

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 604841 SCH No. TBD

SUBJECT:

Meadows Del Mar SDP: The project requests a Site Development Permit (SDP) for Environmentally Sensitive Lands (ESL) for approximately 10,400-square-feet of unpermitted grading, located on the western property of an existing single dwelling unit at 5702 Meadows Del Mar. The 1.01-acre site is in the AR-1-2 zone within the Del Mar Mesa Community Plan area, Very High Fire Severity Zone, and Council District 2. (LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Parcel 1 of Map No. 20642, City if San Diego, County of San Diego, State of California.) APPLICANT: GDM Hotel Properties, LLC

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **Biological Resources**. Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

- V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:
- A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS PART I
 Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- In addition, the ED shall verify that the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:
 - https://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/forms-publications/design-guidelines-templates
- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- 5. **SURETY AND COST RECOVERY –** The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.
- B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS PART II
 Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)
 - 1. PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants: Not Applicable

Note: Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

- a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division 858-627-3200**
- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**

2. MMRP COMPLIANCE: This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #604841 and /or Environmental Document #604841, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.

Note: Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.

None Required

4. MONITORING EXHIBITS

All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the LIMIT OF WORK, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

NOTE: Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

Document Submittal/Inspection Checklist				
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals/		
		Notes		

General	Consultant Qualification	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting
	Letters	
General	Consultant Construction	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting
	Monitoring Exhibits	
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to Bond
	Letter	Release Letter

C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

Biological Resources

Prior to Notice to Proceed (NTP) for any construction permits, including but not limited to, the first Grading Permit, Demolition Plans/Permits and Building Plans/Permits, the owner/permittee shall make payment to the City of San Diego Habitat Acquisition Fund (HAF) to mitigate for the loss of 0.30 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub (Tier II). This fee is based on mitigation ratios, per the City of San Diego Biology Guidelines, of 1:1 ratio if mitigation would occur inside of the Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA) and a 1.5:1 ratio should mitigation occur outside of the MHPA. Therefore, the resulting total mitigation required for direct project impacts to Diegan coastal sage scrub would be 0.30 acres inside the MHPA or 0.45 acres outside the MHPA equivalent contribution to the City's Habitat Acquisition Fund (HAF) plus a 10 percent administrative fee.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

FEDERAL

US Fish and Wildlife Service (23)

STATE

California Department of Fish and Wildlife (32) State Clearinghouse (46)

CITY OF SAN DIEGO

Mayor's Office

Councilmember Jennifer Campbell, Council District 2

Development Services:

Development Project Manager

Engineering Review

Environmental Review

Geology

Landscaping

Planning Review

Planning Department:

Plan-MSCP

MMC (77A) City Attorney's Office (93C) OTHER ORGANIZATIONS AND INTERESTED PARTIES Sierra Club (165) San Diego Audubon Society (167) Mr. Jim Peugh (167A) California Native Plant Society (170) Endangered Habitats League (182A) Del Mar Mesa Community Planning Board (361) Richard Drury **Komalpreet Toor** Stacey Oborne John Stump **RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:** () No comments were received during the public input period. () Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein. () Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein. Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction. Sara Osborn

Attachments: Initial Study Checklist

VII.

Figure 1 – Location Map Figure 2 – Site Plan

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Meadows Del Mar SDP / 604841
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Rachael Ferrell / (619) 446-5129
- 4. Project location: 5702 Meadows Del Mar, San Diego, CA 92130
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: GDM Hotel Properties, LLC, 909 Montgomery St, San Francisco, CA 94133 (415) 288-7227
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Residential / Estate Residential
- 7. Zoning: AR-1-2
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

The project requests a Site Development Permit (SDP) for Environmentally Sensitive Lands (ESL) for unpermitted grading.

The project was found to be in violation of the San Diego Municipal Code (SDMC) on November 14, 2016 and an official Civil Penalty Notice and Order (NOV) was sent on May 1, 2017. The notice described the violation as unpermitted grading of approximately 10,400-square-feet of ESL (Biological Resources).

The proposed project includes permitting of the clearing and grading work that occurred in 2010 and adjusting the parcel lot line so that a portion of the NOV cleared area is incorporated into the residential parcel. In addition, brush management areas would be added to the project footprint including a revegetation plan of 0.15-acres of native species to establish appropriate brush management zones.

The project's landscaping has been reviewed by staff and would comply with all applicable City of San Diego Landscape ordinances and standards. Drainage would be directed into appropriate storm drain systems designated to carry surface runoff, which has been reviewed and accepted by City Engineering staff. Ingress and egress would be via a private driveway with access from Meadows Del Mar street to the east of the project site.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The project site is bounded by the Fairmont Grand Del Mar golf course to the west and residential homes to the north, south, and east. State Route 56 is less than one mile to the north. The site is currently developed with a single-family residence, pool, hardscape, and

landscape features. Vegetation on-site consists of non-native ornamental. The site is located in a developed area currently served by existing public services and utilities.

- Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):
 None required.
- 11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

In accordance with the requirements of Public Resources Code 21080.3.1, the City of San Diego provided formal notifications to the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel and the Jamul Indian Village, both traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. Consultation was not requested.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

	ronmental factors checked be ally Significant Impact" as indi				, involving at least one impact that is a	
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing	
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services	
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation	
\boxtimes	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic	
	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources		Tribal Cultural Resources	
	Energy		Noise		Utilities/Service System	
	Geology/Soils	\boxtimes	Mandatory Findings Significance		Wildfire	
DETER	MINATION: (To be com	ıpleted l	by Lead Agency)			
On the b	asis of this initial evaluation:					
	The proposed project COUL be prepared.	D NOT ha	ve a significant effect on the o	environme	ent, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will	
		evisions ir	n the project have been made		ment, there will not be a significant eed to by the project proponent. A	
	The proposed project MAY has required.	nave a sigr	nificant effect on the environr	ment, and	an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT	
	The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.					
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.					

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section 15063(c)(3)(D).* In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
I. AESTH	IETICS – Would the project:							
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?							
identifie grading, existing	The project is not located within, or adjacent to a designated scenic vista or view corridor that is dentified in the Del Mar Mesa Community Plan. The project is an "after-the-fact" permit for illegal grading, which removed natural vegetation and replaced with landscaping. The site contains an existing single-family residence to remain. Therefore, the project would not have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista. No Impact would result.							
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				\boxtimes			
The site project i	response I (a) above. The project is sometimes is not adjacent to a historic building sometimes not located within or adjacent to a requirements pursuant to the Del Ma	and is not a state scenic	djacent to a significhlighway and would	cant landmar ld be required	k. The d to meet all			
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?							
project v substan with the	ject site is generally surrounded by r would be conditioned to implement tially degrade the existing visual cha surrounding development and perr ing designations. No impact would r	appropriate racter or qu nitted by the	brush managemen	nt but would i e project is co	not mpatible			
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?							

The project would comply with the outdoor lighting standards contained in SDMC Section 142.0740 (Outdoor Lighting Regulations) that requires all outdoor lighting be installed, shielded, and adjusted so that the light is directed in a manner that minimizes negative impacts from light pollution, including trespass, glare, and to control light from falling onto surrounding properties. Therefore, lighting installed with the project would not adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area, resulting in a less than significant lighting impact.

The project would comply with SDMC Section 142.0730 (Glare Regulations) that requires exterior materials utilized for proposed structures be limited to specific reflectivity ratings. The project would have a less than significant impact.

II. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	significant environmental effects, lead agencies r Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment projec Protocols adopted by the California Air Resource	s inventory of fo ct; and forest ca	rest land, including the rbon measurement me	Forest and Range	e Assessment
	a) Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
locatis no Impo	project is consistent with the Del Mar Med within a developed residential neight adjacent to, any lands identified as Fairtance (Farmland), as show on maps protoring Program of the California Resou onversion of such lands to non-agricult ration measures are required.	iborhood. As rmland, Unic repared purs rce Agency. ⁻	s such, the project que Farmland, or F suant to the Farmla Therefore, the pro	site does not o armland of Sta and Mapping a ject would not	contain, and atewide and result in
	b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?				\boxtimes
the p	r to response ll (a), above. There are no project. The project is consistent with th d not conflict with any properties zoned ract. Therefore, no impacts would resul	e existing lar d for agricult	nd use and the und	derlying zone.	The project
	c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				
or tir	project would not conflict with existing and an armoduction are project is consistent with the communit.	n. No designa	ated forest land or	timberland oc	cur onsite
	d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes

Refer to response II (c) above. Additionally, the project would not contribute to the conversion of any forested land to non-forest use, as surrounding properties are developed, and land uses are generally built out. No impacts would result.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
e) Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				

Refer to response II (a) and II (c), above. The project and surrounding areas do not contain any farmland or forest land. No changes to any such lands would result from project implementation. Therefore, no impact would result.

III.		QUALITY – Where available, the significance criution control district may be relied on to make		, ,	nt or air
	a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?		\boxtimes	

The project site is located in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB) and is under the jurisdiction of the San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and the California Air Resources Board (CARB). Both the State of California and the Federal government have established health-based Ambient Air Quality Standards (AAQS) for the following six criteria pollutants: carbon monoxide (CO); ozone (O3); nitrogen oxides (NOx); sulfur oxides (SOx); particulate matter up to 10 microns in diameter (PM10); and lead (Pb). O₃ (smog) is formed by a photochemical reaction between NOx and reactive organic compounds (ROCs). Thus, impacts from O₃ are assessed by evaluating impacts from NOx and ROCs. A new increase in pollutant emissions determines the impact on regional air quality as a result of a proposed project. The results also allow the local government to determine whether a proposed project would deter the region from achieving the goal of reducing pollutants in accordance with the Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) in order to comply with Federal and State AAQS.

The SDAPCD and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the SDAB. The County Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) was initially adopted in 1991 and is updated on a triennial basis (most recently in 2009). The RAQS outlines the SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for ozone (O₃). The RAQS relies on information from the CARB and SANDAG, including mobile and area source emissions, as well as information regarding projected growth in San Diego County and the cities in the county, to project future emissions and then determine the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by San Diego County and the cities in the county as part of the development of their general plans.

The RAQS relies on SANDAG growth projections based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by the cities and by the county as part of the development of their general plans. As such, projects that propose development that is consistent with the growth anticipated by local plans would be consistent with the RAQS. However, if a project proposes development that is greater than that anticipated in the local plan and SANDAG's growth projections, the project might be in conflict with the RAQS and may contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact on air quality.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The project is for unpermitted grading and is consistent with the General Plan, community plan, and the underlying zoning. Therefore, the project would be consistent at a sub-regional level with the underlying growth forecasts in the RAQS and would not obstruct implementation of the RAQS. Impacts would be less than significant.

b)	Violate any air quality standard or			
	contribute substantially to an existing		\boxtimes	
	or projected air quality violation?			

Short-Term (Construction) Emissions

Construction-related activities are temporary, short-term sources of air emissions. Sources of construction-related air emissions include fugitive dust from grading activities; construction equipment exhaust; construction-related trips by workers, delivery trucks, and material-hauling trucks; and construction-related power consumption.

Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or offsite.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land-clearing and grading operations. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by City of San Diego grading permit to limit potential air quality impacts. Any impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. No mitigation measures are required.

Long-Term (Operational) Emissions

Long-term air emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. Operation of single-family residences would produce minimal stationary sources emissions. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Based on the residential land use, project emissions over the long-term are not anticipated to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for		\boxtimes	
	ozone precursors)?			

As described in III (b) above, construction operations could temporarily increase the emissions of dust and other pollutants. However, construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration. The project is for unpermitted grading of ESL and did not have a long-term construction activity. Therefore, the project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
criteria pollutant for which the project re ambient air quality standards. Impacts w	•	•	plicable feder	al or state
d) Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			\boxtimes	
Odors would be generated from vehicles of the project. Odors produced during counburned hydrocarbons from tailpipes odors are temporary and generally occur of people. Therefore, impacts would be leading to the country of the countr	onstruction would of construction e r at magnitudes	d be attributable quipment and ard that would not af	to concentrati chitectural coa	ons of tings. Such
Long-term (Operational) Typical long-term operational characteristics of such odors nor anticipated to generate cunits, in the long-term operation, are not they anticipated to generate odors affect operations would result in less than sign	odors affecting a t typically associa ting a substantia ificant impacts.	substantial numbated with the crea	per of people. ation of such o	Residential dors nor are
a) Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?	I			

A field survey and Biological Letter Report was prepared by Rocks Biological Consulting (October 20, 2020) to assess sensitive biological resources and vegetation communities before and after the Notice of Violation (NOV) was issued for clearing of ESL on a single-family residential lot, in the Grand Del Mar Estates. From photo and site evaluation, the unpermitted grading activities cleared 0.29-acre of Diegan coastal sage scrub (Tier II). The report showed that the site does not contain any wetlands, and no individually sensitive flora or fauna species were impacted by the grading.

The project site currently does not contain Diegan coastal sage scrub as a result of the grading. As part of the scope, the project will be conditioned to comply with brush management regulations and therefore a revegetation plan is proposed to establish appropriate brush management zones by revegetating with native species. The extended brush management zone area is proposed where there would have previously been Diegan coastal sage scrub, prior to the NOV. This would add an additional 0.01-acre of impact on this habitat (for a total of 0.30-acre impact on Diegan coastal sage scrub).

Since the project results in 0.30-acre of impact on a Tier II habitat, according to the City's Biology Guidelines, impacts to Diegan coastal sage scrub is considered significant and would require mitigation. Mitigation required would be a 1:1 ratio inside the MHPA and 1.5:1 outside the MHPA.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
The project is required to mitigate for	the loss of the 0.30)-acre of habitat.	however, mitig	gation

The project is required to mitigate for the loss of the 0.30-acre of habitat, however, mitigation through revegetation on-site cannot be counted towards mitigation if it is within brush management zone 2. The City's MSCP targets restoration within MHPA lands and the site is not designated MHPA. Therefore, consistent with the City's Biology Guidelines, impacts can be mitigated through contribution to the City's Habitat Acquisition Fund (HAF) which would purchase MHPA preserve lands. Therefore, mitigation for direct impacts to the 0.30-acre of Tier II habitat would be achieved through payment into the HAF.

Therefore, a Mitigation Monitoring Reporting Program (MMRP), as detailed within Section V of the Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND), would be implemented. With implementation of the monitoring program, potential impacts on biological resources would be reduced to below a level of significance.

b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?						
sensitiv	Refer to Response IV (a), above. Implementation of the project would impact 0.30 acres of Tier II sensitive habitat, which would be considered significant and would require mitigation. Thus, sensitive upland impacts would be reduced to below a level of significance.						
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				\boxtimes		

Wetlands or waters do not occur on-site. Wetlands or waters as regulated by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) or the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) do not occur on-site and therefore will not be impacted by the project. No impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

d)	Interfere substantially with the		
	movement of any native resident or		
	migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or		\boxtimes
	migratory wildlife corridors, or impede		
	the use of native wildlife nursery sites?		

The project site is surrounded by existing residential development and is not located adjacent to any established wildlife corridor and would not impede the movement of any wildlife or the use of any wildlife nursery sites. Therefore, no impact would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				
	ject would not conflict with any local es. No impact would result.	policies and	or ordinances pro	otecting biolog	gical
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				
City's La impacte drainag strikes.	PA land exists adjacent to the project and Use Adjacency Guidelines to proted by the project. Land Use Adjacence, toxics, lighting, noise, barriers, involve City's Land Use Adjacency Guides would be less than significant.	tect any habit y Guidelines asive species	at within the MHF address indirect in , brush managem	PA that might mpacts cause ent, grading, a	be indirectly d by and bird
V. CULT	JRAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in \$15064.5?				\boxtimes

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

The City of San Diego criteria for determination of historic significance, pursuant to CEQA, is evaluated based upon age (over 45 years), location, context, association with an important event, uniqueness, or structural integrity of the building. Projects requiring the demolition and/or modification of structures that are 45 years or older have the potential to result in potential impacts to a historical resource.

The project site does not contain a residence over 45 years old, and therefore did not require an evaluation. The site is not historically designated nor contain historic buildings. No impacts would result.

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to \$15064.5?							
prehisto inhabito	reas of San Diego County, including roric occupation and important archaed by various cultural groups spanning area identified as sensitive on the	eological an ng 10,000 ye	d historical resourc ars or more. The p	es. The regio roject area is	n has been located			
databas site by o	re, a record search of the California se was reviewed to determine preser qualified archaeological City staff. Pro en identified in the near project vicin	nce or absen eviously reco	ce of potential reso	ources within	the project			
determi limited	ject site was evaluated based on the ned that due to the lack of pre-recor scope of work, impacts to any unkno would be less than significant.	rded resourd	ces on and adjacen	t to the site, a	and the			
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?							
Quadra sensitiv paleont monitor movem feet dee feet dee 38-Cubi	According to the "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California, Del Mar, 7.5 Minute Quadrangle Maps" (Kennedy and Peterson, 1975), the project site is mostly underlain with the highly sensitive rating Scripps formation, which has a high probability of containing important paleontological resources. The City's Significance Determination Thresholds state paleontological monitoring during grading activities may be required if it is determined that the project's earth movement quantity exceeds the Paleontological threshold (if greater than 1,000 cubic yards and ten feet deep for formations with a high sensitivity rating and if greater than 2,000 cubic yards and ten feet deep for formations with a moderate sensitivity rating). The project excavated approximately 38-Cubic Yards, which does not exceed the City's grading thresholds for sensitive paleontological resources. Therefore, impacts would remain less than significant.							
d)	Disturb human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?							
Refer to	response V (b) above. Impacts woul	ld remain les	ss than significant.					
VI. ENEI	RGY – Would the project:							
a)	Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?							

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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All projects would be required to meet mandatory energy standards of the current California energy code. The unpermitted grading would have required operation of heavy equipment but would have been temporary and short-term in duration. Additionally, long-term energy usage from the buildings would be reduced through design measures that incorporate energy conservation features in heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems, lighting and window treatments, and insulation and weather stripping. The project would also incorporate cool-roofing materials and solar panels. Development of the project would not result in a significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources. Impacts would remain less than significant.

	nt, o	nt of the project would not resulor unnecessary consumption of ϵ	•		•			
b)	pla	nflict with or obstruct a state or local n for renewable energy or energy ciency?				\boxtimes		
designa implem local pla	tion enti an fo	is consistent with the General Pl i. The project is required in comp ng energy reducing design meas or renewable energy or energy ef Y AND SOILS – Would the project:	ly with the (ures, theref	City's Climate Action ore the project wo	n Plan (CAP) b uld not obstru	у		
a)	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:							
	i)	Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.			\boxtimes			

or

According to the Geotechnical Investigation Report, prepared by Geocon Incorporated (October 22, 2019), the closest known fault is Rose Canyon Fault, located approximately 6 miles west of the site. The site is not located in an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone. No active faults are known to underlie or project toward the site. Therefore, the probability of fault rupture is considered low. Additionally, the project would be required to comply with seismic requirement of the California Building Code, utilize proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, in order to ensure that potential impacts based on regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.

ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?		\boxtimes	

According to the Geotechnical Investigation Report, the site could be affected by seismic activity as a result of earthquakes on major active faults located throughout the Southern California area. The project would utilize proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	d at the building permit stage, in a azards would remain less than si		e that potential in	npacts from re	egional
iii	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				
causing th for soil liq would be or structu utilization	on generally occurs when loose, use soils to lose cohesion. According uefaction at the subject site is low required to comply with the Californs to an acceptable level of risk, of standard construction practical the potential for impacts from it.	ng to the Geoto v due to the la ornia Building Implementati es, to be verifi	echnical Investigat ick of liquefaction Code that would on of proper engir ed at the building	ion Report, the prone areas. The duce impacting design permit stage,	ne potential The project ts to people n and would
iv	y) Landslides?			\boxtimes	
were obse possibility engineering permit sta risk. Impa	to the Geotechnical Investigation erved on-site. The report conclude of deep-seated slope stability pring design and utilization of standage, would ensure that the potenticts would be less than significant esult in substantial soil erosion or the	ed that due to oblems at the ard constructi ial for impacts	the relatively leve site is low. Impler on practices, to be	I terrain of the nentation of p e verified at th	e site, the proper se building
Demolition potential. requires the within the the Storm than significant postconst	n and construction activities wou The project would be required to he implementation of appropriat site would be required to comply Water Standards, which would e ficant levels. Furthermore, perma ruction consistent with the City's t would not result in substantial s	e comply with the Best Managery with the City nsure soil eroment storm waregulations, a	the City's Storm Wement Practices (Eof San Diego Grad sion and topsoil loater BMPs would a long with landscap	ater Standarc BMPs). Grading ding Ordinanc oss is minimize also be requir oe regulations	Is which g activities te as well as ed to less ed to Therefore,
th u p la	e located on a geologic unit or soil nat is unstable, or that would become nstable as a result of the project, and otentially result in on- or off-site and slide, lateral spreading, subsidence, guefaction or collapse?				

As discussed in Section VII (a) and VII (b), the project site is not likely to be subject to landslides, and the potential for liquefaction and subsidence is low. The soils and geologic units underlying the site are considered to have a "low" expansion potential. The project design would be required to comply with the requirements of the California Building Code, ensuring hazards associated with expansive

ls	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
soils wo	ould be reduced to an acceptable leve ant.	el of risk. As	such, impacts are ε	expected to be	e less than
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?			\boxtimes	
expans Califorr events standa	ing to the Geotechnical Investigation sive soil potential. The project would be nia Building Code that would reduce it to an acceptable level of risk. Implement construction practices, to be verificated in the second se	ne required to mpacts to per mentation of percent at the build	o comply with seis eople or structures proper engineering Iding permit stage,	mic requirem due to local s design and u would ensure	ents of the seismic utilization of
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				
water a require serve th	oject site is located within an area tha and sewer lines) and does not propos the construction of any new facilities he project. No impacts would occur.	e a septic sys s as it relates	stem. İn addition, t	he project do	es not
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?			\boxtimes	
propor is part project project zoning	y's Climate Action Plan (CAP) outlines tional share of State greenhouse gas of the CAP and contains measures the basis to ensure that the specified emis consistent with the General Plan a designations. Further, based upon rests, the project is consistent with the a	(GHG) emiss at are requir nission target nd the Del M eview and eva	ion reductions. A C ed to be implements identified in the lar Mesa Communicaluation of the com	CAP Consister ated on a proj CAP are achie aty Plan's land apleted CAP C	ncy Checklist ect-by- eved. The l use and
to cum	on the project's consistency with the ould be ulative statewide emissions would be so direct and cumulative GHG emission	less than cu	imulatively conside	rable. Theref	ore, the
b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?			\boxtimes	

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The project would not conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purposes of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gasses. The project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Community Plan land use and zoning designations. Further based upon review and evaluation of the completed CAP Consistency Checklist for the project, the project is consistent with the applicable strategies and actions of the CAP. Therefore, the project is consistent with the assumptions for relevant CAP strategies toward achieving the identified GHG reduction targets. Impacts are considered less than significant.

impacts	s are considered less triair significan	ι.			
IX. HAZA	ARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would	the project:			
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?			\boxtimes	
present constru	oject conducted grading activities and the during such activities, they are not acted, due to the nature of the project on or through the subject site is reant.	anticipated to	o create a significa e transport, use, o	ant public haza or disposal of h	ard. Once nazardous
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
hazardo	o response IX (a) above. No health ris ous materials would result from the gnificant.		_	•	•
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?			\boxtimes	
result o the rou comply	o response IX (a) above. Future risk of project operations because it is an tine use or transport of acutely haza with all federal, state and local requoe less than significant.	ticipated that ardous mater	future on-site op als. The project w	erations woul ould be requi	d not require red to
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
disclo	ardous waste site record search was consess any type of hazardous clean-up site (//geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/) The reconsite or in the surrounding area. No li	e pursuant t ecords searc	o Government Cod th identified that n	de section 659	62.5:
•	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
	roposed project is not located within a rt or public use airport. No impacts wo	•	d use plan, or with	in two miles o	of a public
1	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
	roject site is not located within the vici hazard for people residing or working		•		
Į.	g) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
emer	project would not impair the implement gency response plan or evacuation plan fere with circulation or access, and all co	n. No roadw	ay improvements a	are proposed	that would
I	h) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
oroje vildla	project is located within a developed url ct would not expose people or structur and fires because the project is not adja ction XX below. Any impacts would be lo	es to a signi acent to any	ficant loss, injury, o wildlands. Further	or death involv	ving
X. HY	DROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the pro	ject:			
ć	 Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements? 				

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The project would be conditioned to comply with the City's Storm Water Regulations, and appropriate Best Management Practices (BMP's) would be utilized. Implementation of project specific BMP's would preclude violations of any existing water quality standards or discharge requirements. Impacts would be less than significant.

-	BMP's would preclude violations of a ments. Impacts would be less than s	-	water quality stan	dards or disch	narge
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				
be cond would r ground substar The pro	ject does not require the construction litioned to include pervious design for the introduce a significant amount of water recharge. The project as designitially deplete groundwater supplies ject is located in a residential neighbonnect to the existing public water supplies.	eatures and a fnew impervined was revious or interfere soorhood whe	appropriate drainations surfaces that ewed by qualified substantially with re all infrastructu	age. Therefore could interfer City staff and groundwater res exist. The p	e, the project re with would not recharge. project
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?				
adjacen therefo implem	landscaping would prevent substant it to the site, all runoff would be rout re not substantially alter existing dra ent BMPs to ensure that substantial s would not occur. Impacts would be	ted to the exi ninage patter erosion or si	sting storm drain ns. The project wo ltation on or off-s	system and would be require	ould ed to
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?				
Refer to	response X (c) above. No flooding w	vould occur. I	mpacts would be	less than sign	ificant.
e)	Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide			\boxtimes	

Less Than Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant Impact Significant with No Impact Issue Mitigation Incorporated

substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?

constru degrade runoff f provide	oject would be required to comply wattion. Appropriate BMPs would be ited; therefore, ensuring that project from the site is not anticipated to execute substantial additional sources of postation measures are required.	mplemented runoff is directed the capa	to ensure that wa cted to appropria acity of existing st	iter quality is r te drainage sys orm water sys	not stems. Any tems or
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				
standar	o response X (a) above. The project vers both during and after constructions not degraded. Impacts would be I	on, using app	ropriate BMP's th	-	
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				
The pro	oject site is not located within a 100-ject has been reviewed by the propest construction guidelines to avoid floance.	er engineerin	g staff and would	be conditione	d to follow
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?				
	o X (g) above. The project site is not l flood area. Impacts would remain b		-	hazard area o	or any other
XI. LANI	D USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:				
a)	Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes
residen area an commu	oject site is located within a develope tial development. The project would d would not introduce any barriers inity. The project is consistent with t oject would meet all regulations outl	l not substan or project fea he Del Mar M	tially change the r tures that could p esa Community F	nature of the s physically divid Plan and the G	urrounding le the
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal				\boxtimes

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				
designa	ject is consistent with the General F tion. There are no conflicts with the se less than significant.			-	
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?			\boxtimes	
neighbo	refer to section IV (e) above. The propriet or hood and would not conflict with a nity conservation plan. Impacts wou	any applicable	habitat conserva		atural
XII. MINE	ERAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				\boxtimes
nature o	re no known mineral resources loca of the project site and vicinity would would result.	•	•		•
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				
use plar	a), above. The project site has not be n as a locally important mineral reso I with project implementation. Ther	ource recovery	site, and no such	resources w	
XIII. NOI	SE – Would the project result in:				
a)	Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				

Short-term (Construction)

Short-term noise impacts would be associated with onsite grading, and construction activities of the project. Construction-related short-term noise levels would be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction is completed. Sensitive receptors (e.g. residential uses) occur in the immediate area and may be temporarily affected by construction noise; however, construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise)

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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	re intended to reduce potential advermain below a level of significance.		esulting from cor	nstruction noise	e. Impacts
For the project result ir	rm (Operation) long-term, typical noise levels associated would not result in an increase in the noise levels in excess of standards ordinance. Impacts would remain be	ne existing an established	nbient noise level in the City of San	. The project wo	ould not
b)	Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?				
restricti	al effects from construction noise wones. Pile driving activities that woul noise are not anticipated with constrant.	d potentially	result in ground k	orne vibration	or ground
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
introdu constru existing	eject would not significantly increase ce a new land use or significantly in ction noise levels and traffic would gresidential use. Therefore, no subs ated. Impacts would be less than sig	crease the int be generally t tantial perma	tensity of the allo unchanged as co	wed land use. F	Post e with the
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?				
noise le	eject would not expose people to a sevels. Construction noise would resure. Construction-related noise impa	ılt during con	struction activitie	s but would be	temporary

У existing ambient noise levels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction is completed. In addition, the project would be required to comply with the San Diego Municipal Code, Article 9.5 "Noise Abatement and Control." Implementation of these standard measures would reduce potential impacts from an increase in ambient noise level during construction to a less than significant level.

e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan		
	has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to		
	excessive noise levels?		

ls	ssue		Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
	-	site is not located within an airponiles of a public				located
f)	priv exp	a project within the vicinity of a ate airstrip, would the project ose people residing or working in project area to excessive noise els?				\boxtimes
The pro	oject	site is not located within the vicir	nity of a priv	ate airstrip. No imر	pacts would r	esult.
XIV. PO	PULAT	ION AND HOUSING – Would the project:				
a)	an a pro or ii exte	uce substantial population growth in area, either directly (for example, by posing new homes and businesses) andirectly (for example, through ension of roads or other astructure)?				
The pro	oject	is consistent with the underlying site is currently served by existing increase housing or population	g infrastruc	ture. As such, the p	roject would	not
b)	exis con	place substantial numbers of ting housing, necessitating the struction of replacement housing where?				\boxtimes
Refer t	o res	ponse XIV (a) above. No impacts	would resu	lt.		
c)	peo	place substantial numbers of ple, necessitating the construction eplacement housing elsewhere?				
Refer t	o res	ponse XIV (a) above. No impacts	would resu	lt.		
XV. PU	BLIC SE	ERVICES				
a)	phy con	uld the project result in substantial adver sically altered governmental facilities, ne struction of which could cause significan ons, response times or other performand	ed for new or t environment	physically altered gover al impacts, in order to m	nmental facilities naintain acceptab	, the
	i)	Fire protection			\boxtimes	

Less Than

The project is consistent with the land use designation pursuant to the Del Mar Mesa Community Plan. The project is for unpermitted grading and does not propose any new structures. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of fire protection services to the area and would not require the construction of new or expansion of existing governmental facilities. Impacts would be less than significant.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
ii) Police protection							
Refer to response XV (a)(i) above. The protection services or create a new sign new or expansion of existing governments	nificant demand a	nd would not req	uire the const	ruction of			
iii) Schools			\boxtimes				
Refer to response XV (a)(i) above. The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where public school services are available. The project would not significantly increase the demand on public schools over that which currently exists and is not anticipated to result in a significant increase in demand for public educational services. Impacts would be less than significant.							
iv) Parks			\boxtimes				
where City-operated parks are available existing neighborhood or regional park	Refer to response XV (a)(i) above. The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where City-operated parks are available. The project would not significantly increase the demand on existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities over that which presently exists. Impacts would be less than significant.						
v) Other public facilities			\boxtimes				
Refer to response XV (a)(i) above. The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where City services are already available. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of public services and not require the construction or expansion of an existing governmental facility. Impacts would be less than significant.							
XVI. RECREATION							
 a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occ or be accelerated? 			\boxtimes				

The project is consistent with the underlying zoning and land use designation pursuant to the General Plan and the Del Mar Mesa Community Plan. The project is for unpermitted grading on a developed single-family lot and does not propose new development. The project would not adversely affect the availability of and/or need for new or expanded recreational resources. The project would not require the construction or expansion of an existing park facility. The project would not significantly increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities. Therefore, the project is not anticipated to result in the use of available parks or facilities such that substantial deterioration occurs, or that would require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities to satisfy demand. As such, impacts would remain less than significant.

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?						
	Refer to XVI (a) above. The project does not propose recreation facilities nor require the construction or expansion of any such facilities. As such, impacts would remain less than significant.						
XVII. TRA	ANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project?	?					
a)	Would the project or plan/policy conflict with an adopted program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the transportation system, including transit, roadways, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?				\boxtimes		
consiste not resu	ject is for unpermitted grading and or ent with the land use designation pe ult in design measures that would co cive transportation. No impacts woul	r the Del Mar onflict with ex	Mesa Community	/ Plan. The pro	ject would		
b)	Would the project or plan/policy result in VMT exceeding thresholds identified in the City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual?			\boxtimes			

On September 27, 2013, Governor Edmund G. Brown, Jr. signed SB-743 into law, starting a process that fundamentally changes the way transportation impact analysis is conducted under CEQA. Related revisions to the State's CEQA Guidelines include elimination of auto delay, level of service (LOS), and similar measurements of vehicular roadway capacity and traffic congestion as the basis for determining significant impacts.

In December 2018, the California Resources Agency certified and adopted revised CEQA Guidelines, including new section 15064.3. Under the new section, vehicle miles traveled (VMT), which includes the amount and distance of automobile traffic attributable to a project, is identified as the "most appropriate measure of transportation impacts." As of July 1, 2020, all CEQA lead agencies must analyze a project's transportation impacts using VMT.

The Draft City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual (TSM) dated June 10, 2020 is consistent with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) guidelines and utilizes VMT as a metric for evaluating transportation-related impacts. Based on these guidelines, all projects shall go through a screening process to determine the level of transportation analysis that is required.

The project is for unpermitted grading and does not propose any new development. A "Small

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Project" is defined as a project generating le City of San Diego trip generation rates/proc		daily unadjusted d	riveway trips ા	using the
Based upon the screening criteria identified screened out from further VMT analysis. Th TSM, June 10, 2020, the project would have	erefore, as re	ecommended in the	-	
c) Would the project or plan/policy substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				\boxtimes
The project is for unpermitted grading and infrastructure. The project complies with th pursuant to the Del Mar Mesa Community l	e zoning regu	ulations and the lar	•	
d) Result in inadequate emergency access?			\boxtimes	
Adequate emergency access would be provided from the driveway expensive would be provided from the driveway expensive would not impair implementation of or phyplan or emergency evacuation plan. Impact XVIII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the procultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code of geographically defined in terms of the size and scope California Native American tribe, and that is:	eterm operation tentrances on resically interfects would be lessified to be described as the section 21074 as	ons of the project. Meadows Del Mar. ere with an adopted ess than significant. estantial adverse change either a site, feature, p	Emergency ac As such, the p d emergency of e in the significant lace, cultural lance	ccess to the project response acce of a tribal dscape that is
 a) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or 				\boxtimes
The project site is not listed nor is it eligible Resources, or in a local register of historical 5020.1 (k). In addition, please see section V	l resources as	defined in Public	Resources Co	
b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.				

Potentially Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

Tribal Cultural Resources include sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, and sacred places or objects that have cultural value or significance to a Native American Tribe. Tribal Cultural Resources include "non-unique archaeological resources" that, instead of being important for "scientific" value as a resource, can also be significant because of the sacred and/or cultural tribal value of the resource. Tribal representatives are considered experts appropriate for providing substantial evidence regarding the locations, types, and significance of tribal cultural resources within their traditionally and cultural affiliated geographic area (PRC § 21080.3.1(a)).

In accordance with the requirements of Assembly Bill (AB) 52, The City of San Diego sent notification to the Native American Tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. All tribes responded within the 30-day time period requesting consultation. Consultation took place via email and concluded the same day. It was determined that there are no sites, features, places or cultural landscapes that would be substantially adversely impacted by the proposed project. Due to the limited scope of work, the previously disturbed nature of the site, and the lack of recorded resources in the near vicinity, the potential to impact any unknown resources would not rise to a level of significance. Impacts would remain below a level of significance.

XIX. UTIL	ITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the proje	ect:			
a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?			\boxtimes	
surroun created significa accorda Control	entation of the project would not interding uses. No significant increase in doing uses. No significant increase in doing uses. No significant increase in doing the project, as compared to current amounts of wastewater. Wastewater trace with the applicable wastewater trace with the applicable wastewater traces are already available to services.	lemand for want conditions. The facilities us eatment required to the facilities us eatment requirect site is locations.	estewater disp The project is ed by the pro irements of the ated in an urb	posal or treatmer not anticipated t ject would be ope ne Regional Wate anized and devel	nt would be to generate erated in r Quality oped area.
b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
Addition	response XIX (a) above. Adequate ser ally, the project would not significant nt services and thus, would not trigge esult.	ly increase the	e demand for	water or wastew	
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact

The project would not exceed the capacity of the existing storm water drainage systems and therefore, would not require construction of new or expansion of existing storm water drainage facilities of which could cause significant environmental effects. The project was reviewed by qualified City staff who determined that the existing facilities are adequately sized to accommodate the proposed development. No impacts would result.

d)	Have sufficient water supplies available		
	to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new		\boxtimes
	or expanded entitlements needed?		

The 2015 City Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP) serves as the water resources planning document for the City's residents, businesses, interest groups, and public officials. The UWMP assess the current and future water supply and needs for the City. Implementation of the project would not result in new or expanded water entitlements from the water service provider, as the project is consistent with existing demand projections contained in the UWMP (which are based on the allowed land uses for the project site). The Public Utilities Department local water supply is generated from recycled water, local surface supply, and groundwater, which accounts for approximately 20 percent of the total water requirements for the City. The City purchases water from the San Diego County Water Authority to make up the difference between total water demands and local supplies (City of San Diego 2015). Therefore, the project would not require new or expanded entitlements. No impacts would result.

e)	Result in a determination by the		
	wastewater treatment provider which		
	serves or may serve the project that it		
	has adequate capacity to serve the		\boxtimes
	project's projected demand in addition		
	to the provider's existing		
	commitments?		

The project would not adversely affect existing wastewater treatment services. Adequate services are available to serve the project site without requiring new or expanded entitlements. No impacts would result.

f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient		
	permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal		
	needs?		

All construction waste from the project site would be transported to an appropriate facility, which would have sufficient permitted capacity to accept that generated by the project. Long-term operation of the residential use is anticipated to generate typical amounts of solid waste associated with residential uses. Furthermore, the project would be required to comply with the City's Municipal Code requirement for diversion of both construction waste during the short-term, construction phase and solid waste during the long-term, operational phase. Impacts are considered to be less than significant.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste?				
waste. Tor requiduring the	ect would comply with all Federal, She project would not result in the government of hazardous wastened the construction phase. All demolition phate for diversion of both construction phase. Implements for diversion of both construction of the long-term, operational phase.	eneration of e materials, o on activities w ction waste d	large amounts of s ther than minimal ould comply with a uring the demolition	olid waste, no amounts gen any City of Sa on phase and	or generate lerated n Diego
XX. WILD	FIRE – Would the project: Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
Plan. The Commu located disrupt a project v during c	of San Diego participates in the Sar e project complies with the General nity Plan's land use and the Land Dein an urbanized area of San Diego a any emergency evacuation routes as would have a less-than-significant in onstruction and operation.	Plan and is of evelopment (and grading of sidentified in	consistent with the Code's zoning design a previously devented the Hazard Mitigation.	Del Mar Mesonation. The peloped lot wonthin the peloped lot wonthin The	a project is uld not erefore, the
b)	Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of wildfire?				
resident single-fa designat with with occupan	ect is located in a Very High Fire Sevial development. The project is for useful mily residence, pool, and hardscapetion pursuant to the Del Mar Mesa Chathe City's Brush Management Plants to pollutant concentrations from the ce, impacts would remain below a le	unpermitted e. The projec Community P n. The project a wildfire or	grading on a previo t is consistent with lan and would be o would not have th the uncontrolled s	ously develop the zoning a conditioned to be potential to	ed lot with and land use comply expose
c)	Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?				

The project is located in a residential neighborhood with similar development. The site is currently serviced by existing infrastructure which would service the site after construction is completed. No

Issu	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	struction of roads, fuel breaks, eme e constructed that would exacerbate		•		
d)	Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?			\boxtimes	
Manager risks as a	response XX (b) above. The project ment Practices (BMP) for drainage as result of run-off, post-fire slope insolutions would result.	nd would no	t expose people o	structures to	significant
XXI. MAN	DATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE -				
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
such, mi	lysis has determined that there are tigation measures included in this d nificant level as outlined within the I	locument wo	uld reduce these p	-	
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				

As documented in this Initial Study, the project may have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, notably with respect to Biological Resources, which may have cumulatively considerable impacts. As such, mitigation measures have been incorporated to reduce impacts to less than significant. Other future projects within the surrounding neighborhood or community would be required to comply with applicable local, State, and Federal regulations to reduce the potential impacts to less than significant, or to the extent possible. As such, the project is not anticipated to contribute potentially significant cumulative environmental impacts.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
 Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly? 				

The project is consistent with the environmental setting and with the use as anticipated by the City. Based on the analysis presented above, implementation of the mitigation measures would reduce environmental impacts such that no substantial adverse effects on humans would occur.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

REFERENCES

ı.	Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego General Plan
<u>X</u>	Community Plans: Del Mar Mesa
II.	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego General Plan
	U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973
	California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997)
	Site Specific Report:
III.	Air Quality
	California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990
<u>X</u>	Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD
	Site Specific Report:
IV.	Biology
X	City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997
X	City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools"
	Maps, 1996
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997
	Community Plan - Resource Element
	California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and
	Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001
	California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and
	Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines
X	Site Specific Report: Meadows Del Mar Project Biological Resources Technical Report, prepared
	by Rocks Biological Consulting (October 20, 2020)
	by Nocks Biological Consulting (October 20, 2020)
٧.	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources)
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines
<u>X</u> <u>X</u>	City of San Diego Archaeology Library
<u>X</u>	Historical Resources Board List
	Community Historical Survey:
	Site Specific Report:
VI.	Energy
X	City of San Diego Climate Action Plan (CAP), (City of San Diego 2015)
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist – Del Mar Mesa Project
VII.	Geology/Soils
X	City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study

U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, X December 1973 and Part III, 1975 Site Specific Report: Geotechnical Investigation Report, prepared by Geocon Incorporated <u>X___</u> (October 22, 2019) VIII. **Greenhouse Gas Emissions** City of San Diego Climate Action Plan (CAP), (City of San Diego 2015) City of San Diego Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist – Meadows Del Mar Project X **Hazards and Hazardous Materials** IX. San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing _X__ San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division X **FAA Determination** State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized, X GeoTracker: https://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/ State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized X Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan Site Specific Report: X. Hydrology/Drainage Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Χ Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report: XI. **Land Use and Planning** City of San Diego General Plan X Community Plan: Del Mar Mesa X Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps X **FAA Determination** Other Plans: XII. **Mineral Resources** _X__ City of San Diego General Plan X California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps Site Specific Report: XIII. **Noise** City of San Diego General Plan Χ Community Plan: Del Mar Mesa San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps

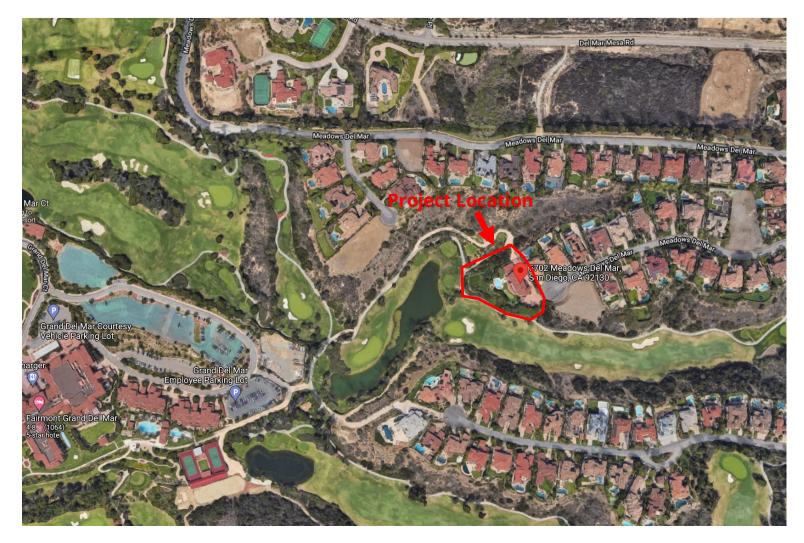
Montgomery Field CNEL Maps

<u>X</u> _X	San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XIV. _X _X	Paleontological Resources City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996 Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin 200, Sacramento, 1975 Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977 Site Specific Report:
XV. X X	Population / Housing City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Del Mar Mesa Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
XVI. <u>X</u> <u>X</u>	Public Services City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Del Mar Mesa
XVII.	Recreational Resources City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Del Mar Mesa Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:
XVIII.	Transportation / Circulation City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Del Mar Mesa San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG City of San Diego Draft Transportation Manual Site Specific Report:
XIX. <u>X</u> <u>X</u>	Utilities City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: Del Mar Mesa Site Specific Report:

XX.

Water Conservation

	Sunset Magazine, New Western Garden Book, Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine
XXI. <u>X</u>	Water Quality Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d lists.html Site Specific Report:
XXII. <u>X</u>	Wildfire City of San Diego General Plan
<u>X</u>	Community Plan: Del Mar Mesa
<u>X</u>	San Diego County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan
<u>X</u>	Very High Fire Severity Zone Map, City of San Diego
<u>X</u>	City of San Diego Brush Management Regulations, Landscape Regulations (SDMC 142.0412)
	Site Specific Report:



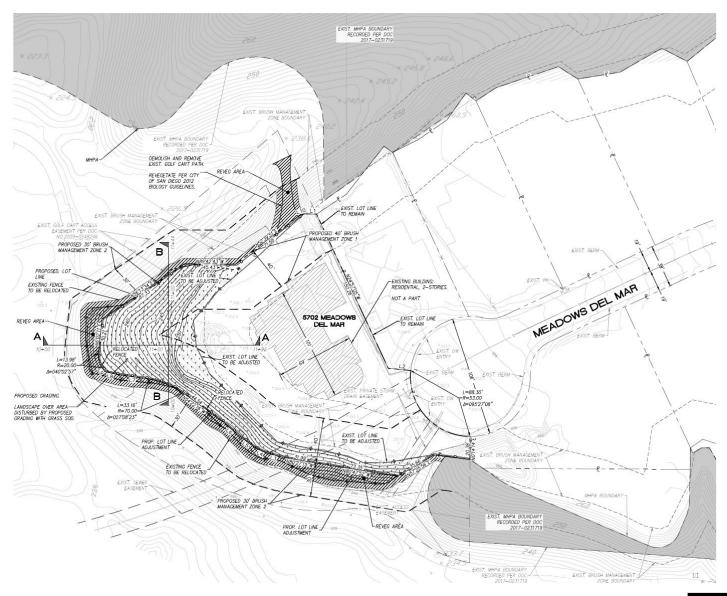


Location Map

<u>Meadows Del Mar SDP - Project No. 604841</u> 5702 <u>Meadows Del Mar</u>



Figure 1





Site Plan

<u>Meadows Del Mar SDP – Project No. 604841</u> 5702 Meadows Del Mar



Figure 2