

DATE OF NOTICE: July 26, 2019

PUBLIC NOTICE OF A DRAFT MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT

SAP No.: 24007222

The City of San Diego Development Services Department has prepared a Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND) for the following project and is inviting your comments regarding the adequacy of the document. The draft MND and associated technical appendices have been placed on the City of San Diego web-site at https://www.sandiego.gov/ceqa/draft under the "California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Draft Documents for Public Comment" section. In addition, the Notice was also distributed to the Central Library as well as the La Jolla-Riford Branch Library.

Comments must be received by August 26, 2019, to be included in the final document considered by the decision-making authorities. Please send your written comments to the following address: Morgan Dresser, City of San Diego Development Services Center, 1222 First Avenue, MS 501, San Diego, CA 92101 or e-mail your comments to DSDEAS@sandiego.gov with the Project Name and Number in the subject line.

General Project Information:

Project Name: STYLLI RESIDENCE CDP/SDP

• Project No. 543042

• SCH No. Not Applicable

• Community Plan Area: La Jolla

Council District: 1

Project Description: A request for a COASTAL DEVLOPMENT PERMIT and SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT to amend Coastal Development Permit No. 92-0571 and construct a 1,894-square-foot addition to an existing 11,439-square-foot two-story single-family residence. Various site improvements would also be constructed including associated hardscape and landscape. The 2.41-acre project site is located at 9046 La Jolla Shores Lane. The project site is designated Very Low Residential (0-5 dwelling units per acre) per the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program and is zoned RS-1-1 (Residential- Single Unit, requires minimum 40,000-square-foot lots) and RS-1-4 (Residential- Single Unit, requires minimum 10,000-square-foot lots). The project site is also within the Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, Coastal Overlay Zone (Appealable), Sensitive Coastal Overlay Zone (Coastal Bluff), First Public Roadway, Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Coastal and Beach), Transit Area Overlay Zone, and Residential Tandem Parking Overlay Zone. (LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 1 La Jolla Bluffs according to Map No. 8883.). **The site is not included on any Government Code listing of hazardous waste sites.**

Applicant: Harry Stylli, 9046 La Jolla Shores Lane, San Diego, 92037

Recommended Finding: The recommended finding that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment is based on an Initial Study and project revisions/conditions which now mitigate potentially significant environmental impacts in the following area(s): **Historical Resources (Archaeology), and Tribal Cultural Resources**.

Availability in Alternative Format: To request this Notice, the draft MND, Initial Study, and/or supporting documents in alternative format, call the Development Services Department at 619-446-5460 or (800) 735-2929 (TEXT TELEPHONE).

Additional Information: For environmental review information, contact Morgan Dresser at (619) 446-5404. The draft MND and supporting documents may be reviewed, or purchased for the cost of reproduction, at the Fifth floor of the Development Services Center. If you are interested in obtaining copies of the draft MND or the separately bound technical appendices, they can be purchased for an additional cost. **For information regarding public meetings/hearings on this project, contact Glenn Gargas at (619) 446-5142.** This notice was published in the SAN DIEGO DAILY TRANSCRIPT and distributed on July 26, 2019.

Gary Geiler Deputy Director Development Services Department



MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project No. 543042 SCH No. N/A

SUBJECT:

Stylli Residence CDP/SDP: A request for a COASTAL DEVLOPMENT PERMIT and SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT to amend Coastal Development Permit No. 92-0571 and construct a 1,894-square-foot addition to an existing 11,439-square-foot two-story single-family residence. Various site improvements would also be constructed including associated hardscape and landscape. The 2.41-acre project site is located at 9046 La Jolla Shores Lane. The project site is designated Very Low Residential (0-5 dwelling units per acre) per the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program and is zoned RS-1-1 (Residential- Single Unit, requires minimum 40,000-square-foot lots) and RS-1-4 (Residential- Single Unit, requires minimum 10,000-square-foot lots). The project site is also within the Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, Coastal Overlay Zone (Appealable), Sensitive Coastal Overlay Zone (Coastal Bluff), First Public Roadway, Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Coastal and Beach), Transit Area Overlay Zone, and Residential Tandem Parking Overlay Zone. (LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 1 La Jolla Bluffs according to Map No. 8883.) APPLICANT: Harry Stylli.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

See attached Initial Study.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

See attached Initial Study.

III. DETERMINATION:

The City of San Diego conducted an Initial Study which determined that the proposed project could have a significant environmental effect in the following areas(s): **Historical Resources** (**Archaeology**), and **Tribal Cultural Resources**. Subsequent revisions in the project proposal create the specific mitigation identified in Section V of this Mitigated Negative Declaration. The project as revised now avoids or mitigates the potentially significant environmental effects previously identified, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will not be required.

IV. DOCUMENTATION:

The attached Initial Study documents the reasons to support the above Determination.

V. MITIGATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM:

A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS - PART I: Plan Check Phase (prior to permit issuance)

- 1. Prior to the issuance of a Notice To Proceed (NTP) for a subdivision, or any construction permits, such as Demolition, Grading or Building, or beginning any construction related activity on-site, the Development Services Department (DSD) Director's Environmental Designee (ED) shall review and approve all Construction Documents (CD), (plans, specification, details, etc.) to ensure the MMRP requirements are incorporated into the design.
- 2. In addition, the ED shall verify that the MMRP Conditions/Notes that apply ONLY to the construction phases of this project are included VERBATIM, under the heading, "ENVIRONMENTAL/MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS."
- 3. These notes must be shown within the first three (3) sheets of the construction documents in the format specified for engineering construction document templates as shown on the City website:
 - http://www.sandiego.gov/development-services/industry/standtemp.shtml
- 4. The **TITLE INDEX SHEET** must also show on which pages the "Environmental/Mitigation Requirements" notes are provided.
- 5. **SURETY AND COST RECOVERY –** The Development Services Director or City Manager may require appropriate surety instruments or bonds from private Permit Holders to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – PART II: Post Plan Check (After permit issuance/Prior to start of construction)

1. PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED TEN (10) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK ON THIS PROJECT. The PERMIT HOLDER/OWNER is responsible to arrange and perform this meeting by contacting the CITY RESIDENT ENGINEER (RE) of the Field Engineering Division and City staff from MITIGATION MONITORING COORDINATION (MMC). Attendees must also include the Permit holder's Representative(s), Job Site Superintendent and the following consultants:

Qualified Archaeologist, Qualified Native American Monitor

Note: Failure of all responsible Permit Holder's representatives and consultants to attend shall require an additional meeting with all parties present.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

- a) The PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT is the **RE** at the **Field Engineering Division (858) 627-3200**
- b) For Clarification of ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS, it is also required to call **RE and MMC at (858) 627-3360**
- 2. **MMRP COMPLIANCE:** This Project, Project Tracking System (PTS) No. 543042 and/or Environmental Document No. 543042 shall conform to the mitigation requirements contained in the associated Environmental Document and implemented to the satisfaction of the DSD's Environmental Designee (MMC) and the City Engineer (RE). The requirements may not be reduced or changed but may be annotated (i.e. to explain when and how compliance is being met and location of verifying proof, etc.). Additional clarifying information may also be added to other relevant plan sheets and/or specifications as appropriate (i.e., specific locations, times of monitoring, methodology, etc

Note: Permit Holder's Representatives must alert RE and MMC if there are any discrepancies in the plans or notes, or any changes due to field conditions. All conflicts must be approved by RE and MMC BEFORE the work is performed.

3. **OTHER AGENCY REQUIREMENTS:** Evidence of compliance with all other agency requirements or permits shall be submitted to the RE and MMC for review and acceptance prior to the beginning of work or within one week of the Permit Holder obtaining documentation of those permits or requirements. Evidence shall include copies of permits, letters of resolution or other documentation issued by the responsible agency.

Not Applicable

4. **MONITORING EXHIBITS:** All consultants are required to submit, to RE and MMC, a monitoring exhibit on a 11x17 reduction of the appropriate construction plan, such as site plan, grading, landscape, etc., marked to clearly show the specific areas including the **LIMIT OF WORK**, scope of that discipline's work, and notes indicating when in the construction schedule that work will be performed. When necessary for clarification, a detailed methodology of how the work will be performed shall be included.

Note: Surety and Cost Recovery – When deemed necessary by the Development Services Director or City Manager, additional surety instruments or bonds from the private Permit Holder may be required to ensure the long-term performance or implementation of required

mitigation measures or programs. The City is authorized to recover its cost to offset the salary, overhead, and expenses for City personnel and programs to monitor qualifying projects.

5. **OTHER SUBMITTALS AND INSPECTIONS:** The Permit Holder/Owner's representative shall submit all required documentation, verification letters, and requests for all associated inspections to the RE and MMC for approval per the following schedule:

	DOCUMENT SUBMITTAL/INSPECTION CHECKLIST					
Issue Area	Document Submittal	Associated Inspection/Approvals/Notes				
General	Consultant Qualification Letters	Prior to Preconstruction Meeting				
General	Consultant Construction Monitoring Exhibits	Prior to or at Preconstruction Meeting				
Archaeology	Archaeology Reports	Archaeology/Historic Site Observation				
Tribal Cultural Resources	Archaeology Reports	Archaeology/Historic Site Observation				
Bond Release	Request for Bond Release Letter	Final MMRP Inspections Prior to Bond Release Letter				

C. SPECIFIC MMRP ISSUE AREA CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS

Historical Resources (Archaeology)

I. Prior to Permit Issuance

A. Entitlements Plan Check

 Prior to issuance of any construction permits, including but not limited to, the first Grading Permit, Demolition Plans/Permits and Building Plans/Permits or a Notice to Proceed for Subdivisions, but prior to the first preconstruction meeting, whichever is applicable, the Assistant Deputy Director (ADD) Environmental designee shall verify that the requirements for Archaeological Monitoring and Native American monitoring have been noted on the applicable construction documents through the plan check process.

B. Letters of Qualification have been submitted to ADD

- 1. The applicant shall submit a letter of verification to Mitigation Monitoring Coordination (MMC) identifying the Principal Investigator (PI) for the project and the names of all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring program, as defined in the City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines (HRG). If applicable, individuals involved in the archaeological monitoring program must have completed the 40-hour HAZWOPER training with certification documentation.
- 2. MMC will provide a letter to the applicant confirming the qualifications of the PI and all persons involved in the archaeological monitoring of the project meet the qualifications established in the HRG.
- 3. Prior to the start of work, the applicant must obtain written approval from MMC for any personnel changes associated with the monitoring program.

II. Prior to Start of Construction

A. Verification of Records Search

- The PI shall provide verification to MMC that a site-specific records search (1/4-mile radius) has been completed.
 Verification includes, but is not limited to a copy of a confirmation letter from South Coastal Information Center, or, if the search was in-house, a letter of verification from the PI stating that the search was completed.
- 2. The letter shall introduce any pertinent information concerning expectations and probabilities of discovery during trenching and/or grading activities.
- 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC requesting a reduction to the ¼ mile radius.

B. PI Shall Attend Precon Meetings

1. Prior to beginning any work that requires monitoring; the Applicant shall arrange a Precon Meeting that shall include the PI, Native American consultant/monitor (where Native American resources may be impacted), Construction Manager (CM) and/or Grading Contractor, Resident Engineer (RE),

Building Inspector (BI), if appropriate, and MMC. The qualified Archaeologist and Native American Monitor shall attend any grading/excavation related Precon Meetings to make comments and/or suggestions concerning the Archaeological Monitoring program with the Construction Manager and/or Grading Contractor.

a. If the PI is unable to attend the Precon Meeting, the Applicant shall schedule a focused Precon Meeting with MMC, the PI, RE, CM or BI, if appropriate, prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring.

2. Identify Areas to be Monitored

- a. Prior to the start of any work that requires monitoring, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Monitoring Exhibit (AME) (with verification that the AME has been reviewed and approved by the Native American consultant/monitor when Native American resources may be impacted) based on the appropriate construction documents (reduced to 11x17) to MMC identifying the areas to be monitored including the delineation of grading/excavation limits.
- The AME shall be based on the results of a sitespecific records search as well as information regarding existing known soil conditions (native or formation).

2. When Monitoring Will Occur

- a. Prior to the start of any work, the PI shall also submit a construction schedule to MMC through the RE indicating when and where monitoring will occur.
- b. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC prior to the start of work or during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program. This request shall be based on relevant information such as review of final construction documents which indicate site conditions such as depth of excavation and/or site graded to bedrock, etc., which may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.

III. During Construction

- A. Monitor(s) Shall be Present During Grading/Excavation/Trenching
 - The Archaeological Monitor shall be present full-time during all soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities which could result in impacts to archaeological resources as identified on the AME. The Construction Manager is responsible for notifying the RE, PI, and MMC of changes to any construction activities such as in the case of a potential safety concern within the area being monitored. In certain circumstances OSHA safety requirements may necessitate modification of the AME.
 - 2. The Native American consultant/monitor shall determine the extent of their presence during soil disturbing and grading/excavation/trenching activities based on the AME and provide that information to the PI and MMC. If prehistoric resources are encountered during the Native American consultant/monitor's absence, work shall stop and the Discovery Notification Process detailed in Section III.B-C and IV.A-D shall commence.
 - 3. The PI may submit a detailed letter to MMC during construction requesting a modification to the monitoring program when a field condition such as modern disturbance post-dating the previous grading/trenching activities, presence of fossil formations, or when native soils are encountered that may reduce or increase the potential for resources to be present.
 - 4. The archaeological and Native American consultant/monitor shall document field activity via the Consultant Site Visit Record (CSVR). The CSVR's shall be faxed by the CM to the RE the first day of monitoring, the last day of monitoring, monthly (**Notification of Monitoring Completion**), and in the case of ANY discoveries. The RE shall forward copies to MMC.

B. Discovery Notification Process

1. In the event of a discovery, the Archaeological Monitor shall direct the contractor to temporarily divert all soil disturbing activities, including but not limited to digging, trenching, excavating or grading activities in the area of discovery and in the area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent resources and immediately notify the RE or BI, as appropriate.

- 2. The Monitor shall immediately notify the PI (unless Monitor is the PI) of the discovery.
- 3. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone of the discovery, and shall also submit written documentation to MMC within 24 hours by fax or email with photos of the resource in context, if possible.
- 4. No soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the significance of the resource specifically if Native American resources are encountered.

C. Determination of Significance

- The PI and Native American consultant/monitor, where Native American resources are discovered shall evaluate the significance of the resource. If Human Remains are involved, follow protocol in Section IV below.
 - a. The PI shall immediately notify MMC by phone to discuss significance determination and shall also submit a letter to MMC indicating whether additional mitigation is required.
 - b. If the resource is significant, the PI shall submit an Archaeological Data Recovery Program (ADRP) which has been reviewed by the Native American consultant/monitor, and obtain written approval from MMC. Impacts to significant resources must be mitigated before ground disturbing activities in the area of discovery will be allowed to resume. Note: If a unique archaeological site is also an historical resource as defined in CEQA, then the limits on the amount(s) that a project applicant may be required to pay to cover mitigation costs as indicated in CEQA Section 21083.2 shall not apply.
 - c. If the resource is not significant, the PI shall submit a letter to MMC indicating that artifacts will be collected, curated, and documented in the Final Monitoring Report. The letter shall also indicate that that no further work is required.

IV. Discovery of Human Remains

If human remains are discovered, work shall halt in that area and no soil shall be exported off-site until a determination can be made regarding the provenance of the human remains; and the following procedures as set forth in CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Sec. 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Sec. 7050.5) shall be undertaken:

A. Notification

- Archaeological Monitor shall notify the RE or BI as appropriate, MMC, and the PI, if the Monitor is not qualified as a PI. MMC will notify the appropriate Senior Planner in the Environmental Analysis Section (EAS) of the Development Services Department to assist with the discovery notification process.
- 2. The PI shall notify the Medical Examiner after consultation with the RE, either in person or via telephone.

B. Isolate discovery site

- Work shall be directed away from the location of the discovery and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlay adjacent human remains until a determination can be made by the Medical Examiner in consultation with the PI concerning the provenance of the remains.
- 2. The Medical Examiner, in consultation with the PI, will determine the need for a field examination to determine the provenance.
- 3. If a field examination is not warranted, the Medical Examiner will determine with input from the PI, if the remains are or are most likely to be of Native American origin.

C. If Human Remains **ARE** determined to be Native American

- The Medical Examiner will notify the Native American
 Heritage Commission (NAHC) within 24 hours. By law, ONLY
 the Medical Examiner can make this call.
- 2. NAHC will immediately identify the person or persons determined to be the Most Likely Descendent (MLD) and provide contact information.

- 3. The MLD will contact the PI within 24 hours or sooner after the Medical Examiner has completed coordination, to begin the consultation process in accordance with CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources and Health & Safety Codes.
- 4. The MLD will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the property owner or representative, for the treatment or disposition with proper dignity, of the human remains and associated grave goods.
- 5. Disposition of Native American Human Remains will be determined between the MLD and the PI, and, if:
 - a. The NAHC is unable to identify the MLD, OR the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 48 hours after being granted access to the site; OR;
 - b. The landowner or authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD and mediation in accordance with PRC 5097.94 (k) by the NAHC fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, the land owner shall reinter the human remains and items associated with Native American human remains with appropriate dignity on the property in a location not subject to further and future subsurface distribution THEN,
 - c. In order to protect these sites, the Landowner shall do one or more of the following:
 - (1) Record the site with the NAHC;
 - (2) Record an open space or conservation easement on the site;
 - (3) Record a document with the County. The document shall be titled "Notice of Reinterment of Native American Remains" and shall include a legal description of the property, the name of the property owner, and the owner's acknowledged signature, in addition to any other information required by PRC 5097.98. The document shall be indexed as a notice under the name of the owner.

d. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Culturally appropriate treatment of such a discovery may be ascertained from review of the site utilizing cultural and archaeological standards. Where the parties are unable to agree on the appropriate treatment measures the human remains and items associated and buried with Native American human remains shall be reinterred with appropriate dignity, pursuant to Section 5.c., above.

D. If Human Remains are **NOT** Native American

- 1. The PI shall contact the Medical Examiner and notify them of the historic era context of the burial.
- 2. The Medical Examiner will determine the appropriate course of action with the PI and City staff (PRC 5097.98).
- 3. If the remains are of historic origin, they shall be appropriately removed and conveyed to the San Diego Museum of Man for analysis. The decision for internment of the human remains shall be made in consultation with MMC, EAS, the applicant/landowner, any known descendant group, and the San Diego Museum of Man.

V. Night and/or Weekend Work

- A. If night and/or weekend work is included in the contract
 - When night and/or weekend work is included in the contract package, the extent and timing shall be presented and discussed at the precon meeting.
 - 2. The following procedures shall be followed.
 - a. No Discoveries
 In the event that no discoveries were encountered during night and/or weekend work, the PI shall record the information on the CSVR and submit to MMC via fax by 8AM of the next business day.

- b. Discoveries
 All discoveries shall be processed and documented using the existing procedures detailed in Sections III During Construction, and IV Discovery of Human Remains. Discovery of human remains shall always be treated as a significant discovery.
- c. Potentially Significant Discoveries

 If the PI determines that a potentially significant discovery has been made, the procedures detailed under Section III During Construction and IV-Discovery of Human Remains shall be followed.
- e. The PI shall immediately contact MMC, or by 8AM of the next business day to report and discuss the findings as indicated in Section III-B, unless other specific arrangements have been made.
- B. If night and/or weekend work becomes necessary during the course of construction
 - 1. The Construction Manager shall notify the RE, or BI, as appropriate, a minimum of 24 hours before the work is to begin.
 - 2. The RE, or BI, as appropriate, shall notify MMC immediately.
- C. All other procedures described above shall apply, as appropriate.

VI. Post Construction

- A. Preparation and Submittal of Draft Monitoring Report
 - The PI shall submit two copies of the Draft Monitoring Report (even if negative), prepared in accordance with the Historical Resources Guidelines (Appendix C/D) which describes the results, analysis, and conclusions of all phases of the Archaeological Monitoring Program (with appropriate graphics) to MMC for review and approval within 90 days following the completion of monitoring. It should be noted that if the PI is unable to submit the Draft Monitoring Report within the allotted 90-day timeframe resulting from delays with analysis, special study results or other complex issues, a schedule shall be submitted to MMC establishing agreed due dates and the provision for submittal of monthly status reports until this measure can be met.

- For significant archaeological resources encountered during monitoring, the Archaeological Data Recovery Program shall be included in the Draft Monitoring Report.
- Recording Sites with State of California Department of Parks and Recreation
 The PI shall be responsible for recording (on the appropriate State of California Department of Park and Recreation forms-DPR 523 A/B) any significant or potentially significant resources encountered during the Archaeological Monitoring Program in accordance with the City's Historical Resources Guidelines, and submittal of such forms to the South Coastal Information Center with the Final Monitoring Report.
- 2. MMC shall return the Draft Monitoring Report to the PI for revision or, for preparation of the Final Report.
- 3. The PI shall submit revised Draft Monitoring Report to MMC for approval.
- 4. MMC shall provide written verification to the PI of the approved report.
- 5. MMC shall notify the RE or BI, as appropriate, of receipt of all Draft Monitoring Report submittals and approvals.

B. Handling of Artifacts

- 1. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all cultural remains collected are cleaned and catalogued.
- 2. The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts are analyzed to identify function and chronology as they relate to the history of the area; that faunal material is identified as to species; and that specialty studies are completed, as appropriate.
- 3. The cost for curation is the responsibility of the property owner.
- C. Curation of artifacts: Accession Agreement and Acceptance Verification

- The PI shall be responsible for ensuring that all artifacts associated with the survey, testing and/or data recovery for this project are permanently curated with an appropriate institution. This shall be completed in consultation with MMC and the Native American representative, as applicable.
- 2. The PI shall include the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution in the Final Monitoring Report submitted to the RE or BI and MMC.
- 3. When applicable to the situation, the PI shall include written verification from the Native American consultant/monitor indicating that Native American resources were treated in accordance with state law and/or applicable agreements. If the resources were reinterred, verification shall be provided to show what protective measures were taken to ensure no further disturbance occurs in accordance with Section IV Discovery of Human Remains, Subsection 5.

D. Final Monitoring Report(s)

- The PI shall submit one copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report to the RE or BI as appropriate, and one copy to MMC (even if negative), within 90 days after notification from MMC that the draft report has been approved.
- 2. The RE shall, in no case, issue the Notice of Completion and/or release of the Performance Bond for grading until receiving a copy of the approved Final Monitoring Report from MMC which includes the Acceptance Verification from the curation institution.

Tribal Cultural Resources

Impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources would be reduced to below a level of significance with implementation of mitigation measures outlined under Historical Resources (Archaeology).

VI. PUBLIC REVIEW DISTRIBUTION:

Draft copies or notice of this Mitigated Negative Declaration were distributed to:

<u>State</u> Coastal Commission

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City of San Diego
Mayor's Office (91)
Councilmember Bry, District 1
Development Services Department
    EAS
    Fire-Plan Review
    Engineering
   Geology
   Landscaping
   Planning Review
    DPM
Planning Department
    Plan-MSCP
MMC (77A)
Library Department - Government Documents (81)
San Diego Central Library (81A)
La Jolla-Riford Branch Library (81L)
City Attorney's Office (93C)
Other Organizations, Groups and Interested Individuals
Historical Resources Board (87)
Carmen Lucas (206)
South Coastal Information Center (210)
San Diego History Center (211)
San Diego Archaeological Center (212)
Save Our Heritage Organization (214)
Ron Christman (215)
Clint Linton (215 B)
Frank Brown- Inter-Tribal Cultural Resources Council (216)
Campo Band of Mission Indians (217)
San Diego County Archaeological Society, Inc. (218)
Native American Heritage Commission (222)
Kumeyaay Cultural Heritage Preservation (223)
Kumeyaay Cultural Repatriation Committee (225)
Native American Distribution (225 A-S)
Clint Linton, lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel
Lisa Cumper, Jamul Indian Village
Jesse Pinto, Jamul Indian Village
La Jolla Village News (271)
La Jolla Shores Association (272)
La Jolla Town Council (273)
La Jolla Historical Society (274)
La Jolla Community Planning Association (275)
UCSD Physical and Community Planning (277)
La Jolla Shores PDO Advisory Board (279)
La Jolla Light (280)
Patricia K. Miller (283)
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Carmel Mountain Conservancy (284) Dr. and Mrs. Meredith Applicant: Harry Stylli

VII.	RESULTS	OF PURI	IC RF	VIFW.

()	No comments were received during the public input period.	

- () Comments were received but did not address the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document. No response is necessary and the letters are incorporated herein.
- () Comments addressing the accuracy or completeness of the draft environmental document were received during the public input period. The letters and responses are incorporated herein.

Copies of the draft Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program and any Initial Study material are available in the office of the Development Services Department for review, or for purchase at the cost of reproduction.

E. Shearer-Nguyen Senior Planner

Development Services Department

Date of Final Report

Date of Draft Report

July 26, 2019

Analyst: M. Dresser

Attachments: Initial Study Checklist

Figure 1: Location Map Figure 2: Site Plan

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

- 1. Project title/Project number: Stylli Residence CDP/SDP / 543042
- 2. Lead agency name and address: City of San Diego, 1222 First Avenue, MS-501, San Diego, California 92101
- 3. Contact person and phone number: Morgan Dresser / (619) 446-5404
- 4. Project location: 9046 La Jolla Shores Lane, San Diego, California 92037
- 5. Project Applicant/Sponsor's name and address: Harry Stylli, 9046 La Jolla Shores Lane, San Diego, California 92037
- 6. General/Community Plan designation: Residential / Very Low Residential (0-5 dwelling units per acre)
- 7. Zoning: RS-1-1 and RS-1-4
- 8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to, later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.):

The project proposes a COASTAL DEVLOPMENT PERMIT and SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT to amend Coastal Development Permit No. 92-0571 and construct an addition totaling 1,894-square-feet to an existing 11,439-square-foot two-story single-family residence. Various site improvements would also be constructed including associated hardscape and landscape.

The project landscaping has been reviewed by City Landscape staff and would comply with all applicable City of San Diego Landscape ordinances and standards. Drainage would be directed into appropriate storm drain systems designated to carry surface runoff, which has been reviewed and accepted by City Engineering staff. Ingress to the project site would be via La Jolla Shores Lane. All parking would be provided on-site.

Grading would entail approximately 55 cubic yards of cut with a maximum cut depth of five feet.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The developed 2.41-acre project site is located at 9046 La Jolla Shores Lane and is developed with a single dwelling unit. The project site is bounded by open space to the north, a single dwelling unit to the east, La Jolla Village Lane to the south and a single dwelling unit and a roughly 270-foot high coastal bluff to the west. Vegetation on-site is varied and consists of non-native landscaping and some native vegetation. Topographically, the site elevations vary from approximately 275 feet above mean sea level (amsl) to approximately 299 feet amsl. In addition, the project site is located in a developed area currently served by existing public services and utilities.

The project site is designated Very Low Residential (0-5 dwelling units per acre) per the La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program and is zoned RS-1-1 (Residential- Single Unit, requires minimum 40,000-square-foot lots) and RS-1-4 (Residential- Single Unit, requires minimum 10,000-square-foot lots). The project site is also within the Coastal Height Limitation Overlay Zone, Coastal Overlay Zone (Appealable), Sensitive Coastal Overlay Zone (Coastal Bluff), First Public Roadway, Parking Impact Overlay Zone (Coastal and Beach), Transit Area Overlay Zone, and Residential Tandem Parking Overlay Zone.

- Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):
 List or None required.
- 11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, has consultation begun?

In accordance with the requirements of Public Resources Code 21080.3.1, the City of San Diego provided formal notifications to the lipay Nation of Santa Ysabel and the Jamul Indian Village, both traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area; requesting consultation on May 9, 2018.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21083.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

			lld be potentially affected by the checklist on the following		ct, involving at least one impact that is a
	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Population/Housing
	Agriculture and Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Public Services
	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		Recreation
	Biological Resources		Land Use/Planning		Transportation/Traffic
\boxtimes	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources	\boxtimes	Tribal Cultural Resources
	Geology/Soils		Noise		Utilities/Service System
					Mandatory Findings Significance
DETER	RMINATION: (To be con	npleted	by Lead Agency)		
On the l	pasis of this initial evaluation	:			
	The proposed project COU be prepared.	LD NOT h	ave a significant effect on the	environm	ent, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will
		revisions i	n the project have been mad		nment, there will not be a significant reed to by the project proponent. A
	The proposed project MAY is required.	have a sig	gnificant effect on the environ	ment, and	d an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT
	The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.				
	Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or (MITIGATED) NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.				

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis.)
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses", as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or (mitigated) negative declaration. *Section 15063(c)(3)(D).* In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
I. AESTHETICS – Would the	e project:				
a) Have a substanti scenic vista?	al adverse effect on a				
The project site is local as outlined in the La Jourequired to maintain a width running the full condition of the Coast Compliance with this purista would not occur.	olla Community Plan a visual corridor no les depth of the premise al Development Perm permit condition woul	and Local Coa ss than the sid which would hit per San Did d ensure that	stal Program. The de yard setbacks, be preserved as a ego Municipal Cod : a substantial adv	project would or more than deed restrict le Section 132.	l be 10 feet in ion as a .0403(b).
including but not	nage scenic resources, : limited to, trees, rock d historic buildings enic highway?				
The project is situated scenic resources (trees project would not resusymbol or landmark, athe project vicinity. The 90-degree view cone, had the project, impacts wo	s, rock outcroppings, on the physical loss, s none are identified the project site is locate nowever, a substantia	or historic bu , isolation, or by the Gener d within a de ll adverse effe	ildings) located or degradation of a o al Plan or commu signated scenic ov	n the project si community ide nity plan as oc verlook and ac	te. The entification ccurring in ljacent to a
	rade the existing visual lity of the site and its				\boxtimes
The project site is deve family residential units by the General Plan, co substantially degrade t therefore, no impact w	s. The project is comp ommunity plan land u the existing visual cha	atible with thuse and zonin	e surrounding dev g designations. Th	velopment and ne project wou	d permitted ld not
	urce of substantial light uld adversely affect day vs in the area?			\boxtimes	

Lighting

The project would comply with the outdoor lighting standards in Municipal Code Section 142.0740 (*Outdoor Lighting Regulations*) that require all outdoor lighting be installed, shielded, and adjusted so that the light is directed in a manner that minimizes negative impacts from light pollution, including trespass, glare, and to control light from falling onto surrounding properties. Therefore, lighting installed with the project would not adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area, resulting in a less than significant lighting impact.

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Glar	2				
exter struc	oroject would comply with Municipal C rior materials utilized for proposed stru tures would consist of wood siding, wo rete or natural stone. The project woul	uctures be lim ood shingles,	nited to specific ref adobe and concre	Tectivity rating te blocks, bric	gs. The
	uch, the project would not create a new t day or nighttime views in the area; in				d adversely
II.	AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST RESOURCES: In de environmental effects, lead agencies may refer Model (1997) prepared by the California Depart impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determ significant environmental effects, lead agencies Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources.	to the California ment of Conserval nining whether in may refer to info 's inventory of fo ect; and forest ca	Agricultural Land Evaluation as an optional managed process to forest resource ormation compiled by the prest land, including the rbon measurement me	lation and Site As odel to use in ass ces, including tim he California Dep e Forest and Rang	sessment essing berland, are partment of e Assessment
	a) Converts Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
proje or Fa	oroject site is located within a develope ect site does not contain nor is it adjace armland of Statewide Importance (Farm aland Mapping and Monitoring Prograr ect would not result in the conversion of	ent to any lan nland) as sho n of the Califo	ds identified as Fai w on maps prepar ornia Resource Age	rmland, Uniqued pursuant to ency. Therefor	ie Farmland o the e, the
	b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?				
of th affectis no	r to response II (a), above. There are no e site. Furthermore, the project would ted by a Williamson Act Contract, as th t present on the site or in the general v amson Act Contract would result. No in	not affect anglere are none vicinity of the	y properties zoned within the project site; therefore, no	for agricultur vicinity. Agric	al use or ultural land
	c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 1220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				

ı	ssue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
or timl	oject would not conflict with existing perland zoned Timberland Production pacts would result.	•	•		
d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes
	o response II(c) above. Additionally, t ed land to non-forest use, as surround				-
e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
farmla	o response II (a) and II (c), above. The nd or forest land. No changes to any ore, no impact would result.		•		•
	R QUALITY – Where available, the significance ollution control district may be relied on to ma				ement or air
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				

The project site is located in the San Diego Air Basin (SDAB) and is under the jurisdiction of the San Diego Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) and the California Air Resources Board (CARB). Both the State of California and the Federal government have established health-based Ambient Air Quality Standards (AAQS) for the following six criteria pollutants: carbon monoxide (CO); ozone (O3); nitrogen oxides (NOx); sulfur oxides (SOx); particulate matter up to 10 microns in diameter (PM10); and lead (Pb). O₃ (smog) is formed by a photochemical reaction between NOx and reactive organic compounds (ROCs). Thus, impacts from O₃ are assessed by evaluating impacts from NOx and ROCs. A new increase in pollutant emissions determines the impact on regional air quality as a result of a proposed project. The results also allow the local government to determine whether a proposed project would deter the region from achieving the goal of reducing pollutants in accordance with the Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) in order to comply with Federal and State AAQS.

The SDAPCD and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) are responsible for developing and implementing the clean air plan for attainment and maintenance of the ambient air quality standards in the SDAB. The County Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) was initially adopted in 1991 and is updated on a triennial basis (most recently in 2009). The RAQS outlines the SDAPCD's plans and control measures designed to attain the state air quality standards for ozone (O₃). The RAQS relies on information from the CARB and SANDAG, including mobile and area source emissions, as well as information regarding projected growth in San Diego County and the cities in the county, to project future emissions and then determine the strategies necessary for the reduction of emissions

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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through regulatory controls. CARB mobile source emission projections and SANDAG growth projections are based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by San Diego County and the cities in the county as part of the development of their general plans.

The RAQS relies on SANDAG growth projections based on population, vehicle trends, and land use plans developed by the cities and by the county as part of the development of their general plans. As such, projects that propose development that is consistent with the growth anticipated by local plans would be consistent with the RAQS. However, if a project proposes development that is greater than that anticipated in the local plan and SANDAG's growth projections, the project might be in conflict with the RAQS and may contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact on air quality.

The project is consistent with the General Plan, community plan land use designation, and the underlying zone. Therefore, the project would be consistent with the RAQS and would not obstruct implementation of the RAQS. No impacts would result.

h)	Violate any air quality standard or			
۵,	contribute substantially to an existing		\boxtimes	
	or projected air quality violation?			

Short-Term (Construction) Emissions. Construction-related activities are temporary, short-term sources of air emissions. Sources of construction-related air emissions include fugitive dust from grading activities; construction equipment exhaust; construction-related trips by workers, delivery trucks, and material-hauling trucks; and construction-related power consumption.

Variables that factor into the total construction emissions potentially generated include the level of activity, length of construction period, number of pieces and types of equipment in use, site characteristics, weather conditions, number of construction personnel, and the amount of materials to be transported on or offsite.

Fugitive dust emissions are generally associated with land-clearing and grading operations. Construction operations would include standard measures as required by City of San Diego grading permit to limit potential air quality impacts. Therefore, impacts associated with fugitive dust are considered less than significant and would not violate an air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. No mitigation measures are required.

Long-Term (Operational) Emissions. Long-term air emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources related to any change caused by a project. The project would produce minimal stationary sources emissions. The project is compatible with the surrounding development and is permitted by the General Plan, community plan land use and zoning designation. Based on the residential land use, project emissions over the long-term are not anticipated to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Impacts would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable			
	net increase of any criteria pollutant for		\boxtimes	
	which the project region is non-			

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?				
other point impleme constructions cumulat	ribed above, construction operations ollutants. However, construction eminants of Best Management Practication activities to a less than significatively considerable net increase of arent under applicable federal or state nificant.	issions would ces (BMPs) w ant level. The ny criteria pol	l be temporary and ould reduce potent refore, the project valutant for which the	short-term ial impacts r would not re e project reg	in duration; related to esult in a gion is a non-
d)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			\boxtimes	
Odors wo of the production of people of the people of the people of the people.	rm (Construction) rould be generated from vehicles an roject. Odors produced during consted hydrocarbons from tailpipes of core temporary and generally occur at e. Therefore, impacts would be less rm (Operational) tial dwelling units, in the long-term of such odors nor are they anticipal Therefore, project operations would be less considered the project:	eruction would onstruction end magnitudes than signification operation, are ted to genera	d be attributable to quipment and arch that would not affe ant. e not uses typically ate odors affecting	o concentrati itectural coa ct a substan associated v a substantia	ions of itings. Such tial number vith the
	Have substantial adverse effects, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
landscap northerr designat occur or	ect site is developed with a single-dece. The project site does contain send property line. The sensitive vegetated open space by the Community Parthe southwest side of the existing sec, no impacts would occur.	nsitive biologi tion off-site is lan. The proj	cal resources on sits within the Multi-h ect proposes an ad	te and adjace abitat Plann dition, which	ent to the ing Area and n would
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations				\boxtimes

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
project	oject site is urban developed within a proposes an addition, which would o g unit approximately 150-feet away f	occur on the s	southwest side of	the existing s	ingle
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
There a	re no wetlands or water of the Unite	d States on o	r near the site. No	impacts wou	lld occur.
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				
	oject site is urban developed within a ent of any wildlife or the use of any v				•
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				
units pe and wit	o response IV (a), above. The project of er acre) per the La Jolla Community P hin a residential setting. The project ing biological resources. Therefore, r	lan and Local would not co	Coastal Program.	The site is de	eveloped
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or				\boxtimes

The project is located in a developed urban area and is adjacent to the City's Multi-Habitat Planning Area (MHPA), however, the addition to the existing single-dwelling unit would occur more than 150 feet away from the MHPA and sensitive vegetation. The project would not conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan or other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

state habitat conservation plan?

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
V. CULTURAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
 Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in §15064.5? 		\boxtimes		

The purpose and intent of the Historical Resources Regulations of the Land Development Code (Chapter 14, Division 3, and Article 2) is to protect, preserve and, where damaged, restore the historical resources of San Diego. The regulations apply to all proposed development within the City of San Diego when historical resources are present on the premises. Before approving discretionary projects, CEQA requires the Lead Agency to identify and examine the significant adverse environmental effects which may result from that project. A project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource may have a significant effect on the environment (sections 15064.5(b) and 21084.1). A substantial adverse change is defined as demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration activities, which would impair historical significance (sections 15064.5(b)(1)). Any historical resource listed in, or eligible to be listed in the California Register of Historical Resources, including archaeological resources, is considered to be historically or culturally significant.

The City of San Diego criteria for determination of historic significance, pursuant to CEQA, is evaluated based upon age (over 45 years), location, context, association with an important event, uniqueness, or structural integrity of the building. Projects requiring the demolition and/or modification of structures that are 45 years or older can result in potential impacts to a historical resource. The existing structures were identified as being less than 45 years in age. Therefore, no impact would result.

b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in		
	the significance of an archaeological		
	resource pursuant to §15064.5?		

Many areas of San Diego County, including mesas and the coast, are known for intense and diverse prehistoric occupation and important archaeological and historical resources. The region has been inhabited by various cultural groups spanning 10,000 years or more. The project area is located within an area identified as sensitive on the City of San Diego Historical Resources Sensitivity Maps. Qualified City staff conducted a records search of the California Historic Resources Information System (CHRIS) digital database; the search identified several previously recorded historic and prehistoric sites in the project vicinity. Based on this information, there is a potential for buried cultural resources to be impacted through implementation of the project. Therefore, an archaeological survey report was prepared by Brian F. Smith & Associates, Inc. (October 16, 2017), which included literature review, record search, Native American Consultation, and completion of a pedestrian field survey of the parcel along with a Native American monitor from Red Tail Monitoring & Research, Inc. on September 26, 2017, per the City's requirements. The results and conclusions of the technical report are summarized below.

The coastal area to the north, west and south have yielded substantial cultural remains that document prehistoric occupation. A total of 33 known cultural resources and 20 historical addresses are present within a one-mile radius of the project site, and four archaeological sites are present within a quarter-mile. A previously recorded site is located approximately 130 feet southeast of the project site.

ptentially Significant gnificant Mitigation	t with Significant Impact	No Impact
	otentially Significan gnificant Mitigat	gnificant With Significant Mitigation

The pedestrian field survey was conducted by walking transects in three-meter intervals across the project site, where possible. Although the existing residence and hardscape cover much of the property, areas of planting along the periphery and exposed soil in the lawn, planters, and cliff face offered opportunities to view the ground. Surface visibility was approximately 20 percent, and the location of planned improvements was generally covered by building or hardscape. Due to the close proximity of the previously recorded site, five shovel test pits were excavated to determine if any evidence of cultural deposits were present. No cultural resources were observed during the survey and the soil profiles indicated the area was previously disturbed by grading of the existing lot. Based upon the results of the survey, records search, and test pits, there is a potential for cultural resources to exist on the project site, and monitoring during ground disturbing activities would be required.

Therefore, a Mitigation Monitoring Reporting Program, as detailed within Section V of the MND, would be implemented. With implementation of the historical resources monitoring program, potential impacts on historical resources would be reduced to less than significant.

c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique		
	paleontological resource or site or		\boxtimes
	unique geologic feature?		

According to the site-specific Geotechnical Update prepared by SCST, Inc. dated May 25, 201, the project site is underlain by documented fill, landslide debris, and Scripps Formation. Landslide debris underlies the portion of the lot north of the residence and underlies portions of the coastal bluff. Scripps Formation underlies the residence and the upper portion of the bluff beneath the landslide debris. Documented fill and landslide debris are not sensitive for paleontological resources. Scripps Formation has a high sensitivity for paleontological resources. Grading operations would entail approximately 55 cubic yards of cut with a maximum cut depth of five feet. Therefore, the project would not exceed the City's Significance Determination Thresholds. No impact would result.

d)	Disturb and human remains, including		
	those interred outside of dedicated		\boxtimes
	cemeteries?		

The area to be impacted by the project has been heavily disturbed by grading for the original construction, and the potential for subsurface deposits to remain in these areas is extremely low. While there is a very low possibility of encountering human remains during subsequent project construction activities, it is noted that activities would be required to comply with state regulations that are intended to preclude impacts to human remains. Per CEQA Section 15064.5(e), the California Public Resources Code (Section 5097.98) and State Health and Safety Code (Section 7050.5), if human remains are discovered during construction, work would be required to halt in that area, and no soil would be exported off-site until a determination could be made regardingthe provenance of the human remains via the County Coroner and other authorities as required.

Issu	ıe		Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Significant Impact	No Impact
VI. GEOL	OGY	AND SOILS – Would the project:				
a)	-	ose people or structures to potential su llving:	bstantial advers	e effects, including the	risk of loss, injury	, or death
	i)	Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
of the pr within ar requiren construc	ojeo n Alo nen tior mpa	known active fault is the Rose Cast site. The site is not traversed liquist-Priolo Fault Zone. The projet of the California Building Code practices, to be verified at the lacts to people or structures to an inificant	by an active, pect would be , utilize prope building pern	potentially active, required to comp er engineering des nit stage, in order	or inactive fau lly with seismio sign and stand to ensure that	lt and is not c ard would
	ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?				
located t utilizatio reduce t	hro n of he p	ld be affected by seismic activity ughout the Southern California standard construction practice octential impacts associated with mpacts would be less than signif	area. Implem s, to be verifi h seismic gro	nentation of prope ed at the building	er engineering permit stage,	design and would
	iii)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				
causing to would have relatively consider would re proper e building	the ave ded l duc ngii per	generally occurs when loose, usoils to lose cohesion. According a very low risk of liquefaction dunse underlying sedimentary malow. The project would be require impacts to people or structuration of mit stage, would ensure that the in less than significant.	g to the site-sue to the lack terials. There red to comply es to an acce	pecific geotechnic of shallow depth fore, risk of liquef with the Californ ptable level of risk nstruction practice	al investigatio groundwater a faction would l ia Building Coo a Implementat es, to be verific	n, the site and the see that sion of set the set at the
	iv)	Landslides?			\boxtimes	

Potentially

Less Than

Less Than

According to the site-specific geotechnical investigation, it appears there has been a few feet of bluff top retreat recently due to scarp erosion. Additionally, in the past two landslides have been identified along the cliff face to the west but are now in relatively stable condition. Implementation of proper engineering design and utilization of standard construction practices, to be verified at the

	Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	ng permit stage, would ensure that the table level of risk. Impacts would be le	•		e reduced to a	an
k	o) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			\boxtimes	
The p imple requir Stand levels consis	olition and construction activities would roject would be required to comply with mentation of appropriate best managed to comply with the City of San Diegards, which would ensure soil erosion. Furthermore, permanent storm wate stent with the City's regulations. Therefore on or loss of topsoil, therefore impacts	th the City's sement practi go Grading O and topsoil in r BMPs woul fore, the pro	Storm Water Stand ces (BMPs). Gradin rdinance as well as oss is minimized to dalso be required ject would not resu	ards which re g activities wo s the Storm Wo o less than sig post-construc	quires the buld be ater nificant
C	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?			\boxtimes	
landsl geolog desigr hazar	cussed in Section VI(a) and VI(b), the p lides along the bluff, and the potential gic units underlying the site are consid n would be required to comply with the ds associated with expansive soils wou cts due to expansive soils are expected	for liquefact lered to have e requireme uld be reduce	ion and subsidence a "low" expansion nts of the California ed to an acceptable	e is low. The s potential. The a Building Cod	oils and e project de, ensuring
C	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
comp peopl prope buildi	roject site is considered to have low ex ly with seismic requirements of the Ca e or structures due to local seismic eve er engineering design and utilization of ng permit stage, would ensure that the I remain less than significant.	lifornia Build ents to an ac standard co	ling Code that wou ceptable level of ri nstruction practice	ld reduce imp sk. Implement es, to be verific	eacts to tation of ed at the
€	e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				

The project site is located within an area that is already developed with existing infrastructure (i.e., water and sewer lines) and does not propose any septic system. In addition, the project does not

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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require the construction of any new facilities as it relates to wastewater, as services are available to serve the project. No impact would occur.

VII. GR	EENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS – Would the project:		
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the		

Climate Action Plan

The City adopted the Climate Action Plan (CAP) in December 2015 (City of San Diego 2015). With implementation of the CAP, the City aims to reduce emissions 15% below the baseline to approximately 11.1 million metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent (MMT CO2E) by 2020, 40% below the baseline to approximately 7.8 MMT CO2E by 2030, and 50% below the baseline to approximately 6.5 MMT CO2E by 2035. The City has identified the following five CAP strategies to reduce GHG emissions to achieve the 2020 and 2035 targets: (1) energy- and water-efficient buildings; (2) clean and renewable energy; (3) bicycling, walking, transit, and land use; (4) zero waste (gas and waste management); and (5) climate resiliency. The City's CAP Consistency Checklist, adopted July 12, 2016, is the primary document used by the City to ensure project-by-project consistency with the underlying assumptions in the CAP and thereby to ensure that the City would achieve the emission reduction targets identified in its CAP.

CAP Consistency Checklist

The CAP Consistency Checklist is the City's significance threshold utilized to ensure project-by-project consistency with the underlying assumptions in the CAP and to ensure that the City would achieve its emission reduction targets identified in the CAP. The CAP Consistency Checklist includes a three-step process to determine project if the project would result in a GHG impact. Step 1 consists of an evaluation to determine the project's consistency with existing General Plan, Community Plan, and zoning designations for the site. Step 2 consists of an evaluation of the project's design features compliance with the CAP strategies. Step 3 is only applicable if a project is not consistent with the land use and/or zone, but is also in a transit priority area to allow for more intensive development than assumed in the CAP.

Under Step 1 of the CAP Consistency Checklist, the project is consistent with the existing General Plan and La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program land use designations and zoning for the site. Therefore, the project is consistent with the growth projections and land use assumptions used in the CAP. Furthermore, completion of Step 2 of the CAP Consistency Checklist demonstrates that the project would be consistent with applicable strategies and actions for reducing GHG emissions. This includes project features consistent with the energy and water efficient buildings strategy, as well as bicycling, walking, transit, and land use strategy. These project features would be assured as a condition of project approval. Thus, the project is consistent with the CAP. Step 3 of the CAP Consistency Checklist would not be applicable, as the project is not proposing a land use amendment or a rezone.

Based on the project's consistency with the City's CAP Consistency Checklist, the project's contribution of GHGs to cumulative statewide emissions would be less than cumulatively

Is	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
conside	erable. Therefore, the project's direct	and cumula	tive GHG emission	s would have	a less than
significa	ant impact on the environment.				
b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				
Refer to	Section VII (a). Impacts would be les	s than signif	icant.		
VIII. HAZ	ZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would	the project:			
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?			\boxtimes	
etc.), wl such su create a transpo	uction of the project may require the hich would require proper storage, his stances may be present during con a significant public hazard. Once consort, use, or disposal of hazardous mater, impacts would be less than significant public hazardous mater.	andling, use struction of structed, due terials on or	and disposal. Althor the project, they a to the nature of t	ough minimal re not anticipa he project, the	amounts of ated to e routine
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
disposa	ed in previous response VIII (a), no he al of hazardous materials would resu not be associated with such impacts.	lt from the ir	nplementation of t	he project. Th	ne project
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
	iversity of California San Diego is loca would not emit hazardous materials		•		
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				\boxtimes

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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A search of potential hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 was completed for the project site. Several databases and resources were consulted including the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) EnviroStor database, the California State Water Resources Control Board GeoTracker database, and other sources of potential hazardous materials sites available on the California EPA website. Based on the searches conducted, no contaminated sites are on or adjacent to the project site. Furthermore, the project site was not identified on the DTSC Cortese List. Therefore, the project would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment. No impacts would result.

trie put	one of the environment. No impacts v	vould result.			
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two mile of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
•	oject is not located within an airport la use airport. No impact would result.	and use plan,	or within two m	iles of a public	airport or
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
	o response VIII(e) above. The project sacts will occur.	site is not in p	proximity to any p	orivate airstrip	Therefore,
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
emerge	oject would not impair the implement ency response plan or evacuation pla re with circulation or access, and all c	n. No roadwa	y improvements	are proposed	that would
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?			\boxtimes	

The project site is located adjacent to a canyon with natural and native vegetation. However, the project would be required to comply with City Brush Management Regulations, Section 142.0412 of the Municipal Code. Compliance with these regulations would ensure impacts are less than significant.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
IX. HYDR	OLOGY AND WATER QUALITY - Would the p	roject:	•		
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				
applicable be routed with the	ject was reviewed and approved by ole water quality standards and wate ed to the existing City of San Diego p City of San Diego's Storm Water Stater eer quality impacts would remain be	er discharge oublic convey andards and	requirements. In ac vance system (curb Best Management	ddition, all ru and gutters).	noff would Compliance
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				
project v groundv project v groundv	ject does not require the construction would not introduce significant new water recharge, as the site is already would not substantially deplete growater recharge. The project is located is project would connect to the existence.	impervious developed undwater su ed in an urba	surfaces that could with impervious su pplies or interfere s n neighborhood wh	interfere wit rfaces. There substantially v nere all infras	h fore, the with tructures
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?				
Under the southwere remaining site disconnections.	pecific Drainage Study was prepared the existing conditions, approximate est corner where it collects into a slo ng half of the site drains to the storn harge occurs at 4.76 cubic feet per s of discharge and would redirect sto m water drainage system located in	ly half of the ot drain, whic m water drai second. The ormwater pre	site drains southed th drains over the b nage system on La proposed developr eviously directed to	esterly and w Juff when at Jolla Shores l nent would m	esterly to the capacity. The ane. The naintain the
through project v	re no streams or rivers located on-s the proposed grading activities. Alt would implement BMPs to ensure the ur. Impacts would be less than signit	hough gradi hat substanti	ng would be require	ed for the pro	oject, the
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including				

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
	through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site?						
Refer to XI(c), the project would not significantly alter the overall drainage pattern for the site or area, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner that would result in flooding on- or off-site. Although site drainage would be altered slightly, the flows would be directed away from any steep hillside and would comply with San Diego Municipal Code Section 143.0142(f). Impacts would be less than significant.							
e)	Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?						
The project would be required to comply with all City storm water standards during and after construction. Appropriate best management practices would be implemented to ensure that water quality is not degraded; therefore, ensuring that project runoff is directed to appropriate drainage systems. Any runoff from the site is not anticipated to exceed the capacity of existing storm water systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff. Impacts would be less than significant.							
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?						
Refer to Section IX (a). The project would be required to comply with all City storm water standards both during and after construction, using appropriate best management practices that would ensure that water quality is not degraded. Impacts would be less than significant.							
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?						
	The project site is not located within a 100-year flood hazard area or any other known flood area. Therefore, no impacts would occur.						
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area, structures that would impede or redirect flood flows?						

The project site is not located within a 100-year flood hazard area or any other known flood area. Therefore, no impacts would occur.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
X. LAND	USE AND PLANNING – Would the project:				
a)	Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes
commun nature of physical	ject is compatible with the surround nity plan land use and zoning design of the surrounding area and would r lly divide the community. Thus, the p an established community. No imp	nations. The not introduce project would	project would not see any barriers or produced the produced in the second second in the second in th	substantially o oject features	thange the sthat could
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				\boxtimes
Refer to	response X (a). No impacts would re	esult.			
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				
applicat conflict	ject is located within a developed re ble habitat conservation plan or natu with the City's Multiple Species Cons the adjacent Multi-habitat Planning	ural commur servation Pla	nity conservation pl n (MSCP), in that th	an. The proje ne project wo	ct would not
XI. MINE	RAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				\boxtimes
nature o	re no known mineral resources loca of the project site and vicinity would would result.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		•
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				\boxtimes

See XI (a), above. The project site has not been delineated on a local general, specific or other land use plan as a locally important mineral resource recovery site, and no such resources would be affected with project implementation. Therefore, no impacts were identified.

Iss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
XII. NOIS	E – Would the project result in:					
a)	Generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?					
Short-term noise impacts would be associated with onsite grading, and construction activities of the project. Construction-related short-term noise levels would be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area but would no longer occur once construction is completed. Sensitive receptors (e.g. residential uses) occur in the immediate area and may be temporarily affected by construction noise; however, construction activities would be required to comply with the construction hours specified in the City's Municipal Code (Section 59.5.0404, Construction Noise) which are intended to reduce potential adverse effects resulting from construction noise. With compliance to the City's noise ordinance, project construction noise levels would be reduced to less than significant.						
For the long-term, typical noise levels associated with residential uses are anticipated, and the project would not result in an increase in the existing ambient noise level. The project would not result in noise levels in excess of standards established in the City of San Diego General Plan or Noise Ordinance. No significant long-term impacts would occur, therefore impacts would be less than significant.						
b)	Generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?					
Pile driving activities that would potentially result in ground borne vibration or ground borne noise are not anticipated with construction of the project. As described in Response to XII (a) above, potential effects from construction noise would be reduced through compliance with the City's Noise Ordinance. Impacts would be less than significant.						
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?					
The project would not significantly increase long-term noise levels. The project would not introduce a new land use, or significantly increase the intensity of the allowed land use. Post-construction noise levels and traffic would not substantially increase as compared to the existing residential use. Therefore, no substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels is anticipated. A less than significant impact would occur.						
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above existing without the project?					

The project would not expose people to a substantial increase in temporary or periodic ambient noise levels. Construction noise would result during grading, demolition, and construction activities, but would be temporary in nature. Construction-related noise impacts from the project would

lss	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
once co Diego M measur	ly be higher than existing ambient nonstruction is completed. In addition funicipal Code, Article 9.5, Noise Abares would reduce potential impacts full to a less than significant level.	, the project atement and	would be required Control. Impleme	to comply wit ntation of thes	h the San e standard
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the area to excessive noise levels?				
Marine	re no airports located within or adja Corps Air Station (MCAS) Miramar. T lementation of the project is consid	he risk of air	craft related noise	exposure ass	ociated with
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
The pro	ject is not located within the vicinity	of a private	airstrip. No impact	s would occur	
XIII. POF	PULATION AND HOUSING – Would the projec	t:			
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
develop extensio	eject is located within a developed re oment. The project site currently reco on of infrastructure to new areas is a ntial population growth in the area. I	eives water a required. As	nd sewer service f such, the project w	rom the City, a	ind no
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
	n displacement would result. The pr lwelling unit. No impacts would occ	-	construct new add	ition to an exis	sting single-
c)	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes

Potentially Less Than
Potentially Significant with Less Than
Issue Significant Mitigation Impact
Impact Incorporated

No such displacement would result. The project would construct new addition to an existing single-family dwelling unit. No impacts would occur.

XIV. PUB	BLIC S	ERVICES						
a)	Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provisions of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service rations, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:							
	i)	Fire protection			\boxtimes			
project i not requ	wou uire	site is located in an urbanized area ld not adversely affect existing leve the construction of new or expando ss than significant.	ls of fire protect	ion services to t	he area and v	vould		
	ii)	Police protection						
project i not requ	The project site is located in an urbanized area where police protection services are provided. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of police protection services to the area and would not require the construction of new or expanded governmental facilities. Impacts to fire protection would be less than significant.							
	iii)	Schools						
or expan where p on publ	nsio oubli ic sc	would not affect existing levels of p n of a school facility. The project sit c school services are available. The hools over that which currently exist demand for public educational serv	e is located in ar project would n sts and is not an	n urbanized and ot significantly i ticipated to resu	developed and the developed an	rea lemand		
	iv)	Parks						
available regional to resul	e. Th l par t in a	site is located in an urbanized and one project would not significantly in this or other recreational facilities on a significant increase in demand for ss than significant.	crease the dema ver that which pr	and on existing resently exists a	neighborhood nd is not antic	d or cipated		
	v)	Other public facilities						

The project site is located in an urbanized and developed area where City services are already available. The project would not adversely affect existing levels of public services and not require the construction or expansion of an existing governmental facility. Impacts would be less than significant.

lss	ue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XV. RECF	REATION				
a)	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
	ject would not adversely affect the a onal resources. The project would n	-		•	
would n would n recreation or facilit	ot require the construction or expar ot significantly increase the use of e onal facilities. Therefore, the project ies such that substantial deterioration on of recreational facilities to satisfy	nsion of an ex xisting neigh is not anticip on occurs, or	kisting governmen porhood or region pated to result in the that would require	tal facility. Th al parks or of ne use of ava e the constru	e project ther ilable parks ction or
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
	XV (a) above. The project does not nsion of any such facilities.	propose recr	eation facilities no	r require the	construction
XVI. TRA	NSPORTATION/TRAFFIC – Would the project?				
a)	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?				

The City of San Diego Traffic Impact Study Manual does not require a Traffic Impact Study for projects that conform to the community plan and generates less than 1,000 average daily trips (ADT). Per the City of San Diego's Transportation General Manual, the trip rate for a single-family unit in an urbanized area is 10 ADT per dwelling unit. The project is not expected to substantially adversely affect the performance of surrounding street segments and intersections. Therefore, the project would not conflict with the applicable City of San Diego regulations establishing thresholds of effectiveness for the circulation system around the project site, resulting in a less than significant impact.

The project does not propose any changes to the public transit system, bicycle lanes, or pedestrian circulation. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

Issue		Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
b)	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?			\boxtimes		
policy es	response XVI (a). The project would stablishing measures of effectivenes e less than significant.			•		
c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?			\boxtimes		
The project would not result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks in that the project would be consistent with land use plans and underlying zones. Implementation of the project would not result in a change in air traffic patterns, as they would not be constructed at a height that would impair air travel; nor result in either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks in that the project would be consistent with land use plans and underlying zones. The project would not result in a substantial safety risk. Impacts would be less than significant.						
d)	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?					
that wou to the pr via La Jo manual	ject would not alter existing circulatiuld increase potential hazards are project site or adjacent properties. Acolla Shores Lane. The project has been and Municipal Code regulations and ys. No impacts would result.	roposed. The cess would o en designed i	e project would not continue to be prov n accordance with	affect emerg vided to the p the City's stre	ency access roject site eet design	
e) access?	Result in inadequate emergency				\boxtimes	
emerge	ject is consistent with the communit ncy access. The project design would design requirements to ensure that esult.	d be subject	to City review and	approval for c	onsistency	
f)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or					

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		Incorporated		

otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?

The project would not alter the existing conditions of the project site or adjacent facilities with regard to alternative transportation. Construction of the project would not result in design measures or circulation features that would conflict with existing policies, plan, or programs supporting alternative transportation. No impacts would result.

XVII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES - Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal

cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:

a) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of Sources, or in a local register of Sources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or

The project would not cause a substantial adverse effect to tribal cultural resources, as there are no recorded sites listed or sites eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined by the Public Resources Code. No impact would result.

b) A resource determined by the lead
agency, in its discretion and supported
by substantial evidence, to be
significant pursuant to criteria set forth
in subdivision (c) of Public Resources
Code section 5024.1. In applying the
criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of
Public Resource Code section 5024.1,
the lead agency shall consider the
significance of the resource to a
California Native American tribe.

Tribal Cultural Resources include sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, and sacred places or objects that have cultural value or significance to a Native American Tribe. Tribal Cultural Resources include "non-unique archaeological resources" that, instead of being important for "scientific" value as a resource, can also be significant because of the sacred and/or cultural tribal value of the resource. Tribal representatives are considered experts appropriate for providing substantial evidence regarding the locations, types, and significance of tribal cultural resources within their traditionally and cultural affiliated geographic area (PRC § 21080.3.1(a)).

Tribal Cultural Resources could potentially be impacted through project implementation. Therefore, to determine significance of the resources, staff consulted with the lipay Nation of Santa Isabel and the Jamul Indian Village, tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area. Both Tribes concurred with the staff's determination of archaeological monitoring with a Native American monitor present during ground-disturbing activities (as described in Cultural Resources, Section V.a.). No additional Tribal Cultural Resources were identified during consultation.

Issue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
A Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting P Negative Declaration (MND), would be im program, potential impacts on historical i	plemented. Wit	h implementation	of the monito	ring
XVIII. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the	e project:			
 a) Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board? 				
mplementation of the project would not surrounding development. The project is wastewater. Wastewater facilities used by applicable wastewater treatment require RWQCB). Existing sewer infrastructure exadequate services are available to serve to	not anticipated y the project wo ments of the Re kists within roac	to generate signituld be operated in gional Water Qualways surrounding	ficant amount n accordance w lity Control Bo g the project s	of with the ard ite and
b) Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
See XVII (a) above. Adequate services are require the construction or expansion of				
c) Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				\boxtimes
The project would not exceed the capacit construction of new or expanded treatme effects. The project was reviewed by qual are adequately sized to accommodate the	ent facilities of w lified City staff w	which would cause who determined th	e significant en nat the existing	vironmenta g facilities
d) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				
The project does not meet the CEQA sign prepare a water supply assessment. The the City, and adequate services are availatexpanded entitlements. Impacts would be	existing project ble to serve the	site currently reco	eives water sei	vice from
e) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the				

ls	sue	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
Adequa	uction of the project would not advente services are available to serve the would be less than significant.	-	-		
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				
demolit family r approp would b anticipa the proj Recycla Ordinar (C&D) D both co	is disposal needs. Construction debtion of the existing single-family restricted unit. All construction was riate facility, which would have adected generated by the project. Long-tested to generate typical amounts of ject would be required to comply while Materials Storage Regulations (Ince (Municipal Code Chapter 6, Articologies) Deposit Ordinance (Municipal Code) are considered onal phase. Impacts are considered	idence and co ste from the p quate capacity erm operation solid waste as ith the City's N Municipal Cod cle 6, Division I Code Chapte tion phase an	nstruction of the roject site would late to accept the lim of the proposed ssociated with resulunicipal Code (in e Chapter 14, Artion 7), and the Constitute 6, Article 6, Division of the constitute of the const	addition to the permanent of the control of the con	e single- d to an of waste that it is furthermore, efuse and 8), Recycling emolition ersion of
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulation related to solid waste?			\boxtimes	
waste. Tor requing tequire	oject would comply with all Federal, The project would not result in the gire the transport of hazardous wast the construction phase. All demolitiments for diversion of both construthe long-term, operational phase. In	generation of te materials, o on activities w action waste d	large amounts of ther than minima ould comply with uring the demolit	solid waste, no amounts ger any City of Sa ion phase and	or generate nerated in Diego
XIX. MAI	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or		\boxtimes		

As documented in this Initial Study, the project may have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, notably with respect to Historical Resources (Archaeology) and Tribal Cultural Resources. As such, mitigation measures have been incorporated to reduce impacts to less than significant as outlined within the Initial Study.

0)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable		
	future projects)?		

Cumulative environmental impacts are those impacts that by themselves are not significant, but when considered with impacts occurring from other projects in the vicinity would result in a cumulative impact. Related projects considered to have the potential of creating cumulative impacts in association with the project consist of projects that are reasonably foreseeable and that would be constructed or operated during the life of the project. The project would be located in a developed area that is largely built out. No other construction projects are anticipated in the immediate area of the project.

As documented in this Initial Study, the project may have the potential to degrade the environment as a result of Historical Resources (Archaeology) and Tribal Cultural Resources impacts, which may have cumulatively considerable impacts when viewed in connection with the effects of other potential projects in the area. As such, mitigation measures have been identified to fully mitigate and reduce impacts to a less than significant level. Other future projects within the surrounding area would be required to comply with applicable local, State, and Federal regulations to reduce potential impacts to less than significant, or to the extent possible. As such, the project is not anticipated to contribute to potentially significant cumulative environmental impacts. Project impacts would be less than significant.

c)	effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings,		
	either directly or indirectly?		

As discussed throughout this document, it is not anticipated that the demolition, construction, and operation of the project would not cause environmental effects that would significantly directly or indirectly impact human beings. All impacts identified as being significant have been mitigated to below a level of significance. For this reason, all environmental effects fall below the thresholds established by the City of San Diego. Impacts would be less than significant.

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST REFERENCES

I. □ ⊠	City of San Diego General Plan Community Plans: La Jolla Community Plan and Local Coastal Program
II.	Agricultural Resources & Forest Resources City of San Diego General Plan U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, 1973 California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) Site Specific Report:
. 	Air Quality California Clean Air Act Guidelines (Indirect Source Control Programs) 1990 Regional Air Quality Strategies (RAQS) - APCD Site Specific Report:
IV. □ □	Biology City of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP), Subarea Plan, 1997 City of San Diego, MSCP, "Vegetation Communities with Sensitive Species and Vernal Pools" Maps, 1996
	City of San Diego, MSCP, "Multiple Habitat Planning Area" maps, 1997 Community Plan - Resource Element California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California," January 2001 California Department of Fish and Game, California Natural Diversity Database, "State and Federally-listed Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, "January 2001 City of San Diego Land Development Code Biology Guidelines Site Specific Report:
v.	Cultural Resources (includes Historical Resources and Built Environment) City of San Diego Historical Resources Guidelines City of San Diego Archaeology Library Historical Resources Board List Community Historical Survey: Site Specific Report: Phase I Cultural Resource Survey for 9046 La Jolla Shores Lane, prepared by Brian F. Smith and Associates, Inc., October 16, 2017.
VI. ⊠ □	Geology/Soils City of San Diego Seismic Safety Study U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Survey - San Diego Area, California, Part I and II, December 1973 and Part III, 1975 Site Specific Report:
	Geotechnical Update 9046 La Jolla Shores Lane, prepared by SCST LLC, May 25, 2017

VII.	Greennouse Gas Emissions Site Specific Penert: Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist	
	Site Specific Report: Climate Action Plan Consistency Checklist	
VIII.	Hazards and Hazardous Materials San Diego County Hazardous Materials Environmental Assessment Listing San Diego County Hazardous Materials Management Division FAA Determination State Assessment and Mitigation, Unauthorized Release Listing, Public Use Authorized Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan Site Specific Report:	
IX.	Hydrology/Drainage Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), National Flood Insurance Program-Floo Boundary and Floodway Map Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html Site Specific Report: Preliminary Drainage Study for Stylli Residence, prepared by Sowards and Brown Engineering, Inc., May 27, 2018	
x.	Land Use and Planning City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan City of San Diego Zoning Maps FAA Determination: Other Plans:	
XI.	Mineral Resources California Department of Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology, Mineral Land Classification Division of Mines and Geology, Special Report 153 - Significant Resources Maps City of San Diego General Plan: Conservation Element Site Specific Report:	
XII.	Noise City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan San Diego International Airport - Lindbergh Field CNEL Maps Brown Field Airport Master Plan CNEL Maps Montgomery Field CNEL Maps San Diego Association of Governments - San Diego Regional Average Weekday Traffic Volumes San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG	

	Site Specific Report:
XIII. □ □	Paleontological Resources City of San Diego Paleontological Guidelines Deméré, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh, "Paleontological Resources City of San Diego," Department of Paleontology San Diego Natural History Museum, 1996 Kennedy, Michael P., and Gary L. Peterson, "Geology of the San Diego Metropolitan Area, California. Del Mar, La Jolla, Point Loma, La Mesa, Poway, and SW 1/4 Escondido 7 1/2 Minute Quadrangles," California Division of Mines and Geology Bulletin 200, Sacramento, 1975 Kennedy, Michael P., and Siang S. Tan, "Geology of National City, Imperial Beach and Otay Mesa Quadrangles, Southern San Diego Metropolitan Area, California," Map Sheet 29, 1977
	Site Specific Report:
XIV.	Population / Housing City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Series 11/Series 12 Population Forecasts, SANDAG Other:
XV. □ □	Public Services City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan
XVI.	Recreational Resources City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan Department of Park and Recreation City of San Diego - San Diego Regional Bicycling Map Additional Resources:
XVII.	Transportation / Circulation City of San Diego General Plan Community Plan: San Diego Metropolitan Area Average Weekday Traffic Volume Maps, SANDAG San Diego Region Weekday Traffic Volumes, SANDAG Site Specific Report:
XVIII. □	Utilities Site Specific Report:
XIX.	Water Conservation Sunset Magazine, New Western Garden Book, Rev. ed. Menlo Park, CA: Sunset Magazine

XX.	Water Quality
	Clean Water Act Section 303(b) list, http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/tmdl/303d_lists.html
	Site Specific Report:

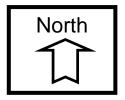
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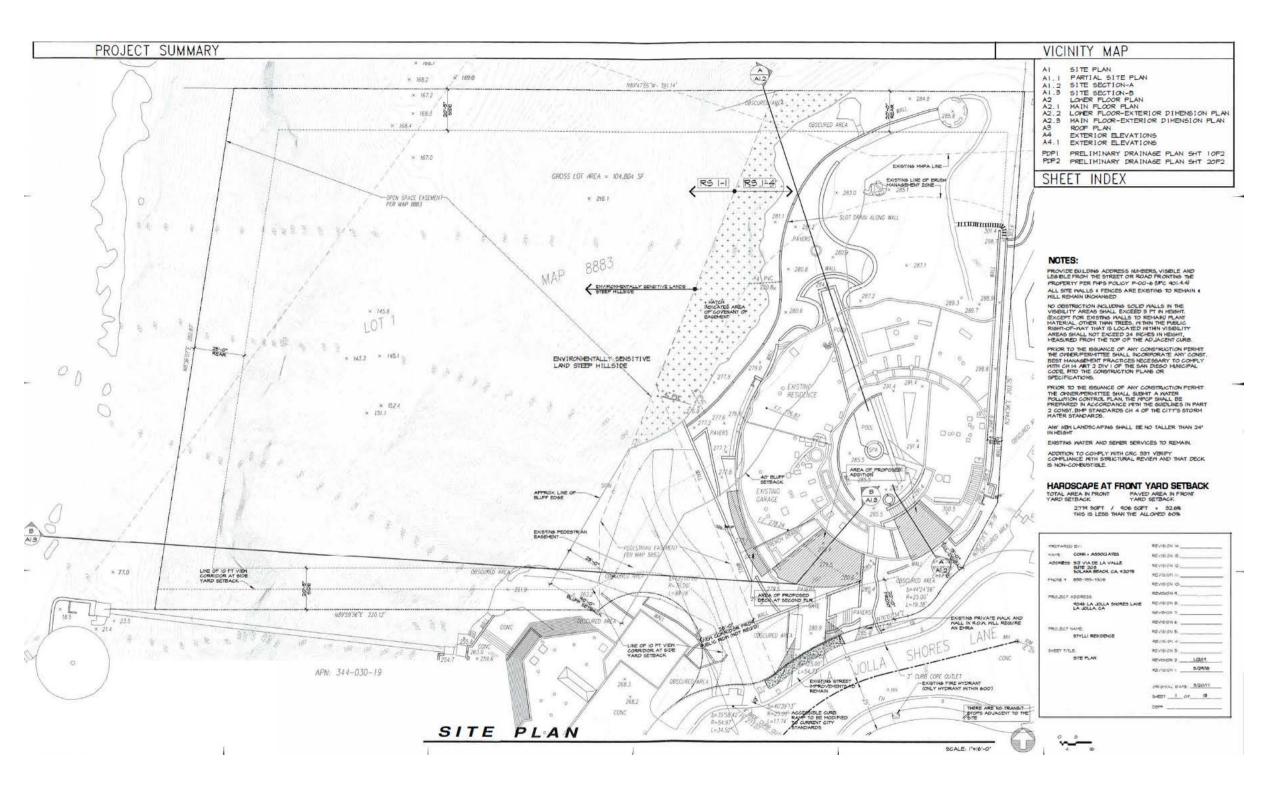




Project Location Map

<u>Stylli Residence – 9046 La Jolla Shores Lane</u> PROJECT NO. 543042







Site Plan

Stylli Residence CDP/SDP- 9046 La Jolla Shores Lane PROJECT NO. 543042

