Notice of Exemption

To: Office of Planning and Research P.O. Box 3044, Room 113 Sacramento, CA 95812-3044	From: (Public Agency): <u>CA Fish and Game Commission</u> P.O. Box 944209
	Sacramento, CA 94244-2090
County Clerk County of: <u>N/A</u>	(Address)
Project Title: 2021 Recreational Clam, San	d Crab and Shrimp Gear Emergency Rule
Project Applicant: N/A	
Project Location - Specific:	
State intertidal waters where clams, sand crab	and shrimp are taken.
Project Location - City: N/A	Project Location - County: <u>N/A</u>
hydraulic pumps for recreational take of clam clams they harvest in a separate container fro	29.20 & 29.80 of Title 14, CCR, to temporarily prohibit the use of , sand crab and shrimp, and to require each person to keep m clams harvested by others.
Name of Public Agency Approving Project: California Fish and Game Commission	
Name of Person or Agency Carrying Out Proje	ect: California Department of Fish and Wildlife
 Exempt Status: (check one): Ministerial (Sec. 21080(b)(1); 15268) Declared Emergency (Sec. 21080(b)(4)) Emergency Project (Sec. 21080(b)(4)) Categorical Exemption. State type and Statutory Exemptions. State code number 	(3); 15269(a));
categorical exemptions exempt actions for pr The proposed project qualifies because it is de prevent degradation of sensitive eel grass hab	pplies to actions taken in response to emergencies. Class 7 and 8 otecting natural resources and the environment, respectively. esigned to help ensure sustainable take of gaper clams and pitat (see attachment).
Lead Agency Contact Person: Melissa Miller-Henson	Area Code/Telephone/Extension: (916) 653-4899
Signature <u>Mulissa A. Miller-Henson</u>	by the public agency approving the project? \Box Yes \Box No Date: Title: Executive Director
Signed by Lead Agency Signed	
Authority cited: Sections 21083 and 21110, Public Reso Reference: Sections 21108, 21152, and 21152.1, Public	

February 10, 2021

ATTACHMENT TO NOTICE OF EXEMPTION 2021 Recreational Clam, Sand Crab, and Shrimp Emergency Rule

The California Fish and Game Commission (Commission) has taken final action under the California Fish and Game Code and the Administrative Procedure Act with respect to the proposed project. On February 10, 2021, the Commission noticed and adopted an emergency action to amend sections 29.20 & 29.80 to Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations (CCR).

Statutory Exemption for Specific Actions Necessary to Prevent or Mitigate an Emergency

In compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA; Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seq.), the Commission adopted the regulation relying on a statutory exemption contained in Public Resources Code Section 21080 (Actions Necessary to Prevent or Mitigate an Emergency). The exemption applies to agency actions to prevent or mitigate an emergency.

There is an active recreational fishery for gaper clams (also known as horseneck clams) that include the Pacific gaper (*Tresus nuttalli*) and the fat gaper (*T. capax*) in northern California. The recreational fishery for these clams takes place in intertidal areas of bays with sand and mud bottoms including Humboldt Bay, Bodega Bay, Tomales Bay, Drakes Estero, and Elkhorn Slough. Tomales and Humboldt Bays are the two most popular areas for clamming during low tides for these species.

Clammers in Tomales Bay and elsewhere have begun using a type of handheld PVC pump that hydraulically liquefies the sand around submerged clams to help facilitate clamming. This device and technique allow clammers to access still-submerged clams surrounding the bars at low tide. These submerged clams are part of the population that has not typically been accessible to clammers in the past. The rise in take became an acute problem with the advent of the COVID-19 pandemic when interest in outdoor recreation such as clamming spiked. Furthermore, wildlife officers are increasingly issuing citations for over-limits of clams, particularly to groups operating the new hydraulic pumps. It is very likely that individuals cited for gross overlimit were participating in illegal commercialization on the illegal market.

The convergence of the multiple, concurrent developments has led to a level of clamming that may be unsustainable, while also increasing the disturbance to sensitive eel grass habitats and the level of illegal-market activities.

The proposed action would temporarily prohibit the use of hydraulic pumps for the take of clams, sand crabs and shrimp. The immediate goal is to stop further unsustainable take, habitat degradation, and illegal-market activities. As such, the proposal is an activity that is the proper subject of CEQA's exemption for actions necessary to prevent or mitigate an emergency. The California Department of Fish and Wildlife will work with the Commission to develop a long-term solution while the emergency rule is in effect.

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Categorical Exemptions to Protect Natural Resources and the Environment

In compliance with CEQA, the Commission adopted the regulation by also relying on the categorical exemptions contained in the CEQA Guidelines Sections 15307 (Action by Regulatory Agencies for Protection of Natural Resources) and 15308 (Action by Regulatory Agencies for Protection of the Environment). The exemptions apply to agency actions to protect natural resources and the environment, respectively.

The proposed regulation would deter potentially unsustainable harvest of gaper clams. It would also help conserve sensitive eel grass habitats. As such, the proposal is an activity that is the proper subject of CEQA's Class 7 and 8 categorical exemptions.