INITIAL STUDY/NEGATIVE DECLARATION

[Pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21080(c) and California Code of Regulations, Title 14, Sections 15070-15071]

LEAD AGENCY: San Joaquin County Community Development Department

PROJECT APPLICANT: Sukhjit "Tony" Singh

PROJECT TITLE/FILE NUMBER(S): PA-1900127

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: This project is a Use Permit to expand an existing religious assembly from a maximum of 170 members to a maximum of 700 members in two (2) phases over four (4) years. Currently, the religious assembly utilizes, and will continue to utilize, a 4,920 square foot assembly hall, a 2,500 square foot office and visitor's quarters, a 1,409 square foot garage and office, a 4,250 square foot resident parsonage, and a 96 square foot storage building. Phase 1 includes the construction of a 28,965 square foot assembly hall, a 250 square foot well house, a 700 square foot water pump house for fire, a 6,453 square foot porch and hallway structure to connect the proposed assembly hall with a future social hall, and the conversion of an existing 6,150 square foot agricultural building into a storage building. Phase 2 includes the construction of a two-story, 17,715 square foot social hall with a kitchen and dining area, and an upstairs area for retreat and guest preachers. The project will be served by a private well and a private septic system; storm drainage will be retained on site. The site plan proposes three (3) driveways off of W. Grant Line Road.

The project site is located on the north side of W. Grant Line Road, 985 feet east of S. Hansen Road, northwest of Tracy.

ASSESSORS PARCEL NO.: 209-190-33 and 209-190-40

ACRES: 20.0

GENERAL PLAN: A/G

ZONING: AG-40

POTENTIAL POPULATION, NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS, OR SQUARE FOOTAGE OF USE(S): Religious assembly with structures totaling 73,728 square feet and a maximum of 700 members and a 3,200 square foot building for truck parking.

SURROUNDING LAND USES:

NORTH: Agricultural with scattered residences
SOUTH: Agricultural with scattered residences
EAST: Agricultural with scattered residences
WEST: Agricultural with scattered residences

REFERENCES AND SOURCES FOR DETERMINING ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

Original source materials and maps on file in the Community Development Department including: All County and City general plans and community plans; assessor parcel books; various local and FEMA flood zone maps; service district maps; maps of geologic instability; maps and reports on endangered species such as the Natural Diversity Data Base; noise contour maps; specific roadway plans; maps and/or records of archeological/historic resources; soil reports and maps; etc.

Many of these original source materials have been collected from other public agencies or from previously prepared EIR's and other technical studies. Additional standard sources which should be specifically cited below include on-site visits by staff (note date); staff knowledge or experience; and independent environmental studies submitted to the County as part of the project application. Copies of these reports can be found by contacting the Community Development Department.

TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES:

Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, is there a plan for consultation that includes, for example, the determination of significance of impacts to tribal cultural resources, procedures regarding confidentiality, etc.?

<u>No</u>

GENERAL	CONSIDER	ATIONS:
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1.	Does it appear that any environmental feature of the project will generate significant public concern or controversy?
	Yes No
	Nature of concern(s): Enter concern(s).
2.	Will the project require approval or permits by agencies other than the County?
	Yes No
	Agency name(s): Enter agency name(s).
3.	Is the project within the Sphere of Influence, or within two miles, of any city?
	Yes No
	City: <u>Tracy</u>

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.						
Ae	esthetics	Agriculture and Forestry Resour	ces Air Quality			
Bi	ological Resources	Cultural Resources	Energy			
G	eology / Soils	Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Hazards & Ha	zardous Materials		
Hy	drology / Water Quality	Land Use / Planning	Mineral Resou	urces		
No	pise	Population / Housing	Public Service	es		
Re	ecreation	Transportation	Tribal Cultural	Resources		
Ut	ilities / Service Systems	Wildfire	Mandatory Fir	ndings of Significance		
DETER	MINATION: (To be completed	ted by the Lead Agency) On the basis	of this initial evaluation:			
	I find that the proposed pr <u>DECLARATION</u> will be pre	oject <u>COULD NOT</u> have a significan pared.	t effect on the environi	ment, and a <u>NEGATIVE</u>		
X	significant effect in this case	posed project could have a significar se because revisions in the project h NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be pr	ave been made by or a	ment, there will not be a agreed to by the project		
	I find that the proposed pr IMPACT REPORT is requir	oject MAY have a significant effect o red.	n the environment, and	an <u>ENVIRONMENTAL</u>		
	I find that the proposed project <u>MAY</u> have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An <u>ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT</u> is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed.					
	I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier <u>EIR</u> or <u>NEGATIVE DECLARATION</u> pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier <u>EIR</u> or <u>NEGATIVE DECLARATION</u> , including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.					
Signatu	Usa Lorda		Ī	1-21-2020 Date		

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses," as described in (5) below, may be crossreferenced).
- Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a) the significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b) the mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance.

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		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact		Analyzed In The Prior EIR
<u>I. <i>F</i></u>	AESTHETICS.					
	cept as provided in Public Resources Code Section 099, would the project:					
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				×	
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				×	
c)	In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from a publically accessible vantage point). If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?				×	
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?			×		

- a-c) The proposed project is located on W. Grant Line Road, east of the city of Tracy. Pursuant to San Joaquin County General Plan 2035 Natural and Cultural Resources Element Figure NCR-1 (page 3.4-13), W. Grant Line Road is not designated as a Scenic Route. Therefore, the project will not impact, or substantially damage, a scenic vista or resources, nor will it affect other regulations governing scenic quality.
 - d) The proposed project is an expansion to an existing religious assembly. The expansion will require outdoor parking area lighting if the parking area is to be used at night, but the outdoor lighting will be conditioned to be designed to confine direct rays to the premises, allowing no spillover beyond the property lines. Currently, there are 77 parking spaces on site. The expansion will add 327 parking spaces for a total of 404 spaces, however, with the outdoor lighting conditions, the project is expected to have a less than significant impact on day or nighttime views in the area.

II. AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY RESOURCES.	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	Analyzed In The Prior EIR
In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Dept. of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board Would the project:				
a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as				

shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to nonagricultural use?

- b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?
- c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?
- d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?
- e) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?

	×	

315		×	

	×	

3124	X	

- a) The project parcel is not designated as Prime Farmland pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, therefore, the project will not convert Prime, Unique, or Statewide Importance Farmland to nonagricultural uses.
- b) The Religious Assembly use type can be conditionally permitted in the AG-40 (General Agriculture, 40 acre minimum) zone with an approved Use Permit application, therefore, the project does not conflict with existing zoning. The project parcel is not under a Williamson Act contract.
- c-d) The subject property is not located in an area of forest land, timberland, or Timberland Production as defined by Public Resources Code and Government Code, therefore, the project will have no impact on corresponding zoning or conversion of such land.

e)	The proposed project, an expansion of an existing Religious Assembly, does not conflict with any existing uses as the zoning and General Plan designations will remain the same. The expansion will not interfere with any agricultural activity on the parcel. Furthermore, it has been previously determined that a religious assembly is a conditionally permitted use the AG-40 zone.

111.	AIR QUALITY.	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	In The Prior EIR
Wh the	nere available, the significance criteria established by applicable air quality management or air pollution atrol district may be relied upon to make the following terminations. Would the project:				
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?			X	
b)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard?			×	
c)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?			×	
d)	Result in substantial emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people?			×	

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Impact Discussion:

a-d) The proposed project is an expansion of an existing religious assembly. The San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District (APCD) has been established by the State in an effort to control and minimize air pollution. The project was referred to the APCD for review on June 14, 2019. A response from APCD dated July 2, 2019, stated that the District concluded that the project would have a less than significant impact on air quality when compared to significance thresholds. The applicant was required to demonstrate compliance with District Rule 9510, intended to mitigate a project's impact on air quality through project design elements or by payment of applicable off-site mitigation fees, with completion of an Air Impact Assessment (AIA) application. The AIA was submitted by the applicant and approved by the APCD. Compliance with the requirements of APCD are expected to lessen any impacts on air quality to less than significant.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Analyzed In The Prior EIR
<u>IV.</u>	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES.	•	•			
Wo	ould the project:					
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?		×			
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service?				×	
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on state or federally protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				×	
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?		X			
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?		×			
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?		X			

a) The California Department of Fish and Wildlife Natural Diversity Database lists *Vulpes macrotis mutica* (San Joaquin Kit Fox), *Buteo swainsoni* (Swainson's Hawk), and *Tropidocarpum capparideum* (caper-fruited tropidocarpum) as rare, endangered, or threatened species or habitat located on or near the site for the proposed project. Referrals have been sent to the San Joaquin Council of Governments (SJCOG), the agency responsible for verifying the correct implementation of the *San Joaquin County Multi-Species Habitat Conservation and Open Space Plan* (SJMSCP), which provides compensation for the conversion of Open Space to non-Open Space uses which affect the plant, fish and wildlife species covered by the Plan. Pursuant to the Final EIR/EIS for SJMSCP, dated November 15, 2000, and certified by SJCOG on December 7, 2000, implementation of the SJMSCP is expected to reduce impacts to biological resources resulting from the proposed project to a level of less-than-significant.

SJCOG responded to this project referral that the project is subject to the SJMSCP. The applicant has confirmed that he will participate in SJMSCP. With the applicant's participation, the proposed project is consistent with the SJMSCP and any impacts to biological resources resulting from the proposed project will be reduced to a level of less-than-significant.

b-c) The subject property has no riparian habitat or wetlands located within its boundaries, therefore the proposed project, an expansion to a previously-approved religious assembly, will not have an impact on riparian habitat or wetlands.

d-f)	I-f) This application, an expansion of an existing religious assembly, will be conditioned to participate the applicant's participation in the SJMSCP, the proposed project is consistent with the SJMSC biological resources resulting from the proposed project will be reduced to a level of less-than-sign	e in the SJMSCP. With CP and any impacts to gnificant.

<u>v.</u>	CULTURAL RESOURCES.	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact		In The Prior EIR
Wo	ould the project:					
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource pursuant to § 15064.5?				×	
b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to § 15064.5?				×	
c)	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?			×	10.00 mg/s 15.00 mg/s 15.00 mg/s 10.00 mg/s	

Loce Than

Impact Discussion:

- a-b) The proposed project is an expansion of an existing religious assembly. The project will have no impact on Cultural Resources as there are no resources on the project site that are listed or are eligible for listing on a local register, the California Register of Historic Places, or National Register of Historic Places.
- c) In the event human remains are encountered during any portion of the project, California state law requires that there shall be no further excavation or disturbance of the site or any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlie adjacent remains until the coroner of the county has determined manner and cause of death, and the recommendations concerning the treatment and disposition of the human remains have been made to the person responsible for the excavation (California Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5). Following health and safety codes will ensure that any impact to human remains will be less than significant.

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		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	Analyzed In The Prior EIR
VI.	ENERGY.	-			
Wo	ould the project:				
a)	Result in a potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy, or wasteful use of energy resources, during project construction or operation?			X	
b)	Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?			X	

a-b) The California Energy Code (also titled The Energy Efficiency Standards for Residential and Non-residential Buildings) was created by the California Building Standards Commission in response to a legislative mandate to reduce California's energy consumption. The code's purpose is to advance the state's energy policy, develop renewable energy sources and prepare for energy emergencies. The code includes energy conservation standards applicable to most buildings throughout California. These requirements will be applicable to the proposed project ensuring that any impact to the environment due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy will be less than significant and preventing any conflict with state or local plans for energy efficiency and renewable energy.

VIII	CEOLOGY AND SOILS	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Analyzed In The Prior EIR
	GEOLOGY AND SOILS. ould the project:					
a)	Directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:			×		
	i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.			×		
	ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?	20 A S VIII A		×		
	iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?			×		
	iv) Landslides?			X		
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			X		21 (1975) 22 (1975) 23 (1975) 24 (1975)
c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?			×		
d)	Be located on expansive soil and create direct or indirect risks to life or property?	The first state of the state of		×		
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?			X		The second of th
f)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?			X		

- a) The project will have to comply with the California Building Code (CBC) which includes provisions for soils reports for grading and foundations as well as design criteria for seismic loading and other geologic hazards based on fault and seismic hazard mapping. All recommendations from a soils report must be incorporated into the construction plans. Therefore, impacts to seismic-related (or other) landslide hazards will be less than significant.
- b) The project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil because the project will require a grading permit and the grading will be done under permit and inspection by the San Joaquin County Community Development Department's Building Division. As a result, impacts to soil erosion or loss of topsoil will be less than significant.
- c-d) The project site is relatively flat terrain where landslides have not historically been an issue. A soils report will be required for grading and foundations and all recommendations from a soils report must be incorporated into the construction

plans. Therefore, any risks resulting from being located on an unstable unit will be reduced to less than significant.

- e) The project will be served by an onsite septic tank or alternative wastewater disposal system for the disposal of waste water. The Environmental Health Department is requiring a soil suitability/nitrate loading study to determine the appropriate system and design prior to issuance of building permit(s). The sewage disposal system shall comply with the onsite wastewater treatment systems standards of San Joaquin County. A percolation test that meets absorption rates of the manual of septic tank practice or E.P.A. Design Manual for onsite wastewater treatment and disposal systems is required for each parcel. With these standards in place, only soils capable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks will be approved for the septic system.
- f) The project area has not been determined to contain significant historic or prehistoric archeological artifacts that could be disturbed by project construction, therefore, damage to unique paleontological resources or sites or geologic features is anticipated to be less than significant.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	Analyzed In The Prior EIR
VIII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.				
Would the project:				
a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?			×	
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?			×	

a-b) Emissions of GHGs contributing to global climate change are attributable in large part to human activities associated with the industrial/manufacturing, utility, transportation, residential, and agricultural sectors. Therefore, the cumulative global emissions of GHGs contributing to global climate change can be attributed to every nation, region, and city, and virtually every individual on earth. An individual project's GHG emissions are at a micro-scale level relative to global emissions and effects to global climate change; however, an individual project could result in a cumulatively considerable incremental contribution to a significant cumulative macro-scale impact. As such, impacts related to emissions of GHG are inherently considered cumulative impacts.

Implementation of the proposed project would cumulatively contribute to increases of GHG emissions. Estimated GHG emissions attributable to future development would be primarily associated with increases of carbon dioxide (CO_2) and, to a lesser extent, other GHG pollutants, such as methane (CH_4) and nitrous oxide (N_2O) associated with area sources, mobile sources or vehicles, utilities (electricity and natural gas), water usage, wastewater generation, and the generation of solid waste. The primary source of GHG emissions for the project would be mobile source emissions. The common unit of measurement for GHG is expressed in terms of annual metric tons of CO_2 equivalents ($MTCO_2e/yr$).

As noted previously, the proposed project will be subject to the rules and regulations of the SJVAPCD. The SJVAPCD has adopted the *Guidance for Valley Land- use Agencies in Addressing GHG Emission Impacts for New Projects under CEQA* and the *District Policy – Addressing GHG Emission Impacts for Stationary Source Projects Under CEQA When Serving as the Lead Agency.* 11 The guidance and policy rely on the use of performance-based standards, otherwise known as Best Performance Standards (BPS) to assess significance of project specific greenhouse gas emissions on global climate change during the environmental review process, as required by CEQA. To be determined to have a less-than-significant individual and cumulative impact with regard to GHG emissions, projects must include BPS sufficient to reduce GHG emissions by 29 percent when compared to Business As Usual (BAU) GHG emissions. Per the SJVAPCD, BAU is defined as projected emissions for the 2002-2004 baseline period. Projects which do not achieve a 29 percent reduction from BAU levels with BPS alone are required to quantify additional project-specific reductions demonstrating a combined reduction of 29 percent. Potential mitigation measures may include, but not limited to: on-site renewable energy (e.g. solar photovoltaic systems), electric vehicle charging stations, the use of alternative-fueled vehicles, exceeding Title 24 energy efficiency standards, the installation of energy-efficient lighting and control systems, the installation of energy-efficient mechanical systems, the installation of drought-tolerant landscaping, efficient irrigation systems, and the use of low-flow plumbing fixtures.

It should be noted that neither the SJVAPCD nor the County provide project-level thresholds for construction-related GHG emissions. Construction GHG emissions are a one-time release and are, therefore, not typically expected to generate a significant contribution to global climate change. As such, the analysis herein is limited to discussion of long-term operational GHG emissions.

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¹¹ San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District. Guidance for Valley Land-use Agencies in Addressing GHG Emission Impacts for New Projects under CEQA. December 17, 2009. San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District. District Policy Addressing GHG Emission Impacts for Stationary Source Projects Under CEQA When Serving as the Lead Agency. December 17, 2009.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Analyzed In The Prior EIR
IX. HAZA	RDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS.					
Would the	e project:					
enviro	e a significant hazard to the public or the nument through the routine transport, use, or sal of hazardous materials?	And the second s		×		
environand	e a significant hazard to the public or the pument through reasonably foreseeable upset accident conditions involving the release of dous materials into the environment?			×		
acute	hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or ly hazardous materials, substances, or waste one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed ol?			×		
hazar Gove would	cated on a site which is included on a list of dous materials sites compiled pursuant to rnment Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, it create a significant hazard to the public or nvironment?				×	
or, who is would excess	project located within an airport land use plan nere such a plan has not been adopted, within niles of a public airport or public use airport, I the project result in a safety hazard or sive noise for people residing or working in the ct area?				×	
an ad	r implementation of or physically interfere with opted emergency response plan or emergency uation plan?			×		10071U 10771U 10771U
indire involv are a	se people or structures, either directly or ctly, to a significant risk of loss, injury or death ring wildland fires, including where wildlands djacent to urbanized areas or where residences termixed with wildlands?				×	

- a-c) The project includes the development of an assembly hall, a social hall, and porch/hallway connecting addition for an existing religious assembly. The proposed use does not include the use, transport, or disposal of hazardous materials nor could there be an accidental release of hazardous materials, therefore, the project will have a less than significant impact on the environment due to hazardous materials.
 - d) The project site is not included on the California Department of Toxic Substances Control EnviroStor database map, compiled pursuant to Government Code 65962.5 and, therefore, will have not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment.
 - e) The project site is not located within an airport land use plan or within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, therefore, the project is not expected to result in a safety hazard or in excessive noise for people residing or working in the project area.
 - f) The project site is currently developed with a religious assembly. The project, an expansion of an existing religious

assembly, will increase the maximum seating capacity from 170 to 700. The site plan depicts two (2) driveways for ingress/egress. Any roadway improvements required by the Department of Public Works will be conditions of approval for the project. Therefore, the project's impact on emergency plans is expected to be less than significant.

g) The project location is not identified as a Community at Risk from Wildfire by Cal Fire's "Fire Risk Assessment Program". Communities at Risk from Wildfire are those places within 1.5 miles of areas of High or Very High wildfire threat as determined from CDF-FRAP fuels and hazard data. Therefore, the impact of wildfires on the project are expected to be less than significant.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Analyzed In The Prior EIR
<u>X.</u>	HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY.	•	·			
Wo	uld the project:					
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or groundwater quality?				T-S-S-S-S-S-S-S-S-S-S-S-S-S-S-S-S-S-S-S	
b)	Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?		Maria I	×		A STATE OF THE STA
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner which would:			×		
	 result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off- site; 	200 (100 m) 200 (100 m) 200 (100 m) 200 (100 m) 200 (100 m)		X		
	substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site;			X		
	iii) create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff; or			×		
	iv) impede or redirect flood flows?			×		
d)	In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk release of pollutants due to project inundation?			×		
e)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan?			×		

- a) The proposed project's impact on hydrology and water is expected to be less than significant. The project will be served by an onsite well and septic system. Construction of an individual domestic water well will be under permit and inspection by the Environmental Health Department. The sewage disposal system must comply with the onsite wastewater treatment systems standards of San Joaquin County. Therefore, the proposed project's impact on these resources will be less than significant.
- b) The project, an expansion of an existing religious assembly on a twenty (20) acre parcel, will not create a demand for water that will significantly decrease the supply of groundwater nor will it interfere with groundwater recharge. After implementation of the project, thirty-nine percent (39%) of the surface area of the twenty (20) acre parcel will remain pervious for groundwater discharge.
- c-e) The proposed project does not propose any substantial alteration to a drainage pattern, stream or river. All development projects are required by the Development Title to provide drainage facilities to contain the storm water runoff on site and to prevent offsite sediment transport. The project will be conditioned by the Department of Public Works to provide

drainage facilities in accordance with the San Joaquin County Development Standards.

The proposed project plan calls for storm water to be retained in on-site retention basins. Public Works requires that retention basin capacity be calculated and submitted along with a drainage plan for review and approval, prior to release of a building permit. Additionally, the Public Works department requires that the applicant submit a "Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan" (SWPPP) to Public Works for review. A copy of the approved SWPPP and all required records, updates, test results and inspection reports must be maintained on the construction site and be available for review upon request. The applicant will also be required to file a Notice of Intent (NOI) with the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) and comply with the State "General Permit for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction Activity". The post construction chapter of the SWPPP must identify expected pollutants and how they will be prevented from entering the storm system. The chapter must also contain a maintenance plan, a spill plan, and a training plan for all employees on proper use, handling and disposal of potential pollutants.

With the project thus conditioned, impacts from drainage are expected to be less than significant.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	Analyzed In The Prior EIR
<u>XI.</u>	LAND USE AND PLANNING.				
Wo	ould the project:				
a)	Physically divide an established community?			X	
b)	Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?		CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	×	

- a) This project is an expansion of an existing religious assembly. The existing assembly is located in a rural agricultural area. The site is adjacent to agricultural lands with scattered residences. The proposed expansion is to provide additional assembly and social space for the congregation. No part of the expansion would present barriers to the site or in surrounding areas. Therefore, the project will not divide an established community.
- b) This project is an expansion of an existing religious assembly. The project parcel is zoned General Agriculture, 40-acre minimum, (AG-40) and the project use type, Religious Assembly Regional, may be conditionally permitted in the AG-40 zone with an approved Use Permit application. The proposed project does not conflict with any existing or planned land uses, therefore, the project's impact on the environment due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect is expected to be less than significant.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact		Analyzed In The Prior EIR
<u>XII</u>	. MINERAL RESOURCES.					
Wo	ould the project:					
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known_mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				×	(XX) m
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally- important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				×	

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Impact Discussion:

a-b) The proposed project, an expansion to an existing religious assembly will not result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource of a resource recovery site because the site does not contain minerals of significance or known mineral resources. San Joaquin County applies a mineral resource zone (MRZ) designation to land that meets the significant mineral deposits definition by the State Division of Mines and Geology. The project site in Tracy has been classified as MRZ-1. The San Joaquin County General Plan 2035 Volume II, Chapter 10-Mineral Resources, Table 10-7, defines MRZ-1 as "Areas where adequate information indicates that no significant mineral deposits are present, or where it is judged that little likelihood exists for their presence." Therefore, the project will not result in the loss of mineral resources or mineral resource recovery sites within the region and in the Tracy community.

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XII	I. NOISE.	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact		Analyzed In The Prior EIR
Wo	ould the project result in:					
a)	Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?			×		
b)	Generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?				×	
c)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan, or where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				×	HERMAN HERMAN HAVE COM-

- a) The nearest residence is located approximately 790 feet west of the project site. Development Title Section 9-1025.9 lists the residential use type as a noise sensitive land use. Development Title Section Table 9-1025.9 Part II states that the maximum sound level for stationary noise sources during the daytime is 70 dB and 65dB for nighttime. This applies to outdoor activity areas of the receiving use, or applies at the lot line if no activity area is known. The proposed project would be subject to these Development Title standards. The project will not exceed the Development Title noise standards with the proposed operation because all activities associated with the new buildings will take place indoors, therefore impacts from the proposed project are expected to be less than significant.
- b) The project does not include any operations that would result in excessive ground-borne vibrations or other noise levels therefore, the project will not have any impact on vibrations or other noise levels.
- c) The project site is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip, an airport land use plan, or within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, therefore, the project is not expected to expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact		Analyzed In The Prior EIR
XIV	/. POPULATION AND HOUSING.					
Wo	ould the project:					
a)	Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				×	
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				X	

a-b) The proposed project will not induce substantial population growth in the area either directly or indirectly because the project does not propose new homes or businesses. The project is an expansion of an existing religious assembly. Therefore, the proposed project will not displace substantial numbers of people or existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere because the project site is currently vacant. Therefore, the project will have no impact on population and housing.

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XV. PUBLIC SERVICES.	Significant Impact	Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact	In The Prior EIR
a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:					
Fire protection?			×		5.5
Police protection?			X		
Schools?			×		
Parks?	115,255		×		
	Thursday.	(Table 1)	Perforance C.V.	222222	500555

Potentially

Less Than

Less Than

X

Analyzed

Impact Discussion:

Other public facilities?

a) The proposed project is an expansion of an existing religious assembly. The project site is located in the Tracy Rural Fire District and the Lammersville School District. Both agencies were provided with the project proposal and invited to respond with any concerns or conditions. A response was not received from the school district. The South San Joaquin County Fire Authority responded in a letter dated July 18, 2019, with requirements that are to be incorporated into construction documents prior to approval of building construction permits. These requirements included providing a Fire Department Connection located towards the front of the building or at the fire pump, providing a fire hydrant, installing water tanks in accordance with 2016 California Fire Code, NFPA 22, NVPA 24, and providing access in accordance with San Joaquin County's Fire Apparatus Access Road Standards. The project site is served by the San Joaquin County Sheriff's Office. The office was provided with the project proposal and invited to respond with any concerns or conditions. A response was not received from that office. As proposed, and with the requirements from the fire district, the project is not anticipated to result in a need for a substantial change to public services.

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XVI. RECREATION.	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact		Analyzed In The Prior EIR
a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				×	
b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?			billing Section	X	

a-b) This project will not increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated, because the project will not generate any new residential units. This project does not include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment, because the type of project proposed, an expansion to an existing religious assembly, will not result in an increased demand for recreational facilities. Therefore, the project will have no impact on recreation facilities.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	0.9		Analyzed In The Prior EIR
<u>XV</u>	II. TRANSPORTATION.					
Wo	ould the project:					
a)	Conflict with a program plan, ordinance, or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadways, bicycle, and pedestrian facilities?		×			
b)	Would the project conflict or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines section 15064.3, subdivision (b)?				X	
c)	Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?		×			
d)	Result in inadequate emergency access?		X			

a) This project is an expansion of an existing religious assembly that will increase the number of members from 170 to 700 members. There was a previous application to expand the religious assembly to 800 members that expired (Use Permit PA-1000217). The Department of Public Works required a traffic study for PA-1000217 and a technical memorandum to update the traffic study for the currently proposed expansion. As a result, the following mitigation measures are recommended to reduce the impact to the existing roads by the proposed project:

Mitigation 1: Provide an overflow parking lot that can accommodate 100 additional parking spots for occasional high parking demand. The overflow parking lot shall, at a minimum, be graded soil that will accommodate storm drainage runoff.

Mitigation 2: Construct a 580 foot long eastbound left-turn lane on W. Grant Line Road approaching the main project entry.

Mitigation 3: Construct a two-way left-turn lane on W. Grant Line Road extending easterly from the project's main entrance and continuing 450 feet easterly from the east entrance.

Mitigation 4: Construct a westbound right-turn lane from the west entrance and continuing 100 feet easterly from the east entrance.

Mitigation 5: Stripe and sign the west entrance access to indicate the following movements are allowed: Right in, Right out.

These mitigation measures will be included in the conditions of approval to mitigate any impacts to roads and traffic resulting from the project to less than significant.

b) N/A

- Required road improvements to W. Grant Line Road listed above are recommendations from a traffic impact study (TIS) performed by TJKM Transportation Consultants, dated July 25, 2011, and updated November 8, 2019. All road improvements must be constructed in conformance with the current Improvement Standards and Specifications of the County of San Joaquin. Therefore, the proposed project's impact on transportation hazards is expected to be mitigated to less than significant. Additionally, because the proposed project, an expansion to an existing religious assembly, can be permitted in the AG-40 zone with an approved Use Permit, hazards due to incompatibility are expected to be less than significant.
- d) A traffic impact study (TIS), dated July 25, 2011, and updated November 8, 2019, was performed by TJKM Transportation Consultants. The study concluded that, based on the proposed site plan and the design for entering and

exiting volumes, the three (3) driveways proposed for the 700 person capacity design will operate satisfactorily from the standpoint of motorist delays, level of service, and available queuing space (p. 3, Update 2019). Pursuant to Development Title Section 9-1015.5(h)(1), access driveways must have a width of no less than twenty-five (25) feet for two-way aisles and sixteen (16) feet for one-way aisles, except that in no case shall driveways designated as fire department access be less than twenty (20) feet wide. Additionally, the required road improvements for the project include widening W. Grant Line Road to allow constructing turn lanes into the facility. With these proposed improvements, the project is not expected to result in inadequate emergency access.

<u>xv</u>	'III. T	RIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES.	Significant Impact	Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	In The Prior EIR
a)	cha res 210 lan the or	build the project cause a substantial adverse range in the significance of a tribal cultural cource, defined in Public Resources Code section 074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural dscape that is geographically defined in terms of a size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, object with cultural value to a California Native nerican tribe, and that is:				
	i)	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or			×	
	ii)	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.			X	

Potentially Less Than Less Than

Analyzed

Impact Discussion:

a) The project site is located in an agricultural area north of the city of Tracy. The nearest waterway is Old River located 1.5 miles to the northeast. The project is an expansion of an existing religious assembly. Additionally, the site is surrounded by development such as streets, sidewalks, and public water and sewer infrastructure.

Referrals were sent June 14, 2019 to the California Tribal TANF Partnership, the California Native American Heritage Commission, the California Valley Miwok Tribe, the North Valley Yokuts Tribe, and the United Auburn Indian Community. No responses or requests for consult were received as a result of the referral, therefore any possible disruption to a potential site is expected to be less than significant.

	A NEW INTER AND OFFINIOE SYSTEMS	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Analyzed In The Prior EIR	
XIX	(. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS.						
Wo	Would the project:						
a)	Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment, or storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause significant environmental effects?				×		
b)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry and multiple dry years?				X		
c)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?			27.50 (1) 27.50 (2) 27.50 (2) 27.50 (2) 27.50 (2)	×		
d)	Generate solid waste in excess of State or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals?				X		
e)	Comply with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste?			×			

- a) The project will utilize an onsite well and a private septic system as well as retention ponds for stormwater, therefore the project will not require new public facilities. The well and septic system will be installed and maintained privately.
- b) The project will utilize an individual domestic water well which will be constructed under permit and inspection by the San Joaquin County Environmental Health Department at the time of development.
- c) The project will utilize an onsite sewage disposal system constructed under permit from the Environmental Health Department and subject to the onsite wastewater treatment system regulations that will comply with the standards of San Joaquin County.
- d) The project site is served by the Lovelace Materials Recovery Facility and Transfer Station and the Foothill Sanitary Landfill, which, according to the current permit, is projected to be in operation until 2082, providing adequate capacity for the proposed project.
- e) The proposed project will be required to comply with state and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste so there will be no significant impact in this area.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact		Analyzed In The Prior EIR
XX	. WILDFIRE.	-	-			
cla	ocated in or near state responsibility areas or lands assified as very high fire hazard severity zones, would project:					
a)	Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?			×	1.00	
b)	Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire?			×		
c)	Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?			×		
d)	Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?			×		

a-d) The project location is in the urban community of Tracy, which is not identified as a Community at Risk from Wildfire by Cal Fire's "Fire Risk Assessment Program". Communities at Risk from Wildfire are those places within 1.5 miles of areas of High or Very High wildfire threat as determined from CDF-FRAP fuels and hazard data. Therefore, the impact of wildfires on the project are expected to be less than significant.

XXI. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE.	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	Analyzed In The Prior EIR
a) Does the project have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?			×	
b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?			×	
c) Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?			×	

a-c) Review of this project has not indicated any features which might significantly impact the environmental quality of the site and/or surrounding area. Mitigation measures have been identified in areas where a potentially significant impact has been identified and these measures have reduced these impacts to a less than significant level.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 21083, 21083.05, Public Resources Code. Reference: Section 65088.4, Gov. Code; Sections 21080, 21083.05, 21095, Pub. Resources Code; Eureka Citizens for Responsible Govt. v. City of Eureka (2007) 147 Cal.App.4th 357; Protect the Historic Amador Waterways v. Amador Water Agency (2004) 116 Cal.App.4th at 1109; San Franciscans Upholding the Downtown Plan v. City and County of San Francisco (2002) 102 Cal.App.4th 656.

ATTACHMENT: (MAPIS) OR PROJECT SITE PLAN[S])

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