

DATE OF NOTICE: April 7, 2020

PUBLIC NOTICE OF A DRAFT MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT

The City of San Diego Development Services Department has prepared a draft Mitigated Negative Declaration Report for the following project and is inviting your comments regarding the adequacy of the document. The draft Mitigated Negative Declaration has been placed on the City of San Diego web-site at https://www.sandiego.gov/ceqa/draft under the "California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Notices & Documents" section. In addition, the Notice was also distributed to the Central Library as well as the Point Loma/Hervey Branch Library.

Comments must be received by May 7, 2020, to be included in the final document considered by the decision-making authorities. Please send your written comments to the following address:

Courtney Holowach, Environmental Planner, City of San Diego Development Services Center, 1222 First Avenue, MS 501, San Diego, CA 92101 or e-mail your comments to DSDEAS@sandiego.gov with the Project Name and Number in the subject line.

General Project Information:

Project Name: Hotel Point Loma CDP SDP NDP

Project No. 612853 / SCH No. TBDCommunity Plan Area: Peninsula

Council District: 2

Project Description: Coastal Development Permit (CDP), Site Development Permit (SDP), and Neighborhood Development Permit (NDP) to demolish an existing two-story 40-room motel, and construct a new three-story 91-room 50,190 square-foot hotel with 26,330 square-feet of underground parking. The proposed project site is located at 1325 Scott Street on a 0.62-acre site in the CV-1-2, Community Plan Implementation (B), and Coastal (Appealable) Overlay Zones within the Peninsula Community Plan area, Council District 2. **The site is not included on any Government Code listing of hazardous waste sites.**

Applicant: Les Biggins, Vista Investments LLC

Recommended Finding: The recommended finding that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment is based on an Initial Study and project revisions/conditions which now mitigate potentially significant environmental impacts in the following area(s): **CULTURAL RESOURCES** (ARCHAEOLOGY), TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES

Availability in Alternative Format: To request this Notice, the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, Initial Study, and/or supporting documents in alternative format, call the Development Services Department at 619-446-5460 or (800) 735-2929 (TEXT TELEPHONE).

Additional Information: For environmental review information, contact Courtney Holowach at (619) 446-5187. The draft Mitigated Negative Declaration and supporting documents may be reviewed, or purchased for the cost of reproduction, at the Development Services Department, located at 1222 First Avenue, San Diego, CA 92101. If you are interested in obtaining additional copies of either a Compact Disk (CD), a hard-copy of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, or the separately bound technical appendices, they can be purchased for an additional cost. **For information regarding public meetings/hearings on this project, contact Karen Bucey at (619) 446-5049.** This notice was published in the SAN DIEGO DAILY TRANSCRIPT and distributed on April 7, 2020.

SAP No.: 24007954

Gary Geiler Deputy Director Development Services Department



MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 612853 SCH No. Pending If Applicable

SUBJECT:

Hotel Point Loma CDP SDP NDP: Coastal Development Permit (CDP), Site Development Permit (SDP), and Neighborhood Development Permit (NDP) to demolish an existing two-story 40-room motel, and construct a new three-story 91-room 50,190 square-foot hotel with 26,330 square-feet of underground parking. The proposed project site is located at 1325 Scott Street on a 0.62-acre site in the CV-1-2, Community Plan Implementation (B), and Coastal (Appealable) Overlay Zones within the Peninsula Community Plan area, Council District 2. The site is not included on any Government Code listing of hazardous waste sites. (LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Real property in the City of San Diego, County of San Diego, State of California, described as follows: Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11, and 12, all in block 44 of Roseville in the City of San Diego, County of San Diego, State of California, according to map thereof No. 165, filed in the Office of the County Recorder of San Diego County. Excepting therefrom that portion if any, lying below the mean high tide line of San Diego Bay. Except therefrom all oil, gas, minerals and other hydrocarbon substances, lying below a depth of 500 feet, without the right surface entry.) APPLICANT: Les Biggins, Vista Investments LLC.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **Cultural Resources** (**Archaeology**), and **Tribal Cultural Resources**. Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART I Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- 2. In addition, the ED shall verify that <u>the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM</u>, under the heading, "**ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS**."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

http://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/industry/standtemp.shtml

- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- 5. **SURETY AND COST RECOVERY** The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.
- B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS PART II

 Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)
- 1. PRE CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Archaeologist, Native American Monitor

Note:

Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

- a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division 858-627-3200**
- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC** at 858-627-3360
- **2. MMRP COMPLIANCE:** This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #612853 and /or Environmental Document #612853, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc

Note:

Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.

None Required

4. MONITORING EXHIBITS

All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the **LIMIT OF WORK**, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

NOTE:

Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

DOCUMENT SUBMITTAL/INSPECTION CHECKLIST

Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated
		Inspection/Approvals/Notes
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting
General	Consultant Construction	Prior to or at Preconstruction
	Monitoring Exhibits	Meeting
Archaeological Resources	Monitoring Report(s)	Monitoring Report Approval
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release Letter	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to
		Bond Release Letter

B. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES AND CULTURAL RESOURCES (ARCHAEOLOGY) MITIGATION

I. Prior to Permit Issuance

- A. Entitlements Plan Check
 - Prior to issuance of any construction permits, including but not limited to, the first Grading Permit, Demolition Plans/Permits and Building Plans/Permits or a Notice to Proceed for Subdivisions, but prior to the first preconstruction meeting, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check process.
- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
 - 1. The applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.
 - 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
 - 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
 - 1. The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site specific records search (1/4 mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes, but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was in-house, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
 - 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the 1/4 mile radius.

B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings

1. Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate, and

MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager and/or Grading Contractor.

- a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.
- 2. Identify Areas to be Monitored
 - a. Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.
 - b. The AME shall be based on the results of a site specific records search as well as information regarding existing known soil conditions (native or formation).
- 3. When Monitoring Will Occur
 - a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
 - b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate site conditions such as depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.

III. During Construction

- A. Monitor(s) Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
 - 1. The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
 - 2. The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
 - 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.

B. Discovery Notification Process

- In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or BI, as appropriate.
- 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery, and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- 4. No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.

C. Determination of Significance

- 1. The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
 - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
 - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) which has been reviewed by the Native American consultant/monitor, and obtain written approval from MMC. Impacts to significant resources must be mitigated before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume. Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
 - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.

IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

A. Notification

- 1. Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
- 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.

B. Isolate discovery site

1. Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenance of the remains.

- 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenance.
- 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.
- C. If Human Remains **ARE** determined to be Native American
 - 1. The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, **ONLY** the Medical Examiner can make this call.
 - 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.
 - 3. The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
 - 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
 - 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the Pl. and, if:
 - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being notified by the Commission; OR;
 - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, THEN,
 - c. In order to protect these sites, the Landowner shall do one or more of the following:
 - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
 - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement on the site;
 - (3) Record a document with the County.
 - d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and items associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.
- D. If Human Remains are **NOT** Native American
 - 1. The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
 - 2. The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).
 - 3. If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
 - 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.

- 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
 - a. No Discoveries

In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.

- b. Discoveries
 - All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III During Construction, and IV Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.
- Potentially Significant Discoveries
 If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.
- d. The PI shall immediately contact MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
 - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
 - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

VI. Post Construction

- A. Preparation and Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
 - 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe resulting from delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.
 - a. For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
 - b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
 - 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
 - 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC for approval.
 - 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
 - 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.
- B. Handling of Artifacts

- 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
- 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
- 3. The cost for curation is the responsibility of the property owner.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification
 - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
 - 2. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.
 - 3. When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection 5.
- D. Final Monitoring Report(s)
 - 1. The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC that the draft report has been approved.
 - The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion and/or release of the Performance Bond for grading until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

State of California

California Coastal Commission

State Clearinghouse

City of San Diego

Councilmember Jennifer Campbell, District 2

City Attorney

Corrine Neuffer

Planning Department

Alyssa Muto

Oscar Galvez, Plan Facilities Financing

Tony Kempton, Plan Long Range

Gary Nguyen, PUD Water and Sewer

Development Services Department

Courtney Holowach, EAS

Jeff Szymanski, EAS

Karen Bucey, Project Manager

George Cornell, Fire-Plan Review

Lisa Wood, Environmental Services Department

Hoss Florezabihi, LDR-Engineering

Patrick Thomas, LDR-Geology

Vanessa Kohakura, LDR-Landscaping

Sarah Hatinen, LDR-Planning

Ismail Elhamad, LDR-Transportation

Central Library

Point Loma Hervey Branch Library

Other

San Diego Visitor Convention and Visitors Bureau

Sierra Club

Local 30

Carmen Lucas

South Coastal Information Center

San Diego Archaeological Center

San Diego Natural History Museum

Save Our Heritage Organization

Ron Christman

Clint Linton

Frank Brown – Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council

Campo Band of Mission Indians

San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc.

Native American Heritage Commission

Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation

Kumeyaay Repatriation Committee

Native American Distribution

The Peninsula Beacon

Peninsula Community Planning Board

Peninsula Chamber of Commerce

Richard J. Lareau

Mary Blagg

San Diego Natural History Museum Save Our Heritage Organization Ron Christman Clint Linton Frank Brown - Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council Campo Band of Mission Indians San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc. Native American Heritage Commission Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation Kumeyaay Repatriation Committee Native American Distribution The Peninsula Beacon Peninsula Community Planning Board Peninsula Chamber of Commerce Richard J. Lareau Mary Blagg

VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

- () No comments were received during the public input period.
- () Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- () Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

all amount	3/24/2020
Jeft szymanski	Date of Draft Report
Senior Planner	
Development Services Department	
	Date of Final Report
Analyst: Courtney Holowach	

Attachments: Location Map

Site Plan

Project Renderings

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Hotel Point Loma CDP SDP NDP / 612853
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Courtney Holowach / (619) 446-5187
- 4. Project location: 1325 Scott Street, San Diego, CA 92106
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Les Biggins, Vista Investments, LLC, 2225 Campus Dr., El Segundo, CA 90245
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Peninsula Community Plan\ CPIOZ Area B, Roseville Commercial
- 7. Zoning: CV-1-2
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

The proposed project would demolish an existing two-story, 40 room motel on a 0.624-acre site and construct a 91 room hotel (22 classic king rooms, 29 deconstructed king rooms, 30 double queen rooms, and 10 king suites) and a lobby/lounge. Additionally, the hotel would include a hotel bar serving food, a pool and pool deck, and room. The project would provide 91 parking spaces, including eight zero emission/carpool spaces, five electric vehicle spaces, two motorcycle spaces, and one loading zone. The project would also provide five short term bike parking spaces and five long term bike parking spaces. Parking would be in a 26,330-square-foot underground lot with access taken from Emerson Street. Grading for the project would be 13,250 cubic yards to a depth of 12 feet. All existing sewer services on Scott Street are to be abandoned at the property line. All existing water services on Scott Street are to be terminated at the main. The project proposes to extend existing water and sewer from Dickenson Street to Emerson Street. Planned exterior materials include vertical wood-like fins, white break metal accents, brushed metal aluminum storefront, wood siding, smooth stucco, board formed concrete accent walls and white painted metal rails. Proposed landscape includes Jacaranda, Chalk Finger Aloe, Dwarf Philodendron, and Trailing Jade.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The proposed project is located within: Base Zone CV-1-2, First Public Roadway, Coastal Overlay Zone (Appealable), Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, Community Plan Implementation Overlay Zone (CPIOZ- Area B, Roseville Commercial Area), Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Beach & Coastal), Transit Priority Area, FAA Part 77 Noticing Area (Lindbergh & North Island), Airport Influence Area (Review Area 2), and the Peninsula Community Plan. The surrounding land uses are a variety of commercial entities, including restaurants, hotels, and a bank. Residential apartments are located directly across from the project on the Dickenson Street side. The Pacific Ocean is located approximately 338 feet to the west of the project site.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

California Coastal Commission

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

Yes, two Native American Tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21080.3.1. The City of San Diego sent notification to these two Native American Tribes on August 15, 2018. Both the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel and the Jamul Indian Village responded within the 30-day period requesting consultation and additional information. Consultation took place and was concluded on September 12, 2018 with the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel. Consultation took place and was concluded on September 12, 2018 with the Jamul Indian Village. Please see Section XVII of the Initial Study for more information regarding the consultation.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

	The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a 'Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.						
	Aesthetics		Greenhou	use Gas Emissions		Populatio	on/Housing
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		☐ Materials	Hazards & Hazardo	us		Public Services
	Air Quality			Hydrology/Water Q	uality		Recreation
	Biological Resource	es		Land Use/Planning		Transport	tation/Traffic
\boxtimes	Cultural Resources		Mineral F	Resources	\boxtimes	Tribal Cul	ltural Resources
	Geology/Soils			Noise			Utilities/Service System
\boxtimes	Mandatory Finding	s Significa	nce				
	MINATION: (To	·	oleted by	y Lead Agency)			
	The proposed projection prepared.	ect COULD	NOT have	a significant effect o	n the envi	ronment, a	and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.						
	The proposed projection required.	ect MAY ha	ave a signif	icant effect on the er	nvironmen	t, and an E	NVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is
	The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.						
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.						

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
I. AESTHETICS – Would the project:							
,	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?						
The proposed project would not have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista. There is no designated view corridor within the project site. Nor is the project adjacent to a designated view corridor. The Point Loma Community Plan (PLCP) does identify Nimitz Boulevard as a scenic vista. However, the project site it not adjacent to Nimitz Boulevard. Rather, Nimitz Boulevard is located approximately 0.5 miles to the northeast of the project site. The project site is currently developed with an existing motel and is surrounded by existing development. The Pacific Ocean is located directly to the west of the project site. While the new hotel would be a three-story structure as opposed to the existing two-story structure, it would be constructed to comply with all height and bulk regulations. Furthermore, since the project is the replacement of existing development it would not cause any new obstruction or adverse effect on this scenic vista. In addition existing development is a mix of two and three story buildings. Therefore, the view of the Pacific Ocean would not be adversely affected. The existing view corridors in the PLCP would not be affected by construction of the project. Furthermore, the proposed project would be consistent with all applicable zoning regulations and land use plans, including the PLCP. Therefore, the project would not have a substantial effect on a scenic vista and no impacts would occur.							
i	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?						
There are no designated scenic resources including but not limited to trees, rock outcroppings or historic buildings within a state scenic highway located within the project's boundaries. No impact would result due to implementation of the project.							

According to the City's CEQA Significance Thresholds (Thresholds) projects that severely contrast with the surrounding neighborhood character may result in a significant impact. To meet this threshold one or more of the following conditions must apply: the project would have to exceed the allowable height or bulk regulations and the height or bulk of the existing patterns of development in the vicinity of the project by a substantial margin; have an architectural style or use building materials in stark contrast to adjacent development where the adjacent development follows a single or common architectural theme (e.g., Gaslamp Quarter, Old Town); result in the physical loss, isolation or degradation of a community identification symbol or landmark (e.g., a stand of trees, coastal bluff, historical landmark) which is identified in the General Plan, applicable community plan or local coastal program; be located in a highly visible area (e.g., on a canyon edge, hilltop or adjacent to an interstate highway) and would strongly contrast with the surrounding development or natural topography through excessive height, bulk signage or architectural projections; and/or the project would have a cumulative effect by opening up a new area for development or changing the overall character of the area. None the above conditions apply to the project.

 \Box

 \boxtimes

Substantially degrade the existing visual

character or quality of the site and its

surroundings?

The project would demolish the existing two-story structure and construct a new three-story structure. While the new hotel would be a three-story structure as opposed to the existing two-story structure, it

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
-------	--------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------	-----------

would be constructed to comply with all height and bulk regulations and is consistent with General Design guidelines as outlined in the PLCP. Surrounding development in the neighborhood do not have a unifying architectural theme such as the historic architecture of Old Town. Existing development is a mixture of commercial development and there is no predominance of architectural style. Therefore, the proposed hotel would not be substantially different than existing development in the area. The project would not result in the physical loss, isolation or degradation of a community identification symbol or landmark which is identified in the General Plan, applicable community plan or local coastal program. The demolition of an existing motel and construction of a replacement hotel would not open up a new area for development or change the overall character of the area.

Since none of the above conditions apply, the project would not substantially degrade the existing visual character or the quality of the site and its surroundings. No impact would result due to implementation of the project.

d)	Create a new source of substantial light			
	or glare that would adversely affect day		\boxtimes	
	or nighttime views in the area?			

The most prominent light sources from the proposed project would be interior lighting for the hotel rooms and common areas, and exterior and landscaping lighting. All new lighting would be compatible with existing lighting in the project vicinity. The project would be subject to the City's Outdoor Lighting Regulations per SDMC Section 142.0740, which are intended to minimize negative impacts from light pollution, including light trespass, glare, and urban sky glow, in order to preserve enjoyment of the night sky and minimize conflict caused by unnecessary illumination. Light fixtures would be required to be directed away from adjacent properties and shielded, as necessary. Outdoor lighting would be located and arranged in a manner consistent with City requirements, to promote public safety, and also minimize unnecessary light and glare effects to the surrounding community.

No large surface areas of reflective building materials or finishes are proposed that could create glare effects on surrounding properties. Additional light or glare from the proposed project would be consistent with the other development in the area and therefore would not substantially affect day or nighttime views. Impacts would be less than significant.

II.	AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant
	environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model
	(1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on
	agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant
	environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire
	Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest
	Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the
	California Air Resources Board. – Would the project::

a)	Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide		
	Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland		\boxtimes
	Mapping and Monitoring Program of the		
	California Resources Agency, to non-		
	agricultural use?		

	Issi	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Mapp State There	oing wid efor	ect site is not classified as farmland by g and Monitoring Program (FMMP). No le Importance occurs on site of within t e, the project would not result in impa iral use. No impact would occur.	Prime Farm the area imm	land, Unique Farmla ediately surroundin	ind, or Farmlar g the project s	nd of site.
	b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?				\boxtimes
Willia	ıms	response II (a) above. The proposed pronged on Act Contract lands on or within the es zoned for agricultural use or conflict	vicinity of th	e project. The proje	ct would not a	ffect
	c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				
timbe	erla	ect would not conflict with existing zor nd zoned Timberland Production. The nd or timberland occurs within the bou	project site is	s zoned for commer	cial use; no de	esignated
	d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes
Refer would		response II (c) above. The project woul	ld not convei	t forest land to non	-forest use. No	o impact
	e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
	e pr	responses II (a) and II (c) above. No exi roject site. No changes to any such land ccur.	_			
		QUALITY – Where available, the significance crit ution control district may be relied on to make t				or air
	a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				\boxtimes

Less Than

Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Significant	Potentially Significant with Significant Mitigation	Potentially Significant with Significant Significant Impact Impact

The San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB). The County Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) was initially adopted in 1991, and is updated on a triennial basis (most recently in 2016). The RAQS outlines the SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for ozone (03). The RAQS relies on information from the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and SANDAG, including mobile and area source emissions, as well as information regarding projected growth in San Diego County and the cities in the county, to project future emissions and then determine the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by San Diego County and the cities in the county as part of the development of their general plans.

As such, projects that propose development that is consistent with the growth anticipated by local plans would be consistent with the RAQS. However, if a project proposes development that is greater than that anticipated in the local plan and SANDAG's growth projections, the project might be in conflict with the RAQS and may contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact on air quality.

The project would replace and existing motel with a new 91-guestroom hotel adjacent to a developed area of similar commercial uses. The project is consistent with the General Plan, community plan, and the underlying zoning for visitor commercial development. Therefore, the project would be consistent at a sub-regional level with the underlying growth forecasts in the RAQS, and would not obstruct implementation of the RAQS. As such, no impacts would occur.

b)	Violate any air quality standard or			
	contribute substantially to an existing or		\boxtimes	
	projected air quality violation?			

Short-term Emissions (Construction)

Project construction activities would potentially generate combustion emissions from on-site heavy duty construction vehicles and motor vehicles transporting the construction crew and necessary construction materials. Exhaust emissions generated by construction activities would generally result from the use of typical construction equipment that may include excavation equipment, forklift, skip loader, and/or dump truck. Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or off site. It is anticipated that construction equipment would be used on site for four to eight hours a day; however, construction would be short-term and impacts to neighboring uses would be minimal and temporary.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land clearing and grading operations. Due to the nature and location of the project, construction activities are expected to create minimal fugitive dust, as a result of the disturbance associated with grading. Construction operations are subject to the requirements established in Regulation 4, Rules 52, 54, and 55 of the SDAPCD rules and regulations. The project would include standard measures as required by the City grading permit to minimize fugitive dust and air pollutant emissions during the temporary construction period. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant, and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute

substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts related to short-term emissions would be less than significant.

Long-term Emissions (Operational)

Long-term air pollutant emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project would produce minimal stationary source emissions. Once construction of the project is complete, long-term air emissions would potentially result from such sources as heating, ventilation, and cooling (HVAC) systems and other motorized equipment typically associated with hotel uses. Operational emissions generated by the project would mainly be attributed to project-generated traffic. The 91-guestroom hotel is calculated to generate 950 average weekday trips (ADT) based on the driveway vehicle trip rate of 10 trips/guest room from the City's Trip Generation Manual (City 2003). The project would result in a small net increase of trips over the existing 40 room motel, which is calculated to generate approximately 360 ADT based on a rate of 9 trips/guest room. The additional 590 ADT would not result in a substantial increase in pollutant emissions from vehicular trips or result in a significant impact on ambient air quality. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Project emissions over the long term are not anticipated to violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

Overall, the project is not expected to generate substantial short- or long-term emissions that would violate any air quality standard or contribute to an existing or projected air quality violation; therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?		
	precursors)?		

As described above in response III (b), construction operations may temporarily increase the emissions of dust and other pollutants; however, construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration. Implementation of BMPs would reduce potential impacts related to construction activities to less than significant. Operational air pollutant emissions resulting from such sources as HVAC systems, motorized equipment, and project traffic would not be generated in quantities that would result in exceedances of regulatory thresholds for criteria pollutants. Projects that propose development consistent with the growth anticipated by applicable general plans were considered in, and therefore are consistent with, the RAQS. The proposed project is consistent with the applicable land use plans (General Plan and Peninsula Community Plan), and therefore, buildout of the project site has been accounted for in region-wide air quality plans. The project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of criteria pollutants for which the project region is non-attainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards. Impacts would be less than significant.

Issu	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			\boxtimes	
Short-ter	rm (Construction)				
project. (Odors pr from tail generally	ould be generated from vehicles and/o Odors produced during construction wo roduced during construction would be pipes of construction equipment and of o occur at magnitudes that would not so o construction-generated odors would	vould be attri attributable architectural affect a subst	butable to concentrations of to concentrations of coatings. Such odors antial number of pe	ations of the unburned hys are tempora	oroject. ydrocarbons ry and
IV. BIOLO	OGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				\boxtimes
Sensitive site does wetlands	posed project site is entirely developed Lands (ESL) as defined by the Biology not contain native or sensitive plant s that would be expected to support sp A, or Tier IIIB Habitats. No impact wou	Guidelines c species, wildli pecial status v	of the City's Land Dev fe species, or vegeta	velopment M Ition commur	anual. The nities;
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
habitat c	ee response IV(a) above. The project wor other community identified in local of a Department of Fish and Game or U.S	or regional p	ans, policies, and re	gulations or b	y the
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				

Please see response IV(a) above. The project would not have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means. No impacts would occur.

lss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?					
Please see response IV(a) above. The project would not interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites. No impacts would occur.						
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				\boxtimes	
Refer to	response IV (a) above. No impacts wo	uld occur.				
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?					
Please see response IV(a) above. The project would not conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan. No impacts would occur.						
V. CULTU	V. CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project:					
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5?					

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

Archaeological Resources

The project site is located in an area known to contain sensitive archaeological resources and is located on the City's Historical Sensitivity map. Therefore a record search of the California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) digital database was reviewed by qualified archaeological City staff to determine presence or absence of potential resources within the project site. The CHRIS search did not identify any archaeological resources within or adjacent to the site.

While the CHRIS search was negative, based on the amount of grading proposed, there is a potential for the project to impact buried archaeological resources and mitigation measures related to Cultural

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
-------	--------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------	-----------

Resources (Archaeology) are required. All potential impacts related to the presence of archeological resources at the site would be reduced and addressed through the purview of a qualified Archaeologist and Native American monitor. Monitoring by this individual would occur at all stages of ground-disturbing activities at the site. Furthermore, a Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program (MMRP), as detailed within Section V of the Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND), would be implemented to address this issue specifically. With implementation of the cultural resources monitoring program, potential impacts on historical resources would be reduced to less than significant.

Built Environment

The City reviews projects requiring the demolition of structures 45 years or older for historic significance in compliance with CEQA. Historic property (built environment) surveys are required for properties which are 45 years of age or older and which have integrity of setting, location, design, materials, workmanship, feeling and association. The existing building was motel building was built in 1960. In accordance with CEQA and San Diego Municipal Code Section 143.0212 the proposed project site underwent historic review by Plan Historic staff (PTS 410660) in November 2016.

Based on this review Plan Historic staff determined that the property does not meet local designation criteria as an individually significant resource under any adopted HRB Criteria. This determination is good for five years from this date unless new information is provided that speaks to the building's eligibility for designation. Therefore, no historical research report was required at this time and the project as proposed has no potential to impact any unique or non-unique historical resources. No impacts to the built environment would occur.

b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?		
Refer to	response V (a) above.		
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?		

The proposed project site is underlain by the Baypoint Formation. The Baypoint Formation is assigned a high potential for fossil resources. The City's Significance Determination Threshold for a high sensitivity rating is grading greater than 1,000 cubic yards exported and cut of 10 feet or more in depth. According to the submitted development plans (Sheet C-2) the proposed project would export 9,500 cubic yards and cut to a depth of 10 feet. Therefore, EAS determined that there would be a potentially significant impact to paleontological resources.

On Thursday, February 7, 2019, the California Coastal Commission certified the 11th Update to the Land Development Code which included Oridance-20919. This ordinance is an Ordinance Amending Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 1 of the San Diego Municipal Code by Amending Section 142.0101, Amending Section 142.0130 by Amending the Editors Note, and adding new Section 142.0151, Relating to Paleontological Resources and Grading Proposed as Part of the 11th Update to the Land Development Code. Therefore, impacts to Paleontological Resources will remain below a level of significance through regulatory compliance with 0-20919. The requirement for monitoring will be included as conditions of the permit as opposed to mitigation in the environmental document.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
-------	--------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------	-----------

The following will become conditions of the permit for Paleontological Resources:

- 1. Prior to issuance of any construction permits, including but not limited to, the first Grading Permit, Demolition Plans/Permits and Building Plans/Permits or a Notice to Proceed for Subdivisions, but prior to the first preconstruction meeting, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Paleontological Monitoring have been noted on the appropriate construction documents in "verbatim" as referenced in the City of San Diego Land Development Manual for Paleontological Resources.
- 2. Monitoring Coordination (MMC)/Environmental Designee (ED) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI), Monitors, and all persons for the project and the names of all persons involved in the paleontological monitoring program, as identified in City of San Diego Land Development Manual for Paleontological Resources.
- 3. MMC/ED will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI, Monitors, and all persons involved in the paleontological monitoring of the project. Professional Qualifications shall meet the following standards:
 - a) The Principal Investigator (PI) should have a Ph.D. or M.S. in a field related to paleontology, such as geology or biology with an emphasis in paleobiology. Four cumulative years of full-time professional field, research, and museum experience in working with the geological formations of Southern California is required. Two of the four years must be in a supervisory capacity (crew chief or above).
 - b) Paleontological Monitors should have a B.S. in a field related to paleontology, such as geology or biology with an emphasis in paleobiology. Two cumulative years of full-time professional field, research, and museum experience in working with the geological formations of Southern California is required.

4.	Prior to the start of work, the applicant shall obtain approval from MMC for any personnel
	changes associated with the monitoring program.

d)	Disturb any human remains, including		
,	those interred outside of dedicated	\boxtimes	
	cemeteries?		

Section IV of the MMRP contains provisions for the discovery of human remains. If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken. Based upon the required mitigation measure impacts would be less than significant.

Iss	ue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
VI. GEOL	OGY /	AND SOILS – Would the project:				
a)	Expo	ose people or structures to potential subst	antial adverse ef	fects, including the risk (of loss, injury, or d	eath involving:
	i)	Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
Geotech Develop dated Au staff revi potentia seismic r standard	nical men ugus ew, Ily al equi I con I imp	s not located within an Alquist-Pri Report (Geotechnical Engineering t, 1325 Scott Street, San Diego, Ca t 9, 2017 (their project no. 2G-170 the geotechnical consultant has a ffecting the proposed project. Fur- irement of the California Building astruction practices, to be verified pacts based on regional geologic l	g Exploration alifornia; prep 26007)) that h dequately add thermore, the Code, utilize p at the buildin	and Analysis, Propo ared by Giles Engin as been reviewed b dressed the soil and project would be r proper engineering g permit stage, in o	osed New Hote leering Associa by City Geology If geologic cond required to cond design and ut order to ensure	el ates, Inc., staff. Per ditions mply with ilization of e that
	ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?			\boxtimes	
active fa engineei stage, in	ults l ring ord	onse V (a). The site could be affect located throughout the Southern design and utilization of standard er to ensure that potential impacts and mitigation is not required.	California are construction	a. The project wou practices, to be ver	ld utilize properified at the bu	er ilding permit
	iii)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?			\boxtimes	
shaking,	caus otent	onse V (a). Liquefaction occurs which sing the soils to lose cohesion. Imitial for seismic-related ground fails	plementation	of the project wou	ıld not result ir	n an increase
	iv)	Landslides?				\boxtimes
Refer to	resp	onse V (a). The topography of the	project site i	s relatively flat, with	no significant	: slopes

Refer to response V (a). The topography of the project site is relatively flat, with no significant slopes within the project site or vicinity. The project site is not mapped within a landslide zone and no landslides have been identified within the sire or in the immediate vicinity. No impact would occur.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			\boxtimes				
City staff with SDN	Refer to response V (a). The project includes a landscape plan that has been reviewed and approved by City staff that precludes erosion of topsoil. In addition, standard construction BMPs necessary to comply with SDMC Grading Regulations (Chapter 14, Article 2, Division 1) would be in place to ensure that the project would not result in a substantial amount of topsoil erosion. Impacts would be less than significant.							
c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				\boxtimes			
	response V (a). Proper engineering de e verified at the construction permittir ot occur.	-		•				
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?							
impacts practices	posed project is located on marina loa would occur. Furthermore, proper eng s would be verified at the construction would not occur.	gineering des	ign and utilization o	f standard cor	nstruction			
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?							
	posed project does not propose the us would occur.	se of septic to	anks or alternative w	ater disposal s	systems. No			
VII. GREI	ENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the project	:						
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?			\boxtimes				
~	12 2016 1 6'1 (6 5'		A 1: DI (CAB)	c ·				

On July 12, 2016, the City of San Diego adopted the Climate Action Plan (CAP) Consistency Checklist, which requires all projects subject to discretionary review to demonstrate consistency with the Climate Action Plan.

The CAP is a plan for the reduction of GHG emissions in accordance with CEQA Guidelines Section 15183.5. Pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Sections 15604 (h) (3), 15130 (d), and 15183 (b), a project's incremental contribution to a cumulative GHG emissions effect may be determined not to be cumulatively considerable if it complies with the requirements of the CAP.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
-------	--------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------	-----------

Projects that are consistent with the CAP as determined through the use of this Checklist may rely on the CAP for the cumulative impacts of GHG emissions.

The submitted Climate Action Plan (CAP) Consistency Checklist was reviewed by EAS staff and found to be acceptable. The CAP Consistency Checklist includes a three-step process to determine project if the project would result in a GHG impact. Step 1 consists of an evaluation to determine the project's consistency with existing General Plan, Community Plan, and zoning designations for the site. Step 2 consists of an evaluation of the project's design features compliance with the CAP strategies. Step 3 is only applicable if a project is not consistent with the land use and/or zone, but is also in a transit priority area to allow for more intensive development than assumed in the CAP.

Under Step 1 of the CAP Consistency Checklist, the project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Point Loma Community Plan land use designations and zoning for the site. Therefore, the project is consistent with the growth projections and land use assumptions used in the CAP. Furthermore, completion of Step 2 of the CAP Consistency Checklist demonstrates that the project would be consistent with applicable strategies and actions for reducing GHG emissions. This includes project features consistent with the energy and water efficient buildings strategy, as well as bicycling, walking, transit, and land use strategy. These project features would be assured as a condition of project approval. Thus, the project is consistent with the CAP. Step 3 of the CAP Consistency Checklist would not be applicable, as the project is not proposing a land use amendment or a rezone.

Based on the project's consistency with the City's CAP Consistency Checklist, the project's contribution of GHGs to cumulative statewide emissions would be less than cumulatively considerable. Therefore, the project's direct and cumulative GHG emissions would have a less than significant impact on the environment.

gases?	
The project would not conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purp reducing the emissions of GHGs. The project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Con	
Plan land use and zoning designations. Further based upon review and evaluation of the comple	•
Consistency Checklist for the project, the project is consistent with the applicable strategies and	actions of
the CAP. Therefore, the project would be consistent with the assumptions for relevant CAP strate	gies
toward achieving the identified GHG reduction targets. Impacts would be less than significant.	

П

 \boxtimes

П

VIII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would the project:

b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of

reducing the emissions of greenhouse

a)	Create a significant hazard to the public			
	or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous		\boxtimes	
	materials?			

The project site was not listed in any of the databases for hazardous materials including being listed in the State Water Resources Control Board GeoTracker system, which includes leaking underground fuel tank

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
-------	--------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------	-----------

sites inclusive of spills, leaks, investigations, and cleanups Program or the Department of Toxic Substances Control EnviroStor Data Management System, which includes CORTESE sites.

Construction activities for the project would involve the use of potentially hazardous materials including vehicle fuels, oils, transmission fluids, paint, adhesives, surface coatings and other finishing materials, cleaning solvents, and pesticides for landscaping purposes. However, the use of these hazardous materials would be temporary, and all potentially hazardous materials would be stored, used, and disposed of in accordance with manufacturers' specifications, applicable federal, state, and local health and safety regulations. As such, impacts associated with the transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials would be less than significant during construction.

b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
Refer to	response VIII (a) above.				
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				\boxtimes
project	oposed project location is not within one would not emit hazardous emissions or nces, or waste within one-quarter mile of	handle hazar	dous or acutely h	azardous mater	ials,
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
https://	dous waste site records search was com geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/. The rec or in the surrounding area. No impacts w	ords search s		_	sites exist
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				

San Diego International Airport is located approximately 1.2 miles northeast of the project site. The project is not located in a Safety Zone of the adopted 2014 Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP); therefore, the use and density are consistent with the ALUCP. The project would not result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area. No impacts would occur.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?						
The prop	posed project is not located within the	vicinity of a p	orivate airstrip. No i	mpacts would	result.		
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?						
of or phy	ect is the replacement of an existing n ysically interfere with an adopted eme would result.						
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?						
would no	ect site it not located adjacent to wildlot expose people or structures to a sign where wildlands are adjacent to urbass. No impact would result.	nificant risk o	of loss, injury or dea	ith involving w	ildland fires,		
IX. HYDR	OLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the proj	ject:					
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?			\boxtimes			
The project would comply with all storm water quality standards during and after construction, and appropriate Best Management Practices (BMP's) will be utilized and provided for on-site. Implementation of theses BMP's would preclude any violations of existing standards and discharge regulations. This will be addressed through the project's Conditions of Approval; therefore, impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.							
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?						

The project does not require the construction of wells. The construction of the project may generate an incremental use of water but it would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level. Impacts would be less than significant.

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?				
rivers de implem	ject would not substantially alter the exponent occur on or adjacent to the site. ent on-site BMPs, therefore ensuring the mpacts would be less than significant,	Although gra	ding is proposed, tl I erosion or siltation	ne project wou n on- or off-si	ıld
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?				
the rate	ject would implement low impact deve or amount of surface runoff resulting drainage pattern would not occur. Str pacts would be less than significant, ar	in flooding or reams or river	n or off-site, or a su s do not occur on c	bstantial altera or adjacent to t	ation to the
e)	Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
would e	ject would not introduce any new conc exceed the capacity of existing or plann nal sources of polluted runoff. Impacts	ed stormwate	er drainage systems		
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?			\boxtimes	
Approp	ject would comply with all City storm v riate BMP's would be implemented to o than significant, and no mitigation mea	ensure that w	ater quality is not d		
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				\boxtimes

The project would not place housing within a 100-year flood hazard as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map. No impacts would result.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?						
See Resp	oonse (IX) (g). No impacts would resu	lt.					
X. LAND	USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:						
a)	Physically divide an established community?						
The proj	ect would not physically divide an esta	ablished comr	munity. No impact v	vould occur.			
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?						
jurisdicti program	The project would not conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect. No impact would occur.						
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?						
See Resp	oonse X (a) through (b). Impacts would	d be less than	significant.				
XI. MINE	RAL RESOURCES – Would the project:						
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				\boxtimes		
	ect would not result in the loss of avaigion and the residents of the state.	lability of a kr	nown mineral resou	rce that would	be of value		
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				\boxtimes		

The project would not result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
XII. NOISE – Would the project result	t in:						
 a) Generation of, noise levels standards established in the plan or noise ordinance, o standards of other agencies 	ne local general r applicable			\boxtimes			
local general plan or noise ord impacts related to construction specified in the City's Municipa	The project would not result in the generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies. Any short-term noise impacts related to construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise), which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction noise.						
b) Generation of, excessive g vibration or ground borne				\boxtimes			
See response XII (a) above. Pot through compliance with City i mitigation measures are requir	restrictions. No						
 A substantial permanent in ambient noise levels in the above levels existing without 	project vicinity						
See response XII (a) above. Potential short-term effects from construction noise would be reduced through compliance with City restrictions. No significant long-term impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required.							
d) A substantial temporary or increase in ambient noise project vicinity above exist project?	levels in the			\boxtimes			
See response XII (a) above. Pot through compliance with City mitigation measures are requir	restrictions. No						
e) For a project located withing land use plan, or, where sun ot been adopted, within a public airport or public use the project expose people working in the area to excelevels?	uch a plan has two miles of a e airport would residing or				\boxtimes		
San Diego International Airpor the project is not located in an expose people residing or wor project.	area subject to	ALUCP noise	policies. The project	ct would theref	ore not		
f) For a project within the vice private airstrip, would the					\boxtimes		

Potentially Less Than
Potentially Significant with Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?

The proposed project is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip. The proposed project would not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels. No impacts would result from the project.

•		he project.	noject area t	o excessive noise in	eveis. No impac	is would
XIII. POP	ULAT	ION AND HOUSING – Would the project:				
a)	an a pro indi	uce substantial population growth in area, either directly (for example, by posing new homes and businesses) or rectly (for example, through extension oads or other infrastructure)?				\boxtimes
populati	on g	d project is replacing an existing n growth in an area, either directly (for r example, through extension of ro	or example, b	y proposing new h	nomes and busin	nesses) or
b)	hou	place substantial numbers of existing sing, necessitating the construction of acement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes
		ed project is replacing an existing nexisting the			•	
c)	nec	place substantial numbers of people, essitating the construction of lacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes
		does not propose any housing. It is the construction of replacement		•	numbers of peo	ple,
XIV. PUB	LIC SI	ERVICES				
a)	alte cou	uld the project result in substantial adverse red governmental facilities, need for new o ld cause significant environmental impacts, formance objectives for any of the public so	r physically alte , in order to mai	red governmental facili	ties, the construction	n of which
	i)	Fire protection				\boxtimes
The prop	oose	d project would not require the co	onstruction o	f new fire protection	on facilities.	
	ii)	Police protection				\boxtimes
The prop	oose	d project would not require the co	onstruction o	f new police protec	ction facilities.	
	iii)	Schools				\boxtimes

33

The proposed project would not require the construction of new schools.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	iv) Parks				\boxtimes
The prop	posed project would not require the co	onstruction of	new parks.		
	v) Other public facilities				\boxtimes
The prop	posed project would not require the co	onstruction of	any other new pub	lic facilities.	
XV. RECR	EATION				
a)	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
use of ex	posed project is replacing an existing r kisting neighborhood and regional par deterioration of the facility would occ	ks or other re	ecreational facilities		
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				\boxtimes
facilities	posed project is replacing an existing roor require the construction or expansi effect on the environment.				
XVI. TRAI	NSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project?				
a)	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?				\boxtimes

The project would not conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account of all modes transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit.

The project submitted a Transportation Impact Analysis (TIA) (Fehr & Peers, March 2019) that concluded implementation of the proposed project is not expected to result in significant traffic impacts Existing Plus Project or Opening Year (2021) Plus Project scenarios. At built out the project is estimated to generate a

Issi	ue	Significant Impact	Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
peak hou	net new daily vehicle trips, 28 net nour, and 44 peak hour trips (33 inbountation staff has reviewed the TIA and	nd/11 outboun	d) in the PM peak h	nour. Qualified	City
b)	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?				⊠
including	onse XVI (a). The project would not one constant of the county congestion manages sult.	tandards and t	ravel demand mea	sures, or other	standards
c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				
	ect would not result in a change in ainge in location that results in substar	•	_		raffic levels
d)	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				
hazards	ect is the replacement of an existing due to a design feature (e.g., sharp cuipment). No impacts would result.				•
e)	Result in inadequate emergency access?				\boxtimes
The proj	ect would not result in inadequate er	mergency acce	SS.		
f)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?				\boxtimes

Potentially

Less Than

Less Than

See response XVI (a). The project is the replacement of an existing motel with a new hotel. The replacement hotel would not conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities. No impacts would result.

XVII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact				
	nically defined in terms of the size and scope of merican tribe, and that is:	the landscape,	sacred place, or object wi	ith cultural value t	o a California				
a)	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or								
eligible f	The project is the replacement of an existing motel with a new hotel. The existing motel is not listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k).								
b)	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.		\boxtimes						
XVIII. UTI	LITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the pro	ject:							

Implementation of the project would not interrupt existing sewer service to the project site or other surrounding uses. No increase in demand for wastewater disposal or treatment would be created by the project, as compared to current conditions. The project is not anticipated to generate significant amounts of waste water. Wastewater treatment facilities used by the project would be operated in accordance with the applicable wastewater treatment requirements of the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). Additionally, the project site is in an urbanized and developed area. Adequate services are already available to serve the project and no mitigation measures are required. No impact would result due to implementation of the project.

 \boxtimes

Exceed wastewater treatment

Water Quality Control Board?

requirements of the applicable Regional

Issu	ie	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?						
This project would not result in an increase in the intensity of the use and would not be required to construct a new water or wastewater treatment facility. No impact would result due to implement of the project.							
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				\boxtimes		
would no could can determin	The project would not exceed the capacity of the existing storm water drainage systems and therefore, would not require construction of new or expansion of existing storm water drainage facilities of which could cause significant environmental effects. The project was reviewed by qualified City staff who determined that the existing facilities are adequately sized to accommodate the proposed development. No impact would result due to implementation of the project.						
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				\boxtimes		
supply as	ect does not meet the CEQA significan ssessment. The existing project site cu are available to serve the proposed ho act would result due to implementati	rrently receiv otel project w	es water service fro ithout required new	m the City, and	d adequate		
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?						
services a	tion of the project would not adversel are available to serve the project site v e less than significant, and no mitigation	vithout requi	red new or expande				
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?			\boxtimes			

The project would exceed the City's Threshold of construction, demolition, and or renovation of 40,000 square feet of building space thereby requiring a Waste Management Plan to be completed. The Waste Management Plan was prepared and was approved by City of San Diego Environmental Services Staff. All construction waste from the project site would be transported to an appropriate facility, which would have adequate capacity to accept the limited amount of waste that would be generated by the project. Longterm operation of the proposed residential unity is anticipated to generate typical amounts of solid waste

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
associated with residential use. Furthermo Municipal Code for diversion of both cons during the long-term, operational phase. I	truction waste du	ring the demolition	n phase and sol	-
g) Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste?				\boxtimes
The project would comply with all Federal, The project would not result in the general require the transportation of hazardous words an Diego requirements for diversion of waste during the long-term, operation phoposed project.	ition of large amou aste materials. All f both constructio	unts of solid waste demolition activition n waste during the	, nor would it g es would comp e demolition ph	enerate or ly with City ase and solid
XIX. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE –				
a) Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?	or			
The site has been fully developed with Environmentally Sensitive Lands as defin Manual, native or sensitive vegetation corstatus wildlife species, or lands that are of Tier IIIB Habitats. Implementation of the project would not have a substantial ad community identified in the Point Loma California Department of Fish and Game significant.	ed by the Biology mmunities, wetlan classified as Tier I croject would not b stified in local or r verse effect on a Community Plan,	y Guidelines of th ds that would be e Habitats, Tier II Ha nave a substantial a egional plans, poli ny riparian habita the City of San Di	e City's Land I expected to sup abitats, Tier IIIA adverse effect o cies, or regulat t or other sens ego General Pl	Development opers special- A Habitats, or on candidate, ions, and the sitive natural an, or by the
b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable				

Cumulative impacts can result from individually minor but collectively significant actions taking place over time. For the purpose of this Initial Study, the project may have cumulative considerable impacts to Cultural Resources (Archaeology) and Tribal Cultural Resources. As such, mitigation measures included in

future projects)?

Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
this document would reduce these potential impacts to a less than significant. Other future projects within			
the surrounding neighborhood or community would be required to comply with applicable local, State,			
	Significant Impact mpacts to a le	Potentially Significant with Impact Impact Incorporated mpacts to a less than significant.	Potentially Significant with Significant Impact Incorporated Mitigation Incorporated Mitigation Impact Impact Impact Mitigation Impact Impact Mitigation Impact Impact Impact Mitigation Impact Impact Impact Mitigation Impact

the surrounding neighborhood or community would be required to comply with applicable local, State, and Federal regulations to reduce potential impacts to less than significant, or to the extent possible. As such, the project is not anticipated to contribute to potentially significant cumulative environmental impacts.

c)	Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly		
	or indirectly?		

The demolition of an existing motel and the reconstruction of a new hotel is consistent with the setting and with the use anticipated by the City. Based on the analysis presented above, implementation of the aforementioned mitigation measures would reduce environmental impacts such that no substantial adverse effects on humans would occur.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST REFERENCES

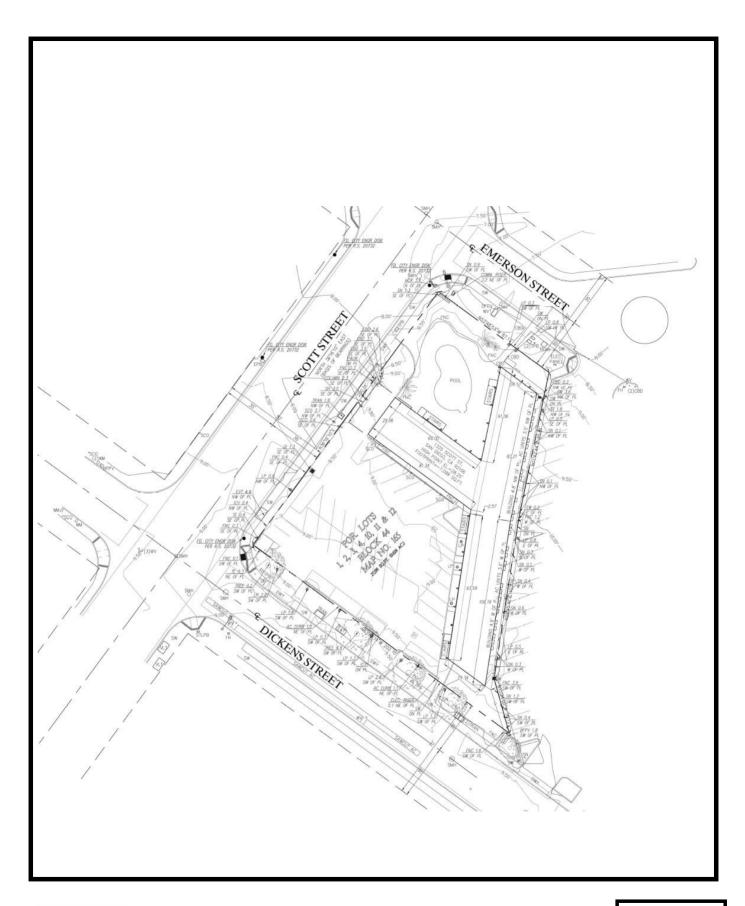
I. □ ⊠	Aesthetics / Neighborhood Character City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: Point Loma Community Plan
. 	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) Site Specific Report:
. 	Air Quality California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report:
IV.	Biology City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools" Maps, 1996 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001 California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines
v. ⊠ □	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources and Built Environment) City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines City of San Diego Archaeology Library Historical Resources Board List Community Historical Survey: Site Specific Report:
VI.	Geology/Soils City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975 Site Specific Report: Geotechnical Engineering Exploration and Analysis, Proposed New Hotel Development, 1325 Scott Street, San Diego, California; prepared by Giles Engineering Associates, Inc., dated August 9, 2017 (their project no. 2G-1706007)

	Site Specific Report:
VIII.	Hazards and Hazardous Materials San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division FAA Determination State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan Site Specific Report:
IX.	Hydrology/Drainage Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report:
x. \(\times \)	Land Use and Planning City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps FAA Determination: Other Plans:
XI.	Mineral Resources California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps City of San Diego General Plan: Conservation Element Site Specific Report:
XII.	Noise City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps Montgomery Field CNEL Maps San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XIII. ⊠ □	Paleontological Resources City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996

	Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," <i>California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin</i> 200, Sacramento, 1975 Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977 Site Specific Report:
XIV.	Population / Housing City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
xv. □	Public Services City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan
XVI.	Recreational Resources City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:
XVII. □ □ □	Transportation / Circulation City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG Site Specific Report: Transportation Impact Analysis (TIA) (Fehr & Peers, March 2019)
XVIII.	Utilities Site Specific Report:
XIX.	Water Conservation Sunset Magazine, <i>New Western Garden Book</i> , Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine
XX.	Water Quality Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report:

Revised: August 2018

All figures should be placed at the end of the ISMND



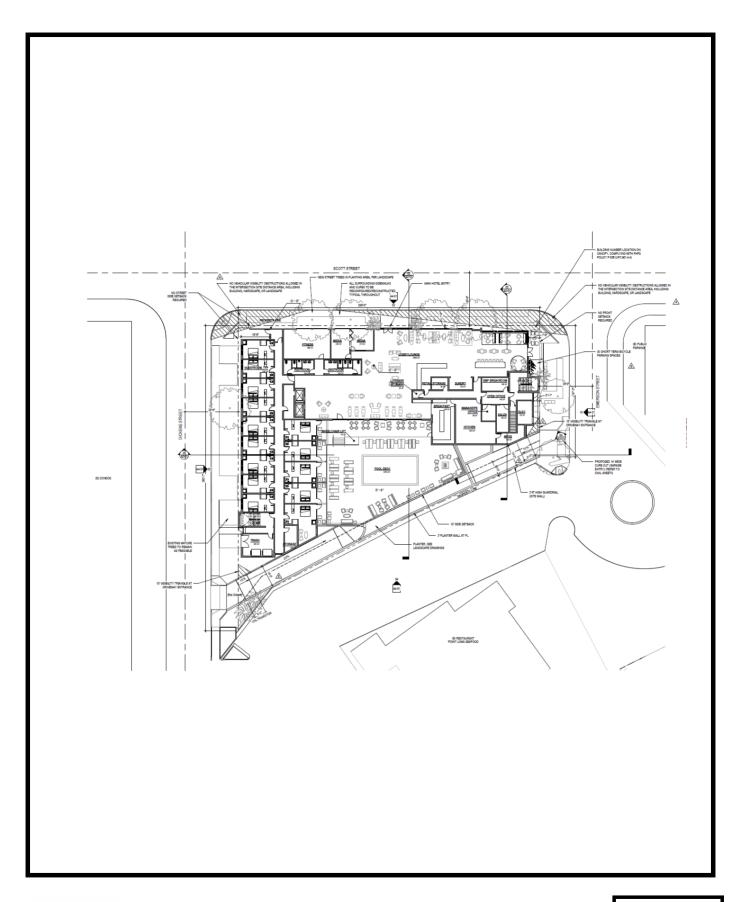


Location Map

Hotel Point Loma CDP SDP/Project No. 612853
City of San Diego – Development Services Department

FIGURE

No. 1





Site Plan

<u>Hotel Point Loma CDP SDP/Project No. 612853</u> City of San Diego – Development Services Department **FIGURE**

No. 2



CORNER OF EMERSON & SCOTT



'CAFE' PEDESTRIAN ENTRANCE FROM EMERSON



VEHICULAR ENTRY INTO THE GARAGE



MAIN HOTEL LOBBY PEDESTRIAN ENTRANCE ON SCOTT



BIRDSEYE VIEW FROM POINT LOMA SEAFOODS



POOL DECK CONCEPTUAL RENDERING



Project Renderings

Hotel Point Loma CDP SDP/Project No. 612853
City of San Diego – Development Services Department

FIGURE

No. 3