Ted Winfield & Associates

1455 Wagoner Drive, Livermore, CA 94550 • (925) 371-6379

August 2, 2016

Mr. Jim Keegan Keegan & Coppin 1355 North Dutton Avenue Santa Rosa, CA 95401

Re: Results of 2016 Plant Survey at 685 Aviation Blvd. Property (APN 059-340-056)

Dear Mr. Keegan:

This letter report provides the results of a survey of the property located at 685 Aviation Boulevard (APN 059-340-056) (Site) in unincorporated Sonoma County. The survey was conducted to determine if there were seasonal wetlands that could be subject to the jurisdiction of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineer pursuant to section 404 of the Clean Water Act, and to conduct a general vegetation survey of the Site.

BACKGROUND

A prior wetland survey that included the Site was conducted in 1998¹ and approximately 0.138 acre of features potentially subject to the Corps' jurisdiction pursuant to section 404 of the Clean Water Act was found to occur on the project area, including the Site. At the time of the prior wetland survey, the Site was part of a larger 3.13-acre parcel (APN 59-340-033). This parcel was apparently split into two parcels sometime after 1998, and development occurred on one of the parcels (APN 059-340-055) and a small area of the Site. Most of the Site remained undeveloped.

According to the wetland map produced from the 1998 wetland survey, approximately 0.091 acre (3,974 sq. ft.) of potentially jurisdictional seasonal wetlands occurred on the Site, the remaining 0.047 (2,022 sq. ft.) acre of potentially jurisdictional seasonal wetlands occurred on the other part of the survey area, which has since been developed.

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¹ Pre-jurisdictional Determination, Waters of the United States, Aviation Associates Site (A.P. 59-340-033), Sonoma County, California. Report prepared for Mr. Al Coppin, Keegan & Coppin by Laurence P. Stromberg, Ph.D. June 13, 1998.

A survey for special-status plants was also conducted in 1998² focusing on the potential occurrence of the endangered plants known to occur in seasonal wetlands on the Santa Rosa Plain, which include Burke's goldfields (*Lasthenia burkei*), Sonoma sunshine (*Blennosperma bakeri*) and Sebastopol meadowfoam (*Limnanthes vinculins*). No special-status plants were observed in the seasonal wetlands or elsewhere in the survey area, which included the Site, during the 1998 special-status plant surveys.

2016 WETLAND AND SPECIAL-STATUS PLANT SURVEY

A survey of the Site was conducted on April 19, 2016, to look for evidence of the presence of wetland that could be subject to the jurisdiction of the Corps pursuant to section 404 of the Clean Water Act, and to compile a list of plant species present on the Site. The survey was conducted at a time when wetland plants would be in flower and the presence of seasonal wetlands distinguishable from upland areas.

<u>Seasonal Wetlands.</u> In the 1998 wetland report, the seasonal wetlands at the Site were dominated by California semaphore grass (*Pleuropogon californicus*), and the subdominant species included ryegrass (*Festuca perennis*), Mediterranean barley (*Hordeum marinum* ssp. *gussoneanum*) and curly dock (*Rumex crispus*), along with rabbitsfoot grass (*Polypogon monspeliensis*) and tall flat sedge (*Cyperus eragrostis*).

During the April 2016 survey, California semaphore grass was not observed at the locations where seasonal wetlands were reported to occur in 1998 or elsewhere on the Site. The 2016 survey was conducted during the reported flowering period of California semaphore grass, and this grass was observed in flower on several other sites during other surveys conducted around the same time.

A few individual plants of tall flat sedge and other species found primarily in seasonal wetlands, including blue-eyed grass (*Sisyrinchium bellum*) and slender rush (*Juncus tenuis*) occurred at the Site, but were not dominant to the extent that their occurrence constituted hydrophytic (wetland) vegetation. Ryegrass and Mediterranean barley occurred throughout the Site and as facultative species, they occur equally in wetland and upland habitat.

The areas where seasonal wetlands were mapped in 1998 did not exhibit any surface hydrology indicators, such as evidence of ponded water or presence of algal matting on the soil surface, and the vegetation was not dominated by hydrophytic (wetland) plants. Based on observations made during the April, 2016 survey the seasonal wetlands that were present in 1998 are no longer present.

² Results of Survey for Special-status Plant Species, Aviation Associates Site (A.P. 59-340-033), Sonoma County, California. Report prepared for Mr. Al Coppin, Keegan & Coppin by Laurence

P. Stromberg, Ph.D. June 13, 1998.

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Special-status Plant Survey. The entire Site was surveyed to characterize the vegetation present. Attachment A to this letter report presents a list of plants observed during the plant surveys. Focused surveys for endangered plants known to occur in seasonal wetlands were not deemed necessary since seasonal wetlands were not observed at the Site. A list of special-status plants reported to occur in the region and the likelihood of occurrence at the Site is appended to this letter report as Attachment B.

The vegetation cover consisted primarily of non-native species of grasses and forbs that are common on fallow lands on the Santa Rosa Plain, with a few native plant species interspersed in the matrix of non-native plants species. The common non-native plants occurring throughout the site included ryegrass, slender wild oats (Avena barbata), two brome grasses (Bromus diandrus, B. hordeaceus), Harding grass (Phalaris aquatica), bristly ox-tongue (Helminthotheca echioides), hairy cat's-ear (Hypochaeris radicata), wild radish (Raphanus sativus), bindweed (Convolvulus arvensis), bur clover (Medicago polymorpha), red clover (Trifolium pratense), subterranean clover (Trifolium subterraneum), spring vetch (Vicia sativa), red-stemmed filaree (Erodium cicutarium), cut-leaved geranium (Geranium dissectum), and English plantain (Plantago lanceolata).

Several native plant species occurred at the site, including coast live oak (*Quercus agrifolia*), coyote brush (*Baccharis pilularis*), tall annual willowherb (*Epilobium brachycarpum*), California poppy (*Eschscholzia californica*), blue-eyed grass, tall umbrella sedge and slender rush.

The California Natural Diversity Database (CNDDB), and California Native Plant Society (CNPS) Online Inventory of Rare and Endangered Plants were searched for information on special-status plants for Santa Rosa, Sebastopol, Healdsburg, Two Rocks, and Cotati USGS Quadrangle maps, which defines the low land areas in the region. Special-status plant species are defined in *Protocols for Surveying and Evaluating Impacts to Special Status Native Plant Populations and Natural Communities*³ to include all plant species that meet one or more of the following criteria:

- Listed or proposed for listing as threatened or endangered under FESA or candidates for possible future listing as threatened or endangered under FESA (50 CFR §17.12).
- Listed or candidates for listing by the State of California as threatened or endangered under CESA (Fish and Game Code §2050 *et seq.*).
- Listed as rare under the California Native Plant Protection Act (Fish and Game Code §1900 *et seq.*). A plant is **rare** when, although not presently threatened with extinction, the species, subspecies, or variety is found in

³ California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG). Protocols for surveying and evaluating impacts to special status native plant populations and natural communities. November 24, 2009.

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such small numbers throughout its range that it may be endangered if its environment worsens (Fish and Game Code §1901).

- Meet the definition of rare or endangered under CEQA §15380(b) and (d).
 Species that may meet the definition of rare or endangered include the following:
 - Species considered by the California Native Plant Society (CNPS) to be "rare, threatened or endangered in California" (Lists 1A, 1B and 2);
 - Species that may warrant consideration on the basis of local significance or recent biological information;
 - Some species included on the California Natural Diversity Database's (CNDDB) *Special Plants, Bryophytes, and Lichens List* (California Department of Fish and Game 2008).
- Considered a locally significant species, that is, a species that is not rare from a statewide perspective but is rare or uncommon in a local context such as within a county or region (CEQA §15125 (c)) or is so designated in local or regional plans, policies, or ordinances (CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G). Examples include a species at the outer limits of its known range or a species occurring on an uncommon soil type.

A total of forty-three special-status plants were identified as occurring in the Project region, and the list of these special-status plant species, their habitat preference, and potential to occur at the Site is presented in Attachment 2. While marginally suitable habitat is present at the Site for several of the species that occur in grassland-like habitat, suitable habitat for most of special-status species is not present at the Site.

There are three special-status plant species found in the region that occur in grassland-type habitat, including bent-flowered fiddleneck (*Amsinckia lunaris*), seaside tarplant (*Hemizonia congesta* ssp. *congesta*), and showy rancheria clover (*Trifolium amoenum*), but the habitat at the Site is marginal for these species, and it is unlikely that these species occur at the Site.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (925) 371-6379 or by e-mail at tpw_jr@comcast.net

Sincerely,

Jene Wanfield

Ted P. Winfield, Ph.D.

Attachment A. List of plants observed at 685 Aviation Blvd.

Attachment B. Special-status plant species reported to occur in the region, their habitat preference and likelihood of occurring at the Site.

ATTACHMENT A

LIST OF PLANTS OBSERVED AT 685 AVIATION BLVD. SONOMA COUNTY, CA

DICOTYLEDONS

APIACEAE	Carrot Family	
Torilis nodosa *	knotted hedge-parsley	
ASTERACEAE	Sunflower Family	
Baccharis pilularis	coyote brush	
Helminthotheca echioides *	bristly ox-tongue	
Hypochaeris radicata *	hairy cat's-ear	
Senecio vulgaris *	common groundsel	
Sonchus asper*	spiny-leaved sow-thistle	
Taraxacum officinale *	dandelion	
Tragopogon porrifolius *	purple salsify	
BRASSICACEAE	Mustard Family	
Raphanus sativus *	wild radish	
CONVOLVULACEAE	Morning Glory Family	
Convolvulus arvensis *	bindweed	
FABACEAE	Legume Family	
Acmispon americanus	Spanish lotus	
Lupinus bicolor	miniature lupine	
Lupinus nanus	sky lupine	
Medicago polymorpha *	bur clover	
Trifolium pratense *	red clover	
Trifolium subterraneum *	subterranean clover	
Vicia sativa *	spring vetch	
Vicia villosa *	hairy vetch	
FAGACEAE	Oak Family	
Quercus agrifolia var. agrifolia	coast live oak	
GERANIACEAE	Geranium Family	
Erodium cicutarium *	red-stemmed filaree	
Geranium dissectum *	cut-leaved geranium	
ONAGRACEAE	Evening Primrose Family	
Epilobium brachycarpum	tall annual willowherb	
PAPAVERACEAE	Poppy Family	
Eschscholzia californica	California poppy	
PLANTAGINACEAE	Plantain Family	
Plantago lanceolata *	English plantain	
POLYGONACEAE	Buckwheat Family	
Rumex acetosella *	sheep sorrel	
Rumex crispus *	curly dock	

PRIMULACEAE	Primrose Family	
Anagallis arvensis *	scarlet pimpernel	
ROSACEAE	Rose Family	
Rubus armeniacus *	Himalayan blackberry	
RUBIACEAE	Madder Family	
Galium aparine *	goose-grass, cleavers	
SCROPHULARIACEAE	Figwort Family	
Parentucellia viscosa *	yellow parentucellia	
MON	OCOTYLEDONS	
IRIDACEAE	Iris Family	
Sisyrinchium bellum	blue-eyed-grass	
Cyperaceae	Sedge Family	
Cyperus eragrostis	tall umbrella sedge	
JUNCACEAE	Rush Family	
Juncus tenuis	slender rush	
POACEAE	Grass Family	
Anthoxanthum odoratum*	sweet vernalgrass	
Avena barbata *	slender wild oat	
Briza minor *	little quaking grass	
Bromus diandrus *	ripgut brome	

soft chess

six-weeks fescue

Harding grass

perennial ryegrass

Mediterranean barley

Note: * indicates non-native plant species

Hordeum marinum ssp. gussoneanum *

Bromus hordeaceus *

Festuca bromoides *

Festuca perenne *

Phalaris aquatica *

ATTACHMENT B

SPECIAL-STATUS PLANT SPECIES REPORTED TO OCCUR IN THE REGION, THEIR HABITAT PREFERENCE AND LIKELIHOOD OF OCCURRING AT THE SITE.

Scientific Name Common Name	Habitat	Potential Occurrence at Project Site
Alopecurus aequalis var. sonomensis Sonoma alopecurus	Marshes and swamps (freshwater); riparian scrub	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Amsinckia lunaris bent-flowered fiddleneck	Coastal bluff scrub; cismontane woodland; valley and foothill grassland	Unlikely. Marginally suitable grassland habitat present, but not observed during survey; survey occurred during flowering period for this species.
Arctostaphylos canescens ssp. sonomensis Sonoma canescent manzanita	Chaparral; cismontane woodland; lower montane coniferous forest/ sometimes serpentinite	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Arctostaphylos densiflora Vine Hill manzanita	Chaparral	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Arctostaphylos stanfordiana ssp. decumbens Rincon Ridge manzanita	Chaparral; cismontane woodland	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Astragalus claranus Clara Hunt's milk-vetch	Chaparral (openings); cismontane woodland; valley and foothill grassland/serpentinite or volcanic, rocky, clay	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Balsamorhiza macrolepis var. macrolepis big-scale balsamroot	Chaparral; cismontane woodland; valley and foothill grassland/ sometimes serpentinite	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Blennosperma bakeri Sonoma sunshine	Valley and foothill grasslands (mesic); vernal pools	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Brodiaea leptandra narrow-anthered California brodiaea	Broadleafed upland forest; chaparral; cismontane woodland; lower montane coniferous forest; valley and foothill grassland (volcanic)	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Calamagrostis crassiglumis Thurber's reed grass	Coastal scrub (mesic); marshes and swamps (freshwater)	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Campanula californica swamp harebell	Bogs and fens; closed-cone coniferous forest; coastal prairie; meadows and seeps; marshes and swamps (freshwater); north coast coniferous forest	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Castilleja uliginosa Pitkin Marsh paintbrush	Marshes and swamps (freshwater)	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Ceanothus confusus Rincon Ridge ceanothus	Closed-cone coniferous forest; chaparral; cismontane woodland/ volcanic or serpentinite	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Ceanothus divergens Calistoga ceanothus	Chaparral (serpentinite or volcanic, rocky)	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.

Scientific Name Common Name	Habitat	Potential Occurrence at Project Site
Ceanothus foliosus var. vineatus Vine Hill ceanothus	Chaparral	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Ceanothus sonomensis Sonoma ceanothus	Chaparral (sandy, serpentinite or volcanic)	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Centromadia parryi ssp. parryi pappose tarplant	Chaparral; coastal prairie; meadows and seeps; marshes and swamps (coastal salt marshes); valley and foothill grassland (vernally mesic/often alkaline)	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Chorizanthe valida Sonoma spineflower	Coastal prairie (sandy)	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Clarkia imbricate Vine Hill clarkia	Chaparral; valley and foothill grassland/acidic sandy loam)	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Cuscuta obtusiflora var. glandulosa Peruvian dodder	Marshes and swamps (freshwater)	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Delphinium luteum golden larkspur	Chaparral; coastal prairie; coastal scrub/rocky	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Downingia pusilla dwarf downingia	Valley and foothill grasslands (mesic); vernal pools	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Fritillaria liliacea fragrant fritillary	Cismontane woodland; coastal prairie; coastal scrub; valley and foothill grassland/often serpentinite	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Gilia capitata ssp. tomentosa wooly-headed gilia	Coastal bluff scrub, valley and foothill grasslands/serpentinite; rocky outcrops	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Hemizonia congesta ssp. congesta seaside tarplant	Valley and foothill grassland/ sometimes roadsides	Unlikely. Marginally suitable grassland habitat present, but not observed during plant surveys; survey occurred at beginning of flowering period, but no early growth of tarweeds observed at the Site and no remnants from previous season (standing dead) observed at the Site (Site did not appear to have been mowed or disked this year).
Horkelia tenuiloba thin-lobed horkelia	Broadleafed upland forest; chaparral; valley and foothill grassland/mesic openings, sandy	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Lasthenia burkei Burke's goldfields	meadows and seeps; vernal pools	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Legenere limosa legenere	Vernal pools	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Leptosiphon jepsonii Jepson's leptosiphon	Chaparral; cismontane woodland	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.

Scientific Name Common Name	Habitat	Potential Occurrence at Project Site
Lilium pardalinum ssp. pitkinense Pitkin Marsh lily	Cismontane woodland; meadows and seeps, marshes and swamps (freshwater)/mesic, sandy	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Limnanthes vinculans Sebastopol meadowfoam	Meadows and seeps, valley and foothill grassland; vernal pools/vernally mesic	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Microseris paludosa marsh microseris	Closed-cone coniferous forest; cismontane woodland; coastal scrub; valley and foothill grassland	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
<i>Navarretia leucocephala</i> ssp. bakeri Baker's navarretia	Cismontane woodland; lower montane coniferous forest; meadows and seeps; valley and foothill grassland; vernal pools/mesic	Unlikely. Seasonal wetland habitat at Site not suitable for species.
Navarretia leucocephala ssp. plieantha many-flowered navarretia	Vernal pools (volcanic ash flow)	Unlikely. Seasonal wetland habitat at Site not suitable for species.
Pleuropogon hooverianus North Coast semaphore grass	Broadleafed upland forest; meadows and seeps; north coastal coniferous forest/open areas, mesic	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Potentilla uliginosa Cunningham Marsh cinquefoil	Marshes and swamps/freshwater, permanent oligotrophic wetlands	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
<i>Rhynchospora alba</i> white beaked-rush	Bogs and fens; meadows and seeps; marshes and swamps (freshwater)	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Rhynchospora californica California beaked-rush	Bogs and fens; lower mountain coniferous forest; meadows and seeps; marshes and swamps	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Rhynchospora globularis round-headed beaked-rush	Marshes and swamps (freshwater)	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Trifolium amoenum showy rancheria clover	Coastal bluff scrub; valley and foothill grassland (sometimes serpentinite)	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Trifolium hydrophilum saline clover	Marshes and swamps; valley and foothill grasslands (mesic, alkaline)	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Triquetrella californica coastal triquetrella	Coastal bluff scrub; coastal scrub/soil	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.
Viburnum ellipticum oval-leaved viburnum	Chaparral; cismontaine woodland; lower montane coniferous forest	Unlikely. Habitats for species not present at Site.