# Carkel San Marcos Commercial Technical Appendices

## Appendix H Stormwater Quality Management Plan

#### **City of San Marcos**

#### PRIORITY DEVELOPMENT PROJECT (PDP) STORM WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT PLAN (SWQMP) **FOR San Marcos Coffee**

SP19-0004

0 San Marcos Blvd San Marcos, CA 92078

#### ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S):

APN: 219-270-60 **ENGINEER OF WORK:** 

Tory R. Walker **RCE 45005** 

#### PREPARED FOR:

Carkel San Marcos, LLC Attn: Brad Pinter 282 S. 95th Place Chandler, AZ 85224 602-471-7404

#### PDP SWQMP PREPARED BY:

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> DATE OF SWQMP: December 22, 2020

PLANS PREPARED BY: **Fuscoe Engineering** 6390 Greenwich Dr., Suite 170 San Diego, CA 92122 858-554-1500

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#### **ACRONYMS**

APN Assessor's Parcel Number
BMP Best Management Practice

HMP Hydromodification Management Plan

HSG Hydrologic Soil Group

MS4 Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System

N/A Not Applicable

NRCS Natural Resources Conservation Service

PDP Priority Development Project

PE Professional Engineer

SC Source Control SD Site Design

SDRWQCB San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board

SIC Standard Industrial Classification

SWQMP Storm Water Quality Management Plan

#### PDP SWQMP PREPARER'S CERTIFICATION PAGE

Project Name: San Marcos Coffee Permit Application Number: SP19-0004

#### PREPARER'S CERTIFICATION

I hereby declare that I am the Engineer in Responsible Charge of design of storm water best management practices (BMPs) for this project, and that I have exercised responsible charge over the design of the BMPs as defined in Section 6703 of the Business and Professions Code, and that the design is consistent with the PDP requirements of the City of San Marcos BMP Design Manual, which is a design manual for compliance with local City of San Marcos and regional MS4 Permit (California Regional Water Quality Control Board San Diego Region Order No. R9-2015-0100) requirements for storm water management.

I have read and understand that the [City Engineer] has adopted minimum requirements for managing urban runoff, including storm water, from land development activities, as described in the BMP Design Manual. I certify that this PDP SWQMP has been completed to the best of my ability and accurately reflects the project being proposed and the applicable BMPs proposed to minimize the potentially negative impacts of this project's land development activities on water quality. I understand and acknowledge that the plan check review of this PDP SWQMP by the [City Engineer] is confined to a review and does not relieve me, as the Engineer in Responsible Charge of design of storm water BMPs for this project, of my responsibilities for project design.

Engineer of Work's Signature, PE Number & Expiration D	Date
Tory R. Walker	
Print Name	<del></del>
Tory R. Walker Engineering Inc.	
Company	<del></del>
Date	Engineer's Seal:
· · ·	Engineer's Seal:

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#### PDP SWQMP PROJECT OWNER'S CERTIFICATION PAGE

Project Name: San Marcos Coffee Permit Application Number: SP19-0004

#### PROJECT OWNER'S CERTIFICATION

This PDP SWQMP has been prepared for <u>Carkel San Marcos, LLC</u> by <u>Tory R. Walker Engineering Inc</u>. The PDP SWQMP is intended to comply with the PDP requirements of the City of San Marcos BMP Design Manual, which is a design manual for compliance with local San Diego County Regional Quality Control Board and regional MS4 Permit (California Regional Water Quality Control Board San Diego Region Order No. R9-2015-0100) requirements for storm water management.

The undersigned, while it owns the subject property, is responsible for the implementation of the provisions of this plan. Once the undersigned transfers its interests in the property, its successor-in-interest shall bear the aforementioned responsibility to implement the best management practices (BMPs) described within this plan, including ensuring on-going operation and maintenance of structural BMPs. A signed copy of this document shall be available on the subject property into perpetuity.

Project Owner's Signature	
Print Name	
Company	
 Date	-

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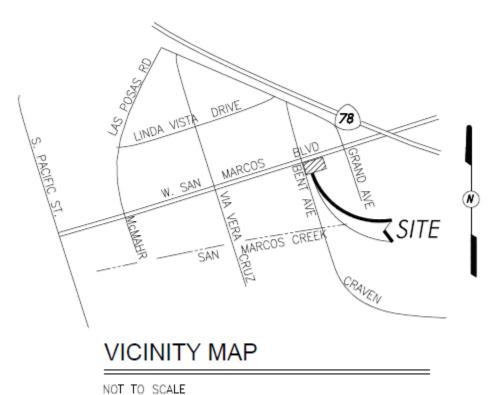
#### **SUBMITTAL RECORD**

Use this Table to keep a record of submittals of this PDP SWQMP. Each time the PDP SWQMP is resubmitted, provide the date and status of the project. In column 4 summarize the changes that have been made or indicate if response to plancheck comments is included. When applicable, insert response to plancheck comments behind this page.

Submittal Number	Date	Project Status	Summary of Changes
1	12/17/2019	XI Preliminary Design / Planning/ CEQA  ☐ Final Design	Initial Submittal
2	9/24/2020	X Preliminary Design / Planning/ CEQA  ☐ Final Design	Revised per comments and site plan revision
3	12/22/2020	X Preliminary Design / Planning/ CEQA  ☐ Final Design	Revised per comments and site plan revision
4		<ul><li>□ Preliminary Design /</li><li>Planning/ CEQA</li><li>□ Final Design</li></ul>	

#### PROJECT VICINITY MAP

Project Name: San Marcos Coffee Permit Application Number: SP19-0004



#### Applicability of Storm Water Best Management Practices (BMP) Requirements

(Storm Water Intake Form for all Development Permit Applications)

For detailed information please visit:

http://www.san-marcos.net/departments/development-services/stormwater/development-planning

Form I-1 [March 15,

	Project Identification		
Project Name: San Marcos Coffee			
Description: New single-tenant drive-thru building			
Permit Application Number (if applicable): SP19-00	Permit Application Number (if applicable): SP19-0004  Date:12/17		
Project Address: 0 San Marcos Blvd, San Marcos, C.	A 92078		
Deterr	mination of Requirements		
This form is required as part of the City's application development planning storm water requirements to	n process. The purpose of t		tial land
Development projects are defined as construction, rehabilitation, redevelopment, or reconstruction of any public or private projects. In addition, the identification of a development project, as it relates to storm water regulations, would truly apply to development and redevelopment activities that have the potential to contact storm water and contribute a source of pollutants, or reduce the natural absorption and infiltration abilities of the land.  To access the BMP Design Manual, Storm Water Quality Management Plan (SWQMP) templates, and other pertinent			
information related to this program please refer to <a href="http://www.san-marcos.net/departments/develop">http://www.san-marcos.net/departments/develop</a>		development-planning	
			and the second second
Please answer each of the following steps belo	ow, starting with Step 1 a reaching "Stop".	nd progressing through e	ach step until
	reaching Stop.		
Step	Answer	Progression	
Step 1: Based on the above, Is the project a		Go to Step 2.	
"development project" (See definition above)?	⊠ Yes		
See Section 1.3 of the BMP Design Manual for	□ No	Permanent BMP requirem	
further guidance if necessary.		apply. No SWQMP will be	·
Discussion / instification if the president is not a lider	alanment project!! /a a the	Provide brief discussion be	
Discussion / justification if the project is <u>not</u> a "dev within an existing building):	elopment project" (e.g., the	project includes <i>only</i> interio	r remodels
<b>Step 2:</b> Is the project a Standard Project, Priority Development Project (PDP), or exception to PDP definitions?	☐ Standard Project	Only Standard Project req apply, including Standard SWQMP. STOP.	<u>Project</u>
To answer this item, complete Form I-2, Project Type Determination. See Section 1.4 of the BMP	⊠ PDP	Standard and PDP require including PDP SWQMP. G the following page.	o to Step 3 on
Design Manual <i>in its entirety</i> for guidance.  In addition to Section 1.4, please refer to the City's SWQMP Submittal Requirements form.	☐ Exception to PDP definitions	Standard Project requirem and any additional require specific to the type of prodiscussion and list any addrequirements below. Prep	ements lect. Provide litional

Project SWQMP. STOP.

Discussion / justification, and additional requirements for exceptions to PDP definitions, if applicable:				
Fo	orm I-1 Page 2, F	orm Date: March 15, 2016		
<b>Step 3 (PDPs only).</b> Please answer the list reply to the proposed PDP. Does the pro-	•	this section to determine if hydromodification requirements		
Step 3a. Discharge storm water	□Yes	STOP. Hydromodification requirements do not apply.		
runoff directly to the Pacific Ocean?	⊠ No	Continue to Step 3b.		
<b>Step 3b.</b> Discharge storm water runoff directly to an enclosed	□Yes	<b>STOP</b> . Hydromodification requirements do not apply.		
embayment, not within protected areas?	ĭ No	Continue to Step 3c.		
<b>Step 3c.</b> Discharge storm water runoff directly to a water storage	□Yes	<b>STOP</b> . Hydromodification requirements do not apply.		
reservoir or lake, below spillway or normal operating level?	⊠ No	Continue to Step 3d.		
Step 3d. Discharge storm water	□Yes	<b>STOP</b> . Hydromodification requirements do not apply.		
runoff directly to an area identified in WMAA?	ĭ No	Hydromodification requirements apply to the project. Go to Step 4.		
Discussion / justification if hydromodification control requirements do <u>not</u> apply:				
Step 4 (PDPs subject to hydromodification control requirements only). Does protection	□Yes	Management measures required for protection of critical coarse sediment yield areas (Chapter 6.2). Stop.		
of critical coarse sediment yield areas apply based on review of WMAA Potential Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Area Map? See Section 6.2 of the BMP Design Manual for guidance.	⊠ No	Management measures not required for protection of critical coarse sediment yield areas.  Provide brief discussion below.  Stop.		

			<b>Project Type Determination Checklist</b>	<b>Form I-2</b> [March 15, 2016]	
			Project Information	[	
Proje	Project Name/Description: San Marcos Coffee				
Perm	it Appli	catior	Number (if applicable): SP19-0004	Date: December 22, 2020	
Proje	ct Addr	ess: 0	San Marcos Blvd, San Marcos, CA 92078		
	Pro	ject T	ype Determination: Standard Project or Priority D	Development Project (PDP)	
	-		ect one): 🗹 New Development 🗆 Redevelopme		
		•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u>8,653</u> ft <sup>2</sup> ( <u>0.43</u> ) acres	
			ny of the following categories, (a) through (f)?		
Yes	No	(a)	New development projects that create 10,000 squ	·	
			surfaces (collectively over the entire project site).		
	industrial, residential, mixed-use, and public development projects on public or				
Yes	No	(b)	private land.  Redevelopment projects that create and/or repla	so E 000 square fact or more of	
	₩.	(b)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Ш	impervious surface (collectively over the entire project site on an existing site of 10,000 square feet or more of impervious surfaces). This includes commercial,				
			industrial, residential, mixed-use, and public deve	· ·	
	private land.				
Yes	No	(c)	New and redevelopment projects that create and	/or replace 5,000 square feet or	
$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	☐ more of impervious surface (collectively over the entire project site), and support				
			one or more of the following uses:		
(i) Restaurants. This category is defined as a facility that sells prepared foods					
			and drinks for consumption, including s	•	
			refreshment stands selling prepared for	ods and drinks for immediate	
			consumption (Standard Industrial Class	ification (SIC) code 5812).	
			(ii) Hillside development projects. This cate	egory includes development on any	
	natural slope that is twenty-five percent or greater.				
			(iii) Parking lots. This category is defined as	s a land area or facility for the	
			temporary parking or storage of motor	vehicles used personally, for	
			business, or for commerce.		
			(iv) Streets, roads, highways, freeways, and	d driveways. This category is defined	
			as any paved impervious surface used f	or the transportation of	
			automobiles, trucks, motorcycles, and o	other vehicles.	

Form I-2 Page 2, Form Date: March 15, 2016			
Yes	No	(d)	New or redevelopment projects that create and/or replace 2,500 square feet or
			more of impervious surface (collectively over the entire project site), and discharging
			directly to an Environmentally Sensitive Area (ESA). "Discharging directly to" includes
			flow that is conveyed overland a distance of 200 feet or less from the project to the
			ESA, or conveyed in a pipe or open channel any distance as an isolated flow from the
			project to the ESA (i.e. not commingled with flows from adjacent lands).
			Note: ESAs are areas that include but are not limited to all Clean Water Act
			Section 303(d) impaired water bodies; areas designated as Areas of Special
			Biological Significance by the State Water Board and San Diego Water Board;
			State Water Quality Protected Areas; water bodies designated with the RARE
			beneficial use by the State Water Board and San Diego Water Board; and any
			other equivalent environmentally sensitive areas which have been identified by
			the Copermittees. See BMP Design Manual Section 1.4.2 for additional
			guidance.
Yes	No	(e)	New development projects, or redevelopment projects that create and/or replace
			5,000 square feet or more of impervious surface, that support one or more of the
			following uses:
			(i) Automotive repair shops. This category is defined as a facility that is
			categorized in any one of the following SIC codes: 5013, 5014, 5541, 7532-
			7534, or 7536-7539.
			(ii) Retail gasoline outlets (RGOs). This category includes RGOs that meet the
			following criteria: (a) 5,000 square feet or more or (b) a projected Average
			Daily Traffic (ADT) of 100 or more vehicles per day.
Yes	No	(f)	New or redevelopment projects that result in the disturbance of one or more acres
	<b>☑</b>	('')	of land and are expected to generate pollutants post construction.
	_		Note: See BMP Design Manual Section 1.4.2 for additional guidance.
			Note. See Birit Besign Manual Section 1.4.2 for additional galacinee.
Does	the pro	oiect r	meet the definition of one or more of the Priority Development Project categories (a)
	•	-	above?
	•		ct is <u>not</u> a Priority Development Project (Standard Project).
	-	-	ect is a Priority Development Project (PDP).
		, ,	and the state of t
The fo	ollowin	g is fo	or redevelopment PDPs only:
		Ü	
The a	rea of	existir	ng (pre-project) impervious area at the project site is: - ft² (A)
			d newly created or replaced impervious area is - ft <sup>2</sup> (B)
			us surface created or replaced (B/A)*100: 77%
	-		rvious surface created or replaced is (select one based on the above calculation):
		•	or equal to fifty percent (50%) – only new impervious areas are considered PDP
	OR		
		er tha	an fifty percent (50%) – the entire project site is a PDP
	0 - 5 - 1		, 1 ( / p -)

Site Inf	Form I-3B (PDPs)	
	For PDPs	[March 15, 2016]
Project S	Summary Information	
Project Name	San Marcos Coffee	
Project Address	0 San Marcos Blvd, Sai	n Marcos, CA 92078
Assessor's Parcel Number(s) (APN(s))	219-270-60	
Permit Application Number	SP19-0004	
Project Hydrologic Unit	Select One:  Santa Margarita 902  San Luis Rey 903  Carlsbad 904  San Dieguito 905  Penasquitos 906  San Diego 907  Pueblo San Diego 90  Sweetwater 909  Otay 910  Tijuana 911	
Project Watershed (Complete Hydrologic Unit, Area, and Subarea Name with Numeric Identifier)	Carlsbad, San Marcos,	Richland, 904.62
Parcel Area (total area of Assessor's Parcel(s) associated with the project)		451 Square Feet)
Area to be Disturbed by the Project (Project Area)		3,451 Square Feet)
Project Proposed Impervious Area (subset of Project Area)		3,653 Square Feet)
Project Proposed Pervious Area (subset of Project Area)		1,798 Square Feet)
Note: Proposed Impervious Area + Proposed F This may be less than the Parcel Area.	Pervious Area = Area to be [	Disturbed by the Project.

Form I-3B Page 2 of 10, Form Date: March 15, 2016
Description of Existing Site Condition
Current Status of the Site (select all that apply):
☐ Existing development
☐ Previously graded but not built out
☐ Demolition completed without new construction
☐ Agricultural or other non-impervious use
☑ Vacant, undeveloped/natural
Description / Additional Information:
The proposed project site is vacant and undeveloped, bounded by the existing San Marcos Blvd and Bent
Ave to the north and west, respectively, and existing commercial development to the east and south.
Existing Land Cover Includes (select all that apply):
□ Vegetative Cover
☑ Non-Vegetated Pervious Areas
☐ Impervious Areas
Description / Additional Information:
The proposed project site is currently barren, graded dirt.
Underlying Soil belongs to Hydrologic Soil Group (select all that apply):
□ NRCS Type A
□ NRCS Type B
☑ NRCS Type C
□ NRCS Type D
Approximate Depth to Groundwater (GW):
☐ GW Depth < 5 feet
☐ 5 feet < GW Depth < 10 feet
☑ 10 feet < GW Depth < 20 feet
☐ GW Depth > 20 feet
Existing Natural Hydrologic Features (select all that apply):
□ Watercourses
□ Seeps
□ Springs
□ Wetlands
☑ None
Description / Additional Information:

#### Form I-3B Page 3 of 10, Form Date: March 15, 2016

#### **Description of Existing Site Drainage Patterns**

How is storm water runoff conveyed from the site? At a minimum, this description should answer:

- (1) whether existing drainage conveyance is natural or urban;
- (2) Is runoff from offsite conveyed through the site? if yes, quantify all offsite drainage areas, design flows, and locations where offsite flows enter the project site, and summarize how such flows are conveyed through the site;
- (3)Provide details regarding existing project site drainage conveyance network, including any existing storm drains, concrete channels, swales, detention facilities, storm water treatment facilities, natural or constructed channels; and
- (4) Identify all discharge locations from the existing project site along with a summary of conveyance system size and capacity for each of the discharge locations. Provide summary of the pre-project drainage areas and design flows to each of the existing runoff discharge locations.

Describe existing site drainage patterns:

Existing stormwater conveyance is considered natural, though the site has been previously graded and is seasonally mowed/cleared for weed and fire abatement. There is no runon, and rainfall is conveyed via sheetflow in a southwesterly direction to Bent Avenue. All 0.54 acres drain to this discharge point.

### Form I-3B Page 4 of 10, Form Date: March 15, 2016 Description of Proposed Site Development

Project Description / Proposed Land Use and/or Activities: Proposed development will include a restaurant with patio, associated trash enclosure, drive aisles, parking spaces, and a water quality basin. Access to the development will continue to be provided by a driveway off Bent Avenue with an additional driveway off San Marcos Boulevard. Associated improvements are anticipated to consist of wet and dry utilities, hardscape, and landscaping. List/describe proposed impervious features of the project (e.g., buildings, roadways, parking lots, courtyards, athletic courts, other impervious features): Parking, drive aisle, building roof, hardscape List/describe proposed pervious features of the project (e.g., landscape areas): Landscape Does the project include grading and changes to site topography? ☐ Yes ☑ No Description / Additional Information: N/A

Description of Proposed Site Drainage Patterns
Does the project include changes to site drainage (e.g., installation of new storm water conveyance
systems)?
☑ Yes
□ No
If yes, provide details regarding the proposed project site drainage conveyance network, including storm drains, concrete channels, swales, detention facilities, storm water treatment facilities, natural or constructed channels, and the method for conveying offsite flows through or around the proposed project site. Identify all discharge locations from the proposed project site along with a summary of the conveyance system size and capacity for each of the discharge locations. Provide a summary of pre- and post-project drainage areas and design flows to each of the runoff discharge locations. Reference the drainage study for detailed calculations.
Describe proposed site drainage patterns:
The project proposes installation of curb and gutter, ribbon gutter, a tree well, proprietary biofiltration, an underground detention system, and a pump system to discharge flows to the curb and gutter on Bent Avenue.
Storm flows will be routed to the proprietary biofiltration unit to satisfy treatment control requirements, then to the underground storage structure to satisfy flow control requirements. A pump is proposed to drain the underground storage to the curb and gutter on Bent Ave. The pump will discharge at a rate not in exceedance of the low flow threshold, and will be specified in engineering.

F
Form I-3B Page 6 of 10, Form Date: March 15, 2016
Identify whether any of the following features, activities, and/or pollutant source areas will be present
(select all that apply):
☑ On-site storm drain inlets
☐ Interior floor drains and elevator shaft sump pumps
☐ Interior parking garages
☑ Need for future indoor & structural pest control
☑ Landscape/Outdoor Pesticide Use
$\square$ Pools, spas, ponds, decorative fountains, and other water features
☑ Food service
☑ Refuse areas
☐ Industrial processes
☐ Outdoor storage of equipment or materials
☐ Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning
☐ Vehicle/Equipment Repair and Maintenance
☐ Fuel Dispensing Areas
□ Loading Docks
☑ Fire Sprinkler Test Water
☐ Miscellaneous Drain or Wash Water
☑ Plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots
Description / Additional Information:

#### Form I-3B Page 7 of 10, Form Date: March 15, 2016

#### **Identification and Narrative of Receiving Water and Pollutants of Concern**

Describe flow path of storm water from the project site discharge location(s), through urban storm conveyance systems as applicable, to receiving creeks, rivers, and lagoons as applicable, and ultimate discharge to the Pacific Ocean (or bay, lagoon, lake or reservoir, as applicable):

Storm water from the proposed project site drains to San Marcos Creek, Batiquitos Lagoon, and the Pacific Ocean

List any 303(d) impaired water bodies within the path of storm water from the project site to the Pacific Ocean (or bay, lagoon, lake or reservoir, as applicable), identify the pollutant(s)/stressor(s) causing impairment, and identify any TMDLs and/or Highest Priority Pollutants from the WQIP for the impaired water bodies:

		TMDLs / WQIP Highest Priority
303(d) Impaired Water Body	Pollutant(s)/Stressor(s)	Pollutant
San Marcos Creek	DDE, Phosphorous, Sediment	
	Toxicity, Selenum	
Batiquitos Lagoon	DDE, Phosphorous, Sediment	
	Toxicity, Selenum	
Pacific Ocean		

#### **Identification of Project Site Pollutants\***

Identify pollutants expected from the project site based on all proposed use(s) of the site (see BMP Design Manual Appendix B.6):

2 congrit mariaar ripperrant	Not Applicable to the	Expected from the	Also a Receiving Water
Pollutant	Project Site	Project Site	Pollutant of Concern
Sediment			
Nutrients			
Heavy Metals			
Organic Compounds			
Trash & Debris			
Oxygen Demanding Substances			
Oil & Grease			
Bacteria & Viruses			
Pesticides			

<sup>\*</sup>Identification of project site pollutants is only required if flow-thru treatment BMPs are implemented onsite in lieu of retention or biofiltration BMPs (note the project must also participate in an alternative compliance program unless prior lawful approval to meet earlier PDP requirements is demonstrated)

Form I-3B Page 8 of 10, Form Date: March 15, 2016
Hydromodification Management Requirements
Do hydromodification management requirements apply (see Section 1.6 of the BMP Design Manual)?  ✓ Yes, hydromodification management flow control structural BMPs required.  ☐ No, the project will discharge runoff directly to existing underground storm drains discharging directly to water storage reservoirs, lakes, enclosed embayments, or the Pacific Ocean.  ☐ No, the project will discharge runoff directly to conveyance channels whose bed and bank are concrete-lined all the way from the point of discharge to water storage reservoirs, lakes, enclosed embayments, or the Pacific Ocean.  ☐ No, the project will discharge runoff directly to an area identified as appropriate for an exemption by the WMAA for the watershed in which the project resides.  Description / Additional Information (to be provided if a 'No' answer has been selected above):
Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas*  *This Section only required if hydromodification management requirements apply
Based on the maps provided within the WMAA, do potential critical coarse sediment yield areas exist within the project drainage boundaries?  ☐ Yes ☐ No, No critical coarse sediment yield areas to be protected based on WMAA maps  If yes, have any of the optional analyses presented in Section 6.2 of the BMP Design Manual been performed? ☐ 6.2.1 Verification of Geomorphic Landscape Units (GLUs) Onsite ☐ 6.2.2 Downstream Systems Sensitivity to Coarse Sediment ☐ 6.2.3 Optional Additional Analysis of Potential Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas Onsite ☐ No optional analyses performed, the project will avoid critical coarse sediment yield areas identified based on WMAA maps  If optional analyses were performed, what is the final result?
<ul> <li>□ No critical coarse sediment yield areas to be protected based on verification of GLUs onsite</li> <li>□ Critical coarse sediment yield areas exist but additional analysis has determined that protection is not required. Documentation attached in Attachment 2.b of the SWQMP.</li> <li>□ Critical coarse sediment yield areas exist and require protection. The project will implement management measures described in Sections 6.2.4 and 6.2.5 as applicable, and the areas are identified on the SWQMP Exhibit.</li> <li>Discussion / Additional Information:</li> </ul>

#### Form I-3B Page 9 of 10, Form Date: March 15, 2016

#### Flow Control for Post-Project Runoff\*

#### \*This Section only required if hydromodification management requirements apply

List and describe point(s) of compliance (POCs) for flow control for hydromodification management (see Section 6.3.1). For each POC, provide a POC identification name or number correlating to the project's HMP Exhibit and a receiving channel identification name or number correlating to the project's HMP Exhibit.

The proposed project's POC is located at the Bent Avenue intersection with San Marcos Creek. From the project site, flows are routed to the curb and gutter on the west side of Bent Avenue, and are discharged to San Marcos Creek at the terminus of the curb and gutter.

Has a geomorphic assessment been performed for the receiving channel(s)?
☑ No, the low flow threshold is 0.1Q2 (default low flow threshold)
$\square$ Yes, the result is the low flow threshold is 0.1Q2
$\square$ Yes, the result is the low flow threshold is 0.3Q2
$\square$ Yes, the result is the low flow threshold is 0.5Q2
If a geomorphic assessment has been performed, provide title, date, and preparer:
Discussion / Additional Information: (optional)
2.3500535017, Additional Information (optional)

FOITH 1-3D Fage 10 01 10, FOITH Date. Watch 13, 2010
Other Site Requirements and Constraints
When applicable, list other site requirements or constraints that will influence storm water
management design, such as zoning requirements including setbacks and open space, or local codes
governing minimum street width, sidewalk construction, allowable pavement types, and drainage
requirements.
requirements.
The project site offers limited vertical relief and no adjacent storm drain or other tie in point. This limits
what would be considered typical flow control modeling, as pumps are required to mimic existing
condition storm flows.
Optional Additional Information or Continuation of Previous Sections As Needed
•
This space provided for additional information or continuation of information from previous sections as
needed.

## Source Control BMP Checklist for All Development Projects (Standard Projects and Priority Development Projects)

Form I-4 [March 15, 2016]

(Standard Projects and Priority Development Projects)			
Project Identification			
Project Name: San Marcos Coffee			
Permit Application Number: SP19-0004			
Source Control BMPs			
All development projects must implement source control BMPs SC-1 th feasible. See Chapter 4 and Appendix E of the Model BMP Design Manu source control BMPs shown in this checklist.	_		
<ul> <li>Answer each category below pursuant to the following.</li> <li>"Yes" means the project will implement the source control BMP as described in Chapter 4 and/or Appendix E of the Model BMP Design Manual. Discussion / justification is not required.</li> <li>"No" means the BMP is applicable to the project but it is not feasible to implement. Discussion / justification must be provided.</li> <li>"N/A" means the BMP is not applicable at the project site because the project does not include the feature that is addressed by the BMP (e.g., the project has no outdoor materials storage areas). Discussion / justification may be provided.</li> </ul>			
Source Control Requirement		Applied?	)
SC-1 Prevention of Illicit Discharges into the MS4	☑ Yes	□No	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if SC-1 not implemented:			
SC-2 Storm Drain Stenciling or Signage		□No	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if SC-2 not implemented:			
<b>SC-3</b> Protect Outdoor Materials Storage Areas from Rainfall, Run-On, Runoff, and Wind Dispersal		□No	☑ N/A
Discussion / justification if SC-3 not implemented:			
Run-On, Runoff, and Wind Dispersal	SC-4 Protect Materials Stored in Outdoor Work Areas from Rainfall, ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ N/A Run-On, Runoff, and Wind Dispersal ☐ No ☐ N/A		
Discussion / justification if SC-4 not implemented:			

Form I-4 Page 2 of 2, Form Date: March 15, 2016			
Source Control Requirement		Applied?	
SC-5 Protect Trash Storage Areas from Rainfall, Run-On, Runoff, and	☑ Yes	□No	□ N/A
Wind Dispersal			
Discussion / justification if SC-5 not implemented:			
SC-6 Additional BMPs Based on Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants			
(must answer for each source listed below)			
☑On-site storm drain inlets	☑ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
☐ Interior floor drains and elevator shaft sump pumps	☐ Yes	□ No	☑ N/A
☐ Interior parking garages	☐ Yes	□ No	☑ N/A
☑Need for future indoor & structural pest control	☑ Yes	□ No	□ N/A
☐ Landscape/Outdoor Pesticide Use	☐ Yes	□ No	☑ N/A
$\square$ Pools, spas, ponds, decorative fountains, and other water features	☐ Yes	□ No	☑ N/A
☑Food service	☑ Yes	□No	□ N/A
☑Refuse areas	☑ Yes	□No	□ N/A
☐ Industrial processes	☐ Yes	□No	☑ N/A
☐ Outdoor storage of equipment or materials	☐ Yes	□No	☑ N/A
☐ Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning	☐ Yes	□No	☑ N/A
☐ Vehicle/Equipment Repair and Maintenance	☐ Yes	□No	☑ N/A
☐ Fuel Dispensing Areas	□Yes	□No	☑ N/A
☐ Loading Docks	☐ Yes	□No	☑ N/A
☑Fire Sprinkler Test Water	☑ Yes	□No	□ N/A
☐ Miscellaneous Drain or Wash Water	□Yes	□No	☑ N/A
☑Plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots	☑ Yes	□No	□ N/A
		_	
Discussion / justification if SC-6 not implemented. Clearly identify which sources of runoff pollutants are			
discussed. Justification must be provided for <u>all</u> "No" answers shown al	oove.		

#### Site Design BMP Checklist for All Development Projects (Standard Projects and Priority Development Projects)

Form I-5 [March 15, 2016]

/Civil Indiana				
(Standard Projects and Priority Development Projects)				
Project Identification				
Project Name: San Marcos Coffee				
Permit Application Number: SP19-0004				
Site Design BMPs				
All development projects must implement site design BMPs SD-1 through feasible. See Chapter 4 and Appendix E of the Model BMP Design Manusite design BMPs shown in this checklist.				
<ul> <li>Answer each category below pursuant to the following.</li> <li>"Yes" means the project will implement the site design BMP as described in Chapter 4 and/or Appendix E of the Model BMP Design Manual. Discussion / justification is not required.</li> <li>"No" means the BMP is applicable to the project but it is not feasible to implement. Discussion / justification must be provided.</li> <li>"N/A" means the BMP is not applicable at the project site because the project does not include the feature that is addressed by the BMP (e.g., the project site has no existing natural areas to conserve). Discussion / justification may be provided.</li> </ul>				
Site Design Requirement		Applied	·	
<b>SD-1</b> Maintain Natural Drainage Pathways and Hydrologic Features	☐ Yes	□ No	☑ N/A	
Discussion / justification if SD-1 not implemented:		1		
SD-2 Conserve Natural Areas, Soils, and Vegetation	☑ Yes	□ No	□ N/A	
Discussion / justification if SD-2 not implemented:				
SD-3 Minimize Impervious Area	☑ Yes	□No	□ N/A	
Discussion / justification if SD-3 not implemented:				
SD-4 Minimize Soil Compaction	☑ Yes	□ No	□ N/A	
Discussion / justification if SD-4 not implemented:				
SD-5 Impervious Area Dispersion	□ Yes	☑ No	□ N/A	
Discussion / justification if SD-5 not implemented:  Impervious areas will drain to landscaped areas when feasible, however, these landscaped areas do not meet all SD-5 criteria, and it's infeasible to alter them to satisfy all SD-5 criteria.				

Form I-5 Page 2 of 2, Form Date: March 15, 2016				
Site Design Requirement		Applied?		
SD-6 Runoff Collection	□ Yes	☑ No	□ N/A	
Discussion / justification if SD-6 not implemented:				
Permeable pavers are cost prohibitive for this project.				
		1	,	
<b>SD-7</b> Landscaping with Native or Drought Tolerant Species	☑ Yes	□No	□ N/A	
Discussion / justification if SD-7 not implemented:				
SD-8 Harvesting and Using Precipitation	□ Yes	☑ No	□ N/A	
Discussion / justification if SD-8 not implemented:				
Limited landscaping and business operations make harvest and reuse as a site design BMP infeasible.				

#### **Summary of PDP Structural BMPs**

Form I-6 (PDPs)
[March 15, 2016]

#### **Project Identification**

Project Name: San Marcos Coffee
Permit Application Number: SP19-0004

#### **PDP Structural BMPs**

All PDPs must implement structural BMPs for storm water pollutant control (see Chapter 5 of the BMP Design Manual). Selection of PDP structural BMPs for storm water pollutant control must be based on the selection process described in Chapter 5. PDPs subject to hydromodification management requirements must also implement structural BMPs for flow control for hydromodification management (see Chapter 6 of the BMP Design Manual). Both storm water pollutant control and flow control for hydromodification management can be achieved within the same structural BMP(s).

PDP structural BMPs must be verified by the local jurisdiction at the completion of construction. This may include requiring the project owner or project owner's representative and engineer of record to certify construction of the structural BMPs (see Section 1.12 of the BMP Design Manual). PDP structural BMPs must be maintained into perpetuity, and the local jurisdiction must confirm the maintenance (see Section 7 of the BMP Design Manual).

Use this form to provide narrative description of the general strategy for structural BMP implementation at the project site in the box below. Then complete the PDP structural BMP summary information sheet (page 3 of this form) for each structural BMP within the project (copy the BMP summary information page as many times as needed to provide summary information for each individual structural BMP).

Describe the general strategy for structural BMP implementation at the site. This information must describe how the steps for selecting and designing storm water pollutant control BMPs presented in Section 5.1 of the BMP Design Manual were followed, and the results (type of BMPs selected). For projects requiring hydromodification flow control BMPs, indicate whether pollutant control and flow control BMPs are integrated or separate.

The existing grades of the property are within 15 feet of the soils engineer's measured depth to groundwater, so assuming a 3-5ft deep infiltration system, and seasonally high groundwater, infiltration is infeasible due to a lack of groundwater separation. In addition, NRCS mapping shows the site is underlain by hydrologic soil group Type C soils, which contain poor infiltration rates. Demand is too low for harvest and reuse to be feasible, so biofiltration was selected, specifically proprietary biofiltration.

Bioclean's ModularWetlands was selected, as this option will accommodate parking needs and meets all treatment requirements set forth in the BMP Design Manual. Underground storage was selected and sized per the county's BMP Design Manual cistern sizing factors. Our intention is to use EPA SWMM to model the proposed project to downsize the system in the engineering phase of the project, but the stormwater design will remain conceptually unchanged.

(Continue on page 2 as necessary.)

Form I-6 Page 2 of 4, Form Date: March 15, 2016
(Page reserved for continuation of description of general strategy for structural BMP implementation
at the site)
(Continued from page 1)

#### Form I-6 Page 3 of 4 (Copy as many as needed) Form Date: March 15, 2016 **Structural BMP Summary Information** (Copy this page as needed to provide information for each individual proposed structural BMP) Structural BMP ID No. 1A Construction Plan Sheet No. TBD Type of structural BMP: ☐ Retention by harvest and use (HU-1) ☐ Retention by infiltration basin (INF-1) ☐ Retention by bioretention (INF-2) ☐ Retention by permeable pavement (INF-3) ☐ Partial retention by biofiltration with partial retention (PR-1) ☐ Biofiltration (BF-1) ☐ Biofiltration with Nutrient Sensitive Media Design (BF-2) ☑ Proprietary Biofiltration (BF-3) meeting all requirements of Appendix F ☐ Flow-thru treatment control with prior lawful approval to meet earlier PDP requirements (provide BMP type/description in discussion section below) ☐ Flow-thru treatment control included as pre-treatment/forebay for an onsite retention or biofiltration BMP (provide BMP type/description and indicate which onsite retention or biofiltration BMP it serves in discussion section below) ☐ Flow-thru treatment control with alternative compliance (provide BMP type/description in discussion section below) ☐ Detention pond or vault for hydromodification management ☐ Other (describe in discussion section below) Purpose: ☑ Pollutant control only ☐ Hydromodification control only ☐ Combined pollutant control and hydromodification control ☐ Pre-treatment/forebay for another structural BMP ☐ Other (describe in discussion section below) Who will certify construction of this BMP? **TBD** Provide name and contact information for the party responsible to sign BMP verification forms if required by the [City Engineer] (See Section 1.12 of the BMP Design Manual) Who will be the final owner of this BMP? TBD Who will maintain this BMP into perpetuity? **TBD**

**TBD** 

What is the funding mechanism for maintenance?

#### Form I-6 Page 4 of 4 (Copy as many as needed) Form Date: March 15, 2016 **Structural BMP Summary Information** (Copy this page as needed to provide information for each individual proposed structural BMP) Structural BMP ID No. 1B Construction Plan Sheet No. TBD Type of structural BMP: ☐ Retention by harvest and use (HU-1) ☐ Retention by infiltration basin (INF-1) ☐ Retention by bioretention (INF-2) ☐ Retention by permeable pavement (INF-3) ☐ Partial retention by biofiltration with partial retention (PR-1) ☐ Biofiltration (BF-1) ☐ Biofiltration with Nutrient Sensitive Media Design (BF-2) ☐ Proprietary Biofiltration (BF-3) meeting all requirements of Appendix F ☐ Flow-thru treatment control with prior lawful approval to meet earlier PDP requirements (provide BMP type/description in discussion section below) ☐ Flow-thru treatment control included as pre-treatment/forebay for an onsite retention or biofiltration BMP (provide BMP type/description and indicate which onsite retention or biofiltration BMP it serves in discussion section below) ☐ Flow-thru treatment control with alternative compliance (provide BMP type/description in discussion section below) ☑ Detention pond or vault for hydromodification management ☐ Other (describe in discussion section below) Purpose: ☐ Pollutant control only ✓ Hydromodification control only ☐ Combined pollutant control and hydromodification control ☐ Pre-treatment/forebay for another structural BMP ☐ Other (describe in discussion section below) Who will certify construction of this BMP? **TBD** Provide name and contact information for the party responsible to sign BMP verification forms if required by the [City Engineer] (See Section 1.12 of the BMP Design Manual) Who will be the final owner of this BMP? TBD Who will maintain this BMP into perpetuity? **TBD**

**TBD** 

What is the funding mechanism for maintenance?

### ATTACHMENT 1 BACKUP FOR PDP POLLUTANT CONTROL BMPS

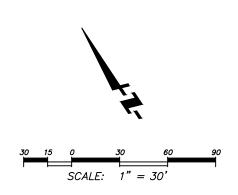
This is the cover sheet for Attachment 1.

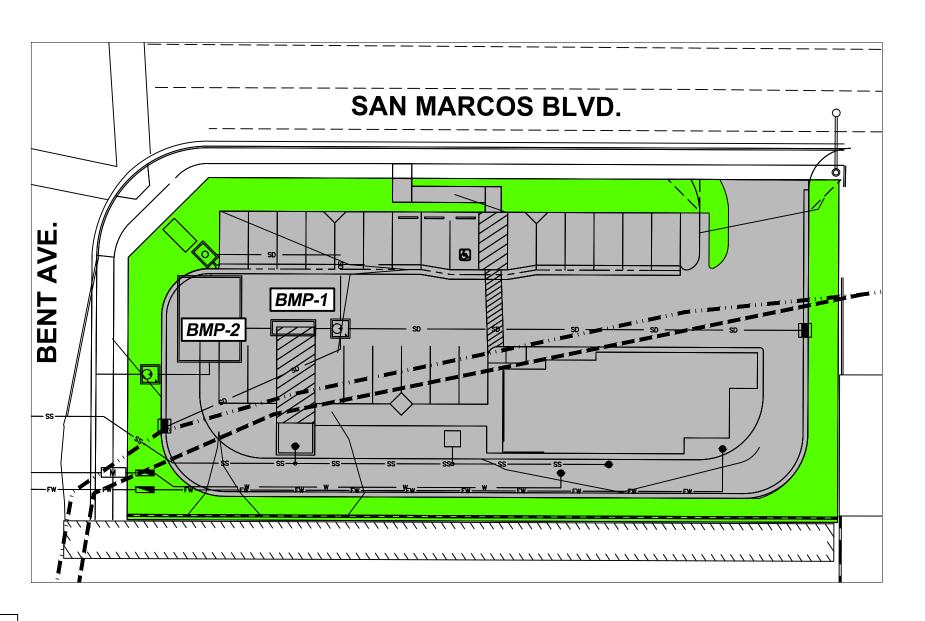
#### Indicate which Items are Included behind this cover sheet:

Attachment Sequence	Contents	Checklist
Attachment 1a	DMA Exhibit (Required)  See DMA Exhibit Checklist on the back of	☑ Included
	this Attachment cover sheet.	
Attachment 1b	Tabular Summary of DMAs Showing DMA ID matching DMA Exhibit, DMA Area, and DMA Type (Required)*	☑ Included on DMA Exhibit in Attachment 1a □ Included as Attachment 1b, separate
	*Provide table in this Attachment OR on	from DMA Exhibit
	DMA Exhibit in Attachment 1a	
Attachment 1c	Form I-7, Harvest and Use Feasibility Screening Checklist (Required unless the entire project will use infiltration BMPs)	☐ Included ☐ Not included because the entire project will use infiltration BMPs
	Refer to Appendix B.3-1 of the BMP Design Manual to complete Form I-7.	
Attachment 1d	Form I-8, Categorization of Infiltration Feasibility Condition (Required unless the project will use harvest and use BMPs)	☐ Included ☐ Not included because the entire project will use harvest and use BMPs
	Refer to Appendices C and D of the BMP Design Manual to complete Form I-8.	
Attachment 1e	Pollutant Control BMP Design Worksheets / Calculations (Required)	☑ Included
	Refer to Appendices B and E of the BMP Design Manual for structural pollutant control BMP design guidelines	

#### Use this checklist to ensure the required information has been included on the DMA Exhibit:

The DMA Exhibit must identify: ✓ Underlying hydrologic soil group ☑ Approximate depth to groundwater ☐ Existing natural hydrologic features (watercourses, seeps, springs, wetlands) N/A ☐ Critical coarse sediment yield areas to be protected **N/A** ☑ Existing topography and impervious areas ☐ Existing and proposed site drainage network and connections to drainage offsite N/A ☐ Proposed demolition **N/A** ✓ Proposed grading ✓ Proposed impervious features ☑ Proposed design features and surface treatments used to minimize imperviousness ☑ Drainage management area (DMA) boundaries, DMA ID numbers, and DMA areas (square footage or acreage), and DMA type (i.e., drains to BMP, self-retaining, or self-mitigating) ☑ Potential pollutant source areas and corresponding required source controls (see Chapter 4, Appendix E.1, and Form I-3B) ☑ Structural BMPs (identify location, type of BMP, and size/detail)





#### OWNER

Carkel San Marcos, LLC 282 S. 95th Place Chandler, AZ 85224

CONTACT: BRAD PINTER (602) 471-7404

#### SITE ADDRESS

SM BLVD. @ BENT, SAN MARCOS, CA 92069

#### SITE AREA

0.55 ACRES (GROSS) 0.55 ACRES (NET)

#### ASSESSORS PARCEL NO.

APN: 219-270-60

#### FLOOD ZONE

FEMA FLOOD ZONE AE MAP NO. 06073C0793G MAP REVISED MAY 16, 2012

#### PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

PROPOSED COFFEE DRIVE-THRU PARKING - LANDSCAPING

IMPERVIOUS	18124 SF
PERVIOUS	5327 SF
TOTAL SITE AREA	23451 SF

77% IMPERVIOUS

**IMPERVIOUS** AREA





- NOTES: 1. SITE IS UNDERLAIN BY HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP TYPE C
- 2. APPROXIMATE DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER IS 15 FEET PER GEOTECH REPORT.. GROUNDWATER NOT CONSIDERED TO BE A FACTOR IN SITE DEVELOPMENT.
- 3. NO CRITICAL COARSE SEDIMENT YIELD AREAS EXIST ONSITE
- 4. ALL SLOPES WILL BE STABILIZED WITH FIBER ROLLS AND/OR SILT FENCE 8. ALL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES WILL BE STABILIZED BY GRAVEL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AND SILT FENCE

DECEMBER 22, 2020



**DMA EXHIBIT** 

COFFEE DRIVE-THRU SM @ BENT

Harvest and	Use Feasibility Checklist	Form I-7				
1. Is there a demand for harvested we the wet season?  Toilet and urinal flushing Landscape irrigation Other:	ater (check all that apply) at the project s	ite that is reliably present during				
Guidance for planning level demand in Section B.3.2.  [Provide a summary of calculations h		-				
3. Calculate the DCV using workshe DCV = (cubic feet)	et B-2.1.					
3a. Is the 36 hour demand greater than or equal to the DCV?  ☐ Yes / ☐ No ➡	3b. Is the 36 hour demand greater than 0.25DCV but less than the full DCV?  ☐ Yes / ☐ No ➡	3c. Is the 36 hour demand less than 0.25DCV?  Yes				
	Is harvest and use feasible based on further evaluation?  ☐ Yes, refer to Appendix E to select and size harvest and use BMPs.					
Toilet and urinal flushing  □ Landscape irrigation □ Other: □ Cubic feet)  3. Calculate the DCV using workshed DCV = (cubic feet)  3a. Is the 36 hour demand greater than or equal to the DCV? □ Yes / □ No □ Workshed than or equal to the DCV? □ Yes / □ No □ Workshed Easible. Conduct more detailed evaluation and sizing calculations to confirm that DCV can be used at an adequate rate to meet drawdown criteria.  Is harvest and use feasible based on for □ Yes, refer to Appendix E to select	the anticipated average wet season demonstrated calculations for toilet/urinal flushing and ere]  et B-2.1.  3b. Is the 36 hour demand greater than 0.25DCV but less than the full DCV?  Yes / No   Harvest and use may be feasible.  Conduct more detailed evaluation and sizing calculations to determine feasibility. Harvest and use may only be able to be used for a portion of the site or (optionally) the storage may need to upsized to meet long term capture targ while draining in longer than 36 hours. Further evaluation?	3c. Is the 36 hour demand less than 0.25DCV?  Yes  Harvest and use is considered to be infeasible.				

## Form I-8 Categorization of Infiltration Feasibility Condition Part 1 - Full Infiltration Feasibility Screening Criteria Would infiltration of the full design volume be feasible from a physical perspective without any undesirable consequences that cannot be reasonably mitigated? Yes No Criteria Screening Question Is the estimated reliable infiltration rate below proposed facility locations greater than 0.5 inches per hour? The response to this X 1 Screening Question shall be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.2 and Appendix D. Provide basis: Per NRCS, the onsite hydrologic soil group is Type C, which contains poor infiltration rates. Summarize findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, data sources, etc. Provide narrative discussion of study/data source applicability. Can infiltration greater than 0.5 inches per hour be allowed without increasing risk of geotechnical hazards (slope stability, groundwater mounding, utilities, or other factors) that cannot be X mitigated to an acceptable level? The response to this Screening Question shall be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.2. Provide basis: There are no apparent geotechnical hazards that cannot be mitigated.

Summarize findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, data sources, etc. Provide narrative

discussion of study/data source applicability.

	Form I-8 Page 2 of 4					
Criteria	Screening Question	Yes	No			
3	Can infiltration greater than 0.5 inches per hour be allowed without increasing risk of groundwater contamination (shallow water table, storm water pollutants or other factors) that cannot be mitigated to an acceptable level? The response to this Screening Question shall be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3.		X			
Provide	pasis:					
	Seasonally high groundwater and minimum groundwater separate to be in conflict with any feasible infiltration system.  ze findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, on of study/data source applicability.	·				
discussio	ii of study/data source applicability.					
4	Can infiltration greater than 0.5 inches per hour be allowed without causing potential water balance issues such as change of seasonality of ephemeral streams or increased discharge of contaminated groundwater to surface waters? The response to this Screening Question shall be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3.	X				
Provide						
	ze findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, on of study/data source applicability.	data sources, et	c. Provide narrative			
Part 1						
Result *						

<sup>\*</sup>To be completed using gathered site information and best professional judgment considering the definition of MEP in the MS4 Permit. Additional testing and/or studies may be required by Agency/Jurisdictions to substantiate findings

## Form I-8 Page 3 of 4

### Part 2 - Partial Infiltration vs. No Infiltration Feasibility Screening Criteria

Would infiltration of water in any appreciable amount be physically feasible without any negative consequences that cannot be reasonably mitigated?

Criteria	Screening Question	Yes	No
5	Do soil and geologic conditions allow for infiltration in any appreciable rate or volume? The response to this Screening Question shall be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.2 and Appendix D.	X	

#### Provide basis:

Per NRCS, the onsite hydrologic soil group is Type C, which contains poor infiltration rates, but are possibly sufficient for partial infiltration.

Summarize findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, data sources, etc. Provide narrative discussion of study/data source applicability and why it was not feasible to mitigate low infiltration rates.

6	Can Infiltration in any appreciable quantity be allowed without increasing risk of geotechnical hazards (slope stability, groundwater mounding, utilities, or other factors) that cannot be mitigated to an acceptable level? The response to this Screening Question shall be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.2.	X	
---	--	---	--

### Provide basis:

There are no apparent geotechnical hazards that cannot be mitigated.

Summarize findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, data sources, etc. Provide narrative discussion of study/data source applicability and why it was not feasible to mitigate low infiltration rates.

	Form I-8 Page 4 of 4					
Criteria	Screening Question	Yes	No			
7	Can Infiltration in any appreciable quantity be allowed without posing significant risk for groundwater related concerns (shallow water table, storm water pollutants or other factors)? The response to this Screening Question shall be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3.		X			
Provide b	asis:					
	Seasonally high groundwater and minimum groundwater separation be in conflict with any feasible infiltration system.	ion are expected				
	e findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, of study/data source applicability and why it was not feasible to mitigate  Can infiltration be allowed without violating downstream water rights? The response to this Screening Question shall be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the factors presented in Appendix C.3.					
Provide basis:  Summarize findings of studies; provide reference to studies, calculations, maps, data sources, etc. Provide narrative discussion of study/data source applicability and why it was not feasible to mitigate low infiltration rates.						
Part 2 Result*	If all answers from row 5-8 are yes then partial infiltration design is potentially feasible.  The feasibility screening category is <b>Partial Infiltration</b> .  If any answer from row 5-8 is no, then infiltration of any volume is considered to be infeasible within the drainage area. The feasibility screening category is <b>No Infiltration</b> .					

<sup>\*</sup>To be completed using gathered site information and best professional judgment considering the definition of MEP in the MS4 Permit. Additional testing and/or studies may be required by Agency/Jurisdictions to substantiate findings

This table is taken form Attachment B, page B-50 of the City of San Marcos BMP Design Manual, and is utilized when calculating <u>Flow Based</u> proprietary biofiltration treatment flowrate requirements.

Worksheet B.6-1: Flow-Thru Design Flows

	Flow-thru Design Flows	Worksheet B.6-1		
1	DCV	DCV	996	cubic-feet
2	DCV retained	DCV <sub>retained</sub>	-	cubic-feet
3	DCV biofiltered	DCV <sub>biofiltered</sub>	-	cubic-feet
4	DCV requiring flow-thru (Line 1 – Line 2 – 0.67*Line 3)	DCV <sub>flow-thru</sub>	996	cubic-feet
5	Adjustment factor (Line 4 / Line 1)*	AF=	1	unitless
6	Design rainfall intensity	i=	0.20	in/hr
7	Area tributary to BMP (s)	A=	0.54	acres
8	Area-weighted runoff factor (estimate using Appendix B.2)	C=	0.72	unitless
9	Calculate Flow Rate = AF x (C x i x A)	Q=	0.08	cfs

## REQUIRED TREATMENT FLOWRATE = 1.5 x Treatment Flowrate = 1.5 x 0.08 = 0.12 cfs

- Adjustment factor shall be estimated considering only retention and biofiltration BMPs located upstream
  of flow-thru BMPs. That is, if the flow-thru BMP is upstream of the project's retention and biofiltration
  BMPs then the flow-thru BMP shall be sized using an adjustment factor of 1.
- 2) Volume based (e.g., dry extended detention basin) flow-thru treatment control BMPs shall be sized to the volume in Line 4 and flow based (e.g., vegetated swales) shall be sized to flow rate in Line 9. Sand filter and media filter can be designed either by volume in Line 4 or flow rate in Line 9.
- 3) Proprietary BMPs, if used, shall provide certified treatment capacity equal to or greater than the calculated flow rate in Line 9; certified treatment capacity per unit shall be consistent with third party certifications.

## MWS Linear 2.0 Flow Based Sizing Calculations -

California Region (Northern, Central, and Southern Regions)

Model #	Physical Depth of Model from TC, FS, or TC to Wetland Chamber Perimeter (ft)		**Wetland Chamber Max HGL Height (ft)	Wetland Chamber Surface Area (sq ft)	Treatment Capacity for Flow Based Design **FLOW DESIGN**	
	INVERT OUT	refilleter (it)	TIGE Height (it)	Surface Area (Sq II)	GPM	CFS
MWS-L-4-4	4.13'	6.7	3.40	22.78	23.46	0.052
MWS-L-4-6	4.13'	9.4	3.40	31.96	32.92	0.073
MWS-L-4-8	4.13'	14.8	3.40	50.32	51.83	0.115
MWS-L-4-13	4.13'	18.4	3.40	62.56	64.44	0.144
MWS-L-4-15	4.13'	22.4	3.40	76.16	78.44	0.175
MWS-L-4-17	4.13'	26.4	3.40	89.76	92.45	0.206
MWS-L-4-19	4.13'	30.4	3.40	103.36	106.46	0.237
MWS-L-4-21	4.13'	34.4	3.40	116.96	120.47	0.268
MWS-L-6-8	4.13'	18.8	3.40	63.92	65.84	0.147
MWS-L-8-8	4.13'	29.6	3.40	100.64	103.66	0.231
MWS-L-8-12	4.13'	44.4	3.40	150.96	155.49	0.346
MWS-L-8-16	4.13'	59.2	3.40	201.28	207.32	0.462
MWS-L-8-20	4.13'	74.0	3.40	251.60	259.15	0.577
MWS-L-8-24	4.13'	88.8	3.40	301.92	310.98	0.693

Shallow or Deeper Units Available. Change in Height Will Affect Treatment Capacity \*\* Not the physical height of the unit but the max HGL in the system at peak treatment flow rate Based on loading rate of 100 in/hr or 1.03 gpm/sq ft



## ATTACHMENT 2 BACKUP FOR PDP HYDROMODIFICATION CONTROL MEASURES

This is the cover sheet for Attachment 2.

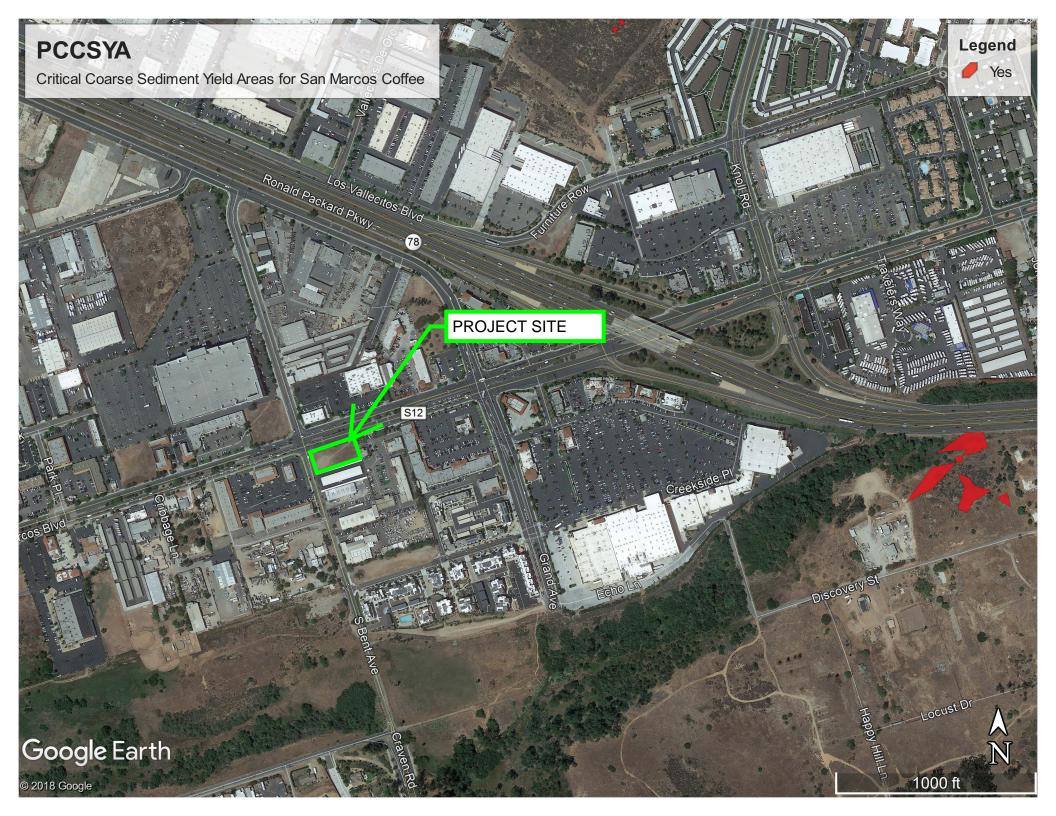
☐ Mark this box if this attachment is empty because the project is exempt from PDP hydromodification management requirements.

#### Indicate which Items are Included behind this cover sheet:

Attachment Sequence	Contents	Checklist
Attachment 2a	Hydromodification Management Exhibit (Required)	☑ Included  See Hydromodification Management Exhibit Checklist on the back of this Attachment cover sheet.
Attachment 2b	Management of Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas (WMAA Exhibit is required, additional analyses are optional)  See Section 6.2 of the BMP Design Manual.	<ul> <li>☑ Exhibit showing project drainage boundaries marked on WMAA Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Area Map (Required)</li> <li>Optional analyses for Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Area Determination</li> <li>□ 6.2.1 Verification of Geomorphic Landscape Units Onsite</li> <li>□ 6.2.2 Downstream Systems Sensitivity to Coarse Sediment</li> <li>□ 6.2.3 Optional Additional Analysis of Potential Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas Onsite</li> </ul>
Attachment 2c	Geomorphic Assessment of Receiving Channels (Optional) See Section 6.3.4 of the BMP Design Manual.	☑ Not performed ☐ Included ☐ Submitted as separate stand-alone document
Attachment 2d	Flow Control Facility Design, including Structural BMP Drawdown Calculations and Overflow Design Summary (Required) See Chapter 6 and Appendix G of the BMP Design Manual	☑ Included  □ Submitted as separate stand-alone document
Attachment 2e	Vector Control Plan (Required when structural BMPs will not drain in 96 hours)	☐ Included ☑ Not required because BMPs will drain in less than 96 hours

# Use this checklist to ensure the required information has been included on the Hydromodification Management Exhibit:

The Hydromodification Management Exhibit must identify:
☑ Underlying hydrologic soil group
☑ Approximate depth to groundwater
☐ Existing natural hydrologic features ( watercourses, seeps, springs, wetlands) <b>N/A</b>
☐ Critical coarse sediment yield areas to be protected <b>N/A</b>
☑ Existing topography
☐ Existing and proposed site drainage network and connections to drainage offsite <b>N/A</b>
☑ Proposed grading
✓ Proposed impervious features
☑ Proposed design features and surface treatments used to minimize imperviousness
☑ Point(s) of Compliance (POC) for Hydromodification Management
☑ Existing and proposed drainage boundary and drainage area to each POC (when necessary, create
separate exhibits for pre-development and post-project conditions)
☑ Structural BMPs for hydromodification management (identify location, type of BMP, and size/detail)



	BMP Sizing Spreadsheet V3.1					
Project Name:	San Marcos Coffee	Hydrologic Unit:	904.52 Carlsbad			
Project Applicant:	Property Nine Development	Rain Gauge:	Oceanside			
Jurisdiction:	City of San Marcos	Total Project Area:	24,148			
Parcel (APN):	219-270-60	Low Flow Threshold:	0.1Q2			
BMP Name:	Umderground Vault	ВМР Туре:	Cistern			
BMP Native Soil Type:	С	BMP Infiltration Rate (in/hr):	NA			

	Areas Draining to BMP						Minimum BMP Size
DMA Name	Area (sf)	Pre Project Soil Type	Pre-Project Slope	Post Project Surface Type	Area Weighted Runoff Factor (Table G.2-1) <sup>1</sup>	Volume	Volume (CF)
DMA-1 (Impervious)	18,124	С	Flat	Concrete	1.0	0.14	2537
DMA-1 (Pervious)	5,327	С	Flat	Landscape	0.1	0.14	75
						0	0
						0	0
						0	0
						0	0
						0	0
						0	0
						0	0
						0	0
						0	0
						0	0
						0	0
						0	0
						0	0
BMP Tributary Area	BMP Tributary Area 23,451					Minimum BMP Size	2612

Proposed BMP Size\* 2700

Standard Cistern Depth (Overflow Elevation) 3.5 ft

Provided Cistern Depth (Overflow Elevation) 3.5 ft

Minimum Required Cistern Footprint) 746 CF

\* Assumes standard configuration

#### Notes:

1. Runoff factors which are used for hydromodification management flow control (Table G.2-1) are different from the runoff factors used for pollutant control BMP sizing (Table B.1-1). Table references are taken from the San Diego Region Model BMP Design Manual,

Describe the BMP's in sufficient detail in your PDP SWQMP to demonstrate the area, volume, and other criteria can be met within the constraints of the site.

BMP's must be adapted and applied to the conditions specific to the development project such as unstable slopes or the lack of available head. Designated Staff have final review and approval authority over the project design.

This BMP Sizing Spreadsheet has been updated in conformance with the San Diego Region Model BMP Design Manual, May 2018. For questions or concerns please contact the jurisdiction in which your project is located.

# ATTACHMENT 3 Structural BMP Maintenance Information

This is the cover sheet for Attachment 3.

### Indicate which Items are Included behind this cover sheet:

Attachment Sequence	Contents	Checklist
Attachment 3a	Structural BMP Maintenance Thresholds and Actions (Required)	☑ Included  See Structural BMP Maintenance Information Checklist on the back of this Attachment cover sheet.
Attachment 3b	Draft Maintenance Agreement (when applicable)	<ul><li>☐ Included</li><li>☐ Not Applicable</li><li>☑ To be provided in engineering</li></ul>

## Use this checklist to ensure the required information has been included in the Structural BMP **Maintenance Information Attachment:**

	Preliminary Design / Planning / CEQA level submittal:
	Attachment 3a must identify:
5	Typical maintenance indicators and actions for proposed structural BMP(s) based on Section 7.7 of the BMP Design Manual
	Attachment 3b is not required for preliminary design / planning / CEQA level submittal.
□ <b>F</b>	inal Design level submittal:
	Attachment 3a must identify:
	Specific maintenance indicators and actions for proposed structural BMP(s). This shall be based on Section 7.7 of the BMP Design Manual and enhanced to reflect actual proposed components of the structural BMP(s)  How to access the structural BMP(s) to inspect and perform maintenance
	Features that are provided to facilitate inspection (e.g., observation ports, cleanouts, silt posts, or other features that allow the inspector to view necessary components of the structural BMP and compare to maintenance thresholds)
	Manufacturer and part number for proprietary parts of structural BMP(s) when applicable Maintenance thresholds specific to the structural BMP(s), with a location-specific frame of reference (e.g., level of accumulated materials that triggers removal of the materials, to be identified based on viewing marks on silt posts or measured with a survey rod with respect to a fixed benchmark within the BMP)
	Recommended equipment to perform maintenance When applicable, necessary special training or certification requirements for inspection and maintenance personnel such as confined space entry or hazardous waste management
	Attachment 3b: For private entity operation and maintenance, Attachment 3b shall include a draft maintenance agreement in the local jurisdiction's standard format (PDP applicant to

draft maintenance agreement in the local jurisdiction's standard format (PDP applicant to contact the [City Engineer] to obtain the current maintenance agreement forms).

#### BMP MAINTENANCE FACT SHEET FOR STRUCTURAL BMP HU-1 CISTERN

**Cisterns** are containers that capture runoff (typically rooftop runoff) and store it for future use such as irrigation or alternative grey water between storm events. Cisterns can be aboveground or below ground systems. Typical cistern components include:

- Storage container, barrel or tank for holding captured flows
- Inlet and associated valves and piping
- Outlet and associated valves and piping
- Overflow outlet
- Access riser or tank serviceway (i.e., access for underground and above-ground cisterns)
- Optional pump
- Optional first flush diverters
- · Optional debris screen or pretreatment BMP (e.g., roof drain filter, drainage inlet insert)
- Optional roof, supports, foundation, level indicator, and other accessories

#### **Normal Expected Maintenance**

Cisterns can be expected to accumulate sediment and debris that is small enough to pass through the inlet into the storage container. Larger debris such as leaves or trash may accumulate at the inlet. While the storage container is generally a permanent structure, ancillary parts including valves, piping, screens, level indicators, and other accessories will wear and require occasional replacement. Maintenance of a cistern generally involves: removing accumulated sediment and debris from the inlet and storage container on a routine basis; and replacement of ancillary parts on an as-needed basis. A summary table of standard inspection and maintenance indicators is provided within this Fact Sheet. If the system as a whole includes a pump or other electrical equipment, maintenance of the equipment shall be based on the manufacturer's recommended maintenance plan.

#### **Non-Standard Maintenance or BMP Failure**

If any of the following scenarios are observed, the BMP is not performing as intended to protect downstream waterways from pollution and/or erosion. Corrective maintenance, increased inspection and maintenance, BMP replacement, or a different BMP type will be required.

- The inlet is found to be obstructed at every inspection such that storm water bypasses the cistern. The cistern is not functioning properly if it is not capturing storm water. This would require addition of ancillary features to protect the inlet, or pretreatment measures within the watershed draining to the cistern to intercept larger debris, such as screens on roof gutters, or drainage inserts within catch basins. Increase the frequency of inspection until the issue is resolved.
- Accumulation of sediment within one year is greater than 25% of the volume of the cistern. This means
  the sediment load from the tributary drainage area has diminished the storage volume of the cistern and
  the cistern will not capture the required volume of storm water. This would require pretreatment
  measures within the tributary area draining to the cistern to intercept sediment.
- The cistern is not drained between storm events. If the cistern is not drained between storm events, the storage volume will be diminished and the cistern will not capture the required volume of storm water from subsequent storms. This would require implementation of practices onsite to drain and use the stored water, or a different BMP if onsite use cannot be reliably sustained.

#### SUMMARY OF STANDARD INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE FOR HU-1 CISTERN

The property owner is responsible to ensure inspection, operation and maintenance of permanent BMPs on their property unless responsibility has been formally transferred to an agency, community facilities district, homeowners association, property owners association, or other special district.

Maintenance frequencies listed in this table are average/typical frequencies. Actual maintenance needs are site-specific, and maintenance may be required more frequently. Maintenance must be performed whenever needed, based on maintenance indicators presented in this table. The BMP owner is responsible for conducting regular inspections to see when maintenance is needed based on the maintenance indicators. During the first year of operation of a structural BMP, inspection is recommended at least once prior to August 31 and then monthly from September through May. Inspection during a storm event is also recommended. After the initial period of frequent inspections, the minimum inspection and maintenance frequency can be determined based on the results of the first year inspections.

Threshold/Indicator	Maintenance Action	Typical Inspection and Maintenance Frequency
Accumulation of sediment, litter, or debris at the inlet	Remove and properly dispose of accumulated materials.	<ul> <li>Inspect monthly and after every 0.5-inch or larger storm event.</li> <li>Remove any accumulated materials found at each inspection.</li> </ul>
Outlet blocked	Clear blockage.	<ul> <li>Inspect monthly and after every 0.5-inch or larger storm event.</li> <li>Remove any accumulated materials found at each inspection.</li> </ul>
Accumulation of sediment, litter, or debris in the storage container	Remove and properly dispose of accumulated materials.	<ul> <li>Inspect monthly. If the BMP is 25% full* or more in one month, increase inspection frequency to monthly plus after every 0.1-inch or larger storm event.</li> <li>Remove materials annually (minimum), or more frequently when BMP is 25% full* (or at manufacturer threshold if manufacturer threshold is less than 25% full*) in less than one year, or if accumulation blocks outlet</li> </ul>
Standing water in storage container between storm events outside of normal use timeframe for the stored water. Normal use timeframe is 36 to 96 hours following a storm event depending on the purpose and design of the cistern.	Use the water as intended, or disperse to landscaping. Implement practices onsite to drain and use the stored water.  Contact the [City Engineer] to determine a solution if onsite use cannot be reliably sustained.	<ul> <li>Inspect monthly and after every 0.5-inch or larger storm event. If standing water is observed, increase inspection frequency to after every 0.1-inch or larger storm event.</li> <li>Maintenance when needed.</li> </ul>

<sup>\*&</sup>quot;25% full" is defined as ¼ of the depth from the design bottom elevation to the crest of the outflow structure (e.g., if the height to the outflow opening is 12 inches from the bottom elevation, then the materials must be removed when there is 3 inches of accumulation – this should be marked on the outflow structure)

SUMMARY OF STANDARD	SUMMARY OF STANDARD INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE FOR HU-1 CISTERN (Continued from previous page)			
Threshold/Indicator	Maintenance Action	Typical Inspection and Maintenance Frequency		
Presence of mosquitos/larvae  For images of egg rafts, larva, pupa, and adult mosquitos, see <a href="http://www.mosquito.org/biology">http://www.mosquito.org/biology</a>	If mosquitos/larvae are observed: first, immediately remove any standing water by using the water as intended for irrigation or alternative grey water, or by dispersing to landscaping; second, check cistern outlet for blockage and clear blockage if applicable to restore drainage; third, install barriers such as screens that prevent mosquito access to the storage container.	<ul> <li>Inspect monthly and after every 0.5-inch or larger storm event. If mosquitos are observed, increase inspection frequency to after every 0.1-inch or larger storm event.</li> <li>Maintenance when needed.</li> </ul>		
Leaks or other damage to ancillary parts including valves, piping, screens, level indicators, and other accessories	Repair or replace as applicable.	<ul><li>Inspect twice per year.</li><li>Maintenance when needed.</li></ul>		
Leaks or other damage to storage container	Repair or replace as applicable.	<ul><li>Inspect twice per year.</li><li>Maintenance when needed.</li></ul>		
Cistern leaning or unstable, damage to roof, supports, anchors, or foundation	Make repairs as appropriate to correct the problem and stabilize the system.	<ul><li>Inspect twice per year.</li><li>Maintenance when needed.</li></ul>		

#### References

American Mosquito Control Association.

http://www.mosquito.org/

California Storm Water Quality Association (CASQA). 2003. Municipal BMP Handbook.

https://www.casqa.org/resources/bmp-handbooks/municipal-bmp-handbook

County of San Diego. 2014. Low Impact Development Handbook.

http://www.sandiegocounty.gov/content/sdc/dpw/watersheds/susmp/lid.html

San Diego County Copermittees. 2016. Model BMP Design Manual, Appendix E, Fact Sheet HU-1.

http://www.projectcleanwater.org/index.php?option=com\_content&view=article&id=250&Itemid=220

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Date:	Inspector:			BMP ID No.:
Permit No.: APN(s):				
Property / Development Name:			ible Party Name and	Phone Number:
Property Address of BMP:		Respons	ible Party Address:	
I	NSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE CH	ECKLIST FO	R HU-1 CISTERN PAG	E 1 of 4
Threshold/Indicator	Maintenance Recommendation	on	Date	Description of Maintenance Conducted
Accumulation of sediment, litter, or debris at the inlet  Maintenance Needed?  YES  NO N/A	<ul> <li>□ Remove and properly dispose of accumulated materials</li> <li>□ If the inlet is found to be obstructive every inspection, add features protect the inlet, or pretreatment measures within the watershed</li> <li>□ Other / Comments:</li> </ul>	ted at to ent		
Outlet blocked	☐ Clear blockage			
Maintenance Needed?  ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ N/A	□ Other / Comments:			

Date:	Inspector:	BMP ID No.:
Permit No.:	APN(s):	

	INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE CHECKLIST FO	R HU-1 CISTERN PAG	iE 2 of 4
Threshold/Indicator	Maintenance Recommendation	Date	Description of Maintenance Conducted
Standing water in storage container between storm events outside of normal use timeframe for the stored water. Normal use timeframe is 36 to 96 hours following a storm event depending on the purpose and design of the cistern.  Maintenance Needed?  YES  NO  N/A	<ul> <li>☐ Use the water as intended, or disperse to landscaping</li> <li>☐ Implement practices onsite to drain and use the stored water</li> <li>☐ Contact the [City Engineer] to determine a solution if onsite use cannot be reliably sustained</li> <li>☐ Other / Comments:</li> </ul>		
Presence of mosquitos/larvae  For images of egg rafts, larva, pupa, and adult mosquitos, see <a href="http://www.mosquito.org/biology">http://www.mosquito.org/biology</a> Maintenance Needed?      YES	<ul> <li>□ Use the water as intended, or disperse to landscaping</li> <li>□ Install barriers such as screens that prevent mosquito access to the storage container</li> <li>□ Other / Comments:</li> </ul>		

Date:	Inspector:	BMP ID No.:
Permit No.:	APN(s):	

	INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE CHECKLIST F	OR HU-1 CISTERN PAG	GE 3 of 4
Threshold/Indicator	Maintenance Recommendation	Date	Description of Maintenance Conducted
Accumulation of sediment, litter, or debris in the storage container – to be cleared once per year or when debris accumulation is 25% of the total container volume, or accumulation blocks outlet, whichever is more frequent  Maintenance Needed?  YES  NO  N/A	<ul> <li>□ Remove and properly dispose of accumulated materials</li> <li>□ If accumulation of sediment within one year is &gt;25% of the volume of the cistern, add pretreatment measures within the watershed</li> <li>□ Other / Comments:</li> </ul>		
Leaks or other damage to storage container	☐ Repair or replace as applicable		
Maintenance Needed?  ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ N/A	☐ Other / Comments:		

Date:		Inspector:	BMP ID No.:
Permit No	).:	APN(s):	

I	INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE CHECKLIST F	OR HU-1 CISTERN PA	GE 4 of 4
Threshold/Indicator	Maintenance Recommendation	Date	Description of Maintenance Conducted
Leaks or other damage to ancillary parts including valves, piping, screens, level indicators, and other accessories	☐ Repair or replace as applicable ☐ Other / Comments:		
Maintenance Needed?			
☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ N/A			
Cistern leaning or unstable, damage to roof, supports, anchors, or foundation	☐ Make repairs as appropriate to correct the problem and stabilize the system		
Maintenance Needed?	☐ Other / Comments:		
☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ N/A			

MWS maintenance guidelines in their entirety, will be provided upon approval.

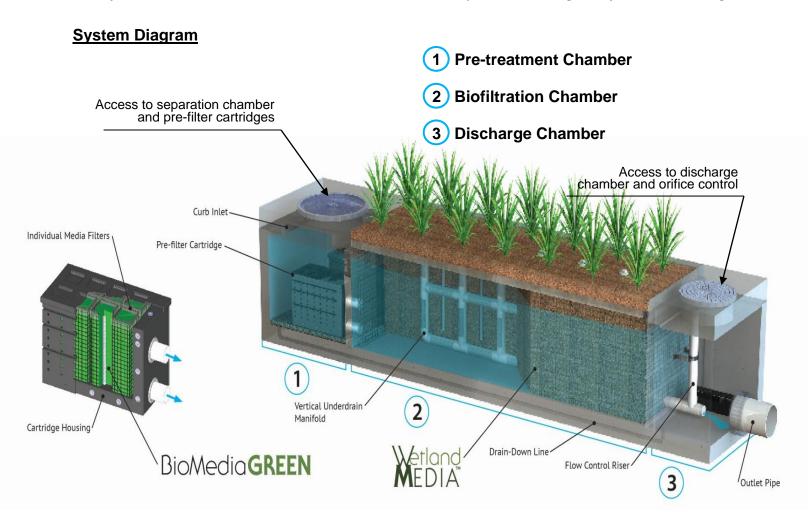




## Inspection Guidelines for Modular Wetland System - Linear

## **Inspection Summary**

- Inspect Pre-Treatment, Biofiltration and Discharge Chambers average inspection interval is 6 to 12 months.
  - (15 minute average inspection time).
- NOTE: Pollutant loading varies greatly from site to site and no two sites are the same. Therefore, the first year requires inspection monthly during the wet season and every other month during the dry season in order to observe and record the amount of pollutant loading the system is receiving.



# ATTACHMENT 4 Copy of Plan Sheets Showing Permanent Storm Water BMPs

This is the cover sheet for Attachment 4.

Use this checklist to ensure the required information has been included on the plans:

## The plans must identify:

☐ Structural BMP(s) with ID numbers matching Form I-6 Summary of PDP Structural BMPs
☐ The grading and drainage design shown on the plans must be consistent with the delineation of DMAs shown on the DMA exhibit
□ Details and specifications for construction of structural BMP(s)
☐ Signage indicating the location and boundary of structural BMP(s) as required by the [City Engineer]
☐ How to access the structural BMP(s) to inspect and perform maintenance
$\square$ Features that are provided to facilitate inspection (e.g., observation ports, cleanouts, silt posts, or
other features that allow the inspector to view necessary components of the structural BMP and
compare to maintenance thresholds)
$\square$ Manufacturer and part number for proprietary parts of structural BMP(s) when applicable
☐ Maintenance thresholds specific to the structural BMP(s), with a location-specific frame of reference
(e.g., level of accumulated materials that triggers removal of the materials, to be identified based on
viewing marks on silt posts or measured with a survey rod with respect to a fixed benchmark within
the BMP)
☐ Recommended equipment to perform maintenance
$\square$ When applicable, necessary special training or certification requirements for inspection and
maintenance personnel such as confined space entry or hazardous waste management
☐ Include landscaping plan sheets showing vegetation requirements for vegetated structural BMP(s)
☐ All BMPs must be fully dimensioned on the plans
☐ When proprietary BMPs are used, site-specific cross section with outflow, inflow, and model number
shall be provided. Photocopies of general brochures are not acceptable.