

ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

ROSS 640 CONCAR DRIVE SAN MATEO, CALIFORNIA 94402

Client:

CALIFORNIA COASTAL PROPERTIES 149 AVENIDA GRANADA SAN CLEMENTE, CALIFORNIA 92672

Consultant:

B2 ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. 1090 ADAMS STREET, UNIT I BENICIA, CALIFORNIA 94510

B2E Project Number: 30069.0001

September 11, 2018

Prepared by:

Adam Wiese Sr. Industrial Hygienist

Reviewed by:

Bob Arritt, CHMM, ASP Principal

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1.0 SCOPE OF SERVICES

B2 Environmental, Inc. (B2E) performed a United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), (40 CFR, Part 61) asbestos survey of TJ MAXX located at 1880 South Grant Street, Suite A in San Mateo, California.

B2E provided an asbestos survey at the identified building in general accordance with the referenced agreement and as outlined below:

- 1. Review any existing asbestos reports relating to the site, if available.
- 2. Identify accessible suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM) in general accordance with the USEPA NESHAP, (40 CFR, Part 61).
- 3. Quantify any asbestos containing materials and record location

2.0 GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS

The survey was to determine suspect asbestos containing materials throughout the building. The building is constructed of concrete and metal. The survey did not include collection of bulk samples as the building was occupied at the time of inspection. B2E was not provided with a previous report.

3.0 ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

On September 5, 2018, B2E inspector Adam Wiese inspected the site for asbestos-containing building materials. Mr. Wiese has completed the requisite training for asbestos accreditation as an inspector at a state approved training provider under Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Title II. Mr. Wiese's State of California Site Surveillance number is 11-4832. Mr. Wiese worked under the direction of California Asbestos Consultant Bob Arritt, 11-4829

B2E visually inspected the site for the presence of suspect ACM. Materials that were hidden, not accessible (i.e. boilers, areas of safety concern), or when sampled would damage the integrity of the structure or component (i.e. electrical wiring), were not sampled as part of this survey. B2E did not sample materials that were visibly identified as non-asbestos (fibrous glass, foam rubber, wood, etc.). The asbestos survey consisted of three steps: 1) a visual inspection of the site(s); 2) a determination of homogeneous areas with suspect surfacing, thermal system insulation, and miscellaneous materials; and 3) sampling accessible, friable and non-friable, suspect materials.

Friable materials are materials that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials are materials that, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials, when subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting or abrading may become friable.

3.1 Homogeneous Areas

B2E identified homogeneous areas to facilitate a sampling strategy. A homogeneous sampling area is described as one or more areas with suspect material similar in appearance and texture that have the same installation date and function.



3.2 Suspect Asbestos-Containing Materials

The following table is a summary of the suspect ACM that have been determined, through laboratory analysis and/or assumed, to contain asbestos:

640 CONCAR DRIVE ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS							
MATERIAL	LOCATION	SAMPLE NUMBER	NESHAP CATEGORY	FRIABLE ⁽¹⁾	QUANTITY ⁽²⁾	ASBESTOS CONTENT	
Acoustic ceiling texture	Throughout	Assumed	RACM	Y	21,000 SF	Assumed	
2'x4' white ceiling tile	Retail area	Assumed	RACM	Υ	3,000 SF	Assumed	
12"x12" dark gray floor tile	Retail area	Assumed	CATI	N	8,900 SF	Assumed	
12"x12" light gray floor tile	Retail area	Assumed	CATI	N	4,000 SF	Assumed	
Carpet glue	Retail area	Assumed	CAT II	N	15,000 SF	Assumed	
Drywall and joint compound	Throughout	Assumed	RACM	Y	19,000 SF	Assumed	
6" black base cove	Retail area	Assumed	CAT II	N	300 SF	Assumed	
Stucco	Exterior	Assumed	CAT II	N	2,000 SF	Assumed	
Roofing and mastics	Roof	Assumed	CAT. I	N	20,000	Assumed	

sf = Square Feet, ND = Non Detect, NA = Not Applicable, If = Linear Feet, mf = Mechanical Fittings (1) Friability is based only on conditions that were observed during B2E's inspection of the site.

Any material that contains greater than one percent asbestos is considered an ACM and is categorized as either friable ACM or non-friable ACM. Friable ACM is categorized as regulated asbestos-containing material (RACM). There are two categories of non-friable materials: Category I non-friable ACM and Category II non-friable ACM.

- Category I non-friable ACM is any asbestos-containing packing, gasket, resilient floor covering or asphalt roofing product which contains more than one percent asbestos.
- Category II non-friable ACM is any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than one percent asbestos.

Building materials containing any detectable amounts of asbestos are regulated by Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), and applicable work practices and prohibitions must be followed accordingly.

State and local requirements may differ from NESHAP requirements. Consult with appropriate agencies prior to commencing abatement and/or demolition activities.



⁽²⁾ Actual quantities should be field verified.

4.0 ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The results, findings, conclusions, and recommendations expressed in this report are based solely on conditions noted during B2E's inspection of the site. Qualifications for the field personnel are provided in Appendix A. As the user of this report, the Client and respective contractors are advised of the following limitations on the information presented in this report.

- 1. This report is intended for the sole use of the Client. The scope of services performed in execution of this evaluation may not be appropriate to satisfy the needs of other users, and use or re-use of this document or the findings, conclusions, or recommendations is at the risk of said user.
- 2. Building materials may be present that where not accessible for testing by B2E and was, therefore, may not be discovered until after demolition/renovation activities begin.
- 3. The report is designed to aid the building owner, architect, construction manager, general contractor, and potential asbestos abatement contractor in locating ACM. Under <u>no</u> circumstances is the report to be utilized as a bidding document or as a project specification document since it does not have all the components required to serve as an Asbestos Project Design document or an Abatement Work Plan.
- 4. This asbestos inspection was performed in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by environmental professionals practicing contemporaneously under similar conditions in the area of the project in question. No other warranty, express or implied, is given and all other warranties are hereby expressly disclaimed. This report does not warrant against future operations or conditions, nor does it warrant against operations or conditions present of a type or at a location not investigated.
- 5. This report is not a comprehensive site evaluation and should not be construed as such. Only those structures specifically stated in Section 2.0 General Site Conditions are included in this report.

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APPENDIX A

QUALIFICATIONS



State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health Certified Site Surveillance Technician

Adam J Wiese



Certification No. 11-4832

Expires on __12/14/18

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 et seq. of the Business and Professions Code.

State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health **Certified Asbestos Consultant**



Certification No. 11-4829

Expires on 02/15/19

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 et sed, of the Business and Professions Code.





ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

RITE AID 666 CONCAR DRIVE SAN MATEO, CALIFORNIA 94402

Client:

CALIFORNIA COASTAL PROPERTIES 149 AVENIDA GRANADA SAN CLEMENTE, CALIFORNIA 92672

Consultant:

B2 ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. 1090 ADAMS STREET, UNIT I BENICIA, CALIFORNIA 94510

B2E Project Number: 30069.0001

September 11, 2018

Prepared by:

Adam Wiese Sr. Industrial Hygienist

Reviewed by:

Bob Arritt, CHMM, ASP Principal



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1.0 SCOPE OF SERVICES

B2 Environmental, Inc. (B2E) performed a United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), (40 CFR, Part 61) asbestos survey of Rite Aid located at 666 Concar Drive in San Mateo, California.

B2E provided an asbestos survey at the identified building in general accordance with the referenced agreement and as outlined below:

- 1. Review any existing asbestos reports relating to the site, if available.
- 2. Identify accessible suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM) in general accordance with the USEPA NESHAP, (40 CFR, Part 61).
- 3. Quantify any asbestos containing materials and record location

2.0 GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS

The survey was to determine suspect asbestos containing materials throughout the building. The building is constructed of concrete and metal. The survey did not include collection of bulk samples as the building was occupied at the time of inspection. B2E was provided with a survey from February 11, 2016.

3.0 ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

On September 5, 2018, B2E inspector Adam Wiese inspected the site for asbestos-containing building materials. Mr. Wiese has completed the requisite training for asbestos accreditation as an inspector at a state approved training provider under Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Title II. Mr. Wiese's State of California Site Surveillance number is 11-4832. Mr. Wiese worked under the direction of California Asbestos Consultant Bob Arritt, 11-4829

B2E visually inspected the site for the presence of suspect ACM. Materials that were hidden, not accessible (i.e. boilers, areas of safety concern), or when sampled would damage the integrity of the structure or component (i.e. electrical wiring), were not sampled as part of this survey. B2E did not sample materials that were visibly identified as non-asbestos (fibrous glass, foam rubber, wood, etc.). The asbestos survey consisted of three steps: 1) a visual inspection of the site(s); 2) a determination of homogeneous areas with suspect surfacing, thermal system insulation, and miscellaneous materials; and 3) sampling accessible, friable and non-friable, suspect materials.

Friable materials are materials that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials are materials that, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials, when subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting or abrading may become friable.

3.1 Homogeneous Areas

B2E identified homogeneous areas to facilitate a sampling strategy. A homogeneous sampling area is described as one or more areas with suspect material similar in appearance and texture that have the same installation date and function.

3.2 Suspect Asbestos-Containing Materials

The following table is a summary of the suspect ACM that have been determined, through laboratory analysis and/or assumed, to contain asbestos:



666 CONCAR DRIVE ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS							
MATERIAL	LOCATION	SAMPLE NUMBER	NESHAP CATEGORY	FRIABLE ⁽¹⁾	QUANTITY ⁽²⁾	ASBESTOS CONTENT	
12"x12" gray floor tile	Retail area	Assumed	CATI	N	10,000 SF	Assumed	
12"x12" white floor tile	Retail area	Assumed	CATI	N	3,000 SF	Assumed	
12"x12" orange floor tile	Retail area	Assumed	CATI	N	850 SF	Assumed	
12"x12" red floor tile	Retail area	Assumed	CATI	N	300 SF	Assumed	
4" black base cove	Retail area	Assumed	CAT II	N	500 SF	Assumed	
Knock down wall texture	Throughout	Assumed	RACM	Y	10,000 SF	Assumed	
Blue vinyl sheet floor	Restroom	Assumed	RACM	Y	600 SF	Assumed	
12"x12" green floor tile	Back area	Assumed	CATI	Z	200 SF	Assumed	
2'x4 white ceiling tile	Throughout	Assumed	RACM	Y	20,000 SF	Assumed	
Stucco	Exterior	Assumed	CAT II	N	1,200 SF	Assumed	
Roofing and mastics	Roof	Assumed	CAT II	N	54,000 SF	Assumed	

sf = Square Feet, ND = Non Detect, NA = Not Applicable, If = Linear Feet, mf = Mechanical Fittings (1) Friability is based only on conditions that were observed during B2E's inspection of the site.

Any material that contains greater than one percent asbestos is considered an ACM and is categorized as either friable ACM or non-friable ACM. Friable ACM is categorized as regulated asbestos-containing material (RACM). There are two categories of non-friable materials: Category I non-friable ACM and Category II non-friable ACM.

- Category I non-friable ACM is any asbestos-containing packing, gasket, resilient floor covering or asphalt roofing product which contains more than one percent asbestos.
- Category II non-friable ACM is any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than one percent asbestos.

Building materials containing any detectable amounts of asbestos are regulated by Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), and applicable work practices and prohibitions must be followed accordingly.

State and local requirements may differ from NESHAP requirements. Consult with appropriate agencies prior to commencing abatement and/or demolition activities.



⁽²⁾Actual quantities should be field verified.

4.0 ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The results, findings, conclusions, and recommendations expressed in this report are based solely on conditions noted during B2E's inspection of the site. Qualifications for the field personnel are provided in Appendix B and the previous report is provided in Appendix A. As the user of this report, the Client and respective contractors are advised of the following limitations on the information presented in this report.

- 1. This report is intended for the sole use of the Client. The scope of services performed in execution of this evaluation may not be appropriate to satisfy the needs of other users, and use or re-use of this document or the findings, conclusions, or recommendations is at the risk of said user.
- 2. Building materials may be present that where not accessible for testing by B2E and was, therefore, may not be discovered until after demolition/renovation activities begin.
- 3. The report is designed to aid the building owner, architect, construction manager, general contractor, and potential asbestos abatement contractor in locating ACM. Under <u>no</u> circumstances is the report to be utilized as a bidding document or as a project specification document since it does not have all the components required to serve as an Asbestos Project Design document or an Abatement Work Plan.
- 4. This asbestos inspection was performed in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by environmental professionals practicing contemporaneously under similar conditions in the area of the project in question. No other warranty, express or implied, is given and all other warranties are hereby expressly disclaimed. This report does not warrant against future operations or conditions, nor does it warrant against operations or conditions present of a type or at a location not investigated.
- 5. This report is not a comprehensive site evaluation and should not be construed as such. Only those structures specifically stated in Section 2.0 General Site Conditions are included in this report.

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APPENDIX A

PREVIOUS REPORT





ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

RITE AID 666 CONCAR DRIVE SAN MATEO, CALIFORNIA 94402

Client:

COMPLETE ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS 4690 EAST 2ND STREET, #3 BENICIA, CALIFORNIA 94510

Consultant:

B2 ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. 1090 ADAMS STREET, UNIT I BENICIA, CALIFORNIA 94510

B2E Project Number: 10128.0087

February 11, 2016

Prepared by:

Adam Wiese Sr. Industrial Hygienist

Reviewed by:

Bob Arritt, CHMM, ASP Principal



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1.0 SCOPE OF SERVICES

B2 Environmental, Inc. (B2E) performed a United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), (40 CFR, Part 61) limited asbestos survey of Rite Aid located at 666 Concar Drive in San Mateo, California.

B2E provided a limited asbestos survey at the identified building in general accordance with the referenced agreement and as outlined below:

- 1. Review any existing asbestos reports relating to the site, if available.
- 2. Survey in a limited manner the older sections of the building(s).
- 3. Identify accessible suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM) in general accordance with the USEPA NESHAP, (40 CFR, Part 61).
- 4. Collect and analyze bulk samples of suspect materials.
- 5. Quantify any asbestos containing materials and record location.

2.0 GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS

The survey was limited to the suspect materials in the older sections of the buildings under the supervision of the building owner, there may be other suspect materials that were not sampled for aesthetic reasons of the Rite Aid, these suspect materials are in recently renovated areas of the building. The building is constructed of concrete and metal. No previous asbestos reports were provided to B2E prior to the survey.

3.0 ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

On February 2, 2016, B2E inspector Adam Wiese inspected the site for asbestos-containing building materials. Mr. Wiese has completed the requisite training for asbestos accreditation as an inspector at a state approved training provider under Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Title II. Mr. Wiese's State of California Site Surveillance number is 11-4832. Mr. Wiese worked under the direction of California Asbestos Consultant Bob Arritt. 11-4829

B2E visually inspected the site for the presence of suspect ACM. Materials that were hidden, not accessible (i.e. boilers, areas of safety concern), or when sampled would damage the integrity of the structure or component (i.e. electrical wiring), were not sampled as part of this survey. B2E did not sample materials that were visibly identified as non-asbestos (fibrous glass, foam rubber, wood, etc.). The asbestos survey consisted of three steps: 1) a visual inspection of the site(s); 2) a determination of homogeneous areas with suspect surfacing, thermal system insulation, and miscellaneous materials; and 3) sampling accessible, friable and non-friable, suspect materials.

Friable materials are materials that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials are materials that, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials, when subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting or abrading may become friable.

3.1 Homogeneous Areas

Prior to sampling, B2E identified homogeneous areas to facilitate a sampling strategy, and any areas that were unable to be sampled for aesthetic reasons were noted for a future comprehensive survey. A homogeneous sampling area is described as one or more areas with suspect material similar in appearance and texture that have the same installation date and function. The actual



number of samples collected from each homogeneous sampling area varies, dependent upon material type and the professional judgment of the inspector.

3.2 Sampling Strategy

B2E's sampling strategy incorporated AHERA requirements, quantities of suspect material, and the inspector's judgment to aid in the identification of suspect ACM. B2E's sampling strategy was to identify and collect accessible suspect ACM in general accordance with the USEPA NESHAP, (40 CFR, Part 61). If the analytical results indicated that all the samples collected per homogeneous area did not contain asbestos, then the homogeneous area (material) was considered non-asbestos containing. However, if the analytical results of one or more of the samples collected per homogeneous area indicated that asbestos was present in quantities greater than one percent asbestos (as defined by USEPA), all of the homogeneous area (material) was treated as an asbestos-containing material regardless of other analytical results. B2E did not sample materials that the accredited inspector visually determined to be non-asbestos (i.e. fibrous glass, foam rubber, etc.). Actual collection of a bulk asbestos sample involves physically removing approximately one square inch (1 in²) of the material and placing it in an airtight sample container marked with a unique identification number.

3.3 Suspect Asbestos-Containing Materials

The following table contains a list of building materials <u>suspected</u> of containing asbestos:

666 CONCAR DRIVE SUSPECT BUILDING MATERIALS							
MATERIAL LOCATION SAMPLE NUMBER							
Green base cove and yellow glue	Interior, back rooms	1					
Wall texture	Interior, back rooms	2,3,4					
Drywall and joint compound	Interior, back offices and warehouse area	5					
12"x12" white floor tile and yellow glue	or tile and yellow glue Interior, back rooms						
Gray 12"x12" floor tile and yellow glue	7						
Pipe wrap	Interior, warehouse area	8					

3.4 Laboratory Analytical Results

EMSL Analytical, Inc. located at 464 McCormick St., San Leandro, California analyzed the bulk samples using polarized light microscopy (PLM). PLM analysis utilizes dispersion staining techniques (ref.: USEPA Method 600/M4-82-020) to determine the asbestos content of the bulk samples collected at the site. This laboratory is currently recognized by the United States Department of Commerce's National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) for conformance with criteria set forth in the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Handbook 150:2001 and the International Organization for Standardization (ISO)/International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) Guide 17025:1999. NVLAP accredits testing and calibration laboratories that are found competent to perform specific tests or calibrations, or types of tests or calibrations. NIST Handbook 150:2001 sets forth the basic procedures under which NVLAP operates, and the general accreditation requirements that testing and calibration laboratories

must meet if they wish to demonstrate that they operate a quality system, are technically competent, and are able to generate technically valid results.

The following table is a summary of the suspect ACM that have been determined, through laboratory analysis and/or assumed, to contain asbestos:

666 CONCAR DRIVE ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS							
MATERIAL LOCATION SAMPLE NESHAP CATEGORY FRIABLE ⁽¹⁾ QUANTITY ⁽²⁾ ASBESTOS CONTENT							
Drywall and joint compound	Interior, back rooms and warehouse	5	CAT II	N	10,000 sf	<1%	
Roofing and mastics	Roof	Assumed	CAT II	N	54,000 SF	Assumed	

sf = Square Feet, ND = Non Detect, NA = Not Applicable, If = Linear Feet, mf = Mechanical Fittings $\stackrel{(1)}{\sim}$ Friability is based only on conditions that were observed during B2E's inspection of the site.

Any material that contains greater than one percent asbestos is considered an ACM and is categorized as either friable ACM or non-friable ACM. Friable ACM is categorized as regulated asbestos-containing material (RACM). There are two categories of non-friable materials: Category I non-friable ACM and Category II non-friable ACM.

- Category I non-friable ACM is any asbestos-containing packing, gasket, resilient floor covering or asphalt roofing product which contains more than one percent asbestos.
- Category II non-friable ACM is any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than one percent asbestos.

Details of sample analysis are included in Appendix A, which contains a listing of all analyzed samples, sample locations, and analytical results relating to the site. Asbestos analytical results are reported as percentage and type. Other common non-asbestos components may also be noted in the analytical report.

Building materials containing any detectable amounts of asbestos are regulated by Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), and applicable work practices and prohibitions must be followed accordingly.

State and local requirements may differ from NESHAP requirements. Consult with appropriate agencies prior to commencing abatement and/or demolition activities.

4.0 ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The results, findings, conclusions, and recommendations expressed in this report are based solely on conditions noted during B2E's inspection of the site. Qualifications for the field personnel are provided in Appendix B and analytical laboratory are provided in Appendix A. As the user of this report, the Client and respective contractors are advised of the following limitations on the information presented in this report.

1. This report is intended for the sole use of the Client. The scope of services performed in execution of this evaluation may not be appropriate to satisfy the needs of other users, and use or re-use of this document or the findings, conclusions, or recommendations is at the risk of said user.

⁽²⁾Actual quantities should be field verified.

- 2. Building materials may be present that where not accessible for testing by B2E and was, therefore, may not be discovered until after demolition/renovation activities begin.
- 3. The report is designed to aid the building owner, architect, construction manager, general contractor, and potential asbestos abatement contractor in locating ACM. Under <u>no</u> circumstances is the report to be utilized as a bidding document or as a project specification document since it does not have all the components required to serve as an Asbestos Project Design document or an Abatement Work Plan.
- 4. This asbestos inspection was performed in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by environmental professionals practicing contemporaneously under similar conditions in the area of the project in question. No other warranty, express or implied, is given and all other warranties are hereby expressly disclaimed. This report does not warrant against future operations or conditions, nor does it warrant against operations or conditions present of a type or at a location not investigated.
- 5. This report is not a comprehensive site evaluation and should not be construed as such. Only those structures specifically stated in Section 2.0 General Site Conditions are included in this report.



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APPENDIX A

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORT





EMSL Analytical, Inc.

464 McCormick Street San Leandro, CA 94577

Tel/Fax: (510) 895-3675 / (510) 895-3680

http://www.EMSL.com/sanleandrolab@emsl.com

EMSL Order: 091601838 Customer ID: BENV85 Customer PO: CES 87

Project ID:

Phone: (402) 330-0763

Received Date: 2/2/2016 12:45 PM

Attention: Adam Wiese

B2 Environmental, Inc. Fax: () -

Project: CES 87 RITE AID

4503 South 90th St

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			<u>Asbestos</u>		
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
1-Base Cove	GREEN BASE COVE + YELLOW GLUE	Blue Non-Fibrous		15% Ca Carbonate 85% Matrix	None Detected
091601838-0001		Homogeneous			
1-Glue	GREEN BASE COVE + YELLOW GLUE	Yellow Non-Fibrous		35% Ca Carbonate 65% Matrix	None Detected
091601838-0001A		Homogeneous			
2 091601838-0002	WALL TEXTURE	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		80% Ca Carbonate 20% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
3	WALL TEXTURE	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		80% Ca Carbonate 20% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
4	WALL TEXTURE	White Non-Fibrous		80% Ca Carbonate 20% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
091601838-0004		Homogeneous			
5-DW/JC 091601838-0005	DW/JC	Tan/White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	3% Cellulose	10% Ca Carbonate 75% Gypsum 12% Non-fibrous (Other)	<1% Chrysotile
6-Floor Tile	12X12 WHTIE FLOOR TILE + YELLOW GLUE	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		70% Ca Carbonate 30% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
6-Glue	12X12 WHTIE FLOOR TILE + YELLOW GLUE	Yellow Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		10% Ca Carbonate 90% Matrix	None Detected
7-Floor Tile	12X12 GRAY FLOOR TILE + YELLOW GLUE	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		70% Ca Carbonate 30% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
7-Glue	12X12 GRAY FLOOR TILE + YELLOW GLUE	Yellow Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	5% Cellulose	70% Matrix 25% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
8	PIPE WRAP	Yellow Fibrous Homogeneous	75% Cellulose	25% Matrix	None Detected

Analyst(s)	
Jared Martin	(11)

Chris Dojlidko, Laboratory Manager or Other Approved Signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1%

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc San Leandro, CA NVLAP Lab Code 101048-3, WA C884 $\,$

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APPENDIX B

QUALIFICATIONS



State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health **Certified Asbestos Consultant**

Robert E Arritt



Certification No. 11-4829

Expires on 02/15/16

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Sefery and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 at Sec. of the Business and Professions Code.



State of California
Division of Occupational Safety and Health
Certified Site Surveillance Technician

Adam J Wiese

Name



Certification No. 11-4832

Expires on _12/14/16

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 et seq. of the Business and Professions Code.

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APPENDIX B

QUALIFICATIONS



State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health Certified Site Surveillance Technician

Adam J Wiese



Certification No. 11-4832

Expires on __12/14/18

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 et seq. of the Business and Professions Code.

State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health **Certified Asbestos Consultant**



Certification No. 11-4829

Expires on 02/15/19

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 et sed, of the Business and Professions Code.





ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

THE PANTRY RESTAURANT 1855 SOUTH DELAWARE STREET SAN MATEO, CALIFORNIA 94402

Client:

CALIFORNIA COASTAL PROPERTIES 149 AVENIDA GRANADA SAN CLEMENTE, CALIFORNIA 92672

Consultant:

B2 ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. 1090 ADAMS STREET, UNIT I BENICIA, CALIFORNIA 94510

B2E Project Number: 30069.0001

September 11, 2018

Prepared by:

Adam Wiese Sr. Industrial Hygienist

Reviewed by:

Bob Arritt, CHMM, ASP Principal

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1.0 SCOPE OF SERVICES

B2 Environmental, Inc. (B2E) performed a United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), (40 CFR, Part 61) asbestos survey of The Pantry Restaurant located at 1855 South Delaware Street in San Mateo, California.

B2E provided an asbestos survey at the identified building in general accordance with the referenced agreement and as outlined below:

- 1. Review any existing asbestos reports relating to the site, if available.
- 2. Identify accessible suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM) in general accordance with the USEPA NESHAP, (40 CFR, Part 61).
- 3. Quantify any asbestos containing materials and record location

2.0 GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS

The survey was to determine suspect asbestos containing materials throughout the building. The building is constructed of concrete and metal. The survey did not include collection of bulk samples as the building was occupied at the time of inspection. B2E was provided with a survey from February 11, 2016.

3.0 ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

On September 5, 2018, B2E inspector Adam Wiese inspected the site for asbestos-containing building materials. Mr. Wiese has completed the requisite training for asbestos accreditation as an inspector at a state approved training provider under Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Title II. Mr. Wiese's State of California Site Surveillance number is 11-4832. Mr. Wiese worked under the direction of California Asbestos Consultant Bob Arritt, 11-4829

B2E visually inspected the site for the presence of suspect ACM. Materials that were hidden, not accessible (i.e. boilers, areas of safety concern), or when sampled would damage the integrity of the structure or component (i.e. electrical wiring), were not sampled as part of this survey. B2E did not sample materials that were visibly identified as non-asbestos (fibrous glass, foam rubber, wood, etc.). The asbestos survey consisted of three steps: 1) a visual inspection of the site(s); 2) a determination of homogeneous areas with suspect surfacing, thermal system insulation, and miscellaneous materials; and 3) sampling accessible, friable and non-friable, suspect materials.

Friable materials are materials that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials are materials that, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials, when subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting or abrading may become friable.

3.1 Homogeneous Areas

B2E identified homogeneous areas to facilitate a sampling strategy. A homogeneous sampling area is described as one or more areas with suspect material similar in appearance and texture that have the same installation date and function.



3.2 Suspect Asbestos-Containing Materials

The following table is a summary of the suspect ACM that have been determined, through laboratory analysis and/or assumed, to contain asbestos:

1855 SOUTH DELAWARE STREET ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS							
MATERIAL	LOCATION	SAMPLE NUMBER	NESHAP CATEGORY	FRIABLE ⁽¹⁾	QUANTITY ⁽²⁾	ASBESTOS CONTENT	
Grout	Throughout	Assumed	CAT II	N	500 SF	Assumed	
Mortar	Throughout	Assumed	CAT II	N	1,000 SF	Assumed	
Drywall and joint compound	Seating area	Assumed	RACM	Y	2,500 SF	Assumed	
Black tar paper	Roof	Assumed	CATI	N	2,300 SF	Assumed	
Wall texture	Interior, kitchen and prep areas	2,3,4	RACM	Y	10,000 sf	See previous report	
Vinyl sheet flooring	Restrooms	Assumed	CAT. I	N	400 SF	Assumed	

sf = Square Feet, ND = Non Detect, NA = Not Applicable, If = Linear Feet, mf = Mechanical Fittings (1) Friability is based only on conditions that were observed during B2E's inspection of the site.

Any material that contains greater than one percent asbestos is considered an ACM and is categorized as either friable ACM or non-friable ACM. Friable ACM is categorized as regulated asbestos-containing material (RACM). There are two categories of non-friable materials: Category I non-friable ACM and Category II non-friable ACM.

- Category I non-friable ACM is any asbestos-containing packing, gasket, resilient floor covering or asphalt roofing product which contains more than one percent asbestos.
- Category II non-friable ACM is any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than one percent asbestos.

Building materials containing any detectable amounts of asbestos are regulated by Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), and applicable work practices and prohibitions must be followed accordingly.

State and local requirements may differ from NESHAP requirements. Consult with appropriate agencies prior to commencing abatement and/or demolition activities.

4.0 ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The results, findings, conclusions, and recommendations expressed in this report are based solely on conditions noted during B2E's inspection of the site. Qualifications for the field personnel are provided in Appendix B and the previous report is provided in Appendix A. As the user of this report, the Client and respective contractors are advised of the following limitations on the information presented in this report.

1. This report is intended for the sole use of the Client. The scope of services performed in



⁽²⁾ Actual quantities should be field verified.

execution of this evaluation may not be appropriate to satisfy the needs of other users, and use or re-use of this document or the findings, conclusions, or recommendations is at the risk of said user.

- 2. Building materials may be present that where not accessible for testing by B2E and was, therefore, may not be discovered until after demolition/renovation activities begin.
- 3. The report is designed to aid the building owner, architect, construction manager, general contractor, and potential asbestos abatement contractor in locating ACM. Under <u>no</u> circumstances is the report to be utilized as a bidding document or as a project specification document since it does not have all the components required to serve as an Asbestos Project Design document or an Abatement Work Plan.
- 4. This asbestos inspection was performed in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by environmental professionals practicing contemporaneously under similar conditions in the area of the project in question. No other warranty, express or implied, is given and all other warranties are hereby expressly disclaimed. This report does not warrant against future operations or conditions, nor does it warrant against operations or conditions present of a type or at a location not investigated.
- 5. This report is not a comprehensive site evaluation and should not be construed as such. Only those structures specifically stated in Section 2.0 General Site Conditions are included in this report.

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APPENDIX A

PREVIOUS REPORT





ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

THE PANTRY RESTAURANT 1855 SOUTH DELAWARE STREET SAN MATEO, CALIFORNIA 94402

Client:

COMPLETE ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS 4690 EAST 2ND STREET, #3 BENICIA, CALIFORNIA 94510

Consultant:

B2 ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. 1090 ADAMS STREET, UNIT I BENICIA, CALIFORNIA 94510

B2E Project Number: 10128.0087

February 11, 2016

Prepared by:

Adam Wiese Sr. Industrial Hygienist

Reviewed by:

Bob Arritt, CHMM, ASP Principal



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1.0 SCOPE OF SERVICES

B2 Environmental, Inc. (B2E) performed a United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), (40 CFR, Part 61) limited asbestos survey of The Pantry Restaurant located at 1855 South Delaware Street in San Mateo, California.

B2E provided a limited asbestos survey at the identified building in general accordance with the referenced agreement and as outlined below:

- 1. Review any existing asbestos reports relating to the site, if available.
- 2. Survey in a limited manner the older sections of the building(s).
- 3. Identify accessible suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM) in general accordance with the USEPA NESHAP, (40 CFR, Part 61).
- 4. Collect and analyze bulk samples of suspect materials.
- 5. Quantify any asbestos containing materials and record location.

2.0 GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS

The survey was limited to the suspect materials in the older sections of the buildings under the supervision of the building owner, there may be other suspect materials that were not sampled for aesthetic reasons of The Pantry Restaurant, these suspect materials are in recently renovated areas of the building. The building is constructed of concrete and metal. No previous asbestos reports were provided to B2E prior to the survey.

3.0 ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

On February 2, 2016, B2E inspector Adam Wiese inspected the site for asbestos-containing building materials. Mr. Wiese has completed the requisite training for asbestos accreditation as an inspector at a state approved training provider under Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Title II. Mr. Wiese's State of California Site Surveillance number is 11-4832. Mr. Wiese worked under the direction of California Asbestos Consultant Bob Arritt, 11-4829

B2E visually inspected the site for the presence of suspect ACM. Materials that were hidden, not accessible (i.e. boilers, areas of safety concern), or when sampled would damage the integrity of the structure or component (i.e. electrical wiring), were not sampled as part of this survey. B2E did not sample materials that were visibly identified as non-asbestos (fibrous glass, foam rubber, wood, etc.). The asbestos survey consisted of three steps: 1) a visual inspection of the site(s); 2) a determination of homogeneous areas with suspect surfacing, thermal system insulation, and miscellaneous materials; and 3) sampling accessible, friable and non-friable, suspect materials.

Friable materials are materials that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials are materials that, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials, when subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting or abrading may become friable.

3.1 Homogeneous Areas

Prior to sampling, B2E identified homogeneous areas to facilitate a sampling strategy, and any areas that were unable to be sampled for aesthetic reasons were noted for a future comprehensive survey. A homogeneous sampling area is described as one or more areas with suspect material similar in appearance and texture that have the same installation date and function. The actual



number of samples collected from each homogeneous sampling area varies, dependent upon material type and the professional judgment of the inspector.

3.2 Sampling Strategy

B2E's sampling strategy incorporated AHERA requirements, quantities of suspect material, and the inspector's judgment to aid in the identification of suspect ACM. B2E's sampling strategy was to identify and collect accessible suspect ACM in general accordance with the USEPA NESHAP, (40 CFR, Part 61). If the analytical results indicated that all the samples collected per homogeneous area did not contain asbestos, then the homogeneous area (material) was considered non-asbestos containing. However, if the analytical results of one or more of the samples collected per homogeneous area indicated that asbestos was present in quantities greater than one percent asbestos (as defined by USEPA), all of the homogeneous area (material) was treated as an asbestos-containing material regardless of other analytical results. B2E did not sample materials that the accredited inspector visually determined to be non-asbestos (i.e. fibrous glass, foam rubber, etc.). Actual collection of a bulk asbestos sample involves physically removing approximately one square inch (1 in²) of the material and placing it in an airtight sample container marked with a unique identification number.

3.3 Suspect Asbestos-Containing Materials

The following table contains a list of building materials <u>suspected</u> of containing asbestos:

1855 SOUTH DELAWARE STREET SUSPECT BUILDING MATERIALS						
MATERIAL	LOCATION	SAMPLE NUMBER				
Drywall and joint compound	Interior, kitchen and prep areas	1				
Wall texture	Interior, kitchen and prep areas	2,3,4				
Stucco	Exterior, building walls	5,6,7				

3.4 Laboratory Analytical Results

EMSL Analytical, Inc. located at 464 McCormick St., San Leandro, California analyzed the bulk samples using polarized light microscopy (PLM). PLM analysis utilizes dispersion staining techniques (ref.: USEPA Method 600/M4-82-020) to determine the asbestos content of the bulk samples collected at the site. This laboratory is currently recognized by the United States Department of Commerce's National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) for conformance with criteria set forth in the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Handbook 150:2001 and the International Organization for Standardization (ISO)/International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) Guide 17025:1999. NVLAP accredits testing and calibration laboratories that are found competent to perform specific tests or calibrations, or types of tests or calibrations. NIST Handbook 150:2001 sets forth the basic procedures under which NVLAP operates, and the general accreditation requirements that testing and calibration laboratories must meet if they wish to demonstrate that they operate a quality system, are technically competent, and are able to generate technically valid results.

The following table is a summary of the suspect ACM that have been determined, through laboratory analysis and/or assumed, to contain asbestos:



1855 SOUTH DELAWARE STREET ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS							
MATERIAL LOCATION SAMPLE NESHAP CATEGORY FRIABLE ⁽¹⁾ QUANTITY ⁽²⁾ ASBESTO CONTENT							
Wall texture	Interior, kitchen and prep areas	2,3,4	RACM	Y	10,000 sf	2%	
Vinyl sheet flooring	Restrooms	Assumed	CAT. I	N	400 SF	Assumed	

sf = Square Feet, ND = Non Detect, NA = Not Applicable, If = Linear Feet, mf = Mechanical Fittings (1) Friability is based only on conditions that were observed during B2E's inspection of the site.

Any material that contains greater than one percent asbestos is considered an ACM and is categorized as either friable ACM or non-friable ACM. Friable ACM is categorized as regulated asbestos-containing material (RACM). There are two categories of non-friable materials: Category I non-friable ACM and Category II non-friable ACM.

- Category I non-friable ACM is any asbestos-containing packing, gasket, resilient floor covering or asphalt roofing product which contains more than one percent asbestos.
- Category II non-friable ACM is any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than one percent asbestos.

Details of sample analysis are included in Appendix A, which contains a listing of all analyzed samples, sample locations, and analytical results relating to the site. Asbestos analytical results are reported as percentage and type. Other common non-asbestos components may also be noted in the analytical report.

Building materials containing any detectable amounts of asbestos are regulated by Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), and applicable work practices and prohibitions must be followed accordingly.

State and local requirements may differ from NESHAP requirements. Consult with appropriate agencies prior to commencing abatement and/or demolition activities.

4.0 ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The results, findings, conclusions, and recommendations expressed in this report are based solely on conditions noted during B2E's inspection of the site. Qualifications for the field personnel are provided in Appendix B and analytical laboratory are provided in Appendix A. As the user of this report, the Client and respective contractors are advised of the following limitations on the information presented in this report.

- 1. This report is intended for the sole use of the Client. The scope of services performed in execution of this evaluation may not be appropriate to satisfy the needs of other users, and use or re-use of this document or the findings, conclusions, or recommendations is at the risk of said user.
- 2. Building materials may be present that where not accessible for testing by B2E and was, therefore, may not be discovered until after demolition/renovation activities begin.
- 3. The report is designed to aid the building owner, architect, construction manager, general contractor, and potential asbestos abatement contractor in locating ACM. Under no



⁽²⁾Actual quantities should be field verified.

- circumstances is the report to be utilized as a bidding document or as a project specification document since it does not have all the components required to serve as an Asbestos Project Design document or an Abatement Work Plan.
- 4. This asbestos inspection was performed in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by environmental professionals practicing contemporaneously under similar conditions in the area of the project in question. No other warranty, express or implied, is given and all other warranties are hereby expressly disclaimed. This report does not warrant against future operations or conditions, nor does it warrant against operations or conditions present of a type or at a location not investigated.
- 5. This report is not a comprehensive site evaluation and should not be construed as such. Only those structures specifically stated in Section 2.0 General Site Conditions are included in this report.

APPENDIX A

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORT





EMSL Analytical, Inc.

464 McCormick Street San Leandro, CA 94577

Tel/Fax: (510) 895-3675 / (510) 895-3680

http://www.EMSL.com / sanleandrolab@emsl.com

EMSL Order: 091601839 Customer ID: BENV85 Customer PO: CES 0089

Project ID:

Attention: Adam Wiese

B2 Environmental, Inc.

4503 South 90th St

Omaha, NE 68127

Phone: (402) 330-0763

Fax: ()-

Received Date: 2/ 2/2016 12:45 PM

Analysis Date: 2/4/2016 Collected Date: 2/2/2016

Project: CES 0089

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-Asbe	<u>Asbestos</u>	
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
1	DW/JC	White	2% Cellulose	20% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
		Non-Fibrous	5% Glass	65% Gypsum	
091601839-0001		Homogeneous		8% Non-fibrous (Other)	
No joint compound pres	ent in sample.				
2	WALL TEXTURE	Beige		70% Ca Carbonate	2% Chrysotile
		Non-Fibrous		10% Mica	
091601839-0002		Homogeneous		18% Non-fibrous (Other)	
3	WALL TEXTURE	White		80% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
		Non-Fibrous		5% Mica	
091601839-0003		Homogeneous		15% Non-fibrous (Other)	
4	WALL TEXTURE	Beige		70% Ca Carbonate	2% Chrysotile
		Non-Fibrous		10% Mica	
091601839-0004		Homogeneous		18% Non-fibrous (Other)	
5	STUCCO	Gray		30% Quartz	None Detected
		Non-Fibrous		70% Non-fibrous (Other)	
091601839-0005		Homogeneous			
6	STUCCO	Gray		30% Quartz	None Detected
		Non-Fibrous		70% Non-fibrous (Other)	
091601839-0006		Homogeneous		, ,	
7	STUCCO	Gray		30% Quartz	None Detected
		Non-Fibrous		70% Non-fibrous (Other)	
091601839-0007		Homogeneous		. ,	

Ana	lyst	(S)

Cecilia Yu (7)

Chris Dojlidko, Laboratory Manager or Other Approved Signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1%

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc San Leandro, CA NVLAP Lab Code 101048-3, WA C884

Initial Report From: 02/04/2016 11:02:03

APPENDIX B

QUALIFICATIONS



State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health **Certified Asbestos Consultant**

Robert E Arritt



Certification No. 11-4829

Expires on 02/15/16

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Sefery and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 at Sec. of the Business and Professions Code.



State of California
Division of Occupational Safety and Health
Certified Site Surveillance Technician

Adam J Wiese

Name



Certification No. 11-4832

Expires on _12/14/16

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 et seq. of the Business and Professions Code.

APPENDIX B

QUALIFICATIONS



State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health Certified Site Surveillance Technician

Adam J Wiese



Certification No. 11-4832

Expires on __12/14/18

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 et seq. of the Business and Professions Code.

State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health **Certified Asbestos Consultant**



Certification No. 11-4829

Expires on 02/15/19

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 et sed, of the Business and Professions Code.





ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

TJ MAXX 1880 SOUTH GRANT STREET, SUITE A SAN MATEO, CALIFORNIA 94402

Client:

CALIFORNIA COASTAL PROPERTIES 149 AVENIDA GRANADA SAN CLEMENTE, CALIFORNIA 92672

Consultant:

B2 ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. 1090 ADAMS STREET, UNIT I BENICIA, CALIFORNIA 94510

B2E Project Number: 30069.0001

September 11, 2018

Prepared by:

Adam Wiese Sr. Industrial Hygienist

Reviewed by:

Bob Arritt, CHMM, ASP Principal



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1.0 SCOPE OF SERVICES

B2 Environmental, Inc. (B2E) performed a United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), (40 CFR, Part 61) asbestos survey of TJ MAXX located at 1880 South Grant Street, Suite A in San Mateo, California.

B2E provided an asbestos survey at the identified building in general accordance with the referenced agreement and as outlined below:

- 1. Review any existing asbestos reports relating to the site, if available.
- 2. Identify accessible suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM) in general accordance with the USEPA NESHAP, (40 CFR, Part 61).
- 3. Quantify any asbestos containing materials and record location

2.0 GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS

The survey was to determine suspect asbestos containing materials throughout the building. The building is constructed of concrete and metal. The survey did not include collection of bulk samples as the building was occupied at the time of inspection. B2E was provided with a survey from February 11, 2016.

3.0 ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

On September 5, 2018, B2E inspector Adam Wiese inspected the site for asbestos-containing building materials. Mr. Wiese has completed the requisite training for asbestos accreditation as an inspector at a state approved training provider under Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Title II. Mr. Wiese's State of California Site Surveillance number is 11-4832. Mr. Wiese worked under the direction of California Asbestos Consultant Bob Arritt, 11-4829

B2E visually inspected the site for the presence of suspect ACM. Materials that were hidden, not accessible (i.e. boilers, areas of safety concern), or when sampled would damage the integrity of the structure or component (i.e. electrical wiring), were not sampled as part of this survey. B2E did not sample materials that were visibly identified as non-asbestos (fibrous glass, foam rubber, wood, etc.). The asbestos survey consisted of three steps: 1) a visual inspection of the site(s); 2) a determination of homogeneous areas with suspect surfacing, thermal system insulation, and miscellaneous materials; and 3) sampling accessible, friable and non-friable, suspect materials.

Friable materials are materials that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials are materials that, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials, when subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting or abrading may become friable.

3.1 Homogeneous Areas

B2E identified homogeneous areas to facilitate a sampling strategy. A homogeneous sampling area is described as one or more areas with suspect material similar in appearance and texture that have the same installation date and function.



3.2 Suspect Asbestos-Containing Materials

The following table is a summary of the suspect ACM that have been determined, through laboratory analysis and/or assumed, to contain asbestos:

1880 SOUTH GRANT STREET, SUITE A ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS								
MATERIAL	LOCATION	SAMPLE NUMBER	NESHAP CATEGORY	FRIABLE ⁽¹⁾	QUANTITY ⁽²⁾	ASBESTOS CONTENT		
12"x12" white floor tile	Retail area	Assumed	CATI	N	12,000 SF	Assumed		
12"x12" gray floor tile	Retail area	Assumed	CATI	N	3,000 SF	Assumed		
6" black base cove	Retail area	Assumed	CAT II	N	100 SF	Assumed		
6" gray base cove	Retail area	Assumed	CAT II	N	50 SF	Assumed		
2'x4' white ceiling tile	Retail area	Assumed	RACM	Υ	15,000 SF	Assumed		
Drywall and joint compound	Throughout	Assumed	RACM	Υ	14,000 SF	Assumed		
Stucco	Exterior	Assumed	CAT II	N	2,000 SF	Assumed		
Roofing and mastics	Roof	Assumed	CAT. I	N	20,000	Assumed		

sf = Square Feet, ND = Non Detect, NA = Not Applicable, If = Linear Feet, mf = Mechanical Fittings (1) Friability is based only on conditions that were observed during B2E's inspection of the site.

Any material that contains greater than one percent asbestos is considered an ACM and is categorized as either friable ACM or non-friable ACM. Friable ACM is categorized as regulated asbestos-containing material (RACM). There are two categories of non-friable materials: Category I non-friable ACM and Category II non-friable ACM.

- Category I non-friable ACM is any asbestos-containing packing, gasket, resilient floor covering or asphalt roofing product which contains more than one percent asbestos.
- Category II non-friable ACM is any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than one percent asbestos.

Details of sample analysis are included in Appendix A, which contains a listing of all analyzed samples, sample locations, and analytical results relating to the site. Asbestos analytical results are reported as percentage and type. Other common non-asbestos components may also be noted in the analytical report.

Building materials containing any detectable amounts of asbestos are regulated by Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), and applicable work practices and prohibitions must be followed accordingly.



⁽²⁾Actual quantities should be field verified.

State and local requirements may differ from NESHAP requirements. Consult with appropriate agencies prior to commencing abatement and/or demolition activities.

4.0 ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The results, findings, conclusions, and recommendations expressed in this report are based solely on conditions noted during B2E's inspection of the site. Qualifications for the field personnel are provided in Appendix B and the previous report is provided in Appendix A. As the user of this report, the Client and respective contractors are advised of the following limitations on the information presented in this report.

- This report is intended for the sole use of the Client. The scope of services performed in execution of this evaluation may not be appropriate to satisfy the needs of other users, and use or re-use of this document or the findings, conclusions, or recommendations is at the risk of said user.
- 2. Building materials may be present that where not accessible for testing by B2E and was, therefore, may not be discovered until after demolition/renovation activities begin.
- 3. The report is designed to aid the building owner, architect, construction manager, general contractor, and potential asbestos abatement contractor in locating ACM. Under <u>no</u> circumstances is the report to be utilized as a bidding document or as a project specification document since it does not have all the components required to serve as an Asbestos Project Design document or an Abatement Work Plan.
- 4. This asbestos inspection was performed in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by environmental professionals practicing contemporaneously under similar conditions in the area of the project in question. No other warranty, express or implied, is given and all other warranties are hereby expressly disclaimed. This report does not warrant against future operations or conditions, nor does it warrant against operations or conditions present of a type or at a location not investigated.
- 5. This report is not a comprehensive site evaluation and should not be construed as such. Only those structures specifically stated in Section 2.0 General Site Conditions are included in this report.

APPENDIX A

PREVIOUS REPORT





ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

TJ MAXX 1880 SOUTH GRANT STREET, SUITE A SAN MATEO, CALIFORNIA 94402

Client:

COMPLETE ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS 4690 EAST 2ND STREET, #3 BENICIA, CALIFORNIA 94510

Consultant:

B2 ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. 1090 ADAMS STREET, UNIT I BENICIA, CALIFORNIA 94510

B2E Project Number: 10128.0087

February 11, 2016

Prepared by:

Adam Wiese Sr. Industrial Hygienist

Reviewed by:

Bob Arritt, CHMM, ASP Principal



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1.0 SCOPE OF SERVICES

B2 Environmental, Inc. (B2E) performed a United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), (40 CFR, Part 61) limited asbestos survey of TJ MAXX located at 1880 South Grant Street, Suite A in San Mateo, California.

B2E provided a limited asbestos survey at the identified building in general accordance with the referenced agreement and as outlined below:

- 1. Review any existing asbestos reports relating to the site, if available.
- 2. Survey in a limited manner the older sections of the building(s).
- 3. Identify accessible suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM) in general accordance with the USEPA NESHAP, (40 CFR, Part 61).
- 4. Collect and analyze bulk samples of suspect materials.
- 5. Quantify any asbestos containing materials and record location.

2.0 GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS

The survey was limited to the suspect materials in the older sections of the buildings under the supervision of the building owner, there may be other suspect materials that were not sampled for aesthetic reasons of the TJ MAXX, these suspect materials are in recently renovated areas of the building. The building is constructed of concrete and metal. No previous asbestos reports were provided to B2E prior to the survey.

3.0 ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

On February 2, 2016, B2E inspector Adam Wiese inspected the site for asbestos-containing building materials. Mr. Wiese has completed the requisite training for asbestos accreditation as an inspector at a state approved training provider under Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Title II. Mr. Wiese's State of California Site Surveillance number is 11-4832. Mr. Wiese worked under the direction of California Asbestos Consultant Bob Arritt, 11-4829

B2E visually inspected the site for the presence of suspect ACM. Materials that were hidden, not accessible (i.e. boilers, areas of safety concern), or when sampled would damage the integrity of the structure or component (i.e. electrical wiring), were not sampled as part of this survey. B2E did not sample materials that were visibly identified as non-asbestos (fibrous glass, foam rubber, wood, etc.). The asbestos survey consisted of three steps: 1) a visual inspection of the site(s); 2) a determination of homogeneous areas with suspect surfacing, thermal system insulation, and miscellaneous materials; and 3) sampling accessible, friable and non-friable, suspect materials.

Friable materials are materials that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials are materials that, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials, when subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting or abrading may become friable.

3.1 Homogeneous Areas

Prior to sampling, B2E identified homogeneous areas to facilitate a sampling strategy, and any areas that were unable to be sampled for aesthetic reasons were noted for a future comprehensive survey. A homogeneous sampling area is described as one or more areas with suspect material similar in appearance and texture that have the same installation date and function. The actual



number of samples collected from each homogeneous sampling area varies, dependent upon material type and the professional judgment of the inspector.

3.2 Sampling Strategy

B2E's sampling strategy incorporated AHERA requirements, quantities of suspect material, and the inspector's judgment to aid in the identification of suspect ACM. B2E's sampling strategy was to identify and collect accessible suspect ACM in general accordance with the USEPA NESHAP, (40 CFR, Part 61). If the analytical results indicated that all the samples collected per homogeneous area did not contain asbestos, then the homogeneous area (material) was considered non-asbestos containing. However, if the analytical results of one or more of the samples collected per homogeneous area indicated that asbestos was present in quantities greater than one percent asbestos (as defined by USEPA), all of the homogeneous area (material) was treated as an asbestos-containing material regardless of other analytical results. B2E did not sample materials that the accredited inspector visually determined to be non-asbestos (i.e. fibrous glass, foam rubber, etc.). Actual collection of a bulk asbestos sample involves physically removing approximately one square inch (1 in²) of the material and placing it in an airtight sample container marked with a unique identification number.

3.3 Suspect Asbestos-Containing Materials

The following table contains a list of building materials <u>suspected</u> of containing asbestos:

1880 SOUTH GRANT STREET, SUITE A SUSPECT BUILDING MATERIALS						
MATERIAL	LOCATION	SAMPLE NUMBER				
White 12"x12" floor tile with and yellow glue	Interior, back room	1				
Drywall and joint compound	Interior, back room	2				

3.4 Laboratory Analytical Results

EMSL Analytical, Inc. located at 464 McCormick St., San Leandro, California analyzed the bulk samples using polarized light microscopy (PLM). PLM analysis utilizes dispersion staining techniques (ref.: USEPA Method 600/M4-82-020) to determine the asbestos content of the bulk samples collected at the site. This laboratory is currently recognized by the United States Department of Commerce's National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) for conformance with criteria set forth in the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Handbook 150:2001 and the International Organization for Standardization (ISO)/International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) Guide 17025:1999. NVLAP accredits testing and calibration laboratories that are found competent to perform specific tests or calibrations, or types of tests or calibrations. NIST Handbook 150:2001 sets forth the basic procedures under which NVLAP operates, and the general accreditation requirements that testing and calibration laboratories must meet if they wish to demonstrate that they operate a quality system, are technically competent, and are able to generate technically valid results.

The following table is a summary of the suspect ACM that have been determined, through laboratory analysis and/or assumed, to contain asbestos:

1880 SOUTH GRANT STREET, SUITE A ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS							
MATERIAL	LOCATION	SAMPLE NUMBER	NESHAP CATEGORY	FRIABLE ⁽¹⁾	QUANTITY ⁽²⁾	ASBESTOS CONTENT	
Roofing and mastics	Roof	Assumed	CAT. I	N	20,000	Assumed	

sf = Square Feet, ND = Non Detect, NA = Not Applicable, If = Linear Feet, mf = Mechanical Fittings (1) Friability is based only on conditions that were observed during B2E's inspection of the site.

Any material that contains greater than one percent asbestos is considered an ACM and is categorized as either friable ACM or non-friable ACM. Friable ACM is categorized as regulated asbestos-containing material (RACM). There are two categories of non-friable materials: Category I non-friable ACM and Category II non-friable ACM.

- Category I non-friable ACM is any asbestos-containing packing, gasket, resilient floor covering or asphalt roofing product which contains more than one percent asbestos.
- Category II non-friable ACM is any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than one percent asbestos.

Details of sample analysis are included in Appendix A, which contains a listing of all analyzed samples, sample locations, and analytical results relating to the site. Asbestos analytical results are reported as percentage and type. Other common non-asbestos components may also be noted in the analytical report.

Building materials containing any detectable amounts of asbestos are regulated by Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), and applicable work practices and prohibitions must be followed accordingly.

State and local requirements may differ from NESHAP requirements. Consult with appropriate agencies prior to commencing abatement and/or demolition activities.

4.0 ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The results, findings, conclusions, and recommendations expressed in this report are based solely on conditions noted during B2E's inspection of the site. Qualifications for the field personnel are provided in Appendix B and analytical laboratory are provided in Appendix A. As the user of this report, the Client and respective contractors are advised of the following limitations on the information presented in this report.

- 1. This report is intended for the sole use of the Client. The scope of services performed in execution of this evaluation may not be appropriate to satisfy the needs of other users, and use or re-use of this document or the findings, conclusions, or recommendations is at the risk of said user.
- 2. Building materials may be present that where not accessible for testing by B2E and was, therefore, may not be discovered until after demolition/renovation activities begin.
- 3. The report is designed to aid the building owner, architect, construction manager, general contractor, and potential asbestos abatement contractor in locating ACM. Under no circumstances is the report to be utilized as a bidding document or as a project



⁽²⁾ Actual quantities should be field verified.

- specification document since it does not have all the components required to serve as an Asbestos Project Design document or an Abatement Work Plan.
- 4. This asbestos inspection was performed in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by environmental professionals practicing contemporaneously under similar conditions in the area of the project in question. No other warranty, express or implied, is given and all other warranties are hereby expressly disclaimed. This report does not warrant against future operations or conditions, nor does it warrant against operations or conditions present of a type or at a location not investigated.
- 5. This report is not a comprehensive site evaluation and should not be construed as such. Only those structures specifically stated in Section 2.0 General Site Conditions are included in this report.

APPENDIX A

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORT





EMSL Analytical, Inc.

464 McCormick Street San Leandro, CA 94577

Tel/Fax: (510) 895-3675 / (510) 895-3680

http://www.EMSL.com / sanleandrolab@emsl.com

EMSL Order: 091601835 Customer ID: BENV85 Customer PO: 0087

Project ID:

Attention: Adam Wiese Phone: (402) 330-0763

B2 Environmental, Inc. Fax: () -

4503 South 90th St **Received Date:** 02/02/2016 12:45 PM

Omaha, NE 68127 **Analysis Date:** 02/03/2016

Collected Date:

Project: CES 0087 TJ MAXX

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-Asbe	<u>estos</u>	<u>Asbestos</u>
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
1-Floor Tile	12X12 WHITE FT + YELLOW GLUE	White Non-Fibrous		35% Ca Carbonate 65% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
091601835-0001		Homogeneous			
1-Glue	12X12 WHITE FT +	Yellow		70% Matrix	None Detected
	YELLOW GLUE	Non-Fibrous		30% Non-fibrous (Other)	
091601835-0001A		Homogeneous			
2-DW/JC Composite	DW/JC	White	2% Cellulose	75% Gypsum	None Detected
		Fibrous	2% Glass	21% Non-fibrous (Other)	
091601835-0002		Homogeneous			

Analyst(s)

Christie Villanueva (3)

Chris Dojlidko, Laboratory Manager or Other Approved Signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1%

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc San Leandro, CA NVLAP Lab Code 101048-3, WA C884

Initial report from: 02/03/2016 10:50:32

APPENDIX B

QUALIFICATIONS



State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health **Certified Asbestos Consultant**

Robert E Arritt



Certification No. 11-4829

Expires on 02/15/16

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Sefery and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 at Sec. of the Business and Professions Code.



State of California
Division of Occupational Safety and Health
Certified Site Surveillance Technician

Adam J Wiese

Name



Certification No. 11-4832

Expires on _12/14/16

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 et seq. of the Business and Professions Code.

APPENDIX B

QUALIFICATIONS



State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health Certified Site Surveillance Technician

Adam J Wiese



Certification No. 11-4832

Expires on __12/14/18

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 et seq. of the Business and Professions Code.

State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health **Certified Asbestos Consultant**



Certification No. 11-4829

Expires on 02/15/19

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 et sed, of the Business and Professions Code.





ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

TRADER JOE'S, 7/11, AND SHANE COMPANY
MULTIPLE ADDRESSES
SAN MATEO, CALIFORNIA 94402

Client:

CALIFORNIA COASTAL PROPERTIES 149 AVENIDA GRANADA SAN CLEMENTE, CALIFORNIA 92672

Consultant:

B2 ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. 1090 ADAMS STREET, UNIT I BENICIA, CALIFORNIA 94510

B2E Project Number: 30069.0001

September 11, 2018

Prepared by:

Adam Wiese Sr. Industrial Hygienist

Reviewed by:

Bob Arritt, CHMM, ASP Principal



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1.0 SCOPE OF SERVICES

B2 Environmental, Inc. (B2E) performed a United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), (40 CFR, Part 61) visual asbestos inspection of Trader Joe's, 7/11, and Shane Company located at Concar Street in San Mateo, California.

B2E provided a visual asbestos survey at the identified building in general accordance with the referenced agreement and as outlined below:

- 1. Review any existing asbestos reports relating to the site, if available.
- 2. Visually inspect the building(s).
- 3. Identify accessible suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM) in general accordance with the USEPA NESHAP, (40 CFR, Part 61).
- 4. Quantify any assumed asbestos containing materials and record location.

2.0 GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS

The survey was limited to a visual inspection of the buildings under the supervision of the building owner. Trader Joe's is a 14,000 square foot building. 7/11 is a 3,300 square foot building and Shane Company is a 2,680 square foot building that was renovated in the 1990's. The buildings are constructed of concrete and metal. B2E was provided with a survey from February 11, 2016.

3.0 ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

On September 5, 2018, B2E inspector Adam Wiese visually inspected the site for asbestos-containing building materials. Mr. Wiese has completed the requisite training for asbestos accreditation as an inspector at a state approved training provider under Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Title II. Mr. Wiese's State of California Site Surveillance number is 11-4832. Mr. Wiese worked under the direction of California Asbestos Consultant Bob Arritt. 11-4829

B2E visually inspected the site for the presence of suspect ACM. Materials that were hidden, not accessible (i.e. boilers, areas of safety concern), or when sampled would damage the integrity of the structure or component (i.e. electrical wiring), were not sampled as part of this survey. B2E did not sample materials that were visibly identified as non-asbestos (fibrous glass, foam rubber, wood, etc.). The asbestos survey consisted of three steps: 1) a visual inspection of the site(s); 2) a determination of homogeneous areas with suspect surfacing, thermal system insulation, and miscellaneous materials; and 3) sampling accessible, friable and non-friable, suspect materials.

Friable materials are materials that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials are materials that, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials, when subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting or abrading may become friable.

3.1 Homogeneous Areas

B2E identified homogeneous areas to facilitate a sampling strategy. A homogeneous sampling area is described as one or more areas with suspect material similar in appearance and texture that have the same installation date and function.



The following table is a summary of the suspect ACM that have been determined, through laboratory analysis and/or assumed, to contain asbestos:

TRADER JOE'S ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS								
MATERIAL LOCATION SAMPLE NESHAP CATEGORY FRIABLE ⁽¹⁾ QUANTITY ⁽²⁾ AS								
Drywall and joint compound	Throughout	Assumed	RACM	Y	4,000 SF	Assumed		
Stucco	Exterior	Assumed	CAT II	N	6,000 SF	Assumed		
2'x4' ceiling tile	Throughout	Assumed	RACM	Y	3,000 SF	Assumed		
4' brown base cove	Throughout	Assumed	CAT II	N	200 SF	Assumed		
Roofing and mastics	Roof	Assumed	CAT. I	N	14,000 SF	Assumed		

sf = Square Feet, ND = Non Detect, NA = Not Applicable, If = Linear Feet, mf = Mechanical Fittings (1) Friability is based only on conditions that were observed during B2E's inspection of the site.

⁽²⁾ Actual quantities should be field verified.

7/11 ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS						
MATERIAL	LOCATION	SAMPLE NUMBER	NESHAP CATEGORY	FRIABLE ⁽¹⁾	QUANTITY ⁽²⁾	ASBESTOS CONTENT
Drywall and joint compound	Throughout	Assumed	RACM	Y	2,600 SF	Assumed
Roofing and mastics	Roof	Assumed	CAT. I	N	3,300 SF	Assumed
12"x12" white with gray floor tile	Retail area	Assumed	CAT. I	N	2,000 SF	Assumed
12"x12" white with brown floor tile	Retail area	Assumed	CATI	N	1,000 SF	Assumed
Tan vinyl sheet flooring	Retail area	Assumed	RACM	Y	50 SF	Assumed
6" brown base cove	Retail area	Assumed	CAT II	N	40 SF	Assumed
6" black base cove	Retail area	Assumed	CAT II	N	40 SF	Assumed
Stucco	Exterior	Assumed	CAT. II	N	3,000 SF	Assumed

sf = Square Feet, ND = Non Detect, NA = Not Applicable, If = Linear Feet, mf = Mechanical Fittings (1) Friability is based only on conditions that were observed during B2E's inspection of the site.

⁽²⁾ Actual quantities should be field verified.

SHANE COMPANY ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS						
MATERIAL LOCATION EDIABLES OUTANITAS						ASBESTOS CONTENT
Stucco	Exterior	Assumed	CAT. II	N	2,500 SF	Assumed
Roofing and mastics	Roof	Assumed	CAT. I	N	2,680 SF	Assumed

sf = Square Feet, ND = Non Detect, NA = Not Applicable, If = Linear Feet, mf = Mechanical Fittings (1) Friability is based only on conditions that were observed during B2E's inspection of the site.

Any material that contains greater than one percent asbestos is considered an ACM and is categorized as either friable ACM or non-friable ACM. Friable ACM is categorized as regulated asbestos-containing material (RACM). There are two categories of non-friable materials: Category I non-friable ACM and Category II non-friable ACM.

- Category I non-friable ACM is any asbestos-containing packing, gasket, resilient floor covering or asphalt roofing product which contains more than one percent asbestos.
- Category II non-friable ACM is any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than one percent asbestos.

Building materials containing any detectable amounts of asbestos are regulated by Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), and applicable work practices and prohibitions must be followed accordingly.

State and local requirements may differ from NESHAP requirements. Consult with appropriate agencies prior to commencing abatement and/or demolition activities.

4.0 ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The results, findings, conclusions, and recommendations expressed in this report are based solely on conditions noted during B2E's inspection of the site. Qualifications for the field personnel are provided in Appendix A, while the previous report is in Appendix B. As the user of this report, the Client and respective contractors are advised of the following limitations on the information presented in this report.

- 1. This report is intended for the sole use of the Client. The scope of services performed in execution of this evaluation may not be appropriate to satisfy the needs of other users, and use or re-use of this document or the findings, conclusions, or recommendations is at the risk of said user.
- 2. Building materials may be present that where not accessible for testing by B2E and was, therefore, may not be discovered until after demolition/renovation activities begin.
- 3. The report is designed to aid the building owner, architect, construction manager, general contractor, and potential asbestos abatement contractor in locating ACM. Under no circumstances is the report to be utilized as a bidding document or as a project specification document since it does not have all the components required to serve as an



⁽²⁾ Actual quantities should be field verified.

Asbestos Project Design document or an Abatement Work Plan.

- 4. This asbestos inspection was performed in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by environmental professionals practicing contemporaneously under similar conditions in the area of the project in question. No other warranty, express or implied, is given and all other warranties are hereby expressly disclaimed. This report does not warrant against future operations or conditions, nor does it warrant against operations or conditions present of a type or at a location not investigated.
- 5. This report is not a comprehensive site evaluation and should not be construed as such. Only those structures specifically stated in Section 2.0 General Site Conditions are included in this report.

APPENDIX A

QUALIFICATIONS



State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health Certified Site Surveillance Technician

Adam J Wiese



Certification No. 11-4832

Expires on __12/14/18

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 et seq. of the Business and Professions Code.

State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health **Certified Asbestos Consultant**



Certification No. 11-4829

Expires on 02/15/19

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 et sed, of the Business and Professions Code.



APPENDIX B

PREVIOUS REPORT





ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

TRADER JOE'S, 7/11, AND SHANE COMPANY MULTIPLE ADDRESSES SAN MATEO, CALIFORNIA 94402

Client:

COMPLETE ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS 4690 EAST 2ND STREET, #3 BENICIA, CALIFORNIA 94510

Consultant:

B2 ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. 1090 ADAMS STREET, UNIT I BENICIA, CALIFORNIA 94510

B2E Project Number: 10128.0087

February 11, 2016

Prepared by:

Adam Wiese Sr. Industrial Hygienist

Reviewed by:

Bob Arritt, CHMM, ASP Principal



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1.0 SCOPE OF SERVICES

B2 Environmental, Inc. (B2E) performed a United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), (40 CFR, Part 61) visual asbestos inspection of Trader Joe's, 7/11, and Shane Company located at Cancar Street in San Mateo, California.

B2E provided a visual asbestos survey at the identified building in general accordance with the referenced agreement and as outlined below:

- 1. Review any existing asbestos reports relating to the site, if available.
- 2. Visually inspect the building(s).
- 3. Identify accessible suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM) in general accordance with the USEPA NESHAP, (40 CFR, Part 61).
- 4. Quantify any assumed asbestos containing materials and record location.

2.0 GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS

The survey was limited to a visual inspection of the buildings under the supervision of the building owner. Trader Joe's is a 14,000 square foot building. 7/11 is a 3,300 square foot building and Shane Company is a 2,680 square foot building that was renovated in the 1990's. The buildings are constructed of concrete and metal. No previous asbestos reports were provided to B2E prior to the survey.

3.0 ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

On February 2, 2016, B2E inspector Adam Wiese visually inspected the site for asbestos-containing building materials. Mr. Wiese has completed the requisite training for asbestos accreditation as an inspector at a state approved training provider under Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Title II. Mr. Wiese's State of California Site Surveillance number is 11-4832. Mr. Wiese worked under the direction of California Asbestos Consultant Bob Arritt, 11-4829

B2E visually inspected the site for the presence of suspect ACM. Materials that were hidden, not accessible (i.e. boilers, areas of safety concern), or when sampled would damage the integrity of the structure or component (i.e. electrical wiring), were not sampled as part of this survey. B2E did not sample materials that were visibly identified as non-asbestos (fibrous glass, foam rubber, wood, etc.). The asbestos survey consisted of three steps: 1) a visual inspection of the site(s); 2) a determination of homogeneous areas with suspect surfacing, thermal system insulation, and miscellaneous materials; and 3) sampling accessible, friable and non-friable, suspect materials.

Friable materials are materials that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials are materials that, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials, when subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting or abrading may become friable.

3.1 Homogeneous Areas

Prior to sampling, B2E identified homogeneous areas to facilitate a sampling strategy, and any areas that were unable to be sampled for aesthetic reasons were noted for a future comprehensive survey. A homogeneous sampling area is described as one or more areas with suspect material similar in appearance and texture that have the same installation date and function. The actual



number of samples collected from each homogeneous sampling area varies, dependent upon material type and the professional judgment of the inspector.

3.2 Suspect Asbestos-Containing Materials

The following table contains a list of building materials <u>suspected</u> of containing asbestos:

TRADER JOE'S SUSPECT BUILDING MATERIALS				
MATERIAL	LOCATION	SAMPLE NUMBER		
Drywall and joint compound	Throughout	Assumed		
Roofing and mastics	Roof	Assumed		

7/11 SUSPECT BUILDING MATERIALS					
MATERIAL	LOCATION	SAMPLE NUMBER			
Drywall and joint compound	Throughout	Assumed			
Roofing and mastics	Roof	Assumed			
Floor covering	Throughout	Assumed			
Stucco	Exterior	Assumed			

SHANE COMPANY SUSPECT BUILDING MATERIALS					
MATERIAL	LOCATION	SAMPLE NUMBER			
Stucco	Exterior	Assumed			
Roofing and mastics	Roof	Assumed			

The following table is a summary of the suspect ACM that have been determined, through laboratory analysis and/or assumed, to contain asbestos:

<u>TRADER JOE'S</u> ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS							
MATERIAL	MATERIAL LOCATION SAMPLE NESHAP CATEGORY FRIABLE ⁽¹⁾ QUANTITY ⁽²⁾ ASBESTOS CONTENT						
Drywall and joint compound	Throughout	Assumed	RACM	N	4,000 SF	Assumed	
Roofing and mastics	Roof	Assumed	CAT. I	N	14,000 SF	Assumed	

sf = Square Feet, ND = Non Detect, NA = Not Applicable, If = Linear Feet, mf = Mechanical Fittings (1) Friability is based only on conditions that were observed during B2E's inspection of the site.

⁽²⁾ Actual quantities should be field verified.



7/11 ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS						
MATERIAL	LOCATION	SAMPLE NUMBER	NESHAP CATEGORY	FRIABLE ⁽¹⁾	QUANTITY ⁽²⁾	ASBESTOS CONTENT
Drywall and joint compound	Throughout	Assumed	RACM	N	2,600 SF	Assumed
Roofing and mastics	Roof	Assumed	CAT. I	N	3,300 SF	Assumed
Floor covering	Throughout	Assumed	CAT. I	Z	3,300 SF	Assumed
Stucco	Exterior	Assumed	CAT. II	N	3,000 SF	Assumed

sf = Square Feet, ND = Non Detect, NA = Not Applicable, If = Linear Feet, mf = Mechanical Fittings (1) Friability is based only on conditions that were observed during B2E's inspection of the site.

⁽²⁾ Actual quantities should be field verified.

SHANE COMPANY ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS						
MATERIAL LOCATION LERIARIES ERIARIES OUANITYS						ASBESTOS CONTENT
Stucco	Exterior	Assumed	CAT. II	N	2,500 SF	Assumed
Roofing and mastics	Roof	Assumed	CAT. I	N	2,680 SF	Assumed

sf = Square Feet, ND = Non Detect, NA = Not Applicable, If = Linear Feet, mf = Mechanical Fittings (1) Friability is based only on conditions that were observed during B2E's inspection of the site.

Any material that contains greater than one percent asbestos is considered an ACM and is categorized as either friable ACM or non-friable ACM. Friable ACM is categorized as regulated asbestos-containing material (RACM). There are two categories of non-friable materials: Category I non-friable ACM and Category II non-friable ACM.

- Category I non-friable ACM is any asbestos-containing packing, gasket, resilient floor covering or asphalt roofing product which contains more than one percent asbestos.
- Category II non-friable ACM is any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than one percent asbestos.

Building materials containing any detectable amounts of asbestos are regulated by Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), and applicable work practices and prohibitions must be followed accordingly.

State and local requirements may differ from NESHAP requirements. Consult with appropriate agencies prior to commencing abatement and/or demolition activities.



⁽²⁾Actual quantities should be field verified.

4.0 ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The results, findings, conclusions, and recommendations expressed in this report are based solely on conditions noted during B2E's inspection of the site. Qualifications for the field personnel are provided in Appendix A. As the user of this report, the Client and respective contractors are advised of the following limitations on the information presented in this report.

- 1. This report is intended for the sole use of the Client. The scope of services performed in execution of this evaluation may not be appropriate to satisfy the needs of other users, and use or re-use of this document or the findings, conclusions, or recommendations is at the risk of said user.
- 2. Building materials may be present that where not accessible for testing by B2E and was, therefore, may not be discovered until after demolition/renovation activities begin.
- 3. The report is designed to aid the building owner, architect, construction manager, general contractor, and potential asbestos abatement contractor in locating ACM. Under <u>no</u> circumstances is the report to be utilized as a bidding document or as a project specification document since it does not have all the components required to serve as an Asbestos Project Design document or an Abatement Work Plan.
- 4. This asbestos inspection was performed in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by environmental professionals practicing contemporaneously under similar conditions in the area of the project in question. No other warranty, express or implied, is given and all other warranties are hereby expressly disclaimed. This report does not warrant against future operations or conditions, nor does it warrant against operations or conditions present of a type or at a location not investigated.
- This report is not a comprehensive site evaluation and should not be construed as such.
 Only those structures specifically stated in Section 2.0 General Site Conditions are included in this report.

APPENDIX A

QUALIFICATIONS



State of California
Division of Occupational Safety and Health
Certified Site Surveillance Technician

Adam J Wiese

Name



Certification No. 11-4832

Expires on _12/14/16

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 et seq. of the Business and Professions Code.

State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health **Certified Asbestos Consultant**

Robert E Arritt



Certification No. 11-4829

Expires on 02/15/16

This certification was issued by the Division of Occupational Sefery and Health as authorized by Sections 7180 at Sec. of the Business and Professions Code.



September 11, 2018

California Coastal Properties 149 Avenida Granada San Clemente, CA 92672

RE: NESHAP Asbestos Survey

Peninsula Ballet Theatre 1880 South Grant Street San Mateo, CA 94402

On September 5, 2018, B2 Environmental, Inc. (B2E) performed a NESHAP asbestos survey at the above referenced location. There was no change in conditions from the previous report provided, which is attached below. Mr. Wiese State of California SST number is 11-4832. Mr. Arritt's State of California CAC number is 11-4829.

The results and conclusions expressed are based solely on the conditions present during the September 5, 2018 NESHAP asbestos survey at 1880 South Grant Street in San Mateo, California. No other warranty, express or implied, is given and all other warranties are hereby expressly disclaimed. This document does not warrant against future operations or conditions, nor does it warrant against operations or conditions present of a type or at a location not sampled.

Respectfully submitted, B2 Environmental, Inc.

Adam Wiese

Sr. Industrial Hygienist

Bob Arritt, CHMM, ASP

Principal



ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

PENINSULA BALLET THEATRE 1880 SOUTH GRANT STREET SAN MATEO, CALIFORNIA 94402

Client:

COMPLETE ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS 4690 EAST 2ND STREET, #3 BENICIA, CALIFORNIA 94510

Consultant:

B2 ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. 1090 ADAMS STREET, UNIT I BENICIA, CALIFORNIA 94510

B2E Project Number: 10128.0087

February 11, 2016

Prepared by:

Adam Wiese Sr. Industrial Hygienist

Reviewed by:

Bob Arritt, CHMM, ASP Principal



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1.0 SCOPE OF SERVICES

B2 Environmental, Inc. (B2E) performed a United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), (40 CFR, Part 61) limited asbestos survey of Peninsula Ballet Theatre located at 1880 South Grant Street in San Mateo, California.

B2E provided a limited asbestos survey at the identified building in general accordance with the referenced agreement and as outlined below:

- 1. Review any existing asbestos reports relating to the site, if available.
- 2. Survey in a limited manner the older sections of the building(s).
- 3. Identify accessible suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM) in general accordance with the USEPA NESHAP, (40 CFR, Part 61).
- 4. Collect and analyze bulk samples of suspect materials.
- 5. Quantify any asbestos containing materials and record location.

2.0 GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS

The survey was limited to the suspect materials in the older sections of the buildings under the supervision of the building owner, there may be other suspect materials that were not sampled for aesthetic reasons of the Peninsula Ballet Theatre, these suspect materials are in recently renovated areas of the building. The building is constructed of concrete and metal. No previous asbestos reports were provided to B2E prior to the survey.

3.0 ASBESTOS SURVEY REPORT

On February 2, 2016, B2E inspector Adam Wiese inspected the site for asbestos-containing building materials. Mr. Wiese has completed the requisite training for asbestos accreditation as an inspector at a state approved training provider under Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Title II. Mr. Wiese's State of California Site Surveillance number is 11-4832. Mr. Wiese worked under the direction of California Asbestos Consultant Bob Arritt, 11-4829

B2E visually inspected the site for the presence of suspect ACM. Materials that were hidden, not accessible (i.e. boilers, areas of safety concern), or when sampled would damage the integrity of the structure or component (i.e. electrical wiring), were not sampled as part of this survey. B2E did not sample materials that were visibly identified as non-asbestos (fibrous glass, foam rubber, wood, etc.). The asbestos survey consisted of three steps: 1) a visual inspection of the site(s); 2) a determination of homogeneous areas with suspect surfacing, thermal system insulation, and miscellaneous materials; and 3) sampling accessible, friable and non-friable, suspect materials.

Friable materials are materials that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials are materials that, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials, when subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting or abrading may become friable.

3.1 Homogeneous Areas

Prior to sampling, B2E identified homogeneous areas to facilitate a sampling strategy, and any areas that were unable to be sampled for aesthetic reasons were noted for a future comprehensive survey. A homogeneous sampling area is described as one or more areas with suspect material similar in appearance and texture that have the same installation date and function. The actual



number of samples collected from each homogeneous sampling area varies, dependent upon material type and the professional judgment of the inspector.

3.2 Sampling Strategy

B2E's sampling strategy incorporated AHERA requirements, quantities of suspect material, and the inspector's judgment to aid in the identification of suspect ACM. B2E's sampling strategy was to identify and collect accessible suspect ACM in general accordance with the USEPA NESHAP, (40 CFR, Part 61). If the analytical results indicated that all the samples collected per homogeneous area did not contain asbestos, then the homogeneous area (material) was considered non-asbestos containing. However, if the analytical results of one or more of the samples collected per homogeneous area indicated that asbestos was present in quantities greater than one percent asbestos (as defined by USEPA), all of the homogeneous area (material) was treated as an asbestos-containing material regardless of other analytical results. B2E did not sample materials that the accredited inspector visually determined to be non-asbestos (i.e. fibrous glass, foam rubber, etc.). Actual collection of a bulk asbestos sample involves physically removing approximately one square inch (1 in²) of the material and placing it in an airtight sample container marked with a unique identification number.

3.3 Suspect Asbestos-Containing Materials

The following table contains a list of building materials <u>suspected</u> of containing asbestos:

1880 SOUTH GRANT STREET SUSPECT BUILDING MATERIALS					
MATERIAL	SAMPLE NUMBER				
Drywall and joint compound	Interior, costume area	1			
Drywall and joint compound Interior, electrical room		2			
Black base cove and yellow glue	Interior, offices and practice areas	3			
12"x12" white floor tile and yellow glue Interior, offices		4			
2'x4' white ceiling tile	Interior, throughout	5			

3.4 Laboratory Analytical Results

EMSL Analytical, Inc. located at 464 McCormick St., San Leandro, California analyzed the bulk samples using polarized light microscopy (PLM). PLM analysis utilizes dispersion staining techniques (ref.: USEPA Method 600/M4-82-020) to determine the asbestos content of the bulk samples collected at the site. This laboratory is currently recognized by the United States Department of Commerce's National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) for conformance with criteria set forth in the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Handbook 150:2001 and the International Organization for Standardization (ISO)/International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) Guide 17025:1999. NVLAP accredits testing and calibration laboratories that are found competent to perform specific tests or calibrations, or types of tests or calibrations. NIST Handbook 150:2001 sets forth the basic procedures under which NVLAP operates, and the general accreditation requirements that testing and calibration laboratories must meet if they wish to demonstrate that they operate a quality system, are technically competent, and are able to generate technically valid results.

The following table is a summary of the suspect ACM that have been determined, through laboratory analysis and/or assumed, to contain asbestos:

1880 SOUTH GRANT STREET ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS							
MATERIAL	MATERIAL LOCATION SAMPLE NESHAP CATEGORY FRIABLE(1) QUANTITY(2) ASBESTO CONTENT						
Drywall and joint compound	Interior, electrical room	2	CAT II	N	2,000 sf	<1%	
Roofing and mastics	Roof	Assumed	CATI	N	34,000 SF	Assumed	

sf = Square Feet, ND = Non Detect, NA = Not Applicable, If = Linear Feet, mf = Mechanical Fittings (1) Friability is based only on conditions that were observed during B2E's inspection of the site.

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- Category II non-friable ACM is any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than one percent asbestos.

Details of sample analysis are included in Appendix A, which contains a listing of all analyzed samples, sample locations, and analytical results relating to the site. Asbestos analytical results are reported as percentage and type. Other common non-asbestos components may also be noted in the analytical report.

Building materials containing any detectable amounts of asbestos are regulated by Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), and applicable work practices and prohibitions must be followed accordingly.

State and local requirements may differ from NESHAP requirements. Consult with appropriate agencies prior to commencing abatement and/or demolition activities.

4.0 ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The results, findings, conclusions, and recommendations expressed in this report are based solely on conditions noted during B2E's inspection of the site. Qualifications for the field personnel are provided in Appendix B and analytical laboratory are provided in Appendix A. As the user of this report, the Client and respective contractors are advised of the following limitations on the information presented in this report.

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⁽²⁾Actual quantities should be field verified.

- 3. The report is designed to aid the building owner, architect, construction manager, general contractor, and potential asbestos abatement contractor in locating ACM. Under no circumstances is the report to be utilized as a bidding document or as a project specification document since it does not have all the components required to serve as an Asbestos Project Design document or an Abatement Work Plan.
- 4. This asbestos inspection was performed in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by environmental professionals practicing contemporaneously under similar conditions in the area of the project in question. No other warranty, express or implied, is given and all other warranties are hereby expressly disclaimed. This report does not warrant against future operations or conditions, nor does it warrant against operations or conditions present of a type or at a location not investigated.
- 5. This report is not a comprehensive site evaluation and should not be construed as such. Only those structures specifically stated in Section 2.0 General Site Conditions are included in this report.



APPENDIX A

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORT





EMSL Analytical, Inc.

464 McCormick Street San Leandro, CA 94577

Tel/Fax: (510) 895-3675 / (510) 895-3680

http://www.EMSL.com / sanleandrolab@emsl.com

EMSL Order: 091601840 Customer ID: BENV85 Customer PO: CES 0087

Project ID:

Attention: Adam Wiese Phone: (402) 330-0763

Fax: () -

4503 South 90th St Received Date: 02/02/2016 12:45 PM

Analysis Date: 02/04/2016 **Collected Date**: 02/02/2016

Project: CES 0087 BALLET

B2 Environmental, Inc.

Omaha, NE 68127

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-Asbe	<u>stos</u>	<u>Asbestos</u>
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
1	DW/JC	White		15% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
		Non-Fibrous		60% Gypsum	
091601840-0001		Homogeneous		10% Mica	
				15% Non-fibrous (Other)	
This is a composite resu	lt of drywall and joint compound.				
2	DW/JC	White/Beige		60% Gypsum	<1% Chrysotile
	[ELECTRICAL]	Non-Fibrous		10% Mica	
091601840-0002		Homogeneous		30% Non-fibrous (Other)	
This is a composite resu	lt of drywall and joint compound.				
3-Base Cove	BLACK BASE COVE	Black		90% Matrix	None Detected
	+ YELLOW GLUE	Non-Fibrous		10% Non-fibrous (Other)	
091601840-0003		Homogeneous			
3-Glue	BLACK BASE COVE	Yellow		65% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
	+ YELLOW GLUE	Non-Fibrous		25% Matrix	
091601840-0003A		Homogeneous		10% Non-fibrous (Other)	
4-Floor Tile	12X12 WHITE +	White		70% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
	YELLOW GLUE	Non-Fibrous		30% Non-fibrous (Other)	
091601840-0004		Homogeneous			
4-Glue	12X12 WHITE +	Yellow		10% Gypsum	None Detected
	YELLOW GLUE	Non-Fibrous		80% Matrix	
091601840-0004A		Homogeneous		10% Non-fibrous (Other)	
5	2X4 WHITE CEILING	Gray	45% Cellulose	10% Perlite	None Detected
	TILE	Fibrous	25% Min. Wool	20% Non-fibrous (Other)	
091601840-0005		Homogeneous		, ,	

Analyst(s)	
Cecilia Yu (7)	

Chris Dojlidko, Laboratory Manager or Other Approved Signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1%

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc San Leandro, CA NVLAP Lab Code 101048-3, WA C884

Initial Report From: 02/04/2016 09:05:44

APPENDIX B

QUALIFICATIONS



State of California Division of Occupational Safety and Health **Certified Asbestos Consultant**

Robert E Arritt



Certification No. 11-4829

Expires on 02/15/16

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State of California
Division of Occupational Safety and Health
Certified Site Surveillance Technician

Adam J Wiese

Name



Certification No. 11-4832

Expires on _12/14/16

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