFFIC SIGNAL PARKING GARAGE WALL CUT/FILL SLOPE

LEGEND

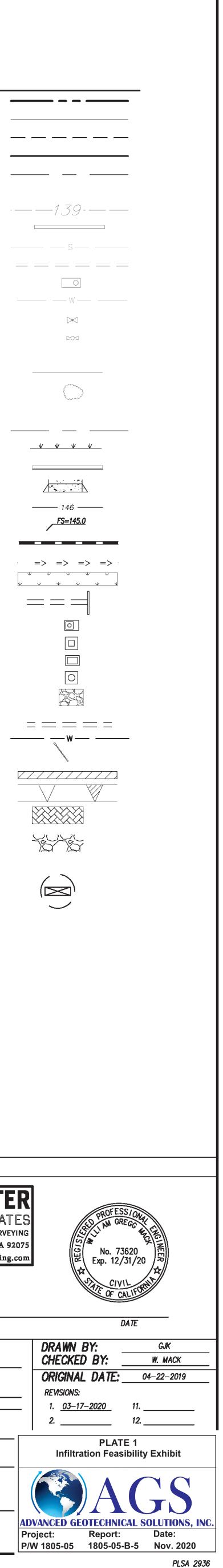
PERMEABLE PAVERS

PROPOSED RIP-RAP

TREE PER LANDSCAPE PLANS



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Project Name: All Peoples Church

Attachment 2 Backup for PDP Hydromodification Control Measures

This is the cover sheet for Attachment 2.

Mark this box if this attachment is empty because the project is exempt from PDP hydromodification management requirements.



Project Name: All Peoples Church

Indicate which Items are Included:

Attachment Sequence	Contents	Checklist
Attachment 2a	Hydromodification Management Exhibit (Required)	✔ Included See Hydromodification Management Exhibit Checklist.
	Management of Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas (WMAA Exhibit is required, additional analyses are	 Exhibit showing project drainage boundaries marked on WMAA Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Area Map (Required) Optional analyses for Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Area Determination 6.2.1 Verification of
Attachment 2b	optional) See Section 6.2 of the BMP Design Manual.	Geomorphic Landscape Units Onsite 6.2.2 Downstream Systems Sensitivity to Coarse Sediment 6.2.3 Optional Additional Analysis of Potential Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas Onsite
Attachment 2c	Geomorphic Assessment of Receiving Channels (Optional)	Not PerformedIncluded
	See Section 6.3.4 of the BMP Design Manual.	Submitted as separate stand- alone document
Attachment 2d	Flow Control Facility Design and Structural BMP Drawdown Calculations (Required) Overflow Design Summary for each	✓ Included
	structural BMP See Chapter 6 and Appendix G of the BMP Design Manual	Submitted as separate stand- alone document



Project Name: All Peoples Church

Use this checklist to ensure the required information has been included on the Hydromodification Management Exhibit:

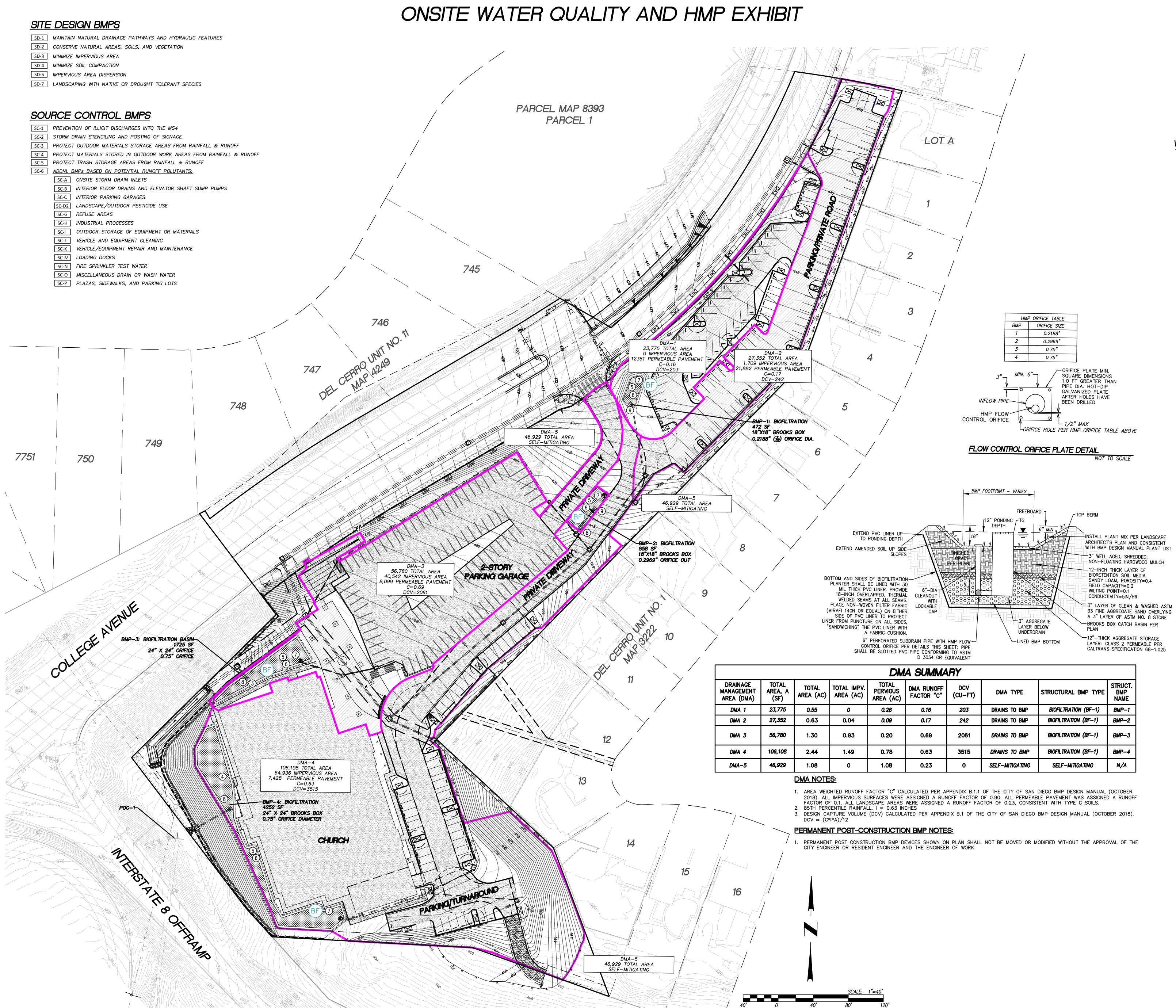
The Hydromodification Management Exhibit must identify:

- ✓ Underlying hydrologic soil group
- Approximate depth to groundwater
- Existing natural hydrologic features (watercourses, seeps, springs, wetlands)
- Critical coarse sediment yield areas to be protected OR provide a separate map showing that the project site is outside of any critical coarse sediment yield areas
- **v** Existing topography
- Existing and proposed site drainage network and connections to drainage offsite
- ✓ Proposed grading
- ✓ Proposed impervious features
- ✓ Proposed design features and surface treatments used to minimize imperviousness
- Point(s) of Compliance (POC) for Hydromodification Management

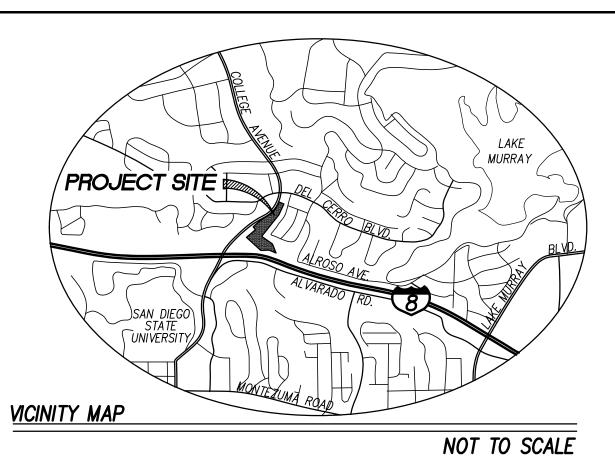
Existing and proposed drainage boundary and drainage area to each POC (when necessary, create separate exhibits for pre-development and post-project conditions)

Structural BMPs for hydromodification management (identify location, type of BMP, and size/detail).





	DM	a Jumma	ΠΙ			
PV. C)	TOTAL PERVIOUS AREA (AC)	DMA RUNOFF FACTOR "C"	DCV (CU–FT)	DMA TYPE	STRUCTURAL BMP TYPE	STRUCT. BMP NAME
	0.26	0.16	203	DRAINS TO BMP	BIOFILTRATION (BF-1)	BMP-1
	0.09	0.17	242	DRAINS TO BMP	BIOFILTRATION (BF-1)	BMP-2
	0.20	0.69	2061	DRAINS TO BMP	BIOFILTRATION (BF-1)	BMP-3
	0.78	0.63	3515	DRAINS TO BMP	BIOFILTRATION (BF-1)	BMP-4
	1.08	0.23	0	SELF-MITIGATING	SELF-MITIGATING	N/A



LEGEND

RIGHT-OF-WAY	
PROPERTY LINE	
DMA BOUNDARY	
LIMIT OF GRADING	
DRAINAGE DIRECTION	
RIP RAP ENERGY DISSIPATER	
PERMEABLE PAVEMENT	
IMPERVIOUS AREA (ROOF AND CONCRETE)	
BIOFILTRATION BASIN (BF-1)	(

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

1	PROPOSED PERMANENT BIOFILTRATION BASIN BMF
2	PROPOSED PERMANENT BIOFILTRATION BASIN BMF
3	PROPOSED PERMANENT BIOFILTRATION BASIN BMF
4	PROPOSED PERMANENT BIOFILTRATION BASIN BMF
(5)	6" CLEANOUT WITH LOCKABLE CAP
6	PERFORATED 6" PVC UNDERDRAIN PIPE (ASTM D
7	No. 2 BACKING RIP-RAP ENERGY DISSIPATER
8	24" X 24" BROOKS CATCH BASIN. CATCH BASIN WORDS "NO DUMPING- DRAINS TO RIVER" OR SIM DRAIN MARKER.
9	18" X 18" BROOKS CATCH BASIN. CATCH BASIN S WORDS "NO DUMPING- DRAINS TO RIVER" OR SIM DRAIN MARKER.

PROJECT CHARACTERISTICS

TOTAL PROJECT OWNERSHIP: 5.99 ACRES TOTAL DISTURBED AREA: 5.92 ACRES TOTAL PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS AREA: 107,187 SF= 2.46 ACRES TOTAL PERMEABLE PAVEMENT: 49,621 SF=1.14 ACRES TOTAL PROPOSED LANDSCAPE AREA: 101,059 SF = 2.32 ACRESEXISTING HYDROLOGIC FEATURES: N/A

SOIL INFORMATION

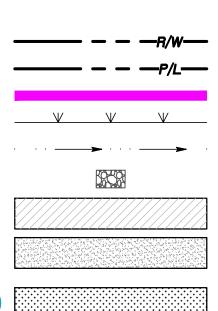
HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP: TYPE C

GROUNDWATER INFORMATION GROUNDWATER WAS NO ENCOUNTERED DURING GEOTECHNICAL TESTING PER GEOTECHNICAL

INVESTIGATION, "UPDATED PRELIMINARY GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION AND DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS, PROPOSED CHURCH FACILITY, APN 463-010-1000, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 90212" BY ADVANCED GEOTECHNICAL SOLUTIONS, INC DATED JANUARY 20, 2020.

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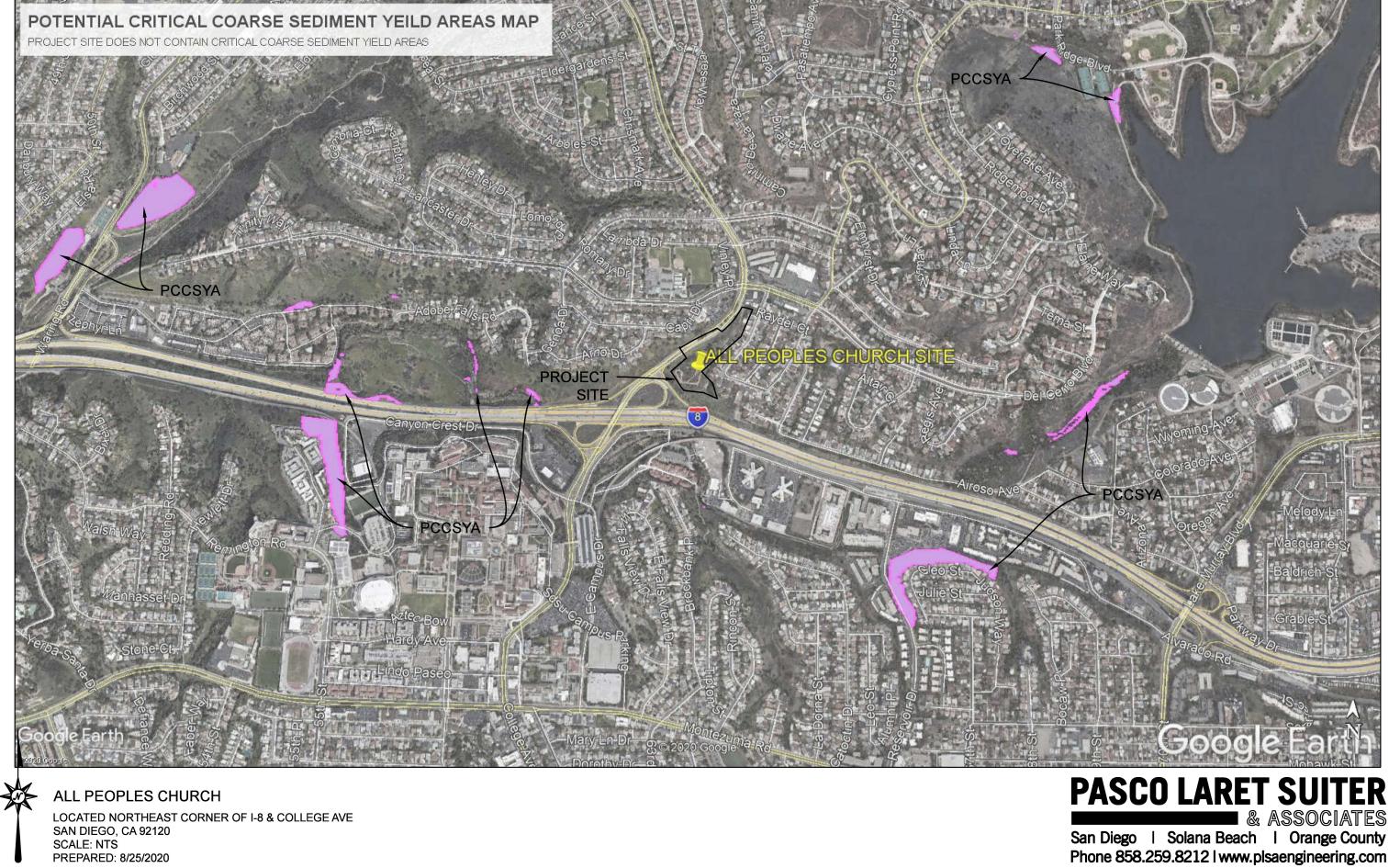


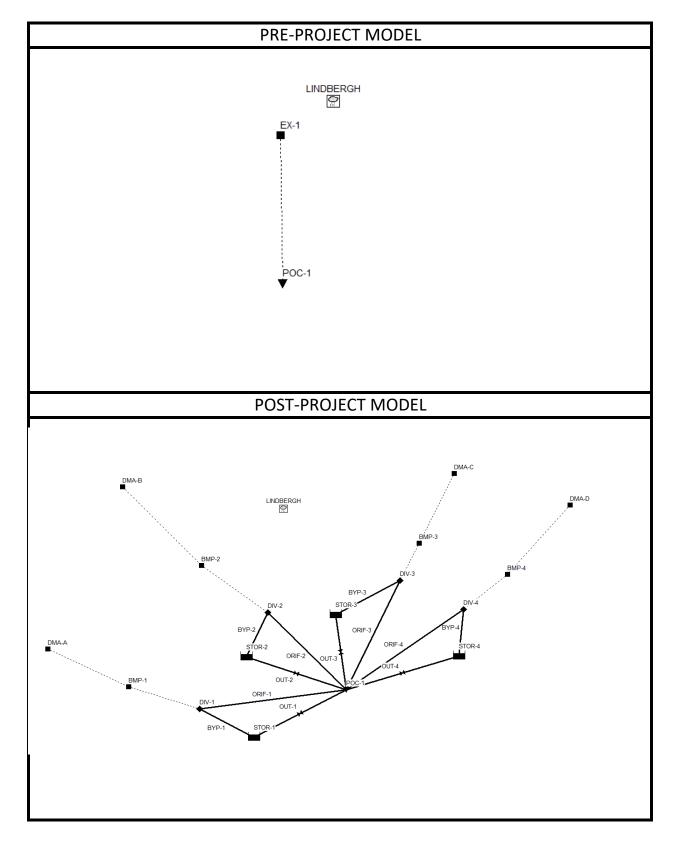


IP-1 PER DETAIL THIS SHEET IP-2 PER DETAIL THIS SHEET P-3 PER DETAIL THIS SHEET IP-4 PER DETAIL THIS SHEET

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SWMM MODEL SCHEMATICS FOR ALL PEOPLES CHURCH

SWMM Input Parameters

SWMM PRE-DEV INPUT PARAMETERS FOR POC-1

DMA	Tributary Area,	Tributary Area,	Overland Flow	Overland Flow	% Slope,	Imp. Area	% Import	N-Imperv	N-Perv	Suction	Conductivity	Initial	Total	Separation
DIVIA	A (ac)	A (sf)	Length, L	Width, W=A/L	So	(sf)	% inperv	N-IIIperv	IN-PEIV	Head	Conductivity	Deficit	Inflow	Time
EX-1	4.913108	214,015	1248	171	8.2	0.0	0.0%	0.012	0.100	6.0	0.100	0.31	0.00983	24

SWMM POST-DEV INPUT PARAMETERS FOR POC-1

DMA	Tributary Area,	Tributary Area,	Overland Flow	Overland Flow	% Slope,	Imp. Area	0/ Import	Nimpory	N-Perv	Suction	Conductivity	Initial	Total	Separation
DIVIA	A (ac)	A (sf)	Length, L	Width, W=A/L	So	(sf)	% inperv	N-Imperv	NT CIV	Head	Conductivity	Deficit	Inflow	Time
DMA-A	0.534963	23,303	389.5	60	5.3	0	0.0%	0.012	0.10	6.0	0.07500	0.31		
BMP-1	0.010835	472	37.8	12	0.1	0	0.0%	0.012	0.10	6.0	0.07500	0.31		
DMA-B	0.608219	26,494	602.9	44	5.9	1,709	6.5%	0.012	0.10	6.0	0.07500	0.31		
BMP-2	0.019697	858	52	16	0.1	0	0.0%	0.012	0.10	6.0	0.07500	0.31		
DMA-C	1.263889	55,055	549.3	100	8.4	40,543	73.6%	0.012	0.10	6.0	0.07500	0.31		
BMP-3	0.039601	1,725	62.3	28	0.1	0	0.0%	0.012	0.10	6.0	0.07500	0.31		
DMA-D	2.338292	101,856	783.9	130	5.6	64,943	63.8%	0.012	0.10	6.0	0.07500	0.31		
BMP-4	0.097612	4,252	210	20	0.1	0	0.0%	0.012	0.10	6.0	0.07500	0.31		
TOTAL	4.913108	214,015	335.9625	<mark>637</mark>	3.2	107,195	50.1%	0.012	0.10	6.0	0.07500	0.31	0.00983	24

ALL PEOPLES CHURCH J-2936 PRE-DEVELOPMENT CC	NDITION	I								
[OPTIONS] ;;Option FLOW_UNITS INFILTRATION FLOW_ROUTING LINK_OFFSETS MIN_SLOPE ALLOW_PONDING SKIP_STEADY_STATE	Valu CFS GREE KINW DEPT Ø NO NO	N_AMPT IAVE								
START_DATE START_TIME REPORT_START_DATE REPORT_START_TIME END_DATE END_TIME SWEEP_START SWEEP_END DRY_DAYS REPORT_STEP WET_STEP DRY_STEP ROUTING_STEP RULE_STEP	08:0 10/1 08:0 12/3 23:0 01/0 12/3 0 01:0 00:1 04:0 0:01	1/2005 0:00 1 1 0:00 5:00 0:00								
INERTIAL_DAMPING NORMAL_FLOW_LIMITE FORCE_MAIN_EQUATIC VARIABLE_STEP LENGTHENING_STEP MIN_SURFAREA MAX_TRIALS HEAD_TOLERANCE SYS_FLOW_TOL LAT_FLOW_TOL MINIMUM_STEP THREADS		57								
;;	aramete .06 0		- 11	0.16	.18	.21	.21	.2	.16	.12
DRY_ONLY N	0									

[RAINGAGES] ;;Name Format Interval SCF Source ;;----- -----LINDBERGH INTENSITY 1:00 1.0 TIMESERIES LINDBERGH [SUBCATCHMENTS] Rain Gage Outlet %Imperv Width %Slope ;;Name Area CurbLen SnowPack -----LINDBERGH POC-1 4.913108 0 171 8.2 EX-1 0 [SUBAREAS] ;;Subcatchment N-Imperv N-Perv S-Imperv S-Perv PctZero RouteTo PctRouted ----0.012 0.1 0.05 0.1 25 OUTLET EX-1 [INFILTRATION] ;;Subcatchment Param1 Param2 Param3 Param4 Param5 ;;-----EX-1 6 0.1 0.31 [OUTFALLS] ;;Name Elevation Type Stage Data Gated Route To ;Node 1075 POC-1 FREE 0 NO [TIMESERIES] ;;Name Date Time Value ;;----- -----LINDBERGH FILE "J:\Active Jobs\3417 The Grove\CIVIL\REPORTS\SWQMP\SWMM\ELECTRONIC FILES\Rainfall_data\lindbergh.txt" [REPORT] ;;Reporting Options SUBCATCHMENTS ALL NODES ALL LINKS ALL [TAGS] [MAP] DIMENSIONS 0.000 0.000 10000.000 10000.000 Units None [COORDINATES]

;;Node ;;	X-Coord	Y-Coord
POC-1	1100.000	3500.000
[VERTICES] ;;Link ;;	X-Coord	Y-Coord
<pre>[Polygons] ;;Subcatchment ;;</pre>		Y-Coord
EX-1	1066.897	5940.023
[SYMBOLS] ;;Gage ;;	X-Coord	Y-Coord
LINDBERGH	1908.881	6482.122

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.1 (Build 5.1.015) _____ ALL PEOPLES CHURCH J-2936 PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITION NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step. ***** Analysis Options ***** Flow Units CFS Process Models: Rainfall/Runoff YES RDII NO Snowmelt NO Groundwater NO Flow Routing NO Water Quality NO Infiltration Method GREEN AMPT Starting Date 10/17/1948 08:00:00 Ending Date 12/31/2005 23:00:00 Antecedent Dry Days 0.0 Report Time Step 01:00:00 Wet Time Step 00:15:00 Dry Time Step 04:00:00 Volume Depth inches Depth Runoff Quantity Continuity acre-feet
 Total Precipitation
 230.851
 563.840

 Evaporation Loss
 2.020
 4.935

 Infiltration Loss
 220.084
 537.543
 Surface Runoff 9.591 23.425 Final Storage 0.000 0.000 Continuity Error (%) -0.366 Volume Volume Flow Routing Continuity acre-feet 10^6 gal _____ _____ 0.000 Dry Weather Inflow 0.000 Wet Weather Inflow 9.591 3.125 Groundwater Inflow 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 RDII Inflow

External Inflow	0.000	0.000
External Outflow	9.591	3.125
Flooding Loss	0.000	0.000
Evaporation Loss	0.000	0.000
Exfiltration Loss	0.000	0.000
Initial Stored Volume	0.000	0.000
Final Stored Volume	0.000	0.000
Continuity Error (%)	0.000	

Analysis	begun	on:	Thu	Feb	4	13:29:58	2021
Analysis	ended	on:	Thu	Feb	4	13:30:31	2021
Total ela	apsed t	ime:	00:00	0:33			

ALL PEOPLES CHURCH J-2936 POST-DEVELOPMENT CC	NDITION								
[OPTIONS] ;;Option FLOW_UNITS INFILTRATION FLOW_ROUTING LINK_OFFSETS MIN_SLOPE ALLOW_PONDING SKIP_STEADY_STATE	Value CFS GREEN_AMP KINWAVE DEPTH Ø NO NO	т							
START_DATE START_TIME REPORT_START_DATE REPORT_START_TIME END_DATE END_TIME SWEEP_START SWEEP_END DRY_DAYS REPORT_STEP WET_STEP DRY_STEP ROUTING_STEP RULE_STEP	10/17/194 08:00:00 10/17/194 08:00:00 12/31/200 23:00:00 01/01 12/31 0 01:00:00 00:15:00 04:00:00 0:01:00 00:00:00	8							
INERTIAL_DAMPING NORMAL_FLOW_LIMITED FORCE_MAIN_EQUATION VARIABLE_STEP LENGTHENING_STEP MIN_SURFAREA MAX_TRIALS HEAD_TOLERANCE SYS_FLOW_TOL LAT_FLOW_TOL MINIMUM_STEP THREADS									
;;	06 0.08	 .11	0.16	.18	.21	.21	.2	.16	.12
DRY_ONLY NO)								

[RAINGAGES] ;;Name ;;								
LINDBERGH					SERIES LIN	DBERGH		
[SUBCATCHMENTS] ;;Name CurbLen SnowP ;;	ack				Area	-		-
DMA-A	LINDBERGH	 E	3MP - 1	L	.534963	0	60	5.3
0 BMP-1	LINDBERGH	Γ	DIV-1	L	0.010835	0	12	.1
0 DMA-B	LINDBERGH	E	3MP - 2	2	.608219	6.5	44	5.9
0 DMA-C	LINDBERGH	E	BMP - 3	3	1.263889	73.6	100	8.4
0 DMA-D	LINDBERGH	E	3MP - 4	1	2.338292	63.8	130	5.6
0 BMP-2	LINDBERGH	Γ	DIV-2	2	.019697	0	16	.1
0 BMP - 3 0	LINDBERGH	Γ	DIV-3	3	0.039601	0	28	.1
8 BMP-4 0	LINDBERGH	[DIV-4	1	0.097612	0	20	0.1
[SUBAREAS] ;;Subcatchment PctRouted ;;								еТо
DMA-A	0.012	.1		0.05	0.1	25	OUTL	ET
BMP-1	0.012	.1		0.05	0.1	25	OUTL	ET
DMA-B							OUTL	
DMA-C	.012	.1		0.05	.1	25	OUTL	
DMA-D	.012	.1 .1		0.05	.1 .1	25 25	OUTL	
BMP-2 BMP-3	.012 .012	.1		0.05 0.05	.1	25 25	OUTLI OUTLI	
BMP-4	.012	.1		0.05	.1	25	OUTL	
[INFILTRATION]								
;;Subcatchment	Suction	Ksat		IMD				
;; DMA-A	6	.075		.31				
BMP-1	6	.075		.31				
DMA-B	6	.075		.31				
DMA-C	6	.075		.31				
DMA-D	6	.075		.31				
BMP-2	6	.075		.31				

BMP-3 BMP-4		6 6	.075 .075	.31 .3				
[LID_CONTF ;;Name	ROLS]	Type/Layer	• Parameters					
;; BMP1		BC	4 4 47	0.0	0	0	-	
BMP1 BMP1	4 F	SURFACE SOIL	14.47 18	0.0 0.4	0 0.2	0 0.1	5 5	5
BMP1 BMP1	1.5	STORAGE DRAIN	18 .0338	0.67 0.5	0.0 3	0 6	0	0
BMP2		ВС						
BMP2 BMP2	1.5	SURFACE SOIL	12 18	0.0 0.4	0 0.2	0 0.1	5 5	5
BMP2 BMP2	1.9	STORAGE DRAIN	18 .0348	0.67 0.5	0 6	0 6	0	0
BMP3		ВС						
BMP3 BMP3		SURFACE SOIL	13.9 18	0.0 0.4	0 0.2	0 0.1	5 5	5
1 BMP3	1.5	STORAGE	18	.67	0	0		
BMP3		DRAIN	.1064	0.5	3	6	0	0
BMP4		BC						
BMP4		SURFACE	13.9	0.0	0	0	5	
BMP4	1.5	SOIL	18	0.4	0.2	0.1	5	5
BMP4		STORAGE	18	0.67	0	0		
BMP4		DRAIN	.0432	0.5	3	6	0	0
[LID_USAGE	E]							
;;Subcatch	hment	LID Proces	s Numb	er Area	Width	InitSat	: FromImp	כ

;;Subcatchm	ent	LID Process	Nur	nber	Area	Width	InitSat	FromImp
ToPerv	RptF	ile		Drai	nTo	FromPerv		
;;								
BMP-1		BMP1	1		471.97	0	0	100
0	*			*		100		
BMP-2		BMP2	1		858.00	0	0	100
0	*			*		100		
BMP-3		BMP3	1		1725.02	0	0	100
0	*			*		100		
BMP-4		BMP4	1		4251.98	0	0	100

0	*			*			100			
[OUTFALLS] ;;Name			туре				Ga	ated	Route T	ō
;;; Node 1075 POC-1		0					N	5		
[DIVIDERS] ;;Name ;;		Elevatior	Diver	ted Lin	k 	Туре	Pa	arameter	`S	
DIV-1 0		0				CUTOFF		.00251	0	0
DIV-2		0	BYP-2			CUTOFF	0	.00478	0	0
0 DIV-3	0	0	BYP-3			CUTOFF	0.	.02943	0	0
0 DIV-4 0	0 0	0	BYP-4			CUTOFF	0	.02943	0	0
[STORAGE] ;;Name N/A ;;	Feva	p Psi	Ksat	t I	MD			Curve	Name/Pa	rams
STOR-1		 0	0.5	 0		 TABULA	 \R	STOR-1		-
0	0									
STOR-2 Ø	0	0	0.5	0		TABULA	AR	STOR-2	2	
STOR-3 Ø	0	0	0.5	0		TABULA	AR	STOR-3	3	
STOR-4 Ø	0	0	0.5	0		TABULA	AR	STOR-4	Ļ	
[CONDUITS] ;;Name OutOffset	InitF	From Node low MaxF	low				ngth		ughness	InOffset
BYP-1		DIV-1		STOR-1		10		0.0)1	0
0 ORIF-1	0	0 DIV-1		POC-1		10		0.0	91	0
0 BYP-2	0	0 DIV-2		STOR-2		10		0.6	91	0
0 ORIF-2	0	0 DIV-2		POC-1		10		0.0		0
0	0	0								
BYP-3 0	0	DIV-3 0		STOR-3		10		0.0	1	0
ORIF-3		DIV-3		POC-1		10		0.0	91	0

0 0 BYP-4 0 0 ORIF-4 0 0	0 DIV-4 0 DIV-4 0	STOR-4 POC-1	10 10	0.01 0.01	0 0	
QTable/Qcoeff	From Node Qexpon	To Node Gated	Offset			-
OUT-1	STOR-1	POC-1	0	TABUL	.AR/DEPTH	OUT-1
OUT-2	NO STOR-2 NO	POC-1	0	TABUL	AR/DEPTH	0UT-2
OUT-3	STOR-3 NO	POC-1	0	TABUL	AR/DEPTH	0UT-3
OUT-4	STOR-4 NO	POC-1	0	TABUL	AR/DEPTH	OUT-4
[XSECTIONS] ;;Link Barrels Culv ;;	vert	Geom1		Geom3	Geom4	
BYP-1	CIRCULAR	1	0	0	0	1
ORIF-1	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1
BYP-2	CIRCULAR	1	0	0	0	1
ORIF-2	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1
BYP-3	CIRCULAR	1	0	0	0	1
ORIF-3	CIRCULAR	1	0	0	0	1
BYP-4	CIRCULAR	1	0	0	0	1
ORIF-4	CIRCULAR	1	0	0	0	1

[CURVES] ;;Name 	Туре	X-Value	Y-Value
;;			0 602
OUT-1	Rating	0.000	0.602
0UT-1		0.083	1.074
OUT-1		0.167	1.916
OUT-1		0.250	2.998
OUT-1		0.333	4.275

0UT-1 0.417 5.719 0UT-1 0.500 7.313 ; ;Qtotal from Top of Riser to Top of Berm 0UT-2 Rating 0.000 1.204 0UT-2 0.083 1.700 0UT-2 0.167 2.566 0UT-2 0.250 3.671 0UT-2 4.970 0.333 0UT-2 0.417 6.435 0UT-2 0.500 8.050 ; ;Qtotal Outlet Structure Discharge- Top Riser to TB Rating 0.000 1.505 0UT-3 0UT-3 0.083 2.163 0UT-3 .167 3.313 0UT-3 .250 4.782 0UT-3 0.333 6.510 0UT-3 0.417 8.461 0UT-3 0.500 10.611 ; ;Qtotal from Riser to TB 0UT-4 Rating 0.000 6.019 0UT-4 .083 6.861 0UT-4 .167 8.188 0UT-4 .25 9.829 0UT-4 .333 11.723 0UT-4 .417 13.834 0UT-4 .5 16.140 ; ;GRATE TO TOP OF BERM Storage 0.000 668 STOR-1 STOR-1 0.083 685 STOR-1 0.167 702 STOR-1 0.25 719 0.333 736 STOR-1 STOR-1 0.417 753 STOR-1 0.5 770 ; ; TOP OF GRATE TO TOP OF BERM STOR-2 Storage 0.000 858 STOR-2 .083 858 STOR-2 0.167 858 STOR-2 0.250 858 STOR-2 858 0.333 STOR-2 0.417 858 STOR-2 0.500 858 ; ; TOP OF GRATE TO TOP OF BERM STOR-3 Storage 0.000 2265

STOR-3 STOR-3 STOR-3 STOR-3 STOR-3 STOR-3 ; ;TG TO TB		0.083 .167 .250 .333 .417 .500	2310 2355 2400 2445 2490 2535				
STOR-4 STOR-4 STOR-4 STOR-4 STOR-4 STOR-4 STOR-4	Storage	0.000 0.083 .167 .250 0.333 0.417 0.500	6039				
[TIMESERIES] ;;Name	Date	Time	Value				
;; LINDBERGH FILE "J:\Active Jobs\3417 The Grove\CIVIL\REPORTS\SWQMP\SWMM\ELECTRONIC FILES\Rainfall_data\lindbergh.txt"							
[REPORT] ;;Reporting Opti SUBCATCHMENTS AL NODES ALL LINKS ALL [TAGS] [MAP]	L	0 000 100	00.000				
DIMENSIONS 0.000 Units None	0.000 1000	0.000 100	199.000				
[COORDINATES] ;;Node ;;	X-Coord		Y-Coord				
POC-1	3443.449 -178.777 1505.190 4769.319 6337.947 1159.170 974.625 3177.624 6222.607		1802.912 1303.345 3806.228 4636.678 3886.967 565.167 2652.826 3748.558 2675.894				
[VERTICES] ;;Link ;;	X-Coord		Y-Coord				

[Polygons]		
;;Subcatchment	X-Coord	Y-Coord
;;		
DMA-A	-3927.336	2860.438
BMP-1	-1931.949	1880.046
DMA-B	-2081.892	7070.358
DMA-C	6107.266	7416.378
DMA-D	8967.705	6597.463
BMP-2	-132.641	5028.835
BMP-3	5242.215	5605.536
BMP-4	7422.145	4798.155
[SYMBOLS]		
;;Gage	X-Coord	Y-Coord
;;		
LINDBERGH	1908.881	6482.122

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.1 (Build 5.1.013) _____ ALL PEOPLES CHURCH J-2936 POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITION WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BYP-1 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit ORIF-1 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BYP-2 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit ORIF-2 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BYP-3 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit ORIF-3 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit BYP-4 WARNING 04: minimum elevation drop used for Conduit ORIF-4 NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step. * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * Analysis Options * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * Flow Units CFS Process Models: Rainfall/Runoff YES RDII NO Snowmelt NO Groundwater NO Flow Routing YES Ponding Allowed NO Water Quality NO Infiltration Method GREEN_AMPT Flow Routing Method KINWAVE Starting Date 10/17/1948 08:00:00 Ending Date 12/31/2005 23:00:00 Antecedent Dry Days 0.0 Report Time Step 01:00:00 Wet Time Step 00:15:00 Dry Time Step 04:00:00 Routing Time Step 60.00 sec *********************** Volume Depth Runoff Quantity Continuity acre-feet inches _____ _____

 Initial LID Storage
 0.025
 0.061

 Total Precipitation
 230.851
 563.840

 Evaporation Loss
 37.117
 90.657

 Infiltration Loss
 98.720
 241.118

 Surface Runoff
 7.680
 18.757

LID Drainage	88.864	217.045
Final Storage	0.056	0.137
Continuity Error (%)	-0.676	

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Volume	Volume
Flow Routing Continuity	acre-feet	10^6 gal
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
Dry Weather Inflow	0.000	0.000
Wet Weather Inflow	96.543	31.460
Groundwater Inflow	0.000	0.000
RDII Inflow	0.000	0.000
External Inflow	0.000	0.000
External Outflow	96.170	31.338
Flooding Loss	0.827	0.269
Evaporation Loss	0.000	0.000
Exfiltration Loss	0.000	0.000
Initial Stored Volume	0.000	0.000
Final Stored Volume	0.000	0.000
Continuity Error (%)	-0.469	

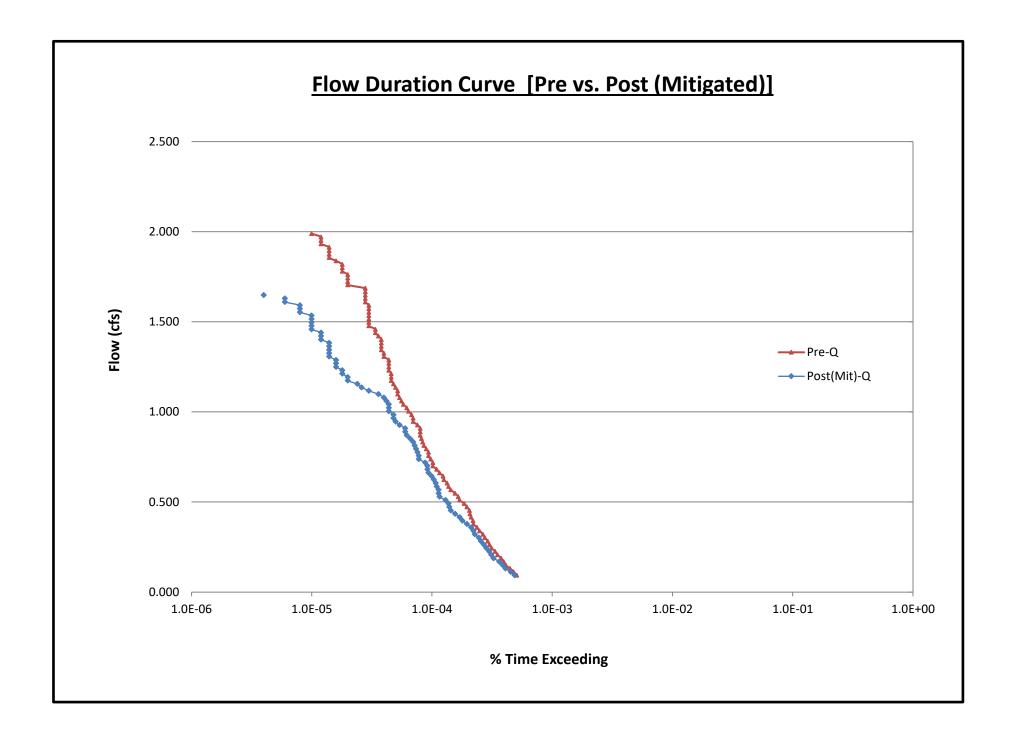
Routing Time Step Summary

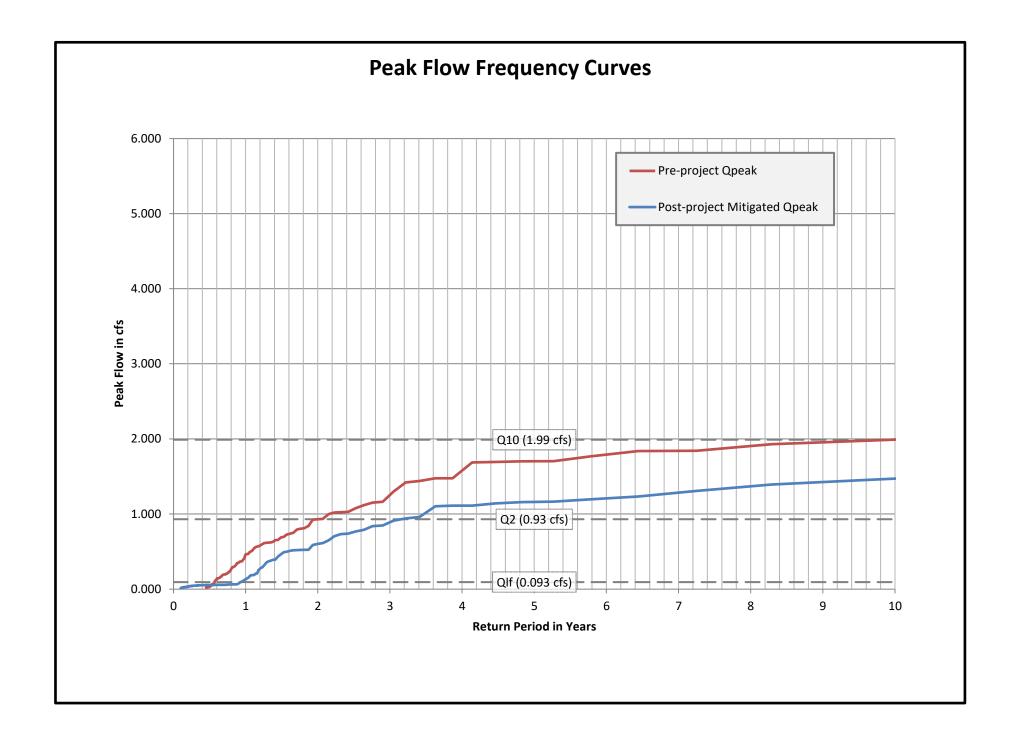
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Minimum Time Step	:	60.00	sec
Average Time Step	:	60.00	sec
Maximum Time Step	:	60.00	sec
Percent in Steady State	:	0.00	
Average Iterations per Step	:	1.00	
Percent Not Converging	:	0.00	

Analysis begun on: Tue Feb 9 12:36:03 2021 Analysis ended on: Tue Feb 9 12:37:25 2021 Total elapsed time: 00:01:22

Peak Flow Frequency Summary

Return Period	Pre-project Q (cfs)	Post-project - Mitigated Q (cfs)	
LF = 0.1*Q2	0.093	0.060	
2-year	0.930	0.601	
3-year	1.253	0.889	
4-year	1.578	1.110	
5-year	1.702	1.160	
6-year	1.790	1.207	
7-year	1.840	1.283	
8-year	1.905	1.368	
9-year	1.954	1.424	
10-year	1.990	1.470	





BMP Sizing and DCV Summary Table

						c		Minimum 3%				
						Weighted		Treatment		DCV		
BMP	BMP	Total Area			% Permeable	Runoff	DCV Req'd	Area	BMP Area	Provided		Modular Wetland Flow Design
Location	Description	(sq-ft)	% Impervious	% Pervious	Pavement	Factor	(Cu-ft)	(sq-ft)	Provided (sq-ft)	(Cu-Ft)		(cfs)
DMA-1	BIOFILTRATION PLANTER #1	23775.00	0%	48%	52%	0.16	202.7	116	472.0	660.8		
DMA-2	BIOFILTRATION PLANTER #2	27352.00	6%	14%	80%	0.17	241.9	138	858.0	1201.2		
DMA-3	BIOFILTRATION PLANTER #3	56780.00	71%	15%	14%	0.69	2061.1	1178	1725.0	2415.0		
DMA-4	BIOFILTRATION PLANTER #4	106108.00	61%	32%	7%	0.63	3514.7	2008	4252.0	5952.8		
DMA-5	SELF-TREATING	46929.00	0%	100%	0%	0.23	566.7	NA	0.0	0.0		
TOTAL DN	1A AREA:	260944	41%	28%	31%	0.47	6587.01	3440.19	7307.00	10229.8		
TOTAL BM		7307.00					•					

TOTAL BMP AREA: 7307.00

NOTE: Weighted runoff factor based on percent of impervious, pervious, and paver area in each respective DMA

Runoff Factor (Table B.1.1 City of SI	P85th Parameters				
Impervious	0.90		Intensity:	0.20	in/hr
Landscape	0.23	C Soils	Precip:	0.63	in
Permeable Pavers	0.10				

Appendix B: Storm Water Pollutant Control Hydrologic Calculations and Sizing Methods

B.1.2 Offline BMPs

Diversion flow rates for offline BMPs shall be sized to convey the maximum flow rate of runoff produced from a rainfall intensity of 0.2 inches of rainfall per hour, for each hour of every storm event. The following hydrologic method (Equation B.1-3) shall be used to calculate the diversion flow rate for off-line BMPs:

Equation B.1-1: Hydrologic Method

		$Q = C \times i \times A$
where: Q	=	Diversion flow rate in cubic feet per second
с	=	Runoff factor, area weighted estimate using Table B.1
i	=	Rainfall intensity of 0.2 in/hr.
A	=	Tributary area (acres) within the project footprint.

Drawdown Time for Biofiltration BMP-1

Outlet Q:	0.0026 cfs	0.234 in/hr	
BMP Percolation Rate:	5 in/hr	0.0001 ft/sec	
BMP Area:	472.0 sq-ft		
BMP Percolation Rate:	0.05 cfs		
Basin Volume:	661 cu-ft		
DCV/Average Q:	258125 secs	71.70 Hours	

Drawdown Time for Biofiltration BMP-2

Outlet Q:	0.0048 cfs	0.241 in/hr	
BMP Percolation Rate:	5 in/hr	0.0001 ft/sec	
BMP Area:	858.0 sq-ft		
BMP Percolation Rate:	0.099 cfs		
Basin Volume:	1201 cu-ft		
DCV/Average Q:	251297 secs	69.80 Hours	

Drawdown Time for Biofiltration BMP-3

Outlet Q:	0.0294 cfs	0.737 in/hr
BMP Percolation Rate:	5 in/hr	0.0001 ft/sec
BMP Area:	1725.0 sq-ft	
BMP Percolation Rate:	0.20 cfs	
Basin Volume:	2415 cu-ft	
DCV/Average Q:	82059 secs	22.79 Hours

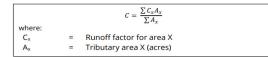
Drawdown Time for Biofiltration BMP-4

Γ	Outlet Q:	0.0294 cfs	0.299 in/hr
	BMP Percolation Rate:	5 in/hr	0.0001 ft/sec

B.1.1 Runoff Factor

Estimate the area weighted runoff factor for the tributary area to the BMP using runoff factor (from Table B.1-1) and area of each surface type in the tributary area and Equation B.1-2.

Equation B.1-2: Estimating Runoff Factor for Area



These runoff factors apply to areas receiving direct rainfall only. For conditions in which runoff is routed onto a surface from an adjacent surface, see Section B.2 for determining composite runoff factors for these areas.

Table B.1-1: Runoff factors for surfaces draining to BMPs - Pollutant Control BMPs

Surface	Runoff Factor
Roofs ¹	0.90
Concrete or Asphalt ¹	0.90
Unit Pavers (grouted) ¹	0.90
Decomposed Granite	0.30
Cobbles or Crushed Aggregate	0.30
Amended, Mulched Soils or Landscape ²	0.10
Compacted Soil (e.g., unpaved parking)	0.30
Natural (A Soil)	0.10
Natural (B Soil)	0.14
Natural (C Soil)	0.23
Natural (D Soil)	0.30

¹Surface is considered impervious and could benefit from use of Site Design BMPs and adjustment of the runoff factor per Section B.2.1.

²Surface shall be designed in accordance with SD-F (Amended soils) fact sheet in Appendix E

ALL PEOPLES CHURCH J-2936 2/9/2021

0140 4	4252.0 sq-ft		
BMP Area:			
BMP Percolation Rate:	0.49 cfs		
Basin Volume:	5953 cu-ft		
DCV/Average Q:	202270 secs	56.19 Hours	

BMP-1

SWMM Model Drain Coefficient Calculation

PARAMETER	ABBREV.	Bas	sin 1
Ponding Depth	PD	12	in
Bioretention Soil Layer	S	18	in
Gravel Layer	G	18	in
TOTAL		4.0	ft
		48	in
Orifice Coefficient	Cg	0.6	
Low Flow Orifice Diameter	D	0.2188	in
Drain exponent	n	0.5	
Flow Rate (volumetric)	Q	0.003	cfs
Ponding Depth Surface Area	A _{PD}	668	ft ²
Disastantian Cuufaas Area	$A_{S_{\prime}}A_{G}$	473	ft ²
Bioretention Surface Area	$A_{S_{r}}A_{G}$	0.0109	ас
Flow Rate (per unit area)	q	0.229	in/hr
Effective Ponding Depth	PD_{eff}	14.47	in
Drain Coefficient	С	0.0331	
Cutoff Flow	Q _{cutoff}	0.00251	cfs

Outlet Structure for Discharge of BMP-1

Discharge vs. Elevation Table

Lower slot orif	fice	Emergency W	eir
No. of orif:	1	Invert:	0.50 ft
Invert:	0 ft	L:	6.0 ft
Slot height	0.25 ft	C _w :	3.1
Slot width	0.5 ft		
А	0.125	0.125	
C _o :	0.60		
***			· · ·

*Note: h = head above the invert of the lowest surface discharge opening.

(ft)(ft)(cfs)(cfs)(cfs)(cfs)0.5000.0000.0000.0000.0000.0000.5830.0830.0370.0000.0370.6670.1670.1050.0000.1050.7500.2500.1940.0000.1940.8330.3330.5490.0000.5490.9170.4170.5760.0000.6021.0000.5000.6020.0000.6021.0830.5830.6260.4471.0741.1670.6670.6501.2661.9161.2500.7500.6732.3252.9981.3330.8330.6953.5804.2751.4170.9170.7165.0035.7191.5001.0000.7376.5767.3131.5831.0830.7578.2879.0441.6671.1670.77710.12510.9021.7501.2500.79612.08112.8771.8331.3330.81514.14914.9641.9171.4170.83316.32417.157						1
0.5000.0000.0000.0000.0000.0000.5830.0830.0370.0000.0370.6670.1670.1050.0000.1050.7500.2500.1940.0000.1940.8330.3330.5490.0000.5490.9170.4170.5760.0000.5761.0000.5000.6020.0000.6021.0830.5830.6260.4471.0741.1670.6670.6501.2661.9161.2500.7500.6732.3252.9981.3330.8330.6953.5804.2751.4170.9170.7165.0035.7191.5001.0000.7376.5767.3131.5831.0830.7578.2879.0441.6671.1670.77710.12510.9021.7501.2500.79612.08112.8771.8331.3330.81514.14914.9641.9171.4170.83316.32417.157	Н	h*	Q _{slot-low}	Q _{emerg}	Q _{tot}	
0.583 0.083 0.037 0.000 0.037 0.667 0.167 0.105 0.000 0.105 0.750 0.250 0.194 0.000 0.194 0.833 0.333 0.549 0.000 0.549 0.917 0.417 0.576 0.000 0.576 1.000 0.500 0.602 0.000 0.602 1.083 0.583 0.626 0.447 1.074 1.167 0.667 0.650 1.266 1.916 1.250 0.750 0.673 2.325 2.998 1.333 0.833 0.695 3.580 4.275 1.417 0.917 0.716 5.003 5.719 1.500 1.000 0.737 6.576 7.313 1.583 1.083 0.757 8.287 9.044 1.667 1.167 0.777 10.125 10.902 1.750 1.250 0.796 12.081 12.877 1.833 <td>(ft)</td> <td>(ft)</td> <td>(cfs)</td> <td>(cfs)</td> <td>(cfs)</td> <td></td>	(ft)	(ft)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	
0.667 0.167 0.105 0.000 0.105 0.750 0.250 0.194 0.000 0.194 0.833 0.333 0.549 0.000 0.549 0.917 0.417 0.576 0.000 0.576 1.000 0.500 0.602 0.000 0.602 1.083 0.583 0.626 0.447 1.074 1.167 0.667 0.650 1.266 1.916 1.250 0.750 0.673 2.325 2.998 1.333 0.833 0.695 3.580 4.275 1.417 0.917 0.716 5.003 5.719 1.500 1.000 0.737 6.576 7.313 1.583 1.083 0.757 8.287 9.044 1.667 1.167 0.777 10.125 10.902 1.750 1.250 0.796 12.081 12.877 1.833 1.333 0.815 14.149 14.964 1.917 </td <td>0.500</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>LOWER OUTLET ORIFICE</td>	0.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	LOWER OUTLET ORIFICE
0.7500.2500.1940.0000.1940.8330.3330.5490.0000.5490.9170.4170.5760.0000.5761.0000.5000.6020.0000.6021.0830.5830.6260.4471.0741.1670.6670.6501.2661.9161.2500.7500.6732.3252.9981.3330.8330.6953.5804.2751.4170.9170.7165.0035.7191.5001.0000.7376.5767.3131.5831.0830.7578.2879.0441.6671.1670.77710.12510.9021.7501.2500.79612.08112.8771.8331.3330.81514.14914.9641.9171.4170.83316.32417.157	0.583	0.083	0.037	0.000	0.037	
0.8330.3330.5490.0000.5490.9170.4170.5760.0000.5761.0000.5000.6020.0000.6021.0830.5830.6260.4471.0741.1670.6670.6501.2661.9161.2500.7500.6732.3252.9981.3330.8330.6953.5804.2751.4170.9170.7165.0035.7191.5001.0000.7376.5767.3131.5831.0830.7578.2879.0441.6671.1670.77710.12510.9021.7501.2500.79612.08112.8771.8331.3330.81514.14914.9641.9171.4170.83316.32417.157	0.667	0.167	0.105	0.000	0.105	
0.9170.4170.5760.0000.5761.0000.5000.6020.0000.6021.0830.5830.6260.4471.0741.1670.6670.6501.2661.9161.2500.7500.6732.3252.9981.3330.8330.6953.5804.2751.4170.9170.7165.0035.7191.5001.0000.7376.5767.3131.5831.0830.7578.2879.0441.6671.1670.77710.12510.9021.7501.2500.79612.08112.8771.8331.3330.81514.14914.9641.9171.4170.83316.32417.157	0.750	0.250	0.194	0.000	0.194	
1.000 0.500 0.602 0.000 0.602 RISER STRUCTURE 1.083 0.583 0.626 0.447 1.074 1.167 0.667 0.650 1.266 1.916 1.250 0.750 0.673 2.325 2.998 1.333 0.833 0.695 3.580 4.275 1.417 0.917 0.716 5.003 5.719 1.500 1.000 0.737 6.576 7.313 1.583 1.083 0.757 8.287 9.044 1.667 1.167 0.777 10.125 10.902 1.750 1.250 0.796 12.081 12.877 1.833 1.333 0.815 14.149 14.964 1.917 1.417 0.833 16.324 17.157	0.833	0.333	0.549	0.000	0.549	
1.0830.5830.6260.4471.0741.1670.6670.6501.2661.9161.2500.7500.6732.3252.9981.3330.8330.6953.5804.2751.4170.9170.7165.0035.7191.5001.0000.7376.5767.3131.5831.0830.7578.2879.0441.6671.1670.77710.12510.9021.7501.2500.79612.08112.8771.8331.3330.81514.14914.9641.9171.4170.83316.32417.157	0.917	0.417	0.576	0.000	0.576	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.000	0.500	0.602	0.000	0.602	RISER STRUCTURE
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.083	0.583	0.626	0.447	1.074	
1.333 0.833 0.695 3.580 4.275 1.417 0.917 0.716 5.003 5.719 1.500 1.000 0.737 6.576 7.313 1.583 1.083 0.757 8.287 9.044 1.667 1.167 0.777 10.125 10.902 1.750 1.250 0.796 12.081 12.877 1.833 1.333 0.815 14.149 14.964 1.917 1.417 0.833 16.324 17.157	1.167	0.667	0.650	1.266	1.916	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.250	0.750	0.673	2.325	2.998	
1.5001.0000.7376.5767.3131.5831.0830.7578.2879.0441.6671.1670.77710.12510.9021.7501.2500.79612.08112.8771.8331.3330.81514.14914.9641.9171.4170.83316.32417.157	1.333	0.833	0.695	3.580	4.275	
1.5831.0830.7578.2879.0441.6671.1670.77710.12510.9021.7501.2500.79612.08112.8771.8331.3330.81514.14914.9641.9171.4170.83316.32417.157	1.417	0.917	0.716	5.003	5.719	
1.6671.1670.77710.12510.9021.7501.2500.79612.08112.8771.8331.3330.81514.14914.9641.9171.4170.83316.32417.157	1.500	1.000	0.737	6.576	7.313	
1.7501.2500.79612.08112.8771.8331.3330.81514.14914.9641.9171.4170.83316.32417.157	1.583	1.083	0.757	8.287	9.044	
1.8331.3330.81514.14914.9641.9171.4170.83316.32417.157	1.667	1.167	0.777	10.125	10.902	
1.917 1.417 0.833 16.324 17.157	1.750	1.250	0.796	12.081	12.877	
	1.833	1.333	0.815	14.149	14.964]
	1.917	1.417	0.833	16.324	17.157]
2.000 1.500 0.651 16.000 19.451	2.000	1.500	0.851	18.600	19.451]

Note:

1. Weir equation, $Q=C_wL_e(h)^{3/2}$

2. Orifice equation, $Q=C_oA_e(2gh)^{1/2}$

3. Slot orifice acts as a weir when $h^* < h_{slot}$; slot orifice acts

as an orifice when $h^* \ge h_{slot}$

Stage Area for BMP-1

Elevation	Area	Volume
(ft)	(ft ²)	(ft ³)
0.000	473	0
0.083	488	40
0.167	504	83
0.250	519	128
0.333	535	176
0.417	551	226
0.500	567	280
0.583	584	336
0.667	600	395
0.750	617	456
0.833	634	521
0.917	651	589
1.000	668	660
1.083	685	733
1.167	702	809
1.250	719	888
1.333	736	970
1.417	753	1055
1.500	770	1142

Stage-Storage-Discharge of BMP-1

Elevation	Storage	Discharge
(ft)	(ac-ft)	(cfs)
0.000	0.0064	0.000
0.083	0.0077	0.037
0.167	0.0091	0.105
0.250	0.0105	0.194
0.333	0.0120	0.549
0.417	0.0135	0.576
0.500	0.0151	0.602
0.583	0.0168	1.074
0.667	0.0186	1.916
0.750	0.0204	2.998
0.833	0.0223	4.275
0.917	0.0242	5.719
1.000	0.0262	7.313

BMP-2

SWMM Model Drain Coefficient Calculation

PARAMETER	ABBREV.	Bas	sin 1
Ponding Depth	PD	12	in
Bioretention Soil Layer	S	18	in
Gravel Layer	G	18	in
TOTAL		4.0	ft
		48	in
Orifice Coefficient	Cg	0.6	
Low Flow Orifice Diameter	D	0.2969	in
Drain exponent	n	0.5	
Flow Rate (volumetric)	Q	0.005	cfs
Ponding Depth Surface Area	A _{PD}	858	ft ²
Disastantian Confere Ana	$A_{S_{r}}A_{G}$	858	ft ²
Bioretention Surface Area	$A_{S_{r}}A_{G}$	0.0197	ас
Flow Rate (per unit area)	q	0.233	in/hr
Effective Ponding Depth	PD_{eff}	12.00	in
Drain Coefficient	С	0.0336	
Cutoff Flow	Q_{cutoff}	0.00462	cfs

Outlet Structure for Discharge of BMP-2

Discharge vs. Elevation Table

Lower slot ori	<u>fice</u>	Emergency W	<u>/eir</u>
No. of orif:	1	Invert:	0.50 ft
Invert:	0 ft	L:	6.0 ft
Slot height	0.25 ft	C _w :	3.1
Slot width	1 ft		
А	0.250	0.25	
C _o :	0.60		

*Note: h = head above the invert of the lowest surface discharge opening.

Н	h*	0	0	0	1
		Q _{slot-low}	Q _{emerg}	Q _{tot}	
(ft)	(ft)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	
0.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	LOWER OUTLET ORIFICE
0.583	0.083	0.075	0.000	0.075	
0.667	0.167	0.211	0.000	0.211	
0.750	0.250	0.388	0.000	0.388	
0.833	0.333	1.099	0.000	1.099	
0.917	0.417	1.152	0.000	1.152	
1.000	0.500	1.204	0.000	1.204	RISER STRUCTURE
1.083	0.583	1.253	0.447	1.700	
1.167	0.667	1.300	1.266	2.566	
1.250	0.750	1.346	2.325	3.671	
1.333	0.833	1.390	3.580	4.970	
1.417	0.917	1.433	5.003	6.435	
1.500	1.000	1.474	6.576	8.050	
1.583	1.083	1.515	8.287	9.802	
1.667	1.167	1.554	10.125	11.679	
1.750	1.250	1.592	12.081	13.673	
1.833	1.333	1.630	14.149	15.779]
1.917	1.417	1.667	16.324	17.991]
2.000	1.500	1.702	18.600	20.302]

Note:

1. Weir equation, $Q=C_wL_e(h)^{3/2}$

2. Orifice equation, $Q=C_0A_e(2gh)^{1/2}$

3. Slot orifice acts as a weir when $h^* < h_{slot};$ slot orifice acts as an orifice when $h^* \ge h_{slot}$

Stage Area for BMP-2

Elevation	Area	Volume
(ft)	(ft ²)	(ft ³)
0.000	858	0
0.083	858	72
0.167	858	143
0.250	858	215
0.333	858	286
0.417	858	358
0.500	858	429
0.583	858	501
0.667	858	572
0.750	858	644
0.833	858	715
0.917	858	787
1.000	858	858
1.083	858	930
1.167	858	1001
1.250	858	1073
1.333	858	1144
1.417	858	1216
1.500	858	1287

Stage-Storage-Discharge of BMP-2

Elevation	Storage	Discharge
(ft)	(ac-ft)	(cfs)
0.000	0.0098	0.000
0.083	0.0115	0.075
0.167	0.0131	0.211
0.250	0.0148	0.388
0.333	0.0164	1.099
0.417	0.0181	1.152
0.500	0.0197	1.204
0.583	0.0213	1.700
0.667	0.0230	2.566
0.750	0.0246	3.671
0.833	0.0263	4.970
0.917	0.0279	6.435
1.000	0.0295	8.050

BMP-3

SWMM Model Drain Coefficient Calculation

PARAMETER	ABBREV.	Bas	in 1
Ponding Depth	PD	12	in
Bioretention Soil Layer	S	18	in
Gravel Layer	G	18	in
TOTAL		4.0	ft
		48	in
Orifice Coefficient	Cg	0.6	
Low Flow Orifice Diameter	D	0.75	in
Drain exponent	n	0.5	
Flow Rate (volumetric)	Q	0.029	cfs
Ponding Depth Surface Area	A _{PD}	2271	ft ²
Bioretention Surface Area	$A_{S_{\prime}}A_{G}$	1725	ft ²
Bioretention Surface Area	$A_{S_{r}}A_{G}$	0.0396	ас
Flow Rate (per unit area)	q	0.737	in/hr
		1	
Effective Ponding Depth	PD_{eff}	13.90	0
Drain Coefficient	С	0.1064	
Cutoff Flow	Q _{cutoff}	0.02943	cfs

Outlet Structure for Discharge of BMP-3

Discharge vs. Elevation Table

Lower slot orif	ice	Emergency We	<u>eir</u>
No. of orif:	1	Invert:	0.50 ft
Invert:	0 ft	L:	8.0 ft
Slot height	0.25 ft	C _w :	3.1
Slot width	1.25 ft		
А	0.313	0.3125	
C _o :	0.60		

*Note: h = head above the invert of the lowest surface discharge opening.

Н	h*	0	0	0]
		Q _{slot-low}	Q _{emerg}	Q _{tot}	
(ft)	(ft)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	
0.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	LOWER OUTLET ORIFICE
0.583	0.083	0.093	0.000	0.093	
0.667	0.167	0.264	0.000	0.264	
0.750	0.250	0.484	0.000	0.484	
0.833	0.333	1.374	0.000	1.374	
0.917	0.417	1.441	0.000	1.441	
1.000	0.500	1.505	0.000	1.505	RISER STRUCTURE
1.083	0.583	1.566	0.597	2.163	
1.167	0.667	1.625	1.687	3.313	
1.250	0.750	1.682	3.100	4.782	
1.333	0.833	1.737	4.773	6.510	
1.417	0.917	1.791	6.670	8.461	
1.500	1.000	1.843	8.768	10.611	
1.583	1.083	1.893	11.049	12.942	
1.667	1.167	1.943	13.499	15.442	
1.750	1.250	1.991	16.108	18.099	
1.833	1.333	2.037	18.866	20.903	
1.917	1.417	2.083	21.766	23.849	
2.000	1.500	2.128	24.800	26.928	

Note:

1. Weir equation, $Q=C_wL_e(h)^{3/2}$

2. Orifice equation, $Q=C_0A_e(2gh)^{1/2}$

3. Slot orifice acts as a weir when $h^* < h_{slot};$ slot orifice acts as an orifice when $h^* \ge h_{slot}$

Stage Area for BMP-3

Elevation	Area	Volume
(ft)	(ft ²)	(ft ³)
0.000	1725	0
0.083	1770	146
0.167	1815	299
0.250	1860	459
0.333	1905	628
0.417	1950	803
0.500	1995	986
0.583	2040	1177
0.667	2085	1375
0.750	2130	1581
0.833	2175	1794
0.917	2220	2014
1.000	2265	2243
1.083	2310	2478
1.167	2355	2721
1.250	2400	2972
1.333	2445	3230
1.417	2490	3496
1.500	2535	3769

Stage-Storage-Discharge of BMP-3

Elevation	Storage	Discharge
	0	U U
(ft)	(ac-ft)	(cfs)
0.000	0.0226	0.000
0.083	0.0270	0.093
0.167	0.0316	0.264
0.250	0.0363	0.484
0.333	0.0412	1.374
0.417	0.0462	1.441
0.500	0.0515	1.505
0.583	0.0569	2.163
0.667	0.0625	3.313
0.750	0.0682	4.782
0.833	0.0742	6.510
0.917	0.0802	8.461
1.000	0.0865	10.611

BMP-4

SWMM Model Drain Coefficient Calculation

PARAMETER	ABBREV.	Basin 1		
Ponding Depth	PD	12	in	
Bioretention Soil Layer	S	18	in	
Gravel Layer	G	18	in	
TOTAL		4.0	ft	
		48	in	
Orifice Coefficient	Cg	0.6		
Low Flow Orifice Diameter	D	0.75	in	
Drain exponent	n	0.5		
Flow Rate (volumetric)	Q	0.029	cfs	
Ponding Depth Surface Area	A _{PD}	5597	ft ²	
Disastantian Confere Ana	$A_{S_{r}}A_{G}$	4252	ft ²	
Bioretention Surface Area	$A_{S_{r}}A_{G}$	0.0976	ас	
Flow Rate (per unit area)	q	0.299	in/hr	
	1			
Effective Ponding Depth	PD_{eff}	13.90	0	
Drain Coefficient	С	0.0432		
Cutoff Flow	Q _{cutoff}	0.02943	cfs	

Outlet Structure for Discharge of BMP-4

Discharge vs. Elevation Table

Lower slot orifi	<u>ce</u>	Emergency We	<u>eir</u>
No. of orif:	4	Invert:	0.50 ft
Invert:	0 ft	L:	8.0 ft
Slot height	0.25 ft	C _w :	3.1
Slot width	1.25 ft		
А	0.313	0.3125	
C _o :	0.60		

*Note: h = head above the invert of the lowest surface discharge opening.

Н	h*	Q _{slot-low}	Q _{emerg}	Q _{tot}]
(ft)	(ft)	(cfs)	(cfs)	⊂tot (cfs)	
0.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	LOWER OUTLET ORIFICE
0.583	0.083	0.373	0.000	0.373	
0.667	0.083	1.055	0.000	1.055	
0.750	0.250	1.938	0.000	1.938	
0.833	0.333	5.494	0.000	5.494	
0.917	0.417	5.762	0.000	5.762	
1.000	0.500	6.019	0.000	6.019	RISER STRUCTURE
1.083	0.583	6.264	0.597	6.861	
1.167	0.667	6.501	1.687	8.188	
1.250	0.750	6.729	3.100	9.829	
1.333	0.833	6.950	4.773	11.723	
1.417	0.917	7.164	6.670	13.834	
1.500	1.000	7.371	8.768	16.140	
1.583	1.083	7.573	11.049	18.622	
1.667	1.167	7.770	13.499	21.270	
1.750	1.250	7.962	16.108	24.070	
1.833	1.333	8.149	18.866	27.015	
1.917	1.417	8.333	21.766	30.098	
2.000	1.500	8.512	24.800	33.312	

Note:

1. Weir equation, $Q=C_wL_e(h)^{3/2}$

2. Orifice equation, $Q=C_0A_e(2gh)^{1/2}$

3. Slot orifice acts as a weir when $h^* < h_{slot};$ slot orifice acts as an orifice when $h^* \ge h_{slot}$

Stage Area for BMP-4

Elevation	Area	Volume
(ft)	(ft ²)	(ft ³)
0.000	4252	0
0.083	4363	359
0.167	4472	736
0.250	4586	1132
0.333	4698	1547
0.417	4810	1981
0.500	4921	2433
0.583	5032.714286	2903
0.667	5144.392857	3392
0.750	5256.071429	3900
0.833	5367.75	4427
0.917	5479.428571	4972
1.000	5591	5535
1.083	5703	6118
1.167	5815	6719
1.250	5927	7339
1.333	6039	7977
1.417	6151	8635
1.500	6263	9311

Stage-Storage-Discharge of BMP-4

Elevation	Storage	Discharge
(ft)	(ac-ft)	(cfs)
0.000	0.0558	0.000
0.083	0.0666	0.373
0.167	0.0779	1.055
0.250	0.0895	1.938
0.333	0.1016	5.494
0.417	0.1141	5.762
0.500	0.1271	6.019
0.583	0.1404	6.861
0.667	0.1542	8.188
0.750	0.1685	9.829
0.833	0.1831	11.723
0.917	0.1982	13.834
1.000	0.2137	16.140

ALL PEOPLES CHURCH J-2936

2/	9/	20	21	

The proposed BMP: PASSED

Interval	Pre-project Flow (cfs)	Pre-project Hours	Pre-project % Time Exceeding	Post- project Hours	Post-project % Time Exceeding	Percentage	Pass/Fail
0	0.093	255	5.09E-04	244	4.87E-04	96%	Pass
1	0.112	240	4.79E-04	227	4.53E-04	95%	Pass
2	0.131	224	4.47E-04	205	4.09E-04	92%	Pass
3	0.150	206	4.11E-04	194	3.87E-04	94%	Pass
4	0.169	198	3.95E-04	182	3.63E-04	92%	Pass
5	0.188	189	3.77E-04	163	3.25E-04	86%	Pass
6	0.207	176	3.51E-04	156	3.11E-04	89%	Pass
7	0.226	168	3.35E-04	150	2.99E-04	89%	Pass
8	0.245	157	3.13E-04	142	2.83E-04	90%	Pass
9	0.264	151	3.01E-04	135	2.69E-04	89%	Pass
10	0.283	146	2.91E-04	128	2.55E-04	88%	Pass
11	0.302	138	2.75E-04	123	2.45E-04	89%	Pass
12	0.321	133	2.65E-04	114	2.27E-04	86%	Pass
13	0.340	125	2.49E-04	111	2.21E-04	89%	Pass
14	0.359	119	2.37E-04	106	2.11E-04	89%	Pass
15	0.377	111	2.21E-04	98	1.95E-04	88%	Pass
16	0.396	110	2.19E-04	90	1.79E-04	82%	Pass
17	0.415	106	2.11E-04	85	1.70E-04	80%	Pass
18	0.434	104	2.07E-04	78	1.56E-04	75%	Pass
19	0.453	103	2.05E-04	72	1.44E-04	70%	Pass
20	0.472	98	1.95E-04	70	1.40E-04	71%	Pass
21	0.491	93	1.85E-04	69	1.38E-04	74%	Pass
22	0.510	85	1.70E-04	65	1.30E-04	76%	Pass
23	0.529	83	1.66E-04	58	1.16E-04	70%	Pass
24	0.548	78	1.56E-04	57	1.14E-04	73%	Pass
25	0.567	72	1.44E-04	57	1.14E-04	79%	Pass
26	0.586	69	1.38E-04	55	1.10E-04	80%	Pass
27	0.605	67	1.34E-04	54	1.08E-04	81%	Pass
28	0.624	63	1.26E-04	52	1.04E-04	83%	Pass
29	0.643	62	1.24E-04	50	9.97E-05	81%	Pass
30	0.662	58	1.16E-04	47	9.37E-05	81%	Pass
31	0.681	55	1.10E-04	46	9.17E-05	84%	Pass
32	0.700	51	1.02E-04	46	9.17E-05	90%	Pass
33	0.719	51	1.02E-04	44	8.77E-05	86%	Pass
34	0.738	49	9.77E-05	39	7.78E-05	80%	Pass
35	0.757	47	9.37E-05	39	7.78E-05	83%	Pass
36	0.776	47	9.37E-05	38	7.58E-05	81%	Pass
37	0.795	45	8.97E-05	37	7.38E-05	82%	Pass
38	0.814	43	8.57E-05	36	7.18E-05	84%	Pass
39	0.833	42	8.38E-05	35	6.98E-05	83%	Pass
40	0.852	41	8.18E-05	33	6.58E-05	80%	Pass
41	0.871	40	7.98E-05	31	6.18E-05	78%	Pass

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Interval	Pre-project Flow (cfs)	Pre-project Hours	Pre-project % Time Exceeding	Post- project Hours	Post-project % Time Exceeding	Percentage	Pass/Fail
42	0.890	40	7.98E-05	30	5.98E-05	75%	Pass
43	0.909	40	7.98E-05	30	5.98E-05	75%	Pass
44	0.928	38	7.58E-05	27	5.38E-05	71%	Pass
45	0.946	35	6.98E-05	25	4.99E-05	71%	Pass
46	0.965	35	6.98E-05	24	4.79E-05	69%	Pass
47	0.984	34	6.78E-05	24	4.79E-05	71%	Pass
48	1.003	32	6.38E-05	22	4.39E-05	69%	Pass
49	1.022	31	6.18E-05	22	4.39E-05	71%	Pass
50	1.041	29	5.78E-05	22	4.39E-05	76%	Pass
51	1.060	28	5.58E-05	21	4.19E-05	75%	Pass
52	1.079	27	5.38E-05	20	3.99E-05	74%	Pass
53	1.098	26	5.18E-05	18	3.59E-05	69%	Pass
54	1.117	26	5.18E-05	15	2.99E-05	58%	Pass
55	1.136	25	4.99E-05	13	2.59E-05	52%	Pass
56	1.155	24	4.79E-05	12	2.39E-05	50%	Pass
57	1.174	23	4.59E-05	10	1.99E-05	43%	Pass
58	1.193	23	4.59E-05	10	1.99E-05	43%	Pass
59	1.212	23	4.59E-05	9	1.79E-05	39%	Pass
60	1.231	22	4.39E-05	9	1.79E-05	41%	Pass
61	1.250	22	4.39E-05	8	1.60E-05	36%	Pass
62	1.269	22	4.39E-05	8	1.60E-05	36%	Pass
63	1.288	22	4.39E-05	8	1.60E-05	36%	Pass
64	1.307	20	3.99E-05	7	1.40E-05	35%	Pass
65	1.326	20	3.99E-05	7	1.40E-05	35%	Pass
66	1.345	19	3.79E-05	7	1.40E-05	37%	Pass
67	1.364	19	3.79E-05	7	1.40E-05	37%	Pass
68	1.383	19	3.79E-05	7	1.40E-05	37%	Pass
69	1.402	19	3.79E-05	6	1.20E-05	32%	Pass
70	1.421	18	3.59E-05	6	1.20E-05	33%	Pass
71	1.440	17	3.39E-05	6	1.20E-05	35%	Pass
72	1.459	17	3.39E-05	5	9.97E-06	29%	Pass
73	1.478	15	2.99E-05	5	9.97E-06	33%	Pass
74	1.497	15	2.99E-05	5	9.97E-06	33%	Pass
75	1.515	15	2.99E-05	5	9.97E-06	33%	Pass
76	1.534	15	2.99E-05	5	9.97E-06	33%	Pass
77	1.553	15	2.99E-05	4	7.98E-06	27%	Pass
78	1.572	15	2.99E-05	4	7.98E-06	27%	Pass
79	1.591	15	2.99E-05	4	7.98E-06	27%	Pass
80	1.610	14	2.79E-05	3	5.98E-06	21%	Pass
81	1.629	14	2.79E-05	3	5.98E-06	21%	Pass
82	1.648	14	2.79E-05	2	3.99E-06	14%	Pass
83	1.667	14	2.79E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
84	1.686	14	2.79E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
85	1.705	10	1.99E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
86	1.724	10	1.99E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
87	1.743	10	1.99E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
88	1.762	10	1.99E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
89	1.781	9	1.79E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass

ALL PEOPLES CHURCH J-2936 2/9/2021

Interval	Pre-project Flow (cfs)	Pre-project Hours	Pre-project % Time Exceeding	Post- project Hours	Post-project % Time Exceeding	Percentage	Pass/Fail
90	1.800	9	1.79E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
91	1.819	9	1.79E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
92	1.838	8	1.60E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
93	1.857	7	1.40E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
94	1.876	7	1.40E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
95	1.895	7	1.40E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
96	1.914	7	1.40E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
97	1.933	6	1.20E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
98	1.952	6	1.20E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
99	1.971	6	1.20E-05	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass
100	1.990	5	9.97E-06	0	0.00E+00	0%	Pass

TOTAL WORK:

EROSION POTENTIAL (EP):

Project Name: All Peoples Church

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