Appendix H

Soils Response Letter



Project No. A9382-06-02 October 28, 2021

Mr. Mark Spector Onni Contracting (California), Inc. 315 West 9th Street, Suite 801 Los Angeles, California 90015

Subject: RESPONSE TO SOILS REPORT REVIEW LETTER PROPOSED HIGH-RISE REDEVELOPMENT – "1360 VINE" 6254-6274 W. DE LONGPRE AVENUE, 1334 & 1348-1360 N. VINE STREET 6241 -6265 W. AFTON PLACE, LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA TRACT 1210, BLOCK A, LOTS 11-23

References: Geotechnical Investigation, prepared by Geocon West, Inc., dated Sept. 21, 2016;
City of Los Angeles Approval Review Letter, Log No. 95056, dated Oct. 18, 2016;
Geotechnical Investigation prepared by Geocon West, Inc., dated Aug. 17, 2020;
City of Los Angeles Geology and Soils Report Review Letter, Log No. 114518, dated September 30, 2020;
Geotechnical Investigation prepared by Geocon West, Inc., dated Nov. 12, 2020;
City of Los Angeles Geology and Soils Report Review Letter, Log No. 114518, dated April 20, 2021.

Dear Mr. Spector:

This letter has been prepared in response to the referenced Geology and Soils Report Review Letter prepared by the City of Los Angeles, consisting of one comment, dated April 20, 2021. A response to the review comment is provided at the end of this letter and a copy of the review letter is appended herein.

The project consists of a proposed high-rise structure underlain by subterranean levels which will extend to depths of about 83 feet below the ground surface. The historically highest groundwater in the area is approximately 45 feet beneath the ground surface, and groundwater was encountered at depths of 39 and 48 feet below the existing ground surface in our prior explorations. Based on these conditions, groundwater is anticipated to be encountered during construction and temporary dewatering will be required.

The review comment requests an evaluation of the drawdown curve resulting from temporary dewatering and a discussion of the anticipated impact on adjacent properties and structures, supported with settlement calculations. Our scope of work performed to address this comment consisted of additional site exploration, laboratory testing, groundwater research and engineering analyses. We also had several phone calls with the LADBS Grading Division to discuss the site conditions and the review comment.

ADDITIONAL SITE EXPLORATION

Additional site exploration was performed in two phases. The first phase was performed on August 17, 2021, by advancing two Cone Penetrometer Tests (CPTs) to depths of about 67 and 89 feet below the ground surface. The purpose of the CPTs was to obtain a continuous subsurface soil profile and to identify soil layers that would be useful for the second phase of exploration.

The second phase of the additional site exploration was performed on August 24th and 25th, 2021, and consisted of excavating 3 borings (W1, W2, and W3) using a truck-mounted hollow-stem auger drilling machine to depths of approximately 57½ to 78 feet. The approximate locations of the exploratory borings are depicted on the Site Plan (see Figure 1). Borings W1 and W2 are located in close proximity to each other and only boring W2 was sampled and logged. A detailed discussion of the field investigation, including boring and CPT logs, is presented in Appendix A. Logs of the prior three borings are also included, with some minor corrections of typographic errors.

Subsequent to the boring excavation, temporary well casing was placed in each of the three boreholes for the purpose of monitoring the groundwater level within discrete soil layers. Well diagrams are provided as Figures 2 through 4 and indicate the depth of the screen placed in each borehole. Filter pack extended at least 6 inches above the screen, and then a minimum 2-foot bentonite seal was placed. The remaining annual backfilled with cement-bentonite grout. The borings were finished at the ground surface with well covers to allow for multiple groundwater readings.

Laboratory tests were performed on selected soil samples obtained during the investigation to determine pertinent physical and chemical soil properties. Appendix B presents a summary of the laboratory test results.

GROUNDWATER

Following the installation of the temporary groundwater monitoring wells, readings of the groundwater depths were taken on multiple days. Table 1 below presents a summary of the observed groundwater depths:

Date	Depth of Groundwater, from Ground Surface (ft)		
Date	W1	W2	W3
8/24/21 & 8/25/21	Not Measured	39.8	37.5
8/30/21	40.2	39.7	42.0
09/28/21	40.5	39.9	38.3

TABLE 1

Additionally, we searched for nearby data on Geotracker (<u>https://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/</u>) and found a site located at 1310 Vine Street that has performed groundwater monitoring between 2015 and 2021. Although this address is several blocks to the South, well W-6 is located just south of the site on Afton Place. The reported depth from ground surface to water surface ranges between approximately 33 and 37 feet. The boring log for W-6 indicates that the bottom 30 feet of the borehole is screened and, therefore, does not indicate if the groundwater is perched. Copies of the relevant pages from this report are provided in Appendix C.

DRAWDOWN AND SETTLEMENT ANALYSES

Hydrogeologic Conditions

The soils encountered in our borings generally consist of artificial fill to depths between approximately 8 and 13 feet below ground surface (ft bgs), with alluvial sediments below the fill. The alluvial sediments consist of lenses and layers of sand, silt, and clay. First encountered water typically occurs in relatively fine-grained units consisting of clay with sand or sand with silt and clay. Beneath the first encountered water, the soils consist of intermixed silty and clayey sands, clay layers, and occasional clean sand lenses. In the most recent borings drilled at the project site, the static depth to groundwater equilibrated at a depth of approximately 40 ft bgs.

The hydraulic conductivity of the saturated layers beneath the site can be estimated based on empirical relationships based on material type (Freeze and Cherry, 1979; Domenico and Schwartz, 1990). Table 1 presents a range of potential hydraulic conductivity values for the saturated materials based on the empirical relationships cited above and professional judgment based on test pumping at other sites in the Los Angeles basin where similar materials have been encountered at similar depths. The low range of the hydraulic conductivities listed in Table 1 represent silts or sand with a high proportion of fines. The high range represents fine sand or more graded sands with some silt or clay present.

For the analysis discussed below, it is assumed that an impermeable barrier, such as secant piles or a sheet pile wall, would be installed around the perimeter prior to excavation. Perimeter dewatering wells would not be required, and the dewatering would occur from trenches installed within the impermeable barrier installed around the excavation. The trenches would be maintained at a depth two feet deeper than the active excavation floor. The excavation floor would extend to 83 ft bgs so the deepest extent of the trenches would be 85 ft bgs, or 45 feet below the assumed static groundwater elevation. Based on this thickness, Table 2 provides the assumed transmissivity range for the saturated materials beneath the site within the zone or depth of the excavation and dewatering trenches.

TABLE 2

Hydraulic Conductivity Estimates¹

and Transmissivity Values

Hydraulic Conductivity (K)		Saturated Thickness	Transmissivity (T)	
cm/sec	ft/d	ft	ft²/d	
2.50E-04	0.71	45	32	
8.00E-04	2.27	45	102	
5.00E-03	14.17	45	638	

1360 Vine Project, Los Angeles, California

1 Using empirical relationships and best professional judgment based on conditions at other sites in the Los Angeles basin

Dewatering Simulations

We prepared an analytical model to simulate the drawdown that would occur due to dewatering. The drawdown simulations were prepared to provide an estimate of the drawdown cones and the total decline of the groundwater surface under the public right of away and other properties adjacent to the project site. Due to the stratigraphic layering within the soils in the interval to be dewatered, standard drawdown cones may not fully develop across the entire vertical interval of the excavation. Instead, separate smaller dewatered zones may form in individual layers or lenses, with water preferentially flowing to the dewatering system in coarser-grained deposits. Thus, our simulation approach may potentially over-estimate the amount of dewatering in finer-grained materials that are more prone to consolidation, resulting in a potential over-prediction of the amount of settlement that may occur due to dewatering. Despite that anticipated behavior in the subsurface, we simulated the potential drawdown due to dewatering assuming more uniform (i.e. isotropic and homogeneous) conditions. This is a conservative assumption in that it will over-predict the total magnitude of drawdown and the outer extent of the dewatering cone, resulting in potential over-prediction of settlement.

Dewatering is often conducted using perimeter wells to "pre-dewater" the excavation area and prevent groundwater from entering the excavation. The perimeter wells are typically located outside of the shoring and extend up to 10 feet below the maximum excavation depth. Operation of the perimeter dewatering wells creates a series of overlapping drawdown cones caused by dropping the water table to a depth lower than the bottom of the excavation. As a result, the total decrease in the water table is relatively large. However, due to the depth of the excavation below the water table at the 1360 Vine Street project site, impermeable shoring will be installed around the perimeter of the excavation area before reaching the water table. The impermeable shoring will eliminate the need to use exterior dewatering wells to pre-dewater the excavation area, and will minimize drawdown outside of the shoring.

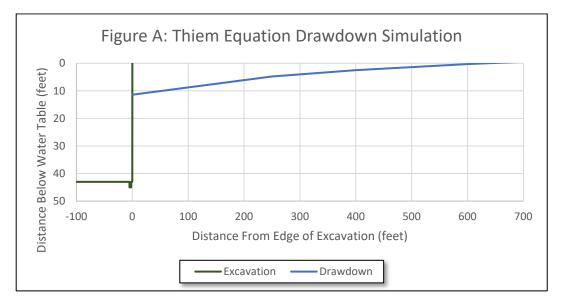
The internal dewatering trenches will consist of French drains and will remove the water from the soils beneath the floor of the excavation. They also intercept groundwater that flows under the shoring due to the differential pressure between the water level outside of the shoring and the dewatered excavation. The volume of groundwater that flows under the shoring is much less than the volume of groundwater that is removed by perimeter dewatering wells, such that the drawdown that occurs outside of the shoring is much less in cases where only trenches can be used during excavation.

Our analytical evaluation is based on the Thiem equation (Domenico and Schwartz, 1990). If the Transmissivity of the aquifer is known, the Thiem Equation provides the difference between the drawdowns at any two specified locations away from the dewatering source. Our simulation is based on a presumed dewatering point in the center of the proposed building footprint. The proposed building has a maximum length of approximately 350 feet, so the target dewatering radius is 175 feet. The Thiem equation results are presented in Table 3 for the middle range hydraulic conductivity value shown in Table 1. As indicated in Table 3, the drawdown will be effectively zero at a distance of 600 feet from the edge of the shoring. Figure A shows the profile of the drawdown surface relative to the excavation.

TABLE 3

Projected Drawdowns at Various Distances from the Edge of the Excavation

Distance from Edge of Excavation	Drawdown (feet)
0	11.4
250	4.5
400	2.5
600	0.3



Settlement Analysis

Settlement analyses was performed using the computer program Settle3 by Rocscience to estimate the settlement that may be induced by temporary dewatering. The soil properties used within Settle3 are indicated in Table 4 below. These soil properties are based on the laboratory testing performed on samples collected during the additional site exploration described herein, as well as the previous laboratory testing performed by Geocon:

Layer No.	Layer Name	Layer Depth	Cce	Ccr	Cv (ft2/yr)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)
1	SM	0-41	0.037	0.006	67	120
2	CL	41-50	0.043	0.006	45	120
3	SM	50-58	0.027	0.003	63	120
4	CL	58-64	0.035	0.012	31	120
5	SC-CL	64-70	0.046	0.009	25	120
6	SP	70-130	0.04	0.01	48	120
7	Dense	130-150	0.003	0.003	48	120

TABLE 4

The groundwater levels were modeled using the grid with interpolation between the grid points. The grid was set up based on distances from the edge of excavation of 0, 250, 400, and 600 feet. Time rate of consolidation was also considered by assuming 6 months of excavation to the excavation bottom, and 6 months of construction before the dewatering system could be terminated for a total 12-month duration.

The output plots of total settlement are provided at the ground surface at the 12-month duration. Note that the program output plots settlement at one selected elevation; therefore, the area within the excavation has no settlements to display since the soil is excavated and is at a lower elevation. An output report is also provided. The output plot and reports are provided as Figures 5 and 6.

Based on our updated settlement analyses, the temporary dewatering is estimated to induce less than $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of settlement adjacent to the excavation. The settlements decrease with increased distance away from the excavation.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the current data and the assumption that a static groundwater table is present at the site, it is recommended that temporary shoring that can provide a relatively impermeable groundwater barrier, such as secant piles or a sheet pile wall, be used. The intent of this recommendation is to reduce the extent of the drawdown curve and, therefore, the predicted settlement associated with temporary dewatering. Provided the shoring and dewatering system is designed in a manner that aligns with the assumptions stated herein, settlements resulting from the temporary dewatering are anticipated to be less than ½ inch and is not anticipated to have an appreciable affect on the surrounding properties or structures or on the public right-of-way. Once the final shoring system is selected, Geocon should be informed and provided the opportunity to update our analyses or present additional recommendations.

It is recommended that in addition to a typical solider pile monitoring program, additional monitoring be performed during the dewatering period. This can be accomplished by installing an array of surface monitoring points offset from the shoring system and/or with monitoring points installed on adjacent buildings. Design and installation of the monitoring system will require additional coordination between the project team, as well as between the Client and the adjacent property owners.

The project is currently starting the Environmental Impact Review process, which is early in the design process to be performing the dewatering, drawdown, and associated settlement analyses. The recommendation to use a relatively impermeable shoring system is intended to demonstrate that the proposed project is feasible and can be constructed in accordance with LADBS and BOE requirements. Additional testing for the design of the dewatering system, including a large-diameter boring and pump testing, will be performed by others at a future date closer to the anticipated start of construction. During that testing, it is anticipated that additional data regarding the depth to first groundwater and the static or perched condition of the groundwater will be obtained. Those observations should be shared with Geocon so that the analyses presented herein may be reviewed and updated. The depth to first groundwater can fluctuate seasonally and may be higher or lower than what is assumed herein. If a perched groundwater condition is present or if pump testing indicates a different drawdown profile, the actual depth and lateral extent of the drawdown required to temporarily dewater the excavation may be reduced. Alternative shoring and dewatering systems, such as a soldier pile and lagging and perimeter wells, may be feasible and should be evaluated once that additional data is available.

We anticipate needing to perform supplemental analyses related to the design and construction of the dewatering and shoring systems including, but not limited to, additional recommendations for secant pile design to create a relatively impermeable barrier; recommendations for the installation of the shoring system in an urban environment, particularly if sheet piles are the desired system; and additional analyses including a seepage analysis below the shoring system.

Any changes in the design, location or elevation of any structure, as outlined in this report, should be reviewed by this office. Geocon should be contacted to determine the necessity for review and possible revision of this report.

- Comment 1: Show the drawdown curve(s) on the adjacent properties and explain how was concluded that the temporary dewatering will not have any detrimental impact of the adjacent properties and structures. Support your conclusions with settlement calculations.
- **Response 1:** The discussion above addresses the proposed temporary dewatering, including a discussion of potential impacts on adjacent properties and structures and includes settlement calculations.

If you have any questions regarding this letter, or if we may be of further service, please contact the undersigned.

Very truly yours,

GEOCON WEST, INC.



Jelisa Thomas Adams GE 3092

Enclosures: Copy of Soils Report Correction Letter Figure 1, Site Plan Figures 2 through 4, Monitoring Well Detail Figures 5 and 6, Settle3 Output

APPENDIX A

FIELD INVESTIGATION

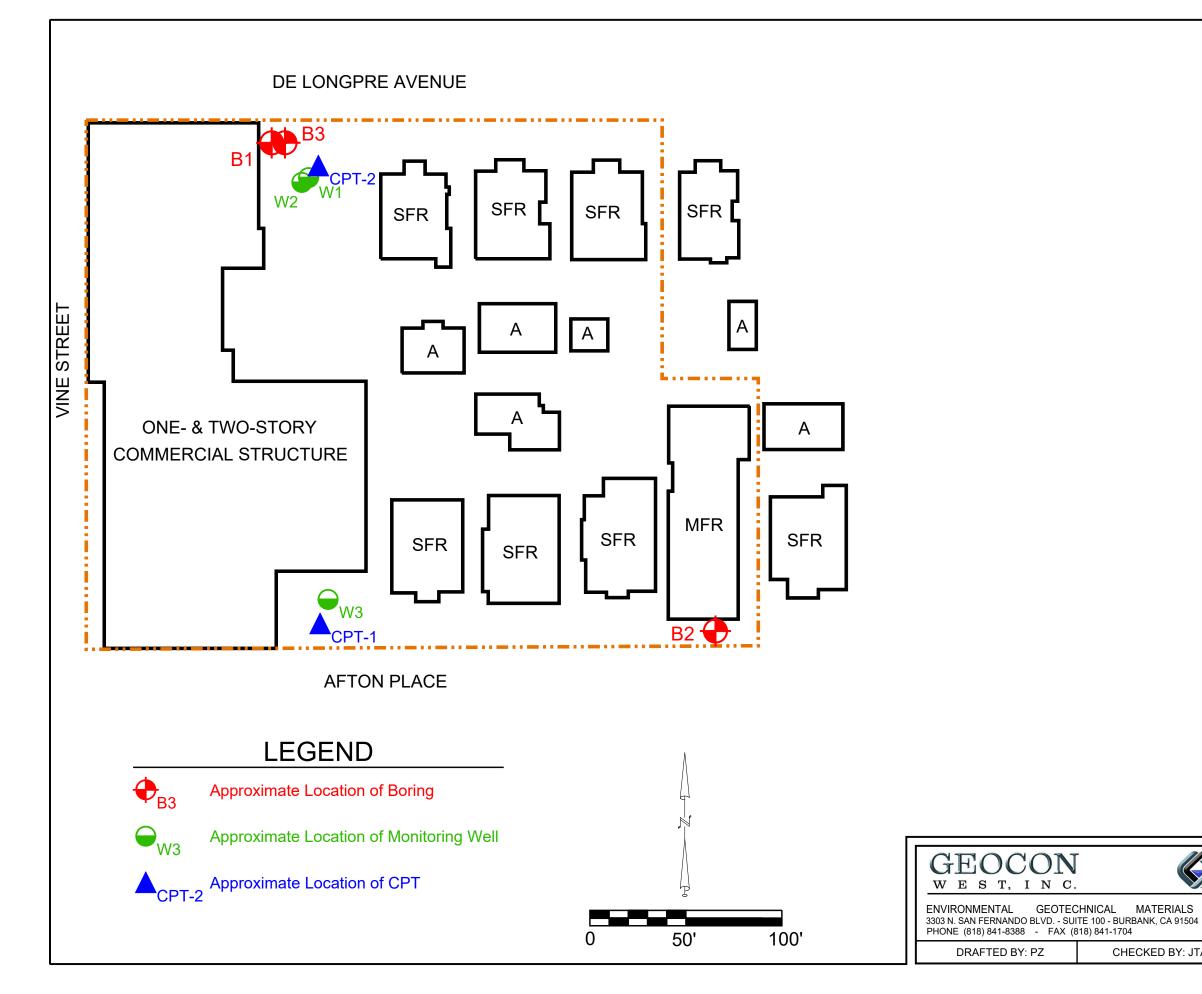
Figures A1 through A5, Boring Logs Figures A6 and A7, Cone Penetrometer Tests

APPENDIX B

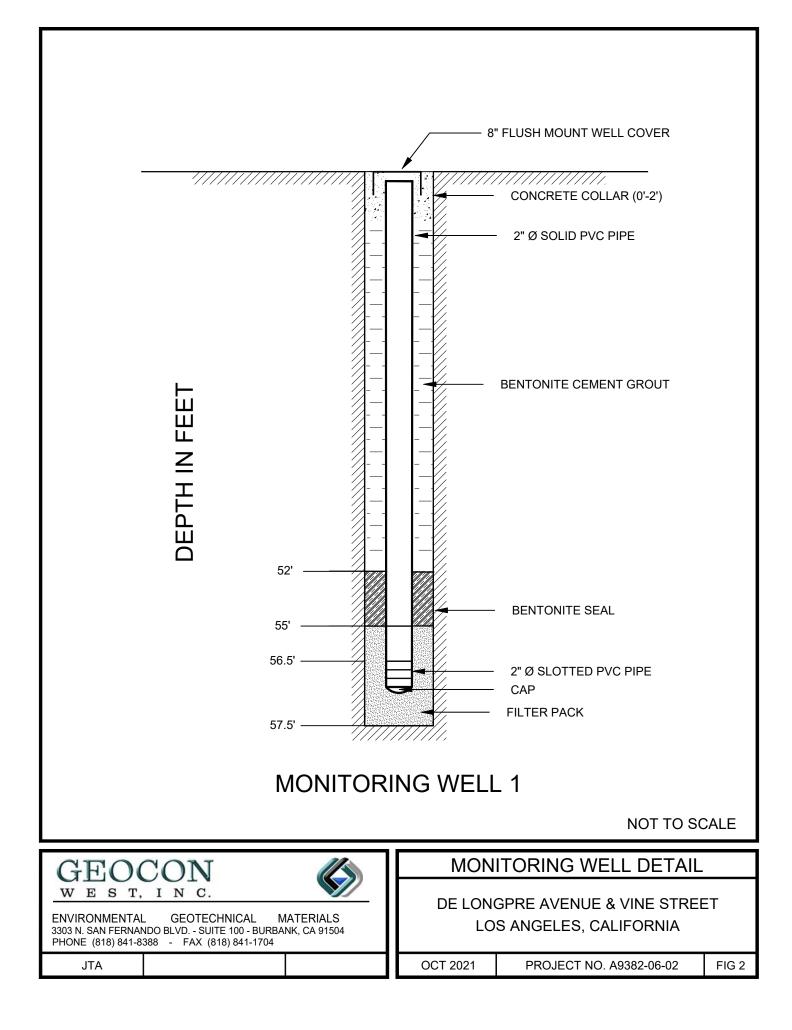
LABORATORY TESTING Figures B1 through B3, Grain Size Analysis Figures B1 through B3, Consolidation Test Results

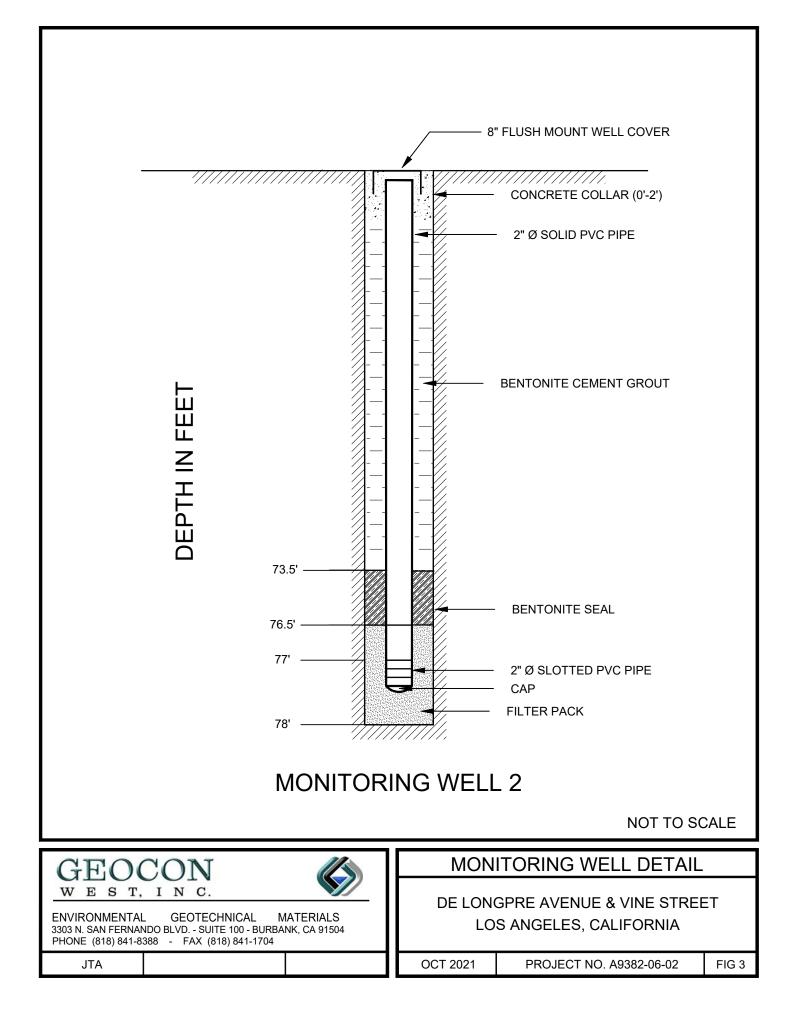
APPENDIX C

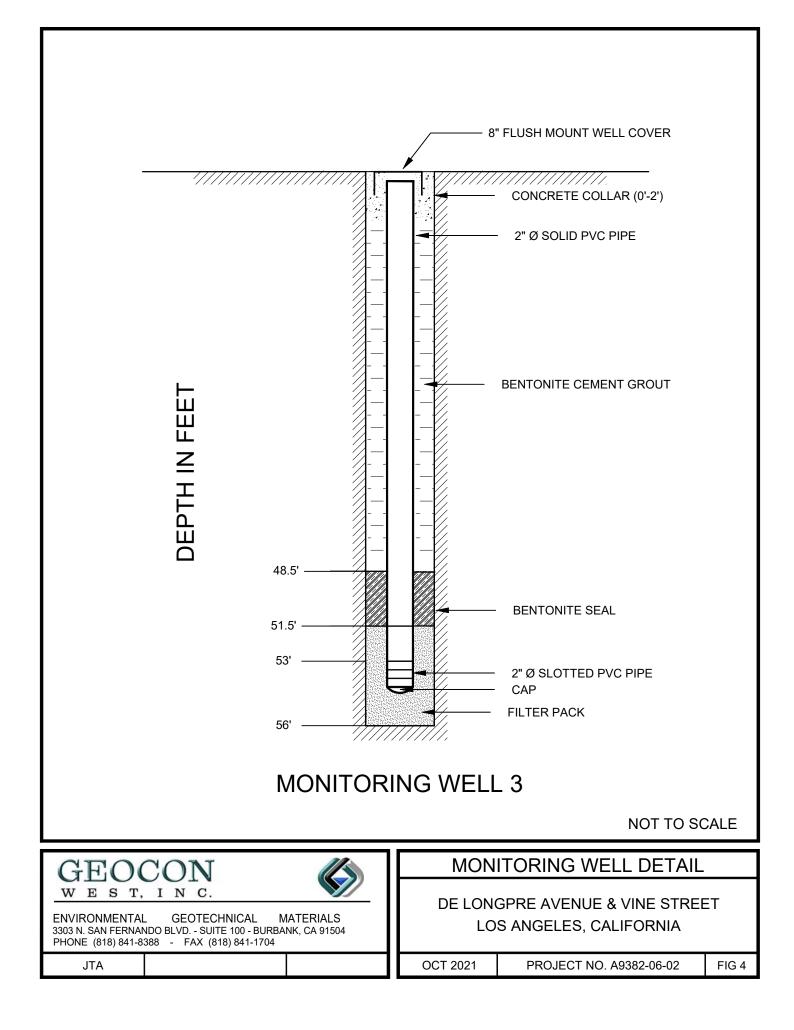
GROUNDWATER RESEARCH

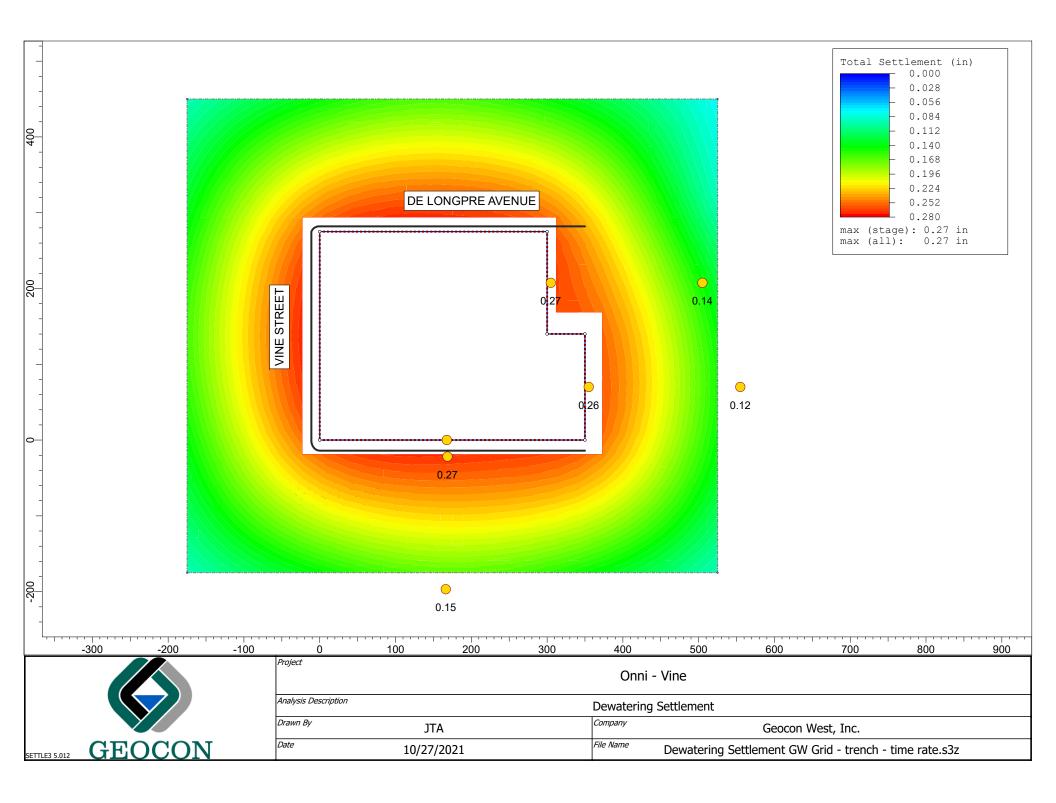


		SITE PLAN	
	DE LONGPRE AVENUE & VINE STREET		
	LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA		
A	OCT 2021	PROJECT NO. A9382-06-02	FIG. 1









Settle3 Analysis Information

Onni - Vine

Project Settings

Document Name
Project Title
Analysis
Author
Company
Date Created
Stress Computation Method
Time-dependent Consolidation Analysis
Time Units
Permeability Units
Minimum settlement ratio for subgrade modulus
Use average properties to calculate layered stresses
Improve consolidation accuracy
Ignore negative effective stresses in settlement calculations

Dewatering Settlement GW Grid - trench - time rate.s3z Onni - Vine Dewatering Settlement JTA Geocon West, Inc. 6/16/2021, 10:37:59 AM Boussinesq

months feet/year 0.9

Stage Settings

Stage #	Name	Time [months]
1	Initial	0
2	Before Dewatering	0
3	After Dewatering	6
4	Excavation	12

Results

Time taken to compute: 0.310034 seconds

Stage: Initial = 0 mon

Data Type	Minimum	Maximum
Total Settlement [in]	0	0
Total Consolidation Settlement [in]	0	0
Virgin Consolidation Settlement [in]	0	0
Recompression Consolidation Settlement [in]	0	0
Immediate Settlement [in]	0	0
Secondary Settlement [in]	0	0
Loading Stress ZZ [ksf]	0	0
Loading Stress XX [ksf]	0	0
Loading Stress YY [ksf]	0	0
Effective Stress ZZ [ksf]	0	11.136
Effective Stress XX [ksf]	0	11.136
Effective Stress YY [ksf]	0	11.136
Total Stress ZZ [ksf]	0	18
Total Stress XX [ksf]	0	18
Total Stress YY [ksf]	0	18
Modulus of Subgrade Reaction (Total) [ksf/ft]	0	0
Modulus of Subgrade Reaction (Immediate) [ksf/ft]	0	0
Modulus of Subgrade Reaction (Consolidation) [ksf/ft]	0	0
Total Strain	0	0
Pore Water Pressure [ksf]	0	6.864
Excess Pore Water Pressure [ksf]	0	0
Degree of Consolidation [%]	0	0
Pre-consolidation Stress [ksf]	0.0048	11.1245
Over-consolidation Ratio	1	1
Void Ratio	1.1	1.1
Permeability [ft/y]	0.000351188	14.0117
Coefficient of Consolidation [ft^2/y]	25	67
Hydroconsolidation Settlement [in]	0	0
Average Degree of Consolidation	0	100
[%]		

Stage: Before Dewatering = 0 mon

Data Type	Minimum	Maximum
Total Settlement [in]	0	0
Total Consolidation Settlement	0	0
[in]	0	0
Virgin Consolidation Settlement	0	0
[in]	0	0
Recompression Consolidation	0	0
Settlement [in]		
Immediate Settlement [in]	0	0
Secondary Settlement [in]	0	0
Loading Stress ZZ [ksf]	0	0
Loading Stress XX [ksf]	0	0
Loading Stress YY [ksf]	0	0
Effective Stress ZZ [ksf]	0	11.136
Effective Stress XX [ksf]	0	11.136
Effective Stress YY [ksf]	0	11.136
Total Stress ZZ [ksf]	0	18
Total Stress XX [ksf]	0	18
Total Stress YY [ksf]	0	18
Modulus of Subgrade Reaction	0	0
(Total) [ksf/ft]	0	0
Modulus of Subgrade Reaction	0	0
(Immediate) [ksf/ft]	0	0
Modulus of Subgrade Reaction	0	0
(Consolidation) [ksf/ft]		
Total Strain	0	0
Pore Water Pressure [ksf]	0	6.864
Excess Pore Water Pressure [ksf]	0	0
Degree of Consolidation [%]	0	0
Pre-consolidation Stress [ksf]	0.0048	11.1245
Over-consolidation Ratio	1	1
Void Ratio	1.1	1.1
Permeability [ft/y]	0.000351188	14.0117
Coefficient of Consolidation	25	67
[ft^2/y]		
Hydroconsolidation Settlement	0	0
[in]		
Average Degree of Consolidation	0	100
[%]		
Undrained Shear Strength	0	0

Stage: After Dewatering = 6 mon

Data Type	Minimum	Maximum
Total Settlement [in]	0	0.181369
Total Consolidation Settlement	0	0.181369
[in]	0	0.101303
Virgin Consolidation Settlement	0	0.181369
[in]		
Recompression Consolidation	0	0
Settlement [in]	0	0
Immediate Settlement [in]	0	0
Secondary Settlement [in]	0	0
Loading Stress ZZ [ksf]	0	0
Loading Stress XX [ksf]	0	0
Loading Stress YY [ksf]	0	0
Effective Stress ZZ [ksf]	0	11.136
Effective Stress XX [ksf]	0	11.9548
Effective Stress YY [ksf]	0	11.9548
Total Stress ZZ [ksf]	0	18
Total Stress XX [ksf]	0	18.8188
Total Stress YY [ksf]	0	18.8188
Modulus of Subgrade Reaction (Total) [ksf/ft]	0	0
Modulus of Subgrade Reaction (Immediate) [ksf/ft]	0	0
Modulus of Subgrade Reaction (Consolidation) [ksf/ft]	0	0
Total Strain	0	0.00189194
Pore Water Pressure [ksf]	0	6.864
Excess Pore Water Pressure [ksf]	0	0.81881
Degree of Consolidation [%]	0	10.0052
Pre-consolidation Stress [ksf]	0.0048	11.1245
Over-consolidation Ratio	1	1
Void Ratio	1.09603	1.1
Permeability [ft/y]	0.000351188	14.0117
Coefficient of Consolidation	25	(7
[ft^2/y]	25	67
Hydroconsolidation Settlement [in]	0	0
Average Degree of Consolidation	0	0
Undrained Shear Strength	-0.0348738	0

Stage: Excavation = 12 mon

Data Type	Minimum	Maximum
Total Settlement [in]	0	0.272149
Total Consolidation Settlement	-	
[in]	0	0.272149
Virgin Consolidation Settlement	0	0 2721 40
[in]	0	0.272149
Recompression Consolidation	0	0
Settlement [in]		
Immediate Settlement [in]	0	0
Secondary Settlement [in]	0	0
Loading Stress ZZ [ksf]	-9.96	0
Loading Stress XX [ksf]	-7.87104	1.25561
Loading Stress YY [ksf]	-9.08607	1.11206
Effective Stress ZZ [ksf]	0	11.136
Effective Stress XX [ksf]	0	12.832
Effective Stress YY [ksf]	0	12.6675
Total Stress ZZ [ksf]	-0.818804	17.9932
Total Stress XX [ksf]	-5.91422	18.3554
Total Stress YY [ksf]	-7.11454	18.3206
Modulus of Subgrade Reaction	0	0
(Total) [ksf/ft]	0	0
Modulus of Subgrade Reaction	0	0
(Immediate) [ksf/ft]		C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
Modulus of Subgrade Reaction	0	0
(Consolidation) [ksf/ft]		
Total Strain	0	0.00204615
Pore Water Pressure [ksf]	-8.09561	6.85717
Excess Pore Water Pressure [ksf]	-8.09561	0.736682
Degree of Consolidation [%]	0	100
Pre-consolidation Stress [ksf]	0.0048	11.1245
Over-consolidation Ratio	1	1
Void Ratio	1.0957	1.1
Permeability [ft/y]	0.000351188	14.0117
Coefficient of Consolidation	25	67
[ft^2/y]		
Hydroconsolidation Settlement [in]	0	0
Average Degree of Consolidation		
[%]	0	100
Undrained Shear Strength	-0.127906	0

Excavations

1. Excavation: "Excavation 1"

Depth	
Installation Stage	

83 ft Excavation = 12 mon

Coordinates

	X [ft]	Y [ft]
0	()
350	()
350	1	140
300	1	140
350 350 300 300	2	275
0	2	275

Soil Layers

Ground Surface Dra	ained: Yes			
Layer #	Туре	Thickness [ft]	Depth [ft]	Drained at Bottom
1	Layer 1 - SM	41	0	No
2	Layer 2 - CL	9	41	No
3	Layer 3 - SM	8	50	No
4	Layer 4 - CL	6	58	No
5	Layer 5 - SC/CL	6	64	No
6	Layer 6 - SP	60	70	No
7	Layer 7 - Dense	20	130	No
			1.00	
			」1 _{50 ft}	

Soil Properties

Property	Layer 1 - SM	Layer 2	- CL	Layer 3 - S	SM Layer 4 - CL
Color					
Unit Weight	0.12	0.12		0.12	0.12
[kips/ft3]	0.12	0.12		0.12	0.12
Saturated Unit	0.12	0.12		0.12	0.12
Weight [kips/ft3]					
КО	1	1		1	1
Primary Consolidation	Enabled	Enabled		Enabled	Enabled
Material Type	Non-Linear	Non-Linea	r	Non-Linear	Non-Linear
Cce	0.037	0.043	•	0.027	0.035
Cre	0.006	0.006		0.003	0.012
e0	1.1	1.1		1.1	1.1
OCR	1	1		1	1
Cv [ft2/y]	67	45		63	31
Cvr [ft2/y]	67	45		63	31
B-bar	1	1		1	1
Undrained Su A [kips/ft2]	0	0		0	0
Undrained Su S	0.2	0.2		0.2	0.2
Undrained Su m	0.8	0.8		0.8	0.8
Grid Name	Staged	Staged		Staged	Staged
Property		5 - SC/CL	La	yer 6 - SP	Layer 7 - Dense
Color					
Unit Weight [kips/ft3]	0.12		0.12		0.12
Saturated Unit Weight [kips/ft3]	0.12		0.12		0.12
KO	1		1		1
Primary					
Consolidation	Enabled		Enable	ed	Enabled
Material Type	Non-Linea	ar	Non-L	inear	Non-Linear
Cce	0.046		0.04		0.003
Cre	0.009		0.01		0.003
e0	1.1		1.1		1.1
OCR	1		1		1
Cv [ft2/y]	25		48		48
Cvr [ft2/y]	25		48		48
B-bar	1		1		1
Undrained Su A	0		0		0
[kips/ft2]					
[kips/ft2] Undrained Su S	0.2		0.2		0.2
	0.2 0.8		0.2 0.8		0.2 0.8

Groundwater

Groundwater methodGridsWater Unit Weight0.062

Grids 0.0624 kips/ft3

Groundwater Grid: After Dewatering

X	Y	Depth (ft)
0	0	51.4
0	275	51.4
300	275	51.4
300	140	51.4
350	140	51.4
350	0	51.4
0	0	51.4
0	-250	44.5
-176.777	-176.777	44.5
-250	0	44.5
-176.777	451.777	44.5
-250	275	44.5
0	525	44.5
300	525	44.5
476.777	451.777	44.5
550	275	44.5
526.777	316.777	44.5
600	140	44.5
600	0	44.5
526.777	-176.777	44.5
350	-250	44.5
0	-400	42.5
-282.843	-282.843	42.5
-400	0	42.5
-282.843	557.843	42.5
-400	275	42.5
0	675	42.5
300	675	42.5
582.843	557.843	42.5
700	275	42.5
632.843	422.843	42.5
750	140	42.5
750	0	42.5
632.843	-282.843	42.5
350	-400	42.5
0	-600	40.3
-424.264	-424.264	40.3
-600	0	40.3
-424.264	699.264	40.3
-600	275	40.3
0	875	40.3
300	875	40.3
724.264	699.264	40.3
900	275	40.3
774.264	564.264	40.3
950	140	40.3
950	0	40.3
774.264	-424.264	40.3
350	-600	40.3
550	-000	ניטד

Groundwater Grid: Before Dewatering

X	Y	Depth (ft)
0	0	40
0	275	40
300	275	40
300	140	40
350	140	40
		40
350	0	
0	0	40
0	-250	40
-176.777	-176.777	40
-250	0	40
-176.777	451.777	40
-250	275	40
0	525	40
300	525	40
476.777	451.777	40
550	275	40
526.777	316.777	40
600	140	40
600	0	40
526.777	-176.777	40
350	-250	40
0	-400	40
-282.843	-282.843	40
-400	0	40
-282.843	557.843	40
-400	275	40
	675	40
0		
300	675	40
582.843	557.843	40
700	275	40
632.843	422.843	40
750	140	40
750	0	40
632.843	-282.843	40
350	-400	40
0	-600	40
-424.264	-424.264	40
-600	0	40
-424.264	699.264	40
-600	275	40
0	875	40
300	875	40
724.264	699.264	40
900	275	40
774.264	564.264	40
950	140	40
950	0	40
774.264	-424.264	40
350	-600	40





APPENDIX A

FIELD INVESTIGATION

Additional site exploration was performed in two phases. The first phase was performed on August 17, 2021, by advancing two Cone Penetrometer Tests (CPTs) to depths of about 67 and 89 feet below the ground surface.

The second phase of the additional site exploration was performed on August 24th and 25th, 2021, and consisted of excavating 3 borings (W1, W2, and W3) using a truck-mounted hollow-stem auger drilling machine to depths of approximately 57¹/₂ to 78 feet. Borings W1 and W2 are located in close proximity to each other and only boring W2 was sampled and logged. Representative and relatively undisturbed samples were obtained by driving a 3 inch, O. D., California Modified Sampler into the "undisturbed" soil mass with blows from a 140-pound auto-hammer falling 30 inches (auto-hammer). The California Modified Sampler was equipped with 1-inch high by 2³/₈-inch diameter brass sampler rings to facilitate soil removal and testing. Bulk samples were also obtained.

The soil conditions encountered in the borings were visually examined, classified and logged in general accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS). Logs of the borings are presented on Figures A1 through A5. The logs depict the soil and geologic conditions encountered and the depth at which samples were obtained. The logs also include our interpretation of the conditions between sampling intervals. Therefore, the logs contain both observed and interpreted data. We determined the lines designating the interface between soil materials on the logs using visual observations, penetration rates, excavation characteristics and other factors. The transition between materials may be abrupt or gradual. Where applicable, the logs were revised based on subsequent laboratory testing. The locations of the borings and CPTs are shown on Figure 2.

DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLE NO.	ГІТНОГОСУ	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING 1 ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 2/25/16 EQUIPMENT HOLLOW STEM AUGER	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
					MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
- 0 - - 2 -	-				AC: 3" ARTIFICIAL FILL Silty Sand to Sandy Silt, loose to very soft, slightly moist, brown, fine-grained.	_		
4 – 4 –	B1@5'					- - 15	101.8	9.5
- 8 -					OLDER ALLUVIUM	-		
10 – – – 12 –	B1@10'				Silty Sand, loose, slightly moist, reddish brown, fine-grained, trace medium-grained.	- 15 -	103.5	9.8
· 14 – · 14 –	B1@15'		-		- medium dense	- - 19	112.9	12.5
			-	SM		_		
20 – 22 –	B1@20'		-		- decrease in silt content, fine- to coarse-grained sand, trace fine gravel	24 	113.6	14.8
24 -	B1@25'		-			21	103.5	6.6
26 – 28 –			-			-		
Figure Log of	e A1, f Boring	<u> </u> 1, Pa	age	e 1 of 4	4	A9382-0	6-02 Boring	LOGS.GF
-	PLE SYMBO		_	SAMP	LING UNSUCCESSFUL STANDARD PENETRATION TEST DRIVE	SAMPLE (UND		

PROJECT NO. A9382-06-02				1		
DEPTH IN SAMPLE OOT FEET NO.	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING 1 ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED _2/25/16 EQUIPMENT _ HOLLOW STEM AUGER BY: MDS	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
			MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
30 B1@30'			- some oxidation staining	25	111.5	8.9
- 32				-		
- 34 -		SM		_		
$ = \begin{bmatrix} B1@35' \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots &$		5.01	- increase in silt content, no oxidation staining	34 	129.5	9.4
- 38 -						
			Sand with Silt, medium dense, slightly moist, reddish brown, fine- to coarse-grained, some gravel (to 1"), some oxidation staining, trace calcium carbonate, thin clay films.		118.0	8.9
$\begin{array}{c} & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & 42 \end{array} - \begin{array}{c} & & \\ &$		SP-SM		 	118.0	8.9
				-		
- 44 -	- +		Clay with Sand, stiff, slightly moist, brown, fine-grained, low plasticity.	+		
B1@45'				39 	117.5	16.1
- 48 -	Ţ	CL	- groundwater	_		
$ \begin{array}{c} - 50 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ $			Silty Sand, dense, moist to wet, brown to yellowish brown, fine- to medium-grained.	41 _	_ 116.9	15.3
		SM				
B1@53'	+		Sand with Silt, dense, wet, yellowish brown, fine- to medium-grained.	69 	125.3	12.0
- 56 - B1@56'		SP-SM	- very dense	- - 50 (5")		
- 58	_					
B1@59'		CL	Sandy Clay, stiff, moist, brown, fine-grained, low plasticity.	38	121.6	15.7
Figure A1,				A9382-0	6-02 BORING	LOGS.G
Log of Boring 1, Pa	Ige	e 2 of 4	1			
		SAMP	LING UNSUCCESSFUL	SAMPLE (UND	STURBED)	
SAMPLE SYMBOLS		🕅 DISTU	RBED OR BAG SAMPLE 🚺 WATER	TABLE OR SE	EPAGE	

PROJEC	CT NO. A93	82-06-0	2					
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLE NO.	ГІТНОГОСУ	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING 1 ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 2/25/16 EQUIPMENT HOLLOW STEM AUGER BY: MDS	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
	1				MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
- 60 -		/. /		CL				
				·	Silty Clay, stiff, moist, brown, low plasticity, trace fine-grained sand.			
- 62 - 	B1@62'			CL		40	112.3	13.5
- 64 -	-	/. /	1			-		
 - 66 -	B1@65'				Clayey/Silty Sand, medium dense, wet, yellowish brown, fine- to coarse-grained.	39	90.6	15.9
 - 68 -				SM-SC		-		
- 70 -	B1@70'				- very dense	50 (6")	139.2	18.0
- 72 -					Sand, poorly graded, medium dense to very dense, wet, yellowish brown, medium-grained.	-		
- 74 -				SP		_		
	B1@75'		-			44	114.0	17.8
- 76 - 					Silty Sand, medium dense, wet, yellowish brown, fine- to medium-grained.	_		
- 78 - 						_		
- 80 - 	B1@80'		-		- saturated	43	116.4	14.6
- 82 - 			-	SM		-		
- 84 - 						-		
- 86 -					- dense, orangish brown with light gray mottles, some oxidation staining			
- 88 -	B1@87'		-			54 	123.3	15.6
Figur	e A1.	1 1 1 1 1				A9382-0	6-02 BORING	LOGS.GPJ
Log o	of Boring	ј 1, Р	ag	e 3 of 4	4			
	PLE SYMB		_	SAMP	LING UNSUCCESSFUL STANDARD PENETRATION TEST DRIVE	SAMPLE (UND		
					<u> </u>			

r	1	1						
			R		BORING 1	Z*	≻	(9
DEPTH		Jg	VATE	SOIL		ATIO NCE /FT)	NSIT F.)	JRE IT (%
IN FEET	SAMPLE NO.	ГІТНОГОСУ	GROUNDWATER	CLASS (USCS)	ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED _2/25/16	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
			GRO		EQUIPMENT HOLLOW STEM AUGER BY: MDS	REP (BI	DR	≥O
					MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
- 90 -								
						_		
- 92 -						_		
						-		
- 94 -	B1@94'		-		- increase in silt content	- 67	116.0	17.4
]. '. ' .		a (-	11010	1,
- 96 -				SM		_		
						_		
- 98 -						_		
						_		
- 100 -							100.0	
	B1@100'				- medium dense, saturated	42 	102.0	21.4
		1 1 1 1			Total depth of boring: 101.5 feet			
					Fill to 8.5 feet. Groundwater encountered at 48 feet.			
					Backfilled with soil cuttings and tamped.			
					Patched with concrete.			
					*Penetration resistance for 140-pound hammer falling 30 inches by auto			
					hammer.			
						A9382-0	6-02 BORING	LOGS.GPJ
Figure	e A1, f Boring	1. P	ad	e 4 of 4	4			
y V			~ສ	_				
SAMF	PLE SYMB	OLS			PLING UNSUCCESSFUL STANDARD PENETRATION TEST DRIVE S			
1				WA DISTU	IRBED OR BAG SAMPLE 🛛 🖳 WATER	IABLE OR SE	EPAGE	

PROJECT NO. A9382-06-02

PROJECT NO. /	49382-06-	-02					
DEPTH IN SAMP FEET NO.	п.	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING 2 ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 2/26/16 EQUIPMENT HOLLOW STEM AUGER BY: MDS	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
		_		MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
- 0 -		+		ARTIFICIAL FILL			
				Clay, soft, slightly moist, dark brown, trace fine-grained sand.	-		
- 2 -					_		
					_		
- 1 -							
-							
B2@5	'				7	94.6	20.4
6 -			G				
· _			CL	- brown, medium plasticity	-		
- 8 -					-		
					-		
\cdot 10 $-$ B2@1				- firm	- 15	101.0	20.5
				- 11111	-	101.0	20.5
12 -					_		
					_		
- 14 -				OLDER ALLUVIUM Sandy Silt, firm, slightly moist, brown, fine-grained.			
14		-		Sandy Sin, initi, singlidy moist, orown, inte-granica.			
B2@1	5'	ŀ	ML		13	102.3	17.2
- 16 -			IVIL				
					-		
- 18 -		+ -		Sand with Silt, loose, slightly moist, yellowish brown, fine- to			
· _				medium-grained.	-		
20 - B2@2	γ □ · ·	-			- 11	99.6	10.3
·	´ ∏ . .	·	SP		-	<i>))</i> .0	10.5
22 -		•			_		
		ļ.					
- 24 -		.		Silty Sand, medium dense, moist, brown, fine- to medium-grained, trace coarse-grained sand.			
24		<u>}</u>		course gruned said.			
B2@2	5'	[]			22	120.6	12.1
26 -							
		† - -			F		
- 28 -		! 	SM		F		
					-		
		11			<u>∆</u> 9382_∩	6-02 BORING	1068.65
Figure A2,	na 2 1	Daa	o 1 of -	4	A330Z-0		000.00
Log of Bor	ny 2, I	ray					
SAMPLE SY	MBOLS				E SAMPLE (UND	STURBED)	
•			🕅 DISTL	IRBED OR BAG SAMPLE 🛛 🛄 WATE	ER TABLE OR SE	EPAGE	

DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLE NO.	ГІТНОГОСУ	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING 2 ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 2/26/16 EQUIPMENT HOLLOW STEM AUGER BY: MDS	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
- 30 -					MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
	B2@30'					_ 26	125.3	12.5
32 -			-			-		
34 -		- 			Silty Sand with Gravel, medium dense, moist, orangish brown, fine- to medium-grained, fine gravel, some oxidation staining, thin clay films.			
- 36 -	B2@35'		-	SM	medium-grained, nne graver, some oxidation staining, thin clay films.	36	125.5	10.9
						-		
40 -					<u>- groundwater</u> Clayey Sand, medium dense, wet, brown, fine- to medium-grained.			
	B2@40'				Clayey Sand, medium dense, wet, brown, nne- to medium-gramed.	21	164.7	15.4
42 -				SC		_		
44 –	-	┞╌╶ <u>┤</u> ╭ │·│· _│ ·│·	+ +		Silty Sand, medium dense, wet, yellowish brown, fine- to coarse-grained,			·
- 46 -	B2@45'				trace clay.	40	171.6	13.8
 48						-		
- 50	B2@50'				- dense, some gravel	79	173.8	13.8
52 – –			-	SM		-		
54 -						-		
_	B2@55'				- clay, hard, moist, brown, some silt, some fine-grained sand	62	171.4	11.5
56 — _						-		
58 — —						-		
igure	→ A2.		1			A9382-0	6-02 BORING	LOGS.
og o	f Boring	j 2, P	ag	e 2 of 4	4			
SAMF	PLE SYMB	OLS				E SAMPLE (UND		

DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLE NO.	ГІТНОГОСУ	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING 2 ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 2/26/16 EQUIPMENT HOLLOW STEM AUGER BY: MDS	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
- 60 -	B2@60'				MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	38	117.9	14.5
- 62 - - 62 -			-			-		
- 64 -	B2@65'				Silty Sand with Clay and Gravel, medium dense, wet, brown, fine- to coarse-grained.	42	168.8	17.4
- 66 - - 68 - 	-					-		
- 70 -	B2@70'				- decrease in silt and clay content, dense to very dense	50 (6") 	171.7	14.0
- 72 - - 74 -	-		40 < · < D	SM		-		
 - 76 - 	B2@75'				- medium dense	41 	124.8	13.1
- 78 -			0			-		
- 80 - - 80 -	B2@80'				Sandy Silt, stiff, moist to wet, orangish brown with light gray mottles, some oxidation staining, fine-grained.	39	118.6	15.4
- 82 -			-	ML		_		
- 84 - 								
- 86 -	B2@85'			CL	Silty Clay, hard, wet, orangish brown, medium plasticity.	51 - -	105.7	26.7
- 88 -	-					-		
Figure	e A2, f Boring	12. P	aq	e 3 of 4	4	A9382-0	6-02 BORING	3 LOGS.GP
	PLE SYMB			SAMP	LING UNSUCCESSFUL STANDARD PENETRATION TEST DRIVE S	SAMPLE (UND		

DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLE NO.	ПТНОГОСУ	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING 2 ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 2/26/16	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)			
			ß		EQUIPMENT HOLLOW STEM AUGER BY: MDS	<u>ш</u>					
- 90 -	B2@90'				MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	53	108.2	22.4			
 - 92 -	112(0)0					_		22.T			
- 94 - 			-		Silt with Sand, stiff, orangish brown, moist, fine-grained, oxidation staining.	-					
- 96 - 	B2@95'		-	ML		25 	114.8	20.9			
- 98 -						-					
	B2@100'			SP	Sand, poorly graded, dense, wet, yellowish brown, fine- to medium-grained.	71	127.6	8.0			
					Total depth of boring: 101.5 feet Fill to 13 feet. Groundwater encountered at 39 feet. Backfilled with soil cuttings and tamped. Grass divot replaced. *Penetration resistance for 140-pound hammer falling 30 inches by auto hammer.						
Figure A2, A9382-06-02 BORING LOGS.GPJ Log of Boring 2, Page 4 of 4 A9382-06-02 BORING LOGS.GPJ											
SAMPLE SYMBOLS											



PROJEC	T NO. A93	82-06-0	2					
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLE NO.	ГІТНОГОЄУ	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING 3 ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 6/22/20 EQUIPMENT MUD-ROTARY BY: JMH	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
					MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
- 0 - - 2 -					ARTIFICIAL FILL Silty Sand to Sandy Silt, loose to very soft, slightly moist, brown, fine-grained.	-		
 - 4 - 	B3@5'	 			Silty Sand, poorly graded, medium dense, dry, brown, fine-grained, trace medium-grained.	- - 32	96.6	8.9
 - 8 - 						-	116.0	
 - 12 - 	B3@10'		-		- slightly moist OLDER ALLUVIUM Silty Sand, medium dense, slightly moist, brown, fine- to medium-grained.	43 	116.2	12.1
 - 16 - 	B3@15'					- 53 -	116.9	14.7
- 18 - - 20 - 	B3@20'		-	SM	- reddish brown, trace coarse-grained	 35 	125.3	12.9
- 22 - - 24 -			-			-		
- 26 - - 28 - 	B3@25'		-		- brown, fine-grained, trace medium- to coarse-grained	33 - - -	122.5	13.5
Figure Log o	e A3, f Boring	3, P	ag	e 1 of 7	7	A9382-0	6-02 BORING	LOGS.GPJ
SAMF	PLE SYMB	OLS			5	SAMPLE (UND		

PROJEC	T NO. A938	32-06-0	2					
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLE NO.	ЛЛОГОСЛ	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING 3 ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 6/22/20 EQUIPMENT MUD-ROTARY BY: JMH	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
					MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
- 30 -	B3@30'				- moist	48	126.9	8.6
						-		
- 32 -						-		
						-		
- 34 -			$\left \right $			-		
	B3@35'			SM		- 68	129.2	10.8
- 36 -	взшээ			5141		- 08	129.2	10.8
			1			_		
- 38 -								
			1					
- 40 -	B3@40'		+ -		Sand with Silt, poorly graded, dense, reddish brown, moist, fine-grained,	78	128.0	12.1
					trace medium-grained and fine gravel.	-		
- 42 -				SP-SM		-		
						-		
- 44 -					Clay with Sand, stiff, slightly moist, reddish brown, fine-grained.			
	B3@45'					- 45	115.8	19.4
- 46 -			1			-	110.0	17.1
	-		1	CL		-		
- 48 -		/./	1			_		
	-	/ /.	1			_		
- 50 -			11			L!		
	B3@50'				Silty Sand, poorly graded, dense, wet, reddish brown with yellowish brown mottles, fine- to medium-grained, trace fine gravel.	65	116.5	10.8
50			-		notices, me- to incluin-granica, race me gravel.			
- 52 -				SM				
		[_		
- 54 -	1				Sand with Silt, wet, brown, fine- to medium-grained, trace fine gravel.	†i		
	B3@55'					100	129.0	13.6
- 56 -	1			SP-SM				
				51-5101		-		
- 58 -						┣		
		드리티	╞┤		Sandy Clay, hard, moist, reddish brown.	+		
		· .		CLS	·	A9382-0	6-02 BORING	LOGS.GP.I
Figure	e A3, f Boring	I 3. P	ad	e 2 of 7	7			
	g	, •, •	~ໆ՝					
SAMF	PLE SYMB	OLS				SAMPLE (UND		
				🖾 DISTU	RBED OR BAG SAMPLE I WATER	IABLE OR SE	EPAGE	

PROJEC	T NO. A93	82-06-0	2					
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLE NO.	ГІТНОГОСУ	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING 3 ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 6/22/20 EQUIPMENT MUD-ROTARY BY: JMH	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
					MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
- 60 -	B3@60'					77	131.7	12.1
- 62 - - 62 -	-			CLS		-		
- 64 -	-	7.7 -	+-		Clayey Sand, poorly graded, very dense, moist, reddish brown, fine-grained,	-		
 - 66 - 	B3@65'			SC	some medium-grained.	50 (4") 	123.0	15.4
- 68 -	-					_		
- 70 -	B3@70'				- wet		_ 125.4	12.5
- 72 - - 72 - 	B3@74.5'			SP	Sand, poorly graded, very dense, saturated, brown, fine- to medium-grained.	- - - -50 (5")	_ 119.1 _	13.9_
- 76 - - 78 - 	-		-		Silty Sand, very dense, saturated, brown, fine- to medium-grained.	- - -		
- 80 - - 82 - 	B3@80'		-	SM		50 (3") - - -	111.4	18.1
- 86 - - 88 - 	B3@85'		-		- dense	- 80 	118.0	15.3
Figure	e A3,					A9382-0	6-02 BORING	LOGS.GF
Log o	f Boring	3, P	ag	e 3 of 7	7			
SAMF	PLE SYMB	OLS			PLING UNSUCCESSFUL Image: mathematical standard penetration test Image: mathematical standard penetration test URBED OR BAG SAMPLE Image: mathematical standard penetration test Image: mathematical standard penetration test	SAMPLE (UND		

PROJEC	T NO. A938	32-06-0 T	2					
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLE NO.	ГІТНОГОСУ	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING 3 ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 6/22/20 EQUIPMENT MUD-ROTARY BY: JMH	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
					MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
- 90 -	B3@90'	.			- very dense, reddish brown	50 (6")	115.2	16.6
						-		
92 -						 -		
_						-		
94 -						-		
	B3@94.5'					_50 (5")	120.1	17.2
96 -				SM		-		
· -				5141		-		
98 -						-		
_						-		
100 -	B3@99.5'					_50 (6")	121.9	14.9
_						-		
102 -						\vdash		
_						\vdash		
- 104 -						-		
	B3@105'				wet, brown	93	115.0	19.7
106 -					Sand, poorly graded, very dense, saturated, brown, fine- to- medium-grained.	-		
				SP		-		
108 -						-		
-		ппп		·	Sandy Silt, hard, moist, reddish brown.	50(5")	127.9	13.7
110 -	B3@109.5				Sandy Sht, hard, moist, reddish brown.	_30(3)	127.9	15.7
_				ML				
112 -								
-								
114 -					Sandy Clay, hard, moist, reddish brown.	F1		
-	B3@115'					60	112.8	18.3
116 -								
-				CLS				
118 -								
igure	e A3,					A9382-0	6-02 BORING	LOGS.G
_og o	f Boring	J 3, P	ag	e 4 of 7	7			
SAME	PLE SYMB	ol s		SAMP	LING UNSUCCESSFUL STANDARD PENETRATION TEST DRIVE S	Sample (UND	ISTURBED)	
C, 101		020		🕅 DISTU	IRBED OR BAG SAMPLE 🛛 WATER	TABLE OR SE	EPAGE	

DEPTH IN SAM FEET N	PLE D. PLE D.	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING 3 ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 6/22/20 EQUIPMENT MUD-ROTARY BY: JMH	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
- 120 - B3@	20'			MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	50 (5")		
 - 124 -			CLS		-		
B3@ - 126 -	25'			- brown	50 (6")	101.9	28.0
					-		
 - 130 - B3@	130' 1			Clayey Sand, poorly graded, very dense, slightly moist, brown, fine-grained, trace medium-grained.	50 (5")	125.0	14.2
- 132 -					-		
- 134 - 	135'		SC	- dark brown	- 50 (6")	120.3	16.7
- 136 - - 138 -							
					_		
B3@ 	[40]	-1		Sand, well-graded, very dense, brown, saturated, fine- to coarse-grained.	- <u>-</u> 50 (6") - -	_ 115.6	18.2_
· 144 –			SW				
B3@1 · 146 -	44.5	; · · ·		Silty Sand, poorly graded, very dense, brown, wet, fine-grained, trace medium-grained.	_50 (3")	121.9	16.0
 - 148 — 		 - - -	SM		-		
Figure A3 Log of Bo	, , , ring 3 [) Dau	6 5 of 3	7	A9382-0	6-02 Boring	G LOGS.GF
SAMPLE S	_	ay	SAMP	LING UNSUCCESSFUL	SAMPLE (UND		

1	1	1	_			·		
		2	TER		BORING 3	N H (ITΥ	٤E (%)
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLE NO.	ГІТНОГОСУ	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS	ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 6/22/20	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
			GROU	(USCS)	EQUIPMENT MUD-ROTARY BY: JMH	PENE RES (BL(DRY)	CON
			-		MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
- 150 -	B3@150'	 - . - -			- some medium-grained	50 (5")	121.7	15.7
			-			-		
- 152 - 								
- 154 -	-		-	SM		_		
						-		
- 156 -						-		
						-		
- 158 -						-		
 - 160 -					Sandy Clay, hard, moist, brown.			
	B3@160'					_50 (5") _	113.2	23.6
- 162 -						-		
				CLS		-		
- 164 -						-		
		іл — л С. — л — л				-		
- 166 - 								
- 168 -	-					_		
		7.			Clayey Sand, poorly graded, very dense, reddish brown, moist, fine-grained,			
- 170 -	B3@170'				trace medium-grained.	50 (5")	120.2	17.8
						-		
- 172 -						-		
- 174 -				SC				
⊢ –			1			-		
- 176 -						-		
F -						-		
- 178 -						F		
			1		- trace coarse-grained			
Figure	e A3,				7	A9382-0	6-02 Boring	LOGS.GPJ
	f Boring	j 3, Pa	ag					
SAMF	PLE SYMB	OLS		_	LING UNSUCCESSFUL STANDARD PENETRATION TEST DRIVE S	SAMPLE (UND		

PROJEC	T NO. A93	82-06-0	2					
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLE NO.	ГІТНОГОСҮ	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING 3 ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 6/22/20 EQUIPMENT MUD-ROTARY BY: JMH	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
					MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
- 180 -	B3@180'					50 (6")	102.7	16.6
	-	1.				-		
- 182 -	-	\;/:/	1			-		
	-					-		
- 184 -	-	///		SC		-		
	-					-		
- 186 -	-							
		11						
- 188 -								
100								
	B3@189.5				Sandy Clay, hard, wet, reddish brown.	50 (2")		
- 190 -	D3@189.3							
	-					-		
- 192 -						-		
	-					-		
- 194 -	-			CLS		-		
	-					_		
- 196 -	-					-		
						_		
- 198 -								
100								
	B3@199'				- no recovery	50 (5")	110.7	19.6
					Total depth of boring: 199.5 feet Fill to 10.5 feet.			
					Groundwater level not established.			
					Backfilled with grout. AC patched.			
					*Penetration resistance for 140-pound hammer falling 30 inches by auto-hammer.			
Figur Log o	e A3, of Boring	g 3, P	ag	e 7 of 7	7	A9382-0	6-02 BORING	G LOGS.GF
_		_				SAMPLE (UND	ISTURBED	
SAM	PLE SYMB	OLS				R TABLE OR SE		

NOTE: THE LOG OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS SHOWN HEREON APPLIES ONLY AT THE SPECIFIC BORING OR TRENCH LOCATION AND AT THE DATE INDICATED. IT IS NOT WARRANTED TO BE REPRESENTATIVE OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AT OTHER LOCATIONS AND TIMES.

		2	TER		BORING W2	NON TON T	≻Li	(%)
DEPTH IN	SAMPLE NO.	LITHOLOGY	IDWA	SOIL CLASS	ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 8/24/21	TRAT STAN WS/F	DENS .C.F.)	STUF
FEET	NO.	L H	GROUNDWATER	(USCS)	EQUIPMENT HOLLOW STEM AUGER BY: RP	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
			Ū			-		
0					MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
- 0 -					ASPHALT: 3"			
- 2 -					UPPER 38 FEET NOT LOGGED			
						_		
- 4 -								
4								
- 6 -								
- 8 -						_		
						_		
- 10 -						_		
						_		
- 12 -						_		
						_		
- 14 -						_		
						_		
- 16 -						_		
						_		
- 18 -						_		
						_		
- 20 -						_		
						_		
- 22 -						_		
						_		
- 24 -								
L								
- 26 -								
L						_		
- 28 -								
ļ _								
Figure	e A4,		-		7.0	A9382-0	6-02 BORING	LOGS.GPJ
	f Boring	j W2 ,	Pa	age 1 o	т 3			
SAMF	PLE SYMB	OLS			LING UNSUCCESSFUL STANDARD PENETRATION TEST DRIVE S	AMPLE (UND	ISTURBED)	
				🕅 DISTL	IRBED OR BAG SAMPLE WATER	TABLE OR SE	FPAGE	

								1
			ER		BORING W2	Ζщ*	≿	(%
DEPTH	SAMPLE) 0	VAT	SOIL		ATIC ANC S/FT	NSI ⁻ F.)	URE (°
IN FEET	NO.	ГІТНОГОСУ	GROUNDWATER	CLASS (USCS)	ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 8/24/21	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
			GRO		EQUIPMENT HOLLOW STEM AUGER BY: RP	(BI	DR	≥o
					MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
- 30 -								
						-		
- 32 -						-		
	1					-		
- 34 -	-					-		
	-					-		
- 36 -	-					-		
	-					-		
- 38 -	-	-7-	╆-		Clayey Sand, medium dense, slightly moist, reddish brown, fine- to			
	W2@39'	. / .	_		medium-grained, some fine gravel, interbedded sand layers	- 40		
- 40 -			₹		- fine-grained, decrease gravel	-		
	-	/ /			- wet	_		
- 42 -						_		
L _		/ /	1			_		
- 44 -		/./	1					
		/./						
46	W2@45'			CL		39		
- 46 -								
		· / . /				Γ		
- 48 -						_		
						_		
- 50 -		././	1			-		
			1			-		
- 52 -		//	1	$-\frac{1}{SP}$	Sand, medium dense, wet, reddish brown, fine-grained			
F -	W2@53'		+-		Silty Sand, medium dense, slightly moist, reddish brown, fine- to	44		
- 54 -	1				medium-grained, some clay - decrease in clay	-		
	1 L					\vdash		
- 56 -	W2@55.5' W2@56'				- decrease in silt	_ 50(6")		
┣ -	-		-	SM				
- 58 -						-		
-						-		
<u> </u>		. ^{1 .} [†]	1			A0200.0		
Figure	e A4, f Barina			- 0 an	£ 2	A9382-U	6-02 BORING	LOG9.GPJ
	f Boring	, vv 2,	20	aye z 0				
SAMF	PLE SYMB	OLS		SAMP	LING UNSUCCESSFUL STANDARD PENETRATION TEST DRIVE S	AMPLE (UND	ISTURBED)	
				🕅 DISTL	IRBED OR BAG SAMPLE V WATER		EPAGE	

DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLE NO.	ГІТНОГОСУ	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING W2 ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 8/24/21 EQUIPMENT HOLLOW STEM AUGER BY: RP	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
60 -					MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
						-		
62 – 64 –	W2@63'				Sand and Clay, medium dense to stiff, slightly moist, reddish brown, fine- to medium-grained, trace gravel	35		
66 -				SC-CL		-		
68 – –	W2@69'				hard, increase in sand	 50(6")		
70 - 1	₩2@69.5 [®]		-		Silty Sand, very dense, moist, reddish brown, fine- to coarse-grained, some clay.	-		
74 – – 76 –	W2@76'		-	SM	- fine-grained, increase in silt	_ _ _ 57		
- 78 -	w2@70				- fine- to medium-grained Total depth of boring: 78 feet			
					Temporary monitoring well installed. Groundwater measured at 39.7' on 8/30/21.			
					*Penetration resistance for 140-pound hammer falling 30 inches by auto-hammer.			
Figure Log of	A4, Boring	J W2,	Pa	ige 3 o	f 3	A9382-0	6-02 BORING	LOGS.G
-						AMPLE (UNDI	STURBED)	

DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLE NO.	ГІТНОГОСУ	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING W3 ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 8/24/21 EQUIPMENT HOLLOW STEM AUGER BY: RP	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
					MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
- 0 -					ASPHALT: 3"			
					UPPER 14 FEET NOT LOGGED	-		
- 2 -						-		
						-		
- 4 -						-		
						-		
- 6 -						-		
						-		
- 8 -						-		
						-		
- 10 -						_		
40								
- 12 -								
						[
- 14 -					Silty Sand, medium dense, slightly moist, brown, fine-grained with some medium-grained, trace clay.			
- 16 -	W3@15'			SM		18		
					16 feet to 40 feet not logged			
- 18 -								
						_		
- 20 -						_		
						_		
- 22 -								
						L		
- 24 -						F		
						L		
- 26 -								
- 28 -						-		
						-		
						A9382-0	6-02 BORING	LOGS GP.1
Figure Log of	e A5, f Boring	j W 3,	Pa	age 1 o	f 3			
SAMF	PLE SYMB	OLS		_		AMPLE (UND		

DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLE NO.	ГІТНОГОЄУ	GROUNDWATER	SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING W3 ELEV. (MSL.) DATE COMPLETED 8/24/21 EQUIPMENT HOLLOW STEM AUGER BY: RP	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
					MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			
30 -								
32 -						_		
 34 —						_		
						-		
38 -			Ţ			_		
40 -					Silty Sand, medium dense, wet, brown with gray mottles, fine- to			
- 42 - -	W3@41'			SC-CL	 medium-grained, trace fine gravel (1"). Sand and Clay, medium dense to firm, moist, brown to reddish brown, fine- to medium-grained. 	38		
44 —						-		
46 -	W3@46'				Clayey Sand, medium dense, moist, reddish brown, fine- to coarse-grained, trace gravel (1"). - increased clay	35		
48 -				SC		-		
50 —						-		
- 52 -	W3@50.5' W3@51'	<u> </u>		SP	Sand, medium dense, wet, reddish brown, fine- to medium-grained, some silt/clay.	50		
	W3@53'				Silty Sand, dense, reddish brown, fine- to medium-grained, trace coarse-grained	50(6")		
 56				SM		-		
 58	W3@58'			CL	Sandy Clay, stiff, slightly moiste, reddish brown, fine-grained with some coarse-grained.			
					Total depth of boring: 58.5 feet Groundwater at 37.5 feet after 15 minute period.			

SAMPLE SYMBOLS Image: Sampling unsuccessful image: Sample image: Sam

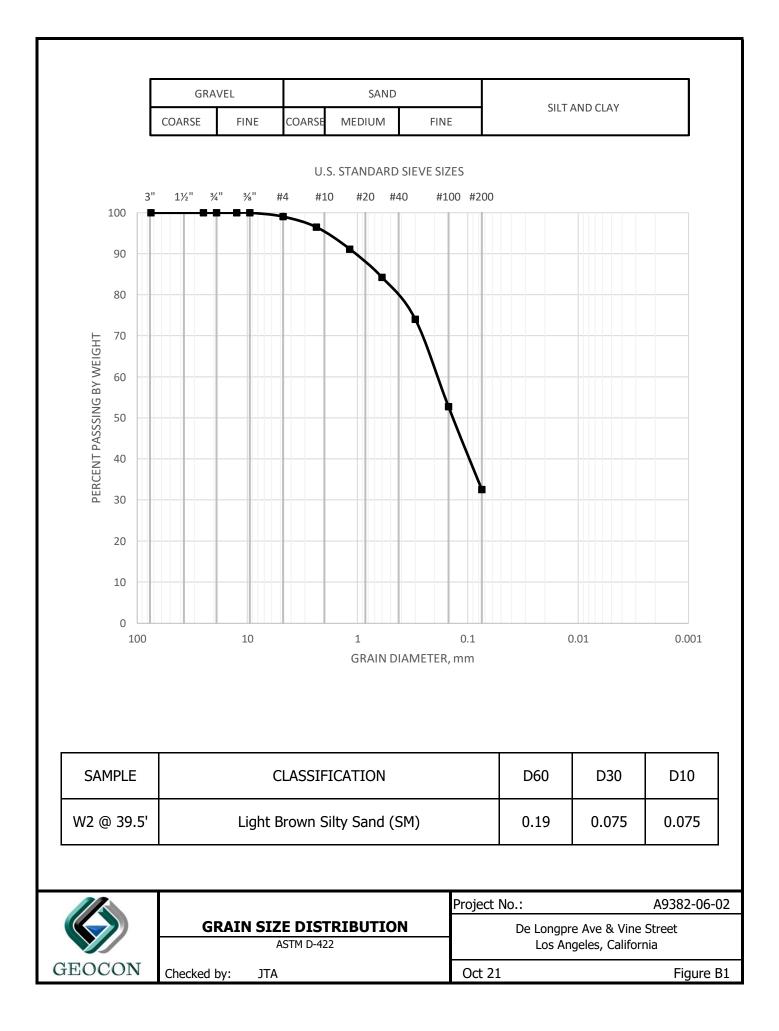
PROJECT	T NO. A938	32-06-0	2									
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLE NO.	LITHOLOGY GROUNDWATER		SOIL CLASS (USCS)	BORING W3 ELEV. (MSL.) EQUIPMENT HOLLOW	DATE COMPLETED 8/24		- ВҮ: КР	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)*	DRY DENSITY (P.C.F.)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	
						MATERIAL DESCRIPT	ION					
Figure	Φ.45,				*Penetration resista auto-hammer.	MATERIAL DESCRIPT ing well installed. ured at 36.3' on 8/30/21. ance for 140-pound hammer		inches by	A9382-01	5-02 BORING	LOGS.GPJ	
Log of	f Boring	W3,	Pa	ige 3 o	13							
SAMPLE SYMBOLS					LING UNSUCCESSFUL RBED OR BAG SAMPLE	STANDARD PENETR				SAMPLE (UNDISTURBED) R TABLE OR SEEPAGE		

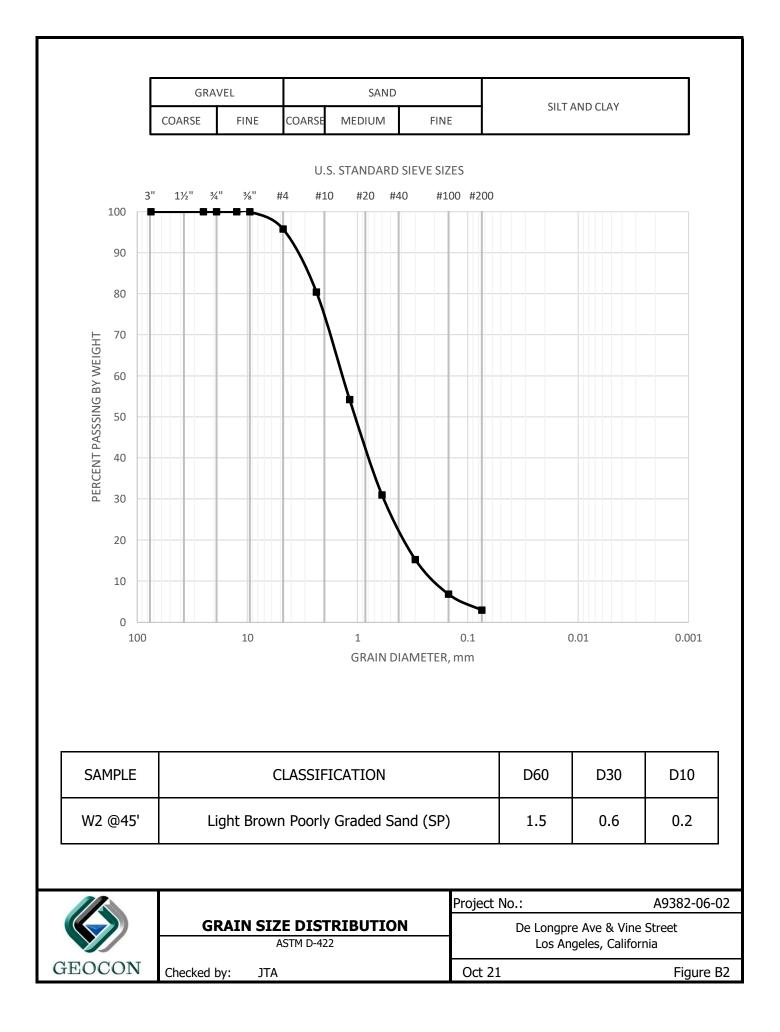


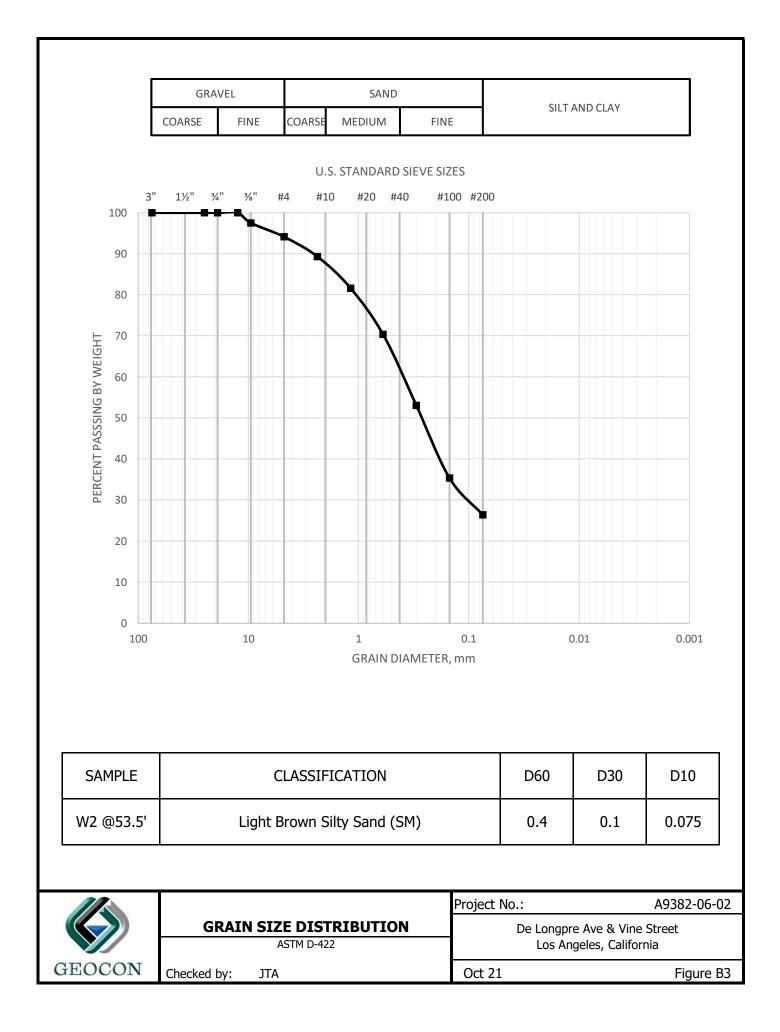
APPENDIX B

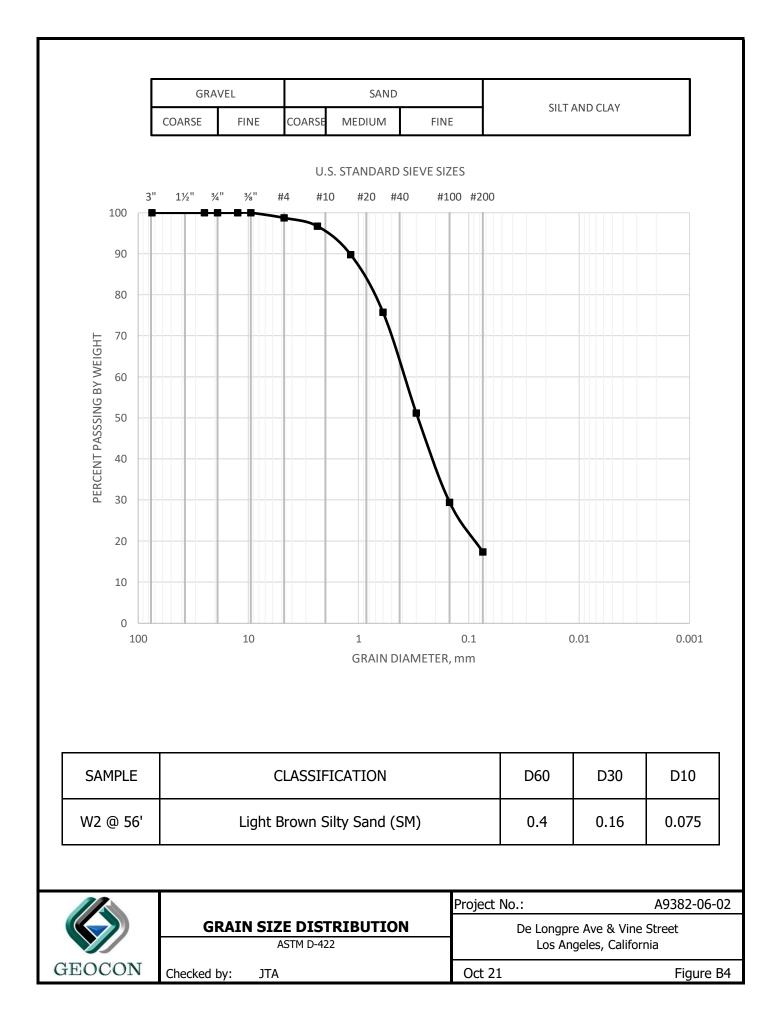
LABORATORY TESTING

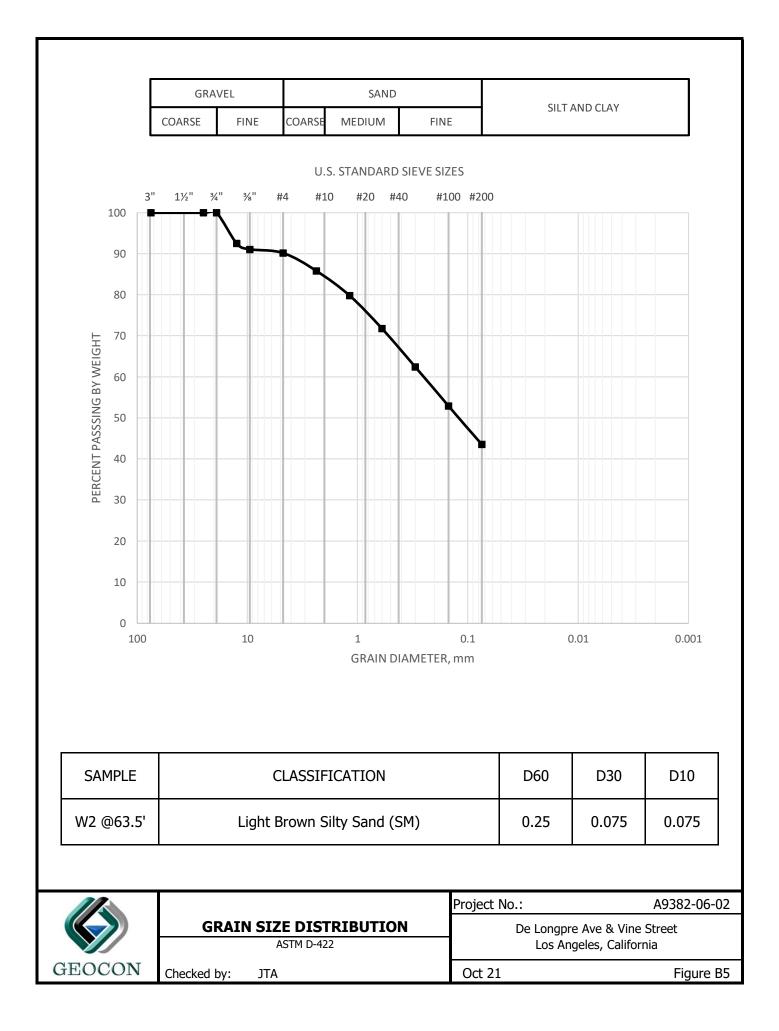
Laboratory tests were performed in accordance with generally accepted test methods of the "American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)", or other suggested procedures. Selected samples were tested for grain size distribution and consolidation characteristics. The results of the laboratory tests are summarized in Figures B1 through B38.

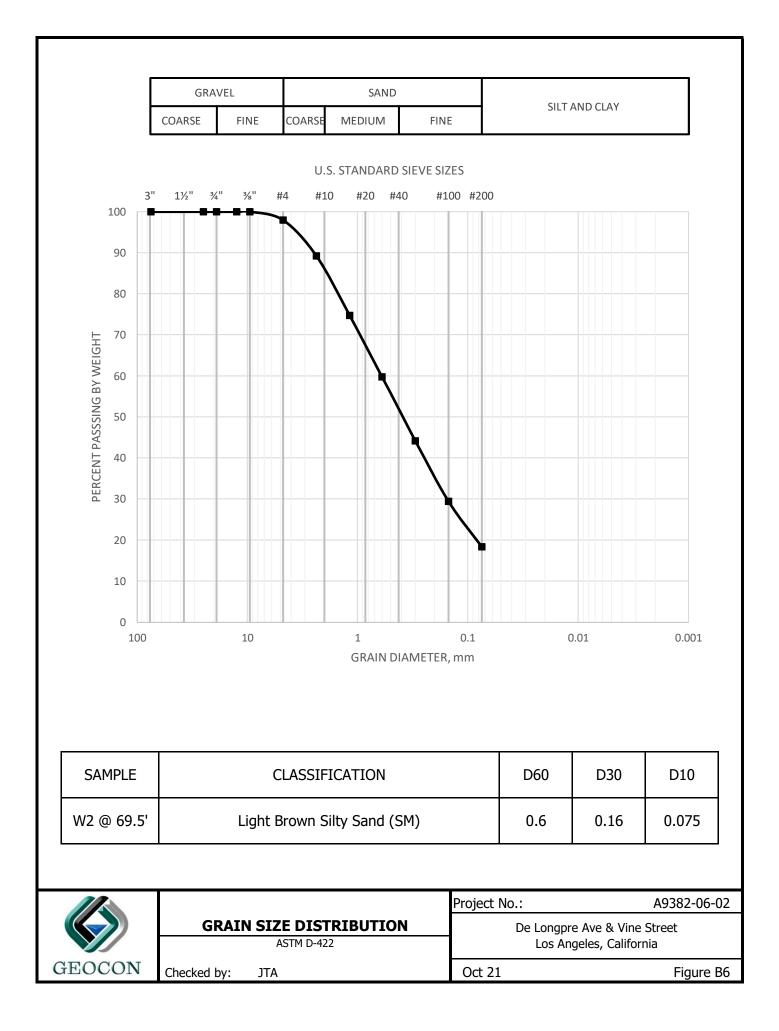


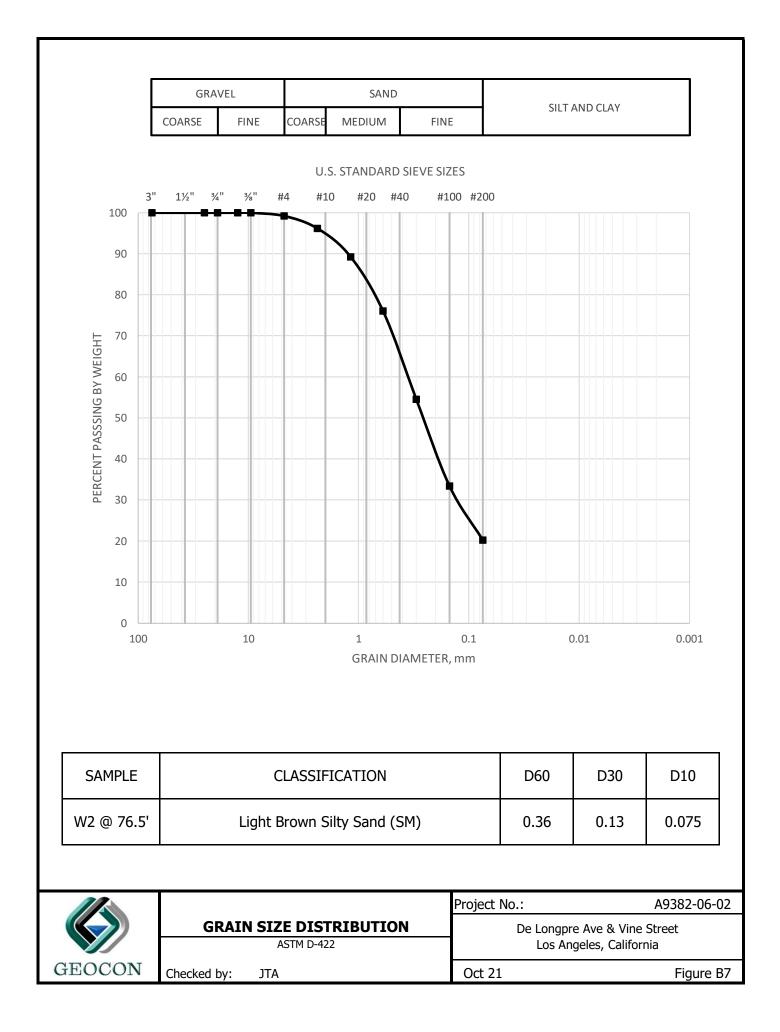


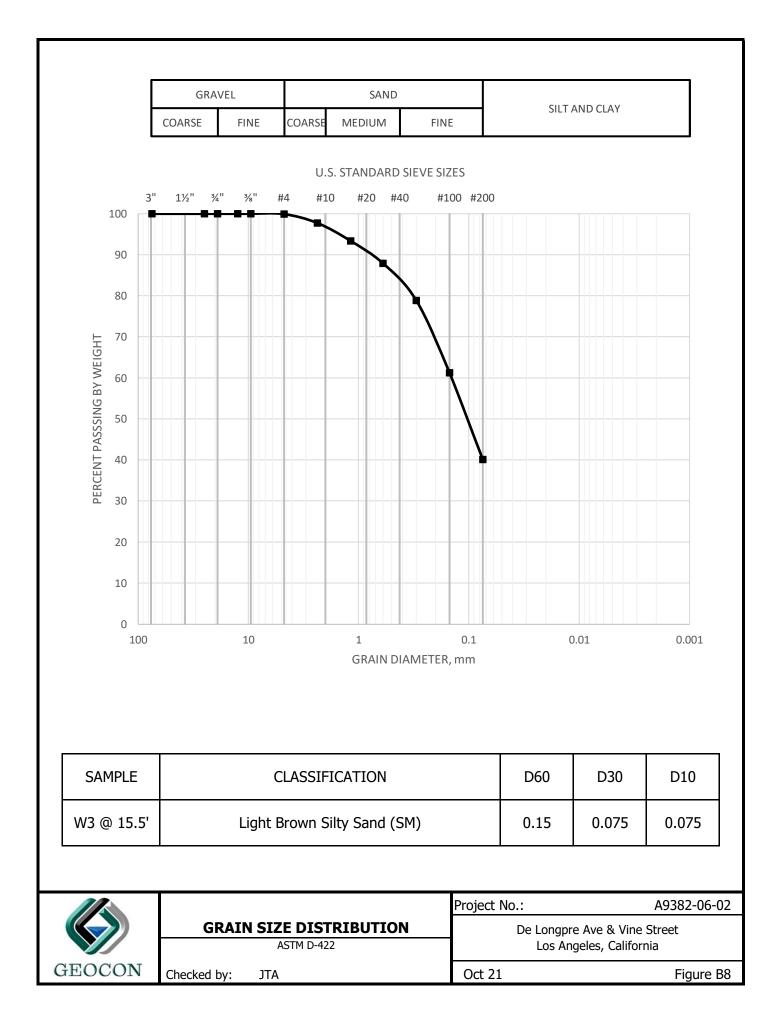


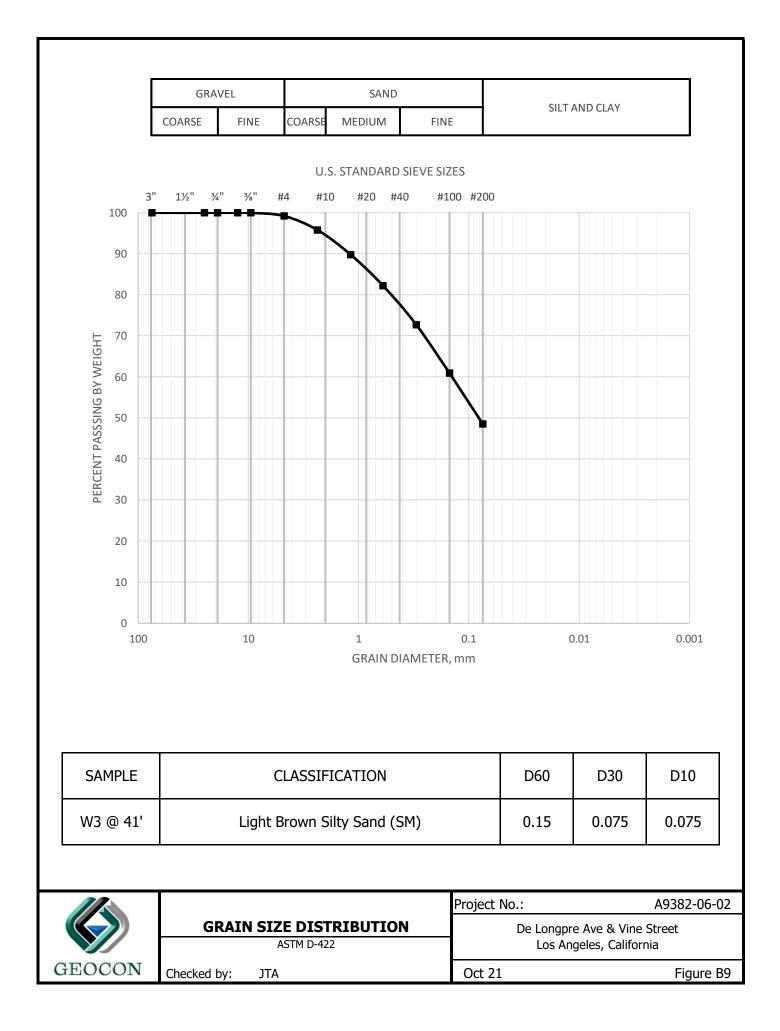


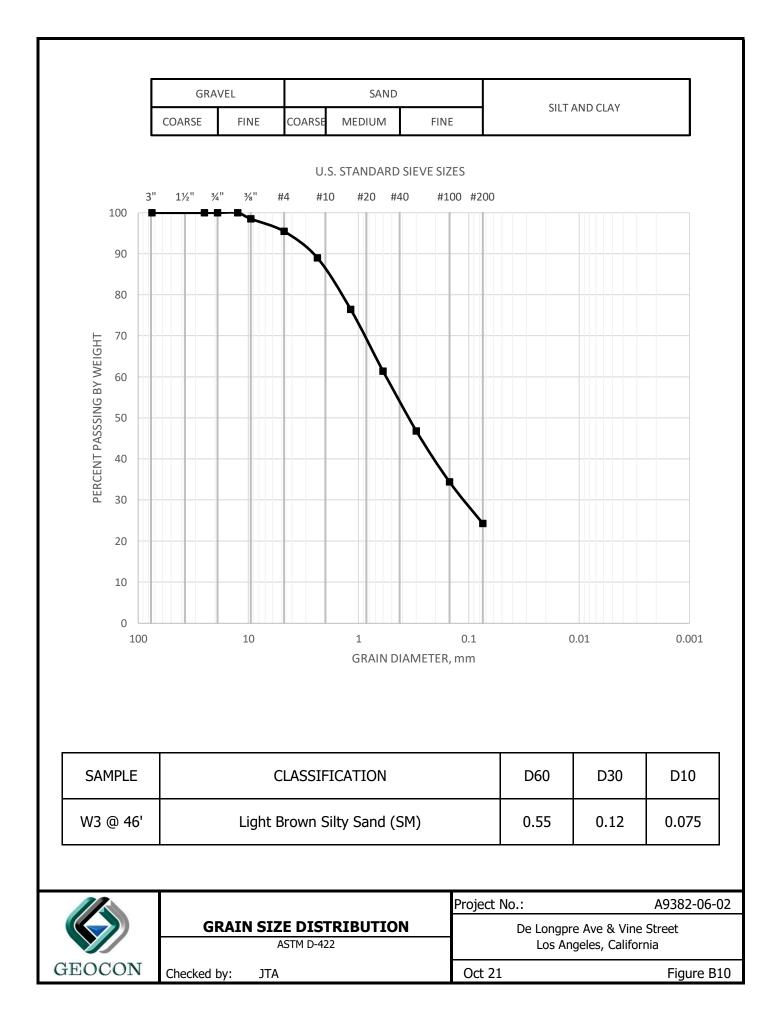


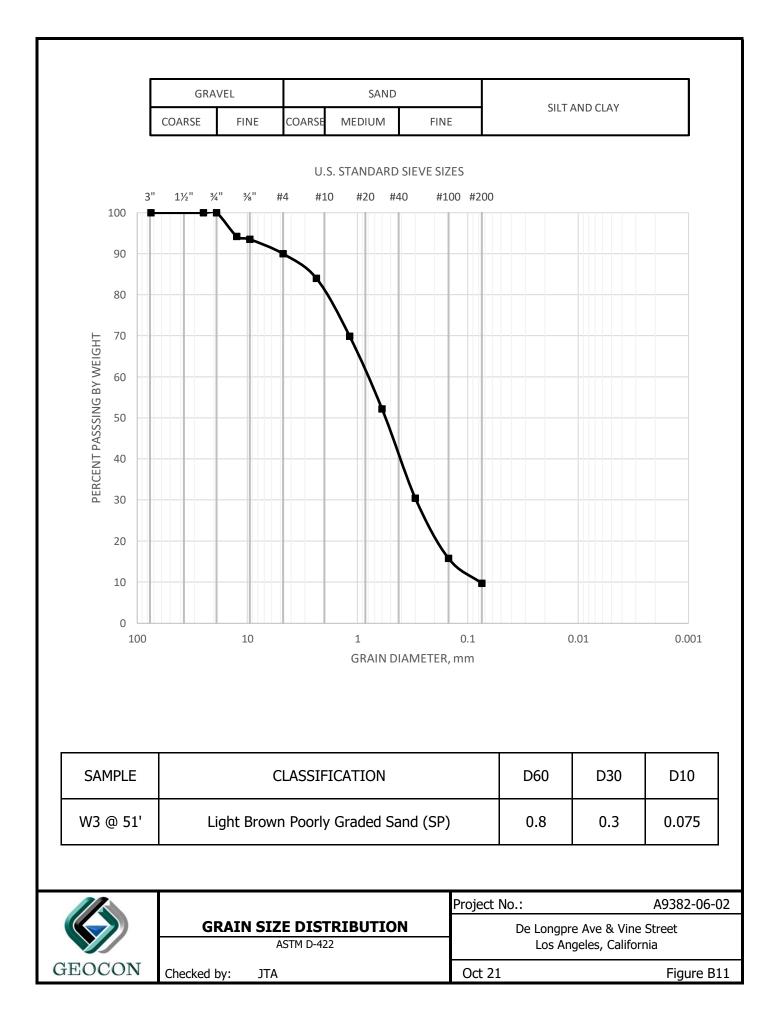


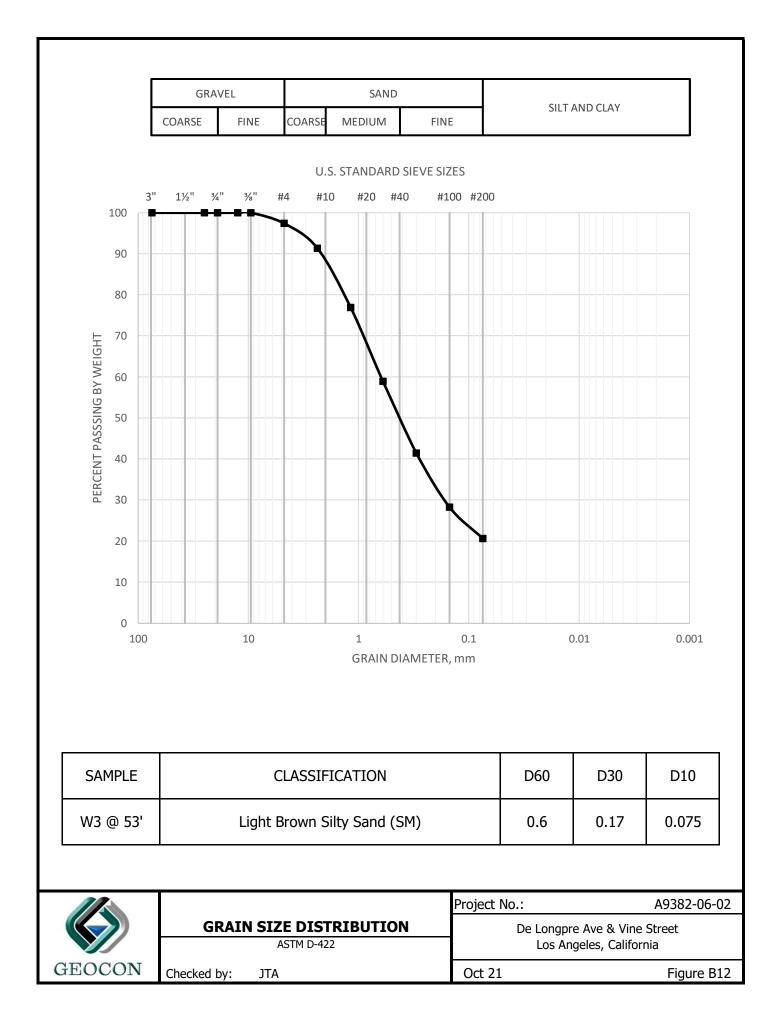


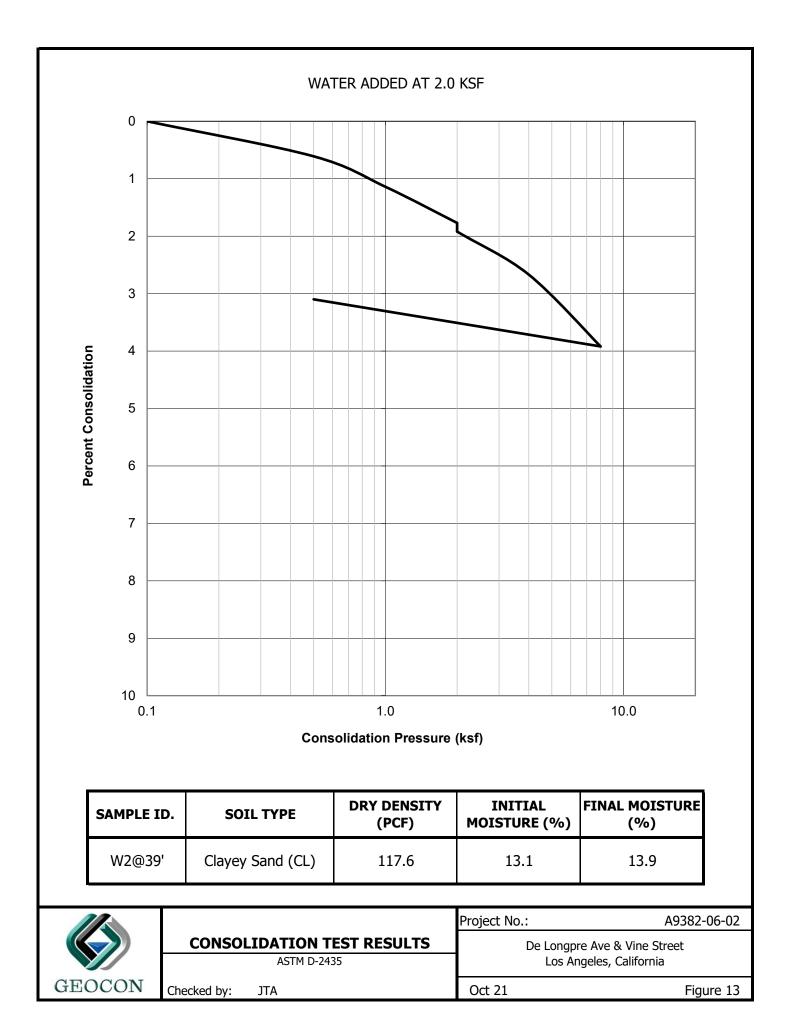


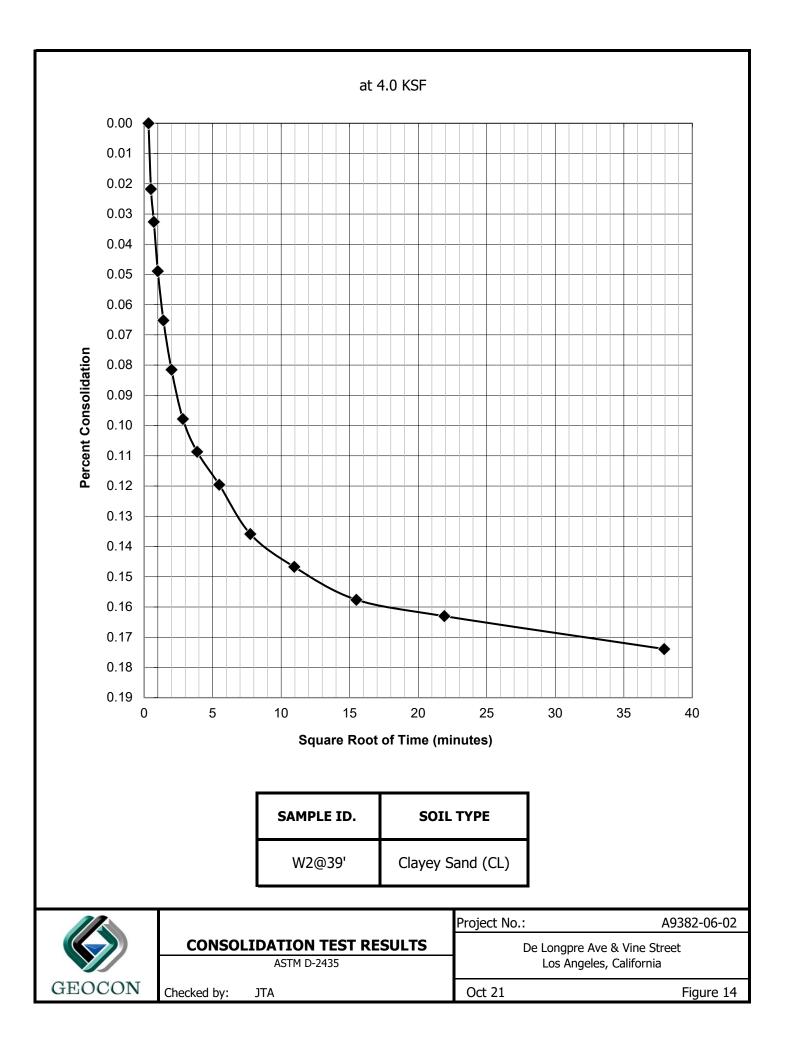


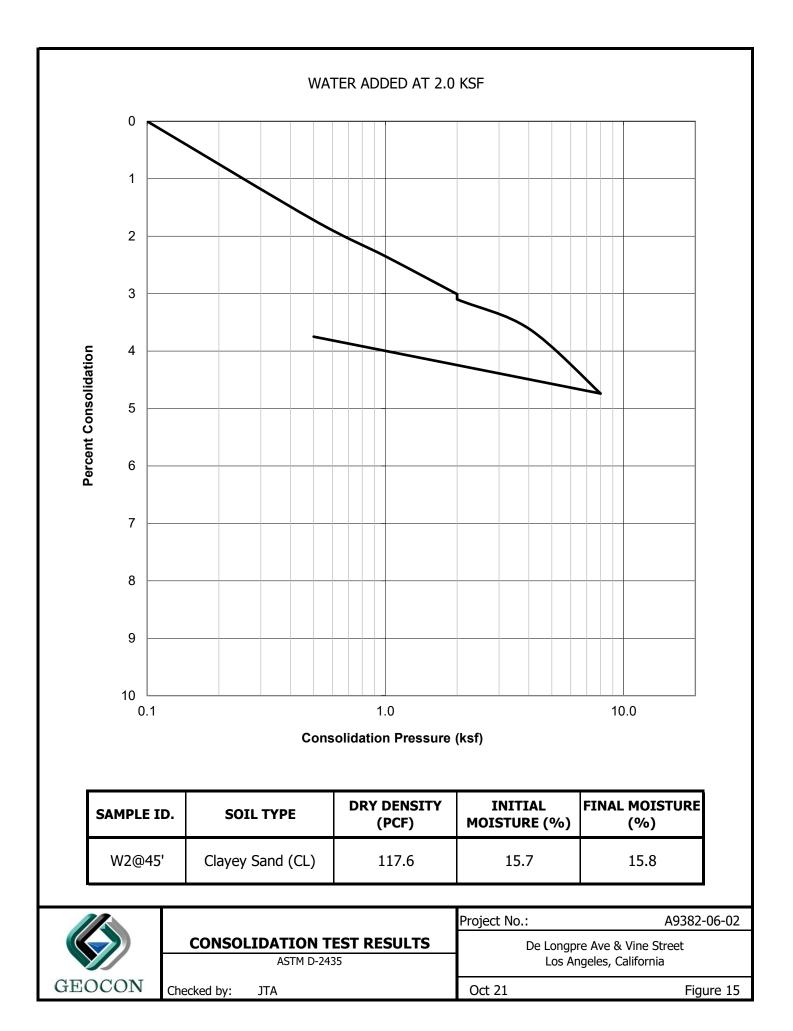


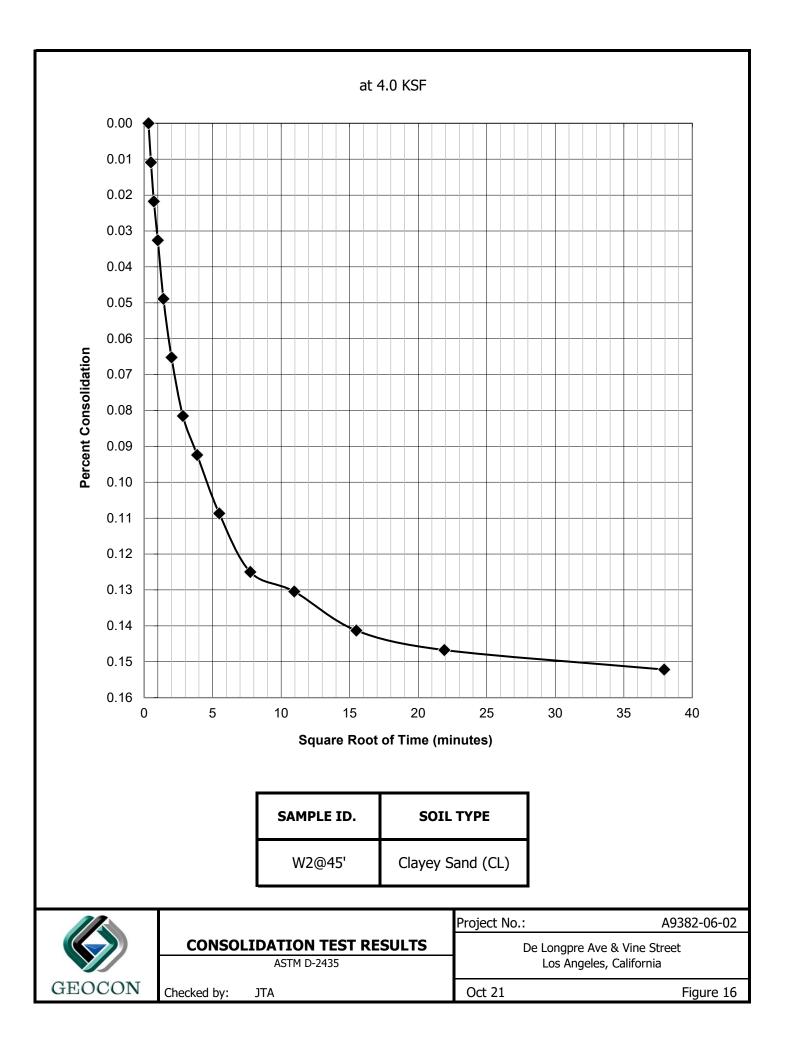


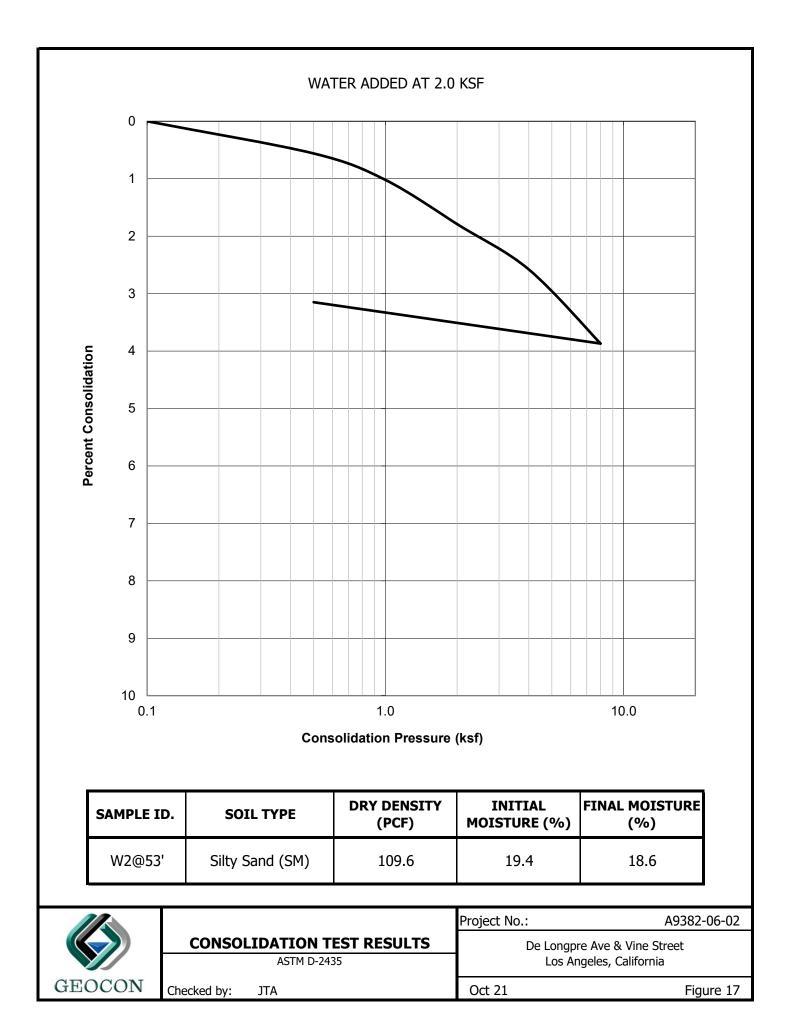


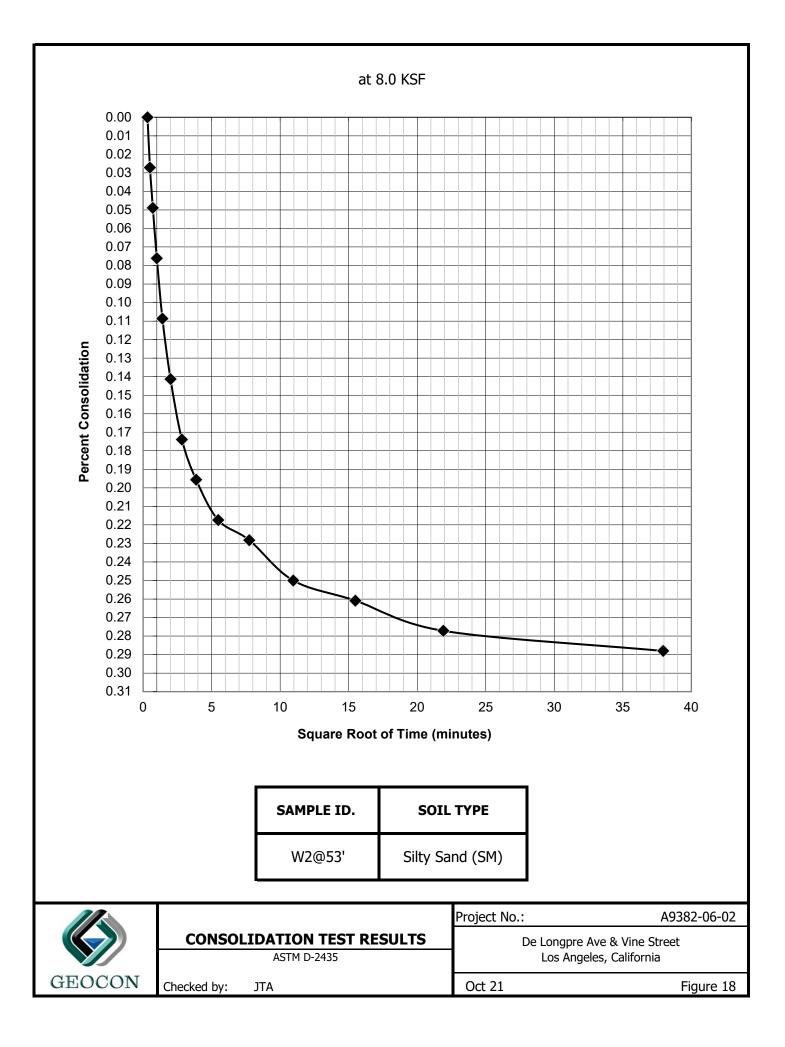


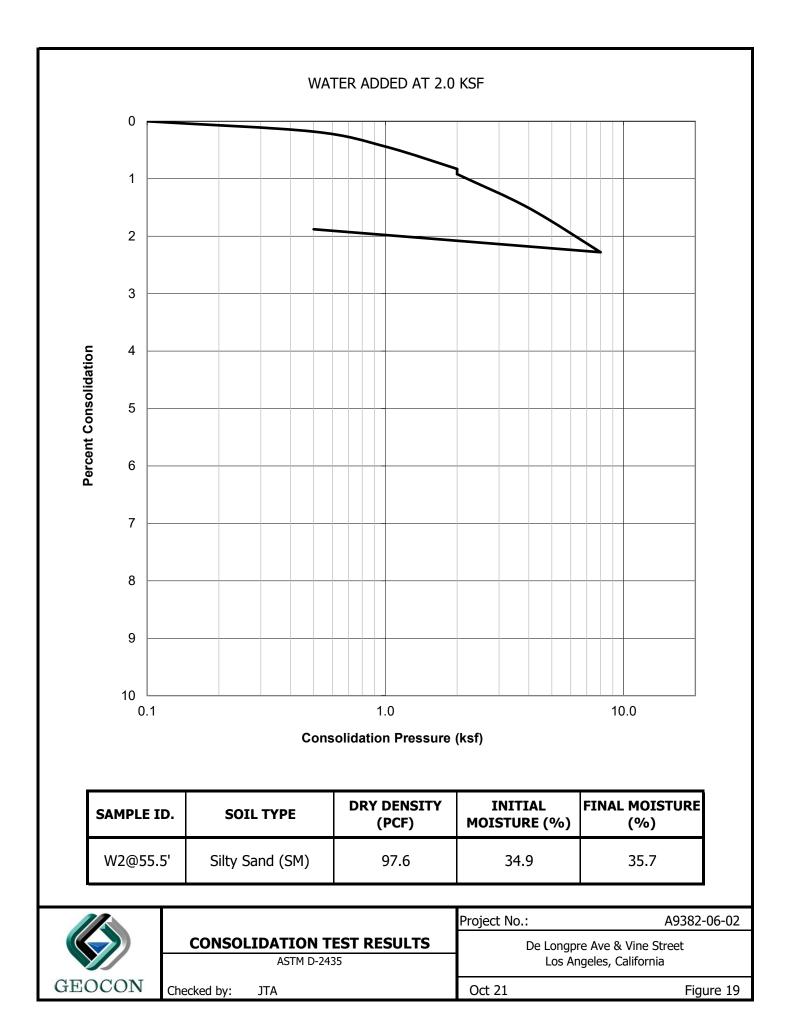


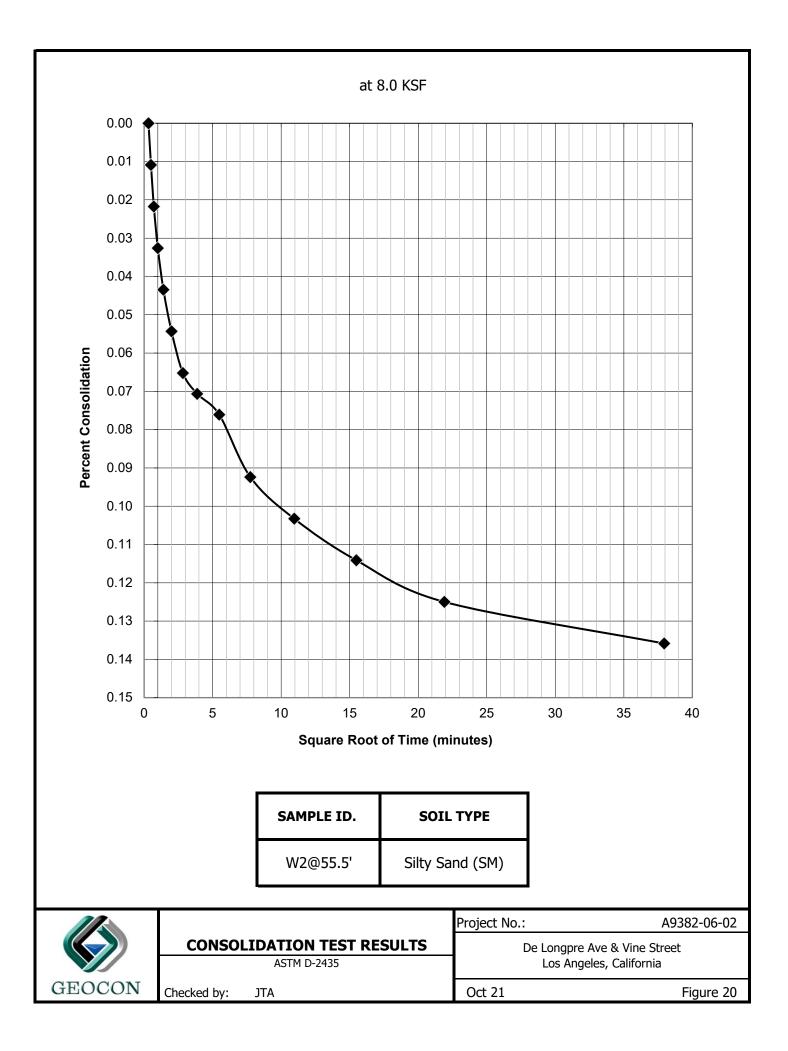


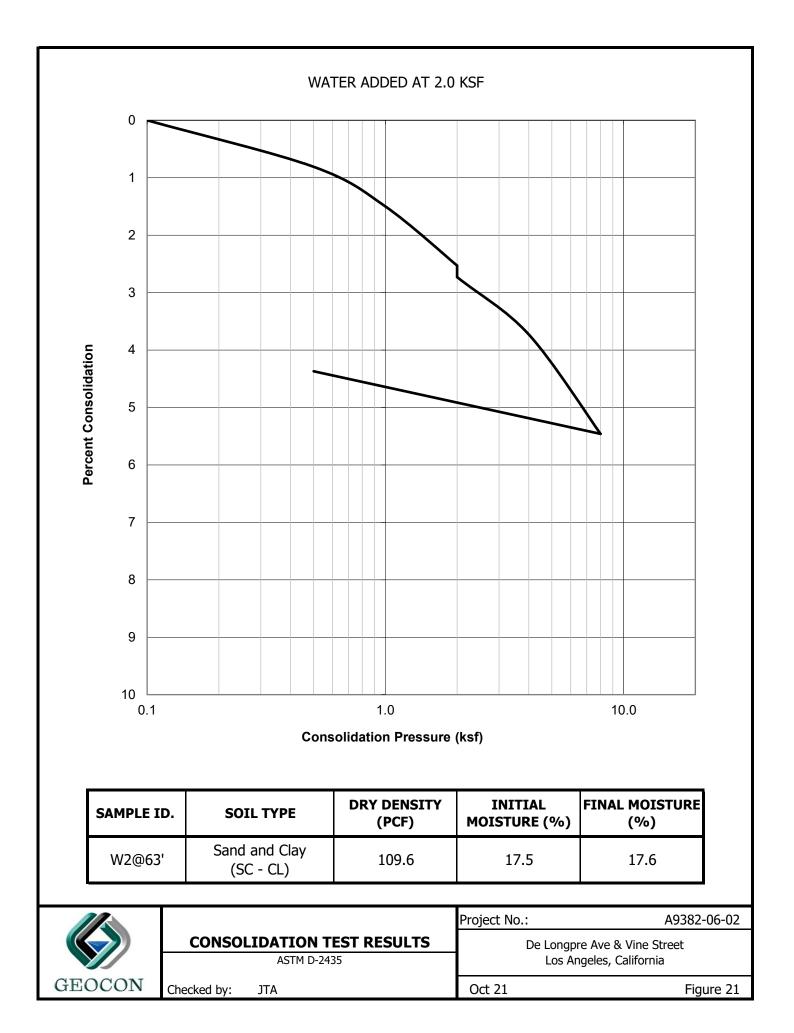


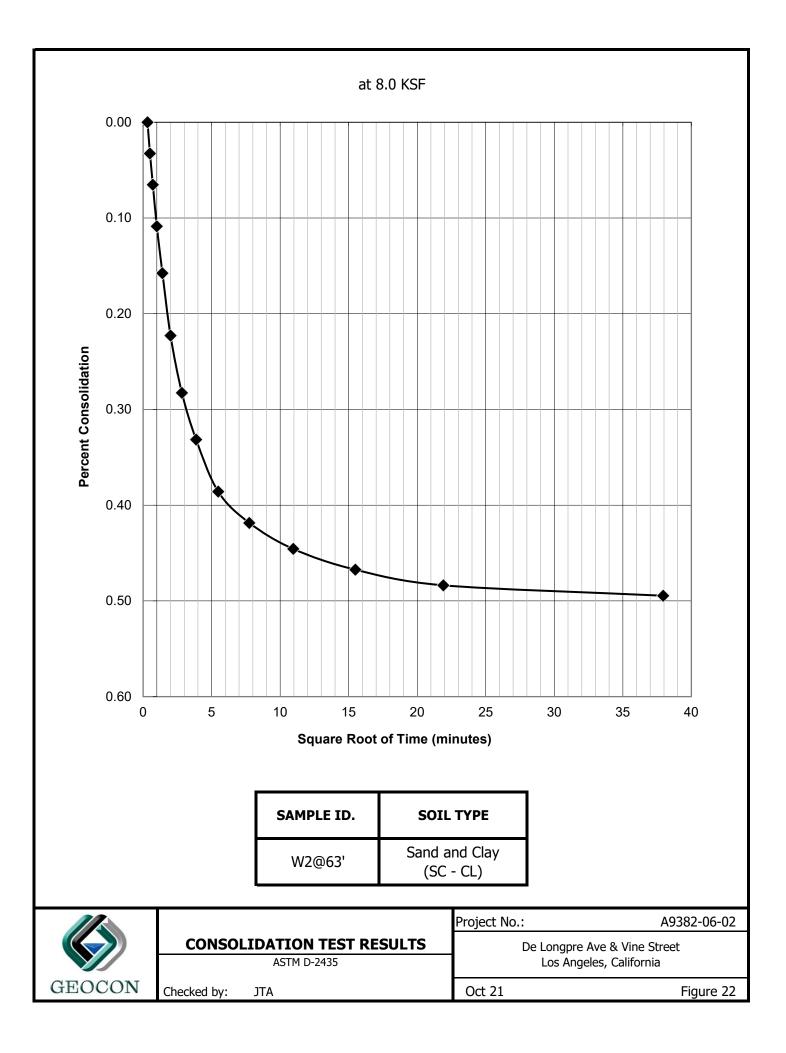


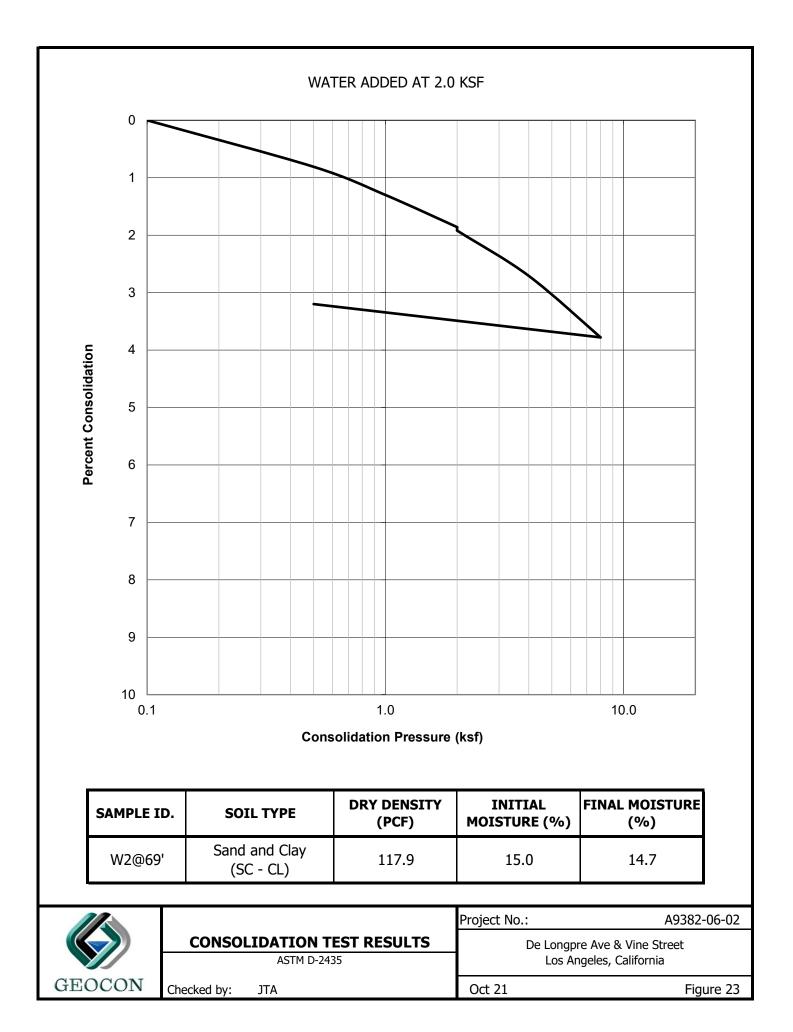


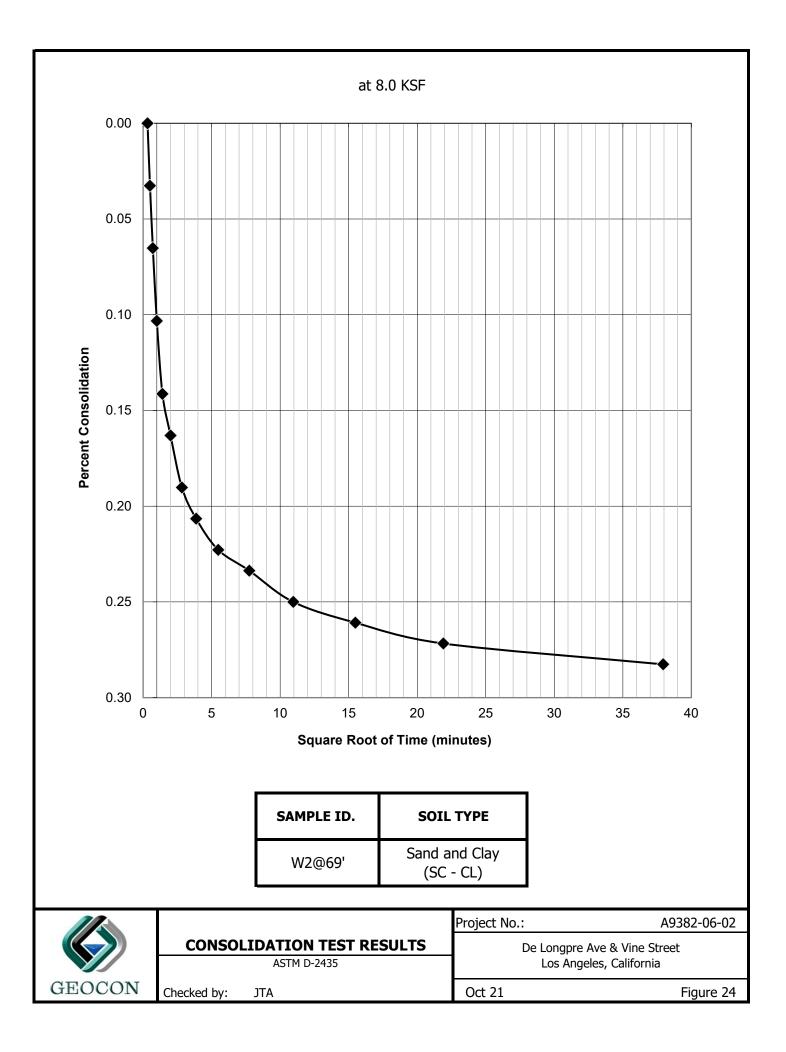


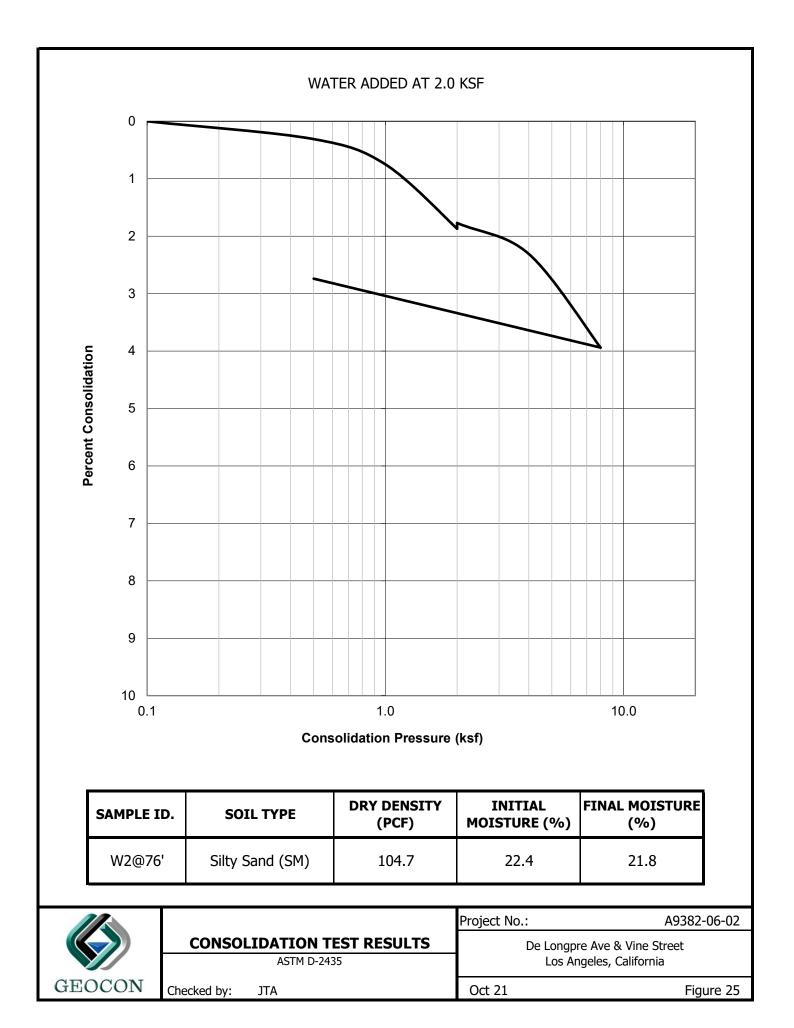


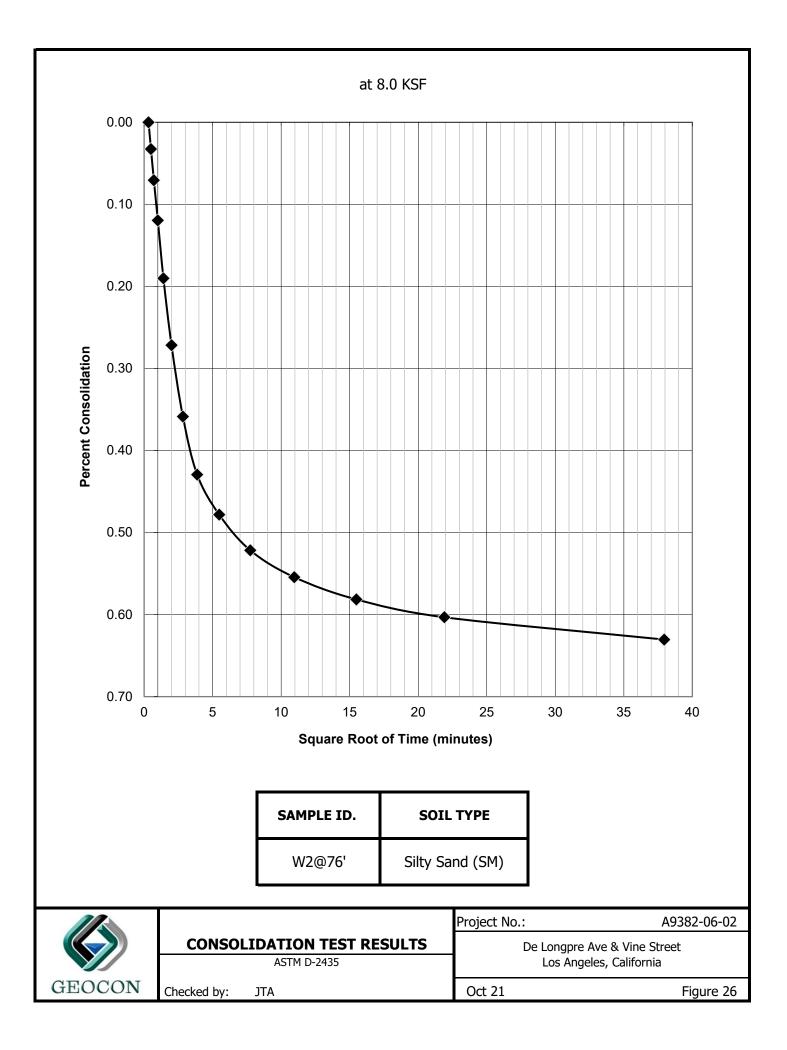


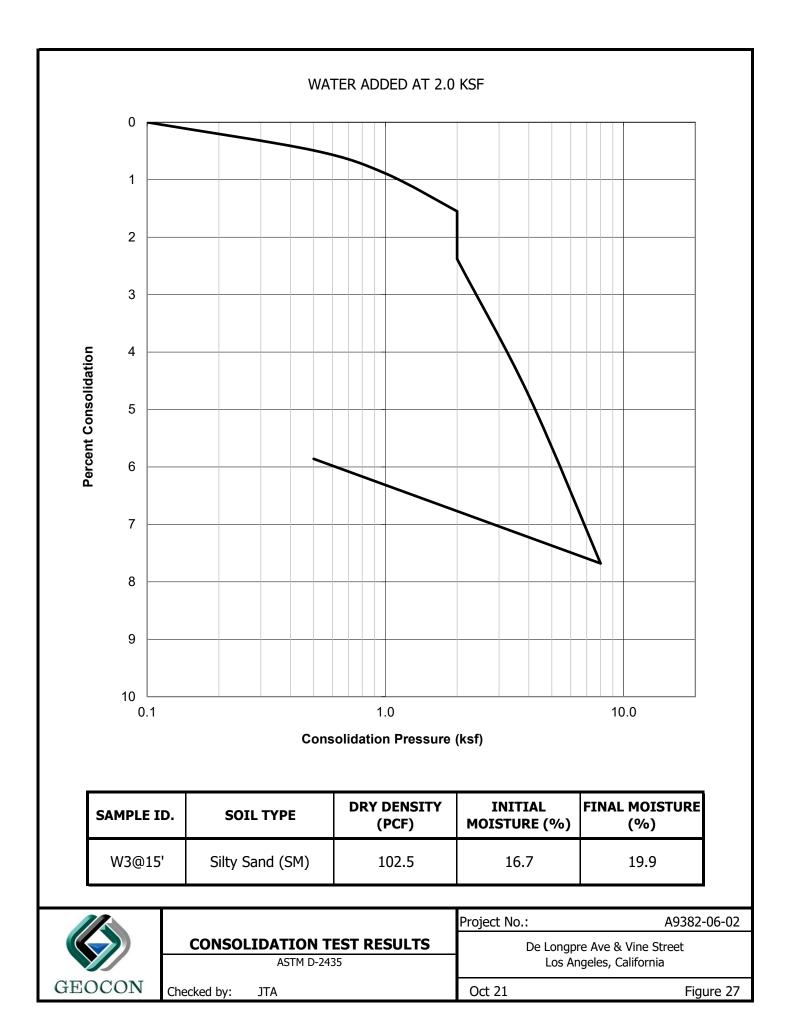


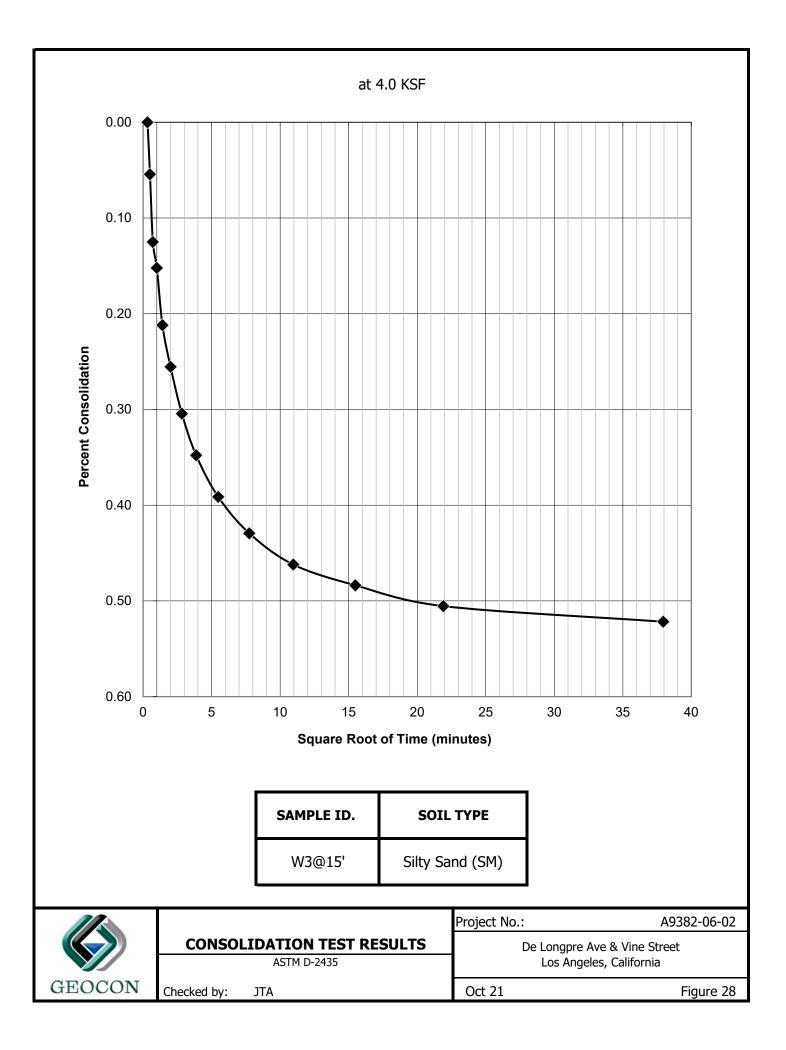


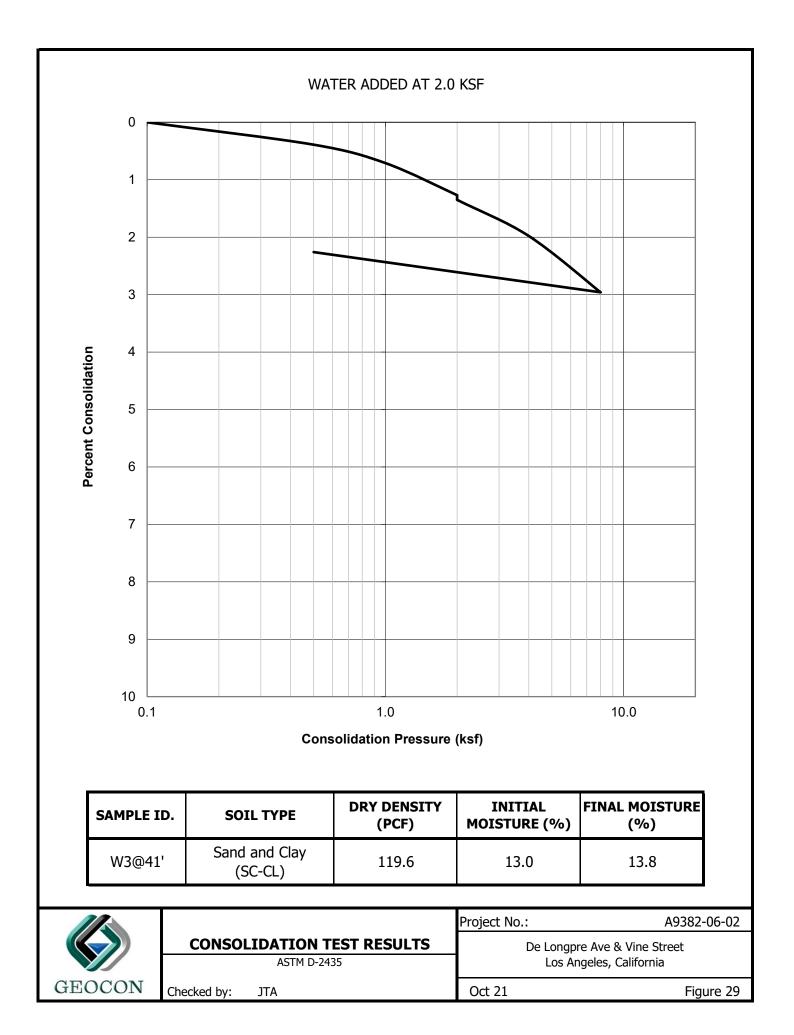


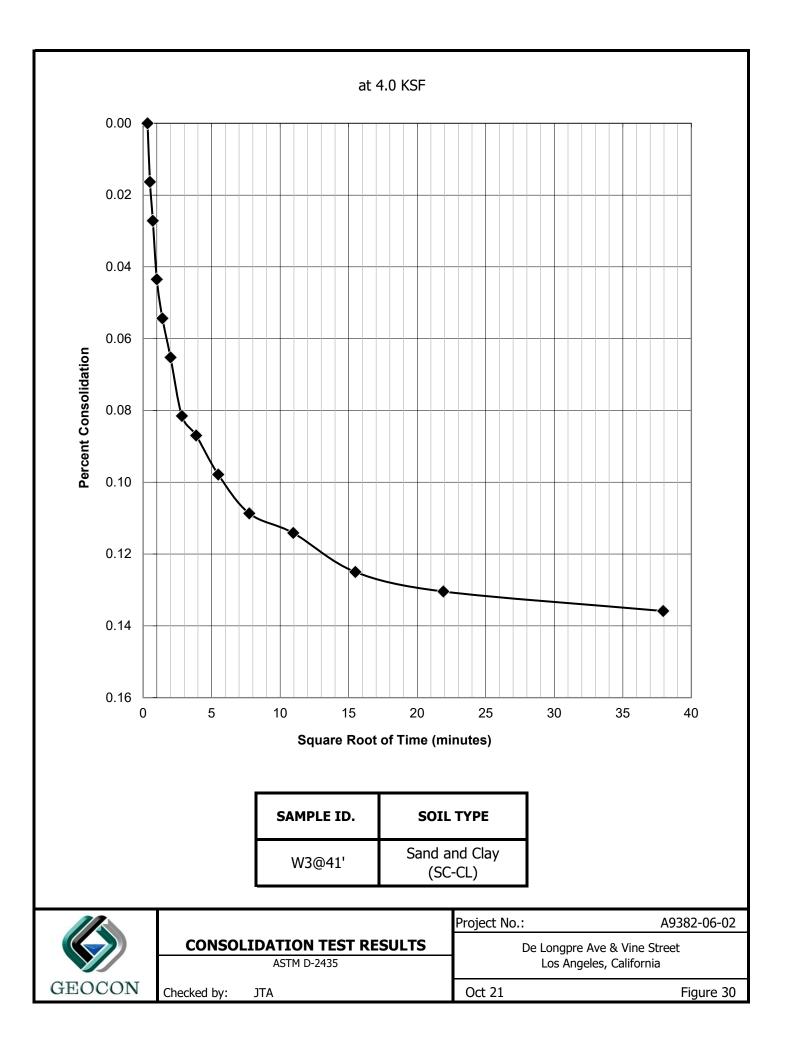


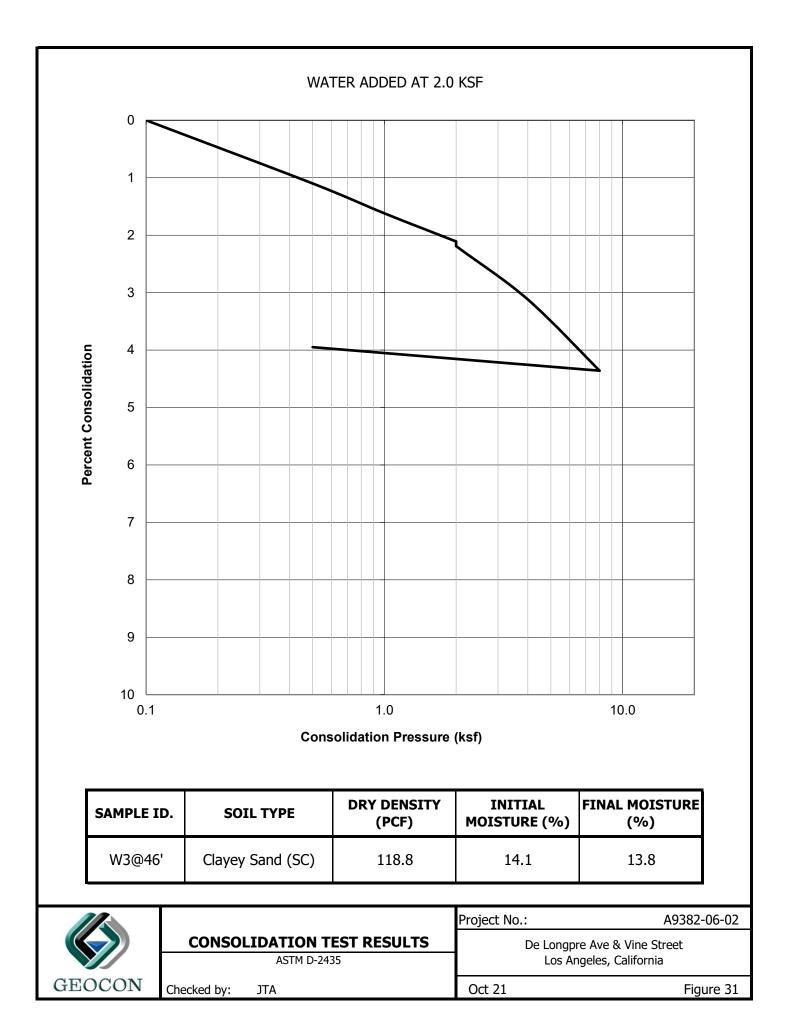


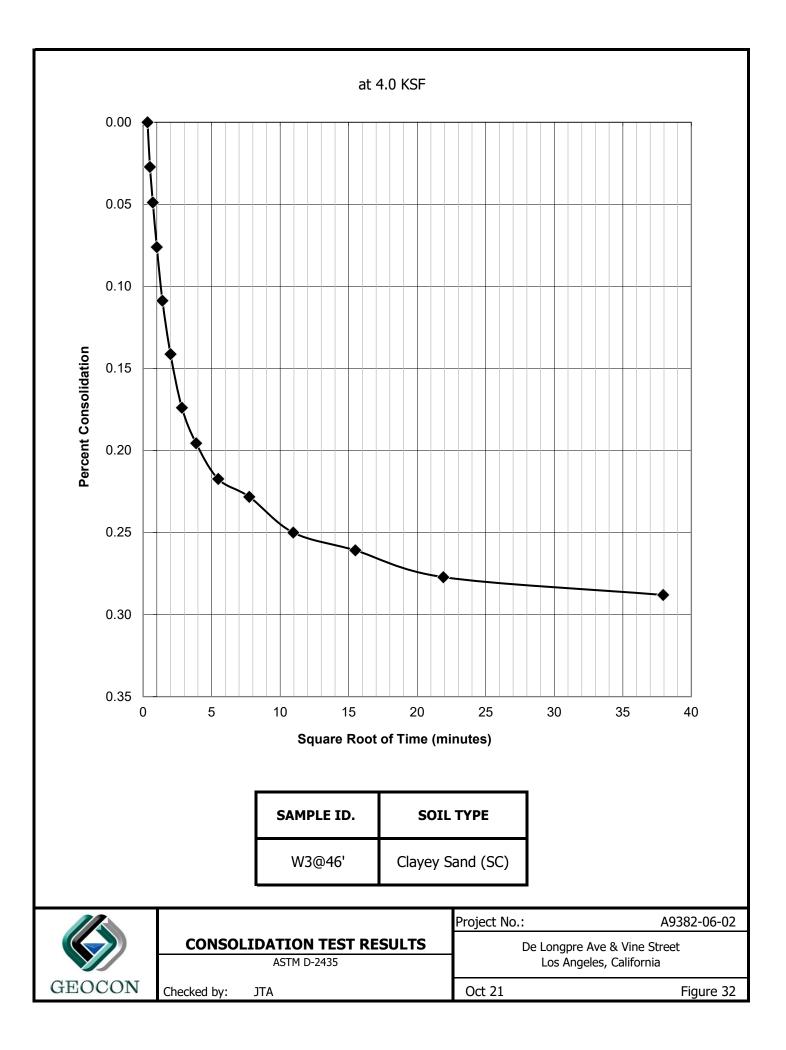


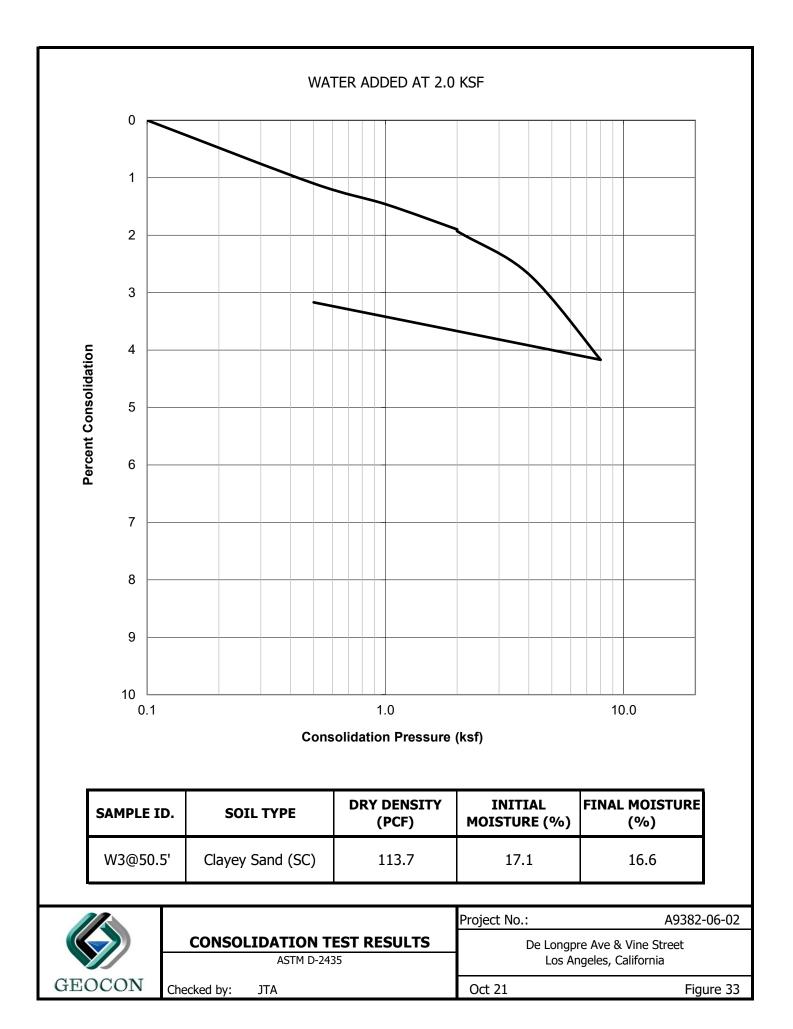


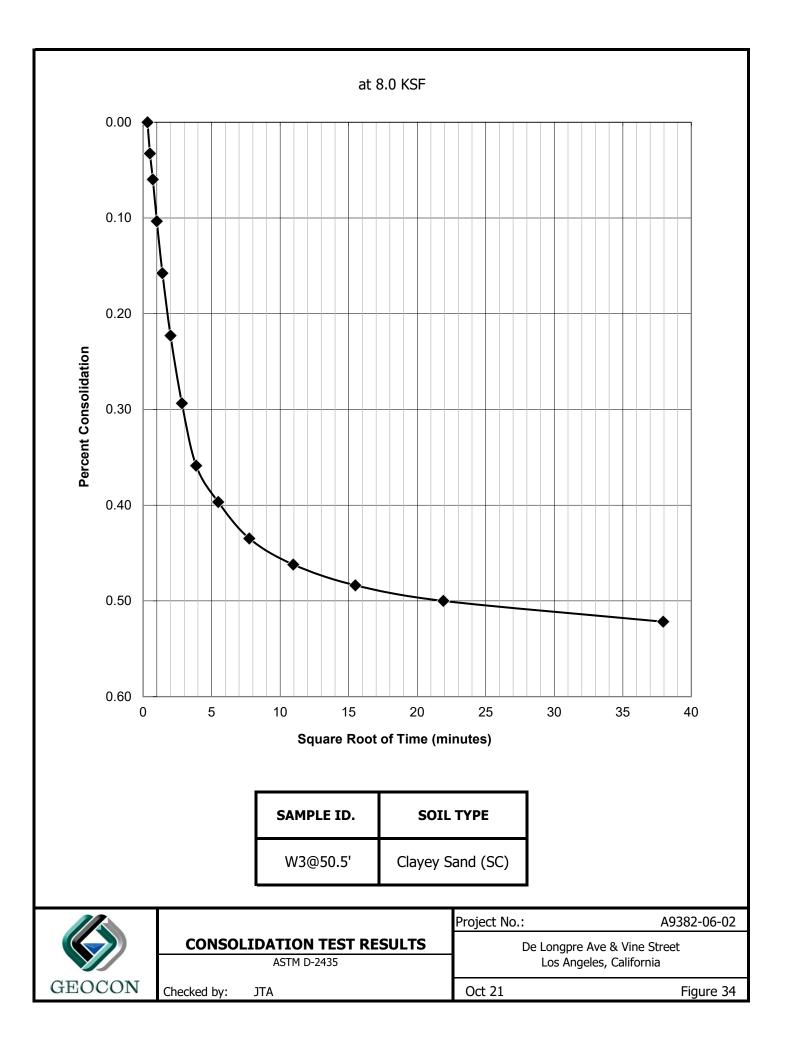


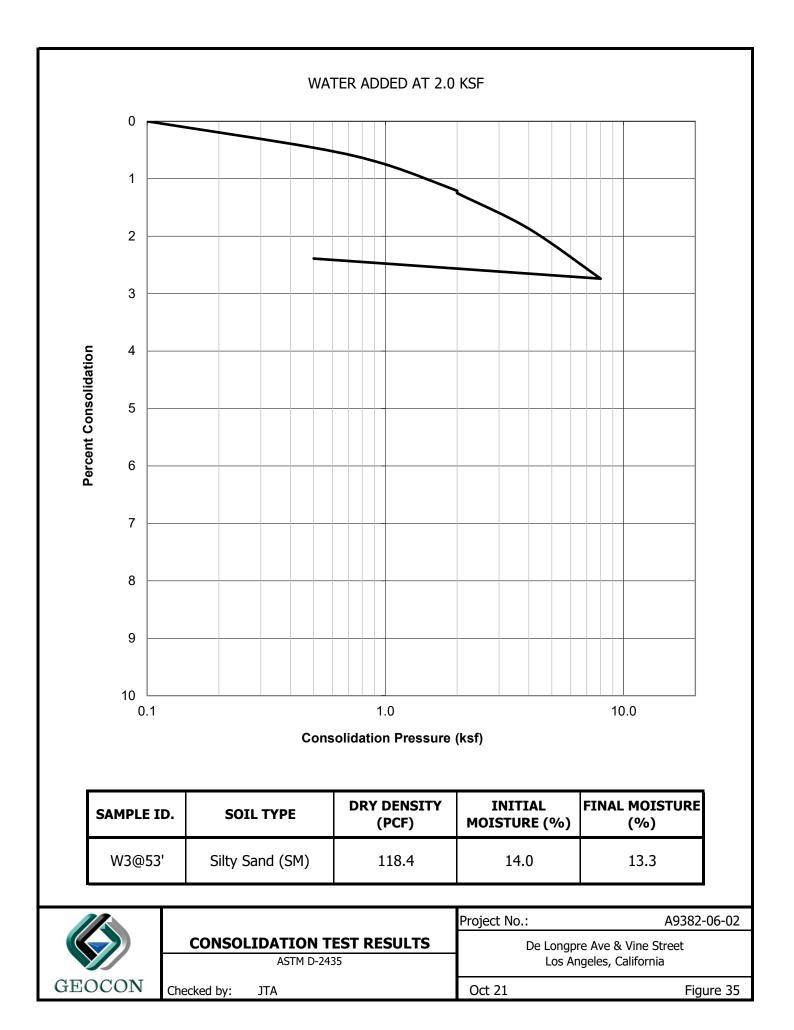


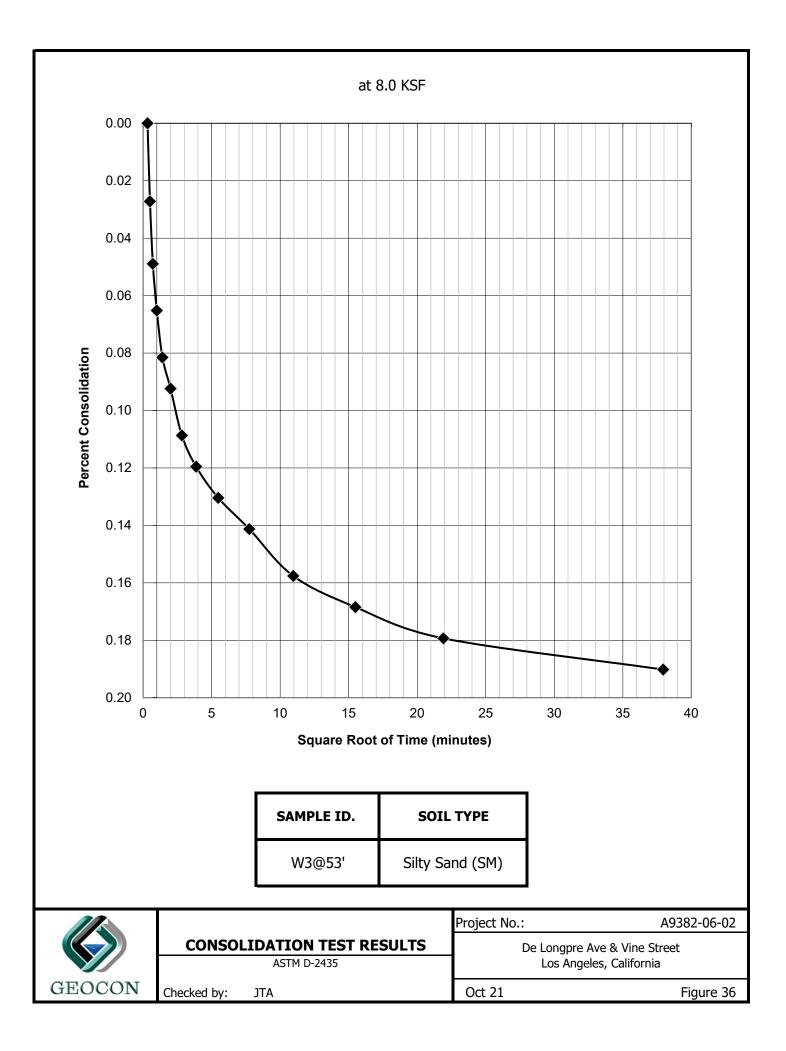


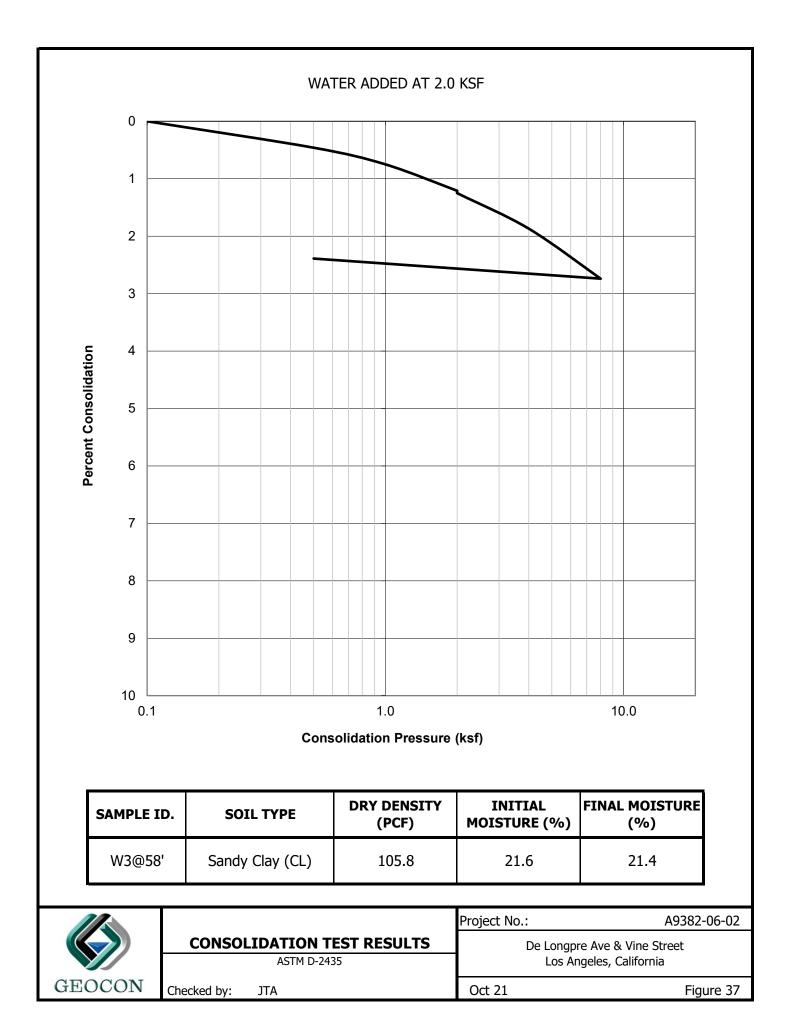


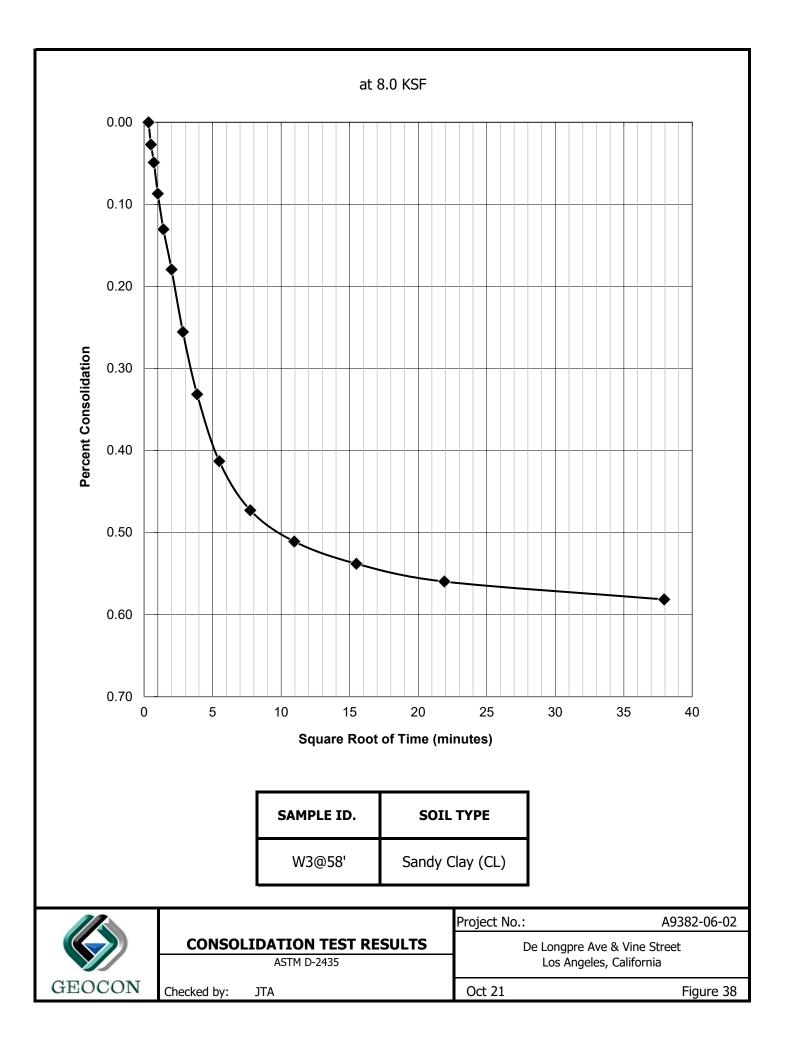








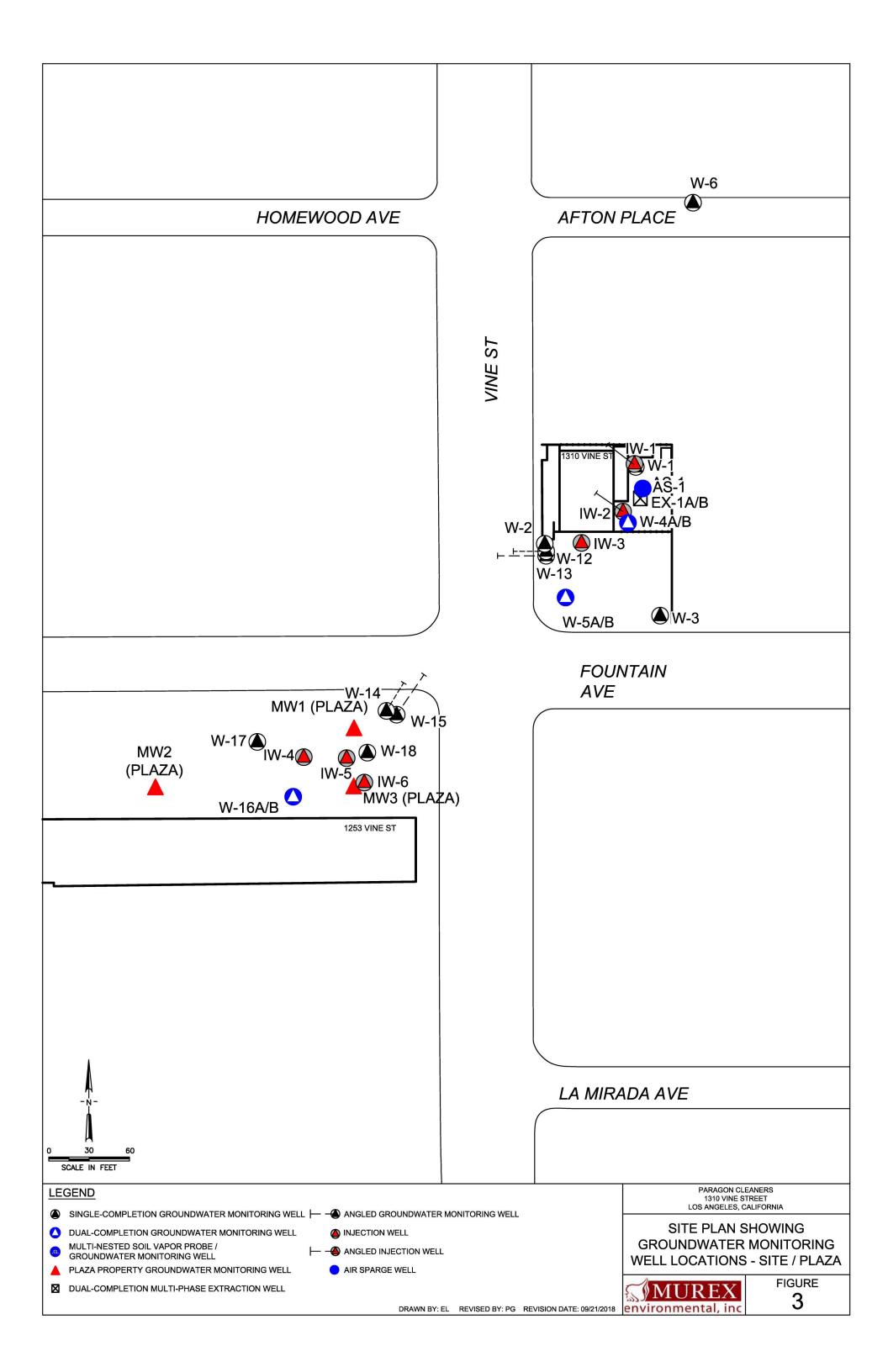






APPENDIX C

GROUNDWATER RESEARCH



envi	MUF						В		6											W	NG I /-6		
PROJECT LOCATION CLIENT CONTRACT DRILLER		Paragon Cleane 1310 Vine Stree M. Sinclair Gregg Drilling O Juan	et, Los Ange	les, CA.							PR FIE DA	ELD RE	MGR.		J. J. 8	. Squ . Squ :/28/	-001 uire, uire, /201 /201	PE PE .5		1		of	3
Elevation	Rim:		ft. Case:		330.06	4	Datum	CCS83 Zone 5	Boring Lo	cation North		18572		E	istin				926.1	12			
Item	KIM:	Casing	Samp		re Barrel		ke & Model		Soring Loo	ation North			er Type			ng M		462	920.1		tal D	oth	
Туре		PVC, SCH. 40		_	S 24"	g 		-		at-Head			afety				onite	+					
Inside Diame	eter (in.)	6"/10.6"	2.0		3		άτν [-	=	Vinch			oughnut			olym				67	' b	gs.	
Hammer We	eight (lb.)	NA				П	rack	Air Track	F F	oller Bit		✓ A	utomatic	~	Ν	lone				-	-	0-	
Hammer Fal	l (in.)	NA					id 🖸	' Hand Auger		Cutting Head	Dril	lling No	otes:										
Depth (ft.)	Recovery %	Blow Counts	Sample Depth (ft.)	Wel Diagra		PID	USCS Symbol	(density/consistency	, color, G odor, m	Identification & ROUP NAME & S oisture, optional interpretation)	умво)L, max	•	icle	Brave			% Medium	% Fine	% Fines		Iougnness Plasticity	Т
0 -		<u> </u>		L —				Acphalt 6"								╇							+
		S						Asphalt 6" ROAD BASE,							+	╋		+	\rightarrow	-			
								1.5' bgs.						N	AN	NA I	NA	NA	NA	A			
								SAND FILL WITH	GRAVEL							Ť	j	T		- 1			. – –
-							FILL							N	AN	1 AV	NA	NA	NA	NA			
5		3/4/]	5.5' bgs.								-+		-	_	-4			
	100%	5/4/ 6/11	5/7					SANDY SILT, grayi		,		-											
10		F /F /					- ML	common, 0.1 to 1					0	C) (0	0	5	10	85			
- 15 -	100%	5/5/ 9/11	10/12			0.0		14' bgs. SILTY SAND, light k	prown (5'	/R 5/6), dry, dens	se, poo	orly gra	dded, sand	d		-+			_				
	100%	6/8/ 12/17	15/17			0.0	- SM	fine grained up to 0.2	: mm., an	gualr to sub-ang	ular.			C) (0	5	5	50	40			
20							·	SAND, grayish ora	nge (10)YR 7/4), mois	t, loos	se, po	orly	t	, ,	0	0	50	40	10	-+		• – –
	100%		20/22			0.0	SP	graded, medium t									C				D	TIF	, s
		Water Level	Data TOC				1	Sample ID		Well Diagram		1					nma			0	D		0
Date	Time	Elapsed Ti (hr.)	First	Water	w	oilized ater	CC T U	Cont. Core Thin Wall Tube Undisturbed Sample		Riser Pipe Screen Filter Sand Cuttings		Samp	g Depth (Li Ile Method ber of Sam					-	Spo	' bgs on S 3 S,	ampl	er	_
9/3/2015	5 11:17	120	37	.66	30	6.70	S G	Split Spoon Sample Geoprobe				BORI	NG NO.			—		1.4	1.0				
	17.0	D'I-4		an c			1	-		Bentonite Seal								V	/-6)			
Field	Tests	Dilatancy: Toughness:				- None H - Hig	h	Plasticity: Dry Strength:		N - Nonplastic N - None L - Lo					-	Ver	ry H	igh					
		J				-		ined by direct obser						-				-					
	NOTI	E: Soil identifi	cations bas	ed on A	STM M	ethod D	2488 "St	andard Practice for	Descrip	tion and Identi	ficatio	on of S	oils (Visu	al-Ma	nua	al Pi	roce	du	re)"				

Recovery Bample Well Dup (same) USCS Visual-Manual Identification & Description Gravel Sand Field Test		MUI					B	ORING LOG			Pa	ge	١	NG N-(3
Presentery Biosensory Biosensory Served by Digram Pro (sem) Served by Served by Digram Pro (sem) Served by Served by Digram Pro (sem) Served by Served by Digram Served by Served by Digram Served by Digram Served by Served by Digram Served by Digram <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>1</th> <th>1</th> <th></th> <th>Crow</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>- '</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>						1	1		Crow				- '			
SP to fine gained, trace of sit. 0 <	Depth (ft.)		Blow Counts			PID (ppm)		(density/consistency, color, GROUP NAME & SYMBOL, maximum particle size*, structure, odor, moisture, optional descriptions, geologic				1	% Fines		s	
25 100% 3/7/1 25/27 100% 3/7/1 25/27 100% 6/8/ 30/32 100% 6/8/ 30/32 100% 6/8/ 30/32 100% 6/8/ 30/32 100% 6/8/ 30/32 100% 6/8/ 30/32 100% 6/8/ 30/32 0.0 SW NOTE* Thin interbedding appering in sample of sands with trace of gravets. 30 100% 6/8/ 100% 6/8/ 30/32 0.0 SW SMO 31 100% 9/137 35 100% 9/137 100% 10/16/ 40/42 0.0 SW Sinty Sand, graph horen 15/13/2, mobil, loose well graded, course to fine grainet, poorty graded, angular to sub-angular nagular to sub-ang	20	100%		20/22		0.0	SP	to fine grained, trace of silt.	0	0	0 50	40	10			
100% 3/7/ 8/8 25/27 30 0.0 SW NOTE* Thin interbedding appering in sample of sands with trace of gravels. 0								SAND, grayish brown (5YR 3/2), moist, loose, well graded, course to fine	Ī	T						
100% 6/8/ 11/12 30/32 0.0 SILTY SAND, light brown (5YR 5/6), most, desse, fine grained, poorly graded, angular to sub-angular in apperance. 0 0 10 15 40 5 20 35 100% 9/13/ 17/21 35/37 SMD, grayish brown (5YR 3/2), moist, loose, well graded, course to fine grained, trace of silt and fine gravels. 10 5 20 30 25 10 40 0 100% 17/21 35/37 SMD, grayish brown (5YR 3/2), moist, loose, well graded, course to fine grained, trace of silt and fine gravels. 10 5 20 30 25 10 40 0 0 10/16/ 21/27 40/42 SMD, grayish brown (5YR 3/6), saturated, dense, fine grained, pool of a log and and approximation approximation approximation and and gravel common. 0	- 25 -	100%		25/27		0.0	sw		0	5 :	10 30	30	25			
35 100% 9/13/ 17/21 35/37 0.0 SW SAND, grayish brown (SYR 3/2), moist, loose, well graded, course to fine grained, trace of silt and fine gravels. 10 5 20 25 10 10 5 20 25 10 10 5 20 25 10 10 5 20 25 10 10 5 20 20 25 10 10 5 20 20 25 10 10 5 20 20 25 10 <td>- 30 -</td> <td>100%</td> <td></td> <td>30/32</td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> <td></td> <td>SILTY SAND, light brown (5YR 5/6), moist, dense, fine grained, poorly</td> <td></td> <td>+</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td>	- 30 -	100%		30/32		0.0		SILTY SAND, light brown (5YR 5/6), moist, dense, fine grained, poorly		+			-		_	
100% 3/13/ 17/21 35/37 0.0 SW grained, trace of silt and fine gravels. 36.5' bgs. 10 10 5 20 30 25 10 10 40 0<	35						SM	35' bgs.	0	0 :	10 15	40	35			
40 SILTY SAND, moderate brown (SYR 4/4), saturated, dense, fine grained, porty graded, angular to sub-angular in apperance. 0	- 33	100%		35/37		0.0	sw	grained, trace of silt and fine gravels. 36.5' bgs.	10	5	20 30	25	10			
100% 10/16/ 21/27 40/42 0.0 comon in bedding, gravels comon. 0 5 5 0 15 75 15 45 CL NOTE* Thin interbedding in sample of individual bands of clay, sand and gravel less than 2 inches thick. 0 5 5 0 15 75 15 45 100% 18/28/ 31/42 45/47 5-45.5 5-46.5 SAND, moderate brown (5YR 3/4), saturated, dense, well gradded, gravel comon, sand and gravel angular to sub-angular. 0 10 30 30 10 20 1 50 75% 23/34/ 50-6" 50/52 0.0 SC SC 0.0 SC 0 0 25 25 10 40 1 1							SM	SILTY SAND, moderate brown (5YR 4/4), saturated, dense, fine grained, poorly graded, angular to sub-angular in apperance. First Encountered Groundwater 38' bgs.	0	0	0 40	30	30			
45 - 45 - 45/47 - 46/57 - 40/57 - 40/57 <td< td=""><td>40</td><td>100%</td><td></td><td>40/42</td><td></td><td>0.0</td><td></td><td>comon in bedding, gravels comon.</td><td>Ī</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td></td<>	40	100%		40/42		0.0		comon in bedding, gravels comon.	Ī							1
100% 18/28/ 31/42 45/47 s-45.5 s-46.0 s-46.5 0.0 SW SAND, moderate brown (5YR 3/4), saturated, dense, well gradded, gravel comon, sand and gravel angular to sub-angular. 0 10 30 30 10 20 1 50 Image: Classical state stat							CL	clay, sand and gravel less than 2 inches thick.	0	5	5 0	15	75			
50 75% 23/34/ 50-6" 50/52 0.0 SC CLAYEY SAND, grayish brown (SYR 3/2), saturated, dense, fine grained, coarse to medium sand grains dominate the sample matrix, angular to sub-angular. 0 0 0 2 2 10 40 1	- 45 -	100%		S-45.5 S-46.0		0.0	sw	SAND, moderate brown (5YR 3/4), saturated, dense, well gradded, gravel comon, sand and gravel angular to sub-angular.	0:	10 :	30 30	10	20			
75% 23/34/ 50-6" 50/52 0.0 0.0 0.0	50							CLAYEY SAND, grayish brown (5YR 3/2), saturated, dense, fine grained, coarse to medium sand grains dominate the sample matrix, angular to			25 2	10	10			
	_ 30 _	75%		50/52		0.0	SC		U	5	2	10	40			
	Field	l Tests	Dilatancy:	R - Rap	id S - Slow I	N - None		Plasticity: N - Nonplastic L - Low M - Medium H - High	С	F	CN	F	FS	D	Т	Р

envi	MUI	REX				I	BORING LOG						۷	ING V-6		
											Pag	е	1	3	of	3
epth (ft.)	Recovery (%)	Blow Counts	Sample Depth (ft.)	Well Diagram	PID (ppm)	USCS Symbol	Visual-Manual Identification & Description (density/consistency, color, GROUP NAME & SYMBOL, maximum particle size*, structure, odor, moisture, optional descriptions, geologic interpretation)	% Coarse	% Fine law	% Coarse	% Medium	% Fine	% Fines	Dilatancy	Toughness ai	Plasticity Lest
50 —	100%	15/18/	50/52		0.0	SC	50.5' bgs	0	0		25	10	40			
	100%	24/28	50/52		0.0	CL	SANDY CLAY, grayish brown (5YR 3/2), saturated, stiff, fine grained, well graded sand coarse to fine grained sands common.	0	10	10	10	10	60			
							53' bgs. CLAYEY SAND, grayish brown (5YR 3/2), saturated, dense, fine grained, coarse to medium sand grains dominate the soil matrix, layers of coarse thin bedding found within the sample.		-	-				_	•	
55 🗕	100%	10/17/	55/57		0.0	SC	56' bgs.	0	0	25	25	10	40			
		20/24					SANDY CLAY, moderate brown (5YR 4/4), saturated, stiff, fine grained, fine grained sands with fine gravel in thin beds visible within the sample matrix, all granular material angular to sub-angular of metamorphic origin.								• === \	
60 🗕	100%	9/13/ 27/23	60/62		0.0	CL		0	5	0	5	20	70			
65 🗕						<u> </u>	65' bgs. SAND, moderate brown (5YR 4/4), saturated, dense, poorly graded,		_	-						
	100%	12/22/ 27/28	65/67		0	SP	coarse grained with gravel common 67' bgs.	0	5	60	20	10	5			
. 70 🗕		Well Cons	TOC 60 truction 30 blank casir	Depth 60.02 .36' bgs. D' Sch. 40 0 ng to surfac 25' bgs.	.20 slotted		Boring Total Depth 67' bags. Completed on 8/28/2014									
							6528) *									
75 🗕																
80 —																
00						•										
Field	d Tests	Dilatancy: Toughness:		id S - Slow I M - Medium	ı H - High		Plasticity: N - Nonplastic L - Low M - Medium H - High Dry Strength: N - None L - Low M - Medium H - High V - Very Hig rermined by direct observation within the limitations of sampler size.	C gh	F	С	Μ	F	FS	D	Т	Ρ

Table II

Summary of Groundwater Elevation Data

Paragon Cleaners

Los Angeles, California

Well ID	Date	Depth to Water (ft-bTOC)	Total Depth (ft-bTOC)	TOC Elevation* (ft-amsl)	Groundwater Elevation (ft-amsl)
W-5B	11/9/2020	28.70	69.99	324.35	295.65
W-5B	3/2/2021	28.65	69.01	324.35	295.70
W-5B	6/1/2021	29.16	68.90	324.35	295.19
W-6	9/15/2015	36.69	60.02	330.06	293.37
W-6	11/19/2015	36.89	60.02	330.06	293.17
W-6	2/24/2016	36.73	60.00	330.06	293.33
W-6	4/25/2016	36.83	60.50	330.06	293.23
W-6	8/11/2016	37.06	60.00	330.06	293.00
W-6	12/6/2016	37.35	59.95	330.06	292.71
W-6	1/31/2017	36.48	59.84	330.06	293.58
W-6	5/8/2017	36.25	59.75	330.06	293.81
W-6	8/28/2017	36.85	59.80	330.06	293.21
W-6	10/30/2017	37.04	59.81	330.06	293.02
W-6	2/19/2018	37.17	59.65	330.06	292.89
W-6	5/21/2018	36.92	59.70	330.06	293.14
W-6	9/10/2018	37.05	59.70	330.06	293.01
W-6	11/12/2018	37.25	59.42	330.06	292.81
W-6	2/11/2019	35.78	59.25	330.06	294.28
W-6	6/11/2019	34.95	59.40	330.06	295.11
W-6	8/26/2019	35.01	59.47	330.06	295.05
W-6	10/28/2019	34.90	59.10	330.06	295.16
W-6	3/23/2020	34.08	59.19	330.06	295.98
W-6	6/8/2020	33.23	59.20	330.06	296.83
W-6	8/31/2020	33.20	59.04	330.06	296.86

Table II

Summary of Groundwater Elevation Data

Paragon Cleaners

Los Angeles, California

Well ID	Date	Depth to Water (ft-bTOC)	Total Depth (ft-bTOC)	TOC Elevation* (ft-amsl)	Groundwater Elevation (ft-amsl)
W-6	11/9/2020	33.42	58.95	330.06	296.64
W-6	3/2/2021	33.30	58.85	330.06	296.76
W-6	6/1/2021	33.83	58.76	330.06	296.23
W-7A	1/31/2017	28.85	49.98	316.29	287.44
W-7A	5/8/2017	26.47	50.15	316.29	289.82
W-7A	8/28/2017	27.10	50.12	316.29	289.19
W-7A	10/30/2017	27.30	50.09	316.29	288.99
W-7A	2/19/2018	27.30	50.20	316.29	288.99
W-7A	5/21/2018	27.12	50.25	316.29	289.17
W-7A	9/10/2018	27.30	50.25	316.29	288.99
W-7A	11/12/2018	27.39	50.12	316.29	288.90
W-7A	2/11/2019	25.58	50.06	316.29	290.71
W-7A	6/11/2019	25.58	50.05	316.29	290.71
W-7A	8/26/2019	25.61	50.00	316.29	290.68
W-7A	10/28/2019	25.54	50.03	316.29	290.75
W-7A	3/23/2020	24.73	50.02	316.29	291.56
W-7A	6/8/2020	24.30	50.04	316.29	291.99
W-7A	8/31/2020	24.45	49.98	316.29	291.84
W-7A	11/9/2020	24.50	49.94	316.29	291.79
W-7A	3/2/2021	24.40	50.00	316.29	291.89
W-7A	6/1/2021	24.79	50.01	316.29	291.50
W-7B	1/31/2017	26.07	67.98	316.34	290.27
W-7B	5/8/2017	26.17	68.03	316.34	290.17