#### Initial Study and Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration

- 1. Project title: Forbes Extension & Modification of Coastal Development Permit and Conditional Use Permit
- 2. Lead agency name and address: Humboldt County Planning and Building Department, 3015 H Street, Eureka, CA 95501; Phone: (707) 445-7541; Fax (707) 268-3792
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Steven Lazar, Senior Planner, Phone: 707-268-3741; email: slazar@co.humboldt.ca.us
- 4. Project location: The project is located in Humboldt County, in the Humboldt Hill area, on the east side of South Broadway, just north from the intersection of Eich Road and South Broadway, on the property known to be in the Southeast quarter of Section 08 Township 04 North Range 01 West. APN: 305-101-053
- 5. Project sponsor's name and address: Keith Forbes, 2042 Eich Road, Eureka, CA 95503
- 6. General plan designation: Commercial General (CG) Humboldt Bay Area Plan (HBAP)
- 7. Zoning: Commercial General (CG) with a Coastal Wetlands (W) combining zone
- 8. Description of project: Extension and modification of a Coastal Development Permit and Conditional Use Permit (CDP-06-27/CUP-06-08) which authorized development of a vacant parcel with two (2) commercial buildings totaling approximately 12,700 square feet and operation of a cabinet manufacturing business from the site. The property is approximately 0.7 acres in size and was created through subdivision in 2007 (PMS-03-19 Noga). In recent years several wetlands have been discovered on parcels from the subdivision, including the project parcel. Due to their small size, isolation, and location within the urban limit line, they meet criteria for classification and treatment as "pocket marshes" under the Humboldt Bay Area Plan. The applicant has revised the project design and reduced the development footprint and is seeking to modify the previously approved permits to instead authorize construction of an approximately 6,480 square foot 3-unit commercial building. The development footprint of the project is proposed to be located approximately 33 feet from an on-site wetland. The project is eligible to use a reduced wetland buffer under the "string line method" because the average setback of existing development on neighboring properties is considerably closer to this wetland. The proposed building will be approximately 31 feet tall and will be partitioned into three (3) similarly sized separately leasable units (each approximately 2,160 ft,2 in size). A 1,000 ft,2 Caretaker's unit is proposed to occupy the second story of the building. Development will be served by public water and sewer. Extension of the Use Permit is being requested to enable future operation of a cabinet manufacturing business from the site. A total of 16 on-site parking spaces are proposed to be provided and the modification includes a request for an exception to the off-street parking requirements to pre-authorize future commercial uses exceeding available on-site parking capacity by crediting use on-street parking spaces within the project vicinity. The project includes a number of measures designed to address stormwater management and water quality, including: directing parking and roof runoff to underground perforated storage chambers for detention during storm events, use of pervious paving for driveway and parking areas, and enhancement of the on-site wetland and wetland buffer.
- 9. Surrounding land uses and setting: The project is located within an area planned and zoned for industrial uses. Nearby properties are host to commercial and light manufacturing uses, including a cabinet making shop, sheet metal fabrication facility, mini-storage, and a mobile home park.
- 10. Other public agencies whose approval may be required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement): Department of Fish and Wildlife, Army Corps of Engineers, Department of Public Works, Department of Environmental Health., Regional Water Quality Control Board.

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, is there a plan for consultation that includes, for example, the determination of significance of impacts to tribal cultural resources, procedures regarding confidentiality, etc.?

No tribes have requested consultation

# ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, but none of the effects are considered to be Potentially Significant Impacts as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

	Aesthetics	Agriculture and Forestry Resources	Air Quality
	Biological Resources	Cultural Resources	Energy
	Geology/Soils	Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Hazards & Hazardous Materials
$\boxtimes$	Hydrology/Water Quality	Land Use / Planning	Mineral Resources
	Noise	Population / Housing	Public Services
	Recreation	Transportation	Tribal Cultural Resources
	Utilities / Service Systems	Wildfire	Mandatory Findings of Significance

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by the Lead Agency) On the basis of this initial evaluation: ☐ I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. I find that although the proposed project COULD have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. ☐ I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required. ☐ I find that the proposed project MAY have a potentially significant impact or potentially significant unless mitigated impact on the environment, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed. □ I find that although the proposed project COULD have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required. Signature Steven Lazar, Senior Planner Humboldt County Planning and Building Dept. Printed Name For

#### **EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:**

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except No Impact answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A No Impact answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2) All answers must take into account the whole action involved, including off-site was well as onsite, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. Potentially Significant Impact is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more Potentially Significant Impact entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from Potentially Significant Impact to a Less Than Significant Impact. The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from Section 17, Earlier Analyses may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - b) Impacts Adequately Addresses. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyze in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures describe the mitigation measures which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plan, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats, however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue identify:
  - a) The significant criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
  - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
1. /	AESTHETICS. Would the project:				
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				×
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				×
c)	In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage point). If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?				X
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				×

#### 1. AESTHETICS

<u>Finding</u>: The project will not have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista; nor will it substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway; nor will it substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings; or create a significant new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area.

<u>Discussion</u>: The project site is not located within or along an area designated by the County or other governmental agency as a scenic vista. The parcel is in the Coastal Zone; however it is not in a Coastal Scenic or View area. The site is located on South Broadway, the old state highway, in an area characterized by existing commercial and industrial uses. The property is fairly level and the proposed commercial building will be located on the northern side of the parcel. The property is characterized by grasses and contains no trees or significant areas of woody vegetation. The proposed parking lot lighting would be shielded downward, and of low intensity and non-intrusive. There is no indication that the project would impact the aesthetic qualities of the area.

when Ag prediction and additional	AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY RESOURCES. In determining ether impacts to agricultural resources are significant vironmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California ricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) epared by the California Dept. of Conservation as an optional odel to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In termining whether impacts to forest resources, including aberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies by refer to information compiled by the California Department Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of est land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon easurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols opted by the California Air Resources Board.	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				X
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				×
c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g), timberland (as defined by PRC section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				X
d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				×
e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forestland to non-forest use?				×

#### 2. AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY RESOURCES

<u>Finding</u>: The project will not significantly impact or convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use; nor will it significantly conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract; nor will it conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest and timberland, or timberland zoned Timberland Production; nor will it significantly involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of farmland, to non-agricultural use.

<u>Discussion</u>: The property targeted for development is not subject to a Williamson Act contract. The site is not designated as unique farmland or farmland of statewide significance. The parcel is relatively flat and does not host any trees or agricultural uses. The parcel is bordered on the north by a vacant commercial lot created by the same subdivision that established the project parcel. An approximately 1.5-acre parcel with an existing mobile home park abuts the rear of the property and a sheet metal fabricator operates on a parcel to the south. The Department finds no evidence that the proposed project is inconsistent with the planned build-out of the area or that it will have a significant impact on agricultural or forestry resources.

3.	<b>AIR QUALITY.</b> Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management district or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				×
b)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?				×
d)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				×
e)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?				×

#### 3. AIR QUALITY.

<u>Finding</u>: The project will <u>not</u> significantly conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan; significantly result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors); expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations; nor will it create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people.

<u>Discussion</u>: According to the North Coast Unified Air Quality Management District (NCUAQMD), all of Humboldt County is in non-attainment of the State's PM-10 (particulate matter of 10 microns in size) standard, but complies with all other State and Federal air quality standards. The most significant contributors to PM-10 are residential wood burning stoves. The parking aisle and ingress/egress will be paved thereby preventing the generating of dust from vehicles traffic. The parking and driving areas will be constructed using pervious concrete to allow water infiltration but will not produce dust. The proposed commercial building will not generate an increase in vehicle trips as the principal occupants will likely be moving into the building from another business locations. The project is consistent with the planned buildout of the area and the Department finds no evidence that it will have a significant adverse impact on air quality.

4. 1	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				X
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or US Fish and Wildlife Service?		X		
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on state or federally protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?		X		
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				×
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?		×		
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?		X		

#### 4: a), d) BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES: NO IMPACT

<u>Finding:</u> The project would not have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service or interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites. The parcel is located in an area planned for and developed with light industrial uses. California Natural Diversity Database data shows the property to be situated within the outer limits of an area where Siskiyou checkerbloom may be found. A wetland delineation was performed on July 20, 2016 by James Regan, a local biological consultant. No special status species were identified during the seasonally appropriate survey of the property. While the property is host to a small wetland, it is hydrologically isolated and therefore possesses little potential benefit to native resident or migratory fish species in nearby coastal waters and estuarine areas.

# 4: b), c), e), f) BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES: POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICAN UNLESS MITIGATION INCORPORATED

<u>Finding</u>: Without mitigation there is a possibility that the project as proposed could have a significant adverse impact on: federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means; conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance; or conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state

habitat conservation plan.

Discussion: Biological investigations have been performed by various consultants and have it has been determined that the project parcel is host to a one-parameter and three-parameter wetland. The 3parameter wetland or retention basin is located at the western edge of the property and is a water filled and human created wetland of approximately 2,920 square feet that established itself in the old basement of the former building on site. The 1-parameter wetland occupies an area approximately 40 feet in width, extending immediately east of the 3-parameter wetland. The construction of the 6,480 square foot commercial building and associated parking areas will occur outside the delineation of these wetland boundaries but within the standard buffer as described in the Humboldt Bay Area Plan Section 3.30.6(c). The standard wetland buffer for urban areas is 100 feet. However, where the existing development pattern does not conform to this standard, the average setback of existing development can be used by new development proposals. This policy is known as the "string line method". To enable development of the site for principally and conditionally permitted commercial uses, setbacks of 33 feet from the one parameter wetland feature and 70 feet from the 3-parameter wetland are proposed. Both setbacks are considerably larger than those observed by existing development on the two neighboring properties -some of which lies immediately adjacent to the onsite wetlands. The buffer has been maximized to the greatest extent feasible to ensure new development does not adversely affect the wetland habitat values. The project has been designed to incorporate the standard mitigation measures applicable to proposals involving development within the standard wetland buffer. Measures include limiting impervious surfaces to 25% of the lot area, dissipation and on-site detention of stormwater runoff during a 50-year storm, and implementation of measures to prevent erosion and transport of sediment during development and construction of the site. Approximately 4,177 square feet of area are included within the 33-foot wetland buffer. The project proposes to restore and enhance the on-site wetlands through removal of non-native species and replanting with native vegetation. After construction a post and cable fence shall be constructed along the eastern edge of the one-parameter wetland to preclude inadvertent foot and vehicle traffic. In addition to use of pervious concrete within all parking and driveway greas, the project includes installation of subsurface detention facilities. Based on the above, County Staff finds that with mitigation, the project as proposed will have a less than significant impact on the Biological Resources of the neighborhood.

#### Mitigation Measure #1:

BIO-1: Prior to construction the wetland and buffer shall be identified and protected with a high visibility rope and post fencing. The grading plans and construction plans shall identify this area as "Sensitive Habitat". The land surface elevation of the wetland and its upland boundary shall remain undisturbed. Small topographic changes in the buffer area necessary for internal drainage may be made using hand tools only.

# Mitigation Measure #2:

BIO-2: After construction a post and cable fence shall be constructed along the eastern edge of the one-parameter wetland preclude inadvertent foot and vehicle traffic.

# Mitigation Measure #3:

BIO-3: All non-native Himalayan blackberry (Rubus armeniacus) shall be removed by the root from the wetlands and wetland buffer area. Yearly checks and removal of all invasive species and refuse/debris will occur for five years.

# Mitigation Measure #4:

BIO-4: Native species shall be planted within the one-parameter wetland as shown on the biological site plan included within the wetland buffer assessment prepared by Foster Consulting (dated December 6, 2019). Plantings shall include two or more of the following species (including but not limited to) thimbleberry (Rubus parviflorus), California blackberry (Rubus ursinus), bigleaf maple (Acer macciophyllum), native willows (Salix spp.), native roses (Rosa spp.), varied lupine (Lupinus varicolor), and red elder (Sambucus racemosa). To ensure that the native plantings are successfully established, monitoring shall be performed for least five (5) years.

#### Mitigation Measure #5:

BIO-5: The applicant shall perform routine litter removal and maintenance of the protective fencing for the

life	of	the	pro	iect.
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#### Mitigation Measure #6:

BIO-6: A Notice of Development Plan shall be recorded noting the location of the wetland area and wetland buffer, with these areas will be identified as "unbuildable".

5. CULTURAL RESOURCES. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in §15064.5?				×
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?				×
c) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?				×

#### 5. CULTURAL RESOURCES.

<u>Finding</u>: The project will not cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in Sec. 15064.5; will not cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to Sec. 15064.5; will not directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature; and with mitigation will less than significantly disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries.

<u>Discussion</u>: The previous project and original subdivision were referred to the local Native American tribes and North Coast Information Center with no issues identified. The adjacent parcel, that was part of the same subdivision, was more recently referred to the Northwest Information Center who recommended that local tribes be contacted. The Bear River Band of the Rohnerville Rancheria indicated their database does not include any previously recorded sites within the project parcel or in the immediate vicinity. They recommended that inadvertent discovery protocol language be added to the conditions of approval in case archaeological resources are uncovered during construction activities. The informational note requires that work is stopped and a qualified archeologist is contacted. The County's standard condition regarding the applicant's responsibility should remains or artifacts be unearthed during any development has been added as an on-going Requirement.

6. ENERGY. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?				X
b) Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?				×

# 6. ENERGY.

<u>Finding</u>: The project will <u>not</u> result in a potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resource, during project construction or operation or conflict with/obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency,

# **Discussion**:

The project involves development of a vacant parcel planned and zoned for commercial use. All development will be subject to securing a building permit in conformance with Title 24 of the California Building Standards Code. This will require demonstrating conformance with the Building Energy Efficiency standards currently applicable at the time of permit issuance.

7. (	GEOLOGY AND SOILS. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:				
	i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42?				×
	ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?				×
	iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				×
	iv) Landslides?				×
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				×
c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				×
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property?				×
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				×
f)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				×

# 7. GEOLOGY AND SOILS: No Impact

<u>Finding</u>: The project will not expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault, strong seismic ground shaking, seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction and landslides; will not be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property; and will not have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water.

<u>Discussion</u>: According to the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map and Framework Plan Geologic Hazards map, the project site is not located on or near a known fault. The nearest Alquist-Priolo zone is located approximately 2 miles to the south. According to the Framework Plan Geologic Hazards map, the parcel has a rating of low instability soils. The Building Inspection Division will require a soil report per California Building Code and erosion and sediment control designed by a licensed person per county grading ordinance due to the commercial nature of the project. The Uniform Building Code requires all structures in Humboldt County to be built in accordance with Zone 4, the most restrictive zone. The area is characterized with a mix of commercial and residential uses. The Building Inspection Division did not identify any concerns with regards to site suitability for commercial development. The Department finds no evidence that the project will have a significant adverse impact with regards to geology and soils.

8. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				×
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				X

#### 8. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS: NO IMPACT

<u>Finding</u>: The project will not generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment, or conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases.

<u>Discussion</u>: At this time there is currently no adopted plan or policy for the County of Humboldt specifically related to greenhouse gas emissions. The local Climate Action Plan for Humboldt County is currently being drafted. The proposed project will authorize infill development through construction of a commercial building in an area planned and zoned for development of this sort, and is not anticipated to generate a significant amount of greenhouse gases, nor conflict with any plan or policy regulating emissions of greenhouse gases (GHG). Construction-related GHG emissions will not be sufficient to cause a significant impact on the environment.

9. 1	HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				X
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				X
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				x
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				×
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				x
f)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				X
g)	Expose people or structures, either directly, or indirectly to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires?				×

#### 9. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS: NO IMPACT

Finding: The project will not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials; will not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment; will not emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school; will not be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment; will not result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area; and, for a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, will not result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area; or impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, the project will not significantly result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area. The project will not create a significant exposure of people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands.

<u>Discussion</u>: The project site is not included on a list of hazardous material sites, nor does the proposed project involve routine transport, use or disposal of hazardous materials. The project site is over two miles away from the nearest airport, Samoa Field. There are no private airstrips within the vicinity of the project site. The site is not within an area governed by an Airport/Land Use Compatibility matrix. Development consistent with the County's adopted Airport land use plan will not result in unanticipated risk to the occupants of the site. The Department finds no evidence that the construction of a commercial building will create, or expose people or property to, hazardous materials, or impair implementation of, or physically interfere with, an adopted emergency response plan. The site is within the Humboldt #1 Fire Protection District for fire protection. Development of the site will require compliance with the Uniform Fire Code and Uniform Building Code. According to the Fire Hazard map, the parcel is located in a low fire hazard area. Humboldt #1 Fire Protection District approved the proposed development subject to building permit plan review. For these reasons, the Planning Division expects that the commercial development will not result in significant impacts in terms of hazardous materials.

10.	HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or groundwater quality?		×		
b)	Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?				X
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner which would:			X	
i)	result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site;			×	
ii)	substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or offsite?			×	
iii)	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?		×		
iv)	impede or redirect flood flows?			×	
d)	In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk release of pollutants due to project inundation?				×
e)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan?				×

# 10: HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY: NO IMPACT, LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT, POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICAN UNLESS MITIGATION INCORPORATED

<u>Finding</u>: The project will not violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements nor degrade water quality. The project will not substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that it may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin. It will not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area through the alteration of a stream or river or through addition of impervious surfaces in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation, substantially increase the rate or amount of surface water runoff creating flooding or exceeding the capacity of stormwater drainage systems or providing substantial sources of polluted runoff, or impede or redirect flood flows, exposure to inundation as a result of flood, tsunami, or seiche, or conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan.

<u>Discussion</u>: There is no evidence in the record that the project will create or contribute to any violations of waste discharge requirements. The parcel is well outside any dam or levee inundation area, and mostly outside of the areas subject to tsunami run-up. According to the Flood Insurance Rate Maps (Panel 785 B), the parcel is within Flood Zone C, which is defined as areas of minimal flooding, and is outside the 100- and 500-year floodplains. The County Division of Environmental Health has already reviewed and approved the proposed project. As mentioned above, the Department finds no evidence indicating that the commercial development will violate any water quality or waste discharge standards. The project includes the construction of a 6,480 square foot commercial building and parking area, which will result in an increase in stormwater runoff. County policy dictates that parking lots and parking spaces for commercial uses shall be paved. To help reduce and detain stormwater runoff, the project proposes to utilize porous concrete and install underground detention facilities. The roof area of the commercial building will generate runoff as well. The project is located in the MS4 area and will be required to implement Low Impact Development (LID) techniques. An oil/water separator to handle parking lot runoff will be required. Mitigation Measure #7 is linked to a Condition of Approval giving Public Works ultimate control over the design of the drainage improvements proposed.

#### Mitigation Measure #7

WQ-1: The applicant shall submit a drainage and LID plan to the Planning Department for final review and approval prior to issuance of the building permit. The Planning Department and the Land Use Division of Public Works will review the plan and may require modifications or alteration.

11. LAND USE AND PLANNING. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Physically divide an established community?				×
b) Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				X

#### 11: LAND USE AND PLANNING: NO IMPACT

<u>Finding</u>: The project will not divide an existing established community; nor will it conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect; nor will it conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan.

<u>Discussion</u>: The project would authorize a commercial building on a parcel zoned for General Commercial uses. Operation of a cabinetmaking use requires approval of a Conditional Use Permit. The other units will be leased to commercial uses that qualify as principally permitted or secure separate use permits as needed. The parcel meets the minimum parcel size requirement. The proposed project is consistent with a comprehensive view of the Humboldt Bay Area Plan and Framework General Plan, as concerns land use, circulation, hazards and resources, biological resources, hydrology and water quality, public facilities and development timing. The Department finds there is no evidence that the project will result in significant adverse impact with regard to land use and planning.

12.	MINERAL RESOURCES. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				×
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				×

#### 12: MINERAL RESOURCES

<u>Finding</u>: The project will not result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state; and will not result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan.

<u>Discussion</u>: The project does not involve extraction of mineral resources. The project site is not, nor is it adjacent to, a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan. The Department finds there is no evidence that the project will result in a significant adverse impact on mineral resources.

13.	NOISE. Would the project result in:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?			X	
b)	Generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?			×	
c)	For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				X

#### 13: NOISE: LESS THAN IMPACT, NO IMPACT

<u>Finding</u>: The project will not result in generation of a substantial or temporary increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies; nor will it significantly result in the generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels; nor will the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels in the vicinity of a private airstrip or airport land use plan.

<u>Discussion</u>: The General Plan Noise Matrix cites exterior noise levels of 80 LdN or less as "normally acceptable in areas planned and zoned for commercial development". Given that the project involves the construction of the principally permitted use, and that the project is located on South Broadway which is the old state highway, and that US Highway 101 is only 775 feet from the project site, no change in the noise baseline is expected. The Conditional Use Permit for the cabinetmaking use will require the project to adhere to the provisions of the Industrial Performance Standards found in §313-103, HCC, to control potential impacts of dust, noise and light on adjacent residential uses.

The majority of development on neighboring parcels is fairly noise tolerant and includes a mini-storage, cabinet shop and convenience store. While there is a manufactured home park to the rear of the parcel, the project is conditioned to protect the area from additional noise contributors. There are no indications that the project will result in permanent increases in noise and ground vibrations that would exceed levels allowed by the LCP or the Framework General Plan. Based on the above, the Department finds no evidence that the project will result in a significant adverse noise impact.

14.	POPULATION AND HOUSING. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				X
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				×

# 14: POPULATION AND HOUSING

<u>Finding</u>: The project will less than significantly induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure); will not displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere; and will not displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere.

<u>Discussion</u>: The project will allow for the construction of a 6,480 square foot commercial building. The property is commercially zoned yet has remained vacant. The construction of the building will offer a total of three units of commercial space as well as an upstairs caretaker's unit. The proposed project will not contribute to or take away from the residential population. The Department finds no evidence that the project will result in a significant adverse impact on population and housing.

10. I ODLIG SERVICES.	Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant	Less Than Significant	No Impact
a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:	Impact with	with Mitigation	Impact	impaci
i. Fire protection?				×
ii. Police protection?				×
iii. Schools?				×
iv. Parks?				×
v. Other public facilities?				×

#### 15: PUBLIC SERVICES

<u>Finding</u>: The project will not result in a substantial adverse physical impact with regards to the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities; and will not result in the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services: fire protection, police protection, schools, parks, other public facilities.

<u>Discussion</u>: The parcel will be accessed via South Broadway which historically was the old state highway Minimal improvements will be required along the road frontage. The Humboldt #1 Fire Protection District did not identify any fire protection issues. The Department finds no evidence that the project will result in a significant adverse impact on public services.

16. RECREATION.	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Would the project increase the use of existing no and regional parks or other recreational facilities substantial physical deterioration of the facility v or be accelerated?	s such that			X
b) Does the project include recreational facilities of construction or expansion of recreational facilities might have an adverse physical effect on the e	es which			×

# 16: RECREATION

<u>Finding</u>: The project will not significantly increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial adverse physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated; nor does it include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment.

<u>Discussion:</u> The project does not include recreational facilities. The Department finds no evidence that the project will require construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment.

17.	TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Conflict with a program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?				X
b)	Would the project conflict or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines section 15064.3, subdivision (b)?			×	
c)	Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				×
d)	Result in inadequate emergency access?				×

# 17.: TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC: NO IMPACT, LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

<u>Finding</u>: The project will **not** cause a significant increase in traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections); nor will it exceed, either individually or cumulatively, a level of service standard established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways; nor will a change in air traffic patterns result including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks. The project will not result in inadequate emergency access; nor conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities.

<u>Discussion</u>: The property is accessed by South Broadway which was the old state highway. The Land Use Division of Public Works has recommended standard conditions of approval including the improvement of the encroachments. All work to be done within the road right of way requires an encroachment permit from Public Works. The parking plan has been reviewed by the Department and allows for emergency access. Section 15064.3(b) of the CEQA Guidelines includes criteria for analyzing transportation impacts. At this time local guidance for evaluating impacts from Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) is still in draft form and no localized thresholds of significance exist. The proposal involves commercial infill in an area developed, planned and zoned for this type of use. The Department finds there is no evidence that the project will generate significant increases in VMT, increase road-related hazards, or result in inadequate emergency access, inadequate access to nearby uses or inadequate parking capacity; or will conflict with adopted policies supporting transportation.

wo sig Re cu size	TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES.  Sould the project cause a substantial adverse change in the nificance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public sources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, ltural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the e and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with ltural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register or historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code Section 5020.1(k)?				×
b)	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth In subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1? In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.			×	

#### 18.: TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

<u>Finding</u>: The project will not cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe.

<u>Discussion:</u> The previous project and original subdivision were referred to the local Native American tribes and North Coast Information Center with no issues identified. The project was more recently referred to the Northwest Information Center, Wiyot Tribe, and Bear River Band of the Rohnerville Rancheria. The Bear River Band of the Rohnerville Rancheria previously indicated their database does not include any previously recorded sites within the project parcel or in the immediate vicinity and recommended that standard inadvertent discovery protocol language be added to the conditions of approval in case archaeological resources are uncovered during construction activities. The informational note requires that work is stopped and a qualified archeologist is contacted. The County's standard condition regarding the applicant's responsibility should remains or artifacts be unearthed during any development has been added as an on-going Requirement.

19	. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause significant environmental effects?			×	
b)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry and multiple dry years?				×
c)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				×
d)	Generate solid waste in excess of State or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals?				×
e)	Comply with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				×

#### 19: UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS: NO IMPACT, LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

# Finding:

The project will not require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water or wastewater treatment or storm water drainage, electrical power, natural gas, or telecommunications facilities causing environmental effects; nor would exceed available water or wastewater capacity; or generate solid waste in excess of state or local standards, or fail to comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to reduction of solid waste.

<u>Discussion</u>: The Department finds there is no evidence that the project will be inconsistent with the planned build-out of the area or will result in a significant adverse to utilities and service systems.

The project will be served by Humboldt Community Services District and they will be able to serve the new commercial building upon the payment of the appropriate fees. The Department of Environmental Health has recommended approval of the project. There is no evidence that the project in its entirety will exceed wastewater treatment facilities or require additional water or wastewater facilities other than what is proposed. The project is not expected to generate unusually high solid waste needs other than those commonly found accompanying most commercial uses. The area is served with electricity and natural gas from PG&E. The parcel currently drains towards Humboldt Bay. The applicant will be required to provide a complete drainage plan. The Department finds the project's impact to be insignificant.

<b>20. WILDFIRE.</b> If located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones, would the project:		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				×
b)	Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire?				X
c)	Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?				X
d)	Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?				×

# 20. WILDFIRE: NO IMPACT

<u>Finding</u>: The project would have no impact on Wildfire risk.

<u>Discussion</u>: The property is not located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones. While the closest state responsibility area is approximately 500 feet east of the property, Humboldt Fire Protection District #1 provides structural fire protection to the area where the project is located as well as SRA areas in the project vicinity.

21. <i>I</i>	MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE.	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorp.	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
l d	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?			K	
1	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				×
	Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				×

# 21: a) MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT

<u>Finding</u>: The project has a less than significant potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory.

<u>Discussion</u>: The proposed project is a commercial development on a parcel planned and zoned for commercial development, within an area largely developed with similar uses. Staff finds no evidence that the proposed project will significantly degrade the quality of the environment.

#### 21: b), c) MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE: NO IMPACT

<u>Finding</u>: The project does not have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects), nor will it result in the potential to have significant environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly.

<u>Discussion</u>: Based on the project as described in the administrative record, comments from reviewing agencies, a review of the applicable regulations, and discussed herein, the Department finds there is no significant evidence to indicate the proposed project as mitigated.

#### 22. EARLIER ANALYSES.

Earlier analysis may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, one or more effects have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case a discussion should identify the following on attached sheets:

a) Earlier analyses used. Identify earlier analyses and state where they are available for review.

No earlier analysis used.

b) Impacts adequately addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measure based on the earlier analysis.

No earlier analysis used.

c) Mitigation measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.

No mitigation measures from earlier analyses are used.

# 23. DISCUSSION OF MITIGATION MEASURES, MONITORING, AND REPORTING PROGRAM

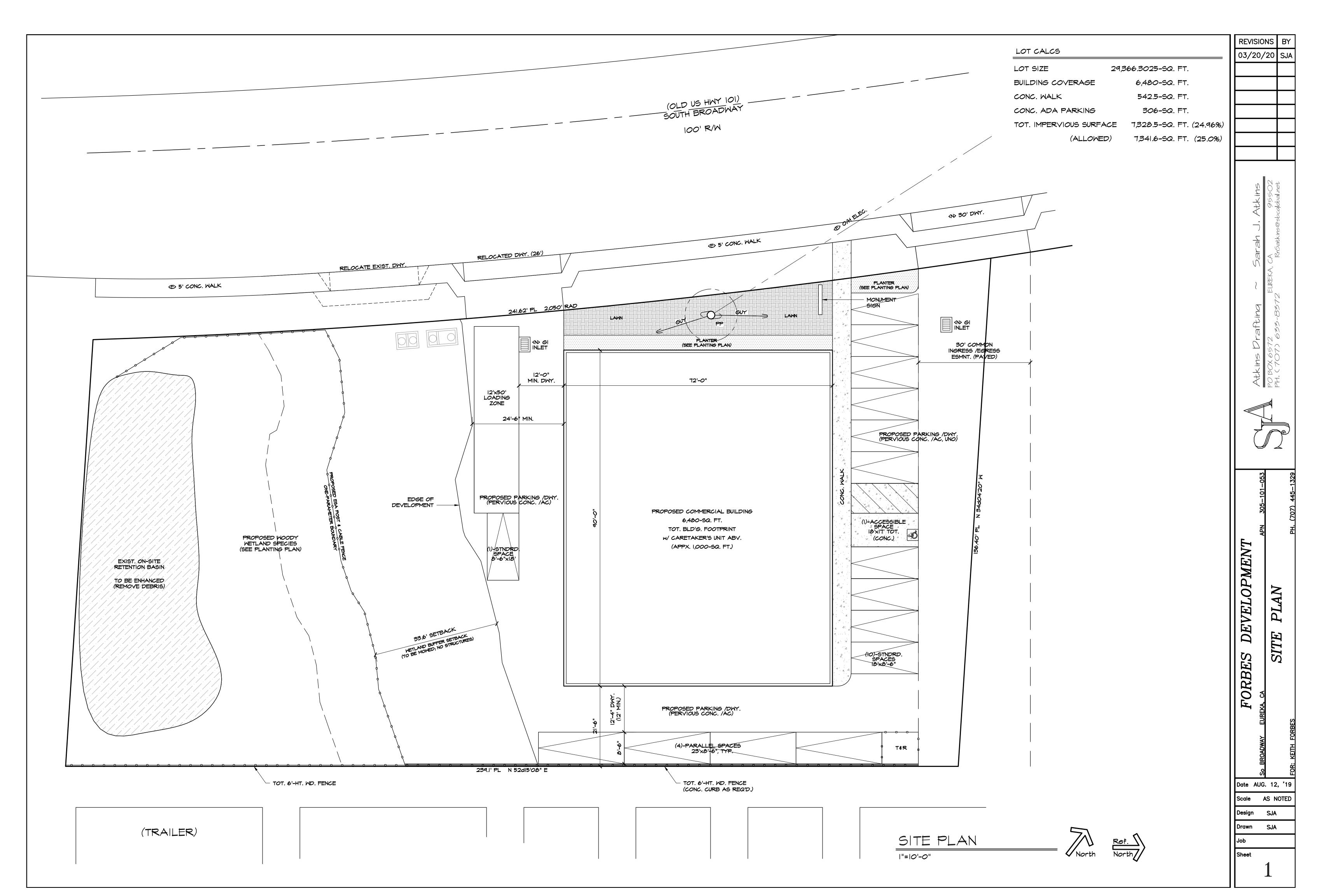
See attached Mitigation Measures, Monitoring and Report Program.

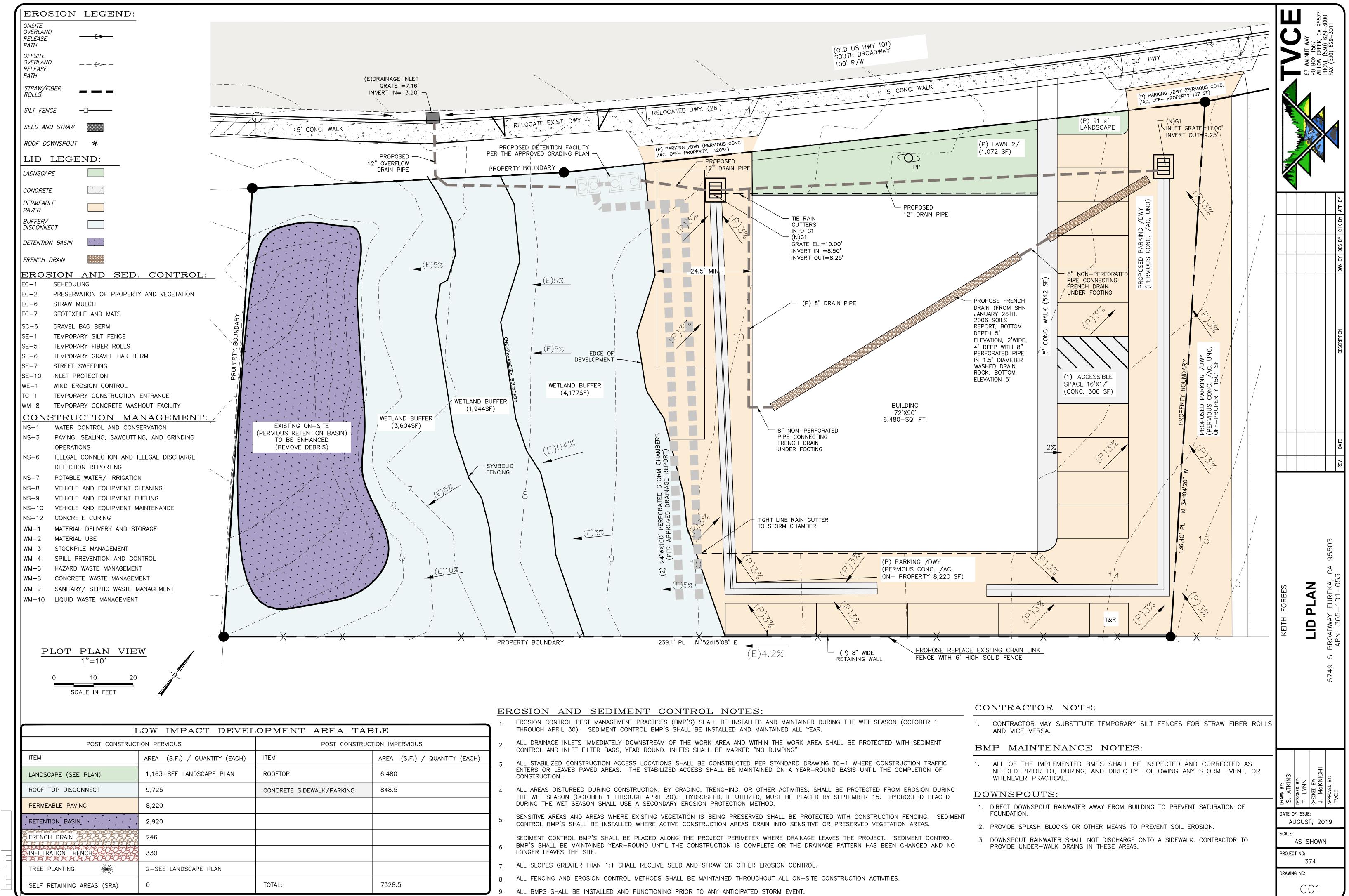
The following table lists the required mitigation measures, including the method of verification, monitoring schedule, and the responsible party.

#	Resource(s)	Summary of Mitigation Measure	Method of Verification	Monitoring Schedule	Responsible Party
1	Biological BIO-1	Prior to construction the wetland and buffer shall be identified and protected with a high visibility rope and post fencing. The grading plans and construction plans shall identify this area as "Sensitive Habitat". The land surface elevation of the wetland and its upland boundary shall remain undisturbed. Small topographic changes in the buffer area necessary for internal drainage may be made using hand tools only.	reviewed prior to building permit issuance	prior to building permit issuance	Applicant
2	Biological BIO-2	After construction a post and cable fence shall be constructed along the eastern edge of the one-parameter wetland preclude inadvertent foot and vehicle traffic.	during building permit Inspections	prior to building permit final	Applicant, Staff from Planning & Building
3	Biological BIO-3	All non-native Himalayan blackberry (Rubus armeniacus) shall be removed by the root from the wetlands and wetland buffer area. Yearly checks and removal of all invasive species and refuse/debris will occur for five years.	reviewed prior to building permit issuance	annual for five years	Applicant
4	Biological BIO-4	Native species shall be planted within the one-parameter wetland as shown on the biological site plan included within the wetland buffer assessment prepared by Foster Consulting (dated December 6, 2019). Plantings shall include two or more of the following species (including but not limited to) thimbleberry (Rubus parviflorus), California blackberry (Rubus ursinus), bigleaf maple (Acer macciophyllum), native willows (Salix spp.), native roses (Rosa spp.), varied lupine (Lupinus varicolor), and red elder (Sambucus racemosa). To ensure that the native plantings are successfully established, monitoring shall be performed for least five (5) years.	reviewed prior to building permit issuance	prior to building permit issuance	Applicant
5	Biological BIO-5	The applicant shall perform routine litter removal and maintenance of the protective fencing for the life of the project.	reviewed prior to building permit issuance	ongoing	Applicant
6	Biological BIO-6	A Notice of Development Plan shall be recorded noting the location of the wetland area and wetland buffer, with these areas will be identified as "unbuildable".	reviewed prior to building permit issuance	prior to building permit issuance	Applicant
7	Hydrology and Water Quality WQ-1	The applicant shall submit a drainage and LID plan to the Planning Department for final review and approval prior to issuance of the building permit. The Planning Department and the Land Use Division of Public Works will review the plan and may require modifications or alteration.	reviewed prior to building permit issuance	prior to building permit issuance	Applicant
8	Best Mgmt Practices & Mitigation Measures BMP's	The applicant shall implement all mitigation measures and Best Management Practices included in the Wetland Buffer Inventory prepared by Foster Consulting, as described and amended in the documents dated July 19, 2019 and December 6, 2019, included as Appendices C and D of this document.	during building permit Inspections	prior to building permit final	Applicant, Staff from Planning & Building

# 24. APPENDICES

- A. Site Plan prepared by Atkins Drafting dated August 12, 2019
- B. LID Plan prepared by Trinity Valley Consulting Engineers August, 2019
- C. Foster Consulting Forbes Property Development Assessment Wetland and Buffer Inventory July 19, 2019
- D. Foster Consulting Forbes Property Development Amended Wetland Buffer Inventory December 6, 2019





July 19, 2019



Keith Forbes 2042 Eich Road Eureka, CA 95503

**SUBJECT:** Forbes Property Development Assessment – Wetland and Buffer Inventory

Dear Mr. Forbes:

I am writing to provide you with a final wetland and buffer assessment for your proposed development located on South Broadway Street (APN #305-101-053) in the City of Eureka, Humboldt County, California.

Based on my site visit and conversations with you and Steven Lazar (Humboldt County Planning), it is our understanding that the proposed project may have the potential to indirectly affect waters of the U.S. and/or State including wetlands within the California Coastal Zone on your project and therefore requires further evaluation of biological resources and buffer areas to avoid any construction or post-construction impacts.

In this report we outline the site conditions, best management practices, and wetland buffer mitigation practices using the recommendations from the Humboldt Bay Area Plan and the Seven Criteria for Estimating Buffer Areas from the California Coastal Commission.

# Site Visit Summary

I conducted a review of the wetland inventory that was conducted by Tributary Biological Consultants and their October 2018 drawing (attached) and found this assessment to be accurate during my site evaluation on July 3, 2019. Of note, two soil series occur within the project area. The wetland at the south end of the property is within a hydric soil (116 – Swainslough), the remainder (99% of the property and the entire adjacent property) is within a non-hydric soil series (230 – Hookton-Tablebluff complex). Soils observed in the study area confirmed this type of soil on a natural upland berm that is across the road from the lowlands of the Humboldt Bay. The listed water table is approximately 20-39 inches below the surface. Additionally, none of the minor components of this soil series complex are hydric soils on this site.

I also reviewed the adjacent property to the northeast during this visit and there was not evidence of any aquatic resource features on this property (one to three parameter). These observations where visuals from the property boundary and from the sidewalk/street as access was not granted by the landowner. This property is slightly higher in elevation and contained a mixed of mostly non-native ruderal plants ranging from facultative to upland species including wild radish (*Raphanus* spp. – UPL), yellow owl's clover (*Triphysaria versicolor* - UPL), English plantain (*Plantago lancelota* – FACU), Himalayan blackberry (*Rubus armeniacus* - FAC), curly dock (*Rumex crispus* - FAC), wild rose (Rosa rubiginosa – UPL), and yarrow (*Achillea millefolium* –

FACU). There was no evidence of ponding or specific aquatic depressions that could be viewed. An additional review of aerial photography on Google Earth shows a change in vegetation community in the center of the property, but viewing it from the street it is likely the result of soil borrow or non-native fills that have created these type of vegetative breaks and not ponded water.

#### Proposed BMPs and Mitigation measures:

To ensure that no indirect impacts occur to the onsite wetland during and/or after construction of the proposed project the following four criterion are proposed:

- 1. Create a fenced, natural stormwater filtration buffer between the development and the wetland. The attached site plan contains the proposed secondary wetland buffer area that will be fenced and maintained to support native plants and to act as a natural stormwater filtration area before water leaves the site and enters the wetland or street culvert based on the current proposed reduced buffer distances of 33'6".
- 2. Removal of non-native Himalayan blackberry (Rubus armeniacus). Efforts to eliminate the non-native invasive species by root removal will occur as a part of the buffer creation and native species plantings below. Yearly checks and removal of all invasive species and refuse/debris will occur.
- 3. Plant native species inside and adjacent to the buffer. Plantings in the proposed project area and buffer should consist of two or more of the following (at least two) species including but not limited to thimbleberry (Rubus parviflorus), California blackberry (Rubus ursinus), bigleaf maple (Acer macciophyllum), native willows (Salix spp.), native roses (Rosa spp.), varied lupine (Lupinus varicolor), and red elder (Sambucus racemosa).
- 4. Implement Best Management Practices during construction (See attached table).

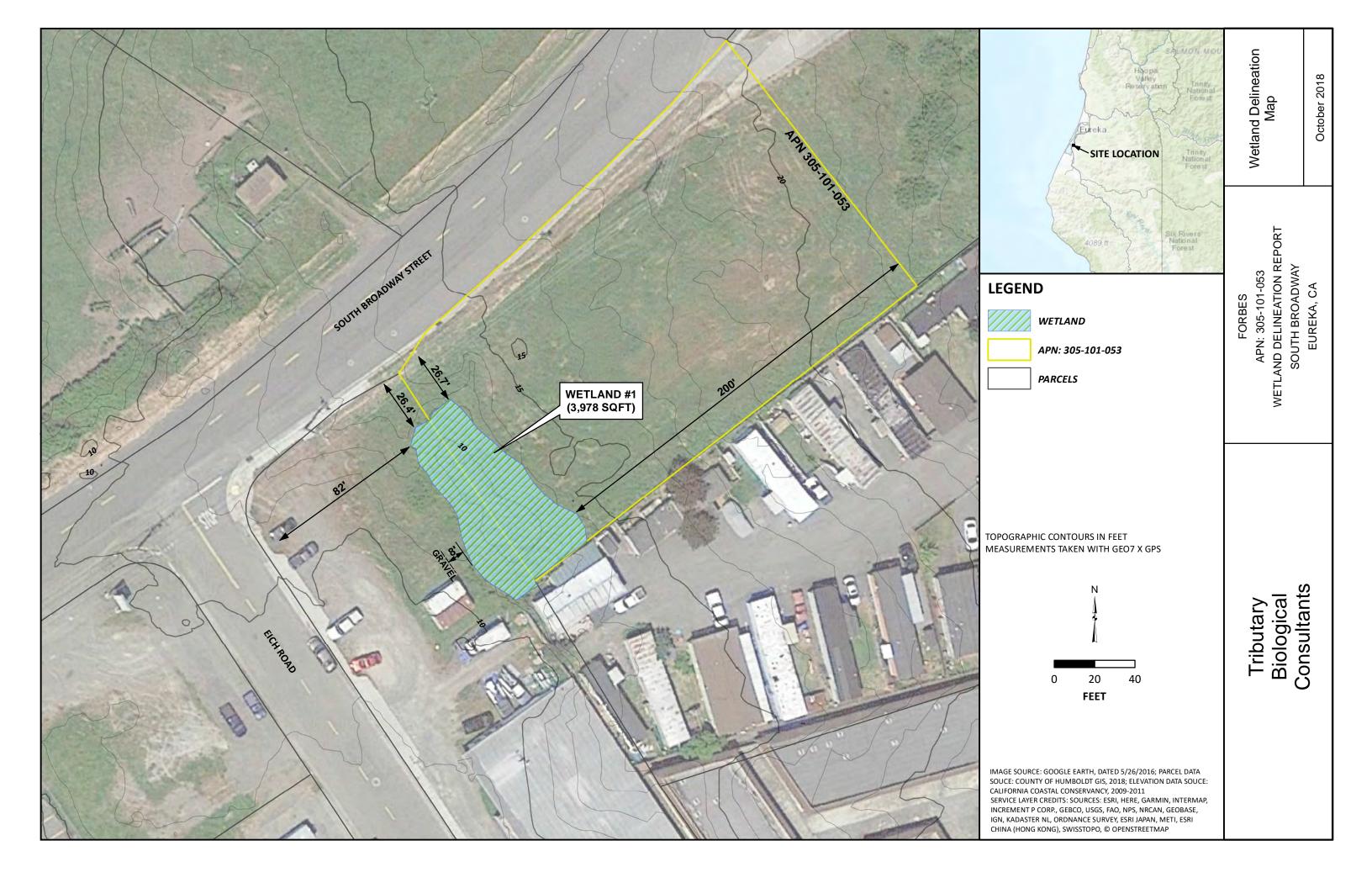
Based on current conditions, the proposed development plans, and our experience with wetland buffers for other projects, it is our recommendation and understanding that implementing the aforementioned criterion will enhance and improve the functions and services of the wetland feature at the south of the parcel with a reduced buffer width of 33"6'. We believe these conditions would put your project in compliance with the planning and construction requirements for approval of this reduced buffer area and should be presented as a part of your development proposal. Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions by phone at 530/710-4059. Thank you for the opportunity to assist you with your project.

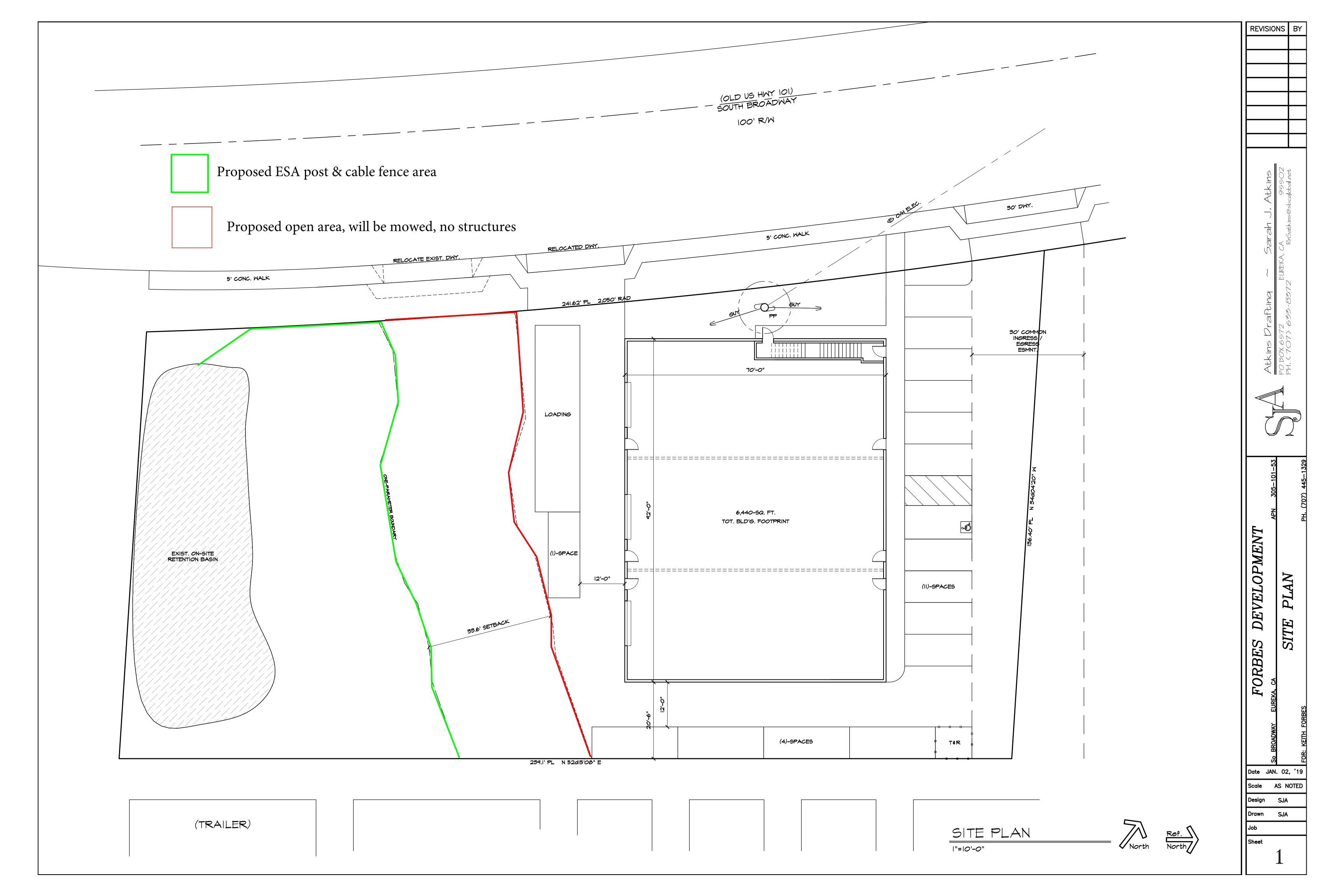
Sincerely,

Jonathan Foster - Wetland Ecologist

#### Attachments:

- October 2018 Wetland Drawing
- 2. Site Plan with ESA fencing location
- 3. Site visit photos
- 4. BMP Table





**Photo 1**. Forbes property facing the wetland and the approximate ESA fence locatoin.



Photo 2. View of the adjacent property.



# **General Best Management Practices (BMPs)**

No.	Name	Measure
BMP -1	Erosion Control	Traffic speeds on unpaved roads will be limited to 10 mph.
		<ul> <li>Erosion control measures, such as installation of silt fences downstream of construction areas, will be implemented as necessary to ensure that sediment or other contaminants do not reach surface water bodies.</li> <li>No erosion control materials that have natural or plastic</li> </ul>
		monofilament type netting will be used during construction. All materials will be approved by a qualified biologist prior to use.
BMP -2	Staging and Stockpiling of Materials	<ul> <li>All construction equipment that may leak petroleum products fuels, lubricants, or other hazardous materials will be staged in upland areas, away from sensitive natural communities or habitats.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>All construction-related items, including equipment, stockpiled material, temporary erosion control treatments, and trash will be removed within 72 hours of project completion. All residual soils and/or materials will be cleared from the project site or placed in designated locations that have been cleared by biologists.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Building materials and other construction-related materials, including chemicals, will not be stockpiled or stored where they could spill into water bodies or storm drains, or where they could cover aquatic or riparian vegetation.</li> </ul>

No.	Name	Measure
BMP - 3	Equipment and Vehicle Maintenance and Cleaning	<ul> <li>Vehicle and equipment maintenance activities will be conducted in a designated area to prevent inadvertent fluid spills. This area will be clearly designated with berms, sandbags, or other barriers.</li> </ul>
		Secondary containment, such as a drain pan or drop cloth, to catch spills or leaks will be used when removing or changing fluids. Fluids will be stored in appropriate containers with covers, and properly recycled or disposed of off-site.
		<ul> <li>Cracked batteries will be stored in a non-leaking secondary container and removed from the site.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Spill cleanup materials will be stockpiled where they are readily accessible.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Vehicles and equipment will not be washed on-site.</li> </ul>

No.	Name	Measure
BMP -4	On-Site Hazardous Materials Management	<ul> <li>The products used and/or expected to be used and the end products that are produced and/or expected to be produced after their use will be inventoried.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>As appropriate, containers will be properly labeled with a "Hazardous Waste" label and hazardous waste will be properly recycled or disposed of off-site.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Contact of chemicals with precipitation will be minimized by storing chemicals in watertight containers or in a storage shed (completely enclosed), with appropriate secondary containment to prevent any spillage or leakage.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Petroleum products, chemicals, cement, fuels, lubricants, and non- storm drainage water or water contaminated with the aforementioned materials shall not be allowed to enter receiving waters or the storm drainage system.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Sanitation facilities (e.g., portable toilets) will be surrounded by a berm, and a direct connection to the storm drainage system or receiving water will be avoided.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Sanitation facilities will be regularly cleaned and/or replaced, and inspected regularly for leaks and spills.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Waste disposal containers will be covered when they are not in use, and a direct connection to the storm drainage system or receiving water will be avoided.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>All trash that is brought to a project site during construction activities (e.g., plastic water bottles, plastic lunch bags, food waste) will be removed from the site daily.</li> </ul>

No.	Name	Measure
BMP - 5	Fire Prevention	<ul> <li>All earthmoving and portable equipment with internal combustion engines will be equipped with spark arrestors.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>During the high fire danger period (April 1–December 1), work crews will have appropriate fire suppression equipment available at the work site.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>On days when the fire danger is high, flammable materials will be kept at least 10 feet away from any equipment that could produce a spark, fire, or flame.</li> </ul>
		On days when the fire danger is high, portable tools powered by gasoline-fueled internal combustion engines will not be used within 25 feet of any flammable materials unless at least one round-point shovel or fire extinguisher is within immediate reach of the work crew (no more 25 feet away from the work area).
BMP-6	Reduce Spread of Invasive Species	To prevent the spread of invasive species, all equipment should be washed prior to entering the project site, with special attention on cleaning the undercarriage and wheels of the vehicles. In the event that high- or medium-priority noxious weeds are disturbed or removed during construction or construction-related activities, the contractor should contain the plant material associated with these noxious weeds and dispose of it in a manner that will not promote the spread of the species. Areas where noxious weeds are disturbed or removed should be immediately replanted with fast-growing native grasses or a native erosion control seed mixture. If seeding is not possible the area should be covered with heavy black plastic solarization material until the end of the project.

December 6, 2019



Keith Forbes 2042 Eich Road Eureka, CA 95503

**SUBJECT:** Forbes Property Development – Amended Wetland Buffer Inventory

Dear Mr. Forbes:

I am writing to provide you with an amended wetland buffer assessment for your proposed development located on South Broadway Street (APN #305-101-053) in the City of Eureka, Humboldt County, California.

This letter report is an amended version of my July 19, 2019 letter, based on the comments from Steve Werner of Humboldt County's November 6, 2019 email to you.

This amended report clarifies the proposed on-site avoidance and minimization measures to avoid any impacts to aquatic resources and specifically addresses the wetland buffer criteria using the recommendations from the California Coastal Commission's *Seven Criteria for Estimating Buffer Areas* (attached).

Proposed Avoidance and Minimization measures:

To ensure that no direct or indirect impacts occur to the onsite wetlands during, and, or after construction of the proposed project the following four criterion are proposed:

- Create a natural upland buffer (wetland buffer setback) between the development and
  the two wetland habitats. The attached site plan contains the proposed buffer area that
  will contain a fence protecting the on-site wetlands. It will be maintained in its current
  condition and act as a natural stormwater filtration area before water leaves the site
  and enters the wetland or street culvert. The wetland buffer setback is currently
  proposed at an average width of 33'6". Please see the attached criteria regarding the
  proposed wetland buffer setback area.
- 2. Removal of non-native Himalayan blackberry (*Rubus armeniacus*). Efforts to eliminate the non-native invasive species by root removal will occur as a part of establishing the aquatic resources avoidance area. Yearly checks and removal of all invasive species and refuse/debris will occur for five years. The blackberry exists mostly in the 3-parameter wetland but encroaches into the 1-parameter wetland area as well.
- 3. Plant native species within the one-parameter wetland. Plantings in the proposed aquatic resources protection area will consist of two or more of the following (at least two) species including but not limited to thimbleberry (*Rubus parviflorus*), California blackberry (*Rubus ursinus*), bigleaf maple (*Acer macciophyllum*), native willows (*Salix*

spp.), native roses (Rosa spp.), varied lupine (Lupinus varicolor), and red elder (Sambucus racemosa). Proposed locations are delineated on the attached site plan.

4. Implement Best Management Practices during construction (See attached table in the July 19, 2019 letter report).

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions by phone at 530/710-4059. Thank you for the opportunity to assist you with your project.

Sincerely,

Jonathan Foster - Wetland Ecologist

#### Attachments:

- 1. Reduced Wetland Buffer Setback Criteria
- 2. Site Plan with fencing and preliminary planting locations

# Forbes Property - California Coastal Commission's Criteria for Establishing Buffer Areas — Reduction in Buffer Size Justification

Establishing an upland buffer or wetland buffer setback area is important to protect the onsite wetland habitats from existing, proposed and future developments. The project is proposing that this buffer area be maintained in its current condition as open space grassland with continued mowing. In addition, a post and cable fence will be placed in this buffer, just outside the one-parameter wetland to ensure no unforeseen or incidental impacts occur during or after construction to any of the wetland habitats. No additional project features or impacts are proposed in the buffer area.

For small projects, the California Coastal Commission recommends a minimum 100-foot wetland buffer setback between development and sensitive resources unless the applicant can demonstrate that 100-feet is unnecessary to protect the resources in the habitat area. The proposed project is located on an approximate 0.75 acre parcel that can only provide an approximate 33-foot average buffer between the proposed development and the wetlands, otherwise the project's purpose and need cannot be met and the site would be considered undevelopable. Additionally, a draft drawing containing a one-parameter wetland was submitted to the County for a previously proposed development on the adjacent parcel to the northeast that was located approximately 55-feet from the this proposed development. This wetland does not appear to currently exist but some additional analysis will be provided below.

The following seven criteria for establishing a wetland buffer area are addressed from a wildlife and wetland ecology functional assessment perspective to justify an approval for the proposed reduced upland buffer that is delineated on the proposed site plan.

1. <u>Biological significance of adjacent lands</u>. Lands adjacent to a wetland, stream, or riparian habitat area vary in the degree to which they are functionally related to these habitat areas. That is, functional relationships may exist if species associated with such areas spend a significant portion of their life cycle on adjacent lands. The degree of significance would depend upon the habitat requirements of the species in the habitat area (e.g., nesting, feeding, breeding or resting). This determination requires the expertise of an ecologist, wildlife biologist, ornithologist, or botanist who is familiar with the particular type of habitat involved. Where a significant functional relationship exists, the land supporting this relationship should also be considered to be part of the environmentally sensitive habitat area, and the buffer area should be measured from the edge of these lands and be sufficiently wide to protect these functional relationships. Where no significant functional relationships exist, the buffer should be extended from the edge of the wetland, stream or riparian habitat (for example) which is adjacent to the proposed development (as opposed to the adjacent area which is significantly related ecologically).

The biological significance of direct adjacent lands in relation to the wetland buffer setback is extremely limited and marginal. The project site is surrounded by streets to the northwest and southwest and housing to the southeast. Only the northeast side of the proposed development is currently and would remain undeveloped and is a mix of ruderal, non-native grasses and forbs that contain limited habitat

value for insects, foraging birds and small mammals. One past development proposal to the country had shown a one-parameter wetland on the adjacent parcel to the northeast that was approximately 55-feet from the proposed project. During the previous site visit this feature could not be located and has never been verified by state or federal agencies, may have been miscategorized, or has since been filled. In any case, for conceptual purposes, a reduced wetland buffer setback of 55-feet from this area would adequately meet protection standards since this site does not drain towards this parcel, no sensitive species or habitats were observed or are expected to exist here, and for a feature of this size (estimated < 0.01 acre), this buffer distance is double what would be expected to protect this feature that has or had very limited aquatic function and services to the overall ecological community.

The existing one-parameter seasonal wetland (approximately 0.15 acre) that abuts the existing three-parameter riparian wetland (approximately 0.1 acre) on the proposed project's site has a very limited functional relationship with their adjacent lands due to urbanization. The existing upland buffer to these habitats do provide a natural grassland buffer to both the one-parameter seasonal wetland and the manmade 3-parameter riparian wetland. There are assumed ecological relationships with insect populations, foraging songbirds and small mammals that may move through the site. However, the lack of established plant populations from past and ongoing disturbances, the constant presence of human activity, feral cats, pets, and regular mowing have made both the adjacent lands and seasonal wetland very limited in terms of habitat function and value related to water storage, water quality, and overall wildlife habitat.

The proposed project and buffer would not have any anticipated qualitative change from the currently conditions in terms of functional relationships of adjacent lands and may improve the aquatic resources functions with the management of invasive species, adding exclusionary fencing, and planting native woody plant species.

2. <u>Sensitivity of species to disturbance</u>. The width of the buffer area should be based, in part, on the distance necessary to ensure that the most sensitive species of plants and animals will not be disturbed significantly by the permitted development. Such a determination should be based on the following:

Nesting, feeding, breeding, resting or other habitat requirements of both resident and migratory fish and wildlife species.

An assessment of the short-term and long-term adaptability of various species to human disturbance.

No sensitive species were observed or are expected to occur in the project area. The one-parameter wetland contains very limited habitat and is mowed regularly. Migratory birds are expected to use this wetland to forage periodically throughout the year. The man-made riparian wetland is the most sensitive habitat in the project area and may contain nesting songbirds during the spring and summer months. Currently, these areas are adjacent to active urban uses and experience daily disturbances not limited to traffic, mowing, pedestrians, and pets. These disturbances will continue to be the most significant to these habitats. No additional impacts from construction or a reduced upland buffer are anticipated from the development of the proposed project and long-term adaptability has already occurred in the riparian wetland. During construction, minimum short-term adaptability of foraging species may occur, but would not be significant to the one-parameter wetland. The proposed wetland

buffer setback also exceeds the standard 30-foot buffer that is recommended by the State for migratory nesting bird surveys during construction.

3. <u>Susceptibility of parcel to erosion</u>. The width of the buffer area should be based, in part, on an assessment of the slope, soils, impervious surface coverage, runoff characteristics, and vegetative cover of the parcel, and to what degree the development will change the potential for erosion. A sufficient buffer to allow for the interception of any additional material eroded as a result of the proposed development should be provided.

The site is relatively flat, fully vegetated and generally slopes gradually to the southwest. Soils are well drained and stable in the uplands and can be soft and saturated in the wetland areas, especially after rain events. While no major erosion exists or is anticipated on this site, it should be noted that past tire tracks were observed from unauthorized access from a presumed four-wheel drive vehicle. The very small proposed development would not create any additional erosion concerns and the reduced buffer would be more than adequate to capture any incidental erosion from heavy storms or failures of the proposed best management practices. Additionally, the placement of exclusionary fencing should eliminate any further unauthorized access to the aquatic habitats.

4. <u>Use of natural topographic features to locate development</u>. Hills and bluffs adjacent to environmentally sensitive habitat areas should be used, where feasible, to buffer habitat areas. Where otherwise permitted, development should be located on the sides of hills away from environmentally sensitive habitat areas. Similarly, bluff faces should not be developed, but should be included in the buffer area.

The size of the landowner's proposed development's site plan is the minimum necessary to meet the project's purpose and need. It is proposed to be built fully in uplands, on only approximately 60% of the site, while avoiding direct impacts to all aquatic resources. Additionally, there would be an upland buffer of approximately 33 feet, which is nearly equal to the size of the one-parameter wetland and encompasses approximately 30% of the proposed project's open space post construction. The development and buffer areas were both delineated based on the location of the natural resources to ensure compliance with all state and federal laws. Additionally, there is an approximately 70-foot average upland buffer width to the three-parameter riparian wetland, which exceeds the recommended minimum 50-foot width for Clean Water Act projects approved by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

5. <u>Use of existing cultural features to locate buffer zones</u>. Cultural features, (e.g., roads and dikes) should be used, where feasible, to buffer habitat areas. Where feasible, development should be located on the side of roads, dikes, irrigation canals, flood control channels, etc., away from the environmentally sensitive habitat area.

The wetland habitats are currently buffered by roads on two sides and housing on another. The proposed wetland buffer setback is on the only side the proposed development is possible to be built and the site is a properly zoned area with existing city infrastructure surrounded by urban development.

6. <u>Lot configuration and location of existing development</u>. Where an existing subdivision or other development is largely built-out and the buildings are a uniform distance from a habitat area, at least that same distance will be required as a buffer area for any new development permitted. However, if

that distance is less than 100 feet, additional mitigation measures (e.g., planting of native vegetation which grows locally) should be provided to ensure additional protection. Where development is proposed in an area which is largely undeveloped, the widest and most protective buffer area feasible should be required.

The proposed project is surrounded by other developments that have less than a 100-foot buffer on existing aquatic resources from housing and two roads. Since a reduced buffer is being proposed for this project, the removal of invasive species in the riparian area and the planting of native woody plant species in the one-parameter wetland is proposed to enhance the marginalized aquatic resources to give the habitats a functional lift. A preliminary planting plan is located on the attached site plan with species listed in the cover letter.

7. Type and scale of development proposed. The type and scale of the proposed development will, to a large degree, determine the size of the buffer area necessary to protect the environmentally sensitive habitat area. For example, due to domestic pets, human use and vandalism, residential developments may not be as compatible as light industrial developments adjacent to wetlands, and may therefore require wider buffer areas. However, such evaluations should be made on a case-by-case basis depending upon the resources involved, and the type and density of development on adjacent lands.

The proposed small scale (0.75 acre site) and light industrial type development lends itself favorably to allow for a reduced wetland buffer setback and will reduce the existing unauthorized use of human impacts to the natural environment. Based on the site characteristics, current conditions and limited proposed impacts, the reduced 33-foot buffer is ecologically sound based on its size ratio to the development, the gentle aspect of the site, and the aquatic features in its current functioning condition. This design will adequately protect and enhance both the one and three-parameter wetlands within the project site. The buffer area encompasses approximately 15% of the proposed project site and is nearly equal in size to the one-parameter wetland and will be approximately 30% of the entire open space area. It is designed to function as an important buffer for natural stormwater filtration and open space protection from the proposed development. Additionally, this site is adjacent to other existing light industrial, housing and an active store.

