

DATE OF NOTICE: November 4, 2020

PUBLIC NOTICE OF A DRAFT MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT

WBS# B-14099.02.06

The City of San Diego Development Services Department has prepared a Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND) for the following project and is inviting your comments regarding the adequacy of the document. The draft Mitigated Negative Declaration has been placed on the City of San Diego web-site at https://www.sandiego.gov/ceqa/draft under the "California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Notices & Documents" section. Your comments must be received by December 4 to be included in the final document considered by the decision-making authorities. Please send your written comments to the following address: Jamie Kennedy, City of San Diego Development Services Center, 1222 First Avenue, MS 501, San Diego, CA 92101, or e-mail your comments to DSDEAS@sandiego.gov with the Project Name and Number in the subject line.

General Project Information:

- Project Name: Water and Storm Water Group Job 968
- Project No. 630996
- Community Plan Area: Old Town, North Park, City Heights, Encanto, Peninsula, Mission Valley, and City Heights, and San Diego Airport Authority property
- Council Districts: 2, 3, 4, 7, and 9

Project Description: A SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT (SDP) to replace, rehabilitate, construct, and abandon several existing water mains and replace a storm drain. Work includes the installation of about 8380 linear feet of 8", 12", and 16" water mains, and 193 linear feet of storm drain, as well as abandonment of 6,375 linear feet of 6", 8", and 12" water main. Appurtenances include cutoff walls, fire service connections and hydrants, and curb inlets. Cast iron and asbestos cement water main will be replaced with PVC pipe, and storm drain will be replaced with rolled concrete pipe. Abandonment will occur in place. The proposed project includes a total of eleven sites. Six of the sites are in urban areas primarily within developed right of way, in the communities of Old Town, North Park, City Heights, Encanto, and San Diego Airport Authority property. In addition, five sites in the communities of Peninsula, Mission Valley, and City Heights propose work adjacent to and within Environmentally Sensitive Lands. The project site is located within City Council Districts 2, 3, 4, 7, and 9. **The site is not included on any Government Code listing of hazardous waste sites.**

Applicant: City of San Diego Engineering and Capital Projects Department

Recommended Finding: The recommended finding that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment is based on an Initial Study and project revisions/conditions which now mitigate potentially significant environmental impacts in the following area(s): **BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES, CULTURAL RESOURCES (ARCHAEOLOGY), TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES.**

Availability in Alternative Format: To request this Notice, the draft MND, Initial Study, and/or supporting documents in alternative format, call the Development Services Department at 619-446-5460 or (800) 735-2929 (TEXT TELEPHONE).

Additional Information: For environmental review information, contact Jamie Kennedy at (619) 446-5445. The draft MND and supporting documents may be reviewed, or purchased for the cost of reproduction, at the Fifth floor of the Development Services Center. If you are interested in obtaining copies of the draft MND or the separately bound technical appendices, they can be purchased for an additional cost. **For information regarding public meetings/hearings on this project, contact Karen Bucey at (619) 446-5049.** This notice was published in the SAN DIEGO DAILY TRANSCRIPT and distributed on June 24, 2020.

Gary Geiler Deputy Director Development Services Department



MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 630996 SCH No. If Applicable

SUBJECT:

WATER AND STORM WATER GROUP JOB 968: A SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT (SDP) to replace, rehabilitate, construct, and abandon several existing water mains and replace a storm drain. Work includes the installation of about 7,839 linear feet of 8", 12", and 16" water mains, 193 linear feet of storm drain, as well as abandonment of 7,382 linear feet of 6", 8", and 12" water main. Appurtenances include cutoff walls, fire service connections and hydrants, and curb inlets. Cast iron and asbestos cement water main will be replaced with PVC pipe, and storm drain will be replaced with rolled concrete pipe. Abandonment will occur in place. The proposed project includes a total of eleven sites. Six of the sites are in urban areas primarily within developed right of way, in the communities of Old Town, North Park, City Heights, Encanto, and San Diego Airport Authority property. In addition, five sites in the communities of Peninsula, Mission Valley, and City Heights propose work adjacent to and within Environmentally Sensitive Lands. The project sites are located within City Council Districts 2, 3, 4, 7, and 9. APPLICANT: City of San Diego Engineering and Capital Projects Department.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **Biological Resources, Cultural Resources** (**Archaeology**), **and Tribal Cultural Resources**. Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM (MMRP):

A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART I Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- 2. In addition, the ED shall verify that <u>the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM</u>, under the heading, **"ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."**
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

http://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/industry/standtemp.shtml

4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.

B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS - PART II

Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)

1. PRECONSTRUCTION (Precon) MEETING IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Archaeologist Qualified Native American Monitor Qualified Biologist

Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division – 858-627-3200**

b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**

2. MMRP COMPLIANCE: This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #630996 and /or Environmental Document # 630996, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.)

Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include either copies of permits issued, letters of resolution issued by the Responsible Agency documenting compliance, or other evidence documenting compliance and deemed acceptable by the ADD Environmental Designee.

4. MONITORING EXHIBITS

All consultants are required to submit to RE and MMC a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the **LIMIT OF WORK**, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals/Notes
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Precon Meeting
General	Consultant Construction Monitoring Exhibits	Prior to or at Preconstruction Meeting
Biological Resources	Biologist Limit of Work Verification	Limit of Work Inspection
Biological Resources	Biology Reports	Biology/Habitat Restoration Inspection

Archaeological	Archaeology Reports	Archaeology/Historic Site
Resources		Observation
Geology	As graded Soils Report	Geotechnical/Fault Inspection
Bond Release Request for Bond Release		Final MMRP Inspections Prior to
	Letter	Bond Release Letter

C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

BIO-1: To compensate for the loss of Tier I and II vegetation communities, the following mitigation is required based on the City's mitigation ratios for mitigation land within the MHPA (City of San Diego 2018.)

		I	Inside MHPA		Outside MHPA			
Vegetation Community/Land	Tier	Impacts		Mitigation Required	Impacts		Mitigation Required	Total
Cover	Level	(Ac.)	Ratio*	(Ac.)	(Ac.)	Ratio*	(Ac.)	Mitigation
Diegan coastal sage scrub	II	0.003	1:1	0.003	0.030	1:1	0.030	0.033
Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub – Restoration	II	ı			0.003	1:1	0.003	0.003
Disturbed Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub	II	-	_	_	0.012	1:1	0.012	0.012
Scrub oak chaparral	I	0.006	2:1	0.012	0.061	1:1	0.061	0.073
Total		0.009	_	0.015	0.106	_	0.106	0.121

^{*}Mitigation for impacts will occur within the MHPA.

Mitigation will occur at Canyon View, an existing City of San Diego Public Utilities Department mitigation site

BIO-2: **Biologist Verification** – The owner/permittee shall provide a letter to the City of San Diego's (City) Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) section stating that a Project Biologist (Qualified Biologist), as defined in the City's Biological Guidelines (City of San Diego 2018, has been retained to implement the project's biological monitoring program. The letter shall include the names and contact information of all persons involved in the biological monitoring of the project.

BIO-3. **Precon Meeting** – The Qualified Biologist shall attend the Precon meeting, discuss the project's biological monitoring program, and arrange to perform any follow up mitigation measures and reporting including site-specific monitoring, restoration or revegetation, and additional fauna/flora surveys/salvage.

1. **Biological Documents** – The Qualified Biologist shall submit all required documentation to MMC verifying that any special mitigation reports including but not limited to, maps, plans, surveys, survey timelines, or buffers are completed or scheduled per the City's Biology Guidelines; the Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP) Plan; the Environmentally Sensitive Lands ordinance; project permit conditions; CEQA; state and federal endangered species acts; and/or other local, state, or federal requirements.

- 2. **Biological Construction Mitigation/Monitoring Exhibit** The Qualified Biologist shall present a Biological Construction Mitigation/Monitoring Exhibit (BCME), which includes the Biological Documents above. It should also include the following: restoration/revegetation plans, plant salvage/relocation requirements (if applicable), avian or other wildlife surveys/survey schedules (including general avian nesting and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) protocol), timing of surveys, avian construction avoidance areas/noise buffers/ barriers, other impact avoidance areas, and any subsequent requirements determined by the Qualified Biologist and the City Assistant Deputy Director (ADD)/MMC. The BCME shall include a site plan, written and graphic depiction of the project's biological mitigation/monitoring program, and a schedule. The BCME shall be approved by MMC and referenced in the construction documents.
- 3. **MHPA Requirements** MMC shall verify that the Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA) boundaries and the project requirements regarding the California gnatcatcher, as specified below, are shown on the construction plans.

No clearing, grubbing, grading, or other construction activities shall occur at the Central Avenue or Laurel Street sites during the California gnatcatcher breeding season (March 1 through August 15), until the following requirements have been met to the satisfaction of MMC:

- 1. A Qualified Biologist (possessing a valid Endangered Species Act Section 10(a)(1)(a) Recovery Permit) shall survey those habitat areas within the MHPA that would be subject to construction noise levels exceeding 60 decibels (dB(A)) hourly average for the presence of the California gnatcatcher. Surveys for California gnatcatcher shall be conducted pursuant to the protocol survey guidelines established by the USFWS within the breeding season prior to the commencement of any construction. If California gnatcatchers are present, then the following conditions must be met:
 - a. From March 1 through August 15, no clearing, grubbing, or grading of occupied California gnatcatcher habitat shall be permitted. Areas restricted from such activities shall be staked or fenced under the supervision of a Qualified Biologist; and
 - b. From March 1 through August 15, no construction activities shall occur within any portion of the site where construction activities would result in noise levels exceeding 60 dB(A) hourly average at the edge of occupied California gnatcatcher habitat. An analysis showing that noise generated by construction activities would not exceed 60 dB(A) hourly average at the edge of occupied habitat must be completed by a Qualified Acoustician (possessing current noise engineer license or registration with monitoring noise level experience with listed animal species) and approved by MMC at least 2 weeks prior to the commencement of construction activities. Prior to the commencement of construction activities during the breeding season, areas restricted from such activities shall be staked or fenced under the supervision of a Qualified Biologist; or

- c. At least 2 weeks prior to the commencement of construction activities, under the direction of a qualified acoustician, noise attenuation measures (e.g., berms, walls) shall be implemented to ensure that noise levels resulting from construction activities will not exceed 60 dB(A) hourly average at the edge of habitat occupied by the California gnatcatcher. Concurrent with the commencement of construction activities and the construction of necessary noise attenuation facilities, noise monitoring shall be conducted at the edge of the occupied habitat area to ensure that noise levels do not exceed 60 dB(A) hourly average. If the noise attenuation techniques implemented are determined to be inadequate by the Qualified Acoustician or Biologist, then the associated construction activities shall cease until such time that adequate noise attenuation is achieved or until the end of the breeding season (August 16). Construction noise monitoring shall continue to be monitored at least twice weekly on varying days, or more frequently depending on the construction activity, to verify that noise levels at the edge of occupied habitat are maintained below 60 dB(A) hourly average or to the ambient noise level if it already exceeds 60 dB(A) hourly average. If not, other measures shall be implemented in consultation with the biologist and MMC, as necessary, to reduce noise levels to below 60 dB(A) hourly average or to the ambient noise level if it already exceeds 60 dB(A) hourly average. Such measures may include, but are not limited to, limitations on the placement of construction equipment and the simultaneous use of equipment.
- 2. If California gnatcatchers are not detected during the protocol survey, the Qualified Biologist shall submit substantial evidence to MMC and applicable resource agencies that demonstrates whether or not mitigation measures such as noise walls are necessary between March 1 and August 15 as follows:
 - a. If this evidence indicates that the potential is high for California gnatcatcher to be present based on historical records or site conditions, then Condition 1(a) shall be adhered to as specified above.
 - b. If this evidence concludes that no impacts to this species are anticipated, no mitigation measures would be necessary.
- **BIO-4. Resource Delineation** Prior to construction activities, the Qualified Biologist shall supervise the placement of orange construction fencing or equivalent along the limits of disturbance adjacent to sensitive biological habitats and verify compliance with any other project conditions as shown on the BCME. This phase shall include flagging plant specimens and delimiting buffers to protect sensitive biological resources (e.g., habitats/flora and fauna species, including nesting birds)
- **BIO-5**. **Education** Prior to commencement of construction activities, the Qualified Biologist shall meet with the owner/permittee or designee and the construction crew and conduct an on-site educational session regarding the need to avoid impacts outside of the approved construction area and to protect sensitive flora and fauna (e.g., explain the avian and wetland buffers, flag system for removal of invasive species or retention of sensitive plants, and clarify acceptable access routes/methods and staging areas).

BIO-6. Avian Protection Requirements – To avoid any direct impacts to Southern California rufous-crowned sparrow (Aimophila ruficeps canescens), Coastal California gnatcatcher (Polioptila californica californica), and any species identified as a listed, candidate, sensitive, or special status species in the MSCP, removal of habitat that supports active nests in the proposed area of disturbance should occur outside of the breeding season for these species (February 1 to September 15). If removal of habitat in the proposed area of disturbance must occur during the breeding season, the Qualified Biologist shall conduct a pre-construction survey to determine the presence or absence of nesting birds on the proposed area of disturbance. The pre-construction survey shall be conducted within 10 calendar days prior to the start of construction activities (including removal of vegetation). The applicant shall submit the results of the pre-construction survey to MMC for review and approval prior to initiating any construction activities. If nesting Southern California rufous-crowned sparrow, Coastal California gnatcatcher (Polioptila californica californica), sensitive or MSCP-covered birds are detected, a letter report or mitigation plan in conformance with the City's Biology Guidelines (i.e. appropriate follow up surveys, monitoring schedules, construction and noise barriers/buffers, etc.) shall be prepared and include proposed measures to be implemented to ensure that take of birds or eggs or disturbance of breeding activities is avoided. The report or mitigation plan shall be submitted to MMC for review and approval and implemented to the satisfaction of the City. The City's MMC Section and Biologist shall verify and approve that all measures identified in the report or mitigation plan are in place prior to and/or during construction.

BIO-7. Monitoring – All construction (including access/staging areas) shall be restricted to areas previously identified, proposed for construction activities/staging, or previously disturbed as shown on the BCME. The Qualified Biologist shall monitor construction activities as needed to ensure that construction activities do not encroach into biologically sensitive areas, or cause other similar damage, and that the work plan has been amended to accommodate any sensitive species located during the preconstruction surveys. In addition, the Qualified Biologist shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR shall be emailed to MMC on the first day of monitoring, the first week of each month, the last day of monitoring, and immediately in the case of any undocumented condition or discovery.

BIO-8. Subsequent Resource Identification – The Qualified Biologist shall note/act to prevent any new disturbances to habitat, flora, and/or fauna on site (e.g., flag plant specimens for avoidance during access). If active nests or other previously unknown sensitive resources are detected, all project activities that directly impact the resource shall be delayed until species specific local, state, or federal regulations have been determined and applied by the Qualified Biologist.

In the event that impacts exceed previously allowed amounts, additional impacts shall be mitigated in accordance with the City's Biology Guidelines, Environmentally Sensitive Lands regulations, MSCP Plan, CEQA, and other applicable local, state, and federal law. The Qualified Biologist shall submit a final BCME/report to the satisfaction of the City ADD/MMC within 30 days of construction completion.

CULTURAL RESOURCES (ARCHAEOLOGY)

Based on one site on Kellogg Dr. (Site 2) being in an archaeologically sensitive area, proposed new trenching in undisturbed soil for new water service and new water main will require archaeological and Native American Monitoring. The approximately 1152 linear feet of new trenchwork at this site at a depth up to four feet will amount to excavation of approximately 512 CY of previously undisturbed soils. Areas of open trenching in sensitive areas shall be monitored.

CUL-1

I. Prior to Permit Issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award

- A. Entitlements Plan Check
 - 1. Prior to permit issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check process.
- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
 - Prior to Bid Award, the applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.
 - 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
 - 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
 - 1. The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site-specific records search (1/4 mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes, but is not limited to, a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
 - 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.
- B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings
 - Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a
 Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where
 Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or
 Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate,
 and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any
 grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions
 concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager
 and/or Grading Contractor.

- a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.
- 2. Acknowledgement of Responsibility for Curation (CIP or Other Public Projects)
 The applicant shall submit a letter to MMC acknowledging their responsibility for the cost of curation associated with all phases of the archaeological monitoring program.
- 3. Identify Areas to be Monitored
 - Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.
 - The AME shall be based on the results of a site-specific records search as well as information regarding the age of existing pipelines, laterals and associated appurtenances and/or any known soil conditions (native or formation).

MMC shall notify the PI that the AME has been approved.

- 4. When Monitoring Will Occur
 - a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
 - b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate conditions such as age of existing pipe to be replaced, depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
- 5. Approval of AME and Construction Schedule
 After approval of the AME by MMC, the PI shall submit to MMC written authorization
 of the AME and Construction Schedule from the CM.

III. During Construction

- A. Monitor Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
 - 1. The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
 - 2. The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall stop, and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern

- disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
- 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be emailed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, monthly, the last day of monitoring, (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.

B. Discovery Notification Process

- 1. In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or BI, as appropriate.
- 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- 4. No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.

C. Determination of Significance

- 1. The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
 - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
 - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) and obtain written approval of the program from MMC, CM and RE. ADRP and any mitigation must be approved by MMC, RE and/or CM before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume.

 Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA Section 15064.5, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
 - (1). Note: For pipeline trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, the PI shall implement the Discovery Process for Pipeline Trenching projects identified below under "D."
 - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.
 - (1). Note: For Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Rightof-Way, if the deposit is limited in size, both in length and depth; the information value is limited and is not associated with any other resource;

- and there are no unique features/artifacts associated with the deposit, the discovery should be considered not significant.
- (2). Note, for Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, if significance cannot be determined, the Final Monitoring Report and Site Record (DPR Form 523A/B) shall identify the discovery as Potentially Significant.
- D. Discovery Process for Significant Resources Pipeline Trenching and other Linear Projects in the Public Right-of-Way

The following procedure constitutes adequate mitigation of a significant discovery encountered during pipeline trenching activities or for other linear project types within the Public Right-of-Way including but not limited to excavation for jacking pits, receiving pits, laterals, and manholes to reduce impacts to below a level of significance:

- 1. Procedures for documentation, curation and reporting
 - a. One hundred percent of the artifacts within the trench alignment and width shall be documented in-situ, to include photographic records, plan view of the trench and profiles of side walls, recovered, photographed after cleaning, and analyzed and curated. The remainder of the deposit within the limits of excavation (trench walls) shall be left intact.
 - b. The PI shall prepare a Draft Monitoring Report and submit to MMC via the RE as indicated in Section VI-A.
 - c. The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) the resource(s) encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines. The DPR forms shall be submitted to the South Coastal Information Center for either a Primary Record or SDI Number and included in the Final Monitoring Report.
 - d. The Final Monitoring Report shall include a recommendation for monitoring of any future work in the vicinity of the resource.

IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

A. Notification

- 1. Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
- 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.

B. Isolate discovery site

1. Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenience of the remains.

- 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenience.
- 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.
- C. If Human Remains **ARE** determined to be Native American
 - 1. The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, **ONLY** the Medical Examiner can make this call.
 - 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.
 - 3. The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
 - 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
 - 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
 - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being notified by the Commission, OR;
 - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, THEN
 - c. To protect these sites, the landowner shall do one or more of the following:
 - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
 - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement; or
 - (3) Record a document with the County.
 - d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and items associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.
- D. If Human Remains are **NOT** Native American
 - 1. The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
 - 2. The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).
 - 3. If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
 - 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the Precon meeting.
 - 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
 - a. No Discoveries In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and email to MMC by 8AM of the next business day.
 - Discoveries
 All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III During Construction, and IV Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.
 - Potentially Significant Discoveries
 If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.
 - d. The PI shall immediately contact the RE and MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
 - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
 - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

VI. Post Construction

- A. Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
 - 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC via the RE for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe as a result of delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.
 - a. For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program or Pipeline Trenching Discovery Process shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
 - b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources

Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.

- 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI via the RE for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
- 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC via the RE for approval.
- 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
- 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.

B. Handling of Artifacts

- 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
- 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification
 - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
 - 2. When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection C.
 - 3. The PI shall submit the Accession Agreement and catalogue record(s) to the RE or BI, as appropriate for donor signature with a copy submitted to MMC.
 - 4. The RE or BI, as appropriate shall obtain signature on the Accession Agreement and shall return to PI with copy submitted to MMC.
 - 5. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.

D. Final Monitoring Report(s)

- 1. The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC of the approved report.
- 2. The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES

Implementation of Mitigation Measure CUL-1 will reduce impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources to a less than significant level.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

Federal Government

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

State of California

State Clearinghouse

California Coastal Commission

California Department of Fish and Wildlife

City of San Diego

Public Notice Journal

Councilmember Campbell, District 2

Councilmember Ward, District 3

Councilmember Montgomery, District 4

Councilmember Sherman, District 7

Councilmember Gómez, District 9

City Attorney's Office

Development Services Department

Jamie Kennedy, EAS

Karen Bucey, Project Management

Sam Johnson, MMC

Water Review, Leonard Wilson

Engineering and Capital Projects Department

Nicole Salem

James Arnhart

Peter Fogec

Planning Department

Alyssa Muto

Heidi VonBlum, Program Manager

Tom Tomlinson, Facilities Financing

Nathen Causman, Community Planner, City Heights

Nancy Graham, Community Planner, Mission Valley

Bernard Turgeon, Community Planner, North Park

Shannon Anthony, Community Planner, Old Town, Encanto

Fred Kosmo, Interim Chair, Peninsula CPG

Tony Kempton, Community Planner, Peninsula

Mid-City - City Heights

Russ Connelly, Chair, City Heights Community Planning Group

Colina Del Sol Senior Citizens Center Director

Margo Leimbach, President, Oak Park Community Council

Oak Park Community Council

Eastern Area Communities Planning Committee

John Stump

Darnell Community Council

Mission Valley

Jonathan P Frankel, Chair, Mission Valley Community Planning Group

Mission Valley Center Assn

Friars Village HOA

Mary Johnson

Mission Valley Community Council

Union Tribune News

San Diego River Conservancy

Friends of the Mission Valley Preserve

John W. Nugent, Chair, Mission Valley Planning Group

Andrew Michaeljenko, Mission Valley Planning Group

Gene Kemp, General Manager, Fashion Valley

The San Diego River Park Foundation

The San Diego River Coalition

North Park

Aria Pounaki, Chair, North Park Community Planning Group

Burlingame Homeowners Association

Friends of Switzer Canyon

North Park Community Association

Old Town

Ann Dahlkamp, Chair Old Town Community Planning Group

Old Town SD Chamber of Commerce

Presidio Park Council

California State Parks

Peninsula

Sunset Cliffs Natural Park Recreation Council

The Peninsula Beacon

Peninsula Community Planning Board

Peninsula Chamber of Commerce

Point Loma Nazarene College

Richard J. Lareau

Southeastern – Encanto

Karina Velazquez, Interim Chair, Encanto (Chollas Valley) Community Planning Group

Reynaldo Pisaño

Civic San Diego

Encanto Neighborhoods Community Planning Group

Educational/Cultural Complex

Chollas Restoration Enhancement and Conservancy

Kathleen Harmon, Chair Central Imperial Redevelopment Project Area Committee

Voice News & Viewpoint

Other Interested Parties

San Diego Airport Authority

San Diego Unified Port District

Rob Hutsel

Juan Gonzales

Sierra Club

San Diego Audubon Society

Mr. Jim Peugh

California Native Plant Society

Endangered Habitats League

Sean Paver, MSCP Review

Regional Water Quality Control Board, Region 9

Historical Resources Board

Carmen Lucas

South Coastal Information Center

San Diego Archaeological Center

Save Our Heritage Organisation

Ron Christman

Clint Linton

Frank Brown - Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council

Campo Band of Mission Indians

San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc.

Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation

Kumeyaay Cultural Repatriation Committee

Native American Distribution (Public Notice & Location Map Only)

VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

) No comments				

- () Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- () Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and associated project-specific technical appendices, if any, may be reviewed online at www.sandiego.gov/ceqa, or purchased at the cost of reproduction.

myno	November 4, 2020
JAMIE KENNEDY SENIOR PLANNER	Date of Draft Report
Development Services Department	
	Date of Final Report

Analyst: Jamie Kennedy

Attachments:

1. Group Job 968 Location Maps

WATER AND STORM DRAIN GROUP 968

- I. PURSUANT TO SECTION 4216 OF THE GOVERNMENT CODE, AT LEAST 2 WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO EXCAVATION, YOU MUST CONTACT THE REGIONAL NOTIFICATION CENTER (E.G. UNDERGROUND SERVICE ALERT OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA) AND OBTAIN AN INQUIRY IDENTIFICATION NUMBER.
- 2. NOTIFY SDG&E AT LEAST 10 WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING WITHIN 10'OF SDG&E UNDERGROUND HIGH VOLTAGE TRANSMISSION POWER LINES. (I.E., 69 KV & HIGHER)

CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- 3. LOCATE AND RECONNECT ALL SEWER LATERALS. LOCATIONS AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY, LATERAL RECORDS ARE AVAILABLE TO THE CONTRACTOR AT THE WATER DEPARTMENT, 2797 CAMINITO CHOLLAS. LOCATE THE IMPROVEMENTS THAT WILL BE AFFECTED BY LATERAL REPLACEMENTS.
- 4. EXCAVATE AROUND WATER METER BOX (CITY PROPERTY SIDE) TO DETERMINE IN ADVANCE, THE SIZE OF EACH SERVICE BEFORE TAPPING MAIN.
- 5. CITY FORCES, WHEN SPECIFIED OR SHOWN ON THE PLANS, WILL MAKE PERMANENT CUTS & PLUGS AND CONNECTIONS.
- 6. KEEP EXISTING MAINS IN SERVICE IN LIEU OF HIGH-LINING, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED SHOWN ON PLANS.
- 7. THE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING BUILDINGS AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN ARE APPROXIMATE.
- 8. STORM DRAIN INLETS SHALL REMAIN FUNCTIONAL AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 9. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED AS PREVIOUSLY POTHOLED (PH), ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON THE PROFILE FOR EXISTING UTILITIES ARE BASED ON A SEARCH OF THE AVAILABLE RECORD INFORMATION ONLY AND ARE SOLELY FOR THE CONTRACTOR'S CONVENIENCE. THE CITY DOES NOT GUARANTEE THAT IT HAS REVIEWED ALL AVAILABLE DATA. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL POTHOLE ALL EXISTING UTILITIES EITHER SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR MARKED IN THE FIELD IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS SECTION 402-UTILITIES.
- IO. EXISTING UTILITY CROSSING AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE AND ARE NOT REPRESENTATIVE OF ACTUAL LENGTH AND LOCATION OF CONFLICT AREAS. SEE PLAN VIEW.
- II. ALL ADVANCE METERING INFRASTRUCTURE (AMI) DEVICES ATTACHED TO THE WATER METER OR LOCATED IN OR NEAR WATER METER BOXES, COFFINS, OR VAULTS SHALL BE PROTECTED AT ALL TIMES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONTRACT DOCUMENT.
- I2. PROVIDE A CORROSION PREVENTATIVE COATING ON ALL BURIED DUCTILE IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS INCLUDING ALL BENDS, TEES, CROSSES, FLEX COUPLINGS FLANGE BOLTS, AND VALVES PER CONTRACT SPECFICIATIONS.

13. THE ENGINEER WILL COORDINATE ALL INTERACTIONS BETWEEN YOU AND THE CITY WATER OPERATIONS DIVISION, THE CITY WATER QUALITY LABRATORY, AND OTHER CITY ORGANIZATIONS. UPON YOUR REQUEST, THE ENGINEER SHALL NOTIFY THE CITY'S PUBLIC UTILITIES DEPARTMENT STAFF AS NOTED BELOW WHICH SHALL BE REQUIRED AT LEAST 20 WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF WORK THAT INVOLVES SHUTTING DOWN PIPELINES, HIGH-LINING, CUTTING AND PLUGGING OR OR MAKING CONNECTIONS TO EXISTING WATER MAINS

-TRANSMISSION MAINS (I6 INCHES AND LARGER) JESUS RAMOS (619)-527-7438 -DISTRIBUTION MAINS (LESS THAN 16 INCHES) TISA AGUERO (619)-527-3143 -WATER FACILITIES TATYANA FIKHMAN (619)-527-7465 AND JESUS RAMOS (619)-527-7438

SHEET INDEX

SHEET	DISCIPLINE	TITLE	LIMITS			LENGTH
NO.	CODE			SIZE (IN)	MATERIAL	(FT)
1 2 3	G-I G-2 G-3	COVER SHEET KEY MAP KEY MAP	WATER			
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	C-I C-2 C-3 C-4 C-5 C-6 C-7 C-8 C-9 C-II C-I2 C-I3 C-I4 C-I6	KELLOGG DR KELLOGG DR PRIVATE RD PUBLIC AGENCY NAVY NORTH HARBOR DR WHITMAN ST CAMINO DEL RIO NORTH ALLEY BLOCK 136 LAUREL ST LAUREL ST SYCAMORE DR SHAMROCK ST SYCAMORE DR SCIMITAR DR SCIMITAR DR SCIMITAR DR SCIMITAR DR	STA I+00 TO 6+00 STA 6+00 TO I2+5I.24 STA I+00.00 TO STA 7+36.49 STA I+00.00 TO STA 6+77.99 STA I+00.00 TO STA 5+I8.35 STA I+00.00 TO STA I+65.36 STA I+00.00 TO STA 5+97.50 AND 3+24.64 STA I+00.00 TO STA 4+40.60 STA I+00.00 TO STA 7+00.00 STA 7+00.00 TO STA II+35.60 STA I+00.00 TO STA 5+90.74 STA I+00.00 TO STA 9+00.00 STA 9+00.00 TO STA I6+00.00 STA 9+00.00 TO STA 22+00.00 STA 22+00.00 TO STA 25+00.00	8 8 8 12 16 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		500.00 651.24 636.49 577.99 418.35 65.36 722.14 340.60 600.00 435.60 490.74 800.00 700.00 600.00 300.00
20	C-17	ROSEVIEW PL	STORM DRAIN STA I+00.00 TO 2+65.45	18	RCP	165.45
21	C-18	WATER ABANDONMENT				
22	C-19	CITY FORCES		TOTAL	WATER	7838.51
23	C-20	CURB RAMP LOCATION		TOTAL	SD	165.45
24	C-2I	STREET RESURFACING		DISC	IPLINE	CODE
25	C-22	BATCH DISCHARGE				
26	C-23	BATCH DISCHARGE		G C	GENERAI CIVIL	L

CONSTRUCTION STORM WATER PROTECTION NOTES

- I. TOTAL SITE DISTURBANCE AREA (ACRES) 0.98 ACRE HYDROLOGIC UNIT/ WATERSHED SAN DIEGO MESA/PUEBLO SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGIC SUBAREA _____CHOLLAS
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE ☑ WPCP

THE PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO MUNICIPAL STORM WATER PERMIT NO. R9-2013-0001

AS AMENDED BY R9-2015-0001 AND R9-2015-0100

☐ SWPPP

THE PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO MUNICIPAL STORM WATER PERMIT NO. R9-2013-0001 AS AMENDED BY R9-2015-0001 AND R9-2015-0100 AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT ORDER 2009-0009-DWQ AS AMENDED BY ORDER 2010-0014-DWQ AND 2012-0006-DWQ

TRADITIONAL: RISK LEVEL | 2 3 LUP: RISK TYPE | 2 3 3

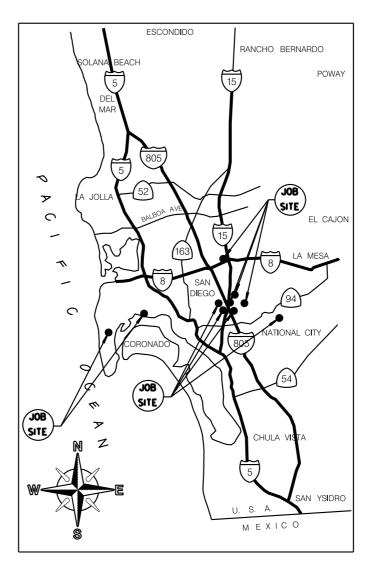
3. CONSTRUCTION SITE PRIORITY

The City of

☐ ASBS ☐ HIGH ☐ MEDIUM ☒ LOW

SHEET	DISCIPLINE	TITLE	PIPE		LENGTH	
NO.	CODE		LIMITS	SIZE (IN)	MATERIAL	(FT)
1 2 3	G-I G-2 G-3	COVER SHEET KEY MAP KEY MAP	WATER			
4 5 6 7 8	C-I C-2 C-3 C-4 C-5	KELLOGG DR KELLOGG DR PRIVATE RD PUBLIC AGENCY NAVY NORTH HARBOR DR WHITMAN ST	STA I+00 TO 6+00 STA 6+00 TO I2+5I.24 STA I+00.00 TO STA 7+36.49 STA I+00.00 TO STA 6+77.99 STA I+00.00 TO STA 5+I8.35	8 8 12 12		500.00 651.24 636.49 577.99
9 10 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	C-6 C-7 C-8 C-9 C-10 C-12 C-13 C-14 C-15 C-16	CAMINO DEL RIO NORTH ALLEY BLOCK 136 LAUREL ST LAUREL ST SYCAMORE DR SHAMROCK ST SYCAMORE DR SCIMITAR DR SCIMITAR DR SCIMITAR DR SCIMITAR DR	STA 1+00.00 TO STA 3+16.35 STA 1+00.00 TO STA 1+65.36 STA 1+00.00 TO STA 5+97.50 AND 3+24.64 STA 1+00.00 TO STA 4+40.60 STA 1+00.00 TO STA 7+00.00 STA 7+00.00 TO STA 11+35.60 STA 1+00.00 TO STA 5+90.74 STA 1+00.00 TO STA 9+00.00 STA 9+00.00 TO STA 16+00.00 STA 16+00.00 TO STA 22+00.00 STA 22+00.00 TO STA 25+00.00	16 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		418.35 65.36 722.14 340.60 600.00 435.60 490.74 800.00 700.00 600.00 300.00
20	C-17	ROSEVIEW PL	STORM DRAIN STA I+00.00 TO 2+65.45	18	RCP	165.45
21	C-18	WATER ABANDONMENT				
22	C-19	CITY FORCES		TOTAL	WATER	7838 . 5I
23	C-20	CURB RAMP LOCATION		TOTAL	SD	165.45
24	C-2I	STREET RESURFACING		DISC	IPLINE	CODE
25	C-22	BATCH DISCHARGE				
26	C-23	BATCH DISCHARGE		G C	GENERA CIVIL	L

WORK TO BE DONE CONSTRUCTION OF WATER AND STORM DRAIN GROUP 968 CONSISTS OF THE INSTALLATION OF 7,927 LENEAR FEET 8". 12" AND 16". OF WATER MAINS. AND 154 LINEAR FEEF OF STORM DRAIN, WATER SERVICES. FIRE HYDRANTS, AND OTHER APPURTENACES SHOWN ON THESE PLANS, AND SPECIFICATIONS.



VICINITY MAP NOT TO SCALE

<u>IMPROVEMENTS</u>	REFERENCE	SYMBOL
PIPE SUPPORT FOR UNDERCUT AC WATER MAIN	SDW-162	
CUTOFF WALL	SDS-II5	— – — — – —
CUTTING AND PLUGGING ABANDONE	D WATER MAIN WP-03	E
SURVEY MONUMENT	M-IOA	\triangle
WATER MAIN & APPURTENANCES	SDW-110, SDW-105, SDW-151, SDW-161	
VALVES WITH CAPS AND WELLS	SDW-109, SDW-152, SDW-153, WV-05	—
FIRE SERVICE CONNECTION & ASSEMBLY	SDW-109, SDW-118, SDW-148, SDW-152, SDW-153	P.LF
6" FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY & MARKER 2-PORT UNLESS SPECIFIED AS 3-PORT	SDW-I04, SDW-I09, SDW-I48, SDW-I52, SDW-I53	PROPOSED WATER PROPOSED WATER
I" WATER SERVICE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED	SDW-IO7, SDW-I34, SDW-I35, SDW-I36, SDW-I37, SDW-I38, SDW-I48, SDW-I49, SDW-I50, WS-O3	WM P.L.
WATER SERVICE TRANSFER	SDW-149, SDW-150	PROPOSED WATER WM P.L.
BLOW-OFF ASSEMBLY	SDW-106, SDW-143, SDW-144, SDW-145, SDW-146, SDW-148, WB-05,	B.O. PROPOSED WATER
AIR & VACUUM VALVE	SDW-II7, SDW-I48, SDW-I58, SDW-I59, SDW-I60	A.V.
BACKFLOW PREVENTER 4" AND LAR	GER SERVICE SDW-105	
BACKFLOW PREVENTER	SDW-II9	
CONCRETE ENERGY DISSIPATOR - 1	TYPE I SDD-105	

SDD-II5

SDW-170, SDW-171, SDW- 172, SDW-173

SDW - II9

D-61, SDD-IIO

FOR ADDITIONAL SYMBOLS SEE RESURFACING, CURB RAMP AND TRAFFIC CONTROL SHEETS.

LEGEND

ABBREVIATIONS

ABAND	ABANDON	EL, ELEV	ELEVATION	OVHD	OVER HEAD
ABAND'D	ABANDONED	ELEC	ELECTRIC	PVC	POLYVINYL CHLORIDE
AC	ASBESTOS CEMENT PIPE	EX, EXIST	EXISTING	PROP	PROPOSED
AHD	AHEAD	E/0	EAST OF	RED	REDUCER
ASSY	ASSEMBLY	F	FLANGE	RT	RIGHT
BFV	BUTTERFLY VALVE	FH	FIRE HYDRANT	\$	SURVEY LINE
BK	BACK	FS	FIRE SERVICE	SD&AE	SAN DIEGO & ARIZONA EASTERN RAILROAD
BTWN	BETWEEN	GV	GATE VALVE	SDTI	SAN DIEGO TROLLEY INC.
CATV	CABLE TV	HDPE	HIGH-DENSITY POLYETHYLENE	S0	STUB OUT
CI	CAST IRON PIPE	HP	HIGH PRESSURE	S/0	SOUTH OF
ą.	CENTER LINE	ΙE	INVERT ELEVATION	SWR	SEWER
COND	CONDUIT	LT	LEFT	TEL	TELEPHONE
CONT	CONTINUED	MJ	MECHANICAL JOINT	UNK	UNKNOWN
CONTR	CONTRACTOR	MTS	SAN DIEGO METROPOLITAN	VC	VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE
DB	DIRECT BURIED		TRANSIT SYSTEM	WM	WATER METER
DI	DUCTILE IRON	MTD	MULTIPLE TELEPHONE DUCT	WTR	WATER
EB	ENCASED BURIED	N/0	NORTH OF	W/O	WEST OF

EXISTING STRUCTURES

CONSTRUCTION CHANGE / ADDENDUM

EX WATER MAIN & VALVES	-	EX GROUND LINE (PROFILE)	
EX WATER METER		EX TRAFFIC SIGNAL	OK TS
EX FIRE HYDRANT	<u> </u>	EX STREET LIGHT	→ SL
EX SEWER MAIN & MANHOLES	C	GAS MAIN	
EX DRAINS	========	ELEC. COND., TEL. COND., CATV	ETC·
EX PAVEMENT (PROFILE)		RAILROAD, TROLLEY TRACKS	

WARNING

APPROVAL NO. CHANGE | DATE AFFECTED OR ADDED SHEET NUMBERS 7/1/2020 I, 3 THROUGH 23, AND 25 THROUGH 26 IF THIS BAR DOES NOT MEASURE THEN DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.

FIELD DATA

TOPOGRAPHY SOURCE: BASED ON A FIELD SURVEY PERFORMED BY THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO SURVEYING DIVISION ON 04/26/2017, R.BROOKS, WBS: B-14099 BENCHMARK: SWBP BOUNDARY & LAUREL ELE. 295.149 MSL, BASED ON NGVD 29 FEET AS SHOWN IN CITY OF SAN DIEGO BENCH BOOK <u>FIELD NOTES</u>: DAVIS, 252-1692, 02-24-2015, W.O. B-14099 DATUM: MEAN SEA LEVEL NGVD 29 FEET

BASIS OF BEARING / COORDINATES: THE BASIS OF BEARING FOR THIS PROJECT WAS DERIVED FROM A PREVIOUS STATIC GPS SURVEY USING R. OF S. 14492 NAD 83 FEET, ZONE 6 (EPOCH 91.35), UTILIZING RTK/GPS FIELD

PROCEDURES WITH A CALVRS BROADCAST OF 2014, AND CONSTRAINING TO GPS 17, & GPS 1160, IE. S22°17'35"E STREETS REQUIRING 12" TRENCH CAP:

CAMINO DEL RIO NORTH

SAN DIEGO Public Utilities

AS-BUILT INFORMATION MATERIALS MANUFACTURER PIPE CL 235 (WATER) PIPE CL 305 (WATER) GATE VALVES FIRE HYDRANTS

PLANS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF WATER AND STORM DRAIN GROUP 968 COVER SHEET

IF APPLICABLE

WATER B-14099 CITY OF SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA SPEC. NO. 1935 PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT SEWER WBS B-I5028 SHEET OI OF 26 SHEETS Tide & elen 03/12/2020 JAMAL SHERZAI PROJECT MANAGER FOR CITY ENGINEER WARIF WARIF C88116 NICOLE SALEM PRINT DCE NAME RCE# BOBAK MADGEDI PROJECT ENGINEER DESCRIPTION BY APPROVED DATE FILMED Tide Selan 3/12/20 No. C 88116 ORIGINAL BM/EG CCS27 COORDINATE Tide Silon 7/1/20 G ADD G BM/EG CCS83 COORDINATE CONTRACTOR DATE STARTED 38719-01-D INSPECTOR

CURB INLET - TYPE A

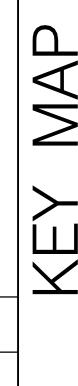
HIGHLINING BY CONTRACTOR

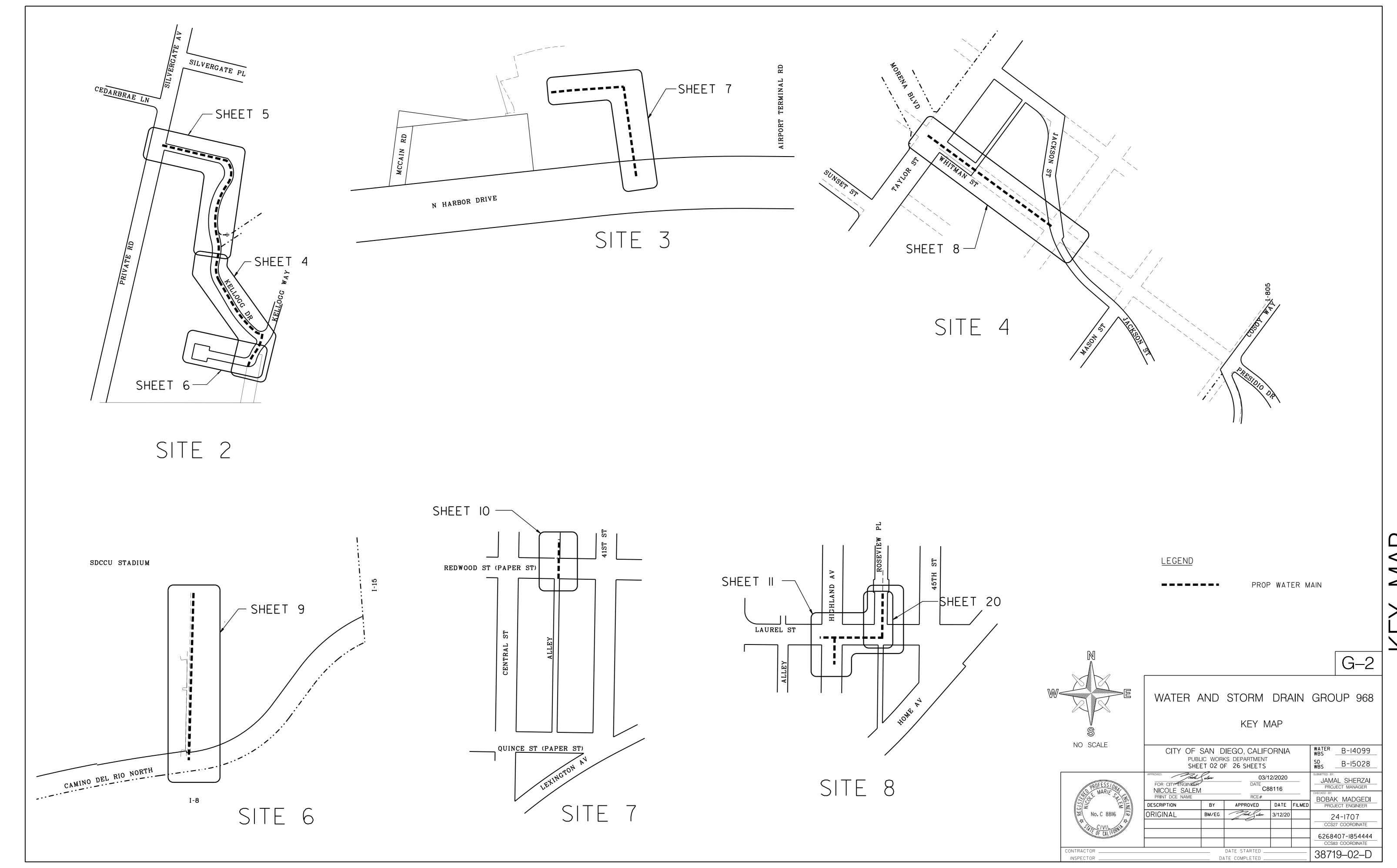
DUAL ABOVE GROUND METER

WITH CITY BACKFLOW PREVENTER

STORM DRAIN

G-1





INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Water and Storm Water Group Job 968 SDP / 630996
- Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Jamie Kennedy / (619) 446-5445
- 4. Project location: Work in Site 1 includes water main rehabilitation, replacement, abandonment, and new water mains between Manzanita Drive and 39th street in City Heights. Work in Site 2 includes water main replacement and abandonment, and new water service and new water main, located along and east of Silvergate Avenue, and along Kellogg Drive in Peninsula. Work in Site 3 includes water main replacement north of North Harbor Drive in the Reserve community, north of Harbor Island. Part of the water main construction will be trenchless and include two launching/receiving pits. Site 4 includes water main replacement and abandonment between Presidio Drive and Taylor Street in Old Town. Site 6 includes water main replacement in a parking area northwest of the I-15 and I-8 interchange, in Mission Valley. Site 7 involves water main replacement in an alley between Quince St and Redwood Street, east of Central Avenue, in City Heights. Site 8 involves replacement of water main and storm drain and construction of a cutoff wall south of Roseview Avenue and east of Laurel Street in City Heights. Site 9A involves water main replacement and abandonment located along Laurel Street and south of Juniper Street, between Commonwealth Avenue and Haller Street in Greater North Park. Site 9B involves slurry seal at two locations along Pentuckett Av and Haller St. Site 9C involves water main replacement and abandonment in City Heights along and south of Sycamore Drive, north of I-805. Site 11 includes water main replacement on Scimitar Drive in Encanto.

The project site is located within City Council Districts 2, 3, 4, 7, and 9. The project site is not included on any Government Code listing of hazardous waste sites. See attached Location Map.

- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Natalie DeFreitas, Senior Planner, Engineering and Capital Projects Department, 525 B Street, San Diego, CA 92101
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Old Town, Peninsula, Mission Valley, North Park, Mid-City City Heights, and Southeastern Encanto Community Plan Areas and within the San Diego Airport Boundary
- 7. Zoning: The majority of the project is located within previously developed right of way. Portions of the project are located adjacent to and within property zoned as residential, Old Town State Historic Park, commercial, and office. The project will not result in a change in any zone and is consistent with all underlying zoning regulations.
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

The proposed project addresses necessary water and storm drain pipeline improvements within the City. Work includes the installation of about 8380 linear feet of 8", 12", and 16" water mains, and 193 linear feet of storm drain, as well as abandonment of 6,375 linear feet of 6", 8", and 12" water main. Appurtenances include cutoff walls, fire service connections and hydrants, and curb inlets.

Construction methods to be employed would consist of, but not be limited to:

Open Trenching: The open trench method of construction would be used for complete replacement and new alignment portions of the project. Trenches are typically four feet wide and are dug with excavations and similar large construction equipment.

Rehabilitation: Rehabilitation of alignment involves installing a new lining in old pipelines. The insertion is done through existing manhole access points and does not require removal of pavement or excavation of soils.

Abandonment: Pipeline abandonment activities would be similar to rehabilitation methods in that no surface/subsurface disturbance would occur. This process may involve slurry or grout material injected into the abandoned lines via manhole access. The top portion of the manhole is then typically removed and the remaining space backfilled and paved over.

Potholing: Potholing would be used to verify reconnection of laterals to main where lines would be raised or realigned (higher than existing depth, but still below ground) or to verify utility crossings. These "potholes" are made by using vacuum type equipment to open up small holes into the street of pavement.

Point Repairs: Point repairs include replacing a portion of a pipe segment by open trench excavation methods in which localized structural defects have been identified. Generally, point repairs are confined to an eight-foot section of pipe.

All associated equipment would be staged within the existing PROW adjacent to the work areas. Construction for the near-term and any future projects is anticipated to occur during the daytime hours Monday through Friday, but may occur during the weekend, if necessary.

The contractor would comply with all applicable requirements described in the latest edition of the *Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction ("GREENBOOK")* and the latest edition of the *City of San Diego Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction ("WHITEBOOK")*. The City's supplement addresses unique circumstances to the City of San Diego that are not addressed in the GREENBOOK and would therefore take precedence in the event of a conflict.

The contractor would also comply with the California Department of Transportation *Manual of Traffic Controls for Construction and Maintenance Work Zones*. If the Average Daily Traffic (ADT) within a given project(s) vicinity is 10,000 ADT or greater, a traffic control plan would be prepared and implemented in accordance with the *City of San Diego Standard Drawings Manual of Traffic Control for Construction and Maintenance Work Zones*. For proposals subject to 10,000 ADT or less, traffic control may be managed through shop drawings during construction.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The proposed project includes a total of eleven sites. Six of the sites are located in urban areas primarily within developed right of way, in the neighborhoods of Old Town, North Park, City Heights, Encanto, and San Diego Airport Authority property.

In addition, five sites in the neighborhoods of Peninsula, Mission Valley, and City Heights propose work adjacent to and within Environmentally Sensitive Lands and studied in detail in the Biological Letter Report (BLR) prepared by Dudek (2018):

- (1) the north side of Camino del Rio North, just west of the I-8 and I-15 intersection -
- (2) along Silvergate Avenue and extending east between Rehberg Road and Silvergate Place;
- (3) between the southern terminus of Roseview Place, Laurel Street, and Home Avenue; and (4) parallel to and east of Central Avenue;
- (5) between 39th Street, I-805, and Manzanita Drive (Figure 2A through Figure 2C, Vicinity Map).

All five sites studied in the BLR are vegetated with a mixed array of native and non-native ornamental vegetation associated with the urban setting. Given the urban setting, there is a fair amount of native habitat at all sites including Diegan coastal sage scrub, chamise chaparral, scrub oak chaparral, and southern willow scrub. The San Diego River is located north of the Camino del Rio North site, and there is a dry channel at the bottom of the canyon south of 39th Street and Central Avenue sites.

Current land uses within and immediately surrounding the proposed project include single and multifamily residential uses, commercial development, and traffic from I-8 and I-15.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

The project requires a Coastal Development Permit from California Coastal Commission.

The following permits may be needed for the project:

- California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) 1602 Streambed Alteration Agreement
- US Army Corps of Engineers Clean Water Act Section 404 Permit
- Regional Water Quality Control Board Clean Water Act Section 401 Water Quality Certification
- 11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

Yes, two Native American Tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21080.3.1. The City of San Diego sent notification to these two Native American Tribes on March 24, 2020. Neither the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel nor the Jamul Indian Village responded within the 30-day period requesting consultation and additional information. Consultation was concluded on April 23, 2020 with both tribes. Please see Section XVII of the Initial Study for more information regarding the consultation.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

			ıld be potentially affected by the checklist on the following		ct, involving at least one impact that is a		
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing		
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services		
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation		
\boxtimes	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic		
\boxtimes	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources	\boxtimes	Tribal Cultural Resources		
	Energy		Noise		Utilities/Service System		
	Geology/Soils		Mandatory Findings Significance		Wildfire		
DETER	RMINATION: (To be cor	npleted	by Lead Agency)				
On the	basis of this initial evaluation	:					
	The proposed project COU be prepared.	LD NOT h	ave a significant effect on the	environm	nent, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will		
		revisions	in the project have been mad		nment, there will not be a significant greed to by the project proponent. A		
	The proposed project MAY is required.	have a sig	gnificant effect on the environ	iment, an	d an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT		
	The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.						
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.						

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

Is	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
I. AESTH	HETICS – Would the project:				
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?			\boxtimes	
constru equipm present	posed project is would not have a siction equipment would be visible or ent would be removed at the end of condition. Since there would be no have a less than significant impact to d.	n a temporary f constructior permanent c	basis, the staging and the site woul hange in public vis	area and all of the start and all of the returned stas, the properties.	construction d to its osed project
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				
outcrop bounda	wer to l. a.) above. In addition, the popings or historic buildings (see also ries of the proposed project. Furth y and would not remove any existing	V. a.) as none ermore, the p	of these features project site is not lo	are located wo	ithin the
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?				
See I. a)	and l. b.) above. No impact would o	ccur.			
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				
lights, a of light during of per Mui	riject does not include any new or mound the project would not utilize high would be generated during project of daylight hours. The project would also nicipal Code Section 142.0740. No in RICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In detail of the content	ally reflective reconstruction, so be subject in pact would contermining whether to the California ment of Conservining whether immay refer to infost inventory of foct; and forest cal	naterials. In additi as construction ac to the City's Outdo occur. er impacts to agricultu Agricultural Land Evaluation as an optional managed by the compacts to forest resources or mation compiled by the control of	on, no substa ctivities would cor Lighting R ral resources are lation and Site As odel to use in ass ces, including tim the California Dep	occur egulations significant esessment esessing berland, are partment of ge Assessment
ŕ	Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring				

Less Than Potentially **Less Than** Significant with Significant Significant No Impact Issue Mitigation Impact Impact Incorporated

Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?

The project site does not contain, and is not adjacent to, any lands identified as Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as show on maps prepared pursuant to

\boxtimes
roject t does
berland, r onsite.
on of any ated
ber r or

No Impact. Refer to II. a.) and II. c) above.

III. AIR QUALITY - Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied on to make the following determinations – Would the project:

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
 a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan? 				

The San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB). The County Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) was initially adopted in 1991, was updated most recently in 2016. The RAQS outlines the SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for ozone (03). The RAQS relies on information from the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and SANDAG, including mobile and area source emissions, as well as information regarding projected growth in San Diego County and the cities in the county, to project future emissions and then determine the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by San Diego County and the cities in the county as part of the development of their general plans.

The RAQS relies on SANDAG growth projections based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by the cities and by the county as part of the development of their general plans. As such, projects that propose development that is consistent with the growth anticipated by local plans would be consistent with the RAQS. However, if a project proposes development that is greater than that anticipated in the local plan and SANDAG's growth projections, the project might be in conflict with the RAQS and may contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact on air quality.

The project is consistent with the General Plan, Mission Beach Community Plan and the underlying Zoning designation for development. Therefore, the project would be Consistent at a sub-regional level with the underlying growth forecasts in the RAQS, and would not obstruct implementation of the RAQS. As such, any impacts would be less than significant.

b)	Violate any air quality standard or			
	contribute substantially to an existing		\boxtimes	
	or projected air quality violation?			

Short-term Emissions (Construction)

Project construction activities would potentially generate combustion emissions from on-site heavy duty construction vehicles and motor vehicles transporting the construction crew and necessary construction materials. Exhaust emissions generated by construction activities would generally result from the use of typical construction equipment that may include excavation equipment, forklift, skip loader, and/or dump truck. Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or off-site. It is anticipated that construction equipment would be used on-site for four to eight hours a day; however, construction would be short-term and impacts to neighboring uses would be minimal and temporary.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land clearing and grading operations. Due to the nature and location of the project, construction activities are expected to create minimal fugitive

dust, as a result of the disturbance associated with grading. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by the City of San Diego to reduce potential air quality impacts to less than significant. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts related to short term emissions would be less than significant.

Long-term Emissions (Operational)

c) Result in a cumulatively considerable

Long-term air emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project is the replacement of existing infrastructure and is not expected to produce stationary source emissions. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Based on the land use, project emissions over the long-term are not anticipated to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts would be less than significant.

Overall, the project is not expected to generate substantial emissions that would violate any air quality standard or contribute to an existing or projected air quality violation; therefore, impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation is required.

	net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?				
emissic short-to potenti project which t	cribed above in response III. b), constons of dust and other pollutants. Howerm in duration. Implementation of ial impacts related to construction actively could not result in a cumulatively cothe project region is non-attainment rds. Impacts would be less than sign	vever, constr Best Manage tivities to a le onsiderable r under applica	uction emissions wement Practices (Bess than significan net increase of any able federal or sta	would be temp MP's) would re t level. Therefor criteria pollu te ambient air	oorary and educe ore, the tant for
d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			\boxtimes	

Short-term (Construction)

Odors would be generated from vehicles and/or equipment exhaust emissions during construction of the project. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to concentrations of unburned hydrocarbons from tailpipes of construction equipment and architectural coatings. Such odors are temporary and generally occur at magnitudes that would not affect a substantial number of people. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

Long-term (Operational)

The replacement of infrastructure is not expected to generate odors.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				

A Biological Resources Letter Report for the Water and Storm Group 968 was prepared by Dudek May 14, 2018 (2018 BLR), and an addendum to the Biological Resource Letter (2019 BLR Addendum) was prepared by Engineering and Capital Projects Department biologist, Maya Mazon August 12, 2019, to address major comments provided by DSD and MSCP during CEQA and SDP review. These reports analyzed the impacts of the proposed project on the biological resources located in the vicinity of the project.

Vegetation Communities

The 2020 BLR Addendum indicates that the project proposes to impact 0.009 acres inside the MHPA and 0.106 acres outside of the MHPA. All impacts are to upland habitat; no impacts to City jurisdictional wetlands are proposed. These impacts would be mitigated based on the City's mitigation ratios for mitigation land within the MHPA at Canyon View, an existing City of San Diego Public Utilities Department mitigation site. Habitat mitigation incorporated into the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program for this project by reference in Section V of this MND and would reduce to below a level of significance.

Special Status Species

Per the 2018 BLR and 2020 BLR addendum, Nuttall's scrub oak (*Quercus dumosa*) overlaps the work areas in Site 8 (Site 10 of the BLR) (4 individuals). The project proposes to directly impact 4 individuals of the 73 individuals observed. Four individuals would constitute ~5% of the present population and is not anticipated to significantly affect the population at this location. Impacts to special status plants would be less than significant.

No special-status wildlife species were detected; however, there is moderate or high potential for orange-throated whiptail, San Diegan tiger whiptail, Blainville's horned lizard, coast patch-nosed snake (*Salvadora hexalepis virgultea*), Southern California rufous-crowned sparrow, Dulzura pocket mouse, northwestern San Diego pocket mouse (*Perognathus fallax fallax*), and San Diego desert woodrat to occur in the study area. These species are found in San Diego County and there is suitable habitat in the study area. Due to the site's proximity to urban development and the limited size of the suitable foraging and nesting habitat, direct impacts to all habitat for these special-status wildlife species are not considered significant (Appendix D). Potential coastal California gnatcatcher habitat would be temporarily impacted.

Although raptor species have the potential to occur in the study area, land within the impact footprint is highly urbanized or disturbed and does not provide important habitat that would

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
substantially affect any species from conti incorporated into the Mitigation, Monitori Section V of this MND and would reduce t	ng and Reporti	ng Program for th	•	_
b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
Site 3 (labelled as Site 12 in the Biological 968 dated May 14, 2018) includes work in wetland-dependent vegetation, which doe wetland. The channel is considered an una RWQCB, and CDFW pursuant to Sections 4 the California Fish and Game Code, howeved direct impacts would occur, and through condinect and cumulative impacts to riparia	a streambed, a es not meet the vegetated strea 401 and 404 of ver the feature compliance witl	seasonal drainage definition of a Citambed under the the federal CWA a is not riparian hal	ge feature that by riparian hab jurisdiction of and Sections 10 bitat or a wetla al regulation, p	lacks itat or USACE, 600–1607 of and. No otential
c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
No direct impacts to jurisdictional wetland	ls would occur.	See also IV. b).		
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				
Per the project's BLR and BLR Addendum, fencing (except silt fencing BMP's per the prequired or proposed in wildlife areas.	•			•
e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				\boxtimes

The project has been reviewed by City MSCP staff and the discipline has no remaining issues regarding compliance with the MSCP. The project does not conflict with City's MSCP Subarea Plan.

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				
Please see IV E). The project does not conflict with any other local, regional, or state habitat conservation Plan.					
V. CI	JLTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
	 Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5? 				

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

<u>Archaeological Resources</u>

Many areas of San Diego County, including mesas and the coast, are known for intense and diverse prehistoric occupation and important archaeological resources. The region has been inhabited by various cultural groups spanning 10,000 years or more. The project site is located on the City of San Diego's Historical Resources Sensitivity map.

The project is replacement, rehabilitation, construction, and abandonment of water and storm drain infrastructure. Although the proposed project is mainly within the existing disturbed right-of-way the potential to disturbed native soil does exist in Site 1 and Site 2. EAS consulted with qualified City archaeologist staff, who determined that archaeological monitoring would be required at in areas of open trenching in sensitive areas. Site 1 was visited on March 20, 2020, and staff's archaeologist determined that no monitoring would be required, and no archaeological report would be required. Monitoring was determined to be required at Site 2.

Based on the preceding analysis, there is a potential for the project to impact archaeological resources and mitigation is required. All potential impacts related to the presence of archeological resources at the site would be reduced and addressed through the purview of a qualified Archaeological and Native American monitor. Monitoring would occur at all stages of ground-disturbing activities at the site. The MMRP listed in this MND would be implemented to address impacts to cultural resources; potential impacts would be reduced to less than significant.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact

Built Environment

The project is listed in a local register of historical resources. Site 4 is located within Presidio Park, which was designated by the San Diego Historical Resources Board (HRB) as Site #240. In Site 4, the replace-in-place portion is entirely outside of the Presidio Park. Inside Presidio Park, the work is exclusively abandonment. The only ground disturbance involved would be to cut the pipe and plug the ends where the alignment goes under Jackson Street. The cut and plug work would occur in the

existing	trench that was created when the p	oipeline was o	originally installed	d.	
the Ü.S.	posed abandonment was reviewed Secretary of the Interior's Standard al resource is less than significant, a	ls. Therefore,	the project's imp	act on the des	ignated
b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?				
Refer to	response V. a) above.				
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				
infrastru to palec ensure	lacement, rehabilitation, abandonm ucture would not exceed the City of ontological resources. Compliance we project impacts to paleontological reave a less than significant impact of d.	San Diego's s vith San Diego esources are	significance thres o Municipal Code less than significa	hold for poten section 142.01 ant. Therefore,	tial impacts 51 will the project
d)	Disturb and human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?		\boxtimes		
remains determi procedu 5097.98	IRP of the MND shall contain provis s are discovered, work shall halt in t ination can be made regarding the p ures as set forth in CEQA Section 15 3) and State Health and Safety Code d mitigation measure impacts would	hat area and provenance o 064.5(e), the (Sec. 7050.5)	no soil shall be ex f the human rem California Public F shall be undertal	xported off-site ains; and the f Resources Cod	e until a ollowing e (Sec.
VI. EN	ERGY – Would the project:				
a)	Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?				

Potentially Less Than
Potentially Significant with Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

During project construction, the Air Resources Board regulates idling for commercial motor vehicles to reduce unnecessary consumption of energy under 13 CCR § 2485, Airborne Toxic Control Measure to Limit Diesel-Fueled Commercial Motor Vehicle Idling. Locally, Administrative Regulation 90.72 Motive Equipment Idling Reduction Policy applies to all City employees operating motive equipment owned or leased by the City of San Diego, which states idling of motive equipment shall be prohibited unless "mission necessary". Through implementation of these measures, energy consumption during construction would be less than significant.

The replacement, rehabilitation, abandonment, and replacement of water and storm drain infrastructure would result in minimal energy utilization during operation. Energy usage may incrementally increase at local pump stations, but no work would occur at pump stations as a result of the project. Energy impacts, if any, would be minimal and less than significant. No mitigation is required.

b)	Conflict with or obstruct a state or		
	local plan for renewable energy or		\boxtimes
	energy efficiency?		

The project is consistent with the General Plan and Community Plan's underlying land use and zoning designations, and appropriately implements the Climate Action Plan checklist. See also section VIII, Greenhouse Gas Emissions. Because the project does not conflict with or obstruct the Climate Action Plan, no impact would occur.

VII. GEOLOGY AND SOILS – Would the project:

Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:

 Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the
 State Geologist for the area or

evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.

based on other substantial

The project is not located within an Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone. Per the Preliminary Geological Hazards Study prepared by Twining Geotechnical February 12, 2020 and Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation City of San Diego Task 15GT15 – Manzanita Canyon Water and Storm Drain Group 968, prepared September 28, 2018, only Site 1 in Old Town (Site 4 on plans) is located on a known active or potentially active fault, although Site 1 (Site 4 on plans) has not yet been mapped within a designated State Earthquake Fault Hazard Special Studies Zone.

Based upon the projection of the active Rose Canyon Fault strand through Site 1 in Old Town, now labeled Site 4 on project plans, during construction the Geotechnical Investigations recommend that a Certified Engineering Geologist monitor the excavations of the future water main replacement to confirm the existence or non-existence of faults and/or active faults that may cross the project.

The following condition would apply to the site development permit. The Old Town location (Site 4) is located in the City of San Diego's Geologic Hazard Categories 12 and 31. Because the proposed work at this site is located across a known active or potentially active fault and has a potential for fault displacement and liquefaction, a Certified Engineering Geologist must monitor the excavations for the water main replacement at this site to confirm the existence or non-existence of faults that may cross the project. If faulting is encountered, the risks associated with fault displacement and any design mitigation measures should be addressed at that time. Because monitoring would be a condition of the Site Development Permit, no additional mitigation would be required.

The project area may be subject to strong ground shaking in the event of an earthquake; However, this hazard is common to Southern California and the effects on the proposed project can be mitigated if the improvements are designed and constructed in accordance with current engineering practice and building codes. The project would be required to comply with seismic requirement of the California Building Code, utilize proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified by the City Engineer, in order to ensure that potential impacts based on regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant. Mitigation is not required.

•					
ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?				
located thro design and	uld be affected by seismic activity as bughout the Southern California area utilization of standard construction hat potential impacts from regional g	a. The project w practices, to be v	ould utilize proportion	er engineerin uilding permit	ig stage,
iii)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				
the soils to	n occurs when loose, unconsolidated lose cohesion. Implementation of the r seismic-related ground failure, incl	ne project would	l not result in an	increase in th	ne
iv)	Landslides?				
effects of a in accordan	ation of the project would not exacer landslide. Post-construction, all area ce with the City's Landscape Standar revegetation, impacts would be less	is of vegetation index. Through imp	removal would replementation of	equire revege	etation

Implementation of the project would not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil. Although trenching is proposed, the project would implement on-site BMPs, therefore ensuring that substantial erosion or loss of topsoil would not occur. Post-construction, all areas of vegetation removal would require revegetation in accordance with the City's Landscape Standards.

 \boxtimes

Result in substantial soil erosion or the

loss of topsoil?

ls:	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				

Per the project's Geotechnical Investigations, the following geologic impacts may occur, and project conditions would be implemented.

Landslide

The City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study and the State of California prepared and classify landslides and landslide susceptibility maps. The State utilizes a scale of 1 (Least Susceptible) to 4-2 (Most Susceptible). None of the individual sites are located within a mapped landslide or high susceptible landslide zone. In the Response to City of San Diego LDR-Geology Environmental Review City Project No. 630996; Cycle 5 dated August 21, 2020, the project's geotechnical consultant provided a professional opinion that the sites are "adequately stable" with the incorporation of recommendations in terms of gross and surficial stability following project completion. Recommendations include constructing proposed cut off walls per SDS-115 perpendicular to steep slopes, and any zones of potential instability, sloughing or raveling should be brought to the attention of the Engineer and corrective action implemented before personnel begin working in the excavation. With the incorporation of these recommendations, impacts from landslides would be less than significant.

Lateral Spreading

Ground lurching, differential and lateral spread displacement can occur during a seismic event. Site 1 (Site 4 on plans) is located on a known active or potentially active fault. The project condition to include geotechnical monitoring would reduce the potential for impacts to less than significant, and no mitigation would be required.

Subsidence and Liquefaction

Sites 1, 2 and 5 (Sites 4, 3, and 6 on plans) are located within mapped liquefaction hazard zones. Site 1 (Site 4 on plans) could be subject to direct surface fault rupture, ground shaking and liquefaction from an earthquake. Potential shallow groundwater and alluvial soils may subject the improvements to earthquakes and liquefaction that could cause geologic instability for Site 1 (Site 4 on plans). Site 2 (Site 3 on plans) could be subject to ground shaking and liquefaction from an earthquake. Potential groundwater, man-made hydraulic fills, and underlying alluvial/ estuarine soils may subject the improvements to earthquakes and liquefaction that could cause geologic instability for Site 2 (Site 3 on plans). Site 5 (Site 6 on plans) could be subject to ground shaking and liquefaction from an earthquake. Potential groundwater, man-made fills and underlying alluvial soils may subject the improvements to earthquakes and liquefaction that could cause geologic instability for Site 5 (Site 6 on plans).

Site 7 (Site 7 on plans) includes a natural canyon on the north end, a resistant ridge in the central portion and a steep slope with debris into a natural canyon at the south end. These conditions may subject the improvements to unknown geologic instability for Site 7, if subsurface geologic conditions are not verified. Because the proposed improvements at this site may be subject to

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Enginee confirm necessa measure	n geologic instability due to possible ring Geologist must monitor the excithe suitability of the soils in the expory, provide design mitigation measures would be a condition of the developt. No mitigation under would be re-	avations for osed trench res at that ti opment peri	the water main re to support the imp me. Monitoring an	placement at to provements ar d project desi	this site to nd, if gn
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
	engineering design and utilization of al for impacts would be less than sigr		nstruction practice	es would ensu	re that the
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				
•	ic or alternative wastewater systems nd storm drain infrastructure	are propos	ed since the scope	of the project	is limited to
VIII. GRE	ENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the proje	ect:			
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				

The construction of the project is consistent with the land use and designated zone and would not be expected to have a significant impact related to greenhouse gases.

In December 2015, the City adopted a Climate Action Plan (CAP) that outlines the actions that City will undertake to achieve its proportional share of State greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions. The purpose of the Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist (Checklist) is to, in conjunction with the CAP, provide a streamlined review process for proposed new development projects that are subject to discretionary review and trigger environmental review pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

Analysis of GHG emissions and potential climate change impacts from new development is required under CEQA. The CAP is a plan for the reduction of GHG emissions in accordance with CEQA Guidelines Section 15183.5. Pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Sections 15064(h)(3), 15130(d), and 15183(b), a project's incremental contribution to a cumulative GHG emissions effect may be determined not to be cumulatively considerable if it complies with the requirements of the CAP.

This Checklist is part of the CAP and contains measures that are required to be implemented on a project-by-project basis to ensure that the specified emissions targets identified in the CAP are achieved. Implementation of these measures would ensure that new development is consistent with

Issue	Potentia Significa Impac	nt Significant v	vith Less Thai Significar	
the CAP's assumptions for relevant of targets. Projects that are consistent may rely on the CAP for the cumulate consistent with the CAP must prepaincluding quantification of existing a in this Checklist to the extent feasible that is not consistent with the CAP.	with the CAP as tive impacts and re a compreher and projected G	determined thro alysis of GHG emi asive project-spec HG emissions and	ough the use of ssions. Projects ific analysis of Cd incorporation	this Checklist that are not GHG emissions, of the measures
The proposed project does not resured proposed project does not resured proposed project will have a lesting indirectly, because the proposed propo	ep 2 of the Checs: s-than-significa oject is consiste	klist is not requir	ed to complete environment, ei	per footnote 5. ther directly or
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, p or regulation adopted for the pur of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				\boxtimes
Refer to VIII. a). Because the project impact would occur.	does not confli	ct with or obstruc	t the Climate Ad	tion Plan, no
IX. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS	– Would the projec	t:		
 a) Create a significant hazard to the or the environment through routi transport, use, or disposal of haza materials? 	ine \square			
Construction activities for the projectincluding vehicle fuels, oils, transmiss materials, cleaning solvents, and perhazardous materials would be tempused, and disposed of in accordance and local health and safety regulation.	ssion fluids, pair sticides for land oorary, and all p e with manufact	nt, adhesives, sur Iscaping purpose otentially hazardo curers' specificatio	face coatings ar s. However, the ous materials w ons, applicable f	nd other finishing use of these ould be stored, ederal, state,

disposal of hazardous materials would be less than significant during construction.

b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?

The City's Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) staff performed a search on the State of California Geotracker database for potentially hazardous conditions. One site, Site 2 on Kellogg Dr, is located north of a former Naval Radio & Fuel Depot. EAS consulted with the State Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) and U.S. Army Corps of engineers, who found the site was used for Underground Storage Tanks.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Construction of the project may have the potential to traverse properties which could contain Leaking Underground Storage Tank (LUST) cleanup sites, permitted UST's, or contaminated site; however, in the event that construction activities encounter underground contamination, the contractor would be required to implement section 7-22 of the Citv's "WHITEBOOK" for d

ENCOL Specifico ensure ocal, st	JNTERING OR RELEASING HAZARDO ations for Public Works Construction the proper handling and disposal of ate, and federal regulations. Composition Compo	OUS SUBSTANO which is include of any contami oliance with the	CES" of the <i>City of</i> led in all constructions and soils in accordanced soils in accordance soils in ac	San Diego Stan tion document ordance with a would minimi	ts and would ll applicable ze the risk
See also	o response IX. a) above.				
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?			\boxtimes	
-	posed project would not emit haza ous materials, substances, or waste			-	ıs or acutely
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
materia within t	ponse to VIII. b). Per information co ils sites compiled pursuant to Gove he City of San Diego, and neither w cker is not on the Cortese list.	rnment Code :	section 65962.5 (C	ortese list) are	elocated
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
within t Compat the pro and sto	s of the project alignment are with he Airport Influence Area-Review A tibility Plan. Portions are also within posed project involves replacemen rm drain infrastructure, it would no for people residing or working in th	area 1 of San D n 2 miles of No at, rehabilitation ot introduce ar	iego International rth Island Naval A n, construction, ar	Airport Land in Station. How abandonme	Use wever, since ent of water
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result				\boxtimes

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
The pro	ject site is not within proximity of a	a private airstr	ip. No impacts woι	ıld result.	
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
physica	eject is replacement of existing infra Ily interfere with an adopted emerg s would result.		·	•	
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
involvin	oject would not expose people or st ng wildland fires, including where w ces are intermixed with wildlands.	ildlands are ad	djacent to urbanize		
X. HYDR	OLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the p	roject:			
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				
appropring Implem regulation ensure project Appendix	rigect would comply with all storm wriate Best Management Practices (Elentation of theses BMP's would proons. This will be addressed through compliance with all regulations/ requires a Water Pollution Control lix G of Storm Water Standard Manon measures are required.	BMP's) will be useclude any vion the project's quirements in Plan (WPCP) to	utilized and provid- lations of existing s Conditions of App cluding Storm Wat hat must be prepa	ed for on-site standards and roval. City eng er requireme red in accord	d discharge gineer(s) will nts. This ance with
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				

The project does not require the construction of wells. The construction of the project may generate a temporary use of water but it would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere

lss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a loweri	tially with groundwater recharge sung of the local groundwater table le on measures are required.			•	
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?			\boxtimes	
Drain Gı Civil Eng watersh	storm drain replacement is occurring toup 968, Prepared by City of San Degineer Nicole Salem in February 202 eds and concludes that storm drain flows. No drainage will be conveyed	viego Enginee .0, analyzes th n pipe, inlet, a	ring and Capital Pone total storm flow and dissipater are	rojects Departi rfrom surroun	ment Senior ding
project v or off-sit	or rivers do not occur on or adjace would implement on-site BMPs, the te would not occur. The project wo or the area. Impacts would be less to	refore ensuri uld not subst	ing that substantia antially alter the e	ll erosion or sil xisting drainag	tation on- ge pattern of
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?			\boxtimes	
	No substantial increase in surface Impacts would be less than signific				
e)	Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
water, w provide	The project would not introduce an which would exceed the capacity of of substantial additional sources of po- gation measures are required.	existing or pla	anned stormwater	drainage syste	ems or
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				

Iss	ue	Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
construc	The project would comply with all oction. Appropriate BMP's would be ied. Impacts would be less than sign	mplemented	to ensure that wa	ter quality is n	ot
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				
mapped	iect does not include housing and w l on a federal Flood Hazard Bounda ion map. No impacts would result.	•	_	-	
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?				\boxtimes
2020, a ı within a	Additionally, per the Geotechnical lest review of the FEMA National Flood Hope Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA). No redirect flood flows. Impacts would be suired.	Hazard maps No new perm	indicates that non anent structures v	e of the sites a	are located ed that
XI. LAND	USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:				
a)	Physically divide an established community?				
	acement, rehabilitation, construction acture would not physically divide and				
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				

Potentially

Less Than

Less Than

The Site Map for the North Harbor Drive location shows the proposed water main replacement in this location is with the jurisdiction of the California Coastal Commission (CCC). Therefore, the CCC will determine whether this location requires a CDP or is exempt from the requirement to obtain a CDP.

Because portions of this project are located within the Coastal Permit Jurisdiction, this project will need to continue the process of an SDP. If portions of the project are separated, then those portions may qualify for an SDP exemption pursuant to the San Diego Municipal Code Section 143.0110 (c)(10) may be exempted. As the project is proposed the entire project must process an SDP.

ls	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
infrasti agency local co	oject is replacement, rehabilitation, co ructure. It would not conflict with any with jurisdiction over the project (inco pastal program, or zoning ordinance) nmental effect. Thus, no impact would	applicable l luding but r adopted for	and use plan, polic not limited to the ge	y, or regulation eneral plan, sp	n of an ecific plan,
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				
See als would	o Response to IV. e). It was determine occur.	ed the proje	ct is consistent with	n the MSCP. No	impact
XII. MIN	NERAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				
would large e	oposed project would not result in the be of value to the region and the resion nough to allow economically feasible not preclude a mining operation adja	dents of the aggregate r	state. None of the nining operations,	various projec and project de	t sites are velopment
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				
resour	oposed project would not result in the ce recovery site delineated on a local would occur.				
XIII. NC	DISE – Would the project result in:				
a)	Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				
the loc noise in hours s	oject would not result in the generational general plan or noise ordinance, or mpacts related to construction activities pecified in the City's Municipal Code than significant, and no mitigation is	applicable ies would be and OSHA s	standards of other e required to comp	agencies. Any ly with the con	short-term struction
b)	Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?				

Less Than Significant with

ls	sue	Significant Impact	Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
through	ng and tunneling may have the pot n compliance with City restrictions, on measures are required.				
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
-	ject would not result in any the ger evels existing without the project, s	•		e in ambient n	noise levels
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?				
specifie of the for Birthday structur project propert	with the San Diego Municipal Code is that it is unlawful for any person, ollowing day, or on legal holidays (way), or on Sundays, to erect, constructed in such a manner as to create disappear would be required to conduct any or lines of any property zoned resident the 12-hour period from 7:00 a.m. to	between the vith exception ct, demolish, esturbing, exception a construction a contial, an aver	hours of 7:00 p.m. of Columbus Day excavate for, alter ssive or offensive i activity so as to not	of any day an and Washingt or repair any b noise. In addit cause, at or b	d 7:00 a.m. con's building or cion, the beyond the
Compate the Airp in land	within the Airport Influence Area-Ribility Plan. It is within the airport 6 port Land Use Compatibility Plan foluse, thus analysis of incompatible land generate operational noise.	0-65 CNEL no r the San Dieg	ise contour. The p o International Air	roject is consis	stent with no change
of North	working on the project may be expensional Naval Air Station. Complian equipment in Sites 3 and 2 will mire hus, impacts would be less than sign	nce with OSHA nimize the exp	standards and us posure of project w	e of personal vorkers to exce	protective
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to			\boxtimes	

Potentially

Less Than

Less Than

See response to IX. e). Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation is required.

excessive noise levels?

lss	sue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
f)	priv exp	a project within the vicinity of a rate airstrip, would the project ose people residing or working in project area to excessive noise els?				
See res	oons	se to IX. e). Impacts would be les	s than signif	icant, and no mitiga	ation is requi	red.
XIV. POF	PULAT	TION AND HOUSING – Would the project	t:			
a)	an a pro or in exte	uce substantial population growth in area, either directly (for example, by posing new homes and businesses) indirectly (for example, through ension of roads or other astructure)?				
constru	ctior	proposes limited construction on is within an urbanized area an tly. Impacts would be less than	d would not	induce substantial	population g	
b)	exis con	place substantial numbers of sting housing, necessitating the struction of replacement housing where?				\boxtimes
The pro	ject	would not displace people or ho	ousing; no im	pact would occur.		
c)	peo	place substantial numbers of ple, necessitating the construction eplacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes
The pro	ject	would not displace people or ho	ousing; no im	pact would occur.		
XV. PUB	LIC SE	ERVICES				
a)	phy con	uld the project result in substantial advessically altered governmental facilities, n struction of which could cause significators, response times, or other performan	eed for new or portentions	ohysically altered governal impacts, in order to m	nmental facilities naintain acceptal	s, the
	i)	Fire protection				\boxtimes
	ii)	Police protection				\boxtimes
	iii)	Schools				\boxtimes
	iv)	Parks				\boxtimes
	v)	Other public facilities				\boxtimes

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The replacement, rehabilitation, construction, and abandonment of water and storm drain infrastructure would not require construction or alteration of fire or police facilities or adversely affect existing levels of fire and police services. The project would not require the construction or alteration of a school, park facility, or other public facility. No impact to Public Services would result.

XVI. RECF	REATION				
a)	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				\boxtimes
infrastru	acement, rehabilitation, construction, ecture would not increase the use of e onal facilities. No impact would result.	xisting nei			
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				\boxtimes
	ect would not include recreational fac onal facilities. No impact would result.		equire the construc	ction or expar	nsion of
XVII. TRAI	NSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project?				
a)	Would the project or plan/policy conflict with an adopted program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the transportation system, including transit, roadways, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?				\boxtimes
storm o	oposed project is replacement, rehabidrain infrastructure. It would not confosing the transportation system, includes, or decrease the performance or saf	lict an ado ling transit	pted program, plar , roadways, bicycle	n, ordinance of and pedestr	or policy ian
b)	Would the project or plan/policy result in VMT exceeding thresholds identified in the City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual?			\boxtimes	

CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3, subdivision (a), states, "For the purposes of this section, 'vehicle miles traveled' refers to the amount and distance of automobile travel attributable to a project." Here, the term "automobile" refers to on-road passenger vehicles, specifically cars and light trucks, and does not include heavy-duty trucks that will be utilized during project construction.

Issu	е	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
During o	ject is a small project that will resu operation minimal trips would be g s not required to perform a transp ed to be less than significant and r	generated fro portation VM ⁻	m infrequent mair r CEQA analysis. In	ntenance activ	ities. The
c)	Would the project or plan/policy substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				
infrastru	lacement, rehabilitation, construct ucture would not include any desig atible uses. No impact would occur	n features th			
d)	Result in inadequate emergency access?				\boxtimes
infrastru project r roads. A provide XVIII. TRIE cultural re geographi	lacement, rehabilitation, construct ucture would not result in inadequemay temporarily affect the transport approved Traffic Control Plan wadequate emergency access. No in BAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the presource, defined in Public Resources Code scally defined in terms of the size and scope Native American tribe, and that is:	ate emergen ortation syste rould be impl mpact would oject cause a sul section 21074 as	cy access. Construm within the project emented during conccur. bstantial adverse changeither a site, feature, p	ction of the prect APE and addenstruction the great section the significant called a control of the control of	oposed joining at would nce of a tribal dscape that is
(Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or				
which wa the site is below in a addition t	ect is listed in a local register of hist is designated by the San Diego Hist is provided in Section V., Cultural Re XVIII. b). No additional mitigation of to what has already been recommented into the MMRP of this MND.	torical Resou esources, and neasures are	rces Board (HRB) a l consultation und needed to addres	as Site #240. D er Assembly B s this issue ard	iscussion of ill (AB) 52 is ea in
i (A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the				

Potentially Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.

Assembly Bill 52 (AB 52) requires as part of CEQA, evaluation of tribal cultural resources, notification of tribes, and opportunity for tribes to request a consultation regarding impacts to tribal cultural resources when a project is determined to require a Negative Declaration, Mitigated Negative Declaration or Environmental Impact Report under CEQA. In compliance with AB-52, the City notified all tribes that have previously requested such notification for projects within the City of San Diego.

On March 24, 2020 the City of San Diego sent notification to representatives of the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel and the Jamul Indian Village for the purposes of AB 52. Neither tribal representative responded within the 30-day period requesting consultation and additional information. Consultation was concluded on April 23, 2020 with both tribes. No additional mitigation measures are needed to address this issue area in addition to what has already been recommended for the project for cultural resources, which will be incorporated into the MMRP of this MND.

project	for cultural resources, which will be	incorporated	into the MMRP o	f this MND.	
XIX. UTIL	LITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the pr	oject:			
a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				\boxtimes
	ject will comply with all regulations of propose wastewater, and not was	_	-		The project
b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				\boxtimes
infrastru treatme	posed project is the rehabilitation, outure. It would not require or resulent facilities or expansion of existing ant environmental effects.	t in the consti	ruction of new wa	ter or wastew	ater
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
or resul	posed project includes the construct in the construction of additional net facilities beyond the project itself w	ew storm wat	er drainage facilit	ies or expansi	on of
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				\boxtimes

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
The proposed project includes replacement, rehabilitation, construction, and abandonment of water infrastructure. The proposed project would be served by existing water supplies. No new or expanded entitlements are needed.								
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?							
storm d	posed project is replacement, rehab rain infrastructure and would not re ater treatment provider which serve	esult in impac	cts to wastewater t					
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				\boxtimes			
The proposed project would be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs.								
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid				\boxtimes			

The proposed project is the replacement, rehabilitation, construction, and abandonment of water and storm drain infrastructure. It would comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste.

waste?

Issu	ie	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
XX. WILI	DFIRE – Would the project:					
a)	Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?					
region's Mitigati	7 San Diego County Multi-Jurisdict plan toward greater disaster resili on Act of 2000. The project would i . Per Action 1.D.6, High fire hazard	ence in accor not conflict w	dance with section the the goals, objection	n 322 of the D ctives, and act	isaster tions of the	
plan wo allow ad reopeni Departr respons	The project is partially located in a Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone (VHFHSZ). A traffic control plan would be provided per Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction, which would allow access for emergency vehicles. At least 48 hours in advance of closing, partially closing or reopening, any street, alley, or other public thoroughfare, the Police, Fire, Traffic and Engineering Departments shall be contacted. Therefore, the project would not conflict with emergency response and would not substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan. Impacts would be less than significant.					
b)	Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of wildfire?					
Standar exacerb project rehabili impact	ne project is located partially in a Vird Specifications for Public Works Conting fire risk due to construction a strength is required to implement SDMC §1 tation, construction, and abandonithe risk of wildfire during operation and no mitigation is required.	Construction vactivities to a 42.0412 Brusment of water	vould reduce the pless than significa hanagement regrand storm drain	potential for nt level. In ad gulations. The infrastructure	dition, the	
c)	Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?					
after co infrastr	ject is currently serviced by existing nstruction. The project area has ac ucture is proposed to support the p n significant, and no mitigation is r	dequate fire h project that m	ydrant services ar	nd street acce	ss. No new	
d)	Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides,					

Potentially Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Significant No Impact
Impact Incorporated

as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?

either directly or indirectly?

projec Regula	of the project area is within develope t revegetation plan revegetates all im utions and Land Development Code. Cant risk from flooding or landslide a es.	npact areas, The project	in accordance with would not expose	n the City's La people or stru	ndscape uctures to
XXI. MAI	NDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE -				
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
Resourc	h there is the potential of significant tes (Archaeology), mitigation measur these potential impacts to a less than	es included	in this Mitigated N		
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				
over tim impacts included future p with app signification	tive impacts can result from individuale. For the purpose of this Initial Stude to Biological Resources, and Cultural in this document would reduce the projects within the surrounding neigh plicable local, State, and Federal reguent, or to the extent possible. As such ally significant cumulative environments	dy, the proje al Resources ase potential aborhood or ulations to re a, the projec	ct may have cumu (Archaeology). As impacts to a less to community would be duce potential impacts in not anticipated	lative conside such, mitigati han significar l be required pacts to less t	erable on measures nt. Other to comply than
c)	Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings,				

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The rehabilitation, construction, and abandonment of water and storm drain infrastructure is consistent with the setting and with the use anticipated by the City. Based on the analysis presented above, implementation of the aforementioned mitigation measures would reduce environmental impacts such that no substantial adverse effects on humans would occur.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST REFERENCES

I. □ ⊠	Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: Mid-City Communities, Mission Valley, North Park, Old Town San Diego, Peninsula, Encanto Neighborhoods
II.	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) Site Specific Report:
III. □ □	Air Quality California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report:
N	Biology City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools" Maps, 1996 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001 California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines Site Specific Report: Biological Resources Letter Report for the Water and Storm Group 968 (WBS No. B-14099.02.02 / B-15028.02.02), City of San Diego, California, prepared by Dudek, dated May 14, 2018 Addendum to the Biological Resource Letter for the Water and Storm Group 968 (WBS No. B-14099.02.02/B-15028.02.02), City of San Diego, California, prepared by City of San Diego Public Works biologist, Maya Mazon, dated August 12, 2019.
V. ⊠ ⊠ ∏	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources and Built Environment) City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines City of San Diego Archaeology Library Historical Resources Board List Community Historical Survey:

	City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996 Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," <i>California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin</i> 200, Sacramento, 1975 Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977 Site Specific Report:
VI. ⊠ ⊠	Energy City of San Diego Climate Action Plan, December 2015 CAP Consistency Checklist prepared for Group Job 968, 2019
VII. □ □ □	Geology/Soils City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975 Site Specific Reports: Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation, City of San Diego Task 15GT15 - Manzanita Canyon Water and Strom Drain Group 968 Manzanita Drive & 39th Street, San Diego, California, prepared by Twining Geotechnical, dated September 28, 2018 (their job no. 180325.2)
	Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation, City of San Diego Task 15GT15 - Water and Strom Drain Group 968 San Diego, California, prepared by Twining Geotechnical, dated February 12, 2020 (their job no. 200055.2)
	Development Plans for Water and Storm Drain Group 968, prepared by The City of San Diego Public Works, Drawing no. 38719-D
VIII. ⊠ ⊠	Greenhouse Gas Emissions City of San Diego Climate Action Plan, December 2015 CAP Consistency Checklist prepared for Group Job 968, 2019
IX.	Hazards and Hazardous Materials San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division FAA Determination State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan: San Diego International Airport, Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan Adopted April 3, 2014 Amended May 1, 2014. Site Specific Report:
x.	Hydrology/Drainage Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map

	Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report: Drainage Report Storm Drain Group 968, Prepared by City of San Diego Public Works Department Senior Civil Engineer Nicole Salem, February 2020.
	Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation, City of San Diego Task 15GT15 - Water and Strom Drain Group 968 San Diego, California, prepared by Twining Geotechnical, dated February 12, 2020 (their job no. 200055.2)
XI.	Land Use and Planning City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: Mid-City Communities, Mission Valley, North Park, Old Town San Diego, Peninsula, Encanto Neighborhoods Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps FAA Determination: Other Plans:
XII. ⊠	Mineral Resources California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification
	Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps City of San Diego General Plan: Conservation Element Site Specific Report:
XIII.	Noise City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps Montgomery Field CNEL Maps San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes
	San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XIV. □ □ □	Paleontological Resources City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996 Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," <i>California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin</i> 200, Sacramento, 1975 Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977

	Site Specific Report:
xv.	Population / Housing City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
XVI.	Public Services City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan
XVII.	Recreational Resources City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:
XVIII.	Transportation / Traffic City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual Draft June 10, 2020 Site Specific Report:
	City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual Draft June 10, 2020
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG City of San Diego Transportation Study Manual Draft June 10, 2020 Site Specific Report: Utilities Site Specific Report:

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