# iteris

Westchester/Veterans & Crenshaw/Imperial Transit Oriented District (TOD) DRAFT Traffic Impact Analysis

December 5, 2018

Submitted to:



J# 05151 | Prepared by Iteris, Inc.



## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1.0	Introduction	1
1.1	Project Description	1
1.2	Study Area	3
1.3	Study Periods	5
1.4	Proposed Project	7
2.0	Environmental setting	7
2.1	Freeway Network	7
2.2	Arterial and Collector Network	8
2.3	Existing Multimodal Modality	14
3.0	Traffic Operations Analysis Methodology	16
3.1	Thresholds of Significance	18
4.0	Existing Conditions	19
5.0	Traffic Volume Development	23
5.1	Travel Model Methodology	23
5.2	Cumulative Projects	23
5.3	Modeled Land Use	23
5.4	Model Outputs	27
5.5	Project Trip Generation and Distribution	27
6.0	Existing Plus Project Conditions	28
6.1	Existing Plus Project Intersection Levels of Service	28
7.0	Future Year 2040 Without Project Conditions	33
7.1	Future Year 2040 Without Project Intersection Levels of Service	
8.0	Future Year 2040 With Project Conditions	37
8.1	Future Year 2040 With Project Intersection Levels of Service	37
9.0	Congestion Management Program Analysis (CMP)	42
9.1	CMP Intersection Analysis	43
10.0	Caltrans Off-ramp Queuing Analysis	43
11.0	Potential Mitigation Measures	45
12 0	Conclusions	18





### **TABLES**

Table 1: Proposed Project Land Use	3
Table 2: Study Area Transit Facilities	14
Table 3: Intersection Level of Service Definitions – ICU Methodology	17
Table 4: Intersection Level of Service Definitions – HCM Methodology	18
Table 5: Intersection Significant Impact Criteria	19
Table 6: Intersection Significant Impact Criteria (City of Los Angeles intersections)	19
Table 7: Existing Intersection Peak Hour Level of Service	20
Table 8: Socio-Economic Data (SED) Summary	26
Table 9: Project Trips Generated per TOD Area	27
Table 10: Study Area Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)	28
Table 11: Existing Plus Project Intersection Peak Hour Level of Service	30
Table 12: Future Year 2040 Without Project Intersection Peak Hour Level of Service	35
Table 13: Future Year 2040 With Project Intersection Peak Hour Level of Service	39
Table 13: CMP Intersection Analysis	43
Table 15: Future Year 2040 With Project Freeway Off-ramp Queue Lengths	44
Table 16: Intersection Peak Hour Level of Service – With Mitigated Conditions	47
FIGURES	
Figure 1: Study Area	
Figure 2: Intersection Locations	6
Figure 3: Existing Peak Hour Intersection Volumes	13
Figure 4: Existing Intersection Lane Configurations	22
Figure 5: SCAG Traffic Analysis Zone Boundaries	25
Figure 6: Existing Plus Project Peak Hour Intersection Traffic Volumes	29
Figure 7: Future Year 2040 Without Project Peak Hour Intersection Traffic Volumes	34
Figure 8: Future Year 2040 With Project Peak Hour Intersection Traffic Volumes	38



### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) has been prepared to identify the potential transportation impacts of two Transit-Oriented Districts (TODs) in the City of Inglewood. The TODs are located around: 1) the new Westchester/Veterans Station as part of the Crenshaw/LAX light trail transit (LRT), which is currently under construction, and 2) the Crenshaw Station of the existing Metro Green Line LRT. The location of the two TODs within the study area is illustrated in **Figure 1**.

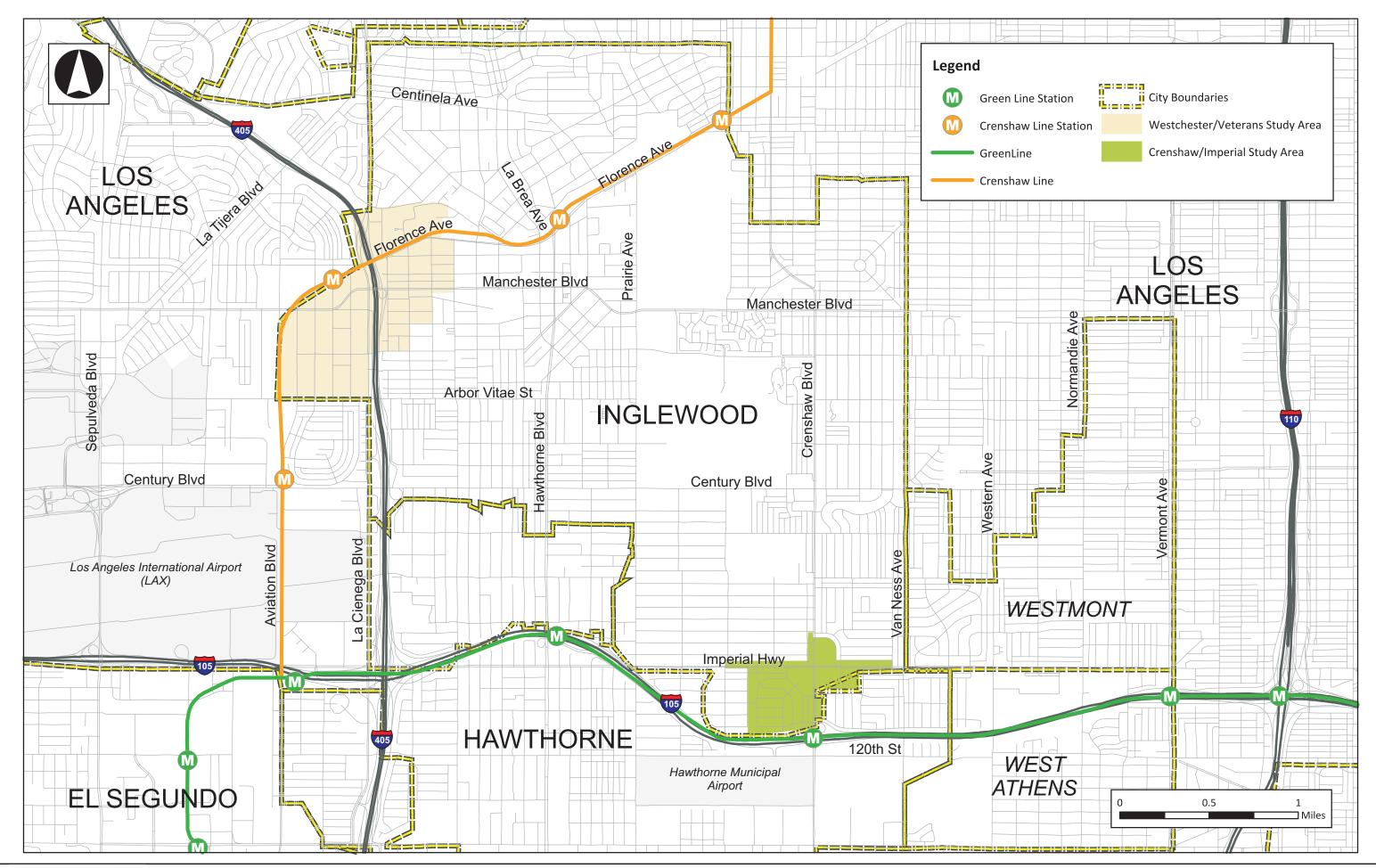
The 8.5 mile Crenshaw/LAX Light Rail Transit (LRT), which is currently under construction, will connect the existing Exposition Line LRT and the Green Line LRT near Los Angeles International Airport (LAX). Eight new transit stations are planned, including three stations in the City of Inglewood, one of which is the Westchester/Veterans Station near the intersection of Florence Avenue and Hindry Avenue. The planned stations are projected to begin operations in 2020 and therefore, the stations were included as part of the Future Year 2040 project scenarios only.

Completed in 1995, the 20-mile Metro Green Line LRT connects the City of Norwalk to LAX and the South Bay, running mostly along the I-105 (Century Freeway) corridor. It contains 14 stations. While technically located within the City of Hawthorne, the Crenshaw Station is close enough to the City of Inglewood boundary that the TOD for the station is partially within the City of Inglewood.

This TIA presents the results of an analysis evaluating existing traffic operations details the impacts of potential future developments associated with the TODs for the future year 2040. The traffic analysis follows the City of Inglewood guidelines, the Los Angeles County Public Works 1997 Traffic Impact Analysis guidelines, the Caltrans Guide for the Preparation of Traffic Impact Studies, and the 2010 Los Angeles County Congestion Management Program (CMP) guidelines.

#### 1.1 Project Description

The proposed project consists of redeveloping the TODs around the Crenshaw LRT Station (Green Line) and the new (under construction at the time of this report) Westchester/Veterans LRT station with mixed land use patterns and multi-modal transportation facilities. The proposed developments within the TODs, which are referred in this document as the "With Project" scenario, are described in **Table 1**.







**Draft Report** 

**Table 1: Proposed Project Land Use** 

	Residential (units)	Population	Non-Residential (s.f.)	Jobs					
Westchester/Veterans	Westchester/Veterans								
Existing Development	1,596	4,617	5,008,003	7,217					
Future Demolition	37	102	465,087	772					
Future Development	1,143	3,155	1,412,676	6,297					
Development at Buildout	2,702	7,670	5,955,592	12,742					
Crenshaw/Imperial									
Existing Development	1,044	3,281	920,259	3,578					
Future Demolition	83	229	663,432	858					
Future Development	3,067	8,465	421,810	1,017					
Development at Buildout	4,028	11,517	678,638	3,737					
Project Total	Project Total								
Existing Development	2,640	7,898	5,928,262	10,795					
Future Demolition	120	331	1,128,519	1,630					
Future Development	4,210	11,620	1,834,486	7,314					
Development at Buildout	6,730	19,187	6,634,229	16,479					

#### Study Area 1.2

The general boundaries of the TOD plan areas were defined in consultation with the City of Inglewood and are briefly described below:

#### Westchester/Veterans TOD Site

The Westchester/Veterans TOD encompasses the land parcels generally within a half-mile radius of the under-construction Crenshaw/LAX LRT's Westchester/Veterans station in the City of Inglewood. The station will be at-grade and will be located west of I-405 near the intersection of Florence Avenue and Hindry Avenue. The current land uses in the study area are primarily industrial and commercial within the City of Inglewood and residential north of the station in the City of Los Angeles.

#### **Crenshaw/Imperial TOD Site**

The Crenshaw/Imperial TOD encompasses the land parcels generally within a half-mile radius of the Green Line LRT's Crenshaw station. The station itself is located in the City of Hawthorne and the study area is located north of the station in the City of Inglewood. The current land uses in the corresponding TOD study area are mainly residential, but also include commercial developments along Imperial Highway and Crenshaw Boulevard.



## Westchester/Veterans & Crenshaw/Imperial

TOD Traffic Impact Analysis

Draft Report

Additionally, the analysis study area consists of intersections that are considered to potentially be impacted as a result of traffic generated by TOD land uses. The study area includes the following 40 intersections, which were selected along arterials that provide primary access and circulation to the two TOD areas:

- 1. Sepulveda Boulevard & Manchester Boulevard (City of Los Angeles);
- 2. La Tijera Boulevard & Manchester Boulevard (City of Los Angeles);
- 3. Airport Boulevard & Manchester Boulevard (City of Los Angeles);
- 4. La Tijera Boulevard & I-405 Northbound Ramps (Caltrans);
- 5. La Tijera Boulevard & I-405 Southbound Ramps (Caltrans);
- 6. Osage Avenue & 77<sup>th</sup> Street (City of Los Angeles);
- 7. Aviation Boulevard & Manchester Boulevard (City of Inglewood);
- 8. Aviation Boulevard & Arbor Vitae Street (City of Inglewood);
- 9. Aviation Boulevard & Century Boulevard (County of Los Angeles);
- 10. Hindry Avenue & Florence Avenue (City of Inglewood);
- 11. Hindry Avenue & Manchester Boulevard/Olive Street (City of Inglewood);
- 12. La Cienega Boulevard & La Tijera Boulevard (City of Inglewood);
- 13. La Cienega Boulevard & Centinela Avenue (City of Inglewood);
- 14. La Cienega Boulevard & Florence Avenue (City of Inglewood);
- 15. La Cienega Boulevard & Manchester Avenue (City of Inglewood);
- 16. La Cienega Boulevard & Olive Street & I-405 Southbound Ramp (Caltrans);
- 17. La Cienega Boulevard & Arbor Vitae Street (City of Inglewood);
- 18. La Cienega Boulevard & I-405 SB Ramps (north of Century Boulevard) (Caltrans);
- 19. La Cienega Boulevard & Century Boulevard (City of Inglewood);
- 20. La Cienega Boulevard & I-405 SB Ramps (south of Century Boulevard) (Caltrans);
- 21. La Cienega Boulevard & Imperial Highway (County of Los Angeles);
- 22. Ash Avenue/I-405 Off Ramp & Manchester Avenue (Caltrans);
- 23. I-405 Northbound Off Ramp & Century Boulevard (City of Inglewood);
- 24. Inglewood Avenue & Florence Avenue (City of Inglewood);
- 25. Inglewood Avenue & Manchester Avenue (City of Inglewood);
- 26. Eucalyptus Avenue & Florence Avenue (City of Inglewood);
- 27. La Brea Avenue & Fairview Boulevard (City of Inglewood);
- 28. La Brea Avenue & Centinela Avenue (City of Inglewood);
- 29. La Brea Avenue & Hyde Park Boulevard (City of Inglewood);
- 30. Hawthorne Boulevard & I-105 Westbound Ramps (Caltrans);
- 31. Hawthorne Boulevard & Imperial Highway (City of Hawthorne);
- 32. I-105 Eastbound Ramps & Imperial Highway (City of Inglewood);
- 33. Prairie Avenue & I-105 Westbound Ramps (Caltrans);
- 34. Prairie Avenue & Imperial Highway (City of Inglewood);



Draft Report

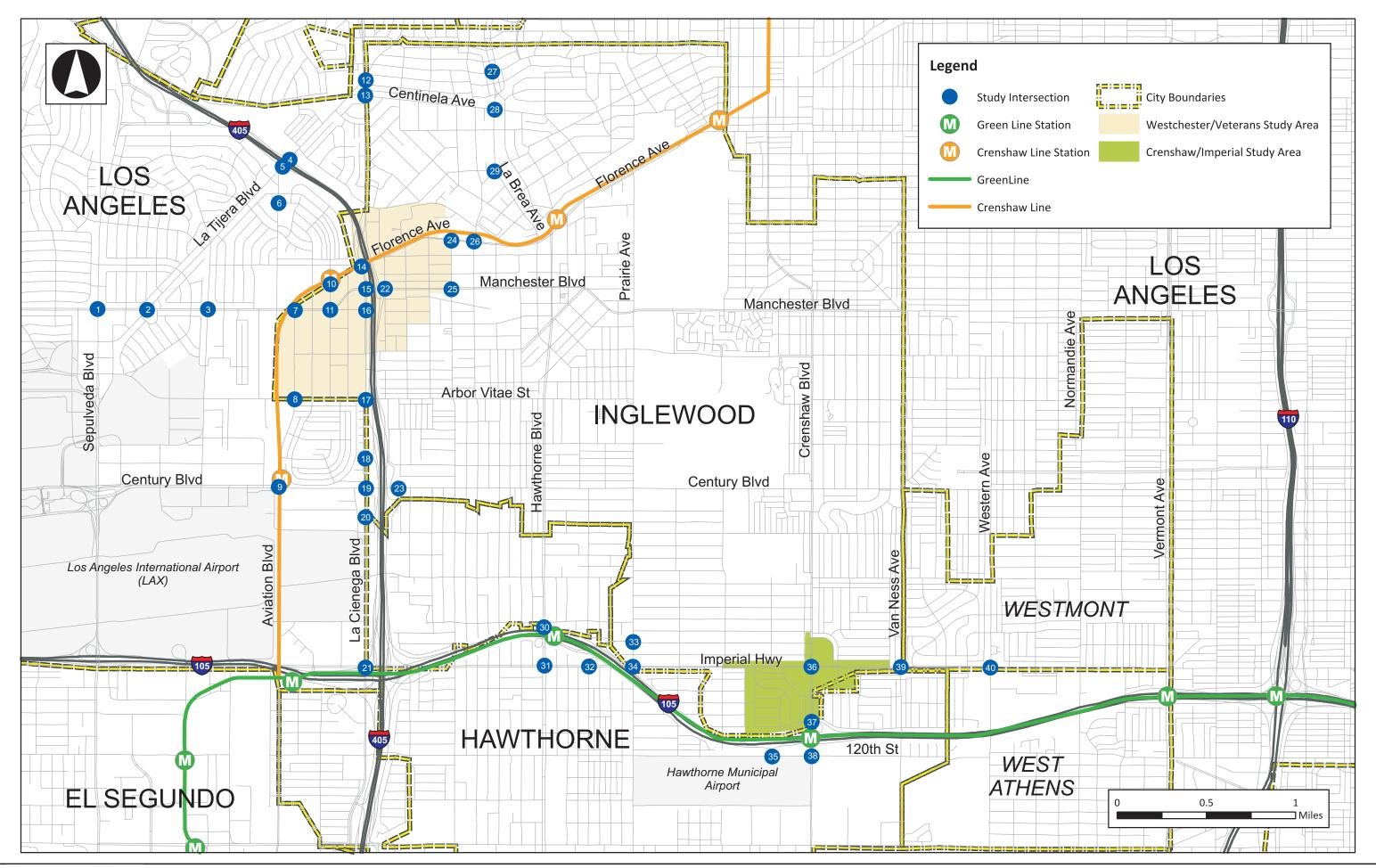
- 35. I-105 Eastbound Ramps & 120th Street (Caltrans);
- 36. Crenshaw Boulevard & Imperial Highway (City of Inglewood);
- 37. Crenshaw Boulevard & 118<sup>th</sup> Place/I-105 Ramps (Caltrans);
- 38. Crenshaw Boulevard & 120<sup>th</sup> Street (City of Hawthorne);
- 39. Van Ness Avenue & Imperial Highway (City of Inglewood); and
- 40. Western Avenue & Imperial Highway (County of Los Angeles).

The locations of the study intersections are illustrated in Figure 2.

### 1.3 Study Periods

Traffic operations were evaluated for each of the following scenarios during the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hours:

- **Existing (2018) Conditions**: The existing conditions analysis is based on 2018 traffic count data provided by the City of Inglewood at the study intersections.
- Existing (2018) Plus Project Conditions: The existing plus project conditions analysis is based on
  the existing traffic conditions plus the traffic expected to be generated from the buildout of the
  TOD. The eight new Crenshaw LRT stations in the study area are not included in the analysis as a
  result of the expected 2020 opening year.
- Future Year 2040 Without Project Conditions: The future year conditions analysis is based on the
  future traffic conditions expected without the proposed project. The future traffic growth from
  regional ambient growth and cumulative projects is included, and the eight new Crenshaw LRT
  stations in the study area are included in the analysis as a result of the expected 2020 opening
  year.
- Future Year 2040 With Project Conditions: The future year with project conditions analysis is
  based on the future without project as a baseline and adds the project trips expected to be
  generated by the planned TOD land uses. The eight new transit stations in the study area are
  included in the analysis as a result of the expected 2020 opening year.







#### 1.4 Proposed Project

This section describes the transportation characteristics of the proposed project. The TODs would offer increased mobility for all modes of transportation, including:

- Roadway System Configurations: The existing street system would maintain the current configuration with the exception of
  - Isis Avenue between Florence Avenue and Manchester Avenue. This segment of Isis Avenue will be closed to vehicular traffic.
  - Olive Street between Manchester Avenue and Glasgow Avenue is proposed as a one-way only roadway in the eastbound direction.
  - o At the Inglewood Avenue/Manchester Boulevard intersection, the dedicated right-turn lanes would be removed in lieu of protected bike lanes.
- <u>Green Boulevards</u>: Proposed Complete Streets within the study area, labeled "Green Boulevards", would consist of wide sidewalks, protected bicycle lanes and cycletracks, landscaped buffers between bicycle lanes and travel lanes and raised medians to provide pedestrian refuge. Complete Streets provide the ultimate balance between all modes of transportation along the corridor including passenger cars, buses, bicycles, goods movement vehicles, parking, and pedestrian activities. Complete Streets offer the residents, business community and visitors the complete range of choices for mobility within the project area.

### 2.0 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

This section presents an overview of the existing environmental setting within each TOD study area.

#### 2.1 Freeway Network

The following is a description of the freeway network that provides regional access to the study area. All freeways near the study area are part of the CMP network.

I-405 (San Diego Freeway) is a major north-south freeway that runs along the western edge of Inglewood. I-405 connects the San Fernando Valley to Orange County by traversing western Los Angeles. I-405 through Inglewood varies between four and five lanes in each direction with several sections having auxiliary lanes between successive on- and off-ramps. Access to I-405 from Florence Avenue is provided by an atypical interchange, with only a southbound off-ramp connecting to Florence Avenue at La Cienega Boulevard. La Cienega Boulevard south of Industrial Avenue splits into one-way segments in each direction that cross over I-405 and merge at Florence Avenue. The southbound segment merges with the southbound freeway on- and off-ramps before intersecting Florence Avenue. The northbound segment of La Cienega Boulevard merges with the northbound off-ramp (which begins south of Manchester Boulevard) before intersecting Industrial Avenue.



**I-105 (Glenn Anderson Freeway & Transitway)** is an east-west freeway that runs along the southern edge of Inglewood. I-105 consists of one HOV lane and three general purpose traffic lanes in each direction. The Metro Green Line LRT route is located within the median of I-105.

**I-110 (Harbor Freeway and Transit Way)** is a major north-south freeway that runs approximately two miles east of the City of Inglewood. I-110 connects San Pedro community to Pasadena by traversing through Los Angeles. I-110 varies from six to eight lanes in each direction with several sections having auxiliary lanes between successive on- and off-ramps. Regional access to I-110 is provided through the I-105 interchange and Imperial Highway.

#### 2.2 Arterial and Collector Network

A brief description of each roadway type, as defined in the City of Inglewood 1992 General Plan, is provided below:

- A <u>Major Arterial</u> functions primarily as an inter-city route that is generally designed to carry over 30,000 vehicles per day. Major arterials typically have a minimum of two full-time through lanes in each direction in addition to a separate median lane (raised or painted) to accommodate left turn movements.
- A <u>Minor Arterial</u> functions in a similar manner as a major arterial, but may be discontinuous within the City, and is generally designed to carry 15,000 to 30,000 vehicles per day. Minor arterials typically have a minimum of two travel lanes in each direction, and maintain a separate (generally painted) median lane to accommodate left turn movement if there is sufficient roadway width.
- A <u>Collector</u> functions as a transitional street between arterials and local streets, and is generally
  designed to carry 3,000 to 10,000 vehicles per day. Collectors typically have at least one travel
  lane in each direction.

The existing configurations of the roadways within the study area are described below:

- Arbor Vitae Street runs in an east-west orientation in the project area from Airport Boulevard to
  Prairie Avenue and then continues from Crenshaw Boulevard to Van Ness Avenue. The street from
  Airport Boulevard to La Brea Avenue has two travel lanes in each direction, and from La Brea
  Avenue to Prairie Avenue has one travel lane in each direction, and from Crenshaw Boulevard to
  Van Ness Avenue has one travel lane and one bike lane in each direction. On-street parking is
  partially allowed on both sides. The street is mostly directionally divided by a painted median. The
  established speed limit is 35 mph.
- **Ash Avenue** runs in a north-south orientation in the project area between Florence Avenue and Hillcrest Boulevard. The street consists of one travel lane in each direction, with on-street parking on both sides. The speed limit is established as 25 mph.
- Airport Boulevard runs a north-south orientation in the project study area between Century
  Boulevard and La Tijera Boulevard. Airport Boulevard from Century Boulevard to Interceptor
  Street-Car Rental Agency has two travel lanes in the northbound direction and three travel lanes
  in the southbound direction, and from Interceptor Street-Car Rental Agency to La Tijera Boulevard



morthy divoctionally divided by a

has two travel lanes in each direction. Airport Boulevard is mostly directionally divided by a painted median. On-street parking is allowed along the northbound travel direction. The established speed limit is 35 mph.

- Aviation Boulevard runs in a north-south orientation in the project area between Arbor Vitae
   Street and Manchester Boulevard. The corridor consists of two travel lanes in each direction, with
   on-street parking only along the northbound travel direction. The speed limit is established as 40
   mph.
- Centinela Avenue runs in a north-south orientation in the project area beginning at Florence
  Avenue and continuing north through Hyde Park Boulevard, where it curves to the west and runs
  in an east-west direction through La Cienega Boulevard and continues to the west under I-405.
  Centinela Avenue is classified as a major arterial in the City's General Plan Circulation Element and
  consists of two travel lanes in each direction. There is on-street parking on both sides within the
  project area. The speed limit is established as 40 mph.
- *Century Boulevard* is a major arterial that provides access to LAX, car rental companies, I-405, and I-110. It runs in an east-west orientation in the project area from SR-1/LAX entrance to I-110. The number of lanes varies from two to four travel lanes in each direction. The corridor is directionally divided by either a raised median or a painted median. On-street parking is available on both sides, although it is restricted when travel lanes drop to two lanes and near the LAX. The speed limit varies from 35 mph and 40 mph along the corridor. It is established as 35 mph from SR-1/LAX entrance to Inglewood Avenue, as 40 mph from Inglewood Avenue to Van Ness Avenue, and 35 mph from Van Ness Avenue to I-110.
- Crenshaw Boulevard runs in a north-south orientation with three travel lanes in each direction.
   Crenshaw Boulevard is classified as a major arterial in the City's General Plan Circulation Element.
   Crenshaw Boulevard provides access to I-105 on the southern edge of Inglewood, and to I-10 north of the City. There is on-street parking on both sides of the street within the project area.
   The speed limit is established as 35 mph.
- Eucalyptus Avenue lies west of La Brea Avenue and runs in a north-south orientation for the entire
  length of the city limits with one travel lane in each direction. Eucalyptus Avenue is classified as a
  minor arterial in the City's General Plan Circulation Element. There is on-street parking in the
  project area south of Manchester Boulevard, and limited parking in certain segments north of
  Manchester Boulevard. The speed limit is established as 30 mph.
- Fairview Boulevard runs in an east-west orientation, joining Hyde Park Boulevard on the east and La Cienega Boulevard on the west. The portion of the street within the project area is designated as a collector in the City's General Plan Circulation Element. The street consists of one travel lane in each direction, with on-street parking on both sides. The speed limit is established as 25 mph.
- Florence Avenue traverses the project area in an east-west orientation with two travel lanes in each direction. There is also a bike lane in each direction between Locust Street and Redondo Boulevard. Florence Avenue is classified as a major arterial in the City's General Plan Circulation



Element and provides an east-west connection from I-110 through Inglewood to I-405. There is no on-street parking in the project area, and Florence Avenue is part of the County's CMP network. The designated speed limit is established as 40 mph.

- Hawthorne Boulevard traverses the project area in a north-south orientation, beginning at Imperial Highway and terminating at Century Boulevard, with three travel lanes in each direction. The corridor is directionally divided by a raised median. There is a bike lane in each direction between 104<sup>th</sup> Street and 111<sup>th</sup> Street. Hawthorne Boulevard is a major arterial that provides access to I-105. On-street parking is permitted on both northbound and southbound directions. The designated speed limit is established as 35 mph.
- Hindry Avenue runs in a north-south orientation in the project area between Arbor Vitae Street
  and Florence Avenue. The corridor consists of one travel lane in each direction, with on-street
  parking on both sides. The speed limit is established as 30 mph.
- **Hyde Park Boulevard** runs in an east-west orientation north of Florence Avenue. It is designated as a collector in the City's General Plan. Hyde Park Boulevard consists of one travel lane in each direction, with on-street parking on both sides. The speed limit is established as 30 mph.
- Imperial Highway is a major arterial that runs in an east-west orientation from Sepulveda Boulevard to I-110 within the project area. It provides access to LAX, I-105, I-405, I-110, and several major arterials within the project area. The corridor mainly consists of three travel lanes in each direction west of Vermont Avenue, though there are portions where it drops to two lanes on each side. East of Vermont Avenue, there are two travel lanes in each direction. The corridor is directionally divided by either a raised median or a painted median. There is on-street parking on both sides, though it is partially restricted. The speed limit varies from 35 to 45 mph along the corridor. It is established as 45 mph on west of Nash Street, 40 mph from the Nash Avenue to La Cienega Boulevard, 35 mph from La Cienega Boulevard to Yukon Avenue, 40 mph on from Yukon Avenue to Vermont Avenue, and 35 mph on east of Vermont Avenue.
- **Inglewood Avenue** has a north-south orientation and is classified as a collector in the City's General Plan Circulation Element. Inglewood Avenue has one travel lane in each direction and provides on-street parking on both sides.
- Juniper Street has an east-west orientation and is classified as a collector in the City's General Plan Circulation Element, connecting Eucalyptus Avenue to La Brea Avenue and Hyde Park Boulevard. The street has one travel lane in each direction and provides on-street parking on both sides.
- La Brea Avenue traverses the project area in a north-south orientation with two travel lanes in each direction. La Brea Avenue is classified as a major arterial in the City's General Plan Circulation Element and provides the project area with access to I-10 and Mid-City, and connects to Hawthorne Boulevard and links up to I-105. There is on-street parking on both sides of La Brea Avenue within the project area. The speed limit is established as 35 mph.



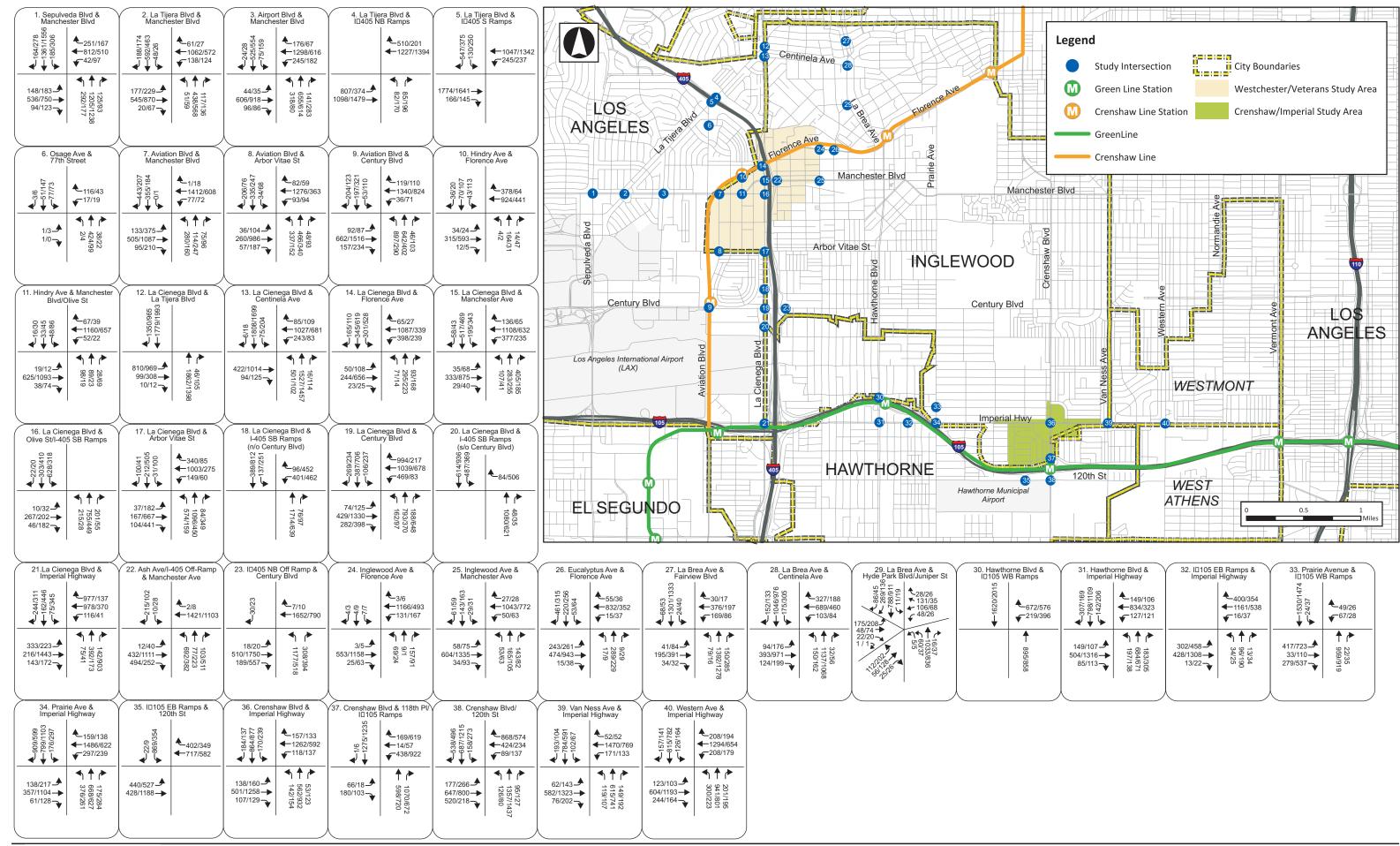
- La Cienega Boulevard runs in a north-south orientation from La Tijera Boulevard to Imperial Highway. It is a major arterial that provides access to I-405, I-105, and some major arterials within the project area including Florence Avenue, Manchester Avenue, Arbor Vitae Street, and Century Boulevard. The corridor consists of three travel lanes in each direction north of Hyde Park Boulevard and two travel lanes in each direction south of Hyde Park Boulevard. There is on-street parking on both sides, which is partially restricted or restricted during a.m. and p.m. peak period. The speed limit is established as 45 mph north of Florence Avenue, 40 mph south of Florence Avenue.
- La Tijera Boulevard is located on the northwest corner of the project study area connecting Manchester Avenue to La Cienega Boulevard. La Tijera Boulevard has three travel lanes in each direction and from Manchester Avenue to I-405 Southbound Ramps is directionally divided by either a raised median or painted median. On-street parking on both sides is allowed only from I-405 Northbound Ramps to La Cienega Boulevard. The speed limit is established as 40 mph.
- Manchester Boulevard runs in an east- west orientation with two travel lanes in the westward direction and two travel lanes west of Hillcrest Boulevard and three travel lanes east of Hillcrest Boulevard in the eastward direction. Manchester Boulevard is classified as a major arterial in the City's General Plan Circulation Element and provides an east-west connection from I-110 through the heart of Inglewood and continues west to Playa Del Rey. Manchester Boulevard passes by multiple key locations in the study area including the Inglewood Park Cemetery, The Forum, and Inglewood High School. There is on-street parking on both sides of the boulevard within the project area. Manchester Boulevard is part of the CMP network. The speed limit is established as 35 mph.
- Market Street begins east of La Brea Avenue at Florence Avenue, and meets La Brea Avenue
  further south. Market Street is classified as a minor arterial according to the City's General Plan
  Circulation Element. There is one travel lane in each direction with a median lane to accommodate
  left turn movements. There is also a mixture of parallel and angled street parking along both sides
  of the street. The speed limit is established as 25 mph.
- Olive Street runs in an east-west orientation in the project area between Manchester Boulevard
  and La Cienega Boulevard and serves as a collector. Olive Street consists of one travel lane in each
  direction from Manchester Boulevard to Glasgow Avenue, and one travel lane in the westward
  direction and two travel lanes in the eastward direction from Glasgow Avenue to La Cienega
  Boulevard. There is on-street parking on both sides except for the eastbound direction with two
  travel lanes.
- **Osage Avenue** runs in a north-south orientation between Manchester Avenue and La Tijera Boulevard. It serves as a collector. The Avenue has one travel lane in each direction, with on-street parking on both sides. The established speed limit is 30 mph.
- **Prairie Avenue** runs in a north-south orientation. There are two travel lanes in each direction and it is designated as a major arterial in the City's General Plan Circulation Element. There is no onstreet parking available. The speed limit in the project area is established as 40 mph.



- **Sepulveda Boulevard** runs in a north-south orientation west of La Tijera Boulevard. It is classified as a major arterial. The boulevard consists of three travel lanes plus one bike lane in each direction. On-street parking is permitted along the northbound travel direction. The speed limit is established as 40 mph.
- **Western Avenue** runs in a north-south orientation from Florence Avenue to Imperial Highway. Western Avenue is a minor arterial and consists of two travel lanes in each direction. There is onstreet parking on both sides of the corridor. The speed limit is established as 40 mph on the south of West Park Terrace and 35 mph on the north of West Park Terrace.
- Van Ness Avenue runs in a north-south orientation from Imperial Highway to Florence Avenue and is located at the eastern boundary of the City of Inglewood. The corridor has two travel lanes in each direction from Imperial Highway to Century Boulevard and one travel lane in each direction from Century Boulevard to Florence Avenue. From Century Boulevard to 80<sup>th</sup> Street, the corridor is directionally divided by a painted median serving as a two-way left-turn lane (TWLTL). There is on-street parking on both sides of the corridor within the project area. The designated speed limit is established as 35 mph.
- 120<sup>th</sup> Street runs in an east-west orientation from Aviation Boulevard to Van Ness Avenue within the project area. It provides access to I-105. The corridor consists of two travel lanes in each direction except for the eastward direction from I-105 ramps to Van Ness Avenue that consists of three travel lanes. There is on-street parking on both sides from Aviation Boulevard to Prairie Avenue. The speed limit is established as 40 mph.

#### 2.2.1 Existing Traffic Volumes

Existing (2018) traffic counts were provided by the City of Inglewood at all 40 study intersections. All counts were conducted during the a.m. peak period (7:00 - 9:00) and p.m. peak period (4:00 - 6:00) in April 2018. The traffic impact analysis is based on the highest single hour of traffic during each time period at each location. Detailed vehicle turning movement data are included in **Appendix A**. **Figure 3** shows the existing peak hour volumes at the study intersections.





#### 2.3 Existing Multimodal Modality

This section presents a description of existing facilities and routes that serve multimodal mobility needs within each of the TODs in the study area. The City has developed and invested in many existing transportation and mobility options including: truck routes, bus routes and stops, bicycle routes, sidewalks, and multi-purpose paths.

#### 2.3.1 Truck Circulation

The City of Inglewood's truck routes as described in the City's Municipal Code Section 3-85 include the following:

- Arbor Vitae Street from West City Limits to La Brea Avenue;
- Aviation Boulevard from Manchester Boulevard to South City Limits;
- Centinela Avenue from West City Limits to Florence Avenue;
- Century Boulevard from West City Limits to East City Limits;
- Crenshaw Boulevard from North City Limits to South City Limits;
- Eucalyptus Avenue from Florence Avenue to Juniper Street;
- Florence Avenue from Manchester Boulevard to East City Limits;
- Hawthorne Boulevard from Century Boulevard to South City Limits;
- Hyde Park Boulevard from Hyde Park Place to East City Limits;
- Hyde Park Place from Centinela Avenue to Hyde Park Boulevard;
- Imperial Highway from West City Limits to East City Limits;
- Juniper Street from Eucalyptus Avenue to La Brea Avenue;
- La Brea Avenue from North City Limits to South City Limits;
- La Cienega Boulevard from North City Limits to South City Limits;
- Manchester Boulevard from West City Limits to East City Limits;
- Prairie Avenue from Florence Avenue to South City Limits; and
- 102<sup>nd</sup> Street from Prairie Avenue to Yukon Avenue.

#### 2.3.2 Public Transit

The transit system currently serving the study areas is comprised of bus services provided by the Metropolitan Transportation Authority (Metro). **Table 2** lists the transit lines near each study area along with descriptions and corresponding characteristics including routes and frequencies.

**Table 2: Study Area Transit Facilities** 

	Service	Route				Frequency utes)
Study Area Agency/ Name From/To		From/To	To/From	AM	PM	
	Big Blue Bus	3	Aviation Station	Arizona & 5th	20	20
Westchester/Veterans TOD	Metro Local	40	South Bay Galleria	Union Station	10-20	10-20
	Metro Local	102	LAX City Bus Center	Palm & Seville	35-45	35-40
***************************************	Beach CitiesTransit	109	LAX City Bus Center	Redondo Beach Riviera Village	40-50	40-50



## Westchester/Veterans & Crenshaw/Imperial

a crensnaw/impenar
TOD Traffic Impact Analysis
Draft Report

Study Area	Service Agency/	Route	From/To	To/From	Peak Hour (min	Frequency utes)
53aa, 7aa 5a	Туре	Name	,		AM	PM
	Metro Local	110	E.A. Way & Jefferson	Granger & Florence	10-30	20-30
	Metro Local	111	LAX City Bus Center	Norwalk Station	10-30	20-30
	Metro Local	115	Vista Del Mar & Culver	Norwalk Station	15-30	20-40
	Metro Local	117	LAX City Bus Center	Green Line Station	15-20	15-20
	Metro Local	211- 215	South Bay Galleria	Redondo Beach Station	35-60	30-50
	Metro Local	212- 312	Hawthorne/Lennox Station	Hollywood Way/Vine Station	10-25	15-30
	Metro Local	217	Los Angeles Jefferson Station	Hollywood Vine Station	15-25	10-15
	Metro Local	607	Inglewood Transit Center	Inglewood Transit Center	50-60	50-60
	Metro Rail	Green Line	Redondo Beach	Norwalk	6	6
	Torrance Transit	5	Pacific Coast Hwy at Crenshaw Bl	Crenshaw Station	55-65 55-65	
	Torrance Transit	10	Crenshaw BI at Pacific Coast Hwy	Crenshaw Station	25-30	30
	Metro Local	40	South Bay Galleria	Union Station	10-20	10-20
	Metro Local	115	Vista Del Mar & Culver	Norwalk Station	15-30	20-40
	Metro Local	117	LAX City Bus Center	Green Line Station	15-20	15-20
	Metro Local	120	Aviation/ LAX Station	Whittwood Town Center	35-40	30-60
	Metro Local	126	Manhattan Beach & Valley Drive	Hawthorne Station	65	70
Crenshaw/Imperial	Metro Local	207	Western & Imperial	Hollywood & Western	10-15	10-15
TOD	Metro Local	209	Vermont/ Athens Station	Wilshire/ Western Station	50-60	50-60
	Metro Local	210	South Bay Galleria	Vine & Hollywood	15-20	20-35
	Metro Local	211- 215	South Bay Galleria	Redondo Beach Station	35-60	30-50
	Metro Local	212- 312	Hawthorne/Lennox Station	Hollywood Way/Vine Station	10-25	15-30
	Metro Local	442	Hawthorne/Lennox Station	Patsaouras Transit Plaza/Union Station	45	45
	Metro Rapid	710	South Bay Galleria	Wilshire/ Western Purple Line Station	10-15	10-20
	Metro Rapid	740	South Bay Galleria	Expo/Crenshaw Station	15-20	20
	Metro Rapid	757	Crenshaw Green Line Station	Hollywood/Western Station	10-15	10-15



#### 2.3.3 Pedestrian and Bicycle Facilities

Existing pedestrian facilities within the study area generally consist of traditional sidewalks and pedestrian street crossings. The existing facilities are typically lacking in pedestrian enhancements such as landscaping, medians, pathways, alleys, and other pedestrian friendly amenities including shading, furniture, signage and other comforts. Figures illustrating the pedestrian facilities in each TOD study area are provided in **Appendix B**.

Currently, there are no formal bicycle facilities in the TOD study areas; however, the City of Inglewood General Plan Circulation Element designates the following streets as Class III bicycle routes:

- Queen Street from Oak Street to City Hall;
- Kelso Street from Oak Street to Prairie Avenue;
- Arbor Vitae Street from Metro R.O.W, on the west, to Oak Street;
- Oak Street from Queen Street to Arbor Vitae Street;
- 111th Place from Yukon Avenue to Crenshaw Boulevard; and
- Yukon Avenue from Century Boulevard to 118<sup>th</sup> Place.

Figures illustrating the existing bicycle facilities and the proposed bicycle facilities listed in the City of Inglewood Circulation Element are provided in **Appendix B**.

## 3.0 TRAFFIC OPERATIONS ANALYSIS METHODOLOGY

The quality of traffic operations is characterized using the concept of level of service (LOS). Level of service is defined by a range of grades from A (best) to F (worst). At intersections, LOS "A" represents relatively free flow operating conditions with little or no delay. LOS "F" is characterized by extremely unstable flow conditions, severe congestion and delays with traffic volumes at or near the intersection's design capacity. This typically results in long vehicular queues extending from all approaches of the intersection.

In this report, analysis of traffic operations was conducted according to the traffic impact analysis guidelines used by the City of Inglewood. The City of Inglewood uses the Los Angeles County Public Works' 1997 Traffic Impact Analysis guidelines. Utilizing these guidelines, intersection operating conditions were quantified using the Intersection Capacity Utilization (ICU) method. The ICU methodology is used for signalized intersections. The ICU methodology does not apply to non-signalized intersections. Volume-to-capacity (V/C) ratios and corresponding LOS were calculated at study intersections during the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hours. It should be noted that three of the study intersections are located in the City of Los Angeles; therefore, these intersections were analyzed using the Critical Movement Analysis (CMA) methodology, per City of Los Angeles Guidelines. Both ICU and CMA methodologies are commonly used to determine V/C ratios.

**Table 3** presents a brief description of each level of service letter grade, as well as the range of V/C ratios associated with each grade for signalized intersections.



### Westchester/Veterans & Crenshaw/Imperial

TOD Traffic Impact Analysis Draft Report

Table 3: Intersection Level of Service Definitions – ICU Methodology

Level	Table 3. Intersection Level of Service Definitions—100 f	Intersection
of Service	Description	Volume to Capacity (V/C) Ratio
А	Excellent operation. All approaches to the intersection appear quite open, turning movements are easily made, and nearly all drivers find freedom of operation.	0.000-0.600
В	Very good operation. Many drivers begin to feel somewhat restricted within platoons of vehicles. This represents stable flow. An approach to an intersection may occasionally be fully utilized and traffic queues start to form.	>0.600-0.700
С	Good operation. Occasionally drivers may have to wait more than 60 seconds, and back-ups may develop behind turning vehicles. Most drivers feel somewhat restricted.	>0.700-0.800
D	Fair operation. Cars are sometimes required to wait more than 60 seconds during short peaks. There are no long-standing traffic queues.	>0.800-0.900
E	Poor operation. Some long-standing vehicular queues develop on critical approaches to intersections. Delays may be up to several minutes.	>0.900-1.000
F	Forced flow. Represents jammed conditions. Backups form locations downstream or on the cross street may restrict or prevent movement of vehicles out of the intersection approach lanes; therefore, volumes carried are not predictable. Potential for stop and go type traffic flow.	> 1.000

Source: Highway Capacity Manual 2000, Transportation Research Board, Washington, D.C., 2000.

For intersections operated under Caltrans' jurisdiction, unsignalized intersections, and the 5-legged intersection at Hyde Park Boulevard/Juniper Street/La Brea Avenue, analysis of traffic operations were conducted utilizing the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) methodology, which uses vehicular delay criteria to determine LOS. The ICU methodology does not support analysis of 5-legged intersections. **Table 4** presents a brief description of each level of service letter grade, as well as the range of HCM average intersection delay associated with each grade for signalized and unsignalized intersections.



## Westchester/Veterans & Crenshaw/Imperial

TOD Traffic Impact Analysis Draft Report

Table 4: Intersection Level of Service Definitions – HCM Methodology

Table 4. Intersection Level of Service Definitions – new Methodology						
Level of Service	Description	Signalized Intersection Delay (seconds per vehicle)	Unsignalized Intersection Delay (seconds per vehicle)			
А	Excellent operation. All approaches to the intersection appear quite open, turning movements are easily made, and nearly all drivers find freedom of operation.	≤ 10	≤ 10			
В	Very good operation. Many drivers begin to feel somewhat restricted within platoons of vehicles. This represents stable flow. An approach to an intersection may occasionally be fully utilized and traffic queues start to form.	>10 and <u>&lt;</u> 20	>10-15			
С	Good operation. Occasionally drivers may have to wait more than 60 seconds, and back-ups may develop behind turning vehicles. Most drivers feel somewhat restricted.	>20 and <u>&lt;</u> 35	>15-25			
D	Fair operation. Cars are sometimes required to wait more than 60 seconds during short peaks. There are no long-standing traffic queues.	>35 and <u>&lt;</u> 55	>25-35			
E	Poor operation. Some long-standing vehicular queues develop on critical approaches to intersections. Delays may be up to several minutes.	>55 and <u>&lt;</u> 80	>35-50			
F	Forced flow. Represents jammed conditions. Backups form locations downstream or on the cross street may restrict or prevent movement of vehicles out of the intersection approach lanes; therefore, volumes carried are not predictable. Potential for stop and go type traffic flow.	> 80	>50			

Source: Highway Capacity Manual 2000, Transportation Research Board, Washington, D.C., 2000.

## 3.1 Thresholds of Significance

Consistent with Los Angeles County Public Works traffic impact review guidelines, a project's traffic impact is evaluated based on ICU and is considered significant if the change in V/C ratio relative to the "without project" signalized intersection LOS meets or exceeds the thresholds listed in **Table 5**. These thresholds are applied at intersections within Inglewood, unincorporated Los Angeles County, and City of Hawthorne.



Draft Report

**Table 5: Intersection Significant Impact Criteria** 

Intersection LOS in Pre-Project Conditions	v/c	Project V/C Increase
С	0.71 to 0.80	0.04 or more
D	0.81 to 0.90	0.02 or more
E/F	0.91 or more	0.01 or more

**Table 6** summarizes the thresholds of significance applied by the City of Los Angeles.

**Table 6: Intersection Significant Impact Criteria (City of Los Angeles intersections)** 

Intersection LOS in Post-Project Conditions	v/c	Project V/C Increase
С	0.71 to 0.80	0.04 or more
D	0.81 to 0.90	0.02 or more
E/F	0.91 or more	0.01 or more

At a Caltrans facility, a project impact is considered significant if the project traffic results in a worsening of the level of service from LOS D or better to LOS E or F. In addition, a project impact is considered significant if a Caltrans facility is currently operating at LOS E or F and the project traffic results in an increase in average vehicle delay.

### 4.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS

A level of service analysis was conducted to evaluate existing intersection operations during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours at the forty (40) study intersections. **Table 7** summarizes the existing LOS at the study intersections. LOS calculation sheets are provided in **Appendix C**. **Figure 4** summarizes the existing intersection lane configurations.



**Table 7: Existing Intersection Peak Hour Level of Service** 

	Table 7: Existing Inte	Control	AM Peal		PM Pe	ak Hour
	Intersection	Туре	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS
1	Sepulveda Blvd/Manchester Ave	signalized	0.797	С	0.766	С
2	La Tijera Blvd/Manchester Ave	signalized	0.603	В	0.479	Α
3	Airport Blvd/Manchester Ave	signalized	0.802	D	0.776	С
4	La Tijera Blvd/I-405 NB Ramps**	signalized	40.1	D	24.3	С
5	La Tijera Blvd/I-405 SB Ramps**	signalized	29.9	С	25.6	С
6	Osage Ave/77th St <sup>1</sup>	unsignalized	12.1	В	9.0	Α
7	Aviation Blvd/Manchester Blvd	signalized	1.078	F	0.782	С
8	Aviation Blvd/Arbor Vitae St	signalized	0.936	E	0.747	С
9	Aviation Blvd/Century Blvd	signalized	0.873	D	0.809	D
10	Hindry Ave/Florence Ave	signalized	0.641	В	0.417	Α
11	Hindry Ave/Manchester Blvd/Olive St	signalized	0.651	В	0.582	А
12	La Cienega Blvd/La Tijera Blvd	signalized	1.100	F	0.865	D
13	La Cienega Blvd/Centinela Ave	signalized	0.925	E	0.921	Е
14	La Cienega Blvd/Florence Ave	signalized	0.801	D	0.837	D
15	La Cienega Blvd/Manchester Blvd	signalized	0.932	E	0.711	С
16	La Cienega Blvd/Olive St/I-405 SB Ramp**	signalized	28.6	С	19.8	В
17	La Cienega Blvd/Arbor Vitae St	signalized	0.866	D	0.759	С
18	La Cienega Blvd/I-405 SB Ramps (north of Century Blvd) **	signalized	24.3	С	22.9	С
19	La Cienega Blvd/Century Blvd	signalized	1.085	F	0.749	С
20	La Cienega Blvd/I-405 SB Ramps (south of Century Blvd) **	signalized	16.3	В	18.7	В
21	La Cienega Blvd/Imperial Hwy	signalized	0.639	В	0.789	С
22	Ash Ave/I-405 Off Ramp/Manchester Blvd**	signalized	37.9	D	37.6	D
23	I-405 NB Off Ramp/Century Blvd**	signalized	24.0	D	19.9	В
24	Inglewood Ave/Florence Ave	signalized	0.556	Α	0.648	В
25	Inglewood Ave/Manchester Blvd	signalized	0.579	А	0.674	В
26	Eucalyptus Ave/Florence Ave	signalized	0.850	D	0.634	В
27	La Brea Ave/Fairview Blvd	signalized	0.839	D	0.881	D
28	La Brea Ave/Centinela Ave	signalized	0.835	D	0.975	E
29	La Brea Ave/Hyde Park Blvd*	signalized	27.6	С	32.7	С
30	Hawthorne Blvd/I-105 WB Ramps**	signalized	15.0	В	16.4	В
31	Hawthorne Blvd/Imperial Hwy	signalized	0.752	С	0.779	С
32	I-105 EB Ramps/Imperial Hwy**	signalized	27.6	С	28.1	С
33	Prairie Ave/I-105 WB Ramps**	signalized	18.6	В	23.3	С



### Westchester/Veterans & Crenshaw/Imperial

TOD Traffic Impact Analysis Draft Report

Intersection		Control	AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour	
		Туре	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS
34	Prairie Ave/Imperial Hwy	signalized	0.911	E	0.858	D
35	I-105 EB Ramps/120th St**	signalized	37.6	D	26.9	С
36	Crenshaw Blvd/Imperial Hwy	signalized	0.808	D	0.837	D
37	Crenshaw Blvd/118th Place/I-105 Ramps**	signalized	19.8	В	30.6	С
38	Crenshaw Blvd/120th St	signalized	0.859	D	0.762	С
39	Van Ness Ave/Imperial Hwy	signalized	0.882	D	0.831	D
40	Western Ave/Imperial Hwy	signalized	1.028	F	0.842	D

Notes: V/C = Volume to Capacity Ratio, LOS = Level of Service.

Intersections operating at LOS E or F are shown in **bold**.

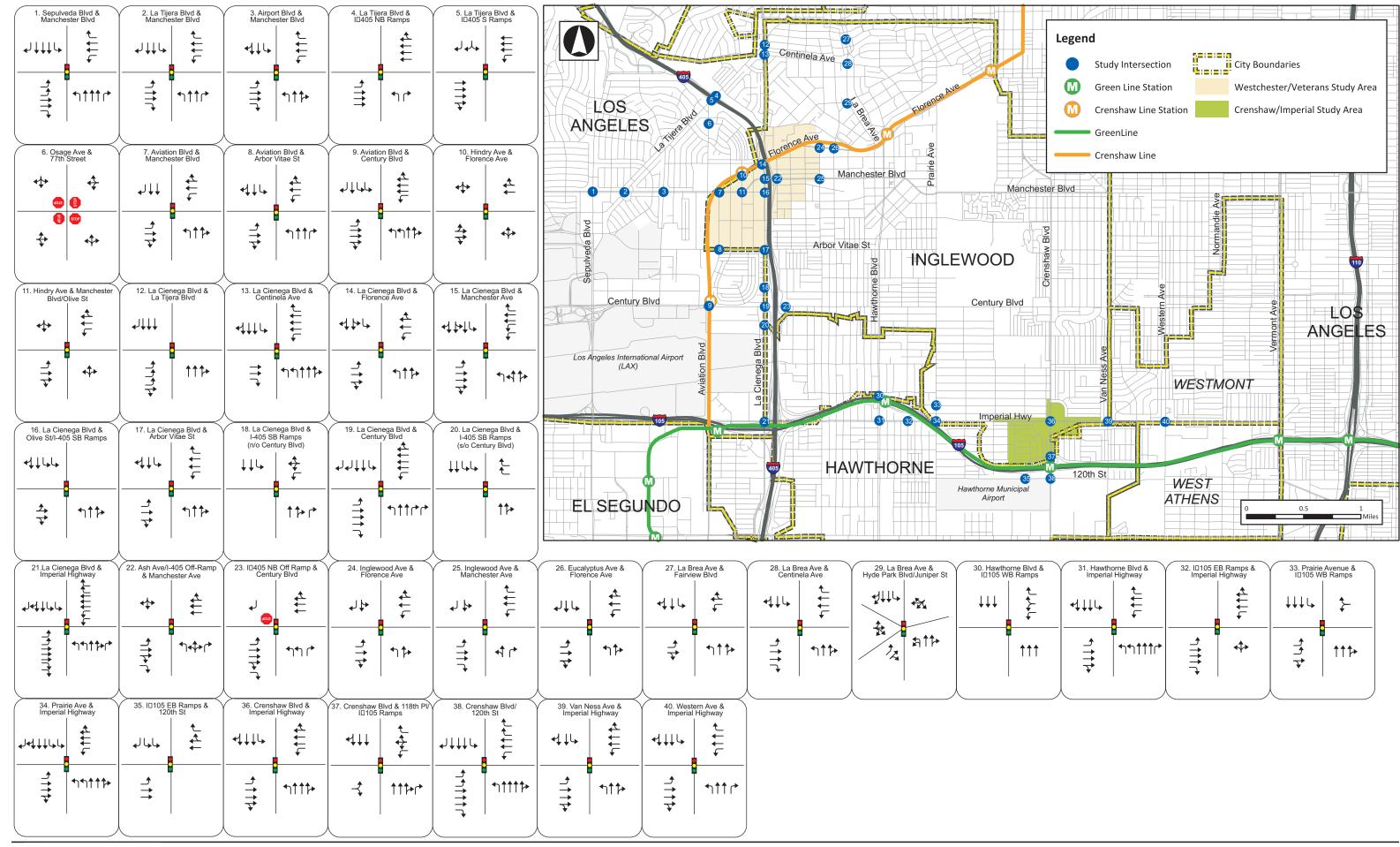
As shown in **Table 7**, the following intersections are currently operating at LOS E or F during peak hours:

- Aviation Boulevard/Manchester Boulevard (a.m. peak hour);
- Aviation Boulevard/Arbor Vitae Street (a.m. peak hour);
- La Cienega Boulevard/La Tijera Boulevard (a.m. peak hour);
- La Cienega Boulevard/Centinela Avenue (both a.m. and p.m. peak hour);
- La Cienega Boulevard/Manchester Boulevard (a.m. peak hour);
- La Cienega Boulevard/Century Boulevard (a.m. peak hour);
- La Brea Avenue/Centinela Avenue (p.m. peak hour);
- Prairie Avenue/Imperial Highway (a.m. peak hour); and
- Western Avenue/Imperial Highway (a.m. peak hour).

<sup>1 =</sup> Unsignalized intersection analyzed utilizing HCM delay-based stop-controlled intersection methodologies.

<sup>\*</sup> Intersection analyzed utilizing HCM delay-based methodology, as ICU does not support 5-legged intersection analysis.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Caltrans intersection, utilizing HCM delay-based methodology to evaluate intersection operations.





### 5.0 TRAFFIC VOLUME DEVELOPMENT

Traffic volume development was completed using a combination of the 2016 Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) travel demand model and the 2010 Los Angeles County Congestion Management Program (CMP).

### 5.1 Travel Model Methodology

The SCAG model was used as a basis for developing plus project and long range travel demand forecasts for this project. The base year (2016) and forecast year (2040 baseline) SCAG travel demand model roadway networks were modified to include all study intersections and roadway segments within the study area.

The transit network was verified in the future scenarios within the study area to ensure consistency with the Crenshaw/LAX LRT transit project and station locations. Land use inputs were adjusted in the "with project" scenarios using the planned TOD land use information (as discussed in Section 1.0 of this report). Separate model networks were developed for each of the following scenarios:

- Existing (2016);
- Existing Plus Project (2016);
- Forecast Year (2040) Without Project; and
- Forecast Year (2040) With Project.

Note that traffic model runs for the 2016 model scenario were only used for the purposes of distributing project trips through the network. As mentioned, the existing conditions analysis (ie, "no project") utilizes 2018 traffic counts provided by the City to develop the intersection LOS.

### 5.2 Cumulative Projects

Cumulative project traffic growth is growth due to specific, known development projects in the area surrounding the study locations that may affect future year traffic circulation. A list of cumulative projects within the region was provided by the City of Inglewood and is included in **Appendix D**. These cumulative projects were coded into the future year 2040 baseline travel demand model where necessary.

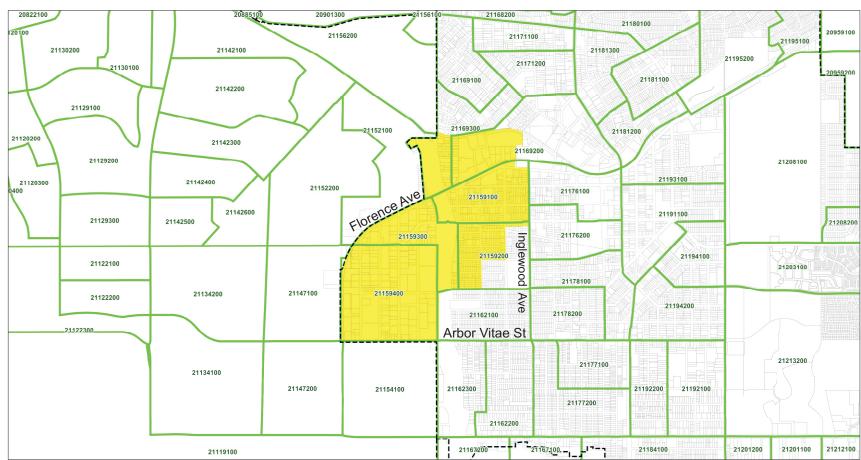
#### 5.3 Modeled Land Use

The land use assumptions for the "existing" scenario were assumed to be consistent with SCAG 2016 RTP land use inputs. The future year "without" project scenario was modified slightly to include known cumulative projects within the City of Inglewood that were not included in the 2016 RTP land use inputs.

The zone structure in the SCAG model does not directly align with the boundaries for the two TOD districts (Westchester/Veterans and Crenshaw/Imperial). The SCAG Traffic Analysis Zones (TAZ's) that include any portion of the TOD areas were selected for the modeling exercise, with the total data summarized in the tables in this section. As a result, a larger demographic area from the SCAG model is extracted and



modified in this analysis when compared to the sizes of the TOD areas themselves. **Figure 5** shows the SCAG TAZ boundaries in relation to the two TOD areas. **Table 8** shows a summary of the Year 2016 and Year 2040 socioeconomic data (SED) of the SCAG TAZ's that include any portion of the TOD areas. The table shows the values prior to inclusion of additional known cumulative projects, the adjusted values accounting for cumulative projects, and the values including the proposed project. The cumulative projects discussed in Section 5.2 of this report were converted from land use to socio-economic data, and were added to the 2040 "without" project scenario as background assumptions. Project only land use (as summarized in **Table 1**) was converted to SED and was then added to the "Socioeconomic Data per Adjusted SCAG Model" values to develop the "with TOD" scenario in 2040.



Westchester / Veterans TOD

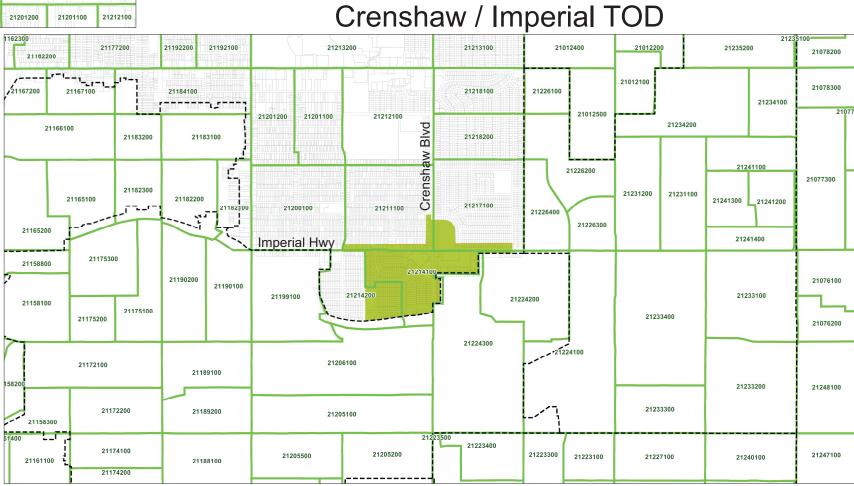




Table 8: Socio-Economic Data (SED) Summary

Table 8. 30clo-Economic Data (SED) Summary											
		Population			Households		Total Employment				
TOD Area	2016	2040	Diff (2040- 2016)	2016	2040	Diff (2040- 2016)	2016	2040	Diff (2040- 2016)		
Socioeconomic Data per SCAG Model (unadjusted)											
Westchester/Veterans	11,907	12,494	587	4,434	4,718	284	6,865	7,907	1,042		
Crenshaw/Imperial	9,197	9,683	486	2,678	2,874	196	1,851	2,255	404		
TOTAL	21,104	22,177	1,073	7,112	7,592	480	8,716	10,162	1,446		
		Cumulativ	e Projects-r	elated Socio	economic C	Changes	•	<u> </u>			
Westchester/Veterans	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Crenshaw/Imperial	0	6,621	6,621	0	2,792	2,792	0	2,200	2,200		
TOTAL	0	6,621	6,621	0	2,792	2,792	0	2,200	2,200		
		Socioed	onomic Dat	a per Adjus	ted SCAG M	odel	ı	I			
Westchester/Veterans	11,907	12,494	587	4,434	4,718	284	6,865	7,907	1,042		
Crenshaw/Imperial	9,197	16,304	7,107	2,678	5,666	2,988	1,851	4,455	2,604		
TOTAL	21,104	28,798	7,694	7,112	10,384	3,272	8,716	12,362	3,646		
		Proposed	d Project-rel	ated Socioe	conomic Ch	anges	•				
Westchester/Veterans	3,053	3,053	0	1,106	1,106	0	5,525	5,525	0		
Crenshaw/Imperial	8,236	8,236	0	2,984	2,984	0	160	160	0		
TOTAL	11,289	11,289	0	4,090	4,090	0	5,685	5,685	0		
Total Socioeconomic Changes Analyzed for the Westchester/Veterans and Crenshaw/Imperial TOD Plans											
Westchester/Veterans	14,960	15,547	587	5,540	5,824	284	12,390	13,432	1,042		
Crenshaw/Imperial	17,433	24,540	7,107	5,662	8,650	2,988	2,011	4,615	2,604		
TOTAL	32,393	40,087	7,694	11,202	14,474	3,272	14,401	18,047	3,646		



#### 5.4 Model Outputs

Raw model link volumes (approaches and departures) were obtained from the above four model runs, and were summarized and post-processed for use in intersection analysis. An NCHRP-255 delta process was used to determine final project turning movements. A conservative methodology was applied, which used a combination of model volumes and a growth rate of 5 percent (total) for the future year 2040 without project. This conservative approach was developed based on the 2010 CMP traffic growth forecast.

#### 5.5 Project Trip Generation and Distribution

Land use was modified in the SCAG model for the "with project" scenarios to develop traffic generation estimates for the proposed project. The land use for each TOD area is shown in **Table 1**.

The SCAG 2016 travel demand model was used to estimate trip productions and trip attractions based on land use and network configurations (including transit network configuration and station location). The model then assigned the project trips to the existing roadway network in a dynamic method. The methodology used for the modeling process allowed for the SCAG model to estimate trip reductions based on mode availability in the future year 2040.

**Table 9** shows the a.m. and p.m. peak hour, as well as daily project trips generated by each TOD study area.

**Future Year 2040 With Project Scenario Existing Plus Project Scenario TOD AM Peak PM Peak AM Peak PM Peak Daily Daily** Hour Hour Hour Hour Westchester/Veterans 4,764 5,478 25,090 4,722 5,512 25,579 Crenshaw/Imperial 14,626 2,716 14,709 2,694 3,335 3,344 **Total Trips** 7,458 8,813 39,716 7,438 8,856 40,288

**Table 9: Project Trips Generated per TOD Area** 

As shown in **Table 9**, the project zones are forecast to generate a total of 7,458 a.m. peak hour trips, 8,813 p.m. peak hour trips and 39,716 daily trips in the existing plus project scenario. In the future year 2040 with project scenario, the project zones are forecast to generate a total of 7,438 a.m. peak hour trips, 8,856 p.m. peak hour trips and 40,288 daily trips.

As shown, the total amount of daily project-related trips generated by the TAZ's that encompass the TOD plan areas are approximately 1% greater in the 2040 scenario than the existing (2016 model) scenario. This is due primarily to the increased development built out within the area, adding more trip generators.

The project's average daily Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) output produced in the SCAG model, however, is lower in the future year 2040 scenario than the existing scenario. The primary reasons for a reduction



fic Impact Analysis Draft Report

in project VMT are reduced trip lengths to and from trip generators as well as increased transit use. **Table 10** summarizes the average daily VMT for each scenario for the two TOD areas (i.e., TAZ's that encompass both TOD plan areas), as well as the City of Inglewood.

Table 10: TOD Area Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)

	Exist	ing Conditions	VMT	Future Year 2040 Conditions VMT					
Study Area	Without Project	With Project	Proposed Project Difference	Without Project	With Project	Proposed Project Difference			
Westchester/Veterans	603,919	608,388	4,470	614,331	616,270	1,938			
Crenshaw/Imperial	72,559	73,371	812	74,143	74,761	618			
TOD Total	676,478	681,759	5,282	688,474	691,030	2,556			
City of Inglewood Total	2,228,507	2,247,939	19,432	2,291,368	2,303,958	12,590			

As shown in **Table 10**, the proposed project difference in VMT for the combined TOD areas is approximately 2,726 VMT lower in future year 2040 conditions than in existing. In addition, the city-wide total of VMT is approximately 6,842 VMT lower in future year 2040 conditions than in existing.

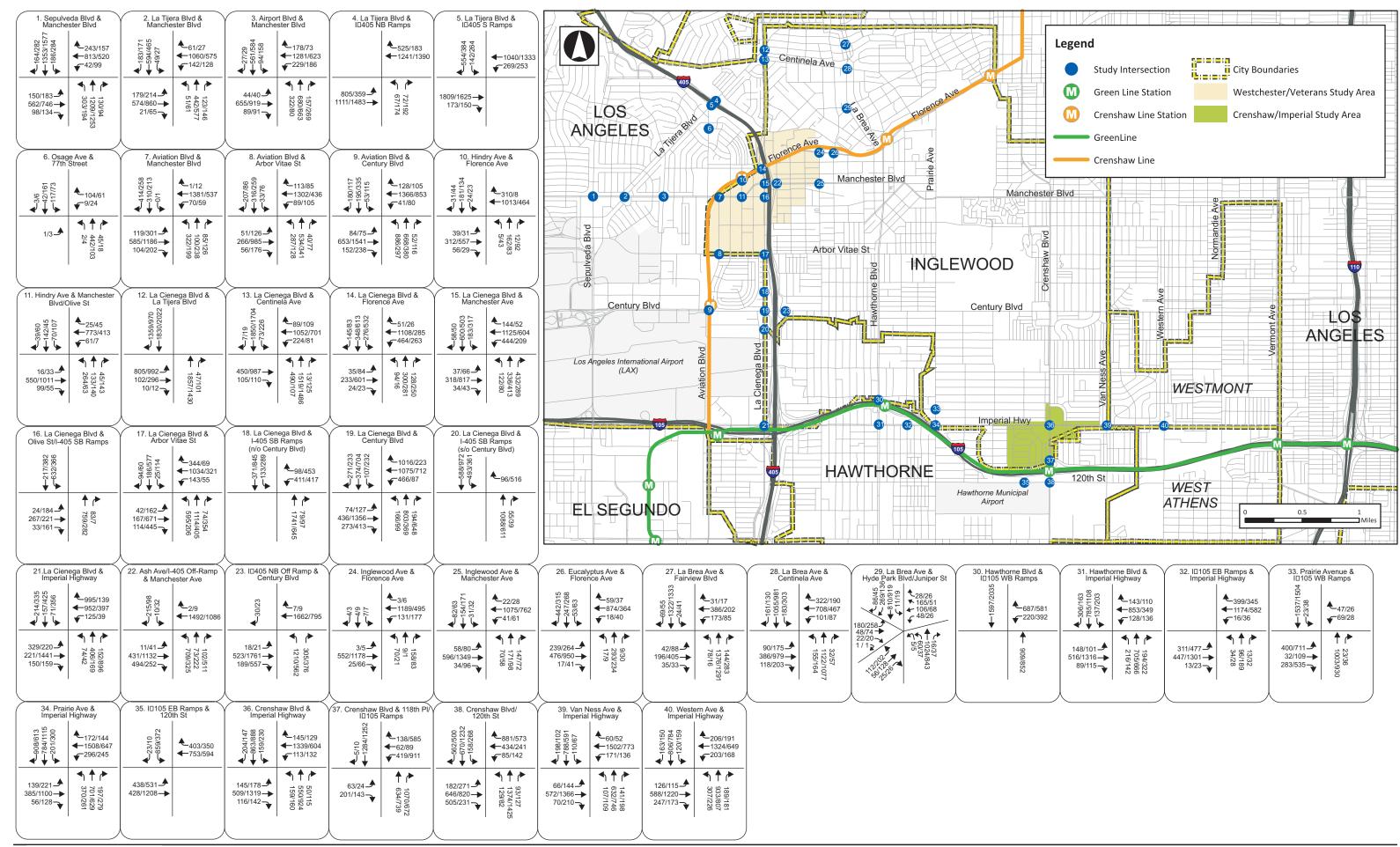
### 6.0 EXISTING PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS

Existing plus project volumes were developed as described in the "Traffic Volume Development" section and take into account the described roadway system configuration changes at Olive Street, Isis Street, and at the Inglewood Avenue/Manchester Boulevard intersection. As mentioned, the new Crenshaw LRT stations are not included in the existing plus project analysis as a result of the expected 2020 opening year for the transit line.

**Figure 6** illustrates the existing plus project traffic volumes at the study intersections.

### 6.1 Existing Plus Project Intersection Levels of Service

A level of service analysis was conducted to evaluate existing plus project intersection operations during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours at the study intersections. **Table 11** summarizes the existing plus project level of service at the study intersections. Level of service calculation worksheets are included in **Appendix C**.





**Table 11: Existing Plus Project Intersection Peak Hour Level of Service** 

Intersection		Existing Conditions				Exist	ting Plus Pr	oject Condit	Change in V/C or Delay			
		AM Peak Hour		PM Pe	PM Peak Hour		AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour		Change in V/C or Delay	
		V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour	Impact?
1	Sepulveda Blvd/Manchester Ave	0.797	С	0.766	С	0.805	D	0.767	С	0.008	0.001	No
2	La Tijera Blvd/Manchester Ave	0.603	В	0.479	Α	0.605	В	0.483	Α	0.002	0.004	No
3	Airport Blvd/Manchester Ave	0.802	D	0.776	С	0.813	D	0.791	С	0.011	0.015	No
4	La Tijera Blvd/I-405 NB Ramps**	40.1	D	24.3	С	35.5	D	24.7	С	-4.6	0.4	No
5	La Tijera Blvd/I-405 SB Ramps**	29.9	С	25.6	С	31.1	С	26.4	С	1.2	0.8	No
6	Osage Ave/77th St <sup>1</sup>	12.1	В	9.0	А	12.6	В	9.3	А	0.5	0.3	No
7	Aviation Blvd/Manchester Blvd	1.078	F	0.782	С	1.067	F	0.861	D	-0.011	0.079	Yes
8	Aviation Blvd/Arbor Vitae St	0.936	E	0.747	С	0.926	E	0.741	С	-0.010	-0.006	No
9	Aviation Blvd/Century Blvd	0.873	D	0.809	D	0.871	D	0.833	D	-0.002	0.024	Yes
10	Hindry Ave/Florence Ave	0.641	В	0.417	Α	0.661	В	0.417	А	0.02	0.000	No
11	Hindry Ave/Manchester Blvd/Olive St	0.651	В	0.582	Α	0.674	В	0.706	С	0.023	0.124	No
12	La Cienega Blvd/La Tijera Blvd	1.100	F	0.865	D	1.104	F	0.873	D	0.004	0.008	No
13	La Cienega Blvd/Centinela Ave	0.925	E	0.921	E	0.928	E	0.934	E	0.003	0.013	Yes
14	La Cienega Blvd/Florence Ave	0.801	D	0.837	D	0.784	С	0.873	D	-0.017	0.036	Yes



Intersection		Existing Conditions				Exist	ting Plus Pr	oject Condit	Change in	Significant Impact?		
		AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour		AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour			Change in Vycor Belay	
		V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour	pucc.
15	La Cienega Blvd/Manchester Blvd	0.932	E	0.711	С	0.985	E	0.799	С	0.053	0.088	Yes
16	La Cienega Blvd/Olive St/I-405 SB Ramp**	28.6	С	19.8	В	26.4	С	20.9	С	-2.2	1.1	No
17	La Cienega Blvd/Arbor Vitae St	0.866	D	0.759	С	0.882	D	0.774	С	0.016	0.015	No
18	La Cienega Blvd/I-405 SB Ramps (north of Century Blvd) **	24.3	С	22.9	С	25.2	С	22.7	С	0.9	-0.2	No
19	La Cienega Blvd/Century Blvd	1.085	F	0.749	С	1.103	F	0.752	С	0.018	0.003	Yes
20	La Cienega Blvd/I-405 SB Ramps (south of Century Blvd) **	16.3	В	18.7	В	16.7	В	18.5	В	0.4	-0.2	No
21	La Cienega Blvd/Imperial Hwy	0.639	В	0.789	С	0.648	В	0.789	С	0.009	0.000	No
22	Ash Ave/I-405 Off Ramp/Manchester Blvd**	37.9	D	37.6	D	38.4	D	36.8	D	0.5	-0.8	No
23	I-405 NB Off Ramp/Century Blvd**	24.0	D	19.9	В	24.6	С	20.0	В	0.6	0.1	No
24	Inglewood Ave/Florence Ave	0.556	А	0.648	В	0.564	А	0.657	В	0.008	0.009	No
25	Inglewood Ave/Manchester Blvd	0.579	Α	0.674	В	0.613	В	0.711	С	0.034	0.037	No
26	Eucalyptus Ave/Florence Ave	0.850	D	0.634	В	0.850	D	0.640	В	0.000	0.006	No
27	La Brea Ave/Fairview Blvd	0.839	D	0.881	D	0.840	D	0.894	D	0.001	0.013	No
28	La Brea Ave/Centinela Ave	0.835	D	0.975	E	0.839	D	0.982	E	0.004	0.007	No
29	La Brea Ave/Hyde Park Blvd*	27.6	С	32.7	С	28.0	С	35.2	D	0.4	2.5	No



		Existing Conditions				Exist	ting Plus Pro	oject Condit	tions	Change in V/C or Delay		Significant
	Intersection		AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour		AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour			
		V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour	Impact?
30	Hawthorne Blvd/I-105 WB Ramps**	15.0	В	16.4	В	15.3	В	16.4	В	0.3	0.0	No
31	Hawthorne Blvd/Imperial Hwy	0.752	С	0.779	С	0.758	С	0.789	С	0.006	0.01	No
32	I-105 EB Ramps/Imperial Hwy**	27.6	С	28.1	С	27.6	С	28.0	С	0.0	-0.1	No
33	Prairie Ave/I-105 WB Ramps**	18.6	В	23.3	С	18.1	С	23.5	С	-0.5	0.2	No
34	Prairie Ave/Imperial Hwy	0.911	E	0.858	D	0.912	E	0.865	D	0.001	0.007	No
35	I-105 EB Ramps/120th St**	37.6	D	26.9	С	37.3	D	26.7	С	-0.3	-0.2	No
36	Crenshaw Blvd/Imperial Hwy	0.808	D	0.837	D	0.842	D	0.841	D	0.034	0.004	Yes
37	Crenshaw Blvd/118th Place/I-105 Ramps**	19.8	В	30.6	С	21.5	С	32.5	С	1.7	1.9	No
38	Crenshaw Blvd/120th St	0.859	D	0.762	С	0.883	D	0.769	С	0.024	0.007	Yes
39	Van Ness Ave/Imperial Hwy	0.882	D	0.831	D	0.889	D	0.847	D	0.007	0.016	No
40	Western Ave/Imperial Hwy	1.028	F	0.842	D	1.044	F	0.841	D	0.016	-0.001	Yes

Notes: V/C = Volume to Capacity Ratio, LOS = Level of Service.

<sup>1 =</sup> Unsignalized intersection analyzed utilizing HCM delay-based stop-controlled intersection methodologies.

<sup>\*</sup> Intersection analyzed utilizing HCM delay-based methodology, as ICU does not support 5-legged intersection analysis.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Caltrans intersection, utilizing HCM delay-based methodology to evaluate intersection operations.



As shown in **Table 11**, traffic generated by the proposed project is forecast to result in significant traffic impacts at the following intersections in existing plus project conditions:

- Aviation Boulevard/Manchester Boulevard;
- Aviation Boulevard/Century Boulevard;
- La Cienega Boulevard/Centinela Avenue;
- La Cienega Boulevard/Florence Avenue;
- La Cienega Boulevard/Manchester Boulevard;
- La Cienega Boulevard/Century Boulevard;
- Crenshaw Boulevard/Imperial Highway;
- Crenshaw Boulevard/120<sup>th</sup> Street; and
- Western Avenue/Imperial Highway.

### 7.0 FUTURE YEAR 2040 WITHOUT PROJECT CONDITIONS

Future year without project volumes were developed as described in the "Traffic Volume Development" section and take into account the following:

- Traffic growth based on a combination of SCAG 2016 RTP projected general employment growth and housing growth that occur in the SCAG region (including the study area) without the proposed TOD Plan and the 2010 CMP traffic volume growth factor (5%).
- Cumulative development projects within the study area provided by the City of Inglewood staff that were not included in the SCAG 2016 RTP forecasts.
- Two new Crenshaw LRT stations at the La Brea Avenue/Florence Avenue intersection and West Boulevard/Florence Avenue intersection.
  - Metro's proposed configuration and operational improvements as part of the Crenshaw LRT project have been taken into consideration.

### 7.1 Future Year 2040 Without Project Intersection Levels of Service

A level of service analysis was conducted to evaluate future year 2040 without project intersection operations during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours. **Figure 7** shows the future year 2040 without project peak hour volumes at the study intersections. **Table 12** summarizes the future year 2040 without project levels of service at the study intersections. Level of service calculation worksheets are included in **Appendix C**.

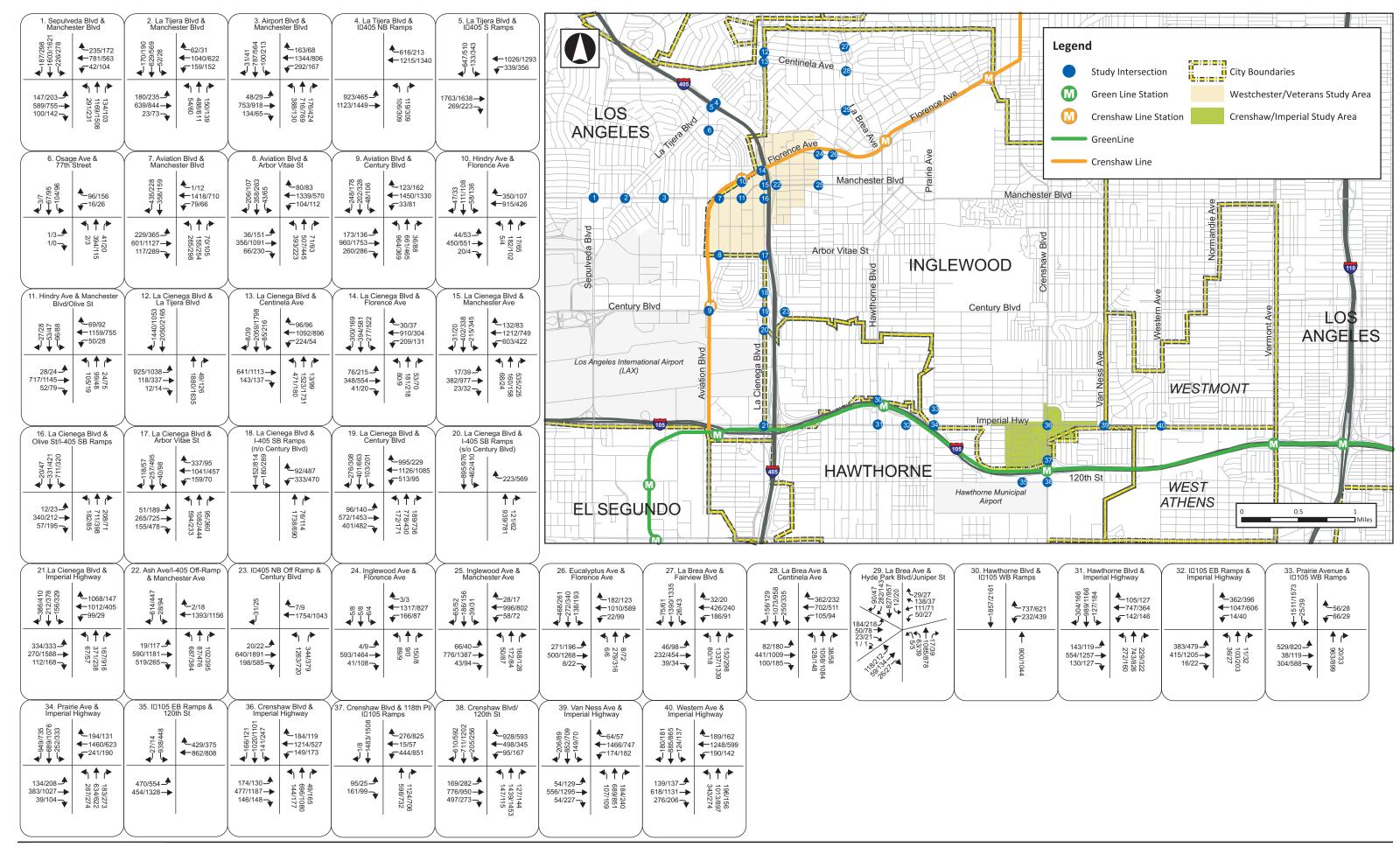




Table 12: Future Year 2040 Without Project Intersection Peak Hour Level of Service

			AM Pea	ak Hour	PM Peak Hour				
	Intersection	Control Type	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS			
1	Sepulveda Blvd/Manchester Ave	Signalized	0.843	D	0.819	D			
2	La Tijera Blvd/Manchester Ave	Signalized	0.613	В	0.513	Α			
3	Airport Blvd/Manchester Ave	Signalized	0.965	Е	0.908	E			
4	La Tijera Blvd/I-405 NB Ramps**	Signalized	73.9	E	30.3	С			
5	La Tijera Blvd/I-405 SB Ramps**	Signalized	35.6	D	39.5	D			
6	Osage Ave/77th St <sup>1</sup>	Unsignalized	11.5	В	9.6	А			
7	Aviation Blvd/Manchester Blvd	Signalized	1.124	F	0.915	E			
8	Aviation Blvd/Arbor Vitae St	Signalized	1.042	F	0.848	D			
9	Aviation Blvd/Century Blvd	Signalized	0.943	E	0.876	D			
10	Hindry Ave/Florence Ave	Signalized	0.650	В	0.443	А			
11	Hindry Ave/Manchester Blvd/Olive St	Signalized	0.645	В	0.604	В			
12	La Cienega Blvd/La Tijera Blvd	Signalized	1.153	F	0.938	E			
13	La Cienega Blvd/Centinela Ave	Signalized	0.998	E	0.978	Е			
14	La Cienega Blvd/Florence Ave	Signalized	0.723	С	0.728	С			
15	La Cienega Blvd/Manchester Blvd	Signalized	0.967	E	0.737	С			
16	La Cienega Blvd/Olive St/I-405 SB Ramp**	Signalized	31.3	С	20.3	С			
17	La Cienega Blvd/Arbor Vitae St	Signalized	0.968	E	0.808	D			
18	La Cienega Blvd/I-405 SB Ramps (north of Century Blvd) **	Signalized	34.9	С	29.8	С			
19	La Cienega Blvd/Century Blvd	Signalized	1.069	F	0.756	С			
20	La Cienega Blvd/I-405 SB Ramps (south of Century Blvd) **	Signalized	16.2	В	19.2	В			
21	La Cienega Blvd/Imperial Hwy	Signalized	0.634	В	0.809	D			
22	Ash Ave/I-405 Off Ramp/ Manchester Blvd**	Signalized	86.0	F	106.0	F			
23	I-405 NB Off Ramp/Century Blvd**	Signalized	25.6	С	20.6	С			
24	Inglewood Ave/Florence Ave	Signalized	0.600	Α	0.644	В			
25	Inglewood Ave/Manchester Blvd	Signalized	0.601	В	0.761	С			
26	Eucalyptus Ave/Florence Ave	Signalized	0.918	E	0.908	E			
27	La Brea Ave/Fairview Blvd	Signalized	0.863	D	0.940	E			
28	La Brea Ave/Centinela Ave	Signalized	0.836	D	1.000	F			
29	La Brea Ave/Hyde Park Blvd*	Signalized	29.1	С	34.3	С			
30	Hawthorne Blvd/I-105 WB Ramps**	Signalized	16.7	В	18.6	В			
31	Hawthorne Blvd/Imperial Hwy	Signalized	0.701	С	0.787	С			
32	I-105 EB Ramps/Imperial Hwy**	Signalized	29.8	С	27.5	С			
33	Prairie Ave/I-105 WB Ramps**	Signalized	20.7	С	26.1	С			



Draft Report

Intersection			ak Hour	PM Peak Hour		
		Control Type	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS
34	Prairie Ave/Imperial Hwy	Signalized	0.875	D	0.812	D
35	I-105 EB Ramps/120th St**	Signalized	46.8	D	28.8	С
36	Crenshaw Blvd/Imperial Hwy	Signalized	0.842	D	0.921	E
37	Crenshaw Blvd/118th Place/I-105 Ramps**	Signalized	20.8	С	35.4	D
38	Crenshaw Blvd/120th St	Signalized	0.941	E	0.850	D
39	Van Ness Ave/Imperial Hwy	Signalized	0.897	D	0.907	E
40	Western Ave/Imperial Hwy	Signalized	0.993	E	0.836	D

Notes: V/C = Volume to Capacity Ratio, LOS = Level of Service.

Intersections operating at LOS E or F are shown in **bold**.

As shown in **Table 12**, the following intersections are forecast to operate at LOS E or F during peak hours in future year 2040 without project conditions:

- Airport Boulevard/Manchester Avenue (p.m. peak hour);
- La Tijera Boulevard/I-405 Northbound Ramps (a.m. peak hour);
- Aviation Boulevard/Manchester Boulevard (a.m. and p.m. peak hour);
- Aviation Boulevard/Arbor Vitae Street (a.m. peak hour);
- Aviation Boulevard/Century Boulevard (a.m. peak hour);
- La Cienega Boulevard/La Tijera Boulevard (a.m. and p.m. peak hour);
- La Cienega Boulevard/Centinela Avenue (a.m. and p.m. peak hour);
- La Cienega Boulevard/Manchester Boulevard (a.m. peak hour);
- La Cienega Boulevard/Arbor Vitae Street (a.m. peak hour);
- La Cienega Boulevard/Century Boulevard (a.m. peak hour);
- Ash Avenue/I-405 Off-ramp/Manchester Boulevard (a.m. and p.m. peak hour);
- Eucalyptus Avenue/Florence Avenue (a.m. and p.m. peak hour);
- La Brea Avenue/Fairview Boulevard (p.m. peak hour);
- La Brea Avenue/Centinela Avenue (p.m. peak hour);
- Crenshaw Boulevard/Imperial Highway (p.m. peak hour);
- Crenshaw Boulevard/120<sup>th</sup> Street (a.m. peak hour);
- Van Ness Avenue/Imperial Highway (p.m. peak hour); and
- Western Avenue/Imperial Highway (a.m. peak hour).

<sup>1 =</sup> Unsignalized intersection analyzed utilizing HCM delay-based stop-controlled intersection methodologies.

<sup>\*</sup> Intersection analyzed utilizing HCM delay-based methodology, as ICU does not support 5-legged intersection analysis.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Caltrans intersection, utilizing HCM delay-based methodology to evaluate intersection operations.



#### 8.0 FUTURE YEAR 2040 WITH PROJECT CONDITIONS

Future year with project volumes were developed as described in the "Traffic Volume Development" section and take into account the following:

- Cumulative development projects within the study area provided by the City of Inglewood staff
  that were not included in the SCAG 2016 RTP forecasts (similar to future year 2040 without
  project).
- Roadway system configuration changes at Olive Street, Isis Street, and at the Inglewood Avenue/Manchester Boulevard intersection.
- Two new Crenshaw LRT stations at the La Brea Avenue/Florence Avenue intersection and West Boulevard/Florence Avenue intersection (similar to future year 2040 without project).

#### 8.1 Future Year 2040 With Project Intersection Levels of Service

A level of service analysis was conducted to evaluate future year 2040 with project intersection operations during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours. **Figure 8** shows the future year 2040 with project peak hour volumes at the study intersections. **Table 13** summarizes the future year 2040 with project levels of service at the study intersections. Level of service calculation worksheets are included in **Appendix C**.

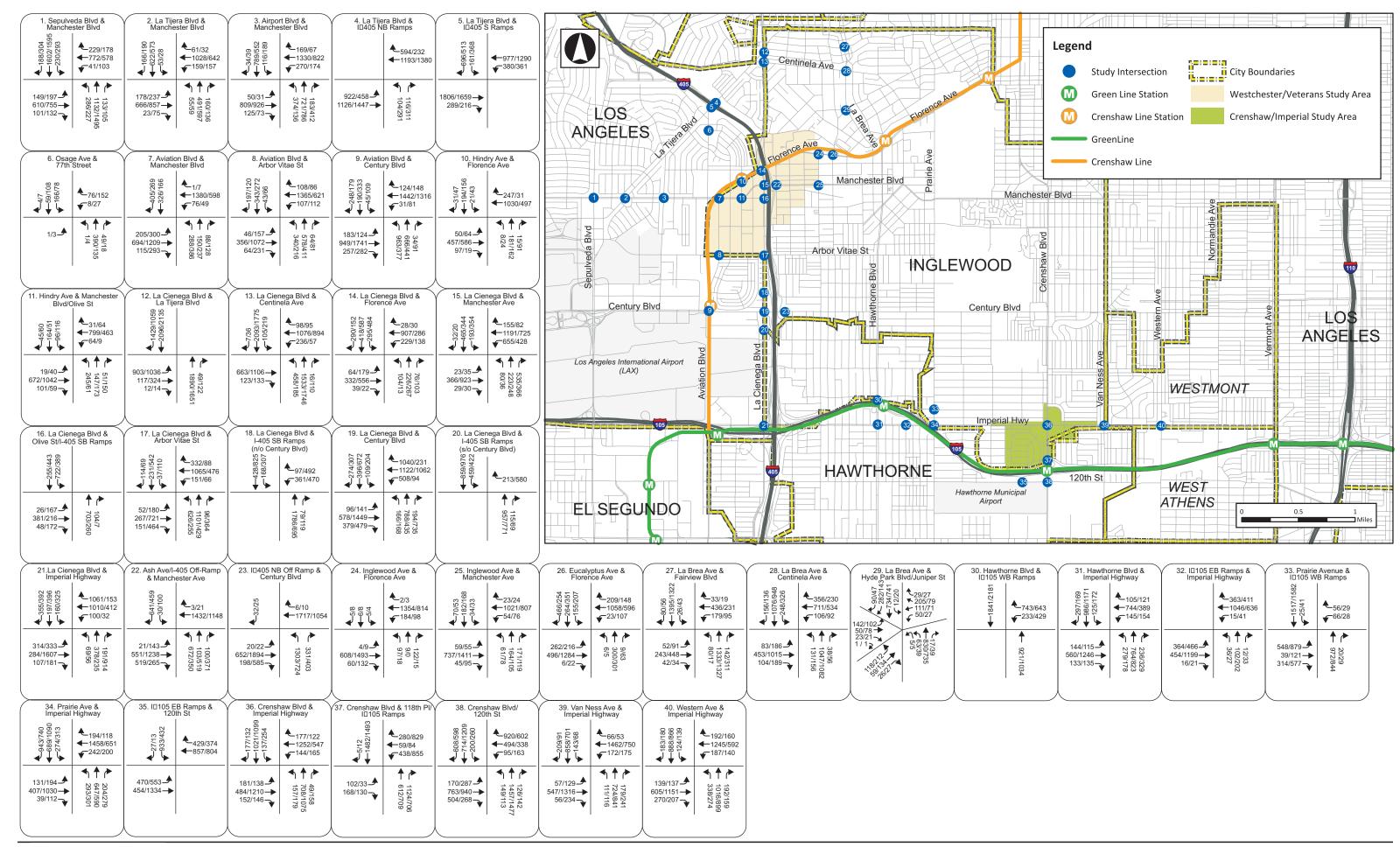




Table 13: Future Year 2040 With Project Intersection Peak Hour Level of Service

		Future Year 2040 Without Project Conditions					Future Y	ear 2040	Change in	Significant		
	Intersection		AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour		AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour			
		V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour	Impact?
1	Sepulveda Blvd/Manchester Ave	0.843	D	0.819	D	0.837	D	0.825	D	-0.006	0.006	No
2	La Tijera Blvd/Manchester Ave	0.613	В	0.513	Α	0.605	В	0.521	А	-0.008	0.008	No
3	Airport Blvd/Manchester Ave	0.965	E	0.908	E	0.953	E	0.900	D	-0.012	-0.008	No
4	La Tijera Blvd/I-405 NB Ramps**	73.9	E	30.3	С	64.9	E	30.4	С	-9.0	0.1	No
5	La Tijera Blvd/I-405 SB Ramps**	35.6	D	39.5	D	49.3	D	41.3	D	13.7	1.8	No
6	Osage Ave/77th St <sup>1</sup>	11.5	В	9.6	А	11.6	В	9.6	А	0.1	0.0	No
7	Aviation Blvd/Manchester Blvd	1.124	F	0.915	Е	1.073	F	0.989	E	-0.051	0.074	Yes
8	Aviation Blvd/Arbor Vitae St	1.042	F	0.848	D	0.950	Е	0.815	D	-0.092	-0.033	No
9	Aviation Blvd/Century Blvd	0.943	E	0.876	D	0.940	E	0.878	D	-0.003	0.002	No
10	Hindry Ave/Florence Ave	0.650	В	0.443	Α	0.629	В	0.445	А	-0.021	0.002	No
11	Hindry Ave/Manchester Blvd/Olive St	0.645	В	0.604	В	0.678	В	0.722	С	0.033	0.118	No
12	La Cienega Blvd/La Tijera Blvd	1.153	F	0.938	E	1.141	F	0.938	E	-0.012	0.000	No
13	La Cienega Blvd/Centinela Ave	0.998	E	0.978	E	1.015	F	0.985	E	0.017	0.007	Yes
14	La Cienega Blvd/Florence Ave	0.723	С	0.728	С	0.707	С	0.716	С	-0.016	-0.012	No



	Intersection		Future Year 2040 Without Project Conditions					ear 2040 Ct Condition	Change in	Significant		
			Intersection AM Peak Hour PM		PM Peak Hour		AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour			
		V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour	Impact?
15	La Cienega Blvd/ Manchester Blvd	0.967	E	0.737	С	0.956	E	0.786	С	-0.011	0.049	Yes
16	La Cienega Blvd/Olive St/ I-405 SB Ramp**	31.3	С	20.3	С	30.3	С	20.6	С	-1.0	0.3	No
17	La Cienega Blvd/Arbor Vitae St	0.968	Е	0.808	D	0.904	E	0.802	D	-0.064	-0.006	No
18	La Cienega Blvd/I-405 SB Ramps (north of Century Blvd) **	34.9	С	29.8	С	35.7	D	31.6	С	0.8	1.8	No
19	La Cienega Blvd/Century Blvd	1.069	F	0.756	С	1.104	F	0.756	С	0.035	0.000	Yes
20	La Cienega Blvd/I-405 SB Ramps (south of Century Blvd) **	16.2	В	19.2	В	16.2	В	19.5	В	0.0	0.3	No
21	La Cienega Blvd/Imperial Hwy	0.634	В	0.809	D	0.628	В	0.812	D	-0.006	0.003	No
22	Ash Ave/I-405 Off Ramp/ Manchester Blvd**	86.0	F	106.0	F	94.0	F	127.2	F	8.0	21.2	Yes
23	I-405 NB Off Ramp/ Century Blvd**	25.6	С	20.6	С	25.9	С	20.8	С	0.3	0.2	No
24	Inglewood Ave/Florence Ave	0.600	Α	0.644	В	0.571	Α	0.648	В	-0.029	0.004	No
25	Inglewood Ave/Manchester Blvd	0.601	В	0.761	С	0.576	А	0.733	С	-0.025	-0.028	No
26	Eucalyptus Ave/Florence Ave	0.918	E	0.908	E	0.930	E	0.912	E	0.012	0.004	Yes
27	La Brea Ave/Fairview Blvd	0.863	D	0.940	E	0.877	D	0.939	E	0.014	-0.001	No
28	La Brea Ave/Centinela Ave	0.836	D	1.000	F	0.828	D	0.994	E	-0.008	-0.006	No
29	La Brea Ave/Hyde Park Blvd*	29.1	С	34.3	С	27.8	С	28.0	С	-1.3	-6.3	No



		Future Year 2040 Without Project Conditions			,		ear 2040 Ct Condition	Change in				
	Intersection	AM Pea	ak Hour	PM Pe	ak Hour	AM Peak Hour PM Peak Hour						Significant Impact?
		V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour	impacti
30	Hawthorne Blvd/ I-105 WB Ramps**	16.7	В	18.6	В	16.9	В	19.0	В	0.2	0.4	No
31	Hawthorne Blvd/Imperial Hwy	0.701	С	0.787	С	0.701	С	0.799	С	0.000	0.012	No
32	I-105 EB Ramps/Imperial Hwy**	29.8	С	27.5	С	29.0	С	27.1	С	-0.8	-0.4	No
33	Prairie Ave/I-105 WB Ramps**	20.7	С	26.1	С	21.1	С	26.2	С	0.4	0.1	No
34	Prairie Ave/Imperial Hwy	0.875	D	0.812	D	0.813	D	0.823	D	-0.062	0.011	No
35	I-105 EB Ramps/120th St**	46.8	D	28.8	С	46.3	D	28.0	С	-0.5	-0.8	No
36	Crenshaw Blvd/Imperial Hwy	0.842	D	0.921	E	0.839	D	0.881	D	-0.003	-0.04	No
37	Crenshaw Blvd/118th Place/ I-105 Ramps**	20.8	С	35.4	D	22.2	С	39.0	D	1.4	3.6	No
38	Crenshaw Blvd/120th St	0.941	E	0.850	D	0.894	D	0.822	D	-0.047	-0.028	No
39	Van Ness Ave/Imperial Hwy	0.897	D	0.907	Е	0.837	D	0.893	D	-0.060	-0.014	No
40	Western Ave/Imperial Hwy	0.993	E	0.836	D	0.990	E	0.840	D	-0.003	0.004	No

Notes: V/C = Volume to Capacity Ratio, LOS = Level of Service.

<sup>1 =</sup> Unsignalized intersection analyzed utilizing HCM delay-based stop-controlled intersection methodologies.

<sup>\*</sup> Intersection analyzed utilizing HCM delay-based methodology, as ICU does not support 5-legged intersection analysis.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Caltrans intersection, utilizing HCM delay-based methodology to evaluate intersection operations.



As shown in **Table 13**, based on the significant impact threshold criteria described in Section 3, traffic generated by the proposed project is forecast to result in significant traffic impacts at the following intersections in future year 2040 with project conditions:

- Aviation Boulevard/Manchester Boulevard;
- La Cienega Boulevard/Centinela Avenue;
- La Cienega Boulevard/Manchester Boulevard;
- La Cienega Boulevard/Century Boulevard;
- Ash Avenue/I-405 Off-ramp/Manchester Boulevard; and
- Eucalyptus Avenue/Florence Avenue.

### 9.0 CONGESTION MANAGEMENT PROGRAM ANALYSIS (CMP)

The Congestion Management Program (CMP) was created statewide as a result of Proposition 111 and has been implemented locally by the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (Metro). The CMP, as adopted by SCAG for Los Angeles County, requires that the traffic impact of individual development projects of potential regional significance be analyzed. A specific system of arterial roadways plus all freeways comprise the CMP system. A total of 164 intersections are identified for monitoring on the system in Los Angeles County. This section describes the analysis of project-related impacts on the CMP system. The analysis has been conducted according to the guidelines set forth in the 2010 Congestion Management Program for Los Angeles County.

According to the CMP Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) Guidelines developed by Metro, a CMP traffic impact analysis is required given the following conditions:

- CMP arterial monitoring intersections, including freeway on- or off-ramps, where the proposed project would add 50 or more trips during either the a.m. or p.m. weekday peak hours.
- CMP freeway monitoring locations where the proposed project would add 150 or more trips, in either direction, during either the a.m. or p.m. weekday peak hours.

According to the CMP guidelines, a significant impact occurs when a proposed project increases traffic demand on a CMP facility by 2% of capacity ( $V/C \ge 0.02$  for arterial locations or  $D/C \ge 0.02$  for freeway locations), causing LOS F (V/C > 1.00 for arterial locations or D/C > 1.00 for freeway locations).

Based on the traffic volumes, developed per Section 5, the proposed project is not expected to add 150 or more peak hour trips to CMP freeway monitoring locations. As a result, a CMP Freeway analysis was not performed.



#### 9.1 CMP Intersection Analysis

Two of the forty (40) proposed study area intersections are part of the 164 CMP Arterial monitoring locations. Per the CMP guidelines, a project's traffic impact is considered significant if the change in V/C ratio relative to the "without project" increases by 2% (V/C  $\geq 0.02$ ) causing the intersection to operate at LOS F. Furthermore, if the study intersection is operating at LOS E or better after the addition of the project, the intersection would not be considered significantly impacted regardless of the increase in V/C. The CMP intersection analysis was conducted as shown in **Table 14.** 

Future Year 2040 **Future Year 2040** Without Project Conditions With Project Conditions Change in V/C **AM Peak PM Peak AM Peak PM Peak Significant** Intersection Hour Hour Hour Hour Impact? **AM** PM V/C LOS V/C LOS V/C LOS V/C LOS **Peak Peak** Hour Hour Sepulveda Blvd/ 1 0.843 D 0.819 D 0.837 D 0.825 D -0.006 0.006 No Manchester Ave La Cienega Blvd/ 0.998 0.978 13 Ε Ε 1.015 0.985 Ε 0.017 0.007 Nο Centinela Ave

**Table 13: CMP Intersection Analysis** 

As shown in **Table 14**, under future year 2040 with project conditions, the proposed project is not forecast to result in any significant impacts at the CMP-monitored intersections.

#### 10.0 CALTRANS OFF-RAMP QUEUING ANALYSIS

This section presents the peak hour queue lengths at the Caltrans off-ramp locations within the study area, for the proposed project conditions in future year 2040. The queue lengths are presented for the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile condition, using the HCM methodology. **Table 15** summarizes the a.m. and p.m. peak hour 95<sup>th</sup> percentile queue lengths as well as the current storage capacity on the off-ramps. As shown in **Table 15**, the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile queue lengths are anticipated to be accommodated by the off-ramps within the study area, thus would not be expected to spill back onto the freeway mainline.



### Westchester/Veterans & Crenshaw/Imperial

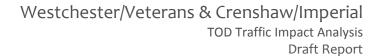
TOD Traffic Impact Analysis Draft Report

Table 15: Future Year 2040 With Project Freeway Off-ramp Queue Lengths

Table 2511 State Teal a		2040 With Project	reeway or	95 <sup>th</sup> Pe		5
	Intersection	Movement	Storage Length		ength (ft)	Queue Exceeds
			(ft)*	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour	Storage Length?
4	La Tijora Plyd / LAOF ND Damas	NB left	750	110	270	No
4	La Tijera Blvd/I-405 NB Ramps	NB right	750	130	320	No
_	La Tiiora Dhad/L 40F CD Domos	SB left/thru/right	1.075	530	490	No
5	La Tijera Blvd/I-405 SB Ramps	SB right	1,075	510	460	No
18	La Cienega Blvd/I-405 SB Ramps (north of Century Blvd)	WB left/right	1,800	200	440	No
20	La Cienega Blvd/I-405 SB Ramps	WB right	660	0	10	No
20	(south of Century Blvd)	WB right	660	0	10	No
		NB left		490	360	No
22	Ash Ave/I-405 Off Ramp/ Manchester Blvd	NB left/thru/right	1,200	530	860	No
		NB right		50	170	No
22	LAOS ND Off David (Contain Divid	NB left	4 270	470	240	No
23	I-405 NB Off Ramp/Century Blvd	NB right	1,270	160	310	No
20	Househours a Divid/L 105 M/D Domono	WB left/right	4 000	200	280	No
30	Hawthorne Blvd/I-105 WB Ramps	WB right	4,000	310	310	No
22	Dusinia Ave // 105 WD December	EB left	2,600	220	290	No
33	Prairie Ave/I-105 WB Ramps	EB thru/right	3,000	190	500	No
25	1 405 ED Downs /430th Ct	SB left	1.450	440	200	No
35	I-105 EB Ramps/120th St	SB right	1,450	20	20	No
		WB left		260	670	No
37	Crenshaw Blvd/118th Place/ I-105 Ramps	WB left/thru/right	1,350	270	670	No
		WB right		70	280	No

Notes: 95<sup>th</sup> percentile queue lengths are rounded up to the nearest 10.

<sup>\*</sup> Storage lengths of off-ramps are equal to distance from intersection stop line to freeway mainline





#### 11.0 POTENTIAL MITIGATION MEASURES

The following potential mitigation measures have been identified for the significantly impacted intersections during existing and/or future year 2040 with project conditions:

- #7 Aviation Boulevard/Manchester Boulevard (existing plus project and 2040 with project conditions)
  - Due to a combination of right-of-way acquisition and/or utility relocation that would be required at this location, as well as physical constraints, a feasible mitigation measure could not be identified to alleviate the project traffic impact.
- #9 Aviation Boulevard/Century Boulevard (existing plus project conditions)
  - Due to a combination of right-of-way acquisition and/or utility relocation that would be required at this location, as well as physical constraints, a feasible mitigation measure could not be identified to alleviate the project traffic impact.
- #13 La Cienega Boulevard/Centinela Avenue (existing plus project and 2040 with project conditions)
  - Due to a combination of right-of-way acquisition and/or utility relocation that would be required at this location, as well as physical constraints, a feasible mitigation measure could not be identified to alleviate the project traffic impact.
- #14 La Cienega Boulevard/Florence Avenue (existing conditions plus project)
  - Due to a combination of right-of-way acquisition and/or utility relocation that would be required at this location, as well as physical constraints, a feasible mitigation measure could not be identified to alleviate the project traffic impact.
- #15 La Cienega Boulevard/Manchester Boulevard (existing plus project and 2040 with project conditions)
  - Due to a combination of right-of-way acquisition and/or utility relocation that would be required at this location, as well as physical constraints, a feasible mitigation measure could not be identified to alleviate the project traffic impact.
- #19 La Cienega Boulevard/Century Boulevard (existing plus project and 2040 with project conditions)
  - This impact can be fully mitigated by converting the westbound number four through/right-turn lane to dedicated right-turn lane along Century Boulevard. In addition, a traffic signal modification would be required, in order to add a westbound right-turn overlap phase.
- #22 Ash Avenue/I-405 Off-ramp/Manchester Boulevard (2040 with project conditions)
  - Due to a combination of right-of-way acquisition and/or utility relocation that would be required at this location, as well as physical constraints, a feasible mitigation measure could not be identified to alleviate the project traffic impact.
- #26 Eucalyptus Avenue/Florence Avenue (2040 with project conditions)
  - Due to a combination of right-of-way acquisition and/or utility relocation that would be required at this location, as well as physical constraints, a feasible mitigation measure could not be identified to alleviate the project traffic impact.
- #36 Crenshaw Boulevard/Imperial Highway (existing plus project conditions)



Draft Report

- Due to a combination of right-of-way acquisition and/or utility relocation that would be required at this location, as well as physical constraints, a feasible mitigation measure could not be identified to alleviate the project traffic impact.
- #38 Crenshaw Boulevard/120<sup>th</sup> Street (existing plus project conditions)
  - o This impact can be fully mitigated by modifying the traffic signal to add a southbound right-turn overlap phase. Note that this intersection is in the City of Hawthorne.
- #40 Western Avenue/Imperial Highway (existing plus project conditions)
  - This impact can be fully mitigated by modifying the traffic signal phasing in the eastbound direction from protected phasing to permitted phasing. This modification would allow for more green time to be given to the heavier westbound through volume. Note that this intersection is located in unincorporated Los Angeles County.

**Table 16** summarizes the levels of service assuming implementation of the feasible mitigation measures that are recommended to reduce project impacts. Level of service calculation worksheets are included in **Appendix B**.



**Table 16: Intersection Peak Hour Level of Service – With Mitigated Conditions** 

Intersection		Without Project Conditions			With Pr	oject – Miti	gated Cond	Change in V/C						
		AM Pea	AM Peak Hour PM F		PM Peak Hour Af		AM Peak Hour PM Pe		ık Hour			Significant Impact?		
		V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour	impact.		
	Future Year 2040 Impacts													
19	La Cienega Blvd/Century Blvd	1.069	F	0.756	С	1.036	F	0.756	С	-0.033	0.000	No		
	Existing Impacts													
38	Crenshaw Blvd/120th St	0.859	D	0.762	С	0.823	D	0.769	С	-0.036	0.007	No		
40	Western Ave/Imperial Hwy	1.028	F	0.842	D	0.959	E	0.841	D	-0.069	-0.001	No		

Notes: V/C = Volume to Capacity Ratio, LOS = Level of Service.

As shown in **Table 16**, with implementation of the feasible mitigation measures, the significant traffic impacts are reduced to a level less than significant. At locations where no feasible mitigation measures are identified, the project's impacts would be considered significant and unavoidable.



#### 12.0 CONCLUSIONS

The Westchester/Veterans and Crenshaw/Imperial TOD TIA evaluated the potential impacts to traffic operations at forty (40) intersections located within the Westchester/Veterans and Crenshaw/Imperial Transit Oriented Districts in the City of Inglewood. The analysis evaluated impacts to existing conditions and future year 2040 conditions.

Currently, based on existing year 2018 conditions, nine (9) intersections are operating at LOS E or F.

Utilizing the SCAG 2016 travel demand model to estimate trip productions and attractions, the proposed project zones (total of both TOD areas) are forecast to generate a total of 7,458 a.m. peak hour trips, 8,813 p.m. peak hour trips and 39,716 daily trips in the existing plus project scenario. In the future year 2040 with project scenario, the project zones are forecast to generate a total of 7,438 a.m. peak hour trips, 8,856 p.m. peak hour trips and 40,288 daily trips. The project's Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) output produced in the SCAG model, however, is lower in the future year 2040 scenario when compared to the existing scenario as a result of reduced trip lengths to and from trip generators as well as increased transit use.

Based on the significant impact criteria described in Section 3.0, traffic generated by the proposed project is forecast to result in the following significant traffic impact results:

- Existing 9 intersections impacted
- Future year 2040 6 intersections impacted

Iteris evaluated a variety of intersection improvements necessary to provide improved LOS in the future year 2040 with project conditions. With implementation of feasible mitigation measures at three locations, the significant traffic impacts are reduced to a level less than significant. At locations where no feasible mitigation measures are identified, the project's impacts would be considered significant and unavoidable.

Iteris also performed a CMP analysis for intersections using the guidelines specified in the 2010 CMP – Appendix D. Based on CMP thresholds of significance, the project is not forecast to result in any significant impacts at the CMP monitored intersections in the study area.

Lastly, a Caltrans off-ramp queueing analysis was performed at the freeway off-ramp locations within the study area. Based on the HCM analysis, the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile queue lengths are anticipated to be accommodated by the off-ramps within the study area, thus would not be expected to spill back onto the freeway mainline as a result of the proposed project.