

July 29, 2020 (Revised)

Mr. Andrew Holstein BROOKS STREET PARTNERS MANAGEMENT, LLC 1300 Quail Street, Suite 100 Newport Beach, CA 92660

#### RE: Geotechnical Feasibility Investigation for Development of Proposed Angels Stadium Master Plan, 2000 Gene Autry Way, Anaheim, CA HGEI Project No. 20-01-3950

Dear Mr. Holstein:

This report presents the results of a geotechnical feasibility investigation performed at your request to establish information on the materials underlying the site and, based thereon, to summarize the geotechnical opportunities and constraints and provide preliminary recommendations for development of the proposed Angels Stadium Master Plan.

Preliminary design information provided by you was used in outlining the scope of the investigation and preparing this report in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering practice in this area.

Based on analysis and evaluation of the data obtained it has been concluded that construction of the Angels Stadium Master Plan as proposed is feasible from a geotechnical engineering standpoint provided the recommendations presented herein are incorporated into design and construction of the project.

Thank you for this opportunity to be of service. If you have any questions concerning this report or if we can be of further assistance, please call at your convenience.

Very truly yours,

HARRINGTON GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING, INC.

Wil

Joseph L. Welch, P.E., G.E. Senior Geotechnical Engineer

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# INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of a geotechnical feasibility investigation of the subject site. The purposes of the investigation were to: 1) determine the type and condition of the soil at the site; 2) establish static physical and limited chemical properties of the materials; 3) determine groundwater conditions; 4) summarize the geotechnical opportunities and constraints involved in site development and; 5) provide preliminary recommendations for design and construction of the proposed Angels Stadium Master Plan.

# **SCOPE OF WORK**

The scope of work for this geotechnical investigation consisted of the following:

Review of published regional geologic maps and reports (See References).

A field exploration was conducted on February 20 through February 24, 2020 and consisted of drilling, logging, and sampling nineteen exploratory borings (B-1 to B-19) to depths ranging from 31.5 feet to 101.5 feet. The field exploration is described in detail in Appendix A.

Selected samples were tested in HGEI's AMRL Accredited Geotechnical Laboratory to develop data necessary for analysis of subsurface conditions and use in preparation of this report. A description of the geotechnical laboratory testing conducted on the samples collected from the site and presentation of the results are presented in the Laboratory Procedures & Test Results in Appendix B.

Our engineering and geology staff conducted engineering analysis, constructed figures, and prepared this report depicting the findings, results and conclusions of the investigation.

# SITE LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

The site is located at 2000 Gene Autry Way in Anaheim CA as shown on the Vicinity Map, Figure 1, which follows.

As shown on the Air Photo, Figure 2, the relatively flat property is bordered on the south by Orangewood Avenue, the west by State College Boulevard, the north by railroad tracks and Katella Avenue and to the east by the 57 Freeway and Santa Ana River Channel. The 152 acre site is currently occupied by Angel Stadium of Anaheim with appurtenant utilities and surrounding parking areas.

# Vicinity Map - Figure 1



# **Air Photo-Figure 2**



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# **PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

The proposed project comprises an approximate 10-year phased development plan which will ultimately result in a mixed-use site including a new Angel Stadium, residential, commercial, hotel, retail, entertainment and parking structures. Existing structures are to be demolished and the property regraded. Based on the vision plan renderings and brief conversation with you we anticipate that some subterranean parking garages will be constructed and that the proposed structures may be a maximum of 10 stories in height. The exact type of construction and foundation loads are unavailable at this time.

# **REGIONAL GEOLOGIC SETTING**

The subject site is situated along the northwesterly portion of the Peninsular Ranges Geomorphic Province of Southern California in the southeasterly section of the Los Angeles sedimentary basin. The Peninsular Ranges Geomorphic Province is characterized by elongated northwest to southeast trending ridges and valleys subparallel to faults branching from the San Andreas Fault. Published maps (Reference 4) have been used to identify the geologic unit underlying the property. As shown on Figure 3, these maps indicate that the property is underlain at depth by young alluvial fan deposits of Holocene to late Pleistocene geologic age.

## **Regional Geologic Map - Figure 3**



**Qyf** – **Young Alluvial Fan Deposits (Holocene to late Pleistocene)** — Gravel, sand, and silt, mixtures, some contain boulders; unconsolidated.

# SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

#### **Soil Types**

Subsurface conditions encountered during this investigation are described in detail in Appendix A. Logs of the borings are presented on Plates A-1 and A-19 and show the site to be immediately underlain by alluvial material comprised of sand and silty sand that is generally moist and moderately dense with little to no cohesion in the upper 40 to 50 feet. Beneath 40 to 50 feet interlayered sandy clays, sandy to clayey silts, silty to clayey sands, sands, and silty to sandy gravels that are generally moist to very moist/wet and moderately dense to dense are present.

#### Groundwater

Groundwater was encountered at a depth of 73 feet in Boring 1 and 78 feet in Boring 12 at the time of drilling. Historic high groundwater depth in the area is reported to range from 30 to 50 feet (Reference 1). If groundwater levels remain static, groundwater is not expected to adversely affect the proposed construction and development in the future.

#### Caving

Caving of the exploratory borings did not occur due to the type of drilling auger used. Due to the presence of granular materials with little to no cohesion underlying the site, caving is expected to be a major concern during construction. The regulations of Cal/OSHA should be complied with during performance of all underground construction. Shoring will likely be necessary for deep underground parking garage excavations.

#### Consolidation

Samples of alluvium were loaded in increments of 400 to 6400 pounds per square foot and were saturated to determine hydro-collapse potential. One sample (B-3 at 50') exhibited significant hydro-collapse potential. None of the other samples exhibited significant hydro-collapse potentials and the sample at B-3 appears to be an anomaly.

#### Expansion

Based on the results of laboratory testing (Table 1, Appendix B) the expansion index for the typical near-surface material is zero. The 2019 California Building Code (Section 1803.5.3) categorizes this material as being non-expansive and special design is not required per Section 1808.6.

### Water-Soluble Sulfate and Corrosivity Tests

Samples were delivered to a state approved analytical laboratory for testing to evaluate watersoluble sulfate contents and corrosivity potential.

Based on the results (Table 2, Appendix B) a not applicable (S0) sulfate exposure category (ACI 318, Table 4.2.1) and negligible corrosion potential for ferrous metals are indicated.

These results are only an indicator of soil corrosivity for the samples tested. Other soil on the site may be more, less, or of a similar corrosive nature. Any imported materials should be tested to determine their corrosion potential before being delivered to the site.

Harrington Geotechnical Engineering does not practice corrosion engineering and we recommend that a competent corrosion engineer be retained to review the results and recommend any mitigation methods necessary and/or recommend further testing.

# **GEOLOGIC HAZARDS**

### Faulting/Fault Rupture

The site is in a portion of California that is seismically active and anticipated to be subjected to strong ground motions by earthquakes generated by active faults in the area. This is not unique to this site but common to all properties in the vicinity. The site is not within a presently designated earthquake fault zone as established by the Alquist-Priolo Fault Zoning Act (Reference 2).

The property is situated approximately 7.5 km from the nearest fault (Elysian Park Thrust) and 9.9 km from the next nearest fault (Compton Thrust Fault). The likelihood of surface rupture occurring at the site is therefore considered low.

## Liquefaction/Seismically Induced Settlement

The easterly portion of the site is located in a potential liquefaction hazard zone as shown on the State of California Earthquake Zones of Required Investigation, Anaheim Quadrangle Sheet (Reference 2), and as defined by the shaded green portions of Figure 4 and Plate A.

Therefore, a liquefaction/dry sand settlement assessment was conducted using the EQ Liquefy2 program. The calculations are presented in Appendix D and summarized in the table below.

# Seismic Hazard Zones Map - Figure 4



The results presented in Table 1 indicate a maximum settlement of 3.8 to 7.5 inches at B-1 to B-5 of seismically-induced dry sand settlement using the historically high groundwater condition. The majority of the settlement occurs in strata between 20 and 40 feet. The analyses are labeled as B-1 through B-5 (Figures 5 through 9) in Appendix D.

The analyses were re-run assuming the soil has been densified by either removal, replacement and compaction or another ground modification procedure such as compaction grouting. The ground modified analyses are labeled as B-140, B-240, B-340, B430 and B-540 (Figures 10 through 14) in Appendix D. With ground improvement the settlement varies from 0.8 to 2.9 inches. This is significantly less than the four inches generally accepted as allowable for seismic plus static settlement.

	Table 1 - Dry Sand Settlement												
Boring No.	Existing Condition	Ground Improvement	Improved Settlement										
	Settlement (inches)	Depth (feet)	(inches)										
B-1	7.52	40	2.57										
B-2	3.84	40	2.44										
B-3	6.37	40	1.37										
B-4	5.94	30	0.80										
B-5	4.84	40	2.86										

### **Earthquake Induced Landslide**

As shown on the State of California Earthquake Zones of Required Investigation, Anaheim Quadrangle Sheet (Reference 2) and Figure 4, the relatively level property is not located within a potential earthquake induced landslide zone.

#### Tsunami

The likelihood of the site being affected by a tsunami is very low according to California Emergency Management Agency, Tsunami Inundation Map for Orange County. The Newport Beach Quadrangle indicates that the site is beyond the mapped area of Tsunami Inundation (Reference 7). This is due to the distance from the coastline and elevation of the site.

#### **Flood Hazard**

The site is not located within a Special Flood Hazard Area as determined by FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map (Reference 9). The site is located in Zone X in an area of reduced flood risk due to the presence of a levee.

# **CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Based on conditions encountered/established during this investigation, it is our conclusion that construction of the currently planned phased Angels Stadium Master Plan is feasible from a geotechnical engineering standpoint provided the recommendations which follow are implemented during design and construction of the project.

Following our evaluation of conditions encountered in the field exploration and the analyses of laboratory test data, the primary major geotechnical constraints to site development include the following: 1) seismic ground shaking; 2) static and seismically induced settlement or liquefaction; and 3) temporary excavation support for subterranean parking structures.

The following preliminary design recommendations are intended for use during conceptual planning of the project. A design-level geotechnical report should be prepared to provide site-specific geotechnical recommendations for grading the site and construction of foundations, subterranean parking structure walls, and pavement sections once more definitive plans have been established.

Anticipated conditions and recommendations of the final site-specific geotechnical report are subject to confirmation during construction.

#### **Seismic Design**

The provisions of Chapter 16, Section 1613, of the 2019 California Building Code and the Structural Engineer Associates of California guidelines are considered appropriate for design of the project. These applications should be adequate to mitigate the potential adverse effects from strong ground motion. The potential for surface rupture at the site is sufficiently low that it does not require any mitigation.

Earthquake factors determined using the SEAOC/OSHPD data base website and Chapter 16 requirements are presented in Appendix C.

#### Groundwater

Groundwater was encountered at a depth of 73 feet in Boring 1 and 78 feet in Boring 12 at the time of drilling. Historic high groundwater depth in the area is reported to range from 30 to 50 feet (Reference 1). Given the continued need for water resources in Southern California, we anticipate that during the life of the project, groundwater is unlikely to rise above a depth of 30 feet.

Groundwater is not anticipated to effect adversely the site development as currently proposed. However, groundwater could affect construction of deep foundations if constructed during periods of shallow groundwater. Under such conditions, drilled piers would likely require the use of casing, drilling fluids, or auger cast piles.

## **Seismic Induced Settlement**

Our analyses indicate that significant portions of the site are susceptible to liquefaction and related adverse effects. We estimate the total seismic settlement could range up to approximately 7.5 inches. This magnitude of seismic settlement is not considered tolerable for the proposed development.

Adverse effects from seismic settlement could be mitigated through ground improvement methods of the upper 40 feet. Such methods include removal and re-compaction, compaction grouting, and vibro-compaction. Provided such improvements are implemented during site development, we estimate the seismic settlement could be reduced to about 2.5 inches or less. This magnitude of total settlement could be tolerable by structures supported by well-reinforced foundation systems such as post-tension slabs or conventionally reinforced mats. In lieu of such ground improvements, deep foundations could be employed to support structures.

## **Site Clearing and Grading**

It is recommended that grading be carried out in accordance with applicable sections of the Grading Specifications in Appendix E and the following general site recommendations.

Prior to grading, any existing vegetation and debris resulting from removal of the existing improvements should be stripped and disposed of offsite according to the requirements of the City of Anaheim. Removal of these structures will result in large-scale demolition and disruption to the surficial soils.

In planned roads, in order to develop adequate, uniform support and alleviate the potential for differential settlement, shallow removal (generally less than 5 feet below grade) and replacement with engineered fill to provide uniform, competent soil is present will be necessary.

In planned building areas, the preliminary depth of over-excavation and re-compaction or ground modification is anticipated to be 40 feet. In areas of underground parking structures, where significant cuts may be made, the depths would be reduced by the amount of cut. More precise remedial correction depths will be determined during the design-level geotechnical report phase.

We anticipate that conventional grading equipment will be suitable for excavation of the on-site materials.

Replacement fill material should be spread in thin, loose lifts, moisture conditioned to near optimum and compacted to a minimum relative compaction of 90% based on the results of compaction tests performed in accordance with ASTM Test Method D1557- $12^{\epsilon 1}$ .

Any imported soil shall be approved by the geotechnical engineer for expansion, corrosivity, and strength qualities prior to being transported to the site. Final acceptance of any imported soil will be based on observation and/or testing of soil actually delivered to the site.

It is recommended that grading operations be monitored by a representative of the geotechnical engineer in order to confirm compliance with grading recommendations in the final, site-specific geotechnical report.

# Slope Stability, Lateral Spreading, and Earthquake Induced Landsliding

There are no slopes onsite so that slope stability and earthquake induced landsliding are not a site related concern. However, the nearby Santa Ana River channel which is approximately 18 feet in height, inclined at an approximate 1H to 1V, lined with grouted boulders, and above the liquefaction zone is adjacent to the site and lateral spreading of the channel is a possibility.

Potential project impacts related to lateral spreading on the eastern portion of the site would be mitigated through specific design recommendations included in the geotechnical reports that would be required during the City's site plan review process for each site specific development project. These site specific geotechnical studies and soil engineering reports would evaluate potential risk associated with lateral spreading for individual future projects and incorporate project-specific design requirements and conditions of approval of all future projects. The geotechnical reports for each site specific development project would be subject to review and approval by the City of Anaheim.

Recommendations in the geotechnical reports related to lateral spreading would be consistent with the latest CBC requirements and may include, but are not limited to, seismic shear keys, or implementation of isolated stone columns, soil mix columns, or jet grout columns in the deeper soil layers of the project site adjacent to the Santa Ana River.

## **Soil Expansion**

Soils at the site are generally classified as non-expansive in accordance with the 2019 CBC. As such no special mitigation for expansive spoil is anticipated.

## **Static Settlement**

Results of our investigation indicate the site is susceptible to hydrocollapse. Site soils in their current condition could undergo sudden consolidation when wetted and cause ground settlement that is considered intolerable for proposed site development.

This condition could be mitigated by improving the upper 40 feet of soils. Potential mitigation methods include removal and re-compaction, compaction grouting, and vibro-compaction. Provided such methods are implemented, total and differential settlement is estimated to be less than 1 inch and  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch over 20 feet. Such settlement is considered tolerable for proposed site development.

## **Temporary Excavations**

Site soils are relatively cohesion less and will not be stable in temporary vertical cuts. This condition can be mitigated through the use of slope laybacks or shoring for excavations. Laybacks would generally require a maximum slope of 1.5H to 1V. Shoring will require lagging installed as the cut proceeds. Shafts for drilled piers will be prone to caving. This condition can be mitigated through the use of casing, drilling muds, or the use of auger cast piles. The temporary below grade parking structure excavations could be supported by various methods

depending on the final design but could include tiebacks and shotcrete or soldier beams and wood lagging walls.

Temporary cuts should be monitored during grading/construction by a representative of the geotechnical engineer in order to confirm compliance with temporary cut recommendations in the final, site-specific geotechnical report.

# Foundation/Retaining Wall Design

It is anticipated that the majority of at-grade structures will be supported on either conventional spread footings or reinforced mat foundations bearing on ground modified soils or deep foundations if there is no ground modification.

Assuming that ground modification to a depth of 40 feet is selected, this would result in an allowable bearing capacity of 4,000 pounds per square foot. While specific loadings have not been determined, an assumed column load of 400 kips would require a 100-square-foot footing. The zone of influence normally extends to twice the depth of the footing width (10 feet) which in this case would be 20 feet. Similarly, a column load of 800 kips would require a 200 square foot footing and the zone of influence would be 28 feet. In both examples settlement would not be a concern since the zone of influence is in the modified ground envelope.

In the event there is no ground modification deep foundations would be required to protect structures from seismically induced settlements. Friction piles or piers extending 60 to 70 feet below grade would be necessary in some places.

Foundation excavations should be monitored during construction by a representative of the geotechnical engineer in order to confirm compliance with foundation recommendations in the final, site-specific geotechnical report.

## **Deep Foundations**

Deep foundations could be employed. Steel or precast concrete piles could be driven to 60 to 70 feet to provide the necessary bearing capacity. The issue with piles could be the noise generated by the driving process.

Piers or caissons are also alternatives. The issue with piers or caissons is the need to drill a large diameter hole which has the potential to collapse before the steel and concrete are placed. In addition the potential for groundwater becoming a factor is increased significantly. Casing the holes and the use of tremie pipe for placing the concrete are methods to deal with these conditions. Auger cast piles are also a means to minimize the potential for collapse.

### **Concrete Quality and Corrosivity Tests**

A negligible amount of water-soluble sulfate is indicated for the prevalent surface material and special sulfate-resistant concrete may not be required on this project. The exposure class (ACI 318-11, Table 4.2.1) is S0. Based on this test result concrete could contain Type II cement (Section 1904.2 of the 2019 CBC and ACI 318, Section 4.3, Table 4.3.1).

Additional testing of soils samples obtained during grading will be necessary to determine the actual cement type required.

The resistivity testing indicates that the corrosion potential for ferrous metals are mildly to moderately corrosive. This condition can be mitigated using protective coatings or cathodic protection, if metallic elements will be in contact with site soils. Specific recommendations can be obtained from a corrosion specialist.

Chlorides were non-detectable and the pH was slightly above 8. Chlorides and pH will have no adverse impact on the development.

#### Site Drainage

The 2019 CBC Section 1804.4 requires that the minimum drainage for the ground around the perimeter of a building should be 5% away from the foundation for a distance of 10 feet. Impervious surfaces within 10 feet of the building foundation shall be sloped a minimum of 2%. In no case should the surface waters be allowed to flow over the slope surfaces in an uncontrolled manner.

## Infiltration

The soils at the site are sands which should infiltrate fairly easily. However, if ground modification is chosen as the remedial option for limiting liquefaction settlement, the results would be changed significantly from the current conditions in the modified areas. Once a final design layout is decided upon, areas for infiltration testing can be designated which will not impact the foundation system chosen. The site is considered to be feasible for infiltration.

## **Additional Geotechnical Studies**

A design-level geotechnical report should be prepared to provide site-specific geotechnical recommendations for grading the site and construction of foundations, subterranean parking structure walls, and pavement sections once more definitive plans have been established. Additional borings and laboratory testing may be necessary once a confirmed construction plan is developed.

#### **Plan Review**

It is recommended that preliminary project plans, details and specifications be submitted to this office for geotechnical review for compliance with the findings and recommendations of the final site-specific geotechnical report. Additional recommendations can then be provided if necessary.

#### **Pre-Construction Meeting**

A pre-grade/construction meeting attended by the owner's representative, members of the design team, grading contractor, city inspector, and a representative of the geotechnical engineer should be held at the site to review the findings and recommendations of the final site-specific geotechnical report and project plans and specifications prior to starting work on the project.

## **Grading Observations and Testing**

Grading and foundation construction should be observed and tested by members of our staff so that anticipated soil conditions can be confirmed and the recommendations in the final sitespecific geotechnical report validated. If deemed necessary, as a result of changed conditions, supplemental recommendations may then be provided. Results of those observations and tests should be provided in the final report which should include a statement by the geotechnical engineer concerning the adequacy of the completed work.

# **GENERAL COMMENTS**

The services provided under the purview of this report have been performed in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering principals and standards of practice in this area. The comments and recommendations presented are professional opinions based on observations and our best estimation of project conditions and requirements as indicated by presently available information and data. No further warranty, express or implied, is intended by issuance of this report.

The investigation did not include: 1) detailed study of geologic and seismic conditions or 2) sampling, field measurements or laboratory tests for the presence of any toxic/hazardous substances in the earth materials at the site. However, this does not imply that the site is subject to any unusual geologic, seismic or environmental hazard.

Any unanticipated condition encountered in the course of grading and/or construction should be brought to the attention of the geotechnical engineer for evaluation prior to proceeding with the work.

This report has been developed for the sole use of the client and/or clients authorized representative. These conclusions and recommendations should be verified by a qualified geotechnical engineer based upon additional subsurface information obtained by subsequent investigation(s) and/or during grading and/or foundation construction. No part of the report should be taken out of context, nor utilized without full knowledge and awareness of its intent.

This report is issued on condition that HGEI will be retained to conduct additional soil investigation(s) and observe the grading and foundation construction operations. If another firm provides this service then that firm must review and accept this report, or provide alternate recommendations, and assume responsibility for the project. This report will be valid for a period of one year form date of issue and will then require updating.

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# **APPENDIX A**

# **FIELD INVESTIGATION**

The field investigation was conducted on February 20 through February 24, 2020 and consisted of logging and sampling nineteen exploratory borings drilled with a truck-mounted, 8-inchdiameter, hollow-stem auger to depths of up to 101.5 feet. The boring locations are indicated on Plate A and the logs of the borings are presented on Plates A-1 to A-19. The descriptions represent the prevalent soil types and slightly different material types may be present within the major groupings. Also, the transition from one soil type or condition to another may be gradual rather than abrupt as implied, and differing conditions may exist in unexplored areas.

Unified Soil Classification System Classification Criteria/Symbols are presented on Plate A-20.

A representative of the geotechnical engineer observed the field work, collected samples for transportation to our geotechnical laboratory, and prepared field logs by visual/tactile examination of the materials. Core samples were obtained at discreet intervals using a modified California split-spoon sampler loaded with 2.42'' I.D. x 1'' long, thin-wall, brass rings. Bulk samples of the materials were also collected. Samples were placed in plastic bags immediately upon removal from the sampler to conserve moisture and labeled for identification.

The borings were backfilled with excavated soils immediately upon completion of sampling and capped with cold-mix asphalt concrete. Groundwater was encountered at a depth of 73 feet in Boring 1 and 78 feet in Boring 12 at the time of drilling the borings.



B-1 Dal to 101' TD = 101' Q 73'		GEOTECHNICAL-ENGINEERING-INC: DRANGELCA
B-3 al to 51' (-) TD = 51' Qal	Project: ANGEL'S STADIUM MASTER PLAN	Address: 2000 Gene Autry Way, Anaheim, CA 92806 HGEI Project No.: 20-01-3950
B-4 Qal to 51' TD = 51' B-5 Qal to 101' TD = 101'	Drawing Name: Drawing Name: CHECKED BN DATE: 04/11 REVISION 7/14 Boundar	ACTIVE PROJECT FILESS30003850 ANGEL BALL PARKAUTOCADIGEOTECHNICAL MAP.DWG
	PLATE	

		:														
Project: Job No.: Location: Coordinates:	An 20 An	ngels Stadium Master Plan 0-01-3950 naheim, CA		LOG OF BORING B-T lium Master Plan Surface Elev.: 140.0 Top of Casing Elev.: N.A. Drilling Method: Hollow Stem Auge Sampling Method: Cal-Mod and SPT	r											
Elevation, feet Depth, feet	Sample No.	Symbol / USCS Symbol / USCS Recovery %														
				3" ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT <u>ALLUVIUM (Qal):</u> SAND (SP), tan, moist, medium dense, fine to medium grained	44	118	11									
135.0 - 5 -  				SAND (SP) tan, damp to mojet, medium dense, medium to coarse grained	42	97	4									
130.0 - 10 - 					34	97	3									
• •	I				21	101	4									
125.0 - 15 -				SILTY SAND (SM) brown moist medium dense fine grained	24	96	2									
120.0 - 20 -	L L				14	106	13									
	ſ				14	98	14									
115.0 - 25 -  	Ĩ			SAND (SP), tan, moist, medium dense, medium to coarse grained	20	104	6									
110.0 - 30 - 	Σ	$\left\{ \right\}$	i		20		3									
 - ~ 105.0 - 35 -    	ſ				33	101	3									
Completion De Date Boring Se Date Boring Co Logged By: Drilling Contra	epth: tarted omple ctor:	l: eted:	101 2/20 2/20 BC/ OW	.5 Remarks: D/20 Groundater was encountered at 73'. Type of auger used prevented D/20 Backfilled with auger cuttings. Pavement patch with cold-mix aspha MS 'D	cavir It con	ng. crete.										
The stratification boundaries. T	on lin he tra	es rep ansitio	reser n may	nt approximate y be gradual. Harrin <b>G</b> eot Chnical Engineering, Inc PL/	٩TE	A-1	Drilling Contractor: OWD The stratification lines represent approximate boundaries. The transition may be gradual. Harrington Encineering, Inc. PLATE A-1a									

(				_		LOG OF BORI	NG B-1				
Project Job No Locatic Coordin	: .: n: nates:	Angels Stadium Master Plan      Surface Elev.:      140.0        20-01-3950      Top of Casing Elev.:      N.A.        Anaheim, CA      Drilling Method:      Hollow Stem Au        s:      Sampling Method:      Cal-Mod and SF					140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	r		T	
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL [	DESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 40 -   		X			SANDY CLAY (CL), light brown, very moist to	wet, medium stiff	<b></b>	6		20
95.0	- 45 -   					SILTY SAND with gravel (SM), medium brown	n, moist, dense		52	120	5
90.0	- 50 -   		X			SILTY GRAVEL (GM), light-medium gray/brov	vn, moist, very dense		50/6"		4
85.0	- 55 -  					SANDY SILT (ML) with rock fragments, light-n	nedium brown, moist, stil	ff	36	121	7
80.0	- 60 -  		X			SANDY SILT (ML), medium brown, moist, stift	f, trace gravel		14		22
75.0 -	- 65 -  		X						20		16
70.0 -	- 70 -				¥	SILTY SAND (SM), medium brown, moist, me	dium dense		28	115	14
- 65.0 - - - -	· 75 -  	ć	X		-	SILTY SAND TO SANDY SILT (SM/ML), med	ium brown, very moist, de	ense	50/6"		21
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling (	80 ⊥ tion De ring S ring C By: Contra	epth: tarte omp	d: lete	d:	101 2/20 2/20 BC/ OW	.5 Remarks: )/20 Groundater was e )/20 Backfilled with aug MS D	ncountered at 73'. Type ger cuttings. Pavement p	of auger used prevented atch with cold-mix aspha	cavin It con	g. crete.	L.,_,.
boundar	ies. T	The tr	ans	ition	eser 1 may	be gradual. Harrington	nical gineering, Inc	PL/	<u>\TE</u>	<u>A-1</u>	b

						LOG OF BORI	NG B-1				
Project Job No Locatio Coordi	:: o.: on: nates:	Angels Stadium Master Plan      Surface Elev.:      140.0        20-01-3950      Top of Casing Elev.:      N.A.        Anaheim, CA      Drilling Method:      Hollow Stem Auge        S:      Sampling Method:      Cal-Mod and SPT							r	1=	
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL D	ESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
55.0	- 80 -   - 85 - 		X			SILTY SAND TO SANDY SILT (SM/ML), medi GRAVELLY SAND (SP), light medium brown, v	um brown, very moist, d very moist, very dense	ense	14		11
50.0	 - 90 - 		X			SAND (SP) with gravel, light-medium brown, ve	ery moist, dense, trace s	ilt	58	1	22
45.0	 - 95 -   		X						36		16
40.0	-100-		X						48		16
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling (	Lion De ring S ring C By: Contra	epth: tarte ompl ctor:	d: lete	ed:	101 2/20 2/20 BC/ OW	.5 Remarks: )/20 Groundater was en )/20 Backfilled with aug MS D	countered at 73'. Type er cuttings. Pavement p	of auger used prevented atch with cold-mix aspha	cavir It con	g. crete.	
The stra boundar	tificati ies. T	on lir he tr	an	s repi sitior	reser n may	t approximate / be gradual. Harrington Geot	nical neering, Inc	PL#	ATE	A-1	с

$\square$						LOG OF BORI	NG B-2				
Project Job No Locatic Coordir	: .: n: nates:	Angels Stadium Master 20-01-3950 Anaheim, CA				lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	r		1
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL D	ESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 0 -					5" ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT ALLUVIUM (Qal):		/	 		
			D			SILTY SAND (SM), medium black/brown, mois	t, medium dense		20	99	8
135.0	- 5 -		IJ	1		SAND (SP), light brown, moist, medium dense		9 189 699 -	17	97	4
	 		Π						19	96	7
130.0	- 10 - -       -								27	101	4
	 								27	104	3
125.0	- 15 -		Π						28	101	3
-						i			23	104	3
120.0	20 -					SAND (SP), light-medium brown, moist, mediur	n dense		29	96	3
-			Π						35	103	4
115.0	25 -		U						49	96	4
									45	108	3
110.0	30 - -					SILTY SAND (SM), light-medium brown, very m	oist, medium dense		43	87	22
						SAND (SP), light-brown, very moist, medium de	nse				
105.0 -	35 -								40	104	4
	40							<u></u>			
Complet Date Bo Date Bo	ion De ring Si ring Ce	epth: tarte ompl	d: let	ed:	51.( 2/24 2/24	) Remarks: 1/20 Groundater was no 1/20 Backfilled with auge	t encountered. Type of er cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix aspha	iving. It con	crete.	
Logged Drilling (	By: Contra	ctor:			BC OW	D		-			
The stra boundar	tificatio les. T	on lir he tr	nes an	s repr sitior	tesen 1 may	t approximate be gradual. Harrington Geotecht	nical			<u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>	
							neenng, Inc	<u> </u>	11日	A-2	a J

$\int$						LO	G OF BORIN	IG B-2				
Projec Job No Locatio Coord	et: o.: on: inates:	Angels Stadium Master Plan 20-01-3950 Anaheim, CA						Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	r		
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %		MATERIAL D	ESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 40 -   					SANDY SILT to SILTY S/	AND (SM/ML), mediur	n brown, very moist, stif	f to very stiff	21	99	24
95.0	- 45 -  		X							21		16
90.0	- 50 -									27	111	16
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged	etion D pring S pring C Bv:	epth: starte	d: let	ed:	51.0 2/24 2/24 BC	) 1/20 1/20	Remarks: Groundater was not Backfilled with auge	encountered. Type of or cuttings. Pavement pa	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix asphal	ving. t con	crete.	
Drilling The stra bounda	Contra atificat ries.	ictor: ion lir The tr	nes an	s rep isition	OW reser	D t approximate / be gradual.	Harrin <sub>G</sub> eot <sub>Echr</sub>	ical neering, Inc	PLA	TE	A-2	b

						LOG OF BORI	NG B-3					
Project: Job No.: Location: Coordina	: ates:	Ar 20 Ar	nge 1-0 nat	els 9 1-39 nein	Stac 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auger Cal-Mod and SPT				
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL D	ESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %	
-	-					5" ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT ALLUVIUM (Qal): SILTY SAND (SM), medium black brown, mois SAND (SP), light brown, moist, medium dense	t, medium dense , medium to coarse grai	/	18	99	3	
- 135.0 - -	5 -								24	99	5	
-	-		SAND (SP), light-medium brown, moist, medium dense, trace silt									
130.0 -	10 - -								29	105	5	
-	-								21	97	3	
125.0 -	15 - - -								22	130	3	
	- - 20 -				·				32	100	4	
-	- F					√@22' perched water CANDX O'L T (ML) modilism house maintenance		, ,	34	99	12	
115.0 - 2	25 -					SILTY SAND (SM), medium brown, wery moist	, medium dense		27	92	6	
- 	-								21	109	16	
110.0 - 3	30 - -								18	97	18	
- - 105.0 - 3	- - 35 -								24	110	15	
									27			
Completic Date Borin Date Borin Logged B Drilling Co	40 ⊥ on De ing Si ing Ce by: ontra	epth: tartec ompl ctor:	d: lete	ed:	51.0 2/24 2/24 BC OW	Constraints   4/20   4/20   4/20   Backfilled with aug	ot encountered. Type of er cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix asphal	iving. t con	crete.		
The stratit boundarie	ficatio es. T	on lir he tr	ans	repr sition	eser i maj	nt approximate y be gradual. Harrin Geot	nical ineering, Inc	PLA	TE	A-3	a	

Surface Elev.: 140.0 Top of Casing Elev.: N.A. Drilling Method: Hollow Stem Auge Sampling Method: Cal-Mod and SPT	er		<u> </u>
MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
m brown, very moist, medium dense	23	112	9
	- 65	96	8
	-		
Remarks: Groundater was not encountered. Type of auger used prevented of Backfilled with auger cuttings. Pavement patch with cold-mix asph	aving.	crete.	
	Remarks: Groundater was not encountered. Type of auger used prevented of Backfilled with auger cuttings. Pavement patch with cold-mix aspha	n brown, very moist, medium dense      23        44      44        65        66        7        8        8        8        8        9	n brown, very moist, medium dense      23      112        44      44      44        65      96      65        8      65      96        8      65      96        9      65      96        8      65      96        9      65      96        9      65      96        9      65      96        9      65      96        9      65      96        9      65      96        9      65      96        9      65      96        9      65      96        9      7      7        9      7      7        9      8      7        9      9      8        10      9      9        11      10      10        11      10      10        11      10      10        11      10      10        11      10      10        12      10      10        13      10      10<

						LOG OF BORI	NG B-4						
Project Job No Locatio Coordi	:: o.: on: nates:	Ar 20 Ar	າg )-( າa	els ( )1-3 hein	Stac 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	r	T			
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL D	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION						
	- 0 -					5" ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT ALLUVIUM (Qal): SILTY SAND (SM), medium black brown, mois	st, medium dense	/	19	94	8		
135.0	- 5 -					SAND (SP), light-medium brown, moist, mediu	m dense. trace silt		15	96	6		
	 		@7.5' medium to coarse grained, loose										
130.0	- 10 -					@10' medium dense	0' medium dense 2						
									20	91	3		
125.0	- 15 -								28	99	3		
						@17.5' dense			53	98	3		
120.0	- 20 -					SAND (SP), light-medium brown, moist, mediu	m dense		46	99	4		
						SILTY SAND (SM), medium brown, moist, med	dium dense		22	106	13		
115.0	- 25 - 								23	101	12		
						@27.5' loose @29' wet, perched water			11	97	25		
110.0	- 30 -  					SANDY SILT (ML), medium brown, moist to ve	ry moist, medium dense	•	17	105	20		
105.0	- 35 -  					SANDY GRAVEL (GW), gray brown gravel, litt	le to no fines, fracturing,	moist, very dense	38 50/5"	125	6		
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	- 40 <sup>⊥</sup> tion D oring S oring C By: Contra	epth: tarte comp	d: let	ed:	51.0 2/24 2/24 BC OW	P Remarks:   4/20 Groundater was not   4/20 Backfilled with aug	ot encountered. Type of Jer cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented ca batch with cold-mix aspha	aving. It con	crete.	<u> </u>		
The stra bounda	atificati ries. 1	on lii 'he ti	ne: ran	s rep isitior	reser n ma	nt approximate y be gradual. Harrington Eng	nical ineering, Inc	PL/	٩ΤΕ	A-4	a		

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Projec Job N Locati Coord	it: o.: on: inates:	Aı 20 Aı	ng )-( na	iels 01-3 heir	Stac 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A		Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	r		
Elevation, feet	Depth, fect	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %		MATERIAL D	ESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, lb/cu ft.	Water Content %
95.0	+ 40 -   - 45 -					SANDY GRAVEL (GW), g	ray brown gravel, littl	e to no fines, fracturing,	moist, very dense	50/5'		4
	 		Å				aan brown, moist, v			50/0		4
90.0	- 50 -										101	4
				:								
Comple Date B Date B Logged	i I etion D oring S oring C By:	epth: starte	d: let	ed:	51.0 2/24 2/24 BC	) 4/20 4/20	Remarks: Groundater was no Backfilled with auge	t encountered. Type of er cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix aspha	I aving. It con	crete.	
The str bounda	atificat ries.	ion lii The ti	ne: rar	s rep Isitio	reser n may	t approximate / be gradual.	Harrin Geot	nical neering, Inc	PL/	<u>\TE</u>	A-4	.b

	LOG	OF BORIN	G B-5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Project: Angels Stac Job No.: 20-01-3950 Location: Anaheim, C Coordinates:	lium Master Plan A		Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	ər				
Elevation, feet Depth, feet Sample No. Symbol / USCS Recovery %									
	<u>5" ASPHALT CONCRETE PA</u> <u>ALLUVIUM (Qal):</u> SILTY SAND (SM), light-medi	AVEMENT ium brown, moist, r	nedium dense, trace g	ravel	46	116	11		
135.0 - 5 -	SAND (SP) with silt, light-medium brown, moist, medium dense								
<b>D</b>									
130.0 - 10 - <b>I</b>					14	97	3		
					16	93	3		
	SAND (SW), light-medium bro	own, moist, mediun	n dense, trace silt		26	101	3		
					34	96	3		
					42	97	3		
115.0 - 25 -	SAND (SP), light brown, moist	t, medium dense			40		8		
	- CLAYEY SILT (ML), 6-inch len SAND (SP), light brown, moist	ns, moist, very stiff t, medium dense		/	43		26		
					36	102	17		
	SAND (SW), light-medium bro	wn, moist, dense, i	race silt		50/4"		11		
Completion Depth: 101 Date Boring Started: 2/20 Date Boring Completed: 2/20 Logged By: BC Drilling Contractor: OW	.0 Re )/20 Gr )/20 Ba	emarks: iroundater was not a ackfilled with auger	encountered. Type of cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented c atch with cold-mix aspha	aving.	crete.			
the stratification lines represer boundaries. The transition may	y be gradual.	arrin <mark>G</mark> eot <sub>Echni</sub>	cal eering. Inc.	PI		Δ-5	a		

(		LOG OF BORI	NG B-5						
Project: Job No.: Location: Coordinates;	Angels Stadium Master Plan      Surface Elev.:      140.0        20-01-3950      Top of Casing Elev.:      N.A.        Anaheim, CA      Drilling Method:      Hollow Stem Aug        Sampling Method:      Cal-Mod and SP								
Elevation, feet Depth, feet	Sampler Graphics Sampoler Graphics Symbol / USCS Recovery %	MATERIAL [	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION						
40 -    	N:0000	SANDY GRAVEL (GW), gray brown gravel, m	oist, very dense, little to no	) fines	86		6		
95.0 - 45 -   		SAND (SW) with gravel, medium brown/gray,	wet, very dense		86		18		
90.0 - 50 -    		CLAYEY SILT (ML), medium brown, wet, very	stiff		18		23		
85.0 - 55 -   	X	SILTY SAND (SM) with gravel, medium brown	, wet, very dense		50/6"		14		
80.0 - 60 -   	X	SILTY SAND (SM) with gravel, medium brown	wet, medium dense		12		17		
75.0 - 65 -  		CLAYEY SILT (ML), medium brown, wet, med	um stiff		6		19		
70.0 - 70 -   					6		23		
 65.0 - 75 -   		@75' stiff			11		27		
L 80 L Completion De Date Boring Si Date Boring Co Logged By: Drilling Contra	apth: 101 tarted: 2/2 ompleted: 2/2 BC ctor: OW	1.0 Remarks: 0/20 Groundater was no 0/20 Backfilled with aug	ot encountered. Type of a er cuttings. Pavement pat	uger used prevented ca ch with cold-mix asphal	ving. t cond	crete.			
one stratificatio boundaries. T	on lines represei he transition ma	nt approximate ly be gradual. Harrin Geot Eng	nical ineering, Inc	. PLA	TE	A-5	b		

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Project Job No Locatio Coordii	: n: nates:	Aı 20 Aı	ng )-C nai	els : )1-3 heir	Stad 950 n, C	ium Master Plan A		Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	ər		
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATI	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION					Water Content %
	- 80 -  		X			CLAYEY SILT (ML), medium brown,	very mois	t to wet, stiff, trace sand		13		19
55.0	- 85 -  		X							14		22
50.0	- 90 -  		X			SILTY SAND (SM), medium brown, v	very moist,	medium dense		13		16
45.0	- 95 -  		X		i	CLAYEY SILT (ML), 6" lens, very mo SILTY SAND (SM), with gravel, med	olst, very si ium brown	iff , very moist, dense	,	36		19
40.0	 -100 	1	X			SILTY SAND (SW), medium brown,	very moist	to wet, dense		50/4	r.	11
Comple	tion D	epth			101	.0 Remarks	<del>.</del>					
Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	oring S oring C By: Contra	Starte Comp	id: ileti	ed:	2/2( 2/2( BC OW	)/20 Grounda )/20 Backfille D	iter was no d with aug	t encountered. Type of er cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented on atch with cold-mix asph	aving alt cor	icrete.	
The stra boundar	tificat ries. 1	ion li Fhe t	nes ran	s rep Isitio	reser n may	t approximate / be gradual. Harring	ton eot <b>E</b> ng	nical ineering, Inc	PL	ATE	E A-8	īc J

Project: Job No.: Location: Coordinates:	Angel: 20-01- Anahe	s Stac -3950 eim, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	Surface Elev.:140.0Top of Casing Elev.:N.A.Drilling Method:Hollow Stem AugerSampling Method:Cal-Mod and SPT			T
Elevation, feet Depth, feet	Sample No. <u>Sampler Graphics</u> Sumbol / I'I'SC'S	Recovery %	MAT	ERIAL DESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	
			5" ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEME <u>ALLUVIUM (Qal):</u> SILTY SAND (SM), light brown, mois SAND (SP), tan, damp to moist, me	NT st, medium dense, fine to medium g dium dense, medium to coarse gra	grained	19	101	
135.0 - 5 -	I					14	87	
 						21	104	
130.0 - 10 -						22	102	
125.0 - 15 -			below 12.5' trace gravel (up to 1/2" d	liameter)		23	100	
						25	99	
120.0 - 20 -			SAND (SP), tan, damp to moist, mee	lium dense, medium to coarse grai	ned with occasional	40	102	
			lenses of SILTY SAND (SM), light br	own, moist, medium dense, fine to	medium grained	46	100	
 115.0 - 25 -  						38	100	
110.0 - 30 -	X					24		
Completion De Date Boring S Date Boring C Logged By: Ddilling Contra	epth: tarted: ompleted:	31.5 2/20 2/20 ALS	5 Remarks D/20 Grounda D/20 Backfille	s: ter was not encountered. Type of d with auger cuttings. Pavement pa	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix asphal	iving. It cond	crete.	

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Project Job No Locatio Coordii	:: b.: pn: nates:	Ai 20 Ai	ng )-( na	jels : 01-3 aheir	Stac 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	r	T	
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL D	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION				
	- 0 -							ſ		-	
	 					SAND (SP), tan, damp to moist, medium dens	e, medium to coarse gra	lined	23	102	5
135.0	- 5 -		0						26	105	6
			D						18	109	4
130.0	- 10 -	below 10' trace gravel (up to 1/2" diameter)									4
	 								21	102	3
125.0	- 15 -  		Π						24	102	2
120.0	  - 20 -								51	99	4
				T		SILTY SAND (SM), light brown, moist, medium	n dense, fine to medium	grained interlayered	27	111	5
			Π			with SAND (SP), tan, damp to molst, medium	dense, medium to coars	e grained	48	143	3
115.0	- 25 -  		Π						39	109	9
110.0	- 30 -  								50	108	3
105.0	- 35 -  		Χ						25		10
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	- 40 bion Do bring S bring C By: Contra	epth: tarte comp	id:	<u>데이</u> ted:	51.0 2/20 2/20 ALS OW	C Remarks: D/20 Groundater was no D/20 Backfilled with aug D/20	ot encountered. Type of ger cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix aspha	iving. It con	crete.	L
The stra boundai	ries. 7	on lii The t	ne rar	s rep nsitio	reser n ma	nt approximate y be gradual. Harrin Geot	nical jineering, Inc	PL/	ΥΕ	A-7	'a
Project		nael	s Star	tium Master Plan		140.0					
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Job No.: Location: Coordinate	2 A es:	0-01- mahe	-3950 aim, C		Top of Casing Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method	N.A. Hollow Stem Aug Cal-Mod and SPT	er	1	<u>т</u>		
Elevation, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics Sumbol / LISCS	Recovery %	MA	TERIAL DESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/m ft	10/04 11		
95.0 - 45	- - - - - - - - -	<b>U</b>		SILTY SAND (SM), with gravel, ligh gravel (up to 3" diameter)	nt brown, moist, dense, fine to n	nedium grained, moderate	50/6 <sup>-</sup> 70	118			
	- - - -						_50/3'	99			
			2								
Completion	Depth	    1:	51	0 Remari	ks:				-		
Date Boring	g Start g Com	ed: pleted:	2/20	0/20 Ground 0/20 Backfill	later was not encountered. Typ led with auger cuttings. Paveme	e of auger used prevented on the patch with cold-mix asph	caving. alt con	crete	۰.		

$\square$						LOG OF BOR	NG B-8				
Project Job No Locatic Coordii	: .: n: nates:	Ar 20 Ar	nge )-0° nah	els S 1-39 nein	Stac 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	r 	1	
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL	DESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 0					∑5" ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT ALLUVIUM (Qal): SAND (SP), tan, damp to moist, medium der	se, medium to coarse gra	ained	28	99	5
135.0	- 5 -								21	98	5
400.0			0						16	105	4
130.0	- 10 -  	below 12.5' trace gravel (up to 1/2" diameter)							24	97	5
125.0	  - 15 -		below 12.5' trace gravel (up to 1/2" diameter)								
120.0	 20 - 					SAND (SP), tan, damp to moist, dense, medi SILTY SAND (SM), light brown moist, dense	um to coarse grained, oc	casional lenses of	46	103	3
-	  				:				44	106	3
115.0	- 25 -		0						46	103	4
110.0											
110.0 -	· 30 - · - · -		D						33 50/5"	106	4
105.0	- 35 -  	i I	X						32		5
	40										
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling (	tion D ring S ring C By: Contra	epth: tarte compl ictor:	d: lete	d:	51.( 2/2( 2/2( ALS OW	) Remarks: )/20 Groundater was r )/20 Backfilled with au D	not encountered. Type of ger cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix asphal	iving. It con	crete.	
The stra boundar	tificati ies. T	on lir he tr	nes rans	repr	eser may	t approximate / be gradual. Harrington	nnical				
						<b>E</b> n	gineering, Inc	PLA	\TE	<u>A-8</u>	a

$\square$						LO	og of Borin	NG B-8				
Project Job No Locatio Coordir	: .: n: nates:	Aı 20 Aı	ng )-( na	els )1-3 heir	Stac 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A		Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	r		
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %		MATERIAL D	ESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 40 -   					SAND (SP), tan, damp to diameter)	e moist, dense, mediur	n to coarse grained, tra	ce gravel (up to 2"	24 50/5"	111	5
95.0	- 45 -  		X			SILTY SAND (SM) with gravel, brown, moist, dense, fine to medium grained, moderate gra (up to 3" diameter)						5
90.0	- 50 - 							50/3"	109	6		
	:											
			:	Í								
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	tion D oring S oring C By: Contra	epth starte comp	: ed: olei	ed:	51. 2/2 2/2 ALS OW	0 0/20 0/20 3 /D	Remarks: Groundater was no Backfilled with aug	t encountered. Type of er cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented catch with cold-mix aspha	aving. It con	crete.	I
The stra boundar	ificat ries. 1	ion li ſhe t	ne rar	s rep nsitio	n ma	nt approximate y be gradual.	Harrin <sub>Geot</sub> Eng	nical ineering, Inc	PL/	٩TE	A-8	3b

$\square$						LOG OF BORI	NG B-9				
Project Job No Locatio Coordir	: .: n: nates:	Ar 20 Ar	ng )-( na	iels 01-3 heir	Stac 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	r	1	T
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL I	DESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 0 -  					4" ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT <u>ALLUVIUM (Qal):</u> SAND (SP), tan, moist, medium dense, fine to	medium grained	/	48	99	5
135.0	- 5 -					SILTY SAND (SM), light brown, moist, mediur	n dense, fine to medium	grained	33	95	9
100.0			Π	- <b>I</b> -I-		SAND (SP), tan, moist, medium dense, mediu	m to coarse grained		30	101	5
130.0	80.0 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -							44	108	4	
125.0	  - 15 -	below 12.5' trace gravel (up to 1/2" diameter)									
-						SILTY SAND (SM), interlayered with SANDY S loose, fine grained	SILT (ML), light brown, m	oist to very moist,	15	92	22
120.0	- 20 -					SILTY SAND (SM), interlayered with SILTY C dense, fine grained	.AY (CL), light brown, ve	ry moist, medium	25	90	15
						CLAYEY SAND (SC), light brown, very moist,	medium dense, fine to m	nedium grained	19	107	16
115.0 -	- 25 -   								24	114	15
110.0	· 30  					SAND (SP), tan, moist, dense, fine to medium	grained		63	106	7
105.0	· 35 - - - - - -		X						35		4
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	tion D ring S ring C By: Contra	epth: tarte omp	d: det	::-1	51. 2/2 2/2 ALS OW	5 Remarks: 0/20 Groundater was n 0/20 Backfilled with aug 6	ot encountered. Type of ger cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix aspha	i aving. It con	crete.	
The stra boundar	tificati ies. 7	on lii he ti	ne: ran	s rep nsitio	reser n ma	nt approximate y be gradual. Harrington Eng	nical ineering, Inc	PL/	<u>\TE</u>	A-9	la J

$\left( \right)$					LOG OF BO	RING B-9				
Projec Job N Locati Coord	ot:  o.:  ion:  inates:	Ar 20 Ar	ngels )-01-3 naheir	Stad 1950 n, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auger Cal-Mod and SPT	^		
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIA	L DESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 40 -   				SAND (SP), tan, moist, medium dense, m SAND, llght brown, very moist, medium de	edium to coarse grained inte anse, fine grained	erlayered with SILTY	23	105	16
95.0	95.0 45 - SANDY CLAY (CL), red brown, very moist to wet, stiff, fine to medium grained, trace gravel (up to 1/2" diameter)							22		12
90.0	90.0 50 - 0								110	19
2										
,										
Compl Date B Date B Logged	etion D loring S loring C d By:	epth: Starte Compl	d: leted:	51.8 2/20 2/20 ALS	5 Remarks: D/20 Groundater wa D/20 Backfilled with	as not encountered. Type of auger cuttings. Pavement p	f auger used prevented ca batch with cold-mix asphal	iving. t con	crete.	
Drilling Contractor: OWD The stratification lines represent approximate boundaries. The transition may be gradual. Harrington Engineering, Inc PLATE										b

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Project. Job No Locatio Coordir	: .: n: nates:	Ar 20 Ar	ng )-C nal	els 3 )1-3 heir	Stac 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	r	T	
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL D	DESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 0 -				<b>.</b>	3.5" ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT ALLUVIUM (Qal): SAND (SM), tan, damp to moist, medium den	se, fine to medium graine	/	36	105	5
135.0	- 5 -	SILTY TO CLAYEY SAND (SM/SC), light brown, moist, loose, fine grained					ined	14	101	13	
400.0	<b>D</b> 							13	101	19	
130.0 *					0	SAND (SP), tan, damp to moist, loose, mediu SAND (SM), light brown, very moist, loose	rlayered with SILTY	20	106	11	
125.0 -	 - 15 - 									101	15
- -	• •		U			SILTY SAND (SM) interlayered with SANDY SILT (ML), light brown, moist to very moist, medium dense, fine grained, trace gravel (up to 1/2" diameter)					18
120.0	- 20 -				i	SILTY SAND (SM), interlayered with SILTY Cl dense, fine grained	AY (CL), light brown, ve	ry moist, medium	24	108	12
115.0 -	- 25 -								22	111	17
-	· -								21	112	15
110.0 -	- 30 -  		0			SILTY SAND (SM), light brown, moist, dense,	fine grained		58	99	8
105.0	· 35 - · -		X		-	SAND (SP), tan, moist, dense, medium graine	d		44		7
Complet Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling C	. <sub>40</sub> ⊥ tion De ring S ring C By: Contra	epth: tarte compl	d: lete	<u>ed:</u>	51.9 2/2 2/2 ALS OW	5 Remarks: 1/20 Groundater was n 1/20 Backfilled with aug 5 /D	ot encountered. Type of ger cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix aspha	l aving. It con	crete.	
The stra boundar	tificati ies. T	on lir he tr	nes an	s rep Isition	reser 1 ma	nt approximate y be gradual. Harrin Geot	nical ineering, Inc	_ PLA	TE	۹-10	a

(	LOG OF BORING B-10										
Projec Job No Locatio Coordi	t: p.: pn: nates:	A 20 A	.ng 0-0 .na	jels 01-3 their	Stac 3950 m, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	ər	1	
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL I	DESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, lb/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 40 -  					SILTY SAND (SM), interlayered with SANDY dense, trace rounded gravel (up to 1/2" diame	SILTY SAND (SM), interlayered with SANDY SILT (ML), light brown, very moist, medium dense, trace rounded gravel (up to 1/2" diameter) SILTY SAND (SM) interlayered with SANDY CLAY (CL), red brown, moist, dense, medium t coarse grained, moderate gravel (up to 2" diameter)				30
95.0	- 45 -  		X			SILTY SAND (SM) interlayered with SANDY ( coarse grained, moderate gravel (up to 2" dia	oist, dense, medium to	86		6	
90.0	- 50 - 							50/5'	116	12	
									1		
					-					i	
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	ation D oring S oring C By: Contra	epth Starte Comp	ed: blei	ted:	51. 2/2 2/2 ALS OW	5 Remarks: 1/20 Groundater was n 1/20 Backfilled with au 5 /D	ot encountered. Type of ger cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented o atch with cold-mix aspha	aving. alt con	crete.	
The stra bounda	Harrington lines represent approximate undaries. The transition may be gradual. Harrington Engineering, Inc PLATE A-10b										

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Project Job No Locatic Coordi	:: on: nates:	A 20 A	ng 0-0 na	pels 01-3 aheir	Stac 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	er	ł	
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Granhics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL D	DESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 0 -					5" ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT <u>ALLUVIUM (Qal):</u> SAND (SP), tan, damp to moist, medium dens to 1/2" diameter)	e, medium to coarse gra	nined, trace gravel (up	28	101	4
135.0	- 5 -								22	103	2
130.0	130.0 - 10								24	103	2
10010		<ul> <li>↓</li> <li>↓</li></ul>							27	103	2
125.0	 - 15 - 		Image: Siltry SAND (SM), tan, dry to damp, dense, fine to medium grained								1
						SILTY SAND (SM), light brown, damp to moist	, medium dense, fine gra	ained	43	109	5
120.0	- 20 -  					SILTY SAND (SM), interlayered with CLAYEY dense, fine grained	SILT (ML), light brown, o	dry to damp, medium	36	106	4
115.0	  - 25 -					OU TV CAND (CM) light because do to down of	fue and a		42	110	8
-	 					SILTY SAND (SM), light brown, dry to damp, d	ense, fine grained		48	94	3
110.0 - 30 - SAND (SP), tan, dry to damp, medium dense to dense, medium to coarse grained							47	104	1		
105.0	 - 35 - 		X						30		2
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged	tion Depring S oring C By:	epth tarte omp	ii ed: plei	ted:	51. 2/2 2/2 ALS	5 Remarks: 1/20 Groundater was no 1/20 Backfilled with aug	ot encountered. Type of er cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented c atch with cold-mix aspha	aving. alt con	crete.	
The stra boundar	tificati ies. T	ion li The t	ne rai	s rep nsitio	reser n mag	nt approximate y be gradual. Harrin Geot Eng	nical ineering, Inc	PLA	TE	4-11	a

LOG OF BORING B-11 Project: Angels Stadium Master Plan Surface Elev 140.0												
Project Job No Locatio Coordi	:: o.: on: nates:	Ar 20 Ar	nge )-0 nal	els 3 1-3 hein	Stac 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A		Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	r	_	
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %		MATERIAL D	ESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
95.0	- 40 -  45 - 45 -					SILTY SAND (SM), light b SANDY CLAY (CL), red b (up to 1/2" diameter)	rown, very moist to w rown, very moist to w	ret, medium dense, fine et, stiff, fine to medium	grained grained, trace gravel	64 20	97	2
90.0	90.0 - 50 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 -								27 50/4"	127	10	
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	tion D oring S oring C By: Contra	epth: itarte comp	d: lete	ed:	51.9 2/2 2/2 ALS OW	5 1/20 1/20 D	Remarks: Groundater was no Backfilled with auge	t encountered. Type of er cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix aspha	aving. It con	crete.	
Drilling Contractor: OWD The stratification lines represent approximate boundaries. The transition may be gradual. Harrington Engineering, Inc PLATE											<u>\-11</u>	b

$\square$				·		LOG OF BORIN	IG B-12				
Project Job No Locatic Coordi	: .: on: nates:	Ar 20 Ar	ng )-( na	els \$ )1-3 hein	Stac 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auger Cal-Mod and SPT			
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL D	ESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, lb/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 0 -					5" ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT ALLUVIUM (Qal): SILTY SAND (SM), medium black brown, very SAND (SP), light-medium brown, moist, mediu	moist, medium dense m dense		25	105	4
135.0	- 5 -								16	95	13
								22	86	2	
130.0	- 10 -  							23	103	3	
125.0	  - 15 -		Image: Sile of the second state of								
		SILTY SAND (SM), medium-dark brown, very moist, medium dense									18
120.0	 - 20 - 					SILTY SAND (SM), medium black brown, very	moist, medium dense		25	99	7
	 								28	95	6
115.0	- 25 - 								32	96	5
110.0	  - 30 -					SILTY SAND (SM) with gravel, medium brown,	moist, medium dense		21	112	6
	 						, mola, moduli dense		00		
105.0	- 35 -  					SAND (SP), light-medium tan/brown, moist, me	edium dense	<u>,</u>	38	99	4
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	- 40 oring S oring C By: Contra	epth Starte Comp	: : : : : :	ted:	101 2/2 2/2 BC OW	.0 Remarks: 1/20 Groundwater was 1/20 Backilled with aug	encountered at 78'. The er cuttings. Pavement p	type of auger used preve atched with cold-mix asph	nted nait co	cavinç oncret	 g. e.
Drilling Contractor: OWD The stratification lines represent approximate boundaries. The transition may be gradual. Harrington Engineering, Inc. PLATE A-12a											

$\bigcap$						LOG OF BOR	ING B-12					
Project Job No Locatio Coordir	: n: nates:	Aı 20 Aı	ng )-( 1a	jels 01-3 ihei	Stao 3950 m, C	ium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Augel Cal-Mod and SPT	•	F	T	
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIA	DESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, lb/cu ft.	Water Content %	
	- 40 - -       -		ľ	IJ	c	SANDY SILT (ML), medium brown with gra	y streaks, very moist, very	stiff	62	97	22	
				ĥĤ	ç	SANDY SILT (ML), medium brown with grave	y streaks, very moist, very	stiff				
95.0	 - 45 - 		X		_	@45' stiff			10		25	
	SAND (SP), light brown, moist, medium dense											
90.0	 - 50 -								24	103	18	
85.0	- 55 -  		X									
80.0	 - 60 - 					SAND (SP), light brown, very moist, mediu	n dense		24	114	13	
75.0	 - 65 - 		X		• • • •	SANDY SILT (ML), medium brown with gra	y streaks, very moist, medi	um stiff	8		30	
70.0	  - 70 - 								34	107	22	
65.0 -	  - 75 - 		X			GRAVELLY SAND (GW), gray brown grave \fracturing SAND (SP), light-medium brown, very mois SANDY SILT (ML), medium brown, very mo	el, moist, medium dense, lit t, medium dense pist, stiff	tle to no fines,	14		21	
	  				7	@ 78' groundwater						
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	tion D oring S oring C By: Contra	epth. itarte comp	: ed: ele:	ted:	10 2/2 2/2 BC OV	.0 1/20 1/20 Backilled with a /D	as encountered at 78'. The auger cuttings. Pavement p	type of auger used preve atched with cold-mix aspl	nted Ialt co	cavinç oncret	]. e.	
The stratification lines represent approximate boundaries. The transition may be gradual. Harrin Geot Chnical Engineering, Inc PLATE A-12b										2b		

ſ						LOG OF BOI	RIN	IG B-12				
Project: Job No.: Location Coordina	: ates:	Ar 20 Ar	ngel )-01 nah	ls S -39 eim	tad 50 , C,	ium Master Plan A		Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	r	, ,	T
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIA	AL D	ESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
	80 - - -					SANDY SILT (ML), medium brown, wet, v	ery s	Uff		26	102	22
55.0 - - - -	85 - - - -		X			GRAVELLY SAND (SP), light-medium bro	wn, v	very moist, medium den	se	24		18
50.0 - - -	90 - - -									20	111	18
45.0 -	95 - -		X							11		20
40.0 -1	100-				-	CLAYEY SILT (ML), medium brown/olive,	wet,	stiff		25	105	25
		•										
Completi		nth				0 Remarks						
Date Bori Date Bori Logged B Drilling C	on De ing St ing Co ly: ontrac fice#/	opth: arte omp	d: leteo	1: 2 1: 2 E	2/21 2/21 3C DW	1/20     Groundwater       1/20     Backilled with       D     It approximate	was e auge	encountered at 78'. The er cuttings. Pavement pa	type of auger used preve atched with cold-mix asp	ented halt co	cavin( oncret	g. æ.
boundarie	es. Ti	he tr	ansi	ition	may	y be gradual. Harrington	E <sup>ch</sup>	nical ineering, Inc	_ PLA	TE /	A-12	2c 🖌

					•	LOG	OF BORIN	G B-13				
Project Job No Locatio Coordi	:: o.: on: nates:	A 20 A	ng 0-0 na	iels 01-3 iheir	Stac 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A		Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	r	1	1
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %		MATERIAL D	ESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 0 -					\3" ASPHALT CONCRETE PA ALLUVIUM (Qai):	VEMENT		/			
						SAND (SP), tan, moist, medi	um dense, fine to	medium grained		24	111	4
135.0	- 5 -					SAND (SP), tan, moist, mediu	um dense, mediur	n to coarse grained		25	98	3
			1							20	90	1
130.0	- 10 - 		D							24	96	5
										25	103	2
125.0	- 15 - 									27	96	3
										17	104	3
120.0	- 20 -									32	82	29
			۵							34	105	2
115.0	- 25 -  									36	105	2
110.0												
110.0	- 30 -									46	105	3
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	tion D oring S oring C By: Confr≊	epth starte comp	i: ed: plet	ted:	31. 2/2 2/2 MS OV	) R 1/20 G 1/20 B: /ALS /D	emarks: Froundater was no ackfilled with aug	t encountered. Type of er cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix aspha	aving. It con	crete.	,
The stra bounda	atificat ries. 1	ion I The I	ine trai	s rep nsitio	resei n ma	- t approximate ∕ be gradual. Ha	arrington Geotechi	nical neering, Inc	PL4	٩ΤΕ	A-1	3

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Project Job No Locatic Coordii	: .: nn: nates:	Ar 20 Ar	ngo )-0 nal	els \$ 01-39 hein	Stac 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auger Cal-Mod and SPT	r		
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL D	ESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 0 -					3" ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT <u>ALLUVIUM (Qal):</u> SANDY SILT (ML), gray brown, moist to very n SAND (SP), tan, damp to moist, medium dense	noist, medium dense, fin e, medium to coarse gra	e grained	23	101	3
135.0	- 5 -								29	100	2
130.0	 								34	96	2
100.0									24	98	3
125.0	 - 15 - 								22	104	13
						SILTY SAND (SM), brown, moist, medium den	se		20	115	10
120.0	- 20 -					SILTY SAND (SM) and SANDY CLAY (CL), bro	own, moist, medium den	se	18	113	10
115.0	  - 25 -								22	117	13
110.0						SAND (SP), tan, moist, medium dense, fine to	medium grained		34	108	6
110.0	- 30  								78	105	3
105.0	- 35 -   		X						22		4
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	. 40 ⊥ tion D oring S oring C By: Contra	epth: tarte omp	d: lete	ed:	 51.( 2/2 2/2 MS/ OW	) Remarks: 1/20 Groundater was no 1/20 Backfilled with aug /ALS	et encountered. Type of er cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix aspha	iving. It con	crete.	I
The stra boundar	tificati ries. 1	on lii 'he ti	nes ran	s repr isitior	eser i maj	t approximate y be gradual. Harrin Geot	nical ineering, Inc	PLA <sup>-</sup>	<u>ГЕ</u> /	<u>\-14</u>	a

Project: Job No.: Location: Coordinates:	Angels Stad 20-01-3950 Anaheim, C	ium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auger Cal-Mod and SPT	•	
Elevation, fect Depth, feet	Sample No. Symbol / USCS Recovery %	M	ATERIAL DESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cn ft.
		@40' dense			23 50/2"	104
95.0 - 45 -   		SANDY CLAY (CL), light brown,	moist, very stiff		24	
90.0 - 50 -		SAND (SP), light brown, molst, d	ense, fine grained		21 50/2"	108
Completion Dep	th: 51.0	) Rem	arks:			
Date Boring Star Date Boring Con Logged By: Drilling Contractor	rted: 2/22 npleted: 2/22 MS/ or: OW	I/20 Grou I/20 Back ALS D	ndater was not encountered. Type of filled with auger cuttings. Pavement p	f auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix asphal	ving. t con	crete

.

$\square$						LOG OF BORIN	IG B-15				
Project Job No Locatio Coordi	:: on: nates:	Aı 20 Aı	ng )-( na	jels : 01-3 thein	Stad 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auger Cal-Mod and SPT		T	
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL D	ESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, lb/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 0 -					4" ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT/3" ROG <u>ALLUVIUM (Qal):</u> SAND (SP), tan, moist, medium dense, mediur	CK n to coarse grained	/	30	103	5
135.0	- 5 -								26	107	4
									30	96	4
130.0	- 10 - 		IJ						30	102	4
125.0	  - 15 -	5 •				SILTY SAND (SM) interlayered with SANDY S fine to medium grained	LT (ML), light brown, mo	bist, medium dense,	18	101	8
	 								34	109	7
120.0	- 20 -								20	113	9
									32	108	7
115.0	- 25 - 					SAND (SP), tan, moist, medium dense, mediur	n to coarse grained		46	105	7
110.0	 - 30 - 								45	97	5
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	tion D oring S oring C By: Contra	epth Starte Comp	i ed: ole:	ted:	31.9 2/24 2/24 ALS OW	5 Remarks: 4/20 Groundater was no 4/20 Backfilled with aug 5 /D	ot encountered. Type of er cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix aspha	iving. It con	ı crete.	I
The stra bounda	atificat ries. 1	ion li Fhe t	ne rai	s rep nsitio	reser 1 ma	nt approximate y be gradual. Harrin Geot	nical ineering, Inc	PLA	\TE	A-1	5

$\square$						LOG OF BORIN	IG B-16				
Project Job No Locatio Coordir	: .: n: nates:	Ar 20 Ar	igels -01- iahe	s Sta 395 im,	ad 50 C,	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auger Cal-Mod and SPT	-	I	
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics Svmhol / USCS	Decrement 9/	vecovery 20	MATERIAL D	ESCRIPTION	-	Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, lb/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 0 - 									-	
	 					SILTY SAND (SM), medium black/brown, mois	t, medium dense		40	112	13
135.0	-5- 			•••		SAND (SW), light brown, moist, medium dense	3		22	102	3
				•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••					10	94	3
130.0	- 10 <del>-</del> 								22	96	3
				•					26	100	2
125.0	- 15 -			•		SILTY SAND (SM), medium brown, very moist,	, medium dense		16	99	11
-		1	<b>ו</b>						33	111	11
120.0	- 20 -					SILTY SAND (SM), medium brown, very moist,	, medium dense		26	109	11
-	 •								16	118	11
115.0	- 25 -								17	110	9
	 					SILTY SAND (SM-SP), light brown, moist, med	lium dense		44	107	5
110.0	- 30 - 								49	99	3
105.0	- 35 -								35	101	3
Comple	. 40 ]	enthi		<u>]</u> 1(	 ]_1	@ 39' perched water     Remarks:					
Date Bo Date Bo Logged	ring S ring C By:	tarte tomp	d: leted:	2/ 2/ B	2 2 2 0	1/20 Groundater was no 1/20 Backfilled with aug	ot encountered. Type of er cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix asphal	iving. It con	crete.	
Drilling The stra	Contra itificati	on li	nes re	O epres	w ser	D It approximate					<del>_</del>
bounda	ies. 1	he tr	ansit	ion n	nay	y be gradual. Harrin Geot Eng	nical ineering, Inc	_ PLAT	ГЕ /	۹-16	ia 🖌

$\bigcap$						LOG OF BORIN	IG B-16				
Project Job No Locatic Coordir	:: in: nates:	Aı 20 Aı	ng )-( na	els 01-3 hei	Stac 3950 m, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	r		
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL D	ESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
95.0	- 40 -   - 45 -					SILTY SAND (SM), light-medium brown, very r 	noist, dense		50/6"	105	10
90.0	   - 50 -				-	CLAYEY SILT (ML), medium brown with gray s	streaks, very moist to we	at, medium stiff	10	00	37
85.0	   - 55 -		X			GRAVELLY-SAND (SW), 4" layer, medium brown, moist, med SANDY SILT (ML), medium brown, moist, med	lark brown, moist, loose lium stiff to stiff	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12		9
80.0	  								18	113	12
00.0			X			CLAYEY SILT (ML), medium to dark brown, ve	ry moist, stiff		16		22
75.0	- 65 -   		D			@ 65' wet, very stiff			16	99	26
70.0	- 70 -  		X			@70' very moist			20		15
65.0	- 75 -  								24	108	20
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	tion D ring S ring C By: Contra	epth tarte omp	d: d:	ed:	101 2/2 2/2 BC OW	.0 Remarks: 1/20 Groundater was no 1/20 Backfilled with aug	ot encountered. Type of er cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix aspha	aving. It con	crete.	
The stra boundar	itificati ies. T	on li The ti	ne: rar	s rep nsitio	n ma	y be gradual. Harrington Geot	nical ineering, Inc	PLA	ΓE /	<b>4-1</b> 6	ib

						LOC	G OF BORIN	G B-16				
Project Job No Locatic Coordii	:: b.: bn: nates:	Aı 20 Aı	ngel )-01 nah	ls S -39 eim	6tad 950 1, C/	um Master Plan		Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	۲	1	-
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %		MATERIAL D	ESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, lb/cu ft.	
	- 80 -  		X			SANDY SILT (ML), mediu	m brown, very moist,	stiff		13		
55.0	- 85 -		X			SAND (SP), light-medium	brown, moist, dense,	trace silt		34		
50.0	- 90 -					SILTY SAND (SM), mediu	m brown, very moist,	medium dense		21	108	
45.0	- 95 -  		X			@95' dense				46		
40.0				II	-	CLAYEY SILT (ML), media	um brown, wet, very s	stiff		52	115	
1												
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	tion D oring S oring C By: Contra	epth: Starte Comp	d: letec	1: 22	101. 2/21 2/21 3C DWI	0 /20 /20	Remarks: Groundater was no Backfilled with aug	t encountered. Type of er cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented c atch with cold-mix aspha	aving.	crete.	
The stra boundar	tificati ries. 1	ion lii Fhe ti	nes r ransi	epre tion	eseni may	approximate be gradual.	Harrin Geot Echi	nical neering, Inc.	PI A	TE	Δ_16	~

						LOG OF BORIN	IG B-17				
Projec Job No Locatio Coordi	t: p.: pn: nates:	A 20 A	ng )-( na	gels 01-3 aheir	Stac 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	-	,	
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL D	ESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, lb/cu ft.	Water Content %
			D			3.5" ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT ALLUVIUM (Qal): SILTY SAND (SM), light brown, moist, medium SAND (SP), tan, damp to moist, medium dens	t dense, fine to medium e, medium to coarse gra	grained ined	24	103	7
135.0	- 5 -		1						16	103	4
						@7.5' trace gravel (up to 1/2" diameter)			26	105	3
130.0	- 10 -  								22	102	2
125.0	  - 15 -								24 36	99	2
	 					@17.5' fine to medium grained			32	98	4
120.0	 - 20 - 								43	95	4
						@22.5' medium to coarse grained			46	103	3
115.0	- 25 - 		Ũ						40	105	3
110.0	 - 30 - 					SAND (SP) with trace SILTY SAND (SM) lense grained	es, tan, damp to moist, d	lense, fine to medium	54	102	4
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	L oring S oring C By: Contra	epth tarte omp	d: let	ted:	31.8 2/24 2/24 ALS OW	Remarks:       I/20     Groundater was not       I/20     Backfilled with aug       D     D	ot encountered. Type of er cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix asphal	ving. t con	L	
The stra bounda	atificati ries. T	ion li 'he t	ne rar	s rep nsitior	reser n may	t approximate be gradual. Harrington Eng	nical ineering, Inc	PLA	TE	A-1	7

$\square$						LOG OF BORIN	IG B-18				
Project Job No Locatio Coordin	:: on: nates:	Ar 20 Ar	າg )-( າa	iels : 01-3 Ihein	Stac 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auger Cal-Mod and SPT	•		
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL D	ESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 0 -  					4" ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT ALLUVIUM (Qal): SILTY SAND (SM), brown, very moist, medium SAND (SP) tan, moist, medium dense, medium	n dense, fine to medium	grained	32	109	9
135.0	- 5 -		IJ						32	96	6
:									26	104	2
130.0	- 10 - 		D						44	103	4
125.0						@12.5' trace gravel (up to 1/4" diameter)			30	106	2
125.0	- 15 -  					SILTY SAND (SM), light brown, moist, medium	n dense, fine to medium	grained	20	111	9
120.0	 - 20 -					SAND (SP), tan, moist, medium dense, fine to	coarse grained		30 42	102	5
	 					SILTY SAND (SM), brown, moist, medium den	se, fine to medium grain	ed interlayered with	44	106	3
115.0	 - 25 - 		D			SAND (SP), tan, moist, medium dense, mediu	n to coarse grained		83	107	7
110.0 -		,							40	98	4
105.0	- 35 -		X			SAND (SP), light brown, moist, medium dense	, medium grained		25		3
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling (	- 40 ⊥ tion D oring S oring C By: Contra	epth: tarte compl	d: let	ed:	51.9 2/24 2/24 ALS OW	5 Remarks: 4/20 Groundater was no 4/20 Backfilled with aug 5 7D	ot encountered. Type of ler cuttings. Pavement p	auger used prevented ca atch with cold-mix asphal	iving. t con	crete.	I
The stra boundar	itificati ries. T	on lir 'he tr	ne: an	s rep sitior	reser n mag	nt approximate y be gradual. Harrington Geot	nical ineering, Inc	PLA	ΓEν	<b>A-1</b> 8	la

						LOG OF BOR	NG B-18				
Project Job No Locatio Coordi	:: o.: on: nates:	A 20 A	ng )-( na	els )1-3 heir	Stac 950 n, C	lium Master Plan A	Surface Elev.: Top of Casing Elev.: Drilling Method: Sampling Method:	140.0 N.A. Hollow Stem Auge Cal-Mod and SPT	r	I	
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL	DESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
	- 40 -   					SAND (SP), tan, moist, dense, medium to c	oarse grained		60	108	3
95.0	- 45 -  		X			SILTY TO CLAYEY SAND (SM/SC), light br	own, moist, dense, fine to	medium grained	44		11
90.0	- 50 - 		0			SAND (SP), tan, moist, dense, fine to mediu	m grained		33 50/4'	103	2
Comple Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	otion D pring S pring C By: Contra	epth Starte Comp actor	: ed: ole:	ted:	51. 2/2 2/2 ALS OW	5 Remarks: 4/20 Groundater was 4/20 Backfilled with a S /D	not encountered. Type o uger cuttings. Pavement	f auger used prevented c patch with cold-mix aspha	aving. alt con	crete.	
The stra bounda	atificat ries.	ion li The f	ine rai	s rep nsitio	n ma	nt approximate y be gradual. Harrin <sub>Geot</sub> E	chnical ngineering, Inc	PLA	TE /	<u> </u>	3b

$\int$						LOG OF BORI	NG B-19				
Project	:	Ar	ige	ls S	Stad	lium Master Plan	Surface Elev.:	140.0			
Locatio	n:	Ar	nah	ein	ээо 1, С	A	Drilling Method:	Hollow Stem Auge	r		
Coordi	nates:						Sampling Method:	Cal-Mod and SPT			
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Sample No.	Sampler Graphics	Symbol / USCS	Recovery %	MATERIAL	DESCRIPTION		Blow Counts	Dry Unit Weight, Ib/cu ft.	Water Content %
	-0-	<b>.</b>				4" ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT/3" BA	\SE				
						ALLOVIUM (Qal): SAND (SP), tan, moist, medium dense, fine t	o coarse grained		22	98	6
135.0	- 5 -								20	100	6
120.0			D						15	107	3
130.0	- 10 - 					@ 10' trace gravel (up to 1/2" diameter), loos	8		13	102	4
125.0	  - 15 -					SAND (SP), tan, moist, medium dense, fine t	o medium grained		22	100	5
120.0						@ 15' occasional lenses of CLAYEY SILT, lig	ht brown		16	100	9
120.0	  - 20 -					CLAYEY SAND (SC) interlayered with SILTY dense, fine to medium grained	SAND (SM), light brown,	very moist, medium	12	105	16
									21	109	17
115.0	 - 25 -								51	112	13
									04	110	12
110.0	- 30 -			D		SAND (SD) tan majet dense fine to medium	argined		69	106	3
			<b>U</b>						00	100	3
Comple	tion D	epth:	;		31.	5 Remarks:	- <del>Na katana da Barta</del>				I
Date Bo Date Bo Logged Drilling	oring S oring C By: Contre	Starte Comp	d: lete	d:	2/24 2/24 ALS OW	4/20 Groundater was i 4/20 Backfilled with au 5 D	not encountered. Type o Iger cuttings. Pavement p	f auger used prevented ca batch with cold-mix aspha	aving. It con	crete.	
The stra boundar	tificat ries.	ion li The t	nes rans	repi	reser n ma	nt approximate y be gradual. Harrin <b>G</b> ton	hnical		 \ T [=	<u>م</u>	0
							gineering, inc	<u> </u>	1 I E	H-	8

Ν./			SYM	BOLS	TYPICAL	
IVI			GRAPH	LETTER	DESCRIPTIONS	
	GRAVEL AND	CLEAN GRAVELS		GW	WELL-GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVE SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES	iL -
	GRAVELLY SOILS	(LITTLE OR NO FINES)		GP	POORLY-GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES	Ē
COARSE GRAINED SOILS	MORE THAN 50% OF COARSE	GRAVELS WITH FINES		GM	SILTY GRAVELS, GRAVEL - SAND SILT MIXTURES	-
	FRACTION RETAINED ON NO. 4 SIEVE	(APPRECIABLE AMOUNT OF FINES)		GC	CLAYEY GRAVELS, GRAVEL - SAN CLAY MIXTURES	ID -
	SAND	CLEAN SANDS		SW	WELL-GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVE SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES	iL -
MORE THAN 50% OF MATERIAL IS LARGER THAN NO. 200 SIEVE SIZE	AND SANDY SOILS	(LITTLE OR NO FINES)		SP	POORLY-GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SAND, LITTLE OR NO FINES	
	MORE THAN 50% OF COARSE	SANDS WITH FINES		SM	SILTY SAND, SAND - SILT MIXTURES	
	RETAINED ON NO. 4 SIEVE	(APPRECIABLE AMOUNT OF FINES)		SC	CLAYEY SANDS, SAND - CLAY MIXTURES	
				ML	INORGANIC SILTS AND VERY FINE SANDS, ROCK FLOUR, SILTY OR CLAYEY FINE SANDS OR CLAYEY SILTS WITH SLIGHT PLASTICITY	Ξ
FINE	SILTS AND CLAYS	LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 50		CL	INORGANIC CLAYS OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY, GRAVELLY CLAYS, SANDY CLAYS, SILTY CLAYS, LEAN CLAYS	
SOILS				OL	ORGANIC SILTS AND ORGANIC SILTY CLAYS OF LOW PLASTICITY	(
MORE THAN 50% OF MATERIAL IS				ΜН	INORGANIC SILTS, MICACEOUS O DIATOMACEOUS FINE SAND OR SILTY SOILS	R
SMALLER THAN NO. 200 SIEVE SIZE	AND CLAYS	LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50		СН	INORGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY	
				ОН	ORGANIC CLAYS OF MEDIUM TO HIGH PLASTICITY, ORGANIC SILTS	S
HIG	HLY ORGANIC S	DILS		PT	PEAT, HUMUS, SWAMP SOILS WIT HIGH ORGANIC CONTENTS	ГН
			DRAWN BY	': BBC	USCS	CKED BY

1590 NORTH BRIAN STREET, ORANGE, CA. 92867

T: (714) 637-3093 F: (714) 637-3096

HGEI Project No. 20-01-3950

PLATE A-20

# **APPENDIX B**

# LABORATORY PROCEDURES & TEST RESULTS

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The samples collected during the field investigation were examined and classified by the geotechnical engineer/geologist in the laboratory using the visual/tactile method (ASTM D2487-11 & D2488-17) and selected samples were assigned laboratory testing. Tests were performed in general accordance with latest ASTM standards. The following is a description of the laboratory testing and presents the results which are incorporated in the previous sections of the report.

## Moisture and Density Determination (ASTM D2216-10 & D7263-09)

Field moisture contents were determined for all samples. The core samples were trimmed and weighed and the dry densities of the material calculated. Moisture and dry density data are presented on the boring logs in Appendix A.

## Expansion Index Test (ASTM D4829-11)

Expansion index tests were conducted on samples considered representative of the site material to establish data on which to base recommendations for foundation design. The test results are presented in Table 1.

#### Corrosivity Tests (EPA 300.0/9045C/CT643)

Samples were submitted to a state certified analytical laboratory (Eurofins/Calscience) for testing for water-soluble sulfate content, chloride, pH and minimum resistivity. Test results are indicated in Table 2.

## Compaction Test (ASTM D1557-12<sup> $\epsilon$ 1</sup>)

Compaction tests were performed on samples of surface soils to develop values for initial use during grading and backfilling work. The results are presented in Table 3.

## Consolidation Tests (ASTM D2435/D2435-11)

Consolidation tests were performed on undisturbed samples to determine the magnitude and rate of consolidation of the soil when subjected to incrementally applied controlled-stress loading. Water was added to the sample during the test to determine the effect of increased moisture. Graphs of the test results are presented on Plates B-1 to B-31.

#### Direct Shear Tests (ASTM D3080/D3080M-11)

Direct Shear tests were performed on undisturbed and remolded specimens to determine the static strength of the soils. The tests were performed at increased moisture contents and at various confining pressures using a displacement rate of 0.0012 in./min. to establish peak and ultimate strength parameters under adverse conditions of moisture. Results are presented on Plates B-32 to B-66.

# Sieve Analysis (ASTM D6913/D6913M-17)

Sieve analyses were conducted on samples to confirm the visual-manual classification of the soils. Graphs of the results are presented on Plate B-67.

TABLE 1         Expansion Index Test Results (ASTM D4829)								
Sample Id.	Moisture Content (%)		Dry Unit Weight (pcf)		Calculated	Expansion		
	Initial	Final	Initial	Final	Expansion Index	Potential		
B-3 @ 0'-3'	8.7	14.6	113.2	113.3	0	Very Low		
B-13 @ 0'-3'	8.4	12.8	115.7	115.9	0	Very Low		
B-17 @ 3'-6'	9.1	12.8	114.8	115.1	0	Very Low		

TABLE 2 Corrosivity Test Results (EPA 300.0, 9045C/CT643)							
Sample ID	Water-Soluble Sulfate (%)	Chloride (%)	рН	Resistivity (ohm/cm)			
B-3 @ 0'-3'	0.0011	ND	8.1	8873			
B-7 @ 2'-4'	ND	ND	8.3	17,025			
B-13 @ 0'-3'	ND	ND	8.4	13,530			
B-17 @ 3'-6'	ND	ND	8.4	15,855			

ND - non-detectable

TABLE 3 Compaction Test Results (ASTM D1557-12ε1)						
Sample ID	Maximum Dry Density, pcf	Optimum Moisture Content, %				
B-4 @ 0'-3'	118.0	12.0				
B-9 @ 2'-5'	124.0	8.5				
B-17@3'-6'	125.5	8.5				

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# **SAMPLE STORAGE**

Soil samples presently stored in our laboratory will be discarded 30 days after the date of this report unless this office receives a written request to retain the samples for a longer period. Note that prolonged storage will result in sample degradation and may render them unsuitable for testing.

0-0-0



































































































































BROOKS STREET PARTNERS MANAGEMENT, LLC HGEI Project No: 20-01-3950 July 29, 2020 (Revised) Page 22

### **APPENDIX C**

### SEISMIC DATA AND RESPONSE SPECTRUM

1590 N. Brian Street, Orange, CA 92867-3406 FAX (714) 637-3096 PHONE (714) 637-3093 Please visit our website at <u>www.harringtongeotechnical.com</u>



Map data ©2020



#### Angel Ballpark, Anaheim, CA 2000 E Gene Autry Way, Anaheim, CA 92806, USA

Latitude, Longitude: 33.800308, -117.8827321



# Google

Date		4/7/2020, 10:57:42 AM
Design Code Reference Document Risk Category Site Class		ASCE7-16
		Ш
		D - Stiff Soil
Туре	Value	Description
SS	1.392	MCE <sub>R</sub> ground motion. (for 0.2 second period)
S <sub>1</sub>	0.494	MCE <sub>R</sub> ground motion. (for 1.0s period)
S <sub>MS</sub>	1.392	Site-modified spectral acceleration value
S <sub>M1</sub>	null -See Section 11.4.8	Site-modified spectral acceleration value
S <sub>DS</sub>	0.928	Numeric seismic design value at 0.2 second SA
S <sub>D1</sub>	null -See Section 11.4.8	Numeric seismic design value at 1.0 second SA
Туре	Value	Description
SDC	null -See Section 11.4.8	Seismic design category
Fa	1	Site amplification factor at 0.2 second
Fv	null -See Section 11.4.8	Site amplification factor at 1.0 second
PGA	0.586	MCE <sub>G</sub> peak ground acceleration
F <sub>PGA</sub>	1.1	Site amplification factor at PGA
PGAM	0.645	Site modified peak ground acceleration
ΤL	8	Long-period transition period in seconds
SsRT	1.392	Probabilistic risk-targeted ground motion. (0.2 second)
SsUH	1.506	Factored uniform-hazard (2% probability of exceedance in 50 years) spectral acceleration
SsD	1.849	Factored deterministic acceleration value. (0.2 second)
S1RT	0.494	Probabilistic risk-targeted ground motion. (1.0 second)
S1UH	0.535	Factored uniform-hazard (2% probability of exceedance in 50 years) spectral acceleration.
S1D	0.632	Factored deterministic acceleration value. (1.0 second)
PGAd	0.758	Factored deterministic acceleration value. (Peak Ground Acceleration)
C <sub>RS</sub>	0.924	Mapped value of the risk coefficient at short periods
C <sub>R1</sub>	0.923	Mapped value of the risk coefficient at a period of 1 s

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### **APPENDIX D**

# LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS

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### **APPENDIX E**

### **GRADING SPECIFICATIONS**

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# **GRADING SPECIFICATIONS**

These specifications present generally accepted standards and minimum grading (earthwork) requirements for the development of the subject project. These specifications shall be the project guidelines for earthwork except where specifically superseded in the geotechnical report(s) for the subject project; including the approved grading plan; and/or approved grading permit.

The Project Geotechnical Engineer and Project Engineering Geologist should be properly notified for an opportunity to review the following recommendations in order to comment on the suitability of the recommendations for the proposed development.

#### 1. General

- 1.1. The Contractor shall be responsible for the satisfactory completion of all earthwork (including grading of constructed fills and cuts) in accordance with the project plans and specifications.
- 1.2. The Project Geotechnical Engineer and Project Engineering Geologist or their authorized representatives shall perform observations, testing services and geotechnical consultation throughout the duration of the project.
- 1.3. It is the Contractor's responsibility to prepare the ground surface to receive the fill to the satisfaction of the Project Geotechnical Engineer and to place, spread, mix and compact the fill materials in accordance with the project specifications and as required by the Project Geotechnical Engineer. The Contractor shall also remove all material considered by the Project Geotechnical Engineer to be unsuitable for use in the construction of compacted fills.
- 1.4. The Contractor shall have suitable and sufficient equipment in operation to handle the volume of fill material being placed and provide support equipment to properly compact the material in accordance with project specifications. When necessary, equipment will be shut down temporarily in order to permit proper compaction of fills by support equipment.

#### 2. Site Preparation

2.1. Excessive vegetation and all deleterious material shall be removed from the fill areas and disposed of offsite of the grading operation. Existing earth materials determined by the Project Geotechnical Engineer as being unsuitable (incompatible) for placement in compacted fill areas shall be removed and disposed of offsite of the grading

operation. When applicable, the Contractor may obtain the approval of the Project Geotechnical Engineer and the controlling authorities for the project to dispose of the above-described materials, or a portion thereof, in designated areas onsite.

- 2.2. The exposed surfaces in areas to receive fill shall be scarified to a depth specified by the geotechnical report or a nominal 6 inches as determined by the Project Geotechnical Engineer; moisture conditioned as necessary; and compacted. In areas where it is necessary to obtain the approval of the controlling agency prior to placing fill, it will be the Contractor's responsibility to arrange the required inspections.
- 2.3. Any underground structures, e.g. cesspools, cisterns, septic tanks, wells, pipelines, etc., encountered during the grading operation are to be removed or relocated and the ground prepared for fill (cut) in a proper manner as recommended by the Project Geotechnical Engineer and/or the controlling agency for the project.

# 3. Subdrains

3.1. All subdrains should be constructed below the fill areas. Horizontal subdrains should be constructed below sloping fill areas at approximate 30 feet vertical intervals. Typical subdrains (less than 300 linear feet in length) should of constructed of 4-inch-diameter, perforated, Schedule 40 PVC pipe surrounded by one cubic foot per linear foot of gravel and filter fabric. Canyon subdrains should consist of 8-inch-diameter, perforated, Schedule 40 PVC pipe surrounded by nine cubic feet per linear foot of approved gravel wrapped with filter fabric.

# 4. Compacted Fills/Fill Slopes

- 4.1. All material imported to the grading operation should be reviewed by the Project Geotechnical Engineer for compatibility prior to placement as fill. Laboratory testing of import materials may be required as recommended by the Project Geotechnical Engineer. Import materials deemed unacceptable for placement of fill should be removed from the fill areas and disposed of offsite of the grading operation.
- 4.2. All rock or rock fragments less than 8 inches in size should be incorporated into fill in a manner which will prevent nesting and the rock/rock fragments are completely surrounded with compacted fill.
- 4.3. All rocks greater than 8 inches in size shall be removed from the project site or placed in accordance with the recommendations of the Project Geotechnical Engineer and controlling agency code in areas designated as suitable for rock disposal.
- 4.4. All fill materials shall be placed in thin loose lifts, moisture conditioned as necessary and compacted in accordance with project specifications. Each layer shall be spread evenly

and shall be thoroughly mixed during the spreading to obtain a nearly uniform moisture condition and a nearly uniform blend of materials.

- 4.5. All wet materials proposed for placement in fill areas should be moisture conditioned as necessary (either air dried or mechanically mixed). The Project Geotechnical Engineer may recommend removal of materials deemed too wet for placement of fill.
- 4.6. All fills shall be compacted to minimum project standards in compliance with the testing methods specified in the geotechnical report and in accordance with recommendations of the Project Geotechnical Engineer. Unless otherwise specified, the compaction standard shall be ASTM D1557 (latest approved standard).
- 4.7. All proposed slopes receiving fill (or ground sloping in excess of a ratio of five horizontal to one vertical), the fill shall be keyed and benched through all unsuitable topsoil, colluvium, alluvium, or creep-prone material into competent bedrock in accordance with the recommendations and approval of the Project Geotechnical Engineer or Project Engineering Geologist.
- 4.8. All drainage terraces for proposed fill slopes shall be constructed in compliance with the approved Grading Plan and/or the recommendations of the Project Civil Engineer. The preparation of the ground for construction of the drainage terraces should be reviewed for suitability by the Project Geotechnical Engineer.
- 4.9. All fill slopes (including buttresses and stabilization fills) shall be graded to a ratio not to exceed two horizontal to one vertical. The Contractor shall be required to obtain the specified minimum relative compaction out to the proposed finish slope face of slope. This may be achieved by both overbuilding the slope and cutting back to expose the compacted core, or by direct compaction of the slope face with suitable equipment, or by any other procedure which produces the designated result.

# 5. Keying and Benching

5.1. All fill-over-cut slopes shall be properly keyed through topsoil, colluvium or creep-prone material into bedrock or other firm material, and the transition shall be stripped of all unsuitable materials prior to placing fill. See the Keying and Benching Detail, Figure 1. The cut portion should be completed and then evaluated by the Project Engineering Geologist prior to placement of fill. The minimum dimensions of the key should be determined by the Project Engineering Geologist. All keys should include a subdrain as specified in Section 3.



# 6. Cut Slopes

6.1. All cut slopes shall be inspected by the Project Engineering Geologist. The Contractor should notify the Project Engineering Geologist when cut slopes are started. If, during the course of grading, previously unforeseen and/or unanticipated adverse or potentially adverse geologic conditions are encountered, the Engineering Geologist and Geotechnical Engineer shall investigate, analyze and make recommendations for mitigation of these conditions.

6.2. All cut slopes shall be graded to a ratio not to exceed two horizontal to one vertical.

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6.3. All drainage terraces for proposed cut slopes and shall be constructed in compliance with the approved Grading Plan and/or the recommendations of the Project Civil Engineer. The preparation of the ground for construction of the drainage terraces should be reviewed for suitability by the Project Geotechnical Engineer.

# 7. Retaining Wall Backfill

- 7.1. Retaining wall backfill should include a 12" wide blanket of granular soil (with a sand equivalent of at least 30) above a constructed subdrain and extend to within 3 feet of finished grade. The top 3 feet of backfill should consist of site material compacted to at least 90 percent relative compaction to impede surface water infiltration. Benches at least 2 feet wide should be cut into the excavation slope (backcut) at 2-foot vertical intervals during backfill placement.
- 7.2. The subdrain should consist of a 3-inch-diameter, perforated, Schedule 40 PVC or ABS SDR-35 pipe surrounded by one cubic foot/foot of 3/4-inch gravel wrapped in Mirafi 140 N geofabric or similar product. An adequate outlet for the subdrain should be provided and the location of the subdrain outlet should be reviewed by the project geotechnical engineer (engineering geologist) for suitability.

# 8. Utility Trench Backfills

8.1. Backfill for utility trenches should consist of site material that must be adequately compacted to preclude detrimental settlement. It is recommended, therefore, that backfills placed below the building foundation and to a distance of five feet outside thereof, and/or below concrete flatwork, be placed in appropriate lifts, moisture conditioned as necessary and mechanically compacted as to at least 90 percent of maximum dry density. Import materials (including sand) should be reviewed by the Project Geotechnical Engineer for suitability.

# 9. Grading Observations

- 9.1. Grading operations shall be observed by the Project Geotechnical Engineer (Geotechnical Technician) and where required, the Project Engineering Geologist.
- 9.2. All field density tests shall be made by the Geotechnical Technician to establish the relative compaction and moisture content of the fill in accordance with project specifications. Density tests shall generally be performed at (minimum) intervals not to exceed of 2 vertical feet or 1,000 cubic yards of material placed.
- 9.3. All field density testing of fill placed during the grading operation shall conform to the minimum project specifications. When test results indicate that the density of any layer of fill, or portion thereof, is below the required relative compaction (or outside the acceptable moisture range); the fill shall be reworked until the required density and/or

moisture content has been attained; or the material shall be removed. No additional fill shall be placed over an area until the last placed lift of fill has been tested and found to meet the density and moisture requirements and that lift has been approved by the Project Geotechnical Engineer.