PROJECT NAME **EXHIBIT C-2** WAPRLAND G LLC ECP CONSULTING CIVIL ENGINEERS ◆ WINERY ENTITLEMENT PERMIT SUPPORT ◆ JOB NUMBER 08-152 ◆ WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM DESIGN ◆ ◆ SITE EVALUATIONS & SEPTIC SYSTEM DESIGN ◆ ◆ WATER SYSTEM PERMITTING & DESIGN ◆ WATER & WASTEWATER FEASIBILITY STUDIES DATE GRADING & DRAINAGE DESIGN 5/3/2019 ◆ VINEYARD PLANNING AND EROSION CONTROL PLANS ◆ ◆ HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULIC STUDIES ◆ INCORPORATED ◆ CONSTRUCTION OBSERVATION ◆ BYMRM **ESTABLISHED 2007** culvert Hydro Analysis Culvert Analy 513 CYECIA C= 0.6 (Su aftached) I = 3.3 in/hr (see affamul 0.5 acres (Su attacked 0.6 × 3.3 × 0.5 Min = 3+ Cfs OK OK V = 2.2 cfs FOR HW Analysu STATE OF CAL C=0.62 I = 3.3 inlhr (see attached Q FOR HW 1 = 2.2 ds : 0 KV 2074 WEST LINCOLN AVENUE 🔷 NAPA, CA 94558 🔷 (707) 320-4968 🔷 FAX (707) 320-2395 🔷 WWW.APPLIEDCIVIL.COM

CONSULTING CIVIL ENGINEERS

- ◆ WINERY ENTITLEMENT PERMIT SUPPORT ◆ ◆ WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEM DESIGN ◆
- ◆ SITE EVALUATIONS & SEPTIC SYSTEM DESIGN ◆
 ◆ WATER SYSTEM PERMITTING & DESIGN ◆
- ◆ WATER & WASTEWATER FEASIBILITY STUDIES ◆
- ◆ GRADING & DRAINAGE DESIGN ◆
 - **ESTABLISHED 2007**



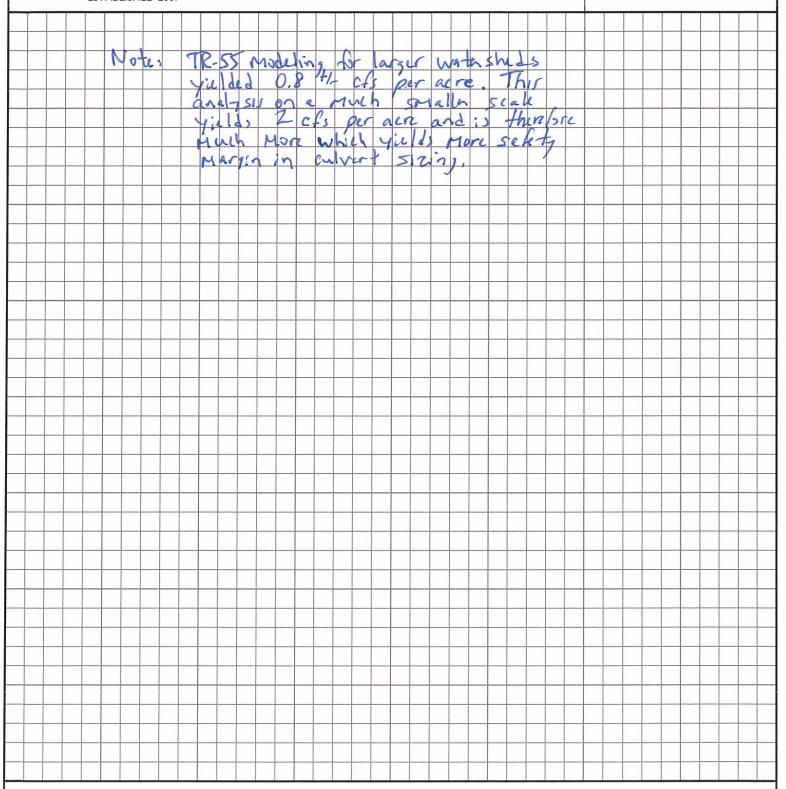
INCORPORATED

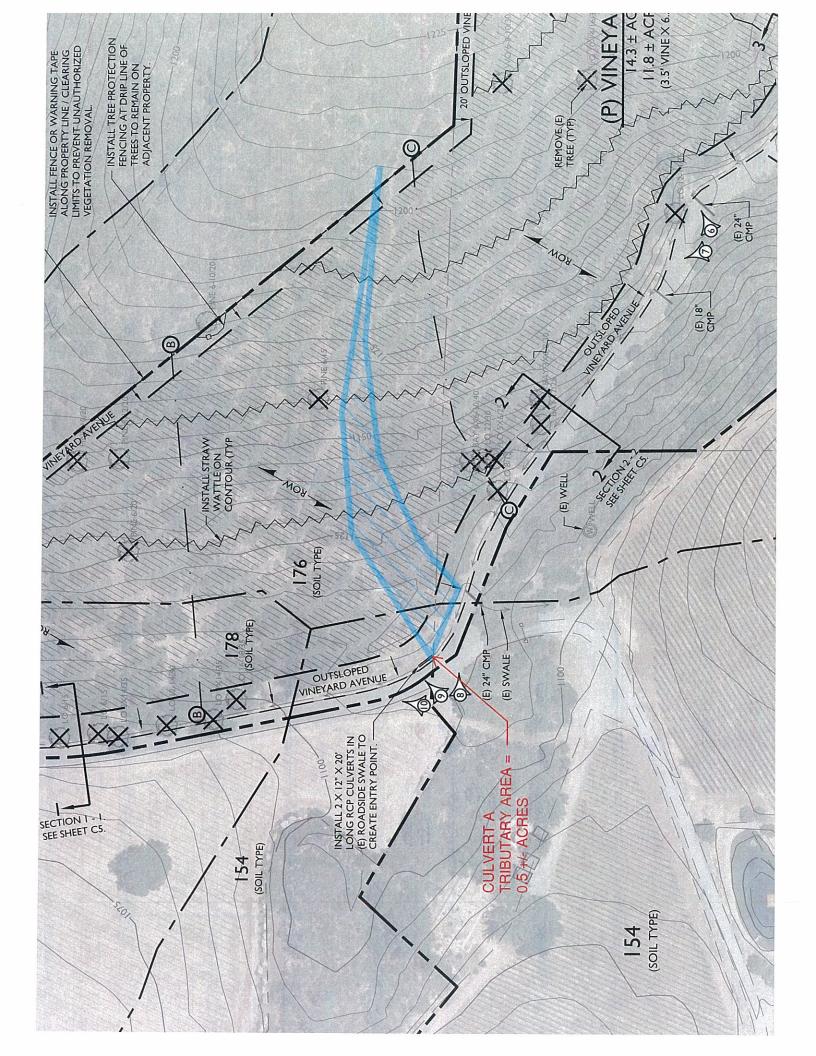
JOB NUMBER

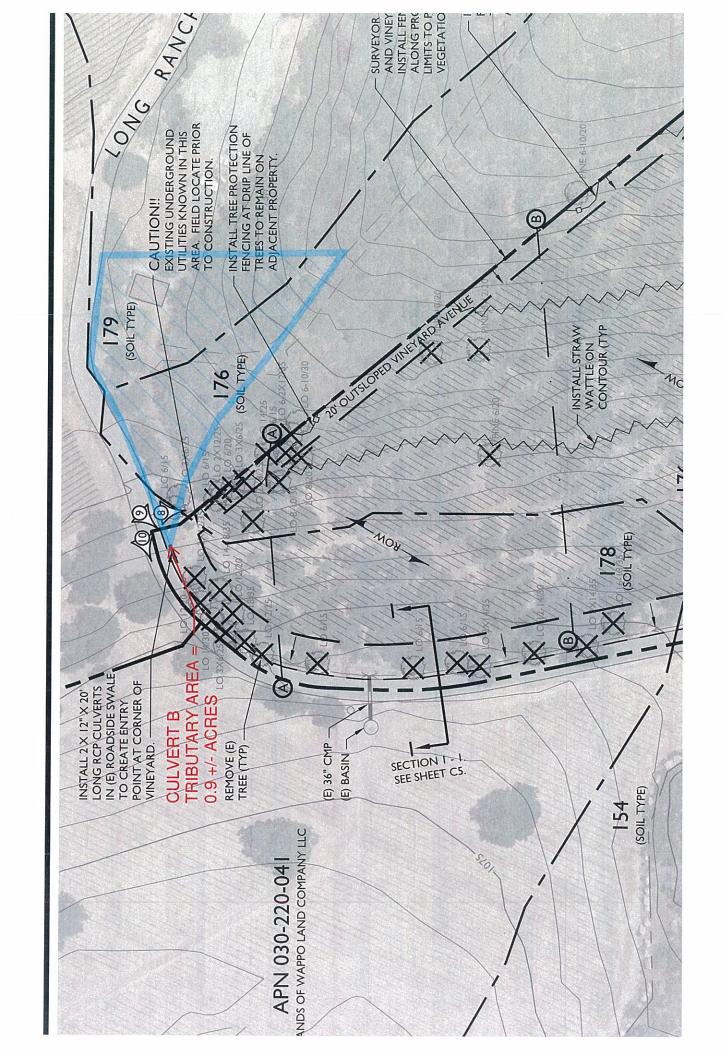
DATE

PROJECT NAME

BY







WATERSHED A - CULVERT A CONDITION = VINEYARD WITH 80% GRASS COVER 0.28+0.12+.05+.1 = 0.55, use 0.6

WATERSHED TYPES AND FACTORS

RUN-OFF PRODUCING CHARACTERISTICS OF WATERSHEDS SHOWING FACTORS FOR EACH CHARACTERISTIC FOR VARIOUS WATERSHED TYPES

WATERSHED TYPES AND FACTORS

Run-off Producing Features	Extreme	High	Normal	Low
Relief	0.28 – 0.38 Steep, rugged terrain, with average slopes above 30%	0.20 – 0.28 Rolling, with average slopes of 10 to 30%	0.14 – 0.20 Rolling, with average slopes of 5 to 10%	0.08 – 0.14 Relatively flat land, with average slopes of 0 to 5%
Soil Infiltration	0.12 – 0.16 No effective soil cover either rock or thin soil mantle of negligible infiltration capacity.	0.08 – 0.12 Slow to take up water; clay or shallow loam soils of low infiltration capacity imperfectly or poorly drained.	0.06 – 0.08 Normal; well drained light and medium textured soils sandy loams, silt, and silt loams.	0.04 – 0.06 Slow to take up water; clay or shallow loam soils of low infiltration capacity imperfectly or poorly drained.
Vegetation Cover	0.12 – 0.16 No effective plant cover; bare or very sparse cover.	0.08 – 0.12 Poor to fair; clean cultivation crops or poor natural cover; less than 20% of drainage area under good cover.	0.06 – 0.08 Fair to good; about 50% of area in good grassland or woodland; not more than 50% of area in cultivated crops.	0.04 – 0.06 Good to excellent; about 90% of drainage area in good grassland, woodland, or equivalent crop.
Surface	0.10 – 0.12 Negligible; surface depressions, few and shallow; drainage ways steep and small; no marshes.	0.08 – 0.10 Low well-defined system of small drainage ways; no ponds or marsh.	0.06 – 0.08 Normal; considerable surface depression storage; lakes, ponds, and marshes.	0.04 – 0.06 High; surface storage high; drainage system not sharply defined; large floodplain storage or large number of ponds or marshes.

THE RUNOFF FACTOR IS DETERMINED BY THE SUM OF THE FACTORS FOR RELIEF INFILTRATION, COVER, AND SURFACE. NOT APPLICABLE TO BUILT UP AREAS. FIGURE 3

WATERSHED B - CULVERT B CONDITION = SHRUB 0.28+0.12+.12+.1 = 0.62

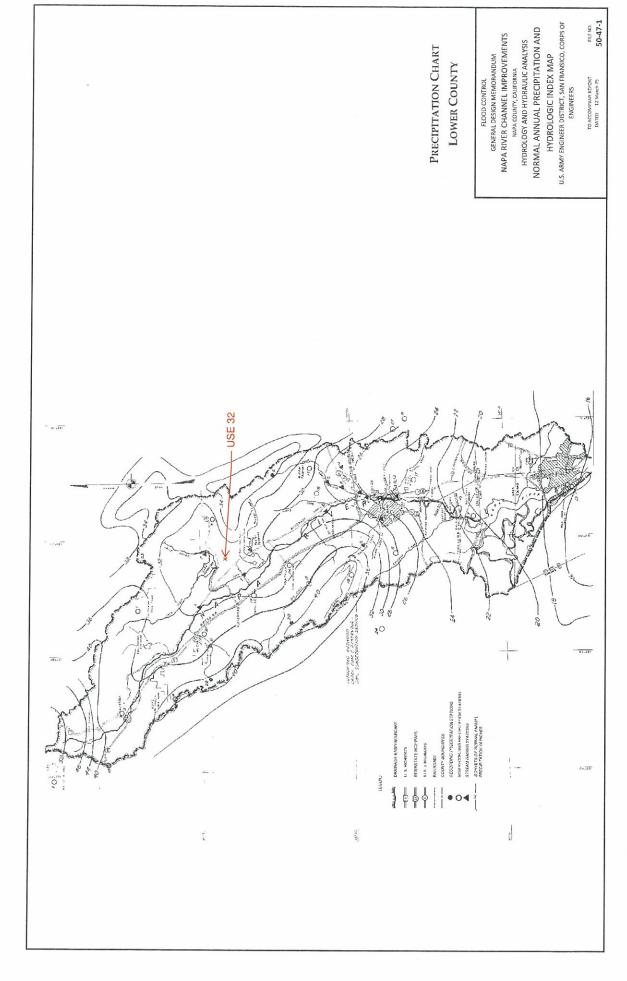
WATERSHED TYPES AND FACTORS

RUN-OFF PRODUCING CHARACTERISTICS OF WATERSHEDS SHOWING FACTORS FOR EACH CHARACTERISTIC FOR VARIOUS WATERSHED TYPES

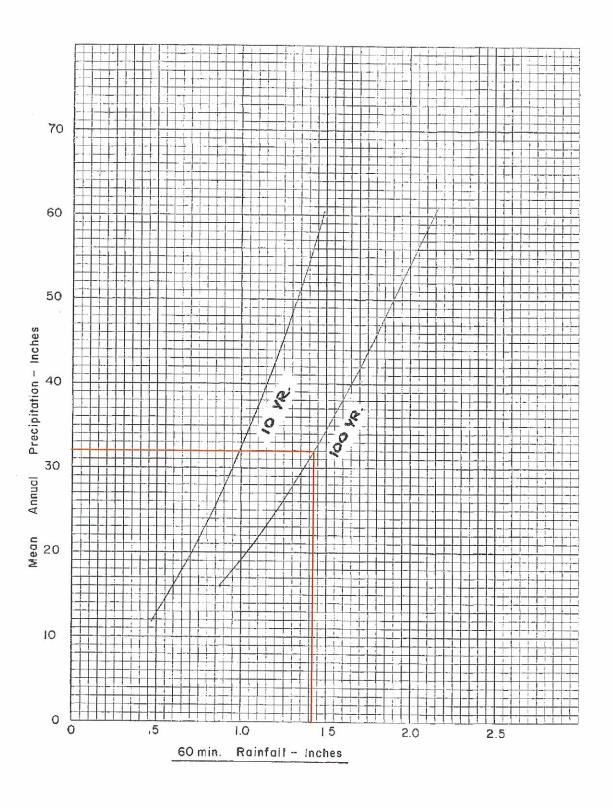
WATERSHED TYPES AND FACTORS

	WATERSHED TYPES AND FACTORS						
Run-off Producing Features	Extreme	High	Normal	Low			
Relief	0.28 – 0.38 Steep, rugged terrain, with average slopes above 30%	0.20 – 0.28 Rolling, with average slopes of 10 to 30%	0.14 – 0.20 Rolling, with average slopes of 5 to 10%	0.08 – 0.14 Relatively flat land, with average slopes of 0 to 5%			
Soil Infiltration	0.12 – 0.16 No effective soil cover either rock or thin soil mantle of negligible infiltration capacity.	0.08 – 0.12 Slow to take up water; clay or shallow loam soils of low infiltration capacity imperfectly or poorly drained.	0.06 – 0.08 Normal; well drained light and medium textured soils sandy loams, silt, and silt loams.	0.04 – 0.06 Slow to take up water; clay or shallow loam soils of low infiltration capacity imperfectly or poorly drained.			
Vegetation Cover	0.12 – 0.16 No effective plant cover; bare or very sparse cover.	0.08 – 0.12 Poor to fair; clean cultivation crops or poor natural cover; less than 20% of drainage area under good cover.	0.06 – 0.08 Fair to good; about 50% of area in good grassland or woodland; not more than 50% of area in cultivated crops.	0.04 – 0.06 Good to excellent; about 90% of drainage area in good grassland, woodland, or equivalent crop.			
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THE RUNOFF FACTOR IS DETERMINED BY THE SUM OF THE FACTORS FOR RELIEF INFILTRATION, COVER, AND SURFACE. NOT APPLICABLE TO BUILT UP AREAS.
FIGURE 3



MEAN ANNUAL PRECIPITATION VS. 60 MINUTE RAINFALL



INTENSITY – DURATION CHART

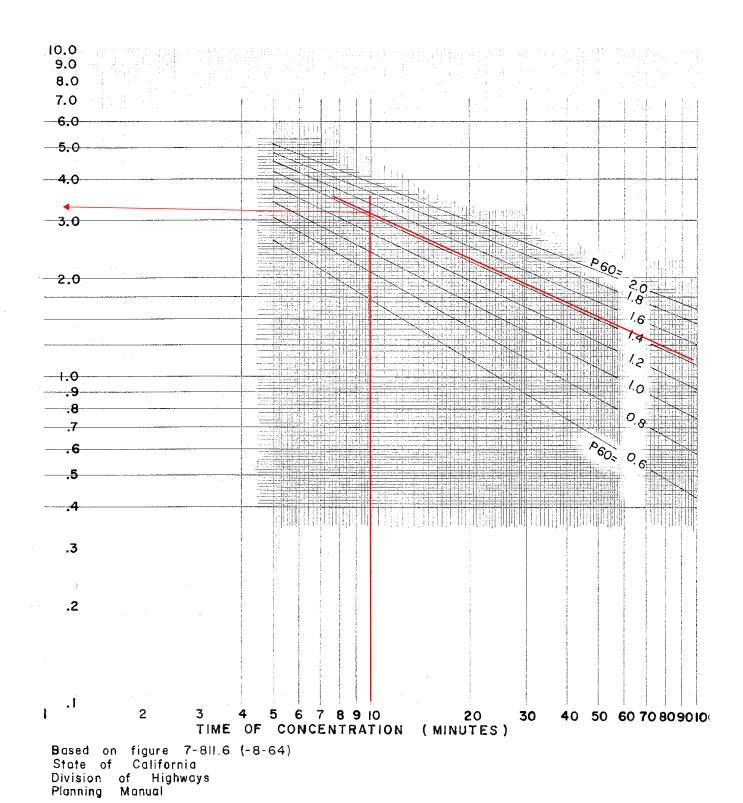
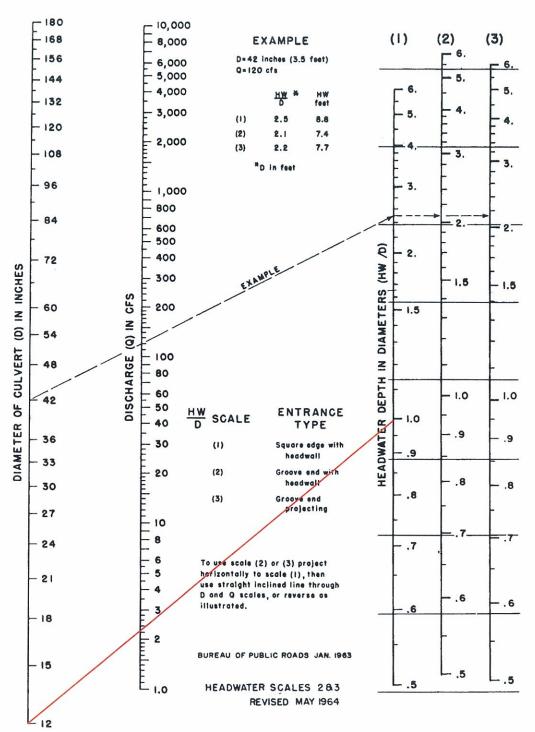


CHART 28B



Headwater Water Depth for Concrete Pipe Culverts with Inlet Control - English Units