

Planning Department 168 North Edwards Street Post Office Drawer L Independence, California 93526

DRAFT MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT AND INITIAL STUDY

PROJECT TITLE: Tentative Parcel Map 422/ Zone Reclassification 2019-02/ General Plan Amendment 2019-01/CUP 2020-03 Olancha Lake RV

PROJECT LOCATION: The Project applicant is proposing to merge six parcels in order to build an RV Resort situated on APNs 033-500-03, 033-500-04, 033-500-14, 033-500-15, 033-500-16, and 033-500-17, and 033-080-37, owned by Olancha Lake LLC. The Project location is one-eighth of a mile east of Highway 395, adjacent to SR 190. The Project's total environmental footprint is approximately 80 acres.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: The six parcels combined by Tentative Parcel Map 422 (033-500-03, 033-500-04, 033-500-14, 033-500-15, 033-500-16, 033-500-17), and an additional parcel (033-080-37), will facilitate CUP 2020-03/Olancha Lake RV, which will develop a tent and RV camping business. The Project includes 30 tent-camping sites and 95 RV camping spots. The Project also includes 5 cabins for rental, a star gazing area for campers, an amphitheater, a tennis/basketball court, showers, a restaurant, a skateboarding area, a store, and kayaking rentals for use on Olancha Lake. CEOA analysis is necessary for the Inyo County Planning Commission to give final approval for the tentative parcel map, as well as Zone Reclassification 2019-02 and General Plan Amendment 2019-01. The proposed zone reclassification and general plan amendment are being requested, pursuant to the conditional use permit, in order to align the project property's land use designation with commercial recreation. The proposed project site would create recreational opportunities, such as kayaking and wind surfing on Olancha Lake, and cover approximately 80 acres. Please note, that a draft Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration was previously prepared for this project, and sent to the State Clearinghouse on March 30, 2020; however, Inyo County, as Lead Agency under CEQA, determined that the full build-out of the project was incomplete. A revised draft environmental document is being reissued for that reason. Please also note, Tentative Parcel Map 422, Zone Reclassification 2019-02, General Plan Amendment 2019-01, and Cup 2020-03 are considered the same project, under CEOA, as all of these actions are required by the Invo County in order for the applicant to have a commercial use at this location.

FINDINGS:

A. The proposed project is consistent with goals and objectives of the Inyo County General Plan.

The proposed tentative parcel map, zone reclassification, and conditional use permit require CEQA review and approval from the Planning Commission: "Pursuant to Section 15022 of the State CEQA Guidelines, examples of projects that shall be subject to the requirements set forth in CEQA include but are not limited to:... 2. Minor subdivisions (tentative parcel maps and the creation of lots by certificate of compliance" (15.20.010). The proposed zone reclassification necessitates a change to the General Plan land use designation of Rural Estate (RE), which will be reviewed for approval by the Inyo County Board of Supervisors. The applicant is requesting a General Plan designation of Resort Recreational (REC). This project will require a General Plan Amendment to create zoning and land use consistency. The current designation of RE has a 5-acre per single-family home density requirement. The goal of this zone reclassification is to allow for the future use of a commercial recreational business. Section 4.2 of

the Land Use Element, of the Inyo County General Plan (pg. 4-19), identifies "recreational commercial uses, such as resorts, recreational facilities...campgrounds, trailer parks, restaurants" as uses that fall within the Resort Recreational (REC) designation. This section notes that the REC designation is well suited "toward tourist use," and is therefore the best General Plan designation for the project.

B. The proposed project is consistent with the provisions of the Inyo County Zoning Ordinance.

The proposed tentative parcel map (TPM 422) is required because there are "more than four lots involved in the lot line adjustment" and therefore "a re-subdivision tentative map application [is] required" (ICC 16.52.070). The proposed zone reclassification and General Plan Amendment would alter the zoning designation from Rural Residential (RR) and Light Industrial (M2) to Commercial Recreation (C5). The C5 designation aligns with the proposed General Plan Amendment and would allow for the applicant's proposed land use of creating a recreational/resort business. The C5 designation allows campgrounds and mobile home parks, as a conditional use, following approval by the Inyo County Planning Commission (ICC 18.54.040). Concurrent to the zone reclassification, the conditional use permit will be consistent with the Inyo County Zoning Ordinance. The C5 zone includes within its purpose statement (ICC 18.54.010) that it is established for "commercially operated recreational activities, including resorts, lodges, motels, restaurants, general stores, campgrounds, mobilehome parks," specifically oriented "to the traveler and tourist," and this project is consistent with that purpose.

C. Potential adverse environmental impacts will not exceed thresholds of significance, either individually or cumulatively.

The proposed 80-acre area is located on the southern tip of the Owens Dry Lake where US 395 meets SR 190, and is part of the Great Basin environmental and geomorphic province. The project is located on an alluvial fan characterized by desert scrub vegetation community. Environmental impacts to botanical and wildlife resources can be minimized and avoided. Based on information provided by the applicant, and staff review, Zone Reclassification 2019-02, GPA 2019-01, Tentative Parcel Map 422, and CUP 2020-03/Olancha Lake RV does not have the potential to cause environmental impacts that exceed thresholds of significance, either individually or cumulatively.

D. Based upon the environmental evaluation of the proposed project, the Planning Department finds that the project does not have the potential to create a significant adverse impact on flora or fauna; natural, scenic and historic resources; the local economy; public health, safety, and welfare. This constitutes a Negative Finding for the Mandatory Findings required by Section 15065 of the CEQA Guidelines.

Avoidance and minimization measures will be designed into the project, as conditions of approval for the proposed future commercial tent & RV camping resort, in the following ways:

Biological Resources: The Project site area shall be surveyed for plants with blooming seasons prior to or after the reconnaissance surveys, conducted during May 2020 and July 2019. The Project site has potential to support special-status species and non-sensitive species generally protected by federal and state laws. In addition, surveys & trappings for special-status animals, such as Mohave ground squirrel (whose range does fall within the Project footprint), shall be conducted. It is strongly advised that CDFW protocols are followed, for botanical & wildlife species, to determine the presence/absence of State-listed species. Preconstruction biological surveys and bird-nesting surveys shall be performed to confirm absence.

Water Quality/Stormwater: The applicant will coordinate with Inyo County's Environmental Health Department, the Inyo County Building and Safety Department, as well as the Lahontan Regional Water Quality Board, to determine which water quality standards are applicable for the project, using the beneficial uses described in Chapter 2 of the Water Quality Control Plan for the Lahontan Region (Basin Plan) and the water quality objectives described in Chapter 3 of the Basin Plan. Prior to project initiation, the applicant shall work with Inyo Environmental Health & the Lahontan Regional Water Quality Board to determine if any of the

following permits are required for the Project: a Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 402 Permit [including National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) coverage], from the State Water Board; a section 401 water quality certification; possible water diversion and/or dewatering permits (NPDES General Permit, Limited Threat to Discharges to Surface Water, etc.); and approval under the County's Local Agency Management Program (LAMP) for discharge of domestic wastewater using onsite wastewater treatment systems.

Noise: The camping site will post and enforce a set of rules, which include instructions regarding appropriate noise levels & quiet hours.

Transportation & Traffic: The applicant shall obtain a Caltrans encroachment permit and adhere to the requirements therein.

The 30-day public & State agency review period for this Draft Negative Declaration will expire on August 18, 2020. Inyo County is not required to respond to any comments received after this date.

Additional information is available from the Inyo County Planning Department. Please contact Project Planner Steve Karamitros (760-878-0268) if you have any questions regarding this project.

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7-15-20

Steve Karamitros Senior Planner, Inyo County Planning Department

Date

INYO COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

CEQA APPENDIX G: INITIAL STUDY & ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FORM

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EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).

2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.

3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.

4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from Section XVII, "Earlier Analyses," may be cross-referenced).

5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:

a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.

b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.

c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.

6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.

7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.

8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.

9) The explanation of each issue should identify:

- a) the significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
- b) the mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance issues.



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INYO COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

APPENDIX G: CEQA INITIAL STUDY & ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FORM

1. <u>Project title</u>: Tentative Parcel Map 422; Zone Reclassification 2019-02; General Plan Amendment 2019-01; Conditional Use Permit 2020-03/Olancha Lake RV

2. <u>Lead agency name and address</u>: Inyo County Planning Department, 168 N. Edwards St., P.O. Drawer L, Independence, CA 93526

3. Contact person and phone number: Steve Karamitros, Senior Planner, (760) 878-0268

4. <u>**Project location:**</u> The proposed project is located on the southern tip of the Owens Dry Lake where US 395 meets SR 190, immediately southeast of the unincorporated community of Olancha, CA and can be accessed by both US-395 & SR 190. The proposed project is to be located on 80-acres of private land owned by Olancha Lake, LLC with the Assessor's Parcel Numbers: 033-500-03, 033-500-04, 033-500-14, 033-500-15, 033-500-16, 033-500-17, 033-080-37.

5. <u>Project sponsor's name and address</u>: Leedy Ying (Olanch Lake, LLC), 12550 Whittier Blvd, Whittier, CA 90602.

6. General Plan designation: Residential Estate (RE) & Light Industrial

7. Zoning: Rural Residential/Mobile Home Combined (RMH) & Light Industrial (M2)

8. <u>Description of project</u>: The Project would develop and RV and tent camping business that includes 30 tentcamping sites and 95 RV camping spots, along with other services on site. This includes 5 cabins for rental, a star gazing area for campers, an amphitheater, a tennis/basketball court, showers, a restaurant, a skateboarding area, a store, and kayaking rentals for use on Olancha Lake. The lake will be filled and reserved for swimming, kayaking, and stand up surf boarding. Three preexisting, permitted wells will supply water for domestic use and to fill the lake. The project site is located on seven, privately owned, parcels, totaling approximately 80.50 acres.

9. <u>Surrounding land uses and setting</u>: Briefly describe the project's surroundings:

The property is surrounded primarily by undeveloped land consisting of desert scrub. The property to the west is zoned General Industrial (M1), with commercially zoned areas generally located to the west along US 395. Properties to the north and south are also zone Rural Residential, with Open Space to the east. The closest developed area is the community Olancha, approximately 0.25-miles to the west.

Location:	Use:	Gen. Plan Designation	Zoning
West	vacant & developed	Rural Protection (RP);	General Industrial (M1); (C1); Highway
	private property	Rural Residential	Services & Tourist Commercial (C2)
		Medium Density (RRM)	
North	Vacant private	Residential Estate (RE)	Rural Residential/Mobile Home (RR-MH)
	property		
East	Vacant private	Rural Protection (RP)	Open Space-40 acre minimum (OS-40)
	property		
South	Vacant private	Residential Estate (RE)	Rural Residential/Mobile Home (RR-MH)
	property		

10. <u>Other public agencies whose approval is required:</u> Inyo County Departments of Environmental Health, Building & Safety, and Public Works, the Olancha-Cartago Fire Department; California Department of Fish & Wildlife; Lahontan Regional Water Quality Board, Great Basin Pollution Control District. California Department of Transportation, District 9.

<u>11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area</u> requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

In compliance with AB 52, SB 18, and Public Resource Code Section 21080.3.1(b), tribes identified as being local to Inyo County, were notified via a certified letter on October 31, 2019 about the project and the opportunity for consultation on this project. The tribes notified were as follows: the Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians, the Big Pine Paiute Tribe, the Bishop Paiute Tribe, the Fort Independence Paiute Tribe, Lone Pine Paiute-Shoshone Tribe, the Timbisha Shoshone Tribe, and the Cabazon Band of the Mission Indians.

Inyo County did not receive any requests for consultation.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

Aesthetics Resources	Agriculture & Forestry	Air Quality
Biological Resources	Cultural Resources	Geology /Soils
Hazards & Hazardous Materials	Hydrology / Water Quality	Land Use / Planning
Mineral Resources	Noise	Population / Housing
Public Services	Recreation	Transportation/Traffic
Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Utilities/Service Systems	Mandatory Findings of
	Tribal Cultural Resources	Significance

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by the Lead Agency) 0238

On the basis of this initial evaluation:

I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.

 \square I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.

I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.

I find that the proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed.

I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

Steve Karamitros, Senior Planner Invo County Planning Department

<u>7-15-20</u> Date

INYO COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FORM

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
I. AESTHETICS Would the project:				
a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				\boxtimes
No, the proposed project is surrounded by properties zoned Open Space property directly west of the Project already has buildings that disrupt Moreover, the industrial properties to the west have building height all height limitations of twenty-five feet (accessory buildings) to thirty feet motorists traveling along US-395, the buildings/structures on the prop- commercial uses closer to the highway, concealing the visual footprint also not be obstructed from travelers on US-395.	the views, from we lowances up to 35 (principal buildin osed RV Park wou	est to east, to the t feet. The proposed gs). As most view Id be shielded by	raveling public o d project would h er groups would t the industrial and	on US 395. vave be l
b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				\boxtimes
No, the proposed site will not impact scenic resources, as the land east tan/green scrub to create a stark homogenous desert landscape. Views affected. It should also be noted that the hills located to the east are scenic resources.	of the Eastern Sie	rras, located west	of the project, w	ill not be
c) Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?				\boxtimes
No, although tents and parked RVs would be visible from SR-190 and 0 project are currently covered in desert scrub. There are no significant project will not substantially degrade the existing visual character or q	scenic resources i	n the area to impa	ct; therefore, the	
d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?			\boxtimes	
The location of the proposed project area has few receptors that would follow Inyo County General Plan Visual Resources –VIS-1.6 Control of light fixtures including street lighting, externally illuminated signs, adv fixtures which direct light downward (i.e., lighting shall not emit highe	f Light and Glare vertising displays,	 'The County sha and billboards use 	all require that al e low-energy, shi	ll outdoor elded light
II. AGRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOURCES : In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Dept. of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and				
Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including The Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment Project; and forest carbon measurement methodology Provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. Would the project:				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	0	, mpact
a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
No, the project does not convert prime farmland, unique farmland, or in fact, an agriculture use.	farmland of State	wide importance to	o non-agricultural	use and is
b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				\boxtimes
No, there are no conflicts with zoning for agriculture nor will the proj Contracts in Inyo County. The project is for recreational uses, in cont being affected.				
c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				
No, the proposed project site does not include forest land or timber la	nd.			
d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes
No, the proposed project site will not affect forested land or impact an	ny land use design	ated for that purpe	ose.	
e) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use?				\boxtimes
No, the proposed project site does not currently contain Farmland.				
III. AIR QUALITY: Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:	· ·			
a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				
No, the project will be required to follow best management practices	for dust control du	ring construction-	related activities.	
b) Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?				\boxtimes
No, the proposed project will be in compliance with current air qualit	ty standards.			
c) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non- attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?				

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No, there will be short-term construction equipment impacts from dust and exhaust emissions, but the Great Basin Unified Air Pollution Control District considers these construction emissions to be less than significant. Although there are portions of Inyo

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
County within non-attainment areas for Federal and State PM10 (pa quality standards, the primary source for this pollution is the Owens The temporary nature of the construction and best practices for dust cause the project to be less than significant.	dry lake, located a	pproximately one	mile north of the	e project site.
d) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				\boxtimes
No, existing sensitive receptors consist of scattered residences to the There are no hospitals or other non-residence sensitive receptors in creational uses on an artificial lake, neither of which will produce an traffic volumes from guests to the project site will be negligible.	the area. The busir	ess will offer cam	ping sites, with a	additional
e) Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?				\boxtimes
No, the proposed project will not produce objectionable odors during odors from portable toilets, but these facilities will not affect local re The closest school is in Lone Pine, over 22 miles to the north.				
IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES: Would the project:				
a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the				

local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

The Project has the potential to impact one identified special-status species classified as native and rare in California, Polemoniaceae (Eriastrum sparsiflorum) commonly known as the Great Basin Wollystar. Biological analysis was conducted by applicant-supplied biologists with, Geode Environmental, Inc. (Geode). The consultant's study method included a literature review (to determine locations for special status plant and animal species that have been reported from the vicinity of the subject property); and, field surveys that followed the presence-absence survey protocol revised by USFWS in 2017. The following databases were used to identify the required protocols for special status flora and fauna: USFWS Species List, CNDDB list for the region where the Project occurs, and CNPS list for the region where the Project occurs. In addition, the following field guides were used to aid the field review: Mojave Desert Wildflowers, 2nd: A Field Guide to Wildflowers, Trees, and Shrubs of the Mojave Desert, Including the Mojave National Preserve, Death Valley National Park, and Joshua Tree National Park. By Pam MacKay (2013); and Wildflowers of the Eastern Sierra and Adjoining Mojave Desert and Great Basin. Laird R. Blackwell (2002).

On July 23, 2019, the consultants surveyed the project site action area for six of the seven parcels included in the proposed project (033-500-03, 033-500-04, 033-500-14, 033-500-15, 033-500-16, 033-500-17). After the applicant added an additional parcel to the project proposal (033-080-37), the consultant surveyed this additional site on May 10, 2020. The surveys were completed to determine the presence of special status botanical and wildlife species. This entailed a comprehensive north-south transect pattern, with parallel transects traversed along a north-south axis. During the July 2019 surveys, 34 plant species were identified, of which four were invasive/non-native and one was classified as native and rare in California, Polemoniaceae (Eriastrum sparsiflorum), commonly known as the Great Basin Wollystar. CNPS' Calscape database classifies Eriastrum sparsiflorum, commonly known as the Great Basin Wollystar, as rare. This annual plant in the phlox family grows in Great Basin of the western United States and blooms from May-September. During the May 2020 surveys, two botanical species, Booth's evening-primrose (Eremothera boothii) and Polemoniaceae (Eriastrum sparsiflorum), were identified as having limited distribution in California. One plant species, Parish's popcorn flower (Plagiobothrys parishii), was classified as rare, endemic, and seriously endangered in California. Only sixteen individuals of this species were identified. Collectively, these findings are classified below the threshold of significance for biological impacts per CEQA.

The Project site area shall be surveyed for plants with blooming seasons prior to or after the reconnaissance surveys, conducted during May 2020 and July 2019. The Project site has potential to support special-status species and non-sensitive species generally protected by federal and state laws. In addition, surveys & trappings for special-status animals, such as Mohave ground squirrel (whose range does fall within the Project footprint), shall be conducted. It is strongly advised that CDFW protocols are followed, for

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
botanical & wildlife species, to determine the presence/absence of S nesting surveys shall be performed to confirm absence.	tate-listed specie	s. Preconstruction	biological surve	ys and bird-
b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service?				
The Project may impact some constituent species found within the G Fan Mojavean-Sonoran Desert Scrub sensitive natural communities community; specifically, the flora in the area surveyed is predomina scrub vegetation community incorporates shadscale (Atriplex confer (Artemisia spinescens), greasewood (Sarcobatus vermiculatus), Nev spinosa). Impacts to these communities are less than significant give	. The Project is c ntly rabbitbrush rtifolia), big sage ada ephedra (Ep	characterized by th (Ericameria nause ebrush (Artemisia t chedra nevadensis)	e desert scrub ve cosus). In genera ridentata), bud s , and spiny hops	egetation l, this desert agebrush age (Grayia
c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
No, there are no identified wetlands on the project site or in close project site or in close provide the set of the set	roximity, that wo	uld be affected by	the project.	
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?		\boxtimes		
This Project is located outside of NOAA Fisheries jurisdiction; there NOAA Fisheries species are anticipated. Trappings and CDFW pro- squirrel, shall be followed to determine their presence or absence, a bird nesting surveys shall be conducted to confirm their absence.	tocols for specia	l-status animals, pe	articularly for M	ohave ground
e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				\boxtimes
No, the proposed project site is not within an area with special loca	l policies or ordi	inances related to i	t.	
f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				
No, the proposed project does not conflict with any local, regional,	or state habitat d	conservation plan.		
V. CULTURAL RESOURCES: Would the project:				
a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in Section 15064.5?				\boxtimes

A "historical resource" is a resource listed, or determined to be eligible for listing, in the California Register of Historical Resources (Title 14 CCR §15064.5(a)(1)-(3)). Historical resources may include, but are not limited to, "any object, building, site, area, place, record, or manuscript which is historically or archaeologically significant, or is significant in the architectural, engineering, scientific, economic, agricultural, educational, social, political, military, or cultural annals of California" (PRC §5020.1(j)). To initiate the Project site investigation, a cultural resources records search was conducted through the California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) at the Eastern Information Center (EIC) housed at the University of California, Riverside. The

	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
archival and digital materials were obtained from the EIC on July 3 previously documented cultural resource sites and surveys within th search included a review of all recorded prehistoric/historic archae	e Tribal-mandate	d one-mile buffer o	of the Project foo	otprint. The

Less Than

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search included a review of all recorded prehistoric/historic archaeological resources, built-environment resources, and the following directories: The California Points of Historical Interest (CPHI), California Historical Landmarks (CHL), California Register of Historical Resources (CALREG), National Register of Historic Places (NRHP), and California State Historic Properties Directory (CHPD). None of the 98 cultural resource sites identified occur within the Project footprint. Following the addition one parcel in Spring 2020 (APN: 033-080-37), the previous database searches were reviewed and no cultural resources were identified.

b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to Section 15064.5?

No, the Project will not cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource as defined in Section 15064.5. No archaeological resources have been identified in any records of the site or immediate surrounding area. The Project investigations and pedestrian surveys were conducted by Dr. Alan Garfinkel Gold, RPA on August 11th and 12th, 2019, when six parcels of the Project area were traversed on foot (APNs: 033-500-03, 033-500-04, 033-500-14, 033-500-15, 033-500-16, and 033-500-17). The ground surface area visibility varied throughout the Project. A man-made lake runs diagonally from the northwest corner to the southeast corner of the parcel. Submerged areas were not examined due to the severity of disturbance and manmade construction. Areas of close examination entailed visible ground surface, rodent back-dirt piles, areas of original ground, and all elements of subsurface ground. Pedestrian transects were spaced 10 meters apart and the terrain was crossed on foot in a north-south direction. Approximately 80% of the Project area was traversed on foot. Two isolates were discovered in the northeast half of the Project. The first was an obsidian biface fragment and the other a piece of obsidian core shatter. No other associated cultural material was recognized. No prehistoric or historic archaeological sites were identified and no significant historic structures were recognized. The two obsidian-flaked stone artifacts were recorded as isolates. Single finds of obsidian flaked stone are common in the Great Basin. Isolates are not deemed significant resources, and their documentation here as isolates is sufficient recordation.

An additional parcel (033-080-37) was added to the Project subsequent to the August 2019 record search and surveys. On May 15, 2020, this parcel was surveyed, by the same archaeologist, using the same protocols as those used for the August 2019 surveys. One prehistoric site was identified during this survey; however, only nine obsidian flakes were identified and no flakes displayed cortex. No other artifacts or evidence of anthropogenic soils (midden) were observed in the site area, the roadway, or the adjacent road berms. Due to the highly disturbed nature of the site, this site has no integrity and no significance under the criteria set forth under the California Register of Historical Resources [Public Resource Code 5024.1(c)]. As a result, it is neither a unique archaeological resource nor a historical resource, and therefore does not warrant further evaluation or mitigation per CEQA 15064.5(c)(4). No additional prehistoric or historic archaeological sites and no significant historic structural-remains were identified as a result of this investigation.

c) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?

The Project is located in Eastern California in the unincorporated town of Olancha, CA on the southern tip of the Owens Dry Lake where Highway 395 meets Highway 190. Olancha has an elevation of 3,658 feet and is situated east of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, part of the Great Basin environmental and geomorphic province. The Great Basin contains a basin and range landform pattern and a topography consisting of north-south trending mountain ranges separated by fault-bounded valleys. Soils in the Project area are primarily Typic Psammaquents with small amounts of Playa and Arizo-Yellowrock complex. The likelihood of finding subsurface paleontological resources in Inyo County, in this southeast section, is not well known. The land consists of mostly flat-lying sediments, thus natural erosion cuts through the sediments but does not penetrate deeply except in major stream channels, so the prior existence of subsurface and at-depth fossils is not readily available. The proposed project property has no known paleontological resources, so the proposed project will not directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource.

d) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?

No known human remains or burial sites are on the property. Refer to the response to V b) for the potential for archaeological resources. While unlikely, human remains are a potential archaeological resource, and will be handled similar to other archaeological resources. If human remains are encountered during the undertaking, State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 states that no further disturbance shall occur until the County Coroner has made a determination of the origin and disposition of the remains pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 5097.98. The County Coroner must also be notified immediately of the find. If the remains are determined to be of prehistoric or protohistoric Native American origin, the Coroner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC). The NAHC shall determine and notify a Most Likely Descendant (MLD) individual

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Potentially	With	Less Than	•
Significant	Mitigation	Significant	No
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or group that will consult with a qualified archaeologist and recommend the manner of treatment for any human remains and associated burial offerings. With the permission of the landowner or his/her authorized representative, the MLD may inspect the site of the discovery. The MLD shall complete the inspection within 48 hours of notification by the NAHC

VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS: Would the project:				
a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:				
i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
The project is adjacent to the Sierra Nevada fault. The applicant sha to implement the proper structural specifications for the Project's bu				ing and Safety
ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?				\boxtimes
The California Building Code ensures that structures be built accord events, so this potential impact is considered less than significant.	ling to required	d seismic standaı	rds, designed to wit	hstand such
iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				\boxtimes
The Project is within the Great Basin geomorphic province, with a r trending mountain ranges separated by fault-bounded valleys. Soils amounts of Playa and Arizo-Yellowrock complex. Potential ground j however, proposed project structures could be potentially damaged Building and Safety Code, an engineer will assess the site and detern to the built structures.	in the Project o failure remains if built over cer	area are primari low in areas of c rtain alluvial are	ly Typic Psammaqu exposed or shallow eas. As part of Inyo	eents with small bedrock; County
iv) Landslides?				\boxtimes
The project area exhibit primarily level topography, with the preexisting buildings that have a slope of less than five percent. Steeper natural or manufactured slopes subject to landslides and other types of slope failure are not expected to occur within the project area.				
b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				\boxtimes
The proposed project will result in the disturbance of soil due to pre compliance with the California Building Standards that require Best keep all site materials from leaving the site, and therefore, no soil en	Management	Practices be imp	lemented to minim	
c) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				
No, the project properties are not located on a geologic unit or soil collapsible soils will be reviewed by Inyo County's Building and Say necessary, as part of building design, to avoid these impacts. If any development of the property, the applicant/developer shall work with proper design standards.	fety Departmen questions arise	t. It may be dete about the qualit	rmined that a soil r y of the soil during	eport is the
d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-				\boxtimes

d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating

×		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
sub	ostantial risks to life or property?				
dur	, the proposed project is not located in an area with a known ex ring the development of the property, the applicant/developer sh ploy the proper design standards.				
of s wh	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems ere sewers are not available for the disposal of waste ter?				
De	Is are compatible with septic tanks and other waste water dispo partment of Environmental Health to design the septic system for let system for the tent-camping area. The RV camping area will	or the rental cabin	ns & caretaker facili		
	I. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS: ould the project:				
dire	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either ectly or indirectly, that may have a significant pact on the environment?				\boxtimes
	the RV resort will not generate greenhouse gas emissions that issions will occur, but such dust related impacts will be minimiz				on-related
reg	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or ulation adopted for the purpose of reducing emissions of greenhouse gases?				\boxtimes
	the proposed project will not cause conflicts with a plan, policy sees.	y or regulation ac	lopted for the purpo	ose of reducing §	greenhouse
	II. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS: build the project:				
env	Create a significant hazard to the public or the rironment through the routine transport, use, or posal of hazardous materials?				\boxtimes
was bee The	the Project will produce a solid waste from commercial service ste generated from the cabin rentals' septic system as well as the n contracted to haul away solid waste & a septic company has e septic system and portable toilets will comply with the standar case traps for the restaurant will also be installed.	e campsites' port been contracted t	able toilets. A waste o maintain and emp	e management c ty the Project's	ompany has septic system.
env acc	Create a significant hazard to the public or the ironment through reasonably foreseeable upset and ident conditions involving the release of hazardous terials into the environment?				\boxtimes
No,	the nature of the proposed project will not create significant he	azards to either th	he public or the envi	ironment.	
acu	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or tely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within				\boxtimes
	-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
	the proposed project is not within one-quarter mile of an existing a cutely hazardous materials, substances or waste.	ing or proposed s	chool, nor will it en	uit hazardous en	nissions, or
d) I	Be located on a site which is included on a list of				\boxtimes

hazardous materials sit	es compiled pursuant to

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
No, the proposed project is not located on a site included on a list of Code Section 65962.5. There are no DTSC sites mapped within or ad the site vicinity on Geotracker and EnviroStor databases (SWRCB 20	jacent to the proje			
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
The project is not located within an airport land use plan or near a p	ublic airport.			
f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
No, the proposed project is not located in the vicinity of a private air. project site.	strip and poses no	danger to anyone	working at the	proposed
g) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				\boxtimes
No, the proposed project will not physically interfere with an adopted	l emergency plan	or emergency evac	cuation plan.	
h) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
No, risk of loss, injury and death involving wildland fires is minimal site, and no areas in proximity can be considered urbanized. Land su scrub community of many native subsistence seed-bearing plants, preproject site accessible to emergency vehicles. The proposed project a injury or death involving wildland fires is less than significant at this Inyo County & California Building Standards.	rrounding the pro edominantly, rabbi loes little to add to	ject site is sparsel tbrush. Roads wil the wildfire risk i	y vegetated with l be constructed n the area. The	a desert to make the risk of loss,
IX. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY: Would the project:				
a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				
No, the project will not violate any water quality standards or waste County's Environmental Health Department, the Inyo County Buildin Water Quality Board, to determine which water quality standards are Chapter 2 of the Water Quality Control Plan for the Lahontan Regio Chapter 3 of the Basin Plan. Prior to project initiation, the applicant Regional Water Quality Board to determine if any of the following pe Section 402 Permit [including National Pollutant Discharge Elimina section 401 water quality certification; possible water diversion and to Discharges to Surface Water, etc.); and approval under the Count domestic wastewater using onsite wastewater treatment systems.	ng and Safety Dep e applicable for th n (Basin Plan) and shall work with In ermits are required tion System (NPD for dewatering per	artment, as well a. e project, using th l the water quality nyo Environmenta l for the Project: a ES) coverage], fro mits (NPDES Gen	s the Lahontan I e beneficial use objectives desc l Health & the I a Clean Water A om the State Wa eral Permit, Lin	Regional s described in ribed in Lahontan Let (CWA) ter Board; a nited Threat

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b) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?							
Ground water pumping will occur at the facility using pre-existing maintaining the Olancha Lake. Water will also be made available acre feet. The applicant shall work with Inyo County Environment groundwater quality	to tent and RV can	pers. Filling the lo	ake will require	roughly 10			
c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?							
No, drainage patterns will be altered by this project. Surface drain reservoir through a number of small unnamed ephemeral washes. best management practices will be required from the applicant du County Public Works and Building a Safety Departments. No fill n	Grading and drain ring the construction	age plans based or on of the project to	n regulatory req the satisfaction	uirements and			
d) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on or off-site?							
No, potential impacts related to flood hazards for the area are less floodplains are located within the vicinity of the proposed project end up in the Haiwee reservoir.							
e) Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?							
No, the project is not anticipated to generate substantial additional surface flows. Impacts related to capacity of existing or planned storm drain systems are expected to be less than significant. Pre-and post-development runoff rates and related effects to storm drain systems will be evaluated during the construction design phase of the project and drainage plans based on regulatory requirements and best management practices will be required from the applicant during the construction of the project to the satisfaction of the Inyo County Public Works and Building a Safety Departments.							
f) Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				\boxtimes			
No, there are no potential impacts to water quality. A septic system County's Environmental Health Department to determine the estim etc. to minimize any potential impacts to hydrology and water qua	nated flow, design						
 g) Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map? No, the proposed project is not in a 100-year flood hazard area. 							
h) Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?				\boxtimes			
No, the project is not in a 100-year flood hazard area.							
i) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss,				\boxtimes			

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?						
No, the proposed project site is not in an area subject to flooding due area is 6-inches.	to the failure of a	a levee or dam. Av	erage annual ra	infall in this		
j) Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?				\boxtimes		
No, the proposed project site is not in an area subject to seiches, tsur	amis, or mudflow	<i>YS</i> .				
X. LAND USE AND PLANNING: Would the project:						
a) Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes		
No, the proposed project does not physically divide an established co	mmunity.					
b) Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?						
No, the applicant is requesting a zone reclassification, in order to create a commercial RV-tent-camping business, which is required by the County's zoning code. The project site is currently zoned Rural Residential & Light Industrial. The applicant is requesting a zone change to Commercial Recreation, and a General Plan amendment to Resort Recreational. These changes & amendments will allow a Project that conforms to the proper local land use designation. The Project will be designed to meet the required parking-to- usable-public-floor-space ratios, as required by Inyo County Code 18.54.050(3).						
c) Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				\boxtimes		
No, the proposed project will not conflict with any habitat conservati	on plan or naturc	ıl community cons	ervation plan.			
XI. MINERAL RESOURCES: Would the project:						
a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?						
No, the project makes use of underdeveloped land and no known mineral resources are located on it. No extraction of mineral resources is being foregone by this project.						
b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan, or other land use plan?				\boxtimes		
There are no locally-important mineral resources being foregone as a result of this project.						
XII. NOISE: Would the project result in the:						
a) Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?						

No, there will be some construction related noise from grading activities, engine noise from trucks, and building construction. This noise will not likely exceed already present noise caused by US-395 that borders the entire west edge of the project vicinity. Also, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) allows for decibels of 90 for an 8 hour day and 100 for a limit of 2 hours. Effects to sensitive receptors will be minimized with construction during daytime business hours. The camping site will post and enforce a set of rules, which include instructions regarding appropriate noise levels & quiet hours.

• •	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
b) Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?				\boxtimes		
No, exposure to noise levels will be primarily airborne, and ground	borne vibrations i	if any would be bri	ef.			
c) A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				\boxtimes		
No, noise levels will be minimal due to the nature of the project. An from US-395 or from the bridge-building warehouse and materials						
d) A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				\boxtimes		
No, noise levels at their maximum, created by the proposed project, the vicinity caused by US-395. The noise will come primarily from a				ady found in		
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?						
No, the proposed project is not located within an airport land use p	lan, or within 2-m	iles of a public air	port.			
 f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels? 				\boxtimes		
No, the proposed project is not within the vicinity of a private airstr	ιp.					
XIII. POPULATION AND HOUSING Would the project:						
a) Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?						
The Project is expected to employ county residents from the Lone P employ 5-6 people for maintenance and care of the Olancha Lake p (including a lack of emergency services and utilities) the Project with	roperty. Given the	e lack of residentia	al infrastructure	and services		
b) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes		
No, the proposed project will not displace existing housing or create a situation where replacement housing will be necessary. It is in an area of very sparse residential development.						
c) Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes		
No, the proposed project will not displace people, or create a situation where replacement housing will be necessary. It is in an area of very sparse residential development.						
XIV. PUBLIC SERVICES: Would the project:						
a) Result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or						

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	0	No Impact
physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:				
Fire protection?				\boxtimes
No new fire protection services will be required because of this project	ct.			
Police protection?				\boxtimes
No new police protection services will be required because of this pro	ject.			
Schools?				\boxtimes
No new school service will be required because of this project.				
Parks?				\boxtimes
No new parks will be required because of this project.				
Other public facilities?				\boxtimes
No, the proposed project will not create a need for additional public s	services.			
XV. RECREATION: Would the project:				
a) Increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
No, the proposed project will not increase the use of existing recreation	onal facilities; rath	her, it will create n	new recreational f	acilities.
b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
No, the proposed project does not include, nor will it cause, a need fo have an adverse physical effect on the environment.	r an increase in po	arks or other recre	eational facilities	that might
XVI. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC Would the project:				
a) Cause an increase in traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections)?				
No, the proposed project will not cause a significant increase the exis accessed by a road that connects to the Highway. Visitor and staff vel the existing transportation facilities. The applicant is currently workin to obtain any necessary permits that might be required for access to t Caltrans encroachment permit and adhere to the requirements therein	hicles entering and ng with the Depart he site via US 395	l exiting the project ment of Transport	ct will not put und ation (Caltrans, 1	lue burden District 9)
b) Exceed, either individually or cumulatively, a level of service standard established by the county congestion				\boxtimes

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management agency for designated roads or highways?

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No, the LOS on the county's roads should not be affected individually will not result in an increase in traffic that would impact the level of se			iect. The propose	ed project			
c) Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				\boxtimes			
No, the proposed project will not result in changes to air traffic pattern risks.	ns or increased tra	ffic that could res	ult in substantial	safety			
d) Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				\boxtimes			
The proposed project will not result in any design features for transposed accommodated on a parking lot on the project site.	rtation that increa	se hazard. Autos a	nd trucks will be				
e) Result in inadequate emergency access?				\boxtimes			
No, proof of access for emergency vehicles will be required as part of	the project design.		,				
f) Result in inadequate parking capacity?				\boxtimes			
Invo County Code's Commercial Recreation (C5) zoning designation requires one parking space per 300 ft^2 of "usable public floor space for all permitted and conditional uses." There will be designated employee parking as well as areas for tent-camping recreators entering the Project site.							
g) Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs supporting alternative transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)?							
No, the proposed project will not significantly increase traffic, and therefore, will not affect public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities. Because of the extremely remote nature of the project location, few alternative transportation opportunities exist, but those that do would be unchanged by this project.							
XVII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the project:							
Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:							
a) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or							
A "historical resource" is a resource listed, or determined to be eligible for listing, in the California Register of Historical Resources (Title 14 CCR §15064.5(a)(1)-(3)). Historical resources may include, but are not limited to, "any object, building, site, area, place, record, or manuscript which is historically or archaeologically significant, or is significant in the architectural, engineering, scientific, economic, agricultural, educational, social, political, military, or cultural annals of California" (PRC §5020.1(j)). None of the 98 cultural resource sites identified in the data search for the Project occurred within the footprint of the project. Furthermore, no prehistoric or historic archaeological sites were identified and no significant historic structures were recognized. The Project does not encompass a resource eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register or historical resources as defined in Public Resource Code section 5020.1(k). If any archaeological or cultural resources are discovered on the site, work shall stop and Inyo County staff shall be immediately notified per Chapter 9.52, Disturbance of Archaeological, Paleontological and Historical Features of the Inyo County Code.							
b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion				\boxtimes			

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.				·
No, the proposed project does not encompass a resource determine in subdivision (c) of the Public Resource Code section 5024.1. Se			t pursuant to cr	iteria set forth
XVIII UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS Would the project:				
a) Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				
No, the proposed project will be built in conformity to the standa well as the Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board.	rds set by the Inyo	County Department	of Environmen	tal Health, as
b) Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
The proposed project will not generate any non-domestic and no construct new or expanded water or wastewater treatment facility		treatment is necess	ary, nor will the	ere be a need t
c) Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
No, the proposed project will not require new or expanded storm	water drainage fac	cilities.		
d) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				
All necessary water for the project will be pumped on site. The provent new entitlements of water resources. Current principle permitted designation, include not only a primary and secondary dwelling gardens" (ICC section 18.21.020). Other potential land uses forewhich have high water budgets.	uses for the projecturity of the projecturity of the unit, but also, "orci	t site, under the Coa hards, vegetable an	unty's "Rural R d field crops, ni	esidential" urseries and
e) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?		· 🗖		
The Project will not place undue burdens on the wastewater trea that will be reviewed and approved by the Inyo County Environm			vill likely utilize	a septic system
f) Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				\boxtimes
The proposed project will not create a need for additional solid w commercial waste hauler & septic systems will be maintained, an from the Project will be minimal and consistent with the existing	nd waste hauled off-	site, by a commerc		

ч. ¥	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
g) Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				\boxtimes

The Project will comply with Inyo County's solid waste standards, as required by the Inyo County Department of Environmental Health.

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XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE:

a) Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?

No, the project will not impact or degrade the quality of the environment. Project design will limit any impacts to resources to less than significant. Avoidance and minimization measures will be written into the Conditions of Approval for the Project resulting from this zone reclassification and General Plan Amendment in the following ways: (1) in compliance with the Clean Water Act (CWA), the applicant shall perform preconstruction surveys to determine if the project will affect any Waters of the US, or impact jurisdictional resources administrated by the Army Corps of Engineers, State Water Resources Control Board, or the California Department of Fish & Wildlife (CDFW). The applicant will coordinate with Inyo County's Environmental Health Department, the Inyo County Building and Safety Department, as well as the Lahontan Regional Water Quality Board, to determine which water quality standards are applicable for the project, using the beneficial uses described in Chapter 2 of the Water Quality Control Plan for the Lahontan Region (Basin Plan) and the water quality objectives described in Chapter 3 of the Basin Plan. Prior to project initiation, the applicant shall work with Inyo Environmental Health & the Lahontan Regional Water Quality Board to determine if any of the following permits are required for the Project: a Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 402 Permit [including National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) coverage], from the State Water Board; a section 401 water quality certification; possible water diversion and/or dewatering permits (NPDES General Permit, Limited Threat to Discharges to Surface Water, etc.); and approval under the County's Local Agency Management Program (LAMP) for discharge of domestic wastewater using onsite wastewater treatment systems (2)the applicant shall follow CDFW protocols for special status animals, including Mohave Ground Squirrel, to confirm their absence; the applicant shall perform preconstruction nesting bird surveys & botanical surveys with blooming periods that occur outside the window of what was surveyed in July 2019 (3) the camping site will post and enforce a set of rules, which include instructions regarding appropriate noise levels & quiet hours (4) The applicant shall obtain a Caltrans encroachment permit and adhere to the requirements therein.

b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?

No, the proposed project does not have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable. Due to the sparseness of the natural environment, and lack of disturbance to plant or animal habitat, this location is well suited for the proposed development.

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c) Does the project have environmental effects which		\boxtimes
will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings,		
either directly or indirectly?		

No, the proposed project has no known environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings either directly or indirectly. The proposed project would not adversely impact the resident to the west and may have positive impacts resulting from employment opportunities.