

DATE OF NOTICE: March 9, 2020

PUBLIC NOTICE OF A DRAFT MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT

The City of San Diego Development Services Department has prepared a draft Mitigated Negative Declaration Report for the following project and is inviting your comments regarding the adequacy of the document. The draft Mitigated Negative Declaration has been placed on the City of San Diego web-site at https://www.sandiego.gov/ceqa/draft under the "California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Notices & Documents" section. Your comments must be received by April 8, 2020, to be included in the final document considered by the decision-making authorities. Please send your written comments to the following address: Courtney Holowach, Environmental Planner, City of San Diego Development Services Center, 1222 First Avenue, MS 501, San Diego, CA 92101 or e-mail your comments to DSDEAS@sandiego.gov with the Project Name and Number in the subject line.

General Project Information:

Project Name: South Mission Beach Storm Drain SDP

Project No. 646245 / SCH No. TBDCommunity Plan Area: Mission Beach

Council District: 2

Project Description: Site Development Permit (SDP) for a comprehensive drainage system upgrade that addresses water quality and flood control management. The project includes storm drain improvements, low flow diversion improvements, and installation of green infrastructure. A total of 7,709 linear feet of storm drain would be installed. Old storm drain infrastructure would be abandoned and replaced with new infrastructure. Planned construction material is reinforced concrete pipe (7,154.47 linear feet) and polyvinyl chloride pipe (555.15 linear feet). Other work related to this project includes realigning storm drains, installing cleanouts, replacing damaged curb and gutters, replacing damaged sidewalks, and modifying catch basins with sump pumps. Any sidewalks, benches or other public facilities will be replaced in kind to maintain neighborhood character. The project location will be between San Fernando Place to the North and San Diego Place to the south and encompass various streets. The majority of the area is within the Mission Beach Planned District Residential South (MBPD-R-S) zone and may also include the MBPD-VC-S (Visitor Commercial) and MBPD-NC-S (Neighborhood Commercial) zones within the Mission Beach Precise Plan and Local Coastal Program Addendum area.

Applicant: City of San Diego Public Works Department

Recommended Finding: The recommended finding that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment is based on an Initial Study and project revisions/conditions which now mitigate potentially significant environmental impacts in the following area(s): **BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES, CULTURAL RESOURCES (ARCHAEOLOGY), TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES**

Availability in Alternative Format: To request this Notice, the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, Initial Study, and/or supporting documents in alternative format, call the Development Services Department at 619-446-5460 or (800) 735-2929 (TEXT TELEPHONE).

Additional Information: For environmental review information, contact Courtney Holowach at (619) 446-5187. The draft MND and supporting documents may be reviewed, or purchased for the cost of reproduction, at the Fifth floor of the Development Services Center. If you are interested in obtaining copies of the draft MND or the separately bound technical appendices, they can be purchased for an additional cost. **For information regarding public meetings/hearings on this project, contact Karen Bucey at (619) 446-5049.** This notice was published in the SAN DIEGO DAILY TRANSCRIPT and distributed on March 9, 2020.

SAP No.: B-18117.02.06 and B-18118.02.06

Gary Geiler
Deputy Director
Development Services Department



MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 646245 SCH No. TBD

SUBJECT: S. Mission Beach Storm Drain: Site Development Permit (SDP) for a comprehensive drainage system upgrade that addresses water quality and flood control management. The project includes storm drain improvements, low flow diversion improvements, and installation of green infrastructure. A total of 7,709 linear feet of storm drain would be installed. Old storm drain infrastructure would be abandoned and replaced with new infrastructure. Planned construction material is reinforced concrete pipe (7,154.47 linear feet) and polyvinyl chloride pipe (555.15 linear feet). Other work related to this project includes realigning storm drains, installing cleanouts, replacing damaged curb and gutters, replacing damaged sidewalks, and modifying catch basins with sump pumps. Any sidewalks, benches or other public facilities will be replaced in kind to maintain neighborhood character. The project location will be between San Fernando Place to the North and San Diego Place to the south and encompass various streets. The majority of the area is within the Mission Beach Planned District Residential South (MBPD-R-S) zone and may also include the MBPD-VC-S (Visitor Commercial) and MBPD-NC-S (Neighborhood Commercial) zones within the Mission Beach Precise Plan and Local Coastal Program Addendum area.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **Biological Resources, Cultural Resources (Archaeology), and Tribal Cultural Resources.** Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART I Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- 2. In addition, the ED shall verify that <u>the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM</u>, under the heading, **"ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."**
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:

http://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/industry/standtemp.shtml

- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- 5. **SURETY AND COST RECOVERY** The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.
- B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS PART II
 Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)
- 1. PRE CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Archaeologist Qualified Native American Monitor Qualified Biologist

Note:

Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

- a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division 858-627-3200**
- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at 858-627-3360**
- **2. MMRP COMPLIANCE:** This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) #646245, shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc

Note:

Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS: Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Environmental Protection Agency California Coastal Commission

4. MONITORING EXHIBITS

All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the **LIMIT OF WORK**, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

5. OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:

The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

DOCUMENT SUBMITTAL/INSPECTION CHECKLIST								
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated						
		Inspection/Approvals/Notes						
General	Consultant Qualification	Prior to Preconstruction						
	Letters	Meeting						
General	Consultant Construction	Prior to or at Preconstruction						
	Monitoring Exhibits	Meeting						
Archaeological Resources	Monitoring Report(s)	Monitoring Report Approval						
Biological Resources	Monitoring Exhibit	Monitoring Report Approval						
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to						
	Letter	Bond Release Letter						

C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

BIO-1: Mitigation of 0.31 acres of impacts to eelgrass shall be implemented for the proposed project and the project shall implement all requirements identified in the Eelgrass Transplant and Monitoring Plan in Support of the South Mission Beach Storm Drain and Green Infrastructure Project (Merkel and Associates, 2019). Impacts to eelgrass would be conducted in accordance with the California Eelgrass Mitigation Policy (CEMP) (NMFS 2014). Under this policy any eelgrass impacts would require successful mitigation at a 1.2:1 replacement ratio through transplant of a minimum ratio of 1.38:1. The initial restoration planting required under the CEMP shall be a minimum planting of 18,816 square feet with an ultimate requirement to successfully establish an estimated 16, 362 square feet.

BIO-2: Prior to Bid Opening/Bid Award, owner/permitee shall provide evidences of the following permits, the following permits and approvals shall be obtained, or it shall be demonstrated to the Development Services Department that such approvals are not required:

- A) A R&HA Section 10 for work in traditionally navigable waters of the U.S.,
- B) A CWA Section 404 for discharge of dredged or fill material within waters of the U.S.,
- C) A CWA Section 401 state water quality certification for an action that may result in degradation of waters of the State, and
- D) A CDP issued by the California Coastal Commission.

CULTURAL RESOURCES (ARCHAEOLOGY)

CUL-1

I. Prior to Permit Issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award

- A. Entitlements Plan Check
 - 1. Prior to permit issuance or Bid Opening/Bid Award, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check process.

- B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD
 - Prior to Bid Award, the applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.
 - 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
 - 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

II. Prior to Start of Construction

- A. Verification of Records Search
 - 1. The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site specific records search (1/4 mile radius) has been completed. Verification includes, but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was inhouse, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
 - 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.

B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings

- Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a
 Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where
 Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or
 Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE), Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate,
 and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any
 grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions
 concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager
 and/or Grading Contractor.
 - a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.
- 2. Acknowledgement of Responsibility for Curation (CIP or Other Public Projects)
 The applicant shall submit a letter to MMC acknowledging their responsibility for the cost of curation associated with all phases of the archaeological monitoring program.
- 3. Identify Areas to be Monitored
 - a. Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.
 - b. The AME shall be based on the results of a site specific records search as well as

- information regarding the age of existing pipelines, laterals and associated appurtenances and/or any known soil conditions (native or formation).
- c. MMC shall notify the PI that the AME has been approved.
- 4. When Monitoring Will Occur
 - a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
 - b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate conditions such as age of existing pipe to be replaced, depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
- 5. Approval of AME and Construction Schedule
 After approval of the AME by MMC, the PI shall submit to MMC written authorization
 of the AME and Construction Schedule from the CM.

III. During Construction

- A. Monitor Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
 - 1. The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
 - 2. The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
 - 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (Notification of Monitoring Completion), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.
- B. Discovery Notification Process
 - In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or BI, as appropriate.

- 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery, and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- 4. No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.

C. Determination of Significance

- 1. The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
 - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
 - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) and obtain written approval of the program from MMC, CM and RE. ADRP and any mitigation must be approved by MMC, RE and/or CM before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume.

 Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA Section 15064.5, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
 - (1). Note: For pipeline trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, the PI shall implement the Discovery Process for Pipeline Trenching projects identified below under "D."
 - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.
 - (1). Note: For Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Rightof-Way, if the deposit is limited in size, both in length and depth; the information value is limited and is not associated with any other resource; and there are no unique features/artifacts associated with the deposit, the discovery should be considered not significant.
 - (2). Note, for Pipeline Trenching and other linear projects in the public Right-of-Way, if significance can not be determined, the Final Monitoring Report and Site Record (DPR Form 523A/B) shall identify the discovery as Potentially Significant.
- D. Discovery Process for Significant Resources Pipeline Trenching and other Linear Projects in the Public Right-of-Way
 - The following procedure constitutes adequate mitigation of a significant discovery encountered during pipeline trenching activities or for other linear project types within the Public Right-of-Way including but not limited to excavation for jacking pits, receiving pits, laterals, and manholes to reduce impacts to below a level of significance:
 - 1. Procedures for documentation, curation and reporting
 - a. One hundred percent of the artifacts within the trench alignment and width shall be documented in-situ, to include photographic records, plan view of the trench

- and profiles of side walls, recovered, photographed after cleaning and analyzed and curated. The remainder of the deposit within the limits of excavation (trench walls) shall be left intact.
- b. The PI shall prepare a Draft Monitoring Report and submit to MMC via the RE as indicated in Section VI-A.
- c. The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) the resource(s) encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines. The DPR forms shall be submitted to the South Coastal Information Center for either a Primary Record or SDI Number and included in the Final Monitoring Report.
- d. The Final Monitoring Report shall include a recommendation for monitoring of any future work in the vicinity of the resource.

IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

A. Notification

- 1. Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
- 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.

B. Isolate discovery site

- 1. Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenience of the remains.
- 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenience.
- 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.

C. If Human Remains **ARE** determined to be Native American

- 1. The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, **ONLY** the Medical Examiner can make this call.
- 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.
- 3. The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
- 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.

- 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
 - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being notified by the Commission, OR;
 - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, THEN
 - c. To protect these sites, the landowner shall do one or more of the following:
 - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
 - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement; or
 - (3) Record a document with the County.
 - d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and items associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.
- D. If Human Remains are **NOT** Native American
 - 1. The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
 - 2. The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).
 - 3. If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
 - 1. When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.
 - 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
 - a. No Discoveries In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.
 - Discoveries
 All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III During Construction, and IV Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.
 - c. Potentially Significant Discoveries

- If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.
- d. The PI shall immediately contact the RE and MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
 - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
 - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

VI. Post Construction

- A. Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
 - 1. The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC via the RE for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe as a result of delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.
 - a. For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program or Pipeline Trenching Discovery Process shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
 - b. Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
 - 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI via the RE for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
 - 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC via the RE for approval.
 - 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
 - 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.
- B. Handling of Artifacts
 - 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued
 - 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification

- The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
- 2. When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection C.
- 3. The PI shall submit the Accession Agreement and catalogue record(s) to the RE or BI, as appropriate for donor signature with a copy submitted to MMC.
- 4. The RE or BI, as appropriate shall obtain signature on the Accession Agreement and shall return to PI with copy submitted to MMC.
- 5. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.
- D. Final Monitoring Report(s)
 - 1. The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC of the approved report.
 - 2. The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES

Implementation of Mitigation Measure CUL-1 will reduce impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources to a less than significant level.

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

Federal Government

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Environmental Protection Agency U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

State of California

State Clearinghouse California Coastal Commission California Department of Fish and Wildlife

City of San Diego

Councilmember Campbell, District 2 City Attorney's Office (MS 59) Development Services (501) Courtney Holowach, EAS Jeff Szymanski, EAS

Karen Bucey, Project Management

Public Works

Juan Baligad

Planning Department

Kristy Forburger

Alyssa Muto

Facilities Financing, Tom Tomlinson

Water Review, Leonard Wilson

San Diego Central Library

Pacific Beach/Taylor Branch Library

Interested Parties

Historical Resources Board

Sierra Club

San Diego Audubon Society

Mr. Jim Peugh

San Diego Coastkeeper

Citizens Coordinate for Century 3

Endagered Habitats League

Carmen Lucas

South Coastal Information Center

San Diego Archaeological Center

Save Our Heritage Organization

Ron Christman

Clint Linton

Frank Brown Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council

Campo Band of Mission Indians

San Diego County Archaeological Society Inc.

Native American Heritage Commission

Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation

Kumeyaay Cultural Repatriation Committee

Native American Distribution

Mission Beach Precise Planning Board

VII. RESULTS OF PUBLIC REVIEW:

()	No comments	were rece	ived c	during	the	public	input	period	
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- () Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- () Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

left le man	3/4/2020
Jeff Szymanski Senior Planner Development Services Department	Date of Draft Report
Development Services Department	 Date of Final Report

Attachments: Location Map

Site Map

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: S. Mission Beach Storm Drain / 646245
- Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego,
 California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Courtney Holowach / (619) 446-5187
- 4. Project location: This project occurs on various streets throughout South Mission Beach with the limits set at San Fernando Place to the North, Mission Blvd. to the west, San Diego Place to the south, and Mariners Basin and Bonita Cove to the east. (see attached location map)
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Juan Baligad, Senior Planner, Engineering, Support and Technical Services, Public Works Department, 525 B Street, San Diego, CA 92101
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Mission Beach
- 7. Zoning: Mission Beach Planned District Residential South (MBPD-R-S) zone and may also include the MBPD-VC-S (Visitor Commercial) and MBPD-NC-S (Neighborhood Commercial) and Coastal (State & Appealable) zones.
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

This project is a comprehensive drainage system upgrade that addresses water quality and flood control management. The project includes storm drain improvements, low flow diversion improvements, and installation of green infrastructure. A total of 7,709 linear feet of storm drain would be installed. Old storm drain infrastructure would be abandoned and replaced with new infrastructure. Planned construction material is reinforced concrete pipe (7,154.47 linear feet) and polyvinyl chloride pipe (555.15 linear feet). Other work related to this project includes realigning storm drains, installing cleanouts, replacing damaged curb and gutters, replacing damaged sidewalks, and modifying catch basins with sump pumps. Any sidewalks, benches or other public facilities will be replaced in kind to maintain neighborhood character.

The purpose of this project is to reduce flood risk and inundation within the project vicinity and improve water quality within Mission Bay by treating dry weather and wet weather storm water runoff. This project will also replace storm drain outfalls to improve simmer safety, improve aesthetics of the beach and bay along Mariners Basin, improve conditions for eel grass habitat, and reduce navigational hazards, all by extending and deepening the location of the storm drain and outfall locations. Additionally, the subsurface beach slopes near the storm drain outfalls will be adjusted to create flatter slopes which are more conducive for eel grass habitat. In addition to the storm drain and outfall improvements, the project proposes the implementation of Green Infrastructure (GI) features which include

eight (8) proposed biofiltration/bioretention basins to improve local storm water quality tributary to Mission Bay.

- Five (5) biofiltration basins are in the parkway area within the parking lots adjacent to Mission Boulevard, bounded by Belmont Park to the north and San Fernando Place to the south.
- One (1) biofiltration basin is located east of Mission Boulevard, within the parking lot to the south at the Mission Point Park peninsula.
- Two (2) bioretention basins are located to the south along North Jetty Road, approximately 400 feet to the east and west of Mission Boulevard.

There are currently four (4) gravity low-flow diversion (LFD) systems, and one (1) existing wet well pump system which direct dry weather flows to the sanitary sewer system. The improvements proposed in this project include the installation of additional new low-systems, as well as the retrofit and enhancement of the existing systems, to direct nuisance dry-weather flows and the initial "first flush" of wet-weather runoff into the sanitary sewer system. The project includes improvements within portions of Mission Bay Park, within and adjacent to existing parking lots north of San Fernando Place and along North Jetty Road and Bayside Lane, as well as improvements within the mixed-use development areas in between.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

This project is located in Council District 2 within the Mission Beach Community Planning Area. This project occurs on various streets throughout South Mission Beach with the limits set at San Fernando Place to the North, Mission Blvd to the west, San Diego Place to the south, and Mariners Basin and Bonita Cove to the east.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Environmental Protection Agency California Coastal Commission

The following permits shall be obtained:

A R&HA Section 10 for work in traditionally navigable waters of the U.S.

A CWA Section 404 for discharge of dredged or fill material within water of the U.S.

A CWA Section 401 state water quality certification for an action that may result in degradation of waters of the state

A CDP issued by the California Coastal Commission

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

Yes, two Native American Tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21080.3.1. The City of San Diego sent notification to these two Native American Tribes on January 13, 2020. Both the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel and the Jamul Indian Village responded within the 30-day period requesting consultation and additional information. Consultation took place and was

concluded on January 13, 2020 with the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel. Consultation took place and was concluded on January 14, 2020 with the Jamul Indian Village. Please see Section XVII of the Initial Study for more information regarding the consultation.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

			d be potentially affected by the checklist on the following		t, involving at least one impact that is a	
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing	
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services	
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation	
\boxtimes	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic	
\boxtimes	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources	\boxtimes	Tribal Cultural Resources	
	Geology/Soils		Noise		Utilities/Service System	
				\boxtimes	Mandatory Findings Significance	
DETER	MINATION: (To be com	ipleted l	oy Lead Agency)			
On the b	pasis of this initial evaluation:					
	The proposed project COUL be prepared.	.D NOT ha	ve a significant effect on the	environm	ent, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will	
		evisions ir	n the project have been made		ment, there will not be a significant reed to by the project proponent. A	
	The proposed project MAY lis required.	nave a sig	nificant effect on the environi	ment, and	an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT	
	on the environment, but at applicable legal standards, a	least one and (b) ha	effect (a) has been adequatel	y analyzed on measu	ally significant unless mitigated" impact d in an earlier document pursuant to res based on the earlier analysis as ired.	
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.					

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section 15063(c)(3)(D).* In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

ı	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
I. AES	THETICS – Would the project:				
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?			\boxtimes	
	The proposed project is the replace substantial adverse effect on a scen on a temporary basis, the staging at the end of construction and the site would be no permanent change in paginificant impact to public scenic vision.	nic vista. While rea and all co e would be re public vistas,	e construction equestruction equipment turned to its prese the proposed projections.	ipment would ent would be nt condition. ! ect would hav	l be visible removed at Since there
b	Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				
See answer to I.a. above. In addition, the project would not damage any existing scenic outcroppings, or historic buildings (Refer to V.a.) as none of these features are located the boundaries of the proposed project. Furthermore, the project site is not located ne state scenic highway.					cated withir
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?				
	See answer to I.a and I.b. above.				
ď	Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				
ei M in si Fe P	The project does not include any ne street light, and the project would not substantial sources of light would be activities would occur during daylight Outdoor Lighting Regulations per Market of the project and the free project on agriculture and farmland. In determination of the project on agriculture and farmland. In determination of the project of the project of the project of the project and the project of the project	not utilize high e generated of ht hours. The funicipal Cod termining wheth to the California ment of Conservining whether in may refer to info 's inventory of fo ect; and forest ca	nly reflective mater during project consumproject would also be Section 142.0740 are impacts to agricultural Land Evaluation as an optional manager to forest resource ormation compiled by the orest land, including the rbon measurement me	rials. In addition struction, as control be subject to be subject to ral resources are ation and Site Aspodel to use in asses, including time to the california Depropers and Range Forest and Ranges.	on, no onstruction of the City's significant esessment essing berland, are partment of the Assessment
a)	Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring				\boxtimes

Potentially Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?

The project site does not contain, and is not adjacent to, any lands identified as Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as show on maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resource Agency. Therefore, the project would not result in the conversion of such lands to non-agricultural use. No significant impacts would occur, and no mitigation measures are required. Conflict with existing zoning for \boxtimes agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract? Refer to response to II (a) above. There are no Williamson Act Contract lands on or within the vicinity of the project site. The project is consistent with the existing land use and the underlying zone. The project does not conflict with any agricultural use. No impacts would result. Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined П \boxtimes by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))? The project would not conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land, timberland, or timberland zoned Timberland Production. No designated forest land or timberland occur onsite. No impacts would result. Result in the loss of forest land or \boxtimes П conversion of forest land to non-forest П П use? Refer to response II (c) above. Additionally, the project would not contribute to the conversion of any forested land to non-forest use, as surrounding land uses are built out residential or designated open-space areas containing native grasslands. No impacts would

e) Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in

location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use or conversion of forest

land to non-forest use?

result.

No Impact, Refer to II (a) and (c) above.

 \boxtimes

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
III.	. AIR QUALITY – Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied on to make the following determinations – Would the project:						
	 a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan? 			\boxtimes			
	The San Diego Air Pollution Contro Governments (SANDAG) are responsor for attainment and maintenance of Basin (SDAB). The County Regional and is updated on a triennial basis plans and control measures design The RAQS relies on information fro SANDAG, including mobile and are projected growth in San Diego Coulemissions and then determine the through regulatory controls. CARB projections are based on population Diego County and the cities in the control of the RAQS relies on SANDAG growth land use plans developed by the cities general plans. As such, projects the anticipated by local plans would be development that is greater than the projections, the project might be in potentially significant cumulative in The project is consistent with the Gunderlying Zoning designation for a at a sub-regional level with the uncobstruct implementation of the RA	nsible for dever f the ambient Air Quality Sta (most recently ned to attain the om the Californa a source emission, a source on, vehicle trendom, vehicle trendom, vehicle trendom, vehicle trendom, vehicle trendom, vehicle trendom, at propose development on air quality of the conflict with a conflict w	eloping and impler air quality standar rategy (RAQS) was y in 2016). The RAC ne state air quality nia Air Resources Esions, as well as in ties in the county, tessary for the rede emission projections, and land use per of the development that is county as part of velopment that is county as part of the RAQS. How do in the local plantate RAQS and may uality. Mission Beach Communication of the proference of	menting the cods in the San initially adoption of Sand (CARB) formation regions and SAN plans developed on, vehicle tregions is the development of their general SANDAG or contribute to munity Plans oject would be RAQS, and wo	lean air plan Diego Air ted in 1991, se SDAPCD's r ozone (03). and garding ure ssions DAG growth sed by San neral plans. ends, and ment of their sh the growth ect proposes s growth o a and the e Consistent ould not		
	b) Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?						
		~\					

Short-term Emissions (Construction)

Project construction activities would potentially generate combustion emissions from on-site heavy duty construction vehicles and motor vehicles transporting the construction crew and necessary construction materials. Exhaust emissions generated by construction activities would generally result from the use of typical construction equipment that may include excavation equipment, forklift, skip loader, and/or dump truck. Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or off-site. It is anticipated that construction equipment would be used on-

Less Than Potentially **Less Than** Significant with Issue Significant Significant No Impact Mitigation Impact Impact Incorporated

site for four to eight hours a day; however, construction would be short-term and impacts to neighboring uses would be minimal and temporary.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land clearing and grading operations. Due to the nature and location of the project, construction activities are expected to create minimal fugitive dust, as a result of the disturbance associated with grading. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by the City of San Diego to reduce potential air quality impacts to less than significant. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts related to short term emissions would be less than significant.

Long-term Emissions (Operational)

Long-term air emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project is the replacement of existing infrastructure and is not expected to produce stationary source emissions. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the community plan and zone designation. Based on the residential land use, project emissions over the long-term are not anticipated to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts would be less than significant.

Overall, the project is not expected to generate substantial emissions that would violate any air quality standard or contribute to an existing or projected air quality violation; therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?								
As described above in response III (b), construction operations may temporarily increase the emissions of dust and other pollutants. However, construction emissions would be temporary and short-term in duration. Implementation of Best Management Practices (BMP's) would reduce potential impacts related to construction activities to a less than significant level. Therefore, the project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards. Impacts would be less than significant.								
Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?								
Short-term (Construction)								

c)

d)

Odors would be generated from vehicles and/or equipment exhaust emissions during construction of the project. Odors produced during construction would be attributable to Potentially Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

concentrations of unburned hydrocarbons from tailpipes of construction equipment and architectural coatings. Such odors are temporary and generally occur at magnitudes that would not affect a substantial number of people. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

Long-term (Operational)

Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

The replacement of infrastructure is not expected to generate odors.

IV. BIOL	OGICAL RESOURCES – Would the project:		
a)	Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and	\boxtimes	

Direct Impacts

A Biological Resource Letter Report (BLR) (*Eelgrass Transplant and Monitoring Plan in Support of the South Mission Beach Storm Drain and Green Infrastructure Project*, August 2019), and Eelgrass Mitigation and Monitoring Plan were prepared by Merkel & Associates, Inc. for the South Mission Beach Storm Drain and Green Infrastructure Project. These reports analyzed the impacts of the proposed project on the biological resources located in the vicinity of the project. The BLR indicates that the project proposes to impact 0.31 acre of Eelgrass Beds as a result of extension of the storm drains to subtidal elevation. The BLR recommends that these impacts be mitigated at a 1.2:1 ratio (initial planting rate of 1.38:1 with a final success rate of 1.2:1) by transplantation of Eelgrass within the open waters of Mission Bay followed by a 5-year monitoring plan. The initial restoration planting requires a minimum planting of 0.43 with an ultimate requirement to successfully establish an estimated 0.38 acre.

Mitigation and Monitoring for direct impacts to Eelgrass are detailed in the Eelgrass Mitigation and Monitoring Plan prepared by Merkel & Associates, Inc. The City doesn't manage or regulate eelgrass and is regulated by the federal government and are essentially considered a State (public trust) resource. Therefore the mitigation program outlines site preparation, planting, monitoring, and success standards. The proposed mitigation would be expected to result in full offset of eelgrass impacts through eelgrass restoration in accordance with the California Eelgrass Mitigation Policy (NFMS 2014). Eelgrass Mitigation and Monitoring Plan is incorporated into the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program for this project by reference in Section V of this MND and would reduce to below a level of significance.

Special Status Species

There were no sensitive species observed within the project sites during the field survey. The project sites are expected to be seasonally used by sensitive species as identified in Table 5 in the BLR.

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
C	federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct	btidal elevationalifornia's coastanticular conson-Stevens Aprograms and on Policy (CE) southern Calipact ratio and s. Mitigation of	on. Eelgrass vegeta estal marine enviro ertebrate, fish, and cern (HAPC) within act. Eelgrass impact mitigation of imp MP) (National Mar fornia to be imple that not less than of eelgrass shall be	ated habitats a comment. Eelgra d avian species n Essential Fis ts are regulat acts are subjection ine Fisheries S mented by pla 1.2:1 mitigation	are an ass beds s and are h Habitat ed under ect to the Service 2014) anting at not on to impact as an
d	removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means? The project proposes to extend stor zone within jurisdictional non-wetla jurisdictional waters. Project implementations through temporary cofferdam contains resulting from construction conditions have caused beach erosi Regulatory approvals for work within prior to implementation. Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?	nd waters fun nentation wo ainment cons n would be of ion and sedin	rther to subtidal elud impact existing truction and dewarts by permanent transport into	evations with g jurisdictiona atering. Tempo improvement of the basin over	in the same I waters orary ts as current ertime.
	Please see IV b) and b).				

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?							
	The project does not occur within the not conflict with City's MSCP Subare	-	-Habitat Planning	Area and ther	refore does			
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				\boxtimes			
	Please see IV E). The project does not conflict with any other local, regional, or state habitat conservation Plan.							
CULT	URAL RESOURCES – Would the project:							
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5?							

٧.

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

Many areas of San Diego County, including mesas and the coast, are known for intense and diverse prehistoric occupation and important archaeological resources. The region has been inhabited by various cultural groups spanning 10,000 years or more. The project site is located on the City of San Diego's Historical Resources Sensitivity map. Furthermore, the project site is located within an area of the Mission Beach Community Planning Area that require special considerations with respect to the high potential archaeological sensitivity for project grading that could reveal unknown prehistoric resources.

The project includes storm drain improvements, low flow diversion improvements, and installation of green infrastructure. Other work related to this project includes realigning storm drains, installing cleanouts, replacing damaged curb and gutters, replacing damaged sidewalks, and modifying catch basins with sump pumps. Although the proposed project is

Potentially Less Than

Issue Significant Significant With Significant No Impact

Impact Incorporated Impact

mainly within the existing disturbed right-of-way the potential to disturbed native soil does exist.

Based on the preceding analysis/discussion, there is a potential for the project to impact archaeological resources and mitigation measures related to historical resources (archaeology) is required. All potential impacts related to the presence of archeological resources at the site would be reduced and addressed through the purview of a qualified Archaeological and Native American monitor. Monitoring by this individual would occur at all stages of ground-disturbing activities at the site. Furthermore, a Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program (MMRP), as detailed within Section V of the Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND), would be implemented to address this issue specifically. With implementation of the historical resources monitoring program, potential impacts on historical resources would be reduced to less than significant.

Built Environment

Historic property (built environment) surveys are required for properties which are 45 years of age or older and which have integrity of setting, location, design, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association. There are no existing structures on site. As such, no impacts would result.

b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?								
	Refer to response V (a) above.								
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?								
	The proposed replacement of existing infrastructure would not exceed the City of San Diego's significance threshold for potential impacts to paleontological resources. Therefore the project would have a less than significant impact on unique paleontological resources and no mitigation is required.								
d)	Disturb and human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?								
	Section IV of the MMPP contains pro	wisions for th	ne discovery of hu	man remains	If human				

Section IV of the MMRP contains provisions for the discovery of human remains. If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken. Based upon the required mitigation measure impacts would be less than significant.

ls	sue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
/I. GEO	LOGY	AND SOILS – Would the project:						
a)		ose people or structures to potential sublying:	ıbstantial advers	e effects, including the	risk of loss, injur	y, or death		
	i)	Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.						
	The project is not located within an Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone. Furthermore, the project would be required to comply with seismic requirement of the California Building Code, utilize proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, in order to ensure that potential impacts based on regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant and mitigation is not required.							
	ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?			\boxtimes			
	The site could be affected by seismic activity as a result of earthquakes on major active faults located throughout the Southern California area. The project would utilize proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the building permit stage, in order to ensure that potential impacts from regional geologic hazards would remain less than significant and mitigation is not required.							
	iii)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				\boxtimes		
	Liquefaction occurs when loose, unconsolidated, water-laden soils are subject to shaking, causing the soils to lose cohesion. Implementation of the project would not result in an increase in the potential for seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction. Impacts would be less than significant.							
	iv)	Landslides?						
	expo	project is replacing existing infrose people or structure to potenth involving landslide.		•				
b)		ult in substantial soil erosion or the softopsoil?				\boxtimes		
		project is replacing existing infr Ilt in substantial soil erosion or		•	the project wo	ould not		
c)		ocated on a geologic unit or soil t is unstable, or that would become			\boxtimes			

	ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				
		Refer to VI.a. The project is not locat utilization of standard construction be less than significant.	_	•		
	d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
		Refer to VI.a.				
	e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				
		Refer to VI.a. In addition, no septic o scope of the project is replacement		-	ns are propos	ed since the
VII.	GRI	EENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the proje	ct:			
	a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				

The construction of the project is consistent with the land use and designated zone and would not be expected to have a significant impact related to greenhouse gases.

In December 2015, the City adopted a Climate Action Plan (CAP) that outlines the actions that City will undertake to achieve its proportional share of State greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions. The purpose of the Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist (Checklist) is to, in conjunction with the CAP, provide a streamlined review process for proposed new development projects that are subject to discretionary review and trigger environmental review pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

Analysis of GHG emissions and potential climate change impacts from new development is required under CEQA. The CAP is a plan for the reduction of GHG emissions in accordance with CEQA Guidelines Section 15183.5. Pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Sections 15064(h)(3), 15130(d), and 15183(b), a project's incremental contribution to a cumulative GHG emissions effect may be determined not to be cumulatively considerable if it complies with the requirements of the CAP.

Potentially Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
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This Checklist is part of the CAP and contains measures that are required to be implemented on a project-by-project basis to ensure that the specified emissions targets identified in the CAP are achieved. Implementation of these measures would ensure that new development is consistent with the CAP's assumptions for relevant CAP strategies toward achieving the identified GHG reduction targets. Projects that are consistent with the CAP as determined through the use of this Checklist may rely on the CAP for the cumulative impacts analysis of GHG emissions. Projects that are not consistent with the CAP must prepare a comprehensive project-specific analysis of GHG emissions, including quantification of existing and projected GHG emissions and incorporation of the measures in this Checklist to the extent feasible. Cumulative GHG impacts would be significant for any project that is not consistent with the CAP.

The proposed project is not resulting in new occupancy buildings from which GHG emissions reductions could be achieved and therefore is not required to complete Step 2 of the Checklist per footnote 5. Therefore, Step 1 of the Climate Action Plan (CAP) Consistency Checklist, the proposed project will have a less-than-significant impact on the environment, either directly or indirectly, because the proposed project is consistent with the existing General Plan and Community Plan land use and underlying zoning designations.

b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				
(The project as proposed would not condopted for the purpose of reducing seconstructed in an established suburbaddition, the project is consistent with	greenhous an area wi	se gas emissions in th services and fac	that it would lilities available	be e. In
HAZ	ARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would th	ne project:			
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				

VIII.

The project site was not listed in any of the databases for hazardous materials including being listed in the State Water Resources Control Board GeoTracker system, which includes leaking underground fuel tank sites inclusive of spills, leaks, investigations, and cleanups Program or the Department of Toxic Substances Control EnviroStor Data Management System, which includes CORTESE sites.

Construction activities for the project would involve the use of potentially hazardous materials including vehicle fuels, oils, transmission fluids, paint, adhesives, surface coatings and other finishing materials, cleaning solvents, and pesticides for landscaping purposes. However, the use of these hazardous materials would be temporary, and all potentially hazardous materials would be stored, used, and disposed of in accordance with manufacturers' specifications, applicable federal, state, and local health and safety

IS	sue	Significant Impact	Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
	regulations. As such, impacts assoc materials would be less than signific		•	r disposal of ha	azardous
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
	Refer to response VIII (a) above.				
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
	The proposed project location is no school. Therefore, project would no acutely hazardous materials, substaproposed school. No impact would	et emit hazardo ances, or waste	ous emissions or	handle hazard	ous or
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				\boxtimes
	A hazardous waste site records sea https://geotracker.waterboards.ca.g sites exist onsite or in the surround	gov/ The record	ds search showe	d that no hazaı	
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
	The proposed project is not located public airport or public use airport.	•	•	or within two	miles of a
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
	The proposed project is not located result.	within the vici	nity of a private	airstrip. No im _l	oacts would

Less Than

Significant with

Less Than Significant

No Impact

Potentially Significant

Issue

ls	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
	The project is replacement of existin or physically interfere with an adopt plan. No impacts would result.	•			
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
	The proposed project is the replacer people or structures to a significant including where wildlands are adjace intermixed with wildlands. No impact	risk of loss, i ent to urbani	njury or death invo zed areas or wher	lving wildland	d fires,
IX. HYD	ROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the pr	roject:			
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				
	The project would comply with all st construction, and appropriate Best I provided for on-site. Implementation existing standards and discharge reg Conditions of Approval; therefore, in measures are required.	Management n of theses B gulations. Thi	Practices (BMP's) MP's would preclu s will be addresse	will be utilized de any violati d through the	d and ons of e project's
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				

The project does not require the construction of wells. The project is replacement of existing infrastructure. The construction of the project may generate an incremental use of water but it would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level. Impacts would be less than significant.

ls	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?				
	The project would not substantially Streams or rivers do not occur on oproject would implement on-site Bl siltation on- or off-site would not of mitigation measures are required.	or adjacent to MPs, therefor	the site. Although e ensuring that su	grading is prostantial eros	oposed, the ion or
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?				
	The project is replacing existing infoliow impact development principles amount of surface runoff resulting existing drainage pattern would not the project site. Impacts would be required.	ensuring that in flooding or t occur. Strea	t a substantial incr or off-site, or a sums or rivers do no	ease in the raubstantial alte	te or ration to the adjacent to
e)	Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
	The project is replacing existing info conditions that would create or cor existing or planned stormwater dra of polluted runoff. Impacts would be	ntribute runof ainage system	f water, which wou s or provide subst	uld exceed the	e capacity of
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?			\boxtimes	
	The project would comply with all C construction. Appropriate BMP's w degraded. Impacts would be less t	ould be imple	mented to ensure	that water qu	ality is not
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				

ls	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	The project is the reconstruction of a 100-year flood hazard as mapped Rate Map or other flood hazard deli	on a federal	Flood Hazard Boui	ndary or Floo	_
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?				
	See Response (IX) (g). No impacts we	ould result.			
X. LAND	O USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:				
a)	Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes
	The project is replacing existing infra community.	astructure. lt	would not physica	lly divide an e	established
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				
	The proposed project site is located City Coastal Appealable areas of the that previously dredged tidal areas sunder the ESL regulations. Therefor realigned storm drain outfalls within exemption from the requirement to Section 126.0704. A Site Development Permit (SDP) is a would impact Environmentally Sensi Traditional Cultural Properties (TCP)	Coastal Over such as Missi re, since the p n the tidal are obtain a CDF required by the itive Lands (E	rlay Zone. The City on Bay should be o project proposes n eas of Mission Bay, o under San Diego he Land Developm SL), Designated Hi	Piology Guid considered W ew, extended it does not q Municipal Co ent Code if the storical Resou	delines state etlands or ualify for an de (SDMC) ne project urces (DHR),
	following Historical Resources project obtaining an SDP for impacts to cult ESL project issue group, the propose	ural/historica	l resources. Howe	ver, under th	e following
	The project is replacing existing infrause plan, policy, or regulation of an anot limited to the general plan, specadopted for the purpose of avoiding	agency with j ific plan, loca	urisdiction over th l coastal program,	e project (incl or zoning or	uding but
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				

Less Than

Less Than Potentially **Less Than** Significant with Issue Significant Significant No Impact Mitigation Impact Impact Incorporated

See Response X (a) through (b). All potential impacts related to the presence of biological resources. Impacts would be less than significant.

XI. MIN	ERAL RESOURCES – Would the project:			
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?			\boxtimes
	The proposed project is the replacer loss of availability of a known mineraresidents of the state.	•	•	
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?			
	The proposed project is the replacer loss of availability of a locally import general plan, specific plan or other la	ant mineral े	resource recovery	
XII. NOI	SE – Would the project result in:			
a)	Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?			

The proposed project is the replacement of existing infrastructure. It would not result in the generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies. Any short-term noise impacts related to construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise), which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction noise.

The project proposes to employ temporary BMPs (i.e. cofferdams) in order to facilitate installation of the storm drain outfalls into subtidal waters. Pile driving activities to install temporary cofferdams in general can generate in-water noise that may indirectly green sea turtles and marine mammals that may use the area. The project proposes to utilize vibratory pile methods; 40 interlocking 24-inch sheet piles have been assumed to be driven in a single day with an estimated 10-minute per pile drive time being employed. The result is an estimated pile driving of 6.7 hours during a single day. Construction activities would be limited to a 12-hour workday in which pile driving would only occur 55.5% of the available work day. There is no expectation of acoustic impact from peak sound levels to any resource for either behavioral or physical injury type impacts. The distances to the piles at which sound impacts would occur from chronic continuous exposure would be too short to expect

ŀ	ssue	Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
	animals to remain adjacent to the w Therefore; no significant impacts are Bay with the closest nesting sites at do not anticipate generating noise t	e anticipated Mariner's Po	. California least te int. Installation of t	rn nests with the temporar	in Mission y cofferdams
b)	Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?				
	See response XII (a) above. Potential reduced through compliance with Coccur, and no mitigation measures a	ity restriction	ns. No significant lo		
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
	See response XII (a) above. Potentia reduced through compliance with Coccur, and no mitigation measures a	ity restriction	ns. No significant lo		
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?				
	See response XII (a) above. Potentia reduced through compliance with C occur, and no mitigation measures a	ity restriction	ns. No significant lo		
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?				
	The proposed project is not located public airport or public use airport.		•		o miles of a
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
	The proposed project is not located	within the vi	cinity of a private a	irstrip.	

Less Than

Less Than

Potentially

I	ssue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XIII. PC	PULAT	TION AND HOUSING – Would the project:				
a)	an a pro or ii exte	uce substantial population growth in area, either directly (for example, by posing new homes and businesses) indirectly (for example, through ension of roads or other astructure)?				
	pop	proposed project is replacing ex ulation growth in an area, either nesses) or indirectly (for exampl	directly (for	example, by propo	osing new hor	mes and
b)	exis con	place substantial numbers of ting housing, necessitating the struction of replacement housing where?				\boxtimes
	wou	project does not propose any hold not displace substantial numbeplacement housing elsewhere.	_	•	_	
c)	peo	place substantial numbers of ple, necessitating the construction eplacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes
		project does not propose any hoole, necessitating the construction	_	•		mbers of
XIV. PU	IBLIC S	ERVICES				
a)	phy con	uld the project result in substantial adversically altered governmental facilities, nestruction of which could cause significan	eed for new or p at environmenta	hysically altered gover Il impacts, in order to n	nmental facilities naintain acceptal	s, the
	i)	Fire protection				\boxtimes
		project is replacement of existin fire protection facilities.	g infrastruct	ure. It would not r	equire the co	nstruction of
	ii)	Police protection				\boxtimes
		project is replacement of existin police protection facilities.	g infrastruct	ure. It would not r	equire the co	nstruction of
	iii)	Schools				\boxtimes
		project is replacement of existin schools.	g infrastruct	ure. It would not r	equire the co	nstruction of

ls	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	iv) Parks				\boxtimes
	The project is the replacement of exconstruction of new parks.	isting infrast	ructure. It would n	ot require the	5
	v) Other public facilities				
	The project is the replacement of exconstruction of any other new publi	-	ructure. It would n	ot require the	ġ.
XV. REC	CREATION				
a)	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				\boxtimes
	The project is the replacement of exuse of existing neighborhood and resubstantial physical deterioration of	egional parks	or other recreatio	nal facilities s	
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
	The project is the replacement of exfacilities or require the construction an adverse physical effect on the en	or expansion			
XVI. TR	ANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project?				
a)	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?				
	The project is the replacement of ex applicable plan, ordinance or policy performance of the circulation systematics.	establishing	measures of effect	iveness for th	ne

including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation

Is	sue	Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
	system, including but not limited to pedestrian and bicycle paths, and m		, streets, highways	s and freeway	S,
b)	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?				
	The project is the replacement of exapplicable congestion management standards and travel demand measurement agency for	program, incures, or other	luding, but not lin standards establ	nited to level o ished by the c	of service
c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				\boxtimes
	The project is the replacement of ex traffic patterns, including either an i results in substantial safety risks.	-			_
d)	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				
	The project is the replacement of ex hazards due to a design feature (e.g incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipr	., sharp curve			-
e) access?	Result in inadequate emergency				
	The project is the replacement of exemergency access.	isting infrasti	ructure. It would n	ot result in in	adequate
f)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?				
	The project is the replacement of ex policies, plans, or programs regarding otherwise decrease the performance.	ng public tran	isit, bicycle, or pec		•

Less Than

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XVII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the procultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code so geographically defined in terms of the size and scope California Native American tribe, and that is:	ection 21074 as	stantial adverse chang either a site, feature, p	lace, cultural land	dscape that is
 a) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or 				\boxtimes
The project is the replacement of exi in the California Register of Historica as defined in Public Resources Code	al Resources,	or in a local regist	_	_
b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.				
Assembly Bill 52 (AB 52) requires as notification of tribes, and opportunit to tribal cultural resources when a p Mitigated Negative Declaration or Er with AB-52, the City notified all tribes projects within the City of San Diego notification to the lipay Nation of San of AB 52. Both tribes responded on Ysabel or the Jamul Indian Village wis additional mitigation measures were had already been recommended for Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting	ty for tribes to roject is detenvironmental s that have portion of the control of	o request a consulting rmined to require Impact Report un reviously requested 13, 2020 the City of the Jamul Indian 020. Neither the Igge in consultation ddress this issue a which will be incor	tation regard a Negative D der CEQA. In description of San Diego so Village for the Day Nation of the Regardation and ditional description and ditional description and ditional description of the Regarda in additional description area in additional description of the Regarda in additional description area in additional description and description area in additional description area in additional description and description area in additional description are description and description area description and description area description area description.	ing impacts eclaration, compliance ration for ent ne purposes Santa mined no on to what
XVIII. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the pr	oject:			
 a) Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board? 				\boxtimes
The proposed project is the replacer drainage system upgrade that address therefore improve water quality and of the applicable Regional Water Quality	esses water q would not e	uality and flood co xceed wastewater	ntrol manage	ement. It

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b) Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
The proposed project is the replace drainage system upgrade that add therefore improve water quality ar water or wastewater treatment factors which could cause significant er	lresses water ond It would not Cilities or expan	quality and flood co require or result nsion of existing fa	ontrol managi in the constru	ement. It ection of nev
c) Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
The proposed project is the replac result in the construction of new s facilities, the construction of which	torm water dra	ainage facilities or	expansion of	existing
d) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				
The proposed project is the replac would be served by existing water		-		
e) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				\boxtimes
The proposed project is the replace determination by the wastewater that it has adequate capacity to se provider's existing commitments.	treatment prov	vider which serves	or may serve	the project
f) Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				
The proposed project is the replac		-		-

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needs.

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste?				\boxtimes
	The proposed project is the replace federal, state, and local statutes and		-		ply with
XIX. MA	NDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE -				
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
	This analysis has determined that, a related to Biological Resources, Cult Resources. As such, mitigation mean potential impacts to a less than sign Declaration.	tural Resourc sures include	es (Archaeology) a d in this documen	nd Tribal Cult t would reduc	ural e these
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				
	Cumulative impacts can result from taking place over time. For the purp considerable impacts to Biological F Cultural Resources. As such, mitigat	oose of this In Resources, Cu	itial Study, the pro ltural Resources (, s included in this c	oject may have Archaeology) a	e cumulative and Tribal

taking place over time. For the purpose of this Initial Study, the project may have cumulative considerable impacts to Biological Resources, Cultural Resources (Archaeology) and Tribal Cultural Resources. As such, mitigation measures included in this document would reduce these potential impacts to a less than significant. Other future projects within the surrounding neighborhood or community would be required to comply with applicable local, State, and Federal regulations to reduce potential impacts to less than significant, or to the extent possible. As such, the project is not anticipated to contribute to potentially significant cumulative environmental impacts.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
c) Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				

The reconstruction of existing infrastructure is consistent with the setting and with the use anticipated by the City. Based on the analysis presented above, implementation of the aforementioned mitigation measures would reduce environmental impacts such that no substantial adverse effects on humans would occur.

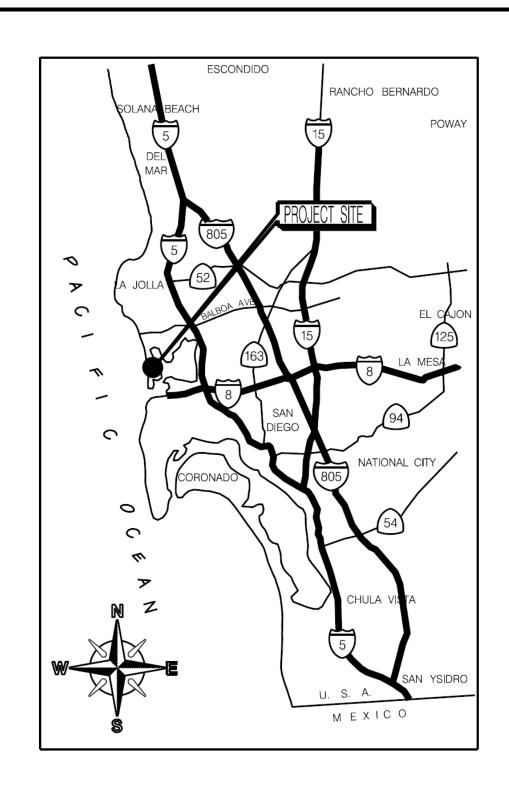
INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST REFERENCES

I. □ ⊠	City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: Mission Beach Community Plan
II. ⊠ □ □	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) Site Specific Report:
III. □ ⊠	Air Quality California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report:
IV. □ □	Biology City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools" Maps, 1996
	City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001 California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines
	Site Specific Report: Eelgrass Transplant and Monitoring Plan in Support of the South Mission Beach Storm Drain and Green Infrastructure Project, August 2019
v. ⊠ □ □	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources and Built Environment) City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines City of San Diego Archaeology Library Historical Resources Board List Community Historical Survey: Site Specific Report:
VI. ⊠ □	Geology/Soils City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975 Site Specific Report:

	Greenhouse Gas Emissions Site Specific Report:
VIII. □ □ □ □ □	Hazards and Hazardous Materials San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division FAA Determination State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan Site Specific Report:
IX.	Hydrology/Drainage Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Flood Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report:
x.	Land Use and Planning City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps FAA Determination: Other Plans:
XI.	Mineral Resources California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps City of San Diego General Plan: Conservation Element Site Specific Report:
XII.	Noise City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps Montgomery Field CNEL Maps San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG Site Specific Report:

XIII.	Paleontological Resources City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996 Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," <i>California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin</i> 200, Sacramento, 1975 Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977 Site Specific Report:
XIV. □ □ □	Population / Housing City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
xv .	Public Services City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan
XVI.	Recreational Resources City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:
XVII.	Transportation / Circulation City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XVIII.	Utilities Site Specific Report:
XIX.	Water Conservation Sunset Magazine, New Western Garden Book, Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine
XX.	Water Quality Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report:

Revised: August 2018

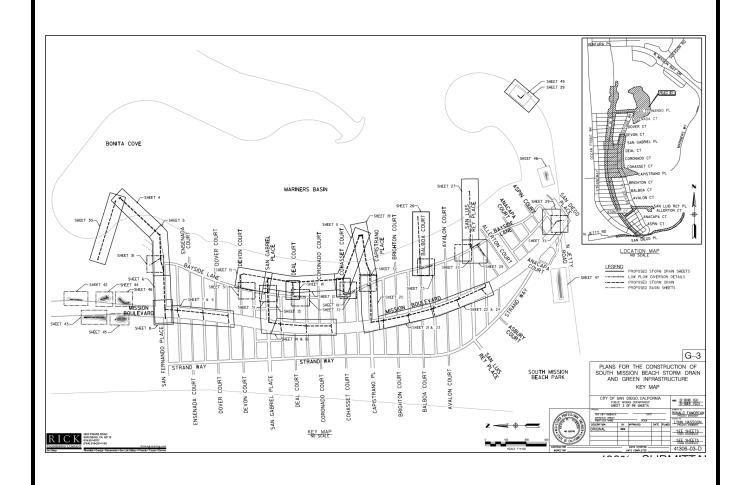




Location Map

S. Mission Beach Storm Drain SDP/Project No. 646245 City of San Diego – Development Services Department **FIGURE**

No. 1





Site Plan

S. Mission Beach Storm Drain SDP/Project No. 646245 City of San Diego – Development Services Department **FIGURE**

No. 2