

DATE OF NOTICE: June 24, 2020

PUBLIC NOTICE OF A DRAFT MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT

WBS# B-12040.02.06

The City of San Diego Development Services Department has prepared a Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND) for the following project and is inviting your comments regarding the adequacy of the document. The draft Mitigated Negative Declaration has been placed on the City of San Diego web-site at https://www.sandiego.gov/ceqa/draft under the "California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Notices & Documents" section. Your comments must be received by July 24 to be included in the final document considered by the decision-making authorities. Please send your written comments to the following address: Jamie Kennedy, City of San Diego Development Services Center, 1222 First Avenue, MS 501, San Diego, CA 92101 or e-mail your comments to DSDEAS@sandiego.gov with the Project Name and Number in the subject line.

General Project Information:

Project Name: Maple Canyon Restoration

• Project No. 517439

Community Plan Area: Uptown

Council District: 3

Project Description: Capital Improvement Project to replace 16 storm drain systems throughout Bankers Hill that outfall into Maple Canyon and construct 1 new storm drain system within Maple Street between state street and the downstream end of Maple Canyon. Storm Drain sizes vary between 18 to 48-inches. Project work will also include storm drain inlets, cleanouts, energy dissipators, trench resurfacing, pavement resurfacing, curb ramps, sidewalk, curb and gutter, retaining wall, street repair, and revegetation. Replacement and extension shall result in approximately 4,166 linear feet of RCP installation. In addition, retaining walls, curb ramps, street resurfacing, salvage and replacement of guard rails and street lights where needed, traffic control, including pedestrian controls into the canyon and best management practices (BMPs), would be included as part of the project scope. The project site is located within a natural canyon near Maple Street in the Uptown Community Plan Area and City Council District 3. **The site is not included on any Government Code listing of hazardous waste sites.**

Applicant: City of San Diego Public Works Department

Recommended Finding: The recommended finding that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment is based on an Initial Study and project revisions/conditions which now mitigate potentially significant environmental impacts in the following area(s): **BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES, LAND USE AND PLANNING. Availability in Alternative Format:** To request this Notice, the draft MND, Initial Study, and/or supporting documents in alternative format, call the Development Services Department at 619-446-5460 or (800) 735-2929 (TEXT TELEPHONE).

Additional Information: For environmental review information, contact Jamie Kennedy at (619) 446-5445. The draft MND and supporting documents may be reviewed, or purchased for the cost of reproduction, at the Fifth floor

of the Development Services Center. If you are interested in obtaining copies of the draft MND or the separately bound technical appendices, they can be purchased for an additional cost. **For information regarding public meetings/hearings on this project, contact Catherine Rom at (619) 446-5277.** This notice was published in the SAN DIEGO DAILY TRANSCRIPT and distributed on June 24, 2020.

Gary Geiler Deputy Director Development Services Department



MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 517439 SCH No.: TBD

SUBJECT: MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PROJECT

Capital Improvement Project to replace 16 storm drain systems throughout Bankers Hill that outfall into Maple Canyon and construct 1 new storm drain system within Maple Street between state street and the downstream end of Maple Canyon. Storm Drain sizes vary between 18 to 48-inches. Project work will also include storm drain inlets, cleanouts, energy dissipators, trench resurfacing, pavement resurfacing, curb ramps, sidewalk, curb and gutter, signing and striping, retaining wall, street repair, trail improvements, and revegetation. Replacement and extension shall result in approximately 4,166 linear feet of RCP installation. In addition, retaining walls, curb ramps, street resurfacing, salvage and replacement of guard rails and street lights where needed, traffic control, including pedestrian controls into the canyon and best management practices (BMPs), would be included as part of the project scope. The project site is located within a natural canyon near Maple Street in the Uptown Community Plan Area and City Council District 3. Applicant: City of San Diego Public Works Department.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **Biological Resources.** Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

- V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:
- A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- 2. In addition, the ED shall verify that the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

https://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/forms-publications/design-guidelines-templates

- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- **5. SURETY AND COST RECOVERY -** The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)

6. PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Biologist

Note:

Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

- a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division 858-627-3200**
- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**
- **7. MMRP COMPLIANCE:** This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #517439 and /or Environmental Document # 517439, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc.

Note:

Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

8. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.

United States Army Corp of Engineers 404 Authorization Regional Water Quality Control Board 401 Certification California Fish and Wildlife Section 1600 Permit

9. MONITORING EXHIBITS

All consultants are required to submit a monitoring exhibit to RE and MMC. The monitoring exhibit shall be a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the **LIMIT OF WORK**, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

10. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

DOCUMENT SUBMITTAL/INSPECTION CHECKLIST			
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated	
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Inspection/Approvals/Notes	
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting	

General	Consultant Construction Monitoring Exhibits	Prior to or at Preconstruction Meeting
Biology	Biologist Limit of Work Verification	Limit of Work Inspection
Biology	Biology Reports	Biology/Habitat Restoration Inspection
Final Approval	Request for Final Approval	1 week after request

B. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

<u>Prior to Construction</u> Prior to the start of construction, the owner/permittee shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of MMC that the following mitigation measures have been satisfied:

BIO-1: Direct Impacts to Sensitive Vegetation Communities To mitigate for direct impacts to sensitive vegetation communities, the following mitigation would be required based on the City's mitigation ratios (City of San Diego 2018).

Vegetation	Impacts	Ratios	Mitigation	Proposed
Community	(acres)		Required	Mitigation
			(acres)	(acres)
Uplands				
Diegan Coastal	0.09	1 :1 (impact outside MHPA,	0.09	0.09
Sage Scrub		mitigation inside MHPA)		
Nonnative	1.33	0.5:1 (impact outside	0.67	0.67
Grassland		MHPA, mitigation inside		
Eucalyptus	1.90	n/a	n/a	n/a
Disturbed Habitat	0.53	n/a	n/a	n/a
Ornamental	0.64	n/a	n/a	n/a
Urban/ Developed	1.37	n/a	n/a	n/a
Total	5.86	n/a	0.76	0.76

Purchase of 0.76 acres of mitigation credits in the City of San Diego Habitat Acquisition Fund (HAF). Mitigation would occur within the MHPA. Payment to the HAF would be collected during discretionary approval as a project fee.

BIO-2: Biologist Verification The owner/permittee shall provide a letter to the City's Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) section stating that a Project Biologist (Qualified Biologist) as defined in the City of San Diego's Biological Guidelines (2018), has been retained to implement the project's biological monitoring program. The letter shall include the names and contact information of all persons involved in the biological monitoring of the project.

BIO-3: Preconstruction Meeting - The Qualified Biologist shall attend the preconstruction meeting, discuss the project's biological monitoring program, and arrange to perform any follow up mitigation measures and reporting including site-specific monitoring, restoration or revegetation, and additional fauna/flora surveys/salvage.

- 1. Biological Documents The Qualified Biologist shall submit all required documentation to MMC verifying that any special mitigation reports including but not limited to, maps, plans, surveys, survey timelines, or buffers are completed or scheduled per City Biology Guidelines, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Environmentally Sensitive Lands Ordinance (ESL), project permit conditions; California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA); endangered species acts (ESAs); and/or other local, state or federal requirements.
- **2. BCME** -The Qualified Biologist shall present a Biological Construction Mitigation/Monitoring Exhibit (BCME) which includes the biological documents in C above. In addition, include: restoration/revegetation plans, plant salvage/relocation requirements (e.g., coastal cactus wren plant salvage, burrowing owl exclusions, etc.), avian or other wildlife surveys/survey schedules (including general avian nesting and USFWS protocol), timing of surveys, wetland buffers, avian construction avoidance areas/noise buffers/ barriers, other impact avoidance areas, and any subsequent requirements determined by the Qualified Biologist and the City ADD/MMC. The BCME shall include a site plan, written and graphic depiction of the project's biological mitigation/monitoring program, and a schedule. The BCME shall be approved by MMC and referenced in the construction documents.

BIO-4: Avian Protection Requirements - To avoid any direct impacts to any species identified as a listed, candidate, sensitive, or special status species in the MSCP, including, but not limited to Cooper's Hawk, removal of habitat that supports active nests in the proposed area of disturbance should occur outside of the breeding season for these species (February 1 to September 15). If removal of habitat in the proposed area of disturbance must occur during the breeding season, the Qualified Biologist shall conduct a pre-construction survey to determine the presence or absence of nesting birds on the proposed area of disturbance. The pre-construction survey shall be conducted within 10 calendar days prior to the start of construction activities (including removal of vegetation).

The applicant shall submit the results of the pre-construction survey to City DSD for review and approval prior to initiating any construction activities. If nesting birds are detected, a letter report or mitigation plan in conformance with the City's Biology Guidelines and applicable State and Federal Law (i.e. appropriate follow up surveys, monitoring schedules, construction and noise barriers/buffers, etc.) shall be prepared and include proposed measures to be implemented to ensure that take of birds or eggs or disturbance of breeding activities is avoided. The report or mitigation plan shall be submitted to the City for review and approval and implemented to the satisfaction of the City. The City's MMC Section and Biologist shall verify and approve that all measures identified in the report or mitigation plan are in place prior to and/or during construction.

BIO-5: Resource Delineation - Prior to construction activities, the Qualified Biologist shall supervise the placement of orange construction fencing or equivalent along the limits of disturbance adjacent to sensitive biological habitats and verify compliance with any other project conditions as shown on the BCME. This phase shall include flagging plant specimens and delimiting buffers to protect sensitive biological resources (e.g., habitats/flora & fauna species, including nesting birds) during construction. Appropriate steps/care should be taken to minimize attraction of nest predators to the site.

BIO-6: Education – Prior to commencement of construction activities, the Qualified Biologist shall meet with the owner/permittee or designee and the construction crew and conduct an on-site

educational session regarding the need to avoid impacts outside of the approved construction area and to protect sensitive flora and fauna (e.g., explain the avian and wetland buffers, flag system for removal of invasive species or retention of sensitive plants, and clarify acceptable access routes/methods and staging areas, etc.).

II. During Construction

BIO-5: Monitoring- All construction (including access/staging areas) shall be restricted to areas previously identified, proposed for development/staging, or previously disturbed as shown on "Exhibit A" and/or the BCME. The Qualified Biologist shall monitor construction activities as needed to ensure that construction activities do not encroach into biologically sensitive areas, or cause other similar damage, and that the work plan has been amended to accommodate any sensitive species located during the pre-construction surveys. Biological monitoring will occur within designated areas during critical times such as vegetation removal, the installation of best management practices (BMPs), and fencing to protect native species, and to ensure that all avoidance and minimization measures are properly constructed and followed.

The Qualified Biologist shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR shall be e-mailed to MMC on the 1st day of monitoring, the 1st week of each month, the last day of monitoring, and immediately in the case of any undocumented condition or discovery.

BIO-6: Subsequent Resource Identification - The Qualified Biologist shall note/act to prevent any new disturbances to habitat, flora, and/or fauna onsite (e.g., flag plant specimens for avoidance during access, etc.). If active nests or other previously unknown sensitive resources are detected, all project activities that directly impact the resource shall be delayed until species specific local, state or federal regulations have been determined and applied by the Qualified Biologist.

III. Post Construction Measures

BIO – 7: In the event that impacts exceed previously allowed amounts, additional impacts shall be mitigated in accordance with City Biology Guidelines, ESL and MSCP, State CEQA, and other applicable local, state and federal law. The Qualified Biologist shall submit a final BCME/report to the satisfaction of the City ADD/MMC within 30 days of construction completion.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

Federal Government

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers U.S. Environmental Protection Agency U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

State of California

State Clearinghouse California Department of Fish and Wildlife

City of San Diego Mayor's Office Councilmember Ward - District 3 City Attorney's Office **Development Services Department** Jamie Kennedy, EAS Philip Lizzi, Planning Cat Rom, Project Management Hoss Florezabihi, Engineering Jacobe Washburn, Geology Sam Johnson, MMC Public Works Department Elham Lotfi Sean Paver Planning Department Soheil Nakhshab, Chair, Uptown Planning Group Michael Prinz, Community Planner Facilities Financing, Tom Tomlinson Scott Sandel Other Interested Parties: Sierra Club San Diego Audubon Society Mr. Jim Peugh California Native Plant Society Endangered Habitats League Wetland Advisory Board Laura Black Don Liddell John Lamb Eric Bowlby Jim Moxham VII. **RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:** () No comments were received during the public input period. () Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are

Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses

incorporated herein.

are incorporated herein.

()

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material may be reviewed online at www.sandiego.gov/ceqa, or purchased for the cost of reproduction.

Dispos	June 24, 2020
Jamie Kennedy	Date of Draft Report
Senior Planner	
Development Services Department	
	Date of Final Report

Analyst: Jamie Kennedy

Attachments:

Initial Study Checklist

Figure 1: Regional Location Map Figure 2: Proposed Project Vicinity

Figure 3a-c: Vegetation and Sensitive Resource Impacts

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: MAPLE CANYON RESTORATION PROJECT/517439
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Jamie Kennedy/ (619) 446-5379
- 4. Project location: The project is located in a natural canyon (Maple Canyon) and portions of the City's Right-of -Way, which is generally bounded by Redwood St. to the North, 5th Av. to the East, Maple St. to the South, and Curlew St. to the West within the Uptown Community Plan area and Council District 3. The site is located on the USGS 7.5-minute series Point Loma quadrangle. The project is outside of the Coastal Overlay Zone.

The following are locations of the 17 storm drain improvements proposed by the project:

- 1. Brant Street and Barnson Place
- 2. Albatross Street and Olive Street
- 3. Second Avenue (south of Quince Street)
- 4. Third Avenue and Quince Street
- 5. Third Avenue (between Quince Street and Redwood Street)
- 6. Fourth Avenue and Redwood Street
- 7. Fourth Avenue and Quince Street
- 8. Third Avenue and Palm Street
- 9. Third Avenue (between Olive and Palm Street)
- 10. Third Avenue and Olive Street
- 11. Second Avenue and Olive Street
- 12. First Avenue Pedestrian Bridge
- 13. First Avenue and Nutmeg Street
- 14. Front Street (between Nutmeg Street and Maple Street)
- 15. Albatross Street and Maple Street
- 16. Curlew Street and Maple Canyon Trail
- 17. State Street and West Maple Street

See attached vicinity and location maps.

- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: City of San Diego Public Works Department, 525 B Street, San Diego, CA 92101
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: City of San Diego Public Right-of-Way (PROW), as well as in the Open Space general and community plan designations
- 7. Zoning: The proposed project is within the OP-1-1 zone (Open Space Park) zone and unzoned public right-of-way. The project will not result in a change in any zone and is consistent with all underlying zoning regulations.

8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

A Capital Improvement Project to replace 16 storm drain systems throughout Bankers Hill that outfall into Maple Canyon and construct 1 new storm drain system within Maple Street between State Street and the downstream end of Maple Canyon. Storm Drain sizes vary between 18, 24, 30, 36, 42, and 48-inches. Project work will also include storm drain inlets, cleanouts, energy dissipators, trench resurfacing, pavement resurfacing, curb ramps, sidewalk, curb and gutter, signing and striping, retaining wall, street repair, trail improvements, and revegetation. Replacement and extension shall result in approximately 4,166 linear feet of Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP) installation. In addition, retaining walls, curb ramps, street resurfacing, salvage and replacement of guard rails and street lights where needed, traffic control, including pedestrian controls into the canyon and best management practices (BMPs), would beincluded as part of the project scope. Potholing will be used to verify utility crossings. These 'potholes' are made by using vacuum type equipment to open up small holes in the street.

Conventional excavation (open trench) method of construction will be used. Trenching would be at a width of approximately 2.5 feet to 5.5 feet and a depth of 3 to 19 feet. Trenches are dug with excavators and similar large construction equipment. Permanent impact areas for headwalls and energy dissipater installations will vary and be larger than trench widths depending on the location. Temporary construction work areas at each system would vary in width approximately 30 to 50 feet. In addition, the existing footpath through the canyon will be widened to approximately 15 feet wide, 3,000 feet long for construction access. At completion of construction the trail will be restored to a standard width of 8 feet with 2 foot mulched areas on either side to mitigate potential overgrowth of the trail. A 22,000-square-foot area within the canyon that is devoid of sensitive biological resources and comprised by primarily dirt fill material is identified for staging of materials and equipment.

Temporary construction impacts to 5.86 acres of upland habitat will be revegetated with Diegan coastal sage scrub habitat container plants and hydroseed mix with intent to meet the erosion control requirements in the Landscape Standards. The revegetated habitat would provide a higher-value habitat than the impacted habitat. All revegetated areas will be required to comply with a 25-month monitoring, maintenance and reporting program to ensure the revegetation areas meet a minimum 80 percent container plant survival rate and 80% native plant material cover at the end of 25-months.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The project site is natural, undeveloped canyon that is aligned from the southwest to northeast and is surrounded primarily by single and multi-family residential development, and a smaller portion is of the site is located adjacent to open space, and commercial and office development. Existing improved public roads, primarily residential streets, serve the developed community surrounding the canyon.

The site impact area is 5.86 acres within and adjacent to Maple Canyon, which is located between Quince Street to the northeast and West Maple Drive to the southwest in the City of

San Diego, California. First Avenue passes through the middle of the project area. The proposed 12-month construction activities are located within undeveloped land in a canyon that is predominantly characterized by disturbed and ornamental vegetation. Following construction will be a 25-month revegetation.

Elevations within the project area range from 66 to 295 feet above mean sea level. Topography within the canyon is generally steep with a few undulating hills. However, the project area includes some areas with a gradual slope or flat land at the base of the canyon and in the surrounding developed areas. Many of the proposed activities and much of the access road traverse slopes that are greater than 25% slope with an elevation differential of 50 feet

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

United States Army Corps of Engineers Section 404 Permit, California Regional Water Quality Control Board Section 401Permit, and California Department of Fish and Wildlife Section 1600 Permit.

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

The lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel and Jamul Indian Village of Kumeyaay Nation Native American tribes which are traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area have requested consultation with the City of San Diego pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21082.3 (c). However, these tribes were notified of the opportunity to consult with the City of San Diego on the proposed project and they responded that they do not require consultation for this project. Consultation pursuant to AB 52 concluded on June 13, 2018.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages. Aesthetics Greenhouse Gas Population/Housing **Emissions** Agriculture and Hazards & Hazardous **Public Services** Forestry Resources Materials Air Quality Hydrology/Water Quality Recreation \boxtimes **Biological Resources** \boxtimes Land Use/Planning Transportation/Traffic **Cultural Resources** Mineral Resources Tribal Cultural Resources Geology/Soils Noise Utilities/Service System Mandatory Findings Significance **DETERMINATION:** (To be completed by Lead Agency) On the basis of this initial evaluation: The proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. \boxtimes Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. The proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required. The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required. Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section 15063(c)(3)(D)*. In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.

- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

Iss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
I. AESTH	HETICS – Would the project:					
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?					
grade for base of match to with a no no new	All of the proposed work would occur either below grade or no more than five feet above finished grade for proposed concrete energy dissipaters at the downstream end of the storm drains near the base of the canyons. All trenching for replacement and new storm drain pipe would be filled to match the adjacent natural grade of the canyon and all ground disturbances would be re-vegetated with a native, non-invasive, Diegan coastal sage scrub hydroseed mix and container plants. As such, no new visual impacts occur as a result of the project. Therefore, the proposed project would have no significant impacts to public scenic vistas and no mitigation would be required.					
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				\boxtimes	
these fe	The project would not damage any existing scenic rock outcroppings, or historic buildings as none of these features are located within the boundaries of the proposed project. Furthermore, the project site is not located near a state scenic highway. See I. a) and V. a) for additional detail. No impact would occur.					
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?					
See ans	wer to I. a) and I. b) above. No impa	ct would occu	ır.			
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?					
The project does not include any new or modified light sources such as new or replacement street lights, and the project would not utilize highly reflective materials. In addition, no substantial sources of light would be generated during project construction, as construction activities would occur during daylight hours. The project would also be subject to the City's Outdoor Lighting Regulations per Municipal Code Section 142.0740. No impact would occur. II. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. – Would the project:: a) Converts Prime Farmland, Unique						
	Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring					

	Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		ogram of the California Resources ency, to non-agricultural use?				
whic	h are n	would occur adjacent to and with ot zoned or mapped for agricultu he vicinity of the project. No impa	ıral use or fa	rmland. In additio		
	agr	nflict with existing zoning for ricultural use, or a Williamson Act ntract?				
Refe	r to II. a	a). No impact would occur.				
	cau def sec by 452 Pro	nflict with existing zoning for, or use rezoning of, forest land (as fined in Public Resources Code ction 1220(g)), timberland (as defined Public Resources Code section 26), or timberland zoned Timberland coduction (as defined by Government de section 51104(g))?				
whic	h are n	would occur in adjacent to and word designated as forest land or ties in the vicinity of the project. No	mberland. Ir	addition, forest l		
		sult in the loss of forest land or nversion of forest land to non-forest e?				
Refe	r to II. d	c). No impact would occur.				
	env loc cor agr	olve other changes in the existing vironment, which, due to their ation or nature, could result in oversion of Farmland to noncicultural use or conversion of forest d to non-forest use?				
arn		does not propose a change in lar ince no Farmland exists within, or r.				
III.		ALITY – Where available, the significance c n control district may be relied on to mak				ment or air
	im	nflict with or obstruct olementation of the applicable air ality plan?			\boxtimes	

The proposed storm drain replacement would not involve any future actions that would generate air quality emissions as a result of the proposed use (e.g. vehicle miles traveled). However, emissions would occur during the construction phase of the project and could increase the amount of harmful pollutants entering the air basin. The emissions would be minimal and would only occur temporarily during construction. Additionally, the construction equipment typically involved in water/sewer

l:	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
metho	t is small-scale and generates relative ds would be included as project comp s air quality plan; impacts are less tha	onents. As su	ich, the project v	vould not conf	
b)	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?			\boxtimes	
Refer t	o III. b). Impacts are less than significa	ant and no mit	igation is require	ed.	
c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is nonattainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?				
other p Manag level of increas	cribed above, construction operations collutants. However, construction empenent Practices would reduce potent significance. Therefore, the project se of any criteria pollutant for which the or state ambient air quality standarded.	nissions would tial impacts re would not resu he project regi	be temporary a ated to construcult in a cumulation on is non-attain	nd implementa ction activities vely considerat ment under ap	ation of Besi to below a ble net pplicable
d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?				
combu only re project signific	cion of construction equipment and vestion. However, these odors would comain temporarily in proximity to the awould not create odors affecting a seant and no mitigation is required. LOGICAL RESOURCES - Would the project:	lissipate into tl construction e	ne atmosphere u quipment and v	upon release a ehicles. There	nd would fore, the
a)	Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				

Direct Impacts

A Biological Technical Report (BTR) was prepared March 2018 by AECOM for the proposed project. The technical report analyzed the direct and indirect impacts of the proposed project on the biological and jurisdictional resources located in the vicinity of the project. A BTR Addendum was prepared March 2020 by Tierra Data, Inc., which provides updated information on the extent and

Potentially Issue Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
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type of biological resources in Maple Canyon and the extent of project impacts to these features. Direct impact numbers were updated in the BTR addendum to reflect more current biological conditions as well as a project redesign.

The project area is not located within or adjacent to the MHPA of the MSCP San Diego Subarea Plan. The proposed project will result in permanent and temporary direct impacts to upland habitat which is summarized in the table below.

Mitigation for Impacts to Sensitive Vegetation Communities

Vegetation Community	Impacts (acres)	Ratios	Mitigation Required (acres)	Proposed Mitigation (acres)
Uplands				
Diegan Coastal Sage Scrub	0.09	1 :1 (impact outside MHPA, mitigation inside MHPA)	0.09	0.09
Nonnative Grassland	1.33	0.5:1 (impact outside MHPA, mitigation inside MHPA)	0.67	0.67
Eucalyptus Woodland	1.90	n/a	n/a	n/a
Disturbed Habitat	0.53	n/a	n/a	n/a
Ornamental	0.64	n/a	n/a	n/a
Urban/ Developed	1.37	n/a	n/a	n/a
Total	5.86	n/a	0.76	0.76

Mitigation for direct impacts to upland habitat will be satisfied through purchase of mitigation credits in the City of San Diego Habitat Acquisition Fund (within the MHPA).

Per the 2020 BTR Addendum, the proposed project would not result in a direct impact on a City of San Diego defined wetland and thus would not require mitigation.

The survey area supports suitable habitat for one special-status species, Cooper's hawk, an MSCP listed species. The project would temporarily and permanently impact suitable habitat (eucalyptus woodland) for this species. Significant impacts to this species would require mitigation.

Implementation of the Mitigation and Monitoring Requirements identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND) would reduce potentially significant direct impacts to the upland habitat upland habitat and special status wildlife to a less than significant level. Section V also includes specific mitigation measures for potential impacts to the Cooper's Hawk.

Indirect Impacts

The proposed project has the potential to result in significant indirect impacts to sensitive vegetation communities and Cooper's hawk. Indirect impacts may occur from the construction and operation of these project features, including fugitive dust, increased human presence in the area with the potential for trampling, vehicle tracks off the access road, soil compaction, noise, light, erosion, and dust. These indirect impacts are significant and require mitigation. Per the 2020 BTR addendum, no City jurisdictional wetlands are on site.

Implementation of the Mitigation and Monitoring Requirements identified in Section V of this MND would reduce potentially significant indirect impacts to a less than significant level.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
Refer to IV. a) regarding direct vegetation impacts. According to the project's biological technical report the project would not directly impact any riparian habitat or any other community identified in local or regional plans, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Furthermore, the proposed project will be required to obtain permits for work within US and state jurisdictional non-wetland waters from the Army Corps of Engineers, Regional Water Quality Control Board, and California Department of Fish and Wildlife. Impacts are less than significant and no mitigation is required.					
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
Refer to	IV. a) and b). Impacts are less than s	significant and	d no mitigation is	required.	
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				
Proposed project impacts are relatively small in scale, location, and timing (i.e. daylight hours). To avoid and minimize impacts, the project includes backfilling of any trenching and repair of eroded slopes to match adjacent natural grade, and along with a revegetation, monitoring, and maintenance, plan of any ground disturbance areas with non-invasive, low water use, plant species to match the vegetation in the canyons, the. Per the project BTR (2018), the project site provides refuge for wildlife and may act as a local linkage, but does not function as a wildlife corridor. The project is not expected to significantly impact a wildlife corridor or alter the local movement of wildlife, and thus would not be considered significant impact under CEQA. Impacts are less than significant and no mitigation is required.					
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				

Refer to IV. a) The project is not located within or adjacent to the Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA) and is therefore not subject to the MSCP City of San Diego Subarea Plan MHPA land use agency guidelines. The project would comply with all local policies and ordinances protecting biological resources including satisfying mitigation requirements for impacts to sensitive biological

l:	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
	resources in accordance with the City of San Diego Multiple Species Conservation Program and the City of San Diego Biology Guidelines, which will reduce impacts to less than significant.						
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?		\boxtimes				
Refer to IV. a), b), and e). The project would not conflict with any local conservation plans including the MSCP City of San Diego Subarea Plan. Mitigation is required for potentially significant impacts to Cooper's Hawk, an MSCP listed species, which would reduce impacts to less than significant.							
V. CUL	TURAL RESOURCES – Would the project:						
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5?			\boxtimes			

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

<u>Archaeological Resources</u>

A Historical Resources Survey (HRS) for the Maple Canyon Storm Drain Repair Project was prepared by RECON (February 19, 2018). The report concludes that, based on a records search and a field survey by a qualified archaeologist and Native American observer, the possibility of significant historical resources being present within the proposed project is considered low. The report further states that the majority of the area is too steep for the presence of potentially significant prehistoric cultural resources. Additionally, the area has been disturbed during the installation of existing storm drains, construction of the trail, and by past rain events that have washed out areas surrounding the storm drains located on the slopes of the canyon. The report recommended no further cultural resources work and stated that construction monitoring is not recommended. Lastly, the report stated that Clint Linton from the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel concurs with the recommendation not to require monitoring despite results from the Native American Heritage Commission (Attachment 1 of the HRS). Based on the conclusions and recommendations of the HRS, the project would have a less than significant impact on archaeological resources and no mitigation is required.

Built Environment

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
would r	The project involves the repair and replacement of an existing underground storm drain line and would not impact any designated historic structures or resources. No impact would occur and no mitigation is required with regard to built environment resources.					
b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?					
See res _l	ponse to V. a). Impacts are less than	significant a	nd no mitigation is	required.		
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?					
The project site is underlain by the San Diego geological deposit/formation/rock unit as indicated by the project's geotechnical investigation (Report of Geotechnical Investigation Maple Canyon Restoration Phase 1, Allied Geotechnical Engineers, Inc., August 19, 2014) and City of the City of San Diego La Jolla Quadrangle geologic map. The City of San Diego Land Development Manual General Grading Guidelines for Paleontological Resources indicate that the San Diego Formation has a high potential for the discovery of paleontological resources. There are recorded fossil recovery sites in the San Diego Formation in the vicinity of the project site as shown on City of San Diego Paleontological Resource Maps, located in the DSD Geology Library.						
Activitie and 10 ⁻ grading Since th paleont	go Municipal Code Section 142.0501 requires paleontological monitorifeet or greater in depth, in a High Reson a fossil recovery site, or within 1 recovery site, and no mitigonitoring incorporated, and no mitigonitoring incorporated, and no mitigonitoring incorporated, and no mitigonical monitoring incorporated.	ng for gradingsource Poter 00 feet of the of the mappe during proje	ng that involves 1,0 on the standard of the st	00 cubic yards osit/Formation of a fossil rec sil recovery si	s or greater n/Rock Unit, overy site. te,	

No cemeteries, formal or informal, have been identified on or adjacent to the project site. While there is a possibility of encountering human remains during project construction activities, if remains are found monitoring would be required. In addition, per CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5), if human remains are discovered during construction, work would be required to halt in that area and no soil would be exported off-site until a determination could be made regarding the provenance of the human remains via the County Coroner and other authorities as required. Compliance with state regulations would ensure impacts are less than significant and no mitigation required.

 \boxtimes

d) Disturb and human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated

cemeteries?

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS – Would the project:				
 a) Expose people or structures to potential involving: 	substantial advers	e effects, including the	risk of loss, injur	y, or death
i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
"Report of Geotechnical Investigation Map Geotechnical Engineers in August 2014. Mactive or potentially active faults. Therefor considered insignificant. In addition, the standard construction practices in order the regional geologic hazards would remain be known earthquake fault would be below a	faple Canyon is ore, the potention project would use to ensure that person than the person is than signification.	not located astric al for fault ground utilize proper engir potential impacts i cant. Therefore, ri	le any known rupture at th neering desigi n this categor	(mapped) e site is n and y based on
ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?			\boxtimes	
Based on the project's geotechnical reporthroughout the site; therefore, the potent Additionally, when considering the distan seismic event, it is opinion of the geotech potential hazard for the proposed project engineering design and standard construfrom ground shaking would be below a le	cial of differenti ce from the pro nical consultan The project w ction practices	al settlement is co oject site to the ne t that ground lurcl ould also be requ to ensure that the	nsidered low arest potentia ning does not ired to utilize	al source of present a proper
iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				
The project's geotechnical investigation de to hard formational material which is not or ground settlement. Furthermore, the i Seismic Hazard Zones (2009) indicates tha susceptible to soil liquefaction during a se	considered sus nvestigation states the site is no	sceptible to seismi ates that a review	c-induced soil of the State o	l liquefactior f California
iv) Landslides?			\boxtimes	
The project's geotechnical investigation d	etermined that		located on or	below any

The project's geotechnical investigation determined that project site is not located on or below any known (mapped) ancient landslides, nor is it located in an area that is susceptible to landslide hazards.

Issu	e	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?						
be revege to contro project co	Refer to VI. a) All trenching for pipe replacement would be backfilled and all disturbed areas would be revegetated with appropriate non-invasive, low water use, container plants and a hydroseed mix to control erosion. Additionally, appropriate Best Management Practices would be utilized during project construction to prevent soil erosion. As such, the project would not result in a substantial amount of soil erosion or loss of topsoil.						
1 !	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?						
52 which structure	/l. a) Additionally, the project is localist designated as "other level areas, and low geologic risk. In addition, tion practices would ensure that the	gently slopi proper engi	ng to steep terrain neering design and	with a favora dutilization of	ble geologic standard		
į (Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?						
investigat	/l. a) In addition, the project's geoto tion that, in their opinion, the major ow expansion potential.			_			
: :	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?						
•	or alternative wastewater systems ace existing public storm drain pipe		•	of the project	is to repair		
VII. GREE	NHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the projec	ct:					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?						

In December 2015, the City adopted a Climate Action Plan (CAP) that outlines the actions that City will undertake to achieve its proportional share of State greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions. The CAP is a plan for the reduction of GHG emissions in accordance with CEQA Guidelines Section 15183.5. Pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Sections 15064(h)(3), 15130(d), and 15183(b), a project's incremental contribution to a cumulative GHG emissions effect may be determined not to be cumulatively considerable if it complies with the requirements of the CAP.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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This Checklist is part of the CAP and contains measures that are required to be implemented on a project-by-project basis to ensure that the specified emissions targets identified in the CAP are achieved. Implementation of these measures would ensure that new development is consistent with the CAP's assumptions for relevant CAP strategies toward achieving the identified GHG reduction targets. Projects that are consistent with the CAP as determined through the use of this Checklist may rely on the CAP for the cumulative impacts analysis of GHG emissions.

Under Step 1 of the CAP Checklist the proposed project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Community Plan land use designations, and zoning designations for the project site because these designations allow for the replacement and repair of existing storm water facilities that do not involve expansion of these facilities. Therefore, the proposed project is consistent with the growth projections and land use assumptions used in the CAP.

Furthermore, completion of the Step 2 of the CAP Checklist for the project demonstrates that the CAP strategies for reduction in GHG emissions are not applicable to the project because it is a linear public storm drain repair project with no habitable space or operational GHG emissions, and does not require a building permit or certificate of occupancy.

Therefore, the project has been determined to be consistent with the City of San Diego Climate Action Plan, would result in a less than significant impact on the environment with respect to Greenhouse Gas Emissions, and further GHG emissions analysis and mitigation would not be required.

b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?			\boxtimes
Refer to	VII. a)			
VIII. HAZ	ARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would th	he project:		
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?		\boxtimes	
		6.1	 	

Construction of the project may require the use of hazardous materials (e.g. fuels, lubricants, solvents, etc.) which would require proper storage, handling, use and disposal; however, these conditions would not occur during routine construction within the PROW. Construction specifications would include requirements for the contractor regarding where routine handling or disposal of hazardous materials could occur and what measures to implement in the event of a spill from equipment. Compliance with contract specifications would ensure that potential hazards are minimized to below a level of significance.

b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably			
	foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the		\boxtimes	
	environment?			

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The State Water Resources Control Board GeoTracker website indicates that construction of the project is located within 1,000 feet of three closed cases for Leaking Underground Storage Tank (LUST) cleanup sites. However, neither site was located directly within the project area. In addition,

would b Releasin for Publi proper l and fed	vent that construction activities encouse required to implement section 803 g Hazardous Substances or Petroleum ic Works Construction which is include handling and disposal of any contameral regulations. Compliance with the environment; therefore, impacts wo	3 of the City's Products" of ed in all consisted soils ness require	s "WHITEBOOK" for the <i>City of San Die</i> struction documer in accordance wit ments would mini	or "Encountering ego Standard Sp nts and would on the all applicable onize the risk to	g or pecifications ensure the e local, state
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
trenchir unantici "WHITEI requirer handlinį would b	s of the project alignment are withing or excavation activities that could pated contamination is encountered BOOK" to ensure that appropriate prenents should any hazardous conditing or discovery of hazardous material be below a level of significance with iteract specifications and County DEH	result in the d within the otocols are ons be enco ls, substance mplementat	release of hazard PROW. However, followed pursuan untered. As such, es or waste within	lous emissions section 803 of t to County DEI impacts regar close proximit	if the City's H ding the y of a schoo
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				\boxtimes
	a)-c) above. Additionally, the project s compiled pursuant to Governmen	_			
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
Airport l drain m	s of the project alignment are within Land Use Compatibility Plan. Since t ain repair, it would not introduce an residing or working in the area, or cr	the proposed y new featul	d project involves res that would res	linear undergr ult in a safety h	ound storm

f)	For a project within the vicinity of a			\bowtie
	private airstrip, would the project result	Ш	Ш	

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
	in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?						
The proj	ect site is not within proximity of a բ	orivate airstr	ip. No impact wou	ld occur.			
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				\boxtimes		
Area of limplements	Construction of the proposed project may temporarily affect traffic circulation within the project Area of Potential Effect (APE) and its adjoining roads. An approved Traffic Control Plan would be implemented during construction which would allow emergency plans to be employed. Therefore, the project would not physically interfere with and adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan, and no impact would occur.						
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?						
drain re the risk brush m	posed project would be located with placement would not introduce any of fire. Revegetation of the disturbe anagement regulations of the San Eto a less than significant level.	new feature ed canyon ar	s that are combus eas will be comple	tible or would ted in accorda	increase ance with the		
IX. HYDR	OLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the pr	oject:					
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				\boxtimes		

A Drainage Study for Maple Canyon Restoration Phase 1 dated June 21, 2019 was prepared for the proposed project by Rick Engineering Company, which updates a drainage report completed in May 2015 by AECOM. The Drainage Report dated May 2015 verifies to adhere to the basic objectives of the City of San Diego Drainage Design Manual which are to collect, transmit and discharge drainage in such a manner to promote public safety and provide for low maintenance by preventing property damage and providing for removal of detrimental amounts of subsurface water.

The 2019 drainage study also concludes that the proposed project will replace an existing deteriorating storm water drainage system that does not currently meet City of San Diego drainage requirements, with a new system of reinforced concrete storm drain piping and concrete energy dissipaters that will exceed minimum City requirements and adequately accommodate proposed storm water drainage into the canyon.

Furthermore, potential impacts to existing water quality standards associated with the proposed project would include minimal short-term construction-related erosion sedimentation, but would not include any long term operational storm water impacts. The project would be required to comply with the City's Storm Water Standards Manual and all requirements of the most current

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
would be respon	uality Control Board munic sible for compliance with a kisting water quality standa	ll storm wate	r regulations. The	proposed pro	oject would
supplies o groundwa would be or a lower table level pre-existir a level wh existing la	ally deplete groundwater in interfere substantially with ter recharge such that there is net deficit in aquifer volume ing of the local groundwater (e.g., the production rate of ing nearby wells would drop to ch would not support ind uses or planned uses for mits have been granted)?				
	not use groundwater, nor undwater recharge; theref			s surfaces tha	t would
pattern of through th a stream o would res	ally alter the existing drainage the site or area, including the alteration of the course of or river, in a manner, which alt in substantial erosion or n- or off-site?				
disturbed areas, non-irrigated nat soil erosion. Thre dissipaters (SDD- the outfall to nor regulations would	is that are trenched would ncluding temporary constrive hydroseed mix and nor e (3) Concrete energy dissi 104) have been proposed a erosive conditions. Completensure that any alteration from erosion or siltation to	ruction access n-invasive, low paters (SDD- at the outfall l liance with lo ns to the drai	s and staging, wou water use contai 105) and eleven (1 ocations to help r cal, state, and fedo nage system in Ma	old be re-vege ner plants to 1) rip rap ene educe exit ve eral storm wa	tated with a minimize rgy locities from ter
pattern of through th a stream o increase t runoff in a	ally alter the existing drainage the site or area, including the alteration of the course of or river, or substantially the rate or amount of surface manner, which would result to on- or off-site?				
•	oposed project does not incoording beyond those of ex	•			
which wou existing or drainage s	contribute runoff water, uld exceed the capacity of planned stormwater ystems or provide I additional sources of unoff?				

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
standar	c). The project would be required to ds during construction using appro that water quality is not degraded.	ved Best Mar	nagement Practices		
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				\boxtimes
See IX. o	c) - e).				
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				\boxtimes
The pro	ject does not propose housing. No	impact would	d result.		
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?			\boxtimes	
reduce hydrolo	(11) rip rap energy dissipaters (SDD-exit velocities from the outfall to not gy are less than significant.USE AND PLANNING - Would the project:Physically divide an established community?				
	ject would involve replacing and ins ce new features that could divide a			erground and	l would not
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				
consiste	ject would involve replacing and insent with all applicable land use plane project and would not conflict with	s, policies, or	regulations of an a	igency with ju	
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?		\boxtimes		

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact

See also responses in Section IV, Biological Resources. The project is not within or adjacent to the MHPA preserve area of the City of San Diego Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP). Implementation of the Mitigation and Monitoring Requirements identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration would reduce potentially significant direct and indirect impacts to the Cooper's Hawk, an MSCP listed species, to a less than significant level.

XI. MINE	ERAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				
econom	oject is not located in an MRZ 2 classif nically feasible aggregate mining oper overy of mineral resources. Therefore es, and no impact would occur.	ation (less tl	nan 10 acres). Th	e site is not bei	ng used for
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				
local, st	as around the proposed project align ate or federal land use plan for mine				
XII. NOIS	SE – Would the project result in:				
a)	Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				
-	eject would not result in the generation of the	•			-
b)	Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?				
•	eject would not result in the generations of existing standards or ambient le	•	•	ne vibration or	noise levels
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				\boxtimes
Refer to	XII. a)-b). No impact would occur.				
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?			\boxtimes	

Potentially Sig Issue Significant Impact	Less Than gnificant with Mitigation ncorporated Sess Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The proposed linear underground storm drain repair project would result in construction noise, but would be temporary in nature; in addition, the project is required to comply with the San Diego Municipal Code, Chapter 5, Article 9.5, (§59.5.0404 Construction Noise). This section specifies that it is unlawful for any person, between the hours of 7:00 p.m. of any day and 7:00 a.m. of the following day, or on legal holidays (with exception of Columbus Day and Washington's Birthday), or on Sundays, to erect, construct, demolish, excavate for, alter or repair any building or structure in such a manner as to create disturbing, excessive or offensive noise. In addition, the project would be required to conduct any construction activity so as to not cause, at or beyond the property lines of any property zoned residential, an average sound level greater than 75 decibels during the 12–hour period from 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. Noise impacts would be less than significant.

	from 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. Noise im			•	ine rz-nour
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?			\boxtimes	
Interna operati	s of the project alignment are withir tional Airport Land Use Compatibilit onal noise. Furthermore, compliand not be exposed to excessive noise le	y Plan. The p ce with OSHA	roject, in and of its standards will en	self, would not sure the proje	t generate ct workers
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
The pro	ject site is not located within the vic	inity of a priv	ate airstrip. No im	pact would o	cur.
XIII. POI	PULATION AND HOUSING – Would the projec	t:			
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
new ho	oject scope does not include the con mes and businesses. The project wo ore, the project would not induce po ucture.	ould replace	existing outdated	storm drain in	frastructure.
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes

No such displacement would result, and no impact would occur.

lss	sue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
c)	peo	olace substantial numbers of ple, necessitating the construction eplacement housing elsewhere?				
No such	n dis	placement would result, and no	impact woul	d occur.		
XIV. PUE	BLIC S	ERVICES				
a)	phy con	uld the project result in substantial adv sically altered governmental facilities, i struction of which could cause significa ons, response times or other performa	need for new or pant environmenta	physically altered gover al impacts, in order to m	nmental facilities naintain acceptal	s, the
	i)	Fire protection				\boxtimes
	ii)	Police protection				\boxtimes
	iii)	Schools				\boxtimes
	iv)	Parks				\boxtimes
	v)	Other public facilities				\boxtimes
	park	or police services. The project , or other public facility. No imp ON			xpansion of a	fire, police
a)	exis par suc det	uld the project increase the use of sting neighborhood and regional ks or other recreational facilities that substantial physical erioration of the facility would occur be accelerated?				
	-	would not adversely affect the resources. No impact would o	-	and/or need for ne	ew or expand	ed
b)	faci exp whi	es the project include recreational lities or require the construction or ansion of recreational facilities, ch might have an adverse physical ect on the environment?				\boxtimes
See XIV	a) aı	nd XV a). No impact would occu	r.			
XVI. TRA	NSPC	DRTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project	?			
a)	ord mea per taki	iflict with an applicable plan, inance or policy establishing asures of effectiveness for the formance of the circulation system, ng into account all modes of asportation including mass transit				

lss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?				
The replacement, repair, and construction of storm drain infrastructure would not conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system. Construction of the proposed project may temporarily affect traffic circulation within the project Area of Potential Effect (APE) and its adjoining roads. However, an approved Traffic Control Plan would be implemented during construction such that traffic circulation would not be substantially impacted. Therefore, the project would not result in any significant transportation/traffic impact.					
b)	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?				
Construction of the proposed project may temporarily affect traffic circulation within the project Area of Potential Effect (APE) and its adjoining roads. However, an approved Traffic Control Plan would be implemented during construction so that existing cumulative or individual levels of service are minimally impacted. Therefore, the project would not result in any significant permanent impact to traffic generation or level of service, and no mitigation is required.					
c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				\boxtimes
	ect would not result in safety risks on the ground. No impact w	_	air traffic patterns	s. All work wo	ould occur
d)	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?			\boxtimes	
The replacement, repair, and construction of storm drain infrastructure would not include any design features that would substantially increase hazards or incompatible uses. Impacts would be less than significant.					
e) access?	Result in inadequate emergency				
The proj	ect would not result in inadequate	emergency ac	cess; no impact wo	ould result.	
f)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit,				\boxtimes

Issu	ie	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?		·		
adopted	acement, repair, and construction of policies, plans, or programs regardi e decrease the performance or safe	ing public trai	nsit, bicycle, or peo		
cultural r geograph	BAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the projesource, defined in Public Resources Code selically defined in terms of the size and scope Native American tribe, and that is:	ection 21074 as e	ither a site, feature, pl	ace, cultural lan	dscape that is
a)	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or				
21074 ha be eligib required Jamul Ind commur	Section V. b). No tribal cultural resonable been identified on the project side for listing on either the State or look by Public Resources Code section 2 dian Village of Kumeyaay Nation on lities responded to the City that that ect will not impact Tribal Cultural Resources	te. Furthermo cal register o 1074 was pro June 6, 2018. c do not requi	ore, the project site f historical resource ovided to the lipay On June 13, 2018 re consultation fo	e was not det ces. Notificat Nation of Sa , both Native r this project	termined to tion, as nta Ysabel, American
b)	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.				
•	icant resources pursuant to subdivi			le Section 50	24.1 have
XVIII. UTII	LITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the pro	oject:			
a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				
storm wa	tion of the proposed storm water dater into the City's storm water drain Therefore, the project would not ex	nage system a	and would not affe	ct the waste	water

 \boxtimes

b) Require or result in the construction of

new water or wastewater treatment

Is	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
would r	pposed project would result in impro not affect the water or wastewater s r wastewater treatment facilities.				
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
and slig	uction of the proposed storm water thtly extend, drainage lines in appro e or require the construction substa uire the construction of new storm	eximately the intial new dra	same alignment ar inage facilities. Th	nd location, ar nerefore, the p	nd does not project would
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				\boxtimes
Constru project	action of the proposed project would area.	d not increas	e the demand for v	water and with	nin the
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
Refer to	XVII. c)				
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				
otherwi with all capacity recycled the pro- landfill	action of the project would result in ise would likely generate minimal war applicable local and state regulation of the landfill serving the project and shall comply with the City's Constribution ject would not generate waste and, serving the project area.	aste. Project ns pertaining rea. Demolit ruction and D	waste would be di to solid waste incli ion or constructior emolition Debris O	sposed of in a uding the peri n materials wh ordinance. Op	eccordance mitted nich can be eration of
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste?				

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Refer to XVII. f). Any solid waste generated during construction related activities would be recycled or disposed of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations.

XIX. MA	NDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE –		
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?		

Although the proposed project could have significant indirect impacts to sensitive biological resources, these impacts would be mitigated to a less than significant level by the mitigation measures identified in the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program in Section V of the MND. These mitigation requirements are also consistent with the MSCP City of San Diego Subarea Plan. As stated in the initial study checklist, the project would result in less than significant impacts on archaeological, tribal cultural, and paleontological resources. Historical built environmental resources would not be significantly impacted by the project as stated in the Initial Study.

b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable	\boxtimes	
	future projects)?		

The City of San Diego MSCP Subarea Plan addresses cumulative impacts on biological resources throughout San Diego. Since the mitigation measures identified in Section V of the MND are consistent with the avoidance and mitigation requirements for listed species, and the mitigation ratio requirements, of the Subarea Plan, the proposed project is consistent with the Subarea Plan. As a result, project implementation would not result in any individually limited, but cumulatively significant impacts to these resources. Based on the project's consistency with the Climate Action Plan it would not result in cumulatively considerable environmental impacts relative to greenhouse gas emissions.

Furthermore, when considering all potential environmental impacts of the proposed project, including impacts identified as less than significant in the Initial Study Checklist, together with the impacts of other present, past and reasonably foreseeable future projects, there would not be a cumulatively considerable impact on the environment.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
 Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly? 			\boxtimes	

As evidenced by the Initial Study Checklist, the project does not have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST REFERENCES

I. ⊠ ⊠	Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character City of San Diego General Plan; City of San Diego Land Development Municipal Code Community Plans: Uptown Community Plan
II. 	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) Site Specific Report:
III. □ □	Air Quality California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report:
	Biology City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools" Maps, 1996 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001 California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines Site Specific Report: Biological Technical Report for the Maple Canyon Storm Drain Project, San Diego California, prepared by AECOM, Revised March 2018. Biological Technical Report Maple Canyon Storm Drain Project: Addendum, prepared by Tierra Data, Inc., January 2020.
v. ⊠ ⊠ ⊠	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources and Built Environment) City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines City of San Diego Archaeology Library Historical Resources Board List Community Historical Survey: Site Specific Report: Historical Resources Survey for Maple Canyon Storm Drain Repair Project, San Diego, California by Recon dated February 19, 2018.
VI.	Geology/Soils City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study

	U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975 Site Specific Report: Report of Geotechnical Investigation Maple Canyon Restoration Phase 1 by Allied Geotechnical Engineers, dated August 19, 2014. Response to City of San Diego Development Services Department Review Comments dated December 19, 2016, Maple Canyon Restoration Phase 1, City of San Diego, prepared by Allied Geotechnical Engineers, Inc., dated September 14, 2017
VII.	Greenhouse Gas Emissions Site Specific Report: Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist for the Maple Canyon Restoration – Phase 1 (PTS No. 517439), prepared by Elham Lotfi, Associate Civil Engineer, City of San Diego Public Works Department
	Hazards and Hazardous Materials San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division FAA Determination State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan Site Specific Report:
IX.	Hydrology/Drainage Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report: Maple Canyon Drainage Report by AECOM, dated May 2015. Drainage Study for Maple Canyon Restoration Phase 1 100% Design Submittal, by Rick Engineering Company, Revised June 21, 2019
x.	Land Use and Planning City of San Diego General Plan Uptown Community Plan Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps FAA Determination: Other Plans:
XI.	Mineral Resources California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification 1996 Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps City of San Diego General Plan: Conservation Element Site Specific Report:

XII.	Noise
	City of San Diego General Plan
	Community Plan
X	San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps
H	Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps
	Montgomery Field CNEL Maps San Diago Association of Covernments - San Diago Pagional Average Woolkday Traffic
	San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes
	San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG
	Site Specific Report:
XIII.	Paleontological Resources
	City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines
	Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego,"
	Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996
\boxtimes	Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2
	Minute Quadrangles," <i>California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin</i> 200, Sacramento, 1975
	Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay
	Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977
	Site Specific Report:
XIV.	Population / Housing
	City of San Diego General Plan
Ä	Community Plan Series 11/Series 13 Population Foresasts SANDAC
	Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
	otici.
XV.	Public Services
\boxtimes	City of San Diego General Plan
\boxtimes	Community Plan
XVI. ✓	Recreational Resources
\vdash	City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan
	Department of Park and Recreation
	City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map
	Additional Resources:
XVII.	Transportation / Circulation
	City of San Diego General Plan
$ \ominus $	Community Plan: San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG
H	San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG
	Site Specific Report:
	·

XVIII.	Utilities Site Specific Report:
XIX.	Water Conservation Sunset Magazine, <i>New Western Garden Book</i> , Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine
xx .	Water Quality Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report:



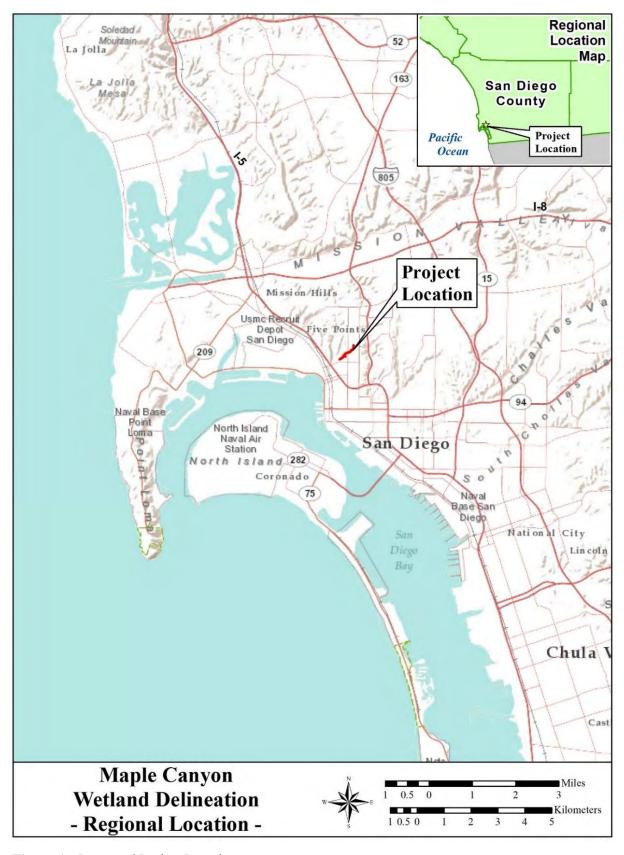


Figure 1. Proposed Project Location.

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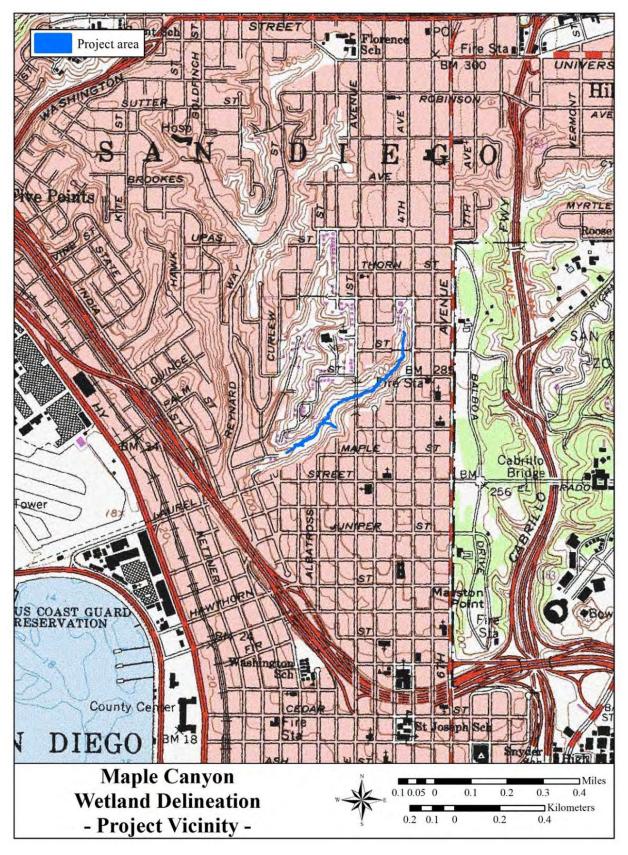


Figure 2. Proposed Project Vicinity.



Figure 3a. Maple Canyon North – Upland and Jurisdictional Area Impacts.

Figure 3b. Maple Canyon Central - Upland and Jurisdictional Area Impacts.

Figure 3c. Maple Canyon South - Upland and Jurisdictional Area Impacts.