

ST. JAMES PARK RENOVATION/REVITALIZATION PROJECT AIR QUALITY AND GHG EMISSION ASSESSMENT

San Jose, California

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Introduction

The purpose of this report is to address the potential construction health risk impacts and operational greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions associated with the construction of the St. James Park in downtown San Jose, California. The analysis was conducted following guidance provided by the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD).¹ The BAAQMD recommends using a 1,000-foot screening radius around a project site for purposes of identifying community health risk from siting a new source of toxic air contaminants (TACs).

Project Description

St. James Park is an active urban public park in downtown San Jose that is approximately 7.5 acres. The park is bounded by East St. James Street to the north, East St. John Street to the south, North 1st Street to the west, and North 3rd Street to the east. St. North 2nd Street with the Valley Transportation Authority (VTA) light rail bisects the park. The surrounding area is urban and developed.

St. James Park consists of landscaping, including lawn areas and mature landscape trees. Existing park features include paved walkways, seating areas, an 840 square foot fitness parcourse, a 2,750 square foot dog park, a 17,556 square foot playground, restrooms, memorials (i.e., Naglee Memorial, McKinley Memorial, and Robert F. Kennedy Podium), a wood stage, and fountain. As stated above, North 2nd Street bisects the park and includes a VTA light rail and local bus stops. St. James Park currently hosts a variety of events. Between 2013 and 2018, a total of 125 events (or an average of 21 events per year) were held at the park.² The events range in type and have included concerts, festivals, cinema nights, performances, and yoga and games. Previous events at the park ranged in attendance from less than 10 to 7,500 people.

The project proposes to renovate and revitalize St. James Park by implementing both physical and programmatic changes. Implementation of the proposed project would result in the demolition and removal of most of the improvements at the park, with the exception of the existing monuments and heritage trees. The existing landscaping, including non-heritage trees, would be preserved to the extent possible. Materials from existing features, such as the benches, fences, and playground, would be salvaged and reused on- or off-site, as feasible. The project would include the following improvements:

Performing Arts Pavilion. This pavilion is proposed at the northeastern portion of the park and would include an approximately 4,000 square foot (sf) stage; a single-story, approximately 1,800 sf support building that would include an office, dressing rooms, bathrooms, and storage areas; and a large, open lawn area for the audience. The performing arts pavilion would include a large, permanent canopy with panels that would cover the stage area and extend along the northern perimeter of the audience lawn area. The pavilion would be designed as a 5,000-spectator outdoor music and performance venue with lighting and sound amplification.

¹ Bay Area Air Quality Management District, *CEQA Air Quality Guidelines*, May 2017.

² Data on past events at Saint James Park was provided by City of San Jose Parks, Recreation, and Neighborhood Services Department (City of San Jose Parks, Recreation, and Neighborhood Services, Special Park Use. Personal Communication. January 15, 2019 and February 12, 2019.)

Café and Restroom Building. A 1,250-sf café and public restrooms is proposed west of the pavilion, in the northeast quadrant of the park. An outdoor seating area for the café is also proposed. The café would front the pavilion.

Picnic Pavilion and Naglee Picnic Grove. A picnic pavilion and picnic grove are proposed south of the performing arts pavilion audience lawn. The picnic pavilion would consist of an open-air structure with a large shade canopy and an approximately 2,250-sf rear structure with restrooms and storage areas. A grill station with multiple outdoor grills is proposed between the picnic pavilion and picnic grove. The Naglee Picnic Grove would consist of picnic tables.

Dog Parks. Two dog parks totaling approximately 7,900 square feet are proposed to the west and south of the picnic pavilion and Naglee Picnic Grove, in the southeast quadrant of the park. The dog parks would be enclosed by gates.

Park Office. A one-story, approximately 1,750 square foot building is proposed that would include a park docent office and classroom, public restrooms, park maintenance storage, and serve as the park information center. The docent classroom would provide a flexible space for various park activities.

Other Features. The park would include a Monument Walk (i.e., pathways), Mc Kinley Meadow, playground, and a fountain. In addition, improvements would include landscaping, security lighting, perimeter garden fencing and transportation network improvements.

Setting

The project is located in Santa Clara County, which is in the San Francisco Bay Area Air Basin. Ambient air quality standards have been established at both the State and federal level. The Bay Area meets all ambient air quality standards with the exception of ground-level ozone, respirable particulate matter (PM₁₀), and fine particulate matter (PM_{2.5}).

Toxic Air Contaminants

Toxic air contaminants (TAC) are a broad class of compounds known to cause morbidity or mortality (usually because they cause cancer) and include, but are not limited to, the criteria air pollutants. TACs are found in ambient air, especially in urban areas, and are caused by industry, agriculture, fuel combustion, and commercial operations (e.g., dry cleaners). TACs are typically found in low concentrations, even near their source (e.g., diesel particulate matter [DPM] near a freeway). Because chronic exposure can result in adverse health effects, TACs are regulated at the regional, State, and federal level.

Diesel exhaust is the predominant TAC in urban air and is estimated to represent about three-quarters of the cancer risk from TACs (based on the Bay Area average). According to the California Air Resources Board (CARB), diesel exhaust is a complex mixture of gases, vapors, and fine particles. This complexity makes the evaluation of health effects of diesel exhaust a complex scientific issue. Some of the chemicals in diesel exhaust, such as benzene and

formaldehyde, have been previously identified as TACs by CARB, and are listed as carcinogens either under the State's Proposition 65 or under the Federal Hazardous Air Pollutants programs.

Regulatory Agencies

CARB has adopted and implemented a number of regulations for stationary and mobile sources to reduce emissions of DPM. Several of these regulatory programs affect medium and heavy-duty diesel trucks that represent the bulk of DPM emissions from California highways. These regulations include the solid waste collection vehicle (SWCV) rule, in-use public and utility fleets, and the heavy-duty diesel truck and bus regulations. In 2008, CARB approved a new regulation to reduce emissions of DPM and nitrogen oxides from existing on-road heavy-duty diesel fueled vehicles.³ The regulation requires affected vehicles to meet specific performance requirements between 2014 and 2023, with all affected diesel vehicles required to have 2010 model-year engines or equivalent by 2023. These requirements are phased in over the compliance period and depend on the model year of the vehicle.

The BAAQMD is the regional agency tasked with managing air quality in the region. At the State level, the CARB (a part of the California Environmental Protection Agency [EPA]) oversees regional air district activities and regulates air quality at the State level. The BAAQMD has published California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Air Quality Guidelines that are used in this assessment to evaluate air quality impacts of projects.⁴ The detailed community risk modeling methodology used in this assessment is contained in *Attachment 1*.

San José Envision 2040 General Plan

The San José Envision 2040 General Plan includes goals, policies, and actions to reduce exposure of the City's sensitive population to exposure of air pollution and toxic air contaminants or TACs. The following goals, policies, and actions are applicable to the proposed project:

Applicable Goals – Air Pollutant Emission Reduction

Goal MS-10 Minimize air pollutant emissions from new and existing development.

Applicable Policies – Air Pollutant Emission Reduction

MS-10.1 Assess projected air emissions from new development in conformance with the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) CEQA Guidelines and relative to state and federal standards. Identify and implement feasible air emission reduction measures.

MS-10.2 Consider the cumulative air quality impacts from proposed developments for proposed land use designation changes and new development, consistent with the region's Clean Air Plan and State law.

³ Available online: <http://www.arb.ca.gov/msprog/onrdiesel/onrdiesel.htm>. Accessed: November 21, 2014.

⁴ Bay Area Air Quality Management District. 2017. *BAAQMD CEQA Air Quality Guidelines*. May.

Applicable Goals – Toxic Air Contaminants

Goal MS-11 Minimize exposure of people to air pollution and toxic air contaminants such as ozone, carbon monoxide, lead, and particulate matter.

Applicable Policies – Toxic Air Contaminants

MS-11.1 Require completion of air quality modeling for sensitive land uses such as new residential developments that are located near sources of pollution such as freeways and industrial uses. Require new residential development projects and projects categorized as sensitive receptors to incorporate effective mitigation into project designs or be located an adequate distance from sources of toxic air contaminants (TACs) to avoid significant risks to health and safety.

MS-11.2 For projects that emit toxic air contaminants, require project proponents to prepare health risk assessments in accordance with BAAQMD-recommended procedures as part of environmental review and employ effective mitigation to reduce possible health risks to a less than significant level. Alternatively, require new projects (such as, but not limited to, industrial, manufacturing, and processing facilities) that are sources of TACs to be located an adequate distance from residential areas and other sensitive receptors.

MS-11.4 Encourage the installation of appropriate air filtration at existing schools, residences, and other sensitive receptor uses adversely affected by pollution sources.

Actions – Toxic Air Contaminants

MS-11.7 Consult with BAAQMD to identify stationary and mobile TAC sources and determine the need for and requirements of a health risk assessment for proposed developments.

Applicable Goals – Construction Air Emissions

Goal MS-13 Minimize air pollutant emissions during demolition and construction activities

Applicable Policies – Construction Air Emissions

MS-13.1 Include dust, particulate matter, and construction equipment exhaust control measures as conditions of approval for subdivision maps, site development and planned development permits, grading permits, and demolition permits. At minimum, conditions shall conform to construction mitigation measures recommended in the current BAAQMD CEQA Guidelines for the relevant project size and type.

Applicable Actions – Construction Air Emissions

MS-13.4 Adopt and periodically update dust, particulate, and exhaust control standard measures for demolition and grading activities to include on project plans as conditions of approval based upon construction mitigation measures in the BAAQMD CEQA Guidelines.

Downtown Strategy 2040 Plan

The San José Downtown Strategy (DTS) 2040 Plan is an urban design plan that guides development activities planned within the Downtown area. This strategy would increase the amount of new commercial office by an additional three million -sf (approximately 10,000 jobs with the new total being 14.2 million -sf of commercial by the year 2040. The residential capacity would be increased up to 4,360 units. The amount of new retail development (1.4 million sq. ft.) and hotel room (3,600 rooms) capacities of the Downtown Strategy 2000 would be maintained. The integrated Final Environmental Impact Report was published December 2018.

The DTS identified less-than-significant construction period emissions if development projects are in conformance with 2017 BAAQMD CEQA Guidelines, GP Policy MS-13.1, and current City requirements that include various levels of construction emissions control measures. All projects are required to implement the following control measures:

- All exposed surfaces (e.g., parking areas, staging areas, soil piles, graded areas, and unpaved access roads) shall be watered two times per day.
- All haul trucks transporting soil, sand, or other loose material off-site shall be covered.
- All visible mud or dirt track-out onto adjacent public roads shall be removed using wet power vacuum street sweepers at least once per day. The use of dry power sweeping is prohibited.
- All vehicle speeds on unpaved roads shall be limited to 15 mph.
- All roadways, driveways, and sidewalks to be paved shall be completed as soon as possible.
- Building pads shall be laid as soon as possible after grading unless seeding or soil binders are used.
- Idling times shall be minimized either by shutting equipment off when not in use or reducing the maximum idling time to 5 minutes (as required by the California airborne toxics control measure Title 13, Section 2485 of California Code of Regulations). Clear signage shall be provided for construction workers at all access points.
- All construction equipment shall be maintained and properly tuned in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. All equipment shall be checked by a certified visible emissions evaluator.
- Post a publicly visible sign with the telephone number and person to contact at the lead agency regarding dust complaints. This person shall respond and take corrective action within 48 hours. The Air District's phone number shall also be visible to ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

Future projects developed under the DTS that incorporate these measures and are below the screening levels would not result in a significant impact related to construction emissions of regional criteria pollutants. Projects that exceed the screening levels would be required to complete additional project level analysis of construction-related emissions of criteria pollutants and may require additional measures to ensure that construction emissions would not exceed the threshold for average daily emissions.

Sensitive Receptors

There are groups of people more affected by air pollution than others. CARB has identified the following persons who are most likely to be affected by air pollution: children under 16, the elderly over 65, athletes, and people with cardiovascular and chronic respiratory diseases. These groups are classified as sensitive receptors. Locations that may contain a high concentration of these sensitive population groups include residential areas, hospitals, daycare facilities, elder care facilities, and elementary schools. The closest sensitive receptors to the project site are multi-family residences at a 5-story apartment building near the corner of E. St. James Street and N. 3rd Street and a 6-story mixed use (with residences) across E. St. John Street near N. 1st Street.

Significance Thresholds

In June 2010, BAAQMD adopted thresholds of significance to assist in the review of projects under CEQA and these significance thresholds were contained in the District's 2011 *CEQA Air Quality Guidelines*. These thresholds were designed to establish the level at which BAAQMD believed air pollution emissions would cause significant environmental impacts under CEQA. The thresholds were challenged through a series of court challenges and were mostly upheld. BAAQMD updated the *CEQA Air Quality Guidelines* in 2017 to include the latest significance thresholds that were used in this analysis are summarized in Table 1.

Table 1. Community Risk Significance Thresholds

Health Risks and Hazards	Single Sources Within 1,000-foot Zone of Influence	Combined Sources (Cumulative from all sources within 1,000-foot zone of influence)
Excess Cancer Risk	>10.0 per one million	>100 per one million
Hazard Index	>1.0	>10.0
Incremental annual PM _{2.5}	>0.3 µg/m ³	>0.8 µg/m ³
Greenhouse Gas Emissions		
Land Use Projects – direct and indirect emissions	Compliance with a Qualified GHG Reduction Strategy OR 1,100 metric tons annually or 4.6 metric tons per capita (for 2020) Adjusted to 660 metric tons annually or to 2.6 metric tons per capita (for 2030)*	
Note: ROG = reactive organic gases, NOx = nitrogen oxides, PM ₁₀ = course particulate matter or particulates with an aerodynamic diameter of 10 micrometers (µm) or less, PM _{2.5} = fine particulate matter or particulates with an aerodynamic diameter of 2.5µm or less. GHG = greenhouse gases.		
*BAAQMD does not have a recommended post-2020 GHG threshold.		

Construction Health Risk Impacts and Mitigation Measures

Project impacts related to increased community risk can occur either by introducing a new sensitive receptor, such as a residential use, in proximity to an existing source of TACs or by introducing a new source of TACs with the potential to adversely affect existing sensitive receptors in the project vicinity. The project would not introduce new residents that are sensitive receptors. Temporary project construction activity would also generate dust and equipment exhaust on a temporary basis that could affect nearby sensitive receptors. A construction health risk assessment was prepared to address project construction impacts on the surrounding off-site sensitive receptors. Community risk impacts are addressed by predicting increased lifetime cancer risk, the increase in annual PM_{2.5} concentrations, and computing the Hazard Index (HI) for non-cancer health risks. The methodology for computing community risks impacts is contained in *Attachment 1*.

Construction Community Health Risk Impacts

Construction equipment and associated heavy-duty truck traffic generates diesel exhaust, which is a known TAC. These exhaust air pollutant emissions would not be considered to contribute substantially to existing or projected air quality violations. Construction exhaust emissions may still pose health risks for sensitive receptors such as surrounding residents. The primary community risk impact issues associated with construction emissions are cancer risk and exposure to PM_{2.5}. Diesel exhaust poses both a potential health and nuisance impact to nearby receptors. A health risk assessment of the project construction activities was conducted that evaluated potential health effects to nearby sensitive receptors from construction emissions of DPM and PM_{2.5}.⁵ This assessment included dispersion modeling to predict the offsite and onsite concentrations resulting from project construction, so that lifetime cancer risks and non-cancer health effects could be evaluated.

CalEEMod Modeling

The California Emissions Estimator Model (CalEEMod) Version 2016.3.2 was used to estimate emissions from construction of the site assuming full build-out of the project. The project land use types and size, and anticipated construction schedule were input to CalEEMod. The model output from CalEEMod is included as *Attachment 2*.

CalEEMod provided annual emissions for construction and estimates emissions for both on-site and off-site construction activities. On-site activities are primarily made up of construction equipment emissions, while off-site activity includes worker, hauling, and vendor traffic. The construction build-out scenario, including equipment list and schedule, was based on default conditions developed by the CalEEMod model. A trenching phase was included. The proposed project land uses are as follows: 7.5-acres entered as “City Park” with 7,050sf of buildings. Construction of the whole project was predicted to begin in mid-2019 and last 18 months. There were an estimated 360 workdays.

⁵ DPM is identified by California as a toxic air contaminant due to the potential to cause cancer.

The CalEEMod model provided total annual PM₁₀ exhaust emissions (assumed to be DPM) for the off-road construction equipment and for exhaust emissions from on-road vehicles, with total emissions from all construction stages as 0.1914 tons (383 pounds). The on-road emissions are a result of haul truck travel during demolition and grading activities, worker travel, and vendor deliveries during construction. A trip length of one mile was used to represent vehicle travel while at or near the construction site. It was assumed that these emissions from on-road vehicles traveling at or near the site would occur at the construction site. Uncontrolled fugitive PM_{2.5} dust emissions were calculated by CalEEMod as 0.088 tons (177 pounds) for the overall construction period.

Dispersion Modeling

The U.S. EPA AERMOD dispersion model was used to predict concentrations of DPM and PM_{2.5} at sensitive receptors (residences) in the vicinity of the project construction area. The AERMOD dispersion model is a BAAQMD-recommended model for use in modeling analysis of these types of emission activities for CEQA projects.⁶ The modeling utilized two area sources to represent the on-site construction emissions, one for exhaust emissions and one for fugitive dust emissions. To represent the construction equipment exhaust emissions, an emission release height of 6 meters (19.7 feet) was used for the area sources. The elevated source height reflects the height of the equipment exhaust pipes plus an additional distance for the height of the exhaust plume above the exhaust pipes to account for plume rise of the exhaust gases. For modeling fugitive PM_{2.5} emissions, a near-ground level release height of 2 meters (6.6 feet) was used for the area sources. Emissions from the construction equipment and on-road vehicle travel were distributed throughout the modeled area sources. Construction emissions were modeled as occurring daily between 7 a.m. to 4 p.m., when the majority of construction activity would occur.

The modeling used a 5-year meteorological data set (2006-2010) from the San José Airport prepared for use with the AERMOD model by the BAAQMD. Annual DPM and PM_{2.5} concentrations from construction activities at the project site during the 2019-2020 period were calculated using the model. DPM and PM_{2.5} concentrations were calculated at nearby sensitive receptor locations. Receptor heights of 1.5 meters (4.9 feet), 4.5 meters (14.8 feet), and 7.5 meters (24.6 feet) was used to represent the breathing height of residences living in nearby apartments and mixed-use buildings.

The maximum-modeled annual DPM and PM_{2.5} concentrations, which includes both the DPM and fugitive PM_{2.5} concentrations, were identified at nearby sensitive receptors (as shown in Figure 1) to find the maximally exposed individuals (MEIs). The maximum increased cancer risks were calculated using BAAQMD recommended methods and exposure parameters described in *Attachment 1*. Non-cancer health hazards and maximum PM_{2.5} concentrations were also calculated and identified. *Attachment 3* to this report includes the emission calculations used for the construction area source modeling and the cancer risk calculations.

⁶ Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD), 2012, *Recommended Methods for Screening and Modeling Local Risks and Hazards, Version 3.0*. May.

Figure 1. Project Construction Site and Locations of Off-Site Sensitive Receptors and TAC Impacts



Results of this assessment indicated that the residential construction MEI was located at on the second-floor of a mixed-use residential building south of the site across E. St. John Street, as seen in Figure 1. Table 2 summarizes the maximum cancer risks, PM_{2.5} concentrations, and health hazard indexes for project related construction activities affecting the residential MEI. As seen in Table 2, the construction risk impacts do exceed the BAAQMD single-source thresholds for cancer risk but does not exceed the single-source threshold for PM_{2.5} concentrations nor HI. *Mitigation Measures AQ-1 and AQ-2 would reduce these impacts to a level of less-than-significant.*

Table 2. Construction Risk Impacts at the Offsite MEI

Source	Cancer Risk (per million)	Annual PM _{2.5} (µg/m ³)	Hazard Index
Project Construction			
Unmitigated	35.5 (infant)	0.24	0.02
Mitigated	3.9 (infant)	0.03	<0.01
BAAQMD Single-Source Threshold	>10.0	>0.3	>1.0
Significant?			
Unmitigated	Yes	No	No
Mitigated	No	No	No

Cumulative Impact on Construction MEI

Community health risk assessments typically look at all substantial sources of TACs located within 1,000 feet of project sites. These sources include highways, busy surface streets, and stationary sources identified by BAAQMD. A review of the area surrounding the project site identified several stationary sources, roadways and construction that would be sources of TACs. Traffic on East Santa Clara Street and North Market Street both have average daily traffic (ADT) that is over 10,000 vehicles. Other nearby streets all have ADTs that is less than 10,000 vehicles per day and are not considered sources of TACs. Three stationary sources were identified using the BAAQMD stationary source tool. Additionally, construction from a nearby project would also have a risk impact. Figure 2 shows the sources affecting the project site. Details of the modeling and community risk calculations are included in *Attachment 4*.

Figure 2. Project Site and Nearby TAC PM_{2.5} Sources



Stationary Sources

Permitted stationary sources of air pollution near the project site were identified using BAAQMD's *Stationary Source Risk & Hazard Analysis Tool*. This mapping tool uses Google Earth and identified the location of three possible stationary sources and their estimated risk and hazard impacts. The stationary sources were identified as two separate diesel generators (Plants #20324 and #20835) and a gasoline station (Plant #104124). The screening community risk levels reported by BAAQMD (using their 2014 database) were identified and adjusted with the appropriate diesel and gas dispensing facility (GDF) distance multipliers. The contribution of these sources to the construction MEI receptor is shown in Table 3.

Local Roadways

For local roadways, BAAQMD has provided the Roadway Screening Analysis Calculator to assess whether roadways with traffic volumes of over 10,000 vehicles per day may have a potentially significant effect on a proposed project. Two adjustments were made to the cancer risk predictions made by this calculator: (1) adjustment for latest vehicle emissions rates predicted using EMFAC2014 and (2) adjustment of cancer risk to reflect new Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) guidance (see Attachment 1).

The calculator uses EMFAC2011 emission rates for the year 2014. Overall, emission rates will decrease by the time the project is constructed and occupied. In addition, a new version of the emissions factor model, EMFAC2014 is available. This version predicts lower emission rates. An adjustment factor of 0.5 was developed by comparing emission rates of total organic gases (TOG) for running exhaust and running losses developed using EMFAC2011 for year 2014 and those from EMFAC2014 for 2018. The predicted cancer risk was then adjusted using a factor of 1.3744 to account for new OEHHA guidance. This factor was provided by BAAQMD for use with their CEQA screening tools that are used to predict cancer risk.

East Santa Clara street was identified as having an ADT of 13,540 vehicles and the ADT on North Market Street was estimated to be 17,900 vehicles. This estimate was based on the peak-hour traffic volumes included in the past traffic analysis for background conditions. The AM and PM peak-hour volumes were averaged and then multiplied by 10 to estimate the ADT.

The BAAQMD Roadway Screening Analysis Calculator for Santa Clara County was used for the roadway. East Santa Clara Street was identified as an east-west roadway with the Construction MEI north of the roadway. North Market Street was identified as a north-south roadway with the Construction MEI east of the roadway. Estimated risk values for both roadways are listed in Table 4. Note that BAAQMD has found that non-cancer hazards from all local roadways would be below 0.03.

Nearby Construction Projects

Within Downtown San José, there are several development projects that are built, under construction, or approved to be constructed. Projects that were approved or in the early stages of construction were included in the cumulative analysis. A review of the 1,000-ft influence area

identified one project whose construction emissions could impact the Construction MEI. The Park View Towers is a mixed-use development that would consist of two high-rise towers for residences, townhomes, and commercial space. This project is northwest of Saint James Park and located north of the East Saint James Street.

The cancer, non-cancerous, and PM_{2.5} concentration construction risks from the Park View Towers development were estimated using AERMOD in the same manner described above to identify the Construction MEI. The DPM and fugitive PM_{2.5} dust emissions that were used were based on CalEEMod model outputs from the environmental document.⁷ Two area sources to represent the on-site construction emissions, one for exhaust emissions and one for fugitive dust emissions, were used in the model. Risk impacts at the Construction MEI were calculated and are listed in Table 3.

Cumulative Health Risk Impact at Construction MEI

Table 3 reports both the project and cumulative community risk impacts at the sensitive receptor most affected by construction (i.e. the construction MEI). Without mitigation, the project would have a *significant* impact with respect to community risk caused by project construction activities, since the maximum cancer risk does exceed its single-source thresholds. However, as seen in Table 3, the combination of the 2017 BAAQMD CEQA best management practices (measures included in the City of San José DTS) and *Mitigation Measures AQ-1* would reduce these impacts to *less-than-significant*. The combined annual cancer risk, PM_{2.5} concentration, and Hazard risk values, which includes unmitigated and mitigated, would not exceed the cumulative threshold. Therefore, the project would also have a *less-than-significant* impact regarding the cumulative risk within the area.

Table 3. Impacts from Combined Sources at Construction MEI

Source	Cancer Risk (per million)	Annual PM _{2.5} (µg/m ³)	Hazard Index
Project Construction			
Unmitigated	35.5 (infant)	0.24	0.02
Mitigated	3.9 (infant)	0.03	<0.01
Plant #20324 at 161 N.1 st Street (diesel generator) at 400ft	2.6	<0.01	<0.01
Plant #20835 at 75 E. Santa Clara St (diesel generator) at 500ft	0.6	<0.01	<0.01
Plant #104124 at 147 E. Santa Clara St (GDF) at 800ft	0.3	-	<0.01
Roadway - E. Santa Clara (13,540 ADT) at 500 ft	1.2	0.03	<0.03
Roadway – N. Market St (17,900 ADT) at 600 ft	1.3	0.04	<0.03
Construction – Park View Towers at 230 N. 1 st Street	8.5 (infant)	0.05	0.01
Construction – 27 West at 27 S 1st Street (Mitigated)	<2.4	<0.05	<0.01
Combined Sources			
Unmitigated	52.4 (infant)	0.43	0.13
Mitigated	20.8 (infant)	0.22	0.12
BAAQMD Cumulative Source Threshold	>100	>0.8	>10.0
<i>Significant?</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>No</i>

⁷ City of San Jose. 2018. Addendum to the Final Supplemental Environmental Impact Report for the Park View Towers Project (SCH#2006032042). See <http://www.sanjoseca.gov/DocumentCenter/View/80743>

Mitigation Measure AQ-1: Selection of equipment during construction to minimize emissions. Such equipment selection would include the following:

The project shall develop a plan demonstrating that the off-road equipment used onsite to construct the project would achieve a fleet-wide average 72-percent reduction in DPM exhaust emissions or greater. One feasible plan to achieve this reduction would include the following:

1. All diesel-powered off-road equipment, larger than 25 horsepower, operating on the site for more than two days continuously shall, at a minimum, meet U.S. EPA particulate matter emissions standards for Tier 3 engines that include CARB-certified Level 3 Diesel Particulate Filters⁸ or equivalent. Alternatively, equipment that meets U.S. EPA Tier 4 standards for particulate matter or use of equipment that is electrically powered or uses non-diesel fuels would meet this requirement.

Effectiveness of Mitigation Measure AQ-1

With mitigation, the computed maximum increased lifetime residential cancer risk from construction, assuming infant exposure, would be 3.9 in one million or less, the maximum annual PM_{2.5} concentration would be 0.03 µg/m³, and the Hazard Index would be <0.01. As a result, impacts would be reduced to *less-than-significant* with respect to community risk caused by construction activities.

⁸ See <http://www.arb.ca.gov/diesel/verdev/vt/cvt.htm>

Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Setting

Gases that trap heat in the atmosphere, GHGs, regulate the earth's temperature. This phenomenon, known as the greenhouse effect, is responsible for maintaining a habitable climate. The most common GHGs are carbon dioxide (CO₂) and water vapor but there are also several others, most importantly methane (CH₄), nitrous oxide (N₂O), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), and sulfur hexafluoride (SF₆). These are released into the earth's atmosphere through a variety of natural processes and human activities. Sources of GHGs are generally as follows:

- CO₂ and N₂O are byproducts of fossil fuel combustion.
- N₂O is associated with agricultural operations such as fertilization of crops.
- CH₄ is commonly created by off-gassing from agricultural practices (e.g., keeping livestock) and landfill operations.
- Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs) were widely used as refrigerants, propellants, and cleaning solvents but their production has been stopped by international treaty.
- HFCs are now used as a substitute for CFCs in refrigeration and cooling.
- PFCs and sulfur hexafluoride emissions are commonly created by industries such as aluminum production and semi-conductor manufacturing.

Each GHG has its own potency and effect upon the earth's energy balance. This is expressed in terms of a global warming potential (GWP), with CO₂ being assigned a value of 1 and sulfur hexafluoride being several orders of magnitude stronger. In GHG emission inventories, the weight of each gas is multiplied by its GWP and is measured in units of CO₂ equivalents (CO₂e).

An expanding body of scientific research supports the theory that global climate change is currently affecting changes in weather patterns, average sea level, ocean acidification, chemical reaction rates, and precipitation rates, and that it will increasingly do so in the future. The climate and several naturally occurring resources within California are adversely affected by the global warming trend. Increased precipitation and sea level rise will increase coastal flooding, saltwater intrusion, and degradation of wetlands. Mass migration and/or loss of plant and animal species could also occur. Potential effects of global climate change that could adversely affect human health include more extreme heat waves and heat-related stress; an increase in climate-sensitive diseases; more frequent and intense natural disasters such as flooding, hurricanes and drought; and increased levels of air pollution.

Recent Regulatory Actions

Assembly Bill 32 (AB 32), California Global Warming Solutions Act (2006)

AB 32, the Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006, codified the State's GHG emissions target by directing CARB to reduce the State's global warming emissions to 1990 levels by 2020. AB 32 was signed and passed into law by Governor Schwarzenegger on September 27, 2006. Since that time, the CARB, CEC, California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC), and Building Standards

Commission have all been developing regulations that will help meet the goals of AB 32 and Executive Order S-3-05.

A Scoping Plan for AB 32 was adopted by CARB in December 2008. It contains the State's main strategies to reduce GHGs from business-as-usual emissions projected in 2020 back down to 1990 levels. Business-as-usual (BAU) is the projected emissions in 2020, including increases in emissions caused by growth, without any GHG reduction measures. The Scoping Plan has a range of GHG reduction actions, including direct regulations, alternative compliance mechanisms, monetary and non-monetary incentives, voluntary actions, and market-based mechanisms such as a cap-and-trade system.

As directed by AB 32, CARB has also approved a statewide GHG emissions limit. On December 6, 2007, CARB staff resolved an amount of 427 million metric tons (MMT) of CO₂e as the total statewide GHG 1990 emissions level and 2020 emissions limit. The limit is a cumulative statewide limit, not a sector- or facility-specific limit. CARB updated the future 2020 BAU annual emissions forecast, in light of the economic downturn, to 545 MMT of CO₂e. Two GHG emissions reduction measures currently enacted that were not previously included in the 2008 Scoping Plan baseline inventory were included, further reducing the baseline inventory to 507 MMT of CO₂e. Thus, an estimated reduction of 80 MMT of CO₂e is necessary to reduce statewide emissions to meet the AB 32 target by 2020.

Senate Bill 375, California's Regional Transportation and Land Use Planning Efforts (2008)

California enacted legislation (SB 375) to expand the efforts of AB 32 by controlling indirect GHG emissions caused by urban sprawl. SB 375 provides incentives for local governments and applicants to implement new conscientiously planned growth patterns. This includes incentives for creating attractive, walkable, and sustainable communities and revitalizing existing communities. The legislation also allows applicants to bypass certain environmental reviews under CEQA if they build projects consistent with the new sustainable community strategies. Development of more alternative transportation options that would reduce vehicle trips and miles traveled, along with traffic congestion, would be encouraged. SB 375 enhances CARB's ability to reach the AB 32 goals by directing the agency in developing regional GHG emission reduction targets to be achieved from the transportation sector for 2020 and 2035. CARB works with the metropolitan planning organizations (e.g. Association of Bay Area Governments [ABAG] and Metropolitan Transportation Commission [MTC]) to align their regional transportation, housing, and land use plans to reduce vehicle miles traveled and demonstrate the region's ability to attain its GHG reduction targets. A similar process is used to reduce transportation emissions of ozone precursor pollutants in the Bay Area.

SB 350 Renewable Portfolio Standards

In September 2015, the California Legislature passed SB 350, which increases the states Renewables Portfolio Standard (RPS) for content of electrical generation from the 33 percent target for 2020 to a 50 percent renewables target by 2030.

Executive Order EO-B-30-15 (2015) and SB 32 GHG Reduction Targets

In April 2015, Governor Brown signed Executive Order which extended the goals of AB 32, setting a greenhouse gas emissions target at 40 percent of 1990 levels by 2030. On September 8, 2016, Governor Brown signed SB 32, which legislatively established the GHG reduction target of 40 percent of 1990 levels by 2030. In November 2017, CARB issued *California's 2017 Climate Change Scoping Plan*. While the State is on track to exceed the AB 32 scoping plan 2020 targets, this plan is an update to reflect the enacted SB 32 reduction target.

SB 32 was passed in 2016, which codified a 2030 GHG emissions reduction target of 40 percent below 1990 levels. CARB is currently working on a second update to the Scoping Plan to reflect the 2030 target set by Executive Order B-30-15 and codified by SB 32. The proposed Scoping Plan Update was published on January 20, 2017 as directed by SB 32 companion legislation AB 197. The mid-term 2030 target is considered critical by CARB on the path to obtaining an even deeper GHG emissions target of 80 percent below 1990 levels by 2050, as directed in Executive Order S-3-05. The Scoping Plan outlines the suite of policy measures, regulations, planning efforts, and investments in clean technologies and infrastructure, providing a blueprint to continue driving down GHG emissions and obtain the statewide goals.

The new Scoping Plan establishes a strategy that will reduce GHG emissions in California to meet the 2030 target (note that the AB 32 Scoping Plan only addressed 2020 targets and a long-term goal). Key features of this plan are:

- Cap and Trade program places a firm limit on 80 percent of the State's emissions;
- Achieving a 50-percent Renewable Portfolio Standard by 2030 (currently at about 29 percent statewide);
- Increase energy efficiency in existing buildings;
- Develop fuels with an 18-percent reduction in carbon intensity;
- Develop more high-density, transit-oriented housing;
- Develop walkable and bikable communities;
- Greatly increase the number of electric vehicles on the road and reduce oil demand in half;
- Increase zero-emissions transit so that 100 percent of new buses are zero emissions;
- Reduce freight-related emissions by transitioning to zero emissions where feasible and near-zero emissions with renewable fuels everywhere else; and
- Reduce "super pollutants" by reducing methane and hydrofluorocarbons or HFCs by 40 percent.

In the updated Scoping Plan, CARB recommends statewide targets of no more than 6 metric tons CO_{2e} per capita (statewide) by 2030 and no more than 2 metric tons CO_{2e} per capita by 2050. The statewide per capita targets account for all emissions sectors in the State, statewide population forecasts, and the statewide reductions necessary to achieve the 2030 statewide target under SB 32 and the longer-term State emissions reduction goal of 80 percent below 1990 levels by 2050.

BAAQMD Significance Thresholds

The BAAQMD's CEQA Air Quality Guidelines do not use quantified thresholds for projects that are in a jurisdiction with a qualified GHG reductions plan (i.e., a Climate Action Plan). The plan has to address emissions associated with the period that the project would operate (e.g., beyond year 2020). For quantified emissions, the guidelines recommended a GHG threshold of 1,100 metric tons or 4.6 metric tons (MT) per capita. These thresholds were developed based on meeting the 2020 GHG targets set in the scoping plan that addressed AB 32. Development of the project would occur beyond 2020, so a threshold that addresses a future target is appropriate.

Although BAAQMD has not published a quantified threshold for 2030 yet, this assessment uses a bright-line threshold of 660 MT CO_{2e}/year based on the GHG reduction goals of EO B-30-15. The 2030 bright-line threshold is a 40 percent reduction of the 2020 1,100 MT CO_{2e}/year threshold.

CalEEMod Modeling

CalEEMod was used to predict GHG emissions from operation of the site assuming full build-out of the project. CalEEMod output is included in *Attachment 2*.

Land Uses

The project land uses were entered into CalEEMod as described above for the construction period modeling.

Note that a second CalEEMod model was used to account for the operational energy emissions from the building land uses that are part of the St. James Park project. CalEEMod does not have estimated energy use default values for land uses that includes parks, golf courses, and recreational pools.⁹ The inputs in this model included 1,750-sf entered as "General Office Building", 4,000-sf entered as "Arena", and 1,250-sf entered as "High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)". Default energy inputs were used. All other operational categories (i.e. arena, mobile, waste, and water) were not included in the GHG emissions. Note that the square footage from the restroom and storage building was included in the General Office Building Land use to conservatively estimate this building's energy consumption.

Model Year

Emissions associated with vehicle travel depend on the year of analysis because emission control technology requirements are phased-in over time. Therefore, the earlier the year analyzed in the model, the higher the emission rates utilized by CalEEMod. The earliest the project could possibly be constructed and begin operating would be 2021. Emissions associated with build-out later than 2021 would be lower.

⁹ BREEZE Software, A Division of Trinity Consultants in collaboration with the South Coast Air Quality Management District and the California Air Districts, 2017. *Appendix A Calculation Details for CalEEMod*, Page 38. October. Version CalEEMod 2016.3.2

Trip Generation Rates

CalEEMod allows the user to enter specific vehicle trip generation rates, which were input to the model using the daily trip generation rate provided in the project trip generation table. The Saturday and Sunday trip rates were assumed to be the weekday rate adjusted by multiplying the ratio of the CalEEMod default rates for Saturday and Sunday trips. The project traffic analysis provided project the total of pre-concert vehicle trips, which includes private automobile, taxi, limo and rideshare traffic. The total trips after a six percent no show adjustment would be 1,895. This total number of vehicle trips were then doubled to account for the post-concert vehicle trips, which resulted in 3,790 total concert trips. The trip generation rate based on the grand total (3,790 trips divided by 7.5 acres) was 505.33 trips per concert. This rate was applied to weekday, Saturday, and Sunday travel in CalEEMod.

Mobile GHG emissions were adjusted post-model to account for the number of concerts that would occur annually. The project applicant predicted that the project could host an estimated 50 to 300 events per year. Per discussion with the project applicant, it was assumed that the project would have 72 or less large events/concerts per year. The mobile GHG emissions were then adjusted by multiplying the emissions by the 72 concerts per year ratio (i.e. 72 concerts/365 days per year). The total GHG emissions in Table 4 account for this adjustment.

Energy

CalEEMod defaults for energy use were used, which include the 2016 Title 24 Building Standards. Indirect emissions from electricity were computed in CalEEMod. The model has a default rate of 641.3 pounds of CO₂ per megawatt of electricity produced, which is based on PG&E's 2008 emissions rate. The rate was adjusted to account for PG&E's projected 2020 CO₂ intensity rate. This 2020 rate is based, in part, on the requirement of a renewable energy portfolio standard of 33 percent by the year 2020. The derived 2020 rate for PG&E was estimated at 290 pounds of CO₂ per megawatt of electricity delivered.¹⁰

Other Inputs

Default model assumptions for emissions associated with solid waste generation use were applied to the project. Water/wastewater use were changed to 100% aerobic conditions to represent wastewater treatment plant conditions.

Construction Emissions

GHG emissions associated with construction were computed to be 664 MT of CO₂e for the total construction period. These are the emissions from on-site operation of construction equipment, vendor and hauling truck trips, and worker trips. Neither the City nor BAAQMD have an adopted threshold of significance for construction-related GHG emissions, though BAAQMD recommends quantifying emissions and disclosing that GHG emissions would occur during construction. BAAQMD also encourages the incorporation of best management practices to reduce GHG emissions during construction where feasible and applicable.

¹⁰ Pacific Gas & Electric, 2015. *Greenhouse Gas Emission Factors: Guidance for PG&E Customers*. November.

Operational Emissions

The CalEEMod models, along with the project vehicle trip generation rates, were used to estimate daily emissions associated with operation of the fully-developed site under the proposed project. As shown in Table 4, annual emissions resulting from operation of the proposed project are predicted to be 654 MT of CO_{2e} for the year 2021 and 518 MT of CO_{2e} for the year 2030. The 2021 and 2030 emissions do not exceed the 2030 “bright-line” threshold of 660 MT of CO_{2e}/year. Therefore, the project would have a *less-than-significant* impact regarding GHG emissions.

Table 4. Annual Project GHG Emissions (CO_{2e}) in Metric Tons

Source Category	Proposed Project in 2021	Proposed Project in 2030
Area	<1	<1
Energy Consumption	37	37
Mobile Adjusted	611	475
Solid Waste Generation	<1	<1
Water Usage	4	4
Total (MT CO _{2e} /year)	654 MT CO _{2e} /year	518 MT CO _{2e} /year
Significance Threshold	660 MT CO_{2e}/year	
Significant (Exceeds thresholds)?	No	No

Supporting Documentation

Attachment 1 is the methodology used to compute community risk impacts, including the methods to compute lifetime cancer risk from exposure to project emissions.

Attachment 2 includes the CalEEMod output for project construction emissions and operational GHG emissions.

Attachment 3 is the construction health risk assessment. AERMOD dispersion modeling files for this assessment, which are quite voluminous, are available upon request and would be provided in digital format

Attachment 4 includes the screening community risk calculations from sources affecting the project and construction MEI.

Attachment 1: Health Risk Calculation Methodology

A health risk assessment (HRA) for exposure to Toxic Air Contaminates (TACs) requires the application of a risk characterization model to the results from the air dispersion model to estimate potential health risk at each sensitive receptor location. The State of California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) and California Air Resources Board (CARB) develop recommended methods for conducting health risk assessments. The most recent OEHHA risk assessment guidelines were published in February of 2015.¹¹ These guidelines incorporate substantial changes designed to provide for enhanced protection of children, as required by State law, compared to previous published risk assessment guidelines. CARB has provided additional guidance on implementing OEHHA's recommended methods.¹² This HRA used the 2015 OEHHA risk assessment guidelines and CARB guidance. The BAAQMD has adopted recommended procedures for applying the newest OEHHA guidelines as part of Regulation 2, Rule 5: New Source Review of Toxic Air Contaminants.¹³ Exposure parameters from the OEHHA guidelines and the recent BAAQMD HRA Guidelines were used in this evaluation.

Cancer Risk

Potential increased cancer risk from inhalation of TACs are calculated based on the TAC concentration over the period of exposure, inhalation dose, the TAC cancer potency factor, and an age sensitivity factor to reflect the greater sensitivity of infants and children to cancer causing TACs. The inhalation dose depends on a person's breathing rate, exposure time and frequency and duration of exposure. These parameters vary depending on the age, or age range, of the persons being exposed and whether the exposure is considered to occur at a residential location or other sensitive receptor location.

The current OEHHA guidance recommends that cancer risk be calculated by age groups to account for different breathing rates and sensitivity to TACs. Specifically, they recommend evaluating risks for the third trimester of pregnancy to age zero, ages zero to less than two (infant exposure), ages two to less than 16 (child exposure), and ages 16 to 70 (adult exposure). Age sensitivity factors (ASFs) associated with the different types of exposure are an ASF of 10 for the third trimester and infant exposures, an ASF of 3 for a child exposure, and an ASF of 1 for an adult exposure. Also associated with each exposure type are different breathing rates, expressed as liters per kilogram of body weight per day (L/kg-day). As recommended by the BAAQMD for residential exposures, 95th percentile breathing rates are used for the third trimester and infant exposures, and 80th percentile breathing rates for child and adult exposures. For children at schools and daycare facilities, BAAQMD recommends using the 95th percentile breathing rates. Additionally, CARB and the BAAQMD recommend the use of a residential exposure duration of

¹¹ OEHHA, 2015. *Air Toxics Hot Spots Program Risk Assessment Guidelines, The Air Toxics Hot Spots Program Guidance Manual for Preparation of Health Risk Assessments*. Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment. February.

¹² CARB, 2015. *Risk Management Guidance for Stationary Sources of Air Toxics*. July 23.

¹³ BAAQMD, 2016. *BAAQMD Air Toxics NSR Program Health Risk Assessment (HRA) Guidelines*. December 2016.

30 years for sources with long-term emissions (e.g., roadways). For workers, assumed to be adults, a 25-year exposure period is recommended by the BAAQMD.

Under previous OEHHA and BAAQMD HRA guidance, residential receptors are assumed to be at their home 24 hours a day, or 100 percent of the time. In the 2015 Risk Assessment Guidance, OEHHA includes adjustments to exposure duration to account for the fraction of time at home (FAH), which can be less than 100 percent of the time, based on updated population and activity statistics. The FAH factors are age-specific and are: 0.85 for third trimester of pregnancy to less than 2 years old, 0.72 for ages 2 to less than 16 years, and 0.73 for ages 16 to 70 years. Use of the FAH factors is allowed by the BAAQMD if there are no schools in the project vicinity that would have a cancer risk of one in a million or greater assuming 100 percent exposure (FAH = 1.0).

Functionally, cancer risk is calculated using the following parameters and formulas:

$$\text{Cancer Risk (per million)} = CPF \times \text{Inhalation Dose} \times ASF \times ED/AT \times FAH \times 10^6$$

Where:

CPF = Cancer potency factor (mg/kg-day)⁻¹

ASF = Age sensitivity factor for specified age group

ED = Exposure duration (years)

AT = Averaging time for lifetime cancer risk (years)

FAH = Fraction of time spent at home (unitless)

$$\text{Inhalation Dose} = C_{\text{air}} \times DBR \times A \times (EF/365) \times 10^{-6}$$

Where:

C_{air} = concentration in air (µg/m³)

DBR = daily breathing rate (L/kg body weight-day)

A = Inhalation absorption factor

EF = Exposure frequency (days/year)

10⁻⁶ = Conversion factor

The health risk parameters used in this evaluation are summarized as follows:

Parameter	Exposure Type →	Infant		Child		Adult
	Age Range →	3 rd Trimester	0<2	2 < 9	2 < 16	16 - 30
DPM Cancer Potency Factor (mg/kg-day) ⁻¹		1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00
Daily Breathing Rate (L/kg-day) 80 th Percentile Rate		273	758	631	572	261
Daily Breathing Rate (L/kg-day) 95 th Percentile Rate		361	1,090	861	745	335
Inhalation Absorption Factor		1	1	1	1	1
Averaging Time (years)		70	70	70	70	70
Exposure Duration (years)		0.25	2	14	14	14
Exposure Frequency (days/year)		350	350	350	350	350
Age Sensitivity Factor		10	10	3	3	1
Fraction of Time at Home		0.85-1.0	0.85-1.0	0.72-1.0	0.72-1.0	0.73

Non-Cancer Hazards

Potential non-cancer health hazards from TAC exposure are expressed in terms of a hazard index (HI), which is the ratio of the TAC concentration to a reference exposure level (REL). OEHHA has defined acceptable concentration levels for contaminants that pose non-cancer health hazards. TAC concentrations below the REL are not expected to cause adverse health impacts, even for sensitive individuals. The total HI is calculated as the sum of the HIs for each TAC evaluated and the total HI is compared to the BAAQMD significance thresholds to determine whether a significant non-cancer health impact from a project would occur.

Typically, for residential projects located near roadways with substantial TAC emissions, the primary TAC of concern with non-cancer health effects is diesel particulate matter (DPM). For DPM, the chronic inhalation REL is 5 micrograms per cubic meter ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$).

Annual PM_{2.5} Concentrations

While not a TAC, fine particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) has been identified by the BAAQMD as a pollutant with potential non-cancer health effects that should be included when evaluating potential community health impacts under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The thresholds of significance for PM_{2.5} (project level and cumulative) are in terms of an increase in the annual average concentration. When considering PM_{2.5} impacts, the contribution from all sources of PM_{2.5} emissions should be included. For projects with potential impacts from nearby local roadways, the PM_{2.5} impacts should include those from vehicle exhaust emissions, PM_{2.5} generated from vehicle tire and brake wear, and fugitive emissions from re-suspended dust on the roads.

Attachment 2: CalEEMod Modeling Output

St. James Park - Santa Clara County, Annual

St. James Park
Santa Clara County, Annual

1.0 Project Characteristics**1.1 Land Usage**

Land Uses	Size	Metric	Lot Acreage	Floor Surface Area	Population
City Park	7.50	Acre	7.50	326,700.00	0

1.2 Other Project Characteristics

Urbanization	Urban	Wind Speed (m/s)	2.2	Precipitation Freq (Days)	58
Climate Zone	4			Operational Year	2021
Utility Company	Pacific Gas & Electric Company				
CO2 Intensity (lb/MW hr)	290	CH4 Intensity (lb/MW hr)	0.029	N2O Intensity (lb/MW hr)	0.006

1.3 User Entered Comments & Non-Default Data

Project Characteristics - 2020 PG&E rate

Land Use - Added restaurant, pavilion and office building size, assuming park is 7.5-acres. The building area 7,050 sf of building (1,800 performing arts pavilion + 1,250 sf café and restroom + 2,250 sf restroom and storage + 1,750 office = 7,050)

Construction Phase - Default conditions with utilities added.

Off-road Equipment -

Off-road Equipment -

Off-road Equipment - Default construction equipment

Off-road Equipment -

Off-road Equipment -

Off-road Equipment -

Off-road Equipment - added for utilities

Trips and VMT - added vendor trips for demo, site preparation and grading to represent water truck.

Demolition -

Grading - assumed some import and export since that information is not available. (1,000-cy)

Vehicle Trips - For maximum event - annual would include about 1/2 of these (505.33 trips)

Energy Use -

Water And Wastewater - WTP treatment

Construction Off-road Equipment Mitigation - Tier 3/DPF and BMPs

Table Name	Column Name	Default Value	New Value
tblConstDustMitigation	WaterUnpavedRoadVehicleSpeed	0	15
tblGrading	MaterialExported	0.00	1,000.00
tblGrading	MaterialImported	0.00	1,000.00
tblOffRoadEquipment	LoadFactor	0.37	0.37
tblOffRoadEquipment	OffRoadEquipmentType		Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes
tblProjectCharacteristics	CO2IntensityFactor	641.35	290
tblTripsAndVMT	VendorTripNumber	0.00	2.00
tblTripsAndVMT	VendorTripNumber	0.00	2.00
tblTripsAndVMT	VendorTripNumber	0.00	2.00
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	22.75	505.33
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	16.74	505.33
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	1.89	505.33
tblWater	AerobicPercent	87.46	100.00
tblWater	AnaerobicandFacultativeLagoonsPercent	2.21	0.00
tblWater	SepticTankPercent	10.33	0.00

2.0 Emissions Summary

2.1 Overall Construction

Unmitigated Construction

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year	tons/yr										MT/yr					
2019	0.2172	2.1095	1.4859	3.2200e-003	0.2211	0.1016	0.3227	0.1010	0.0948	0.1959	0.0000	290.6970	290.6970	0.0528	0.0000	292.0179
2020	0.2605	2.0575	1.7970	4.1300e-003	0.1100	0.0941	0.2041	0.0299	0.0884	0.1183	0.0000	370.2556	370.2556	0.0550	0.0000	371.6316
Maximum	0.2605	2.1095	1.7970	4.1300e-003	0.2211	0.1016	0.3227	0.1010	0.0948	0.1959	0.0000	370.2556	370.2556	0.0550	0.0000	371.6316

Mitigated Construction

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year	tons/yr										MT/yr					
2019	0.2172	2.1095	1.4859	3.2200e-003	0.1353	0.1016	0.2369	0.0364	0.0948	0.1313	0.0000	290.6968	290.6968	0.0528	0.0000	292.0177
2020	0.2605	2.0575	1.7970	4.1300e-003	0.1100	0.0941	0.2041	0.0299	0.0884	0.1183	0.0000	370.2554	370.2554	0.0550	0.0000	371.6314
Maximum	0.2605	2.1095	1.7970	4.1300e-003	0.1353	0.1016	0.2369	0.0364	0.0948	0.1313	0.0000	370.2554	370.2554	0.0550	0.0000	371.6314

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	25.91	0.00	16.28	49.34	0.00	20.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Quarter	Start Date	End Date	Maximum Unmitigated ROG + NOX (tons/quarter)	Maximum Mitigated ROG + NOX (tons/quarter)
1	7-1-2019	9-30-2019	1.2757	1.2757
2	10-1-2019	12-31-2019	1.0374	1.0374
3	1-1-2020	3-31-2020	0.9273	0.9273
4	4-1-2020	6-30-2020	0.9216	0.9216

5	7-1-2020	9-30-2020	0.4557	0.4557
		Highest	1.2757	1.2757

2.2 Overall Operational

Unmitigated Operational

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Area	0.0342	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.3000e-004	1.3000e-004	0.0000	0.0000	1.4000e-004
Energy	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Mobile	0.9234	3.7917	10.4458	0.0338	3.0087	0.0295	3.0381	0.8054	0.0275	0.8329	0.0000	3,094.9850	3,094.9850	0.1099	0.0000	3,097.7332
Waste						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.1299	0.0000	0.1299	7.6800e-003	0.0000	0.3219
Water						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	4.1142	4.1142	4.1000e-004	9.0000e-005	4.1498
Total	0.9576	3.7917	10.4459	0.0338	3.0087	0.0295	3.0381	0.8054	0.0275	0.8329	0.1299	3,099.0992	3,099.2292	0.1180	9.0000e-005	3,102.2050

Mitigated Operational

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Area	0.0342	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.3000e-004	1.3000e-004	0.0000	0.0000	1.4000e-004
Energy	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Mobile	0.9234	3.7917	10.4458	0.0338	3.0087	0.0295	3.0381	0.8054	0.0275	0.8329	0.0000	3,094.9850	3,094.9850	0.1099	0.0000	3,097.7332

Waste						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.1299	0.0000	0.1299	7.6800e-003	0.0000	0.3219
Water						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	4.1142	4.1142	4.1000e-004	9.0000e-005	4.1498
Total	0.9576	3.7917	10.4459	0.0338	3.0087	0.0295	3.0381	0.8054	0.0275	0.8329	0.1299	3,099.0992	3,099.2292	0.1180	9.0000e-005	3,102.2050

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

4.0 Operational Detail - Mobile

4.1 Mitigation Measures Mobile

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Mitigated	0.9234	3.7917	10.4458	0.0338	3.0087	0.0295	3.0381	0.8054	0.0275	0.8329	0.0000	3,094.9850	3,094.9850	0.1099	0.0000	3,097.7332
Unmitigated	0.9234	3.7917	10.4458	0.0338	3.0087	0.0295	3.0381	0.8054	0.0275	0.8329	0.0000	3,094.9850	3,094.9850	0.1099	0.0000	3,097.7332

4.2 Trip Summary Information

	Average Daily Trip Rate			Unmitigated	Mitigated
Land Use	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Annual VMT	Annual VMT
City Park	3,789.98	3,789.98	3789.98	8,091,038	8,091,038
Total	3,789.98	3,789.98	3,789.98	8,091,038	8,091,038

4.3 Trip Type Information

	Miles			Trip %			Trip Purpose %		
Land Use	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	Primary	Diverted	Pass-by
City Park	9.50	7.30	7.30	33.00	48.00	19.00	66	28	6

4.4 Fleet Mix

Land Use	LDA	LDT1	LDT2	MDV	LHD1	LHD2	MHD	HHD	OBUS	UBUS	MCY	SBUS	MH
City Park	0.607897	0.037434	0.184004	0.107261	0.014919	0.004991	0.012447	0.020659	0.002115	0.001554	0.005334	0.000623	0.000761

5.0 Energy Detail

Historical Energy Use: N

5.1 Mitigation Measures Energy

[illegible]

5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas

Unmitigated

[illegible]

Mitigated

	Natural Gas Use	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr	tons/yr										MT/yr					
City Park	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

5.3 Energy by Land Use - Electricity

Unmitigated

	Electricity Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kWh/yr	MT/yr			
City Park	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Mitigated

	Electricity Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kWh/yr	MT/yr			
City Park	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

6.0 Area Detail

6.1 Mitigation Measures Area

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Mitigated	0.0342	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.3000e-004	1.3000e-004	0.0000	0.0000	1.4000e-004
Unmitigated	0.0342	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.3000e-004	1.3000e-004	0.0000	0.0000	1.4000e-004

6.2 Area by SubCategory

Unmitigated

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Architectural Coating	3.6800e-003					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Consumer Products	0.0305					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Landscaping	1.0000e-005	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.3000e-004	1.3000e-004	0.0000	0.0000	1.4000e-004
Total	0.0342	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.3000e-004	1.3000e-004	0.0000	0.0000	1.4000e-004

Mitigated

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Architectural Coating	3.6800e-003					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Consumer Products	0.0305					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Landscaping	1.0000e-005	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.3000e-004	1.3000e-004	0.0000	0.0000	1.4000e-004
Total	0.0342	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.3000e-004	1.3000e-004	0.0000	0.0000	1.4000e-004

7.0 Water Detail

7.1 Mitigation Measures Water

	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	MT/yr			
Mitigated	4.1142	4.1000e-004	9.0000e-005	4.1498
Unmitigated	4.1142	4.1000e-004	9.0000e-005	4.1498

7.2 Water by Land Use

Unmitigated

	Indoor/Outdoor Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	Mgal	MT/yr			
City Park	0 / 8.93611	4.1142	4.1000e-004	9.0000e-005	4.1498
Total		4.1142	4.1000e-004	9.0000e-005	4.1498

Mitigated

	Indoor/Outdoor Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	Mgal	MT/yr			
City Park	0 / 8.93611	4.1142	4.1000e-004	9.0000e-005	4.1498
Total		4.1142	4.1000e-004	9.0000e-005	4.1498

8.0 Waste Detail

8.1 Mitigation Measures Waste

Category/Year

	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
	MT/yr			
Mitigated	0.1299	7.6800e-003	0.0000	0.3219
Unmitigated	0.1299	7.6800e-003	0.0000	0.3219

8.2 Waste by Land Use

Unmitigated

	Waste Disposed	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	tons	MT/yr			

City Park	0.64	0.1299	7.6800e-003	0.0000	0.3219
Total		0.1299	7.6800e-003	0.0000	0.3219

Mitigated

	Waste Disposed	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	tons	MT/yr			
City Park	0.64	0.1299	7.6800e-003	0.0000	0.3219
Total		0.1299	7.6800e-003	0.0000	0.3219

St. James Park - Santa Clara County, Annual

St. James Park
Santa Clara County, Annual

1.0 Project Characteristics**1.1 Land Usage**

Land Uses	Size	Metric	Lot Acreage	Floor Surface Area	Population
City Park	7.50	Acre	7.50	326,700.00	0

1.2 Other Project Characteristics

Urbanization	Urban	Wind Speed (m/s)	2.2	Precipitation Freq (Days)	58
Climate Zone	4			Operational Year	2030
Utility Company	Pacific Gas & Electric Company				
CO2 Intensity (lb/MWhr)	290	CH4 Intensity (lb/MWhr)	0.029	N2O Intensity (lb/MWhr)	0.006

1.3 User Entered Comments & Non-Default Data

Project Characteristics - 2020 PG&E rate

Land Use - Added restaurant, pavilion and office building size, assuming park is 7.5-acres. The building area 7,050 sf of building (1,800 performing arts pavilion + 1,250 sf café and restroom + 2,250 sf restroom and storage + 1,750 office = 7,050)

Construction Phase - Default conditions with utilities added.

Off-road Equipment -

Off-road Equipment -

Off-road Equipment - Default construction equipment

Off-road Equipment -

Off-road Equipment -

Off-road Equipment -

Off-road Equipment - added for utilities

Trips and VMT - added vendor trips for demo, site preparation and grading to represent water truck.

Demolition -

Grading - assumed some import and export since that information is not available. (1,000-cy)

Vehicle Trips - For maximum event - annual would include about 1/2 of these (505.33 trips)

Energy Use -

Water And Wastewater - WTP treatment

Construction Off-road Equipment Mitigation - Tier 3/DPF and BMPs

Table Name	Column Name	Default Value	New Value
tblConstDustMitigation	WaterUnpavedRoadVehicleSpeed	0	15
tblGrading	MaterialExported	0.00	1,000.00
tblGrading	MaterialImported	0.00	1,000.00
tblProjectCharacteristics	CO2IntensityFactor	641.35	290
tblTripsAndVMT	VendorTripNumber	0.00	2.00
tblTripsAndVMT	VendorTripNumber	0.00	2.00
tblTripsAndVMT	VendorTripNumber	0.00	2.00
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	22.75	505.33
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	16.74	505.33
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	1.89	505.33
tblWater	AerobicPercent	87.46	100.00
tblWater	AnaerobicandFacultativeLagoonsPercent	2.21	0.00
tblWater	SepticTankPercent	10.33	0.00

2.0 Emissions Summary

2.2 Overall Operational

Unmitigated Operational

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Area	0.0342	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.3000e-004	1.3000e-004	0.0000	0.0000	1.4000e-004
Energy	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Mobile	0.5515	2.3714	6.1525	0.0262	3.0080	0.0177	3.0256	0.8050	0.0164	0.8214	0.0000	2,407.3667	2,407.3667	0.0701	0.0000	2,409.1197
Waste						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.1299	0.0000	0.1299	7.6800e-003	0.0000	0.3219
Water						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	4.1142	4.1142	4.1000e-004	9.0000e-005	4.1498
Total	0.5857	2.3714	6.1525	0.0262	3.0080	0.0177	3.0256	0.8050	0.0164	0.8214	0.1299	2,411.4810	2,411.6109	0.0782	9.0000e-005	2,413.5915

Mitigated Operational

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Area	0.0342	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.3000e-004	1.3000e-004	0.0000	0.0000	1.4000e-004
Energy	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Mobile	0.5515	2.3714	6.1525	0.0262	3.0080	0.0177	3.0256	0.8050	0.0164	0.8214	0.0000	2,407.3667	2,407.3667	0.0701	0.0000	2,409.1197
Waste						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.1299	0.0000	0.1299	7.6800e-003	0.0000	0.3219
Water						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	4.1142	4.1142	4.1000e-004	9.0000e-005	4.1498
Total	0.5857	2.3714	6.1525	0.0262	3.0080	0.0177	3.0256	0.8050	0.0164	0.8214	0.1299	2,411.4810	2,411.6109	0.0782	9.0000e-005	2,413.5915

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

4.0 Operational Detail - Mobile

4.1 Mitigation Measures Mobile

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Mitigated	0.5515	2.3714	6.1525	0.0262	3.0080	0.0177	3.0256	0.8050	0.0164	0.8214	0.0000	2,407.3667	2,407.3667	0.0701	0.0000	2,409.1197
Unmitigated	0.5515	2.3714	6.1525	0.0262	3.0080	0.0177	3.0256	0.8050	0.0164	0.8214	0.0000	2,407.3667	2,407.3667	0.0701	0.0000	2,409.1197

4.2 Trip Summary Information

	Average Daily Trip Rate			Unmitigated	Mitigated
Land Use	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Annual VMT	Annual VMT
City Park	3,789.98	3,789.98	3789.98	8,091,038	8,091,038
Total	3,789.98	3,789.98	3,789.98	8,091,038	8,091,038

4.3 Trip Type Information

	Miles			Trip %			Trip Purpose %		
Land Use	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	Primary	Diverted	Pass-by
City Park	9.50	7.30	7.30	33.00	48.00	19.00	66	28	6

4.4 Fleet Mix

Land Use	LDA	LDT1	LDT2	MDV	LHD1	LHD2	MHD	HHD	OBUS	UBUS	MCY	SBUS	MH
City Park	0.621541	0.034056	0.180136	0.101248	0.011859	0.005060	0.013110	0.022881	0.002221	0.001470	0.005122	0.000646	0.000651

5.0 Energy Detail

Historical Energy Use: N

5.1 Mitigation Measures Energy

[illegible]

5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas

Unmitigated

[illegible]

Mitigated

[illegible]

5.3 Energy by Land Use - Electricity

Unmitigated

	Electricity Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kWh/yr	MT/yr			
City Park	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Mitigated

	Electricity Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kWh/yr	MT/yr			
City Park	0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

6.0 Area Detail

6.1 Mitigation Measures Area

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Mitigated	0.0342	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.3000e-004	1.3000e-004	0.0000	0.0000	1.4000e-004
Unmitigated	0.0342	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.3000e-004	1.3000e-004	0.0000	0.0000	1.4000e-004

6.2 Area by SubCategory

Unmitigated

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Architectural Coating	3.6800e-003					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Consumer Products	0.0305					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Landscaping	1.0000e-005	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.3000e-004	1.3000e-004	0.0000	0.0000	1.4000e-004
Total	0.0342	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.3000e-004	1.3000e-004	0.0000	0.0000	1.4000e-004

Mitigated

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Architectural Coating	3.6800e-003					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Consumer Products	0.0305					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Landscaping	1.0000e-005	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.3000e-004	1.3000e-004	0.0000	0.0000	1.4000e-004
Total	0.0342	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.3000e-004	1.3000e-004	0.0000	0.0000	1.4000e-004

7.0 Water Detail

7.1 Mitigation Measures Water

	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	MT/yr			
Mitigated	4.1142	4.1000e-004	9.0000e-005	4.1498
Unmitigated	4.1142	4.1000e-004	9.0000e-005	4.1498

7.2 Water by Land Use

Unmitigated

	Indoor/Outdoor Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	Mgal	MT/yr			
City Park	0 / 8.93611	4.1142	4.1000e-004	9.0000e-005	4.1498
Total		4.1142	4.1000e-004	9.0000e-005	4.1498

Mitigated

	Indoor/Outdoor Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
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Land Use	Mgal	MT/yr			
City Park	0 / 8.93611	4.1142	4.1000e-004	9.0000e-005	4.1498
Total		4.1142	4.1000e-004	9.0000e-005	4.1498

8.0 Waste Detail

8.1 Mitigation Measures Waste

Category/Year

	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
	MT/yr			
Mitigated	0.1299	7.6800e-003	0.0000	0.3219
Unmitigated	0.1299	7.6800e-003	0.0000	0.3219

8.2 Waste by Land Use

Unmitigated

	Waste Disposed	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	tons	MT/yr			
City Park	0.64	0.1299	7.6800e-003	0.0000	0.3219
Total		0.1299	7.6800e-003	0.0000	0.3219

Mitigated

	Waste Disposed	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	tons	MT/yr			
City Park	0.64	0.1299	7.6800e-003	0.0000	0.3219
Total		0.1299	7.6800e-003	0.0000	0.3219

St. James Park TAC - Santa Clara County, Annual

St. James Park TAC
Santa Clara County, Annual

1.0 Project Characteristics**1.1 Land Usage**

Land Uses	Size	Metric	Lot Acreage	Floor Surface Area	Population
City Park	7.50	Acre	7.50	326,700.00	0

1.2 Other Project Characteristics

Urbanization	Urban	Wind Speed (m/s)	2.2	Precipitation Freq (Days)	58
Climate Zone	4			Operational Year	2021
Utility Company	Pacific Gas & Electric Company				
CO2 Intensity (lb/MWhr)	290	CH4 Intensity (lb/MWhr)	0.029	N2O Intensity (lb/MWhr)	0.006

1.3 User Entered Comments & Non-Default Data

Project Characteristics - 2020 PG&E rate

Land Use - Added restaurant, pavilion and office building size, assuming park is 7.5-acres. The building area 7,050 sf of building (1,800 performing arts pavilion + 1,250 sf café and restroom + 2,250 sf restroom and storage + 1,750 office = 7,050)

Construction Phase - Default conditions with utilities added.

Off-road Equipment -

Off-road Equipment -

Off-road Equipment - Default construction equipment

Off-road Equipment -

Off-road Equipment -

Off-road Equipment -

Off-road Equipment - added for utilities

Trips and VMT - added vendor trips for demo, site preparation and grading to represent water truck.

Demolition -

Grading - assumed some import and export since that information is not available. (1,000-cy)

Vehicle Trips - For maximum event - annual would include about 1/2 of these (505.33 trips)

Energy Use -

Water And Wastewater - WTP treatment

Construction Off-road Equipment Mitigation - Tier 3/DPF and BMPs

Table Name	Column Name	Default Value	New Value
tblConstDustMitigation	WaterUnpavedRoadVehicleSpeed	0	15
tblConstEquipMitigation	DPF	No Change	Level 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	DPF	No Change	Level 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	DPF	No Change	Level 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	DPF	No Change	Level 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	DPF	No Change	Level 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	DPF	No Change	Level 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	DPF	No Change	Level 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	DPF	No Change	Level 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	DPF	No Change	Level 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	DPF	No Change	Level 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	DPF	No Change	Level 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	DPF	No Change	Level 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	DPF	No Change	Level 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	4.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	3.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	1.00

tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	2.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	2.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	2.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	6.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	11.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	NumberOfEquipmentMitigated	0.00	1.00
tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tblConstEquipMitigation	Tier	No Change	Tier 3
tblGrading	MaterialExported	0.00	1,000.00
tblGrading	MaterialImported	0.00	1,000.00
tblOffRoadEquipment	LoadFactor	0.37	0.37
tblOffRoadEquipment	OffRoadEquipmentType		Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes
tblProjectCharacteristics	CO2IntensityFactor	641.35	290
tblTripsAndVMT	HaulingTripLength	20.00	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	HaulingTripLength	20.00	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	HaulingTripLength	20.00	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	HaulingTripLength	20.00	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	HaulingTripLength	20.00	1.00

tblTripsAndVMT	HaulingTripLength	20.00	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	HaulingTripLength	20.00	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	VendorTripLength	7.30	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	VendorTripLength	7.30	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	VendorTripLength	7.30	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	VendorTripLength	7.30	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	VendorTripLength	7.30	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	VendorTripLength	7.30	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	VendorTripLength	7.30	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	VendorTripNumber	0.00	2.00
tblTripsAndVMT	VendorTripNumber	0.00	2.00
tblTripsAndVMT	VendorTripNumber	0.00	2.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	10.80	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	10.80	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	10.80	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	10.80	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	10.80	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	10.80	1.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	10.80	1.00
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	22.75	505.33
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	16.74	505.33
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	1.89	505.33
tblWater	AerobicPercent	87.46	100.00
tblWater	AnaerobicandFacultativeLagoonsPercent	2.21	0.00
tblWater	SepticTankPercent	10.33	0.00

2.0 Emissions Summary

2.1 Overall Construction

Unmitigated Construction

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year	tons/yr										MT/yr					
2019	0.1956	1.9446	1.3249	2.2900e-003	0.1627	0.0996	0.2622	0.0852	0.0929	0.1781	0.0000	203.7792	203.7792	0.0507	0.0000	205.0455
2020	0.2289	1.8499	1.5550	2.6800e-003	0.0115	0.0918	0.1034	3.1800e-003	0.0863	0.0895	0.0000	234.6377	234.6377	0.0520	0.0000	235.9374
Maximum	0.2289	1.9446	1.5550	2.6800e-003	0.1627	0.0996	0.2622	0.0852	0.0929	0.1781	0.0000	234.6377	234.6377	0.0520	0.0000	235.9374

Mitigated Construction

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year	tons/yr										MT/yr					
2019	0.0626	1.2123	1.4122	2.2900e-003	0.0769	9.4400e-003	0.0863	0.0206	9.4100e-003	0.0300	0.0000	203.7790	203.7790	0.0507	0.0000	205.0453
2020	0.1121	1.4519	1.6574	2.6800e-003	0.0115	0.0116	0.0232	3.1800e-003	0.0116	0.0148	0.0000	234.6374	234.6374	0.0520	0.0000	235.9371
Maximum	0.1121	1.4519	1.6574	2.6800e-003	0.0769	0.0116	0.0863	0.0206	0.0116	0.0300	0.0000	234.6374	234.6374	0.0520	0.0000	235.9371

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Percent Reduction	58.84	29.79	-6.58	0.00	49.24	89.00	70.05	73.09	88.27	83.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Quarter	Start Date	End Date	Maximum Unmitigated ROG + NOX (tons/quarter)	Maximum Mitigated ROG + NOX (tons/quarter)
1	7-1-2019	9-30-2019	1.2146	0.6414
2	10-1-2019	12-31-2019	0.9086	0.6272
3	1-1-2020	3-31-2020	0.8191	0.6109
4	4-1-2020	6-30-2020	0.8217	0.6135

5	7-1-2020	9-30-2020	0.4277	0.3321
		Highest	1.2146	0.6414

3.0 Construction Detail

Construction Phase

Phase Number	Phase Name	Phase Type	Start Date	End Date	Num Days Week	Num Days	Phase Description
1	Demolition	Demolition	7/1/2019	7/26/2019	5	20	
2	Site Preparation	Site Preparation	7/27/2019	8/9/2019	5	10	
3	Grading	Grading	8/10/2019	9/6/2019	5	20	
4	Utilities	Trenching	8/10/2019	10/4/2019	5	40	
5	Building Construction	Building Construction	9/7/2019	7/24/2020	5	230	
6	Paving	Paving	7/25/2020	8/21/2020	5	20	
7	Architectural Coating	Architectural Coating	8/22/2020	9/18/2020	5	20	

Acres of Grading (Site Preparation Phase): 0

Acres of Grading (Grading Phase): 10

Acres of Paving: 0

Residential Indoor: 0; Residential Outdoor: 0; Non-Residential Indoor: 10,575; Non-Residential Outdoor: 3,525; Striped Parking Area: 0

OffRoad Equipment

Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Type	Amount	Usage Hours	Horse Power	Load Factor
Demolition	Concrete/Industrial Saws	1	8.00	81	0.73
Demolition	Excavators	3	8.00	158	0.38
Demolition	Rubber Tired Dozers	2	8.00	247	0.40
Site Preparation	Rubber Tired Dozers	3	8.00	247	0.40
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	4	8.00	97	0.37
Grading	Excavators	1	8.00	158	0.38
Grading	Graders	1	8.00	187	0.41
Grading	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	8.00	247	0.40

Grading	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	8.00	97	0.37
Utilities	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	1	6.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Cranes	1	7.00	231	0.29
Building Construction	Forklifts	3	8.00	89	0.20
Building Construction	Generator Sets	1	8.00	84	0.74
Building Construction	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	7.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Welders	1	8.00	46	0.45
Paving	Pavers	2	8.00	130	0.42
Paving	Paving Equipment	2	8.00	132	0.36
Paving	Rollers	2	8.00	80	0.38
Architectural Coating	Air Compressors	1	6.00	78	0.48

Trips and VMT

Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Count	Worker Trip Number	Vendor Trip Number	Hauling Trip Number	Worker Trip Length	Vendor Trip Length	Hauling Trip Length	Worker Vehicle Class	Vendor Vehicle Class	Hauling Vehicle Class
Demolition	6	15.00	2.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Site Preparation	7	18.00	2.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Grading	6	15.00	2.00	250.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Utilities	1	3.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Building Construction	9	137.00	54.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Paving	6	15.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Architectural Coating	1	27.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT

3.1 Mitigation Measures Construction

- Use Cleaner Engines for Construction Equipment
- Use DPF for Construction Equipment
- Use Soil Stabilizer
- Replace Ground Cover
- Water Exposed Area
- Reduce Vehicle Speed on Unpaved Roads

3.2 Demolition - 2019

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Off-Road	0.0351	0.3578	0.2206	3.9000e-004		0.0180	0.0180		0.0167	0.0167	0.0000	34.6263	34.6263	9.6300e-003	0.0000	34.8672
Total	0.0351	0.3578	0.2206	3.9000e-004		0.0180	0.0180		0.0167	0.0167	0.0000	34.6263	34.6263	9.6300e-003	0.0000	34.8672

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	4.0000e-005	1.4100e-003	4.1000e-004	0.0000	2.0000e-005	0.0000	2.0000e-005	1.0000e-005	0.0000	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1604	0.1604	2.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1608
Worker	1.8000e-004	9.0000e-005	1.1100e-003	0.0000	1.1000e-004	0.0000	1.1000e-004	3.0000e-005	0.0000	3.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1258	0.1258	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1260
Total	2.2000e-004	1.5000e-003	1.5200e-003	0.0000	1.3000e-004	0.0000	1.3000e-004	4.0000e-005	0.0000	4.0000e-005	0.0000	0.2862	0.2862	3.0000e-005	0.0000	0.2868

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Off-Road	9.2500e-003	0.1831	0.2467	3.9000e-004		1.2900e-003	1.2900e-003		1.2900e-003	1.2900e-003	0.0000	34.6263	34.6263	9.6300e-003	0.0000	34.8671
Total	9.2500e-003	0.1831	0.2467	3.9000e-004		1.2900e-003	1.2900e-003		1.2900e-003	1.2900e-003	0.0000	34.6263	34.6263	9.6300e-003	0.0000	34.8671

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	4.0000e-005	1.4100e-003	4.1000e-004	0.0000	2.0000e-005	0.0000	2.0000e-005	1.0000e-005	0.0000	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1604	0.1604	2.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1608
Worker	1.8000e-004	9.0000e-005	1.1100e-003	0.0000	1.1000e-004	0.0000	1.1000e-004	3.0000e-005	0.0000	3.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1258	0.1258	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1260
Total	2.2000e-004	1.5000e-003	1.5200e-003	0.0000	1.3000e-004	0.0000	1.3000e-004	4.0000e-005	0.0000	4.0000e-005	0.0000	0.2862	0.2862	3.0000e-005	0.0000	0.2868

3.3 Site Preparation - 2019

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Fugitive Dust					0.0903	0.0000	0.0903	0.0497	0.0000	0.0497	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Off-Road	0.0217	0.2279	0.1103	1.9000e-004		0.0120	0.0120		0.0110	0.0110	0.0000	17.0843	17.0843	5.4100e-003	0.0000	17.2195
Total	0.0217	0.2279	0.1103	1.9000e-004	0.0903	0.0120	0.1023	0.0497	0.0110	0.0607	0.0000	17.0843	17.0843	5.4100e-003	0.0000	17.2195

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	2.0000e-005	7.0000e-004	2.0000e-004	0.0000	1.0000e-005	0.0000	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0802	0.0802	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.0804
Worker	1.1000e-004	5.0000e-005	6.6000e-004	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000	7.0000e-005	2.0000e-005	0.0000	2.0000e-005	0.0000	0.0755	0.0755	0.0000	0.0000	0.0756
Total	1.3000e-004	7.5000e-004	8.6000e-004	0.0000	8.0000e-005	0.0000	8.0000e-005	2.0000e-005	0.0000	2.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1557	0.1557	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1560

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Fugitive Dust					0.0407	0.0000	0.0407	0.0112	0.0000	0.0112	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	4.6600e-003	0.0953	0.1148	1.9000e-004		7.1000e-004	7.1000e-004		7.1000e-004	7.1000e-004	0.0000	17.0843	17.0843	5.4100e-003	0.0000	17.2195
Total	4.6600e-003	0.0953	0.1148	1.9000e-004	0.0407	7.1000e-004	0.0414	0.0112	7.1000e-004	0.0119	0.0000	17.0843	17.0843	5.4100e-003	0.0000	17.2195

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	2.0000e-005	7.0000e-004	2.0000e-004	0.0000	1.0000e-005	0.0000	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0802	0.0802	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.0804
Worker	1.1000e-004	5.0000e-005	6.6000e-004	0.0000	7.0000e-005	0.0000	7.0000e-005	2.0000e-005	0.0000	2.0000e-005	0.0000	0.0755	0.0755	0.0000	0.0000	0.0756
Total	1.3000e-004	7.5000e-004	8.6000e-004	0.0000	8.0000e-005	0.0000	8.0000e-005	2.0000e-005	0.0000	2.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1557	0.1557	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1560

3.4 Grading - 2019

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Fugitive Dust					0.0656	0.0000	0.0656	0.0337	0.0000	0.0337	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0258	0.2835	0.1629	3.0000e-004		0.0140	0.0140		0.0129	0.0129	0.0000	26.6423	26.6423	8.4300e-003	0.0000	26.8530
Total	0.0258	0.2835	0.1629	3.0000e-004	0.0656	0.0140	0.0796	0.0337	0.0129	0.0466	0.0000	26.6423	26.6423	8.4300e-003	0.0000	26.8530

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
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Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Hauling	3.0000e-004	0.0134	2.2300e-003	2.0000e-005	1.1000e-004	2.0000e-005	1.3000e-004	3.0000e-005	2.0000e-005	5.0000e-005	0.0000	1.6194	1.6194	1.9000e-004	0.0000	1.6241
Vendor	4.0000e-005	1.4100e-003	4.1000e-004	0.0000	2.0000e-005	0.0000	2.0000e-005	1.0000e-005	0.0000	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1604	0.1604	2.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1608
Worker	1.8000e-004	9.0000e-005	1.1100e-003	0.0000	1.1000e-004	0.0000	1.1000e-004	3.0000e-005	0.0000	3.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1258	0.1258	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1260
Total	5.2000e-004	0.0149	3.7500e-003	2.0000e-005	2.4000e-004	2.0000e-005	2.6000e-004	7.0000e-005	2.0000e-005	9.0000e-005	0.0000	1.9056	1.9056	2.2000e-004	0.0000	1.9110

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Fugitive Dust					0.0295	0.0000	0.0295	7.5800e-003	0.0000	7.5800e-003	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	7.2600e-003	0.1484	0.1899	3.0000e-004		1.1300e-003	1.1300e-003		1.1300e-003	1.1300e-003	0.0000	26.6422	26.6422	8.4300e-003	0.0000	26.8530
Total	7.2600e-003	0.1484	0.1899	3.0000e-004	0.0295	1.1300e-003	0.0307	7.5800e-003	1.1300e-003	8.7100e-003	0.0000	26.6422	26.6422	8.4300e-003	0.0000	26.8530

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Hauling	3.0000e-004	0.0134	2.2300e-003	2.0000e-005	1.1000e-004	2.0000e-005	1.3000e-004	3.0000e-005	2.0000e-005	5.0000e-005	0.0000	1.6194	1.6194	1.9000e-004	0.0000	1.6241
Vendor	4.0000e-005	1.4100e-003	4.1000e-004	0.0000	2.0000e-005	0.0000	2.0000e-005	1.0000e-005	0.0000	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1604	0.1604	2.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1608

Worker	1.8000e-004	9.0000e-005	1.1100e-003	0.0000	1.1000e-004	0.0000	1.1000e-004	3.0000e-005	0.0000	3.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1258	0.1258	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1260
Total	5.2000e-004	0.0149	3.7500e-003	2.0000e-005	2.4000e-004	2.0000e-005	2.6000e-004	7.0000e-005	2.0000e-005	9.0000e-005	0.0000	1.9056	1.9056	2.2000e-004	0.0000	1.9110

3.5 Utilities - 2019

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Off-Road	3.4800e-003	0.0349	0.0344	5.0000e-005		2.3300e-003	2.3300e-003		2.1400e-003	2.1400e-003	0.0000	4.1680	4.1680	1.3200e-003	0.0000	4.2010
Total	3.4800e-003	0.0349	0.0344	5.0000e-005		2.3300e-003	2.3300e-003		2.1400e-003	2.1400e-003	0.0000	4.1680	4.1680	1.3200e-003	0.0000	4.2010

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	7.0000e-005	3.0000e-005	4.4000e-004	0.0000	4.0000e-005	0.0000	5.0000e-005	1.0000e-005	0.0000	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.0503	0.0503	0.0000	0.0000	0.0504
Total	7.0000e-005	3.0000e-005	4.4000e-004	0.0000	4.0000e-005	0.0000	5.0000e-005	1.0000e-005	0.0000	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.0503	0.0503	0.0000	0.0000	0.0504

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Off-Road	1.1300e-003	0.0259	0.0350	5.0000e-005		2.7000e-004	2.7000e-004		2.7000e-004	2.7000e-004	0.0000	4.1680	4.1680	1.3200e-003	0.0000	4.2010
Total	1.1300e-003	0.0259	0.0350	5.0000e-005		2.7000e-004	2.7000e-004		2.7000e-004	2.7000e-004	0.0000	4.1680	4.1680	1.3200e-003	0.0000	4.2010

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	7.0000e-005	3.0000e-005	4.4000e-004	0.0000	4.0000e-005	0.0000	5.0000e-005	1.0000e-005	0.0000	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.0503	0.0503	0.0000	0.0000	0.0504
Total	7.0000e-005	3.0000e-005	4.4000e-004	0.0000	4.0000e-005	0.0000	5.0000e-005	1.0000e-005	0.0000	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.0503	0.0503	0.0000	0.0000	0.0504

3.6 Building Construction - 2019

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
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Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Off-Road	0.0968	0.8642	0.7037	1.1000e-003		0.0529	0.0529		0.0497	0.0497	0.0000	96.3927	96.3927	0.0235	0.0000	96.9798
Total	0.0968	0.8642	0.7037	1.1000e-003		0.0529	0.0529		0.0497	0.0497	0.0000	96.3927	96.3927	0.0235	0.0000	96.9798

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	4.8200e-003	0.1559	0.0449	1.9000e-004	2.0500e-003	3.8000e-004	2.4300e-003	6.0000e-004	3.6000e-004	9.6000e-004	0.0000	17.7560	17.7560	1.9100e-003	0.0000	17.8037
Worker	6.8900e-003	3.2600e-003	0.0415	5.0000e-005	4.1800e-003	6.0000e-005	4.2300e-003	1.1200e-003	5.0000e-005	1.1700e-003	0.0000	4.7117	4.7117	2.3000e-004	0.0000	4.7174
Total	0.0117	0.1591	0.0864	2.4000e-004	6.2300e-003	4.4000e-004	6.6600e-003	1.7200e-003	4.1000e-004	2.1300e-003	0.0000	22.4677	22.4677	2.1400e-003	0.0000	22.5210

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Off-Road	0.0276	0.5833	0.7328	1.1000e-003		5.5600e-003	5.5600e-003		5.5600e-003	5.5600e-003	0.0000	96.3926	96.3926	0.0235	0.0000	96.9797
Total	0.0276	0.5833	0.7328	1.1000e-003		5.5600e-003	5.5600e-003		5.5600e-003	5.5600e-003	0.0000	96.3926	96.3926	0.0235	0.0000	96.9797

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	4.8200e-003	0.1559	0.0449	1.9000e-004	2.0500e-003	3.8000e-004	2.4300e-003	6.0000e-004	3.6000e-004	9.6000e-004	0.0000	17.7560	17.7560	1.9100e-003	0.0000	17.8037
Worker	6.8900e-003	3.2600e-003	0.0415	5.0000e-005	4.1800e-003	6.0000e-005	4.2300e-003	1.1200e-003	5.0000e-005	1.1700e-003	0.0000	4.7117	4.7117	2.3000e-004	0.0000	4.7174
Total	0.0117	0.1591	0.0864	2.4000e-004	6.2300e-003	4.4000e-004	6.6600e-003	1.7200e-003	4.1000e-004	2.1300e-003	0.0000	22.4677	22.4677	2.1400e-003	0.0000	22.5210

3.6 Building Construction - 2020

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Off-Road	0.1569	1.4198	1.2468	1.9900e-003		0.0827	0.0827		0.0777	0.0777	0.0000	171.3914	171.3914	0.0418	0.0000	172.4367
Total	0.1569	1.4198	1.2468	1.9900e-003		0.0827	0.0827		0.0777	0.0777	0.0000	171.3914	171.3914	0.0418	0.0000	172.4367

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	7.5500e-003	0.2673	0.0742	3.3000e-004	3.6900e-003	4.3000e-004	4.1200e-003	1.0800e-003	4.1000e-004	1.4900e-003	0.0000	32.0790	32.0790	3.1300e-003	0.0000	32.1572
Worker	0.0112	5.1400e-003	0.0665	9.0000e-005	7.5400e-003	1.0000e-004	7.6400e-003	2.0200e-003	1.0000e-004	2.1100e-003	0.0000	8.2443	8.2443	3.5000e-004	0.0000	8.2531
Total	0.0188	0.2724	0.1407	4.2000e-004	0.0112	5.3000e-004	0.0118	3.1000e-003	5.1000e-004	3.6000e-003	0.0000	40.3232	40.3232	3.4800e-003	0.0000	40.4104

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Off-Road	0.0499	1.0527	1.3227	1.9900e-003		0.0100	0.0100		0.0100	0.0100	0.0000	171.3912	171.3912	0.0418	0.0000	172.4365
Total	0.0499	1.0527	1.3227	1.9900e-003		0.0100	0.0100		0.0100	0.0100	0.0000	171.3912	171.3912	0.0418	0.0000	172.4365

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					

Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	7.5500e-003	0.2673	0.0742	3.3000e-004	3.6900e-003	4.3000e-004	4.1200e-003	1.0800e-003	4.1000e-004	1.4900e-003	0.0000	32.0790	32.0790	3.1300e-003	0.0000	32.1572
Worker	0.0112	5.1400e-003	0.0665	9.0000e-005	7.5400e-003	1.0000e-004	7.6400e-003	2.0200e-003	1.0000e-004	2.1100e-003	0.0000	8.2443	8.2443	3.5000e-004	0.0000	8.2531
Total	0.0188	0.2724	0.1407	4.2000e-004	0.0112	5.3000e-004	0.0118	3.1000e-003	5.1000e-004	3.6000e-003	0.0000	40.3232	40.3232	3.4800e-003	0.0000	40.4104

3.7 Paving - 2020

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Off-Road	0.0136	0.1407	0.1465	2.3000e-004		7.5300e-003	7.5300e-003		6.9300e-003	6.9300e-003	0.0000	20.0282	20.0282	6.4800e-003	0.0000	20.1902
Paving	0.0000					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total	0.0136	0.1407	0.1465	2.3000e-004		7.5300e-003	7.5300e-003		6.9300e-003	6.9300e-003	0.0000	20.0282	20.0282	6.4800e-003	0.0000	20.1902

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	1.7000e-004	8.0000e-005	9.8000e-004	0.0000	1.1000e-004	0.0000	1.1000e-004	3.0000e-005	0.0000	3.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1220	0.1220	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1221

Total	1.7000e-004	8.0000e-005	9.8000e-004	0.0000	1.1000e-004	0.0000	1.1000e-004	3.0000e-005	0.0000	3.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1220	0.1220	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1221
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Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Off-Road	5.6100e-003	0.1130	0.1730	2.3000e-004		9.1000e-004	9.1000e-004		9.1000e-004	9.1000e-004	0.0000	20.0282	20.0282	6.4800e-003	0.0000	20.1901
Paving	0.0000					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total	5.6100e-003	0.1130	0.1730	2.3000e-004		9.1000e-004	9.1000e-004		9.1000e-004	9.1000e-004	0.0000	20.0282	20.0282	6.4800e-003	0.0000	20.1901

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	1.7000e-004	8.0000e-005	9.8000e-004	0.0000	1.1000e-004	0.0000	1.1000e-004	3.0000e-005	0.0000	3.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1220	0.1220	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1221
Total	1.7000e-004	8.0000e-005	9.8000e-004	0.0000	1.1000e-004	0.0000	1.1000e-004	3.0000e-005	0.0000	3.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1220	0.1220	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.1221

3.8 Architectural Coating - 2020

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Archit. Coating	0.0368					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	2.4200e-003	0.0168	0.0183	3.0000e-005		1.1100e-003	1.1100e-003		1.1100e-003	1.1100e-003	0.0000	2.5533	2.5533	2.0000e-004	0.0000	2.5582
Total	0.0392	0.0168	0.0183	3.0000e-005		1.1100e-003	1.1100e-003		1.1100e-003	1.1100e-003	0.0000	2.5533	2.5533	2.0000e-004	0.0000	2.5582

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	3.0000e-004	1.4000e-004	1.7700e-003	0.0000	2.0000e-004	0.0000	2.0000e-004	5.0000e-005	0.0000	6.0000e-005	0.0000	0.2196	0.2196	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.2198
Total	3.0000e-004	1.4000e-004	1.7700e-003	0.0000	2.0000e-004	0.0000	2.0000e-004	5.0000e-005	0.0000	6.0000e-005	0.0000	0.2196	0.2196	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.2198

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					

Archit. Coating	0.0368					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	5.9000e-004	0.0136	0.0183	3.0000e-005		1.4000e-004	1.4000e-004		1.4000e-004	1.4000e-004	0.0000	2.5533	2.5533	2.0000e-004	0.0000	2.5582
Total	0.0374	0.0136	0.0183	3.0000e-005		1.4000e-004	1.4000e-004		1.4000e-004	1.4000e-004	0.0000	2.5533	2.5533	2.0000e-004	0.0000	2.5582

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	3.0000e-004	1.4000e-004	1.7700e-003	0.0000	2.0000e-004	0.0000	2.0000e-004	5.0000e-005	0.0000	6.0000e-005	0.0000	0.2196	0.2196	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.2198
Total	3.0000e-004	1.4000e-004	1.7700e-003	0.0000	2.0000e-004	0.0000	2.0000e-004	5.0000e-005	0.0000	6.0000e-005	0.0000	0.2196	0.2196	1.0000e-005	0.0000	0.2198

St James Park - Building Energy - Santa Clara County, Annual

St James Park - Building Energy

Santa Clara County, Annual

1.0 Project Characteristics

1.1 Land Usage

Land Uses	Size	Metric	Lot Acreage	Floor Surface Area	Population
General Office Building	4.00	1000sqft	0.00	4,000.00	0
Arena	1.80	1000sqft	0.75	1,800.00	0
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	1.25	1000sqft	0.00	1,250.00	0

1.2 Other Project Characteristics

Urbanization	Urban	Wind Speed (m/s)	2.2	Precipitation Freq (Days)	58
Climate Zone	4			Operational Year	2021
Utility Company	Pacific Gas & Electric Company				
CO2 Intensity (lb/MW hr)	290	CH4 Intensity (lb/MW hr)	0.029	N2O Intensity (lb/MW hr)	0.006

1.3 User Entered Comments & Non-Default Data

Project Characteristics - PG&E 2020 290 CO2 rate

Land Use - The building area 7,050 sf of building (1,800 performing arts pavilion + 1,250 sf café and restroom + 2,250 sf restroom and storage + 1,750 office = 7,050). Added the 2,250-sf building from the picnic area to the office land use to be conservative about energy assumptions

Construction Phase - Operational model run, no construction schedule

Off-road Equipment - No construction equipment

Trips and VMT -

Vehicle Trips - Not accounting for mobile emissions

Consumer Products - Only accounting for energy

Area Coating - only accounting for energy

Landscape Equipment - accounting for energy

Energy Use -

Water And Wastewater - aerobic 100%, accounting for energy

Solid Waste - only accounting for energy

Grading -

Table Name	Column Name	Default Value	New Value
tblAreaCoating	Area_EF_Parking	150	0
tblLandUse	LotAcreage	0.09	0.00
tblLandUse	LotAcreage	0.58	0.75
tblLandUse	LotAcreage	0.03	0.00
tblOffRoadEquipment	OffRoadEquipmentUnitAmount	1.00	0.00
tblOffRoadEquipment	OffRoadEquipmentUnitAmount	1.00	0.00
tblProjectCharacteristics	CO2IntensityFactor	641.35	290
tblSolidWaste	LandfillCaptureGasFlare	94.00	0.00
tblSolidWaste	LandfillCaptureGasFlare	94.00	0.00
tblSolidWaste	LandfillCaptureGasFlare	94.00	0.00
tblSolidWaste	LandfillNoGasCapture	6.00	0.00
tblSolidWaste	LandfillNoGasCapture	6.00	0.00
tblSolidWaste	LandfillNoGasCapture	6.00	0.00
tblSolidWaste	SolidWasteGenerationRate	0.05	0.00
tblSolidWaste	SolidWasteGenerationRate	3.72	0.00
tblSolidWaste	SolidWasteGenerationRate	14.88	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	10.71	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	2.46	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	158.37	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	10.71	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	1.05	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	131.84	0.00

tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	10.71	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	11.03	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	127.15	0.00
tblWater	AerobicPercent	87.46	100.00
tblWater	AerobicPercent	87.46	100.00
tblWater	AerobicPercent	87.46	100.00
tblWater	AnaerobicandFacultativeLagoonsPerce nt	2.21	0.00
tblWater	AnaerobicandFacultativeLagoonsPerce nt	2.21	0.00
tblWater	AnaerobicandFacultativeLagoonsPerce nt	2.21	0.00
tblWater	ElectricityIntensityFactorForWastewater Treatment	1,911.00	0.00
tblWater	ElectricityIntensityFactorForWastewater Treatment	1,911.00	0.00
tblWater	ElectricityIntensityFactorForWastewater Treatment	1,911.00	0.00
tblWater	ElectricityIntensityFactorToDistribute	1,272.00	0.00
tblWater	ElectricityIntensityFactorToDistribute	1,272.00	0.00
tblWater	ElectricityIntensityFactorToDistribute	1,272.00	0.00
tblWater	ElectricityIntensityFactorToSupply	2,117.00	0.00
tblWater	ElectricityIntensityFactorToSupply	2,117.00	0.00
tblWater	ElectricityIntensityFactorToSupply	2,117.00	0.00
tblWater	ElectricityIntensityFactorToTreat	111.00	0.00
tblWater	ElectricityIntensityFactorToTreat	111.00	0.00
tblWater	ElectricityIntensityFactorToTreat	111.00	0.00
tblWater	IndoorWaterUseRate	775,386.21	0.00
tblWater	IndoorWaterUseRate	710,934.99	0.00
tblWater	IndoorWaterUseRate	379,417.14	0.00
tblWater	OutdoorWaterUseRate	49,492.74	0.00
tblWater	OutdoorWaterUseRate	435,734.35	0.00
tblWater	OutdoorWaterUseRate	24,218.12	0.00
tblWater	SepticTankPercent	10.33	0.00
tblWater	SepticTankPercent	10.33	0.00
tblWater	SepticTankPercent	10.33	0.00

Waste						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Water						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total	0.0332	0.0183	0.0154	1.1000e-004	0.0000	1.3900e-003	1.3900e-003	0.0000	1.3900e-003	1.3900e-003	0.0000	36.6123	36.6123	2.0500e-003	7.1000e-004	36.8754

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

4.0 Operational Detail - Mobile

5.0 Energy Detail

Historical Energy Use: N

5.1 Mitigation Measures Energy

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Electricity Mitigated						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	16.7174	16.7174	1.6700e-003	3.5000e-004	16.8623
Electricity Unmitigated						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	16.7174	16.7174	1.6700e-003	3.5000e-004	16.8623
NaturalGas Mitigated	2.0100e-003	0.0183	0.0154	1.1000e-004		1.3900e-003	1.3900e-003		1.3900e-003	1.3900e-003	0.0000	19.8948	19.8948	3.8000e-004	3.6000e-004	20.0130
NaturalGas Unmitigated	2.0100e-003	0.0183	0.0154	1.1000e-004		1.3900e-003	1.3900e-003		1.3900e-003	1.3900e-003	0.0000	19.8948	19.8948	3.8000e-004	3.6000e-004	20.0130

5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas

Unmitigated

	NaturalGas Use	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr	tons/yr										MT/yr					

Arena	47484	2.6000e-004	2.3300e-003	1.9600e-003	1.0000e-005		1.8000e-004	1.8000e-004		1.8000e-004	1.8000e-004	0.0000	2.5339	2.5339	5.0000e-005	5.0000e-005	2.5490
General Office Building	65480	3.5000e-004	3.2100e-003	2.7000e-003	2.0000e-005		2.4000e-004	2.4000e-004		2.4000e-004	2.4000e-004	0.0000	3.4943	3.4943	7.0000e-005	6.0000e-005	3.5150
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	259850	1.4000e-003	0.0127	0.0107	8.0000e-005		9.7000e-004	9.7000e-004		9.7000e-004	9.7000e-004	0.0000	13.8666	13.8666	2.7000e-004	2.5000e-004	13.9490
Total		2.0100e-003	0.0183	0.0154	1.1000e-004		1.3900e-003	1.3900e-003		1.3900e-003	1.3900e-003	0.0000	19.8948	19.8948	3.9000e-004	3.6000e-004	20.0130

Mitigated

	NaturalGas Use	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr	tons/yr										MT/yr					
Arena	47484	2.6000e-004	2.3300e-003	1.9600e-003	1.0000e-005		1.8000e-004	1.8000e-004		1.8000e-004	1.8000e-004	0.0000	2.5339	2.5339	5.0000e-005	5.0000e-005	2.5490
General Office Building	65480	3.5000e-004	3.2100e-003	2.7000e-003	2.0000e-005		2.4000e-004	2.4000e-004		2.4000e-004	2.4000e-004	0.0000	3.4943	3.4943	7.0000e-005	6.0000e-005	3.5150
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	259850	1.4000e-003	0.0127	0.0107	8.0000e-005		9.7000e-004	9.7000e-004		9.7000e-004	9.7000e-004	0.0000	13.8666	13.8666	2.7000e-004	2.5000e-004	13.9490
Total		2.0100e-003	0.0183	0.0154	1.1000e-004		1.3900e-003	1.3900e-003		1.3900e-003	1.3900e-003	0.0000	19.8948	19.8948	3.9000e-004	3.6000e-004	20.0130

5.3 Energy by Land Use - Electricity

Unmitigated

	Electricity Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kWh/yr	MT/yr			
Arena	14868	1.9558	2.0000e-004	4.0000e-005	1.9727
General Office Building	71320	9.3816	9.4000e-004	1.9000e-004	9.4629
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	40900	5.3801	5.4000e-004	1.1000e-004	5.4267
Total		16.7174	1.6800e-003	3.4000e-004	16.8623

Mitigated

	Electricity Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kWh/yr	MT/yr			
Arena	14868	1.9558	2.0000e-004	4.0000e-005	1.9727
General Office Building	71320	9.3816	9.4000e-004	1.9000e-004	9.4629
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	40900	5.3801	5.4000e-004	1.1000e-004	5.4267
Total		16.7174	1.6800e-003	3.4000e-004	16.8623

Attachment 3: Construction Health Risk Calculations

Saint James Park, San Jose, CA

DPM Emissions and Modeling Emission Rates - Unmitigated

Emissions Model		DPM	Area	DPM Emissions			Modeled Area	DPM Emission Rate
Year	Activity	(ton/year)	Source	(lb/yr)	(lb/hr)	(g/s)	(m ²)	(g/s/m ²)
2019	Construction	0.0996	DPM	199.2	0.06064	7.64E-03	32,112	2.38E-07
2020	Construction	0.0918	DPM	183.6	0.05589	7.04E-03	32,112	2.19E-07
Total		0.1914		382.8	0.1165	0.0147		

Operation Hours

hr/day = 9 (7am - 4pm)

days/yr = 365

hours/year = 3285

PM2.5 Fugitive Dust Emissions for Modeling - Unmitigated

Construction		Area	PM2.5 Emissions				Modeled Area	PM2.5 Emission Rate
Year	Activity	Source	(ton/year)	(lb/yr)	(lb/hr)	(g/s)	(m ²)	g/s/m ²
2019	Construction	FUG	0.0852	170.4	0.05187	6.54E-03	32,112	2.04E-07
2020	Construction	FUG	0.0032	6.4	0.00194	2.44E-04	32,112	7.60E-09
Total			0.0884	176.8	0.0538	0.0068		

Operation Hours

hr/day = 9 (7am - 4pm)

days/yr = 365

hours/year = 3285

DPM Construction Emissions and Modeling Emission Rates - With Mitigation

Emissions Model		DPM	Area	DPM Emissions			Modeled Area	DPM Emission Rate
Year	Activity	(ton/year)	Source	(lb/yr)	(lb/hr)	(g/s)	(m ²)	(g/s/m ²)
2019	Construction	0.0094	DPM	18.9	0.00575	7.24E-04	30,777	2.35E-08
2020	Construction	0.0116	DPM	23.2	0.00706	8.90E-04	30,777	2.89E-08
Total		0.0210		42.1	0.0128	0.0016		

Operation Hours

hr/day = 9 (7am - 4pm)
 days/yr = 365
 hours/year = 3285

PM2.5 Fugitive Dust Construction Emissions for Modeling - With Mitigation

Construction		Area	PM2.5 Emissions				Modeled Area	PM2.5 Emission Rate
Year	Activity	Source	(ton/year)	(lb/yr)	(lb/hr)	(g/s)	(m ²)	g/s/m ²
2019	Construction	FUG	0.0206	41.2	0.01254	1.58E-03	30,777	5.13E-08
2020	Construction	FUG	0.0032	6.4	0.00194	2.44E-04	30,777	7.93E-09
Total			0.0238	47.6	0.0145	0.0018		

Operation Hours

hr/day = 9 (7am - 4pm)
 days/yr = 365
 hours/year = 3285

Saint James Park, San Jose, CA
Construction Health Impacts Summary

Maximum Impacts at Construction MEI Location - Unmitigated

Emissions Year						
	Maximum Concentrations		Cancer Risk (per million)		Hazard Index	Maximum Annual PM2.5 Concentration
	Exhaust PM10/DPM	Fugitive PM2.5				
	(µg/m ³)	(µg/m ³)	Child	Adult	(-)	(µg/m ³)
2019	0.1077	0.1279	19.21	0.31	0.022	0.24
2020	0.0991	0.0048	16.27	0.28	0.020	0.10
Total	-	-	35.5	0.6	-	-
Maximum	0.1077	0.1279	-	-	0.022	0.24

Maximum Impacts at Construction MEI Location - With Mitigation

Emissions Year						
	Maximum Concentrations		Cancer Risk (per million)		Hazard Index	Maximum Annual PM2.5 Concentration
	Exhaust PM10/DPM	Fugitive PM2.5				
	(µg/m ³)	(µg/m ³)	Child	Adult	(-)	(µg/m ³)
2019	0.0102	0.0244	1.82	0.03	0.002	0.03
2020	0.0126	0.0038	2.06	0.04	0.003	0.02
Total	-	-	3.9	0.1	-	-
Maximum	0.0126	0.0244	-	-	0.003	0.03

Saint James Park, San Jose, CA - Unmitigated Emissions
Maximum DPM Cancer Risk Calculations From Construction
Impacts at Off-Site Receptors-4.5 meter

Cancer Risk (per million) = CPF x Inhalation Dose x ASF x ED/AT x FAH x 1.0E6

Where: CPF = Cancer potency factor (mg/kg-day)⁻¹

ASF = Age sensitivity factor for specified age group

ED = Exposure duration (years)

AT = Averaging time for lifetime cancer risk (years)

FAH = Fraction of time spent at home (unitless)

Inhalation Dose = C_{air} x DBR x A x (EF/365) x 10⁻⁶

Where: C_{air} = concentration in air (µg/m³)

DBR = daily breathing rate (L/kg body weight-day)

A = Inhalation absorption factor

EF = Exposure frequency (days/year)

10⁻⁶ = Conversion factor

Values

Age → Parameter	Infant/Child				Adult
	3rd Trimester	0 - 2	2 - 9	2 - 16	16 - 30
ASF =	10	10	3	3	1
CPF =	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00
DBR* =	361	1090	631	572	261
A =	1	1	1	1	1
EF =	350	350	350	350	350
AT =	70	70	70	70	70
FAH =	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.73

* 95th percentile breathing rates for infants and 80th percentile for children and adults

Construction Cancer Risk by Year - Maximum Impact Receptor Location

Exposure Year	Exposure Duration (years)	Age	Infant/Child - Exposure Information			Infant/Child Cancer Risk (per million)	Adult - Exposure Information			Adult Cancer Risk (per million)	Fugitive PM2.5	Total PM2.5
			DPM Conc (ug/m3)		Age Sensitivity Factor		Modeled		Age Sensitivity Factor			
			Year	Annual			DPM Conc (ug/m3)	Year				
0	0.25	-0.25 - 0*	2019	0.1035	10	1.47	2019	0.1035	-	-		
1	1	0 - 1	2019	0.1035	10	16.99	2019	0.1035	1	0.30	0.0972	0.201
2	1	1 - 2	2020	0.0952	10	15.63	2020	0.0952	1	0.27	0.0036	0.099
3	1	2 - 3		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
4	1	3 - 4		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
5	1	4 - 5		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
6	1	5 - 6		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
7	1	6 - 7		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
8	1	7 - 8		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
9	1	8 - 9		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
10	1	9 - 10		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
11	1	10 - 11		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
12	1	11 - 12		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
13	1	12 - 13		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
14	1	13 - 14		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
15	1	14 - 15		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
16	1	15 - 16		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
17	1	16-17		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
18	1	17-18		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
19	1	18-19		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
20	1	19-20		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
21	1	20-21		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
22	1	21-22		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
23	1	22-23		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
24	1	23-24		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
25	1	24-25		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
26	1	25-26		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
27	1	26-27		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
28	1	27-28		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
29	1	28-29		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
30	1	29-30		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
Total Increased Cancer Risk						34.1				0.57		

* Third trimester of pregnancy

Saint James Park, San Jose, CA - Mitigated Emissions
Maximum DPM Cancer Risk Calculations From Construction
Impacts at Off-Site Receptors- 4.5 meter

Cancer Risk (per million) = CPF x Inhalation Dose x ASF x ED/AT x FAH x 1.0E6

Where: CPF = Cancer potency factor (mg/kg-day)⁻¹

ASF = Age sensitivity factor for specified age group

ED = Exposure duration (years)

AT = Averaging time for lifetime cancer risk (years)

FAH = Fraction of time spent at home (unitless)

Inhalation Dose = C_{air} x DBR x A x (EF/365) x 10⁻⁶

Where: C_{air} = concentration in air (µg/m³)

DBR = daily breathing rate (L/kg body weight-day)

A = Inhalation absorption factor

EF = Exposure frequency (days/year)

10⁻⁶ = Conversion factor

Values

Age -> Parameter	Infant/Child				Adult
	3rd Trimester	0 - 2	2 - 9	2 - 16	16 - 30
ASF =	10	10	3	3	1
CPF =	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00
DBR* =	361	1090	631	572	261
A =	1	1	1	1	1
EF =	350	350	350	350	350
AT =	70	70	70	70	70
FAH =	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.73

* 95th percentile breathing rates for infants and 80th percentile for children and adults

Construction Cancer Risk by Year - Maximum Impact Receptor Location

Exposure Year	Exposure Duration (years)	Age	Infant/Child - Exposure Information			Infant/Child Cancer Risk (per million)	Adult - Exposure Information			Adult Cancer Risk (per million)	Fugitive PM2.5	Total PM2.5
			DPM Conc (ug/m3)	Sensitivity	Factor		Modeled		Age Sensitivity Factor			
							DPM Conc (ug/m3)					
							Year	Annual				
0	0.25	-0.25 - 0*	2019	0.0102	10	0.14	2019	0.0102	-	-		
1	1	0 - 1	2019	0.0102	10	1.68	2019	0.0102	1	0.03	0.0244	0.035
2	1	1 - 2	2020	0.0126	10	2.06	2020	0.0126	1	0.04	0.0038	0.016
3	1	2 - 3		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
4	1	3 - 4		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
5	1	4 - 5		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
6	1	5 - 6		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
7	1	6 - 7		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
8	1	7 - 8		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
9	1	8 - 9		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
10	1	9 - 10		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
11	1	10 - 11		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
12	1	11 - 12		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
13	1	12 - 13		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
14	1	13 - 14		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
15	1	14 - 15		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
16	1	15 - 16		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
17	1	16-17		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
18	1	17-18		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
19	1	18-19		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
20	1	19-20		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
21	1	20-21		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
22	1	21-22		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
23	1	22-23		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
24	1	23-24		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
25	1	24-25		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
26	1	25-26		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
27	1	26-27		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
28	1	27-28		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
29	1	28-29		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
30	1	29-30		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
Total Increased Cancer Risk						3.9				0.07		

* Third trimester of pregnancy

Saint James Park, San Jose, CA - Unmitigated Emissions
Maximum DPM Cancer Risk Calculations From Construction
Impacts at Off-Site Receptors-1.5 meter receptor height

Cancer Risk (per million) = CPF x Inhalation Dose x ASF x ED/AT x FAH x 1.0E6

Where: CPF = Cancer potency factor (mg/kg-day)⁻¹

ASF = Age sensitivity factor for specified age group

ED = Exposure duration (years)

AT = Averaging time for lifetime cancer risk (years)

FAH = Fraction of time spent at home (unitless)

Inhalation Dose = C_{air} x DBR x A x (EF/365) x 10⁻⁶

Where: C_{air} = concentration in air (µg/m³)

DBR = daily breathing rate (L/kg body weight-day)

A = Inhalation absorption factor

EF = Exposure frequency (days/year)

10⁻⁶ = Conversion factor

Values

Age -> Parameter	Infant/Child				Adult
	3rd Trimester	0 - 2	2 - 9	2 - 16	16 - 30
ASF =	10	10	3	3	1
CPF =	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00
DBR* =	361	1090	631	572	261
A =	1	1	1	1	1
EF =	350	350	350	350	350
AT =	70	70	70	70	70
FAH =	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.73

* 95th percentile breathing rates for infants and 80th percentile for children and adults

Construction Cancer Risk by Year - Maximum Impact Receptor Location

Exposure Year	Exposure Duration (years)	Age	Infant/Child - Exposure Information			Infant/Child Cancer Risk (per million)	Adult - Exposure Information			Adult Cancer Risk (per million)	Fugitive PM2.5	Total PM2.5
			DPM Conc (ug/m3)		Age Sensitivity Factor		Modeled		Age Sensitivity Factor			
			Year	Annual			Year	Annual				
0	0.25	-0.25 - 0*	2019	0.1077	10	1.53	2019	0.1077	-	-		
1	1	0 - 1	2019	0.1077	10	17.68	2019	0.1077	1	0.31	0.1133	0.2209
2	1	1 - 2	2020	0.0841	10	13.82	2020	0.0841	1	0.24	0.0042	0.0884
3	1	2 - 3		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
4	1	3 - 4		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
5	1	4 - 5		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
6	1	5 - 6		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
7	1	6 - 7		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
8	1	7 - 8		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
9	1	8 - 9		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
10	1	9 - 10		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
11	1	10 - 11		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
12	1	11 - 12		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
13	1	12 - 13		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
14	1	13 - 14		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
15	1	14 - 15		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
16	1	15 - 16		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
17	1	16-17		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
18	1	17-18		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
19	1	18-19		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
20	1	19-20		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
21	1	20-21		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
22	1	21-22		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
23	1	22-23		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
24	1	23-24		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
25	1	24-25		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
26	1	25-26		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
27	1	26-27		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
28	1	27-28		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
29	1	28-29		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
30	1	29-30		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
Total Increased Cancer Risk						33.0				0.55		

* Third trimester of pregnancy

Saint James Park, San Jose, CA - Unmitigated Emissions
Maximum DPM Cancer Risk Calculations From Construction
Impacts at Off-Site Receptors-7.5 meter

Cancer Risk (per million) = CPF x Inhalation Dose x ASF x ED/AT x FAH x 1.0E6

Where: CPF = Cancer potency factor (mg/kg-day)⁻¹

ASF = Age sensitivity factor for specified age group

ED = Exposure duration (years)

AT = Averaging time for lifetime cancer risk (years)

FAH = Fraction of time spent at home (unitless)

Inhalation Dose = C_{air} x DBR x A x (EF/365) x 10⁻⁶

Where: C_{air} = concentration in air (µg/m³)

DBR = daily breathing rate (L/kg body weight-day)

A = Inhalation absorption factor

EF = Exposure frequency (days/year)

10⁻⁶ = Conversion factor

Values

Age -> Parameter	Infant/Child				Adult
	3rd Trimester	0 - 2	2 - 9	2 - 16	16 - 30
ASF =	10	10	3	3	1
CPF =	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00
DBR* =	361	1090	631	572	261
A =	1	1	1	1	1
EF =	350	350	350	350	350
AT =	70	70	70	70	70
FAH =	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.73

* 95th percentile breathing rates for infants and 80th percentile for children and adults

Construction Cancer Risk by Year - Maximum Impact Receptor Location

Exposure Year	Exposure Duration (years)	Age	Infant/Child - Exposure Information			Infant/Child Cancer Risk (per million)	Adult - Exposure Information			Adult Cancer Risk (per million)	Fugitive PM2.5	Total PM2.5
			DPM Conc (ug/m3)	Sensitivity	Age Factor		Modeled		Age Sensitivity Factor			
							DPM Conc (ug/m3)	Sensitivity				
0	0.25	-0.25 - 0*	2019	0.0852	10	1.21	2019	0.0852	-	-		
1	1	0 - 1	2019	0.0852	10	14.00	2019	0.0852	1	0.24	0.0678	0.153
2	1	1 - 2	2020	0.0784	10	12.88	2020	0.0784	1	0.23	0.0025	0.081
3	1	2 - 3		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
4	1	3 - 4		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
5	1	4 - 5		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
6	1	5 - 6		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
7	1	6 - 7		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
8	1	7 - 8		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
9	1	8 - 9		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
10	1	9 - 10		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
11	1	10 - 11		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
12	1	11 - 12		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
13	1	12 - 13		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
14	1	13 - 14		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
15	1	14 - 15		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
16	1	15 - 16		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
17	1	16-17		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
18	1	17-18		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
19	1	18-19		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
20	1	19-20		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
21	1	20-21		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
22	1	21-22		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
23	1	22-23		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
24	1	23-24		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
25	1	24-25		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
26	1	25-26		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
27	1	26-27		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
28	1	27-28		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
29	1	28-29		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
30	1	29-30		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00		
Total Increased Cancer Risk						28.1				0.47		

* Third trimester of pregnancy

Attachment 4: Screening Community Risk Calculations

AERMOD Modeling Calculations for Park Tower Construction

Park Tower Construction, San Jose, CA

DPM Emissions and Modeling Emission Rates - Unmitigated

Emissions Model		DPM	Area	DPM Emissions			Modeled Area	DPM Emission Rate
Year	Activity	(ton/year)	Source	(lb/yr)	(lb/hr)	(g/s)	(m ²)	(g/s/m ²)
2019	Construction	0.1200	DPM	240.0	0.07306	9.21E-03	6,608	1.39E-06
Total		0.2118		423.6	0.1289	0.0162		

Operation Hours

hr/day = 9 (7am - 4pm)
 days/yr = 365
 hours/year = 3285

PM2.5 Fugitive Dust Emissions for Modeling - Unmitigated

Construction		Area	PM2.5 Emissions				Modeled Area	PM2.5 Emission Rate
Year	Activity	Source	(ton/year)	(lb/yr)	(lb/hr)	(g/s)	(m ²)	g/s/m ²
2019	Construction	FUG	0.0852	0.1	0.00002	2.30E-06	6,608	3.48E-10
Total			0.0884	6.4	0.0020	0.0002		

Operation Hours

hr/day = 9 (7am - 4pm)
 days/yr = 365
 hours/year = 3285

Park Tower Apartments, San Jose, CA - Unmitigated Emissions
Maximum DPM Cancer Risk Calculations From Construction
Impacts at MEI-4.5 meter

Cancer Risk (per million) = CPF x Inhalation Dose x ASF x ED/AT x FAH x 1.0E6

Where: CPF = Cancer potency factor (mg/kg-day)⁻¹
 ASF = Age sensitivity factor for specified age group
 ED = Exposure duration (years)
 AT = Averaging time for lifetime cancer risk (years)
 FAH = Fraction of time spent at home (unitless)

Inhalation Dose = C_{air} x DBR x A x (EF/365) x 10⁻⁶

Where: C_{air} = concentration in air (µg/m³)
 DBR = daily breathing rate (L/kg body weight-day)
 A = Inhalation absorption factor
 EF = Exposure frequency (days/year)
 10⁻⁶ = Conversion factor

Values

Age -> Parameter	Infant/Child				Adult
	3rd Trimester	0 - 2	2 - 9	2 - 16	16 - 30
ASF =	10	10	3	3	1
CPF =	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00
DBR* =	361	1090	631	572	261
A =	1	1	1	1	1
EF =	350	350	350	350	350
AT =	70	70	70	70	70
FAH =	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.73

* 95th percentile breathing rates for infants and 80th percentile for children and adults

Construction Cancer Risk by Year - Maximum Impact Receptor Location

Exposure Year	Exposure Duration (years)	Age	Infant/Child - Exposure Information			Infant/Child Cancer Risk (per million)	Adult - Exposure Information			Adult Cancer Risk (per million)
			DPM Conc (ug/m3)		Sensitivity Factor		Modeled		Sensitivity Factor	
			Year	Annual			Year	Annual		
0	0.25	-0.25 - 0*	2019	0.0476	10	0.67	2019	0.0476	-	-
1	1	0 - 1	2019	0.0476	10	7.81	2019	0.0476	1	0.14
2	1	1 - 2		0.0000	10	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
3	1	2 - 3		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
4	1	3 - 4		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
5	1	4 - 5		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
6	1	5 - 6		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
7	1	6 - 7		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
8	1	7 - 8		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
9	1	8 - 9		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
10	1	9 - 10		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
11	1	10 - 11		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
12	1	11 - 12		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
13	1	12 - 13		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
14	1	13 - 14		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
15	1	14 - 15		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
16	1	15 - 16		0.0000	3	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
17	1	16-17		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
18	1	17-18		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
19	1	18-19		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
20	1	19-20		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
21	1	20-21		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
22	1	21-22		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
23	1	22-23		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
24	1	23-24		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
25	1	24-25		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
26	1	25-26		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
27	1	26-27		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
28	1	27-28		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
29	1	28-29		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
30	1	29-30		0.0000	1	0.00		0.0000	1	0.00
Total Increased Cancer Risk						8.5				0.14

* Third trimester of pregnancy

Fugitive
PM2.5
0.0000

Total
PM2.5
0.0476

Hazard
Index
0.01

Roadway Screening Analysis Calculator

County specific tables containing estimates of risk and hazard impacts from roadways in the Bay Area.

INSTRUCTIONS:

Input the site-specific characteristics of your project by using the drop down menu in the "Search Parameter" box. We recommend that this analysis be used for roadways with 10,000 AADT and above.

- County: Select the County where the project is located. The calculator is only applicable for projects within the nine Bay Area counties.
- Roadway Direction: Select the orientation that best matches the roadway. If the roadway orientation is neither clearly north-south nor east-west, use the highest values predicted from either orientation.
- Side of the Roadway: Identify on which side of the roadway the project is located.
- Distance from Roadway: Enter the distance in feet from the nearest edge of the roadway to the project site. The calculator estimates values for distances greater than 10 feet and less than 1000 feet. For distances greater than 1000 feet, the user can choose to extrapolate values using a distribution curve or apply 1000 feet values for greater distances.
- Annual Average Daily Traffic (ADT): Enter the annual average daily traffic on the roadway. These data may be collected from the city or the county (if the area is unincorporated).

When the user has completed the data entries, the screening level PM2.5 annual average concentration and the cancer risk results will appear in the Results Box on the right. Please note that the roadway tool is not applicable for California State Highways and the District refers the user to the Highway Screening Analysis Tool at: <http://www.baaqmd.gov/Divisions/Planning-and-Research/CEQA-GUIDELINES/Tools-and-Methodology.aspx>.

Notes and References listed below the Search Boxes

Search Parameters

County	<input type="text" value="Santa Clara"/>
Roadway Direction	<input type="text" value="East-West"/>
Side of the Roadway	<input type="text" value="North"/>
Distance from Roadway	<input type="text" value="500"/> feet
Annual Average Daily Traffic (ADT)	<input type="text" value="13,540"/>

Results

Santa Clara County

EAST-WEST DIRECTIONAL ROADWAY

PM2.5 annual average

0.032 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

Cancer Risk

1.72 (per million)

East Santa Clara Street

Cumulative plus project volumes from traffic report
Data for Santa Clara County based on meteorological data collected from San Jose Airport in 1997

**Adjusted for 2015 OEHHA
and EMFAC2014 for 2018**

1.18

(per million)

Note that EMFAC2014 predicts DSL PM2.5 aggregate rates in 2018 that are 46% of EMFAC2011 for 2014. TOG gasoline rates are 56% of EMFAC2011 year 2014 rates. This is for light- and medium-duty vehicles traveling at 30 mph for Bay Area

Notes and References:

1. Emissions were developed using EMFAC2011 for fleet mix in 2014 assuming 10,000 AADT and includes impacts from diesel and gasoline vehicle exhaust, brake and tire wear, and resuspended dust.
2. Roadways were modeled using CALINE4 Cal3qhc air dispersion model assuming a source length of one kilometer. Meteorological data used to estimate the screening values are noted at the bottom of the "Results" box.
3. Cancer risks were estimated for 70 year lifetime exposure starting in 2014 that includes sensitivity values for early life exposures and OEHHA toxicity values adopted in 2013.

Roadway Screening Analysis Calculator

County specific tables containing estimates of risk and hazard impacts from roadways in the Bay Area.

INSTRUCTIONS:

Input the site-specific characteristics of your project by using the drop down menu in the "Search Parameter" box. We recommend that this analysis be used for roadways with 10,000 AADT and above.

- County: Select the County where the project is located. The calculator is only applicable for projects within the nine Bay Area counties.
- Roadway Direction: Select the orientation that best matches the roadway. If the roadway orientation is neither clearly north-south nor east-west, use the highest values predicted from either orientation.
- Side of the Roadway: Identify on which side of the roadway the project is located.
- Distance from Roadway: Enter the distance in feet from the nearest edge of the roadway to the project site. The calculator estimates values for distances greater than 10 feet and less than 1000 feet. For distances greater than 1000 feet, the user can choose to extrapolate values using a distribution curve or apply 1000 feet values for greater distances.
- Annual Average Daily Traffic (ADT): Enter the annual average daily traffic on the roadway. These data may be collected from the city or the county (if the area is unincorporated).

When the user has completed the data entries, the screening level PM2.5 annual average concentration and the cancer risk results will appear in the Results Box on the right. Please note that the roadway tool is not applicable for California State Highways and the District refers the user to the Highway Screening Analysis Tool at: <http://www.baaqmd.gov/Divisions/Planning-and-Research/CEQA-GUIDELINES/Tools-and-Methodology.aspx>.

Notes and References listed below the Search Boxes

Search Parameters

County	<input type="text" value="Santa Clara"/>
Roadway Direction	<input type="text" value="North-South"/>
Side of the Roadway	<input type="text" value="East"/>
Distance from Roadway	<input type="text" value="600"/> feet
Annual Average Daily Traffic (ADT)	<input type="text" value="17,900"/>

Results

Santa Clara County

NORTH-SOUTH DIRECTIONAL ROADWAY

PM2.5 annual average

0.044 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

Cancer Risk

1.92 (per million)

North Market Street

Cumulative plus project volumes from traffic report
Data for Santa Clara County based on meteorological data collected from San Jose Airport in 1997

Adjusted for 2015 OEHHA
and EMFAC2014 for 2018

1.32

(per million)

Note that EMFAC2014 predicts DSL PM2.5 aggregate rates in 2018 that are 46% of EMFAC2011 for 2014. TOG gasoline rates are 56% of EMFAC2011 year 2014 rates. This is for light- and medium-duty vehicles traveling at 30 mph for Bay Area

Notes and References:

1. Emissions were developed using EMFAC2011 for fleet mix in 2014 assuming 10,000 AADT and includes impacts from diesel and gasoline vehicle exhaust, brake and tire wear, and resuspended dust.
2. Roadways were modeled using CALINE4 Cal3qhc air dispersion model assuming a source length of one kilometer. Meteorological data used to estimate the screening values are noted at the bottom of the "Results" box.
3. Cancer risks were estimated for 70 year lifetime exposure starting in 2014 that includes sensitivity values for early life exposures and OEHHA toxicity values adopted in 2013.

Google Earth data											Construction MEI			
Distance from Receptor (feet) or MEI ¹	Facility Name	Address	Plant No.	Cancer Risk ²	Hazard Risk ²	PM _{2.5} ²	Source No. ³	Type of Source ⁴	Fuel Code ⁵	Status/Comments	Distance Adjustment Multiplier	Adjusted Cancer Risk Estimate	Adjusted Hazard Risk	Adjusted PM2.5
400	Office of Court Construction and Management (OAC)	161 N 1st Street	20324	16.299	0.0085	0.02123753		Generator			0.16	2.61	0.0014	0.0034
500	Legacy Partners I SJ North	75 E Santa Clara St	20835	4.910	0.0076	0.00623038		Generator			0.12	0.59	0.0009	0.0007
800	Chevron #4259	147 E Santa Clara St	104124	13.94463461	0.068841295			Gas Dispensing Facility			0.02	0.29	0.0014	