

## MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 637438 SCH No. If Applicable

## **SUBJECT:**

32<sup>nd</sup> & Broadway: The subject project proposes a Right of Way Vacation, Tentative Map, Site Development Permit, and Neighborhood Development Permit for the construction of a 38-unit residential development consisting of 34 market rate residential condominium units and four moderate income units in six, three-story buildings, with parking for 68 vehicles, and to vacate the public right-of-way of Broadway between 32nd and 33rd streets. The 1.211-acre unimproved site is located east of 32nd Street, north of State Route 94, in the RM-1-1 zone (Residential-Multiple Unit), the San Diego International Airport (SDIA) Noise Contours Overlay Zone (65-70 CNEL), the Airport Influence Area (SDIA - Review Area 1), the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Part 77 Noticing Area (SDIA threshold at 175 feet AMSL), within the Greater Golden Hill Community Plan area and Council District 3. The Community Plan land use map (Figure 2-1) designates the subject site as Residential - Low Medium density. LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lots 25 through 36, block 124 of Choate's Addition, Map 167, and fractional lot 25, block 124 of E.W. Morse's subdivision, Map 547, and portion of the north half of Broadway as dedicated per Map 167. APPLICANT: 32nd & Broadway, LLC.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study (IS) which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): Biology. Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND). The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

#### IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

## V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

**BIO-MM1 Mitigation Fee:** A total of 0.23-acre of Diegan coastal sage scrub located outside of the MHPA will be directly impacted as a result of project implementation. A mitigation ratio of 1:1 for impacts to Tier II (uncommon uplands, coastal sage scrub, coastal sage scrub/chaparral) will be required. Prior to construction, the project applicant will provide monitory compensation to the City of San Diego Habitat Acquisition Fund (HAF) as established by the City Council. Therefore, the total resulting mitigation required for direct project impacts is a total of a 0.23-acre equivalent contribution to the HAF plus a ten percent (10%) administrative fee.

## VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

#### Federal Government

U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

#### State of California

State Clearinghouse California Dept. of Fish & Wildlife

## City of San Diego

Public Notice Journal Councilmember Whitburn, District 3 City Attorney's Office Development Services Department

Firouzeh Tirandazi, Project Management

Karen Vera, Engineering

Jamie Kennedy, EAS

Sam Johnson, MMC

Daniel Neri, Landscaping

Matthew Kessler, Planning Review

Meghan Cedeno, Transportation

Irina Itkin, Water & Sewer Review

Planning Department

Bernard Turgeon, Long-Range Planning

## **Greater Golden Hill**

Kathy Vandenheuvel, Chair, Greater Golden Hill Community Planning Group Friends of Switzer Canyon

## **Other Interested Parties**

Sierra Club
San Diego Audubon Society
Mr. Jim Peugh
California Native Plant Society
Endangered Habitats League
Joseph M. Galascione
George Mazis, Atlas Management

## VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- ( ) No comments were received during the public input period.
- ( ) Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- ( ) Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

Jamie Kennedy Senior Planner

**Development Services Department** 

December 17, 2020

Date of Draft Report

Date of Final Report

Analyst: Jamie Kennedy

Attachments: Attachment 1: Regional Location Map

Attachment 2: Project Site Map

#### INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: 637438 / 32nd & Broadway
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Jamie Kennedy / (619) 446-5445
- 4. Project location: The 1.211-acre unimproved site is located east of 32nd Street, north of State Route 94, within the San Diego International Airport (SDIA) Noise Contours Overlay Zone (65-70 CNEL), the Airport Influence Area (SDIA Review Area 1), the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Part 77 Noticing Area (SDIA threshold at 175 feet AMSL), within the Greater Golden Hill Community Plan area and Council District 3.The project is located in Environmentally Sensitive Land with sensitive biological resources (Tier II habitat).
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: 32nd & Broadway, LLC. 3184 Airway Avenue, Suite B, Costa Mesa, CA 92626
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Residential Low Medium density
- 7. Zoning: RM-1-1 (Residential Multiple Unit)
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):
  - The project is a Right of Way Vacation, Tentative Map, Site Development Permit, and Neighborhood Development Permit for the construction of a 38-unit residential development consisting of 34 market rate residential condominium units and four affordable moderate income units in six, three-story buildings, and to vacate the public right-of-way of Broadway between 32nd and 33rd streets. Parking for 68 vehicles would consist of 62 general parking spaces, four motorcycle spaces, two electrical vehicle charging stations, and common area. Landscape improvements also include a retaining wall, streetscape, perimeter and interior landscape, and paved common open space.
- 9. Surrounding land uses and setting:
  - The project is surrounded by undeveloped disturbed land to the north, multifamily residences to the east, State Route 94 to the south, and single-family residences to the west.
- Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):
   None required.

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

As required by AB 52, City of San Diego (City) staff sent notification, including a cultural resources report (CRR), on 7/3/19 to the local Kumeyaay community for possible consultation on this project. Representatives of the lipay and Jamul communities concurred with the CRR conclusions which determined that archaeological monitoring is not necessary for the project. The Kumeyaay representatives determined that tribal cultural resources mitigation, and Native American monitoring, is not required for the project and closed AB 52 consultation on 7/12/19.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:**

			d be potentially affected by the checklist on the following		t, involving at least one impact that is a	
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Public Services	
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Recreation	
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Transportation/Traffic	
$\boxtimes$	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Tribal Cultural Resources	
	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources		Utilities/Service System	
	Energy		Noise		Wildfire	
	Geology/Soils		Population/Housing		Mandatory Findings Significance	
DETER	MINATION: (To be com	ıpleted l	by Lead Agency)			
On the b	asis of this initial evaluation:					
	The proposed project COUL be prepared.	D NOT ha	ve a significant effect on the e	environme	ent, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will	
		evisions ir	n the project have been made		ment, there will not be a significant eed to by the project proponent. A	
	The proposed project MAY has required.	nave a sigi	nificant effect on the environr	ment, and	an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT	
	The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.					
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.					

#### **EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:**

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section 15063(c)(3)(D).* In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
  - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
  - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
I. AESTH	HETICS – Would the project:						
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?						
There are no public view corridors or any designated scenic roadways on or directly adjacent to the project site. The nearest view corridor is north of the site on C street facing east and would not be impacted by the subject project. A small portion of the project to the northeast is located within a viewshed located at 32 <sup>nd</sup> and C street looking south. However, the project is moderate in scale and does not exceed the allowed bulk or height regulations. Therefore, impacts to public views would be less than significant.							
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?						
within o	ject is situated within a developed re r adjacent to a state scenic highway, would result.		•	•			
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?						
compati designa degrade	ject site is located adjacent to similar ible with the surrounding developme tion, and consistent with urban design the existing visual character or qua he less than significant.	ent, permitte gn policies ir	d by the communith the community pl	ty plan and z an. The proje	oning ect would not		
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?			$\boxtimes$			

The project would comply with the outdoor lighting standards contained in Municipal Code Section 142.0740 (Outdoor Lighting Regulations) that require all outdoor lighting be installed, shielded, and adjusted so that the light is directed in a manner that minimizes negative impacts from light pollution, including trespass, glare, and to control light from falling onto surrounding properties. Therefore, lighting installed with the project would not adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area, resulting in a less than significant lighting impact.

The project would also comply with Municipal Code Section 142.0730 (Glare Regulations) that requires exterior materials utilized for proposed structures to be limited to specific reflectivity ratings. The structure would be constructed with non-reflective materials, primarily stucco and wood siding. The project would have a less than significant glare impact.

II. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing

	Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	sign Fore Pro	pacts on agriculture and farmland. In determin nificant environmental effects, lead agencies r estry and Fire Protection regarding the state's ject and the Forest Legacy Assessment projec tocols adopted by the California Air Resource	may refer to info s inventory of fo ct; and forest ca	ormation compiled by the rest land, including the rbon measurement me	ne California Dep Forest and Rang	partment of ge Assessment
	a)	Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
Farm the F	nlan Farn ect v	ject site does not contain and is not on the conversion of t	ance (Farmla ram of the C	nd), as show on ma alifornia Resource	aps prepared Agency. Ther	pursuant to efore, the
	b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?				
agric	ultu	ject is consistent with the communit ural use. There are no Williamson Ac act would occur.				
	c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				
or tir	mbe ne p	ject would not conflict with existing zerland zoned Timberland Production roject is consistent with the commun	ı. No designa	ted forest land or	timberland o	ccur onsite
	d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
The <sub>l</sub>	proj	ject does not contain forest land. No	impact wou	ld occur.		
	e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non-				$\boxtimes$

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?

Refer to response II (a) and II (c), above. The project and surrounding areas do not contain any farmland or forest land. Therefore, no impact would occur.

			pace Would occ	a		
III.		QUALITY – Where available, the significan ution control district may be relied on to r				nent or air
	a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				
(SAN main Region (mo atta Calif well projon through Cou	IDAG nten ona st re in th orni as ii ect f ugh ectionty a	Diego Air Pollution Control Districts  G) are responsible for developing ance of the ambient air quality state (RAQS) was in the cently in 2009). The RAQS outlines a state air quality standards for oral a Air Resources Board (CARB) and an information regarding projected gruture emissions and then determine regulatory controls. CARB mobiles on a rebased on population, we highly are based on population, we had the cities in the county as participated on SANDAG growth projects.	and implement andards in the nitially adopted is the SDAPCD's zone (03). The distance of the stratege is source emission to f the development and tof the development and tof the development and tof the development in the stratege is the strategy is the s	ting the clean air San Diego Air Ball in 1991 and is uplans and control RAQS relies on inuding mobile and les necessary for projections are land use plans coment of their general second in their general in the second in the se	plan for attainmesin (SDAB). The sipple plan for a tries of measures despited in the cities in the reduction of the reduction of SANDAG growners all plans.	nent and County ennial basis signed to the nissions, as county, to of emissions wth n Diego
plan such plan grea	s de n, pro s wo ter t n coi	eveloped by the cities and by the copects that propose development ould be consistent with the RAQS. Than that anticipated in the local profict with the RAQS and may continuous the continuous profice with the RAQS and may continuous profice.	county as part on that is consiste However, if a polan and SAND	of the development with the grow project proposes AG's growth proj	ent of their gene of anticipated be development the ections, the proj	ral plans. As y local at is ect might
prop the und	ose unde erlyi	ect would build 38 units in six, the dhousing is consistent with the Gerlying zoning. Therefore, the prong growth forecasts in the RAQS as No impact would occur.	General Plan, th ject would be c	e Greater Goldei onsistent at a su	n Hill Communit b-regional level	y Plan, and with the
	b)	Violate any air quality standard or				

As

Short-term and long-term emissions are detailed in "32nd & Broadway, LLC – Golden Hill Project Health Risk Assessment Technical Memorandum" prepared by Ascent Environmental, July 2020.

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**Short-term Emissions (Construction)** 

contribute substantially to an existing

or projected air quality violation?

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Project construction activities would potentially generate combustion emissions from on-site heavy-duty construction vehicles and motor vehicles transporting the construction crew and necessary construction materials. Exhaust emissions generated by construction activities would generally result from the use of typical construction equipment that may include excavation equipment, forklift, skip loader, and/or dump truck. Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or off-site. It is anticipated that construction equipment would be used on-site for four to eight hours a day; however, construction would be short-term and impacts to neighboring uses would be minimal and temporary.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land clearing and grading operations. Due to the nature and size of the project, construction activities are expected to create minimal fugitive dust, as a result of the disturbance associated with grading. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by the City of San Diego grading permit to reduce potential air quality impacts to less than significant. In addition, construction activities would be required to comply with the City's Best Management Practices (BMPs) which are enforceable under SDMC 142.0710. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts related to short term emissions would be less than significant.

## **Long-term Emissions (Operational)**

Long-term air emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project would produce minimal stationary source emissions. Once construction of the project is complete, long-term air emissions would potentially result from such sources as cars parking on the lot. However, the project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Based on the residential land use, project emissions over the long-term are not anticipated to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts would be less than significant.

c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for		$\boxtimes$	
	ozone precursors)?			

As described above in response III. b), construction operations may temporarily increase the emissions of dust and other pollutants. However, construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration. Implementation of Best Management Practices (BMP's) would reduce potential impacts related to construction activities to a less than significant level. Therefore, the project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards. Impacts would be less than significant.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?				
emission attributa and arch	rm (Construction) - Odors would be ns during construction of the projec able to concentrations of unburned nitectural coatings. Such odors are t ct a substantial number of people. T	t. Odors pro hydrocarbo emporary ar	duced during consins from tailpipes of and generally occur	truction would construction at magnitudes	d be equipment s that would
_	rm (Operational) - Typical long-term red with the creation of such odors a	•			e not
IV. BIOLO	OGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
2020, a impacte (uncomic construction Acquisit required ten percentage)	Biological Resources Technical Reportotal of 0.23-acre of disturbed coast d as a result of project implemental mon uplands, coastal sage scrub, coation, the project applicant will provion Fund (HAF) as established by the differ direct project impacts is a total tent (10%) administrative fee. Impacted and Measure BIO-	al sage scrulction. A mitigate satal sage so ide monitory e City Councing of a 0.23-acts would be	o located outside of ation ratio of 1:1 for crub/chaparral) will compensation to f il. Therefore, the to re equivalent contr less than significan	f the MHPA w r impacts to T be required. the Cities Hab tal resulting r ibution to the	ill be directly ier II Prior to itat nitigation
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife				

A perennial urban drainage ditch extending southwest from an existing residential development is located immediately southeast of the Project Site and extends under SR 94 through a culvert. No riparian scrub, forest, woodland or wetland dependent vegetation is located within or adjacent to the drainage ditch. The urban drainage ditch does not meet definition of wetlands as defined by the Per the City of San Diego Biology Guidelines (City of San Diego 2018).

Service?

The project will include the development of one (1) onsite bioretention basin for the capture, treatment and release of project related runoff to the adjacent perennial urban drainage ditch. The proposed project will not directly impact the drainage ditch. As warranted, the project will comply

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
with all applicable water quality regulations, including obtaining and complying with those conditions established in State Waste Discharge Requirements (WDRs) and National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permits. Both of these permits include the treatment of all surface runoff from paved and developed areas, the implementation of applicable Best Management Practices (BMPs) during construction activities and the installation and proper maintenance of structural BMPs to ensure adequate long-term treatment of water before entering into any stream course or offsite conservation areas. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.						
c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?			⊠			
See IV. b). Compliance with state and federa impacts are less than significant.	l regulations រុ	protecting storm v	vater would e	ensure		
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?						
The Project Site and adjacent offsite impact residential development and north and sout Project Site is not located within or a wildlife the movement of wildlife would be less than	th by high traf movement ro	fic roadways (SR 🤉	94 and C Stre	et). The		
e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				$\boxtimes$		
The proposed project is not within the City's Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA) and is consistent with all relevant goals and policies regarding the preservation and protection of biological resources, as outlined in the City's Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP). No impact would result due to implementation of the project.						
f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?						
See reply IV e) above; no impact would resul	lt.					

**Less Than** 

V. CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project:

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
<ul> <li>Cause a substantial adverse chan the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5?</li> </ul>			$\boxtimes$	

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

## **Archaeological Resources**

According to City of San Diego Development Services Department archaeological resources sensitivity maps, the project site is not located in an area that is sensitive for the discovery of archaeological resources. According to the Phase I Cultural Resource Survey (CRS) for the 32nd & Broadway Project prepared by Brian F. Smith & Associates November 5, 2018, there are no recorded sites within or near the Area of Potential Effect, and no archaeology sites or artifacts were identified during Site Reconnaissance. Due to site conditions and the nature of infill development, archaeological monitoring is not recommended for the proposed project. Based on the conclusions and recommendations of the CRS, the project would result in a less than significant impact on archaeological resources and no mitigation is required.

## **Built Environment**

No structures exist on the subject property. No impact would occur to built environment resources.

b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?			$\boxtimes$				
Please s	Please see response V. a). Impacts would be less than significant.							
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?							

According to the "Geotechnical Investigation Report for the Proposed 32nd & Broadway Homes" dated 5/24/19 by NOVA Services, Inc., the project site is underlain by Baypoint and San Diego geologic formations both of which have a high sensitivity for the discovery of paleontological resources. However, the project's Development Plans indicate maximum excavation depth would be 9.2 feet. Since maximum excavation depth for the project would be less that the 10-foot depth significance threshold for impacts to paleontological resources stated in the City of San Diego CEQA Significance Determination Thresholds, impacts to paleontological resources would be less than significant and no mitigation would be required.

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
d)	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?			$\boxtimes$	
See V. a	a) above. Human remains were not i ant.	identified in th	ne CRS. Impacts wo	ould be less th	nan
VI. ENE	RGY – Would the project:				
a)	Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?				
to redu Measur	project construction, the Air Resour ce unnecessary consumption of ene e to Limit Diesel-Fueled Commercia e, energy consumption during cons	ergy under 13 al Motor Vehic	CCR § 2485, Airbo le Idling. Through	rne Toxic Cor implementati	ntrol
Energy Greenh	oposed residential development wor usage may incrementally increase c ouse Gas Emissions. Energy impact ion is required.	once residence	es are built. See als	so section VIII	,
b)	Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?				
zoning section	oject is consistent with the General F designations, and appropriately imp VIII, Greenhouse Gas Emissions. Be Action Plan, no impact would occur	olements the ecause the pro	Climate Action Plai	n checklist. Se	e also
VII. GEC	DLOGY AND SOILS – Would the project:				
a)	Expose people or structures to potential si involving:	ubstantial advers	e effects, including the	risk of loss, injur	y, or death
	i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				

Less Than **Potentially Less Than** Significant with Issue Significant Significant No Impact Mitigation Impact Impact Incorporated

The applicant has submitted "Report of Geotechnical Investigation, Proposed 32<sup>nd</sup> & Broadway Homes, San Diego" prepared by NOVA Services, Inc. dated May 24, 2019. The project is not located within an Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone. No known active faults are mapped on the site area. Because of the lack of known active faults on the site, the potential for surface rupture at the site is considered low.

The project is located in Geologic Hazard Category 52, Other level areas, gently sloping to steep terrain, favorable geologic structure, low risk. Shallow ground rupture due to shaking from distant seismic events is not considered a significant hazard. The project would be required to comply with seismic requirement of the California Building Code and utilize proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices.

Prior to the issuance of any construction permits (either grading or building permit), the Owner/Permittee shall submit a geotechnical investigation report prepared in accordance with the City's "Guidelines for Geotechnical Reports" that specifically addressed the proposed construction plans. The geotechnical investigation report shall be reviewed for adequacy by the Geology Section of Development Services prior to the issuance of any construction permit. Potential impacts based on regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.

ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?						
No known active faults are mapped on the site area. The nearest known active faults are within the Rose Canyon fault system. The closest faults within this system lie in the downtown graben, located approximately 1.5 miles west of the site. This system has the potential to be a source of strong ground motion. The potentially active (pre-Holocene) Texas Street Fault is about 0.4 miles west of the site. There is no evidence of movement on this fault within the last 11,700 years. The project would utilize proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the construction permit stage, in order to ensure that potential impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant.							
iii)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?						
	o VII. a) i) above. In addition, the etential for liquefaction.	ne dense and geo	ogically 'older'	subsurface unit	s at this site		
iv	Landslides?						

Though the site is set in an area where the ground surface slopes on the order of 10% to 20%, the formational geologic units that underlie the area are not associated with landslide susceptibility. The geotechnical investigation concludes the landslide hazard is 'low' for the site and its immediately surrounding area. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, would ensure that the potential for impacts would be reduced to an acceptable level of risk. Impacts would be less than significant.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			$\boxtimes$	
potentia requires within th the Stor than sig postcon	ion and construction activities would. The project would be required to the implementation of appropriatine site would be required to comply m Water Standards, which would enificant levels. Furthermore, permastruction consistent with the City's tial soils erosion or loss of topsoil, a	comply with e Best Manag y with the City nsure soil ero anent storm w regulations. T	the City's Storm Wa ement Practices (B of San Diego Grad sion and topsoil lo ater BMPs would a herefore, the proje	ater Standard MPs). Grading ling Ordinand ss is minimize also be requir ect would not	ls which g activities e as well as ed to less ed
c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				$\boxtimes$
within lo	y to VII. a) iii) above. Apart from liquose to moderately dense, unsaturalic settlement. Due to the absence opreading.	ated granular	soils. The soils of the	his site will no	ot be prone
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
during r	indicated 'Low' to 'Very Low' expans nass grading at the site that will rec ansive material. This measure will e	quire mixing v	vith other non-expa	ansive soils to	create a
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				
water ar	ject site is located within an area th nd sewer lines) and does not propo the construction of any new facilition e project. No impact would occur.	se any septic	system. In addition	, the project	does not
VIII. GRE	ENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the pro	ject:			
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The City's Climate Action Plan (CAP) outlines the actions that the City will undertake to achieve its proportional share of State greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions. A CAP Consistency Checklist is part of the CAP and contains measures that are required to be implemented on a project-byproject basis to ensure that the specified emission targets identified in the CAP are achieved. The

project	is consistent with the General Plan a	nd Commur	ity Plan land use	and zoning de:	signations
with all	owable deviations. Further based up	on review ar	d evaluation of th	ne completed (	CAP
Consist	ency Checklist, the project is consiste	ent with the	applicable strateg	ies and actions	s of the CAP.
Based o	on the project's consistency with the	City's CAP Ch	ecklist, the projec	ct's contributio	n of GHG's
to cum	ulative statewide emissions would be	e less than cu	imulatively consid	derable. Theref	fore, the
project	s direct and cumulative GHG emissio	ns would ha	ve a less than sigr	nificant impact	
b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy,				
	or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				
The pro	oject would not conflict with an applic	able plan, p	olicy, or regulation	n adopted for t	the purposes
	cing the emissions of greenhouse ga			•	
Plan an	d Community Plan land use and zon	ing designati	ons. Further base	ed upon review	<i>i</i> and
evaluat	ion of the completed CAP Consistence	cy Checklist f	or the project, the	e project is con	sistent with
the app	olicable strategies and actions of the	CAP. Therefo	re, the project is	consistent with	n the
assump	otions for relevant CAP strategies tow	ard achievir	g the identified G	HG reduction	targets.
Impacts	s are considered less than significant	•			
IX. HAZ	ARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would t	he project:			
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public				
	or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				
Constru	uction of the project may require the	use of hazai	dous materials (f	uels. lubricants	s. solvents.
	hich would require proper storage, h				
	tinely transport, use, or dispose of h	_	·		
	a significant hazard to the public or e			,	
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public				
	or the environment through reasonably				
	foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the				
	environment?				

DSD Environmental Analysis staff conducted a search of the State Water Resources Control Board GeoTracker website data management system (http://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/database). There are no cleanup sites, underground storage tanks, hazardous waste sites, or land disposal sites in the project vicinity. Therefore, the potential to encounter hazardous materials is less than significant, and no mitigation is required.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
vehicles Golden l acutely l	y III. b). The project would produce in and temporary impacts from fugiti Hill Elementary School. However, it what hazardous materials, substances, or eless than significant.	ve dust. The $ $ would not inv	oroject is located o olve hazardous e	within one qu missions or ha	arter mile of andling
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
develop (DTSC) is	ment Code sections 65962.5 require , at least annually, an updated Corte s responsible for a portion of the inf identified on the DTSC Cortese List.	ese List. The Dormation cor	epartment of Tox ntained in the Cor	cics and Subst tese List. The	ance Contro
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				

The project is located in the Airport Influence Area (AIA) Review Area 1 for the San Diego International Airport (SDIA) as depicted in the adopted 2014 Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP). The project is located in the 60-65 decibel (dB) Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL). The ALUCP requires new residential uses above the 60 dB CNEL provide noise attenuation to ensure an interior noise level of 45 dB CNEL for all habitable rooms, which is depicted on the title sheet on project plans.

In addition, the maximum height of the proposed project is approximately 164 feet Above Mean Sea Level (AMSL). The project is within the 262-300-foot contour of the City's Airport Approach Overlay Zone (AAOZ). The FAA Part 77 notification surface for SDIA is below the site at 75-80 feet AMSL and the Part 77 notification surface for North Island Naval Air Station is below the site at 116-121 feet AMSL. The proposed structure is also within an instrument approach area and is in proximity to a navigation facility, which may impact the assurance of navigation signal reception; therefore, FAA notification is required. The City is required to submit the proposed project to the San Diego County Regional Airport Authority, serving as the Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC), for a consistency determination with the adopted ALUCP for SDIA prior to final approval.

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
the AL based	ermination application was sent via em UC determined that the proposed pro- upon the facts and findings summaria tent with the noise and land use polic cant.	oject is condit zed within its	ionally consistent determination let	with the SDIA ter. Because	ALUCP the project is
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?			$\boxtimes$	
See re	ply to IX. d) above.				
g.	) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				$\boxtimes$
emerg	roject would not impair the implement gency response plan or evacuation pla ne project meets fire access requireme	n. The projec	t was reviewed by		•
h	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
The 2017 San Diego County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan (SDHMP) is the San Diego region's plan toward greater disaster resilience in accordance with section 322 of the Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000. The project would not conflict with the goals, objectives, and actions of the SDHMP. Per Action 1.D.6, High fire hazard areas shall have adequate access for emergency vehicles. The project is located in a Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone (VHFHSZ). The project was reviewed by the City Fire Department, and the project meets fire access requirements. Therefore, the project would not conflict with emergency response and would not substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan. Impacts would be less than significant.					
X. HYD	DROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the pro	oject:			
a	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				

The applicant has submitted a Water Quality Study that Identified pollutants from the project area and identified how Best Management Practices (BMPs) would be incorporated into the project that would ensure compliance with water quality regulations. Compliance with the City of San Diego's Storm Water Standards would ensure the project would not violate any water quality standards or discharge requirements. No impact would occur.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
b) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?						
The project does not require the construction of wells or the use of groundwater. Furthermore, the project would not introduce significant new impervious surfaces that could interfere with groundwater recharge, as the site is already developed with impervious surfaces. Therefore, the project would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge. The project is located in an urban neighborhood where all infrastructures exist. The project would connect to the existing public water system. No impact would result.						
c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?						
The project would not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or the area. There are no streams or rivers located on-site. Southeast of the project site is a seasonal drainage feature that would not be modified by the project. The project will include the development of one onsite bioretention basin for the capture, treatment and release of project related runoff to the adjacent perennial urban drainage ditch. During construction, the project would be required to implement BMPs to ensure that substantial erosion or siltation on or off-site would not occur. Impacts would be less than significant.						
d) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?						
The applicant has submitted Drainage Report, 32 <sup>nd</sup> and Broadway, prepared by Coffee Engineering dated June 30, 2020. The report concludes the site will feature a larger discharge to the existing drainage system, a 60" reinforced concrete pipe, from 3.35 cubic feet per second (cfs) to 5.13 cfs. However, the construction will only increase the 60" RCP's capacity by 0.4%. There are no anticipated impacts to adjacent properties as all storm water runoff from the project discharges directly into the drainage easement. Thus, the project would not significantly alter the overall drainage pattern for the site or area, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner that would result in flooding on- or off-site. Impacts would be less than significant.						
e) Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of						

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
existing	ly to X c) and d) above. Any runoff f storm water systems or provide su be less than significant, and no mitig	ıbstantial add	itional sources of p		
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				
See rep	lies to X a) – d) above. Impacts wou	ld be less thai	n significant.		
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				$\boxtimes$
-	ject site is not located within a 100- ore, no impacts would occur.	year flood ha	zard area or any ot	her known fl	ood area.
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?				
The pro	ject site is not located within a 100-	year flood ha	zard area; thus, no	impact woul	d occur.
XI. LANE	O USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:				
a)	Physically divide an established community?				$\boxtimes$
	nstruction of 38 units in six resident lly divide an established communit			ication would	l not
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				$\boxtimes$

The construction of 38 units in six residential structures and right of way vacation would not conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect. The project was reviewed and considered consistent with community plan land use as the provisions of the

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	ble Housing Regulations are met to			density bonus.	The street
vacatior	n can be supported. Thus, no impact	would occu	r.		
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				
The pro	ject is not located within or adjacent	to the MHP	A. Thus, no impact	would occur.	
XII. MINI	ERAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				
Classific Region, and wo	vironmental analysis staff consulted cation: Aggregate Materials in the We 1996. The project site is not located uld not preclude a mining operation No impact would occur.	estern San D in the MRZ-2	iego County Produ 2 classification are	ıction – Consuı a, is smaller th	mption an 10 acres,
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				
locally in	ject site has not been delineated on mportant mineral resource recovery implementation. Therefore, no impa	site, and no	such resources w		
XIII. NOI	SE – Would the project result in:				
a)	Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				
dated M barriers private Diego G The sou	olicant has submitted an Acoustical A March 22, 2019 by Eilar Associates, In (balcony walls) shown in AAR Table outdoor use areas are expected to c deneral Plan Noise Element with resp and barriers will be required as a cor	c. AAR calcul 7 incorporate comply with to pect to traffice adition of the	ations indicate thated into the project the noise requirements noise.	et, with sound t as design fea nents of the Cit onary permit a	attenuation tures, all y of San oproval to
noise le	that they will be implemented as a d vels would be within standards esta nificant.	_			•
b)	Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?			$\boxtimes$	

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
	Per the AAR, this project is not anticipated to generate any significant vibration due to construction equipment. No significant vibration impacts are expected.							
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?			$\boxtimes$				
The future on-site noise environment is expected to be the result of the same noise sources: aircraft, surrounding street traffic, and SR-94. Future aircraft noise is not expected to increase due to the project. A conservative estimate of 1,000 ADT in the vicinity of the project site was estimated for 32 <sup>nd</sup> Street by 2035. By 2035, the traffic for SR-94 is expected to be 81,600 westbound and 94,700 eastbound. With the incorporation of sound attenuation barriers and an avigation easement, outdoor use areas are expected to comply with the City of San Diego Noise Element to the General Plan.								
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?							
The City of San Diego Municipal Code prohibits construction between the hours of 7 p.m. and 7 a.m. and on Sundays and legal holidays. During hours of operation, noise levels must be limited to a twelve-hour average of no more than 75 dBA at any residential property line. Temporary construction noise impacts are not expected to exceed 75 dBA at any sensitive noise receivers during any phases of construction.								
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?							
easeme interior	ng to the AAR, exterior noise levels front is provided by the property owner noise levels are reduced to below 45 ired as a condition of approval for the	r to the San [ CNEL in res	Diego Regional Air idential spaces. Ar	port Authority navigation ea	and and			
acoustic AAR inco conditio	ions in the AAR demonstrate that int al recommendations (e.g. mechanic prporated into the project design. Al ns of the project's discretionary per n 45 CNEL in residential spaces. Imp	al ventilation l acoustical re mit approval	, exterior wall con ecommendations to ensure that int	struction) sho in the AAR wil erior noise lev	own in the I be vels will be			
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in							

ı	ssue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	the leve	project area to excessive noise els?				
The pr	oject	site is not located within the vici	inity of a priva	ate airstrip. No im	pacts would r	esult.
XIV. PC	PULAT	FION AND HOUSING – Would the project	t:			
a)	an a pro or i exte	uce substantial population growth in area, either directly (for example, by posing new homes and businesses) ndirectly (for example, through ension of roads or other astructure)?				
resider water a As sucl additio	ntial of and s h, the onal re	site is located in a developed restlevelopment. The project site is ewer service from the City, and it project would not substantially beadway capacity would be increstly inficant.	currently dev no extension increase hou	eloped with the co of infrastructure t sing or population	onnections to to new areas in growth in th	receive s required. e area. No
b)	exis con	place substantial numbers of sting housing, necessitating the struction of replacement housing ewhere?				
The pr	oject	is on a vacant lot. No housing w	ould be displa	aced, and no impa	act would occi	ır.
c)	peo	place substantial numbers of ople, necessitating the construction eplacement housing elsewhere?				
The pr	oject	is on a vacant lot. No people wo	ould be displa	ced, and no impac	ct would occu	r.
XV. PU	BLIC SI	ERVICES				
a)	phy con	uld the project result in substantial adversically altered governmental facilities, no struction of which could cause significar ons, response times or other performan	eed for new or p	hysically altered gover l impacts, in order to r	nmental facilities naintain acceptal	s, the
	i)	Fire protection				
	ii)	Police protection			$\boxtimes$	
	iii)	Schools			$\boxtimes$	
	iv)	Parks			$\boxtimes$	
	v)	Other public facilities				

**Less Than** 

The project was reviewed by the City's Parks and Recreation department for conformance with the City's General Plan guidelines for population-based parks, the Golden Hill Community Plan, and the Golden Hill Impact Fee Study. The project meets conditions for private park improvements to receive population-based park credit.

The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where fire, police, public schools, parks, and other City services are already provided. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of fire and police protection services to the area and would not require the construction of new or expanded government facilities. Therefore, no significant impact would occur.

new or	expanded government facilities. The	refore, no si	gnificant impact v	vould occur.	
XVI. REC	CREATION				
a)	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?			$\boxtimes$	
minor i	gh the project would bring additional ncrease in the use of existing neighbounity plan. Substantial physical deterionant. See also response to XV. a).	orhood and	regional parks, it	is anticipated b	y the
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				$\boxtimes$
standar (DIF) fo to be po the pro	oject is not providing any recreational rd population-based park requiremer r the proposed units. The park portio aid at the time off building permit isseposed population including the populatic complexes.	nts by paying n of the curi uance, provi	g the Golden Hill l rent per-unit Dev des for public fac	Development Ir elopment Impa :ilities required	npact Fee ct Fee (DIF), to support
XVII. TR.	ANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project?				
a)	Would the project or plan/policy conflict with an adopted program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the transportation system, including transit, roadways, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?				$\boxtimes$

The construction of 38 units in six residential buildings and right of way vacation would not conflict an adopted program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the transportation system, including transit, roadways, bicycle and pedestrian facilities, or decrease the performance or safety of such facilities. No impact would occur.

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Would the project or plan/policy result in VMT exceeding thresholds identified in the City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual?				
presum a 2016 r miles pe	September 2020 Transportation Analed to have less than significant VMT residential VMT per capita of 13.7 miler resident, and therefore under 85% rtation impact is presumed to be less	impact beca iles, which is 6 of the regio	use it is located wi 72.3% of the 2016 onal average VMT/o	thin Census T regional avera capita." The pr	ract 41 with age of 19.0 oject's
c)	Would the project or plan/policy substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				
project	ject has been reviewed and meets a would not substantially increase haz would be less than significant.		•	•	
d)	Result in inadequate emergency access?				
constru site is p implem evacuat XVIII. TF cultural geograp	te emergency access would be provided on the fire access plan via the entation of or physically interfere within plan. Impacts would be less than RIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the proresource, defined in Public Resources Code subically defined in terms of the size and scope ia Native American tribe, and that is:	term operatine cul de sac. ith an adopte n significant.  oject cause a sulection 21074 as	ons of the project. As such, the project of emergency responsions and estantial adverse change either a site, feature, properties.	Emergency acct would not it onse plan or e	mpair emergency nce of a tribal dscape that is
a)	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or				$\boxtimes$
	see response to V. b) above. There a ll or state register of historical resou			uld be eligible	for listing ir
b)	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of			$\boxtimes$	

Potentially Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

Public Resource Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.

As required by AB 52, City of San Diego (City) staff sent notification, including a cultural resources report (CRR), on 7/3/19 to the local Kumeyaay community for possible consultation on this project. Representatives of the lipay and Jamul communities concurred with the CRR conclusions which determined that archaeological monitoring is not necessary for the project. The Kumeyaay representatives determined that tribal cultural resources mitigation, and Native American monitoring, is not required for the project and closed AB 52 consultation on 7/12/19.

XIX. UTI	LITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the pr	oject:			
a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				
surrour created significa accorda Control	entation of the project would not in nding uses. No significant increase in by the project compared to current ant amounts of wastewater. Wastewance with the applicable wastewater Board (RWQCB). Additionally, the parter services are available to serve the	n demand for conditions. T vater facilities treatment re roject site is l	wastewater disportance The project is not a used by the project of the project the project in an urbance of the project in a urbance of the urbance o	osal or treatme anticipated to g ect would be op e Regional Wat nized and deve	ent would be generate perated in er Quality eloped area.
b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
constru	oject would not result in an increase ct a new water or wastewater treatrentation of the project.		-		required to
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				$\boxtimes$

See also reply to IV. c) X. d). The project will include the development of one (1) onsite bioretention basin for the capture, treatment and release of project related runoff to the adjacent perennial urban drainage ditch. The project would not exceed the capacity of the existing storm water drainage systems and therefore, would not require construction of new or expansion of existing storm water drainage facilities beyond impacts described in the BRTR from the project itself. No impact would result due to implementation of the project.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				
docume the curre result in consiste allowed	5 City Urban Water Management Plant for the City's residents, businessed ent and future water supply and new or expanded water entitlement with existing demand projections land uses for the project site). The part would result.	es, interest g eds for the C its from the s contained i	roups, and public c lity. Implementatio water service provi n the UWMP (which	officials. The L n of the proje der, as the pr n are based o	IWMP assess ct would not oject is n the
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
wastewa	a). The project would not result in ir ater treatment provider which serve ment appropriately served by existir	s or may sei	ve the project. The	project is in a	
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?			$\boxtimes$	
construct would he operation with resi	ction debris and waste would be genetion waste from the project site wo ave sufficient permitted capacity to on of the residential use is anticipate idential uses. Furthermore, the projequirement for diversion of both connd solid waste during the long-terminificant.	uld be trans accept that ed to genera ect would be struction wa	ported to an appro generated by the p te typical amounts e required to comp aste during the sho	priate facility, roject. Long-to of solid waste ly with the Cit rt-term, const	which erm associated y's Municipal ruction
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?			$\boxtimes$	

The project would comply with all Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste. The project would not result in generation of significant solid waste, nor would it generate or require the transport of hazardous waste materials, other than minimal amounts during construction. All demolition activities would comply with any City of San Diego requirements for diversion of both construction waste during the demolition phase and solid waste during operation. Impacts would be less than significant.

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XX. WILD	PFIRE – Would the project:				
a)	Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
region's Mitigatio SDHMP. The proj requirer	7 San Diego County Multi-Jurisdiction plan toward greater disaster resilies on Act of 2000. The project would not a Per Action 1.D.6, High fire hazard a ject was reviewed by the City Fire Dements. Therefore, the project would be or evacuation plan. Impacts would	nce in accord ot conflict with reas shall hav epartment, ar not substant	ance with section on the goals, object we adequate acces and the project meetially impair an add	322 of the Disives, and actions for emergerets fire access	saster ons of the ncy vehicles.
b)	Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of wildfire?				
neighbo to the so occupar addition	ject is located in a Very High Fire Severhood and is surrounded by resider buth. Due to the location of the projets to pollutant concentrations from a the project has been reviewed and less than significant.	ntial developr ect, the proje a wildfire or	nent to the north, ct would not have the uncontrolled s	east, and wes the potential spread of wild	st, and SR-94 to expose fire. In
c)	Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?				
service t sources,	is in an urban residential neighborh the site after construction. No new c , power lines, or other utilities would would be less than significant.	onstruction c	of roads, fuel brea	ks, emergenc	y water
d)	Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?				

Most of the project area is within developed land with limited amount of vegetated land cover. The project includes a vegetated bioretention basin that accommodates storm water runoff before it

		Impact	Incorporated	Impact	
	ff site. The project would not expose e as a result of runoff, post-fire insta		_	icant risk from	flooding or
XXI. MAN	NDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE -				
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
	alysis has determined that there are on measures included in this documnt.			_	
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				
comply than sig	uture projects within the surroundin with applicable local, State, and Fed nificant, or to the extent possible. As ally significant cumulative impacts.	eral regulatio	ns to reduce the	potential impa	cts to less
c)	Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				
	ject is construction of 38 units in six		_	_	-

Potentially

Significant

Issue

Less Than

Significant with

Mitigation

**Less Than** 

Significant

No Impact

the City. Based on the analysis presented above, implementation of the mitigation measures would reduce environmental impacts such that no substantial adverse effects on humans would occur

# INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST REFERENCES

I.	Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: Encapto Neighborhoods Community Plan
<b>Ⅱ.</b>	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) Site Specific Report:
<b>III.</b> □ □ □	Air Quality California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report: 32 <sup>nd</sup> & Broadway, LLC – Golden Hill Project Health Risk Assessment Technical Memorandum, prepared by Ascent Environmental July 2020.
	City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools" Maps, 1996 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001 California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines Site Specific Report: Biological Resources Technical Report, 32nd & Broadway Project, prepared by Cadre Environmental, November 3, 2020
<b>v.</b> □ □ □ □ □	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources and Built Environment) City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines City of San Diego Archaeology Library Historical Resources Board List Community Historical Survey: Site Specific Report: Phase I Cultural Resource Survey (CRS) for the 32nd & Broadway Project prepared by Brian F. Smith & Associates November 5, 2018
VI. ⊠ ⊠	Energy City of San Diego Climate Action Plan Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist prepared by 32nd & Broadway, LLC

VIII.	Geology/Soils City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975 Site Specific Report: Report Geotechnical Investigation, Proposed 32 <sup>nd</sup> & Broadway Homes, Prepared by OVA Services, Inc. May 24, 2019  Greenhouse Gas Emissions
	Site Specific Report: Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist prepared by 32nd & Broadway, LLC
IX.	Hazards and Hazardous Materials  San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing  San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division  FAA Determination  State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan  Site Specific Report: Airport Land Use Commission Consistency Determination –  Construction of 38 Attached Residential Units at 32nd Street and Broadway, City of San Diego, October 30, 2019
<b>x.</b>	Hydrology/Water Quality Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report: Drainage Report, 32nd and Broadway, prepared by Coffey Engineering June 30, 2020.  Priority Development Project (PDP) Storm Water Quality Management Plan (SWQMP) 32 <sup>nd</sup> and Broadway PTS No 637438, prepared by Coffee Engineering, June 30, 2020
XI.	Land Use and Planning City of San Diego General Plan Encanto Neighborhoods Community Plan Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps Airport Land Use Commission Consistency Determination – Construction of 38 Attached Residential Units at 32nd Street and Broadway, City of San Diego, October 30, 2019
XII. ⊠	Mineral Resources California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps City of San Diego General Plan: Conservation Element Site Specific Report:

	City of San Diego General Plan Encanto Neighborhoods Community Plan San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps Montgomery Field CNEL Maps San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG Site Specific Report: Acoustical Analysis Report 32 <sup>nd</sup> & Broadway prepared by Eilar Associates, Inc March 22, 2019
xiv.	Paleontological Resources City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996 Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin 200, Sacramento, 1975 Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977 Site Specific Report:
<b>XV.</b> ⊠ □	Population / Housing City of San Diego General Plan Encanto Neighborhoods Community Plan Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
XVI. ⊠ ⊠	Public Services City of San Diego General Plan Encanto Neighborhoods Community Plan
XVII.	Recreational Resources City of San Diego General Plan Encanto Neighborhoods Community Plan Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:
XVIII.	Transportation / Circulation City of San Diego General Plan Encanto Neighborhoods Community Plan San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG

Site Specific Report: Transportation Analysis Scoping for the Proposed Tentative Map located at 32nd Street and Broadway in the City of San Diego prepared by Darnell and Associates, September 2020
 XIX. Utilities
 Site Specific Report: Sewer Study, 32<sup>nd</sup> and Broadway, Prepared by Coffey Engineering December 12, 2019.
 □ Sunset Magazine, New Western Garden Book, Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine
 XXI. Water Quality
 XXI. Wildfire

San Diego County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, 2017

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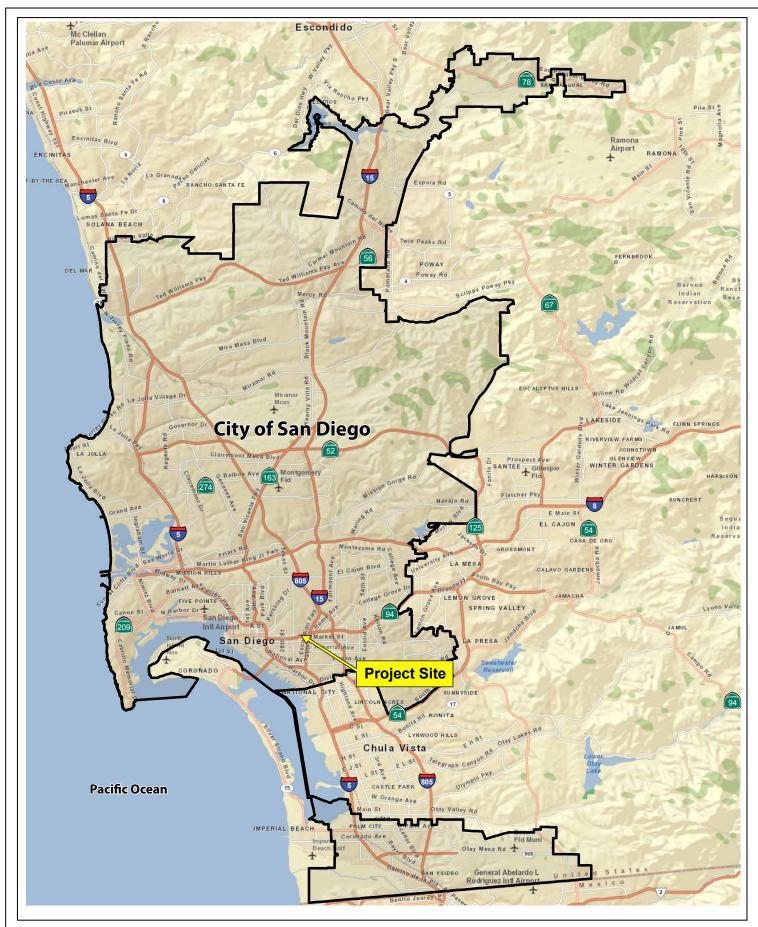


Figure 1 - Regional Location Map

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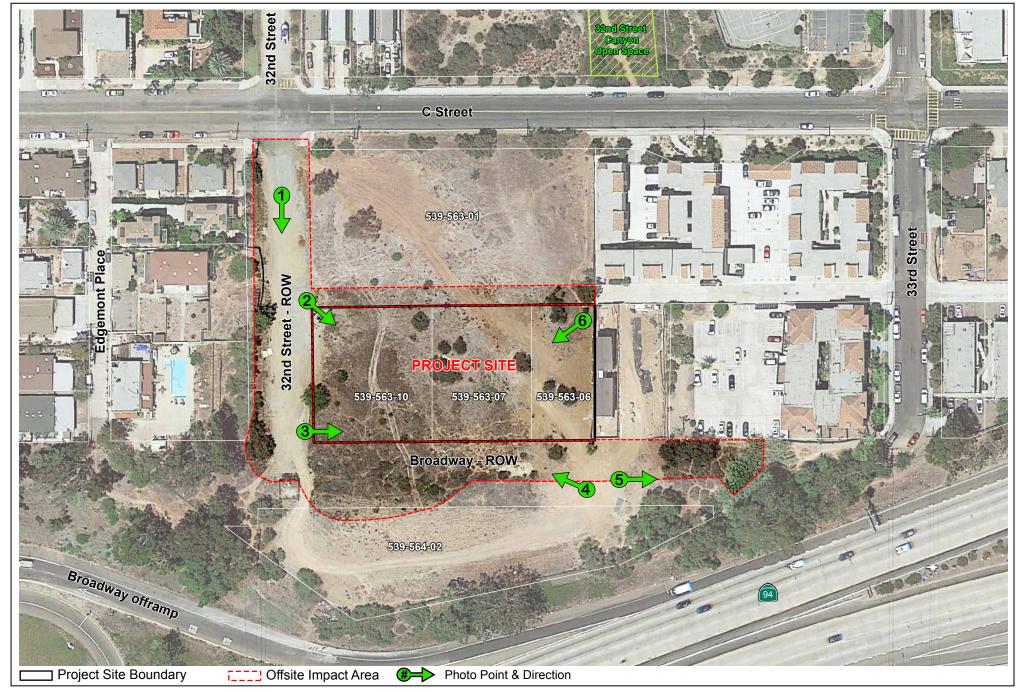


Figure 2 - Project Site Map

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