APPENDIX H

SCOPING REPORT

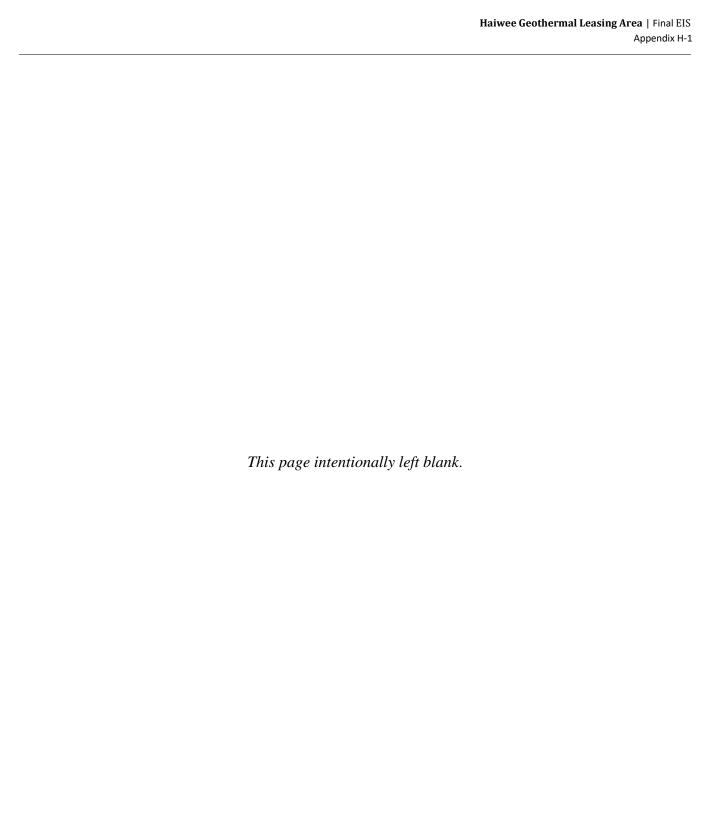


TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0 I	ntro	duction	. 1
2.0	Scop	oing	. 3
2	2.1	Notice of Intent	3
2	2.2	News Releases	3
2	2.3	Scoping Meetings	3
3.0	Cons	sultation and Coordination	. 4
3	3.1	Native American Tribes	. 4
3	3.2	Agencies	5
3	3.3	Elected OfficIals	5
4.0	Scop	oing Comment Summary	. 5
5.0	Sum	mary of Future Steps in the Planning Process	11
TABLE	ES:		
Table 1		Scoping Dates and Locations	4
Table 2		Inyo County Supervisors and Representative Districts	. 5
Table 3		Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area EIS Timeline	11
FIGUR	ES:		
Figure 1		Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Map	2
APPEN	DIC	CES:	
Appendi	x A:	Federal Register	
		News Releases	
		Scoping Presentation and Information Boards	
		Scoping Meeting Transcripts	
		Scoping Handouts	
		Scoping Letter to Native American Tribes	
		Scoping Letters to Elected Officials	
		Comment Letters	
Appendi	x I:	Comment Table	

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) is proposing the leasing of geothermal resources within the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area located in Inyo County, California for geothermal exploration, development, and utilization. The proposed action is to: 1) open or close leasing of 22,460 acres of BLM-managed lands; 2) approve or reject pending lease applications for 4,460 acres; and 3) amend the California Desert Conservation Area (CDCA) Plan to allow Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area lands to be leased under the authority of the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970, as amended (30 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.).

The Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area is approximately 13 miles south of Olancha, California, to the east of the Inyo National Forest, west of the China Lake Naval Weapons Center, and south of the South Haiwee Reservoir. The Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area encompasses a total of 24,320 acres. The BLM manages 22,460 acres (4,460 acres containing three pending applications for non-competitive leasing and 18,000 acres of lands for competitive leasing), the State Lands Commission manages 640 acres (Section 16), and 1,220 acres are privately owned. The BLM-managed lands considered for geothermal leasing are located in the Mount Diablo Meridian and occupy the following 37 sections that are illustrated in Figure 1:

```
Township 21 South, Range 37 East, Sections 11-14, 23-26, 35-36 Township 21 South, Range 38 East, Sections 7-10, 15, 17-22, 27-34 Township 22 South, Range 37 East, Sections 1-2, 11-12 Township 22 South, Range 38 East, Sections 5-8
```

The approval to issue geothermal leases represents a commitment of resources that may have indirect environmental impacts for subsequent exploration, development, and production. The BLM will prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)/Proposed Plan Amendment in compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) to identify, analyze, and disclose potential environmental effects of leasing geothermal resources.

Scoping must be conducted both internally with appropriate BLM staff, and externally with interested and potentially affected public, agencies, tribes, and organizations (40 CFR 1501.7). This Scoping Report summarizes the public scoping effort, and documents issues and concerns expressed during scoping of the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Draft EIS/Proposed Plan Amendment.

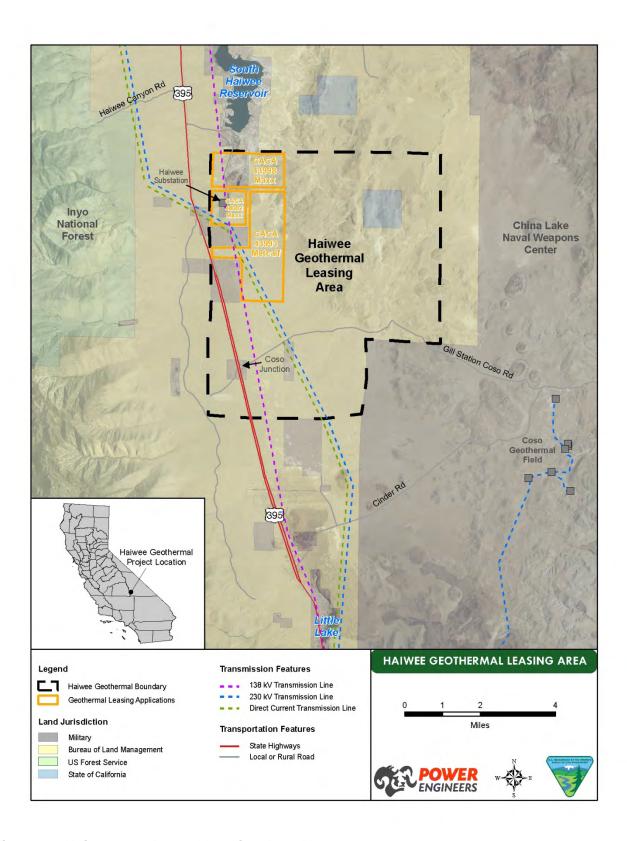


Figure 1 Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Map

2.0 SCOPING

Scoping is an early and open process for determining the scope of issues to be addressed, identifying the significant issues, and allowing regulatory agencies and the public an opportunity to comment on the proposed action (40 CFR 1501.7).

2.1 NOTICE OF INTENT

To comply with NEPA 40 CFR 1508.22, on September 11, 2009, the BLM published a Notice of Intent (NOI) to prepare an EIS for the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area in the *Federal Register*, Volume 74, Number 175 (See Appendix A). The *Federal Register* is the official daily publication for rules, proposed rules, and notices of federal agencies and organizations.

The NOI initiated the public scoping period for the EIS/Plan Amendment and described the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area and plan amendment, alternatives, and environmental review process. It also identified preliminary issues and concerns, and contacts. The notice served as an invitation for other federal agencies to provide comments on the scope and content of the EIS/Plan Amendment and requested all comments be received by October 13, 2009.

2.2 NEWS RELEASES

The BLM distributed three news releases to agency representatives, elected officials, Native American Tribes, the media, or interested parties and organizations. The news releases and associated distribution lists are found in Appendix B. The September 11, 2009 news release announced the times and locations of the public scoping meetings in Lone Pine, Bishop and Ridgecrest, California. It also listed issues to be analyzed in the EIS, and contact information. A second news release was issued on October 1, 2009 announcing the addition of the Death Valley scoping meeting date, time, and location. A third news release was issued on July 28, 2011 to clarify and affirm that three pending lease applications would be analyzed in the EIS.

2.3 SCOPING MEETINGS

The BLM conducted four public scoping meetings from October 13 to 20, 2009 in Lone Pine, Bishop, Ridgecrest and Death Valley, California, with a total of 32 attendees. Table 1 lists the dates, locations, and number of attendees for each of the meetings. The scoping meetings provided an opportunity for the BLM to share information regarding the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area, plan amendment, and the decision-making processes, and to listen to public and agency views on the range of issues and alternatives to be considered during the preparation of the Draft EIS/Plan Amendment.

The meetings began with a brief presentation by the BLM discussing the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area and alternatives, geothermal resources, and the environmental review process. A copy of the presentation and information boards may be found in Appendix C. A question and answer session followed to allow agency representatives, elected officials, Native American Tribes, interested parties and organizations to ask questions and provide comments. A list of topics discussed at each of the meetings and the court reporter transcripts may be found in Appendix D.

3

Table 1 Scoping Dates and Locations

Date		
Tuesday, October 13, 2009 5:30 – 9:00 p.m.	Boulder Creek RV Resort 2550 S. Hwy 395 Lone Pine, CA	7
Wednesday, October 14, 2009 5:30 - 9:30 p.m.	Eastern Sierra Fairgrounds Home Economics Bldg Sierra Street & Fair Drive Bishop, CA	12
Thursday, October 15, 2009 5:30 - 9 p.m.	Kerr-McGee Center 100 W. California Ave Ridgecrest, CA	10
Tuesday, October 20, 2009 10:00 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.	Timbisha Shoshone Tribal Office 900 Indian Village Rd Death Valley, CA	3

2.3.1 Scoping Handouts

All attendees were given a scoping package that contained a fact sheet, map, and comment form. The fact sheets informed the public about the proposed action, geothermal resources, the purpose and need for the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area EIS, and the environmental review process, and provided contact information. Copies of the following were also made available: Notice of Intent, news releases, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Specifications and Acreage, and Geothermal Resource Leasing Regulations (43 CRF 3200). Attendees also received notification of the extension of the scoping period to November 9, 2009 to allow commenters and attendees at the Death Valley scoping meeting sufficient time for commenting. Appendix E contains copies of all the scoping handouts.

3.0 CONSULTATION AND COORDINATION

3.1 NATIVE AMERICAN TRIBES

The BLM will use the NEPA commenting process to satisfy the requirements for public involvement process for Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (16 U.S.C. 470f) as provided for in 36 CFR 800.2(d)(3). Native American Tribal consultations will be conducted and Tribal concerns will be given due consideration, including impacts on Indian trust assets.

On October 7, 2009, the BLM sent letters via certified mail to the following Native American Tribes inviting them to participate in the scoping and consultation process: Bishop Paiute Tribe, Big Pine Paiute Tribe, Ft. Independence Paiute Tribe, Lone Pine Paiute-Shoshone Tribe, and Timbisha Shoshone Tribe. The letter discussed the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area and location, NEPA process, scoping locations, and contact information. Appendix F contains a representative letter to the Tribes.

3.2 AGENCIES

Approximately 200 federal, state, and local agencies were sent news releases inviting them to the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area scoping meetings (see Section 2.2). The news release also identified preliminary issues and concerns for the project, as well as contact information.

3.3 ELECTED OFFICIALS

Inyo County Supervisors were sent scoping letters inviting them to participate in the scoping process for the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area. The letter also describing the proposed action, NEPA process, scoping, preliminary resource management issues and concerns, and schedule. A representative copy of the letter may be found in Appendix H and Table 2 lists the recipients and their districts.

Table 2 Inyo County Supervisors and Representative Districts

Inyo County Board of Supervisors	Representative District
Linda Arcularius	District 1
Susan Cash	District 2
Beverly Brown	District 3
Marty Fortney	District 4
Richard Cervantes	District 5

4.0 SCOPING COMMENT SUMMARY

BLM received 14 comment letters and numerous oral comments during the scoping meetings. Copies of the comment letters may be found in Appendix I. A list of topics discussed at each of the meetings and the court reporter transcripts may be found in Appendix D. To assist the BLM, comments were summarized and categorized by resource issue (see Appendix J) to determine the scope and significant issues that will be analyzed in the Draft EIS. A summary of the comments is provided below.

Purpose and Need

The public was concerned about the potential impacts of geothermal exploration, development, and utilization. They requested that the reasonable foreseeable development scenario be included in the purpose and need section and that it identify suitable and non-suitable locations for geothermal resources. The public and agencies inquired about the anticipated amount of generation, the power plant type and lifespan, and cooling methods. Many commenters requested the quantity of water needed, and its source, be identified. It was also suggested that the water amounts required for each phase and the water needs for the various power plant cooling designs be described. To address potential cumulative impacts, the identification of mitigation measures and establishment of mitigation funds was also requested.

A discussion of the Plan Amendment to the CDCA Plan in regards to the Geothermal Programmatic EIS and Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area was requested. The public, agencies, organizations, and Native American Tribes were also interested in the relationship of the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area to the Deep Rose Geothermal Exploration Project and the three pending lease applications, as well as the connection to Coso Geothermal Fields.

5

The public, agencies, organizations, and Native American Tribes were concerned about the level of environmental analysis for the EIS and questioned if additional analysis would occur for specific projects in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area.

Alternatives

It was recommended that a reasonable range of alternatives, including the no action alternative, be analyzed. An organization suggested a smaller leasing area be considered to avoid sensitive wildlife species and their habitats. It was suggested that alternative designs of geothermal facilities and conservation of geothermal resources be considered. Some examples are a geothermal power plant that would eliminate or vastly reduce water needs, or a means to capture and treat wastewater. It was suggested that alternative sources of water be identified, such as the Ridgecrest Treatment Plant, the Los Angeles Department of Water and Power, the Indian Wells Water Basin, construction of new water entrapment programs, and conservation and recycled water. There was also concern regarding the lack of a competitive bidding process for leasing of government lands for other renewable energy development, such as solar and wind, and multiple uses of the land.

Air Quality

Consideration of potential impacts caused by windborne dust and pollution, carbon dioxide emissions, and impacts to air quality in Rose Valley, were recommended. It was also suggested that any contributions to non-attainment areas be addressed, and greenhouse gases and global warming be analyzed.

Biological Resources

There is concern for the potential loss of water resources in Rose Valley and the potential impacts it may cause to habitat and vegetation, especially to the Little Lake Ranch property, wetlands adjacent to U.S. Highway 395, and the Habitat Project at Little Lake. There is also concern regarding water level impacts to surface flora and fauna. A baseline study was requested to analyze the potential impacts of surface water to a functional ecosystem. Analysis of riparian habitats, sensitive natural communities, natural springs, and artesian wells throughout the Rose Valley was also suggested.

The Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area is within the Mohave Ground Squirrel Habitat Management Area and the Rose Valley Habitat Management Area. There is concern over the loss of habitat, the availability of suitable habitat compensation, and the compatibility of geothermal leasing and associated activities within the habitat management area. Of particular concern are the Mohave Ground Squirrel and Desert Tortoise. A member of the public also requested that impacts to vegetation, animals, and insects be addressed. Coordination with the California Department of Fish and Game was requested.

Cultural Resources

The Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area is an intersection of more than one tribe's territory and there is concern regarding the involvement of all interested tribes and the potential for cultural differences. A member of the public requested that a qualified archaeologist identify interested tribes for the proposed action, and actively solicited for comments, with personal contact and formal notices. It was also recommended that the archaeologist also collect and analyze comments from those tribes.

The Native American Tribes requested additional involvement. They are concerned about the Section 106 Consultation process, extraction of resources from the land, and what types of benefits the Tribes would obtain from the proposed action. Some local tribes requested additional information regarding geothermal

leasing of lands to the Tribes. The Timbisha Shoshone Tribe was especially concerned about the connections or impacts to the Coso Hot Springs, and the water table depth.

The Tribes were also concerned that the new power plants would require transmission lines and these facilities could prohibit access and conflict with Native American values. They noted that impacts affecting Native American values are not amenable to mitigation and may involve desecration or sacrilegious treatment of spiritually important sites.

Geothermal Resources

Organizations requested that the existence of the geothermal resource, and its size and composition, be identified. It was also questioned if the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area was within a known geothermal resource area (KGRA), such as Coso, and if viable geothermal resources were present. It was requested that the amount of electrical production from geothermal resources be based upon the size and extent of the reservoir. It was requested that the preservation of the geothermal reservoirs and long-term management be addressed. Commenters also requested the identification of the different types of fluids that are contained in a GeoReservoir (both liquid and steam) and the fluids re-injected.

The public was concerned about the seismic activity in the area and questioned if geothermal exploration and development contributed to increased seismic activity. They questioned if injection of water into the rocks would contribute to fracturing. United States Geological Survey (USGS) coordination was also requested.

The public was concerned that depletion of underground water basins and surface flows may have a profound effect upon soil erosion, loss of topsoil, and the capability of the surface to sustain life, and they requested examination of potential soil subsidence in Rose Valley. It was requested that potential impacts on geologic resources and seismic issues related to high-pressure injection of fluids directly into fault zones be addressed. If water cooling towers (WCTs) are utilized, the public requested that the dramatic loss of heated liquids from evaporation be addressed.

There was concern regarding potential impacts to the Coso Geothermal Power Plant and operations, as well as the Coso Hot Springs. The public, agencies, organizations, and Native American Tribes were interested in the Deep Rose Geothermal Exploration Project and the three pending lease applications (CACA 43998 Maxx, CACA 44082 Maxx, and CACA 43993 Metcalf). They inquired about the cumulative impacts of numerous geothermal projects (existing and future) in close proximity to the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area.

Hazards and Hazardous Materials

There was concern regarding the potential for hazardous substance generation by future development in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area, and treatment and disposal of substances. An analysis of wastewater and emission hazards to the public, and potential impacts from heat emissions, was requested.

Land Use / Agriculture / Recreation

The Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area is within or in close proximity to a number of desert management plans—the California Desert Conservation Area (CDCA), the Northern and Eastern Mojave (NEMO) Plan, and the West Mojave (WEMO) Plan. The public, agencies, organizations, and Native American Tribes are concerned about the relationship of these plans to the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area and potential land use conflicts.

The Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area contains motorized recreational roads and the public is concerned about access and potential impacts to recreation. They also requested mitigation for loss of roads from the NEMO planning decision. There is also concern regarding agricultural operations in Rose Valley and the potential impacts to water well owners.

Noise and Electromagnetic Fields (EMF)

An organization requested evaluation of noise generation from development in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area, noise levels, and potential impacts to workers and surrounding wildlife.

Public Health & Safety

The public is concerned about potential impacts to human health and safety, and requested that the potential for wastewater and emission hazards to the public be analyzed.

Socioeconomics

Inyo County inquired about the potential for creation of jobs and revenue generation for the County. Concern arose regarding the CDCA Plan causing delays to geothermal leasing and potential impacts to the County's economy. The County requested consideration of the potential impacts to population and housing, and potential for socioeconomic impacts or adverse impacts to the Coso Geothermal Power Plant.

Traffic and Transportation

The California Department of Transportation was concerned about potential highway transportation issues to US 395, such as highway access points for facilities, and transport of construction materials and workforce.

Utilities & Public Services

The public questioned if adequate electrical transmission was available to transfer the geothermal energy to the load centers, and inquired about plans to upgrade existing transmission lines or construct a substation.

Visual Resources

The Rose Valley contains a number of recreational uses, and there is concern regarding visual impacts from the construction of structures and geothermal facilities.

Water Resources

The public, agencies, organizations, and Native American Tribes are concerned about the increasing scarcity of water in California, especially in Rose Valley. Most of the comments received inquired about the water needs for geothermal energy development and production, and questioned the source and amount of water appropriations. They requested that local and imported water sources for injection, the natural replenishment and adequacy of the water supply, and inter-basin water transfers in the vicinity be addressed.

The Rose Valley residents are very concerned about any potential reductions to water resources and the protection of watersheds, water rights, and nearby public lands. The owners of Little Lake Ranch, a 1,200 acre property located on the southern end of the Rose Valley, utilize the property for wildlife habitat and wildlife-oriented recreation, including hunting, fishing, and wildlife viewing. The propertyincludes a navigable body of water known as "Little Lake," ponds, and wetlands. Owners of Little Lake Ranch property requested potential impacts to subsurface water, aquifers, wetlands, water table depth, Little Lake, downstream ponds, creeks, wetlands, water wells, and natural springs be addressed. They requested consideration of water withdrawals impacts to arid environments that would affect many desert species, from fish to bighorn sheep to rare plants that depend on the water resources. The analysis of potential

adverse impacts to BLM-administered lands at Little Lake, specifically to the Little Lake Watchable Wildlife Areas, was requested.

The public inquired about the presence of a connection between the GeoReservoir and the water basins, and requested evaluation of potential impacts to the use and consumption of the GeoReservoirs on local water basins. The Native American Tribes are also concerned about the close proximity of the Coso Hot Springs to the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area, and potential impacts to the hot springs. There was concern for the short- and long-term impacts of water extractions. It was requested that long-term pumping studies be completed prior to issuance of any permits.

Cumulative Effects

Many commenters were concerned about the cumulative impacts from existing and proposed geothermal projects, Deep Rose and Coso Geothermal Fields. There was also concern regarding large-scale operations in the vicinity of the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area, such as LADWP operations, Owens Lake Dust mitigation, water exports by Coso Hay Ranch, and livestock grazing. They are especially concerned about the increasing scarcity of water in California and the needs for groundwater extraction by these projects. The public is concerned that the development scenario is relatively small and may underestimate potential cumulative impacts and future projects and development. Cumulative effects should include an inventory and analysis of the following: wetlands (all springs and seeps), regional hydrology, vegetation, wildlife, rare plant and animal species, geology, aesthetic/scenic values, recreation, and dust generation.

In addition to geothermal energy development, an evaluation of potential cumulative impacts of future permitting for solar and wind energy development was requested. A commenter also requested identification of a menu of mitigation measures to be utilized at specific triggers to address potential cumulative impacts.

BLM also has a number of management plans in the desert (i.e., CDCA, NEMO, and WEMO) and the public questions how these plans would affect the proposed action.

Other Comments

The Native American Tribes, Inyo County planners, and local agencies requested additional coordination and notification of the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area. There was also concern regarding the *Federal Register* notice containing non-functional website links and the different scoping period end dates on the press releases. A commenter also questioned BLM's ability and capacity to manage and monitor geothermal activity without impacting its other responsibilities.

A comment was received that questioned a lease applicant's experience and knowledge of geothermal resource exploration and development, and financial capability.

Consideration of previous studies, reports, evidence, and comments prepared for projects, such as the Coso Project, was suggested. An organization also requested production of public records in connection with the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area.

10

5.0 SUMMARY OF FUTURE STEPS IN THE PLANNING PROCESS

Comments received during the public scoping period will be considered during the preparation of the Draft EIS. Although the public scoping period has ended (November 9, 2009), the BLM welcomes comments throughout the environmental review process. The release of the Draft EIS/Draft Plan Amendment is expected to commence in spring of 2010 and begin the 90-day comment period. Shortly after the release, the public will also have the opportunity to attend formal public meetings. The Final EIS/Proposed Plan Amendment is expected in fall of 2010, and the BLM anticipates issuance of a Record of Decision in winter 2010.

Table 3 Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area EIS Timeline

Scoping	Fall 2009
 Scoping Comments due November 9, 2009 	Faii 2009
Draft Environmental Impact Statement/Draft Plan	
Amendment	
 Publish Notice of Availability 	Summer 2010
90-day comment period	
Formal Public Meetings	
Final Environmental Impact Statement/Proposed Plan	
Amendment	
 Publish Notice of Availability 	Fall 2010
30-day protest period	
60-day Governor's Consistency Review	
Record of Decision	Winter 2010

11

	Scoping Report
APPENDIX A: FEDERAL REGISTER	

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area

Dated: September 8, 2009.

Rhea Suh,

Assistant Secretary—Policy, Management and Budget.

[FR Doc. E9–21930 Filed 9–10–09; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management [LL91310000EI]

Notice of Intent To Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Leasing of National System of Public Lands for Geothermal Resource Development in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Located in Inyo County, CA and To Amend the California Desert Conservation Area Plan of 1980

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management,

Interior.

ACTION: Notice of Intent.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1976 (NEPA), as amended, and section 202 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (FLPMA), as amended, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) Ridgecrest Field Office intends to prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) to analyze the proposed leasing of approximately 22,060 acres of BLMmanaged public lands for geothermal exploration, development, and utilization in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area located in Inyo County, California. The leasing of public lands for geothermal resources will require an amendment to the California Desert Conservation Area (CDCA) Plan of 1980. Comments are being solicited to help identify significant issues or concerns related to the proposed action, determine the scope of issues, and identify and refine alternatives to the proposed action. The BLM will also use and coordinate the NEPA commenting process to satisfy the requirements for public involvement in section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. **DATES:** This Notice initiates the public scoping process for the EIS and plan amendment. Comments on issues may be submitted in writing until October 13, 2009. The date(s) and location(s) of the public scoping meetings will be announced at least 15 days in advance through local news media, newspapers and the BLM Web site at: http:// www.blm.gov/ca/st/en.html. In order to be included in the Draft EIS, all

comments must be received prior to the

close of the scoping period or 15 days

after the last public meeting, whichever is later. We will provide additional opportunities for public participation upon publication of the Draft EIS.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments related to Geothermal Leasing in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area located in Inyo County, California by any of the following methods:

- Web site: http://www.blm.gov/ca/st/en.html.
 - E-mail: John Dalton@ca.blm.gov.
 - Fax: (951) 697-5299.
- Mail: Bureau of Land Management, California Desert District Office, Attn: John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Coordinator, 22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos, Moreno Valley, California 92553.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Dalton at (951) 697–5311, John Dalton@ca.blm.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The BLM has received three noncompetitive geothermal lease applications for 4,460 acres of public land within the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area in Inyo County, California. In addition, the BLM identified approximately 17,600 acres of public lands, also within the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area and adjacent to the three geothermal lease applications, which will be considered for competitive geothermal leasing under 43 CFR 3203.10(e). The proposed action is to amend the CDCA Plan to allocate project area lands as open or closed to consideration for geothermal leasing, with appropriate stipulations necessary to maintain and protect other resource values and uses, and to develop a Reasonably Foreseeable Development Scenario for geothermal resources development under the authority of the FLPMA and the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970, as amended (30 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.). Individual lease issuance decisions and parcels to be included in a sale will be considered in a manner consistent with the final plan as amended, as subsequent implementation decisions. The public lands being considered for geothermal leasing in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area are located in sections 11-14, 23-26, 35, and 36 in Township 21 South, Range 37 East, sections 7-10, 15, 17-22, 27-34 in Township 21 South, Range 38 East, in sections 1 and 2 in Township 22 South, Range 37 East, and sections 5-8 in Township 22 South, Range 38 East, all within the San Bernardino and Base Meridian. Total acreage being considered for geothermal leasing is approximately 22,060 acres.

Alternatives thus far identified for evaluation in the EIS will include the following:

- 1. Proposed action.
- 2. No action alternative (not leasing the lands for geothermal exploration, development, and utilization).
- 3. Leasing fewer than the proposed 22,060 acres of public land.

The principal issues identified thus far for consideration in the EIS include Native American concerns; potential land use conflicts including recreation; cumulative impacts considering existing, proposed, and potential geothermal projects in the area; and potential impacts on cultural resources, wildlife, visual resources, and surface and groundwater resources. The EIS will also address other issues such as geology, mining, geothermal resources, vegetation, threatened or endangered species, air quality, noise, transportation, human health and safety, and social and economic issues, as well as any issues raised during the scoping process.

The BLM will identify issues to be addressed in the Plan, and will place them into one of three categories:

- 1. Issues to be resolved in the plan.
- 2. Issues to be resolved through policy or administrative action.
- 3. Issues beyond the scope of this plan.

The BLM will provide an explanation in the plan as to why we placed an issue in category two or three. The public is also encouraged to help identify any management questions and concerns that should be addressed in the Plan. The BLM will work collaboratively with interested parties to identify the management decisions that are best suited to local, regional, and national needs and concerns.

The following Planning Criteria will be utilized during production of this document:

- The plan will be completed in compliance with FLPMA, NEPA, and all other relevant Federal law, Executive Orders, and management policies of the BLM.
- Where existing planning decisions are still valid, those decisions may remain unchanged and be incorporated into the plan amendment.
- The plans will recognize valid existing rights.
- Native American Tribal consultations will be conducted in accordance with policy and Tribal concerns will be given due consideration. The planning process will include the consideration of any impacts on Indian trust assets.

• Consultation with the State Historic Preservation Officer will be conducted throughout the planning process.

• Consultation with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service will be conducted throughout the planning process, as necessary.

By this notice, the BLM is complying with requirements in 43 CFR 1610.2(c) to notify the public of potential amendments to land use plans, predicated on the findings of the EIS. The BLM will utilize and coordinate the NEPA commenting process to satisfy the public involvement process for section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (16 U.S.C. 470f) as provided for in 36 CFR 800.2(d)(3). Native American Tribal consultations will be conducted in accordance with policy, and Tribal concerns will be given due consideration, including impacts on Indian trust assets. Federal, State, and local agencies, as well as individuals, organizations, or tribes that may be interested or affected by the BLM's decision on this project are invited to participate in the scoping process and, if eligible, may request or be requested by the BLM to participate as a cooperating agency.

Before including your address, phone number, e-mail address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to

do so.

Jack Hamby,

Acting District Manager. [FR Doc. E9–21928 Filed 9–10–09; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–40–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[LLNVC0100000.L91310000.EJ0000. LXSIGEOT0000; MO4500008734; NVN 087795; 09–08807; TAS: 14X5575]

Notice of Intent To Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement for the Salt Wells Energy Projects, Churchill County, NE

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of Intent.

SUMMARY: The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) Stillwater Field Office, Carson City, Nevada, intends to prepare an Environmental Impact

Statement (EIS) for the Salt Wells Energy Projects proposed by Sierra Pacific Power Company (Sierra), Ormat Technologies, Inc. (Ormat), and Vulcan Power Company (Vulcan) that are located in Churchill County, Nevada. Three separate projects are proposed that could result in seven 30-60 megawatt (MW) geothermal power plants with 47 associated wells, pipelines and other facilities near Fallon, Nevada, and a 22-mile, fifty-footwide Right-of-Way (ROW) for a new transmission line with substations to support the existing and new Fallon geothermal power plants. The study area encompassed by the three projects together covers approximately 537 total acres. This notice announces the beginning of the scoping process and solicits input on the identification of

DATES: The public scoping period will close November 10, 2009. Any public meetings associated with the public scoping will be announced through the local news media and the BLM Web site: www.blm.gov/nv/st/en/fo/carson_city_field.html at least 15 days prior to each event. Additional formal opportunities for public participation in the EIS process will be provided through comment upon publication of the draft document.

ADDRESSES: Written comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

- *Mail:* BLM Stillwater Field Office, Attn: Salt Wells Energy Projects, 5665 Morgan Mill Road, Carson City, NV 89701.
 - Fax: (775) 885-6147.
 - E-mail: saltwells_eis@blm.gov.

Documents pertinent to this proposal may be examined at the Carson City District Office, 5665 Morgan Mill Road, Carson City, NV.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Desna Young (775) 885–6078; or e-mail $saltwells_eis@blm.gov.$

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The BLM Stillwater Field Office received separate proposed geothermal utilization plans and applications for facilities construction permits from Ormat and Vulcan, and an electric transmission right-of-way (ROW) application from Sierra, for proposed energy projects covering a combined area of approximately 537 acres in the Salt Wells area about 15 miles east of Fallon, Nevada. Vulcan proposes the development of up to six geothermal power plants and facilities. Ormat proposes the development of one geothermal power plant and associated facilities. Sierra proposes 22 miles of

above-ground electrical transmission lines, electrical substations, and switching facilities. The BLM determined that because of similar timing, geographic area, and type of action, the BLM will analyze the three proposals in one EIS. The BLM will issue a separate record of decision at the end of the process for each proposed project. The BLM will use information from this scoping process with the utilization plans and ROW proposals to facilitate public involvement and to identify the alternatives to be studied. All lands within the project area are already under lease. The proposed facilities would be sited on a combination of private property and public land managed by the BLM and the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (BOR). Several proposed well sites are located on Federal geothermal leases in the Carson Lake and Pasture area, currently open to leasing and managed by the BOR, although these lands have been proposed to be transferred to the Nevada State Department of Wildlife. These activities are consistent with the applicable 2001 Carson City Consolidated Resource Management Plan as amended by the 2008 Record of Decision and Resource Management Plan Amendments for Geothermal Resource Leasing in the Western United States. The Fallon Naval Air Station is adjacent to the leased areas in Salt Wells. The Navy has concerns both related to its own geothermal resource program and also related to preserving its airspace for training, and community encroachment issues. The Ormat project proposal includes the construction and operation of a 40 MW binary air-cooled geothermal power plant, 20 geothermal production and injections wells, pipelines, a substation, connection lines to the proposed Sierra transmission line, and access roads on approximately 90 acres of land. BLM has already completed a July 2008 Environmental Assessment in the Ormat Carson Lake Geothermal Exploration Project EA (EA-NV-030-07-006) and has approved 11 of the wells estimated to be necessary for Ormat's project. The Vulcan project proposal is to construct up to six 30-60 MW binary or double-flash geothermal power plants and associated facilities on approximately 160 acres of land, which could require an estimated 27 geothermal production and injection wells. Each site includes production and injection wells, pipelines, a substation, connection lines to the proposed Sierra transmission line, and access roads. Twenty of these wells have already been approved via two Environmental Assessments for ten

Scoping Report

APPENDIX B: NEWS RELEASES



U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Land Management

News Release

For Immediate Release: September 11, 2009 CA-CDD-09-69

Contact: Stephen Razo 951-697-5217; email: srazo@ca.blm.gov

Public Meetings Scheduled for Proposed Geothermal Project

Three public meetings are scheduled in October to gather public comments on proposed geothermal exploration and development on public lands managed by the Bureau of Land Management within the Haiwee area near Ridgecrest in Inyo County.

The meetings will be held at the following dates, times and locations:

- 1) Tuesday, Oct. 13, 5:30 pm to 9 pm, Boulder Creek RV Resort, 2550 S. Hwy 395, Lone Pine;
- 2) Wednesday, Oct. 14, 5:30 pm to 9:30 pm, Ea Sierra Fairgrounds, Home Economics Bldg, Bishop;
 - 3) Thursday, Oct. 15, 5:30 pm to 9 pm, Kerr-McGee Center, 100 W. California Ave, Ridgecrest.

BLM staff will present a brief overview of the proposed project. Following the presentation, BLM will accept public comment, which will be recorded by a court reporter. The timeframe of comments will be determined by the number of individuals who register to speak. Comments received throughout the public process will be considered during preparation of the draft environmental impact statement (EIS).

Written comments should be submitted by October 16, 2009, to the Bureau of Land Management, California Desert District Office, Attn: John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Coordinator, 22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos, Moreno Valley, California 92553.

Total acreage being considered for geothermal leasing is approximately 22,060 acres.

Issues already identified to be analyzed in the EIS include hydrology; Native American concerns; cumulative impacts considering existing, proposed, and potential geothermal projects in the area; potential impacts on cultural resources; potential effects on wildlife; potential land use conflicts including recreation; potential visual impacts; and potential impacts on surface water and groundwater resources. The EIS also will address issues such as geology, geothermal resources, vegetation, threatened or endangered species, air quality, noise, transportation, human health and safety and socioeconomics, as well as any issues raised during the public process.

For more information contact John Dalton at (951) 697-5311 or email: <u>John Dalton@ca.blm.gov</u>. You may also contact Linn Gum, BLM Ridecrest Field Office assistant manager (760) 384-5450 or the BLM California planning and environmental coordinator (916) 978-4427.

-BLM-

California Desert District – 22835 Calle San Juan de Los Lagos, Moreno Valley, CA 92553



U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Land Management

News Release

For Immediate Release: October 1, 2009 CA-CDD-10-01

Contact: David Briery (951) 697-5220 or Stephen Razo (951) 697-5217

Additional Public Meeting Scheduled for Proposed Geothermal Project

An additional public meeting to gather comments on the proposed geothermal exploration and development on public lands managed by the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) within the Haiwee area near Ridgecrest in Inyo County has been scheduled for Death Valley.

The meetings will be held at the following dates, times and locations:

- 1) Tuesday, Oct. 13, 5:30 9:00 p.m., Boulder Creek RV Resort, 2550 S. Hwy 395, Lone Pine;
- 2) Wednesday, Oct. 14, 5:30 9:30 p.m., Ea Sierra Fairgrounds, Home Economics Bldg, Bishop;
- 3) Thursday, Oct. 15, 5:30 9 p.m., Kerr-McGee Center, 100 W. California Ave, Ridgecrest;
- 4) Tuesday, Oct. 20, 10:00 a.m. to 1:30 p.m., Timbisha Shoshone Tribal Office, 900 Indian Village Rd, Death Valley.

BLM staff will present a brief overview of the proposed project. Following the presentation, BLM will accept public comment, which will be recorded by a court reporter. The timeframe of comments will be determined by the number of individuals who register to speak. Comments received throughout the public process will be considered during preparation of the draft environmental impact statement (EIS).

Written comments should be submitted by October 16, 2009, to the BLM California Desert District Office, Attn: John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Coordinator, 22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos, Moreno Valley, CA 92553.

Total acreage being considered for geothermal leasing is approximately 22,060 acres.

Issues already identified to be analyzed in the EIS include hydrology; Native American concerns; cumulative impacts considering existing, proposed, and potential geothermal projects in the area; potential impacts on cultural resources; potential effects on wildlife; potential land use conflicts including recreation; potential visual impacts; and potential impacts on surface water and groundwater resources. The EIS also will address issues such as geology, geothermal resources, vegetation, threatened or endangered species, air quality, noise, transportation, human health and safety and socioeconomics, as well as any issues raised during the public process.

For more information contact John Dalton at (951) 697-5311 or email: <u>John Dalton@ca.blm.gov</u>. You may also contact Linn Gum, BLM Ridecrest Field Office assistant manager (760) 384-5450 or the BLM California planning and environmental coordinator (916) 978-4427.

-BLM-



U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Land Management

News Release

For Immediate Release: July 28, 2011 CA-CDD-11-57

Contact: David Briery, (951) 697-5220 or Stephen Razo, (951) 697-5217

BLM to Analyze Geothermal Lease Proposals in Inyo County

The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) will analyze three geothermal lease proposals on public lands that are within the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area (HGLA) in southwestern Inyo County, northwest of Ridgecrest, Calif.

The BLM is currently writing a draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) to evaluate the HGLA, which includes an estimated 22,040 acres of BLM-managed federal lands. The EIS will analyze various alternatives in considering whether none, all, or part of the HGLA should be made available for geothermal exploration and development. In conjunction with this analysis, the BLM will evaluate the three pending lease proposals that total approximately 4,500 acres of federal mineral estate within the area.

The leasing area is east of the Inyo National Forest, west of the China Lake Naval Air Weapons Station, north of Little Lake, and south of the South Haiwee Reservoir.

As part of the ongoing HGLA analysis first announced in September 2009, issues raised during the public scoping process will be addressed. The BLM is also evaluating the potential environmental, social, and economic effects of proposed alternatives. The BLM will use this same EIS and CDCA plan amendment process to evaluate the impacts of the three pending geothermal lease applications.

Following the release of the draft EIS and possible CDCA plan amendment, there will be an opportunity for public comment on the three potential geothermal leases.

For more information contact Peter Godfrey, HGLA Project Manager, California Desert District Office at (951) 697-5385 or email: pgodfrey@blm.gov

-BLM-

California Desert District Office - 22835 Calle San Juan de Los Lagos, Moreno Valley, CA 92553

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Agency Contact List

CITY PLANNING DEPT TWENTYNINE PALMS WATER DISTRICT

KERN CITY PLANNING DEPT UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

APPLE VALLEY WATER DISTRICT AGENCY

CA ASSOC RESOURCE CONSERVATION DISTRICT

US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

CA BOARD OF EQUALIZATION US ARMY ENGINEER DIST SUCCESS LAKE

CA DEPT OF CORRECTIONS

US ARMY ENGINEER DISTRICT

CA DEPT OF FISH & GAME US BORDER PATROL

CA DEPT OF FISH & GAME REGION 6 US DEPT OF AG SOIL CONSERVATION SVC

CA DEPT OF PARKS & RECREATION US DEPT OF THE INTERIOR

CA DEPT OF TRANSPORTATION US ECOLOGY

CA DESERT PROTECTION LEAGUE US ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 9

CA FEDERATION OF MINERALOGICAL SOCITIES US FISH & WILDLIFE SERVICE

CA PARKS AND RECREATION US FISH & WILDLIFE SERVICE ENHANCEMENT

CA REG WATER QUALITY CONTOL BOARD US FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

CA REGIONAL WATER CONTROL BRD US FOREST SERVICE

CA SECRETARY OF RESOURCES US FOREST SERVICE ANGELES NF

CA STATE LANDS COMMISSION US FOREST SERVICE BIG PINES VISITOR CTR

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY

US FWS KERN NWR

US FWS HAVASU NWR

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE US FWS HAVASU NWR
CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF PARKS AND USDA FOREST SERVICE

RECREATION USFW REGIONAL DIRECTOR

CALIFORNIA DEPT OF FORESTRY VISTA IRRIGATION DISTRICT

CALIFORNIA DIVISION OF OIL AND GAS TRIBAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER, KERN

CALIFORNIA OFFICE OF HISTORIC PRESERVATION VALLEY INDIAN COUNCIL

CALIFORNIA STATE LANDS COMMISSION BEATTY TOWN BOARD

COACHELLA VALLEY WATER DISTRICT

COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT

CALIFORNIA CONSERVATION CORPS POMONA
CENTER

DESCANSO RANGER DISTRICT

DESERT DISTRICT GRAZING BOARD

CAMP PENDLETON US MARINE CORP BASE

COLORADO RIVER BOARD OF CALIFORNIA

FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT RIVERSIDE COUNTY

DESERT WATER AGENCY

CLARK COUNTY COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

GARRY MEEKER INSURANCE AGENCY

COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION TULARE COUNTY

IMPERIAL IRRIGATION DISTRICT

IMPERIAL COUNTY AGRICULTURE COMMISSION

INDEPENDENT OIL PRODUCERS AGENCY

IMPERIAL COUNTY FISH AND GAME COMMISSION
IMPERIAL COUNTY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

INDIAN WELLS VALLEY WATER DISTRICT

SERVICES

METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT
MOJAVE DESERT AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT
DAGGETT COMM SERVICES DIST

DISTRICT DESERT FISHES COUNCIL

NATIVE AMERICAN HERITAGE COMMISSION

DESERT PROTECTION COUNCIL

DESERT PROTECTIVE COUNCIL

OLIVENHAIN WATER DISTRICT

IMPERIAL COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

OTAY WATER DISTRICT

FISH GAME COMMISSIONER

SALTON COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT
SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY

INYO COUNTY PLANNING COMM

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF PLANNING AND RESEARCH

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Agency Contact List

INYO COUNTY PLANNING DEPT LA COUNTY SANITATION DIST

KERN COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT LOS ANGELES COUNTY

KERN COUNTY PLANNING COMMN DEVELOPMENT **ORANGE COUNTY**

SERVICES

KERN COUNTY PLANNING DEPT

MONO COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT PLANNING OFFICE

ORANGE COUNTY PLANNING DEPT

PLANNING COMMISSION RIVERSIDE COUNTY REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY AGRI COMMISSIONER RIDGECREST PLANNING COMMISSION SAN DIEGO COUNTY PLANNING AND LAND USE

INDIO PLANNING DEPT

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS KERN COUNTY

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

KERN CO WILDLIFE RESOURCES COMMISSION

KERN COUNCIL OF GOVTS

COUNTY ADMINISTRATION CENTER

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO

COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

ENVIRON ANALYSIS SECTION SAN BERNARDINO

COUNTY

FOURWHEELERS OF ORANGE COUNTY

IMPERIAL COUNTY PARKS AND RECREATION

IMPERIAL COUNTY PARKS AND RECREATION

IMPERIAL COUNTY SHERIFF IMPERIAL COUNTY SUPERVISOR

KERN COUNTY

KERN COUNTY BOARD OF TRADE LAKESIDE PLANNING GROUP KERN COUNTY FARM BUREAU KERN COUNTY FIRE DEPT MBR CA BOARD FORESTRY

MINE COUN

KERN COUNTY GENERAL SERVICES KERN COUNTY PROSPECTORS

NEVADA COMMISSION ON TOURISM NEWBERRY COMMUNITY SERV DIST

KERN COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS SOLID WASTE MGMT OFF HIGHWAY MOTOR VEHICLE RECREATION

COMMISSION

ORANGE CO PLANNING COMM **ORANGE CO SANITATION DIST** KERN COUNTY SHERIFFS DEPT

PLANS AND PROGRAMS AFFTC XP

PALO VERDE IRRIGATION DIST

RIVERSIDE CO PLANNING COMMISSION

SAN BERNARDINO CO FISH GAME COMMISSION

RIVERSIDE COUNTY

PLANNING DEPT

RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFF OFFICE

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY COOPERATIVE

EXTENSION

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY DEPT OF REG PARKS SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY DEPT OF WASTE MGT SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY ENV ANALYSIS TEAM SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY SERVICES AREA NO 29 SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY-DEPARTMENT OF

AIRPORTS

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY-DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC

WORKS-

SAN DIEGO COUNTY SAN DIEGO COUNTY FIRE SAN DIEGO COUNTY SHERIFF

SBCO CHIEF OF ENVIR DIVISION -- PLANNING

SOUTH DIST SECTYTREAS STATE BOARD FOOD AG STATE BOARD OF FOOD AG

SAN DIEGO COUNTY SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT

TLC LOS ANGELES COUNTY

TULARE COUNTY

CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS

COACHELLA VALLEY ASSN OF GOVTS

DEPT OF ADMINISTRATION DEPT OF AGRICULTURE

DEPT OF ENVIROMENTAL HEALTH

DEPT OF GEOLOGY DEVELOPMENT DEPT F D ARCH DEPT

FORESTRY DEPT

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Agency Contact List

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS DEPT

GOVT PUBLICATION SECTION

KERN CO FIRE DEPT

KERN CO HEALTH DEPT

NAVY PUBLIC WORKS CENTER

PUBLIC WORKS

SAN BERNARDINO CNTY DEPT ECONOMIV AND

CMNTY DEV

TOIYABE NATIONAL FOREST TULARE CO ASSN OF GOVTS

US ARMY COE

ARCHAEOLOGICAL INFO CENTER

BAKER COMMUNITY SERVICES DISRTICT

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

CA HIGHWAY PATROL

CDFG

CDFG FIELD SUPERVISOR

CENTER FOR NATURAL LANDS MANAGEMENT

CNPS

CO OF ORANGE PARKS RECREATION

DEATH VALLEY NATIONAL PARK

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY PROGRAM IPR FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMIN CENTRAL

FISH AND GAME COMM

FOREST SERVICE

L A DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND POWER

MOJAVE DESERT AQMD NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE WESTERN REGION

NAVAL AIR WEAPONS STATION

PROVIDENCE MTN STATE REC AREA

SAN BERNARDINO CNTY

SAN BERNARDINO CO FARM BUREAU

SAN BERNARDINO CTY

SAN DIEGO CO FISH GAME ASSO

SAN DIEGO DEPARTMENT OF PARKS

SEQUOIA NATIONAL FOREST

STATE OF NEVADA

STATE OF NV DIVISION OF FORESTRY

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Elected Officials Contact List

EL CENTRO CITY COUNCIL

STATE ASSEMBLY DISTRICT 34

STATE ASSEMBLY DISTRICT 41

STATE ASSEMBLY DISTRICT 65

STATE ASSEMBLY DISTRICT 70

STATE ASSEMBLY DISTRICT 79

STATE SENATE DISTRICT 25

STATE SENATE DISTRICT 33

STATE SENATE DISTRICT 36

STATE SENATE DISTRICT 38

STATE SENATE DISTRICT 39

US CONGRESS 22ND DISTRICT

US HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES DIST 20

US HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES DIST 26

US HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES DIST 34

US HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES DIST 38

US HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES DIST 41

US HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES DIST 43

US HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES DIST 45

US HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES DIST 51

US SENATE

COUNCILMEMBER

IMPERIAL CO BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

KERN CO BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

LA JOLLA TOWN COUNCIL

ORANGE CO BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

RIVERSIDE CO BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

SAN BERNARDINO CO BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

SAN DIEGO CO BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

TULARE CO BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area City Contact List

CITY MANAGER CITY OF FOUNTAIN VALLEY

CITY MANAGERS ASSOCIATION CITY OF FULLERTON
CITY MUNICIPAL MUSEUM CITY OF GARDENA

CITY OF AGOURA HILLS CITY OF GRAND TERRACE
CITY OF ALHAMBRA CITY OF HAWAIIAN GARDENS

CITY OF ANAHEIM CITY OF HAWTHORNE

CITY OF ARCADIA CITY OF HEMET

CITY OF ARTESIA

CITY OF HERMOSA BEACH
CITY OF AZUSA

CITY OF HIDDEN HILLS
CITY OF BALDWIN PARK

CITY OF HOLTVILLE

CITY OF BANNING CITY OF HUNTINGTON BEACH CITY OF BARSTOW CITY OF HUNTINGTON PARK

CITY OF BARSTOW PLANNING DEPT CITY OF IMPERIAL

CITY OF BEAUMONT CITY OF IMPERIAL BEACH

CITY OF BELL CITY OF INDIO

CITY OF BELL GARDENS CITY OF INGLEWOOD

CITY OF BELLFLOWER CITY OF IRVINE

CITY OF BEVERLY HILLS CITY OF IRWINDALE

CITY OF BIG BEAR LAKE CITY OF LA CANADAFLINTRIDGE

CITY OF BISHOP CITY OF LA HABRA CITY OF BLYTHE CITY OF LA MIRADA CITY OF BRADBURY CITY OF LA PALMA CITY OF BREA CITY OF LA QUINTA CITY OF BUENA PARK CITY OF LAGUNA BEACH **CITY OF BURBANK** CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE CITY OF CALEXICO CITY OF LAKEWOOD CITY OF CALIPATRIA CITY OF LAWNDALE

CITY OF CERRITOS CITY OF LOMITA

CITY OF CARSON

CITY OF COALINGA CITY OF LOS ALAMITOS
CITY OF CORONADO CITY OF LYNWOOD

CITY OF COSTA MESA CITY OF MANHATTAN BEACH

CITY OF LEMON GROVE

CITY OF CUDAHY
CITY OF CULVER CITY
CITY OF MAYWOOD
CITY OF CYPRESS
CITY OF MORENO VALLEY
CITY OF DEL MAR
CITY OF NATIONAL CITY

CITY OF DESERT HOT SPRINGS CITY OF NEEDLES

CITY OF DOWNEY CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH

CITY OF DUARTE

CITY OF NORCO

CITY OF EL CENTRO

CITY OF EL SEGUNDO

CITY OF FARMERSVILLE

CITY OF FONTANA

CITY OF PALM DESERT

CITY OF PALM SPRINGS

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area City Contact List

CITY OF PALOS VERDES ESTATES

CITY OF SANTA MONICA

CITY OF PARAMOUNT

CITY OF SEAL BEACH

CITY OF PICO RIVERA

CITY OF PICO RIVERA

CITY OF SIGNAL HILL

CITY OF PLACENTIA

CITY OF SOUTH GATE

CITY OF POMONA CITY OF SOUTH PASADENA

CITY OF POWAY

CITY OF RANCHO MIRAGE

CITY OF TEMPLE CITY

CITY OF RANCHO PALOS VERDES

CITY OF TORRANCE

CITY OF TULARE

CITY OF RIVERSIDE CITY OF TWENTYNINE PALMS

CITY OF TUSTIN

CITY OF ROLLING HILLS

CITY OF ROLLING HILLS

CITY OF ROLLING HILLS ESTATES

CITY OF VICTORVILLE

CITY OF ROSEMEAD

CITY OF VILLA PARK

CITY OF NOSENIEAD

CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO

CITY OF SAN CLEMENTE

CITY OF SAN DIEGO

CITY OF WALNUT

CITY OF SAN DIMAS

CITY OF WHITTIER

CITY OF SAN GABRIEL

CITY OF SAN JACINTO

CITY OF SAN JACINTO

CITY OF SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO

VICTORVILLE CITY HALL

CITY OF SAN MARCOS

CITY OF RAMONA PUBLIC LIBRARY

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY

TOWN OF YUCCA VALLEY

CITY OF SANTA FE SPRINGS

CITY OF REDONDO BEACH

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Native American Tribes Contact List

CHEMEHUEVI TRIBE

FORT MOJAVE INDIAN TRIBE

FT MOJAVE INDIAN TRIBE

TRIBAL COUNCIL CHAIR, BIG PINE PAIUTE TRIBE OF THE OWENS VALLEY

TRIBAL COUNCIL CHAIR, BISHOP PAIUTE TRIBE

TRIBAL COUNCIL CHAIR, FORT INDEPENDENCE PAIUTE TRIBE

TRIBAL COUNCIL CHAIR, LONE PINE PAIUTE-SHOSHONE TRIBE

TRIBAL COUNCIL CHAIR, TIMBISHA SHOSHONE TRIBE

AGUA CALIENTE BAND OF CAHUILLA INDIANS

AUGUSTINE BAND OF MISSION INDIANS

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

CABAZON BAND OF MISSION INDIANS

CAMPO BAND OF MISSION INDIANS

CUYAPAIPE BAND OF MISSION INDIANS

JAMUL INDIAN VILLAGE

LAS VEGAS INDIAN CENTER

MANZANITA BAND OF MISSION INDIANS

MESA GRANDE BAND OF MISSION INDIANS

PAUMA BAND OF MISSION INDIANS

PECHANGE BAND OF MISSION INDIANS

SAN LUISENO BAND OF MISSION INDIANS

SAN MANUEL BAND OF MISSION INDIANS

SAN PASQUAL BAND OF DIEGUENO INDIANS

SANTA YSABEL BAND OF MISSION INDIANS

SOBABA BAND OF MISSION INDIAN

SYCUAN BAND OF MISSION INDIANS

TIMBISHA BAND SHOSHONE INDIANS

TORRESMARTINEZ BAND OF MISSION INDIANS

TORRES-MARTINEZ DESERT CAHUILLA INDIANS

TRIBAL COUNCIL CHAIR, KERN VALLEY INDIAN COUNCIL

TRIBAL COUNIL CHAIR, TUBATULABALS OF KERN VALLEY

DOWELL SCHLUMBERGER INC A&L LITHO, INC A.G. EDWARDS & SONS, INC. DOWNSTREAM SERVICES, INC

A1 AGGREGATES INC **DRIFTERS JEEP CLUB** AGRI EMPIRE COMPANY DWE ENGINEERING INC **AMA DISTRICT 37 EARTHWATCH CLUB**

AMERICAN HIKING SOCIETY **EXECUTIVESUITE SERVICS INC** APPLE VALLEY GUN CLUB FEATHERROCK INCUS PUMICE APPLE VALLEY GUN CLUB INC FILM PERMITS UNLIMITED INC **AUDUBON SOCIETY** FIRST ALLIED SECURITIES INC **AUDUBON SOCIETY KERN** FLY BY NIGHT 4X4 CLUB

AUDUBON SOCIETY NATIONAL GEAR GRINDERS 4 WD CLUB AUDUBON SOCIETY RIVERSIDE CHAPTER GEM AND MINERAL SOCIETY TULE

AUDUBON SOCIETY SOUTH COAST CHAPTER GLENN RECORD INC

CA TURTLE AND TORTOISE CLUB

BAKERSFIELD SANDSTONE BRICK COMPANY HAPPINESS IS BUGGY CLUB

BIGHORN GOLF CLUB HEMET HS CONSERVATION CLUB **BORN DIRTY INDUSTRIES** HEMET JEEP CLUB **BRUBAKER MANN INC** HOOVED ANIMAL HUMANE SOCIETY CA TORTOISE TURTLE CLUB **HUMBOLDT BUGGY ATV ASSN INC**

CA TURTLE TORTOISE CLUB MEMBER IMPERIAL VALLEY GEM AND MINERAL SOCIETY

I AND M SHEEP COMPANY

INDUSTRIAL METALS SALVAGE CAL ENERGY COMPANY INC

INFORMATION BOULEVARD INTERNET SERVICES, CALIF TURTLE AND TORTOISE CLUB INC **CALIF TURTLE TORTOISE CLUB**

ISLANDERS GEM AND MINERAL SOCIETY CALIFORNIA 4 WHEEL DRIVE CLUB IZAAK WALTON LEAGUE OF AMERICA INC CALIFORNIA NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY

JEEPING JEEPERS JEEP CLUB CALIFORNIA NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY EL CAJON KERN CO HISTORICAL SOCIETY **CHAPTE** CALIFORNIA NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY PACIFIC KERN CO MINERAL SOCIETY

PALISADE KERN CO MINERALOGICAL SOCIETY

CALIFORNIA NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY SAN DIEGO KERNCREST AUDUBON SOCIETY **CHAPTER** LAKESIDE SPORTSMEN CLUB

CALIFORNIA TURTLE AND TORTOISE CLUB

LAND DEPT SHELL CALIFORNIA PROD INC COLE GROUP, INC. LAND PARCEL LIQUIDATORS INC COMM ENT INC LAS VEGAS VALLEY BICYCLE CLUB

CPISTRANO VALLEY ROCK AND MINERAL CLUB LOCKHEAD RECREATION CLUB **CRESTLINE 4WD CLUB** LONE TREE CATTLE COMPANY **DEATH VALLEY 49ERS INC**

LONG BEACH GEM MIN SOCIETY **DEL AIR ROCKHOUND CLUB** LUNAR LAND YACHT CLUB

DELVERS GEM AND MINERAL SOCIETY MATLOW KENNEDY COMPANY DESERT IRONWOODS RESORT, INC MERKEL & ASSOCIATES, INC.

DESERT MOTORCYCLE CLUB MICROTEK LAB INC DESERT WILDLIFE UNLIMITED INC

MOBIL EXPLORATION AND PRODUCING US INC

DESOMOUNT CAMPING CLUB MONO-INYO SHEEP COMPANY

MOTORCYCLE INDUSTRY COUNCIL SOLE TECHNOLOGY INC

NADEAU TRAIL. INC SOUTHERN CLAYEDWARD LOWE INC

SPECIALTIES MINERALS INC **NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY NATURAL HISTORY CLUB** SPINNIN FOURS 4WD CLUB

NEEDLES GEM MINERAL CLUB STIMULUS INC

OF WOMENS CLUBS SUPERIOR MORTGAGE INC **OMYA CALIFORNIA INC** TAFT SPORTSMAN CLUB **ORANGE COUNTY 49ERS INC** TAFT SPORTSMEN CLUB **ORCUTT MINERAL SOCIETY** TAFT SPORTSMENS CLUB

PACIFIC SHORES CONSTRUCTION AND PAINTING, **TETRA TECH INC**

INC

THE DESERT PROTECTIVE COUNCIL, INC PACIFIC TELEPHONE COMPANY THE WATLING COMPANY PALOMAR GEM AND MINERAL CLUB THE WILDERNESS SOCIETY

PALOMAR SPORTSMENS CLUB THOMAS OLSEN ASSOCIATES INC PARKER INDUSTRIAL PROPERTIES

TIERRA DEL SOL FOUR WHEEL DRIVE CLUB PFUESSSTAUFER CA INC TRAILMASTERS 4WD CLUB PLUESSSTAUFER INC TRI-CITIES LAPIDARY SOCIETY PRO CIRCUIT AV, INC

TULE GEM & MINNERAL SOCIETY PUBLIC LANDS FOR THE PEOPLE INC US GYPSUM COMPANY RABBIT CHASERS BUGGY CLUB VERBAL SKILL INC

RED ROCK AUDUBON SOCIETY VICTOR VALLEY GEM MIN CLUB

REDEV INC WAX RESEARCH, INC

RHEOX INC WESTERN MINNING COUNCIL INC **RIVER RUNNERS INC**

WJM FARMING INC **ROCKCRAFTERS CLUB**

WOMENS CLUB OF BELLFLOWER **ROYAL GOLD INC** AGRI-EMPIRE CORP

SAFARI CLUB INTERNATIONAL **AMA DIST 37**

SAN DIEGO COUNTY GEM AND MINERAL SOCIETY BACK COUNTRY HORSEMEN OF CA

SAN DIEGO LAPIDARY SOCIETY BARSTOW BOARD OF REALTORS SAREEA AL JAMEL 4WD CLUB CA OFF ROAD VEHICLE ASSN

SEARCHERS GEM AND MINERAL SOCIETY INC CALIF OFFROAD VEHICLE ASSN SEARCHERS GEM MIN SOCIETY CALIFORNIA FILM COMMISSION

SEQUOIA SIDEWINDERS 4WD CLUB CALIFORNIA MINING ASSOCIATION

SIERRA CLUB

SIERRA CLUB CHAPTER CONSERVATION CALIFORNIA OFF ROAD VEHICLE ASSOC

CHAIRMAN

SIERRA CLUB FRIENDS OF MOJAVE ROAD CANYON RESOURCES CORPORATION

SIERRA CLUB KERN KAWEAH CHPT CASCADIA EXPLORATION CORP SIERRA CLUB MOJAVE GROUP CV ORGANIC FERTILIZERS

SO COUNCIL CONSERVATION CLUBS **DESERT CONSERVATION INSTITUTE** SOCIETY FOR THE CONSERVATION OF BIGHORN

DOORA LAND CORP SHEEP

ECOLOGY MANAGEMENT CORP SOCIETY OF CA ARCHAEOLOGY DEPT OF ANTHRO

EL MIRAGE MAC STEERING COMM OFF ROAD

CALIFORNIA OFF HWY VEHICLE ASSOCIATION

CANYON RESOURCES CORP

PARK SAN GORGONIO CHAPTER

ENV MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATES SAN GORGONIO GEM AND MINERALS

FOUR J CATTLE CORP SANDPAPER

FREMONT GIRL SCOUT COUNCIL

FRIENDS OF THE MOJAVE ROAD

GIRL SCOUTS JOSHUA TREE COUNCIL

SERRANO BOARD OF REALTORS
SO CA ROCK PRODUCTS ASSOC
SO CALIF BIRD DOG ASSOC

GOLD DOME MINING CORP SOUTHEAST COUNSELING CONSULTING SVCS

IMPERIAL VALLEY ASSOCIATION OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON LICENSING AND

GOVERNMENTS PLANNING

INLAND FISH GAME ASSOCIATIO SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA SOARING ASSOCIATION

INTERNATIONAL MOUNTAIN BICYCLING ASSOC STAFFER & FLINT ACCOUNTANCY CORP

CENTRAL ORANGE COUNTY CHAP LEAGUE OF SYLMAR HANG GLIDING ASSOC

WOMEN VOTERS

SYLMAR HANG GLIDING ASSOCIATION

THE DESERT TORTOISE COLUNCIA

LANDERS ASSOCIATION THE DESERT TORTOISE COUNCIL LILBURN CORP THE EARTH TECHNOLOGY CORP

LOWE RESERVE CORP

MANAGEMENT AND TRAINING CORP

UNITED CONTINENTAL DEVELOPMENT CORP

UNITED FOUR WHEEL DRIVE ASSOCIATIONS

MINE RECLAMATION CORP

US HANG GLIDING ASSOC

MONACHE ASSOCIATES

VICEROY GOLD CORP

MOTION PICTURE ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA

NATIONAL OHV CONSERVATION COUNCIL

NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

VICEROY GOLD CORPORATION

WESTERN MINING COUNCIL

YUCCA VLY BOARD OF REALTORS

NEEDLES DESERT WILDLIFE ASSOC 4H OIL CO

NEWMONT MINING CORP

A & F SHEEP CO

NONPROFIT COUNSEL

ALL FOURS OF SOCAL

OFF ROAD BUSINESS ASSOCIATION

AMERICAN MUSTANG BURRO ASSN
OHV COMMISSION

ASSN COLORADO BIVER MATERIMAN

LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS SAN DIEGO COUNTY

ASSN COLORADO RIVER WATERWAY
AUTOMOTIVE PUBLIC RELATIONS

NORTH ORANGE COUNTY CHAP LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

BERNAL SHEEP CO

ORGANIZATION AGAINST TOXIC EXPOSURE

CAL FED MINERAL OCICAL SOCIETIES

PACIFIC MINING ASSOCIATION

CAL FED MINERALOGICAL SOCIETIES

CALIFORNIA ASSN 4X4

ORANGE COUNTY 3 WHEELERS

ORANGE COUNTY 49ERS

CALIFORNIA FEDERATION OF MINERALOGICAL
SOCIETIES

ORANGE COUNTY 49ERS

ORANGE COUNTY BUGS

ROAD RUNNER SPORTS

ORANGE COUNTY FILM OFFICE

ORANGE COUNTY FILM OFFICE

SOCIETIES

CHEVRON USA PRODUCTION CO

COACHELLA VALLEY CYCLING ASSN

ORANGE COUNTY FILM OFFICE

SAN DIEGO ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS

SAN DIEGO FILM COMMISSION

DEL NORTE GEM MINERAL SOC

DESERT TRAIL ASSN OF CALIF

FIL CALON VALLEY GEM MINESOC

SAN DIEGO FILM COMMISSION

SAN DIEGO OFF ROAD COALITION

SAN DIEGO OFF ROAD MAGAZINE

SAN DIEGO OFFROAD COALITION

EL CAJON VALLEY GEM MIN SOC

ENTOMOLOGICAL SOC

EXCELMINERAL CO

SAN DIEGO OFF-ROAD COALITION FRUIT GROWERS SUPPLY CO

GALAINENA SHEEP CO VIEJAS GROUP OF CAPITAN GRANDE BAND OF

GRANITE CONSTRUCTION CO MISSION IND

HALL MINING CO

HARRIS FEEDING CO

W LOS ANGELES JACL

WANDA GREEN TRUST

HUG CONSTRUCTION CO WANDA GREEN TRUST
INTERNATIONAL SCOUT ASSN WATROUS S CYCLING ENTERPRISES

LA RONNA JOSOBA CO WEBBER AND WEBBER

MINERALOGICAL SOC OF SOCAL WESTERN FOUNDATION OF VERTEBRATE

MISSION ENERGY CO ZOOLOGY

MONO SHEEP CO WESTERN OUTDOORS

MORONGO BASIN CONSERV ASSN
NATIONAL SPELEOLOGICAL SOC
WESTERN ROCKHOUNDS ASSN
WESTERN STATES PETROLEUM ASSN
WESTERN STATES PETROLEUM ASSO

NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSE ASSN

WESTERN STATES TETROLEGY
WEYMOUTH SCIENCE CENTER

O BAR O CATTLE CO

ORANGE BELT MINERALOGICAL SOC

WETMOOTT SCIENCE CE
WHITEWATER ROCK CO

WHITEWATER ROCK SUPPLY CO

PACIFIC COAST ARCH SOC WHOA

PACIFIC MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO
PUBLIC LANDS FOR THE PEOPLE

WIGGINTON RANCH

RAYMOND CO WILD SPACES

RICK ENGINEERING CO WILDERNESS ASSN OF SAN DIEGO

RIVERSIDE CEMENT CO WILLIAMTERRY BEENE

RIVERSIDE CO WINDSKATE
S CALIF EDISON CO WOOD

SAN BERNARDINO CO YAMAHA OF SAN LUIS OBISPO

SAN DIEGO ARCHEOLOGICAL SOC

YUCAIPA VALLEY GEM MIN SOC

SO CALIFORNIA EDISON CO

1STANDARD

4WD GHOST RIDERS

SOUTHERN CA EDISON CO

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON CO

4WD GHOST RIDERS

4W4 FREELANDERS

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS CO
SOUTHWEST PORTLAND CEMENT CO

ACE REALTY
AERA ENERGY LLC

SOUTHWESTERN CEMENT CO

AFTERSHOCKS

ALEXANDER MEETIN BANGU

TURN KEY ENGINE SUPPLY

ALL AMER AGGREGAT

UNIGRAFIX
US BORAX
AMA D37

US GYPSUM COMPAY

AMERICAN HANDGUNNER

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF PROFESSIONAL

US POOR WHEELERS GEOLOGISTS

USBR YUMA AREA OFFICE AMERICAN TOURS INTERNATIONAL

VALLEY GEM MINERAL ANGELES NATIONAL FOREST

VANCE ELECTRIC ANTHONY C SYCIP

VICTOR VALLEY 4 WHEELERS AQUAFARMS

VICTOR VALLEY GEM MIN

ASA AXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

VICTOR VALLEY MUSEUM ASSN

ASARO BUILDERS

VICTORY OIL CO

ASUNCION CONTRERAS CLAUDIA LAKOSSIN

ATC FEVER CO-CHAIR, NUUI CUNNI INTERPRETATIVE CENTER
ATV CONNECTION COCHELLA VALLEY MOUNTAINS CONSEVANCY

B D TRUST COINSHOOTERS CLIQUE

BANNER QUEEN RANCH COLORADO RIVER REC PROJECT

BEACH N TOYS

CONVAIR ROCKHOUNDS

BEACON

CORTE MADERA RANCH

BEVERLY HALL CORVA

BEVERLY WILSHIRE HOTEL CUSHENBURY MINE TRUST

BIDART BROTHERS

BIGHORN INSTITUTE

BIRDWELL RANCH

DANICE SIMON JT

DEATH VALLEY 49ERS

DEL AIR ROCKHOUNDS

BLAST OFF HYDRO BLAST OFF ENTERPRISES DERT

BLUERIBBON COALITION DESERT DISPATCH
BOB LONGPRE PONTIAC DESERT DIVERS
BOBS CREEK RANCH DESERT ENTERPRISES

BOY SCOUTS DESERT FOXES

BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA DESERT RACE SUPPORT

BOYD DEEP CANYON RESEARCH CEN

DESERT TORTOISE PRESERVE COM

DESERT TORTOISE PRESERVE COMM

C/O KEITH RELPH

CA PORTLAND CEMENT

CALIF GROUND POUNDERS

CALIFORNIA GROUND POUNDERS

DUNE BUGGIES & HOT VWS

CALIFORNIA WILDERNESS COALITION DVM

CALNEV PIPELINE EAGLERIDER GLENDALE
CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH EARLY BRONCOS LIMITED

CAMP ED EARTH JUSTICE ENVIRONMENTAL LAW CLINIC

CAMPING BARES EARTH SYSTEMS

CAPITAN GRANDE BND MISSION IN EASTSIDE FEDERAL COMPLEX

CATTANI AND SON EASY RIDERS

CATTLEMEN ATLARGE COMMITTEE ECOLOGICAL 4 WHEELING ADVENTURES

CATVA EDITH WILLOUGHBY

CENTERPOINTE LENDING EDITORROCKHOUNDS BULLETIN

CENTRAL VALLEY SPORTSMEN EL CHICANO

CENTURY 21 FAIRWAY

CENTURY HOMES COMMUNITIES

CFMS

CHARTER OAK REAL ESTATE

EL SOL DE SAN DIEGO

ELITE AUTO SERVICES

ELLEN VAN CEERENT

EPWATRANSPORTATION

CHAVARIN WELDING EQUESTRIAN TRAILS
CHEVRON ERWIN ENTERPRISES

CIBOLA WILDLIFE REFUGE ESMERELDA TRUCKHAVEN GEOTHERMAL LLC

CIRCLE MTN CONSULTANTS EW MERRITT FARMS

F K CHAN JOEHAULER MOTORCYCLES CARRIERS

FORT MOJAVE RESERVATION JOHNSON BROTHERS RANCH

FOUR WHEELIN DEALIN 4WDC JOSHUA TREE C C FRATERNITY OF THE DESERT BIGHORN JOUGHIN RANCH

FRIENDS CALICO EARLY MAN SITE KAISER STEEL RESOURCES

FRIENDS OF DESERT WETLAND PARK KEMP RANCH FRIENDS OF EL GARCIS KERN COG

FRIENDS OF EL MIRAGE KERN RIVER MUSKRATS

FRIENDS OF THE DUNES KERNVILLE CHAMBER OF COMERCE

GANONG O AND G OPERATIONS KILPATRICK ENERGY GROUP

GEOLOGICAL SCIENCES DPET KINGSBURG 4WDC

GEOTHERMAL RESOURCES LAFCO-SAN BERNARDINO

GERMAN STREET LAKE MINERALS

GFOUR CONSTRUCTION LAND PARCEL LIQUIDATORS
GIFFORD ENGINEERING LAND ROVERS OF FONTANA

GOLD ROCK RANCH

GOLD STANDARD LODE MINE

GRANTS AIRPORT

LARRALDE SHEEP

LAS TORTUGAS

LAURA RODRIGUEZ

GRUBB & ELLIS LAW OFFICES

H B RANCH

LAW OFFICES OF PAUL ZOGG

H. ELIZABETH WILMARTH

LEAGUE OF WOMAN VOTERS

HARVEY HOUSE SHELL

LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

HAY BROTHERS SHEEP LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS OF BH

HEADFRAME

LEEFAA INVESTMENTS

HELT ENGINEERING

LIONEL SAWYER & COLLINS

HIGH DESERT ENV DEFENSE FUND LORI DODGE

HISPANOS UNIDOS

HOLROYD TILE AND STONE

LOS ADVENTUREROS

LOS ARRIEROS 4WDC

HONDA RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ATTN LRI LOS COYOTES RESERVATION

DI LOS PAISANOS 4WDC

HORSE ILLUSTRATED LOS TROQUEROS 4X4
HOUSE OF METAMORPHOSIS MANZANITA RANCH

HUMAN RELATIONS ASSIST MFFFORD

IMAM MINISTER MEROE ARTIST GROUP LLC.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION MINERAL KING PACK STATION

IMMIGRATION NATURALIZATION MINERALS

IMPERIAL PRINTERS MINNEOLA MINI MART

IMPERIAL VALLEY SIDEWINDERS MOJAVE RIVER VALLEY MUSEUM INLAND EMPIRE CHAPTER MOJAVE RIVER VALLEY MUSUEM

IRONWOOD CHRISTIAN ACADEMY

MONROVIA CANYON PARK

IZQUIERDO WOOL GROWERS

JEFFREY STONE

MORE

MOSO RAC

JET PROPULSION LABORATORIES MOTORCYCLE SAFETY FD

MOUNTAIN DEFENSE LEAGUE PRUDENTIAL CALIFORNIA REALTY

MT SAN JACINTO HS QUAIL UNLIMITED

NAACP DELANO QUARTERCIRCLE A 1 RANCH

NATIONAL OUTDOOR COALITION RAC MEMBER

NATL SORTY OF PHI DELTA KAPPA RANCHO MISSION VIEJO NATURAL HISTORY MUSEUM RANCHO MUSCUPIABE

NATURE BOY AND BEARCAT REAL ESTATE LOAN FUND OREG LTD

NAVY LEAGUE REGIONAL BRANCH NEON DIVERS REGROUPERS 4WDC

NICKEL FAMILY LLC RESOURCE CENTER CA STATE POLY
NRA RESOURCE CENTER CAL STATE POLY

OAK CANYON NATURE PARK ANAHEIM PRKS RIVERLAND RESORT

OC 49S RIVERMERE AA RANCHES
OCOTILLO WELLS SVRA RIVERSIDE BLACK VOICE

OREG LTD REAL ESTATE LOAN FUND RIVERSIDE RUFF RIDERS

ORMAT NEVADA ROBERT BIRD

OWENS VALLEY CAREER DEVELOPMENT CENTER ROCKATOMICS GEM MINERALS SO

P V ENTERPRISES ROSSI LAND AND CATTLE

PACBELL S CALIF EDISON

PACIFIC BELL SAN BERNARDINO AMERICAN
PACIFIC SOUTHWEST BIOSERVICES SAN BERNARDINO CO MUSEUM

PACIFIC SW BIOLOGICAL SERVICES SAN BERNARDINO NATIONAL HISTORY MUSEUM

SAN DIEGO VOICE VIEWPOINT

PACIFIC SW RESEARCH STATION SAN DIEGO 4 WHEELERS
PAISANO PUBLISHING SAN DIEGO CHAPTER

PALOMAR COMMUNICATIONS SAN DIEGO NATURAL HISTORY MUSEUM

PALOS VERDES PEN CHAPTER

PATRIOT RESOURCES LLC

PAUL T SELZER ESQ ATTORNEY AT LAW

PEGMATITE

SAN DIEGO OUTBACKS 4X4

SAN DIEGO SPORTS CYCLES

SAN DIEGO TRAIL RIDERS

PERRIS VALLEY FOUR WHEELERS SAN DIEGUITO RIDERS

PETROLIC SERVICES SAN FERNANDO VALLEY CHAPTER

PG AND E SAND JEEPS

PENDLETON COAST STATE PARK

PGE SANTA CLARITA VALLEY CHAMBER

PIPARIAN REPAIRS SANTA FE PACIFIC GOLD MESQUITE MINE

PLUM PRODUCTIONS SANTA MONICA COLLEGE LRC

PO BOX 584 SANTIAGO RANCH
POINTS WEST REALTY SCHINDLER BROTHERS
POMONA VALLEY TRAILMASTERS SEISMOLOGICAL LAB 25221

PORTA POTTY PILOTS SENATOR BARBARA BOXER STAFF

PRESERVATION OF BIGHORN SERVICE

PRO ARMOR SFV PARTTIME 4 WHEELERS

PROFESSOR SILICZ ESTATE

SJM BIOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS

SLASH X COMMUNITY SLASH X COMMUNITY REP SMALL MINERS OF AMERICA

SMITH RANCH

SO NV WATERFOWLERS

SOLID WASTE DIV CO OF SAN DIEGO SONY BONO NATL WILDLIFE REUGE

SORRELS & KEEFER SOUTH BAY 4X4S

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA ATV
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON COM SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON FEDERAL

PERMITS

SOUTHWEST GAS TRAIL HIKERS

SOUTHWEST MIN ENG

SOUTHWEST PROSPECTOR AND MINERS

SOUTHWEST PROSPECTOR ASST

SOUTHWESTERN CABLE SOUTHWESTERN CEMENT

SOUTHWESTERN HERPETOLOGISTS

SOUTHWESTERN MINERS
STANDARD MINERALS

STAR RANCH

STATE FARM INSURANCE

STONE BUFFALO
STUDIES PROG
SUN AQUA
SUN REPORTER
SYMBIENCE LLC
SYSTEMS ECOLOGY
SYSTEMS SURVEYS
TECHNOLOGY CENTER
THE BRADCO COMPANIES

THE CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY

THE DESERT TRAIL

THE GOOD IDEA GROUP THE LIVING DESERT

THE NATURE CONSERVANCY

THE STANDARD

THOMPSON ENGINEERING

THOROUGHBRED OF CALIFORNIA

TORTOISE GROUP

TRAIL REPAIR IMPROVEMENT TRANSCOAST FINANCIAL

TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

TREE OF LIFE NURSERY

TU MUNDO

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Chamber of Commerce Contact List

ALHAMBRA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE EL CENTRO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

ALPINE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE EL SEGUNDO C OF C

ANAHEIM CHAMBER OF COMMERCE ENCINO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
ANZA VALLEY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE ESCONDIDO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

AVALON CATALINA ISLAND C OF C FULLERTON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

BAKER CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

BAKERSFIELD CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

BANNING CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

GREATER RIVERSIDE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

GREATER TULARE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

BARSTOW AREA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE HEMET CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

BELL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE HERMOSA BEACH C OF C

BELLFLOWER CHAMBER OF COMMERCE HESPERIA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

BEVERLY HILLS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE HIGHLAND AREA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

BIG BEAR CHAMBER OF COMMERCE IDYLLWILD CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
BLYTHE AREA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE IMPERIAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

BORREGO SPRINGS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE INGLEWOODAIRPORT C OF C

BRAWLEY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE IRWINDALE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
BREA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE JOSHUA TREE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

BUENA PARK CHAMBER OF COMMERCE JULIAN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

BURBANK CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LA HABRA AREA C OF C

BUTTONWILLOW CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LA MESA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

CALEXICO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

LAKE ARROWHEAD CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

LAKE ELSINORE VALLEY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

CANOGA PARK CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LAKE ISABELLA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

CAPISTRANO BEACH C OF C LAKESIDE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

CARDIFF BY THE SEA C OF C LAKEWOOD GTR CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

CARLSBAD CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LAMONT CHAMBER OF COMMERCE CARSON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LINDSAY DISTRICT C OF C

CATALINA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LOMA LINDA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

CERRITOS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LONG BEACH AREA C OF C

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LOS ALAMITOS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

CHERRY VALLEY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LUCERNE VALLEY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

CHULA VISTA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE MALIBU CHAMBER OF COMMERCE COLTON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE MANHATTAN BEACH C OF C

CONEJO VALLEY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE MONROVIA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

COSTA MESA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE MORONGO VALLEY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

CRESCENTA VALLEY C OF C NEEDLES CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

CRESTLINE RESORTS C OF C NEWPORT HARBOR C OF C

CUDAHY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE NILAND CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

CULVER CITY C OF C NORWALK CHAMBER OF COMMERCE DAGGETT CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OCEANSIDE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

DANA POINT CHAMBER OF COMMERCE ORANGE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

DELANO DISTRICT C OF C PACIFIC PALISADES C OF C

DOWNEY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE PALOS VERDES PENINSULA C OF C

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Chamber of Commerce Contact List

PARAMOUNT CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
PASADENA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
PENINSULA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
PLACENTIA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
POMONA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
POPLAR CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

PORTERVILLE GTR C OF C

POWAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE RAMONA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

RANCHO BERNARDO C OF C

RANCHO MIRAGE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

REDLANDS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
RIALTO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
RUNNING SPRINGS AREA C OF C
SAN BERNARDINO AREA C OF C

SAN CLEMENTE C OF C

SAN DIEGO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SAN DIMAS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SAN MARCOS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SAN MARINO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

SAN PEDRO PENINSULA C OF C SANTA FE SPRINGS C OF C

SANTEE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

SOLANA BEACH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SOUTH GATE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SPRING VALLEY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SPRINGVILLE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE STANTON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
SUN VALLEY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
SUN VALLEY AREA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

SUNLANDTUJUNGA C OF C
TAFT CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

TEMPLE CITY C OF C

THERMAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

THOUSAND OAKS/ WESTLAKE VILLAGE REG C OF

С

THOUSAND PALMS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

TOLUCA LAKE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE TORRANCE AREA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

TUSTIN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

VALLEY CENTER CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

VENICE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

VICTORVILLE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

VISTA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

WEST SHORES CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

WESTMINSTER C OF C

WINNETKA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

WOODLAKE VALLEY C OF C WOODLAND HILLS C OF C

WRIGHTWOOD CHAMBER OF COMMERCE YUCAIPA VALLEY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE YUCCA VALLEY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

YORBA LINDA C OF C

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Media Contact List

ANTELOPE VALLEY PRESS

KROP RADIO

ASIAN JOURNAL

CALIFORNIA HORSEMANS NEWS

LAPIDARY JOURNAL

PERSONAL WATERCRAFT ILL CYCLE NEWS

SAN DIEGO WEEKLY NEWS

WESTERN OUTDOOR NEWS

C B S PUBLICATIONS

CYCLE WORLD MAGAZINE

HOT VWS MAGAZINEDUSTY TIMES

INLAND EMPIRE MAGAZINE

PALM SPRINGS LIFE MAGAZINE

SAN DIEGO MAGAZINE

SAND SPORTS MAGAZINE

THREE WHEELING MAGAZINE

WARNER BROS STUDIO PRODUCTION AFFAIRS

WESTERN OUTDOORS PUBLICATIONS

WRIGHT PUBLISHING

BAKERSFIELD CALIFORNIAN

KGAM AM

KGPE TV CBS CH 47

KPBS PBS CH 15

PSBS

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Schools Contact List

BIOLOGY DEPT CUESTA COLLEGE DANA HILLS HIGH SCHOOL CA STATE UNIVERSITY FOOTHILL HIGH SCHOOL

CA STATE UNIVERSITY CALEXICO GARDEN GROVE HIGH SCHOOL

CA STATE UNIVERSITY CARSON HEMET HIGH SCHOOL

CA STATE UNIVERSITY FULLERTON

CA UNIVERSITY COOPERATIVE EXTENSION

CAL POLY BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES DEPT

CAL POLY LIBRARY DOCUMENTS DEPT

JAMES MONROE HIGH SCHOOL

NORCO JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL

RUBIDOUX HIGH SCHOOL

CAL POLY POMONA GEOLOGY DEPT SANTANA HIGH SCHOOL

CAL STATE BAKERSFIELD SCHOOL OF BUSINESS AND PUBLIC

CAL STATE POLY ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCE ADMINISTRATION

CENTER CSU SAN BERNARDINO DEPT OF GEOGRAPHY
CAL STATE POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY DEPT OF MATHEMATICS WASHINGTON UNIV
CALIF BAPTIST COLLEGE LIBRARY UC RIVERSIDE

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

UNIV OF CA IRVINE GOV INFO DEPT

COALINGA JR COLLEGE

COMPTON COLLEGE

UNIV OF CALIF RIVERSIDE

UNIV OF CALIF IRVINE

UNIV OF CALIF RIVERSIDE

FULLERTON COLLEGE

UNIV OF CALIF SANTA BARBARA
LONG BEACH CITY COLLEGE

UNIV OF NEVADA LAS VEGAS

LOS ANGELES PIERCE COLLEGE UNIVERSITY OF CA

LOS ANGELES VALLEY COLLEGE
LOS ANGELES VALLEY COLLEGE EARTH SCIENCE
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

DEPT UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA DEPT OF

PASADENA CITY COLLEGE ARCHEOLOGY

PIERCE COLLEGE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA DEPT OF BIOLOGY

RIVERSIDE COMM COLLEGE DEPT OF GEOGRAPHY

SADDLEBACK COLLEGE SOUTH

SEMITROPIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA RIVERSIDE
UNIVERSITY OF NEVADA LAS VEGAS

APPLE VALLEY JR HIGH SCHOOL UNIVERSITY OF REDLANDS

BAKERSFIELD HIGH SCHOOL CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

BANNING HIGH SCHOOL CSU LIBRARIES

CARLSBAD HIGH SCHOOL SAN DIEGO STATE UNIV

DALE JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL SAN DIEGO STATE UNIVERSITY

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Library Contact List

BEAUMONT DISTRICT LIBRARY
COALINGA DISTRICT LIBRARY

PALO VERDE VALLEY DISTRICT LIBRARY

PLACENTIA LIBRARY DISTRICT
SANTA FE SPRINGS CITY LIBRARY
ALHAMBRA PUBLIC LIBRARY
CLARK COUNTY LIBRARY
ANAHEIM PUBLIC LIBRARY
ARCADIA PUBLIC LIBRARY
BEVERLY HILLS PUBLIC LIBRARY

BEVERLY HILLS PUBLIC LIBRARY

BRAWLEY PUBLIC LIBRARY

IMPERIAL COUNTY FREE LIBRARY BREWITT BRANCH LIBRARY BURBANK PUBLIC LIBRARY CALICO RESEARCH LIBRARY KERN COUNTY LIBRARY

ORANGE COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY

TULARE COUNTY LIBRARY SYSTEM
COACHELLA PUBLIC LIBRARY
COLTON PUBLIC LIBRARY
EL CENTRO PUBLIC LIBRARY
EL SUGUNDO PUBLIC LIBRARY
ELSINORE PUBLIC LIBRARY
ESCONDIDO PUBLIC LIBRARY

FURNACE CREEK PUBLIC LIBRARY GLENDALE PUBLIC LIBRARY HEMET PUBLIC LIBRARY

HUNTINGTON BCH PUBLIC LIBRARY HUNTINGTON BEACH LIBRARY INGLEWOOD PUBLIC LIBRARY LAS VEGAS PUBLIC LIBRARY 2 LONG BEACH PUBLIC LIBRARY MONROVIA PUBLIC LIBRARY

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE LIBRARY

ORANGE PUBLIC LIBRARY

PALM DESERT BRANCH LIBRARY
PALM SPRINGS PUBLIC LIBRARY
REDONDO BEACH PUBLIC LIBRARY
RIVERSIDE CENTRAL LIBRARY

RIVERSIDE PUBLIC LIBRARY

SAN BERNARDINO PUBLIC LIBRARY SAN MARINO PUBLIC LIBRARY SIERRA MADRE PUBLIC LIBRARY SIGNAL HILL PUBLIC LIBRARY SUNRISE PUBLIC LIBRARY

THE LIBRARY

UNIV OF CA LIBRARY DEPT YORBA LINDA DIST LIBRARY

eothermal Leasing Area	Scoping Report
APPENDIX C: SCOPING PRESENTATION AND INFORMATION BO	DARDS

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area

Scoping Meeting Presentation



Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Scoping Meetings

October 2009

Project Team

BLM, NEPA Lead Agency

- John Dalton, Project Coordinator
- Sean Hagerty, Geothermal Lead
- Linn Gum, Ridgecrest Field Office Assistant
 Manager

POWER Engineers, EIS Preparation

- Mike Strand, Project Manager
- Karen Cadavona, Public Involvement Coordinator



AGENDA

- Introduction
- Project Background and Overview
- Purpose and Need
- Proposed Action
- Alternatives
- NEPA Process/Project Timeline
- Public Comments/Closing Remarks



Geothermal Energy

Geothermal Resources

- Underground reservoirs of hot water or steam created by heat from the earth.
- Geothermal steam and hot water can reach the surface of the earth in the form of hot springs, geysers, mud pots, or steam vents.
- Resources also can be accessed by wells, and the heat energy can be used for generating electricity.



Benefits of Geothermal Energy

- Clean Energy
 - produce only about one-sixth of the carbon dioxide that a relatively clean natural-gas-fuel power plant produces
 - very little if any, of the nitrous oxide or sulfur-bearing gases.
- Reliable Source of Energy
 - available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year
 - geothermal power plants have average availabilities of 90% or higher, compared to about 75% for coal plants
- Geothermal power is accessible locally
 - reducing dependence on foreign oil
- Sustainable renewable resource
 - Earth's core provides an almost unlimited amount of heat
 - Even geothermal areas dependent on reservoir of hot water, the volume taken out can be reinjected.

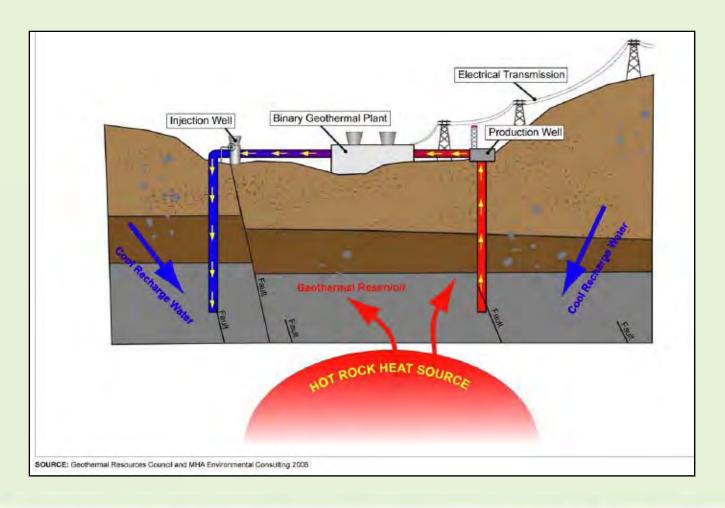


Geothermal Energy Development

- Exploration
 - Production and Injection Wells
- Development
 - occurs when the operator has located a potentially profitable geothermal reservoir
 - undergo NEPA review by the BLM to evaluate the possible environmental impacts of the action
 - construct access roads, pipelines, power plants, transmission lines & substations
- Utilization
 - Power Plant Operation



Geothermal Energy Process





Three Types of Above-Ground Geothermal Power Plants:

Binary Plants

- conventionally applied to comparatively low-temperature (190° 330° F) hydrothermal resources
- apply the heat from the resource fluid to heat a separate working fluid which drives a turbine-generator through a closed-loop cycle

Flash Plants

- applied to higher-temperature (330° F and above) hydrothermal resources
- "flash" the resource fluid into steam which directly drives a turbine-generator
- steam is condensed for injection or use in the plant's cooling water circuit

Dry Steam Plants

- applied in comparatively rare circumstances where the resource emerges from the wells as plant-quality steam
- the steam is condensed after use and re-injected or used in the cooling water circuit



Leasing of Geothermal Resources on Federal Lands

- considered a major Federal action and a commitment to resource development; therefore, it requires NEPA analysis
- 43 Code of Federal Regulations Part 3200
 Geothermal Leasing and Exploration/Utilization
- lease allows the right to future exploration and development of geothermal resources; however, subsequent activities involving surface disturbance will require additional NEPA analysis.



Environmental and Energy Laws

- National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969: requires Federal agencies to review the effects of its actions on the natural and human-made environment prior to taking action.
- National Historic Preservation Act of 1966:
 provides for the establishment of the
 National Register of Historic Places to include
 historic properties such as districts, sites,
 buildings structures, and objects that are
 significant in American history, architecture,
 archaeology, and culture.
- Endangered Species Act of 1973: provides for the Federal protection of threatened and endangered plants, insects, fish, and wildlife.

- The National Energy Policy Act of 2001: determine ways to reduce the delays in geothermal lease processing as part of the permitting review process.
- Executive Order 13212 (2001): expedite Energy-Related Projects, review of permits, or take other actions as necessary to accelerate the completion of such projects.
- Energy Policy Act of 2005: encourage the leasing and development of geothermal resources from public lands.
- Geothermal Steam Act of 1970: governs the leasing of geothermal steam and related resource on public lands.

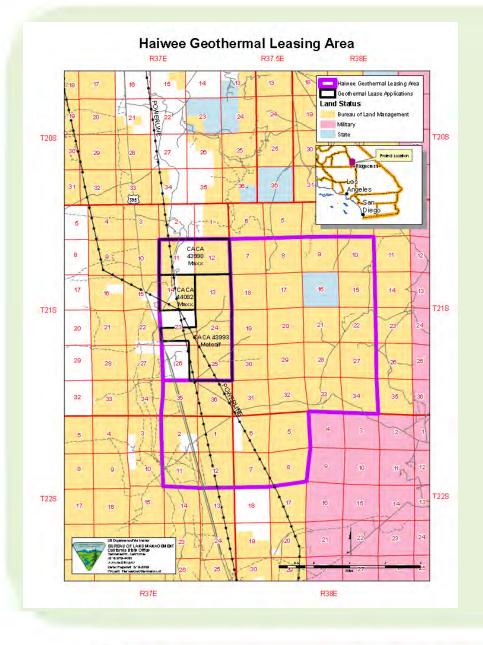
California Desert Conservation Area (CDCA) Plan: encompasses 25 million acres of land in Southern California designated by Congress in 1976. The plan provides overall regional guidance for management of public lands in the designated area and establishes long-term goals for protection and use in the California Desert.



Haiwee Geothermal Lease Area

- 24,320 acre Leasing Area includes:
 - 22,460 acres of public lands
 - 640 acres state land
 - 1,220 acres private
- Pending Lease Applications
 - 3 pending applications
 - Total of 4,460 acres





Project Area Map

- Located in Inyo County
- Approximately 13 miles south of Olancha, California
- •East of the Inyo National Forest
- West of the China Lake NavalWeapons Center
- •South of the South Haiwee Reservoir



PURPOSE AND NEED

- Determine whether to approve pending noncompetitive geothermal lease applications
- Determine whether to offer competitive leases for geothermal resources in the Leasing Area
- California Desert Conservation Area (CDCA) Plan Amendment
- Implement President's National Energy Policy 2001 and Energy Policy Act of 2005
- Assist the State in meeting the Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) goals



PROPOSED ACTION

- Open or close leasing of approximately 22,000 acres of BLM-managed lands in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area
 - Three pending lease applications covering approximately 4,500 acres are also included
 - Does not include State or private lands
- Amend the California Desert Conservation
 Area (CDCA) Plan of 1980 for leasing of
 geothermal resources on BLM-managed lands



ALTERNATIVES

- No Action
 - leasing of geothermal lands would stay the same as outlined in the California Desert Conservation Area Plan
- Leasing of less than the proposed 22,000 acres



NEPA Scoping

- Early and open process to determine scope of issues
- Identify significant issues
- Identify range of actions, alternatives, and mitigation measures
- Identify potential significant effects



NEPA Process/Project Timeline

INFORM	Notice of Intent	September 2009
LISTEN	Scoping	October 2009
EVALUATE	Draft Environmental Impact Statement/ Draft Plan Amendment •Notice of Availability •90-day comment period	Winter 2009
RESPOND	Formal Public Meetings	Spring 2010
	Final Environmental Impact Statement/ Proposed Plan Amendment •Notice of Availability •30-day protest period •60-day Governor's Consistency Review	Fall 2010
DECIDE	Record of Decision	Winter 2010



Be a Part of the Process

Submit Comments

BLM welcomes your comments and input throughout the environmental review process. Please write your comments on the comment forms available tonight throughout the room and submit comments one of the following ways:

- -Place them in the comment box located at the welcome table.
- -Write to:

BLM, California Desert District Office
22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos
Moreno Valley, CA 92553
Attn: John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Coordinator

-Email comments to cahaiwee@blm.gov

While we encourage the public to submit comments at any time, all comments (letters and emails) for consideration in preparation of the Draft Environmental Impact Statement must be received by close of business **Monday, November 9, 2009.**

Project Updates

Available at www.blm.gov/ca/st/en/fo/ridgecrest.html

Review Project Information and Meet the Team

Please visit the project displays to review the project information. Team members are available to discuss the project and answer questions.



THANK YOU!



Scoping Meeting Boards

Proposed Action

Amend California Desert Conservation Area Plan to either open or close the 22,000 acre Haiwee Geothermal Lease Area to geothermal exploration, development, and utilization.

Alternatives

- No Action Alternative (leasing of geothermal lands would stay the same as outlined in the California Desert Conservation Area Plan)
- 2. Leasing fewer than 22,000 acres of BLM-managed lands.

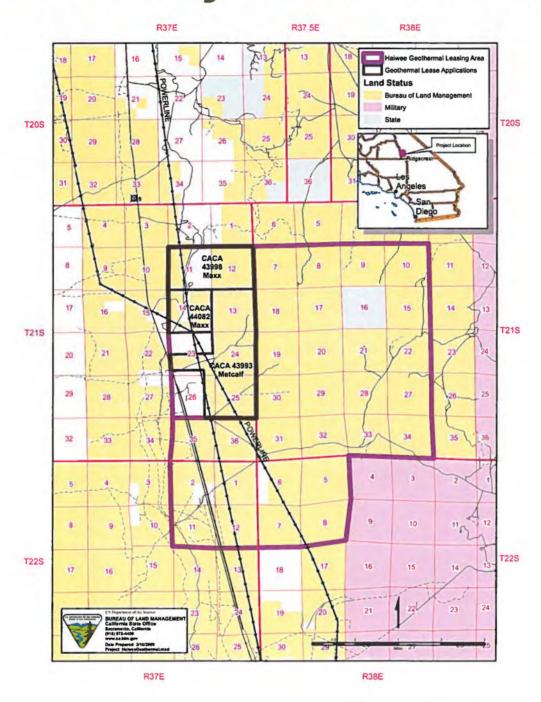


Purpose and Need

- California Desert Conservation Area Plan Amendment
- Implement Energy Policy Act of 2005
- Assist the State in meeting the Renewable Portfolio Standard



BLM Project Area Map





Environmental and Energy Laws

National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969: requires Federal agencies to review the effects of its actions on the natural and human-made environment prior to taking action.

National Historic Preservation Act of 1966: provides for the establishment of the National Register of Historic Places to include historic properties such as districts, sites, buildings structures, and objects that are significant in American history, architecture, archaeology, and culture.

Endangered Species Act of 1973: provides for the Federal protection of threatened and endangered plants, insects, fish, and wildlife.

The National Energy Policy
Act of 2001: determine ways to
reduce the delays in geothermal
lease processing as part of the
permitting review process.

Executive Order 13212 (2001): expedite Energy-Related Projects, review of permits, or take other actions as necessary to accelerate the completion of such projects.

Energy Policy Act of 2005: encourage the leasing and development of geothermal resources from public lands.

Geothermal Steam Act of 1970: governs the leasing of geothermal steam and related resource on public lands.

California Desert Conservation Area (CDCA) Plan: encompasses 25 million acres of land in Southern California designated by Congress in 1976. The plan provides overall regional guidance for management of public lands in the designated area and establishes long-term goals for protection and use in the California Desert.



Geothermal Resources

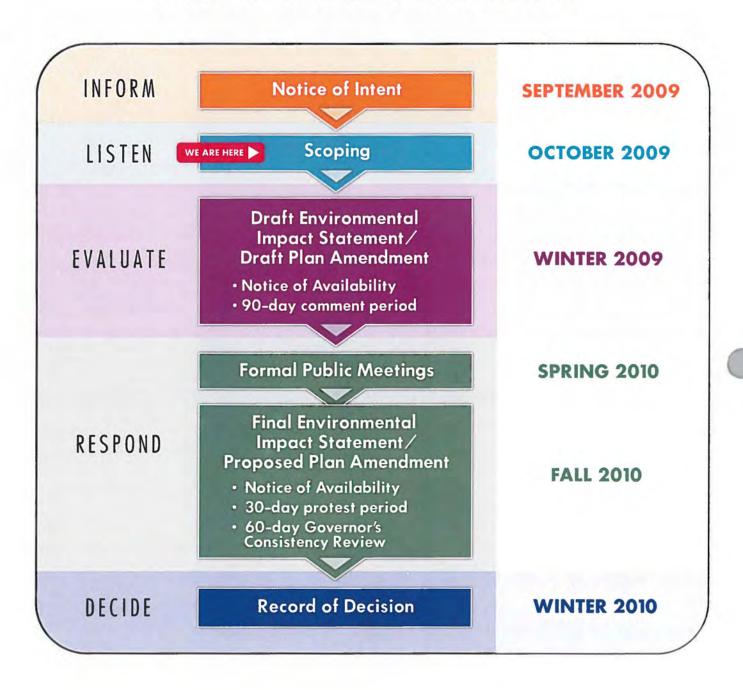
Geothermal resources are underground reservoirs of hot water or steam created by heat from the earth. Geothermal steam and hot water can reach the surface of the earth in the form of hot springs, geysers, mud pots, or steam vents. These resources can be accessed by wells, and the heat energy can be used for generating electricity.

Benefits of Geothermal Energy

- produce about one-sixth of the carbon dioxide that a relatively clean natural-gas-fuel power plant produces, and very little if any, of the nitrous oxide or sulfur-bearing gases
- geothermal energy is available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year
- sustainable renewable energy resource



NEPA Process





We Welcome Your Comments

BLM welcomes your comments and input throughout the environmental review process and they may be submitted any of the following ways listed below.

email cahaiwee@blm.gov

send written comments to:

BLM, California Desert District Office 22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos Moreno Valley, CA 92553 Attn: John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Coordinator

While we encourage the public to submit comments at any time, all comments (letters and emails) for consideration in preparation of the Draft Environmental Impact Statement must be received by close of business **Monday**, **November 9**, **2009**.

Project updates will be available at www.blm.gov/ca/st/en/fo/ridgecrest.html



Scoping

Scoping is an early and open process for determining the scope of issues to be addressed, and identifying the range of actions, alternatives, mitigation measures, and significant effects to be analyzed in depth in the Environmental Impact Statement.



ng Area	Scoping Report
APPENDIX D: SCOPING MEETING TRANSCRIPTS	

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area



Condensed Transcript Haiwee Geothermal Project

October 14, 2009

Bureau of Land Management Scoping Meeting - Bishop, CA

Printed on: November 22, 2009

Job #: 68508DM

Gillespie Reporting & Document Management Inc.

Phone: (951) 682-5686

Fax: (951) 682-4990

Email: grdm@charterinternet.com

Internet: www.grdm.net

CD TEXT FILE & PDF ENCLOSED

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT SCOPING MEETING HAIWEE GEOTHERMAL PROJECT

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

LOCATION:

EASTERN SIERRA FAIRGROUNDS

HOME ECONOMICS BUILDING

Bishop, CA 93515

DATE AND TIME: Wednesday, October 14, 2009

5:42 p.m. to 6:57 p.m.

REPORTED BY: DIANE CARVER MANN, CSR

CSR NO. 6008

JOB NO.:

68508DM

Page 2 APPEARANCES LINN GUM - Lands and Minerals Branch Chief JOHN DALTON - Planning and Environmental Coordinator SEAN HAGERTY - Geothermal Expert MIKE STRAND - Project Manager KAREN CADAVONA - Public Involvement Coordinator

with our contracted services that we're using, Power Engineers, and Karen Cadavona is the public relations specialist for Power Engineers, as well, and then we have two court reporters with us. They're going to capture everything that you have to say.

Page 4

Page

I'm going to have Mike come up in a minute and go over some ground rules. I just wanted to say thanks for coming, and as we go through this evening, hopefully we'll answer your questions and get some good interchange to help us on this project. Mike?

MR. STRAND: Yeah. Thanks. So, Sean, can you go to the next slide. I'll just run through the agenda tonight real quick, what we're going to be doing and looking at and have some timeframes here. Sean is going to get up here in just a minute and go through just some basic geothermal project information, general geothermal-resource-type stuff, development of geothermal resources and a little bit of history background for this particular area we're looking at.

And then I'll get up and talk a little bit about the actual action that the BLM is looking at taking on the project, and then we'll look at this EIS, the aspects of the document we'll be writing, the EIS.

I think that will take about 20 minutes, and

Page 3

BISHOP, CA WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 2009

PROCEEDINGS

-000-

MR. GUM: We would like to go ahead and get started this evening. Thank you all for coming to our Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Project scoping meeting. My name is Linn Gum. I am with the Bureau of Land Management in Ridgecrest. I am the Branch Chief of Lands and Minerals there. My branch is the branch

these applications will come to for these kinds of

14 activities. I'm also the Assistant Field Manager

there. And tonight we have brought together a group of experts to be able to introduce to you this project.

17 They're sitting in the back row back here, and as we go through this, we'll call them up.

through this, we'll call them up.
The fellow in the white jacket on the end
back here is John Dalton. He's the project coordinator

out of our California Desert District office in Moreno
 Valley. The fellow next to him in the black t-shirt is

Sean Hagerty. He is our geothermal program leader out
 of our State office in Sacramento. The fellow standing

25 up behind is Mike Strand. He is the program manager

after that we will open it up for comments, and if we can address your comments tonight, we're going to do the best we can to answer questions. There may be questions you ask that will be great questions and we may not have an answers for you tonight, but we're taking them down, and we will make sure they are addressed adequately in the EIS.

So you guys should all have a speaker card. If you wish to give a comment tonight or ask a question, you can just fill that out with your name. After we're done with the presentation here, I'll collect them and ask you to stand up. And you'll want to state your name so the court reporter can hear you clearly. If you can, speak slowly and loudly so they can understand you. If she has trouble hearing you, she may ask you to repeat yourself or slow down or talk a little louder.

And we don't have a lot of people here tonight, so I'm not too worried about timeframe. But you know, we'd like to give everyone a chance to ask a question. If we could limit your questions to maybe one or two and then come back and ask some more questions once we've gone through all the speaker cards. I want to give everyone a chance to ask their question here. Okay. Thanks. Sean?

Page 6

MR. HAGERTY: Good evening. My name is Sean Hagerty. I'm the geothermal program lead with the Bureau of Land Management in the Sacramento office. There was a title someone gave me as geothermal expert. I'm far from an expert, but I've been around the issue for quite some time.

I started my career with BLM in Imperial Valley. I saw the development of East Mesa Fields. Now I oversee five different projects that are in California: the Geysers, most notably, north of San Francisco, big, big field; the Coso field, the East Mesa field, Mammoth Lakes and also at Honey Lake up near Susanville.

So I have a little bit of background, but as I said, I don't know everything, and tonight is a learning process for me. There may be questions you'll have that I don't know, but I'll work together to get an answer for you.

As Mike said, I'm going to go over some basics. I won't go into a lot of detail. I'll be here after the presentations. If somebody has questions about the geology or reservoir or thermodynamics or kinetics or things like that, I can try to answer some of those questions. But I'm just going to give you a brief overview of what is geothermal, where is it, how

is no surface manifestation of the resource. There are no hot springs. And I'll talk a little bit about how people can find those resources even when you don't see any resource on the surface.

To access that resource, usually it's by drilling wells like a water well but much, much bigger, because you may have to drill down maybe 2,000, 4,000, 5,000, maybe even 10,000 feet to access that water. And of course, it's very hot. Water normally boils at about 212 degrees Fahrenheit at sea level, but the water we're talking about here is down very deep. It can be down over 4,000 feet. So water can actually be above 212 degrees Fahrenheit because the pressure on that water.

Going way back, thinking of my mom when she had a pressure cooker to cook vegetables, it's the pressure inside that pressure cooker that increases the boiling point of water. Same concept here is that water is very deep. There's a lot of pressure on the water, so the water might be 300 degrees Fahrenheit. Could be even higher but not boiling. Bring it to the surface, and it will make it boil.

Benefits of geothermal energy. A lot of discussion about renewable energy in California now. You hear about solar. We hear about wind. We hear

Page 7

do they find it, how to do they get it out of the ground, what is it good for, things like that. So it will be pretty generic.

When we talk about geothermal energy, we're talking about the heat of the earth, crustal heat down 20-, 30,000 feet beneath our feet. The heat itself is usually as a result of molten laya at depth. It can be a variety of other things, too, but for most of the areas around here, we're looking at a heat source that's down fairly deep.

When that hot rock source is fractured and water percolates down from the surface -- could be rainwater, could be some other water -- that water is heated, and it's that hot water that contains the energy that we're looking at here. The heat itself, the heat of the rock, is valuable, but current technology is limited as far as getting that heat out. So the water becomes a medium to get the heat to the surface so it can produce something, it can do something.

When we talk about geothermal steam and hot water and things like that, most of us know things like hot springs, fumaroles, geysers. Yellowstone is a good example of that. But there's some areas where we don't see that. There's still hot water at depth, but there

Page 9
1 about biomass, and we hear about geothermal. One of
2 the biggest benefits of geothermal, say, as opposed to
3 fossil fuels, as opposed to oil or even natural gas is
4 that there's very few things that are released from
5 geothermal. There is some carbon dioxide, some types
6 of carbon dioxide in the reservoirs released, but far,
7 far less than what we have with natural gas.

It's a reliable source of energy from the standpoint that with solar, solar works great when the sun is shining. Wind is perfect when the wind is blowing. But as you think about it, in the morning, for solar, it ramps up a certain amount of voltage, and then as the sun sets, it drops down. Winds is the same thing. For geothermal, they turn the power plant on, and it continues to produce power.

And that's something that the utility is looking for so that they don't have to say, can you produce so many megawatts this afternoon? Well, it will depend on this cloud cover and whether the wind is blowing. So there's a real benefit there. Mostly the benefit is to the utility, but the benefit is to us, to you, because it makes for a reliable source of power.

Geothermal power is accessed locally. We have a resource here, and we have some transmission capacity to take the power out. In the case of the

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

4

5

6

7

8

9

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

project here that we're looking at, there is a transmission corridor in that area. So it's local. It's domestic, and we don't have to import it.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

And it's sustainable, for the most part. The heat of the earth will be there for a long, long time. The water issue is something else, but even at the Geysers, they have been in production for over 40 years. The temperature of the rock itself, which is about 475 degrees Fahrenheit, has only dropped a couple of degrees.

We've all done this -- most of us have done this. When we're camping, if we have a rock ring for a campfire, even the next morning, if you were to pick up one of those rocks, it's probably going to be pretty warm. It may not be scalding hot, but it's going to be hot. Once rock is hot, it stays hot. It stays hot for a long time, and that's what nature has for us at depth. So if there is hot rock there, a hot rock will be there for quite some time.

In terms of how do companies get down and find this water? What do they do? Well, there's a process of exploration where they actually, again, drill wells through the rock to get down to the water itself. These are much bigger than a normal

truck-mounted water rig because now, if you're drilling

project has been completed, then the operator normally is able to go ahead and do commercial operations.

Just a little cartoon. Yeah, nothing fancy, just basically showing the heat of the earth down deep in the crust. It could be molten rock. It could be a variety of things. But the heat is conveyed up into a reservoir rock here called a reservoir rock, where water is percolated down from the sides through fractures, cracks in the ground. It's heated up, and then, although this fracture is here, usually over time the fractures will seal off. There's usually mineralization in the water much like you'll find in the water pipes and things like that.

So quite often these fractures will be sealed off to some degree so you've got water that has been trapped in here. This becomes, then, cap rock to hold the pressure in. Companies will then drill down through the ground, through the cap rock, into the reservoir to access the hot water.

In this cartoon we actually show a little power plant. The hot water is brought up through the pipe into the power plant, and if it's what we call a flash plant, they allow it to flash in the steam. In this case we are actually showing a binary power plant, which the water comes up. It's sent through heat

Page 11

maybe a thousand feet, they may be going down much further. In some cases they may be down close to 10,000 feet to reach this water.

And you might ask, how did the water get down there? Well, because there's fractures in the earth that the water has gone down, has percolated down, much like a soaking of the ground, so it will get down to these warmer rocks and heat up.

When a well is drilled and the company has identified a resource, they'll flow test the resource out to make sure there's enough heat and volume of that water to make it commercially produceable, so now they can build a power plant that will take that fluid. Then that will become a commercial resource.

Wells. It may take a couple different wells to make sure there's an adequate supply of energy there, that there's an adequate supply of water in that 18 reservoir. But assuming that they determine that it is a commercial resource, then there will be an environmental review by us, of course, to assess the project proposal, which might be a power plant, because from the NEPA standpoint, we want to know about the power plant, we want to know about the access roads, we want to know about the transmission lines, every aspect about that project. And utilization is that, once that

Page 1 exchanger much like the radiator in your car. The heat is conveyed to a secondary fluid, usually a hydrocarbon of some sort, isopentane, propane. It's that fluid that heats up, turns into vapor that turns the turbine that turns the generator that turns into electricity.

Once the water goes through the heat exchanger, then it's injected back into the reservoir, probably not the same place they extracted the water, because they don't want the cool water coming in contact with the wells here. They want the water to migrate across the reservoir, picking up the heat of the rock and then come back and pick up production. Yes. sir.

GREG WEIRICK: What's the actual surface footprint of an average geothermal plant, like the total surface area of the facilities? I mean, a couple of acres, a couple dozen acres?

18 MR. HAGERTY: For what we've proposed for 19 the Haiwee project, we've done a proposal - or an estimate of what we think that could be done. We would 20 21 look at two 30-megawatt power plants. And we're saying 22 that each 30-megawatt power plant would cover roughly 23 about 25 acres. Now, that does not include the well 24 field and access but the power plant itself, the 25 switchyard, the laydown yard, a maintenance shed and

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

11

12

13

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

Page 17

all. We cover about 25 acres.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

.25

GREG WEIRICK: So about a tenth of one percent of the actual land that you're talking about opening up?

MR. HAGERTY: Right. I'll get into this a little bit later, but when we talk about leasing -and part of the issue here is basically to lease or not to lease. If a decision is made to lease, then we have a couple of pending applications out there right now. The applications range from, I think, about 640 acres all the way up to a little over 2,000 acres, but the actual percentage of land utilized is very, very small.

It's not -- unlike solar -- I'm not throwing stones at solar, but if the solar application were to come in, if they were asking for a hundred acres and they're going to cover it with thin-film photovoltaics. they'll probably use a hundred acres, and that's what's out there. For the wind form, of course, it would be a lot less than a hundred acres, but they'd still have the foundations.

So the power plant is like this, too. A small portion of land would be used, but there wouldn't be a fence going around the entire 2,000 acres. There might be a fence around the power plant, but that's only for safety and security reasons.

sea level, boiling is 212 Fahrenheit. So if you have a resource of 330 degrees Fahrenheit, you're only going to take it down to, at the most, 212.

But there is benefits to both projects. It depends on -- it really depends on the temperature of the water in the reservoir. That will be the call.

GREG WEIRICK: Thanks. Just one final thing, and maybe you'll touch on this. But you spoke about the size of the plants and the footprint they have. Are you going to speak to the need for 22,000 acres and what that includes, whether it's going to include numerous geothermal operations? Or perhaps you could speak to us about why the need for such a large area for a relatively small footprint.

MR. HAGERTY: Yeah, I will talk about that. That's a very good point. Such a large area, when we talk about a footprint, it may be 50 acres. That's a good question. I kind of covered it a little bit, but let me go into more detail here.

We talked about a binary power plant. That's a power plant that, in terms of temperature, if the resource is, say, 325 degrees or less, that hot water at depth, then that would be most of what we would see for a binary power plant. Again, the water would be brought up to the surface. It's all contained

Page 15

Yes, sir.

GREG WEIRICK: The average temperature variance between the hot water you extract and the water you return, what is the general temperature difference there?

MR. HAGERTY: It can be several hundred degrees. In the case of a binary power plant, you might have water coming up -- and I'll talk a little bit about the various types of plants, for binary power plants versus a flash plant. A flash plant is, you bring the water up. It flashes into steam, and then it turns the turbine. In binary, you have a secondary that heats up. For that binary process, it could come up -- I'll use just an example of maybe 325 degrees Fahrenheit coming up in this direction. The injection water could be as low as 180 degrees Fahrenheit.

There's certain limitations to how low you can go with that because the lower heat you extract, the lower the temperature is on your injection, the more chemical issues you start having with the water. So you have to be careful.

In terms of the flash plant, flash plant is limited because you're trying to get as much steam to come out of the fluid. Well, it will only come out of the fluid if it's at or above boiling, and if you're at

in pipe. It goes through the heat exchanger and is injected back down. When it goes through the heat exchanger -- and there's a secondary fluid that picks up that heat, turns into a vapor that turns the turbine, turns the generator, produces electricity. A flash plant, on the other hand -- again,

we're showing here about 330 degrees Fahrenheit. There are resources that will take it well over 450 degrees Fahrenheit, so there's a wide variation of resources, 10 but roughly above 330 degrees. The economics will show that a flash plant is much better. For a flash plant, the same water that water is being brought up through the pipe, they basically bring it up through a vessel 14 that drops it down to atmospheric pressure. It's like taking the pressure cooker and suddenly taking the lid off. It could be very dangerous in the kitchen.

That's exactly what they want to do in the power plant. They want to take the lid off, drop the pressure, and then the water will go into a portion of it that turns it into steam. It's that steam that goes into the turbine that turns the generator and produces the electricity.

There's a third type of a plant, though, 24 that we don't see around here. It is up at the Geysers north of San Francisco and in one other place, a place Page 18

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

8

17

called Larderello, Italy, where you actually have dry steam. This is an unusual, unique resource in that, when they drill into the rock, they don't hit any water. It's just hot, hot steam that's coming out steam that could be anywhere from 450 to 650 degrees

Fahrenheit. It's gas at that level.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

We think of steam as something coming out of the steam kettle. Well, that's only because of its condensation. We see a little bit of white steam. When you have steam at that temperature above 350 degrees Farenheit, you don't see it, not until it begins to condense out quite a ways. It can be quite dangerous. The good thing is, you don't have to let it flash. It already is steam, so it turns the turbine, which turns the generator, which produces electricity.

The Geyser produces about 900 megawatts of power. That's enough to cover all the city of San Francisco and most of Oakland Heights. Great resource. Unfortunately nature doesn't give us that very often.

21 For leasing, again, I'm kind of boiling it 22 down as we get down to the bare essence here. The 23 leasing of Federal Lands under the Geothermal Steam Act 24 is considered a major Federal, action, and because of 25 that, we must include it within an environmental

If the resource is identified as a commercial resource for binary or, perhaps, for a flash plant, then the company will come back to us with a project for a 30-megawatt power plant, a ten-megawatt power plant, so many wells, and that will also go through another environmental review. So there's a whole series of steps that will take place even if we make a decision to go ahead and lease.

Page 20

I talked a little bit about some of the laws. I don't want to give you too much information here. This is just to give you some of the ideas of some of the laws that this document will be involved with. I already mentioned the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970. That's what gives the Federal government, the Department of Interior, the Bureau of Land Management the authority to lease.

But there's many, many other laws that are coming into play here. The National Environmental Policy Act, or NEPA, of 1969, that's the driving force that we have to address leasing under, and that's what this document is all about.

We get into the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, talking about cultural resources, the importance of cultural resources and how that will also go into the document. So this is kind

Page 19

process.

Our specific regulations that deal with the National Environmental Policy Act -- and I'll talk about that Act in just a little bit -- is under 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3200, and I do have copies of those regulations on the table. In fact, I have two little piles there.

I have this sheet that is basically a reference to the Federal Register, not like people read Federal Registers, but late-night reading in case you want to go to sleep. But on this two-page sheet I do have the website. If you have access to the computer, you can access the regulations on it. If not, I also have another stack that looks like this, but it's 22 pages long. It has regulations that address everything from leasing to exploration to development.

It's important to remember, though, that our issue here is to lease or not to lease. So if a decision is made to lease -- and this document will be addressing leasing or the fact of leasing or not -after lease is issued, if we decide to lease, then that doesn't give the company the right just to go out there to start drilling or build a power plant. When a proposal is submitted back to BLM for drilling, there will be an environmental review done at that time.

Page 2 of a kettle, and we put this in, the Endangered Species Act of 1973. That also has to be factored into the

2 3 issue. We've got two Energy Policy acts under two

different administrations. We've got the Energy Policy Act of 2001. More importantly, though, we've got an 5

6 Energy Policy Act of 2005, and that's what these 7 regulations are under right here.

The Energy Policy Act of 2005 did a couple 9 of different things. Number one, as I talk on this map 10 here, we do have three applications that have been 11 pending since 2005. Excuse me. 2002. Excuse me. I 12 stand corrected. When the Act was passed in 2005, we had two different types of geothermal leasing. There 13 was non-competitive, where anybody could come out and 14 say, "I'd like to lease this land right here." And 15 16 then in areas where there was established production,

18 In 2005 the regulations were changed so that 19 it's all competitive. And so where this map here 20 where -- this boundary here shows the applications. 21 This area was considered to have some resource, 22 potential resources. So these people could not just 23 apply over here. So now under the current regulations 24 if a decision is made to lease, we would consider the

we could have competitive sale.

25 competitive lease applications but of this land here.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

12

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Page 25

So a couple of things are going on, so I can go into more detail, but I won't for right now. If any of you have more questions, I'd be more than happy to get into this. Again, as I mentioned, the whole driving issue here is the Geothermal Act of 1970. That gives us the authority to lease this.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1

3 4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

'24

25

Now, talking specifically, let's get down to the nuts and bolts. We talk about the Haiwee Geothermal Lease Area. The area covers a total of 24,200 acres. That's what we're looking at here. To make some marks here, this is Highway 395 coming up to what's called Rose Valley. South Haiwee Reservoir, 12 south through here. Little Lake area is down just off the map here. For those of you who know where the Coso Junction rest area is, that's right here. So we're trying to put it in perspective most of what you've seen from the road is in a swath,

That means there's tall mountains here, so this part of the area would be out to the side of that, just to put it in perspective. Besides the Federal acreage there, we also have a State section, lands that are controlled by the State of California. And, in fact, this State section is about 640 acres and has already been leased to a company, and BLM has issued a right-of-way that cuts across public land here to

percent of those applications. This activity here, this effort, is to do exactly that, to take a look at these three applications to determine, should these be leased or not? So it will address those from our backlog.

The other aspect of the purpose here is then to consider the area outside of where the applications are, the other land, to determine, should these be leased as well? Maybe they shouldn't. Maybe that's an alternative that we would consider. A question came up from the gentleman earlier as far as, why would you even want to consider these acres out here? The reason being, when these individuals applied, they couldn't apply out here because it was what we call known geothermal resource area, and according to the regulations, they couldn't apply as a competitive area.

They were very much interested in this area, as shown by the fact that they do have a lease for the State of California. So the reason we wouldn't want to consider these is because they believe that the resource they believe is here extends under the lands here.

So the concept would be that, if a decision is made to lease, we might lease some of it, might lease all of it, depending on the environmental issues

Page 23 provide that company access to that lease. The company

has chosen not to do anything with the lease up to this time. It had the lease up to about two years, I believe.

And we also have private land out here, private lands within the Rose Valley, about 2200 acres of which we have no jurisdiction whatsoever. It's my understanding one of the proponents owns the private land, and what she wishes to do with the private land, it will probably be up to the County to make that call.

So as I mentioned, we have the three pending lease applications pending since 2002, covers about 4400 acres all together. I kind of discussed where the project area is located, 13 miles south of Olancha, east of the Inyo National Forest west of the China Lake Naval Weapons Center. That is the area here. It's kind of hard to see. The green area here is Inyo National Forest and, as I said, south of the South Haiwee Reservoir.

Purpose and need. The driving force of this project is to determine whether to approve the non-competitive geothermal lease applications. That's one purpose. Under the Energy Policy Act of 2005, one of the provisions was that it said for BLM's backlog of applications by 2010, we had to process and lease 90

in that area.

Again I already talked about the Energy Policy Act, the Desert Conservation Plan Amendment. This document would amend the California Desert Plan, and that's an important aspect of the documents. We're looking at leasing and a Plan amendment. The original Plan did talk about geothermal leasing, but there's been amendments to that Plan since it was established in 1980, so we're going to make an amendment to address 10 geothermal leasing and competitive leasing in this 11

Of course, like I already mentioned, the other two Energy Policy Acts. Another big issue, of course, in the State of California is that Governor Schwarzenegger and the Assembly and the Senate have 16 driven the point home that we need to really look at renewable energy in 2010. He's asked the utilities, Southern California Edison, Pacific Gas and Electricity and San Diego Gas and Electricity to come to basically purchase upwards of 20 percent of their energy from renewable sources. That's now being bumped up to 30 percent in the year 2030. Well, this could be one of those areas where they could buy their energy from.

Do these individuals here have a contract with Edison? I don't know. I don't know. But clearly

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

23

24

12

15

16

17

18

19

23

the utilities are being put in a position where they 2 need to get additional energy. And from things that 3 are happening with the Public Utilities Commission, it's not going to be easy for the utilities to go 5 outside of the state to find that energy. So it's 6 going to have to be developed here, one way or another. So lots of stuff going on. I can get into a lot of 8 details here, but I don't because it gets into a lot of 9 politics. But I'll gladly talk about that afterwards.

I think I'm going to turn this over to Mike. Again I will be here throughout the meeting. If you have any other questions, I'd be more than happy to answer them. If I don't know the answer, I'll write them down and make sure I get back in touch with you. So with, that I'll turn it over to Mike.

MR. STRAND: Thank you, Sean. There's really not much more to cover. He's already touched on pretty much the remaining slides. I'll just click on these and reemphasize some of the decisions that are being made, the EIS document that we're going to be assisting the BLM in writing, what that's going to cover and what the project really is.

The project, or the proposed action, is to look at the entire 22,000 acres, including these lease applications, and again is to make a decision whether

the project, or the area, then it's going to stay the 2 same, and it's still covered underneath the California 3 Plan. The area, it would just be as that one in the 4 California Plan. Those areas for geothermal will 5 remain the same. There will be no action taken. No decisions will be made on that.

Other alternatives that we'll look at would be to lease less than the 22,000 acres. Maybe only half the area will be considered open to the geothermal leasing. That would be an alternative we'll look at that will be addressed in the EIS.

And then part of what we're doing here is -this is called scoping. This is a scoping meeting. We're here to listen to you guys, to listen and hear your comments, your suggestions. Through this process we will produce a scoping report, and that's a report made that will address whether it's environmental issues that you're concerned about that we hear from the public or the agencies or elected officials. We'll address those in the EIS document.

There may be other alternatives we want to 22 look at as a result of scoping, as well, so this scoping process -- we're right in the middle of it -is going to go until November 9th. And so between now and November 9th, you have the opportunity to leave

Page 27

or not to open or close that area to geothermal leasing. So one of those decisions will be made as to the proposed action, open or close it. And as part of that, that decision that will be made, we would amend that California Desert Plan. So an amendment will be made to that Plan.

And like Sean said, this Plan in 1980 has been amended many, many times since the last 29 years. There have been many Plan amendments. This will be another Plan amendment specifically for this area to, again, open or close it to geothermal leasing.

So what that means is, if it's open to geothermal leasing, then the BLM will accept those applications. Once those applications come in, they're accepted, that would start a specific NEPA process for those specific projects. So if they lease, you know, four sections over here, then they want to put a geothermal plant there, they're going to have to go through their own NEPA, a National Environmental Policy Act, process, have scoping, have meetings, write an EIA or an EIS for that project, look at the details of that project, proposing to lease it. So we're just looking at the decision whether or not to open or close that.

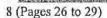
Alternatives to that decision would be not to take any action, and if we don't take an action to

Page 2 comments here at these meetings. You can go to the 2 website or e-mail any comment. You can write a letter 3 to the BLM as well.

4 Looking at the project schedule, we're right 5 here again in October, again, the NEPA scoping addressing comments and issues for the Draft 6 7 Environmental Impact Statement. That's going to be -well, it's currently under development and will be 9 developed in the next several months. As soon as that 10 is completed, that Draft EIS will be made available to 11 the public for review and comment.

During that comment period there will be 13 another hearing or a public meeting, maybe something similar to this, where, again, after you've had a 14 chance to review the document, you come and give your verbal comments. You can also submit comments to draft just like you can submit comments now during the scoping period.

And then next spring we'll get into writing 20 the final, what's considered a Final Environmental 21 Impact Statement. And the Final Environmental Impact 22 Statement is looking at the comments we received and our responses to those comments. That's really the 24 heart of the Final EIS. There may be additions or 25 clarifications made in the Draft EIS. Those would be



10

11

12

13

15

16

17

18

20

21

22

23

24

25

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Decision late next year. So again you're part of the process. We appreciate you guys being here tonight. If you have comments, please leave them with us here tonight, or again you can go to the e-mail. You can send an e-mail to the e-mail address right there or send a letter to the Moreno Valley Desert District Office as well.

would be included with the EIS. The language of the

Plan Amendment will be in there. And then a Record of

With that, if you guys have comments or --I'm sorry - speaker cards, I can collect those, and we'll start our comment-and-question period.

MS. CADAVONA: Greg Weirick. GREG WEIRICK: Hi. My name is Greg Weirick. I'm an Inyo County resident and wanted to,

first of all, say I support the idea of renewable 21 energy in its concept and would like to see the 22

opportunity for more tax revenue for the County and 23

24 whatnot. 25

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

15

16

17

18

19

20

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

22

23

24

25

My concern this evening is the loss of

MR. STRAND: Whatever development may 6 occur in that area. 7 GREG WEIRICK: Right. The eventual --8 pardon me. If eventually the lease does grow to be a 9 significant amount of acreage, then I just want to make 10 sure that BLM considers the recreation loss of that. 11 MR. STRAND: Okay. Thanks. That was 12 Greg? 13 GREG WEIRICK: That's correct. 14 MR. STRAND: All right. Tanksley? 15 DAVE TANKSLEY: That's me. MR. STRAND: What's the first name? 16 17 DAVE TANKSLEY: Sorry. My writing is 18 real bad. I'm an illiterate. I'm Dave Tanksley, 19 resident of Inyo County, and I have a couple of 20 questions. And one of them is, how long has this 21 process been going on to get to this point where we're 22 at right here with the BLM, because were you guys -- I 23 mean, has it been a year, two years, six months? 24 MR. STRAND: Well, the lease applications 25 are dated -- what?

Page 31 1 motorized recreational opportunities due to this designation of these 22,000 acres, potentially up to the 22,000 acres. The 1985 through 1987 inventory of 3 4 the roads that the BLM undertook and incorporated into NEMO, the Northeast Mojave Plan, is grossly inadequate, 5 6 and a lot of that inventory is really flawed. Even 7 roads that appear on BLM maps failed to reach the 8 inventory. 9

And I need to insist that, based on the 10 potential loss of all this motorized recreation, the BLM undertake a more thorough inventory and mitigate this loss of recreational opportunity by revisiting NEMO and potentially designating roads lost in NEMO.

I realize none of these roads are closed

now, but they are administratively -- they were administratively closed in NEMO, and it merely hasn't been implemented yet. So I'd like to have BLM consider mitigating through revisiting NEMO and looking at roads

19 that were not inventoried and consider them for

20 designation and continued use. 21

MR. STRAND: Okay. And part of that comment, I think you heard you say, was, if something is developed, to mitigate the loss of that area, those roads, that access?

GREG WEIRICK: Yes.

MR. HAGERTY: 2002.

MR. STRAND: The lease applications came in 2002. What's the next timeframe?

4 MR, HAGERTY: The critical timeframe is 5 basically money. We didn't have adequate money to 6 address the environmental review of those applications

7 or even, of course, larger applications until the 8 passage of the 2005 Energy Act. What that Act did was

9 that it -- it takes 25 percent of the geothermal

10 royalties nationwide and directs that into the

11 Department of Interior, which is then given to BLM

12 funding, producing what you're talking about right now.

13 So there was quite a bit of lag time where we couldn't 14 afford to look in this direction. Now we have the

15 money. 16

17

18

19

20

21

1

2

3

MR. STRAND: One more thing. As far as, you know, this specific process, that's really started with what's called a Notice of Intent, and that Notice of Intent is to prepare an EIS. So that starts this NEPA process. The NOI was published -- what date?

MS. CADAVONA: September 11.

22 MR. STRAND: Of this year.

23 DAVID TANKSLEY: This will lead to my 24 what next question is. Sean, I believe, brought up the

25 codes and everything, which one of the documents that

Page 32

Page 33

Page 36

you comply to was FLPMA, Federal Land Policy and Management Act, and in that it requires coordination with County government. And in that coordination process I would have thought that the BLM would have notified County government prior to the Notice of Intent, and I'm wondering where that ball got dropped in that.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

will.

In any land-use planning the local government is one of the entities that needs to be notified. I mean, this is going to affect what is on in this county. And I'd like to know why that hasn't happened. And I don't know if you have that answer.

MR. STRAND: Okay. Do you guys want to address that?

MR. DALTON: Sure. At this level this is a Federal undertaking at this point. You're absolutely right. The next step we will do is see who our partners, our cooperating agencies, are and move forward in that direction. It's not appropriate at this level to go out and say, Hey, we are thinking about doing a geothermal operation or a project area at this level.

Right now we want to hear from everybody to try to determine whether this is feasible or not. Does that make sense? So as we decide to move forward, we what their concerns are as residents and so forth.

I hope you're picking up we just started this process. Everyone will be invited, including our partners and counties and so forth.

DAVE TANKSLEY: Okay. That was one of my concerns.

MR. DALTON: Okay.

8 MR. TANKSLEY: Another one is, what's the 9 estimated generated revenues? And you can make it 10 simple. Say, a 50-megawatt plant, what percentage of that revenue will actually be directed into the County 11 12 coffers?

13 MR. HAGERTY: Let me address that. 14 That's a good question, as well, because it goes back 15 to the Energy Policy Act of 2005. The Coso operations for the development there that - at least for the 16 17 portion that BLM manages, which is basically 90 18 megawatts, there's a lot more production than that, but the rest of the production is managed by the Navy.

That's Navy contract. But for our land, there's 20

21 roughly about \$2 million coming off those leases every

22 year for royalties. That's in general. I mean, it

23 goes up and down. It has dropped over time because of a variety of issues. They take deductions on

depreciation of the property.

Page 35

12

15

16

17

18

19

20

1

2

3

5

6

7

Page 3 But of that \$2 million that is collected in

MR. STRAND: So there's been nothing happening, I guess. In the last couple of years there's been no action, no decisions, no progress until this point now. Now is really the point where it's like, okay. County is involved. Here's where we're looking at. This is the beginning stages of all that.

MR. DALTON: Exactly. This is the very beginning.

10 DAVE TANKSLEY: Okay, I still have a few more questions. We're not a big crowd. 11

MR. STRAND: Sure.

DAVE TANKSLEY: At what level are you considering dealing with the County, the local government as compared to what you have with the NEPA process? How does that fit into your scope of how FLPMA controls and the different CMR's, whether 30, 43, tribes, which would also be included in that.

MR. DALTON: Well, some letters have already gone out to the tribes as we speak. We have obligations through our 106 process, government to government. For instance they have until November 20th to respond and let us know what kind of concerns they have as nation. They also have the November 9th date

royalties, half of that then comes back to the State of California. And of that portion 40 percent is directed 4 back to Inyo County. Thirty percent goes into the 5 Energy Commission for grants, some of the grants that 6 have been utilized by Mono County, for example, or for direct use application in Mammoth Lakes. And another 8 30 percent goes into a riparian fund that's managed by 9 basically the Assembly and Senate. I won't call it a 10 slush fund, but it's hard to track where that money 11 goes.

But more importantly, the other half 13 collected by the Federal government under the Energy Policy Act, the statute states that half of that is returned to the county of origin. So not only is the 40 percent of the half going to the Inyo County, but roughly that comes out --

THE REPORTER: Wait a second. There's a frog near me.

(Pause in proceedings.)

MR. TANKSLEY: So roughly 45 percent of 21 22 the revenue generated, and that's gross?

23 MR. HAGERTY: That's the royalty. You're 24 right. Then so 45 percent of the \$2 million, or

25 roughly about \$900,000, would be coming back to Inyo

as members of the public to respond and let us know

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

Page 41

County. For the projects here, we have developed what we call a reasonable foreseeable development scenario where we are giving kind of a crystal ball where we feel that perhaps two 30-megawatt power plants would be developed.

2

3

4

5

6

7

10

11

13

23

24

25

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

21

22

23

24

25

The royalty stream from those could be considered similar to Coso. So instead of two million, let's call it \$1.5 million, so maybe \$750,000 a year. These are just pulling things out of the air here, really, folks. So that's \$750,000 a year could be coming back to Invo County.

12 DAVE TANKSLEY: Okay. MR. HAGERTY: It could be more; it could 14 be less, depending on the resources. We don't know. 15 We do not have any direct knowledge of the resource in this area. All we can do is basically base our 17 estimates on what's in Coso. The proponents have said 18 there's a resource now that's at 18,000 feet. My 19 professional judgment, that's an awful long way to go to get to the resource. But if it's there, it's there. 20 So that's regarding whether to make the lease or not. 22 Does that answer your question?

DAVE TANKSLEY: Yes, it does. Thank you very much.

Sir, I have one more. It goes back to what

California will need to start generating more of its own renewable energy to meet these thresholds. You're absolutely right. The governor did shoot down the issue of not being able to go to another state, but I think we are finding other states are still coming up with their renewable energy portfolio saying, "We want to keep energy in our own state."

In California conservation is important, of course. I don't discount that. But the fact of the matter is that we do continue to consume electricity two, three, four, five percent more a year. We need to make it up someplace. I do think we'll see a renewable energy program.

DAVE TANKSLEY: Thank you very much. MR. STRAND: I just want to point out, too, that in the project area there's several transmission lines. He mentioned a transmission corridor. One of them is a lower voltage line, SCE. The other two are Los Angeles lines, Los Angeles Department of Water and Power. There's no major

21 station in the area, but those are the likely lines 22 that the power would be put on to. 23 DAVE TANKSLEY: In the corridor?

24 MR. STRAND: Yeah. He mentioned a 25 reasonable foreseeable development plan, which is what

Page 39

you were saying earlier, if you want to answer it. It was -- you had stated that, of course, with the 2005 and what Schwarzenegger signed for the renewable energy, that a lot of the majority of the renewable energy needs to come from the State of California.

But it was my understanding that

Schwarzenegger shot that down as allowing that to be purchased from out of state. I mean that's, why that BrightSource has pulled their solar. So that's contrary to -- is there something that's going on that's going to make it more where these things have to be generated within the state of California?

MR. HAGERTY: I think what's going to 13 14 happen is, you've got an expanding population in 15 Nevada, and that's where there's a lot of geothermal 16 development going on right now. The Nevada Power, 17 Northern California and Nevada Power and Sierra Pacific 18 Power, they do not have the percentage of renewable 19 energy that they need to get into their mix as required 20 by State law.

So I think what will happen is, instead of sending the power our way, they're going to say, "We need our power first. If we have excess, we'll send it to California."

So I think, when push comes to shove,

we're basing our impact analysis on. Not a huge amount

2 of power. You don't need a real large transmission 3 line to utilize that. It's not likely they would look 4 at building a large transmission line somewhere else to

5 ship that power out. It's just too expensive. 6

DAVE TANKSLEY: Thank you very much. MR. STRAND: You bet. Before we go on to the next person, Bob, I want to mention that over behind the blue curtain are some surprises. No. Left side, men's restroom; right side, women's restroom, so in case you needed that.

So Bob is next, Bob Harrington.

BOB HARRINGTON: I'm the water director for Inyo County. It may be fairly early in the process for this, but I wanted to alert BLM staff to the need for applicants or project proponents to get in touch with the County Planning Department early in the process to see what conditional use permits they may need under the County's Geothermal Development Ordinance or Groundwater Transfer Ordinance.

MR. STRAND: Okay. Yeah. Great. Thank you. I appreciate that. Pam Mitchell.

PAM MITCHELL: Yeah. I was wondering 23 24 what type of jobs might be created from geothermal exploration and then, if it's developed and utilized,

what type of jobs it would bring to the area.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

MR. STRAND: Okay, Sean, do you want to hit that one?

MR. HAGERTY: Yeah, I can touch on that, and then that will be addressed in the EIS. But the early part of exploration would be pretty much just technical focus, you know, drilling the well and things like that. And this makes the assumption that we'd actually issue the lease.

Let's take it out. Let's be optimistic and say that the lease is issued, they do find a resource. If a power plant is being developed, there would be quite a large number of people involved in terms of the construction of that power plant. They would come and go. I mean, in other words they would come in, build a power plant, and then a big construction force, most likely, would leave. But there would probably be in excess of -- depending on type of plant and how many plants, there could be 25, maybe 50 jobs in terms of technical aspects of people managing the power plant, managing the wells.

There still is quite a wide scope of other types of employment. But in terms of a major, like, industrial site, it's not going to generate hundreds of jobs over a long period of time. The majority of the

gets outs of the California Desert Conservation Area, 2 you're probably looking at ten years, and we're at a 3 \$600 million impact plus the jobs.

4 You know, what my point is, the California 5 Desert Conservation Area Plan, did they do a realistic 6 economic analysis? Was this identified as a 7 potentially one-billion-dollar impact just for this one

8 little section of it? I mean, I doubt it very much. 9 But that's something that I know this county is

10 concerned about, the residents here are very concerned 11 about, the continued restriction of land in this county

12 that delays projects far more than are identified

13 during the scoping of these wilderness actions or 14 these, you know, travel management, plans or any other

15 kind of land use restriction, that they're grossly

16 underestimating the economic impacts on this county. 17 And that's my point.

MR. STRAND: I appreciate that. Thank you for commenting. Anything in that that you guys want to address at all? It's a great comment.

Okay, We'll move on. Linda Arcularius. I hope I'm saying that right.

LINDA ARCULARIUS: You did good. I'm an Inyo County Supervisor, and I want to go back to the process of coordination and recognize that, as local

Page 43

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

4

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

23

25

jobs will be up front during the development, but there will be people to manage the power plants, monitor the wells, basically manage the environmental aspects of that plant, skilled and unskilled.

MR. STRAND: Okay. Doug Hicks.

DOUG HICKS: Hi. I'm Doug Hicks. I'm a resident of Inyo County. My questions go to, was this a known geothermal resource at the time that the California Desert Conservation Area Plan was implemented?

MR. HAGERTY: Yes, it was.

DOUG HICKS: So this was restricted knowing that there was geothermal potential. And just a rough calculation. There's already been a -what? - a seven-year delay in -- these applications have been sitting there since 2002?

MR. STRAND: Right, right, yeah.

DOUG HICKS: So seven years and running. Exploration jobs, construction jobs, operation jobs, which would be continuous throughout the life of this project, which as a renewable resource could be forever. In addition, two 30-megawatt plants would generate about \$600 million a year for our economy.

23 24 I'm sorry. Sixty million a year, not 600. So given

it's already been seven years, by the time this thing

Page 44 government, it's really not adequate to have this just published in the Federal Register then have it noticed 3 in the paper that we should show up for comment.

Under coordination in the mandated

5 coordination, that process needs to start early on for 6 local government, and it's a government-to-government 7 relationship. It's not a partner; it's not a stakeholder; it's not a commenter. So I would just 9 encourage you to get in contact with Inyo County, both 10 with our Planning Department and our Water Department 11 and our County Administrator. They all have roles in 12 this process.

And as this goes forward, coordination mandates consistency with our General Plan. So we need to be involved early as local government and be a part of the process and a part of the final documentation on this project, not a comment or after the conclusions have been made. So I just encourage you to do that.

I've got my address here. We certainly are 20 a local government. You can find us anywhere. But 21 we're very, very interested and are completely 22 committed to the fact that coordination needs to begin on this, and it needs to begin sooner than later. So

24 thank you.

MR. STRAND: Thank you. I appreciate

SALLY MANNING: Yes, I'm Sally Manning. I'm here representing the Big Pine Paiute Tribe. I'm the environmental director. I had a question first about a project we used to call Deep Rose. Was that located on that 640 acres of State lands?

MR. STRAND: I believe so, yes.

9 MR. GUM: Section 16.

2

.3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

-25

MR. STRAND: This right here (pointing).

MR. HAGERTY: And it also includes the three applications that are pending just on the left side there too. That's also part of the Deep Rose.

> MR. STRAND: It's the same applicant. MR. GUM: Let's not confuse her. On

15 16 Section 16 there is an application by Deep Rose to 17

drill a well on that State section. The State did an

EIR, Environmental Impact Report, on it. The Bureau of 18 Land Management did an Environmental Assessment, They

19 had to come to BLM to get rights-of-way for a road and 20

a pipeline to serve that particular location. 21

22 The other things that he's talking about, 23 these pending applications, the only tie they have to

Deep Rose is that Deep Rose is the one with the 24

applications pending, same company. But those two 25

Page 47

1

2

4

16

Page 46

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

things are not tied together, not the State section and the BLM applications. They are not tied together, the ones on the State.

SALLY MANNING: Okay. My other comment is similar to those made by others this evening, although it's from the perspective of an Indian tribe. The BLM does have, as you know, certain obligations, Section 106 under Consultation Process, and I am not an expert. The expert from our tribe on this, he couldn't be here tonight because he's not feeling well.

But I did want to point out that we found out about BLM's Notice of Intent from someone from the public, from a friend. And we should have known about 14 it as soon as it hit the streets through this formal 15 consultation government-to-government process that you 16 are supposed to have with the tribes, all of the tribes in Owens Valley area and, of course, the Shoshone. And when we first got the Notice, comments were going to be due this Friday, so that really didn't give much time.

On October 1st many of us within the tribes attended a meeting locally with the BLM, which included a fellow from the Moreno Valley office of BLM, and it turned out that that person who is their archeologist and tribal liaison also didn't know about this project. We knew because of our friend notifying us.

So I'm just pointing out that the process does seem to be a little bit flawed in terms of getting to the people that you're supposed to get to early on in the consultation process. I'm raising this concern because, as you go further in this process and NEPA needs to be done on further parcels, the tribes would like to be notified in a timely and appropriate manner. Thank you.

9 MR, STRAND: Thank you. Okay. That's 10 all for this. You've got one. Say your name.

JIM SCOTT: Jim Scott from Bishop. The 11 12 question I want to ask again of Sean is, is that Energy Policy Act of '05 -- do I understand it that you guys 13 are required or mandated to take action on these lease 14

15 applications from '02; is that correct?

16 MR. STRAND: Yes. 17 MR. HAGERTY: That's correct, sir, yes.

18 JIM SCOTT: Can I assume or we assume 19 that without that mandate, we wouldn't be here right

20 now? There's a good chance we wouldn't be here right 21 now?

22 MR. HAGERTY: That is correct. 23

JIM SCOTT: Now, if you do not comply

24 with this mandate given to you, what happens? 25

MR. HAGERTY: There is a chance the

Page 49

Page 48

funding --

JIM SCOTT: You guys will lose your job?

3 MR. HAGERTY: I'll retire.

JIM SCOTT: I'm just kidding.

5 MR. HAGERTY: Sir, I don't know. I don't know. The chances are the funding we are currently

6 7 receiving to do this project and to look at other

8 projects in the Imperial Valley could be minimized, and

that would bring our process to -- it would slow our 10 process down.

11 JIM SCOTT: I'm trying to understand that. Now, if you get slowed down, then our economy

12 13 could potentially get affected right here. That

14 process would not be a penalty to you, but it would be 15 a penalty to our county and to the --

MR. HAGERTY: Conceivably, yes.

17 JIM SCOTT: Okay. Now, if someone

18 else -- going along with that policy and the mandate, 19 if someone else puts in -- applies for a lease, what is

20 the time limit on them, like if someone wants to do it

21 after '010? Do you have a year, or do you go through 22 this procedure where we get another Energy Policy

23 around 2011 or 2012 or so and then you get a ten-year

job on that? You see what I'm saying? 24

25 MR. HAGERTY: Absolutely.

Page 5.

JIM SCOTT: I don't know how that policy is worded, but if that's a mandate to you, things ought to be - what I'm saying is, this shouldn't happen if you're in the business of producing energy, if you are in the commercial business of doing this. And you're not the only entity that our county gets involved with on this. But I'm just asking questions that I think need to be addressed.

MR. STRAND: Well, I'm sure you guys can give some history maybe on this, but let me just make one point to your second comment. Once this decision is made to open or close, that will help greatly with those applications in the future that come in; right?

So let's just say the decision is made to open the entire 22,000 acres to geothermal leasing. Those applications will come in, be processed, start their own NEPA process for that project. This should happen just as soon as they can process that application in.

If it makes sense, they will start that NEPA process. There shouldn't be any foreseeable delays in that. This decision will help that, you know -- what I'm saying is, in the future they have to slow down, stop, look at the entire area and say, do we want to open that up for geothermal leasing? They may say they 1 they're running up to their end time right now. And 2 that's part of the issue that's pushing them to try to 3 get this mandate, if I may jump in for just a second. 4

Well, it's funny, this 2005 Energy Policy. 5 You know, oftentimes we in BLM get given directions by the Congress and the people of the United States to go

7 do something, and most of the time it comes with no

8 dollars attached to it. And so things languish

because, how are you going to do an environmental impact statement that may run you half-a-million to a 10 11 million-and-a-half dollars when you don't have two

12 dollars, yet alone a million or a million-and-a-half? 13 So that's kind of where this runs down here.

14 Why do things languish like that? We could wind up 15 being in the same mode, just like you say. Even though

16 Mike up here says yes, if we decide to open these up to

17 leasing and we get an application in, remember those 18

acres that are outside the area that is designated as

19 the non-competitive lease -- those are the ones Deep

20 Rose applied for -- those will all be under

21 competition. So you might have the Lone Pine Tribe

22 decide to compete for a lease, and somebody else out

23 here -- you, as a person -- might want to compete for a

24 lease. You get into bidding process. 25

Now, after you've got that lease awarded to

Page 51

want to close it.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

JIM SCOTT: Okay. Another question, that blue State lease there, can you explain what the State lease is, or what is that?

MR. HAGERTY: Sure. Independent of BLM, of course, there's lands in the State of California that are managed by the State, specifically the State Lands Commission. When California became a state, there were two sections in every township, 36 sections that were awarded to the State of California. Section 16, in that case, and Section 36, unless the sections were already previously encumbered with something.

So in this case the company Deep Rose, since it is a State section, applied to the State Lands Commission for an actual lease to explore, and the State of California went through their own environmental process independent of us to process whether they should issue a lease or not. The final decision was that they issued a lease for -- how long? How many years is it? Thirteen years?

23 24 two years. It might be three years. I'm not sure, 25 And I think it's actually three years, because I think

MR. GUM: From the time that their approval was made, I thought they had -- I think it's you, now you've got to come in with an application to

do all this stuff we're talking about doing:

developing that field, drilling those wells, making 3

4 that power plant. And we've got to go through that

environmental process again for each one of those sites specific to that location. So you could be seeing

7 quite some time pass if we don't have the resources

8 assigned to us to be able to conduct those types of 9

analyses.

10 To be sure, we are now in cost-recovery 11 mode, which means, when an applicant comes in, we sit 12 down first with them one time, give them a free shot at

13 us, and we'll tell them what all is going to be

14 required of them. And then the very next thing we do

15 is, we create a memorandum of agreement between us and

16 that company, and we let them know, you're going to

17 have to pay for every hour of our time we spend on

18 this. You're going to have to hire third-party

19 contractors to go out and do the biological study, to

20 do the cultural study, to create the environmental 21 document, just like we're doing for this leasing. So

22 we pass the cost mostly on to those applicants at that

23 point in time, but they've still got to have BLM to do

24 that and issue their right-of-way grant. So it's quite

25 a package overall.

	10 - 10 0 - 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
A	28:17,20 30:13 33:6	amend 25:4 27:4	Arcularius 44:21,23	10:1,6,17 13:21
able 3:16 12:2 40:4	34:14 36:13 44:20	amended 27:8	are 5:6 6:9 8:1 9:4	14:14 15:25,25 16:3
53:8	45:19	amendment 25:3,6,9	10:24 12:24 16:10	16:23 17:24 18:6,10
about 4:21,25 5:19	addressed 5:7 28:11	27:5,10 30:3,4,4,7	17:8 20:17 21:7 22:1	19:25 22:10 24:2
6:22 7:4,5,21 8:2,10	30:1 42:5 50:8	amendments 25:8 27:9	22:22 24:8 26:1,3,19	25:6,16 26:24 27:21
8:11,24,25,25 9:1,1	addressing 19:20 29:6	amount 9:12 32:9 41:1	31:14,15 32:25 34:18	27:23 28:7,10,22
	adequate 11:16,17 33:5	an 5:5 6:5,18 11:16,17	34:20 35:13 36:1	29:1,4,22 31:18
9:11 10:9 11:22,23	45:1	11:19 13:15,19 15:14	38:3,9 40:5,5,19,21	32:22 34:15,16,19,21
11:24,25 13:23 14:1	adequately 5:7	18:2,25 19:25 21:5	41:9 44:10,12 45:19	35:7,13 36:16 38:18
14:2,3,6,10 15:9 16:9	administrations 21:4	24:9 25:5,9 27:5,20	45:21 46:12 47:1,2	41:4 43:8 44:2,2,20
16:13,15,17,20 17:7				49:7 50:24 53:12,22
18:16 19:4 20:9,21	administratively 31:15	27:21,25 28:10 30:3	47:16 48:14 49:6,6	
20:23 22:8,23 23:3,6	31:16	30:12,20 32:18 33:19	50:4 51:7 52:9,18,19	55:15,21 56:6,9
23:12 25:2,7 26:9	Administrator 45:11	38:19 39:14 44:23	53:10 54:2	atmospheric 17:14
28:18 33:12 34:21	affect 34:10	46:16,17,19 47:6,8	area 4:19 10:2 13:16	attached 52:8
36:21 37:25 43:23	affected 49:13	51:16 52:9,17 53:1	16:14,16 21:21 22:9	attended 47:21
44:10,11 46:6,22	afford 33:14	53:11 54:1	22:9,13,15,19 23:14	authority 20:16 22:6
47:12,13,24 53:2	after 5:1,11 6:21 19:21	analyses 53:9	23:16,17 24:7,15,16	available 29:10
above 8:13 15:25 17:10	29:14 45:17 49:21	analysis 41:1 44:6	24:17 25:1,11 27:1	average 13:15 15:2
18:10	52:25 54:12,23	Angeles 40:19,19	27:10 28:1,3,9 30:5	awarded 51:10 52:25
absolutely 34:16 40:3	afternoon 9:18	another 19:14 20:6	31:23 32:1,6 34:21	aware 54:5
	afterwards 26:9	25:13 26:6 27:10	38:16 40:16,21 42:1	awful 38:19
49:25 55:19	again 10:22 16:24 17:6	29:13 36:8 37:7 40:4	43:9 44:1,5 47:17	2 W 101 30.13
accept 27:13	18:21 22:4 25:2	49:22 51:2	50:24 52:18	В
accepted 27:15		answer 4:9 5:3 6:18,23		back 3:17,17,20 5:22
access 8:5,8 11:23	26:11,25 27:11 29:5	[1] TO A SOUTH HOLE IN THE SECTION OF STREET SECTION OF STREET, SECTI	areas 7:9,24 21:16	
12:19 13:24 19:12,13	29:5,14 30:4,9,12	26:13,13 34:12 38:22	25:23 28:4	8:15 13:7,12 17:2
23:1 31:24	48:12 53:5 54:15	39:1	around 6:5 7:9 14:23	19:24 20:3 26:14
accessed 9:23	agencies 28:19 34:18	answers 5:5	[4:24 17:24 49:23	36:14 37:2,4,25
according 24:15	agenda 4:13	any 8:4 18:3 22:2 26:12	as 3:17 4:3,8 6:4,14,19	38:11,25 44:24 54:14
acreage 22:21 32:9	agreement 53:15	27:25 29:2 34:8	7:7,17,17 9:2,3,11,13	background 4:19 6:14
acres 13:17,17,23 14:1	ahead 3:7 12:2 20:8	38:15 44:14 50:21	15:16,16,23 18:7,22	backlog 23:24 24:5
14:10,11,15,17,19,23	air 38:9	54:17	20:1 21:9 22:4 23:11	bad 32:18
16:11,17 22:10,23	alert 41:15	anybody 21:14 54:18	23:18 24:9,11,11,16	ball 34:6 38:3
23:6,13 24:12 26:24	all 3:8 5:8,23 10:11	anything 23:2 44:19	24:18 27:2,3 28:3,22	bare 18:22
28:8 31:2,3 32:2,3	14:1,11 16:25 18:17	54:18 55:9	28:22 29:3,9,9 30:1	base 38:16
46:7 50:15 52:18	20:21 21:19 23:13	anywhere 18:5 45:20	30:14 33:16,16 34:25	based 31:9
	24:25 30:4,21 31:10	54:3	35:15,20,24,25 36:1	basic 4:16
across 13:11 22:25	32:14 35:7 38:16	appear 31:7	36:14 39:7,19 43:21	basically 12:4 14:7
Act 18:23 19:3,4 20:13	44:20 45:11 47:16	applicant 46:14 53:11	44:6,25 45:13,15	17:13 19:8 25:19
20:19,23 21:2,5,6,8	48:10 52:20 53:2,13	applicants 41:16 53:22	47:7,14,14 48:5	33:5 36:17 37:9
21:12 22:5 23:23				
25:3 27:20 33:8,8	55:15	application 14:14 37:7	50:18,18 52:18,23	38:16 43:3
34:2 36:15 37:14	allow 12:23	46:16 50:19 52:17	55:14	basics 6:20
48:13	allowing 39:7	53:1 54:2	ask 5:4,9,12,16,20,22	basing 41:1
action 4:21 18:24 26:23	alone 52:12	applications 3:13 14:9	5:24 11:4 48:12	became 51:8
27:3,25,25 28:5 35:4	along 49:18 55:15	14:10 21:10,20,25	54:21	because 8:7,13 9:22
48:14	already 18:14 20:13	23:12,22,25 24:1,3,7	asked 25:17	10:25 11:5,21 13:9
actions 44:13	22:24 25:2,12 26:17	26:25 27:14,14 32:24	asking 14:15 50:7 55:6	15:18,23 18:8,24
activities 3:14	35:20 43:14,25 51:12	33:2,6,7 43:15 46:12	aspect 11:24 24:6 25:5	24:14,20 26:8 32:22
activity 24:1	55:8	46:23,25 47:2 48:15	aspects 4:23 42:20 43:3	36:14,23 47:10,25
acts 21:3 25:13	also 3:14 6:12 19:13	50:13,16	Assembly 25:15 37:9	48:5 51:25 52:9
actual 4:21 13:14 14:3	20:5,25 21:2 22:21	applied 24:13 51:15	assess 11:20	become 11:14
	23:5 29:16 30:2	52:20	Assessment 46:19	becomes 7:18 12:16
14:12 51:16	35:18,24 46:11,13	applies 49:19	assigned 53:8	been 6:5 10:7 12:1,16
actually 8:12 10:22	47:24 55:12	applies 47.17 apply 21:23 24:14,16	Assistant 3:14	21:10 22:24 25:8
12:20,24 18:1 36:11	alternative 24:10 28:10	appreciate 30:10 41:22	assisting 26:21	27:8,9 31:17 32:21
42:9 51:25		이 그리 중요하게 되었다면 아내면 가득한 전 이렇게 되어서면 하나 이렇게 하다.		
addition 43:22	alternatives 27:24 28:7	44:18 45:25	assume 48:18,18	32:23 35:2,4 37:6
additional 26:2	28:21	appropriate 34:19 48:7	assuming 11:18	43:14,16,25 45:18
additions 29:24	although 12:10 47:6	approval 51:23	assumption 42:8	Before 41:7
	N N . 1 . 7	approve 23:21	at 4:14,19,21,22 6:12	begin 45:22,23
address 5:2 19:15	55:13 am 3:10,11 47:8	archeologist 47:23	7:7,9,15,25 8:9,10	beginning 35:7,9

begins 18:12 behind 3:25 41:9 being 17:12 24:13 25:21 26:1.20 30:10 40:4 42:12 52:15 believe 23:4 24:20.21 33:24 46:8 beneath 7:6 benefit 9:20,21,21 benefits 8:23 9:2 16:4 Besides 22:20 best 5:3 bet 41:7 better 17:11 between 15:3 28:24 53:15 bidding 52:24 big 6:11,11 25:13 35:11 42:16 46:4 bigger 8:6 10:24 biggest 9:2 binary 12:24 15:7,9,12 15:13 16:20,24 20:2 biological 53:19 biomass 9:1 Bishop 1:16 3:1 48:11 bit 4:18,20 6:14 8:2 14:6 15:9 16:19 18:9 19:4 20:9 33:13 48:2 black 3:22 BLM 4:21 6:7 19:24 22:24 26:21 27:13 29:3 31:4,7,11,17 32:10,22 33:11 34:4 36:17 41:15 46:20 47:2,7,21,22 51:5 52:5 53:23 56:7 BLM's 23:24 47:12 blowing 9:11,20 blue 41:9 51:3 boards 54:20 Bob 41:8, 12, 12, 13 boil 8:22 boiling 8:18,21 15:25 16:1 18:21 boils 8:9 bolts 22:8 both 16:4 45:9 boundary 21:20 branch 2:3 3:11,12,12 brief 6:25 BrightSource 39:9 bring 8:21 15:11 17:13 42:1 49:9 brought 3:15 12:21 16:25 17:12 33:24 build 11:13 19:23 42:15 building 1:15 41:4

bumped 25:21 Bureau 1:1 3:10 6:3 20:15 46:18 business 50:4,5 but 5:5,19 6:5,14,17,24 7:8,16,24,25 8:6,10 8:21 9:6.11.21 10:6 10:15 11:18 12:6 13:24 14:6,11,14,19 14:22,24 16:4,8,19 17:10 19:10,11,14 20:17 21:25 22:2 25:7,25 26:8,9 31:15 36:18,20 37:1,10,12 37:16 38:20 39:6 40:4,9,21 41:15 42:5 42:17,23 43:1 44:9 45:20 46:25 47:11 49:14 50:2,7,10 53:23 buy 25:23 by 1:22 8:5 11:20 22:22 23:25 24:18 31:12 36:19 37:6,8,13 39:20 43:25 46:16 47:5 51:7 52:5 55:10 55:13,16

C C 2:1 3:3 56:1,1 CA 1:16 3:1 Cadayona 2:7 4:2 30:18 33:21 calculation 43:14 California 3:21 6:10 8:24 22:22 24:19 25:4,14,18 27:5 28:2 28:4 30:5 37:3 39:5 39:12,17,24 40:1,8 43:9 44:1,4 51:6,8,10 51:17 56:10 call 3:18 12:22 16:6 23:10 24:14 37:9 38:2.8 46:6 called 12:7 18:1 22:12 28:13 33:18 came 24:10 33:2 campfire 10:13 camping 10:12 can 4:12 5:2,3,10,13,14 5:15 6:23 7:7,19,19 8:3,12,12 9:17 11:13 15:6,18 18:12 19:13 22:1 26:7 29:1,2,16 29:17 30:12,12,16 36:9 38:16 42:4 45:20 48:18 50:9,18 51:3 54:7,8 55:16

capacity 9:25 capture 4:5 car 13:1 carbon 9:5,6 card 5:8 cards 5:24 30:16 career 6:7 careful 15:21 cartoon 12:3.20 CARVER 1:22 56:3,16 case 9:25 12:24 15:7 19:10 41:11 51:11,14 cases 11:2 Center 23:16 certain 9:12 15:17 47:7 certainly 45:19 certified 56:3 certify 56:4 chance 5:20,24 29:15 48:20,25 chances 49:6 changed 21:18 chemical 15:20 Chief 2:3 3:11 China 23:15 Chino 56:10 chosen 23:2 city 18:17 clarifications 29:25 clearly 5:14 25:25 click 26:18 close 11:2 27:1,3,11,23 50:12 51:1 closed 31:14,16 closer 54:20 cloud 9:19 CMR's 35:17 Code 19:4 codes 33:25 coffers 36:12 collect 5:12 30:16 collected 37:1,13 come 3:13 4:6 5:22 13:12 14:15 15:13,24 15:24 20:3 21:14 25:19 27:14 29:15 39:5 42:14,15 46:20 50:13,16 53:1 comes 12:25 37:2,17 39:25 52:7 53:11 coming 3:8 4:8 13:9 15:8,15 18:4,7 20:18 22:11 36:21 37:25 38:11 40:5 54:2 comment 5:9 29:2,11 29:12 31:22 44:20 45:3,17 47:4 50:11

commenter 45:8

commenting 44:19

comments 5:1,2 28:15 29:1,6,16,16,17,22 29:23 30:11,15 47:18 55:5,7,15 comment-and-questi... 30:17 commercial 11:14,19 12:2 20:2 50:5 commercially 11:12 Commission 26:3 37:5 51:8.16 committed 45:22 companies 10:20 12:17 company 11:9 19:22 20:3 22:24 23:1,1 46:25 51:14 53:16 compared 35:15 compete 52:22,23 competition 52:21 competitive 21:17,19 21:25 24:16 25:10 completed 12:1 29:10 completely 45:21 comply 34:1 48:23 comprise 56:5 computer 19:12 Conceivably 49:16 concept 8:18 24:23 30:22 concern 30:25 48:4 concerned 28:18 44:10 44:10 concerns 35:23 36:1.6 concluded 55:21 conclusions 45:17 condensation 18:9 condense 18:12 conditional 41:18 conduct 53:8 confuse 46:15 Congress 52:6 conservation 25:3 30:5 40:8 43:9 44:1,5 consider 21:24 24:7,10 24:12,20 31:17,19 considered 18:24 21:21 28:9 29:20 38:7 considering 35:14 considers 32:10 consistency 45:14 construction 42:14,16 43:19 consultation 47:8,15 48:4 consume 40:10 contact 13:10 45:9 contained 16:25 contains 7:14

continue 40:10

continued 31:20 44:11 continues 9:15 continuous 43:20 contract 25:24 36:20 contracted 4:1 contractors 53:19 contrary 39:10 controlled 22:22 controls 35:17 conveyed 12:6 13:2 cook 8:16 cooker 8:16,17 17:15 cool 13:9 cooperating 34:18 coordination 34:2,3 44:25 45:4,5,13,22 coordinator 2:4,7 3:20 copies 19:5 correct 32:13 48:15,17 48:22 56:5 corrected 21:12 corridor 10:2 40:18,23 Coso 6:11 22:14 36:15 38:7,17 cost 53:22 cost-recovery 53:10 could 5:21 7:12,13 8:21 12:5,5 13:20 15:13 15:16 16:13 17:16 18:5 21:14,17,22 25:22,23 38:6,10,13 38:13 42:19 43:21 49:8,13 52:14 53:6 54:8 couldn't 24:13,16 33:13 47:9 counties 36:4 county 23:10 30:20,23 32:19 34:3,5,11 35:6 35:14 36:11 37:4,6 37:15,16 38:1,11 41:14,17 43:7 44:9 44:11,16,24 45:9,11 49:15 50:6 County's 41:19 couple 10:9 11:15 13:16,17 14:9 21:8 22:1 32:19 35:3 course 8:9 11:20 14:18 25:12,14 33:7 39:2 40:9 47:17 51:6 court 4:4 5:13 cover 9:19 13:22 14:1 14:16 18:17 26:17,22 covered 16:18 28:2 covers 22:9 23:12 cracks 12:9 create 53:15,20 55:17 created 41:24

cap 12:16,18

designated 52:18 dollars 52:8,11,12 27:21 28:11,20 29:10 expensive 41:5 critical 33:4 expert 2:5 6:4,5 47:9,9 crowd 35:11 designating 31:13 domestic 10:3 29:24,25 30:3,6 designation 31:2,20 done 5:11 10:11.11 33:19 42:5 crust 12:5 experts 3:16 detail 6:20 16:19 22:2 13:19,20 19:25 48:6 elected 28:19 explain 51:3 crustal 7:5 electricity 13:5 17:5,22 exploration 10:22 details 26:8 27:21 don't 5:18 6:15,17 7:24 crystal 38:3 CSR 1:22,23 56:16 determine 11:18 23:21 8:3 9:17 10:3 13:9 18:15 25:18,19 40:10 19:16 41:25 42:6 cultural 20:23,24 53:20 24:3,8 34:24 17:24 18:3,11,13 else 10:6 41:4 49:18,19 43:19 20:10 25:25,25 26:8 52:22 54:18 55:9 explore 51:16 current 7:16 21:23 developed 26:6 29:9 currently 29:8 49:6 31:23 38:1,5 41:25 26:13 27:25 34:12 employment 42:23 extends 24:21 encourage 45:9,18 curtain 41:9 42:12 38:14 40:9 41:2 49:5 extract 15:3,18 cuts 22:25 49:5 50:1 52:11 53:7 encumbered 51:12 developing 53:3 extracted 13:8 end 3:19 52:1 development 4:17 6:8 doubt 44:8 e-mail 29:2 30:12,12,13 D 19:16 29:8 32:1,5 Doug 43:5,6,6,12,18 Endangered 21:1 F D 3:3 36:16 38:2 39:16 down 5:6,16 7:5,10,12 energy 7:4,15 8:23,24 Dalton 2:4 3:20 34:15 F 56:1 40:25 41:19 43:1 8:7,11,12 9:13 10:20 9:8 11:16 21:3,4,6,8 facilities 13:16 35:8.19 36:7 DIANE 1:22 56:3,16 10:23 11:1,2,5,6,7,8 23:23 25:2,13,17,20 dangerous 17:16 18:13 did 11:4 21:8 25:7 33:8 12:4,8,17 16:3 17:2 25:23 26:2,5 30:22 fact 19:6,20 22:23 date 1:18 33:20 35:24 40:3 44:5,23 46:17 17:14 18:22,22 22:7 33:8 36:15 37:5,13 24:18 40:9 45:22 dated 32:25 56:9 46:19 47:11 39:4,5,19 40:2,6,7,13 factored 21:2 22:13 26:14 36:23 Dave 32:15,17,18 48:12 49:22 50:4 Fahrenheit 8:10, 13, 20 didn't 33:5 47:19,24 39:7 40:3 49:10,12 35:10,13 36:5 38:12 50:23 52:13 53:12 52:4 10:9 15:15,16 16:1,2 Diego 25:19 38:23 40:14,23 41:6 difference 15:5 dozen 13:17 Engineers 4:2,3 17:7,9 18:6 failed 31:7 **DAVID 33:23** different 6:9 11:15 draft 29:6,10,16,25 enough 11:11 18:17 FAIRGROUNDS 1:14 day 56:9 21:4,9,13 35:17 drill 8:7 10:23 12:17 entire 14:23 26:24 deal 19:2 50:15.24 fairly 7:10 41:14 dioxide 9:5,6 18:3 46:17 54:7 dealing 35:14 direct 37:7 38:15 entities 34:9 drilled 11:9 fancy 12:3 far 6:5 7:17 9:6,7 24:11 Death 55:4 directed 36:11 37:3 drilling 8:6 10:25 entity 50:6 decide 19:21 34:25 direction 15:15 33:14 19:23,24 42:7 53:3 environmental 2:4 33:16 44:12 Farenheit 18:11 52:16,22 34:19 driven 25:16 11:20 18:25 19:3,25 directions 52:5 feasible 34:24 decision 14:8 19:19 driving 20:19 22:5 20:6,18 24:25 27:19 Federal 18:23,24 19:5 director 41:13 46:5 20:8 21:24 24:23 23:20 28:17 29:7,20,21 26:25 27:4,23,24 directs 33:10 drop 17:18 33:6 43:3 46:5,18,19 19:9,10 20:14 22:20 30:8 50:11,14,22 discount 40:9 dropped 10:9 34:6 34:1.16 37:13 45:2 51:18 52:9 53:5,20 51:20 discussed 23:13 feel 38:4 36:23 essence 18:22 decisions 26:19 27:2 established 21:16 25:8 discussion 8:24 drops 9:13 17:14 feeling 47:10 28:6 35:4 District 3:21 30:14 dry 18:1 estimate 13:20 feet 7:6,6 8:8,12 11:1,3 deductions 36:24 do 5:2 7:1,1,19 10:20 estimated 36:9 due 31:1 47:19 38:18 deep 7:10 8:11,19 12:4 10:21,21 12:2 17:17 during 29:12,17 43:1 estimates 38:17 fellow 3:19,22,24 47:22 46:6,13,16,24,24 19:5,11 21:10 23:2,9 44:13 even 8:3,8,21 9:3 10:6 fence 14:23,24 51:14 52:19 24:2,18 25:24 34:13 10:13 20:7 24:12 few 9:4 35:10 degree 12:15 34:17 38:15,16 39:18 E 31:6 33:7 52:15 field 3:14 6:11,11,12 degrees 8:10,13,20 40:10,12 42:2,11 E 2:1,1 3:3,3 56:1,1,1,1 13:24 53:3 evening 3:8 4:8 6:1 44:5 45:18 48:13,23 each 13:22 53:5 10:9,10 15:7,14,16 30:25 47:5 Fields 6:8 16:2,22 17:7,8,10 49:7,20,21,21 50:24 earlier 24:11 39:1 eventual 32:7 fill 5:10 early 41:14,17 42:6 final 16:7 29:20,20,21 18:5,11 52:7,9,14 53:2,14,19 eventually 32:8 delay 43:15 29:24 30:1,2 45:16 53:20,23 54:14,21 45:5,15 48:3 every 11:24 36:21 51:9 delays 44:12 50:21 earth 7:5 10:5 11:6 56:4 53:17 51:19 Department 20:15 document 4:23 19:19 12:4 everybody 34:23 find 7:1 8:3 10:21 33:11 40:20 41:17 east 6:8,11 23:15 12:12 26:5 42:11 20:12,21,25 25:4 everyone 5:20,24 36:3 45:10,10 26:20 28:20 29:15 EASTERN 1:14 45:20 everything 4:5 6:15 depend 9:19 53:21 55:17 easy 26:4 19:15 33:25 finding 40:5 depending 24:25 38:14 documentation 45:16 economic 44:6, 16 exactly 17:17 24:2 35:8 first 30:21 32:16 39:23 46:5 47:18 53:12 42:18 documents 25:5 33:25 economics 1:15 17:10 example 7:24 15:14 depends 16:5,5 does 13:23 32:8 34:24 economy 43:23 49:12 37:6 fit 35:16 depreciation 36:25 35:16 38:22,23 47:7 Edison 25:18,25 excess 39:23 42:18 five 6:9 40:11 depth 7:7,25 10:18 effort 24:2 55:16 flash 12:23,23 15:10,10 exchanger 13:1,7 17:1 16:23 doesn't 18:19 19:22 EIA 27:20 17:3 15:22,22 17:6,11,11 Desert 3:21 25:3,4 27:5 doing 4:14 28:12 34:21 EIR 46:18 18:14 20:2 Excuse 21:11,11 30:5,14 43:9 44:1,5 EIS 4:22,24 5:7 26:20 flashes 15:11 50:5 53:2,21 expanding 39:14

53:12 55:9 guess 35:3 flawed 31:6 48:2 26:2 28:18 34:23 Gum 2:3 3:7,10 46:9,15 flow 11:10 38:6 39:5,8 41:24 given 33:11 43:24 48:24 52:5 55:8 FLPMA 34:1 35:17 47:6,9,12,12,13,22 gives 20:14 22:6 48:11,15 51:22 54:3 fluid 11:13 13:2,3 15:24,25 17:3 giving 38:3 front 43:1 focus 42:7 55:16 fuels 9:3 gladly 26:9 folks 38:10 go 3:7,17 4:7,8,12,15 full 56:5 fumaroles 7:23 6:19,20 12:2 15:18 footprint 13:15 16:9,14 16:19 17:19 19:11,22 16:17 fund 37:8,10 for 3:8,13 4:3,8,19 5:1 funding 33:12 49:1,6 20:5,8,25 22:2 26:4 funny 52:4 27:18 28:24 29:1 5:5 6:6,16,18 7:2,8 30:12 34:20 38:19 9:12,14,17,22 10:4,5 further 11:2 48:5,6 56:6 40:4 41:7 42:15 43:7 10:7,12,16,17,19 future 50:13,23 44:24 48:5 49:21 13:18,18 14:15,18,25 G 52:6 53:4,19 54:4,14 15:9,13 16:10,13,14 G3:3 55:14 16:24 17:11 18:21 gas 9:3,7 18:6 25:18,19 goes 13:6 17:1,2,20 19:24 20:2,2,4 22:2 gave 6:4 55:7 36:14,23 37:4,8,11 22:14 23:24 24:18 general 4:17 15:4 38:25 45:13 26:4 27:10,15,21 36:22 45:14 going 4:4,6,13,15 5:2 28:4 29:6,11 30:23 30:23 31:19 35:22 generate 42:24 43:23 6:19,24 8:15 10:14 generated 36:9 37:22 10:15 11:1 14:16,23 36:16,16,20,22 37:5 39:12 16:2,10,11 22:1 25:9 37:6,6 38:1 39:3 54:3 26:4,6,7,10,20,21 generating 40:1 41:14,15,16 43:23 generator 13:5 17:5,21 27:18 28:1,24 29:7 44:7,19 45:3,5 46:20 32:21 34:10 37:16 48:10 49:19 50:17,25 18:15 generic 7:3 39:10,11,13,16,22 51:16,20 52:3,20,22 42:24 47:18 49:18 52:23 53:5,17,21 gentleman 24:11 54:19 56:8 geology 6:22 52:9 53:13,16,18 force 20:19 23:20 geothermal 1:3 2:5 3:9 gone 5:23 11:6 35:20 42:16 3:23 4:16,18 6:2,4,25 good 4:9 6:1 7:2,23 16:16,18 18:13 36:14 foregoing 56:4 7:4,21 8:23 9:1,2,5 foreseeable 38:2 40:25 9:14,23 13:15 16:12 44:23 48:20 18:23 20:13 21:13 got 12:15 21:3,4,5 34:6 50:21 22:5,9 23:22 24:15 39:14 45:19 46:1 Forest 23:15,18 47:18 48:10 52:25 25:7,10 27:1,11,13 forever 43:22 form 14:18 27:18 28:4,9 33:9 53:1,4,23 54:9,13,14 34:21 39:15 41:19,24 government 20:14 34:3 formal 47:14 43:8,13 50:15,25 34:5,9 35:15,21,22 forth 36:1,4 37:13 45:1,6,15,20 56:8 forward 34:19,25 geothermal-resource... government-to-gove... 45:13 45:6 47:15 fossil 9:3 4:17 get 3:8 4:9,15,20 6:17 governor 25:14 40:3 found 47:11 grant 53:24 foundations 14:20 7:1,18 10:20,23 11:4 11:7 14:5 15:23 grants 37:5,5 four 27:17 40:11 18:22 20:22 22:4,7 great 5:4 9:9 18:18 fracture 12:10 41:21 44:20 26:2,7,14 29:19 fractured 7:11 greatly 50:12 32:21 38:20 39:19 fractures 11:5 12:9,11 41:16 45:9 46:20 green 23:17 12:14 Greg 13:14 14:2 15:2 Francisco 6:11 17:25 48:3 49:12,13,22,23 16:7 30:18,19,19 52:3,5,17,24 54:4 18:18 gets 26:8 44:1 50:6 31:25 32:3,7,12,13 free 53:12 Friday 47:19 getting 7:17 48:2 gross 37:22 Geyser 18:16 grossly 31:5 44:15 friend 47:13,25 geysers 6:10 7:23 10:7 ground 4:7 7:2 11:7 frog 37:19 17:24 12:9,18 from 6:5 7:12 9:4,8 give 5:9,20,24 6:24 Groundwater 41:20 11:22 12:8 14:10 18:19 19:22 20:10,11 group 3:15 18:5 19:16 22:17 29:15 47:19 50:10 grow 32:8 24:4,11 25:20,23

51:22 54:8,14 55:12 guys 5:8 28:14 30:10 30:15 32:22 34:13 44:19 48:13 49:2 50:9 54:6 55:19 had 8:16 21:13 23:3,25 29:14 39:2 46:5,20 51:23 54:10 55:2 Hagerty 2:5 3:23 6:1,2 13:18 14:5 15:6 16:15 33:1,4 36:13 37:23 38:13 39:13 42:4 43:11 46:11 48:17,22,25 49:3,5 49:16,25 51:5 Haiwee 1:3 3:9 13:19 22:8,12 23:19 56:8 half 28:9 37:2,12,14,16 half-a-million 52:10 hand 17:6 happen 39:14,21 50:3 50:18 happened 34:12 happening 26:3 35:3 happens 48:24 happy 22:3 26:12 54:21 hard 23:17 37:10 Harrington 41:12,13 has 5:15 6:21 10:9,17 11:6,6,9 12:1,15 19:15 21:2 22:23,24 23:2 27:7 32:20,23 36:23 39:9 hasn't 31:16 34:11 have 3:15 4:4,5,6,14 5:5,8,18 6:14,17 8:7 9:7,17,24,24 10:3,7 10:11,12 14:8,19 15:8,12,21 16:1,10 18:1,10,13 19:5,6,8 19:12,12,14 20:20 21:10,10,17,21 22:3 22:21 23:5,7,11 24:18 25:15,24 26:6 26:12 27:9,18,20,20 28:25 30:10,15 31:17 32:19 33:5,14 34:4,4 34:12 35:10,15,19,20 35:22,24,24 37:6 38:1,15,17,25 39:11 39:18,23 43:16 45:1 45:2,11,18 46:23

47:7,13,16 49:21 50:23 52:11,21 53:7 53:17,18,23 54:9 55:13 haven't 55:8 having 15:20 he 3:23,25 40:17,24 hear 5:13 8:25,25,25 9:1 28:14,18 34:23 heard 31:22 hearing 5:15 29:13 56:6 heart 29:24 heat 7:5,5,6,9,15,16,17 7:18 10:5 11:8,11 12:4,6,25 13:1,6,11 15:18 17:1,2,4 heated 7:14 12:9 heats 13:4 15:13 Heights 18:18 help 4:10 50:12,22 her 46:15 here 3:17,20 4:14,15 5:11,18,25 6:20 7:9 7:15 8:11,18 9:24 10:1 12:7,10,16 13:10 14:7 16:19 17:7,24 18:22 19:18 20:11,18 21:7,10,15 21:19,20,23,25 22:5 22:10,11,13,14,15,18 22:25 23:5,16,17 24:1,6,12,14,21,22 25:24 26:6,8,11 27:17 28:12,14 29:1 29:5 30:10,11 32:22 38:1,9 44:10 45:19 46:4,10 47:10 48:19 48:20 49:13 52:13,16 52:23 54:7,19 hereby 56:4 hereinbefore-entitled 56:7 Here's 35:6 Hey 34:20 he's 3:20 25:17 26:17 46:22 47:10 Hi 30:19 43:6 Hicks 43:5,6,6,12,18 higher 8:21 Highway 22:11 him 3:22 hire 53:18 Historic 20:22 history 4:18 50:10 hit 18:3 42:3 47:14 54:18 hold 12:17

-				
home 1:15 25:16	independent 51:5,18	38:20,20 41:3,5,25	11:22,23,24 22:14	28:10 50:15,25 52:17
Honey 6:12	Indian 47:6	42:24 43:25 44:20	25:25,25 26:13 27:16	53:21
hope 36:2 44:22	individuals 24:13	45:1,6,7,7,8 46:14	33:17 34:11,12 35:23	least 36:16
hopefully 4:9	25:24	47:6 51:23,25 52:4	35:25 38:14 42:7	leave 28:25 30:11
hot 7:11,14,21,23,25	industrial 42:24	53:24 54:10	44:4,9,14 47:7,24	42:17
			The Control of the Co	
8:2,9 10:15,16,16,16	information 4:16 20:10	I'd 21:15 22:3 26:12	49:5,6 50:1,22 52:5	left 41:9 46:12
10:16,18,18 12:19,21	injected 13:7 17:2	31:17 34:11	53:16 54:24 55:12	less 9:7 14:19 16:22
15:3 16:22 18:4,4	injection 15:15,19	I'll 4:12,20 5:11 6:17	knowing 43:13	28:8 38:14
hour 53:17	inside 8:17	6:20 8:2 14:5 15:8,14	knowledge 38:15	let 16:19 18:13 35:23
how 6:25 7:1 8:2 10:20	insist 31:9	19:3 26:9,13,15,18	known 24:14 43:8	35:25 36:13 50:10
11:4 15:17 20:24	instance 35:22	49:3	47:13	53:16 55:12
32:20 35:16,16 42:18	instead 38:7 39:21	I'm 3:14 4:6 5:19 6:2,5		letter 29:2 30:13
50:1 51:20,21 52:9	Intent 33:18,19 34:6	6:19,24 14:13 18:21	L	letters 35:19
huge 41:1'	47:12	26:10 30:16,20 32:18	lag 33:13	let's 22:7 38:8 42:10,10
hundred 14:15,17,19	interchange 4:10	32:18 34:6 41:13	Lake 6:12 22:13 23:15	46:15 50:14
15:6	interested 24:17 45:21	43:6,6,24 44:22,23	Lakes 6:12 37:7	level 8:10 16:1 18:6
hundreds 42:24	Interior 20:15 33:11	46:3,4,4 48:1,4 49:4	land 1:1 3:10 6:3 14:3	34:15,20,22 35:13
hydrocarbon 13:2	into 6:20 12:6,18,22	49:11,24 50:3,7,9,23	14:12,22 20:15 21:15	liaison 47:24
nyurocarbon 13:2				
I	13:4,5,7 14:5 15:11	51:24	21:25 22:25 23:5,9,9	lid 17:15,18
	16:19 17:4,19,20,21	I've 6:5 45:19 46:1	24:8 34:1 36:20	life 43:20
idea 30:21	18:3 20:18,22,25		44:11,15 46:19	like 3:7 5:20 6:23 7:2
ideas 20:11	21:2 22:2,4 26:7,8	<u>J</u>	lands 2:3 3:12 18:23	7:22,22 8:6 11:7
identified 11:10 20:1	29:19 31:4 33:10	jacket 3:19	22:21 23:6 24:21	12:12,13 13:1,15
44:6,12	35:16 36:11 37:4,8	Jim 48:11,11,18,23	46:7 51:6,8,15	14:21 17:14 19:9,14
if 5:1,9,14,15,21 6:21	39:19 52:24	49:2,4,11,17 50:1	land-use 34:8	21:15 25:12 27:7
10:12,13,18,25 12:22	introduce 3:16	51:2 54:12,16	language 30:6	29:17 30:22 31:17
14:8,14,15 15:25,25	inventoried 31:19	job 1:25 49:2,24	languish 52:8,14	34:11 35:6 42:8,23
16:1,21 19:12,13,18	inventory 31:3,6,8,11	jobs 41:24 42:1,19,25	Larderello 18:1	48:7 49:20 52:14,15
19:21 20:1,7 21:24	invited 36:3	43:1,19,19,19 44:3	large 16:13,16 41:2,4	53:21 54:6 55:13
22:2 24:23 26:11,13	involved 20:12 35:6	John 2:4 3:20	42:13	likely 40:21 41:3 42:17
27:12,16,25 30:10,15			larger 33:7	
	42:13 45:15 50:6	judgment 38:19		limit 5:21 49:20
31:22 32:8 34:12	Involvement 2:7	jump 52:3	last 27:8 35:3 46:1 55:2	limitations 15:17
38:20 39:1,23 41:25	Inyo 23:15,17 30:20	Junction 22:15	late 30:8	limited 7:17 15:23
42:12 48:23 49:12,17	32:19 37:4,16,25	jurisdiction 23:7	later 14:6 45:23	Linda 44:21,23
49:19,20 50:2,3,4,20	38:11 41:14 43:7	just 4:7,12,15,16 5:10	late-night 19:10	line 40:18 41:3,4
52:3,16 53:7 54:2,20	44:24 45:9	6:24 12:3,4 15:14	lava 7:7	lines 11:24 40:17,19,21
54:20 55:7,8,9	isn't 32:3	16:7 18:4 19:4,22	law 39:20	Linn 2:3 3:10
illiterate 32:18	isopentane 13:3	20:11 21:22 22:13,20	laws 20:10,12,17	listen 28:14,14
impact 29:7,21,21 30:1	issue 6:5 10:6 14:7	26:18 27:22 28:3	laydown 13:25	little 4:18,20 5:17 6:14
30:2 41:1 44:3,7	19:18 21:3 22:5	29:17 32:9 36:2 38:9	lead 6:2 33:23	8:2 12:3,20 14:6,11
46:18 52:10	25:13 40:4 42:9	40:15 41:5 42:6	leader 3:23	15:8 16:18 18:9 19:4
impacts 44:16	51:19 52:2 53:24	43:13 44:7 45:1,8,18	learning 6:16	19:7 20:9 22:13 44:8
Imperial 6:7 49:8	issued 19:21 22:24	46:12 48:1 49:4 50:7	leasable 54:2	48:2 54:19,20
implemented 31:17	42:11 51:20	50:10,14,18 52:3,15	lease 14:7,8,8 19:18,18	local 10:2 34:8 35:14
43:10	issues 15:20 24:25	53:21 54:5	19:19,21,21 20:8,16	44:25 45:6,15,20
import 10:3		33.41 34.3	21:15,24,25 22:6,9	
import 10:3	28:18 29:6 36:24	K		locally 9:23 47:21
	Italy 18:1		23:1,2,3,12,22,25	located 23:14 46:7
important 19:17 25:5	its 18:8 30:22 40:1	Karen 2:7 4:2	24:18,24,24,25 26:24	location 1:14 46:21
40:8	itself 7:6,15 10:8,24	keep 40:7	27:16,22 28:8 32:8	53:6
importantly 21:5 37:12	13:24	kettle 18:8 21:1	32:24 33:2 38:21	Lone 52:21 55:2
inadequate 31:5	it's 7:14 8:5,9,16 9:8	kidding 49:4	42:9,11 48:14 49:19	long 10:5,5,17 19:15
include 13:23 16:12	10:2,3,4,14,15 12:9	kind 16:18 18:21 20:25	51:3,4,16,19,20	32:20 38:19 42:25
18:25 30:3	12:22,25 13:3,7	23:13,17 35:23 38:3	52:19,22,24,25	51:20
included 30:6 35:18	14:13 15:25 16:11,25	44:15 52:13	leased 22:24 24:4,9	longer 54:19
47:21	17:14,20 18:4,6	kinds 3:13	leases 36:21	look 4:22 13:21 24:2
includes 16:11 46:11	19:14,17 21:19 23:7	kinetics 6:23	leasing 3:9 14:6 18:21	25:16 26:24 27:21
THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY.	23:16 26:4,5 27:12	kitchen 17:16	18:23 19:16,20,20	28:7,10,22 33:14
including 26:24 36:3	71.10 70.4 171.17		10.2015.10.20.20	40.1.10.22.17
including 26:24 36:3		경기 시시 시간 사람이 있다면 가장 보다 있다면 가장 보다 되었다.		
including 26:24 36:3 incorporated 31:4 increases 8:17	28:1,2,17 29:8 30:3 34:19 35:5 37:10	knew 47:25 know 5:20 6:15,17 7;22	20:20 21:13 25:6,7 25:10,10 27:2,11,13	41:3 49:7 50:24 54:19

Page 62 looking 4:14,19,21 7:9 7:15 9:17 10:1 22:10 25:6 27:22 29:4.22 31:18 35:7 44:2 55:15 looks 19:14 Los 40:19.19 lose 49:2 loss 30:25 31:10,12,23 32:10 lost 31:13 lot 5:18 6:20 8:19,23 14:19 26:7.8 31:6 32:4 36:18 39:4,15 lots 26:7 louder 5:17 loudly 5:14 low 15:16,17 lower 15:18,19 40:18 M made 14:8 19:19 21:24 24:24 26:20 27:2,4,6 28:6,17 29:10,25 45:18 47:5 50:12,14 51:23 maintenance 13:25 major 18:24 40:20 42:23 majority 39:4 42:25 make 5:6 8:22 11:11,12 11:16 20:8 22:11 32:9 34:25 36:9 38:21 39:11 40:12

23:10 25:9 26:14,25 50:10 makes 9:22 42:8 50:20 making 53:3 Mammoth 6:12 37:7 manage 43:2,3

managed 36:19 37:8 51:7

Management 1:1 3:11 6:3 20:15 34:2 46:19 management, plans

44:14 manager 2:6 3:14,25 manages 36:17

managing 42:20,21 mandate 48:19.24 49:18 50:2 52:3

mandated 45:4 48:14 mandates 45:14

manifestation 8:1 MANN 1:22 56:3,16

manner 48:7 Manning 46:1,3,3 47:4

many 9:18 20:5,17,17 27:8,8,9 42:18 47:20

51:21 map 21:9,19 22:14 maps 31:7 marks 22:11 matter 40:10 56:7 may 5:3,5,16 6:16 8:7 10:15 11:1.2.15 16:17 28:21 29:24 32:5 41:14,18 50:25

52:3.10 maybe 5:21 8:7,8 11:1 15:14 16:8 24:9,9 28:8 29:13 38:8

42:19 50:10 54:3 me 6:4,16 16:19 21:11 21:11 32:8,15 36:13 37:19 50:10

mean 13:16 32:23 34:10 36:22 39:8 42:15 44:8

means 22:18 27:12 53:11

medium 7:18 meet 40:2 meeting 1:2 3:9 26:11 28:13 29:13 47:21

55:2 56:8 meetings 27:20 29:1 megawatts 9:18 18:16

36:18 members 35:25 memorandum 53:15

mention 41:8 mentioned 20:13 22:4 23:11 25:12 40:17,24

men's 41:10 merely 31:16 Mesa 6:8.12

middle 28:23 might 8:20 11:4,21

14:24 15:8 24:24,24 41:24 51:24 52:21,23

migrate 13:11 Mike 2:6 3:25 4:6,10 6:19 26:10,15 52:16

miles 23:14 million 36:21 37:1,24

38:7,8 43:23,24 44:3 52:12

million-and-a-half 52:11,12

mineralization 12:12 Minerals 2:3 3:12 minimized 49:8

minute 4:6,15 minutes 4:25 Mitchell 41:22,23

54:23 55:11,18 mitigate 31:11,23

mitigating 31:18 mix 39:19

mode 52:15 53:11 Mojave 31:5 molten 7:7 12:5 mom 8:15

Monday 54:24 money 33:5,5,15 37:10

monitor 43:2 Mono 37:6

months 29:9 32:23 more 5:22 15:20 16:19 21:5 22:2,3,3 26:12

26:17 30:23 31:11 33:16 35:11 36:18

37:12 38:13,25 39:11 40:1,11 44:12

Moreno 3:21 30:14 47:22

morning 9:11 10:13 most 6:10 7:8,22 10:4 10:11 16:3,23 18:18

22:16 42:16 52:7 mostly 9:20 53:22 motorized 31:1,10

mountains 22:18 move 34:18,25 44:21 MR 3:7 4:11 6:1 13:18

14:5 15:6 16:15 26:16 31:21 32:1,5 32:11,14,16,24 33:1 33:2,4,16,22 34:13 34:15 35:2,8,12,19

36:7,8,13 37:21,23 38:13 39:13 40:15,24 41:7,21 42:2,4 43:5

43:11.17 44:18 45:25 46:8,9,10,11,14,15 48:9.16.17.22,25

49:3,5,16,25 50:9 51:5,22 54:6,8,14,17

55:1.12.19 MS 30:18 33:21 much 8:6,6 10:24 11:1

11:7 12:12 13:1 15:23 17:11 20:10 24:17 26:17,18 38:24 40:14 41:6 42:6 44:8

47:19 54:16 must 18:25

my 3:10,12 6:1,7 8:15 23:7 30:19,25 32:17 33:23 36:5 38:18 39:6 43:7 44:4,17 45:19 47:4

N

N 2:1 3:3 name 3:10 5:10,13 6:1

30:19 32:16 48:10 nation 35:24

National 19:3 20:18,22 23:15.18 27:19

nationwide 33:10 natural 9:3.7 nature 10:17 18:19

Naval 23:16 Navy 36:19,20 near 6:13 37:19

need 16:10,13 23:20 25:16 26:2 31:9 39:19,23 40:1,11

41:2,15,19 45:14 50:8

needed 41:11 needs 34:9 39:5 45:5,22

45:23 48:6 NEMO 31:5,13,13,16 31:18

NEPA 11:22 20:19 27:15.19 29:5 33:20 35:15 48:5 50:17.20

Nevada 39:15,16,17 next 3:22 4:12 10:13 29:9,19 30:8 33:3,24

34:17 41:8,12 53:14 54:23,25 55:3

night 55:2,3 no 1:23,25 8:1,2 23:7 28:5,5 35:4,4,4 40:20

41:9 52:7 56:16 NOI 33:20 none 31:14

non-competitive 21:14 23:22 52:19

normal 10:24 normally 8:9 12:1 north 6:10 17:25

Northeast 31:5 Northern 39:17 not 5:5,19 8:21 10:15

13:8,23 14:7,13,13 18:11 19:9,13,18,20 21:22 23:2 24:4 26:4

26:17 27:1,23,24 31:19 34:19,24 35:11

37:15 38:15,21 39:18 40:4 41:1,3 42:24 43:24 45:1,7,7,8,17

46:15 47:1,1,2,8,10 48:23 49:14 50:6 51:19,24 54:1,7

notably 6:10 nothing 12:3 35:2 Notice 33:18,18 34:5

47:12,18 noticed 45:2

notified 34:5, 10 48:7

notifying 47:25 November 28:24,25 35:22,24 54:24 55:10 55:13,16 56:9 now 6:9 8:24 10:25 11:12 13:23 14:9

21:23 22:2,7 25:21 28:24 29:17 31:15 33:12.14 34:23 35:5 35:5 38:18 39:16 48:20,21,23 49:12,17 52:1.25 53:1.10

number 21:9 42:13 numerous 16:12 nuts 22:8

0

O 3:3 56:1 Oakland 18:18 obligations 35:21 47:7 occur 32:6

October 1:18 3:1 29:5 47:20

off 12:11,15 17:16,18 22:13 36:21

office 3:21,24 6:3 30:14 47:22 officials 28:19

often 12:14 18:20 oftentimes 52:5

Oh 46:1 oil 9:3

okay 5:25 31:21 32:11 34:13 35:6,10 36:5,7 38:12 41:21 42:2

43:5 44:21 47:4 48:9 49:17 51:2 54:16

Olancha 23:14 on 3:19 4:10,22 8:4,13 8:19 9:14,19 15:19

16:5,5,8 17:6 19:6,11 19:13 21:9 22:1 24:25 26:7,17,18

28:6 31:7,9 32:21 34:10 36:24 38:14,17 39:10.16 40:22 41:1

41:7 42:4,18 44:16 44:21 45:5,16,23 46:7.12.15.17.18

47:3,9,20 48:3,6,14 49:20,24 50:7,10

53:17,22 54:21 once 5:23 10:16 11:25

13:6 27:14 50:11 one 5:22 9:1 10:14 14:2 16:7 17:25 21:9 23:8 23:23,23 25:22 26:6

27:2 28:3 30:4 32:20

38:25 40:18 42:3 23:5 24:12,14 34:20 period 29:12,18 30:17 44:7 49:13 41:16 43:21 45:17 44:7 46:1,24 48:10 35:20 37:17 38:9 42:25 power 4:1,3 9:14,15,22 46:6 47:24 49:7 50:11 53:5,12 54:21 39:8 40:15 41:5 permit 54:4,9 9:23,25 11:13,21,23 50:17 56:8 54:21 55:2,3,4 42:10 47:11,12,23 permits 41:18 12:21,22,24 13:21,22 projects 6:9 16:4 27:16 ones 47:3 52:19 48:1 52:22 53:19 person 41:8 47:23 13:24 14:21,24 15:7 38:1 44:12 49:8 one-billion-dollar 44:7 54:4.7 52:23 15:9 16:20,21,24 propane 13:3 only 10:9 14:25 15:24 outs 44:1 perspective 22:16,20 17:18 18:17 19:23 property 36:25 16:2 18:8 28:8 37:15 outside 24:7 26:5 52:18 20:4,5 38:4 39:16,17 proponents 23:8 38:17 47:6 46:23 50:6 over 4:7 6:19 8:12 10:7 photovoltaics 14:16 39:18,22,23 40:20,22 41:16 open 5:1 27:1,3,11,12 12:10 14:11 17:8 pick 10:13 13:12 41:2,5 42:12,14,16 proposal 11:21 13:19 27:23 28:9 50:12,15 21:23 26:10.15 27:17 picking 13:11 36:2 42:20 43:2 53:4 19:24 50:25 52:16 55:14 36:23 41:8 42:25 picks 17:3 proposed 13:18 26:23 prepare 33:19 overall 53:25 opening 14:4 piles 19:7 presentation 5:11 27:3 30:3 operation 34:21 43:19 oversee 6:9 Pine 46:4 52:21 55:2 presentations 6:21 proposing 27:22 operations 12:2 16:12 overview 6:25 pipe 12:22 17:1,13 Preservation 20:23 provide 23:1 pipeline 46:21 36:15 Owens 47:17 pressure 8:13,16,17,17 provisions 23:24 operator 12:1 own 27:19 40:2,7 50:17 pipes 12:13 8:19 12:17 17:14,15 public 2:7 4:2 22:25 place 13:8 17:25,25 opportunities 31:1 51:17 17:19 26:3 28:19 29:11,13 pretty 7:3 10:14 26:18 35:25 47:13 opportunity 28:25 owns 23:8 20:7 published 33:20 45:2 30:23 31:12 plan 25:3,4,6,7,8 27:5,6 42:6 opposed 9:2,3 27:7,9,10 28:3,4 30:3 previously 51:12 pulled 39:9 P 2:1,1 3:3 56:1 optimistic 42:10 30:4,4,5,7 31:5 40:25 prior 34:5 pulling 38:9 or 5:9,16,16,22 6:22,22 Pacific 25:18 39:17 43:9 44:5 45:14 purchase 25:20 private 23:5,6,8,9 package 53:25 planning 2:4 34:8 purchased 39:8 6:22,23 9:3 13:19 probably 10:14 13:8 14:7 15:25 16:12,22 pages 19:15 56:4 41:17 45:10 14:17 23:10 42:17 purpose 23:20,23 24:6 Paiute 46:4 19:18,20,20,23 20:2 plant 9:14 11:13,21,23 44:2 push 39:25 Pam 41:22,23 54:23 20:19 24:4 26:6,23 12:21,22,23,24 13:15 procedure 49:22 pushing 52:2 55:11,18 proceedings 1:9 37:20 put 21:1 22:16,20 26:1 27:1,1,3,11,21,23,23 13:22,24 14:21,24 15:7,10,10,22,22 paper 45:3 55:21 56:6 28:1,19,19 29:2,13 27:17 40:22 parcels 48:6 process 6:16 10:22 29:24 30:11,13,15 16:20,21,24 17:6,11 puts 49:19 pardon 32:8 17:11,18,23 19:23 32:2 33:7 34:21,24 15:13 19:1 23:25 p.m 1:19,19 55:21 part 10:4 14:7 22:19 37:6,24 38:21 41:16 20:3,4,5 27:18 36:10 27:15,20 28:15,23 Q 41:20 44:13,14 45:17 27:3 28:12 30:9 42:12,14,16,18,20 30:9 32:21 33:17.20 31:21 42:6 45:15,16 question 5:10,21,25 48:14,18 49:21,23,23 43:4 53:4 34:4 35:16,21 36:3 50:12 51:4,19 52:12 16:18 24:10 33:24 46:13 52:2 plants 13:21 15:9,10 41:14,18 44:25 45:5 55:8 particular 4:19 46:21 16:9 38:4 42:19 43:2 36:14 38:22 46:5 45:12,16 47:8,15 Ordinance 41:20,20 partner 45:7 43:22 48:1,4,5 49:9,10,14 48:12 51:2 origin 37:15 partners 34:18 36:4 play 20:18 50:17,18,21 51:18,18 questions 4:9 5:3,4,4 pass 53:7,22 original 25:6 please 30:11 55:10 52:24 53:5 54:4 5:21,23 6:16,21,24 other 7:8,13 17:6,25 passage 33:8 plus 44:3 55:14 22:3 26:12 32:20 point 8:18 16:16 25:16 20:17 24:6,8 25:13 passed 21:12 processed 50:16 35:11 43:7 50:7 26:12 28:7,21 37:12 Pause 37:20 32:21 34:16 35:5,5 produce 7:19 9:15,18 54:17,21 40:5,19 42:15,22 pay 53:17 40:15 44:4,17 47:11 quick 4:13 28:16 44:14 46:22 47:4 penalty 49:14,15 50:11 53:23 produceable 11:12 quite 6:6 10:19 12:14 49:7 54:17 pending 14:9 21:11 pointing 46:10 48:1 produces 17:5,21 18:15 18:12,12 33:13 42:13 others 47:5 23:11,12 46:12,23,25 policy 19:3 20:19 21:3 18:16 42:22 53:7,24 ought 50:2 people 5:18 8:3 19:9 producing 33:12 50:4 21:4,6,8 23:23 25:3 R our 3:9,21,23,24 4:1 21:22 42:13,20 43:2 25:13 27:19 34:1 production 10:7 13:12 7:6 19:2,17 24:4 48:3 52:6 36:15 37:14 48:13 21:16 36:18,19 R 2:1 3:3 56:1,1,1,1 29:23 30:17 34:17,18 percent 14:3 24:1 49:18,22 50:1 52:4 professional 38:19 radiator 13:1 35:21 36:3,20 38:16 25:20,22 33:9 37:3,4 politics 26:9 rainwater 7:13 program 3:23,25 6:2 39:22,23 40:7 41:1 37:8,16,21,24 40:11 raising 48:4 population 39:14 40:13 43:23 45:10,10,11,14 percentage 14:12 36:10 portfolio 40:6 ramps 9:12 progress 35:4 47:9,25 49:9,9,12,15 39:18 portion 14:22 17:19 range 14:10 project 1:3 2:6 3:9,16 percolated 11:6 12:8 36:17 37:3 reach 11:3 31:7 50:6 53:17 55:16 3:20 4:10,16,22 10:1 out 3:21,23 5:10 7:1,17 percolates 7:12 position 26:1 11:21,25 12:1 13:19 read 19:9 9:25 11:11 14:9,18 perfect 9:10 reading 19:10 potential 21:22 31:10 20:4 23:14,21 26:22 15:24,24 18:4,7,12 perhaps 16:12 20:2 26:23 27:21,22 28:1 real 4:13 9:20 32:18 43:13 19:22 21:14 22:19 38:4 41:2 potentially 31:2,13 29:4 34:21 40:16 realistic

44:5 realize 31:14 really 16:5 25:16 26:17 26:22 29:23 31:6 33:17 35:5 38:10 45:1 47:19 reason 24:12,19 reasonable 38:2 40:25 reasons 14:25 received 29:22 receiving 49:7 recognize 44:25 Record 30:7 recreation 31:10 32:10 recreational 31:1,12 reemphasize 26:19 reference 19:9 regarding 38:21 Register 19:9 45:2 Registers 19:10 regulations 19:2,5,6,13 19:15 21:7,18,23 24:16 relations 4:2 relationship 45:7 relatively 16:14 released 9:4,6 reliable 9:8,22 remain 28:5 remaining 26:18 remember 19:17 52:17 renewable 8:24 25:17 25:21 30:21 39:3,4 39:18 40:2,6,12 43:21 repeat 5:16 report 28:16,16 46:18 REPORTED 1:22 reporter 5:13 37:18 56:4 reporters 4:4 REPORTER'S 1:9 representing 46:4 required 39:19 48:14 53:14 requires 34:2 reservoir 6:22 11:18 12:7,7,19 13:7,11 16:6 22:12 23:19 reservoirs 9:6 resident 30:20 32:19 43:7 residents 36:1 44:10 resource 8:1,4,5 9:24 11:10,10,14,19 16:2 16:22 18:2,19 20:1,2 21:21 24:15,21 38:15 38:18,20 42:11 43:8 43:21

resources 4:18 8:3 17:8 17:9 20:24,24 21:22 38:14 53:7 respond 35:23,25 responses 29:23 rest 22:15 36:19 restricted 43:12 restriction 44:11,15 restroom 41:10,10 result 7:7 28:22 retire 49:3 return 15:4 returned 37:15 revenue 30:23 36:11 37:22 revenues 36:9 review 11:20 19:25 20:6 29:11,15 33:6 revisiting 31:12,18 Ridgecrest 3:11 55:3 rig 10:25 right 14:5,9 19:22 21:7 21:15 22:2,15 28:23 29:4 30:13 32:7,14 32:22 33:12 34:17,23 37:24 39:16 40:3 41:10 43:17,17 44:22 46:1,10 48:19,20 49:13 50:13 52:1 54.11 rights-of-way 46:20 right-of-way 22:25 53:24 ring 10:12 riparian 37:8 road 22:17 46:20 roads 11:23 31:4,7,13 31:14,18,24 rock 7:11,16 10:8,12 10:16,18,18,23 12:5 12:7,7,16,18 13:12 18:3 rocks 10:14 11:8 roles 45:11 Rose 22:12 23:6 46:6 46:13,16,24,24 51:14 52:20 rough 43:14 roughly 13:22 17:10 36:21 37:17,21,25 row 3:17 royalties 33:10 36:22 37:2

S S 2:1 3:3 56:1 Sacramento 3:24 6:3 safety 14:25 said 6:15,19 23:18,24 27:7 38:17 54:6 sale 21:17 Sally 46:1,3,3 47:4 same 8:18 9:13 13:8 17:12 28:2,5 46:14 46:25 52:15 San 6:11 17:25 18:18 25:19 saw 6:8 say 4:5,7 9:2,17 16:22 21:15 30:21 31:22 34:20 36:10 39:22 42:11 48:10 50:14,24 50:25 52:15 saying 13:21 39:1 40:6 44:22 49:24 50:3,23 says 52:16 scalding 10:15 SCE 40:18 scenario 38:2 schedule 29:4 Schwarzenegger 25:15 39:3.7 scope 35:16 42:22 scoping 1:2 3:9 27:20 28:13,13,16,22,23 29:5,18 44:13 54:24 55:1,5,6 56:7 Scott 48:11,11,18,23 49:2,4,11,17 50:1 51:2 54:12,16 sea 8:10 16:1 seal 12:11 sealed 12:15 Sean 2:5 3:23 4:11,15 5:25 6:2 26:16 27:7 33:24 42:2 48:12 second 37:18 50:11 52:3 55:1 secondary 13:2 15:12 17:3 section 22:21,23 44:8 46:9,16,17 47:1,8 51:11,11,15 sections 27:17 51:9,9 51:12 security 14:25 see 7:25 8:3 16:24 17:24 18:9,11 23:17 30:22 34:17 40:12 41:18 49:24 54:1 seeing 53:6 seem 48:2

Senate 25:15 37:9 send 30:12,13 39:23 sending 39:22 sense 34:25 50:20 sent 12:25 September 33:21 series 20:7 serve 46:21 services 4:1 sets 9:13 seven 43:18,25 seven-year 43:15 several 15:6 29:9 40:16 she 5:15,16 8:15 23:9 shed 13:25 sheet 19:8,11 shining 9:10 ship 41:5 shoot 40:3 shorthand 56:3 Shoshone 47:17 shot 39:7 53:12 should 5:8 24:3,8 45:3 47:13 50:17 51:19 shouldn't 24:9 50:3,21 shove 39:25 show 12:20 17:10 45:3 showing 12:4,24 17:7 shown 24:18 shows 21:20 side 22:19 41:10,10 46:13 sides 12:8 Sierra 1:14 39:17 signed 39:3 significant 32:9 similar 29:14 38:7 47:5 simple 36:10 since 21:11 23:12 25:8 27:8 43:16 51:14 54:9 sir 13:13 15:1 38:25 48:17 49:5 sit 53:11 site 42:24 sites 53:5 sitting 3:17 43:16 six 32:23 Sixty 43:24 size 16:9 skilled 43:4 sleep 19:11 slide 4:12 slides 26:18 slow 5:16 49:9 50:23 slowed 49:12 slowly 5:14 slush 37:10 small 14:12,22 16:14

so 4:11 5:8,13.14,19 6:14 7:2,18,19 8:12 8:20 9:17,18,20 10:2 10:18 11:7,12 12:14 12:15 14:2,21 15:21 16:1 17:9 18:14 19:18 20:5,6,25 21:18,19,22,23 22:1 22:1,15,18 23:11 24:4,19,23 25:9 26:5 26:7,15 27:2,5,12,16 27:22 28:22,24 30:3 30:9 31:17 33:13,19 34:25 35:2 36:1,4 37:15,21,24 38:7,8 38:10,21 39:9,21,25 41:10.12 43:12,18,24 45:8,14,18,23 46:8 47:19 48:1 49:23 50:14 51:14 52:8,13 52:21 53:6,21,24 54:5 55:16 soaking 11:7 solar 8:25 9:9,9,12 14:13,14,14 39:9 some 4:7.9.14.16 5:22 6:6,19,23 7:13,24 9:5 9:5,24 10:19 11:2 12:15 13:3 20:9,11 20:12 21:21 22:11 24:24 26:19 35:19 37:5 41:9 50:10 53:7 somebody 6:21 52:22 someone 6:4 47:12 49:17,19,20 someplace 40:12 something 7:19,20 9:16 10:6 18:7 29:13 31:22 39:10 44:9 51:13 52:7 somewhere 41:4 soon 29:9 47:14 50:18 sooner 45:23 sorry 30:16 32:17 43:24 sort 13:3 source 7:9,11 9:8,22 sources 25:21 south 22:12,13 23:14 23:18,18 Southern 25:18 speak 5:14 16:10,13 35:20 speaker 5:8,23 30:16 specialist 4:3 Species 21:1 specific 19:2 27:15,16 33:17 53:6 54:21 specifically 22:7 27:10

rules 4:7

runs 52:13

royalty 37:23 38:6

running 43:18 52:1

seen 22:17

run 4:12 52:10

				7-
51:7	suddenly 17:15	testimony 56:6	11:16,17 12:11 15:17	25:23 27:2,13,14,16
spend 53:17	suggestions 28:15	than 9:7 10:24 14:19	17:3,9,23 20:6,17	28:4,20 29:23,25
poke 16:8	sun 9:10,13	22:3 26:12 28:8	22:18 25:7 26:16	30:16 31:23 33:6
spring 29:19	Supervisor 44:24	36:18 44:12 45:23	35:2,4 36:18,20	36:21 38:6 40:21
springs 7:23 8:2	supply 11:16,17	thank 3:8 26:16 38:23	37:18 38:18 39:15	46:25 47:5 50:13,16
stack 19:14	support 30:21	40:14 41:6,21 44:18	40:16,20 43:14 48:20	52:17,19,20 53:3,5,8
staff 41:15	supposed 47:16 48:3	45:24,25 48:8,9	51:6	53:22 55:15
stages 35:7	sure 5:6 11:11,16 26:14	54:16 55:11,19	thermodynamics 6:22	though 17:23 19:17
stakeholder 45:8	32:10 34:15 35:12	thanks 4:8,11 5:25 16:7	these 3:13,13 10:24	21:5 52:15
stand 5:12 21:12	50:9 51:5,24 53:10	32:11	11:8 12:14 21:6,22	thought 34:4 51:23
standing 3:24	54:8 55:18	that's 7:10 9:16 10:17	24:3,3,8,12,13,20	thousand 11:1
standpoint 9:9 11:22	surface 7:12,19 8:1,4	14:17,24 16:16,18,21	25:24 26:19,24 29:1	three 21:10 23:11 24:3
start 15:20 19:23 27:15	8:22 13:14,16 16:25	17:17 18:4,8,17	31:2,14 38:9 39:11	40:11 46:12 51:24,25
30:17 40:1 45:5	surprises 41:9	20:14,19,20 21:6	40:2 43:15 44:13,14	54:3,10,12
50:16,20 54:5	Susanville 6:13	22:10,15 23:22 24:9	46:23 48:14 52:16	thresholds 40:2
started 3:8 6:7 33:17	sustainable 10:4	25:5,21 26:21 28:16	54:2,6,19	through 3:18 4:8,12,16
36:2	swath 22:17	29:7,23 32:13,15	they 5:6,14 7:1,1 9:14	5:23 10:23 12:8,18
starts 33:19	switchyard 13:25	33:17 36:14,20,22	9:17 10:7,21,22 11:1	12:18,21,25 13:6
state 3:24 5:13 22:21		37:8,22,23 38:10,18	11:2,12,18 12:23	17:1,2,12,13 20:6
22:22,23 24:19 25:14	T	38:19,21 39:8,9,10	13:8,9,10 14:15 16:9	22:13 27:19 28:15
26:5 37:2 39:5,8,12	T 56:1,1,1	39:11,15 44:9,17	17:13,17,18 18:3,3	31:3,18 35:21 47:14
39:20 40:4,7 46:7,17	table 19:6	46:13 48:9,17 50:2	24:9,13,16,17,18,20	49:21 51:17 53:4
46:17 47:1,3 51:3,3,6	take 4:25 9:25 11:13,15	52:2,2,13	24:21 25:23 26:1	54:4 55:14
51:7,7,8,10,15,15,17	16:3 17:8,18 20:7	their 5:24 25:20,23	27:16,17 31:15,15	throughout 26:11
stated 39:2	24:2 27:25,25 36:24	27:19 36:1 39:9,19	35:22,23,24 36:24	43:20
statement 29:7,21,22	42:10 48:14 54:2,19	40:6 47:23 50:17	39:18,19 41:3,18	throwing 14:13
30:1,2 52:10	55:15	51:17,22 52:1 53:24	42:11,14,15 44:5	tie 46:23
states 37:14 40:5 52:6	taken 28:5 56:6	54:9	45:11 46:19,23 47:2	tied 47:1,2
station 40:21	takes 33:9	them 3:18 5:6,12 26:13	50:18,20,23,25,25	time 1:18 6:6 10:6,17
tatute 37:14	taking 4:22 5:6 17:15	26:14 30:11 31:19	51:19,20,23 54:7,8,8	10:19 12:10 19:25
stay 28:1	17:15	32:20 40:18 49:20	54:9,10	23:3 33:13 36:23
stays 10:16,16	talk 4:20 5:16 7:4,21	52:2 53:12,12,13,14	they'd 14:19	42:25 43:8,25 47:19
steam 7:21 12:23 15:11	8:2 14:6 15:8 16:15	53:16 55:7,8,9,13,16	they'll 11:10 14:17	49:20 51:22 52:1,7
15:23 17:20,20 18:2	16:17 19:3 21:9 22:8	then 4:3,20,22 5:22	they're 3:17 4:4 14:16	53:7,12,17,23
18:4,5,7,8,9,10,14,23	25:7 26:9	9:13 11:14,19 12:1	27:14,18 39:22 44:15	timeframe 5:19 33:3,4
20:13	talked 16:20 20:9 25:2	12:10,16,17 13:7,12	52:1 54:7 55:8	timeframes 4:14
step 34:17	talking 7:5 8:11 14:3	14:8 15:11 16:23	they've 53:23 54:13,14	timely 48:7
steps 20:7	20:23 22:7 33:12	17:19 19:21 20:3	thing 9:14 16:8 18:13	times 27:8
still 7:25 14:19 28:2	46:22 53:2	21:16 24:6 27:13,17	33:16 43:25 53:14	title 6:4
35:10 40:5 42:22	tall 22:18	28:1,12 29:19 30:7	54:24	together 3:15 6:17
53:23	Tanksley 32:14,15,17	32:9 33:11 37:2,24	things 6:23 7:2,8,22,22	23:13 47:1,2
stones 14:14	32:18 33:23 35:10,13	41:25 42:5,16 45:2	9:4 12:6,13 21:9 22:1	tomorrow 54:7 55:3
stop 50:24	36:5,8 37:21 38:12	49:12,23 53:14 55:5	26:2 38:9 39:11 42:7	tonight 3:15 4:13 5:2,5
Strand 2:6 3:25 4:11	38:23 40:14,23 41:6	there 3:12,15 5:3 6:4	46:22 47:1 50:2 52:8	5:9,19 6:15 30:10,11
26:16 31:21 32:1,5	tax 30:23	6:16 7:25 8:1 9:5,20	52:14	47:10 55:7,9
32:11,14,16,24 33:2	technical 42:7,20	10:1,5,18,18,19 11:5	think 4:25 9:11 13:20	too 5:19 7:8 14:21
33:16,22 34:13 35:2 35:12 40:15,24 41:7	technology 7:17	11:17,19 14:9,18,22	14:10 18:7 26:10	20:10 40:16 41:5
	tell 53:13 temperature 10:8 15:2	14:23 15:5 16:4 17:7	31:22 39:13,21,25	46:13
41:21 42:2 43:5,17 44:18 45:25 46:8,10	15:4,19 16:5,21	19:7,22,24 21:13,16 22:21 27:9,18 28:5	40:5,12 50:7 51:23	total 13:16 22:9
46:14 48:9,16 50:9	18:10	28:21 29:12,24 30:7	51;25,25 54;10 thinking 8:15 34;20	touch 16:8 26:14 41:16
54:6,17 55:1,19	ten 44:2	30:13 33:13 36:16	thin-film 14:16	42:4 touched 26:17
stream 38:6	tenth 14:2	38:20,20 39:10 42:12	third 17:23 55:3	township 51:9
streets 47:14	ten-megawatt 20:4	42:17,19,22 43:1,13		THE COURSE AND A STATE OF THE COURSE OF THE
	ten-megawatt 20:4 ten-year 49:23		third-party 53:18	track 37:10
study 53:19,20 stuff 4:17 26:7 53:2	terryear 49:23 terms 10:20 15:22	43:16 46:2,13,16	Thirteen 51:21	TRANSCRIPT 1:9
submit 29:16,17 55:6,9	16:21 42:13,19,23	48:25 50:21 51:3,9	Thirty 37:4	transcription 56;5
submitted 19:24	48:2	55:2,4 there's 7:24,25 8:19 9:4	thorough 31:11	Transfer 41:20
	10.2	LHEICS 1.24,23 8.19 9:4	those 6:24 8:3 10:14	transmission 9:24 10:2
such 16:13,16	test 11:10	9:20 10:21 11:5,11	19:6 22:14 24:1,4	11:24 40:17,17 41:2

41:4 trapped 12:16 travel 44:14 tribal 47:24 tribe 46:4 47:6,9 52:21 tribes 35:18,20 47:16 47:16,20 48:6 trouble 5:15 truck-mounted 10:25 true 56:5 try 6:23 34:24 52:2 trying 15:23 22:16 49:11 Tuesday 55:4 turbine 13:4 15:12 17:5,21 18:14 turn 9:14 26:10,15 54:10 turned 47:23 turns 13:4,4,5,5 15:12 17:4,4,5,20,21 18:14 18:15 two 4:4 5:22 13:21 19:6 21:3,3,13 23:3 25:13 32:23 38:4,7 40:11 40:19 43:22 46:25 51:9,24 52:11 two-page 19:11 type 17:23 41:24 42:1 42:18 types 9:5 15:9 21:13 42:23 53:8 t-shirt 3:22

U under 18:23 19:4 20:20 21:3,7,23 23:23 24:21 29:8 37:13 41:19 45:4 47:8 52:20 underestimating 44:16 underneath 28:2 understand 5:15 48:13 49:11 understanding 23:8 39:6 undertake 31:11 undertaking 34:16 undertook 31:4 Unfortunately 18:19 unique 18:2 United 52:6 unless 51:11 unlike 14:13 unskilled 43:4 until 18:11 28:24 33:7 35:4,22 unusual 18:2 54:1 up 3:18,25 4:6,15,20

5:1,12 6:12 9:12 10:13 11:8 12:6,9,21 12:25 13:4,11,12 14:4,11 15:8,11,13 15:14,15 16:25 17:4 17:12,13,24 22:11 23:2,3,10 24:10 25:21 31:2 33:24 36:2,23 40:5,12 43:1 45:3 50:25 52:1,14 52:16,16 54:18 upwards 25:20 us 4:4,10 7:22 9:21 10:11,17 11:20 16:13 18:19 20:3 22:6 30:11 35:23,25 45:20 47:20,25 51:18 53:8 53:13,15 54:18,21 55:7,7,8,10 use 14:17 15:14 31:20 37:7 41:18 44:15 used 14:22 46:6 using 4:1 usually 7:7 8:5 12:10 12:11 13:2 utilities 25:17 26:1,3,4 utility 9:16,21 utilization 11:25 utilize 41:3 utilized 14:12 37:6

V Valley 3:22 6:8 22:12 23:6 30:14 47:17,22 49:8 55:4 valuable 7:16 vapor 13:4 17:4 variance 15:3 variation 17:9 variety 7:8 12:6 36:24 various 15:9 vegetables 8:16 verbal 29:16 versus 15:10 very 8:9,11,19 9:4 14:12,12 16:16 17:16 18:20 24:17 35:8 38:24 40:14 41:6 44:8,10 45:21,21 53:14 54:16 vessel 17:13 voltage 9:12 40:18

41:25

Wait 37:18 want 5:12,24 11:22,23 11:24 13:9,10 17:17

volume 11:11

24:12,19 27:17 28:21 32:9 34:13,23 39:1 40:6,15 41:8 42:2 44:20,24 47:11 48:12 50:24 51:1 52:23 54:18,20,20 55:9,12 wanted 4:7 30:20 41:15 wants 49:20 warm 10:15 warmer 11:8 was 6:4 21:12,14,16,21 23:24 24:14 25:8 31:22 32:11 33:8,13 33:20 34:1 36:5 39:2 39:6 41:23 43:7,9,11 43:12,13 44:6 46:6 51:20.23 water 7:12,13,13,14,18 7:22,25 8:6,8,9,11,12 8:14,18,19,20,20 10:6,21,23,25 11:3,4 11:6,12,17 12:8,12 12:13,15,19,21,25 13:6,8,9,10 15:3,4,8 15:11,16,20 16:6,23 16:24 17:12,12,19 18:4 40:20 41:13 45:10 way 8:15 14:11 26:6 38:19 39:22 ways 18:12 Weapons 23:16 website 19:12 29:2 Wednesday 1:18 3:1 Weirick 13:14 14:2 15:2 16:7 30:18,19 30:20 31:25 32:3,7 32:13 well 4:3 8:6 9:18 10:21 11:5,9 13:23 15:24 17:8 18:8 24:9 25:22 28:22 29:3,8 30:1,14 32:3,24 35:19 36:14 42:7 46:17 47:10 50:9.52:4 wells 8:6 10:23 11:15 11:15 13:10 20:5 42:21 43:3 53:3 went 51:17 were 10:13 14:14,15 21:18 24:17 31:15,19 32:22 39:1 47:18 51:9,10,12 55:21 west 23:15 we'd 5:20 42:8 55:13 we'll 3:18 4:9,22,23 28:7,10,19 29:19

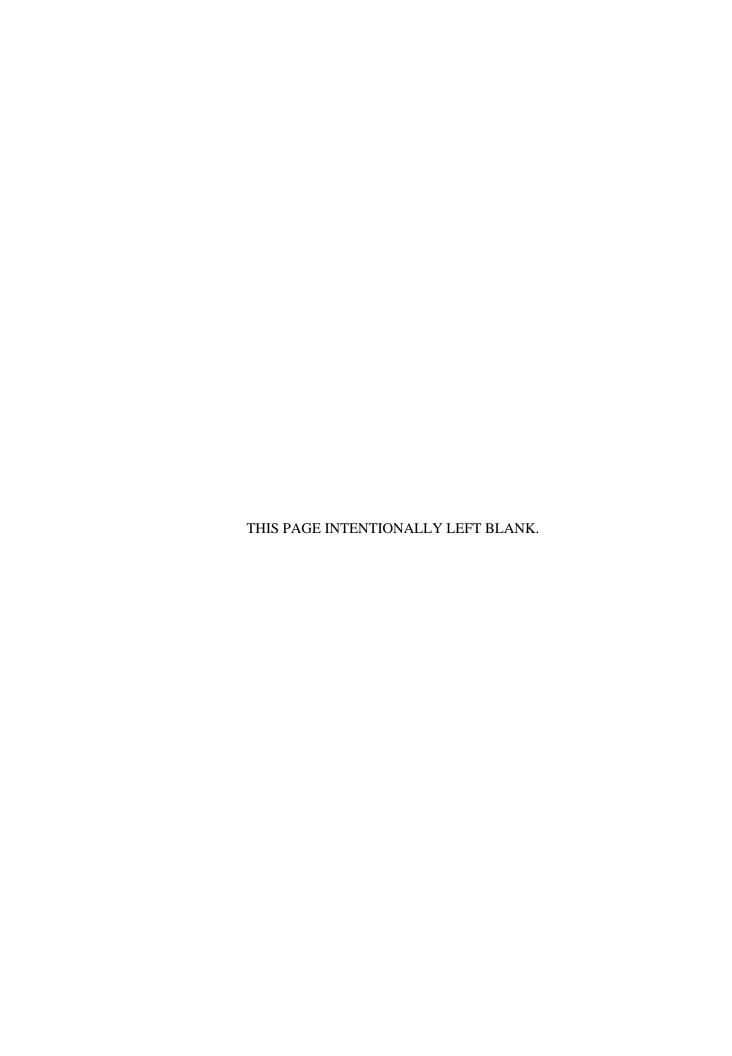
30:17 39:23 40:12

17:18 19:11 20:10

44:21 53:13 54:18 55:14 we're 4:1,13,19 5:2,5 5:11 7:4,9,15 8:11 10:1,12 13:21 17:7 22:10,15 25:5,9 26:20 27:22 28:12,14 28:23 29:4 32:21 35:6,11 41:1 44:2 45:21 53:2,21 54:21 55:6,15 we've 5:23 10:11 13:18 13:19 21:3,4,5 53:4 what 4:13 6:25 7:2 9:7 10:17,21 12:22 13:18 13:20 15:4 16:11,23 17:17 20:14,20 21:6 22:10,16 23:9 24:14 26:21,22 27:12 28:12 32:25 33:8,12,20,24 34:10 35:13,15,23 36:1,10 38:1,25 39:3 39:21 40:25 41:18,24 42:1 43:15 44:4 48:24 49:19,24 50:3 50:22 51:3,4 53:13 whatever 32:2,5 whatnot 30:24 whatsoever 23:7 what's 13:14 14:17 22:12 29:20 32:16 33:3,18 36:8 38:17 39:13 54:23 when 7:4,11,21 8:3,15 9:9.10 10:12 11:9 14:6 16:17 17:2 18:3 18:10 19:23 21:12 24:13 39:25 47:18 51:8 52:11 53:11 54:9,25 where 6:25 7:24 10:22 12:7 18:1 21:14,16 21:19,20 22:14 23:13 24:7 25:23 26:1 29:14 32:21 33:13 34:6 35:5,6 37:10 38:3,3 39:11,15 49:22 52:13 whether 9:19 16:11 23:21 26:25 27:23 28:17 34:24 35:17 38:21 51:19 which 10:8 11:21 12:25 18:15,15 23:7 33:11 33:25 35:18 36:17 40:25 43:20,21 47:21 53:11 while 54:19 white 3:19 18:9

who 22:14 34:17 47:23 whole 20:7 22:4 32:4 why 16:13 24:11 34:11 39:8 52:14 wide 17:9 42:22 wilderness 44:13 will 3:13 4:25 5:1,4,6 7:3 8:22 9:19 10:5,18 11:7,13,14,19 12:11 12:14,17 15:24 16:6 16:15 17:8,10,19 19:19,25 20:3,5,7,12 20:25 23:10 24:4 26:11 27:2,4,5,9,13 28:4,5,6,9,11,16,17 29:8,10,12 30:7 33:23 34:17 35:1 36:3,11 39:21 40:1 42:5 43:1,2 49:2 50:12,16,20,22 52:20 55:3,4 willing 55:14 wind 8:25 9:10,10,19 14:18 52:14 Winds 9:13 wish 5:9 wishes 23:9 with 3:10 4:1,4 5:10,11 6:2,7 9:7,9 13:10 14:16 15:18,20 19:2 20:3,13 23:2,9 25:25 26:3,14,15 30:6,11 30:15 32:22 33:18 34:3 35:14,15 39:2 40:6 41:17 45:9,10 45:14 46:24 47:16,21 48:24 49:18 50:6,12 51:12 52:7 53:1,12 54:18 within 18:25 23:6 39:12 47:20 without 48:19 women's 41:10 wondering 34:6 41:23 won't 6:20 22:2 37:9 worded 50:2 words 42:15 work 6:17 54:4 works 9:9 worried 5:19 would 3:7 13:20,22 14:18,22 16:23,24,25 21:24 22:19 24:10,11 24:23 25:4 27:4,15 27:24 28:3,7,10 29:25 30:2,6,22 32:2 34:4,4 35:18 37:25 38:4 40:22 41:3 42:1 42:6,12,14,15,17,17

		,	Page
43:20,22 45:8 48:6	11 33:21	450 17:8 18:5	
49:9,9,14,14 54:1	13 23:14	475 10:9	
wouldn't 14:22 24:19	14 1:18 3:1	475 10.5	
48:19,20	16 46:9,16 51:11	5	
write 26:13 27:20 29:2	18,000 38:18	5,000 8:8	l II
writing 4:23 26:21	180 15:16	5:42 1:19	1
29:19 32:17	1966 20:23	50 16:17 42:19	
****	1969 20:19	50-megawatt 36:10	
Y	1970 20:14 22:5		
yard 13:25	1973 21:2	6	
yeah 4:11 12:3 16:15	1980 25:9 27:7	6:57 1:19 55:21	W .
40:24 41:21,23 42:4	1985 31:3	600 43:24	
43:17	1987 31:3	6008 1:23 56:16	
year 25:22 30:8 32:23	1.7.0.0.0.0	640 14:10 22:23 46:7	
33:22 36:22 38:8,10	2	650 18:5	
40:11 43:23,24 49:21	2,000 8:7 14:11,23	68508DM 1:25	
		08308DM 1.23	
54:3	20 4:25 7:6 25:20	9	
years 10:8 23:3 27:8	20th 35:22 55:4 56:9	The second of th	
32:23 35:3 43:18,25	2001 21:5	9th 28:24,25 35:24	
44:2 51:21,21,24,24	2002 21:11 23:12 33:1	54:24 55:10,13,16	
51:25 54:3,10,12	33:3 43:16	90 23:25 36:17	
Yellowstone 7:23	2005 21:6,8,11,12,18	900 18:16	
yes 13:13 15:1 31:25	23:23 33:8 36:15	93515 1:16	
38:23 43:11 46:3,8	39:2 52:4		
48:16,17 49:16 52:16	2006 54:9		
yet 31:17 52:12	2009 1:18 3:1 56:9		
your 4:9 5:2,10,13,21	2010 23:25 25:17	ľ	
13:1 15:19 28:15,15	2010 23:23 23:17		
	1.00 Feb. 3.00 Feb. 340.	5	
29:15 35:16 38:22	2012 49:23		
48:10 49:2 50:11	2030 25:22	ľ	
55:6	212 8:10,13 16:1,3	V I	
yourself 5:16	22 19:14 32:3	1	
you'll 5:12 6:16 12:12	22,000 16:10 26:24		
16:8	28:8 31:2,3 32:2	[:	
you're 10:25 14:3	50:15	k l	A Committee of the Comm
15:23,25 16:2 28:18	2200 23:6	1	
30:9 33:12 34:16	24,200 22:10	1	
36:2 37:23 40:2 44:2	25 13:23 14:1 33:9		
48:3 50:4,5 53:16,18	42:19		
you've 12:15 22:16	29 27:8		
29:14 39:14 48:10	-72110		
52:25 53:1	3		
34.23 33.1	30 25:21 35:17 37:8		
\$	30,000 7:6		
\$1.538:8	30-megawatt 13:21,22		
\$2 36:21 37:1,24	20:4 38:4 43:22		
\$600 43:23 44:3	300 8:20		
\$750,000 38:8,10	3200 19:5		
\$900,000 37:25	325 15:14 16:22		
2-02-2	330 16:2 17:7,10		
0	350 18:10		
000 3:5 55:20	36 51:9,11		
010 49:21	395 22:11		
02 48:15	**********		
05 48:13	4		
22 10112	4,000 8:7,12		
1			
1st 47:20	40 10:7 37:3,16		
	43 19:4 35:17		1
10,000 8:8 11:3 106 35:21 47:8	4400 23:13 45 37:21,24		





Condensed Transcript Haiwee Geothermal Project

October 13, 2009

Bureau of Land Management Scoping Meeting - Lone Pine, CA

Printed on: November 22, 2009

Job #: 68507DM

Gillespie Reporting & Document Management Inc.

Phone: (951) 682-5686

Fax: (951) 682-4990

Email: grdm@charterinternet.com Internet: www.grdm.net

CD TEXT FILE & PDF ENCLOSED

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT SCOPING MEETING HAIWEE GEOTHERMAL PROJECT

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

LOCATION:

Boulder Creek RV Resort

2550 South Highway 395

Lone Pine, CA 93545

DATE AND TIME: Tuesday, October 13, 2009

5:40 p.m. to 6:58 p.m.

REPORTED BY:

DIANE CARVER MANN, CSR

CSR NO. 6008

JOB NO.:

68570DM

		1	
	Page 2		Page
1	APPEARANCES	1	develop this Environmental Impact Statement/
2	Innional I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	2	Environmental Impact Report. And back here in the
3	LINN GUM - Lands and Minerals Branch Chief	3	back of the room standing is Karen Cadavona, who is
4	JOHN DALTON - Planning and Environmental Coordinator	4	the public relation specialists with Power Engineers.
5	SEAN HAGERTY - Geothermal Expert	5	Is that close?
6	MIKE STRAND - Project Manager	6	MS. CADAVONA: Yes.
7	KAREN CADAVONA - Public Involvement Coordinator	7	MR. GUM: Okay. With that I'd like to
8		8	introduce Mike, who will go over our agenda and our
9		9	ground rules for the meeting, and we'll proceed.
10		10	MR. STRAND: Well, the first part of the
11		11	meeting we'll just have PowerPoint slides prepared for
12		12	you guys, and it's going to take us through the
13		13	background of the project, why we even have an EIS
14		14	project to look at. It will take us through that.
15		15	The purpose of the meeting and need will be discussed
16		16	for the project, the EIS, the proposed action, the
17		17	alternatives. And Sean will be presenting most of
18		18	that information, as well as just some geothermal
19		19	information, geothermal as a resource, geothermal
20		20	plants, just some basic information on that.
21		21	Then we'll go through some of the
22		22	environmental laws, the EIS follows that we'll have
23		23	to follow as we're developing the EIS and then the
24		24	schedule, the NEPA process we'll be following, as
25		25	well. Myself and John Dalton will be going through
T	mo t		Pi
1	Page 3 LONE PINE, CA TUESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 2009	1	some of that information.
2	10000111,0000001111,000	2	Yes, sir.
3	PROCEEDINGS	3	RICHARD CERVANTES: For the record I'm
4	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	4	County Supervisor of the Fifth District of the
5	-000-	5	southern part of Inyo County, and this is Janice
6		6	Roberts, who's representing the Tribe too.
7	MR. GUM: Good evening, and welcome to	7	MR. GUM: Mr. Cervantes, could you give
8	our public scoping meeting. My name is Linn Gum, I'm	8	the court reporter we're getting all this taken
	the Assistant Field Manager and Lands and Minerals	9	care of here your name fully.
	branch chief in the Ridgecrest BLM field office, and	10	RICHARD CERVANTES: My full name is
	I'd like to introduce this team. We're here to talk	11	Richard Cervantes,
	to you about a proposal for leasing some 22,000 acres	12	JANICE MC ROBERTS: Janice McRoberts.
	[2] 이 아이들은 사람들은 네덜란 네트워크린 경영을 가려지는 얼굴이 있다고 있다면 보다는 하는데 하는데 이 모든데 모든데 모든데 모든데 모든데 모든데 모든데 모든데 되었다. [2] [2] [2]	13	It's J-a-n-i-c-e M-c R-o-b-e-r-t-s.
	of public lands for geothermal exploration,		
14	production, development.	14	MR. GUM: And you are representing which
			MR. GUM: And you are representing which tribe?
15	production, development.	14	3. 사용, Herein :
15 16	production, development. Next to me is John Dalton. He's the	14 15	tribe?
15 16 17	production, development. Next to me is John Dalton. He's the project coordinator/program manager for this	14 15 16	tribe? JANICE MC ROBERTS: The Lone Pine Tribe.
15 16 17 18	production, development. Next to me is John Dalton. He's the project coordinator/program manager for this particular EIS effort. He's out of our Moreno Valley	14 15 16 17	tribe? JANICE MC ROBERTS: The Lone Pine Tribe. MR. GUM: Thank you so much.
15 16 17 18 19	production, development. Next to me is John Dalton. He's the project coordinator/program manager for this particular EIS effort. He's out of our Moreno Valley office from the California Desert District. Next to	14 15 16 17 18	tribe? JANICE MC ROBERTS: The Lone Pine Tribe. MR. GUM: Thank you so much. MR. STRAND: I appreciate you guys being
15 16 17 18 19 20	production, development. Next to me is John Dalton. He's the project coordinator/program manager for this particular EIS effort. He's out of our Moreno Valley office from the California Desert District. Next to him is Sean Hagerty	14 15 16 17 18 19	tribe? JANICE MC ROBERTS: The Lone Pine Tribe. MR. GUM: Thank you so much. MR. STRAND: I appreciate you guys being here. A couple of housekeeping items to go through.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	production, development. Next to me is John Dalton. He's the project coordinator/program manager for this particular EIS effort. He's out of our Moreno Valley office from the California Desert District. Next to him is Sean Hagerty MR. HAGERTY: Hi.	14 15 16 17 18 19 20	tribe? JANICE MC ROBERTS: The Lone Pine Tribe. MR. GUM: Thank you so much. MR. STRAND: I appreciate you guys being here. A couple of housekeeping items to go through. After the presentation is done it's going to only
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	production, development. Next to me is John Dalton. He's the project coordinator/program manager for this particular EIS effort. He's out of our Moreno Valley office from the California Desert District. Next to him is Sean Hagerty MR. HAGERTY: Hi. MR. GUM: who is our geothermal	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	tribe? JANICE MC ROBERTS: The Lone Pine Tribe. MR. GUM: Thank you so much. MR. STRAND: I appreciate you guys being here. A couple of housekeeping items to go through. After the presentation is done — it's going to only take about 15, 20 minutes to get through. You guys,
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	production, development. Next to me is John Dalton. He's the project coordinator/program manager for this particular EIS effort. He's out of our Moreno Valley office from the California Desert District. Next to him is Sean Hagerty MR. HAGERTY: Hi. MR. GUM: who is our geothermal resource program leader from our State office in	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	tribe? JANICE MC ROBERTS: The Lone Pine Tribe. MR. GUM: Thank you so much. MR. STRAND: I appreciate you guys being here. A couple of housekeeping items to go through. After the presentation is done it's going to only take about 15, 20 minutes to get through. You guys, when you walked in, if you don't have one, they are

10

11

12

13

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

2

3

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

18

21

22

23

24

25

time.

loud.

give a comment, ask a question. The court reporter is here to take that down verbatim.

2

3

6

11

12

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

3

4

5

6

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

18

20

21

22

23

24

And if we can answer the questions, we're going to do that here tonight. If we can't answer the questions, we'll let you know and address it in the EIS. There's also a back sheet with some basic information on the project, a map, as well. And then some notices that have been posted for the EIS are available over there, as well, and this notice on the front here is just to point out that the scoping time has been pushed out from -- I believe it was October 16th. That's been pushed out to --November 9th is the time period where we're collecting scoping comments.

So we'll collect comments here tonight, or if you'd rather, you could go and send an e-mail, or you could write a letter. And all that information is here for you, as well as how you can read those comments.

So when I collect your speaker cards, if you want to leave a comment or ask a question, if you want to do what you just did, which is state your name and then speak loudly and clearly so the court reporter could hear you, we would appreciate that.

Okay. Shall we get started, Sean?

though, we don't see any manifestations. There may be something at depth. We don't know for sure, but clearly in this case there is no surface manifestation like you see at Yellowstone. 5

To access that resource, wells would have to be drilled in order to get down to that level, whatever that level might be. It could be over several thousand feet; it could be over 10,000 feet. We don't know for sure. But before anybody would do that, we'd have to approach the leasing aspect.

Benefits of geothermal energy. Of all of the renewable resources --

THE REPORTER: Can you speak up, please. The birds are loud.

MR. STRAND: The birds are a little

RICHARD CERVANTES: Could you speak up, please.

MR. HAGERTY: One of the greatest benefits of geothermal energy compared to solar or wind is that it's what they call a base load. You turn the power plant on, and it stays on. Solar is really good when the sun is shining. Wind energy is great when the wind is blowing. But those two energy sources do have basically an oil type of energy curve,

Page 7

MR. HAGERTY: Good evening. My name is Sean Hagerty. I'm the geothermal program lead with BLM in the Sacramento office. So my title is "geothermal expert" on the card. I'm clearly not an official expert. I have been in the program for about 29 years. I've worked in the Imperial Valley on projects at East Mesa. I've been involved on projects at Geysers, Mammoth Lakes, at Coso and also Northern California at Glass Mountain.

I'm just going to go over some brief stuff. I won't go into any real particular detail. I will be around later on after the presentation, so if you ask specific questions, I'll be more than happy to answer them the best I can.

Geothermal energy. Again we're talking about heat of the earth. We are talking about heat that's within the crust of the earth. It's natural heat coming from radioactivity down deep. The resource that we're hoping is out here is both a combination of heat in the rock, as well as water. So water is very important because it is the water that actually conveys the heat from the rock to the surface.

We know that it's geysers, fumaroles, mud pots, other manifestations. In this project here,

whereas geothermal, it stays flat. And that's what the utilities are looking for, because that's what's really important in the power mix. It's reliable. As I said, once you turn the plant on, the plant normally will stay on unless there's mechanical problems. So it's accessible locally.

Again it's a resource that we believe is here. It goes immediately into the grid. There's no other conversion necessary. Solar, you basically have to step up the power. Geothermal the turbine actually turns at 60 cycles and can produce power directly into the grid.

And it's sustainable. The heat of the earth is there. Issues with water, of course, those are things that may be utilized, but the heat of the earth will remain. A case in point is that at the Geysers, which have been operating for over 40 years, the overall temp of the rock has only dropped about five degrees. There's a tremendous amount of heat. 20 And we all know that, if you've been camping and you have a campfire and the stones circling the fire to protect the fire from getting out, even in the morning most likely, you touch the rocks and the rocks are still warm; they retain the heat for a long, long

3 (Pages 6 to 9)

a

303f90

Page 9

Page I

Page 10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

23

24

25

2

3

5

7

8

10

11

13

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

In terms of what do we think could happen, if a decision is made to lease - and that is a 3 decision to lease or not to lease -- we'll get into 4 that a little more - is, how do they access that resource? Well, the first action that we probably would see is that the company would want to drill a well, drill a well down through the earth much like a water well but much, much bigger, to drill down thousands of feet. It could be three, could be four 10 or 10,000 feet. We don't know because we don't know 11 exactly where this resource is in relationship to the 12 surface because, again, there's no surface manifestation of this there. 13

2

5

6

7

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

But if a resource is identified, then the project proponent and the lessee may come forward with a project for building a power plant. That power plant could be of various sizes. In our assessment we have identified up to two 30-megawatt power plants. Each megawatt is capable of providing energy for about a thousand people, so about 60,000 people is what we feel is something we might be able to go by.

At that stage, when the project proponent comes forward, we would undergo another level of environmental review. So first we're talking about this environmental review just to decide to lease or

could be down maybe 10,000, 15,000 feet. It will heat 2 up rock above it. Here is a magma source, and clearly 3 in the coastal area history has shown that there has 4 been magmatic activity in the past, thousands of years 5 ago. That's why you see some of the hills in the 6 area, some domes. Magma has come up to the surface. 7 It's actually seen south of Little Lake here. That's 8 the salt. And actual lava has come out so that the 9 heat of the earth has been injected up through these 10 rocks here.

Water is percolated down, gets through the rocks. And in order to access that heat and that water, people will drill down through a cap rock that keeps the water at depth and then it brings it up. It's flashed into steam. It's cooled back down and reinjected back into the reservoir.

This is simple, kind of common to look at. We do show some faults in here. Unlike oil and gas, which oil and gas has reservoirs that are pretty much permeable, like a sponge, so lots of little holes that are connected. So geothermal, that access to water is 22 all controlled by fractures. The more fractured, the more permeability, how the water flows through the rock. Very rarely will we actually have a geothermal resource that is like a sponge. Normally it will be

Page 11

not to lease. If the decision is made to lease and the project proponent is granted the lease and they come forward with a project to drill, then that will undergo another environmental review and so on and so on.

It's important to remember that, because some people feel this is the only environmental review to be done. No. This is just a make a decision to lease or not to lease. And once a power plant is constructed, of course, then we're actually utilizing the resource.

Normally the hot water or mixed hot water and steam is brought up. It's flashed into steam, more additional steam. It turns the turbine, which turns the generator, which produces electricity, and out it goes. As far as any power plant, coal fire or gas fire or other fires, basically we're using the heat of the earth as the energy source. Once we've heated the water up, basically it's the same as any other power plant. It's basically using some sort of motor force that turns the turbine that turns a generator that produces electricity.

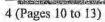
23 Just a real quick little sketch as far as 24 what we believe to be at depth there. There it goes. 25 Okay. We're talking about the heat of the earth. It

like a fractured rock. 1

The three main types of power plants for current technology as we know it: We've got binary plants, flash plants and dry steam plants. We'll go into a little detail here. Binary plant basically takes hot water out of the ground, sends it through a heat exchanger, like a radiator in a car, and it heats up a secondary fuel, isopentane or isobutane or some other fuel. That vaporizes, turns the turbine, which turns the generator, which turns into electricity. The cooler water, then, after it's gone through the 12 heat exchanger, is injected back into the ground.

For a flash plant, depending on the 14 temperature, if it's above, say, 350 degrees Farenheit for the hot water coming up, it's brought up to the 15 surface, and it's put into a bigger container to allow the steam to flash. An example is my mom. We had a pressure cooker, and she was cooking vegetables and things like that. Water under pressure will have a higher temperature before it boils, but if you were to take that lid off the pressure cooker quickly, you'd have that water boiling.

23 And that's what's happening here for the 24 flash plants. The water that is under pressure, we 25 call it hydrostatic head under pressure. When you



2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

2

3

15

16

17

18

19

20

bring the water up to the surface, that pressure is relieved and the boiling point increases, flashes into steam, and that's what happens in the flash plant.

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

19

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

25

For dry steam there's only a couple of places in the world we actually find dry steam. For these other plants they drill a hole into the ground, bring up hot water, but places like Larderello in Italy, there's actually just dry steam. There's hot steam. It's above 212 degrees Fahrenheit. It's a perfect resource that you just drill into a rock, allow steam to come out, turn the turbine, turn the generator, and it's electricity.

But most likely what we expect here at this resource would be something amenable to a flash plant, maybe to a binary plant. It always depends on the economics of the project.

16 Leasing of geothermal resources. It's a 18 major action, and that's what's triggering off the requirement for the National Environmental Policy Act, 20 the document that we're going to prepare, the EIS. 21 The Code of Federal Regulations, Part 3200. I do have 22 copies of the regulations back on the table there. I 23 have a full copy of the regulations. If you would 24 like to take a copy, please do.

If you have access to a computer, I also

the regulations I have on the table at the back there. So that Energy Policy Act also allowed for the nomination of lands, a variety of things.

The other important thing that's driving this is that we do have three applications that are pending. On the map here there's three modifications that were filed back in 2002. And that is the driving force for this document, because in the Policy Act of 2005 it says, BLM, for your backlogged applications of geothermal, you must basically process 90 percent of those by 2010. And we're approaching it, so the driving force for this project basically are the three applications that are pending.

We also included a larger area outside just because, in case there is a resource in that area, we'd want to sweep out the rest of the resource, just so we could address it under one document as opposed to piecemealing it under several documents, which is not appropriate under NEPA.

So again applications in 2002, Energy Policy Act of 2005. Money is coming in as a result of variety of issues of Congress, and we're moving ahead with this document. And of course, the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970, that's what covers the regulations. That's what gives the authority for the Department of

Page 15

have a website that you can actually go and at your leisure pull up the regulations. One has two pages; the other one has about 30 or 40 pages.

If the decision is made to lease - and that's the pivot point here for this document - if a decision is made is lease, then once a lease is issued and then the company comes forward, to do anything, there will be a subsequent environmental review conducted. So the actual lease document itself conveys the right but not the right to access the land. It gives them the right to access the geothermal resource but only after environmental reviews have been done.

Here's just a laundry list, and I'll step out of the way here. These are some of what will be addressed in the EIS. As I already mentioned, the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969. That's basically the umbrella document that we are operating under. We've got the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, Endangered Species Act of 1973, the National Energy Policy Act of 2001 under previous administration.

I'd like to make a note of the Energy 24 Policy Act of 2005. That Act created a new set of regulations that addressed geothermal, and those are

Page 17 the Interior and the Bureau of Land Management, whom we work for, the authority to lease.

Just talking again, the size of the entire

4 project area covers a little bit more than 24,000 5 acres. Of that a little over 22,000 are public lands. 6 We do have some State lands involved. That one State 7 section, 640 acres, currently is leased. The 8 California State Lands Commission has commissioned a

9 lease to a company. They have taken no action on that 10 at this time. And there's also about 1220 acres of

private land that we don't have any authority over. 11 Again I mentioned the three pending applications 12

13 covering about 4400 acres of the 22,000 acres that we 14 have.

Project map. We won't go any detail here. That map is also on the back table, if you'd like a copy of that. It's nicely colored, and on the back of that map is the legal descriptions of all the parcels.

Purpose and need. I'm going to let John. John, would you like to address that.

21 MR. DALTON: Or would you?

22 MR. STRAND: Sure. Yeah. Like Sean 23 said, the purpose is really to determine whether or 24 not the area will be open to geothermal lease. The entire 20,000 acres, as well as the three applications

Page 2

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

15

17

18 19

20

24

25

that the BLM has received, those were non-competitive leases that they've received those applications. The 3 decision within this document, the proposed action 4 will be to approve those applications and open up the 5 entire area to geothermal leasing. Once that happens, then those individual projects would go through their 6 7 own separate NEPA analysis, which is what we're doing here today. Yeah.

RICHARD CERVANTES: Would you give us an idea, orientate the map to some landmark or something so that we could kind of have an idea of where it is.

MR. STRAND: Yeah. You know what? I've got another.

MS. CADAVONA: This is a little better.

MR. STRAND: I'm trying to think of a spot on here. There's Little Lake. It's just, I believe, off the map, just south of this southern border of the map. That doesn't really help too much. This line here going through is the highway. You see this vertical line. There's also some power lines that are parallel here.

MR. HAGERTY: Coso Junction, if that's familiar, there's a rest stop there and a Chevron gas station.

MR. CERVANTES: Okay. So it's north of

the actual Energy Act that came out in 2005.

So that's the purpose and need for the project, and I kind of skipped ahead here. I was talking about the proposed action, as well, here. But the proposed action would be to, again, open those entire areas, open up to geothermal leasing the entire 22,000 acres, approve the applications on the three geothermal projects. It wouldn't approve the projects; it would just approve the applications. And there would be an amendment to the California Desert Conservation Plan, as well.

And then also according to NEPA, we would look at alternatives to the proposed action, and we have two. We've got a no action, and we've got a second alternative. And John, do you want to explain

the no action one. MR. DALTON: Yeah. The no action basically would be consistent with our Land Use Plan. So I won't go into great detail on that. So we have the no action. We're most likely going to have to lease only those pending lease applications, lease all of the lands to geothermal exploration or close the lands to geothermal exploration. So again an amendment to the California Desert Conservation Plan, so that is our proposed action. The no action, which

Page 19

Coso Junction?

MR. STRAND: Correct, yeah.

MR. HAGERTY: There's a rest stop up

4 over here. 5

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. STRAND: Yeah. The Haiwee Reservoir is up in this land here. Little Lake is off the map. Coso Junction, right there. And so he's talking about the Coso geothermal areas. Those are right over in this area here by China Lake there. Most of those roads lead to that area.

So geothermal, in general, is going to do a couple of other things. Of course, the State of California has renewable portfolio goals. That was just in the news again last week with the governor signing into laws these renewable portfolio goals. So much percentage that the utilities of the state needs to meet in their overall mix by 2010. So for opening up additional areas to more renewable resources, geothermal is a great one that allows utilities to tap into the developers' projects and bring that geothermal and that renewable energy load to the load centers, Los Angeles, San Diego, wherever it may be.

And it also implements, like Sean mentioned, too, the energy policies from the Bush administration that were set in place 2001 and then is a requirement through NEPA, will be to be -nothing would change. It would be consistent with our current Land Use Plan.

And like I said, we hope to develop more alternatives, especially through the comments. We hope to get more and be able to analyze the comments through this process.

MR. STRAND: Okay. And so that's a good lead into what we're doing here tonight, which is scoping. And scoping is just a way for us to hear public comments. It's not just public but also agency comments, elected officials' comments on the project itself. And like John said, it does a couple of 14 things. It will help shape the Environmental Impact Statement, the EIS that we're setting off to write. Right now we're getting ready to start those 16 environmental studies. And that will package in the

If we hear comments about other 21 alternatives that we should, perhaps, address in the 22 EIS, we will consider those, and those will be 23 addressed in the document. So all of your scoping comments that you give to us tonight between now and

alternatives that we have listed up here tonight, the

proposed action plus the alternatives here.

November 9th would be addressed in some way in the

6 (Pages 18 to 21)

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Page 25

Environmental Impact Statement, again, tonight, e-mail, written letters, however, you may send those

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

22

23

24

25

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

And so looking at the timeline of the project, the calendar here, we're just really at the beginning stages of the project, of the EIS, scoping. That's us here tonight, and that will continue for another few weeks. We've got several more meetings planned this week and one next week, and then that leads us right into developing what we consider a Draft Environmental Impact Statement. And this is all NEPA, National Environmental Policy Act, language, which spells out an EIS, when an EIS needs to be prepared, what should be included in an EIS. So we're really at the beginning stages of that. There's several more opportunities for public comment.

STEVE MC LAUGHLIN: Can I ask a question?

MR. STRAND: Sure.

20 STEVE MC LAUGHLIN: My name is Steve 21

McLaughlin. What exactly is the project?

MR. STRAND: The project. "Project" is not the best word, really, for it, because we're not necessarily proposing to build anything with this, you know, in the normal sense of what you consider a

late. I just heard about the meeting. I thought it started at six.

Have you provided us with a description of the geothermal resources that you are talking about here, what's there, what's known to be there and also whether you plan to inject cold water into that area as is being done at the Coso plant and what the consequences of that might be?

MR. STRAND: Okay. Can I do one thing? Can I just hold your question for just another five minutes, and if you have -- do you have a speaker card? What we're asking people to do is to fill out a speaker card. Another two or three minutes, I'll call on you. That's a great question. We'll be happy to address it. In a couple minutes we'll get to those very specific questions. Thank you.

Let me just finish this off. I've got one more slide after this, and we'll be done. Then we'll get into the good stuff, the questions.

So Draft Impact Statement, that will be developed over the winter, 2009 into early winter, 2010. It is projected to be available spring, 2010, so the next, you know, April, May timeframe it will be ready. And there will be notices that will go out that will say it's available for public review.

Page 23

project. But in this case the project is -- or the actions, really -- the Federal action, really, on this is to open up this entire area, this 22,000 acres that's within this boundary, open that up to accepting geothermal lease applications.

So if a developer wants to set up a geothermal power plant within those boundaries, what this process will do, if the proposed action is selected, it would accept that application. It would open it to geothermal leasing. And once that be application is accepted, then that project would undergo its own environmental review and a separate approval process.

But this is really just to amend the Area Plan to set aside this area to accept geothermal applications. It would also approve the three applications that we've already received in this area. That's what these three are.

STEVE MC LAUGHLIN: Thank you, MR, STRAND: So that's what the action of this would approve.

22 Yeah. You had one question. Could you say 23 your name.

24 KATHY GOSS: Kathy Goss. I live in Darwin. I'm sorry. I apologize for getting here

1 During that public review period, that's another

2 chance for you guys to participate, to review it, to 3 give comments back to us on the document itself, some very specific questions that, you know, you're talking 5 about, the environmental review that was done on the 6 project, the alternatives that were addressed on the 7 project, whatever you want to address.

There will also be another meeting, probably something very similar to this, that you can attend, and again notices will go out on those. You can attend those and give comments on the draft itself. Part of that draft document, you mentioned that we're going to amend the Area Plan, that California Desert Conservation Area Plan. That Plan amendment will be attached to that document, included within that document.

After the public comment period we'll issue out a Final Environmental Impact Statement, and the Final Environmental Impact Statement will include any changes that were made to the Draft Impact Statement that you'll have a chance to review, and then it will also have the public comments received during the public period on the draft and then responses to those comments.

So that's really -- the meat of the final

7 (Pages 22 to 25)

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

19

20

21

23

24

25

7

8

10

11

15

16

18

19

20

21

22

23

is really the comments and the responses to the comments and then any particular changes that were made to the document itself.

2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

And then after that there will be a decision made on the project, and we're expecting that all to occur in 2010. So late 2010 we should expect a Record of Decision, or a ROD, it is referred to, and that will also refer to that proposed Plan amendment.

So again there's lots of ways to be a part of this process. We hope you want to be part of the process. There's e-mail. There's a physical address you can send a letter to. There's website set up; we'll post project updates on that. We'll also post the project documents on that website as well.

So thanks, you guys. That's all we had planned for the presentation. We can jump into any specific comments you want to ask. If you guys want to hand me your speaker cards, I'll take those, and I'll just call you up as I grab them here just randomly. Any more? Okay. Did you have any more comments?

RICHARD CERVANTES: Yeah. I had some questions. I've been involved with geothermal for a long, long time, and being a County Supervisor going on six years, have toured the plant. And I understand

notorious for evaporating water. And so the 2 condensing process, it cools liquid back for 3 reinjection, takes quite a bit of water.

4 So the aguifer -- can the aguifer support more geothermal plants in that area? So that's a 6 question that I have. That's a technical question 7 that only the geologists and hydrogeologists would be 8 able to answer. I don't know.

So but basically the other question I had is, would it be possible for the Tribe to put in a plant, to obtain a lease and then through a subcontractor put in a geothermal plant? All of the plants that we're talking about are under 50-megawatt plants?

MR. HAGERTY: Yes.

16 RICHARD CERVANTES: They're all under 50 megawatts? Well, you know, Coso plant is 250 megawatts. You know, that's a big -- one of the 18 biggest plants in the state.

And so, I had another question, too. I wanted to ask, does a developer have to have a buyer of his product before he can go ahead and develop? In other words does he have to have a utility along the line that's going to say, yeah, we'll buy all your capacity? I tried to find that out, but utilities

Page 27

the basic workings of it. I'm totally familiar with the mechanical engineering part in that in my business career, my company -- we made central plants. We built central plants throughout California. So I understand that process.

My question that I have is that there have been other permits, I believe, issued. One that I was involved with was Deep Rose. I don't know if you guys remember that one.

MR. HAGERTY: Yes.

RICHARD CERVANTES: Went up and toured the site on Deep Rose, and I don't think it ever went anywhere. One of the questions that I have that I would like to ask is, are prospective developers required to prove financial responsibility? In other words are they adequately capitalized to do the project of which they want to do? Or can anybody, you know, take out a lease, anybody that can pay the fees to get a lease? So that was one question that I had to ask.

21 The other question involves the 22 de-aquifering of Rose Valley. It's been -- we've had 23 a lot of controversy on that, and you know, there is 24 water -- whenever you run condensers, you have to have make up water to the condensers because they are

Page 2 wouldn't tell me because they said it was privileged information. So they wouldn't tell me what they would

3 pay or if they would buy it or anything about it, you 4 know. It was proprietary information, according to

5 them. So that's another question that you might come 6 up with an answer for at some point in time.

MR. STRAND: Okav.

RICHARD CERVANTES: That's basically what I had. The County of Inyo is very interested in the development of geothermal energy and alternative energy of, you know, photovoltaic and solar towers and 12 all of the new technologies coming out when we have 13 some locations that could possibly be good locations. 14 One is Dry Lake. There is also a possibility of utilizing part of that for solar collecting.

Geothermal, it works night and day. With 17 solar, its location is critical, you know. It can't be in the shadow of the mountains. You've got to have the most solar hours on it that you can. It's very interesting. That's all I have.

MR. STRAND: Do you want to address it specifically, or shall we just --

MR. HAGERTY: I can.

24 MR. GUM: Sean, why don't you start, so 25 much as we're capable.

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

9

10

11

12

13

18

19

20

21

Page 33

MS, CADAVONA: Just so that you guys know -- I'm sorry, I'm Karen Cadavona. I'm just taking quick little notes, along with the court reporter, of topics.

2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

25

1

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

wells.

MR. GUM: We're going to try and give you an answer here as best we can.

RICHARD CERVANTES: Some of them. MR. HAGERTY: And some of the answers I don't know for sure. The capitalization of the company, if a lease is issued, before we will allow the company to go out on the land, we will bond the company. There's a requirement for the performance bond, and that's not the same as insuring that the company is capitalized to cover the project.

15 What we have done in other areas, especially up north, is that the scientist looking at 16 a performance bond, which may be as minimal as \$10,000 17 18 for a single lease, we have looked at reclamation 19 bonds where, as the company increases the amount of 20 activity out at the land, a couple of wells or 21 whatever, we'll increase the bond to cover those activities in case the company decides that they no 22 23 longer are interested and it leaves the public with basically the responsibility to plug and abandon those 24

RICHARD CERVANTES: I've looked into the air-cooling part. Air-cooling condenser would work fine for half of the year, and then you could go with a water cool condenser for the other half of the year. It would require the additional expense of another condenser, where you'd have two condensers, one air cooled and one water cooled. Right now, you know, an air cooled would be working fine right now. It would be wonderful.

MR. GUM: Today.

RICHARD CERVANTES: We have below freezing temperatures at Coso and Rose Valley for quite a few months. We have 80-some -- 85 nights below freezing typically in the area. So that's beautiful for air cooling.

MR. HAGERTY: So that's a possibility. That wouldn't be addressed at a project level to determine what is a company proposing and then in terms of alternatives or mitigation what would be required. It might become a fine line as far as what the company can do an how much mitigation can be applied.

It's like I don't have a specific answer for how much water could be withdrawn from Rose Valley, how much more geothermal can support. That's

Page 31

So to answer your question specifically, no, we do not address the capitalization. It often is difficult to do that. There's nothing in regulations that require us to basically have a threshold of what a company can or cannot do. But through reclamation bonding, we can require that before they take on a project and move forward, they must have that bonding in place. So I'm not sure if that's what you're looking for.

The offer for the use of the water, I don't have an answer for that. Clearly another project in Rose Valley, there was a lot of discussion that involved utilization of that water. There was a model proposed that will be used to see that the pumping, when it does occur, how that model will react.

15 16 Clearly the use of water in geothermal is important. There are situations where air cooling can 17 18 be utilized. Back in Mammoth in Mono County, the 19 three power plants there actually use air cooling. 20 But air cooling is dependent upon ambient temperature, 21 or ground temperature. If it's too warm, a company 22 can't cool the exhaust of the turbine down low enough, 23 and so it doesn't work. Thermodynamically it just 24 won't work. So while it would be easy to say that air 25 cooling is a possibility, the economics I don't know.

something I don't know for sure.

2 Can the Tribe apply for the a lease? 3 Absolutely. The Tribe can nominate lands for geothermal. Certainly the Tribe could actually 5 acquire their own lease. There are special provisions 6 under our regulations that would allow a tribe and 7 another municipality-type entities to acquire a lease, 8 so that is an opportunity.

lands that are outside of the three applications that are pending, covering about 4,000, acres the remaining 17,000 acres would be put up for competitive bid. So clearly the tribes could bid on that. But specifically if the tribes were interested in a direct 14 15 use, where they're utilizing the hot water for 16 heating, actually a direct lease could be issued to 17 the tribe.

If the decision is made to lease here for

I can talk more about that later. I didn't want to go into too much detail because I'm afraid I'm going to confuse myself. But I can talk more about

22 RICHARD CERVANTES: Maybe if you could 23 give us a contact, I work with the Tribe very closely. 24 I'm on the fire safety council, Paiute-Shoshone Tribe, and currently we're working on a project to build a

Page 36

Page 3

firebreak completely around the line with --2 THE REPORTER: Pardon me. 3 KATHY GOSS: With stimulus funds. 4 MR. HAGERTY: I will be the contact. I 5 will gladly give my card, and at your convenience I'll 6 be more than happy to go into details as far as 7 acquiring a lease. But that certainly is something 8 the Tribe could do.

9

10

11

12

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Does a lessee need to have a buyer for the prior development? No, they don't. They don't require that, but usually the company will have a power sales agreement with utility, because that's where the money is going to come from. Without that power purchase agreement, a company will probably have a very difficult time obtaining funding, obtaining a loan from the bank to build a project because, if they can't sell the power, they're not going to make any money.

RICHARD CERVANTES: That's a critical issue. It's my understanding -- and I may be wrong -that the City of Los Angeles is not interested in purchasing power.

MR. HAGERTY: Perhaps not.

RICHARD CERVANTES: They have their own,

25 and they'll give you credit for any energy that you

and especially those that are located in the 1 2 southwest, where they have available a lot of solar 3 days. So maybe you might want to have their own geothermal plant.

5 MR. HAGERTY: Part of the proposal at 6 Coso, the Navy One Power Plant, which is made up of 7 three turbines, three 30-megawatt turbines, the first turbine is actually dedicated to the Navy. The power 9 is sold to Southern California Edison, but the 10 agreement between the Navy, the contractor, Terra-Gen 11 and Edison is that, should Edison's power go down, the 12 first turbine there -- it may be one uniform one --13 would be directed to go into the base. The base has a

requirement of about 27 megawatts. That turbine would 15 more than cover the base. 16 This is a side note, though. Apparently 17 some time ago when Edison did go down and the relays 18 were supposed to kick in to provide power to the base,

19 something went wrong, and the base went down, too. So 20 anyway, all the best things sometimes don't work out

21 well.

22 MR. GUM: Part of the withdrawal orders 23 on the Naval Air Warfare Station, as well as Edwards Air Force Base, say that, so much as they can, they

are encouraged to become energy independent, supply

Page 35

generate for your own use, but as far as purchasing

2 bulk power, they're not interested in doing that.

3 PG & E is, and Southern California Edison is. I 4 attended the meetings down in - where was it? -

Victorville, and they had representatives there, and they were making agreements with various people,

Solar One, solar people there.

MR. HAGERTY: All the power being generated at Coso is being sold to the Southern California Edison. All the power being generated up in the Mammoth Lakes area is also being sold to Edison. In fact, a lot of power proposed to be generated in Nevada will also be sold to Southern California Edison. So SCE is quite a purchaser of renewable energy power.

That was it, I think. Was there another question?

RICHARD CERVANTES: The other is just an observation. We had a lieutenant colonel come before the board from Nellis Air Force Base, and they have their complete solar system for the base, and it's a possibility I'm going to meet with the base commander for the Naval Weapons Station at China Lake. It may be going that way, where they want to have the redundancy of alternate energy on our military bases

their own needs. And that's why you're seeing some of 1

2 these major solar applications as you're seeing at

3 Nellis. There's also one interior to Edwards Air

4 Force Base at this point.

MR. STRAND: Okay.

6 RICHARD CERVANTES: It's an exciting

7 time.

5

18

8 MR. STRAND: Kathy, do you want to ask 9 us your question. 10

KATHY GOSS: Okay. I'm going to say a little bit more than I was going to say because my 11 friend, Sam, here is more knowledgeable on some of 12 these questions. But first of all, I'd like to ask 13 14 how you notified the public about these meetings, because I just heard about it today and not through 15 16 public noticing. So I wondered how you made the 17 public aware that you were holding these meetings.

MR. DALTON: Yes. We did it through the news releases, BLM news releases, which went through 19 20 our entire database that consists of 5,500 names and 21 addresses of public, elected officials, the media, 22 tribal members. It's quite a large database. It's a 23 consistent database that we use for all of our 24 projects. It also was posted in the Federal Register

25 Notice, which was Friday, September the 11th.

Page 41

KATIIY GOSS: Okay. This date was listed in there?

MR. DALTON: Yes.

KATHY GOSS: Thank you. And then I just wondered if you had a formal description of the geothermal resources that are known in the project area that you're considering, what kinds of surveys have been done, what's known about fault lines in that area and questions like that.

MR. HAGERTY: Good question. We don't know much about the area. What's prompting this are the three applications that have been pending since 2002. I do have a copy of what we put together. It's called reasonable foreseeable development scenario. It's our best guess as far as what might happen, what best type of resource might be there and how it might be developed. This is my only copy, but I can send you a copy of it.

Clearly there haven't been any wells drilled in this 22,000-acre area. Our estimates are based upon the Coso field itself. Deep Rose, the applicant on the three applications, has inferred that there's a resource down maybe 12,000 feet, maybe deeper. In talking to the Coso people, the Terra-Gen people, they don't necessarily agree. Whenever you

So that's a very good question, and those types of
 studies have been done at the Geysers in Northern
 California.

That is something that's catching a lot of attention right now is, what happens when you take cold water or cooler water and inject it into rock that might be 400 degrees Fahrenheit, much like if you had very hot piece of glass and dropped it in the water, the glass is going to crack. And most likely, when you inject water at a temperature that's lower than rock temperature, the rock is going to fault, or going to crack. How far will it crack depends on the differential in temperature. But it's a very good question.

KATHY GOSS: Am I hearing now that this would not necessarily be part of the Draft EIS? It is something that will come down further down the line if specific projects were going to be implemented?

MR. HAGERTY: If the decision is made to lease the entire area or these applications or some mixture, if the project were to be proposed, that would be a specific issue that would have to be addressed at this time. At this level it's more of a large umbrella. Because we know so little about the resource, it's hard to develop mitigation to protect

Page 39

get a couple of geologists in the room, everybody is going to have their own opinions.

In terms of faults, no, we don't. It's just speculative, because there is no surface resource that's there. There's no mud pots. There's no thermal features of whatever. So because of the Energy Policy Act of 2005, which is directing us to address these applications, we're moving forward. But the answer is specifically no, we don't have any concrete evidence as far as what's at depth.

KATHY GOSS: And how extensively would the environmental impact -- I forget what level of review you're talking about for this, but for the environmental study, whatever it would be, to what extent would there be some assessment of potential consequences along unknown earthquake faults?

MR. HAGERTY: The reasonable foreseeable development scenario in which we addressed up to two 30-megawatt power plants, identify that each plant conceivably would have about 20, 22 wells drilled, 15 production, seven injection. As a result of that study, we would have to consider pretty much at the project stage, though, in terms of faulting in the area, what would happen with injection associated with that vaulting? Would we create additional seismicity?

what's out there because we don't know what the company might come in for.

We were hoping that with the State section, with the company that still is Deep Rose, they would drill a well in an area and give us some data that we could then work with. So far they've chosen not do that, so we're a little bit blind in this case.

MR. GUM: They have had their approval from the State of California to drill that year for three years, something of that nature, and they still haven't done it. We have issued them a right-of-way for them to access Section 16, as well as a right-of-way for a pipeline to deliver five acre-feet, I think it is, a year of water for their use during the drilling process. And their application was with a total depth of 20,000 feet.

RICHARD CERVANTES: That brings up a good question. Is a 30-megawatt plant economically viable when you're talking for each borehole that they drill \$4 million, \$4 million a borehole. So you're going to have 20 boreholes. Then that doesn't even build a plant. So, you know, the geothermal plant, Coso's plant, that's a billion-and-a-half-dollar investment.

MR. HAGERTY: That's a very good

11 (Pages 38 to 41)

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

question, sir, and that is a question that we don't 2 have an answer for. But you're absolutely right. In 3 fact, I would be -- I think that's a very conservative

amount. I would say that, if you're drilling down to, say, 15- to 18,000 feet, I'm saying you're probably

looking at closer maybe to \$10- or \$15 million for the 7 well.

5

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

12

13

14

15

This is a question that we've had on our minds, too. That's why we were hoping that for the State section that they would drill there just to determine -- they have a hypothesis that the resource is down around 18,000 feet. It's as good of a theory as anybody's. And, you know, until you actually drill into something like that, we don't know.

But clearly those wells would be very expensive. And we feel that it's going to take, say, 15 wells for just the production side. Well, let's see. Fifteen times ten is \$150 million on your drilling, and that's an awfully expensive amount.

So that's why, in terms of the capitalization, our reclamation bonding would be commensurate with how much money they're going to put into those wells, because we want to make sure -- if a 24 decision is made to lease and a proposal is made to drill, if they decide they don't want to keep the

1 original Coso plants were evaluated, so I don't know 2 if part of their project description was needing 5,000 3 acre-feet per year at some unspecified date in the 4 future or not. But if that's going to be the case 5 with any of these projects, I think that needs to be spelled out explicitly in the project description. 7 And if a company is going to tell you they're not going to need it, then I think they would be 9 forfeiting the right to future water appropriations.

Page 44

Page 4

If you are going to be appropriating water, I think it also needs to be covered in detail in the EIS where is that water going to come from, and what are the impacts of that water withdrawal? And in our opinion that was never adequately done in the case of Coso. When you withdraw these water sources, whether they're surface water or groundwater, you're going to have an impact on wetland habitat.

18 The hydrological model that you referred to 19 for the Coso thing actually explicitly states that 20 there will be a drawdown that will result in the 21 drying up of Little Lake and possibly that it would be indicated that that could -- that as soon as 14 months 22 23 there may be a significant drawdown in those 24 monitoring wells to indicate that, over the life of 25 the project, all those wetlands would be very

Page 43

2

3

5

7

8

9

10

13

15

wells, we want to make sure the wells are plugged properly.

RICHARD CERVANTES: Just off the top of my head, it doesn't sound like it would be economically feasible in that the return on capital investment would be so far out that no one would want to take that big a risk. Usually they want a return of three years. They want a return capital.

> MR. HAGERTY: Good point. MR. STRAND: Thank you, Kathy and

11 Richard.

> Steven McLaughlin. Do you have a comment? MR. MC LAUGHLIN: Yeah.

MR. STRAND: What's your last name?

MR. MC LAUGHLIN: Stephen McLaughlin. 1

16 live in Big Pine, and I'm associated with the

17 Bristlecone Chapter of the California Native Plant Society. We were also involved in discussions about

18 19 Coso Thermal Plant and their recent application to

20 withdraw all of the annual recharge from the Rose

21 Valley to keep their plant going. And we're mostly

22 concerned about the water issues that may be

23 associated with additional geothermal development in

24 this area. 25

I didn't live here at the time when the

1 seriously impacted.

In the case of that project, no surveys were ever done of the wetland areas. We have no idea what is potentially going to be impacted, and I think that needs to be covered very explicitly in any EIS that's on future water development.

And again it's important to remind you that the entire annual recharge for Rose Valley has already been appropriated. County gave it to a Coso operating company. So even for expiration, if you're going to 11 start handing out five acre-feet here, ten acre-feet 12 here, you're just going to accelerate whatever negative impacts could occur down at Little Lake and 14 associated wetlands. We need to know what those impacts are going to be and when they're likely to occur.

16 17 MR. GUM: Okay. I'd like to address, so 18 much as I'm capable, your comment. My name is Linn 19 Gum, L-i-n-n. G-u-m is my last name. I'm with BLM. 20 The understanding that you express as to the 21 hydrologic monitoring and mitigation plan for the Coso 22 project is somewhat skewed. When you say that they're 23 taking the entire recharge for the Rose Valley in the 24 5,000 acre-feet a year, first of all, they weren't 25 authorized to take 5,000 acre-feet; they were

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

6

7

8

9

10

11

17

18

19

21

22

23

24

25

authorized to take 3,000 acre-feet. And the recharge that you're referring to, remember, comes from this water model that deals with this hydrologic maintenance and monitoring plan.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

25

The hydrologic model only considered precipitation that falls on Rose Valley that's 4500 feet in elevation and greater. It does not take into account all of the precipitation that falls on Rose Valley at 4500 feet in elevation and less. In the Rose Valley on an annual basis you get about six inches worth of rain; okay? Each acre has a half an acre-foot. I don't know how many hundreds of thousands of acres are totally encompassing the Rose Valley. But none of that water that falls on that portion of the valley was used in the water model to predict how much water may come into the valley or go out of the valley on an annual basis.

That was done for a very specific reason. That was done to make sure that the estimate was a conservative estimate when we considered water that was going to be put into the pipeline to go over to Coso and help recharge that reservoir.

We have data that goes back nearly 30 years that talks about certain conditions within the Rose Valley aquifer. Overall estimates show that there's

cone of depression, as it travels down the valley over 1 2 the years, will never result in a significant impact 3 to the surface waters that are expressed at Little 4 Lake. So we're not going to dry it up. 5

Now, right now we also have a program. Over the next two years, as we are monitoring those conditions in the pumpage of that water when it does begin there at Coso Hay Ranch. And we have times all through these next couple years -- and we'll continue to monitor after that -- where we will gather that data and refine, recalibrate and break that model so we get a greater around more accurate picture of what's occurring in the pumpage of that water.

STEVE MC LAUGHLIN: The 3,000 could be increased with 4800 feet.

MR. GUM: It could.

STEVE MC LAUGHLIN: And that is the entire end of the recharge. Granted, the model did not include rainfall in Rose Valley, but it also did not include transportation by plants in Rose Valley.

MR. GUM: It also did not include water that comes up from the subsurface. We believe that there are deeper waters that are contributed. For example, the waters that are present at Little Lake have a total dissolved solid content of about 1100

Page 47

as much as five million acre-feet of water within the Rose Valley aguifer. Five thousand acre-feet versus the five million acre-feet that's available, you could do the math. It's minuscule in regards to how much annually actually is being used by that one particular operation.

Now, we also devised within the HMMP certain trigger levels that we would monitor, and we've got a whole series of monitoring wells throughout the valley between where Coso Hay Ranch is all the way down to Little Lake. And true, we identified under worst-case scenario conditions, if we pumped theoretically this amount and we only had this recharge of 4500-feet elevation and above, we could potentially at a certain rate or time hit that trigger mechanism that would say at Little Lake itself there may be noticeable change at the surface level of the lake.

19 What was determined to be within normal 20 annual range was 10-percent reduction in the surface 21 acres of the lake itself versus what could possibly be 22 taken and not impact the lake significantly. Each of 23 those trigger levels along those monitoring wells all 24 down the valley assure that, if that is ever reached, pumping terminates. And that will make sure that that

Page 49 parts per million. The water that's picked up out of

2 the discharge from Rose Valley to the Indian Wells 3 Valley at the nearest measurement point to Little

4 Lake, once you're into Indian Wells Valley, is only 5 200 parts per million.

There's clearly some kind of barrier or something that's going on that's keeping some of that recharge or discharge into the Rose Valley, and it's not making its way to the Indian Wells Valley.

So there's a number of factors that were not included in saying how much makeup water actually 12 is coming into that aquifer that supports the Rose Valley on an annual basis. And again, we did that 13 14 specifically to make it a conservative model. We 15 don't want to damage that resource. We have no desire 16

STEVE MC LAUGHLIN: I hope the model is conservative. I am not a hydrologist, but I've talked to them, and I think that the yield figure of 20 30 percent that goes into that, isn't that considered to be a rather optimistic parameter? If that's wrong, if it's 20 percent or 10 percent, then those trigger points are going to be reached a lot quicker than 14 months.

MR. GUM: That's why we have monthly

Page 5

monitoring being done by Inyo County Department of 2 Water.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

15

16

17

18

19

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

19

20

21

22

STEVE MC LAUGHLIN: Well, I'm very hopeful that, if the hydrological mitigation and monitoring plan does show we're reaching the mitigation levels, that it will be implemented, but I disagree when you say it's assured because, as many times as I read through the EIR, I didn't see anything that actually required turning off of pumps.

MR. GUM: If ever we reach a trigger point, the very first option is shut down pumping, the very first thing. It's right in the HMMP.

So anyhow, we're kind of off base here as 14 far as this present project that we're talking about, trying to just determine whether or not we should even lease these grounds. Certainly the water issues that you raise will be addressed within this document.

STEVEN MC LAUGHLIN: That's all we're asking.

MR. GUM: Absolutely.

20 21 MR. HAGERTY: In this document also. 22 taking you one step further, again, I don't mean to 23 repeat myself, but I will. If the decision is made to 24 lease -- and that is a decision. We may not lease. But if a decision is made to lease and a project is 25

MR. GUM: Sam had one.

2 MR. STRAND: Okay. One more, and then 3 after this -- we're scheduled to be here until 9:00. 4 So as long as you guys want to hang out, we're happy

to mix and mingle and answer questions one on one and

grab some coffee or whatever. Sophia.

SOPHIA MERK: Thank you. I notice that the first Federal Register that came out 9-11-09, it has a deadline of this Friday as far as comments go. Considering the fact that you scheduled some meetings after deadline. I was wondering if you had extended the schedule, and is it located in the Federal Register?

MR. STRAND: It is. I'm sorry. It's not in the Federal Register, but we attached it to our information that you received at the door. I mentioned this earlier before you came, but we noticed that that was, you know, obviously not going to make it. We have a meeting after October 16. So we have extended to out November 9th.

SOPHIA MERK: November 9th? MR. STRAND: That's right. That will be the end of the scoping. SOPHIA MERK: Are you going to put that

24 25 in the Federal Register?

Page 51

Page 50

5

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

10

11

16

17

18

proposed, clearly, as you say, sir, if water is being proposed to be consumed, that's going to be a key issue.

MR. GUM: Absolutely.

MR. HAGERTY: And that's where mitigation in terms of maybe other alternative types of cooling may be required. You know, clearly our intent here is - as Linn is saying, we don't want to damage that aquifer at all. And the model will bear out as far as hopefully what the Hay Ranch pumping will do. So if any company comes along with their lease and says they want to use so many acre-feet, that is going to be something that is going to be very carefully scrutinized --

MR. GUM: Absolutely.

MR. HAGERTY: -- to the point it could 17 reach where we will deny the project because the water 18 balance will not be there.

MR. STRAND: Again the specification will be at that very specific project level, not in this EIS.

STEVE MC LAUGHLIN: Right.

23 MR. STRAND: Okay. We've gone through 24 the three speaker cards, so if we can now -- oh, 25 you've got one. I'm sorry.

MR. STRAND: We talked about that. What 1 2 we're going to do is make a correction in the Federal

3 Register. It's going to address, actually, the

4 project area boundaries, which was a mistake in the 5 Federal Register, as well. By the time this posting

gets into Federal Register, that meeting will already

7 occur, so we're not planning on addressing this

8 specific November 9th date in the Federal Register, 9 just the project area lands.

SOPHIA MERK: Okay, I have a couple more.

12 MR. STRAND: Okay.

13 SOPHIA MERK: The links on your Federal 14 Register, they do not work, and I read through - I 15 tried to write to Mr. Bolton, I guess it was.

MR. GUM: Dalton?

SOPHIA MERK: Dalton.

MR. DALTON: It sounded close enough.

19 I'm not going to volunteer.

20 SOPHIA MERK: I'm sorry. I sent an 21 e-mail to you. You never responded, sir, so I was 22 wondering, have you corrected that?

23

MR. DALTON: Well, let me back up. And 24 I apologize. I've been on travel for the last two 25

weeks, so if this is something you sent since then,

then I apologize. To answer your question in regards to the link itself, is that --

1

2

:3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

21

22

23

24

25

SOPHIA MERK: The links. There was three of them listed in the Federal Register. None of the three worked.

MR. DALTON: Well, we need to look into that, then, because that's something that between the district and the field office --

SOPHIA MERK: But I don't understand --THE REPORTER: Wait. You need to let him finish talking. You're talking over him. Go ahead.

MR. DALTON: I'll try to work with the district office and the field office to correct those links, because we're both trying to take the lead on who's going to be managing this website.

16 17 SOPHIA MERK: Okay. I have a couple of 18 more questions. The geology fracturing that is 19 prominent up in the Geysers area -- and they're having 20 earthquakes and whatever -- they haven't really 21 measured everything. But what I was wondering is, 22 instead of doing a mitigation after the fact to the 23 companies, isn't there some way that you can build 24 into this Plan amendment before the fact that it needs 25 to be explored, it needs to be explored by USGS?

Eastern Sierras to move. How that might be involved, 1 2 I don't know.

3 MR. GUM: We know in that area there's 4 literally thousands of microtremors on an annual 5 basis, things that you and I don't normally detect, 6 you know, Level One and Level Two-type seismic events. 7 And G.S. has been monitoring those for years and years 8 and years, as has, I think, probably the Coso

9 Geothermal Office there.

10 So we do have some knowledge of it. Major 11 events -- you've lived in the area longer than I have, 12 you know. There's been half a dozen major events 13 since about 1991 or '92 up and down here that measured -- I guess the biggest one was 7.4 down at 14 15 Landers, and we had a couple near here within that 16 three-mile-deep zone, epicenters on the base that 17 ranged in the five category. I don't think we have 18 had anything over six and lots of them, thousands, in 19 the two, one and less category.

SOPHIA MERK: Okay. Thank you. I have two more questions. I notice that in some of the documents I was able to download and get from the BLM office that the concerns for the Native Americans were going to be addressed, but I have something else that probably needs to be addressed, too, for the Native

Page 55

20

21

22

23

24

25

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

11

14

17

18

19

MR. HAGERTY: Part of the document here will be to take a look at the seismic activity, seismic history of the area to determine, what is the baseline? How much seismicity has occurred over time? Quite frankly we don't know what would occur by injecting water into this area.

Clearly at Coso there has been fracturing. There has been some seismicity. The thing with the Geysers, though, it is a different reservoir. There has been ongoing seismicity even before geo-development occurring up there. What would occur here, we don't know, but at least we will have a baseline from which to go.

If this resource is down as far as the proponent is claiming it is, at, say, 18,000 feet, just from a professional opinion, I would doubt that we would see much at the surface in terms of seismicity. If most of the seismicity within the Geysers is within, say, 3- to 7,000 feet, if these gentlemen want to drill down 18,000 feet, I don't think there would be much activity at the surface.

I'm just saying at the standpoint of what we know today. We don't know exactly if there's faulting in this area. We do know, of course, there's the Sierra thrust fault that basically allows for the

1 Americans, and that's the access for the Native 2 Americans.

I mean, you can say, "Okay. You can go in that area," but without access to that area, they really have a problem. So I would like to see that also addressed in the Plan amendment.

And then the final one is, if this does come in as a Plan amendment, would companies just have to do mitigation instead of a complete EIS?

10 MR. STRAND: No. In an individual project, once the application is approved, then that individual project would go through its own separate 12 13 NEPA evaluation.

SOPHIA MERK: Thank you.

15 MR. STRAND: Scoping meetings, noticing, 16 draft documents, final document, same thing.

MR. HAGERTY: I have a question, then. In terms of access for the Native Americans, are you referring to just this project area, because I know that there's an issue, of course, within the base

20 21 but --

22 SOPHIA MERK: There is an issue on the 23 base but for this area.

24 MR. HAGERTY: I'm not aware that there's 25 any restrictions.

additional 11:14 19:18 16:14 17:10,16 18:20 anyhow 50:13 as 4:18,18,19,23,24 6:7 32:5 39:25 43:23 19:23 20:12 21:11 anything 15:7 22:24 6:9,18,18 7:20,20 9:3 abandon 30:24 58:9,19 23:16 24:5 25:8,22 29:3 50:8 56:18 11:16,16,18,19,23,23 able 5:25 10:21 21:6 address 6:5 16:17 26:8,13 29:14 35:11 anyway 36:20 13:3 15:16 16:17,21 28:8 56:22 17:20 21:21 24:15 35:13 37:3,24 43:18 anywhere 27:13 17:25,25 20:4,11 about 3:12 5:21 7:5,16 25:7 26:11 29:21 44:11 47:7 48:5,19 apologize 23:25 53:24 24:7 26:14,19 29:25 7:16 9:18 10:19,20 31:2 39:8 45:17 53:3 48:21 50:21 57:6 54:1 30:6,13,17,17,19 10:24 11:25 15:3 59:10 58:21 59:9,11 Apparently 36:16 32:20,20 34:6,6 35:1 17:10,13 19:7 20:4 addressed 15:16,25 alternate 35:25 applicant 38:22 35:1 36:23,23,24 21:20 24:1,4 25:5 alternative 20:15 29:10 21:23,25 25:6 32:17 application 23:9,11 37:2 38:15,15 39:10 28:13 29:3 33:11,18 41:15 43:19 57:11 39:18 40:23 50:17 51:6 39:10,21 41:12,12 33:20 36:14 37:14,15 56:24,25 57:6 alternatives 4:17 20:13 applications 16:5,9,13 42:12,13 44:22,22 38:8,11 39:13,20 addresses 37:21 21:5,18,19,21 25:6 16:20 17:12,25 18:2 45:18,20 47:1,1 48:1 40:24 43:18,22 46:10 addressing 53:7 32:19 18:4 20:7,9,21 23:5 48:6 50:7,8,13,14 46:24 48:25 50:14 adequately 27:16 44:14 always 14:15 23:16,17 33:10 37:2 51:1,8,10,10 52:4,4,9 53:1 56:13 38:12,22 39:8 40:20 administration 15:22 am 40:15 49:18 52:9 53:5 55:14,14 above 12:2 13:14 14:9 19:25 ambient 31:20 applied 32:22 56:8 57:8 58:4 59:1,2 47:14 apply 33:2 afraid 33:19 amenable 14:14 aside 23:15 absolutely 33:3 42:2 after 5:20 7:12 13:11 amend 23:14 25:13 appreciate 5:18 6:24 ask 6:1,21 7:12 22:17 50:20 51:4,15 58:12 15:12 24:18 25:17 amendment 20:10,24 58:15,16 26:17 27:14,20 28:21 accelerate 45:12 26:4 48:10 52:3.11 25:15 26:8 54:24 approach 8:10 37:8,13 58:19 accept 23:9,15 58:24 52:19 54:22 57:6.8 approaching 16:11 asking 24:12 50:19 accepted 23:11 Afterwards 5:25 Americans 56:23 57:1 appropriate 16:19 58:8 accepting 23:4 again 7:15 9:7 10:12 57:2,18 appropriated 45:9 aspect 8:10 access 8:5 10:4 12:12 16:20 17:3,12 19:14 amount 9:19 30:19 appropriating 44:10 assessment 10:17 39:15 12:21 14:25 15:10,11 20:5,23 22:1 25:10 42:4,19 47:13 appropriations 44:9 Assistant 3:9 41:12 57:1,4,18 58:2 26:9 45:7 49:13 an 4:13 6:16 7:4 8:25 approval 23:13 41:8 associated 39:24 43:16 58:9 50:22 51:19 13:17 18:9,11 20:10 approve 18:4 20:7,8,9 43:23 45:14 accessible 9:6 agency 21:11 20:23 22:13,13,14 23:16,21 assure 47:24 according 20:12 29:4 agenda 4:8 29:6 30:6 31:11 32:7 approved 57:11 assured 50:7 account 46:8 ago 12:5 36:17 32:21 33:8 35:18 April 24:23 at 3:23 4:14 7:7,8,8,9 accurate 48:12 agree 38:25 37:6 41:5 42:2,19 aquifer 28:4,4 46:25 8:2,4 9:11,16 10:22 acquire 33:5,7 agreement 34:12,14 44:17 46:10,11,17 47:2 49:12 51:9 11:24 12:14,17 14:13 acquiring 34:7 36:10 49:13 53:20 56:4 are 5:14,22 6:8 7:16 15:1 16:1 17:10 acre 46:11 agreements 35:6 57:10,20,22 8:14,15 9:2,15,23 20:13 22:4,5,15 24:2 acres 3:12 17:5,7,10,13 ahead 16:22 20:3 28:22 24:7 29:6 30:16,18 analysis 18:7 12:19,21 15:15,18,25 17:13,25 20:7 23:3 analyze 21:6 16:5,12,13 17:5 30:20 32:12,17 34:5 33:11,12 46:13 47:21 air 31:17,19,20,24 32:6 Angeles 19:22 34:21 18:21 19:8 23:18 35:9,23 36:5 37:2,4 acre-feet 41:13 44:3 32:8,15 35:20 36:23 annual 43:20 45:8 39:10,22 40:2,10,23 24:4 27:14,16,25 45:11,11,24,25 46:1 36:24 37:3 46:10,17 47:20 49:13 28:13 30:23 31:17 40:23 42:6 43:25 47:1,2,3 51:12 56:4 air-cooling 32:2,2 33:5,10,11 36:1,25 44:3 45:13 46:9 acre-foot 46:12 annually 47:5 all 5:8 6:17 8:11 9:20 38:6,11,20 43:1 47:15,16,17 48:3,8 Act 14:19 15:17,20,20 12:22 17:18 20:21 another 10:23 11:4 44:10,13 45:15 46:13 48:24 49:3 51:9,20 15:21,24,24 16:2,8 21:23 22:11 26:6.15 18:13 22:8 24:10,13 48:3,6,23,23,24 52:16 55:2,7,12,15 16:21,24 20:1 22:12 28:12,16,24 29:12,20 25:1,8 28:20 29:5 49:23 52:24 57:18 55:17,21,22 56:14 39:7 35:8,10 36:20 37:13 31:11 32:5 33:7 58:8 59:8,18 60:6,9 action 4:16 10:5 14:18 37:23 43:20 44:25 35:16 area 12:3,6 16:14,15 attached 25:15 52:15 17:9 18:3 20:4,5,13 45:24 46:8 47:11,23 answer 6:3,4 7:13 28:8 17:4,24 18:5 19:9,10 attend 25:10,11 20:14,16,17,20,25,25 48:8 50:18 51:9 29:6 30:6 31:1.11 23:3,14,15,17 24:6 attended 35:4 21:19 23:2,8,20 58:14 59:6 32:23 39:9 42:2 52:5 25:13,14 28:5 32:14 attention 40:5 actions 23:2 allow 13:16 14:11 54:1 35:11 38:7,9,11,20 authority 16:25 17:2 activities 30:22 30:10 33:6 answers 30:8 39:24 40:20 41:5 17:11 activity 12:4 30:20 allowed 16:2 any 7:11 8:1 11:16,19 43:24 53:4,9 54:19 authorized 45:25 46:1 55:2,21 allows 19:19 55:25 17:11,15 25:19 26:2 55:3,6,24 56:3,11 available 6:9 24:22,25 actual 12:8 15:9 20:1 along 28:23 30:3 39:16 57:4,4,19,23 58:2,5 36:2 47:3 59:8 26:16,20,20 34:17,25 actually 7:22 9:10 aware 37:17 57:24 47:23 51:11 38:19 39:9 44:5 45:5 areas 19:8,18 20:6 11:10 12:7,24 14:5,8 already 15:16 23:17 51:11 57:25 30:15 45:3 awfully 42:19 15:1 31:19 33:4,16 around 7:12 34:1 42:12 45:8 53:6 anybody 8:9 27:17,18 36:8 42:13 44:19 B also 6:6 7:8 14:25 16:2 anybody's 42:13 48:12 47:5 49:11 50:9 53:3

back 4:2,3 6:6 12:15,16 13:12 14:22 16:1,7 17:16,17 25:3 28:2 31:18 46:23 53:23 background 4:13 backlogged 16:9 balance 51:18 bank 34:16 barrier 49:6 base 8:21 35:20,21,22 36:13,13,15,18,19,24 37:4 50:13 56:16 57:20,23 based 38:21 baseline 55:4,13 bases 35:25 basic 4:20 6:6 27:1 basically 8:25 9:9 11:17,19,20 13:5 15:18 16:10,12 20:18 28:9 29:8 30:24 31:4 55:25 basis 46:10,17 49:13 56:5 bear 51:9 beautiful 32:15 because 7:21 9:2 10:10 10:12 11:6 16:8,15 22:23 27:25 29:1 33:19 34:12,16 37:11 37:15 39:4,6 40:24 41:1 42:23 50:7 51:17 54:7,15 57:19 become 32:20 36:25 been 6:8,11,12 7:5,7 9:17,20 12:4,9 15:13 26:23 27:7,22 38:8 38:12,19 40:2 45:9 53:24 55:7,8,10 56:7 56:12 before 8:9 13:20 28:22 30:10 31:6 35:19 52:17 54:24 55:10 begin 48:8 beginning 22:6,15 being 5:18 24:7 26:24 35:8,9,10,11 47:5 50:1 51:1 58:4 believe 6:11 9:7 11:24 18:17 27:7 48:22 below 32:11,14 59:4 benefits 8:11,20 best 7:14 22:23 30:6 36:20 38:15.16 better 18:14 between 21:24 36:10 47:10 54:7 bid 33:12.13 big 28:18 43:7,16

bigger 10:8 13:16 biggest 28:19 56:14 billion-and-a-half-do... 41:23 binary 13:3,5 14:15 birds 8:14,15 bit 17:4 28:3 37:11 41:7 blind 41:7 BLM 3:10 7:3 16:9 18:1 37:19 45:19 56:22 60:7 **BLM.gov** 59:5 blowing 8:24 board 35:20 boiling 13:22 14:2 boils 13:20 Bolton 53:15 bond 30:11,13,17,21 bonding 31:6,7 42:21 bonds 30:19 border 18:18 borehole 41:19.20 boreholes 41:21 both 7:19 54:15 Boulder 1:15 boundaries 23:7 53:4 boundary 23:4 branch 2:3 3:10 break 48:11 brief 7:10 bring 14:1,7 19:20 brings 12:14 41:17 59:6 Bristlecone 43:17 brought 11:13 13:15 build 22:24 33:25 34:16 41:22 54:23 building 10:16 built 27:4 bulk 35:2 Bureau 1:1 17:1 Bush 19:24 business 27:2 but 8:2,9,24 9:15 10:8 10:14 13:20 14:7,13 15:10,12 20:4 21:11 23:1,14 28:9,25 31:5 31:20 33:13,20 34:7 34:11 35:1 36:9 37:13 38:17 39:8.13 40:13 42:2,15 44:4 46:14 48:19 49:18 50:6,23,25 52:15,17 54:9,21 55:12 56:24 57:4,21,23 59:3,12 buy 28:24 29:3 buyer 28:21 34:9 by 1:22 5:23 10:21

47:5 48:20 50:1 53:5 54:25 55:5 C 2:1 3:3 60:1.1 CA 1:173:1 Cadavona 2:7 4:3,6 18:14 30:1,2 58:25 59:14 calendar 22:5 California 3:18 7:9 17:8 19:13 20:10,24 25:14 27:4 35:3,10 35:14 36:9 40:3 41:9 43:17 60:10 call 8:21 13:25 24:13 26:19 called 38:14 came 20:1 52:8,17 campfire 9:21 camping 9:20 can 6:3,18 7:14 8:13 9:11 15:1 22:17 24:9 24:10 25:9,11 26:12 26:16 27:17,18 28:4 28:22 29:19,23 30:6 31:5,6,17 32:21,21 32:25 33:2,3,18,20 36:24 38:17 51:24 54:23 57:3,3 58:21 58:22,22 cannot 31:5 can't 6:4 29:17 31:22 34:17 cap 12:13 capable 10:19 29:25 45:18 capacity 28:25 capital 43:5,8 capitalization 30:9 31:2 42:21 capitalized 27:16 30:14 car 13:7 card 7:4 24:12,13 34:5 cards 5:23 6:20 26:18 51:24 58:21 care 5:9 career 27:3 carefully 51:14 CARVER 1:22 60:3,17 case 8:3 9:16 16:15 23:1 30:22 41:7 44:4 44:14 45:2 catching 40:4 category 56:17,19 centers 19:22

central 27:3.4

certain 46:24 47:8,15

12:22 16:11 19:9.17

certainly 33:4 34:7 50:16 certified 60:3 certify 60:4 Cervantes 5:3,7,10,11 8:17 18:9,25 26:22 27:11 28:16 29:8 30:7 32:1,11 33:22 34:19,24 35:18 37:6 41:17 43:3 chance 25:2,21 change 21:2 47:17 changes 25:20 26:2 Chapter 43:17 Chevron 18:23 chief 2:3 3:10 China 19:9 35:23 Chino 60:10 chosen 41:6 circling 9:21 City 34:21 claiming 55:15 clarify 58:25 clearly 6:23 7:4 8:3 12:2 31:11,16 33:13 38:19 42:15 49:6 51:1,7 55:7 close 4:5 20:22 53:18 closely 33:23 closer 42:6 coal 11:16 coastal 12:3 Code 14:21 coffee 52:6 cold 24:6 40:6 collect 5:24 6:15,20 collecting 6:13 29:15 colonel 35:19 colored 17:17 combination 7:20 come 10:15 11:3 12:6,8 14:11 29:5 34:13 35:19 40:17 41:2 44:12 46:16 57:8 comes 10:23 15:7 46:2 48:22 51:11 coming 7:18 13:15 16:21 29:12 49:12 58:15 commander 35:22 commensurate 42:22 comment 6:1,21 22:16 25:17 43:12 45:18 58:21 59:2 comments 6:14,15,19 21:5,6,11,12,12,20 21:24 25:3,11,22,24 26:1,2,17,21 52:9 Commission 17:8

commissioned 17:8 common 12:17 companies 54:23 57:8 company 10:6 15:7 17:9 27:3 30:10,11 30:12,14,19,22 31:5 31:21 32:18,21 34:11 34:14 41:2,4 44:7 45:10 51:11 compared 8:20 competitive 33:12 complete 35:21 57:9 completely 34:1 comprise 60:5 computer 14:25 conceivably 39:20 concerned 43:22 concerns 56:23 58:16 concluded 59:18 concrete 39:10 condenser 32:2,4,6 condensers 27:24,25 32:6 condensing 28:2 conditions 46:24 47:12 48:7 conducted 15:9 cone 48:1 confuse 33:20 Congress 16:22 connected 12:21 consequences 24:8 39:16 Conservation 20:11,24 25:14 conservative 42:3 46:20 49:14,18 consider 21:22 22:10 22:25 39:22 considered 46:5,20 49:20 considering 38:7 52:10 consistent 20:18 21:2 37:23 consists 37:20 constructed 11:10 consumed 51:2 contact 33:23 34:4 container 13:16 content 48:25 continue 22:7 48:9 contractor 3:25 36:10 contributed 48:23 controlled 12:22 controversy 27:23 convenience 34:5 conversion 9:9 conveys 7:22 15:10 cooker 13:18,21

29:10 34:10 38:14 33:1 34:10,10 36:20 cooking 13:18 6:6,8 14:20 15:16 D cool 31:22 32:4 39:18 43:23 45:6 38:10,25 39:3,9 41:1 21:15,22 22:6,13,13 D 3:3 devised 47:7 cooled 12:15 32:7,7,8 42:1,14,25 44:1 22:14 40:16 44:12 Dalton 2:4 3:15 4:25 de-aquifering 27:22 46:12 49:15 50:22 45:5 51:21 57:9 cooler 13:11 40:6 17:21 20:17 37:18 51:8 54:9 55:5,12,20 cooling 31:17,19,20,25 DIANE 1:22 60:3,17 either 58:24 38:3 53:16,17,18,23 32:15 51:7 did 6:22 26:20 36:17 55:23 56:2,5,17 elected 21:12 37:21 54:6,13 cools 28:2 37:18 48:18,19,21 door 5:23 52:16 electricity 11:15,22 damage 49:15 51:9 13:10 14:12 Coordinator 2:4,7 49:13 doubt 55:16 Darwin 23:25 down 5:24 6:2 7:18 8:6 elevation 46:7,9 47:14 coordinator/program didn't 33:18 43:25 50:8 data 41:5 46:23 48:11 3:16 Diego 19:22 10:7,8 12:1,11,13,15 else 56:24 database 37:20,22,23 different 55:9 31:22 35:4 36:11,17 encompassing 46:13 copies 14:22 date 1:19 38:1 44:3 copy 14:23,24 17:17 differential 40:13 36:19 38:23 40:17,17 encouraged 36:25 53:8 end 3:23 48:18 52:23 38:13,17,18 difficult 31:3 34:15 42:4,12 45:13 47:11 Dated 60:9 correct 19:2 54:14 60:5 direct 33:14,16 47:24 48:1 50:11 Endangered 15:20 day 29:16 60:9 corrected 53:22 directed 36:13 55:14,20 56:13,14 energy 7:15 8:11,20,23 days 36:3 directing 39:7 59:4 correction 53:2 8:24,25 10:19 11:18 deadline 52:9,11 Coso 7:8 18:22 19:1,7,8 directly 9:11 download 56:22 15:21,23 16:2,20 deals 46:3 24:7 28:17 32:12 disagree 50:7 dozen 56:12 19:21,24 20:1 29:10 decide 10:25 42:25 discharge 49:2,8 draft 22:11 24:20 29:11 34:25 35:15,25 35:9 36:6 38:21,24 decides 30:22 discussed 4:15 25:11,12,20,23 40:16 43:19 44:1,15,19 36:25 39:7 decision 10:2,3 11:1,8 45:9,21 46:22 47:10 discussion 31:12 57:16 engineering 27:2 15:4,6 18:3 26:5,7 48:8 55:7 56:8 58:5 discussions 43:18 drawdown 44:20,23 Engineers 3:25 4:4 33:9 40:19 42:24 Coso's 41:23 dissolved 48:25 drill 10:6,7,8 11:3 enough 31:22 53:18 50:23,24,25 could 5:7,23 6:16,17,24 district 3:18 5:4 54:8 12:13 14:6,10 41:5,9 entire 17:3,25 18:5 dedicated 36:8 8:7,8,17 10:1,9,9,17 54:14 41:20 42:10,13,25 20:6,6 23:3 37:20 deep 7:18 27:8,12 12:1 16:17 18:11 do 6:4,22 8:9,25 10:1,4 55:20 40:20 45:8,23 48:18 38:21 41:4 23:22 29:13 32:3,24 12:18 14:21,24 15:7 drilled 8:6 38:20 39:20 entities 33:7 deeper 38:24 48:23 33:4,13,16,22 34:8 16:5 17:6 19:11 drilling 41:15 42:4,19 environmental 2:4 4:1 degrees 9:19 13:14 41:6 44:22 45:13 20:15 23:8 24:9,11 driving 16:4,7,12 4:2,22 10:24,25 11:4 14:9 40:7 47:3,14,21 48:14,16 24:12 27:16,17 29:21 dropped 9:18 40:8 11:7 14:19 15:8,12 deliver 41:13 51:16 31:2,3,5 32:21 34:8 dry 13:4 14:4,5,8 29:14 15:17 21:14,17 22:1 deny 51:17 council 33:24 37:8 38:13 41:6 48:4 22:11,12 23:12 25:5 Department 16:25 50:1 County 5:4,5 26:24 43:12 47:4 51:11 drying 44:21 25:18,19 39:12,14 dependent 31:20 29:9 31:18 45:9 50:1 53:2,14 55:24 56:10 during 25:1,22 41:14 epicenters 56:16 depending 13:13 especially 21:5 30:16 couple 5:19 14:4 19:12 57:9 58:20 60:4 depends 14:15 40:12 E 21:13 24:15 30:20 document 14:20 15:5,9 36:1 depression 48:1 E 2:1,1 3:3,3 35:3 60:1 estimate 46:19,20 39:1 48:9 53:10 15:18 16:8,17,23 depth 8:2 11:24 12:14 54:17 56:15 18:3 21:23 25:3,12 60:1,1,1 estimates 38:20 46:25 39:10 41:16 each 10:19 39:19 41:19 course 9:14 11:10 25:15,16 26:3 50:17 evaluated 44:1 description 24:3 38:5 16:23 19:12 55:24 50:21 55:1 57:16 46:11 47:22 evaluation 57:13 44:2,6 documents 16:18 26:14 57:20 earlier 52:17 evaporating 28:1 descriptions 17:18 court 5:8 6:1,23 30:3 56:22 57:16 59:6 early 24:21 even 4:13 9:22 41:21 Desert 3:18 20:10,24 cover 30:14,21 36:15 earth 7:16,17 9:14,16 45:10 50:15 55:10 does 21:13 28:21,23 25:14 covered 44:11 45:5 31:15 34:9 46:7 48:7 10:7 11:18,25 12:9 58:11 designated 58:3 covering 17:13 33:11 50:5 57:7 earthquake 39:16 evening 3:7 7:1 desire 49:15 doesn't 18:18 31:23 earthquakes 54:20 covers 16:24 17:4 events 56:6,11,12 detail 7:11 13:5 17:15 crack 40:9,12,12 41:21 43:4 East 7:7 ever 27:12 45:3 47:24 20:19 33:19 44:11 Eastern 56:1 doing 18:7 21:9 35:2 create 39:25 50:10 details 34:6 54:22 easy 31:24 everybody 39:1 created 15:24 detect 56:5 credit 34:25 economically 41:18 everyone 59:2 domes 12:6 determine 17:23 32:18 done 5:20 11:8 15:13 everything 54:21 Creek 1:15 43:5 42:11 50:15 55:3 critical 29:17 34:19 24:7,18 25:5 30:15 economics 14:16 31:25 evidence 39:10 determined 47:19 crust 7:17 38:8 40:2 41:11 Edison 35:3,10,12,14 exactly 10:11 22:21 develop 4:1 21:4 28:22 CSR 1:22,23 60:17 44:14 45:3 46:18,19 36:9.11.17 55:23 40:25 current 13:3 21:3 50:1 Edison's 36:11 example 13:17 48:24 developed 24:21 38:17 currently 17:7 33:25 don't 5:22 8:1,2,9 Edwards 36:23 37:3 exchanger 13:7,12 developer 23:6 28:21 curve 8:25 10:10,10 17:11 27:8 effort 3:17 exciting 37:6 developers 19:20 27:14 cycles 9:11 27:12 28:8 29:24 EIR 50:8 exhaust 31:22 developing 4:23 22:10 EIS 3:17 4:13,16,22,23 30:9 31:10,25 32:23 existing 58:3 development 3:14

expect 14:13 26:6 expecting 26:5 expense 32:5 expensive 42:16,19 expert 2:5 7:4,5 expiration 45:10 explain 20:15 explicitly 44:6,19 45:5 exploration 3:13 20:22 20:23 explored 54:25,25 express 45:20 expressed 48:3 extended 52:11,20 extensively 39:11 extent 39:15 e-mail 6:16 22:2 26:11 53:21 59:10

F 60:1 fact 35:12 42:3 52:10 54:22,24 factors 49:10 Fahrenheit 14:9 40:7 falls 46:6,8,14 familiar 18:23 27:1 far 11:16,23 32:20 34:6 35:1 38:15 39:10 40:12 41:6 43:6 50:14 51:10 52:9 55:14 Farenheit 13:14 fault 38:8 40:11 55:25 faulting 39:23 55:24 faults 12:18 39:3,16 feasible 43:5 features 39:6 Federal 14:21 23:2 37:24 52:8,12,15,25 53:2,5,6,8,13 54:4 59:1,13,15 feel 10:21 11:7 42:16 fees 27:18 feet 8:8,8 10:9,10 12:1 38:23 41:16 42:5,12 46:7,9 48:15 55:15 55:19,20 few 22:8 32:13 field 3:9.10 38:21 54:8 54:14 59:7

Fifteen 42:18

figure 49:19

fill 24:12 58:22

financial 27:15

final 25:18,19,25 57:7

Fifth 5:4

filed 16:7

57:16

find 14:5 28:25 fine 32:3,8,20 finish 24:17 54:11 fire 9:21,22 11:16,17 33:24 firebreak 34:1 fires 11:17 first 4:10 10:5,24 36:7 36:12 37:13 45:24 50:11.12 52:8 five 9:19 24:10 41:13 45:11 47:1,2,3 56:17 flash 13:4,13,17,24 14:3,14 flashed 11:13 12:15 flashes 14:2 flat 9:1 Flats 58:7 flows 12:23 folks 59:1 follow 4:23 following 4:24 follows 4:22 force 11:21 16:8,12 35:20 36:24 37:4 foregoing 60:4 foreseeable 38:14 39:17 forfeiting 44:9 forget 39:12 formal 38:5 forms 59:2 forward 10:15,23 11:3 15:7 31:7 39:8 four 10:9 fractured 12:22 13:1 fractures 12:22 fracturing 54:18 55:7 frankly 55:5 freezing 32:12,14 Friday 37:25 52:9 friend 37:12 from 3:18,22 5:25 6:11 7:18,22 9:22 19:24 32:24 34:13,16 35:20 41:9 43:20 44:12 46:2 48:22 49:2 55:13,16 56:22 58:4 front 6:10 fuel 13:8.9 full 5:10 14:23 60:5

G G 3:3 gas 11:17 12:18,19 18:23 gather 48:10 gave 45:9 general 19:11 generate 35:1 generated 35:9,10,13 generator 11:15,22 13:10 14:12 gentlemen 55:20 geologists 28:7 39:1 geology 54:18 geothermal 1:3 2:5 3:13,21 4:18,19,19 7:2,4,15 8:11,20 9:1 9:10 12:21,24 14:17 15:12,25 16:10,23 17:24 18:5 19:8,11 19:19,21 20:6,8,22 20:23 23:5,7,10,15 24:4 26:23 28:5,12 29:10,16 31:16 32:25 33:4 36:4 38:6 41:22 43:23 56:9 60:8 geo-development 55:11 get 5:21 6:25 8:6 10:3 21:6 24:15,19 27:19 39:1 46:10 48:12 56:22 gets 12:11 53:6 getting 5:8 9:22 21:16 23:25 geysers 7:8,24 9:17 40:2 54:19 55:9,19 Gill 58:5 give 5:7 6:1 18:9 21:24 25:3,11 30:5 33:23 34:5,25 41:5 gives 15:11 16:25 gladly 34:5 glass 7:9 40:8,9 go 4:8,21 5:19 6:16 7:10,11 10:21 13:4 15:1 17:15 18:6 20:19 24:24 25:10 28:22 30:11 32:3 33:19 34:6 36:11,13 36:17 46:16,21 52:9 54:11 55:13 57:3,12 goals 19:13,15 goes 9:8 11:16,24 46:23 49:20 58:7,11 going 4:12,25 5:20 6:4 7:10 14:20 17:19 18:19 19:11 20:20

25:13 26:24 28:24

30:5 33:20 34:13,17

35:22,24 37:10,11 39:2 40:9,11,12,18 41:21 42:16,22 43:21 44:4,7,8,10,12,16 45:4,10,12,15 46:21 48:4 49:7,23 51:2,13 51:13 52:18,24 53:2 53:3.19 54:16 56:24 58:11 59:8 gone 13:11 51:23 good 3:7 7:1 8:23 21:8 24:19 29:13 38:10 40:1,13 41:18,25 42:12 43:9 Goss 23:24,24 34:3 37:10 38:1,4 39:11 40:15 got 13:3 15:19 18:13 20:14,14 22:8 24:17 29:18 47:9 51:25 governor 19:14 grab 26:19 52:6 granted 11:2 48:18 great 8:24 19:19 20:19 24:14 greater 46:7 48:12 greatest 8:19 grid 9:8,12 ground 4:9 13:6,12 14:6 31:21 grounds 50:16 groundwater 44:16 guess 38:15 53:15 56:14 Gum 2:3 3:7,8,21 4:7 5:7,14,17 29:24 30:5 32:10 36:22 41:8 45:17,19 48:16,21 49:25 50:10,20 51:4 51:15 52:1 53:16 56:3 58:1,12 59:17 guys 4:12 5:18,21,25 25:2 26:15.17 27:8 30:1 52:4 58:24 G-u-m 45:19 G.S 56:7 H

H
habitat 44:17
had 13:17 23:22 26:15
26:22 27:19,22 28:9
28:20 29:9 35:5,19
38:5 40:8 41:8 42:8
47:13 52:1,11 56:15
56:18 60:6
Hagerty 2:5 3:19,20
7:1,2 8:19 18:22 19:3
27:10 28:15 29:23

30:8 32:16 34:4,23

35:8 36:5 38:10 39:17 40:19 41:25 43:9 50:21 51:5,16 55:1 57:17,24 58:8 Haiwee 1:3 19:5 59:10 60:8 half 32:3,4 46:11 56:12 hand 26:18 handing 45:11 hang 52:4 58:18 happen 10:1 38:15 39:24 happening 13:23 happens 14:3 18:5 40:5 happy 7:13 24:14 34:6 52:4 58:20 hard 40:25 has 6:11 9:18 12:3,3,6 12:8,9,19 15:2,3 17:8 18:1 19:13 36:13 38:22 45:8 46:11 52:9 55:4,7,8,10 56:7 56:8 59:7 haven't 38:19 41:11 54:20 having 54:19 Hay 47:10 48:8 51:10 he 28:22,23 head 13:25 43:4 hear 6:24 21:10,20 heard 24:1 37:15 hearing 40:15 60:6 heat 7:16,16,18,20,22 9:13,15,19,24 11:18 11:25 12:1,9,12 13:7 13:12 heated 11:19 heating 33:16 heats 13:7 help 18:18 21:14 46:22 helping 3:25 here 3:11 4:2 5:9,19 6:2,4,10,15,18 7:19 7:25 9:8 12:2,7,10,18 13:5,23 14:13 15:5 15:15 16:6 17:15 18:8,16,19,21 19:4,6 19:9 20:3,4 21:9,18 21:19 22:5,7 23:25 24:5 26:19 30:6 33:9 37:12 43:25 45:11,12 50:13 51:8 52:3 55:1 55:12 56:13,15 58:17 58:23 59:4 hereby 60:4

hereinbefore-entitled

60:7

Here's 15:14

he's 3:15,17 19:7

fully 5:9

fumaroles 7:24

functional 59:9

further 40:17 50:22

future 44:4,9 45:6

funding 34:15

funds 34:3

Hi 3:20 58:11,11,18,21 56:1 6:10,22 7:10 10:25 14:7 higher 13:20 immediately 9:8 Involvement 2:7 large 37:22 40:24 11:8,23 14:8,10 highway 1:16 18:19 impact 4:1,2 21:14 involves 27:21 15:14 16:14,16 17:3 larger 16:14 hills 12:5 22:1.11 24:20 25:18 Inyo 5:5 29:9 50:1 18:16,17 19:14 20:9 last 19:14 43:14 45:19 25:19,20 39:12 44:17 him 3:19,23 54:11,11 isn't 49:20 54:23 21:10,11 22:5 23:14 53:24 his 28:22 47:22 48:2 isobutane 13:8 24:1,10,10,17 26:19 late 24:1 26:6 impacted 45:1,4 Historic 15:19 isopentane 13:8 26:19 29:22 30:1,2 later 7:12 33:18 history 12:3 55:3 impacts 44:13 45:13,15 issue 25:17 34:20 40:22 31:23 35:18 37:15 LAUGHLIN 22:17.20 23:19 43:13,15 48:14 hit 47:15 Imperial 7:6 51:3 57:20,22 38:4 39:4 42:10,17 HMMP 47:7 50:12 implemented 40:18 issued 15:6 27:7 30:10 43:3 45:12 50:15 48:17 49:17 50:3,18 hold 24:10 50:6 33:16 41:11 53:9 55:16,22 57:8 51:22 holding 37:17 implements 19:23 issues 9:14 16:22 43:22 57:19 58:10,16,18,25 laundry 15:14 hole 14:6 important 7:21 9:3 50:16 J-a-n-i-c-e 5:13 lava 12:8 holes 12:20 11:6 16:4 31:17 45:7 Italy 14:8 laws 4:22 19:15 K hope 21:4,6 26:10 Inc 3:25 items 5:19 lead 7:2 19:10 21:9 inches 46:11 its 23:12 29:17 49:9 Karen 2:7 4:3 30:2 54:15 49:17 include 25:19 48:19,20 Kathy 23:24,24 34:3 leader 3:22 hopeful 50:4 57:12 hopefully 51:10 itself 15:9 21:13 25:3 37:8,10 38:1,4 39:11 48:21 leads 22:10 hoping 7:19 41:3 42:9 included 16:14 22:14 25:12 26:3 38:21 40:15 43:10 lease 10:2,3,3,25 11:1,1 hot 11:12,12 13:6,15 25:15 49:11 47:16,21 54:2 keep 42:25 43:21 11:2,9,9 15:4,6,6,9 increase 30:21 it's 4:12 5:13,20 7:17 keeping 49:7 14:7,8 33:15 40:8 17:2,9,24 20:21,21 hours 29:19 increased 48:15 7:24 8:21 9:3,6,7,13 keeps 12:14 20:21 23:5 27:18,19 increases 14:2 30:19 key 51:2 housekeeping 5:19 11:6,13,19,20 12:7 28:11 30:10,18 33:2 how 6:18 10:4 12:23 independent 36:25 kick 36:18 12:15,15 13:11,14,15 33:5,7,9,16 34:7 Indian 49:2,4,9 kind 12:17 18:11 20:3 31:15 32:21,24,25 13:16 14:9,9,12,17 40:20 42:24 50:16,24 37:14,16 38:16 39:11 indicate 44:24 17:17 18:16,25 21:11 49:6 50:13 50:24.25 51:12 indicated 44:22 40:12 42:22 46:12,16 24:25 27:22 29:19 kinds 38:7 leased 17:7 individual 18:6 57:10 47:4 49:11 55:4 56:1 31:21 32:23 34:20 know 6:5 7:24 8:2,9 leases 18:2 57:12 however 22:2 35:21 37:6,22,22 9:20 10:10,10-13:3 leasing 3:12 8:10 14:17 hundreds 46:12 inferred 38:22 38:13,15 39:3 40:13 18:12 22:25 24:23 18:5 20:6 23:10 hydrogeologists 28:7 information 4:18,19,20 40:23,25 42:12,16 25:4 27:8,18,23 28:8 least 55:12 hydrologic 45:21 46:3 5:1 6:7,17 29:2,4 45:7 47:4 49:8,22 28:17,18 29:4,11,17 leave 6:21 58:22 52:16 59:8 50:7,12 52:14 53:3 30:2,9 31:25 32:7 46:5 leaves 30:23 hydrological 44:18 inject 24:6 40:6,10 59:5,11 33:1 38:11 40:24 left 58:11 50:4 injected 12:9 13:12 I'd 3:11 4:7 15:23 41:1,22 42:13,14 legal 17:18 44:1 45:14 46:12 hydrologist 49:18 injecting 55:6 37:13 45:17 leisure 15:2 injection 39:21,24 hydrostatic 13:25 L'II 5:24 7:13 15:14 51:7 52:18 55:5,12 less 46:9 56:19 hypothesis 42:11 instead 54:22 57:9 24:13 26:18,19 34:5 55:23,23,24 56:2,3,6 lessee 10:15 34:9 insuring 30:13 56:12 57:19 58:4 54:13 let 6:5 17:19 24:17 59:2,3,8 intent 51:8 I'm 3:8 5:3 7:2,4,10 53:23 54:10 idea 18:10,11 45:3 interested 29:9 30:23 knowledge 56:10 letter 6:17 26:12 17:19 18:15 23:25 identified 10:14,18 33:14 34:21 35:2 27:1 30:2,2,2 31:8 knowledgeable 37:12 letters 22:2 interesting 29:20 47:12 33:19,19,24 35:22 known 24:5 38:6,8 let's 42:17 identify 39:19 interior 17:1 37:3 37:10 42:5 43:16 level 8:6,7 10:23 32:17 L if 5:22,23 6:3,4,16,20 into 7:11 9:8,11 10:3 45:18,19 50:3 51:25 39:12 40:23 47:17 6:21 7:12 9:20 10:2 11:13 12:15,16 13:5 52:14 53:19,20 55:22 lake 12:7 18:16 19:6,9 51:20 56:6,6 10:14 11:1 13:14,20 13:10,12,16 14:2,6 57:24 29:14 35:23 44:21 levels 47:8,23 50:6 14:23,25 15:4,5 14:10 19:15,20 20:19 I've 7:6,7 18:12 24:17 45:13 47:11,16,18,21 lid 13:21 17:16 18:22 21:20 21:9 22:10 24:6,19 47:22 48:4,24 49:4 26:23 32:1 49:18 lieutenant 35:19 23:6,8 24:11 26:17 24:21 26:16 32:1 53:24 Lakes 7:8 35:11 life 44:24 like 3:11 4:7 8:4 10:7 27:8 29:3 30:10 31:8 33:19 34:6 36:13 land 1:1 15:11 17:1,11 31:21 33:9,14,22 40:6 42:14,23 46:7 19:6 20:18 21:3 12:20,25 13:1,7,19 34:16 38:5 40:7,17 46:16,21 49:4,8,12 Janice 5:5, 12, 12, 16 30:11,20 14:7,24 15:23 17:16 40:19,21 42:4,23,25 49:20 53:6 54:6,24 JOB 1:25 Landers 56:15 17:20,22 19:23 21:4 44:2,4,7,10 45:10 55:6 John 2:4 3:15 4:25 landmark 18:10 21:13 27:14 32:23 47:12,24 49:21,22 17:19,20 20:15 21:13 introduce 3:11 4:8 lands 2:3 3:9,13 16:3 37:13 38:9 40:7 50:4,10,23,25 51:1 investment 41:24 43:6 jump 26:16 17:5,6,8 20:22,23 42:14 43:4 45:17 51:11,24 52:11 53:25 involved 7:7 17:6 26:23 Junction 18:22 19:1,7 33:3,10 53:9 57:5 58:17 55:14,18,19,23 57:7 27:8 31:13 43:18 just 4:11,18,20 5:23 language 22:12 likely 9:23 14:13 20:20 Larderello

40:9 45:15 line 18:19,20 28:24 32:20 34:1 40:17 lines 18:20 38:8 link 54:2 59:9 links 53:13 54:3,15 59:3,4 Linn 2:3 3:8 45:18 51:8 liquid 28:2 list 15:14 listed 21:18 38:1 54:4 literally 56:4 little 8:15 10:4 11:23 12:7,20 13:5 17:4,5 18:14,16 19:6 30:3 37:11 40:24 41:7 44:21 45:13 47:11,16 48:3,24 49:3 58:18 59:11 live 23:24 43:16,25 lived 56:11 load 8:21 19:21,21 loan 34:16 locally 9:6 located 36:1 52:12 location 1:15 29:17 locations 29:13.13 Lone 1:17 3:1 5:16 long 9:24,24 26:24,24 52:4 longer 30:23 56:11 58:18 look 4:14 12:17 20:13 54:6 55:2 looked 30:18 32:1 looking 9:2 22:4 30:16 31:9 42:6 Los 19:22 34:21 lot 27:23 31:12 35:12 36:2 40:4 49:23 lots 12:20 26:9 56:18 loud 8:14,16 loudly 6:23 low 31:22 lower 40:10 L-i-n-n 45:19 M

made 10:2 11:1 15:4,6 25:20 26:3,5 27:3 33:9 36:6 37:16 40:19 42:24,24 50:23 50:25 magma 12:2,6 magmatic 12:4 mail 58:23 main 13:2 maintaining 58:2

maintenance 46:4

major 14:18 37:2 56:10 56:12 make 11:8 15:23 27:25 34:17 42:23 43:1 46:19 47:25 49:14 52:18 53:2 makeup 49:11 making 35:6 49:9 Mammoth 7:8 31:18 35:11 Management 1:1 17:1 manager 2:6 3:9,16 managing 54:16 manifestation 8:3 10:13 manifestations 7:25 8:1 MANN 1:22 60:3,17 many 46:12 50:7 51:12 58:5 map 6:7 16:6 17:15,16 17:18 18:10,17,18 19:6 math 47:4 matter 60:7 may 8:1 9:15 10:15 19:22 22:2 24:23 30:17 34:20 35:23 36:12 43:22 44:23 46:16 47:17 50:24 51:7 maybe 12:1 14:15 33:22 36:3 38:23,23 42:6 51:6 MC 5:12,16 22:17,20 23:19 43:13,15 48:14 48:17 49:17 50:3,18 51:22 McCloud 58:7 McLaughlin 22:21 43:12,15 McRoberts 5:12 me 3:15 24:17 26:18 29:1,2 34:2 53:23 mean 50:22 57:3 measured 54:21 56:14 measurement 49:3 meat 25:25 mechanical 9:5 27:2 mechanism 47:16 media 37:21 meet 19:17 35:22 meeting 1:2 3:8 4:9,11 4:15 24:1 25:8 52:19 53:6 60:8 meetings 22:8 35:4 37:14,17 52:10 57:15 megawatt 10:19

members 37:22 mentioned 15:16 17:12 19:24 25:12 52:17 MERK 52:7,21,24 53:10,13,17,20 54:3 54:9,17 56:20 57:14 57:22 58:10,13 59:12 59:16 Mesa 7:7 microtremors 56:4 might 8:7 10:21 24:8 29:5 32:20 36:3 38:15,16,16 40:7 41:2 56:1 Mike 2:6 3:24 4:8 military 35:25 million 41:20,20 42:6 42:18 47:1,3 49:1,5 minds 42:9 Mine 58:6 Minerals 2:3 3:9 mingle 52:5 minimal 30:17 minuscule 47:4 minutes 5:21 24:11,13 24:15 mistake 53:4 mitigation 32:19,21 40:25 45:21 50:4,6 51:6 54:22 57:9 mix 9:3 19:17 52:5 mixed 11:12 mixture 40:21 model 31:13,15 4418 46:3,5,15 48:11,18 49:14,17 51:9 modifications 16:6 mom 13:17 money 16:21 34:13,18 42:22 monitor 47:8 48:10 monitoring 44:24 45:21 46:4 47:9,23 48:6 50:1,5 56:7 Mono 31:18 monthly 49:25 months 32:13 44:22 49:24 more 7:13 10:4 11:14 12:22,23 17:4 19:18 21:4,6 22:8,16 24:18 26:20,20 28:5 32:25 33:18,20 34:6 36:15 37:11,12 40:23 48:12 52:2 53:11 54:18 56:21 Moreno 3:17 morning 9:22 most 4:17 9:23 14:13

19:9 20:20 29:19 40:9 55:18 mostly 43:21 motor 11:21 Mountain 7:9 mountains 29:18 move 31:7 56:1 moving 16:22 39:8 Mr 3:7,20,21 4:7,10 5:7,7,14,17,18 7:1 8:15,19 17:21,22 18:12,15,22,25 19:2 19:3,5 20:17 21:8 22:19,22 23:20 24:9 27:10 28:15 29:7,21 29:23,24 30:5,8 32:10,16 34:4,23 35:8 36:5,22 37:5,8 37:18 38:3,10 39:17 40:19 41:8,25 43:9 43:10,13,14,15 45:17 48:16,21 49:25 50:10 50:20,21 51:4,5,15 51:16,19,23 52:1,2 52:14,22 53:1,12,15 53:16,18,23 54:6,13 55:1 56:3 57:10,15 57:17,24 58:1,8,12 58:14 59:17 MS 4:6 18:14 30:1 58:25 59:14 much 5:17 10:7,8,8 12:19 18:18 19:16 29:25 32:21,24,25 33:19 36:24 38:11 39:22 40:7 42:22 45:18 46:16 47:1,4 49:11 55:4,17,21 59:17 mud 7:24 39:5 municipality-type 33:7 must 16:10 31:7 my 3:8 5:10 7:1,3 13:17 22:20 27:2,3,6 34:5 34:20 37:11 38:17 43:4 45:18,19 myself 4:25 33:20 50:23 M-c 5:13 N

N 2:1 3:3 name 3:8 5:9,10,24 6:22 7:1 22:20 23:23 43:14 45:18,19 names 37:20 National 14:19 15:17 15:19,21 22:12 Native 43:17 56:23,25

57:1,18 natural 7:17 nature 41:10 Naval 35:23 36:23 Navy 36:6,8,10 near 56:15 nearest 49:3 nearly 46:23 necessarily 22:24 38:25 40:16 necessary 9:9 need 4:15 17:19 20:2 34:9 44:8 45:14 54:6 54:10 needing 44:2 needs 19:16 22:13 37:1 44:5,11 45:5 54:24 54:25 56:25 negative 45:13 Nellis 35:20 37:3 NEPA 4:24 16:19 18:7 20:12 21:1 22:12 57:13 Nevada 35:13 never 44:14 48:2 53:21 new 15:24 29:12 news 19:14 37:19.19 next 3:15,18,23 22:9 24:23 48:6,9 nicely 17:17 night 29:16 nights 32:13 no 1:23,25 8:3 9:8 10:12 11:8 17:9 20:14,16,17,20,25 30:22 31:2 34:10 39:3,4,5,5,9 43:6 45:2,3 49:15 57:10 58:10 59:14 60:17 nominate 33:3 nomination 16:3 none 46:14 54:4 non-competitive 18:1 normal 22:25 47:19 normally 9:4 11:12 12:25 56:5 north 18:25 30:16 Northern 7:8 40:2 not 7:4 10:3 11:1,9 15:10 16:19 17:24

21:11 22:23,23 30:13

31:2,8 34:17,21,23

47:22 48:4,19,20,21

49:9,11,18 50:15,24

51:18,20 52:15,18

53:7,14,19 57:24

58:5 59:5,14

35:2 37:15 40:16

41:6 44:4,7 46:7

36:14

megawatts 28:17,18

	31:6 33:13,24,25 35:25 36:23 37:12 38:22 40:12 42:8,18 43:5 44:17 45:6 46:6 46:8,10,14,17 49:7	our 3:8,17,21,22,24 4:8 4:8 10:17 20:18,25 21:2 33:6 35:25 37:20,23 38:15,20	performance 30:12,17 perhaps 21:21 34:23 period 6:13 25:1,17,23	posted 6:8 37:24 posting 53:5 potential 39:15
nothing 21:2 31:3 notice 6:9 37:25 52:7 56:21 59:11 noticeable 47:17 noticed 52:17 notices 6:8 24:24 25:10 59:1	35:25 36:23 37:12 38:22 40:12 42:8,18 43:5 44:17 45:6 46:6 46:8,10,14,17 49:7	4:8 10:17 20:18,25 21:2 33:6 35:25	period 6:13 25:1,17,23	
notice 6:9 37:25 52:7 56:21 59:11 noticeable 47:17 noticed 52:17 notices 6:8 24:24 25:10 59:1	38:22 40:12 42:8,18 43:5 44:17 45:6 46:6 46:8,10,14,17 49:7			notential 39:15
notice 6:9 37:25 52:7 56:21 59:11 noticeable 47:17 noticed 52:17 notices 6:8 24:24 25:10 59:1	43:5 44:17 45:6 46:6 46:8,10,14,17 49:7			
56:21 59:11 noticeable 47:17 noticed 52:17 notices 6:8 24:24 25:10 59:1	46:8,10,14,17 49:7		permeability 12:23	potentially 45:4 47:15
noticeable 47:17 noticed 52:17 notices 6:8 24:24 25:10 59:1		42:8,21 44:13 51:7	permeable 12:20	pots 7:25 39:5
noticed 52:17 notices 6:8 24:24 25:10 59:1	49:13 52:5 53:7,13	52:15	permits 27:7	power 3:25 4:4 8:22
notices 6:8 24:24 25:10 59:1	53:24 54:15 56:4,16	out 3:17 6:10,11,12	PG 35:3	9:3,10,11 10:16,16
59:1	57:22 58:19 59:11	7:19 9:22 11:16 12:8	photovoltaic 29:11	10:18 11:9,16,20
	once 9:4 11:9,18 15:6	13:6 14:11 15:15	physical 26:11	13:2 18:20 23:7
noticing 37:16 57:15	18:5 23:10 49:4	16:16 20:1 22:13	picked 49:1	31:19 34:12,14,17,22
notified 37:14	57:11	24:12,24 25:10,18	picture 48:12	35:2,8,10,12,15 36:6
	one 5:22 8:19 15:2,3	27:18 28:25 29:12	piece 40:8	36:8,11,18 39:19
November 6:13 21:25	16:17 17:6 19:19	30:11,20 36:20 41:1	piecemealing 16:18	PowerPoint 4:11
52:20,21 53:8 60:9	20:16 22:9 23:22	43:6 44:6 45:11	Pine 1:17 3:1 5:16	precipitation 46:6,8
now 21:16,24 32:7,8	24:9,17 27:7,9,13,19	46:17 49:1 51:10	43:16	predict 46:16
40:5,15 47:7 48:5,5	28:18 29:14 32:6,7	52:4,8,20 58:5,18,22	pipeline 41:13 46:21	prepare 14:20
51:24	35:7 36:6,12,12 37:3	outside 16:14 33:10	pivot 15:5	prepared 4:11 22:14
number 49:10	43:6 47:5 50:22	over 4:8 5:23 6:9 7:10	place 19:25 31:8	present 48:24 50:14
number 45,10	51:25 52:1,2,5,5 56:6	8:7,8 9:17 17:5,11	placed 59:4	presentation 5:20 7:12
0	56:14,19 57:7 58:19	19:4,8 24:21 44:24	places 14:5,7	26:16
O 3:3 60:1	58:19			presenting 4:17
	ongoing 55:10	46:21 48:1,6 54:11 55:4 56:18	plan 20:11,18,24 21:3 23:15 24:6 25:13,14	Preservation 15:19
		overall 9:18 19:17		
	only 5:20 9:18 11:7		25:14 26:8 45:21	pressure 13:18,19,21
obtaining 34:15,15	14:4 15:12 20:21	46:25	46:4 50:5 54:24 57:6	13:24,25 14:1
obviously 52:18	28:7 38:17 46:5	own 18:7 23:12 33:5	57:8	pretty 12:19 39:22
occur 26:6 31:15 45:13	47:13 49:4 58:1	34:24 35:1 36:3 37:1	planned 22:9 26:16	previous 15:21
	open 17:24 18:4 20:5,6	39:2 57:12	planning 2:4 53:7	prior 34:10
occurred 55:4	23:3,4,10 58:11	P	plant 8:22 9:4,4 10:16	private 17:11
	opening 19:17		10:17 11:9,16,20	privileged 29:1
	operating 9:17 15:18	P 2:1,1 3:3 60:1	13:5,13 14:3,14,15	probably 10:5 25:9
52:19	45:9	package 21:17	23:7 24:7 26:25	34:14 42:5 56:8,25
	operation 47:6	pages 15:2,3 60:4	28:11,12,17 36:4,6	problem 57:5
	opinion 44:14 55:16	Paiute-Shoshone 33:24	39:19 41:18,22,22,23	problems 9:5
	opinions 39:2	parallel 18:21	43:17,19,21	proceed 4:9
	opportunities 22:16	parameter 49:21	plants 4:20 10:18 13:2	proceedings 1:9 59:18
	opportunity 33:8	parcels 17:18	13:4,4,4,24 14:6 27:3	60:6
	opposed 16:17	Pardon 34:2	27:4 28:5,13,14,19	process 4:24 16:10
	optimistic 49:21	part 4:10 5:5 14:21	31:19 39:19 44:1	21:7 23:8,13 26:10
	option 50:11	25:12 26:9,10 27:2	48:20	26:11 27:5 28:2
	or 6:15,16,21 8:20 10:3	29:15 32:2 36:5,22	please 8:13,18 14:24	41:15 58:17
often 31:2	10:10,25 11:9,12,16	40:16 44:2 55:1	plug 30:24	produce 9:11
oh 51:24	11:17 13:8,8 15:3	participate 25:2	plugged 43:1	produces 11:15,22
oil 8:25 12:18,19	17:21,23 18:10 20:22	particular 3:17 7:11	plus 21:19	product 28:22
okay 4:7 6:25 11:25	23:1 24:13 26:7	26:2 47:5	point 6:10 9:16 14:2	production 3:14 39:21
18:25 21:8 24:9	27:17 29:3,3,22	parts 49:1,5	15:5 29:6 37:4 43:9	42:17
26:20 29:7 37:5,10	30:20 31:5,21 32:19	past 12:4	49:3 50:11 51:16	professional 55:16
38:1 45:17 46:11	40:6,11,20,20 42:6	patience 58:17	points 49:23	program 3:22 7:2,5
51:23 52:2 53:10,12	44:4,16 46:16 47:15	pay 27:18 29:3	policies 19:24	48:5
54:17 56:20 57:3	49:6,8,22 50:15 52:6	pending 16:6,13 17:12	Policy 14:19 15:17,21	project 1:3 2:6 3:16
58:14	56:13 58:23	20:21 33:11 38:12	15:24 16:2,8,21	4:13,14,16 6:7 7:25
[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[order 8:6 12:12	people 10:20,20 11:7	22:12 39:7	10:15,16,22 11:2,3
	orders 36:22	12:13 24:12 35:6,7	portfolio 19:13,15	14:16 16:12 17:4,15
	orientate 18:10	38:24,25	portion 46:15	20:3 21:12 22:5,6,21
	original 44:1	per 44:3 49:1,5	possibility 29:14 31:25	22:22,22 23:1,1,11
	other 7:25 9:9 11:17,20	percent 16:10 49:20,22	32:16 35:22	25:6,7 26:5,13,14
21:12 23:2 24:14	13:9 14:6 15:3 16:4	49:22	possible 28:10	27:17 30:14 31:7,11
25:3,5,6,10,11,23	19:12 21:20 27:7,15	percentage 19:16	possibly 29:13 44:21	32:17 33:25 34:16
26:5,13,14,25 27:12	27:21 28:9,23 30:15	percolated 12:11	47:21	38:6 39:23 40:21
27:23 29:19 30:11	32:4 35:18 51:6	perfect 14:10	post 26:13,13	44:2,6,25 45:2,22

50:14,25 51:17,20 53:4,9 57:11,12,19 59:10 60:8 projected 24:22 projects 7:7,7 18:6 19:20 20:8,9 37:24 40:18 44:5 project-specific 59:5 59:10 prominent 54:19 prompting 38:11 properly 43:2 proponent 10:15,22 11:2 55:15 proposal 3:12 36:5 42:24 proposed 4:16 18:3 20:4,5,13,25 21:19 23:8 26:8 31:14 35:12 40:21 51:1,2 proposing 22:24 32:18 proprietary 29:4 prospective 27:14 protect 9:22 40:25 prove 27:15 provide 36:18 provided 24:3 providing 10:19 provisions 33:5 public 2:7 3:8,13 4:4 17:5 21:11,11 22:16 24:25 25:1,17,22,23 30:23 37:14,16,17,21 pull 15:2 Pumice 58:6 pumpage 48:7,13 pumped 47:13 pumping 31:14 47:25 50:11 51:10 pumps 50:9 purchase 34:14 purchaser 35:14 purchasing 34:22 35:1 purpose 4:15 17:19,23 20:2 pushed 6:11,12 put 13:16 28:10,12 33:12 38:13 42:22 46:21 52:24 p.m 1:20,20 59:18 0

question 6:1,21 22:18 23:22 24:10,14 27:6 27:19,21 28:6,6,9,20 29:5 31:1 35:17 37:9 38:10 40:1,14 41:18 42:1,1,8 54:1 57:17 questions 6:3,5 7:13 24:16,19 25:4 26:23 27:13 37:13 38:9 52:5 54:18 56:21 58:16,19 quick 11:23 30:3 quicker 49:23 quickly 13:21 quite 28:3 32:13 35:14 37:22 55:5

R R 2:1 3:3 60:1,1,1,1 radiator 13:7 radioactivity 7:18 rain 46:11 rainfall 48:19 raise 50:17 Ranch 47:10 48:8 51:10 randomly 26:20 range 47:20 ranged 56:17 rarely 12:24 rate 47:15 rather 6:16 49:21 reach 50:10 51:17 reached 47:24 49:23 reaching 50:5 react 31:15 read 6:18 50:8 53:14 ready 21:16 24:24 real 7:11 11:23 really 8:23 9:3 17:23 18:18 22:5, 15, 23 23:2,2,14 25:25 26:1 54:20 57:5 58:15 reason 46:18 reasonable 38:14 39:17 recalibrate 48:11 received 18:1,2 23:17 25:22 52:16 recent 43:19 recharge 43:20 45:8,23 46:1,22 47:14 48:18 reclamation 30:18 31:5 42:21 record 5:3 26:7 reduction 47:20 redundancy 35:25 refer 26:8 referred 26:7 44:18 referring 46:2 57:19 refine 48:11 regards 47:4 54:1 Register 37:24 52:8,13

14:23 15:2,25 16:1 16:24 31:3 33:6 reinjected 12:16 reinjection 28:3 relation 4:4 relationship 10:11 relays 36:17 releases 37:19.19 reliable 9:3 relieved 14:2 remain 9:16 remaining 33:11 remember 11:6 27:9 46:2 remind 45:7 renewable 8:12 19:13 19:15,18,21 35:15 repeat 50:23 Report 4:2 REPORTED 1:22 reporter 5:8 6:1,24 8:13 30:4 34:2 54:10 60:4 REPORTER'S 1:9 representatives 35:5 representing 5:6,14 require 31:4,6 32:5 34:11 required 27:15 32:20 50:9 51:7 requirement 14:19 21:1 30:12 36:14 reservoir 12:16 19:5 46:22 55:9 reservoirs 12:19 Resort 1:15 resource 3:22 4:19 7:19 8:5 9:7 10:5,11 10:14 11:11 12:25 14:10,14 15:12 16:15 16:16 38:16,23 39:4 40:25 42:11 49:15 55:14 resources 8:12 14:17 19:18 24:4 38:6 responded 53:21 responses 25:23 26:1 responsibility 27:15 30:24 rest 16:16 18:23 19:3 restrictions 57:25 58:1 result 16:21 39:21 44:20 48:2 retain 9:24 return 43:5,7,8 review 10:24,25 11:4,7 15:8 23:12 24:25 25:1,2,5,21 39:13

reviews 15:13

Richard 5:3,10,11 8:17 18:9 26:22 27:11 28:16 29:8 30:7 32:1 32:11 33:22 34:19,24 35:18 37:6 41:17 43:3,11 Ridgecrest 3:10 59:7 right 15:10,10,11 19:7 19:8 21:16 22:10 32:7,8 40:5 42:2 44:9 48:5 50:12 51:22 52:22 59:4 right-of-way 41:11,13 risk 43:7 road 58:6,6,7 roads 19:10 58:3 Roberts 5:6,12,16 rock 7:20,22 9:18 12:2 12:13,24 13:1 14:10 40:6,11,11 rocks 9:23,23 12:10,12 ROD 26:7 room 4:3 39:1 Rose 27:8,12,22 31:12 32:12,24 38:21 41:4 43:20 45:8,23 46:6,8 46:10,13,24 47:2 48:19,20 49:2,8,12 rules 4:9 run 27:24 RV 1:15 R-o-b-e-r-t-s 5:13 S S 2:1 3:3 60:1 Sacramento 3:23 7:3

safety 33:24 said 9:4 17:23 21:4,13 29:1 58:17 59:2 sales 34:12 salt 12:8 Sam 37:12 52:1 same 11:19 30:13 57:16 San 19:22 say 13:14 23:22 24:25 28:24 31:24 36:24 37:10,11 42:4,5,16 45:22 47:16 50:7 51:1 55:15,19 57:3 saying 42:5 49:11 51:8 55:22 says 16:9 51:12 59:5 SCE 35:14 scenario 38:14 39:18 47:12 schedule 4:24 52:12 scheduled 52:3,10 scientist 30:16 scoping 1:2 3:8 6:10,14

21:10,10,23 22:6 52:23 57:15 60:7 scrutinized 51:14 Sean 2:5 3:19 4:17 6:25 7:2 17:22 19:23 29:24 second 20:15 secondary 13:8 section 17:7 41:3,12 42:10 see 8:1,4 10:6 12:5 18:19 31:14 42:18 50:8 55:17 57:5 seeing 37:1,2 seen 12:7 seismic 55:2,3 56:6 seismicity 39:25 55:4,8 55:10,18,18 selected 23:9 sell 34:17 send 6:16 22:2 26:12 38:17 sends 13:6 sense 22:25 sent 53:20,25 separate 18:7 23:12 57:12 September 37:25 series 47:9 seriously 45:1 set 15:24 19:25 23:6,15 26:12 setting 21:15 seven 39:21 several 8:8 16:18 22:8 22:16 shadow 29:18 shall 6:25 29:22 shape 21:14 she 13:18 sheet 6:6 shining 8:23 shorthand 60:3 should 21:21 22:14 26:6 36:11 50:15 show 12:18 46:25 50:5 shown 12:3 shut 50:11 side 36:16 42:17 Sierra 55:25 Sierras 56:1 significant 44:23 48:2 significantly 47:22 signing 19:15 similar 25:9 simple 12:17

since 38:12 53:25 56:13

sir 5:2 42:1 51:1 53:21

single 30:18

52:15,25 53:3,5,6,8

53:14 54:4 59:13,15

regulations 14:21,22

site 27:12 situations 31:17 six 24:2 26:25 46:10 56:18 size 17:3 sizes 10:17 sketch 11:23 skewed 45:22 skipped 20:3 slide 24:18 slides 4:11 so 5:17 6:15,20,23 7:3 7:12,20 9:5 10:20,24 11:4,4 12:8,20,21 15:9 16:2,11,17,20 18:11,25 19:7,11,15 19:17 20:2,19,19,23 20:25 21:8,23 22:4 22:14 23:6,20 24:20 24:23 25:25 26:6,9 26:15 27:4,19 28:1,4 28:5,9,20 29:2,5,24 30:1 31:1,8,23,24 32:14,16 33:8,12 35:14 36:3,19,24 37:16 39:6 40:1,24 41:6,7,20,22 42:20 43:6 44:1 45:10,17 48:4,11 49:10 50:13 51:11,12,24 52:4,19 53:7,21,25 56:10 57:5 59:7 Society 43:18 solar 8:20,22 9:9 29:11 29:15,17,19 35:7,7 35:21 36:2 37:2 sold 35:9,11,13 36:9 solid 48:25 some 3:12 4:18,20,21 5:1 6:6,8 7:10 11:7 11:20 12:5,6,18 13:8 15:15 17:6 18:10,20 21:25 25:3 26:22 29:6,13 30:7,8 36:17 37:1,12 39:15 40:20 41:5 44:3 49:6,7 52:6 52:10 54:23 55:8 56:10,21 something 8:2 10:21 14:14 18:10 25:9 33:1 34:7 36:19 40:4 40:17 41:10 42:14 49:7 51:13 53:25 54:7 56:24	54:9,17 56:20 57:14 57:22 58:10,13 59:12 59:16 sorry 23:25 30:2 51:25 52:14 53:20 sort 11:20 sound 43:4 sounded 53:18 source 11:18 12:2 sources 8:25 44:15 south 1:16 12:7 18:17 southern 5:5 18:17 35:3,9,13 36:9 southwest 36:2 speak 6:23 8:13,17 speaker 5:23 6:20 24:11,13 26:18 51:24 special 33:5 specialists 4:4 Species 15:20 specific 7:13 24:16 25:4 26:17 32:23 40:18,22 46:18 51:20 53:8 specifically 29:22 31:1 33:14 39:9 49:14 specification 51:19 speculative 39:4 spelled 44:6 spells 22:13 sponge 12:20,25 spot 18:16 spring 24:22 stage 10:22 39:23 stages 22:6,15 standing 4:3 standpoint 55:22 start 21:16 29:24 45:11 started 6:25 24:2 state 3:22 6:22 17:6,6,8 19:12,16 28:19 41:3 41:9 42:10 Statement 4:1 21:15 22:1,11 24:20 25:18 25:19,20 states 44:19 station 18:24 35:23 36:23 58:6 stay 9:5 stays 8:22 9:1 steam 11:13,13,14 12:15 13:4,17 14:3,4 14:5,8,9,11 16:24 step 9:10 15:14 50:22	still 9:24 41:4,10 stimulus 34:3 stones 9:21 stop 18:23 19:3 Strand 2:6 3:24 4:10 5:18 8:15 17:22 18:12,15 19:2,5 21:8 22:19,22 23:20 24:9 29:7,21 37:5,8 43:10 43:14 51:19,23 52:2 52:14,22 53:1,12 57:10,15 58:14 studies 21:17 40:2 study 39:14,22 stuff 7:10 24:19 subcontractor 28:12 subsequent 15:8 subsurface 48:22 sun 8:23 Supervisor 5:4 26:24 supply 36:25 support 28:4 32:25 supports 49:12 supposed 36:18 sure 8:2,9 17:22 22:19 30:9 31:8 33:1 42:23 43:1 46:19 47:25 59:3 surface 7:23 8:3 10:12 10:12 12:6 13:16 14:1 39:4 44:16 47:17,20 48:3 55:17 55:21 surveys 38:7 45:2 sustainable 9:13 sweep 16:16 system 35:21 58:4 T T 60:1,1,1 table 3:23 14:22 16:1 17:16 take 4:12,14 5:21 6:2 13:21 14:24 26:18 27:18 31:6 40:5 42:16 43:7 45:25 46:1,7 54:15 55:2 58:22 taken 5:8 17:9 47:22 60:6 takes 13:6 28:3 taking 30:3 45:23 50:22 talk 3:11 33:18,20	50:14 54:11,11 talks 46:24 tap 19:19 team 3:11 technical 28:6 technologies 29:12 technology 13:3 tell 29:1,2 44:7 temp 9:18 temperature 13:14,20 31:20,21 40:10,11,13 temperatures 32:12 ten 42:18 45:11 terminates 47:25 terms 10:1 32:19 39:3 39:23 42:20 51:6 55:17 57:18 Terra-Gen 36:10 38:24 testimony 60:6 than 7:13 17:4 34:6 36:15 37:11 40:11 49:23 56:11 thank 5:17 23:19 24:16 38:4 43:10 52:7 56:20 57:14 58:13,14 58:24 59:16,17 thanks 26:15 that's 3:25 6:12 7:17 9:1,2 12:5,7 13:23 14:3,18 15:5,17 16:4 16:24,25 18:22 20:2 21:8 22:7 23:4,18,20 24:14 25:1,25 26:15 28:5,6,18,24 29:5,8 29:20 30:13 31:8 32:14,16,25 34:12,19 37:1 39:5 40:1,4,10 41:23,25 42:3,9,19 42:20 44:4 45:6 46:6 47:3 49:1,7,7,21,25 50:18 51:2,5 52:22 54:7 57:1 58:7 59:7 their 18:6 19:17 33:5 34:24 35:21 36:3 37:1 39:2 41:8,14,15 43:19,21 44:2 51:11 them 7:14 15:11 26:19 29:5 30:7 41:11,12 49:19 54:4 56:18 58:5,23,23 then 4:21,23 5:24 6:7 6:23 10:14 11:3,10 12:14 13:11 15:6,7 18:6 19:25 20:12	57:7,11,17 58:6 theoretically 47:13 theory 42:12 there 5:24 6:9 8:1,3 9:14 10:13 11:24,24 12:3 14:22 15:8 16:1 16:15 18:23 19:7,9 20:10 24:5,5,24 25:8 26:4 27:6,23 29:14 31:12,13,17,19 33:5 35:5,7,16 36:12 38:2 38:16,19 39:4,5,15 41:1 42:10 44:20,23 47:16 48:8,23 51:18 54:3,23 55:7,8,9,11 55:21 56:9 57:22 there's 6:6 9:5,8,19 10:12 14:4,8,8 16:6 17:10 18:16,20,23 19:3 22:15 26:9,11 26:11,12 30:12 31:3 37:3 38:23 39:5,5 46:25 49:6,10 55:23 55:24 56:3,12 57:20 57:24 58:5,5,6,21 thermal 39:6 43:19 Thermodynamically 31:23 these 12:9 14:6 15:15 19:15 23:18 37:2,13 37:14,17 39:8 40:20 44:5,15 48:9 50:16 55:19 59:2 they 5:22 8:21 9:24 10:4 11:2 14:6 17:9 27:16,17,25 29:1,2,2 29:3 30:22 31:6,7 34:10,10,16,24 35:5 35:6,20,24 36:2,24 36:24 38:25 41:4,8 41:10,19 42:10,11,25 42:25 43:7,8 44:8 45:24,25 51:12 53:14 54:20 57:4 59:9 they'll 34:25 they're 28:16 33:15 34:17 35:2 42:22 44:7,16 45:15,22 54:19 they've 18:2 41:6 thing 16:4 24:9 44:19 50:12 55:8 57:16 things 9:15 13:19 16:3 19:12 21:14 36:20
14:14 18:10 25:9 33:1 34:7 36:19 40:4	stays 8:22 9:1 steam 11:13,13,14	60:6 takes 13:6 28:3	58:5,23,23 then 4:21,23 5:24 6:7	they've 18:2 41:6 thing 16:4 24:9 44:19
54:7 56:24	step 9:10 15:14 50:22	talk 3:11 33:18,20	18:6 19:25 20:12	
sometimes 36:20	Stephen 43:15	talked 49:18 53:1	22:9 23:11 24:18	56:5 59:6
somewhat 45:22	Steve 22:17,20,20	talking 7:15,16 10:24	25:21,23 26:2,4	think 10:1 18:15 27:12
	~			
soon 44:22		11:25 17:3 19:7 20:4	28:11 32:3.18 38:4	35:16 41:14 42:3
soon 44:22 Sophia 52:6,7,21,24	23:19 48:14,17 49:17 50:3 51:22	11:25 17:3 19:7 20:4 24:4 25:4 28:13	28:11 32:3,18 38:4 41:6,21 44:8 49:22	35:16 41:14 42:3 44:5,8,11 45:4 49:19

third-party 3:24 this 3:11,16 4:1 5:5,8 6:9 7:25 8:3 10:11,13 10:25 11:7,8 12:17 14:13 15:5 16:5,8,12 16:23 17:10 18:3,14 18:17,19,20 19:6,9 21:7 22:9,11,24 23:1 23:2,3,3,4,8,14,15,17 23:21 24:17,18 25:9 26:10 36:16 37:4 38:1,11,17,20 39:13 40:15,23,23 41:7 42:8 43:24 46:2,3 47:13,13 50:14,17,21 51:21 52:3,9,17 53:5 53:7,25 54:16,24 55:6,14,24 57:7,19 57:23 58:11 59:9,11 those 5:25 6:18 8:24 9:14 15:25 16:11 18:1,2,4,6 19:8,9 20:5,21 21:16,22,22 22:2 23:7 24:15 25:10,11,23 26:18 30:21,24 36:1 40:1 42:15,23 44:23,25 45:14 47:23,23 48:6 49:22 54:14 56:7 58:11 though 8:1 36:16 39:23 55:9 thought 24:1 thousand 8:8 10:20 47:2 thousands 10:9 12:4 46:13 56:4,18 three 10:9 13:2 16:5,6 16:12 17:12,25 20:7 23:16,18 24:13 31:19 33:10 36:7,7 38:12 38:22 41:10 43:8 51:24 54:4,5 three-mile-deep 56:16 threshold 31:4 through 4:12,14,21,25 5:19,21 10:7 12:9,11 12:13,23 13:6,11 18:6,19 21:1,5,7 28:11 31:5 37:15,18 37:19 48:9 50:8 51:23 53:14 57:12 58:3 throughout 27:4 47:10 thrust 55:25 time 1:19 6:10,13 9:25 17:10 26:24 29:6 34:15 36:17 37:7

40:23 43:25 47:15 53:5 55:4 58:15 timeframe 24:23 timeline 22:4 times 42:18 48:8 50:8 title 7:3 today 18:8 32:10 37:15 55:23 together 38:13 tonight 6:4,15 21:9,18 21:24 22:1,7 58:23 too 5:6 18:18 19:24 28:20 31:21 33:19 36:19 42:9 56:25 59:1 top 43:3 topics 30:4 total 41:16 48:25 totally 27:1 46:13 touch 9:23 toured 26:25 27:11 towers 29:11 trails 58:3 TRANSCRIPT 1:9 transcription 60:5 transportation 48:20 travel 53:24 travels 48:1 tremendous 9:19 tribal 37:22 tribe 5:6,15,16 28:10 33:2,3,4,6,17,23,24 34:8 tribes 33:13,14 tried 28:25 53:15 trigger 47:8,15,23 49:22 50:10 triggering 14:18 true 47:11 60:5 try 30:5 54:13 trying 18:15 50:15 54:15 Tuesday 1:19 3:1 turbine 9:10 11:14,21 13:9 14:11 31:22 36:8,12,14 turbines 36:7,7 turn 8:22 9:4 14:11,11 turning 50:9 turns 9:11 11:14,15,21 11:21 13:9,10,10 two 8:24 10:18 15:2 20:14 24:13 32:6 39:18 48:6 53:24 56:19,21 Two-type 56:6

U umbrella 15:18 40:24 under 13:19,24,25 15:19,21 16:17,18,19 28:13,16 33:6 47:12 undergo 10:23 11:4 23:12 understand 26:25 27:5 54:9 understanding 34:20 45:20 uniform 36:12 unknown 39:16 unless 9:5 Unlike 12:18 unspecified 44:3 until 42:13 52:3 up 8:13,17 9:10 10:18 11:13,19 12:2,6,9,14 13:8,15,15 14:1,7 15:2 18:4 19:3,6,18 20:6 21:18 23:3,4,6 26:12,19 27:11,25 29:6 30:16 33:12 35:10 36:6 39:18 41:17 44:21 48:4,22 49:1 53:23 54:19 55:11 56:13 59:6 updates 26:13 upon 31:20 38:21 us 3:25 4:12,14 18:9 21:10,24 22:7,10 24:3 25:3 31:4 33:23 37:9 39:7 41:5 58:23 use 20:18 21:3 31:10,16 31:19 33:15 35:1 37:23 41:14 51:12 used 31:14 46:15 47:5 USGS 54:25 using 11:17,20 usually 34:11 43:7 utilities 9:2 19:16,19 28:25 utility 28:23 34:12 utilization 31:13 utilized 9:15 31:18 utilizing 11:10 29:15 33:15 valley 3:17 7:6 27:22 31:12 32:12,25 43:21 45:8,23 46:6,9,10,14 46:15,16,17,25 47:2 47:10,24 48:1,19,20 49:2,3,4,8,9,13 vaporizes 13:9

variety 16:3,22

various 10:17 35:6

vehicular 58:2 verbatim 6:2 versus 47:2.21 vertical 18:20 very 7:21 12:24 24:16 25:4,9 29:9,19 33:23 34:15 40:1,8,13 41:25 42:3,15 44:25 45:5 46:18 50:3,11 50:12 51:13,20 59:17 viable 41:19 Victorville 35:5 volunteer 53:19 W Wait 54:10 walked 5:22 want 6:21,22 10:6 16:16 20:15 25:7 26:10,17,17 27:17 29:21 33:19 35:24 36:3 37:8 42:23,25 43:1,6,7,8 49:15 51:8 51:12 52:4 55:20 58:19 wanted 28:21 wants 23:6 Warfare 36:23 warm 9:24 31:21 was 6:11 13:18 19:13 20:3 25:5 27:7,8,19 29:1,4 31:12,13 35:4 35:16,16 37:11,24,25 38:1 41:15 44:2,14 46:15,18,19,19,21 47:19,20 52:11,18 53:4,15,21 54:3,21 56:14,22 58:10 59:14 wasn't 59:12 water 7:20,21,21 9:14 10:8 11:12,12,19 12:11,13,14,21,23 13:6,11,15,19,22,24 14:1,7 24:6 27:24,25 28:1,3 31:10,13,16 32:4,7,24 33:15 40:6 40:6,9,10 41:14 43:22 44:9,10,12,13 44:15.16 45:6 46:3 46:14,15,16,20 47:1 48:7,13,21 49:1,11 50:2,16 51:1,17 55:6 waters 48:3,23,24 way 15:15 21:10,25 35:24 47:11 49:9 54:23 58:24 ways 26:9

vaulting 39:25

vegetables 13:18

Weapons 35:23 website 15:1 26:12,14 54:16 59:5 week 19:14 22:9,9 weeks 22:8 53:25 welcome 3:7 well 4:10,18,25 6:7,9 6:18 7:20 10:5,7,7,8 17:25 20:4,11 26:14 28:17 36:21,23 41:5 41:12 42:7,17 50:3 53:5,23 54:6 58:14 59:2 wells 8:5 30:20,25 38:19 39:20 42:15,17 42:23 43:1,1 44:24 47:9,23 49:2,4,9 went 27:11,12 36:19,19 37:19 were 13:20 16:7 18:1 19:25 25:6,20 26:2 33:14 35:6 36:18 37:17 40:18,21 41:3 42:9 43:18 44:1 45:3 45:25 49:10 56:23 58:11 59:18 weren't 45:24 59:3 wetland 44:17 45:3 wetlands 44:25 45:14 we'd 8:10 16:16 we'll 4:9,11,21,22,24 6:5,15 10:3 13:4 24:14,15,18,18 25:17 26:13,13 28:24 30:21 48:9 58:17,18,19,23 we're 3:11 4:23 5:8 6:3 6:13 7:15,19 10:24 11:10,17,25 14:20 16:11,22 18:7 20:20 21:9,15,16 22:5,14 22:23 24:12 25:13 26:5 28:13 29:25 30:5 33:25 39:8 41:7 43:21 48:4 50:5,13 50:14,18 52:3,4 53:2 53:7 54:15 we've 11:18 13:3 15:19 20:14,14 22:8 23:17 27:22 42:8 47:9 51:23 what 6:22 8:21 9:1 10:1,20 11:24 14:3 14:13 15:15 16:24,25 18:7,12 21:9 22:10 22:14,21,25 23:7,18 23:20 24:7,12 29:2,9 30:15 31:4,8 32:18 32:19,20 38:7,13,15 38:15 39:12,14,24

type 8:25 38:16

typically 32:14

types 13:2 40:1 51:6

	Y		¥:	1 118
40:5 41:1 44:12 45:4	16:23 19:14 20:18	49:21	16th 6:12	6
45:14.47:19,21 51:10	21:2 22:24 24:3		17,000 33:12	6:58 1:20 59:18
53:1 54:21 55:3,5,11	26:23 27:1,8 29:6,16	Y	18,000 42:5,12 55:15	60 9:11
55:22	30:3,23 32:3 33:23	yeah 17:22 18:8,12	55:20	60,000 10:20
whatever 8:7 25:7	34:1,3,12 35:6,22	19:2,5 20:17 23:22	1966 15:20	6008 1:23 60:17
30:21 39:6,14 45:12	39:24,24 41:3,4,6,15	26:22 28:24 43:13	1969 15:17	640 17:7
52:6 54:20	42:22 43:16,23 44:5	year 32:3,4 41:9,14	1970 16:24	TO THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY
what's 9:2 13:23 14:18	45:19 46:3 48:15	44:3 45:24	1973 15:20	68570DM 1:25
		years 7:6 9:17 12:4		
24:5,5 38:8,11 39:10	51:11 54:13 55:8		1991 56:13	7
41:1 43:14 48:13	58:17,22,23	26:25 41:10 43:8	2	7,000 55:19
when 5:22 6:20 8:23,24	withdraw 43:20 44:15	46:23 48:2,6,9 56:7,7		7.4 56:14
10:22 13:25 22:13	withdrawal 36:22	56:8	20 5:21 39:20 41:21	100
29:12 31:15 36:17	44:13	Yellowstone 8:4	49:22	8
40:5,10 41:19 43:25	withdrawn 32:24	Yes 4:6 5:2 27:10 28:15	20,000 17:25 41:16	80-some 32:13
44:15 45:15,22 46:20	within 7:17 18:3 23:4,7	37:18 38:3 58:12	200 49:5	85 32:13
48:7 50:7	25:16 46:24 47:1,7	yield 49:19	2001 15:21 19:25	03 32,13
whenever 27:24 38:25	47:19 50:17 55:18,19	your 5:9,24 6:20,22	2002 16:7,20 38:13	9
where 6:13 10:11 18:11	56:15 57:20	15:1 16:9 21:23	2005 15:24 16:9,21	
30:19 31:17 32:6	without 34:13 57:4	23:23 24:10 26:18	20:1 39:7	9th 6:13 21:25 52:20
				52:21 53:8
33:15 34:13 35:4,24	wondered 37:16 38:5	28:24 31:1 34:5 35:1	2009 1:19 3:1 24:21	9-11-09 52:8
36:2 44:12 47:10	wonderful 32:9	37:9 42:18 43:14	60:9	9:00 52:3
48:10 51:5,17 59:4,7	wondering 52:11 53:22	45:18 53:13 54;1	2010 16:11 19:17 24:22	90 16:10
whereas 9:1	54:21 58:10	58:2,15,16	24:22 26:6,6	92 56:13
wherever 19:22	won't 7:11 17:15 20:19	you'd 6:16 13:21 17:16	21st 60:9	93545 1:17
whether 17:23 24:6	31:24	32:6	212 14:9	300101111
44:15 50:15	word 22:23	you'll 5:25 25:21	22 39:20	
which 5:14 6:22 9:17	words 27:16 28:23	you're 25:4 31:8 37:1,2	22,000 3:12 17:5,13	
11:14,15 12:19 13:9	work 17:2 31:23,24	38:7 39:13 41:19,20	20:7 23:3	
13:10 16:18 18:7	32:2 33:23 36:20	42:2,4,5 44:16 45:10	22,000-acre 38:20	
20:25 21:9 22:13	41:6 53:14 54:13	45:12 46:2 49:4	24,000 17:4	
27:17 30:17 36:6	worked 7:6 54:5	54:11	250 28:17	
37:19,25 39:7,18	working 32:8 33:25	you've 9:20 29:18	2550 1:16	
53:4 55:13	59:3	51:25 56:11	27 36:14	.
while 31:24 58:18	workings 27:1		29 7:6	1
who 3:21,24 4:3,8	works 29:16	Z		
whole 47:9	world 14:5	zone 56:16	3	
whom 17:1	worst-case 47:12		3 55:19	
who's 5:6 54:16	worth 46:11	\$	3,000 46:1 48:14	
why 4:13 12:5 29:24	would 6:24 8:5,9 10:6,6	\$10 42:6	30 15:3 46:23 49:20	
	10:23 14:14,23 17:20	\$10,000 30:17	30-megawatt 10:18	
37:1 42:9,20 49:25				
will 4:8,14,15,17,25	17:21 18:6,9 20:5,9	\$15 42:6	36:7 39:19 41:18	
7:11 9:5,16 11:3 12:1	20:10,12,18 21:2,2	\$150 42:18	3200 14:21	
12:13,24,25 13:19	21:25 23:9,9,11,16	\$4 41:20,20	350 13:14	A V
15:8,15 17:24 18:4	23:21 27:14 28:7,10		395 1:16	
21:1,14,17,22,22	29:2,3 31:24 32:2,5,8	0	-	
22:7 23:8 24:20,23	32:8,19 33:6,12	0O0 3:5 59:19	4	
24:24,24,25 25:8,10	36:13,14 39:11,14,15		4,000 33:11	
25:15,19,21 26:4,8	39:20,22,24,25 40:16	1	40 9:17 15:3	
30:10,11 31:14,15	40:22,22 41:4 42:3,4	10 49;22	400 40:7	
34:4,5,11,14 35:13	42:10,15,21 43:4,6,6	10,000 8:8 10:10 12:1	4400 17:13	
	THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF	10-percent 47:20	4500 46:6,9	
40:12,17 44:20,20	44:8,21,25 47:8,16			t
47:25 48:2,10 50:6	55:5,11,16,17,21	11th 37:25	4500-feet 47:14	
50:17,23 51:9,11,17	57:5,8,12 58:4	1100 48:25	4800 48:15	
51:18,20 52:22 53:6	wouldn't 20:8 29:1,2	12,000 38:23		
55:2,12	32:17	1220 17:10	5	
wind 8:21,23,24	write 5:24 6:17 21:15	13 1:19 3:1	5,000 44:2 45:24,25	
winter 24:21,21	53:15	14 44:22 49:23	5,500 37:20	
with 3:24 4:4,7 6:6 7:2	written 22:2	15 5:21 39:20 42:5,17	5:40 1:20	
J. W. T. T. T. 1 U.U 1.2		15,000 12:1	50 28:16	
9-14 10-15 11-2				
9:14 10:15 11:3	wrong 34:20 36:19	12,000 12.1	JU 20.10	10



Certified Copy Haiwee Geothermal Project

October 15, 2009

Bureau of Land Management Scoping Meeting - Ridgecrest, CA

Printed on: November 22, 2009

Job #: 68509DM

Gillespie Reporting & Document Management Inc.

Phone: (951) 682-5686

Fax: (951) 682-4990

Email: grdm@charterinternet.com Internet: www.grdm.net

CD TEXT FILE & PDF ENCLOSED

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT SCOPING MEETING HAIWEE GEOTHERMAL PROJECT

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

LOCATION:

Ridgecrest Parks and Recreation Dept.

Pinnacle Room

100 West California Avenue

Ridgecrest, CA 93555

DATE AND TIME:

Thursday, October 15, 2009

5:44 p.m. to 7:02 p.m.

REPORTED BY: DIANE CARVER MANN, CSR

CSR NO. 6008

JOB NO.:

68509DM

10

14

16

17

19

20

21

22

23

card. I'm going to ask you guys to just fill that out

15, 20 minutes. When we're done with this, I'll randomly. You can just stand up at your seat -there's not a lot of us here tonight -- and just ask your question, give us your comment.

And, you know, like I said, I'm not going to keep you guys to a fime limit by any means, but 11 we'd like to get through it so everyone has a chance 13 to speak. If we get to the end of the speaker cards, I'll ask if anyone has questions or comments. And 15 we're free to stay as long as we need to to answer questions tonight.

One thing I would ask is that, if you can 18 stand up, if you can address the court reporter we have tonight, state your name, speak clearly and slowly so she could get everything down verbatim for your comment and then our responses to your comment as appropriate.

Okay. Thanks, you guys. Does anybody need 24 a speaker card right now before we get started, anyone? Can you give him one.

10 here tonight, but since we don't, let's proceed. 11 My name is Linn Gum. I'm with the Bureau 12 of Land Management here in Ridgecrest, California. I'm a supervisory geologist. Specifially I'm the 13 14 branch chief of Lands and Minerals and an assistant field manager. The reason we're asking folks to come into the scoping meeting is that we have a Bureau of 16 17 Land Management proposal to consider some acres up by 18 the Coso area for leasing for geothermal exploration

echo chamber. We anticipated having a few more folks

and development. And with that, I'd like to introduce you to 21 who's here with me to bring this presentation and 22 answer your questions. First we have John Dalton. He 23 is from the Moreno Valley office of the California Desert District. He's a planning environmental coordinator, and he's our project coordinator for this

2 (Pages 2 to 5)

9

19

20

24

Page

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

is cyclic.

MS. CADAVONA: Oh, yeah. Right here. MR. STRAND: I've got him one.

MR. HAGERTY: Well, good evening. My name is Sean Hagerty. I'm the geothermal program lead in the BLM California State office in Sacramento. My position basically oversees the leasing and utilization of geothermal resources within the state on Federal Lands. So they have my card as saying I'm a geothermal expert. I'm far from that. I've been in the program for 29 years, but there's still -- a little higher?

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

20

21

22

23

24

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

20

21

22

23

25

here.

AUDIENCE MEMBER: Can't hear you back

MR. HAGERTY: Let me speak up a little. I've been in the program for 29 years, and I started out in the El Centro office down in Imperial Valley. There was quite a bit of activity down there back in 18 the early '80s and even more activity right now. So I have some background, but clearly I don't know it all, and if there are questions that come up tonight that I don't know, I'll quite frankly say I don't know, but I'll do my best to find out the answers for you.

What I'm going to do tonight is talk basically just very briefly over, what is geothermal? What is the resource? How do we find it? What do we Sierras. So anyway, that's a normal way of convecting that energy to the surface.

The other way to get it is to drill for it, taking a -- not a water well drilling operation because that's too small. You're drilling down to well below a thousand feet, maybe 5,000 feet. So drilling rigs will take you down maybe a mile down into the ground. That's a big piece of equipment. But by drilling down into the earth, you can access where the hot rock is and hopefully where the water is too.

And again, by pulling that water up, the purpose, at least for what we see here in this project, is to produce electricity. The hot water can be used for other resources too: drying vegetables, raising fish. It's real popular in the Imperial Valley, raising tilapia. But for the resources up here, most likely it will be quite hot and more amenable towards producing electricity.

Benefits of geothermal. There's quite a few. It's a clean energy source. Basically there's no gases that come out of it. There is usually some carbon dioxide that comes up with the water but a very small percentage compared to, say, natural gas or coal or some other fuel source. It's reliable source of

do with it when we do find it and then the laws that are involved with what applies to the leasing, what applies to the utilization of that resource. So it's all going to be real brief.

I'm not going to go into a lot of detail about the reservoir, so there's some experts in this room who will kind of smile because I'm just going to talk about cartoons and things like that. But I'll be here after the meeting, and if you have any questions that you'd like to ask me of detail, I'm more than happy to at least address those questions. Again I might not know the answer, but I can get that answer for you.

Let's start out with geothermal energy. What is geothermal energy? We talk about the heat of the earth, hot rock, hot rock at depth, how far down? Maybe 5,000 feet, maybe 10,000 feet, maybe even deeper. It's a combination of both having hot rock and then water in that rock, because it's the water in the rock that actually conveys the energy to the surface.

And when we see the hot water coming to the surface, we normally call it, like, a fumarole or a geyser or mud pot or something you'd see at Yellowstone or some other places, hot springs on the 1 energy. It's a source of energy that, unlike, say, 2 solar and wind that's cyclic -- the solar works great 3 when the sun is shining, and the wind power is great 4 when the wind is blowing, but when the sun sets and 5 the wind stops, that energy source stops as well. 6 Now, that's not to say there's anything wrong with 7 that energy source. It's just that it's a source that 8

Geothermal energy is a type of energy that basically, once you turn the power plant on, it stays on, and it produces energy throughout the life of the project. It does shut down for maintenance, things like that, but overall you turn it on, and it runs at 30 megawatts or whatever, and it stays on.

Geothermal power that is accessible locally. I mean, here's an energy source that we don't have to go overseas to find, we don't have to go outside of our country to find, in fact, we're hoping in this case that we don't even have to go outside of the county to find. And there already is a project nearby, Coso project, that is already producing geothermal energy, so it's likely that there's energy nearby in this project area as well.

Sustainable. Well, what is sustainable? If a resource is found, can it be produced for a long

3 (Pages 6 to 9)

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

Page 1

time? In most cases, yes. The heat of the rock will stay with the rock for a long, long --

AUDIENCE MEMBER: Sorry. You're being overridden by the gym class next door.

MR. HAGERTY: I want to make sure you can hear.

MR. STRAND: Do you want to use the microphone?

MR. HAGERTY: Yeah. Let me use the microphone.

Is this better?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

12 AUDIENCE MEMBER: That's better. We can 13 hear you.

MR. HAGERTY: Okay. I don't want to blow anybody out here. Let me use this, then,

So what we're talking about is sustained resource, a resource that can go on for a period of time. I will use again an example of the Geysers of Northern California about 70 miles north of the city of San Francisco. Their production has gone on for almost 40 years, and the temperature of the rock, the actual reservoir rock that they're extracting the water from, has only changed a few degrees. It's

about 475 degrees Farenheit, and the temperature has

only dropped a few degrees. So with sustainable, the

are issued and the company wants to access that resource and drill for it, what will first happen is that they'll drill at least one well. They'll drill it out there to determine, what is the depth of the resource?

Okay. So if they do discover a resource at depth and they produce it up and it turns out to be commercial -- in other words, there's enough fluid that comes up through the well and enough heat to warrant building a power plant -- then we've got a couple of different things that can go on.

Clearly, if the decision is made to lease and then a proposal is made to drill the resource, the 14 drilling of that resource will also require another environmental review. The environmental review that 16 we're going through right now is just to make the decision basically to lease or not to lease. Once that decision is made and if a decision is made to lease, then subsequent operations on that lease will also undergo a separate environmental review.

And that's important to remember because there's a lot of issues out there. Clearly water is one of them. Cultural resources is another. Visual is a whole slew of issues that will come into play. But for this demonstration for this example, let me

Page 11

rock will still be hot.

Now, if you're pulling water from the resource and not injecting enough back in, that's another issue and certainly something that would need to be discussed. But as far as the heat source, the heat source is something that will be there for a long, long time. How long depends on how quickly we're extracting energy, but normally we're looking well in excess of 30 years, so a long, long process.

Okay. So in terms of energy development, what actually occurs? If we actually decide to lease. if a decision is made that we will lease a portion of this land or all of the land, what's going to happen on there? Well, we've developed a reasonable foreseeable development scenario based upon the best information we have right now. There's no wells that are in the area right now, so we don't know exactly what is the temperature of the resource, if it doesn't even exist.

We have some applications that have been applied back in 2002 that the applicants feel that there is a resource, and so that's the driving force. And I'll get into more of that a little bit later as far as the purpose and need.

But the issue being is that, if the leases

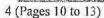
just say that we're moving on. They've drilled a well. They've found a resource. Now what are they going to do? Well, most likely they'll come in with a proposal to build a power plant.

Okay. With that power plant they'll also say how many wells they'll need to sustain the power plant. There will be production wells and injection wells. Also there will need to be access roads to get into where the power plant is going to be built, as well as where the wells are going to go.

There will be transmission lines because you need to get the power out of the area to sell it to a utility, and that's basically where they're going to make money, is selling that electricity. And then finally, as I said, there's utilization. That's where they turn the power plant on and it's now producing.

So we have identification of the resource by drilling down to the hot water and rock. We have a proposal coming in to build a power plant. I'll get into more detail on that but kind of conceptual. Then we have exploration, drilling, development and then, finally, utilization.

23 This is just a little cartoon, very, very 24 simple as far as what we might expect in a perfect world as far as geothermal resource. Let me get over 25



3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

13

14

15

16

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

here. There's supposed to be a pointer on this thing. Oh, it's still here. Okay.

2

3

4

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

7.4

25

At the bottom here we've got a hot rock heat source. Those could be magma, could be liquid rock. Probably it's not liquid, but it's a very, very high-temperature rock. That rock is conveying heat upwards as it cools off. It's coming into this area here, where it's full of fractures.

In most situations we've got fractures that are coming in from the surface as well. We've got rainwater that percolates down into the fracture, hot rock on both sides here. Again this is a cartoon. This isn't how it really works, but it's close enough for this presentation.

Once the water is in the rock here, of course, as it gets hotter, it gets lighter, and it will normally come to the surface as a hot springs, a fumarole, a geyser. But in most cases there's some sort of restriction, some sort of barrier rock or cap rock. In most reservoirs because of the chemicals in the water -- like calcium carbonate, iron, other things -- the fractures that have allowed the water to come into the reservoir in the first place often get plugged up, just like your plumbing in the house. If you have well water, if you have to replace a pipe, I

reach the atmosphere and never goes out in the open. I doesn't flash. It's cooled down because energy is taken out of it, and then they inject the water back into the reservoir but not necessarily the same depth. But it's important to inject the water back in there because they want to maintain reservoir pressure.

This is a quick schematic, and after this meeting if you have a question as to how this action works or geology issues, I will be more than happy to talk about them.

Okay. In this last part, you may have heard talk about a binary power plant. Well, there's three different types of power plants that we find. Any one of them could be used, depending on the type of resource that we find. The first one is, as I mentioned, that we've got a binary power plant. Binary means two, two fluids, binary, two. You've got the fluid that comes up from the rock. It's hot. They send that fluid through a heat exchanger, which absorbs the heat, and that heat is conveyed to another working fluid -- again, isobutanes, et cetera, propane and that sort of thing. That's what boils, turns into a vapor, turns the turbine, turns the generator, produces electricity. Then the water is ejected.

The second type that is commonly used is a

mean, you'll find that there's some deposits that are in the pipe -- not necessarily bad, but it will eventually clog the pipe.

Okay. So in this case these cracks will normally see a level - and then this darker material rock will become what we call a cap rock, sealing in the hot water, so it's like a steam kettle with a cap on, and the heat continues to come up and heat that water up.

What was I talking about earlier about exploration? Then what a company will do is that they'll drill down into that hot rock, accessing the hot water. The hot water will be brought to the surface. This type of power plant is called a binary plant.

I'll get into the different types of power plants, but for this purpose the water is brought up to the surface. It goes through a heat exchange, much like the radiator in your car. The water goes through the radiator, and there's another working fluid that picks up the heat. It's an isobutane or some other fluid that absorbs the heat, turns into a vapor, which turns the turbine, which turns the generator and turns it into electricity.

In this case the water is never allowed to

flash plant. The difference between a flash plant and a binary plant is that the primary issue here is that for the flash plant the water normally that comes up out of the well is over 330 degrees Fahrenheit, Now, you'd say, well, gee, why isn't it boiling? Well, the reason it isn't boiling is -- and you don't really want it boiling -- is because it's under pressure.

I used this example the last couple of nights, but think of an old-time pressure cooker, the kind my mom used to use. You cook vegetables in there, and the reason why it cooks faster is because, 12 as the pressure increases in the pressure cooker, the boiling temperature of that water increases, as well. That's why pressure cookers are very dangerous, because, should a child open the pressure cooker while it's still cooking, much like taking a soda can and 17 shaking it and popping it open and taking the cap off, suddenly you release that pressure, and the boiling point drops immediately. Well, if the water is at 250 degrees Farenheit and somebody is taking that top off, now you have got water that's been boiling immediately scalding. So you don't see pressure cookers anymore.

Same here in the flash plant. They want it to have it. They bring the water up, send it into a large vessel that's at atmospheric pressure. Then it

boils into flashes of steam. The steam then turns the turbine, which turns the generator, which creates electricity.

So I kind repeat myself in terms of this turbine-generated electricity, but you see, it's just an energy source that's turning something that's producing electricity. It's the same in a coal plant, same in a nuclear power plant, just a different energy source that's turning that generator.

Finally a dry steam plant. These are not common. Luckily in California we're blessed to have one resource north of San Francisco called the Geysers, where we actually find dry heat. In most of the reservoirs throughout California and throughout the West, when you drill into the rock, you go down a mile or so, what you find is actually hot water, very, very hot water, 400, 500 degrees, 650 degrees Farenheit.

In the Geysers what they find is, it's just dry steam. Geologists believe that there still is a pool of water boiling way down in depth 13-, 15-, maybe 18,000 feet down. But so far they haven't found it. It's just dry steam, which makes it perfect because you don't have to convert it through anything. You don't have to send it through a big pot to get a

So if you have access to a computer, you're more than welcome to take the full booklet of regulations. But if you don't want to have all that paper and want to save some paper, then the website will give you access to where those regulations are.

If a decision is made to lease and a lease is issued, then the lease conveys the right to drill for, explore, utilize the resource. But it doesn't convey the right that they can go out there right away. As I mentioned earlier, if they're going to do some exploration, that exploration is also going to have to undergo a NEPA review. If through that exploration they determine there is a commercial resource, then they come back in with a proposal for a power plant and the power plant will also undergo another NEPA review. So we're conveying the right to access the resource but not until the necessary NEPA review has been completed.

Here's just kind of a laundry list of some of the laws that are coming into play and will be addressed in this document. I already mentioned the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969. That's the document that triggers off our responsibility in terms of this document.

Also other factors that will come into play

Page 19

flash. It already has a flash. So the only thing you need to do is, basically it turns the turbine that turns the generator that produces electricity.

And those plants with the Geysers are fairly good sized, somewhere upwards of 130 megawatts in size, so they're pretty good. But unfortunately there's only a few places in the world where there's a real commercial resource like that. One is at the Geysers. One is in Italy about 50 miles to the north, northwest of Rome.

So when we talk about leasing of Federal Lands, we consider the leasing action, this issue to lease or not to lease, to be a major Federal action on our part. Therefore, since it is a major Federal action, then that National Environmental Policy, NEPA, comes into play, and that's what this whole process is about, basically taking that action, the action of deciding to lease or not to lease, and analyzing it, analyzing it for what could happen if we lease. And it's a Federal action, so under NEPA we have to address it.

geothermal are Title 43 Code of Federal Regulations,
Part 3200. I do have copies of the regulations back
on the table. I also have a website that should work.

The specific regulations that deal with

Page 2]
1 that will add to and supplement NEPA. One is the
2 National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, addressing
3 issues associated with cultural resources, Native
4 American issues, a wide variety of issues here.

We also have the Endangered Species Act of 1973. What species are out there? Are they sensitive? Are they threatened? Are they in danger? Under this act we can find that out, and if this decision is made to lease, what could be the impact on those animals?

We have a couple of Energy Policy Acts that are involved here too, two under different administrations. Under the Bush administration we have got the Policy Act of 2001, which basically is encouraging the utilization of renewable energy, so it talked about gas and a lot about that, but it also encouraged the Federal government to pursue and allow access to Federal Lands for renewable energy.

The second Energy Policy Act of 2005 — this is under the current administration, and it gave us greater incentive, basically. It said that by 2010 that the backlog of geothermal lease applications must be reduced by 90 percent. That's across the board through all Western United States. So part of the

25 issue here, part of the driving force, is that in the

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

study area we have three pending lease applications, and they're part of the backlog, and so our issue here is to address that backlog. I'll get into that a little bit more, but that's an important issue.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

And, of course, lastly, the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970. That is the act that gives the authority to the Department of the Interior and to the Bureau of Land Management to issue geothermal leases in the first place. Some of you will say, well, why can't the Forest Service issue leases, or why can't another agency issue leases? Because only the Department of Interior under this NEPA act is authorized to issue leases.

Let me go back. Okay. One of the more important issues here is -- of course, this is all under the umbrella of the California Desert Conservation Plan. I need to talk about that. And also one act that's not on here, but some astute person the other night brought it up, the Federal Land Policy Management Act of 1976, which talks about coordination. That talks about addressing public lands and ensuring that resources are being used. So that's not on that list, but it's important.

Let's get specific. Let's get down to the brass facts, or let's boil this down here a little

1 pointing here. For those who are familiar with Coso

2 Junction off of Highway 395, Coso Junction is

3 approximately in this area right here. So the Little

4 Lake riparian area is to the south just off the map.

5 The South Highway Reservoir shows up here. 395 is 6 running pretty much north-south, and then you have

7 several transmission lines that are cutting across the 8 area too. So the darker area to my right here, that's

the China Lake Naval Weapons Center. You can see 9 10 there's pretty much a boundary on the southeast side.

11 There's a buffering here.

> Purpose and need for the project. Again one of the key issues here is to determine whether to approve geothermal leases or not, whether we're going to have the land open to geothermal leasing or not. That's the critical issue because, later on, if we do decide to lease and a project is being proposed, then there will be other decisions: Should we approve the project? Should we modify it? Should we deny it? So that's a whole other set of issues with a lot of detail further down the road.

> The other issue is basically two issues when it comes to leasing. Should we offer the three pending leasing applications? Should those be leased? Should we consider the other 18,000 acres out here for

Page 23

bit, if I can use a little bit of a pun here. We're talking about the Haiwee Geothermal Lease Area. It covers about 24,000 acres, of which about 22,000 acres are public lands.

Let me stand right here so you can see. These might be easier to take a look at a little later on. It's too hard to see right now. But in essence we've got a little over 22,000 acres of Federal Lands, of which about 4,000 are currently encumbered by three geothermal lease applications. We have also have 640 acres, or a section, of State land. And that land is actually already leased through the State Lands Commission. And we also have about 1200 acres of private land, mostly in Rose Valley itself.

So for the private land we have no jurisdiction over, and on the State lands we have no jurisdiction over. The only thing that this document is going to address are the 22,000 acres, roughly, of Federal Lands, and that's where this comes into play under the Geothermal Steam Act. As I mentioned. pre-pending applications, about 4,400 acres have been pending out there since 2000.

23 Project area map. We've got two maps up here. This is kind of an aerial-type map for 25 locations. Let me bring your attention to where I'm Page 25

leasing or maybe a mix of someplace in between? Maybe instead of 18,000 acres, maybe we should consider

2 3 10,000, maybe more, maybe less. So I'm just trying to

4 get you to think that there's alternatives that will

5 be coming into play here, and those alternatives will 6

be based on issues coming up from this meeting as well 7 as from the draft document.

We've got the California Desert Conservation Plan that this is a Plan amendment. So this document will amend the California Desert Plan, and that's important. There's been a lot of amendments to the Plan since 1980, and so this is an amendment going way back to the initial Plan back in 1980.

Again, the consideration of leasing here, two presidents' energy plans of 2001 and 2005. Then finally, if a decision is made to lease, then the issue here is that we're leasing. We're helping the State of California hopefully reach its renewable energy portfolio goal for 2010. It's currently at 20 percent. The Governor has said something over the last couple of years where in 2020 it's supposed to be

22 23 bumped to 30 percent. So with renewable energy coming

24 from this area, if we decide to lease and if a

resource is found, it will go toward that goal.

5

6

7

I'm going to at this point turn it over to Mike, and again I'll be here for the rest of the evening. If you have any questions about geology, about leasing, I'd be more than happy to talk to you. With that, I'll give it to Mike. MR. STRAND: Thanks, Sean.

2

4

5

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

resources.

6 7 AUDIENCE MEMBER: Do you have a volume 8 knob on your microphone? We're competing with the 9 dance.

MR. STRAND: I don't see a volume on here. Is it okay? Can you hear me?

AUDIENCE MEMBER: A little better, yeah. MR. STRAND: Okay. Well, Sean has already really gone through everything that we need to know at this point. Let me just touch on a couple of items here. Then we'll open it up to comment and questions. He talked about the proposed action, and that is to amend the California Desert Plan. And again that's a decision that's either to lease or not to lease this project area over to geothermal

One of the alternatives to that is a no action. Under the no action, there would be no Plan amendment and the lands within the project area will remain the same, will be managed the same as they are

a copy of it. You can review that. There will be a 2 public review period. You can submit comments on the 3 draft, and during that time period we'll also conduct 4 some public meetings.

Once we're through that, the Final EIS -the bulk of the Final EIS is really just your comments and the responses from the Agency regarding your comments. There may also be changes or clarifications 9 in the draft itself. That will all be published as a 10 Final EIS, and that Final EIS will then go to the BLM decision makers. They will make a decision on the project, and that's when we'll issue the Record of 12 13 Decision, what we commonly refer to as a ROD. And if 14 there's a Plan Amendment, then that will be the Final 15 Plan Amendment with that ROD.

16 Again I just appreciate you being part of 17 the process. I appreciate you guys being here 18 tonight. Let me mention one thing. The Notice of 19 Intent had a date for scoping to be completed by 20 October 16th, That's tomorrow. That's not going to 21 happen, so we're extending that out to November 9th. 22 So we encourage you guys to have your comments in to us by November 9th so it can be clear in the EIS.

24 However scoping is an open process 25 throughout the development of the EIS, so we will take

Page 27

23

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

right now within the current Plan. There will be no Plan amendment.

Other alternatives that we have, like Sean mentioned, is a combination of approving those applications that we already have plus some combination of the 22,000 acres. And we're here for scoping. We're here to hear your guys' comments, and through the scoping process there may be additional alternatives that could be developed.

NEPA scoping. That's what we're doing right now. NEPA requires scoping. We're conducting these scoping meetings. We're collecting your comments here tonight, and you can also fill out the form. You can mail it in to us. There's an e-mail address. You can send comments in through e-mail, so there's lots of ways to participate in scoping.

As far as the project timeline is concerned 18 for developing the EIS, we're right here in this 19 October section here of scoping. The Draft 20 Environmental Impact Statement and Draft Plan

21 Amendment will be completed this winter, early winter, 22 2010. And then once that's out and completed, it will

23 go out to the public for review. It will be on the

24 websites. There will be notices out to where you can

25 view that, where you can get copies of it if you need

Page 25 your comments past November 9th, as well, but at some point there will be a cutoff because we've got to get

3 the thing printed and put out to you guys for review. 4 So we just encourage you guys to get it in as soon as

possible, your scoping comments.

So again thank you guys for being here, and if you guys could just hand me your speaker cards, then I'll collect those, and we'll continue. I think I'll hand you guys another microphone. That way the court reporter can hear us.

MS. CADAVONA: Hello. The first one, Chris Ellis.

CHRIS ELLIS: Good evening. I just had

14 a question, and I know we're early in the process. 15 And this is related to a decision whether or not 16 you're going to lease. My question is probably a little bit further down the road. How does a decision 17 18 to lease and ultimately make a decision to produce or

attempt to produce or explore for geothermal power --20 how is the BLM going to make decisions relative to

21 groundwater usage? And do these leases include a 22 provision for groundwater associated with potential

23 drilling and then potential future recharge if a

24 geothermal reservoir is found? 25

MR. HAGERTY: Yeah. Good question,

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

7

8

9

10

11

Chris. And this came up actually in the first meeting we had in Lone Pine.

2

3

4

5

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

.25

The decision here, besides the Plan Amendment, is just to decide to lease or not to lease. In terms of the water budget for the Rose Valley and getting into the issues there, while this document will talk about the need for addressing water, it will talk about the model that was developed for the Hay Ranch pipeline. We're not going to get into an issue of how much water could be used or may be used or whatever until after that decision to lease is made.

At that point the project comes in to drill, and they plan to use -- let's say they need to use an acre foot of water for the drilling. It will be at that point that we'll address, where is the water going to come from? Are we planning to take from Rose Valley or someplace else? If it's coming from Rose Valley, then these are the consequences.

If we take it a step further, if we find it's a commercial resource, then the same thing will apply with even more scrutiny. Obviously a lot of issues, a lot of concerns. So we want to make sure they're addressed, but at this level it's too premature because there's a variety of issues that come into play.

actually get together on making a plant, what's the typical life of a plant like this?

3 MR. HAGERTY: Normally, sir, they would 4 be built with the expectation of producing at least 5 for 30 years. That's in terms of financing. But 6 normally the plant would probably go a long way, way 7 beyond 30 years. Some of the projects I talked 8 about -- the Geysers, for example -- some of the 9 operations up there have gone beyond 30 years. So 10 it's more of an issue of the resource. What is the 11 life of the resource?

Management can go way beyond 30 years, but in terms of mechanical issues, the plant will keep running. But just like your house, where you get a loan for 30 years, these power plants normally have a loan for 30 years. So after it's all paid off, it's all written off, but there's no reason to shut them down. They will continue. With the resources there, they'll continue.

TOM BUDLONG: The resource is basically infinite; it could be on forever?

MR. HAGERTY: It could. There's factors that become involved. If you're actually expecting energy faster than it's being replaced within the rocks, you may cool the rocks down. Also the water

Page 31

Dry cooling can be a factor. Will it be a flash plant, a binary plant? Will they find water someplace else? There's a multiple of issues we could address, but we'll be shooting in the dark. So all we're going to address at this point is the decision to lease or not to lease.

But clearly the applicants that already have their hands in the fire, they know water is going to be a big issue.

MR. STRAND: Dan Burnett.

DAN BURNETT: Yeah, Actually I don't have any comment.

MR, STRAND: Okay. Tom Budlong. TOM BUDLONG: Yeah. I don't have any comments. I have questions. Mike, can you explain who you are and where you're from. I'm confused.

MR. STRAND: Absolutely. Good question. I had it last night too. Why are we here? Someone asked me last night. I'm with Power Engineers. I'm an environmental project manager with Power Engineers, working in the Environmental Division, and we've been

22 hired by the BLM to assist them in developing and

23 writing this Environmental Impact Statement, so we're working as an extension of the BLM staff.

TOM BUDLONG: Okay. Thanks, If you

1 issue we touched on, if you pulled out too much water, 2 it's the water that's sustaining the energy from the

3 hot rock to the surface. So you want to make sure

4 you're not extracting the water and basically taking 5 it out so that you're not drying the reservoir. But 6

that's another series of issues as well.

TOM BUDLONG: Somebody said there was an applicant in 2002?

MR. HAGERTY: Yes, sir.

TOM BUDLONG: Who was that, and is that applicant still around?

12 MR. HAGERTY: The applicant is still 13 around. There was three applications for leasing that

14 were filed, I think, back in February of 2002.

15 Mr. Metcalf, or Terry Metcalf, is one of the

individuals. He's associated with a group called Deep

Rose, and I was kind of hoping that somebody from Deep 17

18 Rose would be here tonight. However I don't think he

19 is. I don't think there's anybody in the audience

20 from Deep Rose, but they are still around, yes.

21 TOM BUDLONG: And all three are Metcalf, 22 are they?

23 MR. HAGERTY: They are associated with 24 Mr. Metcalf. They co-owned the group with the name of

25 Deep Rose, but Mr. Metcalf actually has one of the leases under his name, and the other two lease
 applications are under Maxx, M-a-x-x, Incorporated,
 but I believe they're all associated under a Deep Rose
 group.
 TOM BUDLONG: How deep do you think to

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

2

3

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

TOM BUDLONG: How deep do you think the initial well will go? We talked about Deep Rose before, and they were talking about going down a long ways.

MR. HAGERTY: Yes, sir. They have told us that they believe the resource is down somewhere approximately 15- to 18,000 feet down. In my own opinion, I mean, that's a tremendous amount of depth. That's a tremendous amount of cost. All I could say is that it will be a very costly endeavor to go that far down.

TOM BUDLONG: And that's what you're talking about with this initial process that, before you decide whether to amend the Plan or not, is going down that deep?

down that deep?

MR. HAGERTY: If the decision is made to lease, if we issue the leases, that will be up to the lessee to come forward with a project to explore. If they do plan to drill at that depth, we'll scrutinize it as far as casing and types of metals, surface area, things like that. But it will be very costly on their

1 applications were filed back in 2002, the current

2 regulations at that time said that for areas that are

3 outside of a known geothermal resource area, or KGRA,

4 there is a KGRA area called Coso KGRA. You could

5 apply for lands outside of the KGRA without

6 applications, and that's what these gentlemen did here

7 with the three applications. They couldn't apply for

8 lands inside the KGRA because that's competitive. So

9 while they were much very much interested in applying

10 and they did get a lease, Section 16 -- they did get a

11 lease from the State Lands Commission. We felt that

12 instead of piecemealing this, instead of addressing

13 the three applications, since they were interested

beyond the KGRA, we felt would be good to at least
 address the larger area of the 18,000 acres beyond the

16 4,000 acres here.

17 As it is right now under the 2005
18 recommendation, all this will now be leased
19 competitive. We have done away with the issue of

20 KGRA. We no longer have non-competitive applications.21 Much like our boiling gas program, all of the lands

22 now have become competitive, so if somebody were to

23 nominate the land even outside of our boundary area,

24 then we now all become competitive.

25 TOM BUDLONG: Thanks. Let's see. You

Page 35

2

17

18

19

20

21

part to drill at that depth if that is the target.

TOM BUDLONG: I've heard rumors that there are a lot of cultural resources in this area. Anything about that?

4 Anything about that?
 5 MR. HAGERTY: I'm going to defer to Linn

6 Gum on this one.
7 MR. GUM: There are a lot of cultural

MR. GUM: There are a lot of cultural resources in this area.

TOM BUDLONG: Answered that question.
The answer was "yes." You could have just said "yes."
MR. GUM: Yes.

TOM BUDLONG: Yeah. Why 20,000 acres instead of just the initial part that the three lease applications? Why such a big area?

MR. DALTON: The reason for this is that we're going to process these three applications. If indeed we do process these three applications, we may get requests for additional with the competitive lease applications, so we decided to include the 22,000 acres potentially for geothermal development.

acres potentially for geothermal development.
 TOM BUDLONG: Do you think other
 applicants could show up and want to get the same
 area?

MR. HAGERTY: Just to kind of go a little bit further than what John said, when these Page 3 talked about the 640 State is already leased to Deep Rose?

MR. HAGERTY: Yes, sir.TOM BUDLONG: All right

TOM BUDLONG: All right. That's all I have right now.

have right now.MR. HAGERTY: We're doing great.

7 MR, STRAND: Sophia -- Sophia Merk.8 SOPHIA MERK: My name is Sophia Merk,

9 NPL News. Thank you. In the 1872, a little while 10 ago, we had a 7.4 earthquake in Lone Pine, California, 11 which is not that far up the road from Deep Rose, this

12 area. What I was wondering about, there's been recent

reports on increased seismic activities in Europe and
 Northern California. Some say it is the result of

fracturing geothermal development projects.
 And I will follow up further with a letter

And I will follow up further with a letter, but I was wondering if -- would you seriously consider analyzing this issue in this part, not after the 90 days when we go into the other part, but during this part, if you will really look at the fracturing at this point.

And I was also wondering, you say that you're going to have other alternatives in this part, but I haven't seen anything in writing so far. And

25 it's just verbatim. And since I know that things are

flying pretty fast and things have changed since the first meeting, I know now that you've incorporated other public — other scoping meetings with the Timbisha, and I just wonder if maybe you shouldn't start with another Federal Register Notice and put it out there for the full 90-day review.

1 2

-25

Since this is a land use, it's going to be an amendment. It's not just an EIS. It's an amendment. So I was wondering if you could really seriously look at the fracturing part of this.

I also was wondering, there's some land that's being designated under WEMO for disposal. Is any of this in that area, Linn?

MR. GUM: Yeah. The lands that were under WEMO that were just entered for disposal were at the northern end of Haiwee not subject to this area.

SOPHIA MERK: Thank you. I wasn't sure exactly where it was. It wasn't real close.

MR. GUM: Up by the North Haiwee Dam in the section that is immediately adjacent to it, is where that land is.

SOPHIA MERK: Okay. And I just have one more thing that I would like to add to my comments, and that is, what other tribes have you contacted besides the Timbisha?

tribes would like to have a presentation about the
 project, we will most likely -- management will
 probably schedule it with them.
 SOPHIA MERK: And since they are pul

SOPHIA MERK: And since they are public meetings, they will be open to the public also?

MR. STORM: That I don't know. These will be government-to-government consultation from the Federal government to the Indian tribe on their reservation, their property, and anything public would be through them, only if they -- you know, I presume that they would allow it. But that kind of a meeting, if they request it, would be government to government and not the general public.

SOPHIA MERK: Thank you, and that's all I have.

MR. STRAND: Jeff Aardahl.

JEFF AARDAHL: Good evening. I'm Jeff Aardahl. I represent Defenders of Wildlife. I'm from the Defenders of Wildlife office in Sacramento, California. My title is California Representative, and I have a number of questions similar to the way Tom Budlong began, and then I also have a few general comments, or I suppose you might label them issues or

concerns I'd like to just briefly state. And then I

will follow up when I return to my office with a

Page 39

Page 38

MR. GUM: I'd like to call Don Storm. He's our archeologist, and he can talk about exactly which tribes will be contacted.

MS. MERK: Thank you.

MR. STORM: Thank you. I'm Don Storm, archeologist for BLM in Ridgecrest. And last week I sent out five formal private consultation letters to Timbisha Shoshone Tribe in Death Valley, for one. Four tribes in Owens Valley were in this: Lone Pine, Fort Independence, Paiute Tribe -- Big Pine Paiute Tribe and the Bishop Paiute Tribe. And there are still advisory letters that I'm going to be sending out to several of the federally unrecognized tribes in Kern County, Lake Isabella and Tehachapi probably next week regarding this.

The formal consultation went to the five recognized tribes, and we'll be following with other communications and correspondence letters to other Federally unrecognized Indian communities in Kern County.

SOPHIA MERK: Have you scheduled formal meetings with those tribes?

MR. STORM: Next Tuesday, the Timbisha, next Tuesday. That was scheduled not by me, but that's one of the four scoping meetings, and if other detailed written document for you.

But just to begin with some questions, could you identify where the boundary of the Coso KGRA is and let me know, going back to -- let's see, '80, '90 -- almost 20 -- 29 years now, were any leases issued in the KGRA for Coso that expired because of non-development or non-plan of development? Is part of this area here within that former Coso KGRA?

MR. HAGERTY: That is correct. The KGRA itself, the boundary came up to just to the east side of where the applications are pending right now. It also moved down to the south, came out to the west a little bit. A little nub came out and went back, and basically everything to the far side of my hand here was in the Coso KGRA.

that were issued back -- several geothermal competitive lease sales were held in the 1980s. One was held, I believe, in 1981. There was another one in 1985 where leases were issued, and there were some leases that were issued, part of the sales that no activity ever occurred on. The names of those -- I have a complete record of all of them, but you were correct. There were leases that were issued where no

There were applications. There were leases

activity was taken. The leases dropped -- fell by the

11 (Pages 38 to 41)

Page 41

4

5

6

7

8

9

11

12

13

14

Page 43

wayside.

I

2

3

4

5

6

7

11

12

13

14

16

17

18

19

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

The rest of the boundary of the KGRA goes off the boundary to the east, so way out there.

JEFF AARDAHL: Okay. So are any of these decisions from the Coso Geothermal Record of Decision back in 1980 or '81 going to be carried forward as still valid today if it overlaps the same land within this Haiwee zone? In other words could you just bring forward decisions from the previous geothermal effort there rather than go through the whole process again to address the same piece of property?

MR. HAGERTY: We'll have to go through the process all over again. Whatever was developed back in 1981 certainly will be utilized as a reference for the new document. But in terms of Endangered Species Act issues, in terms of National Historic Preservation Act issues, all that, many things have occurred since '81 that need to be readdressed.

20 If there are recommendations from the 21 Record of Decision at that time that are still 22 pertinent, I would imagine they would be incorporated. 23 But since it's been such a lapse of time and since 24 normally we have a document that we would be making a 25 determination of NEPA adequacy, clearly the 1981

isn't any drilling data out there, so all we can do is look at the geology and look at the Coso operation as it is today and make some assumptions that there is a volcanic field here. It most likely is of a certain temperature and depth that we don't know how deep; we don't know the exact temperature.

Rich and I came up with a proposal that we would consider up to two 30-megawatt power plants. They would be dual flash type plants similar to what we see in Coso. We made the assumption that the 10 entity would have to drill down anywhere between 8- to 10,000 feet to reach a resource but just a developable model, and then from that model that we look at how many surface acres are going to be impacted.

15 So we said for each power plant we would 16 look at about 25 acres for the power plant itself. 17 Each power plant then would need an addition- -- it 18 would have up to 22 wells, 15 production wells, 19 approximately seven injection wells that would add to 20 the total of the impact, now taking it up to over 21 50 acres per power plant.

22 In addition to that, then you have access 23 roads, transmission lines. Again that's all described 24 in the RFD, and I can make sure that's available to you as well. But it's just a guess. I ask you that,

Page 43

2

9

10

11

12

document for this area, we need to do it again, at least for this area.

JEFF AARDAHL: Okay. During the process will we be able to get a copy of the 1980 -- the decision so we can kind of track and kind of see how things are changing with regard to proposals for leasing?

MR. HAGERTY: The document will. absolutely. It's a public document. I'm sure there's a copy in the Ridgecrest office. If not, I know I've got a copy in my office, so I'm sure it's available. They will let you see that. I can make sure that it's available if anybody wants to see it.

JEFF AARDAHL: Okay. Thanks. And somebody, I think, in the introduction mentioned -maybe it's you, Sean -- that you're working on a reasonable development scenario for this particular area. And will we be able to see what is a reasonable foreseeable development scenario for this area before our scoping comments are due?

21 MR. HAGERTY: Sure. And at the previous 22 meetings Sophia asked for a copy, and I can make a 23 copy available. What we did, myself as well as 24 petroleum engineer, Rich Estabrook in our Ukiah 25 office, is, given the data available -- and there

in reading this, to understand that we're taking a crystal ball, because from that and then through the NEPA document we'll see what sort of impacts will 4 occur at about, say, 200 acres of that impact in this area or that area or whatever. So it's just our best

5 6 guess. If we had more data, we could fine tune it, 7 but we don't. 8

JEFF AARDAHL: Okay. Those are the questions I had. And should I hand it over to somebody else? And I would like to, before I close, come back and just make a few observations at a later time.

13 MR. STRAND: Okay. Lee Sutton. LEE SUTTON: Hi. I'm Lee Sutton. I'm 14 15 vice president of Kern Pres. Audubon Society. I'm primarily interested in the subsurface water resource 17 in Rose Valley and participated and followed the Hay Ranch Pipeline controversy significantly. I 18 19 understand -- and I may be wrong on this, but I think

20 the cognizant agency for the subsurface water is Inyo 21 County, and if that's so, I'm wondering when you will 22 involve Inyo County in this process.

23 MR. DALTON: Yes. We've just now begun

24 the scoping process, as you're aware. We have sent 25

letters out to the County. I spoke last night with an

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

Page 49

individual in regards to the Planning Department, so we want to seek out our partners early on. That's presently where we're at.

2

3

4

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

13

15

17

18

19

20

21

23

25

So while scoping is going on, besides the letters going to local government and tribal members, our cooperating agencies, they certainly will be brought in as a group. And we're starting to put together core groups. That's the next step in this process. Does that answer your question, more or less?

LEE SUTTON: Yes. That's my only question.

MR. STRAND: Is that your only question? Okay. Dick Arruda. Arruda?

DICK ARRUDA: Dick Arruda. You touched 16 on it a little bit. Just wanted a little bit further clarification on the non-competitive leases that are 18 in for those three. I'm trying to understand. Right now you're proposing that to include the whole area, the 22,000-some-odd acres that includes those three competitive leases. If something in the scoping process, you know, comes up and there's issues and you don't go forward with that, how will you move forward with the three non-competitive leases that you have applications for?

our backlog.

MR. STRAND: Those are all the speaker cards we have. Did you want to make a few more comments, then?

Yeah. Let's go here first. Then we'll come back to you.

TOM BUDLONG: You're so quiet back there. It's not on. You're so quiet; I didn't know you were here. Could you describe the cultural resources in this area.

MR. STORM: Yes. There are quite a few cultural resources, as they're called. For the history, we've got the Southern Pacific Railroad and Work Camp associated with the Southern Pacific Railroads from Mojave to Lone Pine. There is the Los Angeles Aqueduct, both the first and the second aqueduct and the various labor camps, certain camps associated with those. And there is some homesteading out in Rose Valley.

Prehistorically Rose Valley is the primary obsidian reduction quarrying area, making a hole in the ground or a piece of rock from an outcropping. Basically it's not only for California but Nevada and, to a certain extent, the Western United States. And a major project for archeologists working in the region,

Page 47

MR. HAGERTY: As part of the process, again, some of the discussions on alternatives have come up already. The three non-competitive applications we have pending since 2002, in the process conceivably we could address to offer them -or not to offer them or -- because of the environmental concerns, we can actually deny them. But that is a separate decision there.

The other decision that would be put together for the other 18,000 acres - 18 plus four; that would be 22,000 -- is that, should we offer this 12 as competitive? So there's a whole mixture of alternatives that could be involved, depending on reasonable foreseeable development scenario, how much acreage would be impacted here and what sort of service resources will be impacted as a result of that development. So it encompasses those things.

But through this process, again, we could issue this. We could deny it. Or in the case of the no-action alternative, we just won't do anything with it. It will just sit there. But as I mentioned 22 earlier, under the 2005 Act we do have the deadline of August, 2010 to eliminate – to process 90 percent of our backlog lease applications in the Western United States. And so we're being asked to address all of

they are trying to delineate the historical sequence

2 that went on for about 3- to 5,000 years of people

3 living, working in Rose Valley, going through these

4 obsidian crops, which mostly occur on China Lake Naval

5 Weapons Station, and bringing them back to their

6 villages and reducing them down to hand-size pieces of 7 obsidian called biofacies, and then these biofacies

were taken by craters across the Sierra east across

9 the desert to the southwest into Nevada, Utah and all 10 through most of Southern and Central California as the

11 main obsidian source, tool source for the prehistoric 12 peoples.

13 So there are a number of large village 14 sites that have what's called midden, m-i-d-d-e-n, 15 soil deposits and much lithic scatter. So as it 16 pertains to this particular project, there will be, you know, a cultural resource survey, a

17 18 field-intensive survey of probably what's called a

19 Class One literature search, and then perhaps a

20 Class Two sampling of the area within the proposed

21 leasing boundary for the EIS preparation to judge what 22

the extent of the universe of known information sites

23 that are out there. And then from that, eligibility 24 potentials and then leasing potentials.

25 And with large plants such as this, there's

13 (Pages 46 to 49)

4

5

7

15

16

20

21

22

23

24

9

also, then, usually a standard where, you know, the 2 broader, you know, umbrella, that this is a sensitive 3 area, and if there is any specific project 4 construction projects like a geothermal electrical

production plant, then that specific proposal will then get its own, you know, very detailed, very intensive survey of the area of their footprint, as it's called.

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

But for the planning right now, any fieldwork will probably be in a sampling scientific sample to ascertain, you know, the general overall pattern. But it's understood there is a lot there.

MR. GUM: I said that in three words. TOM BUDLONG: It gives me a good idea. MR. STORM: Anything else?

MR. STRAND: Jeff, did you want to ask

some questions?

JEFF AARDAHL: Just one more. Then I want to make observations. Since the decision coming out will be whether or not to issue leases here within this boundary, would it be perhaps appropriate to refer to this area as a geothermal leasing study area rather than to state that it is a leasing area at this time? Just to clarify the terminology, is this really a study area rather than a leasing area?

think the Mojave Ground Squirrel Habitat Management Area from 1980 is at about 10,000 acres.

Now, complementing that, in 2006 the West Mojave Amendment also established a much larger ground squirrel conservation area. The primary decision 6 there was that anywhere within this zone, Federal land, if a project were to occur, it would require the

Page 52

Page 53

habitat replacement or compensation at a ratio of five 9 acres to one acre disturbed. And for the life of the plan, which is 30 years, the limitation on habitat 10 11 disturbance within this greater conservation area for

12 the ground squirrel is limited to one percent. 13

I just want to bring that up just so that's 14 factored into the analysis that we're going to be seeing. And that concludes everything I have tonight, and I thank you very much for the opportunity.

17 MR. DALTON: Thank you, Jeff. 18 MR. STRAND: Yes. Go ahead. Can you 19 state your name again.

DICK ARRUDA: Dick Arruda. One thing that comes to mind when you're looking at plan development and looking at cooperation with utilities et cetera, what are we thinking in regards to transmission? You know, we can have all kinds of resources out there. Are we thinking down the road 25

Page 51

MR. DALTON: We're certainly open to that, so thank you.

JEFF AARDAHL: Okay, Okay, Good, And I just wanted to make a couple of statements here about recent BLM California Desert Conservation Area Plan commitments to the public.

The first one goes back 29 years ago to the 1980 Desert Plan. The most recent ones that I believe occurred in 2006 with the West Moiave amendments to that 1980 plan, and I just want to bring up the relationship of those decisions to the Mojave ground squirrel viability and long-term conservation.

In 1980 BLM dedicated an area of about 18,000 acres in Rose Valley as the Mojave Ground Squirrel Habitat Management Area. It was referred to as the Rose Valley Mojave Ground Squirrel Area. Unfortunately that management plan was never written When the BLM does write that plan, it requires the full participation of the State Fish and Game office.

20 And I was up in the study area today in a 21 number of places, and I mapped that Rose Valley 22 Habitat Plan Area, that commitment from 1980, and 23 it -- oh, I think it overlaps just under half of this 24 particular study area, roughly. I think this study 25 area is about 22,000 acres of Federal land, and I

about -- you know, we already have problems with

2 transmission through this area, and if we put

3 something in out there, other things are going to have

4 to happen. You know, it would be a shame if something

5 did come to be developed out there, and now we're going to bump into another wall, and that's

transmission and the ability on your lands -- BLM 7

lands all the way down to L.A. Are we thinking any about that or what's happening in that regard?

10 MR. STRAND: I'll say something real 11 quick of what I know, and I'll let Sean speak to it. 12 South of here there are current proposals: The Barren

Ridge area south, transmission lines that are being --14 they're in the planning stage right now and looking at

being under construction in the next couple of years. 15

16 So between here, this area, and that Barren Ridge 17 area, I know of no current proposals. But certainly

18 that would be something that we would have to look at 19

to get the energy out.

20 MR. HAGERTY: And that's an excellent 21 question because last night during our public scoping 22 meeting in Bishop, of course, is the consideration of 23 a 500-kV line coming in through the center of Nevada

24 basically tying into Bishop someplace that would carry forth a lot of energy from Nevada going into Edison's

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

if that project is to proceed and it does reach completion over the next, you know, four or five years, then the existing 230-kV lines that Edison has in the Rose Valley area. I believe that just won't make it. So as part of this project, certainly that's consideration as far as what transmission could be utilized.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

But again our decision here is primarily on the issue of leasing. If the decision is made to lease and somebody comes forward, it's part of our coordination effort to make sure that we are in contact with the various entities. But we are going to leave that up to the operator.

And again the question that also came up from previous nights, do the gentlemen that have the applications right now -- do they have power purchase agreement? I don't know. I don't know. So there's a lot of issues there too. So that's a very good question.

Certainly we don't want to approach the bottleneck on the transmission lines, because obviously, if we do have a viable resource here, we want to make sure it gets out and becomes part of the means they'll actually drill or not. So that's speculation on our behalf to try to say why it is they haven't stepped forward.

MR. STRAND: Okay. Thank you guys again for coming. What we're going to do is, we're going to be here for as long as you guys are here. If you have more questions, feel free to look at the boards, ask more questions one on one. And again thank you guys for coming. We appreciate your guys' participation.

(Applause from the audience.) (The proceedings were concluded at 7:02 p.m.) -000-

Page 55

renewable energy portfolio for California. MR. STRAND: Any other questions?

TOM BUDLONG: I could ask one.

MS. CADAVONA: Name?

TOM BUDLONG: Tom Budlong. When Terry

Metcalf, I guess, talked to the steering committee some number of years ago he, was talking about the State section only, and now he's talking about these. Do you know if he's given up on the State section, or is this easier for him to deal with because it's

closer to the road? Do you have any idea why he 11 12 moved?

MR. STRAND: I understand he has a current lease on the State section and he has an approved right-of-way for an access road for the BLM to access that State property. I don't have information on these current leases or these applications.

MR. GUM: He has actually two rights-of-way, one for the road to access the State section, another for a pipeline to carry water to that State section for the drilling purposes. Why Deep Rose has chosen not to drill at this point in time, you need to talk to Deep Rose and find out what they have to say. I know they're interested in trying to

REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

I, DIANE CARVER MANN, a certified shorthand reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing pages comprise a full, true and correct transcription of the proceedings had and the testimony taken at the hearing in the hereinbefore-entitled matter of the BLM Scoping Meeting for the Haiwee Geothermal Project.

Dated this 18th day of November, 2009, at Chino, California.

DIANE CARVER MANN, CSR NO. 6008

15 (Pages 54 to 57)

Page 57

A rdahl 40:16,17,18 12:4 43:3,14 45:8 50:18 51:3	30:7 36:12 adequacy 42:25 adjacent 38:20	an 3:14 4:14,19 9:16 10:18 15:21 17:9 18:6 22:4 23:24	aqueduct 48:16,17 archeologist 39:2,6 archeologists 48:25	assist 4:6 31:22 assistant 3:14
12:4 43:3,14 45:8				
		1 10.0 // 4 / 17.74		associated 21:3 29:22
10.1X 21.3	administration 21:13	25:12 27:14 28:24	are 6:20 7:2 11:17 12:1	33:16,23 34:3 48:14
	21:20	30:9,14 31:20,24	13:2,10 14:10 15:1	48:18
ility 53:7	administrations 21:13	32:10 33:7 38:8,8,8	17:14 18:10 19:4,23	assumption 44:10
le 43:4,18	advisory 39:12	44:17 45:25 48:22	20:5,20 21:6,6,7,7,12	assumptions 44:3
out 4:20,23 5:4 7:6,8	aerial-type 23:24	51:13 53:20 55:14,15	22:22 23:4,9,18 24:1	astute 22:18
7:15 10:16,19,24 15:10,10 16:10,12	after 7:9 16:7 30:11	analysis 52:14	24:7 26:25 30:16,18	at 4:3,18,21 5:7 7:11,16
9:9,11,17 21:16,16	32:16 37:18	analyzing 19:18,19	31:16,18 33:20,21,22	7:24 8:13 9:13 12:3,6
22:17,20,21 23:2,3,3	again 7:11 8:12 10:18	37:18	33:23 34:2 35:3,7	14:3 17:19,25 19:8
		Angeles 48:16		23:6 25:20 26:1,15
	1			29:1 30:12,15,23
				31:5 32:4 34:23 35:1
된 경기가 되었다고 시간을 가장하는데 하는데 없는데 얼마나 없는데 없다.				36:2,14 37:20,20
				38:10,15 42:21 43:1
				43:21 44:2,2,13,16
			54:14 56:8	45:4,11 46:3 50:23
	45:20	7:12 35:10 46:9	area 3:18 4:22 9:23	52:2,8,21,22 53:14
	ago 37:10 51:7 55:7	Answered 35:9	11:17 13:12 14:7	53:18 55:23 56:9,13
	agreement 54:19	answers 6:22	22:1 23:2,23 24:3,4,8	57:6,9
	ahead 52:18	anticipated 3:9	24:8 25:24 26:20,24	atmosphere 16:1
	all 4:9 6:19 7:4 11:13	any 5:11 7:9 16:14 26:3	34:24 35:3,8,14,23	atmospheric 17:25
	20:3 21:24 22:15	31:12,14 38:13 41:5	36:3,4,15,23 37:12	attempt 29:19
	28:9 31:4 32:16,17	42:4 44:1 50:3,9 53:8	38:13,16 41:8 43:1,2	attention 23:25
			43:18,19 45:5,5	audience 6:12 10:3,12
				26:7,12 33:19 56:12
3:13,18,21 24:25				Audubon 45:15
5:2 27:6 35:12,20				August 47:23
6:15,16 44:14,16,21				authority 22:7
				authorized 22:13
				available 43:11,13,23
		COLUMN TO THE CO		43:25 44:24
				Avenue 1:16
				aware 45:24
				away 20:10 36:19
				В
				back 6:12,17 11:3,21
		and of contract of the contrac		16:3,5 19:24 20:14
				22:14 25:13,13 33:14
				36:1 41:4,13,17 42:6
				42:15 45:11 48:6,7
			and the second of the second o	49:5 51:7
				background 6:19
				backlog 21:22 22:2,3
		W. C. W. V. D. D. D. W. C.		47:24 48:1
				bad 15:2
				ball 45:2
	amend 25:10 26:18			Barren 53:12,16
	34:18	appreciate 28:16,17	51:14,16 54:7,8,8	barrier 14:19
	amendment 25:9,13	56:11	56:8,8	based 11:15 25:6
	26:24 27:2,21 28:14	approach 54:22	ascertain 50:11	basically 6:6,24 8:21
	28:15 30:4 38:8,9	appropriate 5:22 50:21	ask 5:2,8,14,17 7:10	9:10 12:17 13:13
	52:4	approve 24:14,18	44:25 50:16 55:3	19:2,17 21:14,21
The state of the s	amendments 25:12	approved 55:15	56:9	24:22 32:20 33:4
	51:9	approving 27:4	asked 31:19 43:22	41:14 48:23 53:24
	American 21:4	approximately 24:3	47:25	be 4:14,16 7:4,8 8:15
	amount 34:12,13	34:11 44:19	asking 3:15	8:18 9:25 11:1,5,6
	23:9,13,21 26:3,4,17 20:7,8 32:8 34:6,7,17 20:7,8 32:8 34:6,7,17 20:14 37:1,12 39:2 20:144:16 45:4 49:2 20:15,13,25 52:2 53:1 20:15,13,25 52:2 53:1 20:15,13,25 52:2 53:1 20:15,13,25 52:2 53:1 20:15,13,25 52:2 53:1 20:14,17 21:18 20:14,17 21:18 20:14,17 21:18 20:14,17 21:18 20:14,17 21:18 20:14,17 21:18 20:14,17 21:18 20:14,17 21:18 20:14,17 21:18 20:14,17 21:18 20:14,17 21:18 20:25:15,16,20 20:29 21:2 20:20 21:2 20	23:9,13,21 26:3,4,17 20:7,8 32:8 34:6,7,17 25:4 37:1,12 39:2 20:1 44:16 45:4 49:2 25:15,3,25 52:2 53:1 26:30:9 55:7,8 25:01t4(y) 31:17 43:9 25:05:55:7,8 25:01t4(y) 31:17 43:9 25:05:51,3,25 52:2 53:1 25:01t4(y) 31:17 43:9 25:05:51,3,25 52:2 53:1 25:01t4(y) 31:17 43:9 25:15 26:2,19 28:16 29:6 42:11,14 43:1 44:23 47:2,18 52:19 54:10,16 56:6,10 29:6 42:11,16 56:6,10 29:6 42:11,16 56:6,10 29:6 42:11,16 56:6,10 29:6 42:11,16 56:6,10 29:6 42:11,16 56:6,10 29:6 42:11,16 56:6,10 29:6 42:11,14 3:1 20:2 2:11 28:7 45:20 20:37:10 51:7 55:7 20:03 7:	14:12 16:21 24:12 25:15 26:2,19 28:16 29:64 2:11,14 43:1 44:23 47:2,18 52:19 54:10,16 56:6,10 agencies 46:6 agency 22:11 28:7 45:20 ago 37:10 51:7 55:7 agreement 54:19 ahead 52:18 all 4:9 6:19 7:4 11:13 20:3 21:24 22:15 28:9 31:4 32:16,17 28:9 31:4 32:16,17 28:9 31:4 32:16,17 28:9 31:4 32:16,17 28:13 14:25 52:2,9 56:2 28:9 31:4 32:16,17 28:13 14:25 52:2,9 56:2 28:9 31:4 32:16,17 33:21 34:3,13 36:18 36:21,24 37:4,4 40:14 41:23 42:14,18 41:19 22:6,6,12,18 20:22 22:12,5,8,14 41:19 22:6,6,12,18 20:22 21:2,5,8,14 41:19 22:6,6,12,18 20:22 21:2,5,8,14 21:19 22:6,6,12,18 20:22 12:2,5,8,14 21:19 22:6,6,12,18 20:22 21:2,5,8,14 21:19 22:6,6,12,18 20:22 21:2,5,8,14 21:19 22:6,6,12,18 21:22 20:23 22:20 42:17,18 31:13 13:13 27:13 28:3,8 31:21:1 38:23 44:19 31:10 another 11:4 12:14,23 15:20 16:20 20:16 22:11 29:9 33:6 38:5 41:19 53:6 55:21 answer 3:22 5:15 7:12 7:12 35:10 46:9 Answered 35:9 answers 6:22 anticipated 3:9 any 5:11 7:9 16:14 26:3 31:12,14 38:13 41:5 28:9 31:4 32:16,17 33:19 43:13 31:19 43:13 anymore 17:22 anyone 5:14,25 anymore 17:22 anyone 5:14,25 anymore 17:22 anyway 8:1 anymore 17:22 anyene 17:22 anyene 22:12 23:10 21:22 22:12 23:10 21:23 22:18 23:10 21:23 22:18 23:10 21:13 38:23 44:19 alternative 47:20 alternative 25:4,5 26:22 7:3,9 37:23 anenable 8:19 amend 25:10 26:18 34:18 animals 21:10 another 11:4 12:14,23 15:20 16:20 20:16 22:11 29:13 15:20 16:20 20:16 22:11 29:3 3:6 38:5 41:19 53:6 55:22 answers 6:22 anticipated 3:9 any 5:11 7:9 16:14 26:3 31:12,14 38:13 41:5 28:9 31:4 32:16,17 33:19 43:13 anymore 17:22 anyone 5:14,25 anymore 17:22 anyene 17:22 anyene 22:12 anyene 22:12 anyene 6:22 anyene 6:22 anticipated 3:9 anyener 6:22 anticipated 3:9 anyener 6:22 anticipated 3:9 anyener 6:22 anticipated 3:9 anyener 6:22 anyener	13-9,13-21 26:34,17 10:74 872:83 23:64,7,17 10:74 972:13 23:2 10:1 44:16 45:4 49:2 10:1 44:16 45:4 49:2 10:1 44:16 45:4 49:2 10:1 44:16 45:4 49:2 10:1 44:16 45:4 49:2 10:1 44:16 45:4 49:2 10:1 44:16 45:4 49:2 10:1 44:16 45:4 49:2 10:1 44:16 45:4 49:2 10:1 44:16 45:4 49:2 10:1 44:16 45:4 49:2 10:1 44:16 45:4 49:2 10:1 44:16 45:4 49:2 10:1 44:16 45:4 49:2 10:1 44:16 45:4 49:2 10:1 47:1 21:13 10:1 48:1 48:2 19:2 10:1 48:2 18:2 19:2 10:1 48:2 18:2 19:2 10:1 48:2 18:2 19:2 10:1 48:2 18:2 19:2 10:1 48:2 18:2 19:2 10:2 18:2 18:2 19:2 10:2 18:2 18:2 19:2 10:3 48:2 18:2 19:2 10:4 42:3 47:2 18:2 19:2 11:3 18:3 18:3 18:3 18:3 18:3 11:3 18:3 18:3 18:3 18:3 18:3 18:3 18:3

12:7 13:7,8,9,11 14:1 14:4,4 15:13 16:9,14 19:13 20:20 21:9,23 23:6 24:18,24 25:5,6 25:22 26:2,4,23,25 27:1,8,9,21,23,24 28:1,8,9,14,19,23 29:2 30:10,10,15 31:1,1,4,9 32:4,21 33:18 34:14,21,25 36:14,18 38:7 39:3 39:12,17 40:5,7,10 40:12 42:6,15,19,22 42:24 43:4,18 44:9 44:14 45:19 46:6 47:9.11.13.15.16 49:16 50:10,20,21 52:14 53:4,5,18 54:8 56:8 because 7:7,19 8:5 12:21 13:11 14:20 16:2,6 17:7,11,15 18:24 22:11 24:16 29:2 30:24 36:8 41:6 45:2 47:6 53:21 54:23 55:10 become 15:6 32:23 36:22,24 becomes 54:25 been 6:9,15 11:20 17:21 20:18 23:21 25:11 31:21 37:12 42:23 before 5:24 34:7,17 43:19 45:10 began 40:22 begin 41:2 begun 45:23 behalf 56:4 being 10:3 11:25 22:22 24:17 28:16,17 29:6 32:24 38:12 47:25 53:13,15 believe 18:20 34:3,10 41:19 51:8 54:6 below 8:6 Benefits 8:20 besides 30:3 38:25 46:4 best 6:22 11:15 45:5 better 10:11,12 26:12 between 17:1 25:1 44:11 53:16 beyond 32:7,9,12 36:14 36:15 big 8:8 18:25 31:9 35:14 39:10 binary 15:14 16:12,16 16:17,17 17:2 31:2 biofacies 49:7,7

Bishop 39:11 53:22,24 bit 4:20,20,23 6:17 11:23 22:4 23:1,1 29:17 35:25 41:13 46:16,16 blessed 18:11 BLM 4:2 6:5 28:10 29:20 31:22,24 39:6 51:5,13,18 53:7 55:15 57:7 blow 10:15 blowing 9:4 board 21:23 boards 56:9 boil 22:25 boiling 17:5,6,7,13,18 17:21 18:21 36:21 boils 16:22 18:1 booklet 20:2 both 7:18 14:12 48:16 bottleneck 54:23 bottom 14:3 boundary 24:10 36:23 41:3,10 42:2,3 49:21 50:21 branch 2:3 3:14 brass 22:25 brief 7:4 briefly 6:24 40:24 bring 3:21 17:24 23:25 42:9 51:10 52:13 bringing 49:5 broader 50:2 brought 15:13,17 22:19 46:7 budget 30:5 Budlong 31:13,14,25 32:20 33:7,10,21 34:5,16 35:2,9,12,21 36:25 37:4 40:22 48:7 50:14 55:3,5,5 buffering 24:11 build 13:4,19 building 12:10 built 13:9 32:4 bulk 28:6 bump 53:6 bumped 25:23 Bureau 1:1 3:11,16 22:8 Burnett 31:10,11 Bush 21:13 but 3:10 4:6 5:11 6:10 6:19,21 7:8,12 8:9,17 8:23 9:4,13 11:5,8,25 12:25 13:20 14:5,13 14:18 15:2,17 16:4,5 17:9 18:5,22 19:6

22:18,23 23:7 29:1 30:23 31:4,7 32:5,12 32:14,17 33:5,20,25 34:3,25 37:17,19,24 39:24 40:11 41:2,23 42:16,23 44:12,25 45:7,19 47:8,18,21 48:23 50:9,12 53:17 54:10,14 by 1:22 3:17 5:11 8:9 8:12 10:4 13:18 21:21,23 23:9 28:19 28:23 31:22 38:19 39:24 41:25 49:8 C 2:1 3:3 57:1.1 CA 1:17 3:1 Cadavona 2:7 4:7 6:1 29:11 55:4 calcium 14:21 California 1:16 3:12,23 6:5 10:19 18:11,14 22:16 25:8,10,19 26:18 37:10,14 40:20 40:20 48:23 49:10 51:5 55:1 57:10 call 5:6 7:23 15:6 39:1 called 15:14 18:12 33:16 36:4 48:12 49:7,14,18 50:8 came 30:1 41:10,12,13 44:7 54:16 Camp 48:14 camps 48:17,17 can 4:25 5:7,17,18,25 7:12 8:9,14 9:25 10:6 10:12,17 12:11 17:16 20:9 21:8 23:1,5 24:9 26:11 27:13,14,15,24 27:25 28:1,2,23 29:10 31:1,15 32:12 39:2 43:5,12,22 44:1 44:24 47:7 52:18,24 can't 6:12 22:10,10 cap 14:19 15:6,7 17:17 car 15:19 carbon 8:23 carbonate 14:21 card 5:2,24 6:8 cards 5:6,13 29:7 48:3 carried 42:6 carry 53:24 55:21 cartoon 13:23 14:12 cartoons 7:8 CARVER 1:22 57:3,15 case 9:19 15:4,25 47:19

cases 10:1 14:18

casing 34:24

center 24:9 53:23 Central 49:10 Centro 6:16 certain 44:4 48:17,24 certainly 4:7 11:4 42:15 46:6 51:1 53:17 54:7,22 certified 57:3 certify 57:4 cetera 16:21 52:23 chamber 3:9 chance 5:12 changed 10:23 38:1 changes 28:8 changing 43:6 chemicals 14:20 chief 2:3 3:14 child 17:15 China 24:9 49:4 Chino 57:10 chosen 55:23 Chris 29:12,13 30:1 city 10:19 clarification 46:17 clarifications 28:8 clarify 50:24 class 10:4 49:19,20 clean 8:21 clear 28:23 clearly 5:19 6:19 12:12 12:22 31:7 42:25 clog 15:3 close 14:13 38:18 45:10 closer 55:11 coal 8:24 18:7 Code 19:23 cognizant 45:20 collect 5:6 29:8 collecting 27:12 combination 7:18 27:4 27:6 come 3:15 6:20 8:22 12:24 13:3 14:17,23 15:8 20:14,25 30:16 30:25 34:22 45:11 47:3 48:6 53:5 comes 8:23 12:9 16:18 17:3 19:16 23:19 24:23 30:12 46:22 52:21 54:12 coming 7:22 13:19 14:7 14:10 20:20 25:5,6 25:23 30:17 50:19 53:23 56:7,11 comment 5:9,21,21 26:16 31:12 comments 5:14 27:7,13 27:15 28:2,6,8,22 29:1,5 31:15 38:23

40:23 43:20 48:4 commercial 12:8 19:8 20:13 30:20 Commission 23:13 36:11 commitment 51:22 commitments 51:6 committee 55:6 common 18:11 commonly 16:25 28:13 communications 39:18 communities 39:19 company 12:1 15:11 compared 8:24 compensation 52:8 competing 26:8 competitive 35:18 36:8 36:19,22,24 41:18 46:21 47:12 complementing 52:3 complete 41:23 completed 20:18 27:21 27:22 28:19 completion 54:4 comprise 57:5 computer 20:1 conceivably 47:5 conceptual 13:20 concerned 27:17 concerns 30:22 40:24 47:7 concluded 56:13 concludes 52:15 conduct 28:3 conducting 4:24 27:11 confused 31:16 consequences 30:18 conservation 22:17 25:9 51:5,12 52:5,11 consider 3:17 19:12 24:25 25:2 37:17 44:8 consideration 25:15 53:22 54:8 construction 50:4 53:15 consultation 39:7,16 40:7 contact 54:14 contacted 38:24 39:3 continue 29:8 32:18,19 continues 15:8 contractor 4:4 controversy 45:18 convecting 8:1 convert 18:24 convey 20:9 conveyed 16:20

conveying 14:6 20:16

20:2,8,17 21:16 22:4

conveys 7:20 20:7 cutoff 29:2 described 44:23 9:17,17,19 10:14 electrical 50:4 desert 3:24 22:16 25:8 cook 17:10 cutting 24:7 11:17 17:6,22 18:24 electricity 8:14,19 cooker 17:9,12,15 cyclic 9:2,8 25:10 26:18 49:9 18:25 20:3 26:10 13:14 15:24 16:24 cookers 17:14,22 51:5,8 31:11,14 33:18,19 18:3,5,7 19:3 D cooking 17:16 designated 38:12 40:6 44:5,6 45:7 eligibility 49:23 cooks 17:11 D 3:3 detail 7:5,10 13:20 46:23 54:19,19,22 eliminate 47:23 cool 32:25 Dalton 2:4 3:22 35:15 24:21 55:16 56:2 Ellis 29:12,13 45:23 51:1 52:17 cooled 16:2 detailed 41:1 50:6 door 10:4 else 30:17 31:3 45:10 cooling 31:1 Dam 38:19 determination 42:25 down 5:20 6:16,17 7:16 50:15 Dan 31:10,11 determine 12:4 20:13 encompasses 47:17 cools 14:7 8:5,7,7,9 9:12 13:18 dance 26:9 14:11 15:12 16:2 encourage 28:22 29:4 cooperating 46:6 cooperation 52:22 danger 21:7 developable 44:12 18:15,21,22 22:24,25 encouraged 21:17 dangerous 17:14 24:21 29:17 32:18,25 coordination 22:21 developed 11:14 27:9 encouraging 21:15 54:13 dark 31:4 30:8 42:14 53:5 34:7,10,11,15,19 encumbered 23:9 coordinator 2:4,7 3:25 darker 15:5 24:8 end 4:3 5:13 38:16 developing 4:6 27:18 41:12 44:11 49:6 data 43:25 44:1 45:6 Endangered 21:5 31:22 52:25 53:8 3:25 copies 19:24 27:25 date 1:19 28:19 draft 25:7 27:19,20 42:16 development 3:19 copy 28:1 43:4,10,11 Dated 57:9 11:10,15 13:21 28:25 28:3,9 endeavor 34:14 energy 4:17,19 7:14,15 43:22,23 day 57:9 35:20 37:15 41:7 drill 8:3 12:2,3,3,13 core 46:8 days 37:19 43:17,19 47:14,17 7:20 8:2,21 9:1,1,5,7 15:12 18:15 20:7 correct 41:9,24 57:5 deadline 47:22 9:9,9,11,16,22,22 52:22 30:13 34:23 35:1 correspondence 39:18 deal 19:22 55:10 DIANE 1:22 57:3,15 44:11 55:23 56:3 11:8,10 16:2 18:6,8 Coso 3:18 9:21 24:1,2 Death 39:8 Dick 46:14,15,15 52:20 drilled 13:1 21:11,15,18,19 25:16 decide 11:11 24:17 drilling 8:4,5,7,9 12:14 25:20,23 32:24 33:2 36:4 41:3,6,8,15 42:5 52:20 25:24 30:4 34:18 53:19,25 55:1 44:2,10 did 36:6,10,10 43:23 13:18,21 29:23 30:14 decided 35:19 48:3 50:16 53:5 engineer 4:5 43:24 cost 34:13 44:1 55:22 deciding 19:18 didn't 48:8 Engineers 2:6 4:5,9 costly 34:14,25 driving 11:22 21:25 decision 11:12 12:12 could 4:25 5:20 14:4,4 difference 17:1 dropped 10:25 41:25 31:19,20 16:14 19:19 21:9 12:17,18,18 20:6 different 12:11 15:16 drops 17:19 enough 11:3 12:8,9 27:9 29:7 30:10 31:3 21:9 25:17 26:19 16:13 18:8 21:12 dry 18:10,13,20,23 14:13 28:11,11,13 29:15,17 dioxide 8:23 32:21,22 34:13 35:10 31:1 ensuring 22:22 29:18 30:3,11 31:5 discover 12:6 drying 8:15 33:5 entered 38:15 35:22 36:4 38:9 41:3 42:8 45:6 47:5,13,18 34:20 42:6,21 43:5 discussed 11:5 dual 44:9 entities 54:14 47:19 48:9 54:8 55:3 47:8.9 50:19 52:5 discussing 4:16 due 43:20 entity 44:11 couldn't 36:7 54:10.11 discussions 47:2 during 28:3 37:19 43:3 environmental 2:4 3:24 decisions 24:18 29:20 disposal 38:12,15 12:15,15,20 19:15 country 9:18 53:21 42:5.9 51:11 county 9:20 39:14,20 District 3:24 20:22 27:20 31:20,21 E dedicated 51:13 disturbance 52:11 31:23 47:7 45:21,22,25 couple 12:11 17:8 deep 33:16,17,20,25 disturbed 52:9 E 2:1,1 3:3,3 57:1,1,1,1 equipment 8:8 34:3,5,6,19 37:1,11 essence 23:7 21:11 25:22 26:15 Division 31:21 each 44:15,17 do 6:22,23,25,25 7:1,1 51:4 53:15 44:5 55:22,24 earlier 15:10 20:10 established 52:4 course 14:16 22:5,15 deeper 7:18 10:7 12:6 13:3 15:11 47:22 Estabrook 43:24 53:22 Defenders 40:18,19 19:2,24 20:10 24:16 early 6:18 27:21 29:14 et 16:21 52:23 court 5:18 29:10 defer 35:5 26:7 29:21 34:5,23 46:2 Europe 37:13 covers 23:3 degrees 10:23,24,25 35:17,21 43:1 44:1 earth 7:16 8:9 even 6:18 7:17 9:19 co-owned 33:24 17:4,20 18:17,17 47:20,22 54:17,18,24 earthquake 37:10 11:19 30:21 36:23 cracks 15:4 delineate 49:1 55:9,11 56:2,7 57:4 easier 23:6 55:10 evening 3:7 6:3 26:3 craters 49:8 demonstration 12:25 document 20:21,23,24 east 41:10 42:3 49:8 29:13 40:17 creates 18:2 deny 24:19 47:7,19 23:17 25:7,10 30:6 echo 3:9 eventually 15:3 critical 24:16 Department 22:7,12 41:1 42:16,24 43:1,8 Edison 54:5 ever 41:22 46:1 43:9 45:3 Edison's 53:25 everyone 5:12 crops 49:4 depending 16:14 47:13 does 5:23 9:12 29:17 effect 54:2 everything 5:20 26:14 crystal 45:2 CSR 1:22,23 57:15 depends 11:7 46:9 51:18 54:3 effort 42:10 54:13 41:14 52:15 cultural 12:23 21:3 deposits 15:1 49:15 doesn't 11:18 16:2 20:8 EIS 4:6 27:18 28:5,6,10 exact 44:6 35:3,7 48:9,12 49:17 Dept 1:14 doing 27:10 37:6 28:10,23,25 38:8 exactly 11:17 38:18 depth 7:16 12:4,7 16:4 domino 54:2 49:21 current 21:20 27:1 39:2 36:1 53:12,17 55:14 18:21 34:12,23 35:1 Don 39:1.5 either 26:19 example 10:18 12:25 55:17 44:5 done 5:5 36:19 ejected 16:24 17:8 32:8 currently 23:9 25:20 describe 48:9 don't 3:10 6:19,21,21 E16:16 excellent 53:20

excess 11:9 exchange 15:18 exchanger 16:19 exist 11:19 existing 54:5 expect 13:24 expectation 32:4 expecting 32:23 expert 2:5 6:9 experts 7:6 expired 41:6 explain 31:15 exploration 3:18 13:21 15:11 20:11,11,13 explore 20:8 29:19 34:22 extending 28:21 extension 31:24 extent 48:24 49:22 extracting 10:22 11:8 33:4 e-mail 27:14,15

F 57:1 fact 9:18 factor 31:1 factored 52:14 factors 20:25 32:22 facts 22:25 Fahrenheit 17:4 fairly 19:5 familiar 24:1 far 4:19 6:9 7:16 11:5 11:24 13:24,25 18:22 27:17 34:15,24 37:11 37:24 41:14 54:8 Farenheit 10:24 17:20 18:18 fast 38:1 faster 17:11 32:24 February 33:14 Federal 6:8 19:11,13 19:14,20,23 21:17,18 22:19 23:8,19 38:5 40:8 51:25 52:6 federally 39:13,19 feel 3:7 11:21 56:9 feet 7:17,17 8:6,6 18:22 34:11 44:12 fell 41:25 felt 36:11,14 few 3:9 8:21 10:23,25 19:7 40:22 45:11 48:3,11 field 3:15 44:4 fieldwork 50:10 field-intensive 49:18 filed 33:14 36:1

fill 5:2 27:13 Final 28:5,6,10,10,14 finally 13:15,22 18:10 25:17 financing 32:5 find 6:22,25 7:1 9:17 9:18,20 15:1 16:13 16:15 18:13,16,19 21:8 30:19 31:2 55:24 fine 45:6 fire 31:8 first 3:22 12:2 14:23 16:15 22:9 29:11 30:1 38:2 48:5,16 51:7 fish 8:16 51:19 five 39:7,16 52:8 54:4 flash 16:2 17:1,1,3,23 19:1,1 31:2 44:9 flashes 18:1 fluid 12:8 15:20,22 16:18,19,21 fluids 16:17 flying 38:1 folks 3:9,15 follow 37:16 40:25 followed 45:17 following 39:17 foot 30:14 footprint 50:7 for 3:18,18,25 4:22 5:20 6:10,15,22 7:13 8:3,13,15,17 9:12,25 10:2,17,20 11:6 12:2 12:25,25 14:14 15:17 17:3 19:19 20:8,14 21:18 23:15,24 24:1 24:12,25 25:20 26:2 27:6,18,23 28:19 29:3,6,19,22 30:5,7,8 30:14 32:5,8,15,16 33:13 35:15,18,20 36:2,5,7 38:6,12,15 39:6,8 41:1,6 42:16 43:1,2,6,17,19,22 44:15,16 45:20 46:18 46:25 47:10 48:12,23 48:25 49:2,11,21 50:9 52:9,11,16 55:1 55:10,15,15,20,21,22 56:7,8,11 57:8 force 11:22 21:25 foregoing 57:4 foreseeable 11:15

formal 39:7,16,21 former 41:8 Fort 39:10 forth 53:25 forward 34:22 42:7,9 46:23,23 54:12 56:5 found 9:25 13:2 18:22 25:25 29:24 four 39:9,25 47:10 54:4 fracture 14:11 fractures 14:8,9,22 fracturing 37:15,20 38:10 Francisco 10:20 18:12 frankly 6:21 free 5:15 56:9 from 3:23 6:9 10:23 11:2 14:10 16:18 25:6,7,24 28:7 30:16 30:17,18 31:16 33:2 33:17,20 36:11 37:11 40:7,18 42:5,9,20 44:13 45:2 48:15,22 49:23 51:22 52:2 53:25 54:17 56:12 fuel 8:25 full 14:8 20:2 38:6 51:19 57:5 fumarole 7:23 14:18 further 24:21 29:17 30:19 35:25 37:16 46:16 future 29:23

G G 3:3 Game 51:19 gas 8:24 21:16 36:21 gases 8:22 gave 21:20 gee 17:5 general 4:18 40:13,22 50:11 generator 15:23 16:23 18:2,9 19:3 gentleman 4:3 gentlemen 36:6 54:17 geologist 3:13 Geologists 18:20 geology 16:9 26:3 44:2 geothermal 1:3 2:5 3:18 4:2,16,17,22 6:4 6:7,9,24 7:14,15 8:20 9:9,15,22 13:25 19:23 21:22 22:5,8 23:2,10,20 24:14,15 26:20 29:19,24 35:20 36:3 37:15 41:17 42:5,10 50:4,22 57:8

5:24 7:12 8:3 11:23 13:8,12,19,25 14:23 15:16 18:25 22:3,24 22:24 25:4 27:25 29:2,4 30:9 32:1,14 35:18,22 36:10,10 43:4 50:6 53:19 56:1 gets 14:16,16 54:25 getting 30:6 geyser 7:24 14:18 Geysers 10:18 18:13,19 19:4,9 32:8 give 4:13 5:9,25 20:4 26:5 given 43:25 55:9 gives 22:6 50:14 giving 5:3 go 4:15 7:5 9:17,17,19 10:17 12:11 13:10 18:15 20:9 22:14 25:25 27:23 28:10 32:6,12 34:6,14 35:24 37:19 42:10,13 46:23 48:5 52:18 goal 25:20,25 goes 15:18,19 16:1 42:2 51:7 going 4:14,14,15,16,19 5:2,4,10 6:23 7:4,5,7 11:13 12:16 13:3,9 13:10,13 20:10,11 23:18 24:14 25:13 26:1 28:20 29:16,20 30:9,16 31:5,8 34:7 34:18 35:5,16 37:23 38:7 39:12 41:4 42:6 44:14 46:4,5 49:3 52:14 53:3,6,25 54:14 56:7,7 gone 10:20 26:14 32:9 good 3:7 6:3 19:5,6 29:13,25 31:17 36:14 40:17 50:14 51:3 54:20 got 6:2 12:10 14:3,9,10 16:16,17 17:21 21:14 23:8,23 25:8 29:2 43:11 48:13 government 21:17 40:8 40:12,12 46:5 government-to-gove... 40:7

Governor 25:21

great 9:2,3 37:6

greater 21:21 52:11

ground 8:8 48:22 51:11

51:14,16 52:1,4,12

grabbed 5:1

get 4:15,22 5:12,13,20

groundwater 29:21,22 group 33:16,24 34:4 46:7 groups 46:8 guess 44:25 45:6 55:6 Gum 2:3 3:7,11 35:6,7 35:11 38:14,19 39:1 50:13 55:19 guys 3:8 4:25 5:2,11,23 27:7 28:17,22 29:3,4 29:6,7,9 56:6,8,10,11 gym 10:4

H habitat 51:15,22 52:1,8 52:10 had 28:19 29:13 30:2 31:18 37:10 45:6,9 57:6 Hagerty 2:5 4:1 6:3,4 6:14 10:5,9,14 29:25 32:3,22 33:9,12,23 34:9,20 35:5,24 37:3 37:6 41:9 42:13 43:8 43:21 47:1 53:20 Haiwee 1:3 23:2 38:16 38:19 42:8 57:8 half 51:23 hand 29:7,9 41:14 45:9 hands 31:8 hand-size 49:6 happen 11:13 12:2 19:19 28:21 53:4 happening 53:9 happy 7:11 16:9 26:4 hard 23:7 has 5:12,14 10:20,23 10:24 19:1 20:18 25:21 26:13 33:25 54:5 55:13,14,19,23 have 3:16,22 4:25 5:19 6:8,19 7:9 9:17,17,19 11:16,20,20 13:17,18 13:21 14:22,25,25 16:8,11 17:21,24 18:11,24,25 19:20,24 19:25 20:1,3,12 21:5 21:11,14 22:1 23:10 23:10,13,15,16,21 24:6,15 26:3,7 27:3,5 28:22 31:8,12,14,15 32:9,15 34:9 35:10 36:19,20,22 37:5,23 38:1,22,24 39:21 40:1,15,21,22 41:23 42:13,18,24 44:11,18 44:22 45:24 46:24

47:2,4,22 48:3 49:14

52:15,24 53:1,3,18

43:19 47:14

Forest 22:10

forever 32:21

form 27:14

19:20 22:23 23:7 initial 25:13 34:6,17 54:17,18,24 55:11,16 15:7,12,13,13 16:18 26:8 know 5:10 6:19,21,21 18:16,17 33:3 35:13 25:20,22 30:17,20,23 55:25 56:8 haven't 18:22 37:24 hotter 14:16 inject 16:3,5 32:10,16,16,24 33:2 7:12 11:17 26:15 29:14 31:8 37:25 56:5 house 14:24 32:14 injecting 11:3 37:25 38:7,8,8 42:23 how 6:25 7:16 11:7,7 injection 13:7 44:19 having 3:9 7:18 43:9,11,12,16 44:25 38:2 40:6,10 41:4 Hay 30:8 45:17 inside 36:8 43:10 44:5,6 46:22 13:6 14:13 16:8 45:5 48:8,23 50:8,12 he 3:22 4:5 26:17 33:18 29:17,20 30:10 34:5 instead 25:2 35:13 54:2,12 55:10 48:8 49:17 50:1,2,6 39:2 55:7,11,13,14 43:5 44:5,13 46:23 36:12,12 I'd 3:20 4:11 26:4 39:1 50:11 52:24 53:1,4 55:19 47:14 intensive 50:7 40:24 53:11,17 54:4,19,19 hear 6:12 10:6,13 However 28:24 33:18 Intent 28:19 I'll 4:22 5:5,6,14 6:21 55:9,25 56:2 known 36:3 49:22 26:11 27:7 29:10 interested 36:9,13 6:22 7:8 11:23 13:19 heard 16:12 35:2 45:16 55:25 15:16 22:3 26:2,5 idea 4:14 50:14 55:11 29:8,9 53:10,11 hearing 57:6 Interior 22:7,12 label 40:23 identification 13:17 into 3:8,16 7:5 8:8,9 I'm 3:7,11,13,13 5:2,10 heat 7:15 10:1 11:5,6 identify 41:3 11:23 12:24 13:9,20 6:4,8,9,23 7:5,7,10 labor 48:17 12:9 14:4,6 15:8,8,18 lady 4:7 15:21,22 16:19,20,20 if 4:25 5:13,14,17,18 14:7,11,23 15:12,16 23:25 25:3 26:1 Lake 24:4,9 39:14 49:4 6:20 7:9 9:25 11:2,11 15:22,24 16:4,22 31:16,19,19 35:5 18:13 11:12,18,25 12:6,12 land 1:1 3:12,17 11:13 held 41:18,19 17:24 18:1,15 19:16 39:5,12 40:17,18 12:18 14:24,25 16:8 11:13 22:8,19 23:11 Hello 29:11 20:20,25 22:3 23:19 43:9,11 45:14,14,15 helping 25:18 17:19 19:19 20:1,3,6 25:5 30:6,9,25 37:19 45:21 46:18 23:11,14,15 24:15 helps 4:9 20:10,12 21:8 23:1 49:9 52:14 53:6,24 I've 6:2,9,15 35:2 43:10 36:23 38:7,11,21 24:16 25:17,24,24 42:8 51:25 52:7 here 3:10,12,21 4:15,21 53:25 26:3 27:25 28:13 lands 2:3 3:14 6:8 5:8 6:1,13 7:9 8:13 introduce 3:20 Jeff 40:16,17,17 42:4 19:12 21:18 22:22 29:7,23 30:17,19,19 introduction 43:15 8:18 10:15 14:1,2,3,8 14:12,15 17:2,23 31:25 32:23 33:1 involve 45:22 43:3,14 45:8 50:16 23:4,8,12,16,19 26:24 36:5,8,11,21 50:18 51:3 52:17 21:4,12,25 22:2,15 34:20,21,22 35:1,16 involved 7:2 21:12 32:23 47:13 JOB 1:25 22:18,25 23:1,5,24 36:22 37:17,20 38:4 38:14 53:7,8 Involvement 2:7 lapse 42:23 24:1,3,5,8,11,13,25 38:9 39:25 40:10,12 John 2:4 3:22 35:25 42:7,20 43:10,13 Inyo 45:20,22 judge 49:21 large 17:25 49:13,25 25:5,15,18 26:2,11 45:6,21 46:21 50:3 iron 14:21 Junction 24:2,2 larger 36:15 52:4 26:16 27:6,7,13,18 52:7 53:2,4 54:3,11 Isabella 39:14 jurisdiction 23:16,17 last 4:6 5:4 16:11 17:8 27:19 28:17 29:6 54:24 55:9 56:2,8 isn't 14:13 17:5,6 44:1 just 4:13,17 5:2,6,7,8 25:22 31:18,19 39:6 30:3 31:18 33:18 36:6,16 41:8,14 44:4 imagine 42:22 isobutane 15:21 6:24 7:7 9:7 12:16 45:25 53:21 isobutanes 16:21 47:15 48:5,9 50:20 immediately 17:19,21 13:1,23 14:24 18:5,8 lastly 22:5 38:20 issue 11:4,25 17:2 later 11:23 23:6 24:16 51:4 53:12,16 54:10 18:19,23 20:19 24:4 impact 21:9 27:20 45:11 54:24 56:8,8 19:12 21:25 22:2,4,8 25:3 26:15 28:6,16 hereby 57:4 31:23 44:20 45:4 22:10,11,13 24:16,22 29:4,7,13 30:4 32:14 laundry 20:19 laws 7:1 20:20 hereinbefore-entitled impacted 44:14 47:15 25:18 28:12 30:9 35:10,13,24 37:25 47:16 lead 4:2 6:4 57:7 31:9 32:10 33:1 38:4,8,15,22 40:24 impacts 45:3 lease 11:11,12 12:12,17 here's 9:16 20:19 34:21 36:19 37:18 41:2,10 42:9 44:12 he's 3:24,25 4:1,16,19 Imperial 6:16 8:16 47:19 50:20 54:11 44:25 45:5,11,23 12:17,19,19 19:13,13 33:16 39:2 55:8,9 important 12:21 16:5 issued 12:1 20:7 41:6 46:16 47:20,21 50:18 19:18,18,19 20:6,6,7 22:4,15,23 25:11 50:24 51:4,10,23 21:9,22 22:1 23:2,10 Hi 45:14 41:17,20,21,24 incentive 21:21 higher 6:11 issues 12:22,24 16:9 52:13,13 54:6 24:17 25:17,24 26:19 Highway 24:2,5 include 29:21 35:19 21:3,4,4 22:15 24:13 26:20 29:16,18 30:4 K high-temperature 14:6 46:19 24:20,22 25:6 30:6 30:4,11 31:6,6 34:1 him 4:1 5:25 6:2 55:10 includes 46:20 Karen 2:7 4:7 34:21 35:13,18 36:10 30:22,24 31:3 32:13 hired 31:22 incorporated 34:2 38:2 33:6 40:23 42:17,18 keep 5:11 32:13 36:11 41:18 47:24 his 34:1 42:22 Kern 39:14,19 45:15 54:12 55:14 46:22 54:20 Historic 21:2 42:17 increased 37:13 Italy 19:9 kettle 15:7 leased 23:12 24:24 historical 49:1 increases 17:12,13 items 26:16 key 24:13 36:18 37:1 history 4:21 48:13 indeed 35:17 its 25:19 50:6 KGRA 36:3,4,4,5,8,14 leases 11:25 22:8,10,11 36:20 41:3,6,8,9,15 hole 48:21 Independence 39:10 itself 4:20 23:14 28:9 22:13 24:14 29:21 homesteading 48:18 Indian 39:19 40:8 42:2 34:1,21 41:5,16,20 41:10 44:16 individual 46:1 kind 7:7 13:20 17:10 hopefully 8:10 25:19 it's 7:3,18,19 8:16,21 41:21,24,25 46:17,21 hoping 9:18 33:17 individuals 33:16 8:25 9:1,7,7,22 10:23 18:4 20:19 23:24 46:24 50:20 55:17 infinite 32:21 33:17 35:24 40:11 hot 7:16,16,18,22,25 13:16 14:2,5,5,7,8,13 56:1 43:5,5 information 4:8 11:16 leasing 3:18 6:6 7:2 8:10,14,18 11:1 15:7,21 16:2,5,18 49:22 55:17 kinds 52:24 19:11,12 24:15,23,24 13:18 14:3,11,17 17:7,16 18:5,7,19,23

25:1,15,18 26:4 34:7 56:8 move 46:23 never 15:25 16:1 51:17 10:15 12:25 13:25 33:13.43:7 49:21,24 longer 36:20 22:14 23:5,25 26:11 moved 41:12 55:12 new 42:16 50:22,23,25 54:11 26:15 28:18 29:7 moving 13:1 News 37:9 long-term 51:12 next 4:1 10:4 39:14,23 least 4:7 7:11 8:13 12:3 look 23:6 37:20 38:10 31:19 39:24 41:4 Mr 3:7 4:13 6:2,3,14 32:4 36:14 43:2 44:2,2,13,16 53:18 50:14 10:5,7,9,14 26:6,10 39:24 46:8 53:15 leave 54:15 56:9 mean 9:16 15:1 34:12 26:13 29:25 31:10,13 54:4 Lee 45:13,14,14 46:11 looking 4:18,21 11:8 means 5:11 16:17 56:3 31:17 32:3,22 33:9 night 22:19 31:18,19 less 25:3 46:10 52:21,22 53:14 mechanical 32:13 45:25 53:21 33:12,15,23,24,25 lessee 34:22 Los 48:16 meeting 1:2 3:16 7:9 34:9,20 35:5,7,11,15 nights 17:9 54:17 let 6:14 10:9,15 12:25 lot 5:8 7:5 12:22 21:16 16:8 25:6 30:1 38:2 35:24 37:3,6,7 38:14 no 1:23,25 8:22 11:16 13:25 22:14 23:5,25 24:20 25:11 30:21,22 40:11 53:22 57:8 38:19 39:1,5,23 40:6 23:15,16 26:22,23,23 26:15 28:18 41:4 meetings 27:12 28:4 35:3,7 50:12 53:25 40:16 41:9 42:13 27:1 32:17 36:20 43:12 53:11 54:20 38:3 39:22,25 40:5 43:8,21 45:13,23 41:21,24 53:17 57:15 letter 37:16 lots 27:16 43:22 46:13 47:1 48:2,11 nominate 36:23 letters 39:7,12,18 45:25 Luckily 18:11 50:13,15,16 51:1 non-competitive 36:20 megawatts 9:14 19:5 46:17,24 47:3 56:1 46:5 L.A 53:8 MEMBER 6:12 10:3 52:17,18 53:10,20 let's 3:10 7:14 22:24,24 10:12 26:7,12 55:2,13,19 56:6 non-development 41:7 22:25 30:13 36:25 M members 46:5 MS 6:1 29:11 39:4 55:4 non-plan 41:7 made 11:12 12:12,13 41:4 48:5 mention 28:18 much 15:18 17:16 24:6 normal 8:1 level 15:5 30:23 12:18,18 20:6 21:9 mentioned 16:16 20:10 24:10 30:10 33:1 normally 7:23 11:8 life 9:11 32:2.11 52:9 25:17 30:11 34:20 20:21 23:20 27:4 36:9.9.21 47:14 14:17 15:5 17:3 32:3 lighter 14:16 44:10 54:11 43:15 47:21 49:15 52:4,16 32:6,15 42:24 like 3:7,20 4:11 5:10,12 magma 14:4 mud 7:24 north 10:19 18:12 19:9 Merk 37:7,8,8 38:17,22 mail 27:14 7:8,10,23 9:13 14:21 39:4,21 40:4,14 multiple 31:3 38:19 main 49:11 northern 10:19 37:14 14:24 15:7,19 17:16 metals 34:24 must 21:22 maintain 16:6 Metcalf 33:15,15,21,24 38:16 19:8 27:3 32:2,14 my 3:11 6:3,5,8,22 34:25 36:21 38:23 maintenance 9:12 northwest 19:10 33:25 55:6 17:10 24:8 29:16 39:1 40:1,24 45:10 major 19:13,14 48:25 microphone 10:8,10 34:11 37:8 38:23 north-south 24:6 50:4 make 10:5 12:16 13:14 26:8 29:9 40:20,25 41:14 43:11 not 4:7 5:8,10 7:5,12 likely 8:18 9:22 13:3 28:11 29:18,20 30:22 midden 49:14 46:11 8:4 9:6 11:3 12:17 40:2 44:4 33:3 43:12,22 44:3 might 7:12 13:24 23:6 myself 18:4 43:23 14:5 15:2 16:4 18:10 limit 5:11 44:24 45:11 48:3 40:23 M-a-x-x 34:2 19:13,18 20:17 22:18 limitation 52:10 50:19 51:4 54:7,13 Mike 2:6 4:3,4,12 26:2 m-i-d-d-e-n 49:14 22:23 24:14,15 26:19 limited 52:12 54:25 26:5 31:15 28:20 29:15 30:4,9 N line 53:23 makers 28:11 mile 8:7 18:16 31:6 33:4,5 34:18 lines 13:11 24:7 44:23 makes 18:23 miles 10:19 19:9 N 2:1 3:3 37:11,18 38:8,16 53:13 54:5,23 making 32:1 42:24 mind 52:21 name 3:11 5:19 6:4 39:24 40:13 43:10 Linn 2:3 3:11 35:5 48:21 Minerals 2:3 3:14 33:24 34:1 37:8 47:6 48:8,23 50:20 52:19 55:4 38:13 managed 26:25 minutes 5:5 55:23 56:3 liquid 14:4,5 management 1:1 3:12 mix 25:1 names 41:22 Notice 28:18 38:5 list 20:19 22:23 3:17 22:8,20 32:12 mixture 47:12 National 19:15 20:22 notices 27:24 literature 49:19 40:2 51:15,17 52:1 model 30:8 44:13,13 21:2 42:17 November 28:21,23 manager 2:6 3:15 Native 21:3 29:1 57:9 Iithic 49:15 modify 24:19 little 4:20,20,23 6:11 31:20 Mojave 48:15 51:9.11 natural 8:24 now 4:24 5:24 6:18 9:6 6:14 [1:23 13:23 MANN 1:22 57:3,15 51:14,16 52:1,4 Naval 24:9 49:4 11:2,16,17 12:16 13:2,16 17:4,21 23:7 22:4,25 23:1,6,8 24:3 many 13:6 42:18 44:14 mom 17:10 nearby 9:21,23 26:12 29:17 35:25 map 23:23,24 24:4 money 13:14 necessarily 15:2 16:4 27:1,11 36:17,18,22 37:9 41:13,13 46:16 mapped 51:21 more 3:9 4:23 6:18 necessary 20:17 36:24 37:5 38:2 41:5 46:16 maps 23:23 7:10 8:18 11:23 need 5:15,23 11:4,24 41:11 44:20 45:23 13:6,8,12 19:2 22:17 living 49:3 material 15:5 13:20 16:9 20:1 22:4 46:19 50:9 52:3 53:5 loan 32:15,16 matter 57:7 22:14 25:3 26:4 24:12 26:14 27:25 53:14 54:18 55:8 local 46:5 Maxx 34:2 30:21 32:10 38:23 30:7,13 42:19 43:1 no-action 47:20 locally 9:16 may 16:11 27:8 28:8 45:6 46:9 48:3 50:18 44:17 55:24 NPL 37:9 LOCATION 1:14 30:10 32:25 35:17 56:9,10 NEPA 4:23 19:15,20 nub 41:13 locations 23:25 45:19 Moreno 3:23 20:12,16,17 21:1 nuclear 18:8 Lone 30:2 37:10 39:9 maybe 7:17,17,17 8:6,7 most 8:18 10:1 13:3 22:12 27:10,11 42:25 number 4:15 40:21 48:15 18:22 25:1,1,2,3,3 14:9,18,20 18:13 45:3 49:13 51:21 55:7 Nevada 48:23 49:9 long 5:15 9:25 10:2,2 38:4 43:16 40:2 44:4 49:10 51:8 0 11:7,7,7,9,9 32:6 me 3:21 6:14 7:10 10:9 mostly 23:14 49:4 53:23,25

O 3:3 57:1 24:15 26:16 28:24 Owens 39:9 planning 2:4 3:24 presume 40:10 observations 45:11 40:5 51:1 own 34:11 50:6 30:16 46:1 50:9 pretty 19:6 24:6,10 50:19 operation 8:4 44:2 53:14 38:1 P plans 25:16 obsidian 48:21 49:4,7 operations 12:19 32:9 previous 42:9 43:21 P 2:1,1 3:3 57:1 49:11 operator 54:15 plant 9:10 12:10 13:4,5 54:17 obviously 30:21 54:24 opinion 34:12 Pacific 48:13,14 13:7,9,16,19 15:14 pre-pending 23:21 occur 45:4 49:4 52:7 opportunity 52:16 pages 57:4 15:15 16:12,16 17:1 primarily 45:16 54:10 17:1,2,3,23 18:7,8,10 occurred 41:22 42:19 or 5:14 7:23,24,24,25 paid 32:16 primary 17:2 48:20 51:9 Painte 39:10,10,11 8:24,25 9:14 11:13 20:15,15 31:2,2 32:1 52:5 occurs 11:11 12:17 14:19 15:21 paper 20:3,4 32:2,6,13 44:15,16 printed 29:3 October 1:19 3:1 27:19 16:9 18:16 19:13,18 Parks 1:14 44:17,21 50:5 private 23:14,15 39:7 22:10,25 23:11 24:14 part 16:11 19:14,24 plants 4:17 15:17 16:13 28:20 probably 14:5 29:16 off 14:7 17:17,20 20:23 24:15 25:1 26:19 21:24,25 22:2 28:16 19:4 32:15 44:8,9 32:6 39:14 40:3 24:2,4 32:16,17 42:3 28:8 29:15,18,19 35:1,13 37:18,19,20 49:25 49:18 50:10 play 12:24 19:16 20:20 37:23 38:10 41:7,21 offer 24:23 47:5,6,11 30:4,10,10,17 31:6 problems 53:1 33:15 34:18 36:3 47:1 54:7,12,25 20:25 23:19 25:5 office 3:23 4:3 6:5,16 proceed 3:10 54:3 40:19,25 43:10,11,25 40:23,23 41:7 42:6 participate 27:16 30:25 proceedings 1:7 56:13 45:5,5 46:9 47:6,6,19 plugged 14:24 51:19 participated 45:17 57:6 often 14:23 participation 51:19 process 4:23,24 11:9 48:22 50:20 52:8 plumbing 14:24 53:9 54:4 55:9,17 oh 6:1 14:2 51:23 56:11 plus 27:5 47:10 19:16 27:8 28:17,24 particular 43:17 49:16 point 17:19 26:1,15 okay 5:23 10:14 11:10 56:3 29:14 34:17 35:16,17 12:6 13:5 14:2 15:4 other 7:25 8:3,15,25 51:24 29:2 30:12.15 31:5 42:11.14 43:3 45:22 16:11 22:14 26:11,13 12:8 14:21 15:21 partners 46:2 37:21 55:23 45:24 46:9,22 47:1,5 31:13,25 38:22 42:4 20:25 22:19 24:18,20 past 29:1 pointer 14:1 47:18,23 43:3,14 45:8,13 24:22,25 27:3 34:1 pattern 50:12 pointing 24:1 produce 8:14 12:7 46:14 51:3,3 56:6 35:21 37:19,23 38:3 pending 22:1 23:22 Policy 19:15 20:22 29:18,19 old-time 17:9 38:3,24 39:17,18,25 24:24 41:11 47:4 21:11,14,19 22:20 produced 9:25 on 4:18,20 6:8 7:25 42:8 47:9,10 53:3 people 49:2 pool 18:21 produces 9:11 16:24 9:10,11,13,14 10:17 54:2 55:2 peoples 49:12 popping 17:17 19:3 10:20 11:7,14 12:11 our 3:25 4:2,4 5:21 per 44:21 popular 8:16 producing 8:19 9:21 9:18 19:14 20:23 12:19 13:1,16,20 percent 21:23 25:21,23 portfolio 25:20 55:1 13:16 18:7 32:4 22:2 36:21,23 39:2 47:23 52:12 14:1,12 15:8 16:14 portion 11:12 production 10:20 13:7 percentage 8:24 19:13,25 21:9 22:18 43:20,24 45:5 46:2,6 position 6:6 44:18 50:5 22:23 23:7,16 24:10 47:24 48:1 53:21 percolates 14:11 program 4:2,5 6:4,10 possible 29:5 24:16 25:6 26:8,10 54:10,12 56:4 perfect 13:24 18:23 pot 7:24 18:25 6:15 36:21 out 4:2 5:2 6:16,22 perhaps 49:19 50:21 26:15 27:23 28:2,11 potential 29:22,23 project 1:3 2:6 3:25 4:1 32:1,21 33:1 34:25 7:14 8:22 10:15 12:4 period 10:17 28:2,3 potentially 35:20 4:20 8:14 9:12,20,21 35:6 37:13 40:8 12:7,22 13:12 16:1,3 person 22:19 potentials 49:24,24 9:23 23:23 24:12,17 41:22 43:16 45:19 17:4 20:9 21:6,8 pertains 49:16 power 2:6 4:5,9,17 9:3 24:19 26:20,24 27:17 46:2,4,16,17 47:2,13 23:22 24:25 27:13,22 pertinent 42:22 9:10,15 12:10 13:4,5 28:12 30:12 31:20 48:8 49:2,4 52:10 27:23,24 28:21 29:3 petroleum 43:24 13:6,9,12,16,19 34:22 40:2 48:25 picks 15:21 53:7 54:10,23 55:9 33:1,5 38:6 39:7,13 15:14,16 16:12,13,16 49:16 50:3 52:7 54:3 41:12,13 42:3 44:1 55:14,17 56:4,10 piece 8:8 42:11 48:22 18:8 20:15,15 29:19 54:7 57:8 piecemealing 36:12 once 9:10 12:17 14:15 45:25 46:2 48:19 31:19,20 32:15 44:8 projects 32:7 37:15 27:22 28:5 49:23 50:20 52:25 pieces 49:6 44:15,16,17,21 54:18 50:4 Pine 30:2 37:10 39:9,10 one 3:8 5:1,17,25 6:2 53:3,5,19 54:25 prehistoric 49:11 propane 16:21 12:3,23 16:14,15 55:24 48:15 Prehistorically 48:20 property 40:9 42:12 Pinnacle 1:15 18:12 19:8,9 21:1 outcropping 48:22 premature 30:24 55:16 outside 9:18,19 36:3,5 preparation 49:21 22:14,18 24:13 26:22 pipe 14:25 15:2,3 proposal 3:17 12:13 28:18 29:11 33:15,25 pipeline 30:9 45:18 36:23 Pres 45:15 13:4,19 20:14 44:7 over 4:11 6:24 13:25 55:21 35:6 38:22 39:8,25 presentation 3:21 5:3,4 50:5 41:18,19 49:19 50:18 17:4 23:8,16,17 place 14:23 22:9 14:14 40:1 proposals 43:6 53:12 51:7 52:9,12,20 55:3 25:21 26:1,20 42:14 places 7:25 19:7 51:21 presently 46:3 53:17 proposed 24:17 26:17 55:20 56:10,10 44:20 45:9 54:4 plan 22:17 25:9,9,10,12 Preservation 21:2 ones 51:8 overall 9:13 50:11 25:13 26:18,23 27:1 42:18 49:20 overlaps 42:7 51:23 only 10:23,25 19:1,7 27:2,20 28:14,15 president 45:15 proposing 46:19 22:11 23:17 40:10 overridden 10:4 30:3,13 34:18,23 presidents 25:16 provision 29:22 46:11,13 48:23 55:8 overseas 9:17 51:6,8,10,17,18,22 pressure 16:6 17:7,9,12 public 2:7 4:8 22:21 open 16:1 17:15,17 oversees 6:6 52:10,21 17:12,14,15,18,22,25 23:4 27:23 28:2,4

38:3 40:4,5,9,13 43:9 sent 39:7 45:24 37:12 51:5,8 45:16 49:17 54:24 said 5:10 13:15 21:21 51:6 53:21 recharge 29:23 resources 6:7 8:15,17 25:21 33:7 35:10,25 separate 12:20 47:8 published 28:9 recognized 39:17 12:23 21:3 22:22 36:2 44:15 50:13 sequence 49:1 26:21 32:18 35:3,8 pull 4:9 recommendation 36:18 sales 41:18,21 series 33:6 pulled 33:1 recommendations 47:16 48:10,12 52:25 same 16:4 17:23 18:7,8 seriously 37:17 38:10 pulling 8:12 11:2 42:20 resourcing 4:22 26:25,25 30:20 35:22 service 22:10 47:16 record 28:12 41:23 pun 23:1 responses 5:21 28:7 42:7.11 set 24:20 purchase 54:18 42:5,21 responsibility 20:23 sample 50:11 sets 9:4 purpose 8:13 11:24 Recreation 1:14 rest 26:2 42:2 sampling 49:20 50:10 seven 44:19 15:17 24:12 reduced 21:23 restriction 14:19 San 10:20 18:12 several 24:7 39:13 purposes 55:22 reducing 49:6 result 37:14 47:16 save 20:4 41:17 reduction 48:21 pursue 21:17 return 40:25 say 6:21 8:24 9:1,6 shaking 17:17 put 29:3 38:5 46:7 47:9 refer 28:13 50:22 review 12:15,15,20 13:1,6 17:5 22:9 shame 53:4 reference 42:15 20:12,16,18 27:23 30:13 34:13 37:14,22 she 5:20 p.m 1:20,20 56:13 referred 51:15 28:1,2 29:3 38:6 45:4 53:10 55:25 She's 4:7 regard 43:6 53:9 RFD 44:24 56:4 shining 9:3 regarding 28:7 39:15 Rich 43:24 44:7 saying 6:8 shooting 31:4 quarrying 48:21 regards 46:1 52:23 Ridge 53:13,16 scalding 17:22 shorthand 57:3 question 5:9 16:8 29:14 scatter 49:15 region 48:25 Ridgecrest 1:14,17 3:1 Shoshone 39:8 29:16,25 31:17 35:9 Register 38:5 3:12 39:6 43:10 scenario 11:15 43:17 should 17:15 19:25 46:9,12,13 53:21 regulations 19:22,23 right 4:24 5:24 6:1,18 43:19 47:14 24:18,19,19,23,24,25 54:16.21 19:24 20:2,5 36:2 11:16,17 12:16 20:7 schedule 40:3 25:2 45:9 47:11 questions 3:22 5:14,16 related 29:15 20:9,9,16 23:5,7 24:3 scheduled 39:21,24 shouldn't 38:4 6:20 7:9,11 26:3,17 relationship 51:11 24:8 27:1,11,18 schematic 16:7 show 35:22 31:15 40:21 41:2 relative 29:20 36:17 37:4,5 41:11 scientific 50:10 shows 24:5 45:9 50:17 55:2 56:9 release 17:18 46:18 50:9 53:14 scoping 1:2 3:16 4:24 shut 9:12 32:17 56:10 reliable 8:25 54:18 27:7,8,10,11,12,16 side 24:10 41:10,14 quick 16:7 53:11 remain 26:25 rights-of-way 55:20 27:19 28:19,24 29:5 sides 14:12 quickly 11:7 remember 12:21 right-of-way 55:15 38:3 39:25 43:20 Sierra 49:8 quiet 48:7.8 renewable 21:15.18 rigs 8:7 45:24 46:4,21 53:21 Sierras 8:1 quite 6:17,21 8:18,20 25:19,23 55:1 riparian 24:4 57:7 significantly 45:18 48:11 road 24:21 29:17 37:11 repeat 18:4 scrutinize 34:23 similar 40:21 44:9 replace 14:25 52:25 55:11,15,20 scrutiny 30:21 simple 13:24 R replaced 32:24 roads 13:8 44:23 sealing 15:6 since 3:10 19:14 23:22 R 2:1 3:3 57:1,1,1,1 replacement 52:8 rock 7:16,16,18,19,20 Sean 2:5 4:1,15 6:4 25:12 36:13 37:25 radiator 15:19,20 8:10 10:1,2,21,22 REPORTED 1:22 26:6,13 27:3 43:16 38:1,7 40:4 42:19,23 radio 3:8 reporter 5:18 29:10 11:1 13:18 14:3,5,6,6 53:11 42:23 47:4 50:19 Railroad 48:13 57:4 search 49:19 sir 32:3 33:9 34:9 37:3 14:12,15,19,20 15:6 Railroads 48:15 REPORTER'S 1:7 15:6,12 16:18 18:15 seat 5:7 sit 47:21 rainwater 14:11 sites 49:14,22 reports 37:13 33:3 48:22 second 16:25 21:19 raising 8:16,17 represent 40:18 rocks 32:25,25 48:16 situations 14:9 Ranch 30:9 45:18 Representative 40:20 ROD 28:13,15 size 19:6 section 23:11 27:19 randomly 5:7 sized 19:5 request 40:12 Rome 19:10 36:10 38:20 55:8,9 rather 42:10 50:23,25 requests 35:18 room 1:15 7:7 55:14,21,22 slew 12:24 ratio 52:8 require 12:14 52:7 Rose 23:14 30:5.17.18 see 7:22,24 8:13 15:5 slides 4:16 reach 16:1 25:19 44:12 requires 27:11 51:18 33:17,18,20,25 34:3 17:22 18:5 23:5,7 slowly 5:20 54:3 reservation 40:9 24:9 26:10 36:25 small 8:5,24 34:6 37:2,11 45:17 readdressed 42:19 reservoir 7:6 10:22 48:19,20 49:3 51:14 41:4 43:5,12,13,18 smile 7:7 reading 45:1 so 4:13,25 5:12,20 6:8 14:23 16:4,6 24:5 51:16,21 54:6 55:23 44:10 45:3 real 7:4 8:16 19:8 29:24 33:5 seeing 52:15 55:24 6:18 7:3,6 8:1,6 9:22 38:18 53:10 reservoirs 14:20 18:14 seek 46:2 roughly 23:18 51:24 10:16,25 11:9,10,17 really 14:13 17:6 26:14 resource 4:17 6:25 7:3 rumors 35:2 seen 37:24 11:22 12:6 13:17 28:6 37:20 38:9 9:25 10:17,17 11:3 running 24:6 32:14 seismic 37:13 15:4.7 17:22 18:4.16 50:24 11:18,22 12:2,5,6,13 runs 9:13 sell 13:12 18:22 19:1,6,11,20 rear 4:8 12:14 13:2,17,25 20:1,16 21:15,24 selling 13:14 S reason 3:15 17:6,11 send 16:19 17:24 18:25 22:2,22 23:5,15 24:3 16:15 18:12 19:8 32:17 35:15 20:8,14,17 25:25 S 2:1 3:3 57:1 27:15 24:8,19 25:3,9,12,23 reasonable 11:14 43:17 Sacramento 4:2 6:5 30:20 32:10,11,20 sending 39:12 27:15 28:21,22,23,25 43:18 47:14

40:19

sensitive 21:7 50:2

29:4,6 30:22 31:4,23

recent

34:10 36:3 44:12

20.0.16.22.2.2.2.2.	50.1.5.10	10.05		10 10 11 15 15 55
32:9,16 33:3,5 35:19	52:1,5,12	10:25	their 10:20 31:8 34:25	40:10,11,12 42:22
36:8,22 37:24 38:9	staff 31:24	sustained 10:16	40:8,9 49:5 50:7	43:12 44:9 46:6 49:1
42:3,4 43:5,11 44:1	stage 53:14	sustaining 33:2	them 12:23 16:10,14	54:18 55:24 56:2,4
44:15 45:5,21 46:1,4	stand 5:7,18 23:5	Sutton 45:13,14,14	31:22 32:17 40:3,10	they'll 12:3,3 13:3,5,6
47:12,17,25 48:7,8	standard 50:1	46:11	40:23 41:23 47:5,6,7	15:12 32:19 56:3
49:13,15 51:2 52:13	start 7:14 38:5		49:5,6	they're 10:22 13:13
53:16 54:2,7,19,20	started 5:24 6:15	T	then 4:19,22 5:21 7:1	19:6 20:10 22:2
56:3	starting 46:7	T 57:1,1,1	7:19 10:15 12:10,13	30:23 34:3 48:12
Society 45:15	state 4:3 5:19 6:5,7	table 19:25	12:19 13:14,20,21	53:14 55:25
soda 17:16	23:11,12,16 25:19	take 8:7 20:2 23:6	15:5,11 16:3,24	They've 13:1,2
soil 49:15	36:11 37:1 40:24	28:25 30:16,19	17:25 18:1 19:15	thing 5:17 14:1 16:22
solar 9:2,2	50:23 51:19 52:19	taken 16:3 41:25 49:8	20:4,7,14 24:6,17	19:1 23:17 28:18
some 3:17 6:19 7:6,25	55:8,9,14,16,20,22	57:6	25:16,17 26:16 27:22	29:3 30:20 38:23
		taking 8:4 17:16,17,20		The state of the s
8:22,25 11:20 14:18	Statement 27:20 31:23		28:10,14 29:8,23	52:20
14:19 15:1,21 20:4	statements 51:4	19:17 33:4 44:20	30:18,20 36:24 40:22	things 7:8 9:12 12:11
20:11,19 22:9,18	States 21:24 47:25	45:1	40:24 44:13,17,22	14:22 34:25 37:25
27:5 28:4 29:1 32:7,8	48:24	talk 4:23 6:23 7:8,15	45:2 48:4,5 49:7,19	38:1 42:18 43:6
37:14 38:11 41:2,20	Station 49:5	16:10,12 19:11 22:17	49:23,24 50:1,5,6,18	47:17 53:3
44:3 47:2 48:18	stay 5:15 10:2	26:4 30:7,8 39:2	54:5 56:2	think 17:9 25:4 29:8
50:17 55:7	stays 9:10,14	55:24	there 6:17,17,20 8:22	33:14,18,19 34:5
somebody 17:20 33:7	steam 15:7 18:1,1,10	talked 21:16 26:17	9:20 11:6,14,22 12:4	35:21 43:15 45:19
33:17 36:22 43:15	18:20,23 22:6 23:20	32:7 34:6 37:1 55:6	12:22 13:7,8,11 16:5	51:23,24 52:1
45:10 54:12	steering 55:6	talking 3:8 10:16 15:10	17:11 18:20 20:9,13	thinking 52:23,25 53:8
Someone 31:18	step 30:19 46:8	23:2 34:7,17 55:7,8	21:6 23:22 24:18	third-party 4:4
someplace 25:1 30:17	stepped 56:5	talks 22:20,21	26:23 27:1,8,24 28:1	those 3:8 7:11 14:4
31:3 53:24	still 6:10 11:1 14:2	target 35:1	28:8 29:2 30:6 32:9	19:4 20:5 21:10 24:1
something 7:24 11:4,6	17:16 18:20 33:11,12	Tehachapi 39:14	32:18 33:7,13 35:3,7	24:24 25:5 27:4 29:8
18:6 25:21 46:21	33:20 39:12 42:7,21	temperature 10:21,24	36:4 38:6 39:11	39:22 41:22 45:8
53:3,4,10,18	stops 9:5,5	11:18 17:13 44:5,6	41:16,16,19,20,24	46:18,20 47:17 48:2
somewhere 19:5 34:10	Storm 39:1,5,5,23 40:6	terminology 50:24	42:3,10,20 43:25	48:18 51:11 56:1,1
soon 29:4	48:11 50:15	terms 11:10 18:4 20:23		thousand 8:6
Sophia 37:7,7,8,8	Strand 2:6 4:4,13 6:2	30:5 32:5,13 42:16	44:1,3 47:8,21 48:8	
38:17,22 39:21 40:4	10:7 26:6,10,13	42:17	48:11,15,18 49:13,16	threatened 21:7
A STATE OF THE STA			49:23 50:3,12,12	three 16:13 22:1 23:9
40:14 43:22 Samus 10:3	31:10,13,17 37:7	territory 54:1	52:6,25 53:3,5,12	24:23 33:13,21 35:13
Sorry 10:3	40:16 45:13 46:13	Terry 33:15 55:5	54:20	35:16,17 36:7,13
sort 14:19,19 16:22	48:2 50:16 52:18	testimony 57:6	Therefore 19:14	46:18,20,24 47:3
45:3 47:15	53:10 55:2,13 56:6	than 7:10 16:9 20:1	there's 5:8 6:10 7:6	50:13
source 4:19 8:21,25,25	study 22:1 50:22,25	26:4 32:24 35:25	8:20,21 9:6,22 11:16	through 4:14,15 5:12
9:1,5,7,7,16 11:5,6	51:20,24,24	42:10 50:23,25	12:8,22 13:15 14:1	12:9,16 15:18,19
14:4 18:6,9 49:11,11	subject 38:16	thank 29:6 37:9 38:17	14:18 15:1,20 16:12	16:19 18:24,25 20:12
south 24:4,5 41:12	submit 28:2	39:4,5 40:14 51:2	19:7,7 24:10,11 25:4	21:24 23:12 26:14
53:12,13	subsequent 12:19	52:16,17 56:6,10	25:11 27:14,16 28:14	27:8,15 28:5 40:10
southeast 24:10	subsurface 45:16,20	Thanks 5:23 26:6	30:24 31:3 32:17,22	42:10,13 45:2 47:18
Southern 48:13,14	such 35:14 42:23 49:25	31:25 36:25 43:14	33:19 37:12 38:11	49:3,10 53:2,23
49:10	suddenly 17:18	that's 3:8 8:1,5,8 9:2,6	43:9 46:22 47:12	throughout 9:11 18:14
southwest 49:9	sun 9:3,4	10:12 11:3,22 12:21	49:25 54:19	18:14 28:25
speak 5:13,19 6:14	supervisory 3:13	13:13,15 16:22 17:14	these 5:1,6 15:4 18:10	Thursday 1:19 3:1
53:11	supplement 21:1	17:21,25 18:6,6,9	23:6 27:12 29:21	tie 56:1
speaker 5:1,13,24 29:7	suppose 40:23	19:16 20:22 21:23	30:18 32:15 35:16,17	tilapia 8:17
48:2	supposed 14:1 25:22	22:4,18,23 23:19	35:25 36:6 40:6 42:5	Timbisha 38:4,25 39:8
specialist 4:8	sure 10:5 30:22 33:3	24:8,16,20 25:11	49:3,7 55:8,17,17	39:23
species 21:5,6 42:17	38:17 43:9,11,12,21	26:19,19 27:10,22	they 6:8 12:6,7 13:2,16	time 1:19 5:11 10:1,18
Specifially 3:13	44:24 54:13,25	28:12,20,20 32:5	16:3,6,19 17:23,24	11:7 28:3 36:2 42:21
specific 19:22 22:24	surface 7:21,23 8:2	33:2,6 34:12,13,16		
50:3,5			18:19,22 20:9,13,14	42:23 45:12 50:24
	14:10,17 15:14,18	36:6,8 37:4 38:12	21:6,7,7 26:25 28:11	55:23
speculation 56:4	33:3 34:24 44:14	39:25 40:14 44:23,24	30:13,13 31:2,8 32:3	timeline 27:17
spoke 45:25	survey 49:17,18 50:7	45:21 46:2,8,11	32:18 33:20,22,23,24	title 19:23 40:20
springs 7:25 14:17	sustain 13:6	52:13 53:6,20 54:7	34:7,9,10,23 36:7,9	today 42:7 44:3 51:20
squirrel 51:12,15,16	sustainable 9:24,24	54:20 56:3	36:10,10,13 40:4,5	together 4:10 32:1 46:8
Service of the Control of the Contro	The comment of the co	The state of the Committee of the Commit	Million Color of Color of the C	and the second transfer of the second transfer from the

47:10 34:24 3:23 6:16 8:17 Weapons 24:9 49:5 42:14 45:5 told 34:9 typical 32:2 23:14 30:5,17,18 website 19:25 20:4 what's 11:13 32:1 Tom 31:13,14,25 32:20 39:8,9 45:17 48:19 websites 27:24 49:14.18 53:9 U when 5:1,5 7:1,22 9:3,4 33:7,10,21 34:5,16 48:20 49:3 51:14,16 week 39:6,15 35:2,9,12,21 36:25 Ukiah 43:24 51:21 54:6 welcome 20:2 9:4 18:15 19:11 37:4 40:22 48:7 ultimately 29:18 vapor 15:22 16:23 well 6:3 8:4,6 9:5,23,24 24:23 28:12 35:25 50:14 55:3,5,5 umbrella 22:16 50:2 variety 21:4 30:24 11:9,14 12:3,9 13:2,3 37:19 40:25 45:21 tomorrow 28:20 under 17:7 19:20 21:8 various 48:17 54:14 13:10 14:10,25 16:12 51:18 52:21 55:5 tonight 3:10 4:13 5:8 21:12,13,20 22:12,16 vegetables 8:15 17:10 17:4,5,5,13,19 22:9 where 8:10,10 13:9,10 5:16,19 6:20,23 23:20 26:23 34:1,2,3 verbatim 5:20 37:25 25:6 26:13 29:1 33:6 13:13,15 14:8 18:13 27:13 28:18 33:18 36:17 38:12,15 47:22 very 6:24 8:23 13:23 34:6 43:23 44:25 19:7 20:5 23:19,25 52:15 51:23 53:15 13:23 14:5,5 17:14 wells 11:16 13:6,7,8,10 25:22 27:24,25 30:15 too 8:5,11,15 21:12 undergo 12:20 20:12 18:16,17 34:14,25 44:18,18,19 31:16 32:14 38:18,21 23:7 24:8 30:23 20:15 36:9 50:6,6 52:16 WEMO 38:12,15 41:3,11,20,24 46:3 31:18 33:1 54:20 understand 45:1,19 54:20 went 39:16 41:13 49:2 50:1 tool 49:11 46:18 55:13 vessel 17:25 whether 24:13,14 were 33:14 34:7 36:1,9 top 17:20 understood 50:12 viability 51:12 36:13,22 38:14,15,15 29:15 34:18 50:20 total 44:20 unfortunately 19:6 viable 54:24 39:9 41:5,16,16,17 which 15:22,23 16:19 touch 4:19 26:15 51:17 vice 45:15 41:18,20,20,21,23,24 18:2,2,23 21:14 touched 33:1 46:15 United 21:24 47:24 view 27:25 41:24 48:9 49:8 52:7 22:20 23:3,9 37:11 touching 4:18 48:24 village 49:13 56:13 39:3 49:4 52:10 toward 25:25 universe 49:22 villages 49:6 west 1:16 18:15 41:12 while 5:3 17:15 30:6 towards 8:19 unlike 9:1 Visual 12:23 51:9 52:3 36:9 37:9 46:4 track 43:5 unrecognized 39:13,19 volcanic 44:4 Western 21:24 47:24 who 4:8 7:7 24:1 31:16 TRANSCRIPT 1:7 until 20:17 30:11 volume 26:7,10 48:24 33:10 transcription 57:5 up 3:17 4:15,22 5:6,7 we'd 5:12 whole 12:24 19:16 W transmission 13:11 5:18 6:14,20 8:12,17 we'll 26:16 28:3,12 24:20 42:11 46:19 walked 5:1 24:7 44:23 52:24 8:23 12:7,9 14:24 29:8 30:15 31:4 47:12 53:2,7,13 54:8,23 15:8,9,17,21 16:18 wall 53:6 34:23 39:17 42:13 who's 3:21 why 4:21,21 17:5,11,14 tremendous 34:12,13 17:3.24 22:19 23:23 want 10:5,7,14 16:6 45:3 48:5 tribal 46:5 24:5 25:6 26:16 30:1 17:7,23 20:3,3 30:22 we're 3:15 4:14,18,21 22:9,10 31:18 35:12 33:3 35:22 46:2 48:3 tribe 39:8,10,11,11 32:9 34:21 35:22 4:21,24 5:3,5,15 9:18 35:14 55:11,22 56:4 37:11,16 38:19 40:25 40:8 50:16,19 51:10 52:13 10:16 11:8,8 12:16 wide 21:4 tribes 38:24 39:3,9,13 41:10 44:7,8,18,20 54:22,25 13:1 18:11 20:16 Wildlife 40:18,19 39:17,22 40:1 46:22 47:3 51:10,20 wanted 46:16 51:4 23:1 24:14 25:18,18 will 4:6 7:7 8:7,18 10:1 triggers 20:23 52:13 54:15,16 55:9 wants 12:1 43:13 26:8 27:6,7,10,11,12 10:18 11:1,6,12 12:2 true 57:5 56:1 warrant 12:10 27:18 28:5,21 29:14 12:14,19,24 13:7,8 try 56:4 upon 11:15 was 6:17 15:10 30:8 30:9 31:5,23 35:16 13:11 14:17 15:2,4,6 trying 25:3 46:18 49:1 upwards 14:7 19:5 33:7,10,13,17 35:10 37:6 45:1 46:3,7 15:11,13 16:9 20:4 55:25 47:25 51:1 52:14 us 4:6,9 5:8,9 21:21 37:12,17,22 38:9,11 20:15,20,25 21:1 Tuesday 39:23,24 27:14 28:23 29:10 38:18 39:24 41:15,19 53:5 56:7,7 22:9 24:18 25:4,5,10 tune 45:6 34:10 41:19,25 42:14 51:15 we've 11:14 12:10 14:3 25:25 26:24,25 27:1 turbine 15:23 16:23 usage 29:21 51:17,20 52:6 55:7 14:9,10 16:16 23:8 27:21,22,23,24 28:1 18:2 19:2 use 10:7,9,15,18 17:10 wasn't 38:17,18 23:23 25:8 29:2 28:9,10,11,14,25 turbine-generated 18:5 23:1 30:13,14 38:7 water 7:19,19,22 8:4 31:21 45:23 48:13 29:2 30:7,7,14,20 turn 4:11 9:10,13 13:16 used 8:15 16:14.25 8:10,12,14,23 10:23 what 4:14,18 6:23,24 31:1,2 32:13,18 34:6 17:8,10 22:22 30:10 26:1 11:2 12:22 13:18 6:25,25 7:2,2,15 8:13 34:14,21,25 36:18 turning 18:6,9 30:10 14:15,21,22,25 15:7 9:24 10:16 11:11,18 37:16,20 39:3 40:2,2 turns 12:7 15:22,23,23 usually 8:22 50:1 15:9,13,13,17,19,25 12:2,4 13:2,24 15:6 40:5,7,25 42:15 43:4 Utah 49:9 15:23 16:22,23,23 16:3,5,24 17:3,13,19 15:10,11 16:22 18:16 18:1,2 19:2,3 utilities 52:22 17:21,24 18:16,17,21 18:19 19:16,19 21:6 two 16:17,17,17 21:12 utility 13:13 30:5,7,10,14,16 31:2 21:9 27:10 28:13 23:23 24:22 25:16 utilization 6:7 7:3 31:8 32:25 33:1,2,4 32:10 34:16 35:25 45:16,20 55:21 36:6 37:12 38:24 34:1 44:8 49:20 13:15.22 21:15 55:19 utilize 20:8 way 8:1,3 18:21 25:13 43:18,23 44:9 45:3 tying 53:24 utilized 42:15 54:9 29:9 32:6,6,12 40:21 47:15 49:21 52:23 53:11 54:8 55:24 type 9:9 15:14 16:14,25 42:3 53:8 V 44:9 ways 27:16 34:8 56.7 valid 42:7 types 15:16 16:13 wayside 42:1 whatever 9:14 30:11

	distribution and the second second			t age or
25:23 26:5,8 28:15	32:14 46:9,13 52:19	2020 25:22		
29:22 30:21 31:19,20	53:7 56:11	22 44:18		
32:4,18 33:16,23,24	you'd 7:10,24 17:5	22,000 23:3,8,18 27:6		
34:17,22 35:18 36:7	you'll 15:1	35:19 47:11 51:25		
36:19 37:16 38:3,5	you're 8:5 10:3 11:2	22,000-some-odd 46:20		
			1	
39:17,22 40:3,25	20:1 29:16 31:16	230-kV 54:5		
41:2 43:6 44:7 45:25	32:23 33:4,5 34:16	24,000 23:3		
46:23,24 47:20 48:14	37:23 43:16 45:24	25 44:16		
48:18 49:25 51:9	46:19 48:7,8 52:21	250 17:19		
52:22 53:1 54:14	you've 16:17 38:2	29 6:10,15 41:5 51:7		
55:10		-		
within 6:7 26:24 27:1	Z	3		
32:24 41:8 42:8	zone 42:8 52:6	3 49:2		
49:20 50:20 52:6,11		30 9:14 11:9 25:23 32:5		
without 36:5	0	32:7,9,12,15,16		
wonder 38:4	000 3:5 56:14	52:10		
wondering 37:12,17,22		30-megawatt 44:8		
38:9,11 45:21	1	3200 19:24		
	10,000 7:17 25:3 44:12	330 17:4		
won't 47:20 54:6				
words 12:8 42:8 50:13	52:2	395 24:2,5		
54:2	100 1:16	4		
work 19:25 48:14	1200 23:13			
working 15:20 16:21	13 18:21	4,000 23:9 36:16		
31:21,24 43:16 48:25	130 19:5	4,400 23:21		
49:3	15 1:19 3:1 5:5 18:21	40 10:21		
works 9:2 14:13 16:9	34:11 44:18	400 18:17	Į I	
world 13:25 19:7	16 36:10	43 19:23		
would 5:17 11:4 26:23	16th 28:20	475 10:24		
32:3,6 33:18 36:14	18 47:10	777777		
37:17 38:23 40:1,9	18th 57:9	5		
40:11,12 42:22,22,24	18,000 18:22 24:25	5,000 7:17 8:6 49:2		
	25:2 34:11 36:15	5:44 1:20		
44:8,9,11,15,17,18				
44:19 45:10 47:9,11	47;10 51:14	50 19:9 44:21		
47:15 50:21 52:7	1872 37:9	500 18:17		
53:4,18,18,24	1966 21:2	500-kV 53:23		
write 51:18	1969 20:22			
writing 31:23 37:24	1970 22:6	6	4	
written 32:17 41:1	1973 21:6	6008 1:23 57:15		
51:17	1976 22:20	640 23:11 37:1	1	
wrong 9:6 45:19	1980 25:12,14 42:6	650 18:17		
Mark Table	43:4 51:8,10,13,22	68509DM 1:25		
Y	52:2	A-SECTION OF THE SECTION OF THE SECT		
yeah 6:1 10:9 26:12	1980s 41:18	7		
29:25 31:11,14 35:12	1981 41:19 42:15,25	7.4 37:10		
38:14 48:5	1985 41:20	7:02 1:20 56:13		
	1705 41.20	70 10:19		
years 6:10,15 10:21	2	70 10,19		
11:9 25:22 32:5,7,9		0		
32:12,15,16 41:5	20 5:5 25:20 41:5	.8		
49:2 51:7 52:10	20,000 35:12	8 44:11		
53:15 54:5 55:7	200 45:4	80 41:4		
Yellowstone 7:25	2000 23:22	80s 6:18		
yes 10:1 33:9,20 34:9	2001 21:14 25:16	81 42:6,19		
35:10,10,11 37:3	2002 11:21 33:8,14			
45:23 46:11 48:11	36:1 47:4	9	i i	
52:18	2005 21:19 25:16 36:17	9th 28:21,23 29:1		
your 3:22 5:7,9,9,19,21	47:22	90 21:23 37:18 41:5		
	2006 51:9 52:3	47:23		
5:21 14:24 15:19		N CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR		
23:25 26:8 27:7,12	2009 1:19 3:1 57:9	90-day 38:6		
10.6 7 77 711.1 5 7	2010 21:21 25:20 27:22	93555 1:17		
28:6,7,22 29:1,5,7	47:23	2.777.00.004.0		



Scoping Report	

APPENDIX E: SCOPING HANDOUTS

Fact Sheet

HAIWEE GEOTHERMAL LEASING AREA



SCOPING MEETINGS • OCTOBER 2009

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing

The Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) is proposing the leasing of the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area located in Inyo County, California for geothermal exploration, development, and utilization. The area encompasses approximately 22,500 acres of BLM-managed public lands that also include three pending lease applications covering approximately 4,500 acres.

The Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area is approximately 13 miles south of Olancha, California. The project area is east of the Inyo National Forest, west of the Naval Weapons Center, and south of the South Haiwee Reservoir.

Geothermal Resources

Geothermal resources are underground reservoirs of hot water or steam created by heat from the earth. Geothermal steam and hot water can reach the surface of the earth in the form of hot springs, geysers, mud pots, or steam vents. These resources can be accessed by wells, and the heat energy can be used for generating electricity.

Geothermal fields produce only about one-sixth of the carbon dioxide that a relatively clean natural-gas-fuel power plant produces, and very little if any, of the nitrous oxide or sulfur-bearing gases. Geothermal energy is available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. Geothermal power plants may be the most reliable of all energy production methods, because they do not require purchase or transport of fuel, or waste disposal, and have no intermittency or dispatchability problems.

Geothermal energy is a renewable resource, because its source, the Earth's core, provides an almost unlimited amount of heat. Tapping into clean, renewable geothermal energy will help reduce greenhouse gas emission associated with other types of power plants.

Purpose and Need

The development of domestic energy resources, particularly renewable resources, has become a national priority. President Bush issued Executive Order 13212 in May 2001 that directed Federal agencies to increase production and transmission of energy in an environmentally safe manner. In response to the executive order, the BLM issued a National Energy Policy Implementation Plan in June 2001, which directed the BLM to process geothermal leases in a timely manner in order to help support efforts to increase energy production from federal minerals, while preserving the health of the public lands.

In August 2005, President Bush signed into law the Energy Policy Act of 2005 that encourages energy efficiency and conservation, promotes alternative and renewable energy sources, reduces our dependence on foreign sources of energy, and increases domestic production. It made significant changes to the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970, to encourage leasing and development of geothermal resources from public lands.

The California Desert Conservation Area (CDCA) Plan provides overall regional guidance for management of the public lands in CDCA and establishes long-term goals for protection and use of the California Desert. The BLM directly administers about 10 million acres of the CDCA, which includes the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area. Congress directed the BLM to prepare and implement a comprehensive, long-range plan for the management, use, development, and protection of public lands within the CDCA. The plan is based on the concepts of multiple use, sustained yield, and maintenance of environmental quality. The plan would be amended to allow the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area lands to be leased for geothermal exploration, development, and utilization.

The BLM received three noncompetitive geothermal lease applications for approximately 4,500 acres of BLM-managed lands within the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area and must determine whether to approve the applications. Adjacent public lands occupying approximately 18,000 acres have also been identified for competitive leasing of geothermal exploration, development, and utilization and BLM must decide whether to offer competitive leases for geothermal resources in the leasing area.

Although this is a Federal action taking place on Federal land, this proposal will also assist the State of California with its Renewable Portfolio Standard goals that call for 33 percent of California's energy to be derived from renewable sources by 2020.

Project Description

BLM is proposing leasing of geothermal resources in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area, which consists of approximately 22,500 acres of BLM-managed lands; this area also includes the three lease applications for approximately 4,500 acres of BLM-managed lands. The BLM-managed lands considered for leasing are located in the Mount Diablo Meridian and occupy the following 37 sections:

Township 21 South, Range 37 East, Sections 11-14, 23-26, 35-36

Township 21 South, Range 38 East, Sections 7-10, 15, 17-22, 27-34

Township 22 South, Range 37 East, Sections 1-2, 11-12

Township 22 South, Range 38 East, Sections 5-8

The proposed action is to amend the CDCA Plan to allow project area lands to be leased under the authority of the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970, as amended (30 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.).

The approval to issue geothermal leases could have indirect environmental impacts because such leasing represents a commitment of resources, and it is reasonably expected that subsequent exploration, development, production, and decommissioning activities would occur. A lease for geothermal resources allows the right to future exploration and development of geothermal resources within the lease area; however, subsequent activities involving surface disturbance or other extensive operational activities specific to a project will require additional NEPA analysis.

Environmental Review

Issuing leases for the exploration, development, and utilization of geothermal resources is considered a Federal action and may have a significant adverse impact to the environment. The BLM will prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) in compliance with National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) to identify, analyze, and disclose potential environmental effects of leasing geothermal resources.

BLM is conducting scoping for the proposed leasing of geothermal resources to identify issues to be addressed. and identify the range of actions, alternatives, mitigation measures, and significant effects to be analyzed in-depth in the EIS. The anticipated release of the Draft EIS/Draft Plan Amendment to the CDCA is Winter of 2009. The publication of a Notice of Availability in the Federal Register will announce the release of the report and start of the 90-day comment period. Formal public meetings will also be conducted during this time. The Final EIS/Proposed Plan Amendment is expected in Fall of 2010 and another Notice of Availability will be published to announce the release, as well as start of 30-day protest period and 60-day Governor's Consistency Review. A Record of Decision to open or close leasing of geothermal resources in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area and amendment to the CDCA is expected in Winter 2010.

Public Outreach and Communication

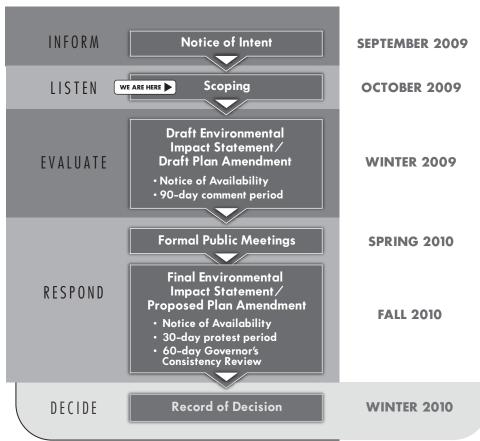
The project team welcomes comments and involvement throughout the project and appreciates your feedback. Comments concerning the scope of the environmental analysis are requested by close of business Monday, **November 9, 2009**. If you have questions or comments about the project, or would like to be added to the project mailing list, please contact the project team in one of the following ways:

- · Attend one of the public scoping meetings
- Visit the project website www.blm.gov/ca/st/en/fo/ridgecrest.html
- Send an email to cahaiwee@blm.gov
- · Send written comments to:

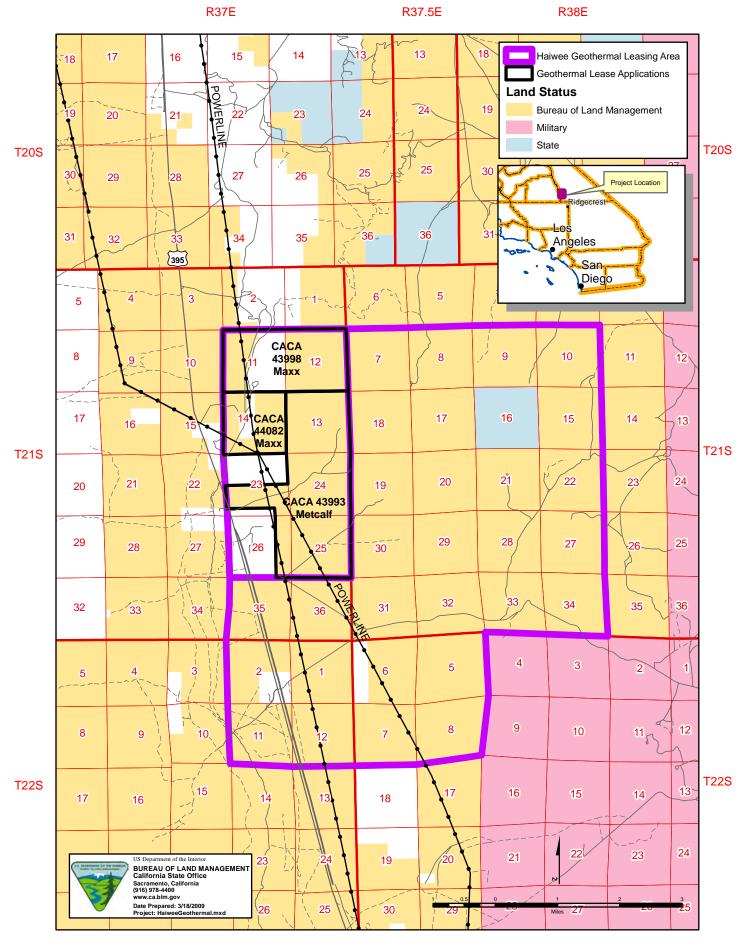
Bureau of Land Management, California Desert District Office, Attn: John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Coordinator 22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos Moreno Valley, California 92553

Disclaimer: Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment – including your personal identifying information – may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Project Timeline



Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area



R37E R38E

Comment Form

The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) thanks you for your interest in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area. Scoping meetings are being conducted to share information regarding the proposed action and the decision-making process, and listen to the public views on the range of issues to be considered during the preparation of the Draft Environmental Impact Statement/Draft Plan Amendment. Please take a moment to answer the questions below and return this sheet to the comment table or mail to the address on the back of this form.

We encourage you to provide your comments by filling out and submitting this comment form to the address on the opposite side, or you may e-mail your comments to cahaiwee@blm.gov. All comments (letters and emails) for consideration in preparation of the Draft Environmental Impact Statement must be received by close of business Monday, November 9, 2009.

NAME:	DATE:
ADDRESS:	
CITY/STATE/ZIP:	
EMAIL (optional):	
Would you like to be added to this project's mailing list to receive	future project-related information? YES NO
Please indicate your affiliation by checking one of the following boxes:	If you wish to withhold your name or address from public
Individual (no affiliation) Private Organization Citizen's Group Federal, State, or Local Government Elected Representative Regulatory Agency Name of organization, government, group, or agency (if applicable)	review or from disclosure under the Freedom of Informa- tion Act, you must state this prominently in your comments. Such requests will be honored to the extent allowed by law. All submissions from organizations or businesses, and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives of organizations or businesses, will be made available for public inspection in their entirety.
Please describe any issues that should be considered during res	ource studies and in environmental resource document preparation.
4	
	nal development. If applicable, please relate these concerns to specific is, etc.) or resources (plants, animals, water quality, air quality, etc.).
=	



 	Fold Here	 	





BLM, California Desert District Office 22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos Moreno Valley, CA 92553 Attn: John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Coordinator POSTAGE REQUIRED

BLM, California Desert District Office 22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos Moreno Valley, CA 92553 Attn: John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Coordinator

rmal Leasing Area	Scoping Report
APPENDIX F: SCOPING LETTER TO NATIVE AMERICAN	TRIRES
ATTENDIAT : GOOTING LETTER TO WATTE AMERICAN	INDLO

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area



United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Ridgecrest Field Office 300 S. Richmond Road Ridgecrest, CA 93555 www.blm.gov/ca/ridgecrest



OCT 07 2009

In Reply Refer To: 8120 (P) CA-650.22

Return Receipt Requested: 7008 1830 0002 2907 6450

Mr. Monty Bengochia, Tribal Council Chair Bishop Paiute Tribe 50 Tu Su Lane Bishop CA 93514-8058

Ref: Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Proposal

Dear Mr. Bengochia:

It is a pleasure to invite the Bishop Paiute Tribe to consult with the Ridgecrest Field Office, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) as part of our government to government responsibilities regarding a recent geothermal energy leasing initiative being undertaken by BLM in northeast Rose Valley, Inyo County. We would like to apprise you of this proposed project so that any Tribal concerns or issues regarding them can be identified and discussed at the earliest opportunity in the application review process.

The undertaking is known as the Haiwee Proposed Geothermal Leasing Project, and involves the potential leasing of 22,060 acres of BLM managed public lands for geothermal exploration, development, and utilization. An Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) will be prepared, and a series of public meetings and a public comment period are being scheduled.

The geographic location is generally east of US Highway 395 between the Caltrans Rest Stop at Coso Junction on the south and the South Haiwee Dam locale to the north. The eastern boundary is the China Lake Naval Air Weapons Station (NAWS).

The legal locations of the proposed leasing area are: Township 21 South, Range 37 East and Range 38 East; and Township 22 South, Range 37 East and Range 38 East; Mt. Diablo Base and Meridian. The 7.5 minute topographic quad sheets for the area are: Coso Junction and Haiwee Reservoir.

BLM is initiating the NEPA environmental review of this proposal by holding a series of public meetings between October 13 and 20, 2009. A meeting notice is enclosed with details, but briefly, meetings will be held near Lone Pine on Oct. 13, Bishop Oct. 14, Ridgecrest Oct 15, and Furnace Creek Ranch/Timbisha Tribal Offices in Death Valley NP on Oct. 20, 2009. BLM will also utilize and coordinate the NEPA commenting process to satisfy the public involvement process for Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) (16 U.S.C. 470F) as provided for in 36 CFR 800.2(d)(3).

If you or other members of your Tribe has any comments or concerns regarding the proposed Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Project, we would appreciate receiving any responses by mid-November, 2009. A suggested deadline date for receipt of comments would be Friday November 20, 2009. Responses by letters or email would be acceptable.

In closing, thank you for your considerations regarding this consultation request. If there are any questions, please contact myself, at (760) 384-5400, email Hector_Villalobos@ca.blm.gov; or John Dalton, Desert District Planning and Environmental Coordinator at (951) 697-5311, email John_Dalton@ca.blm.gov. Please address written responses to my attention at: BLM, Ridgecrest Field Office, 300 South Richmond Road, Ridgecrest CA 93555. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Hector Villalobos Field Manager

Ridgecrest Field Office

Bureau of Land management

Enclosure:: 4 Public Meeting Notice

Legal Location Worksheet Notice of Intent to Prepare EIS

Map of Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area

al Leasing Area	Scoping Report
APPENDIX G: SCOPING LETTERS TO ELECTED OFFICIALS	<u>S</u>

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area



United States Department of the Interior



BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT California Desert District Office 22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos Moreno Valley CA 92553-9046

In Reply Refer To: 3210 CAD000.01(P)

November 25, 2009

CERTIFIED MAIL #70091410000184211070 RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Linda Arcularius Supervisor, District 1 Inyo County 225 N. Round Valley Road Bishop, CA 93514

Dear Supervisor Arcularius:

The Bureau of Land Management (BLM), California Desert District (CDD) is giving notice to initiate a public scoping period to identify issues and formulate alternatives for an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area located in Inyo County, California. We would like to invite the County of Inyo to participate in this process.

The CDD-BLM directly administers approximately 10.4 million acres of public land within the California Desert Conservation Area (CDCA), which includes the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area. The land use plan for the CDCA, based on the concepts of multiple use, sustained yield, and maintenance of environmental quality would be amended to allow, if approved, the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area lands to be leased for geothermal exploration, development, and utilization. The leasing of public lands for geothermal resources will require an amendment to the CDCA Plan, which is authorized by the Federal Land Policy and Management Act 202.601 (43 U.S.C. 1712) and 43 Code of Federal Regulations 1610.5-5.

Project Description

The Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area is approximately 13 miles south of Olancha, California. The proposed project area is east of the Inyo National Forest, west of the Naval Weapons center, and south of the South Haiwee Reservoir, encompassing approximately 22,500 acres of BLM-managed public lands. The BLM has received three noncompetitive geothermal lease applications for approximately 4,500 acres of BLM-managed lands within the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area and must determine whether to approve the applications. Adjacent public lands occupying approximately 18,000 acres have also been identified for competitive leasing of geothermal exploration, development, and utilization and BLM must decide whether to offer competitive leases for geothermal resources in the leasing area.

The BLM-managed lands considered for leasing are located in the Mount Diablo Meridian and occupy the following 37 sections:

Township 21 South, Range 37 East, Sections 11-14, 23-26, 35-36

Township 21 South, Range 38 East, Sections 7-10, 15, 17-22,027-34

Township 22 South, Range 37 East, Sections 1-2, 11-12

Township 22 South, Range 38 East, Sections 5-8

National Environmental Policy Act Process

In processing applications the BLM must comply with the requirements of the national Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), which requires that federal agencies review projects under their jurisdiction and consider the environmental impacts associated with the proposed project construction and operation.

Pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and the Council on Environmental Quality regulations on implementing NEPA, the EIS will describe and evaluate the potential impacts of the Haiwee project, no action, and any other alternatives to the proposed action. The purpose of an EIS is to provide the public and decision makers with sufficient information to understand the environmental consequences of the proposal and to identify and develop appropriate mitigation measures to minimize environmental impacts. The impact analysis presented in the EIS will result in a Record of Decision for the project.

Scoping

One early element of the NEPA process is scoping. Scoping activities are conducted early in the process to:

- determine reasonable alternatives to the proposed action that will be considered in the document
- identify environmental and socioeconomic issues of concern related to the proposed project and
- determine the depth and range of analyses for issues addressed in the document.

This scoping statement has been prepared to enable government agencies, the general public, and other interested parties to participate in and contribute to the analysis process. Public input is important in establishing the scope of analysis for any NEPA document, and the BLM encourages public participation.

Preliminary Resource Management Issues and Concerns

The following issues and concerns have been identified to-date as relating to the proposed action. This list is not meant to be all-inclusive, but rather to serve as a starting point for public input. Once all issues and concerns have been gathered through scoping and BLM consideration of the project, corresponding resource disciplines will be identified to conduct analysis for individual issues and concerns. Issues already identified to be analyzed in the EIS include:

- Native American
- potential land use conflicts including recreation
- potential effects on wildlife
- cumulative impacts considering existing, proposed, and potential geothermal projects in the area

- potential impacts on surface water and groundwater resources
- potential impacts to cultural and historical resources within the analysis area
- potential impacts to visual resources.

The EIS will also address issues such as geology, geothermal resources, vegetation, threatened or endangered species, air quality, noise, transportation, human health and safety, and socioeconomics, as well as any other issues raised during the process.

Alternatives thus far identified for evaluation in the EIS will include the (1) proposed action, (2) no action alternative (not leasing the lands for geothermal exploration, development, and utilization), and (3) leasing fewer than the proposed 22,500 acres of public land.

The BLM will use an interdisciplinary approach to develop the plan in order to consider the variety of resource issues and concerns identified.

Proposed Schedule

The anticipated release of the Draft EIS/Draft Plan Amendment to the CDCA is winter of 2009. The publication of a Notice of Availability in the Federal Register will announce the release of the report and start of the 90-day comment period. Formal public meetings will also be conducted during this time. The Final EIS/Proposed Plan Amendment is expected in Fall of 2010 and another Notice of Availability will be published to announce the release, as well as start of the 30-day protest period and 60-day Governor's Consistency Review. A Record of Decision to open or close leasing of geothermal resources in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area and amendment to the CDCA is expected winter of 2010.

You are encouraged to participate throughout the environmental analysis process to help in identifying the level of analysis needed, alternatives to be considered, issues or concerns that should be assessed, mitigation opportunities, and any other comments or ideas to help ensure that the process is comprehensive. Please submit your comments to John E. Dalton, Resource Management Specialist and Haiwee Project Lead, at John Dalton@ca.blm.gov

Thank you for your consideration and the opportunity to work effectively with you. We look forward to our interaction and discussions.

Signed By Authenticated By
Steve Borchard Charlee C Christe
District Manager Records Manager

Enclosures (2)
Haiwee Map, NEPA process

CC: Invo District Supervisors

Scoping Report

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area

APPENDIX H: COMMENT LETTERS

— ARNOLD BLEUEL —— LAROCHELLE MATHEWS &

= ZIRBEL LLP =

GARY D. ARNOLD
BARTLEY S. BLEUEL*
DENNIS LAROCHELLE
JOHN M. MATHEWS
MARK A. ZIRBEL
KENDALL A. VAN CONAS*
SUSAN L MCCARTHY
AMBER A. EISENBREY
STUART G. NIELSON
ROBERT S. KRIMMER

OF COUNSEL MATTHEW P. GUASCO 300 ESPLANADE DRIVE, SUITE 2100 OXNARD, CALIFORNIA 93036 TELEPHONE: 805.988.9886 FAX: 805.988.1937 www.atozlaw.com

Writer's e-mail garnoid@atozlaw.com

attorneys at Law 🖚

October 7, 2009

Bureau of Land Management California Desert District Office Attn: John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Coordinator 22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos Marino Valley, CA 92553

Re: EIS Scoping Meeting

Haiwee Geothermal Project

22,060 Acres

Gentlemen:

Little Lake Ranch, Inc. ("LLR") is a non-profit mutual benefit corporation which owns the Little Lake Ranch property at the far southern end of the Rose Valley, which itself is located in the most southerly region of the Owens Valley in the County of Inyo, California. LLR submits the comments contained herein regarding the Environmental Impact Statement ("EIS") being prepared by BLM in connection with the proposed geothermal exploration and development project located in and around the Haiwee area.

LLR suggests that BLM consider all of the comments, evidence, studies and reports generated in connection with environmental analysis of the water pumping and transfer project ("Coso Project") originally proposed by Coso Operating Company, LLC ("Coso"). The Coso Project was the subject of the Environmental Assessment, No. CA-650-2005-100, case file number CACA046289 ("EA") published by BLM. To the extent that the proponents of the geothermal exploration and projects being studied by the BLM ("Projects") will rely upon the water contained in the Rose Valley underground water basin, all of such data must be considered. The same types of environmental impacts which were studied in the EA and the later Final Environmental Impact Report ("EIR") adopted by the County of Inyo, will also occur under the Projects. You should refer to the entire files assembled by the County of Inyo ("County") in connection with the Coso Project, as well as BLM's own environmental files which separately granted a right-of-way to Coso.

Little Lake Ranch Background.

Little Lake Ranch consists of approximately 1,200 acres ("LLR Property") which is managed by LLR to provide wildlife habitat and wildlife-oriented recreation, including hunting, fishing, and wildlife viewing. The LLR Property includes a shallow 90 acre navigable body of water known as "Little Lake" and the ponds and wetlands areas including the Upper Pond, Lower Pond, Teal Pond, Lava Pond, and Chukar Pond.

Wetlands are extremely limited along the Eastern Sierras. Much of the wetlands habitat that historically occurred in the region has been lost to water diversions and agricultural conversions. Little Lake is one of the few sizable wetlands sites remaining along the Eastern Sierras. This 90-acre lake is used extensively by waterfowl and likely receives more use by diving ducks than any other wetlands in the Eastern Sierra region.

To the extent that the proposed projects rely in whole or in part upon the underground water resources of the Rose Valley, the pumping and transportation of the water is subject to the County's groundwater ordinance and will be cumulative to the water being transported by Coso. Such water transportation would also have a severe and direct impact upon the LLR property. The specific harm to, or impacts upon, the LLR property must be studied.

Project Description.

While the extent of any available geothermal resource is largely unknown during the exploration stage, the existence of the resource should be identified, and its size and composition should be estimated. The amount of electrical production from the geothermal resource should be based upon the size and extent of the reservoir so as to create a sustainable facility. This may reduce the immediate production of electrical energy, but allow for a greater and longer term utilization of the resource, with fewer impacts on the environment as noted below.

The EIS must evaluate the environmental impacts from the alternate designs of available geothermal facilities. The principal designs currently include single-flash systems, double-flash systems, dry steam (depending upon the actual geothermal resource available), binary and any number of hybrid designs incorporating one or more of the foregoing. More exotic designs may further utilize combinations of other energy production methods (fossil fuel, hydroelectric, solar, wind, biomass, etc.), each of which alternate designs pose different environmental impacts. Absent an identification of the projected design of the geothermal facility, it is virtually impossible to accurately assess the ultimate environmental impacts from the utilization of the geothermal resource.

The EIS should identify each alternative design of the proposed facility, and identify the particular environmental impacts associated with each form of a design. Each and all of the designs should be further analyzed to conserve the geothermal resource itself, as well as minimizing any impacts to

Page 3

the environment each of the alternative designs may pose. Each design should consider how toxic emissions will be minimized and the use of water conserved.

In flash-steam facilities, about 15-20% of the <u>fluid</u> would be lost due to flashing to steam and evaporation. Binary power plants utilize a closed-loop system and the geofluids are re-injected with <u>no fluid loss</u>. 85% of the steam used in flash or dry-steam plant is lost to evaporation, when a water-cooled tower is used. The total loss of the "fluids" depends on both the nature of the produced geofuilds, and the type of cooling system, and whether the plant actually re-injects the available fluids. This should be clarified and discussed.

There needs to be a discussion or analysis concerning the proper utilization of geothermal resources. There should be consideration of alternate technologies by which the geothermal reservoirs are managed to allow for the sustainable production of electricity through the conservation of geothermal fluids by the proper design and operation of the production facilities themselves.

There is no question but that water is a very rare and precious commodity in most of the western United States. Large portions of the western United States are subject to current drought conditions. Consumers are being asked to conserve the water they use. Geothermal facilities should be designed, constructed and operated in a manner to avoid the need for imported water and to balance the production of geothermal fluids to the natural recharge of the geothermal resource.

One possible explanation of the problems experienced at some geothermal facilities is their use of water-cooling towers to condense the steam used in the electricity generation process. Unfortunately, by utilizing water-cooling towers, geothermal facilities lose a tremendous amount of the geothermal fluids produced, thereby causing a more rapid depletion of the fluids in the geothermal reservoir. There must be extensive consideration of available alternatives, such as the utilization of an air-cooled system by which 100% of the geothermal fluids can be retained within the system and re-injected into the geothermal reservoir. This alternative may prolong the life of the reservoir and allow for a more sustainable production of electricity from the geothermal plants.

Similarly, the EIS should address the preservation of the geothermal reservoirs through proper longterm management. First, the need to balance the natural recharge of the geothermal reservoirs, compared to the consumption of the fluids from the electrical plants, must be considered. Second, the proper size and production capability of an electrical plant to reduce water consumption merits analysis. In either case, a proper management of the resource could eliminate the need for imported water and allow for a more sustained production over a longer period of time.

The reliance upon imported water is a short-sighted and environmentally risky answer to geothermal reservoir depletion. Because of the scarcity of water throughout the western United States, perhaps such water resources could be better used, rather than simply injecting water into a geothermal reservoir to produce energy. The EIS should address the availability of local water sources for injection, whether such water sources are adequate to supply all competing needs and

uses of any projected water used for injection, and whether the imported water source is naturally replenished.

Aesthetics.

Will the depletion of water within the Rose Valley affect habitat and wetlands adjacent to U.S. Highway 395 and the Habitat Project at Little Lake? Will the permanent depletion of the underground water level adversely impact the surface flora and fauna? There should be a baseline study of the surface habitat and all wildlife which rely upon surface water and a functional ecosystem. This study should specifically cover the entirety of the LLR property.

The Rose Valley is essentially a high desert location used largely for recreational purposes. The construction of any manmade structures is particularly visible and detrimental to recreational uses. The cumulative impacts from these structures should be considered.

Agricultural Resources.

The lowering of the water table level in the Rose Valley will exacerbate the costs of all Rose Valley water well owners to pump water, and increase the cost to use available land for agricultural purposes. This needs to be studied.

LLR's Habitat Project includes the use and irrigation of farming plots to enhance wildlife cover and habitat. The ability of LLR to utilize its own property for agricultural or recreational uses is imperiled and needs to be addressed.

Do other agricultural uses or operations exist in Rose Valley? Are they dependent on the natural springs and underground water table for water?

Air Quality.

The loss of valuable wetlands at Little Lake, and perhaps even Little Lake itself as a body of water, could substantially exacerbate wind-raised dust from the Little Lake area. To the extent that the underground water table is lowered, will this have an adverse effect on the surface plants which rely upon the underground water for survival? Will this further contribute to windborne dust and pollution?

The proposed project is located within the Great Basin Unified Air District. The overall air quality is considered poor, principally as a result of wind erosion of the dry Owens lakebed. Will the proposed project reduce water availability to Little Lake, the downstream ponds, creeks and wetlands? Will this adversely impact the air quality of the Rose Valley? These impacts must be studied and evaluated as a potential significant impact.

Will the operation of the proposed project contribute to the non-attainment area for PM₁₀ particles? This aspect of the project must be studied and evaluated.

Biological Resources.

Any and all studies of the environmental impacts cannot be limited only to the locations of the physical boundaries of the proposed project or its access routes. The EIS must study all of the areas in and around the LLR property, and the Rose Valley in general, at least to the extent that the loss of water resources would imperil the habitat and vegetation. The permanent loss of water resources within the Rose Valley may have a profound impact upon many biological resources, including at least two endangered species, the Desert Tortoise and the Mojave Ground Squirrel ("MGS").

There are riparian habitats and sensitive natural communities within the LLR property, as well as numerous natural springs and artesian wells throughout the Rose Valley on which wildlife depend. Any decrease in the amount of underground water within the Rose Valley Basin or Little Lake could have a severe impact upon biological resources.

Should long-term baseline studies be prepared before the grant of any permit? These studies could include the actual availability of underground water in storage, historical water levels, recharged and consumption within the Rose Valley Basin, the existence of all wildlife resources, the existence and health of surface vegetation, plant life and habitat, surface flows at Little Lake and its surrounding ponds and creeks, catalog of all springs and artesian wells within Rose Valley, together with their outflows, identification of all water users and their consumption of water within the Rose Valley, current air quality conditions, cultural resources, soils and geology conditions, and the impacts upon such resources as a result of the water pumping project.

Cultural Resources.

BLM has added the Coso Hot Springs as an area of potential effect ("APE") as part of its consideration whether to grant a right-of-way to Coso for its project. A complete analysis of the effects of the proposed project on the Coso Hot Springs must be performed. Information contained in the various environmental studies from the Coso Project is insufficient.

Geology and Soils.

The EIS should examine the possibility of soil subsidence in Rose Valley as a result of the withdrawal of groundwater. Subsidence could occur with extensive long-term overdraft of the groundwater reservoir. This impact must be studied and evaluated. Moreover, the depletion of the underground water basin and surface flows can have a profound effect upon soil erosion, loss of topsoil, and the capability of the surface to sustain life.

Hazards and Hazardous Materials.

What are the impacts to the environment from the operation of the proposed projects? What types of hazardous substances may be generated by the proposed projects and how are they going to be treated or disposed of?

All energy-producing plants emit heat to the atmosphere and environment. This is a natural consequence of power production. Indeed, geothermal power plants emit considerably more heat per unit of energy produced than most power plants, including fossil fuel and nuclear. What are the environmental impacts from heat emissions?

Impacts on geologic resources and seismic issues must be evaluated. The high pressure injection of fluids directly into fault zones has been related to increases in seismic activities. High pressure injection of fluids from outside the geologic system is not the same as where geothermal fluids are withdrawn and then re-injected for a near zero net change, and would represent a much lower risk of increasing seismic activity. This conclusion ignores the dramatic loss of heated liquids from evaporation when WCTs are employed at the facility for cooling purposes. Indeed, if there is no source of make-up water from nearby surface waters or Water Basins, and a WCT system is used, then the GeoReservoir can be substantially depleted of water over time, actually increasing the possibility of seismic activity.

Subsidence can also occur when groundwater is pumped from underground aquifers at a rate exceeding the rate at which it is replenished. Since geothermal development includes re-injection of the geothermal fluids, it is assumed that the potential for subsidence is low. The EIS should address the dramatic loss of heated liquids from evaporation when WCTs are used, and there is a high portion of steam in the geofluids.

Hydrology and Water Quality.

A long-term test pumping should be performed to determine what the short-term, intermediate and long-term impacts from pumping may be. Most of the reports to date rely upon theoretic modeling of the underground basin in the Rose Valley. Prior to the issuance of any permit, should there be long-term pumping of the magnitudes proposed? Would it not be preferable to actually understand the basin dynamics before issuing a permit?

Possible impacts to underground water sources, typically consisting of known underground water basins or aquifers, must be studied. In most cases, the geothermal reservoir, containing heated water or steam, or both, (hereafter called herein "GeoReservoir") exists in the form of a water basin, but it is generally separate and distinct from underground water basins/aquifers ("Water Basins"), which are used by the overlying owners for drinking water, irrigation, domestic uses and other typical residential, agricultural, industrial and commercial uses. As such, there can be much confusion between the relationship of these separate resources. While there may be some

hydrological connection between the GeoReservoir and the Water Basins, the EIS should identify the distinction, and evaluate what impacts the use and consumption of the GeoReservoirs may have on the local Water Basins. Are there any connections? If so, what are the environmental impacts? If not, will the Water Basins be used for make-up water in the geothermal plant, and what impacts would this cause on the surrounding environment?

Depending upon the selected design of any geothermal facility, it may require imported water to reach sustainability. This is exactly the case in numerous geothermal facilities around the world. The EIS should consider as an environmental impact the exploitation of a GeoReservoir and the possible need for imported water to reach sustainability. What if the water sources are not readily available or may only lead to mounting environmental problems?

Many geothermal facilities rely upon water cooling towers ("WCTs") to cool working fluids in a binary plant or steam condensate in dry steam, single flash and double flash facilities. In so doing, a substantial portion of the steam (approximately 85% according to published sources) is lost to evaporation during the cooling process, thereby limiting the geofluids which could otherwise be injected.

The EIS should identify throughout the document the different type of fluids that are contained in a GeoReservoir. Numerous different terms are used interchangeably, but should not be. It is not correct to say that all fluids produced at a hypothetical geothermal facility are available for reinjection. Geofluids or fluids can be composed of both liquid and steam. While generally the liquids can be re-injected, that portion of the original geofluids which is steam, may not be re-injected, if the design of the facility uses WCT. Because 85% of the steam component is lost to evaporation in the WCT, a similar large amount of the original geofluids may NOT be available for re-injection. This confusion from the use of suspect terminology should be clarified.

The EIS should consider the environmental impacts from allowing WCTs when compared to systems relying upon air-cooled condensers ("ACCs"). The ACC systems would allow for 100% of the geofluids produced at a geothermal plant to be injected, because there are no evaporation losses of the original steam. By eliminating water loss through the WCTs, the geothermal resource can be better preserved, resulting in more sustainable production and minimizing impacts on available water sources.

If the WCT design facilities are evaluated, then the EIS needs to further consider and evaluate where the make-up water will originate and what impacts the use of such imported water will have on the region from which the make-up water is taken.

Particularly in arid areas, the importation of water from either surface water or surrounding Water Basins may have severe impacts upon the area from which the water is taken. Such water will no longer be available to preserve vegetation, natural habitats, riparian areas, and wetlands. Not only may the habitat suffer, but the wildlife which depends on such habitat may also be impacted.

The removal of water from the Rose Valley Basin may cause each and every property owner relying upon water wells to (a) increase the depth of their wells, (b) increase the capacity and efficiency of the wells, and/or (c) expend more energy to extract the depleted water supplies to the surface for reasonable use. Any drawdowns in the underground water levels may also cause the natural springs through the Rose Valley to go dry.

Land Use and Planning.

Studies of wildlife and existing habitat conditions are mandatory to determine whether the Project, if approved and implemented, may result in the elimination of viable wetlands, habitat and the like.

Noise.

The noise generated from the proposed project must be evaluated and considered. What are the noise levels and do they impact either the persons working at the project or the surrounding wildlife?

Utilities and Service Systems.

The disposal of wastewater and the emissions to the atmosphere from its cooling operations need to be studied carefully to determine whether they do present a hazard to the public or unacceptable levels of pollution.

Project Alternatives.

The EIS will also consider alternatives to the proposed Project. The full range of the alternatives should be studied. At a minimum, the following alternatives should be considered:

- 1. Identify whether current geothermal technology could be used to better enhance the operations and allow the more efficient use of water resources.
- 2. How much capacity is appropriate to avoid the depletion of the resource?
- 3. Would a lower level of electricity generation allow for the geothermal resources to be extended indefinitely?
- 4. What is the natural recharge of the geothermal fluids on an annual basis? Should the consumption of these fluids be balanced against the natural recharge?
- 5. Depending upon available technology and the identification of the geothermal resources, what is the best generating facility?

Bureau of Land Management

Attn: John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Coordinator

October 7, 2009

Page 9

- 6. Identify all potential alternate sources for water and describe the means by which such waters can be used at the geothermal facilities other than water from the Rose Valley underground aquifer.
- 7. Reclaimed effluent water flows from the Ridgecrest Treatment Plant, or other nearby facilities, which is already being done in other areas to preserve geothermal resources.
- 8. Water purchases from the City of Los Angeles Department of Water and Power ("DWP").
- 9. Reclamation of DWP's water losses from Haiwee Reservoir.
- 10. Use of surface or underground water from the Indian Wells water basin (while perhaps farther away, there may be fewer environmental impacts).
- 11. Construction of new water entrapment programs such as reservoirs to utilize available precipitation, snowmelt and rain waters.
- 12. Water purchases and deliveries from other sources?
- 13. Rather than relying solely upon water supplied by the Rose Valley, can a combination of one or more alternative sources of water be used to minimize the damage to the Rose Valley Basin?
- 14. What are the opportunities for conserving and recycling water?
- **15.** Is there some other gas, substance or fluid other than water which may be efficiently used to transfer the heat to the electrical generators?
- **16.** Are "best practices" being used to minimize and reduce water loss, allowing for greater reclamation of its geothermal fluids?
- 17. What type of geothermal generating plant is being considered to reduce damage to the environment and the use of scarce water resources?

Without a full consideration of alternative technologies, such as air-cooled mechanisms or other engineering designs to reduce the use of water and increase the amount of the geothermal fluids used for injection, the EIS cannot adequately study and comment upon appropriate and prudent steps to mitigate the depletion of water resources. The possible depletion of geothermal reservoirs, and any plans to import water from the surrounding surface and groundwater sources should be considered in all planning stages.

I am enclosing with this letter two (2) computer compact discs ("CDs") on which many of the letters and evidence we have submitted to the County and BLM have been copied. Attached is a list

Bureau of Land Management

Attn: John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Coordinator

October 7, 2009

Page 10

of the documents in the CDs. Each of the letters enclosed in the CDs raises substantial environmental issues in connection with the development of geothermal projects in and round Rose Valley. The CDs also contain letters presented to the County and BLM from numerous local conservation groups and individuals. While all of the letters and the related reference materials refer to the Coso Project, all of such materials are equally applicable to the Projects being studied by BLM. Accordingly, the ESI must fully evaluate the proposed environmental impacts from the Projects under consideration, including all of the evidence and comment letters contained in the enclosed CD(s).

Very truly yours,

ARNOLD, BLEUEL, LAROCHELLE,

MATHEWS & ZIRBEL, LLP

Gary D. Arnold

GDA:jw Enclosures

REFERENCES:

U.S. Geological Survey, Springs of California, by Gerald A. Waring, published in 1915.

Rockwell Report 1980: "Geology and Hydrology Technical Report on the Coso Geothermal Study Area" conducted by Rockwell International dated April, 1980.

The California Desert Conservation Area Plan 1980, as amended.

Environmental Impact Statement published in September, 1980 for the "Proposed Leasing within the Coso Known Geothermal Reservoir Area" (Parts 1-5).

Report entitled "The Recharge Area for the Coso, California, Geothermal System," by Robert O. Fournier and J.M. Thompson, 1980.

Environmental Assessment of the Proposed California Energy Company Plan of Exploration, Federal Lease CA-11402, Coso KGRA, dated December 5, 1985.

Draft Environmental Assessment/Environmental Impact Report For The California Energy Company Proposed Plans of Utilization, Development and Disposal, dated February 1988.

California Energy Commission Proposed Decision regarding China Lake Joint Venture's Navy 2 Geothermal Project, dated December, 1988.

United States Department of the Interior, Biological Opinion for the Proposed Desert Tortoise Habitat, dated December 3, 1992.

The judicial decision rendered by the California Supreme Court entitled "Laurel Heights Improvement Association of San Francisco, Inc. v. The Regents of the University of California" (1993) 6 Cal.4th 112.

The judicial decision rendered by the California Court of Appeal entitled "Stanislaus Natural Heritage Project v. County of Stanislaus" (1996) 49 Cal. App. 4th 727.

City of Barstow, et al. v. Mojave Water Agency, et al., filed on August 21, 2000.

Habitat Plan: Upper Little Lake Ranch, Inc. Habitat Restoration and Enhancement Project, dated October 14, 2000 (Current through April 20, 2001).

Habitat Plan Update: Upper Little Lake Ranch Habitat Restoration and Enhancement Project, dated November 30, 2000.

"Steady-State Deformation of the Coso Range, East-Central California, Inferred from Satellite Radar Interferometry," by Charles W. Wicks 2001.

Invo County General Plan-Goals, dated December, 2001.

Inyo County General Plan-Open Space Goals, dated December, 2001.

Inyo County General Plan-Public Safety, dated December, 2001.

Master's Thesis entitled "The Hydrogeology of Rose Valley, Little Lake Ranch, Inyo County, California," by Charles M. Bauer, dated April, 2002.

Draft Initial Study and Mitigated Negative Declaration prepared in conjunction with the Upper Little Lake Ranch Habitat Restoration and Enhancement Project, dated April 4, 2002.

Report prepared by the U.S. General Accounting Office in 2004 called "Information on the Navy's Geothermal Program."

Final Environmental Impact Report Baseline, Purposes and Objectives to Coso Project.

Final Environmental Impact Report for the Upper Little Lake Ranch Habitat Restoration and Enhancement Project, dated February 2004.

Coso Basin 6-55: Rose Valley Ground Basin as per California's Groundwater Bulletin 118 dated February 27, 2004.

Rose Basin 6-56: California's Groundwater Bulletin 118, February 27, 2004.

"Analysis of Causes of Hydrologic Changes at Coso Hot Springs," by Robert R. Curry, Ph.D., dated March, 2004, revised April 1, 2004.

SEC Annual Report, Form 10-K, for Caithness Coso Funding Corp., for fiscal year ending December 31, 2004.

Geothermal Annual Report, 2005.

Geologica, 2005: Appendices A, B (Tables B1 and B2), C (Table C1), D (Tables D1, D2 and D3), E (Table E1), F1 (4H4 Steam Flow), F2 (Devils Kitchen Steam Flow).

Biological Survey, Hay Ranch Water Extraction and Delivery System, prepared by Ultra Systems for Coso Operating Company, LLC, dated March, 2005.

Cultural Resources Inventory for the Hay Ranch Water Extraction and Delivery System, Coso Geothermal Project, Inyo County, California, dated May, 2005, prepared by ASM Affiliates, Inc. for Coso Operating Company, LLC.

Progress Report for Year Ending December 31, 2006: Creation of an Enhanced Geothermal System through Hydraulic and Thermal Stimulation, Peter Rose1, Principal Investigator; Open Meeting on Enhanced Geothermal System, Summary Report, Reno Nevada, September 26-27, 2002; Geothermal Today, U.S. Department of Energy, 2003 Geothermal Technologies Program Highlights.

Pollution Workplan 2008: Pollution Prevention Report and Two-Year Workplan for 2006-2008, California Environmental Protection Agency.

MIT Report: "The Future of Geothermal Energy, Impact of Enhanced Geothermal Systems (EGS) on the United States in the 21st Century," 2006.

Geothermal Sustainability 2006: Article in GRC Transactions, Vol. 30, 2006, by L. Rybach and M. Mongillo.

Annual Report of Geothermal, Oil & Gas, published by California Department of Oil, Gas and Geothermal 2006.

Report of the licenses held by Daniel Wilson Matthews from the website for the California Board of Geologists and Geophysicists.

Report of the licenses held by Varinder Singh Oberoi from the website for the California Board for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors.

Rose Valley Groundwater Model dated April 10, 2006, prepared for Coso Operating Company, LLC by Brown and Caldwell.

Hydrologic Analysis of the Coso Geothermal System: Non-Technical Summary dated April 26, 2006, prepared by Innovative Technical Solutions, Inc.

Final Draft Environmental Assessment, Hay Ranch Water Extraction and Delivery System, published in May, 2006, for Bureau of Land Management.

Coso Hot Springs Final Monitoring Report, dated August, 2006, prepared by Geologica.

Geologica, 2006: Appendices A, B (Tables B1 and B2), C (Table C1), D (Tables D1, D2 and D3-5), E and F.

Geologica, 2006: Figures 1-3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12-23, 24, 25, 26, 27.

Memorandum from the County of Inyo Water Department to the Inyo County Water Commission, dated September 29, 2006.

Inyo County Water Commission Meeting Minutes of October 5, 2006.

E-mail from Gary Arnold to Jan Larsen dated December 22, 2006 requesting that all notices involving the appeal filed by Little Lake Ranch, Inc. from the approval of the Planning Commission on the Coso Hay Ranch Project be sent to him.

The California Court of Appeal decision entitled "Communities for a Better Environment v. South Coast Air Quality Management Dist." (2007) 158 Cal. App. 4th 1336.

Letter dated January 31, 2007 from Gary Arnold to Inyo County Board of Supervisors.

Letter dated February 5, 2007 from Herb Simmons, P.E., of Provost & Pritchard to Inyo County Board of Supervisors.

Letter dated February 5, 2007 from Gary Arnold to Inyo County Board of Supervisors.

Coso-Little Lake Mitigation Measure, March 5, 2007.

The Owens Valley Committee article entitled "Desertification as usual: groundwater management under the Inyo-LA Long Term Water Agreement," dated March 6, 2007.

E-mail dated March 6, 2007 from Greg James to Gary Arnold regarding draft revised Mitigation Measure.

E-mail dated March 8, 2007 from Gary Arnold to Greg James regarding Mitigation Plan.

E-mail dated March 8, 2007 from Greg James to Gary Arnold regarding Coso Mitigation Measure.

Memorandum dated March 8, 2007 from Greg James to Gary Arnold regarding revised mitigation.

California Environmental Law Reporter article dated March, 2008, entitled "The Recent Re-Emergence of CEQA's Substantive Mandate," by Douglas P. Carstens and Arthur Pugsley.

Redlined Mitigation Measures, March 8, 2007 (Coso).

CUP Conditions, March 28, 2007.

E-mail from Gary Arnold to Randy Keller dated April 3, 2007 regarding Mitigation Plan.

Letter dated April 17, 2007 from Gary Arnold to Inyo County Board of Supervisors.

Letter dated April 23, 2007 from Gary Arnold to Inyo County Board of Supervisors.

Coso Hot Springs Monitoring Report, 2005-2006, Naval Air Weapons Station, Geothermal Program Office, China Lake, CA, dated May, 2007.

Coso Hot Springs Monitoring Report, 2005-2006, Naval Air Weapons Station, Geothermal Program Office, China Lake, CA, dated May, 2007 (Figures 1-27).

Memorandum dated June 14, 2007 from Gary Arnold to Randy Keller regarding settlement.

Letter dated July 20, 2007 from Gary Arnold to Hector Villalobos, Bureau of Land Management.

E-mail from Jan Larsen to Laurie McClenahan Hietter of MHA dated September 26, 2007.

Letter dated October 22, 2007 from Gary Arnold to Inyo County Planning Department.

Letter dated October 22, 2007 from the Native American Heritage Commission to Inyo County Planning Department.

Meeting notes from meeting dated October 22, 2007 among Inyo County staff and the EIR consultant, MHA/RMT.

Letter dated October 29, 2007 from California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Lahontan Region, to Inyo County Planning Department.

Memorandum dated October 29, 2007 from Geologica to Inyo County Planning Department discussing the proposed pumping tests.

Letter dated October 30, 2007 from Mike Prather, former Chairman of the Owens Valley Committee received by Inyo County Planning Department.

Letter dated November 1, 2007 from Los Angeles Department of Water and Power to Inyo County Water Department.

Letter dated November 2, 2007 from Carla Scheidlinger, President of Owens Valley Committee, to Inyo County Planning Department.

Letter dated November 6, 2007 from Bishop Tribal Counsel to Inyo County Planning Department.

E-mail dated November 9, 2007 between Steven Bjornstad with U.S. Navy and Chrissy Spanoghe, a consultant with MHA, or its parent RMT, regarding Hay Ranch: Access to Coso Hot Springs.

A letter from MHA to the Inyo County Planning Department dated November 29, 2007.

California Court of Appeal decision entitled "Save Round Valley Alliance v. County of Inyo," filed December 17, 2007.

Coso Reservoir Model 12-20-07: A document apparently received by Inyo County Planning Department from Coso on December 20, 2007, and contained in the Inyo County Planning Department files.

Draft memo apparently received by the ICPD on December 20, 2007, and contained in the Inyo County Planning Department files.

Fitch Ratings, Coso Geothermal Power Holdings, LLC, dated December 21, 2007.

Annual Report of Geothermal, Oil & Gas, published by California Department of Oil, Gas and Geothermal 2008.

"Geothermal Power Plants: Principles, Applications, Case Studies and Environmental Impact," Second Edition, copyright 2008 Elsevier, Ltd., by Ronald DiPippo, Ph.D.

E-mail from Sean Haggerty of BLM to Kermit Witherbee, dated February 27, 2008.

Copy of an agenda for a conference call, with a fax date stamp on the agenda of April 30, 2008 contained in the Inyo County Planning Department files.

Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement for Geothermal Leasing in the Western United States prepared by Bureau of Land Management and the United States Forest Service, May, 2008.

CSLC Permit Extension 5-1-08: Extension of the Deep Rose Geothermal Exploration Permit issued by the California State Lands Commission, effective May 1, 2008.

Article appearing in Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia, entitled Cooling Towers dated June 20, 2008.

Letter dated June 20, 2008 from Gary Arnold to Geothermal PEIS.

Letter dated June 30, 2008 from Gary Arnold to Geothermal PEIS.

Memorandum dated August 13, 2008 from Andrew Zdon, P.G., C.E.G., C.Hg., associated with Golden State Environmental, Inc., regarding preliminary comments concerning Coso Operating Company Hay Ranch Water Extraction and Delivery System, Draft Environmental Impact Report.

Curriculum Vitae of Andrew Zdon, P.G., C.E.G., C.Hg.

Curriculum Vitae of Ronald DiPippo, Ph.D.

Letter dated August 14, 2008 to the Inyo County Planning Department from Ronald DiPippo, Ph.D.

Inyo County Coso/Hay Ranch DEIR comments by Ronald DiPippo, Ph.D., dated August 14, 2008.

Letter dated August 22, 2008 from Gary Arnold to Tanda Gretz, Inyo County Planning Department.

Letter from Ducks Unlimited, dated August 29, 2008, to the Inyo County Planning Department.

Memorandum dated September 2, 2008 from Andrew Zdon, P.G., C.E.G., C.Hg., associated with Golden State Environmental, Inc., regarding comments concerning Coso Operating Company Hay Ranch Water Extraction and Delivery System, Draft Environmental Impact Report

Letter dated September 3, 2008 from Gary Arnold to Tanda Gretz, Inyo County Planning Department.

Coso Operating Company Hay Ranch Water Extraction and Delivery System Final EIR dated December, 2008 (coversheet).

Coso Operating Company Hay Ranch Water Extraction and Delivery System Final EIR (Table of Contents).

Coso Operating Company Hay Ranch Water Extraction and Delivery System Final EIR (Chapter 1).

Coso Operating Company Hay Ranch Water Extraction and Delivery System Final EIR (Chapter 2).

Coso Operating Company Hay Ranch Water Extraction and Delivery System Final EIR (Chapter 3).

E-mail from Charles Harris to Gary Arnold, dated September 2, 2008.

Memorandum from Andrew Zdon, P.G., C.E.G., C.Hg., associated with Golden State Environmental, Inc., to Gary Arnold and Walt Puchucki dated September 2, 2008.

Coso Operating Company Hay Ranch Water Extraction and Delivery System Final EIR (Appendix 1).

Fitch Ratings press release dated October 22, 2008, entitled "Fitch Affirms Coso Geothermal Power Holdings, LLC at 'BBB'; Outlook Stable."

Letter dated January 7, 2009 from Gary Arnold to Inyo County Water Commission.

Letter dated January 8, 2009 from Gary Arnold to Inyo County Water Commission.

Memorandum dated January 9, 2009 from Andrew Zdon, P.G., C.E.G., C.Hg., associated with Golden State Environmental, Inc., regarding comments concerning Coso Operating Company Hay Ranch Water Extraction and Delivery System, Draft Environmental Impact Report

Memorandum dated January 14, 2009 from Andrew Zdon, P.G., C.E.G., C.Hg., associated with Golden State Environmental, Inc., regarding comments concerning Coso Operating Company Hay Ranch Water Extraction and Delivery System, Meeting Comments.

Letter dated January 15, 2009 from Gary Arnold to Inyo County Water Commission.

Letter dated January 22, 2009 from Gary Arnold to Inyo County Water Commission.

Memorandum dated January 22, 2009 from Gary Arnold to Inyo County Water Commission regarding FEIR quotes and replies.

Letter dated January 22, 2009 from Daniel Pritchett to Inyo County Water Commission.

Memorandum dated January 28, 2009 from Inyo County Water Commission to Inyo County Planning Commission regarding recommendations concerning Coso Water Project.

Letter dated January 29, 2009 from Andrew Zdon, P.G., C.E.G., C.Hg., associated with The Source Group, Inc., regarding Supplemental Comments, Hay Ranch Extraction Project.

Air-Cooled Geothermal Power Plants prepared by Ronald DiPippo, Ph.D., dated February, 2009.

Letter dated February 9, 2009 from Gary Arnold to Inyo County Planning Commission.

Letter dated February 20, 2009 from Rex Allen to Inyo County Planning Commission.

Letter dated March 4, 2009 from President, Bristlecone Chapter, California Native Plant Society.

Letter dated March 4, 2009 from Gary Arnold to Inyo County Planning Department.

Inserts to letter dated March 4, 2009 from Gary Arnold to Inyo County Planning Department.

Letter dated March 4, 2009 to Randy H. Keller, Assistant County Counsel, from Gary Arnold.

Letter dated March 5, 2009 from Andrew Zdon, P.G., C.E.G., C.Hg., associated with The Source Group, Inc., regarding Supplemental Comments on Inyo County Staff Recommendation to Planning Commission, Hay Ranch Water Extraction Project.

Letter dated March 8, 2009 from Sara J. Manning, Ph.D. to Inyo County Planning Commission.

Letter dated March 9, 2009 from Gregory S. Yarris, California Waterfowl, to Inyo County Planning Commission.

Report on Power Engineers by Ronald DiPippo, Ph.D., dated March 16, 2009.

Letter dated March 20, 2009 to Randy H. Keller, Assistant County Counsel, from Gary Arnold.

Letter dated April 10, 2009 from Gary Arnold to Inyo County Board of Supervisors regarding Coso Water Project.

The News Review Article dated April 10, 2009, written by Carl Fulton, Austin, Ph.D., entitled "Care and feeding of a geothermal reservoir," and curriculum vitae.

Associated Press article dated April 18, 2009, "Desert clash in West over solar potential, water."

Letter dated April 30, 2009 from Gary Arnold to Inyo County Board of Supervisors regarding Coso Water Project.

Letter dated May 4, 2009 from California Waterfowl to Inyo County Board of Supervisors.

Letter dated May 5, 2009 from Sara J. Manning, Ph.D. to Inyo County Board of Supervisors.

Approved Mojave Ground Squirrel Mitigation Plan.

Curriculum Vitae of Jill R. Haizlip, M.S. according to the public website for Geologica, Inc.

Curriculum Vitae of Brian F. Aubry, R.G., C.E.G., C.Hg.

Coso Geothermal Study Area Map.

Article entitled "Owens Valley, California, Plant Ecology: Effects from Export Groundwater Pumping and Measures to Conserve the Local Environment," by David P. Groeneveld, Inyo County Water Department.

A pictorial and narrative history of Little Lake Ranch, including its creation, predecessors and significant events, by Richard H. Nueman, M.D.

A report by Jim Pearson, Ph.D. of the historical events in and around Little Lake.

Curriculum Vitae of Jim Pearson, Ph.D.

Brief description of locations and uses of water well on the Little Lake Ranch property.

Chamber Report of Commerce report of largest employers in Ridgecrest.

— ARNOLD BLEUEL — LAROCHELLE MATHEWS &

= ZIRBEL LLP =

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

GARY D. ARNOLD
BARTLEY S. BLEUEL'
DENNIS LAROCHELLE
JOHN M. MATHEWS
MARK A. ZIRBEL
KENDALL A. VAN CONAS'
SUSAN L MCCARTHY
AMBER A. EISENBREY
STUART G. NIFELSON
ROBERT S. KRIMMER

300 ESPLANADE DRIVE, SUITE 2100 OXNARD, CALIFORNIA 93036 TELEPHONE: 805.988.9886 FAX: 805.988.1937 www.atozlaw.com

Writer's e-mail

OF COUNSEL MATTHEW P. GUASCO

September 30, 2009

John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Coordinator Bureau of Land Management California Desert District Office 22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos Marino Valley, CA 92553

Re: Haiwee Geothermal Projects

Dear Mr. Dalton:

Please accept this letter as my request on behalf of Little Lake Ranch, Inc. ("LLR") to receive written notice of any hearings, actions, decisions, meetings, studies, applications or procedures concerning and relating to the pending geothermal exploration and development projects located within the Haiwee area near Ridgecrest and Inyo County, California ("Project"). LLR owns approximately 1,200 acres southwest of the proposed Project, including Little Lake and the riparian areas adjacent thereto. To the extent that the Project contemplates the use of water pumped from the Rose Valley in which LLR is also located, the Project could have severe impacts upon LLR.

I am enclosing a copy of a letter I am directing to BLM in Ridgecrest asking for the production of public records in connection with the Project. I am not sure if such request should be directed to you or the Ridgecrest Office. Please advise. Thank you for your attention to the foregoing.

Very truly yours,

ARNOLD, BLEUEL, LAROCHELLE,

MATHEWS & ZIRBEL, LLP

Gary D. Arnold

GDA:jw Enclosure

cc: Little Lake Ranch Hector Villalobos

— ARNOLD BLEUEL — Larochelle Mathews &

= ZIRBEL LLP ===

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

GARY D. ARNOLD
BARTLEY S. BLEUEL*
DENNIS LAROCHELLE
JOHN M. MATHEWS
MARK A. ZIRBEL
KENDALL A. VAN CONAS*
SUSAN I. MCCARTHY
AMBER A. EISENBREY
STUART G. NIELSON
ROBERT S. KRIMMER

300 ESPLANADE DRIVE, SUITE 2100 OXNARD, CALIFORNIA 93036 TELEPHONE: 805.988.9886 FAX: 805.988.1937 www.atozlaw.com

OF COUNSEL MATTHEW P. GUASCO

> Writer's e-mail garnold@atozlaw.com

September 30, 2009

U.S. Department of Interior Bureau of Land Management Attn: Custodian of Records 300 S. Richmond Road Ridgecrest, CA 93555

RE:

PUBLIC RECORDS REQUEST

To: Custodian of Records

Please provide to the undersigned any and all records and other public documents relating to the pending geothermal exploration and development projects located within the Haiwee area near Ridgecrest and Inyo County, California ("Project"). Such requested records include all documents related to the Project, including, but not limited to, any and all reports, studies, notices, applications, correspondence, memorandums, e-mails, notes during environmental documents, initial studies, permits, licenses, approvals and other writing involving or concerning the Project.

This request is made pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act, U.S.C. §552. Authorized fees will be paid to you pursuant to an itemized invoice. I am sending a duplicate copy of this letter to John Dalton, who is the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Coordinator for the Project.

Please contact the undersigned should you have any questions or require any additional information.

Very truly yours,

ARNOLD, BLEUEL, LAROCHELLE,

MATHEWS & ZIRBEL, LLP

Gary D. Arnold

GDA:jw

cc: John Dalton

Little Lake Ranch

Little Lake\BLM\BLM Ltr-Records



BIG PINE PAIUTE TRIBE OF THE OWENS VALLEY

Big Pine Indian Reservation

November 19, 2009

John Dalton Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Coordinator BLM California Desert District Office 22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos Moreno Valley, CA 92553

Dear Mr. Dalton,

Subject: Comments on Proposed Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area

The Big Pine Paiute Tribe of the Owens Valley (Tribe), a federally recognized Tribe, thanks you for the opportunity to submit comments during this scoping phase for the proposed leasing of BLM land in Rose Valley for geothermal exploration and development.

Proposed Project

The Proposed Action is: Amend the California Desert Conservation Area (CDCA) Plan to either open or close the 22,000 acre Haiwee Geothermal Lease Area (HGLA) to geothermal exploration, development and utilization. The CDCA Plan was completed in 1980, but has been amended several times since then. The plan recognizes prime areas for geothermal as being in Imperial County and in the Coso Known Geothermal Resource Area (KGRA). It is unclear from the maps and materials that have been presented if the HGLA overlaps with the Coso KGRA, but the fact that the CDCA Plan would require amendment suggests minimal to no overlap. The EIS should disclose the reason for not considering the HGLA previously and for not including it with the Coso KGRA. All previous management designations assigned for the Rose Valley area according to the CDCA will require critical scrutiny in this environmental review.

The CDCA Plan defines a Native American Element, and with regard to this element, the goals were to remain consistent with governing policies and:

- 1) Identify Native American values through regular contact and consultation with Tribal entities and/or individuals,
- 2) give full consideration to native American values in land use planning and management decisions [italics added for emphasis], and
- 3) protect and manage Native American values wherever prudent and feasible. The CDCA Plan acknowledges -- and we concur -- that impacts affecting Native American values are not amenable to mitigation, because these impacts typically involve desecration or sacrilegious treatment of spiritually important sites.

Tribal Consultation Process

The Tribe is very concerned about the recent lack of timely notification about projects on which BLM has been the lead agency. BLM has initiated environmental review on a number of proposals to develop or consider development of renewable energy throughout the southwest region, and the Tribe has received notices either late in the process or not at all. We respectfully request initiation of the Consultation process before or no later than the start of the public Scoping process. Doing so should ensure both parties comply with the provisions and responsibilities of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

Concerning this project in particular, we did not receive notification until the Scoping period was well underway, and although there were meetings scheduled for the nearby communities of Lone Pine and Bishop, we were notified less than one week before these scheduled meetings. BLM had initially informed us that the deadline for comments was October 16. Near that date, the deadline was changed to November 9. Subsequently, the Tribe was invited to submit comments with regard to the Consultation process no later than November 20. It's still not clear to us why there are two due dates, but by phone on November 6, you advised we could submit one comprehensive set of comments by November 20.

Prehistoric and Native American Resources/Need for Cultural Inventory

When BLM and its archaeological consultants survey for cultural resources for this EIS, we request that a Native American Monitor be present.

Geothermal Energy: A Tradeoff

The Tribe in concept favors efforts to reduce dependence on fossil fuels and employ cleaner alternatives when feasible. However, we believe that, for many situations energy conservation measures may serve to reduce both reliance on foreign energy sources and greenhouse gas emissions, thereby precluding the need to increase power generating capacity. All energy development involves tradeoffs; thus we urge BLM to carefully examine those tradeoffs when deciding whether to open the Haiwee area for geothermal exploration and possible development. Geothermal plants typically do emit some of earth's sequestered carbon dioxide into the atmosphere, and geothermal sources do not last forever. The true renewability of earth's heat is not well understood. New power plants require transmission lines, and they establish their own footprint with procurement and waste streams. Power plant operators typically discourage or prohibit access to their facilities, and denial of access may conflict with a Native American value. Finally, geothermal energy production involves water, and water in our desert area is precious. Extraction of water from this arid region could alter a spring and kill or diminish the life forms that depend on that water, and the loss of such habitats is permanent. Therefore, we urge the BLM to constantly assess the tradeoffs. For example, is providing energy for streetlights in a shopping center a good reason to threaten a spring?

Review of Record for Coso Hay Ranch Project

The Tribe raised serious concerns over the proposal by Coso Operating Company to pump relatively large amounts of water from Rose Valley and pipe it to their power generating facility located within the China Lake Naval Air Weapons Station. The project was generally opposed not only by tribes, but also by local land owners (such as the owners of Little Lake Ranch), environmental groups, the Inyo County Water commission, and the Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (LADWP). We recommend BLM review the BLM EIS, the

Inyo County EIR, and all concerns raised about the Hay Ranch project. It should be noted, for example, that pumping at Coso Hay Ranch could seriously impact water availability in the aquifer beneath Rose Valley. Also, LADWP has announced plans to pump water for export from the Rose Valley aquifer. Such ongoing and anticipated activities could seriously confound geothermal development in the vicinity. The voluminous information generated as a result of the Hay Ranch proposal can benefit BLM with regard to assessing impacts to the HGLA, but it may also show that further development in the region will not be feasible.

Thorough Inventory/ Cumulative Effects

The NEPA process must involve thorough inventory and characterization of wetlands (all springs and seeps) and regional hydrology, vegetation, wildlife, rare plant and animal species, geology, aesthetic/scenic values, recreation, and dust generation. Because other large-scale operations occur in the vicinity (LADWP operations, Owens Lake dust mitigation, pumping for export by Coso Hay Ranch, livestock grazing, and others), BLM must analyze each environmental element in terms of cumulative effects imposed by a new project.

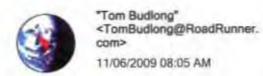
Final Comments

If BLM decides to allow leasing for geothermal exploration and development, there will be impacts. We understand further environmental review will occur prior to building power plants. Regardless, tradeoffs need to be carefully examined. Priorities should be to avoid any impacts to Native American values, as well as to avoid as many adverse environmental impacts as possible. Secondly, resource impacts should be minimized if they are deemed necessary and steps should be taken as soon as possible to restore areas. Mitigation plans should be in place to compensate for the lost resources, goods, services, and values. The Tribe recommends a fund for mitigation be established for each developed site and that considerable thought be given to the real cost of mitigating long-term and currently unquantifiable impacts such development will cause. Finally, before geothermal is implemented, BLM should perform a thorough evaluation of royalties.

Sincerely,

Virgil Moose

Tribal Chairperson



To <John_Dalton@ca.blm.gov>

CC

bcc

Subject Haiwee

John,

Attached, comments on the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing.

I'm also mailing a copy.

Regards,

Tom Budlong

W

Comments on Haiwee Geothernal doc

Tom Budlong 3216 Mandeville Los Angeles, CA 90049

Friday, November 6, 2009

John Dalton Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Bureau of Land Management, CDD 22835 Calle San Juan de los Lagos Moreno Valley, CA 92553

By email to John Dalton a ca.blm.gov By Certified Mail, Article No. 7008 2810 0000 5936 1316

Dear Mr. Dalton.

I attended the Scoping Meeting at the Kerr McGee Center in Ridgecrest on October 15, 2009 for possible leasing in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area. The Fact Sheet handed out at the meeting states BLM must make two decisions:

- Whether to approve three noncompetitive lease applications for approximately 4500 acres of BLM lands in the leasing area. [The lessee, as explained at the meeting, is Deep Rose.]
- Whether to offer competitive leases in the leasing area.

This letter is in response to requests for comments.

- 1) On Nov. 4, I talked with Sean Hagerty who explained the rights associated with leasing: As mentioned in the Sep 11, 2009 Federal Register notice, areas leased under the process that includes this EIS have rights to three "phases" -- exploration, development and utilization. The BLM can lease without these rights by including a "No Surface Occupancy" stipulation in the lease. Without the 'No Surface Occupancy" in the lease, the BLM cannot deny development after exploration without risking potentially substantial liability. Mr. Hagerty also explained that the BLM can, however, require development be located somewhere on the lease that is not the lessee's choice.
 - Thus, the EIS must do enough analysis to identify all locations in the lease area that would be acceptable for exploration, development and utilization, locations which would not be acceptable exploration, development and utilization, and locations which could be leased under No Surface Occupancy. I presume the BLM could also remove some areas from all consideration in favor of analyzing them in the future, to reduce the immediate analysis burden.
 - Presenters at the meeting stated that for analysis purposes the production facility would be assumed to be 2 ea 30MW plants. The EIS should analyze this configuration. If it is anticipated that lessees would prefer other configurations, those configurations should also be analyzed. The EIS should not allow leasing for configurations not analyzed.
- 2) With respect to the Deep Rose noncompetitive leases:

There is a reasonable question about the financial and technical capability of the Deep Rose venture:

- The applicant, Deep Rose, is proposing drilling to 18-20,000 feet. This is on the order of twice
 the depth of the nearby Coso Geothermal facility. This was discussed at the meeting. Deep Rose
 has a leasing permit for the State section 16, within the leasing area boundary, and this depth has
 been their intention there.
- · This is abnormally deep for geothermal facilities.
- Drilling to this depth is extraordinarily expensive. In analyzing the economic risk, the EIS should describe and analyze the financial strength of Deep Rose to determine its adequacy.

- Coso Geothermal, with a proven track record and presumably with extensive knowledge of the
 resource, has not shown interest in this depth. This pre-drilling exploration is considered prodent
 when considering geothermal energy extraction, to avoid unnecessary drilling expense and
 unnecessary degradation of environmental values.
 - Deep Rose has no geothermal technical, exploration or development experience.
 - It is apparent that Deep Rose has not demonstrated or indicated it has performed systematic predrilling exploration.

The Deep Rose exploration should be considered experimental and speculative:

- · It is outside normal experience for geothermal energy extraction.
- Deep Rose does not have geothermal development experience.
- . Normal exploration prior to drilling apparently has not been done

To avoid unnecessary disturbance and degradation of public land for such a project the EIS should require that Deep Rose perform prudent pre-drilling exploration common to professional geothermal projects.

The EIS should carefully and realistically review the pre-drilling exploration data to ensure:

- that the probability of completion of the Deep Rose exploration warrants approving the
 exploration.
- that the probability of discovering an economic resource if the exploration is completed warrants
 exploration.

Coso Geothermal recently was permitted to use aquifer water for wet cooling to restore production at their facility, instead of converting to dry cooling. The documents leading to this permit include expert opinions with two opposing views. One (Coso Geothermal) concluded that conversion to dry cooling would be impractical. The other (Ronald DiPippo) concluded the opposite. This emphasizes that geothermal design is not a simple science, and that a single feasibility opinion is insufficient. Because of the experimental nature of the project and the complexity of the science and engineering, the EIS process should consult with more than one expert in the field, and include all opinions. The BLM should strongly consider creating a panel of expert geothermal consultants whose members could work together to examine the technical aspects of the project to arrive at consensus, or document lack of consensus.

3) The EIS should describe:

- The source and projected amount of water to support the three phases exploration, development and utilization.
- The source of water and projected usage rate of possible plant designs for cooling, for production
 and injection well losses, for losses from other related activities, and for parasitic requirements.
 Of particular concern is the cooling method, wet, dry or hybrid, projected for a production plant,
 and whether a plant would expect to draw on aquifer water.

These concerns arise from concerns of ground water extraction by the existing Coso Geothermal operations. The cumulative impact of extraction by Coso Geothermal, Deep Rose, and additional lessees that would be allowed must be analyzed.

- 4) The EIS should analyze the amount of geothermal related activity the lease area could support.
- The EIS should describe reclamation on completion of the three phases exploration, production and utilization. This should include
 - Extent to which the property must be returned to undisturbed condition.
 - The time allowed for the phases. These periods cannot be open-ended, since that provides a path to delay restoration.
 - The time allowed for reclamation after a phase is completed or its time has expired.

- · Reclamation bond amounts and conditions
- 6) The Federal Register Notice of Sep 11, 2009 lists issues identified thus far, and are included here by reference to the notice. These are:
 - · Native American concerns
 - · Land use conflicts, including recreation
 - Cumulative impacts considering existing, proposed and potential geothermal projects in the area.
 (These should include other projects besides geothermal, and not be limited to the boundaries of the leasing area.)
 - · Potential impacts on:
 - Cultural resources. At the meeting, Don Storm, the BLM archaeologist, described very sensitive prehistoric resources in the area, and some historic resources.
 - Wildlife. This should include animals and insects.
 - · Surface water
 - Geology, including the potential for subsidence and for triggering earthquakes.
 - · Effect on Coso Geothermal.
 - Vegetation
 - · Air quality
 - Transportation

- Social and economic issues
- Visual resources. This includes California Watchable Wildlife's Little Lake Overlook.
- Ground water (See earlier comments in this letter).
- · Mining.
- Effect on surface expressions of this geothermal resource.
- T & E species
- · Noise
- · Human health and safety
- 7) The EIS should analyze effects on greenhouse gasses and global warming.
- 8) The EIS should analyze the ability and capacity for BLM to manage and monitor the activity without impacting its other responsibilities.
- 9) Native Americans

Native American tribes should be actively solicited for comments. Due to potential cultural differences, this should include active solicitation involving personal contact (phone and face-to-face) encouraging participation, as well as formal notices by mail, email and other methods. My understanding is that this area is generally the intersection of the territory of more than one tribe. An archaeologist should be consulted to determine the tribe or tribes of interest, and an archaeologist should be involved in collecting and analyzing comments, again due to cultural differences.

Sincerely.

Tom Budlong 310-476-1731 Voice 310-471-7531 Fax TomBudlong@RoadRunner.com

California Native Plant Society

Bristlecone Chapter P.O. Box 364 Bishop, CA 93515

October 13, 2009

John Dalton Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Coordinator 22835 Calle San Juan de Los Lagos Moreno Valley,CA 92553

Re: Proposed Geothermal Project in Haiwee Area (re: News Release No. CA-CDD-09-69)

"Here is an inconvenient truth about renewable energy: It can sometimes demand a huge amount of water." New York Times, September 30, 2009

Dear Mr. Dalton:

I wish to list some concerns of The Bristlecone Chapter of the California Native Plant Society regarding additional development of geothermal resources in Inyo County. Neither the chapter nor the state organization are opposed to "renewable" energy development, provided such projects are truly renewable and do not have significant direct or indirect effects on critical habitats or rare species of plants in California. Geothermal plants tend to have a small footprint and potentially adverse direct effects should be avoidable with proper citing of facilities. We are more concerned about the indirect effects, which generally involve non-renewable, consumptive uses of water leading to the degradation of wetland habitats. There is increasing national awareness and concern over inappropriate water use in "renewable" energy projects, as evidenced by the recent article in the *New York Times*, cited above.

The existing Coso Geothermal Plant is an excellent example of the problem. The methods of operation this plant, which involve wet-cooling towers, have resulted in a serious depletion of the geothermal fluids resulting in a decline in the production of electrical power. Inyo County recently approved export of the entire annual recharge of the Rose Valley aquifer to restore the capacity of the plant. According to the EIR for the water export, this level of water diversion will destroy significant wetland habitat for plants and animals in the vicinity of Little Lake, unless the "Hydrological Monitoring and Mitigation Plan" (HMMP) is fully and faithfully implemented by both Coso Operating Company and Inyo County. Implementation of the HMMP is not assured, however. As far as I know, the need for water extraction and export was never addressed in the original environmental assessment of the Coso Geothermal Plant. CNPS believes that it is crucial that we apply lessons from the past to any future geothermal projects.

Specifically,

- Applicants for any new geothermal projects in the Haiwee-Coso area should be required to explicitly address in the EIR whether or not their projects will deplete the geothermal resource through their cooling systems, and whether injection of surface water or groundwater will be required over the life of the proposed project. If applicants state that appropriation of water resources will not be part of the project, that condition should be incorporated into the terms of the lease or license.
- If applicants state that appropriation of surface waters or groundwater either will or may become necessary, then the EIR for the project should specifically address (a) the source of the appropriated water, and (b) all impacts associated with such water appropriation, including potential impacts on all wetland habitats maintained by the appropriated water source. Analysis of such impacts should include detailed biological surveys of the affected wetland habitats—this was never done in the case of the Coso Geothermal Company's water exportation project.

In evaluating applications for new geothermal projects in the Haiwee-Coso area, please keep in mind that the entire annual recharge of the Rose Valley aquifer has already been appropriated by the Coso Operating Company, with the approval of Inyo County. Additional water from Rose Valley can therefore only come from groundwater mining, which will accelerate the degradation of wetlands in the area.

Sincerely,

Steven P. McLaughlin,

President, Bristlecone Chapter, CNPS

Steve & Mc Laughe

Cc: Greg Suba, Conservation Program Director, CNPS



VIA U.S. MAIL AND ELECTRONIC MAIL

November 9, 2009

Bureau of Land Management California Desert District Office 22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos Moreno Valley, CA 92553 John_Dalton@ca.blm.gov

Attn: John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Coordinator

Re: Notice of Intent To Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Leasing of National System of Public Lands for Geothermal Resource Development in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Located in Inyo County, CA and To Amend the California Desert Conservation Area Plan of 1980

Dear Mr. Dalton

The Center for Biological Diversity ("Center") is a non-profit environmental organization dedicated to the protection of native species and their habitats through science, policy, and environmental law. The Center has over 40,000 members throughout California and the western United States, including members that live and/or visit the vicinity of the proposed Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area. These scoping comments are submitted on behalf of our board, staff and members.

The development of renewable energy generation and adequate transmission capacity for that renewable energy is a critical component of efforts to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, avoid the worst consequences of global warming, and to assist California in meeting emission reductions standards. The Center strongly supports the development of renewable energy production, and supports the generation of electricity from geothermal power, in particular, and truly necessary transmission upgrades to support that power production. However, like any project, proposed geothermal power projects must be thoughtfully planned to minimize impacts to the environment. In particular, renewable energy projects should avoid impacts to sensitive species and habitats to the greatest extent possible through careful siting, planning, and design. Only by maintaining the highest environmental standards with regard to local impacts, and effects on species and habitats, can renewable energy production be truly sustainable.

The DEIS must include a hard look at impacts to all imperiled species in this area including direct, indirect and cumulative impacts across the species' range. Of particular concern are impact to the Mojave ground squirrel and the conservation area set aside for its

Arizona • California • Nevada • New Mexico • Alaska • Oregon • Montana • Illinois • Minnesota • Vermont • Washington, DC

Lisa T. Belenky ·Senior Attorney · 351 California St., Suite 600 ·San Francisco, CA 94104 tel: (415) 436.9682 ext. 307 fax: (415) 436.9683 lbelenky@biologicaldiversity.org www.BiologicalDiversity.org

recovery which the proposed project directly impacts. Wildlife habitat through out this area of the California desert is becoming increasingly fragmented and subject to multiple development pressures. As a result, the cumulative analysis must be particularly robust in order to ensure both the survival and recovery of imperiled species.

Of particular concern in this area as well is the water use associated with geothermal energy production. Water is a precious and increasingly scarce resource in California and throughout the southwest. The impacts from water withdrawals in arid environments are well known and can include impacts to surface waters, springs, and seeps that are critical to many desert species from fish to bighorn sheep to rare plants. BLM should ensure that all federal reserved water rights essential to the protection of rare, imperiled and listed species, are fully protected on these and nearby public lands that may be affected by water use in the proposed geothermal leasing area. Specifically, the BLM must protect all water sources needed to ensure species and habitats survive and recover on our public lands.

Antropogenic global climate change has already altered the hydrology of montane regions. In the western United States, the following trends have been observed over the past century: an earlier streamflow by one to four weeks due to early snowmelt, a decrease in the percentage of precipitation that falls as snow, a decrease in mountain snow-water equivalent, increased frequency of heavy precipitation events as well as increased frequency of periods of drought, and a decrease in the duration and extent of snow cover. (IPCC, 2008). On average, early spring snowpack in the Sierra Nevada has decreased by 10% (1.5 million acre-feet). (DWR 2008). Studies project that extreme precipitation events during the winter will increase in the Sierra Nevada by 10-20% by 2040-2060. (Leung et al. 2004). Furthermore, by 2050, the Sierra Nevada snowpack is projected to decrease 25%-40% from its historic average. (DWR, 2008). Longer dry periods will be interspersed with heavy precipitation events, and droughts will increase in frequency.

Climate modeling also indicates that on average, California will experience higher temperatures in all seasons. (IPCC, 2008, Chung et al. 2009 (at page 8, Table 2). Warming temperatures will cause a shift to more winter precipitation from snow to rain, reducing snowpack and leading to shifts in the timing of runoff as well as decreased spring and summer runoff. (Chung et al. 2009 (page 4, 26); Kapnick and Hall, 2009). These changes will also have a profound impact on water availability in the project area.

As a result, in considering the proposed geothermal leasing area the BLM must fully identify and analyze both the potential water needs of the foreseeable geothermal development and the impacts such water use could have on the environment in the context of a changing climate. Alternatives that would require less water use should be considered in order to avoid significant impacts to the environment from the proposed development and comply with both NEPA and the ESA. Specifically, BLM should consider alternatives that would: encourage technological innovation to eliminate or vastly reduce the water needed for geothermal power production; require the use of recycled water where available; and require capture and treatment of all waste water so that it can be safely returned to groundwater basins through infiltration or reused on site.

Re: Comments on Notice of Preparation of an EIS for the Proposed Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area and CDCA amendment November 9, 2009 The DEIS should consider at least one alternative that would *require* the use of the most water efficient technologies by all geothermal projects in the area as well as ensure that when and if new water saving technologies become available they must be adopted even for any existing projects.

Thank you for the opportunity to submit these comments, please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions. Please provide all future notices and documents related to this project to me at the address below.

Sincerely,

Lisa T. Belenky, Senior Attorney Center for Biological Diversity 351 California St., Suite 600 San Francisco, CA 94104 (415) 436-9682 x307

Lin Tholady

Fax: (415) 436-9683

References:

Chung, et al., Department of Water Resources, May, 2009, Using Future Climate Projections to Support Water Resources Decision Making in California, A Report from: California Climate Change Center, available at http://www.water.ca.gov/climatechange/articles.cfm

Department of Water Resources, State of California. Managing an Uncertain Future: Climate Change Adaptation Strategies for California Water (2008).

Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC). Climate Change and Water. June, 2008.

Kapnick, Sarah and Alex Hall, March 2009, (Draft Paper) Observed Changes in the Sierra Nevada Snowpack: Potential Causes and Concerns, A Report From: California Climate Change Center, CEC-500-2009-016-D, available at http://www.climatechange.ca.gov/publications/cat/

Leung, L.R., Y. Qian, X. D. Bian, W.M. Washington, J.G. Han, and J.O. Roads. 2004. Midcentury ensemble regional climate change scenarios for the western United States. Climate Change 62:75-113.

Re: Comments on Notice of Preparation of an EIS for the Proposed Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area and CDCA amendment November 9, 2009



To "John_Dalton@ca.blm.gov" < John_Dalton@ca.blm.gov> cc.

bcc

Subject Haiwee Issue Scoping Letter

John;

The subject letter is attached. Please include it in the official files for the proposed Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Project.

Thank you.



Jeff Aardahl Cahfornia Representative

| 1303 | Street, Suite 270 Sacramento, CA 95814 | Tel: 916-313-5800 x110 | Fax: 916-313-5812 | pardabl@defenders.org | www.defenders.org

W

Hawee_Geothernal_Scoping_Final_Letter.doc

November 5, 2009

Bureau of Land Management
California Desert District Office
22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos
Moreno Valley, CA 92553
(Sent via electronic mail to: John_Dalton@ca.blm.gov)

Attn: John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Coordinator

Dear Mr. Dalton:

This letter is in response to the Bureau of Land Management's (BLM) public invitation to submit issue scoping comments on the proposed Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area located in Rose Valley near Coso Junction, California.

On behalf of Defenders of Wildlife (Defenders) and our more than 1,000,000 members and supporters in the U.S., 200,000 of which reside in California, I am writing to provide issue scoping comments to the Bureau of Land Management regarding the proposed Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area located on approximately 22,000 acres of public land in Rose Valley near Coso Junction, California.

Defenders is dedicated to protecting all wild animals and plants in their natural communities. To this end, Defenders employs science, public education and participation, media, legislative advocacy, litigation, and proactive on-the-ground solutions in order to impede the accelerating rate of extinction of species, associated loss of biological diversity, and habitat alteration and destruction.

In the pursuit of the generation and transmission of electrical energy in California, we support renewable energy projects that are appropriately located, environmentally sustainable, and efficient. Defenders expects all government agencies involved in the review and permitting of proposed renewable energy project will adhere strictly to the highest administrative standards and reach decisions that are fully in the public interest and consistent with laws, regulations and policies regarding management of our environmental resources.

Defenders believes that renewable energy projects can be accommodated in the California Desert, but only if they are carefully designed and located in areas that avoid sacrificing what remains of our relatively intact desert landscape and its associated biological resources and values.

I attended the public scoping meeting held in Ridgecrest, CA on October 15, 2009 and found the meeting to be informative and well organized. At that meeting I raised several questions and issues associated with this proposed project. This letter contains the issues I raised plus additional information that I would like addressed in the planning and environmental compliance process for this proposed project.

National Headquarters 1150 (7th Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036-4604 Id 201.681.9400 | fix 102.681.133



Please address the following issues in the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Proposed Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area:

- Proposed Action: The EIS should contain a description of the reasonable foreseeable development of geothermal energy associated with the proposed action.
- 2. <u>Alternatives</u>: The EIS should analyze the effects of a reasonable range of alternatives, including the no action alternative. Other than the no action and proposed action, the alternatives should include alternatives that propose a smaller leasing area or areas as a means to avoid sensitive wildlife species and their habitats. Similar to issue #1, alternatives other than the no action should include a description of the reasonable foreseeable development of geothermal energy.
- Mohave Ground Squirrel (MGS): The proposed leasing area is within the Mohave Ground Squirrel Habitat Management Area which was established in 2006 by BLM in the Record of Decision for the West Mojave Planning Area Amendments to the California Desert Conservation Area (CDCA) Plan.

The Record of Decision stated the purpose of establishing the MGS Habitat Management Area was to "...facilitate protective management for this species and serve to prevent further declines and assist the CDFG." The two primary goals with respect to the MGS are to:

- 1) Ensure long-term protection of MGS habitat throughout the region.
- 2. Ensure long-term viability of the MGS throughout its range.

The Record of Decision also changed the Multiple Use Class for public lands south of Owens Dry Lake in order to provide greater habitat protection for the MGS. Specifically, 136,086 acres was changed from Moderate Use Class to Limited Use Class, and 144 acres of Unclassified land was changed to Limited Use Class, for a total increase of 136,230 acres of Limited Use Class entirely within the MGS habitat management area.

Under the provisions of the West Mojave Planning Area amendments approved in 2006 were two requirements with respect to multiple use activities occurring on public within the MGS Habitat Management Area:

- Habitat loss from any approved project is limited to one-percent of the total over the 30 year life of the plan.
- Habitat loss will be compensated at a ratio of 5:1 through the acquisition of suitable MGS habitat on private land within the management area and managed for the conservation of the MGS.

The availability of suitable habitat in private ownership that could be used to meet this commitment needs to be addressed in the EIS.



In addition to the MGS conservation area identified above, the CDCA Plan of 1980 established the Rose Valley Habitat Management Area specifically for the MGS. According to the CDCA Plan, this 18,000 acre was to be managed to "Protect, Stabilize and/or Enhance Wildlife Values (CDCA Plan, Table 2, Planned Management Areas for Fish and Wildlife). According to our estimate, approximately 11,000 acres of this area is within the proposed Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area. The compatibility of geothermal leasing and any associated surface use or development associated with geothermal energy extraction with the management goals for the Rose Valley MGS area needs to be carefully assessed.

We are particularly concerned over cumulative impact to the MGS and its habitat in the Rose Valley and the designated MGS management areas noted above. It appears the office and equipment yard facilities in Rose Valley near Coso Junction have been located on public lands, and recently the Hay Ranch Water Pipeline right of way issued to the Coso Operating Company has resulted in additional habitat losses totaling 32.24 acres. The cumulative impacts to the MGS and its habitat in the Rose Valley needs to be carefully addressed in the EIS in light of the strong conservation commitments BLM has made for this species.

Three non-competitive geothermal lease applications have been received by the BLM in the Rose Valley area. According to our estimate, all of the lands applied for by Metcalf (CACA 43993) and about 75 percent of the lands applied for by Maxx (CACA 44082) are within the Rose Valley Habitat Management Area. The issue of habitat loss in this area needs to be addressed in light of the long-term management goal of "Protect, Stabilize and/or Enhance Wildlife Values."

Wildlife habitat connectivity and species movements that may be affected by development within the proposed leasing area need to be studied and addressed. This is particularly important for the MGS (north-south connectivity) and the Desert Tortoise.

4. Water Resources: Extraction of groundwater in Rose Valley associated with geothermal energy resource development and the short and long term impacts of such extraction needs to be analyzed. The impacts to groundwater and surface water and associated wetlands at Little Lake need to be fully addressed. The recent disclosure that the steam reservoir in the existing Coso geothermal development within the China Lake Naval Air Weapons Station has been impacted by ground water loss due to geothermal power plant operations, and the recent permitting of groundwater pumping and transport from Rose Valley to the Coso Hot Springs area, suggests existing and any future geothermal developments will have a direct effect on water resources.

With regard to Little Lake, the EIS should analyze the potential adverse impacts to BLM administered lands at Little Lake and specifically to the Little Lake Watchable Wildlife Area established by BLM. Certain BLM lands include a portion of Little Lake and the basalt cliffs immediately east of the lake.



We strongly urge the BLM to work closely with the California Department of Fish and Game in all aspects of this proposed leasing project. We look forward to the opportunity to review and comment on the draft environmental impact statement for this effort.

Please contact me if you have any questions regarding our issue scoping comments.

Sincerely,

Jeff Aardahl

California Representative

OH andah

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

District 9 500 South Main Street Bishop, CA 93514 PHONE (760) 872-0785 FAX (760) 872-0754 TTY 711 (760) 872-0785

09 OCT - 1 PH 3: 34

Flex your power!
Be energy efficient!

September 29, 2009

Pierrano marca de CA

John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Coordinator California Desert District Office Bureau of Land Management 22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos Moreno Valley, California 92553 File: 09-FED NOI EIS SCH: none

Dear Mr. Dalton:

Haiwee Area Lease of Bureau of Land Management (BLM) Lands for Geothermal Use - Notice of Intent to Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (NOI EIS)

The California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) District 9 appreciates the opportunity to review the proposed lease of BLM Lands near Haiwee Reservoir for Geothermal use.

Please consider the following while preparing the EIS:

Address any potential highway transportation issues relevant to US 395. These may include
highway access points for geothermal facilities, construction activities related to transport of
materials and commuting of employees. Transportation system improvements including
Caltrans permitting could be merited and thus be required of the lessee/project proponent.

Please continue to forward project information relevant to Caltrans. We value our cooperative working relationship in matters concerning project related transportation issues. If you have any questions, I may be contacted at (760) 872-0785.

Sincerely,

GAYLE J. ROSANDER IGR/CEOA Coordinator

c: Steve Wisniewski, Caltrans

Layre J. Kotenser



Planning Department 168 North Edwards Street Post Office Drawer L Independence, California 93526

Phone: (760) 878-0263 FAX: (760) 878-0382

E-Mail: inyoplanning@inyocounty.us

November 4, 2009

Bureau of Land Management

Attn.: John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Coordinator

22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos

Moreno Valley, CA 92553

RE: Notice of Intent To Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Leasing of Geothermal Resource Development in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Located In Inyo County, CA and To Amend the California Desert Conservation Plan

Mr. Dalton:

Please convey the County's thanks to your team for holding scoping meetings in Inyo County on October 13 in Lone Pine, October 14 in Bishop, and October 20 in Death Valley regarding the above-referenced Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). We understand that the project involves potential leases from the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) for approximately 22,500 acres of land in southwestern Inyo County for geothermal energy exploration, development, and utilization. Based on statements made at the meetings, we further understand that the development scenario to be considered in the EIS will be two 30 megawatt power plants.

As the project area is in the County in the vicinity of other geothermal resources, we will closely follow the Bureau's progress. The following comments summarize issues of particular relevance based on the limited information available at this time.

- Coordination with the County pursuant to the Federal Land Policy and Management Act
 (FLPMA) of 1976 should commence immediately. County staff is interested in
 discussing opportunities for joint Federal/State environmental reviews to expedite future
 geothermal projects, if appropriate, as well. Please contact me at your earliest
 convenience to begin the coordination process.
- This EIS is an excellent opportunity for the BLM to evaluate potential cumulative
 impacts at a programmatic level and streamline future permitting, particularly given the
 interest in solar and wind energy development in the vicinity. In addition to the
 environmental issues identified in the Notice of Intent, potential relevant environmental
 issues include aesthetics, utilities and public services, land use and planning, and

population and housing. It is suggested that the EIS identify a menu of mitigation measures that may be utilized if specified triggers are reached to address potential cumulative impacts, should they occur. Given the relatively small development scenario to be considered in the EIS, I am concerned that potential cumulative impacts will be underestimated, and that the EIS will not be adequate for individual future projects, thus leading to burdensome subsequent environmental analyses.

- The County is especially concerned about potential impacts on surface and subsurface waters (and related effects) that may result from the leases the BLM proposes, in addition to reasonably foreseeable past, present, and future projects. As the Bureau is aware, significant concerns have been expressed regarding groundwater pumping and interbasin water transfers in the vicinity, and in particular, for the recent pumping project for the Coso Geothermal Plant. The County has a substantial quantity of information from this effort that may be of assistance in the BLM's EIS.
- The EIS should evaluate potential impacts at the existing Coso Plant from the proposed leases. If the leases affect operations at the Coso Plant, significant socioeconomic and related effects could occur in the County.

Please convey to any potential applicants that the County's land use jurisdiction includes private projects on federal lands, and that County approval of a Conditional Use Permit will be required for exploratory and/or geothermal production projects. Geothermal energy development is regulated by Inyo County Code (ICC) Title 19, and interbasin water transfers are regulated by ICC Chapter 18.77. Please note also that the County will assess increased property valuation due to improvements that may result from the leases.

Thank you. We look forward to working with BLM as an integral partner to develop renewable energy resources for the benefit of local citizens, California, and the nation. I hope that BLM will coordinate with the County to streamline any future renewable energy development proposals to the greatest extent possible. You may call me at (760) 878-0263 or email me at mconklin@inyocounty.us if you have any questions. Please send the Planning Department any future notices regarding this project as well.

Sincerely,

Mike Conklin Planning Director

cc: Board of Supervisors; Kevin Carunchio, CAO; County Counsel; file



Planning Department 168 North Edwards Street 09 NOV -6 PM 12: TAX: (760) 878-0382

Post Office Drawer L FAX: (760) 878-0382 Independence, California 93526

Phone: (760) 878-0263

MORENO VALLEY, CA

November 4, 2009

Bureau of Land Management Attn.: John Dalton, Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Coordinator 22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos Moreno Valley, CA 92553

RE: Notice of Intent To Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement for the Proposed Leasing of Geothermal Resource Development in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area Located In Inyo County, CA and To Amend the California Desert **Conservation Plan**

Mr. Dalton:

Please convey the County's thanks to your team for holding scoping meetings in Inyo County on October 13 in Lone Pine, October 14 in Bishop, and October 20 in Death Valley regarding the above-referenced Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). We understand that the project involves potential leases from the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) for approximately 22,500 acres of land in southwestern Inyo County for geothermal energy exploration, development, and utilization. Based on statements made at the meetings, we further understand that the development scenario to be considered in the EIS will be two 30 megawatt power plants.

As the project area is in the County in the vicinity of other geothermal resources, we will closely follow the Bureau's progress. The following comments summarize issues of particular relevance based on the limited information available at this time.

- Coordination with the County pursuant to the Federal Land Policy and Management Act (FLPMA) of 1976 should commence immediately. County staff is interested in discussing opportunities for joint Federal/State environmental reviews to expedite future geothermal projects, if appropriate, as well. Please contact me at your earliest convenience to begin the coordination process.
- This EIS is an excellent opportunity for the BLM to evaluate potential cumulative impacts at a programmatic level and streamline future permitting, particularly given the interest in solar and wind energy development in the vicinity. In addition to the environmental issues identified in the Notice of Intent, potential relevant environmental issues include aesthetics, utilities and public services, land use and planning, and

population and housing. It is suggested that the EIS identify a menu of mitigation measures that may be utilized if specified triggers are reached to address potential cumulative impacts, should they occur. Given the relatively small development scenario to be considered in the EIS, I am concerned that potential cumulative impacts will be underestimated, and that the EIS will not be adequate for individual future projects, thus leading to burdensome subsequent environmental analyses.

- The County is especially concerned about potential impacts on surface and subsurface waters (and related effects) that may result from the leases the BLM proposes, in addition to reasonably foreseeable past, present, and future projects. As the Bureau is aware, significant concerns have been expressed regarding groundwater pumping and interbasin water transfers in the vicinity, and in particular, for the recent pumping project for the Coso Geothermal Plant. The County has a substantial quantity of information from this effort that may be of assistance in the BLM's EIS.
- The EIS should evaluate potential impacts at the existing Coso Plant from the proposed leases. If the leases affect operations at the Coso Plant, significant socioeconomic and related effects could occur in the County.

Please convey to any potential applicants that the County's land use jurisdiction includes private projects on federal lands, and that County approval of a Conditional Use Permit will be required for exploratory and/or geothermal production projects. Geothermal energy development is regulated by Inyo County Code (ICC) Title 19, and interbasin water transfers are regulated by ICC Chapter 18.77. Please note also that the County will assess increased property valuation due to improvements that may result from the leases.

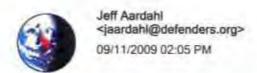
Thank you. We look forward to working with BLM as an integral partner to develop renewable energy resources for the benefit of local citizens, California, and the nation. I hope that BLM will coordinate with the County to streamline any future renewable energy development proposals to the greatest extent possible. You may call me at (760) 878-0263 or email me at mconklin@inyocounty.us if you have any questions. Please send the Planning Department any future notices regarding this project as well.

Sincerely.

cc:

Mike Conklin Planning Director

Board of Supervisors; Kevin Carunchio, CAO; County Counsel; file



To "John_Dalton@ca.blm.gov" < John_Dalton@ca.blm.gov>

CC

bcc

Subject Geothermal NOI

History:

This message has been forwarded.

Hello John:

I plan to participate in the issue scoping for the proposal to issue leases in the Haiwee Geothermal Lease Area. I'd like to obtain some additional background information on the proposed action and perhaps you can help:

- 1. When and how did BLM establish the "Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area" referred to in the Federal Register notice?
- 2. What is the administrative relationship between the Coso and Haiwee geothermal leasing areas?
- 3. Was the CDCA Plan amended by the record of decision for the Geothermal PEIS specifically for the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area?
- 4. Is the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area within the land area addressed by the Coso KGRA leasing decision?

I'd like to receive a copy of the Coso KGRA leasing decision if it is available. If you can think of any other items that would be helpful please let me know. Thanks for your assistance. I look forward to your reply.



Jeff Aardahl California Representative

1303 | Street, Suite 270 Sacramento, CA 95814

Tel: 916-313-5800 x110 | Fax: 916-313-5812

partiabl@defenders.org | www.defenders.org



"Kevin Doyle" <Kevin_Doyle@comcast.net>

09/13/2009 03:58 PM

To <John_Dalton@ca.blm.gov>

CC

bcc

Subject Distribution list - Haiwee

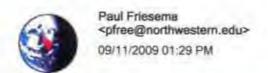
History:

This message has been forwarded.

Please add me to the distribution list.

Thank You

Kevin Doyle 4 Espira Road Santa Fe, NM 87508 Kevin Doyle@comcast.net



To John_Dalton@ca.blm.gov

CC

bcc

Subject Geothermal Resource Development in Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area

History:

This message has been forwarded.

Please put me on the mailing list to receive scoping notices and summaries, etc. all the way through the NEPA process, for the Proposed Leasing of National System of Public Lands for Geothermal Resource Development in the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area. Please send material to:

Professor Paul Friesema Environmental Policy and Culture Program 304 Scott Hall, Northwestern University Evanston, IL. 60208-1006.

Thanks a lot! Paul	

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

Notice of Intent To Prepare an

APPENDIX I: COMMENT TABLE		
APPENDIX I: COMMENT TABLE		Scoping Report
APPENDIX I: COMMENT TABLE		
APPENDIX I. COMMENT TABLE	Appendix Is Comment Table	
	APPENDIX I. COMMENT TABLE	

Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area

Commenter	Comments
Purpose and Need	
Big Pine Paiute Tribe of the Owens Valley	Examine tradeoffs of energy development, such as need for water, transmission lines, and potential loss of habitat. Asked the question, "Is providing energy for streetlighting a shopping center a good reason to threaten a spring?"
Scoping Meeting Oral Comment	Questioned the relationship of the many management plans in the project area and in close proximity, such as the California Desert Conservation Area (CDCA), Northern and Eastern Mojave (NEMO) Plan, and West Mojave (WEMO) Plan.
Scoping Meeting Oral Comment	Inquired about the study area, need for 20,000 acres, and amount of surface disturbance expected. Questioned if the anticipated power generation (60 MW for two power plants) would be sufficient to cover expense of construction and drilling.
Tom Budlong	Review pre-drilling exploration data to determine probability of exploratory completion and discovery of economic resource
Tom Budlong	Analyze the amount of geothermal releated activity the lease area could support.
Tom Budlong	There is concern regarding the experimental nature of geothermal projects and compleximty of science and engineering the facilities. Requests that a panel of expert geothermal consultants examine the technical aspects of the project to arrive at a consensus, or document lack of consensus.
Project Description	
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Identify geothermal plant's need for make-up water. Identify need for imported water.
Big Pine Paiute Tribe of the Owens Valley	Identify the Coso Known Geothermal Resource Area (KGRA) and Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area. Disclose reason for not considering it in Coso KGRA.
Big Pine Paiute Tribe of the Owens Valley	Identify mitigation plans to compensate for loss of resource, goods, services, and values. Tribe recommends a fund for mitigation be established for each
	developed site. Consider the real cost of long-term mitigation, unquantifiable development impacts, and evaluation of royalties.
California Native Plant Society	Identify if geothermal projects will deplete geothermal resources through cooling systems and determine if surface water or groundwater will be required
	over the life of the proposed project. Request terms of leases or licenses incorporate statement of the water appropriation source or that no water appropriation will occur.
Center for Biological Diversity	Identify and analyze both the potential water needs for the foreseeable geothermal development and impacts such water use could have on the
,	environment in context of a changing climate.
Defenders of Wildlife	Incorporate a reasonable foreseeable development of geothermal energy associated with the proposed action.
Inyo County Planning Department (M. Conklin)	Identify a menu of mitigation measures that will be utilized if specific triggers are reached to address potential cumulative impacts. County's approval of a Conditional Use Permit is required for exploratory and/or geothermal production projects, regardless if jurisdiction includes private projects on Federal
Jeff Aardahl	Lands. Describe the establishment of the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area, administrative relationship between Coso and Haiwee geothermal leasing areas.
Jeff Aardahl	Discuss the Plan Amendment of California Desert Conservation Area (CDCA) Plan in regards to the Record of Decision for the Geothermal
	Programmatic EIS and the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area. Is the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area within the Coso known geothermal resource area (KGRA) leasing area?
Scoping Meeting Oral Comment	Inquired about the three pending lease applications, Reasonable Foreseeable Development (RFD) Scenario for proposed action, lifespan of geothermal power plant, and geothermal leasing application process. Questioned the level of assessment for the EIS and if additional environmental analyses would be
	conducted for specific geothermal projects within the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area.
Scoping Meeting Oral Comment	Inquired about Deep Rose Geothermal Exploration Project and the three pending lease applications.
Tom Budlong	Identify suitable and non-suitable locations for geothermal resource exploration, development and utilization. Analyzepotential geothermal facility configurations. Request the rejection of lease applications with configurations not analyzed in the EIS.
Tom Budlong	Describe the source and projected amount of water to support three phases (exploration, development, and utilization). Describe the cooling method and projected water usage rate for possible plant designs.
Tom Budlong	Describe the reclamation on completion of exploration, production, and utilization phases. Description to include condition of propoerty, time allotted for each phase, time allowed for reclamation after completion of phases or expiration of lease, and bond amounts and conditions.
Altomotives	each phase, time anowed for rectamation after completion of phases of expiration of rease, and bond another an conditions.
Alternatives	Consider study, and analyze alternative decision of available acethormal facilities (single flash system, dayled flash system, day steam, they are all any
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Consider, study, and analyze alternative designs of available geothermal facilities (single-flash system, double-flash system, dry steam, binary and any
	number of hybrid designs, or more exotic designs). Consider conservation of the geothermal resource itself, minimization of environmental impacts and
	toxic emissions, and water conservation. Identify current geothermal technology to better enhance operations and more efficient use of water resources.
	Consider amount of electrical generation and lifespan of resource, as well as the annual natural recharge of geothermal fluids. Identify potential alternative
	sources of water (such as Ridgecrest Treatment Plant, Los Angeles Department of Water, Indian Wells Water Basin, construction of new water
Center for Biological Diversity	entrapment programs, and conservation and recycled water). Consider alternatives that require less water. Encourage technological innovation to eliminate or vastly reduce the water needed for geothermal power
	production; require use of recycled water where available; and require capture and treatment of all waste water to be safely returned to groundwater basins.
Defenders of Wildlife	Analyze the effects of a reasonable range of alternatives, including the no action alternative. Consider a smaller leasing area or areas to avoid sensitive wildlife species and their habitats.
Rose Valley Properties	Concerned about lack of a competitive bidding process for the leasing of government lands for other renewable energy development, such as solar, and
rose vancy rioperaes	multiple uses of the land.

Commenter	Comments
Air Quality	
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Consider potential impacts caused by windborne dust and pollution, and impacts to air quality in Rose Valley. Address any contributions to non-attainment for PM ₁₀ particles.
Big Pine Paiute Tribe of the Owens Valley	Concerned about emissions of carbon dioxide into the atmosphere.
Tom Budlong	Analyze effects on greenhouse gases and global warming.
Biological Resources	
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Request the study area include Little Lake Ranch property and Rose Valley in general for potential loss of water resources impacting habitat and vegetation. Will depletion of water within Rose Valley affect habitat and wetlands adjacent to U.S. Highway 395 and the Habitat Project at Little Lake? Will the underground water level adversely impact surface flora and fauna? Request baseline study of the surface habitat and all wildlife which rely upon surface water and functional ecosystem. Consider potential impacts to endangered species such as the Desert Tortoise and the Mohave Ground Squirrel. Analyze riparian habitats, sensitive natural communities, natural springs and artesian wells throughout the Rose Valley.
Center for Biological Diversity	Analyze direct, indirect and cumulative impacts across species' range. Of particular concern are impacts to the Mohave Ground Squirrel and the conservation area set aside for its recovery, wildlife habitats in the California desert.
Defenders of Wildlife	The project area is in the Mohave Ground Squirrel Habitat Management Area and Rose Valley Habitat Management Area. Address the loss of habitat and discuss the availability of suitable habitat in private ownership to meet compensation. Address compatibility of geothermal leasing and any associated surface use or development associated with geothermal energy extraction with the Rose Valley Habitat Management Area. Discuss wildlife habitat connectivity and species movement, particularly the Mohave Ground Squirrel and Desert Tortoise.
Defenders of Wildlife	Concerned about cumulative effects to the Mohave Ground Squirrel, Rose Valley Habitat for the squirrel, and management areas.
Defenders of Wildlife	Recommend coordination with California Department of Fish and Game.
Rose Valley Properties	Consider alternative uses of the land such as solar energy.
Scoping Meeting Oral Comment	The project area is within the West Mojave Plan (WEMO). There is concern for the Mohave Ground Squirrel and its conservation area.
Tom Budlong	Request impacts to vegetation, animals and insects be addressed.
Cultural Resources	,
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Analyze potential impacts to Coso Hot Springs.
Big Pine Paiute Tribe of the Owens Valley	Native American Tribe requests initiation of the Seciton 106 Consultation before or at the start of scoping process and the presence of a Native American Monitor during archaeological surveys. New power plants require transmission lines thay may prohibit access and conflict with Native American values. Noted that impacts affecting Native American values are not amenable to mitigation, because these impacts typically involve desecration or sacrilegious treatment of spiritually important sites.
Scoping Meeting Oral Comment	The Native American Tribes are concerned about the Section 106 Consultation, extraction of resources from the land, and what types of benefits the Tribes would obtain from the proposed action. The Tribes are especially concerned about the connections to the Coso Hot Springs and the water table depth. Some local tribes requested additional information regarding geothermal leasing of lands to the Tribes. Inquired about leasing of lands to Tribes and potential benefits of proposed action to Tribes. Native American Tribes also requested additional involvement.
Tom Budlong	Concerned project area is an intersection of more than one tribes' territory and potential for cultural differences. Requests Native American Tribes be actively solicited for comments, including personal contact and formal notices. Requests that an archaeologist determine interested tribes, and collect and analyze comments.
Geothermal Resources / Geology / Soils	
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Examine potential soil subsidence in Rose Valley as a result of groundwater withdrawal. Depletion of underground water basin and surface flows may have profound effect upon soil erosion, loss of topsoil, and capability of surface to sustain life. Address potential impacts on geologic resources and seismic issues related to high pressure injection of fluids directly into fault zones. If water cooling towers (WCTs) are utilized, address dramatic loss of heated liquids from evaporation.
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Identify existence of geothermal resource, size and composition. Requests amount of electrical production from geothermal resource be based upon the size and extent of the reservoir. Address the preservation of the geothermal reservoirs and long-term management. Identify the different types of fluids that are contained in a GeoReservoir (both liquid and steam) and fluids re-injected.
Inyo County Planning Department (M. Conklin)	Consider potential impacts to the existing Coso Plant and operations.
Scoping Meeting Oral Comment	The public was concerned about the seismic activity in the area and questioned if geothermal exploration and development contributed to increased seismic activity. They questioned if injection of water into the rocks would contribute to fracturing. USFS Coordination was also requested.
Scoping Meeting Oral Comment	Questioned if the project area was within a Known Geothermal Resource Area (KGRA), such as Coso, and if viable geothermal resources were present in the project area. Concerned about impacts to the Coso Geothermal Power Plant and operations, as well as the Coso Hot Springs. Inquired about Deep Rose Geothermal Exploration Project and the three pending lease applications. Inquired about the cumulative impacts of numerous geothermal projects (existing and future) in close proximity.

Commenter	Comments
Hazards & Hazardous Materials	
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Analyze the potential for wastewater and emission hazards to the public.
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Analyze potential for hazardous substances generation by proposed project, and treatment and disposal of substances. Address potential impacts from heat
	emissions.
Land Use / Agriculture / Recreation	
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Analyze potential impacts to Rose Valley water well owners and nearby agricultural operations in Rose Valley.
Scoping Meeting Oral Comment	Concerned about impacts to motorized recreational roads and requested mitigation for loss of roads from Northern and Eastern Mojave Planning (NEMO)
	decision.
Scoping Meeting Oral Comment	Questioned the relationship of the many management plans in the project area and in close proximity, such as the California Desert Conservation Area
	(CDCA), Northern and Eastern Mojave (NEMO) Plan, and West Mojave (WEMO) Plan.
Tom Budlong	Concerned about land use conflicts, including recreation.
Noise & EMF	
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Evaluate noise generation from proposed project. Evaluate noise levels and impacts to workers and surrounding wildlife.
Socioeconomics	
Inyo County Planning Department (M. Conklin)	Consider potential impacts to population and housing, and potential for socioeconomic impacts or adverse impacts to Coso Plant.
Rose Valley Properties	Consider potential impacts and mitigation steps for private and public landholders who have mineral and water rights in areas directly surrounded by
	proposed lands.
Scoping Meeting Oral Comment	Inquired about the creation of jobs and potential for revenue generation for Inyo County. Concerned about restrictions from the California Desert
	Conservation Area (CDCA) Plan causing delays. Noted the lengthy geothermal leasing application process and need for further project specific
	environmental analysis. Requested a socioeconomic analysis.
Tom Budlong	Describe and analyze the economic risk of drilling at deep depths (18,000-20,000 feet)
Tom Budlong	Request that applicants, such as Deep Rose, analyze and describe their financial strength to finance the expense of drilling at deep depths.
Traffic & Transportation	
Dept. of Transportation	Address potential highway transportation issues relevant to US 395, such as highway access points for facilities, and transport of construction materials
	and workforce.
Utilities & Public Services / Public Health & Safety	
Scoping Meeting Oral Comment	The public questioned if adequate electrical transmission was available to transfer the geothermal energy to the load centers. Are there plans to upgrade
	the existing transmission lines or construct a substation in the area?
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Analyze the potential for wastewater and emission hazards to the public.
Tom Budlong	Concerned about human health and safety.
Visual Resources	
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Consider the recreational uses of the Rose Valley and impacts of the construction of structures and geothermal facilities

Commenter	Comments
Water Resources	
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Consider water contained in the Rose Valley underground water basin. Analyze potential reduction of water available to Little Lake, the downstream ponds, creeks, wetlands, water wells, and natural springs. Little Lake Ranch provides wildlife habitat and wildlife-oriented recreation, including hunting, fishing, and wildlife viewing. Little Lake also includes a navigable body of water, ponds and wetlands. Any reliance upon underground water resources of
	the Rose Valley is subject to the County's groundwater ordinance and may have severe and direct impacts upon Little Lake Ranch property. Address the
	availability of local water sources for injection, and adequacy to supply, and natural replenishment of imported water source. Request long-term pumping
	studies prior to issuance of any permits. Determine if a connection between the GeoReservoir and Water Basin is present and evaluate potential impacts to
	use and consumption of GeoReservoirs on local Water Basins.
Big Pine Paiute Tribe of the Owens Valley	Water in the desert area is precious and extraction of water from arid region could alter a spring or kill or diminish the life forms that depend on water, which may lead to permanent loss of habitat.
Big Pine Paiute Tribe of the Owens Valley	The Native American Tribes are concerned about large amounts of water pumped from the Rose Valley by the Coso Operating Company and LADWP.
	These exports may seriously impact water availiability for geothermal development in the vicinty
Big Pine Paiute Tribe of the Owens Valley	Concerned about the water supply and the availability of water for other development projects, such as the Haiwee Geothermal Leasing Area.
California Native Plant Society	Concerned about the use of water in "renewable" energy projects and indirect effects to wetland habitats. Request analysis of potential impacts from
	appropriated water and wetland habitats maintained by appropriated water.
Center for Biological Diversity	Concerned about increasing scarcity of water in California and thought southwest. Address need for water use associated with geothermal energy
	production. Ensure all federal reserved water rights are protected in the project area and nearby public lands affected by water use. Consider impacts of
	water withdrawals in arid environmental, and impacts to surface waters, springs, and seeps that are critical to many desert species from fish to bighorn sheep to rare plants.
Defenders of Wildlife	sheep of the plants. Address extraction of groundwater in Rose Valley for geothermal energy development and short and long term impacts of extractions. Address impacts to
	groundwater and surface water and associated wetlands at Little Lake. Analyze the potential adverse impacts to BLM-administered lands at Little Lake and
	specifically to the Little Lake Watchable Wildlife Areas established by BLM
Inyo County Planning Department (M. Conklin)	Concerned about potential impacts on surface and subsurface waters, specifically groundwater pumping and interbasin water transfers in the vicinity.
Rose Valley Properties	Requests that no new geothermal development occur until recharge of Rose Valley basis is better known. Consider other projects that impact the basin.
	Consider water quality impacts from the drilling of wells.
Scoping Meeting Oral Comment	Concerned about the potential for impacts to water resources. Inquired about the need for groundwater provisions, source of water, and water issues with
	geothermal projects. Concerned about potential impacts to subsurface water, aquifers, wetlands, and water table depth, especially to the Rose Valley,
	Little Lake, and the wetlands surrounding the lake. There was also concern for the water table depth, aquifers, and protection of watersheds. The Tribes
	were concerned about impacts to the Coso Hot Springs in close proximity to the project area.

Commenter	Comments
Cumulative Effects	
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Consider long-term baseline studies prior to issuance of permit. Analyze actual availability of underground water storage, historical water levels, recharge and consumption within Rose Valley Basin, existence of all wildlife resources, existence and health of surface vegetation, plant life and habitat, surface flows at Little Lake and its surrounding ponds and creeks, catalog of all springs and artesian wells within Rose Valley, identification of all water users and their consumption of water within the Rose Valley, current air quality conditions, cultural resources, and soils and geology conditions.
Big Pine Paiute Tribe of the Owens Valley	The Native American Tribes are concerned about large amounts of water pumped from the Rose Valley by the Coso Operating Company and LADWP.
	These exports may seriously inspact water availability for geothermal development in the vicinty
Big Pine Paiute Tribe of the Owens Valley	There is concern regarding the cumulative impacts of large-scale operations in the vicinity of the proposed project, such as LADWP operations, Owens Lake Dust mitigation, water exports by Coso Hav Ranch, and livestock grazing. Cumulative effects should included an analysis of inventory and
	characterization of wetlands (all springs and seeps) and regional hydrology, vegetation, wildlife, rare plant and animal species, geology, aesthetic/scenic
	values, recreation, and dust generation.
Defenders of Wildlife	Concerned about cumulative effects to the Mohave Ground Squirrel, Rose Valley Habitat for the squirrel, and management areas.
Internal Scoping Comment	Concern for cumulative impacts from a number of applications for ROW grants in the project area. A number of projects and developments in the area that are outside of BLM jurisdiction, such as wind projects, substation at the Coso Hav Ranch Property, transmission line upgrades, and hydroplant at
	Haiwee.
Inyo County Planning Department (M. Conklin)	In addition to geothermal energy development, evaluate potential cumulative impacts of future permitting for solar and wind energy development. Identify a menu of mitigation measures that will be utilized if specific triggers are reached to address potential cumulative impacts. Concerned that development
	scenario is relatively small and may underestimate potential cumulative impacts and future projects and development.
Scoping Meeting Oral Comment	Another key concern for the proposed action is cumulative impacts. There are a number of geothermal projects in close proximity to the project area (such
	as Deep Rose and Coso Geothermal rigids) and phone, agencies, organizations, and tribes are concerned about the cumulative effects. BLM also has a number of management plans in the desert (i.e., CDCA, NEMO, and WEMO) and the public questions how these plans would affect the proposed action.
Tom Budlong	Concerned about cumulative effects of groundwater extraction by existing Coso Geothermal operations, Deep Rose, and additional lessees.
1 :	Concerned about cumulative impacts from existing, proposed and potential geothermal projects in the area; as well as other non-geothermal projects, but
TOTH PHOTOTIS	not minica to the project area ordinantes.
Other Comments	
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Requests consideration of studies, reports, evidence and comments prepared for BLM's Coso Project Environmental Assessment (EA) and Inyo County's
	Coso Environmental Impact Report (EIR).
Arnold, Bleuel, Larochelle, Mathews & Zirbel, LLP	Request written notice of any hearings, actions, decisions, meetings, studies, applications or procedures concerning Haiwee, and production of public records in connection with Project.
Big Pine Paiute Tribe of the Owens Valley	Consider the tradeoffs of geothermal development.
Inyo County Planning Department (M. Conklin)	Request coordination and involvement in a joint Federal/State environmental review. Consider potential impacts to aesthetics, utilities and public services, land use planning, and nonulation and housing.
Scoping Meeting Oral Comment	The Native American Tribes and Inyo County planners requested additional coordination and notification regarding the project.
Scoping Meeting Oral Comment	Informed project team about Federal Register notice containing non-functional website links and different end dates for comment period. Requested additional notification to the public. local agencies, and Native American Tribes
Tom Budlong	Concerned about need to drill at deep depths (18,000- 20,000 feet) and the financial risk it would incur. There is also concern for the applicants'
Tom Budlong	experience and knowledge of geothermal resource exploration and development. Analyze the ability and capacity for BLM to manage and monitor the activity without impacting its other responsibilities