# CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT REPORT

#### WESTBURY

RANCHO CUCAMONGA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA



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#### **WESTBURY**

## RANCHO CUCAMONGA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

#### Submitted to:

Stratham Homes 2201 Dupont Drive, Suite 300 Irvine, California 92612

Prepared by:

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Project No. STR1701

## National Archaeological Database (NADB) Information

Type of Study: Archaeological Assessment
Area Covered: 11.43 acres
Sites Recorded: None
USGS Quadrangle: Guasti, California 7.5-minute

Keywords: Negative Archaeological Survey, CEQA



#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

LSA is under contract to Stratham Homes to conduct a cultural resources assessment for the 11.43-acre Westbury Project (project) located in Rancho Cucamonga, San Bernardino County, California. The assessment included a records search, a field survey, and this document. All work has been completed per the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act of 1970 (CEQA). Sites determined important under CEQA are eligible for listing on the California Register of Historical Resources.

No cultural resources were identified in the project area by the records search or during the field survey. However, historic maps show development adjacent to the project area as early as the late 1800s and within the project area prior to 1954. Due to the possibility that ground-disturbing construction activities could encounter historic resources, LSA recommends archaeological monitoring during construction activities.

If human remains are encountered, State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 states that no further disturbance shall occur until the County coroner has made a determination of origin and disposition pursuant to State Public Resources Code Section 5097.98. The County coroner must be notified of the find immediately. If the remains are determined to be Native American, the County coroner would notify the Native American Heritage Commission, which would determine and notify a Most Likely Descendent (MLD). With the permission of the landowner or his/her authorized representative, the MLD may inspect the site of the discovery. The MLD shall complete the inspection and make recommendations or preferences for treatment within 48 hours of being granted access to the site. The MLD recommendations may include scientific removal and nondestructive analysis of human remains and items associated with Native American burials, preservation of Native American human remains and associated items in place, relinquishment of Native American human remains and associated items to the descendants for treatment, or any other culturally appropriate treatment.

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### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

California Register California Register of Historical Resources

CEQA California Environmental Quality Act

GIS geographic information system

MLD Most Likely Descendant

PRC Public Resources Code

project Westbury Project

SCCIC South Central Coastal Information Center

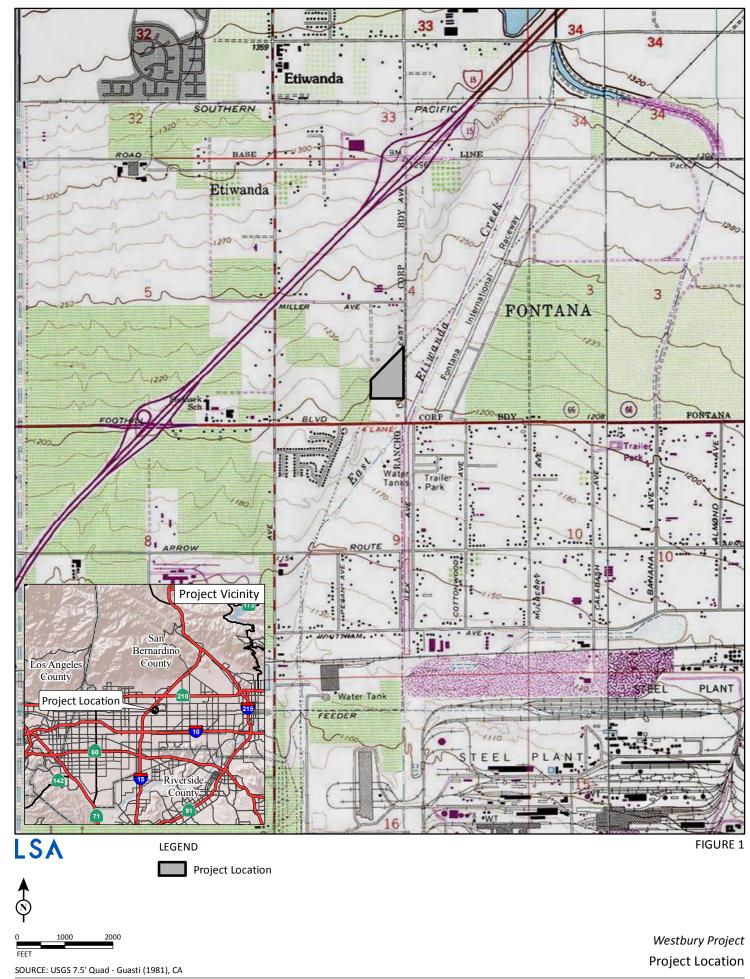
USGS United States Geological Survey

#### **INTRODUCTION**

LSA is under contract to Stratham Homes to conduct a cultural resources assessment for the 11.43-acre Westbury Project (project) located in Rancho Cucamonga, San Bernardino County, California. The assessment included a records search through the South Central Coastal Information Center (SCCIC) at California State University, Fullerton; a field survey; and this document.

Proposed project work involves the construction of a mixed-use development of 131 residential units and 1,592 square feet of commercial space in a lot bordered by East Avenue to the east and East Foothill Boulevard to the south. The project area is depicted on the United States Geological Survey (USGS) *Guasti, California* 7.5-minute topographic quadrangle map in Township 1 South, Range 6 west, Section 4, San Bernardino Baseline and Meridian (USGS 1981; Figure 1).

All work has been completed per the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act of 1970 (CEQA; as amended January 1, 2017); Public Resources Code (PRC) Division 13 (Environmental Quality), Chapter 2.6, Sections 21083.2 (Archaeological Resources) and 21084.1 (Historical Resources); the *State CEQA Guidelines* (as amended December 1, 2016); and the California Code of Regulations, Title 14, Chapter 3, Article 5, Section 15064.5 (Determining the Significance of Impacts on Historical and Unique Archaeological Resources). Sites determined important under CEQA are eligible for listing on the California Register of Historical Resources (California Register).



#### **NATURAL SETTING**

The natural setting of the project vicinity is presented in this report based on the underlying theoretical assumption that humans are in continual interaction with the physical environment. Being an integral part of the ecological system, humans respond to the environment through technological and behavioral adaptations. Archaeological site locations are based on the constraints of these adaptations, whether it is proximity to a particular resource, topographical restrictions, or shelter and protection. Sites will also contain an assemblage of artifacts and ecofacts consistent with the particular interaction.

#### **BIOLOGY**

The project is in what is currently a cismontane (coastal) urban biotic community (Jaeger and Smith 1966: 46). Communities such as this are described as being in a coastal area with residential buildings, parks, cemeteries, and vacant lots. They include a large variety of trees, shrubs, and garden flowers that have been introduced to the area. Mammals that are characteristic of this type of biotic community include Virginia opossum (*Didelphis virginiana*), Botta's pocket gopher (*Thomomys bottae*), Norway rat (*Rattus norvegicus*), black rat (*Rattus rattus*), and house mouse (*Mus musculus*). The types of birds found in the cismontane urban biotic community include barn owl (*Tyto alba*), mourning dove (*Zenaida macroura*), spotted dove (*Streptopelia chinensis*), rock pigeon (*Columba livia*), northern mockingbird (*Mimus polyglottos*), Brewer's blackbird (*Euphagus cyanocephalus*), house sparrow (*Passer domesticus*), house finch (*Haemorhous mexicanus*), and California towhee (*Melozone crissalis*).

#### **GEOLOGY**

The project is located at the northern end of the Peninsular Ranges Geomorphic Province, a 900-mile-long northwest-southeast-trending structural block that extends from the Transverse Ranges in the north to the tip of Baja California in the south and includes the Los Angeles Basin (California Geological Survey 2002; Norris and Webb 1976). This province is characterized by mountains and valleys that trend in a northwest-southeast direction, roughly parallel to the San Andreas Fault. The total width of the province is approximately 225 miles, extending from the Colorado Desert in the east, across the continental shelf, to the Southern Channel Islands (i.e., Santa Barbara, San Nicolas, Santa Catalina, and San Clemente) (Sharp 1976). It contains extensive pre-Cenozoic (more than 66 million years ago [Ma]) igneous and metamorphic rock covered by limited exposures of Cenozoic (less than 66 Ma) sedimentary deposits (Norris and Webb 1976). Within this province, the project is located on the Perris Block, a fault-bounded structural block that extends from the southern foot of the San Gabriel and San Bernardino Mountains southeast to the vicinity of Bachelor Mountain and Polly Butte (Morton and Miller 2006; Kenney 1999). It is bounded on the northeast by the San Jacinto Fault and on the southwest by the Elsinore Fault Zone (Morton and Miller 2006).

Geologic mapping by Morton and Miller (2006) shows that the project site contains late Holocene (less than 4,200 years ago) Very Young Alluvial Fan Deposits and early Holocene to late Pleistocene (less than 126,000 years ago) Young Alluvial Fan Deposits, Unit 1. Although they accumulated at different times, both of these geologic units consist of silt, sand, pebbles, cobbles, and boulders that

accumulated as sediment was carried down from higher elevations and deposited across the valleys (Morton and Miller 2006).

#### **CULTURAL SETTING**

#### **PREHISTORY**

Of the many chronological sequences proposed for Southern California, two primary regional syntheses are commonly used in archaeological literature. The first, advanced by Wallace in 1955, is a typological approach that defines four cultural horizons, each with characteristic local variations: Early Horizon (9000–6500 BC), Milling Stone Horizon (6500–2000 BC), Intermediate Horizon (2000 BC–AD 200), and Late Prehistoric Horizon (AD 500–historic). This chronology was refined (Wallace 1978) using absolute chronological dates unavailable in 1955.

Employing a more ecological approach, Warren (1984) also defined four periods in Southern California prehistory: Pinto (4000–3000 BC), Gypsum (1000 BC–AD 1), Saratoga Springs (AD 500–1000), and Protohistoric (AD 1500–historic). Warren viewed cultural continuity and change in terms of various significant environmental shifts, defining the cultural ecological approach for archaeological research of the California deserts and coast. Many changes in settlement patterns and subsistence focus are viewed as cultural adaptations to a changing environment, beginning with the gradual environmental warming in the late Pleistocene, the desiccation of the desert lakes during the early Holocene, the short return to pluvial conditions during the middle Holocene, and the general warming and drying trend, with periodic reversals, that continues to this day.

#### **ETHNOHISTORY**

The Late Prehistoric Period ended in 1769, when Franciscan friars and Spanish soldiers began establishing mission outposts along the California coast. At that time, the project area was occupied by the Gabrielino Indians, specifically the Kucamongan people (City of Rancho Cucamonga 2017). Gabrielino refers to the Shoshonean (Takic) speaking Native Americans who lived throughout Los Angeles, western San Bernardino, western Riverside, and Orange Counties, and who were historically affiliated with Mission San Gabriel Archangel. Some of these Shoshonean people also called themselves Tong-va (Johnson 1962; McCawley 1996).

The Gabrielino were hunters and gatherers who used both inland and coastal food resources. They caught and collected seasonally occurring food resources and evolved a semi-sedentary lifestyle, living in semi-permanent villages along inland watercourses and coastal estuaries. These villages took advantage of the varied resources available at such locales. Seasonally, as foods became available, the Gabrielino moved to temporary gathering camps and collected plant foods such as acorns, buckwheat, chia, berries, or fruits. They also periodically established camps along the coast or at estuaries to gather shellfish or to hunt waterfowl (Hudson 1971; McCawley 1996).

The Gabrielino lived in small, semi-permanent villages that were the focus of family life. Patrilineally linked extended families lived within each village (Kroeber 1976; Johnson 1962; Bean and Smith 1978). These kin groups were affiliated in several village clans. Both the clans and the villages were apparently exogamous and patrilocal, as Mission records suggest that after her marriage, a woman resided at her husband's village.

Gabrielino villages were politically independent even when marriage ties existed. The village was administered by a headman who inherited his position from his father. Shamans guided religious and medical activities, and group hunting or fishing was supervised by individual male specialists.

An active and elaborate Gabrielino ritual system was present when the Spanish padres arrived to establish Mission San Gabriel. Rituals included individual rites of passage, village rites, and participation in the widespread Chinigchinich cult. The cult of the culture hero, Chinigchinich, was observed and recorded by Franciscan Friar Geronimo Boscana while he resided at Missions San Juan Capistrano and San Luis Rey (Harrington 1933, 1934; Boscana 1933; Hanna 1933).

#### **HISTORY**

In California, the historic era is generally divided into three periods: the Spanish Period (1769–1821), the Mexican Period (1821–1848), and the American Period (1848–present). In 1839, the Mexican governor Juan Bautista Alvarado granted to Tubercio Tapia approximately 13,000 acres of land around an area called "Cucamonga." In 1858, John Rains and Maria Merced Williams de Rains purchased Rancho de Cucamonga from Tapia's daughter, and after John Rains passed away in 1862, the Rancho went into foreclosure. In 1870, the land was sold to a banker named Isaias Hellman and other San Francisco businessmen (City of Rancho Cucamonga 2017).

The lands of Rancho de Cucamonga were then divided into regional communities. Three of those historic communities make up what is now the city of Rancho Cucamonga: Alta Loma, Cucamonga, and Etiwanda. In November 1977, citizens of the three communities voted to incorporate a newly formed city called Rancho Cucamonga in an attempt to stem the seemingly uncontrollable growth the three communities were experiencing due to families from Los Angeles and Orange County seeking affordable housing (City of Rancho Cucamonga 2017).

#### **METHODS**

#### **RECORDS SEARCH**

On November 13, 2017, Isabela Kott, Geographic Information System (GIS) Technician and Staff Researcher at the SCCIC, performed a records search to identify (1) previously recorded historic and prehistoric resources in the project area, and (2) previously completed cultural resources surveys and excavations within 1 mile of the project area. Records on file at the SCCIC were reviewed. In addition, the California Points of Historical Interest, California Historical Landmarks, California Register of Historical Resources (California Register), the National Register of Historic Places (National Register), and the California State Historic Properties Directory listings were reviewed.

#### **FIELD SURVEY**

The purpose of a field survey is to (1) relocate any known cultural resources, if present, determine their current status, and update documentation; and (2) identify any unrecorded cultural resources visible on the surface of a project site. In this way, impacts to known cultural resources may be mitigated prior to the beginning of ground-disturbing activities. On November 26, 2017, LSA archaeologist Gini Austerman conducted an archaeological pedestrian survey of the entire project area using the block transect method with transects conducted at 10-meter (approximately 30-foot) intervals. Rodent back dirt was checked for historic artifacts and prehistoric items, such as flaked and ground stone items, ceramics, and bone.

#### **RESULTS**

#### **RECORDS SEARCH**

The November 13, 2017, records search results (Appendix A) indicate that three cultural resource studies have been conducted within portions of the project area. Table A below lists these studies. An additional 49 cultural resources studies have been conducted within a 1-mile radius of the project area.

**Table A: Previous Studies within Project Area** 

Report Number	Reference	Type of Study
SB-01501	Mason (1985)	Cultural Resources Survey
SB-02286	Clevenger (1988)	Cultural Resource Survey
SB-06986	Glover and Gust (2010)	Phase I Resources Assessment

Previous cultural resource work in the area has resulted in 24 cultural resources being recorded within 1 mile of the project area; however, none of these resources are within the project area. The two closest resources to the project area are within 0.125 mile. One of the resources (P-36-012338) is a historic single family residence, and the other resource (P-36-024086) is a historic road.

The records search also provided eight historic maps. The historic Cucamonga maps all indicate that a building existed just outside of the southwest corner of the project area (USGS 1897, 1900, and 1903). The historic Ontario map shows development within the project area (USGS 1954a). The San Bernardino historic maps do not show the project area, but show the area to the east (within the records search radius). None of the San Bernardino historic maps show development near the project area (USGS 1896, 1898, 1901, and 1954b).

#### **FIELD SURVEY**

The November 26, 2017, archaeological field survey conducted by Ms. Austerman had an average of 50 percent ground visibility. In the parts of the project area where user-created trails and a transmission line access road had been cleared, there was no vegetation and ground visibility was 100 percent. However, the remainder of the project area was covered by patchy vegetation, mostly small clumps of sage, dove weed, and dried grasses (Appendix B). Surficial sediments consisted of silty sand, with dried leaves and grasses.

The project area is mostly flat, except for the northwestern portion, which has a gentle slope leading up to a slightly elevated area. A scattering of modern trash was noted throughout the project area, with several concentrations of construction debris occurring along the transmission access road. Toward the southern boundary of the project area, a series of off-road vehicle tracks cut into a low knoll. A line of mature, nonnative windrow trees were noted along portions of the southern and eastern boundaries, many of which were eucalyptus. No evidence of previous residence buildings was noted.

#### **SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

No cultural resources were identified in the project area by the records search or during the field survey. However, historic maps show development adjacent to the project area as early as the 1890s and within the project area prior to 1954. Due to the possibility that ground-disturbing construction activities could encounter historic resources, LSA recommends archaeological monitoring during construction activities.

If human remains are encountered, State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 states that no further disturbance shall occur until the County coroner has made a determination of origin and disposition pursuant to State PRC Section 5097.98. The County coroner must be notified of the find immediately. If the remains are determined to be Native American, the County coroner would notify the Native American Heritage Commission, which would determine and notify a Most Likely Descendent (MLD). With the permission of the landowner or his/her authorized representative, the MLD may inspect the site of the discovery. The MLD shall complete the inspection and make recommendations or preferences for treatment within 48 hours of being granted access to the site. The MLD recommendations may include scientific removal and nondestructive analysis of human remains and items associated with Native American burials, preservation of Native American human remains and associated items in place, relinquishment of Native American human remains and associated items to the descendants for treatment, or any other culturally appropriate treatment.

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# APPENDIX A RECORDS SEARCH RESULTS

#### **South Central Coastal Information Center**

California State University, Fullerton Department of Anthropology MH-426 800 North State College Boulevard Fullerton, CA 92834-6846 657.278.5395 / FAX 657.278.5542

sccic@fullerton.edu

California Historical Resources Information System
Orange, Los Angeles, and Ventura Counties

11/13/2017 Records Search File No.: 18247.4274 Debbie McLean LSA Associates. Inc. 20 Executive Park, Suite 200 Irvine, CA Re: Record Search Results for the Westbury Project, Rancho Cucamonga, San Bernardino County, California, LSA #STR1701 The South Central Coastal Information Center received your records search request for the project area referenced above, located on the Guasti, Fontana, and Cucamonga, CA USGS 7.5' quadrangles. The following reflects the results of the records search for the project area and a 1-mile radius: As indicated on the data request form, the locations of resources and reports are provided in the following format: ⊠ custom GIS maps □ shape files ⊠ hand-drawn maps Resources within project area: 0 None Resources within 1-mile radius: 24 SEE ATTACHED MAP or LIST Resources listed in the OHP Historic None Properties Directory within project area: 0 Resources listed in the OHP Historic None Properties Directory within 1-mile radius: 0 Reports within project area: 3 SB-02286, SB-01501, SB-06986 SEE ATTACHED MAP or LIST Reports within 1-mile radius: 48 **Resource Database Printout (list):**  $\boxtimes$  enclosed  $\square$  not requested  $\square$  nothing listed **Resource Database Printout (details):**  $\square$  enclosed  $\boxtimes$  not requested  $\square$  nothing listed Resource Digital Database (spreadsheet):  $\square$  enclosed  $\boxtimes$  not requested  $\square$  nothing listed **Report Database Printout (list):**  $\boxtimes$  enclosed  $\square$  not requested  $\square$  nothing listed **Report Database Printout (details):**  $\square$  enclosed  $\boxtimes$  not requested  $\square$  nothing listed Report Digital Database (spreadsheet):  $\square$  enclosed  $\boxtimes$  not requested  $\square$  nothing listed **Resource Record Copies:**  $\square$  enclosed  $\boxtimes$  not requested  $\square$  nothing listed

**Report Copies:** 

 $\square$  enclosed  $\boxtimes$  not requested  $\square$  nothing listed

OHP Historic Properties Directory:	$\sqcup$ enclosed $\sqcup$ not requested $\boxtimes$ nothing listed
<b>Archaeological Determinations of Eligibility:</b>	$\square$ enclosed $\boxtimes$ not requested $\square$ nothing listed
Los Angeles Historic-Cultural Monuments	$\square$ enclosed $\ oxdot$ not requested $\ oxdot$ nothing listed
Historical Maps:	oxtimes enclosed $oxtimes$ not requested $oxtimes$ nothing listed
<b>Ethnographic Information:</b>	⋈ not available at SCCIC
<u>Historical Literature:</u>	⋈ not available at SCCIC
GLO and/or Rancho Plat Maps:	⋈ not available at SCCIC
Caltrans Bridge Survey:	☑ not available at SCCIC; please go to
http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/structur/strmaint/	<u>historic.htm</u>
Shipwreck Inventory:	⋈ not available at SCCIC; please go to
http://shipwrecks.slc.ca.gov/ShipwrecksDataba	ase/Shipwrecks_Database.asp
Soil Survey Maps: (see below)	oxtimes not available at SCCIC; please go to
http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/WebSo	<u>oilSurvey.aspx</u>

Please forward a copy of any resulting reports from this project to the office as soon as possible. Due to the sensitive nature of archaeological site location data, we ask that you do not include resource location maps and resource location descriptions in your report if the report is for public distribution. If you have any questions regarding the results presented herein, please contact the office at the phone number listed above.

The provision of CHRIS Data via this records search response does not in any way constitute public disclosure of records otherwise exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act or any other law, including, but not limited to, records related to archeological site information maintained by or on behalf of, or in the possession of, the State of California, Department of Parks and Recreation, State Historic Preservation Officer, Office of Historic Preservation, or the State Historical Resources Commission.

Due to processing delays and other factors, not all of the historical resource reports and resource records that have been submitted to the Office of Historic Preservation are available via this records search. Additional information may be available through the federal, state, and local agencies that produced or paid for historical resource management work in the search area. Additionally, Native American tribes have historical resource information not in the CHRIS Inventory, and you should contact the California Native American Heritage Commission for information on local/regional tribal contacts.

Should you require any additional information for the above referenced project, reference the record search number listed above when making inquiries. Requests made after initial invoicing will result in the preparation of a separate invoice.

Thank you for using the California Historical Resources Information System,

Isabela Kott GIS Technician/Staff Researcher

## **Enclosures:**

- (X) Custom Maps 5 pages
- (X) Resource Database Printout (list) 3 pages
- (X) Report Database Printout (list) 7 pages
- (X) Historical Maps 8 pages
- (X) Invoice #18247.4274

## **Resource List**

Primary No.	Trinomial	Other IDs	Туре	Age	Attribute codes	Recorded by	Reports
P-36-007095	CA-SBR-007095H	Resource Name - CP-28-HS	Site	Historic	AH04 (Privies/dumps/trash scatters); AH06 (Water conveyance system); HP11 (Engineering structure); HP95 (Concrete Construction)	1991 (Hampson et al., Greenwood and Associates)	SB-02795, SB- 02796, SB-05986
P-36-007099	CA-SBR-007099H	Resource Name - UCRARU #1170-1	Site	Historic	AH06 (Water conveyance system)	1992 (M Hogan, CRM Tech)	SB-02501, SB- 03591
P-36-007199	CA-SBR-007199H	Resource Name - ACS-92-38-1	Site	Historic	AH02 (Foundations/structure pads); AH03 (Landscaping/orchard); AH04 (Privies/dumps/trash scatters); AH15 (Standing structures)	1992 (Stephen Alexandronwicz, ACS)	
P-36-012338		Resource Name - Bashoura-1; Resource Name - B-1	Building	Historic	HP02 (Single family property)	2006 (Laura White, Archaeological Associates)	
P-36-013624		Resource Name - Frank & Maier Residence, Fontana	Structure	Historic	HP02 (Single family property)	2006 (J. McKenna , McKEnna et al)	SB-04155
P-36-013625		Resource Name - Harold & Josephine Behrends Residence, Fontana	Building	Historic	HP02 (Single family property)	2001 (J. McKenna , McKenna et al)	SB-04155
P-36-013935		Resource Name - Sundown Motel; Brandano's Motel	Building	Historic	HP02 (Single family property)	1994 (Bricker, The Keith Companies)	
P-36-013936		Resource Name - Heberle Motel Apartments; Resource Name - Pauline's Beauty Shop	Building	Historic	HP03 (Multiple family property); HP05 (Hotel/motel)	1994 (Bricker, The Keith Co)	
P-36-014997		Resource Name - Cour/Tilden House	Building	Historic	HP02 (Single family property)	2007 (B. Tang, CRM Tech)	
P-36-014998		Resource Name - CRM TECH 1970-2	Building	Historic	HP02 (Single family property)	2007 (B. Tang, CRM Tech)	
P-36-014999		Resource Name - CRM TECH 1970-3	Building	Historic	HP02 (Single family property)	2007 (B. Tang, CRM Tech)	

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## **Resource List**

Primary No.	Trinomial	Other IDs	Туре	Age	Attribute codes	Recorded by	Reports
P-36-015232		Resource Name - Chaffey-Garcia House; OHP Property Number - 091064; PHI - SBR-082; Other - P1084-49H; Voided - 36-015233; Voided - 36-016450	Structure	Historic	AH15 (Standing structures)	1987 (Merrill)	
P-36-015497		Resource Name - Base Line Road; PHI - SBR-012; Other - Baseline Rd	Structure	Historic	HP37 (Highway/trail)	1973; 2014 (Josh Smallwood, Helix)	SB-04063, SB- 04356, SB-04363, SB-05063, SB- 06654, SB-06812, SB-07187, SB- 07202, SB-07528, SB-07960, SB- 07990, SB-08097, SB-08126, SB- 08130
P-36-016451		Resource Name - 7165 Etiwanda; Resource Name - Fisher House; P1084-50H	Structure	Historic	HP02 (Single family property)	1987 (L. Merrill)	
P-36-016465		Resource Name - Cucamonga Top Winery; Other - Bonded Winery 4360; Other - Guidera Winery	Building	Historic	HP06 (1-3 story commercial building)	1987 (Lynn Merrill, Unknown)	SB-07187
P-36-016489		13181 Victoria, Rancho Cucamonga; Resource Name - Hippard Ranch	Building	Historic	HP02 (Single family property)	1987 (Banks, RC Hist. Pres. Commission)	
P-36-020137	CA-SBR-015904H	Resource Name - Pacific Electric San Bernardino Line; Resource Name - Pacific Electric Southern Pacific Alignment	Structure	Historic	AH07 (Roads/trails/railroad grades); HP11 (Engineering structure); HP19 (Bridge); HP39 (Other)	2004 (laura S White, Archaeological Associates); 2005 (Janet Hansen, LSA); 2006 (Phil Fulton, LSA); 2008 (Daniel Ballester, CRM TECH); 2011 (Patrick Stanton, SRI); 2014 (Smallwood, J.)	SB-04679, SB- 06812, SB-06969, SB-07990
P-36-020144		Resource Name - Van Daele Development Corporation Project	Building	Historic	HP02 (Single family property)	2004 (Christeen Taniguchi, MBA)	SB-04380
P-36-020173		LSA-RCG131-1; Resource Name - Foothill Fieldstone Stockpile-1	Structure	Historic	HP39 (Other)	2001 (Bob Reynolds, LSA)	SB-05986, SB- 05989, SB-07187

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## **Resource List**

Primary No.	Trinomial	Other IDs	Type	Age	Attribute codes	Recorded by	Reports
P-36-020175		LSA-RCG131-3; Resource Name - Foothill Fieldstone Stockpile-3	Structure	Historic	HP39 (Other)	2001 (Bob Reynolds, LSA)	SB-05986, SB- 07187
P-36-020376		Resource Name - Harne's Garage/Etiwanda Auto Repair	Building	Historic	AH16 (Other) - Mechanic's Garage	2005 (David Van Horn, Archaeological Associates)	
P-36-024085	CA-SBR-015270H	Resource Name - SRI-5347	Site	Historic	AH07 (Roads/trails/railroad grades); HP37 (Highway/trail)	2011 (Joshua Trampier, unknown)	
P-36-024086	CA-SBR-015271H	Resource Name - SRI-5348; Resource Name - East Ave	Site	Historic	AH07 (Roads/trails/railroad grades); HP37 (Highway/trail)	2011 (Joshua Trampier, unknown); 2014 (Josh Smallwood, Helix)	SB-07990
P-36-024089	CA-SBR-015274H	Resource Name - SRI-9327	Site	Historic	AH07 (Roads/trails/railroad grades); HP37 (Highway/trail)	2011 (Joshua Trampier, unknown)	

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Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
SB-00495	NADB-R - 1060495; Voided - 77-5.5	1977	HEARN, JOSEPH E.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL - HISTORICAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF ROAD IMPROVEMENT HO 6451	SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY MUSEUM ASSOCIATION	
SB-01501	NADB-R - 1061501; Voided - 85-7.6	1985	MASON, ROGER D.	CULTURAL RESOURCE SURVEY REPORT FOR THE ETIWANDA PIPELINE AND POWER PLANT EIR	SCIENTIFIC RESOURCES SURVEYS, INC.	
SB-01506	NADB-R - 1061506; Voided - 85-9.2	1985	SWOPE, KAREN K. and MEG MCDONALD	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT EVALUATION: ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT 13000, CITY OF FONTANA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESEARCH UNIT, UCR	
SB-02286	NADB-R - 1062286; Voided - 88-3.12	1988	CLEVENGER, JOYCE M.	CULTURAL RESOURCE SURVEY OF THE ETIWANDA PIPELINE AND POWER PLANT AND ALTERNATIVES, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	WESTEC SERVICES	
SB-02621	NADB-R - 1062621; Voided - 92-2.20A-B	1992	ALEXANDROWICZ, J. STEVEN, ANNE Q. DUFFIELD-STOLL, JEANETTE A. MCKENNA, SUSAN R. ALEXANDROWICZ, ARTHUR A. KUHNER, and ERIC SCOTT	CULTURAL AND PALEONTOLOGICAL RESOURCES INVESTIGATIONS WITHIN THE NORTH FONTANA INFRASTRUCTURE AREA, CITY OF FONTANA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSULTING SERVICES	36-004296, 36-006110, 36-006111, 36-006251, 36-006583, 36-006584, 36-006585, 36-006586, 36-006587, 36-006588, 36-006589, 36-006807, 36-006808, 36-006809, 36-006810, 36-006811, 36-006812, 36-006813, 36-006814, 36-006815, 36-006816
SB-02795	NADB-R - 1062795	1991	HAMPSON, R. PAUL, JAMES J. SCHMIDT, AND JUNE A. SCHMIDT	CULTURAL RESOURCE INVESTIGATION: CAJON PIPELINE PROJECT	GREENWOOD & ASSOCIATES	36-002910, 36-004252, 36-004253, 36-004255, 36-004268, 36-004271, 36-004272, 36-004411, 36-004418, 36-005361, 36-005362, 36-005568, 36-006793, 36-007076, 36-007077, 36-007078, 36-007082, 36-007084, 36-007085, 36-007086, 36-007087, 36-007088, 36-007089, 36-007090, 36-007091, 36-007099, 36-007091, 36-007091, 36-007092, 36-007093, 36-007094, 36-007094, 36-007095, 36-007096

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Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
SB-02796	NADB-R - 1062796	1993	MCKENNA, JEANETTE A.	CULTURAL RESOURCES INVESTIGATIONS, SITE INVENTORY AND EVALUATIONS, THE CAJON PIPELINE CORRIDOR, LOS ANGELES AND SAN BERNARDINO COUNTIES	MCKENNA ET AL	36-002257, 36-002910, 36-004252, 36-004253, 36-004255, 36-004268, 36-004271, 36-004272, 36-004411, 36-004418, 36-005288, 36-005361, 36-005362, 36-005568, 36-006509, 36-006516, 36-006699, 36-006793, 36-006810, 36-006847, 36-007076, 36-007077, 36-007078, 36-007079, 36-007080, 36-007081, 36-007082, 36-007084, 36-007084, 36-007085, 36-007089, 36-007090, 36-007093, 36-007094, 36-007095, 36-007294, 36-007295, 36-007296
SB-02851	NADB-R - 1062851	1993	LANDIS, DANIEL G.	A CULTURAL RESOURCES SURVEY FOR THE CHINO BASIN GROUNDWATER STORAGE PROGRAM, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CA	GREENWOOD & ASSOCIATES	36-006254, 36-006810, 36-006901, 36-007323, 36-007661, 36-007792, 36-007793, 36-007794
SB-03000	NADB-R - 1063000	1994	CHACE, PAUL G. and LAUREN W. BRICKER	HISTORIC PROPERTY CLEARANCE REPORT FOR THE FOOTHILL BLVD WIDENING IN THE CITY OF FONTANA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CA	THE KEITH COMPANIES	36-002910
SB-03063	NADB-R - 1063063	1995	STURM, BRADLEY L., JANI MONK, and IVAN H. STRUDWICK	CULTURAL RESOURCES SURVEY & NATIONAL REGISTER ASSESSMENT OF THE KAISER STEEL MILL FOR THE CALIFORNIA SPEEDWAY PROJECT, FONTANA, CA	LSA	36-004131
SB-03222	NADB-R - 1063222	1979	SCIENTIFIC RESOURCE SURVEY, INC.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL/PALEONTOLOGICAL/H ISTORICAL REPORT ON THE WILLIAM LYON CO. RANCHO CUCAMONGA PROPERTY, LOCATED IN THE CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CA. 16PP	SRS	
SB-03585	NADB-R - 1063585	1998	BRECHBIEL, BRANT	CULTURAL RESOURCE RECORDS SEARCH AND SURVEY REPORT FOR A PBMS TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY: CM 029-15, RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CA. 4PP	LSA	

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Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
SB-04138	NADB-R - 1064138	2002	TANG, BAI	IDENTIFICATION & EVALUATION OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES: FOURTH ST RECYCLED WATER PIPELINE IN AND NEAR THE CITIES OF ONTARIO & RANCHO CUCAMONGA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CA. 29PP	CRM TECH	
SB-04141	NADB-R - 1064141	2002	DAHDUL, MIRIAM	IDENTIFICATION & EVALUATION OF HISTORICAL PROPERTIES: WHITTRAM AVE RECYCLED WATER PIPELINE IN AND NEAR THE CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CA. 21PP	CRM TECH	
SB-04145	NADB-R - 1064145	2002	MCKENNA, JEANETTE A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCE INVESTIGATION OF 7179 EAST AVE, RANCHO CUCAMONGA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CA. 45PP	MCKENNA ET AL	
SB-04155	NADB-R - 1064155	2001	MCKENNA, JEANETTE A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCE INVESTIGATION OF TRACT 16191, A 10 ACRE PARCEL IN THE CITY OF FONTANA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CA. 32PP	MCKENNA ET AL	36-013624, 36-013625
SB-04380	NADB-R - 1064380	2004	DICE, MICHAEL AND CHRISTEEN TANAGUCHI	REVISED CULTURAL RECORDS SEARCH & SURVEY RESULTS (WITH ARCHITECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE EVALUATION)FOR THE VAN DAELE-FRITZ PROPERTY, 3104 BASE LINE RD, RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CA. 12PP	MICHAEL BRANDMAN ASSOCIATES	36-020144
SB-04666	NADB-R - 1064666	2005	Goodwin, Riordan and Robert E. Reynolds	Archaeological Monitoring Program: KB Home Tract 16643, Emma Lane, City of Rancho Cucamonga, San Bernardino County, California.	LSA Associates, Inc.	
SB-04668	NADB-R - 1064668	2004	BONNER, WAYNE H. and CHRISTEEN TANIGUCHI	RECORDS SEARCH RESULTS AND SITE VISIT FOR SPRINT TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY CANDIDATE SB60XC844A (REEVES TRUCKING) 8615 PECAN AVENUE, RANCHO CUCAMONGA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA		
SB-04679	NADB-R - 1064679	2006	Goodwin, Riordan, Hansen, Janet, Judith Marvin, and Laura S. White	Historical Resources Evaluation Report and Archaeological Survey Report for the Pacific Electric Inland Empire Trail, Phase I, City of Rancho Cucamonga, San Bernardino County, CA	LSA	36-016448, 36-020136, 36-020137, 36-020138

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Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
SB-04690	NADB-R - 1064690	2006	BONNER, WAYNE H.	CULTURAL RESOURCE RECORDS SEARCH RESULTS AND SITE VISIT FOR CINGULAR TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY CANDIDATE LSANCA8023E (BASELINE AND FOOTHILL BLVD.), SOUTHEAST CORNER OF FOOTHILL BOULEVARD AND CORNWALL, RANCHO CUCAMONGA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CA		
SB-04691	NADB-R - 1064691	2005	BONNER, WAYNE H.	CULTURAL RESOURCE RECORDS SEARCH AND SITE VISIT RESULTS FOR CINGULAR TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY CANDIDATE ES-0012-02 (FONTANA), 13560 WHITTRAM AVENUE, FONTANA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA		
SB-04692	NADB-R - 1064692	2006	BONNER, WAYNE H.	CULTURAL RESOURCE RECORDS SEARCH RESULTS AND SITE VISIT FOR T- MOBILE TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY CANDIDATE IE04921C (SCE M23- T4), 13100 BLOCK OF FOOTHILL BOULEVARD, RANCHO CUCAMONGA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA		
SB-05058	NADB-R - 1065058	2005	WHITE S, LAURA, Robert S. White, and David M. Van Hom	A CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF 2+- ACRE PARCEL LOCATED AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF BASELINE ROAD AND ETIWANDA AVENUE, CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY	Archaeological Associates	
SB-05060	NADB-R - 1065060	2006	BROWN C, JOA N	CULTURAL RESOURCES RECONNAISSANCE FOR THE WATER OF LIFE COMMUNITY CHURCH PROJECT, LOCATED IN FOTANA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA		
SB-05487	NADB-R - 1065487	2007	Encarnacion, Deirdre	Identification and Evaluation of Historic Properties: Etiwanda 1270 Reservoir and Pipeline, City of Rancho Cucamonga, San Bernardino County, California.		

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Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
SB-05490	NADB-R - 1065490	2006	BONNER, WAYNE H. and CRAWFORD, KATHLEEN A.	DIRECT APE HISTORIC ARCHITECTURAL ASSESSMENT FOR CINGULAR TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY CANDIDATE LSANCA8023E (BASELINE AND FOOTHILL BLVD.), SOUTHEAST CORNER OF FOOTHILL BOULEVARD AND CORNWALL, RANCHO CUCAMONGA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA		
SB-05491	NADB-R - 1065491	2005	Yamakido, Lauren A.	Rancho Cucamonga-Etiwanda Station.		
SB-05498	Caltrans - ; NADB-R - 1065498	2003	Hammond, Christie	Historical Resources Compliance Report for Relinquishment of State Route 66 (Foothill Boulevard), City of Fontana, San Bernardino County, California.	Caltrans District 8	36-002910
SB-05498		2003	Christie Hammond	Historical Resources Evaluation Report for the Relinquishment of State Route 66 (Foothill Boulevard) Between East Avenue/ llex Street and Maple Avenue city of Fontana San Bernardino, CA	Caltrans District 8	
SB-05499	NADB-R - 1065499	2003	Hammond, Stephen R. and David Bricker	Historic Resources Compliance Report for the Relinquishment of State Route 66, City of Rancho Cucamonga, San Bernardino County, California.		
SB-05974	NADB-R - 1065974	2006	AUSTERMAN, VIRGINIA	CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT: SAN SEVAINE VILLAS MULTIPLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL AFFORDABLE HOUSING, CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA		
SB-05986	NADB-R - 1065986	2001	Goodwin, Riordan	Cultural Resource Assessment: Rancho Cucamonga Mall Project, City of Rancho Cucamonga, San Bernardino County, California.	LSA Associates, Inc	36-007095, 36-020173, 36-020174, 36-020175
SB-05997	NADB-R - 1065997	2008	Smallwood, Josh, John J. Eddy, Harry M. Quinn, and Laura Hensley Shaker	Identification and Evaluation of Historic Properties: Monitoring Wells and Lysimeters for Victoria and San Sevaine Flood Control Basins in the Cities of Rancho Cucamonga and Fontana, San Bernardino County, California.		

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Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
SB-05999	NADB-R - 1065999	2008	Tang, Bai "Tom", John J. Eddy, Harry M. Quinn, Terri Jacquemain, Daniel Ballester, and Laura Hensley Shaker	Identification and Evaluation of Historic Properties: Northeast Recycled Water Expansion Projects in and near the Cities of Rancho Cucamonga and Fontana, San Bernardino County, California.	CRMTECH	
SB-06000	NADB-R - 1066000	2008	Tang, Bai "Tom", John J. Eddy, Harry M. Quinn, Terri Jacquemain, Daniel Ballester, and Laura Hensley Shaker	Extended Phase I Historical/Archaeological Resources Study: Northeast Recycled Water Expansion Projects in and near the Cities of Rancho Cucamonga and Fontana, San Bernardino County, California.	CRM TECH	
SB-06420	NADB-R - 1066420	2008	WLODARSKI, ROBERT J.	RECORD SEARCH RESULTS FOR THE PROPOSED BECHTEL WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS SITE LSANCA8023 (BASELINE AND FOOTHILL BLVD./ SCE-M23T4 LUGO/MIRA LOMA) LOCATED ON THE SOUTHEASTERN CORNER OF FOOTHILL AND CORNWALL, RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA 91739		
SB-06524	NADB-R - 1066524	2010	WLODARSKI, ROBERT J.	RECORD SEARCH AND FIELD RECONNAISSANCE PHASE FOR PROPOSED AT&T WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS SITE LA8023 (FOOTHILL MARKETPLACE) 12879 FOOTHILL BOULEVARD, RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA 91789		
SB-06787	NADB-R - 1066787	2008	Tang, Bai "Tom", Deirdre Encarnacion, and Daniel Ballester	Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey Report: Chino Groundwater Basin Dry-Year Yield Program Expansion, Los Angeles, Riverside and San Bernardino Counties, California.	CRM Tech	
SB-06911	NADB-R - 1066911	2010	Bonner, Wayne H. and Arabesque Said	Cultural Resource Records Search and Site Visit Results for Verizon Wireless Telecommunications Facility Almond, located at 7871 East Avenue, Fontana, San Bernardino County, California.	Michael Brandman Associates	
SB-06969		2011	Puckett, Heather	Reed, 18150 Foothill Boulevard, Fontana, California	Tetra Tech, Inc	36-002910, 36-020137
SB-06986	NADB-R - 1066986	2010	Glover, Amy and Sherri Gust	Phase I Resources Assessment Report for the Falcon Ridge Substation Project in the Cities of Fontana and Rialto, San Bernardino County, California.	Cogstone	

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Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
SB-07005	NADB-R - 1067005	2011	Puckett, Heather R.	Junberry, 12676 Foothill Boulevard, Rancho Cucamonga, California 91739.		
SB-07400	NADB-R - 1067400	2013	Puckett, Heather R.	Cultural Resources Summary for the Proposed Verizon Wireless, Inc., Property at the Junberry Site, 12676 Foothill Blvd, Rancho Cucamonga, California 91739.		
SB-07401	NADB-R - 1067401	2013	Tang, Bai "Tom", Deirdre Encarnacion, Terri Jacquemain, and Daniel Ballester	Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey Report: Vulcan Conservation and Flood Control Project, in and near the City of Fontana, San Bernardino County, California.	CRM Tech	
SB-07569	NADB-R - 1067569	2003	McDougall, Dennis P. and Jill A. Onken	Inland Feeder Pipeline Project: Final Synthentic Report of Archaeological Findings, San Bernardino County, California.		
SB-07828	NADB-R - 1067828	2014	Brunzell, David	Cultural Resource Assessment of the Gettysburg Project, Fontana, San Bernardino County, California.	BCR Consulting	
SB-07856	NADB-R - 1067856	2014	Williams, Sarah A., Carrie D. Wills, and Kathleen A. Crawford	Cultural Resources Records Search and Site Visit Results for T-Mobile West, LLC Candidate IE04921C (SCE M23-T4), 13100 Block of Foothill Boulevard, Rancho Cucamonga, San Bernardino County, California.	EAS	
SB-07907		2015	Pigniola, Andrew R.	Cultural Resources Survey Report for the La Mirage on Route 66 Project Rancho Cucamonga, California	Laguna Mountain Environmental, Inc	
SB-07990		2014	George, Joan and Josh Smallwood	Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment for the Etiwanda Pipeline North Relining Project, Cities of Fontana and Rancho Cucamonga, San Bernardino County, California	Applied Earth Works, Inc.	36-002910, 36-006901, 36-015497, 36-016454, 36-020137, 36-024086
SB-08061		2015	Brunzell, David	Cultural Resources Assessment of the Owenwood Project, Fontana, San Bernardino County, California (BCR Consulting Project no. TRF1428)	BCR Consulting LLC	
SB-08152		2015	Etheridge, Johni and MacKensie Cornelius	Archaeological Survey Report	EBI Consulting	

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# APPENDIX B FIELD SURVEY PHOTOGRAPHS

# **Westbury: Field Survey Photos**



Overview of example ground cover throughout project area and transmission line access road. View to southwest. November 26, 2017.



Cleared portion of project area.

View to northwest. November 26, 2017.