

Submission B001 (Jonie Yates, January 16, 2018)

Fresno - Bakersfield (2014	June+) - RECORD #377 DETAIL	
Status :	Action Pending	
Record Date :	1/17/2018	
Response Requested :		
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization	
Interest As :	Individual	
Submission Date :	1/16/2018	
Submission Method :	Project Email	
First Name :	Jonie	
Last Name :	Yates	
Professional Title :	1465	
Business/Organization :		
Address :		
Apt./Suite No. :		
City :		
State :		
Zip Code :		
Telephone :		
Email :	jonie.yates@my.wheaton.edu	
Email Subscription :	, , , , ,	
Cell Phone :		
Add to Mailing List :		
Stakeholder Comments/Is	sues :	
Dear HSRA,		
	e doing to bring HSR to California.	
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B001-2

and hundreds of thousands of dollars.

Thank you for your consideration,

Jonathan E Yates	
EIR/EIS Comment :	Yes
Official Comment Period :	Yes

California High-Speed Rail Authority

B001-1

B001-2

Response to Submission B001 (Jonie Yates, January 16, 2018)

B001-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-02: Public Outreach.

The commenter expresses opinions about source data, impact numbers, cost estimates, station location, and station design. These comments are noted, but a response is not possible as the commenter does not provide any examples or specific questions or concerns. The commenter expresses an opinion about the Bakersfield City Council; this last is not related to the environmental document.

The commenter suggests that the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS is a "station area EIR." The commenter states that the environmental review process was not advertised and moved too quickly.

The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS analyzes environmental impacts to the whole F-B LGA alignment from Poplar Ave north of Shafter to Oswell Street in East Bakersfield, and not just the F Street station area. The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS went through numerous agency review cycles before publication. Refer to Chapter 9 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for more details about outreach activities during the development of the environmental document.

According to CEQA §15105(a), "when a draft EIR is submitted to the State Clearinghouse for review by state agencies, the public review period shall not be less than 45 days." The review period for the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS was set at 60 days, to allow ample time for review of the document and submission of any comments from the public and agencies.

B001-2

The commenter expresses opinions about the F-B LGA. These opinions are noted. The commenter requests that the Authority force the Bakersfield City Council to revise the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The Authority and FRA prepared the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, and while the City of Bakersfield requested and aided in the development of an alternative to the May 2014 Project, the City did not provide any analysis for the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS.



Submission B002 (Todd Turley, AgReserves, Inc., January 16, 2018)

Fresno - Bakersfield (2014 June	+) - RECORD #329 DETAIL
Status :	Action Pending
Record Date :	1/16/2018
Response Requested :	
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization
Submission Date :	1/16/2018
Submission Method :	Project Email
First Name :	Todd
Last Name :	Turley
Professional Title :	Land & Govt. Affairs Manager
Business/Organization :	AgReserves, Inc.
Address :	
Apt./Suite No. :	
City :	
State :	CA
Zip Code :	
Telephone :	661-240-5749
Email :	tturley@svfnuts.com
Email Subscription :	
Cell Phone :	661-910-4286
Add to Mailing List :	
Stakeholder Comments/Issues	

To Whom It May Concern:

We appreciate this opportunity to comment on the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section. Please find attached our comment letter from Farmland Reserve, Inc. We look forward to receiving a response to our comments from the California High-Speed Rail Authority and further discussion on the issues raised.

Best regards,

Todd Turley AgReserves, Inc. Land & Govt. Affairs Manager (661) 240-5749 (work) (661) 910-4286 (cell)

This e-mail and any attached files are confidential. If you are not the intended recipient, please delete this message immediately; Any use, retention, dissemination, forwarding, printing, or copying of this e-mail is strictly prohibited.
EIR/EIS Comment : Yes
Official Comment Period : Yes

California	High-S	peed Rail	Authority

Attachments :

329_AgReserves_email_011618_Attachment.pdf (152 kb)

Submission B002 (Todd Turley, AgReserves, Inc., January 16, 2018) - Continued

Farmland Reserve, Inc.

79 South Main Street, Suite 1000 Salt Lake City, UT 84111-1945 (801) 715-9100

15443 Beech Ave. Wasco, CA 93280 (661) 391-9000

January 15, 2018

VIA MAIL AND EMAIL

Attn: Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section California High-Speed Rail Authority 770 L Street Suite 620 MS-1 Sacramento, CA 95814 Fresno Bakersfield@hsr.ca.gov

RE: Comments to Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section

To Whom It May Concern:

Farmland Reserve, Inc., is an agricultural company with prime farmland and other production and processing assets in Kern County. We support the originally approved BNSF alignment and oppose the proposed "Fresno to Bakersfield Locally Generated Alternative" alignment.

B002-1 The proposed alignment of the "Fresno to Bakersfield Locally Generated Alternative" (the "F-B LGA") presented in the above-referenced Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS bifurcates FRI property located along Burbank Avenue within the jurisdictional limits of the City of Shafter.

The FRI land and other impacted land in the area are classified as some of the richest farmland in the world. These rich San Joaquin Valley soils, coupled with ideal climatic conditions and a superb water supply (North Kern Water Storage District, "NKWSD", with strong Kern River water rights), provide the most ideal pistachio production lands available anywhere. In fact, these lands strongly contribute to t Kern County's standing as California's leading pistachio producer and its rank among the top three agricultural counties in the state. Cutting into this prime farmland should weigh heavily on the decision of placement of tracks. The unique swath of land being directly and permanently impacted by the rail alignment <u>simply cannot be replaced</u>.

B002-1 Nevertheless, if the F-B LGA is ultimately selected as the preferred alternative and the Supplemental EIR/EIS is certified, a primary objective should be to minimize the loss of prime farmland. We strongly urge the Authority to take deliberate steps to mitigate such detrimental effects.

> Accordingly, we recommend that the California High-Speed Rail Authority implement the following in the design of the rail alignment and related facilities so that farming can continue on some or all of what will be left of the FRI land that will be isolated between the proposed alignment and Burbank Avenue:

- · Address safety and logistical concerns by providing:
 - At least two additional "ag undercrossings" at the locations identified in the attached map.
 - Minimum size requirements to be determined.
 - Additional "harvest roads" necessary due to the bifurcation.
 - Minimum size requirements to be determined.
- Resolve all irrigation issues created by the bifurcation
 - Re-engineer and build irrigation system with capacities to match existing system
 - Build reservoir(s) and lift system(s) and all other water systems and facilities as deemed necessary

Provide "utility sleeves" (at sufficient size) to serve the bifurcated section
 Provide facilities as necessary (i.e. pumps, pipelines, etc...) to maintain

access to NKWSD supplies

While we oppose the proposed F-B LGA alignment, we appreciate this opportunity to comment on the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section and look forward to further opportunities to discuss the needs raised in this letter. Any inquiries should be directed to Todd Turley, Land & Governmental Affairs at the Wasco address shown above or by email at: tturley@ari-slc.com.

Sincerely,

B002-2

Daylikle

Daryl Wilkendorf Executive Vice President

October 2019

California High-Speed Rail Authority

Page | 23-4



Response to Submission B002 (Todd Turley, AgReserves, Inc., January 16, 2018)

B002-1

The Central Valley of California is one of the most productive agricultural areas in the world. As described in Section 3.14 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, the project would have a direct effect on agricultural production through conversion of agricultural land to a transportation use, disruption of agricultural operations in Kern County, and a resultant indirect effect on the agricultural economy. Under the May 2014 Project, approximately 485 acres of prime farmland would be converted to a transportationrelated use as a result of the project. Under the F-B LGA, approximately 372 acres of farmland, of which 370 acres are prime farmland, would be converted to a transportation-related use as a result of the project. This would result in the permanent loss of these agricultural lands, which the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS identifies as a significant impact under CEQA. (Note that the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS also identified this impact as significant pursuant to NEPA.) Kern County has about 2.7 million acres of farmland, including about 597,771 acres of prime farmland (California Department of Conservation 2015). Nonetheless, the overall impact of the project on agricultural land in the San Joaquin Valley (including Kern County) is identified as a significant adverse impact (see Tables 3.14-10 and 3.14-11 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS) and as contributing to cumulative farmland loss in the San Joaquin Valley.

To mitigate this impact, the Authority will utilize the services of the Department of Conservation's Farmland Conservancy Program to identify suitable agricultural land for permanent preservation through the purchase of conservation easements from willing sellers (see AG-MM#1 in Section 3.14.7 of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS). The Authority has negotiated a contract with the Department of Conservation for this purpose and provided initial funding for agricultural land mitigation in the Merced to Fresno and Fresno to Bakersfield sections. As identified in the scope of work for that contract, the Authority and the Department of Conservation will develop selection criteria for the easements that will include, but not be limited to, the requirements in Public Resources Code section 10252, including the prioritization of easements on lands adjacent to other protected agricultural lands or that provide greenbelts or urban separators that have the added benefit of limiting urban sprawl. This mitigation measure will lessen the impact, but the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS recognizes that the converted farmland will be permanently lost for the production of agricultural commodities.

B002-1

In total, Kern County in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section accounted for about \$6.8 billion of the total \$47.1 billion (or about 14 percent) of the agricultural revenue generated in the state in 2015 (CDFA 2015). The project would have an effect on agricultural production through its conversion of agricultural land and effects on infrastructure (including access roads). It is expected that some of this production would relocate elsewhere within the San Joaquin Valley. Relocation would depend upon a number of variables, including the desires of the displaced farm owners, and cannot be accurately predicted. In some cases, production could not be easily replaced given the limited availability of suitable replacement lands or difficulties related to permitting necessary to continue production at a new site.

Some relocated agricultural production would take time to re-establish full production levels. In addition, any reduced agricultural production would have an additional multiplier effect on the region's economy and could affect businesses involved in agricultural services, food processing, and the transportation of goods (see Section 3.12 of the Fresno to Bakersfield Final EIR/EIS). In order to address this concern, the Final EIR/EIS included a commitment (see Section 3.14.6, Project Design Features) to assign a representative to act as a single point of contact to assist each confined animal facility owner during the process of obtaining new or amended permits or other regulatory compliance necessary to the continued operation or relocation of the facility. For information on relocation assistance, see Section 3.12 of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS (Socioeconomics, Communities, and Environmental Justice) and FB-Response-SO-01 of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS.

The project must also adhere to California Relocation Assistance Act requirements, which are discussed in Appendix 3.12-A of the Final EIR/EIS. Information about acquisition, compensation, and relocation assistance is also available on the Authority's website. Even with this assistance there would be potential for temporary disruption to agricultural operations as production is reallocated between owners, where severed parcels are transferred to adjoining owners, and as facilities are relocated. Related economic sectors, such as processing facilities, could also experience some short-term multiplier effects from reduced production.

Response to Submission B002 (Todd Turley, AgReserves, Inc., January 16, 2018) - Continued

B002-1

Employment

Employment in the agricultural sector accounted for about 16 percent of the total industry employment in 2013 in Kern County (see Section 3.12.3 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS). The conversion of agricultural land could result in a reduction in the number of farm workers, who could be negatively affected if the acquisition were to result in permanent job losses or they were unable to find work on another farm or industry in the region. This effect would be minimized if the agricultural production were to relocate elsewhere in the region. Although Kern County has policies to protect agricultural lands, according to the California Department of Conservation farmland conversion data, conversions of Important Farmland continue to occur. Kern County reported a 13.970 acre reduction in Important Farmland between 2008 and 2014 (California Department of Conservation 2014b). Population growth and the associated pressure for rural, small ranches, and urban development primarily drive the loss of Important Farmland. More recently, the trend to situate solar photovoltaic facilities on agricultural lands has reduced the total number of Important Farmland acres. In addition, the Kern County Council of Governments 2014 RTP/SCS forecasts the addition of 602,900 residents by 2040 (2014-2040 planning period). As a result, Important Farmland loss from urban expansion is expected to convert approximately 24 square miles. Nevertheless, this is less than two percent of Important Farmland and 1/10th the conversion compared to the previous 22 years. This substantially lower rate of farmland conversion is largely due to local government efforts to balance urban expansion with the conservation of economically viable farmland (Kern County Council of Governments 2014).

Road Closures

In addition to the permanent property acquisitions, the project would also result in road closures where the alignment would be at-grade. Permanent road closures resulting from the project were examined to identify potential effects on regional access for agricultural operations (please see Section 3.14.4 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS). The potential effects from restriction in regional access include increased costs to operations and increased difficulties in moving workers and equipment to cultivate and harvest fields and deliver products to processing facilities and markets. There would be a total of 10 road closures as a result of the F-B LGA, 6 of which would be in rural areas and therefore could potentially impact agricultural operations. However, for the May

B002-1

2014 Project and the F-B LGA, the road closures associated with the project would be dispersed and detours to alternative routes or alternative property access would be approximately 2 miles long or less. As a result, regional access for agricultural operations (e.g., moving workers and equipment to cultivate and harvest fields and deliver products to processing operations and markets) is not expected to be restricted.

Impacts to Individual Agricultural Operations

The HSR project in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section would adversely affect individual farms and other agricultural operations. Construction of the HSR System would result in disruption to or removal of existing infrastructure such as buildings and other structures, pumps and wells, reservoirs/tailwater ponds, irrigation systems (including distribution lines, canals, and gravity flow systems), power supplies, and access. The Authority is sensitive to the importance of these disruptions to agricultural operations, including the acquisition of all or a portion of infrastructure needed for agricultural operations. The Authority will acquire right-of-way for the high-speed rail project in accordance with the Uniform Relocation Act (42 U.S.C. Ch. 61). The Uniform Relocation Act establishes minimum standards for treatment and compensation of individuals whose real property is acquired for a federally funded project. For more information on the Uniform Relocation Act, see Chapter 3.12 of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS (Socioeconomics, Communities, and Environmental Justice) and FB-Response-SO-01 of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS. The project must also adhere to California Relocation Assistance Act requirements, which are discussed in Appendix 3.12-A of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS. Information about acquisition. compensation, and relocation assistance is also available on the Authority's website.

October 2019



Response to Submission B002 (Todd Turley, AgReserves, Inc., January 16, 2018) - Continued

B002-2

This comment suggests specific design amendments related to the Farmland Reserve, Inc. (FRI) property. The commenter requests that the Authority accommodate at least "two additional 'ag undercrossings'"; however, the map referenced in the commenter's letter was not included as an attachment. As discussed in Section 2.4.5.1 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, "over crossings or undercrossings for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section would be provided approximately every 1 mile or less in many locations due to existing roadway infrastructure." In proximity to the FRI parcels, "(r)oad closures would occur at Orange Avenue E and at Mendota Road (a private road)" (Section 2.6 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS). However, access surrounding the FRI properties would be maintained at the Cherry Avenue and Driver Road undercrossings.

The commenter also suggests that additional "harvest roads" would be required as a result of the bifurcation. It is unclear if the commenter is suggesting that the "harvest roads" would be entirely internal to the remnant parcel(s), or if the "harvest roads" would be secondary "ag undercrossings" similar to those referenced above. Consistent with Section 2.4.5.1 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, undercrossings would be provided in proximity to the FRI parcels to facilitate continued mobility for farm operations.

The commenter also suggests that all irrigation issues created by the parcel severance will need to be resolved. Implementation of PUE-IAMM#1: Minimization of Utility Interruption requires that when relocating an irrigation facility is necessary, if feasible the Contractor will provide a new operational facility prior to disconnecting the original facility. The commenter requests that the Authority re-engineer and build the irrigation system with capacities to match the existing system. In accordance with PUE-IAMM#1, the Contractor would provide new irrigation facilities, as feasible, prior to disconnecting the existing service.

The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS includes an analysis of the feasibility of continued agricultural activity on remnant parcels along the alignment. As noted under Impact AG#5, Effects on Agricultural Land from Parcel Severance, parcel severance could cause hardship to irrigation systems. The Authority would work with irrigation districts and landowners to protect irrigation systems as they intersect HSR. During the right-of-way acquisition process, the Authority's right-of-way agents will work with each affected property owner to address issues of concern.

B002-2

Submission B003 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 17, 2018)

Record Date : Response Requested : Affiliation Type : Interest As : Submission Date : Submission Method : First Name : Last Name : Professional Title : Business/Organization : Address : Apt./Suite No. : Dity :	Action Pending 1/17/2018 Business and/or Organization Business and/or Organization 1/17/2018 Project Email Michael Kennedy Principal Bethel Christian School
Affiliation Type : Interest As : Submission Date : Submission Method : First Name : Last Name : Professional Title : Business/Organization : Address : Apt./Suite No. :	Business and/or Organization 1/17/2018 Project Email Michael Kennedy Principal
Affiliation Type : Interest As : Submission Date : Submission Method : First Name : Last Name : Professional Title : Business/Organization : Address : Apt./Suite No. :	Business and/or Organization 1/17/2018 Project Email Michael Kennedy Principal
Submission Date : Submission Method : First Name : ast Name : Professional Title : Susiness/Organization : Address : Apt/Suite No. :	1/17/2018 Project Email Michael Kennedy Principal
Submission Method : First Name : .ast Name : Professional Title : Business/Organization : Address : Apt./Suite No. :	Project Email Michael Kennedy Principal
First Name : .ast Name : Professional Title : Business/Organization : Address : Apt./Suite No. :	Michael Kennedy Principal
ast Name : Professional Title : Business/Organization : Address : Apt./Suite No. :	Kennedy Principal
Professional Title : Business/Organization : Address : Apt./Suite No. :	Principal
Business/Organization : Address : Apt./Suite No. :	
Address : Apt./Suite No. :	Bethel Christian School
Apt./Suite No. :	
Nithy -	
any.	
State :	
Zip Code :	
Telephone :	
Email :	mikeakennedy@gmail.com
Email Subscription :	
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List :	
Stakeholder Comments/Issues :	:
There is legal obligation to includ EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakers	de the attached PDF file/letter as an official comment to the Draft Supplementa sfield Project Section.
n addition, please add this docu	Imentation to the existing Administrative Record for Case No.34-2014-
30001864, as it was submitted o	on behalf of the church-school in the STB Petition.
Regards,	
Michael Kennedy, Principal (M.E	Ed.L.)
Bethel Christian School	
Sent from my iPhone	

Sent from my iPhone EIR/EIS Comment : Official Comment Period : Attachments :

Yes No 368_Kennedy_email_011618_Attachment.pdf (423 kb) DAVID G. VALADAO 21st District, California



COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON ADMICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION SUBCOMMINISTIE ON INTERIOR AND THE ENVIRONMENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON MILITARY CONSTRUCTION AND VETERIONS AFFAIRS

UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES November 7, 2014

The Honorable Daniel R. Elliott III, Chairman Surface Transportation Board 395 E Street SW, Suite 100 Washington, DC 40423-0001

RE: California High-Speed Rail Authority: Petition for Declaratory Order

Dear Chairman Elliott,

We are writing in opposition to the petition filed by the California High-Speed Rail Authority (CHSRA) on October 9, 2014, in which CHSRA requested that the Surface Transportation Board issue a declaratory order concerning the availability of injunctive remedies under the *California Environmental Quality* Act (CEQA).

As Members of Congress representing California's Central Valley, we want to make sure the high speed rail project is thoroughly reviewed in all areas and that all applicable laws are followed. The proposed . route from Freens to Bakersfield crosses many diverse environments, including agricultural farmland and tribal lands, and will affect millions of people who call the Central Valley home. Given the location and the potential consequences of the high speed rail project, we feel it is critical that our constituents in the Valley be able to appropriately review the project's impact on their community and that the appropriate remedies be made available to them. With multiple lawsuits working their way through our State's judicial system on this very issue, the CHSRA's petition is an attempt to end-run around California's environmental protection laws, thereby denying our constituents the opportunity to participate in the regulatory process and fully exercise their legal rights.

This project has changed drastically from what was promised to voters, and this is another attempt by the CHSRA to skirt the law. On behalf of our constituents, we urge you to reject the CHSRA's petition and require CHSRA to adhere to state and federal laws, as well as any judicial determinations, as it continues to develop and construct high speed rail in California.

Sincerely,

David G. Valada Member of C Jeff De Mem ongress 101 NORTH IRWIN STRI SUITE 110B JANFORD, CA 93230 (559) 582-5526

Kevin McCarthy Member of Congress en

Derin Nunes

Devin G. Nunes Member of Congress

1004 LONGWORTH HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING WASHINGTON, DC 20515 (202) 225-4695 PRINTED ON RECYCLED PAPER 2700 M STREET SUITE 250B BAKERSFIELD, CA 93301 (661) 864-7736

California High-Speed Rail Authority

B003-1



Response to Submission B003 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 17, 2018)

B003-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-03: Response to Comments Received After the Close of the Public Comment Period.

The commenter has provided a file/letter (PDF) as an attachment to the comment submittal and indicates there is legal obligation to include the file as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The materials attached to this comment have been included in the Final Supplemental EIS and, as such, as part of the project record.

The Authority has reviewed and considered the file/letter that was included with the comment. The file consists of a letter dated November 7, 2014 and addressed to the Surface Transportation Board (STB) from Congressmen David Valadao, Jeff Denham, Kevin McCarthy, and Devin Nunes. The letter voices opposition to the Authority's October 9, 2014 petition requesting a declaratory order concerning the availability of injunctive remedies under CEQA. The letter also references concerns that stakeholders have not had the opportunity to review the impacts associated with the Fresno to Bakersfield Section of the HSR Project.

The decision related to the petition referenced in the letter is located on the STB's website:

https://www.stb.gov/decisions/readingroom.nsf/cac42df635267da4852572b80041558c/8 247a0ee7e3897ff85257dac007ccf08?OpenDocument.

As discussed in Chapter 9 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, and detailed below, the Authority has provided sufficient public and agency outreach as part of the Supplemental EIR/EIS process, as well as opportunities for public involvement and comment. The public involvement and outreach included preparation and distribution of informational materials such as fact sheets, informational meetings and open houses, public and agency scoping meetings and hearings, meetings with individuals and groups, workshops regarding the F-B LGA, and briefings to interested and/or affected stakeholders.

The Fresno to Bakersfield Section Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS was circulated for 60 days as required by CEQA (CEQA Guidelines §15080-15088). The CEQA Guidelines provide:

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The public review period for a draft EIR shall not be less than 30 days nor should it be longer than 60 days except under unusual circumstances. When a draft EIR is submitted to the State Clearinghouse for review by state agencies, the public review period shall not be less than 45 days, unless a shorter period, not less than 30 days, is approved by the State Clearinghouse. (14 C.C.R. 15105)

Likewise, Section 13(c)(9) of the FRA Procedures for Considering Environmental Impacts provides:

The draft EIS shall be made available for public and agency comment for at least 45 days from the Friday following the week the draft EIS was received by EPA. The time period for comments on the draft EIS shall be specified in a prominent place in the document, but comments received after the stated time period expires should be considered to the extent possible. (64 FR 101, page 28545, May 26, 1999)

The Authority and FRA believe the time provided was sufficient for the public to review and provide comments on the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. A formal public hearing was held in Bakersfield on December 19, 2017, at which written and verbal comments were accepted on the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS.

Per the requirements set out by the CEQA Guidelines 15086 and 15087, the Authority and FRA provided widespread notice of the availability of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS to ensure that members of the public and local, state and federal agencies had the opportunity to review and provide comments. The Authority and FRA provided broad notice of the availability of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS in the following ways: by mailing a notice to all individuals/organizations that requested notice in writing and publication in newspaper(s) of general circulation; by direct mailing to owners/occupants of property within 300 feet of the F-B LGA footprint and the May 2014 Project footprint; via direct mailing to agencies, elected officials, tribes, etc.; via direct mailing to those on the project mailing list; by submitting copies to the State Clearinghouse for state agency review; and via publication in the federal register. The Authority and FRA provided access to the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS in the following ways: the entire Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, Volumes I through III, were made available on the Authority's website; CDs containing these documents were made available to anyone who

Response to Submission B003 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 17, 2018) - Continued

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website; CDs containing these documents were made available to anyone who requested them (in writing), free of charge; and CDs and printed copies were made available in public libraries in the vicinity of the affected alignments and the Authority offices. The Authority and FRA facilitated awareness of the availability of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS in the following ways: by providing information during monthly agency meetings and regular consultations; by holding general public meetings, as well as individual meetings with stakeholders; by holding a public hearing during the 60-day review period for the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS; and by using mailed announcements.

Chapter 10 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS lists the agencies, Native American tribes, elected officials, and organizations and businesses that were provided mailed notice of the availability of the document. Between November 3 and November 9, 2017, the Authority published a press release in all major newspapers in the area advising the public of the availability of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS on the Authority's website. The Authority used the County Assessors' rolls in Kern County to identify and provide notice to owners of land affected or within a 300-foot buffer of the May 2014 Project and F-B LGA footprints.

The public was given the opportunity to comment in any of several ways. Comments could be submitted to the Authority and FRA by card or letter (including cards and letters submitted at the public hearing), verbally at the public hearing, and by means of e-mail. The Authority and FRA have considered comments received after January 16, 2018 on the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. These comments are reproduced here in Chapters 19 through 25 of this Final Supplemental EIS. A total of approximately 290 submission letters (a submission letter by an individual or organization could consist of one or multiple comments) were submitted on the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. These submissions were provided via e-mail, via mailed letters, and via the Authority's website.

Public and agency outreach included notification and circulation of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. Refer to Chapter 9 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS (Public and Agency Involvement), which describes the public and agency involvement efforts conducted during the preparation, and after publication, of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. Table 9-1 lists the agency and public meetings held as part of the Authority's outreach efforts associated with the F-B LGA development process. Table 8-1 of the

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Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS lists the agency and public meetings held as part of the Authority's outreach efforts through the publication of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS.

The Notice of Availability, which was distributed initially on November 9, 2017 and then, in corrected form on November 17, 2017, included notice of the December 19, 2017 Public Hearing and was mailed to schools, elected officials, stakeholders, agencies, and tribes. It was also mailed to owners and residents within 300 feet of the May 2014 Project and F-B LGA project footprints and to anyone who had requested to be notified. Finally, the NOA was published in 10 newspapers with circulation in the project area. The table below shows the names of publications and the dates the NOA was published.

Table 1: NOA Newspaper Publications

	Publication	Initial Publication Date	Second Publication Date
1	Bakersfield Californian	11/09/2017	11/17/2017
2	Bakersfield.com	11/09/2017- 11/15/2017	11/15/2017
3	El Popular	11/03/2017	11/17/2017
4	Fresno Bee	11/09/2017	11/17/2017
5	Hanford Sentinel	11/09/2017	11/17/2017
6	Vida en el Valle	11/08/2017	11/22/2017
7	Corcoran Journal	11/09/2017	11/15/2017
8	Delano Record	11/09/2017	11/23/2017
9	Wasco Tribune	11/08/2017	11/22/2017
10	Shafter Press	11/08/2017	11/22/2017



Response to Submission B003 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 17, 2018) - Continued

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In addition to publishing the notice in local newspapers, the Authority posted the NOA on the Fresno to Bakersfield project section webpage with a link from the Authority's homepage. The Authority also issued a press release on November 9, 2017 with the specific hearing information to media outlets in the Central Valley and an email list of 8,789 unique email addresses.

The FRA published a notice about the public hearing scheduled for December 19, 2017 in Bakersfield. The webpage was made available to the public on November 17, 2017 at: https://www.fra.dot.gov/Page/P1072. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency also published a notice about the availability of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS from the FRA on November 17, 2017.

Public meetings were announced through direct mail to those in the project database, advertisements in local newspapers, email notices, and postings on the Authority's website. Meeting notices were also delivered to key stakeholder groups to display at public counters/bulletin boards. Direct mailed notices for public meetings were in English and Spanish or contained a toll-free phone number for Spanish speakers to call. Emailed notices for public meetings were in English and Spanish. American sign language interpreters were available at the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS Public Hearing.

For further detail of the public meetings held during the preparation of the Draft EIR/EIS and the RDEIR/SDEIS, refer to FB-Response-GENERAL-16 in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS.

Furthermore, various publications and materials were developed in English and Spanish and made available at public meetings, activity centers, information tables, and the Authority's website, including the Fresno-Bakersfield High-Speed Rail Fact Sheet, Statewide High-Speed Rail Fact Sheets, F-B LGA Fact Sheet, F-B LGA Frequently Asked Questions, Fresno to Bakersfield Frequently Asked Questions, Right-of-way Fact Sheets, "Your Property, Your High-Speed Rail Project," and the Permit to Enter fact sheet regarding field studies for various environmental disciplines. In addition, the Authority website includes information about HSR, the proposed HSR route, the Authority's Revised Business Plans (Authority 2012a, 2014, 2016), newsletters, press releases, board of directors meetings, recent developments, status of the environmental

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review process, Authority contact information, and related links.

The Authority will continue to coordinate with private and public sectors during the environmental process and subsequent phases of the project (right-of-way acquisition, regulatory permitting, final design, etc.) in order to address concerns and resolve issues. The Authority has included the letter provided with the comment in the Administrative Record for the Final Supplemental EIS.

Submission B004 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018)

Fresno - Bakersfield (2014 Ju Status : Record Date : Response Requested : Affiliation Type : Interest As : Submission Date : Submission Method :	Ine+) - RECORD #369 DETAIL Action Pending 1/17/2018 Business and/or Organization Business and/or Organization 1/16/2018 Project Email	STATE CAPTOL P.O. 50X 645569 SACCAAKENTO, CA. 54249.0006 (1916) 319-2006 FAX (916) 319-2106 DISTRICT OFFICE 3501 CIVIC CENTER OFWC, SUITE 412 SAN RAFAEL, CA. 44903 (116) 797-4620 FAX (415) 479-2123 http://democrats.assembly.ca.gov/members/a06	Assembly California Legislature JARED HUFFMAN ASSEMBLYMEMBER, SIXTH DISTRICT	COMMITTEES CHAR, WATER, PARKS AND BUDGET JUDICIARY NATURAL RESOURCES UTILITIES AND COMMERCE BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE NO.3 ON RESOURCES
First Name : Last Name : Professional Title : Business/Organization : Address : Apt./Suite No. : City :	Michael Kennedy Principal Bethel Christian School	August 16, 2012 The Honorable Darrell Stu President Pro Tempore, C		
State : Zip Code : Telephone : Email : Email Subscription : Cell Phone : Add to Mailing List : Stakeholder Comments/Issu	mikeakennedy@gmail.com	California State Capitol Sacramento, CA 95814 The Honorable John Pere Assembly Speaker, Califo California State Capitol Sacramento, CA 95814 Dear President Pro Tempo		
EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bal	slude the attached PDF file/letter as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental tersfield Project Section. bocumentation to the existing Administrative Record for Case No.34-2014- d on behalf of the church-school and other impacted organizations.	We are writing to express California's most importa (CEQA), in the final days	our concerns about proposals that are circulatin int environmental law, the California Environme of this legislative session. We urge you to opp emptions or otherwise re-write CEQA in the day	ental Quality Act lose any proposal to
Regards, Michael Kennedy, Principal (I Bethel Christian School Sent from my iPhone		its many benefits – but or crafted very carefully. U changes that have not bee session power play. In re thoughtful and transparen group with the goal of ide legislative action next yea		od faith process and are eard about reflect major rests in an end-of- s issue the serious, A stakeholder working of hearings and
EIR/EIS Comment : Official Comment Period : Attachments :	Yes Yes 369_Kennedy_email_011618_Attachment.pdf (2 mb)	of environmental impacts have a voice in decisions protections CEQA afford review by stakeholders, tl Toward that end, we stan	If old law has made countless projects better by i, It has protected communities from pollution a affecting their neighborhoods, public health, and s are too important to change without careful, the public, and a full, deliberative legislative pro d ready to work with you on thoughtful CEQA hat the environmental community has already in an work better.	nd allowed citizens to d quality of life. The noughtful analysis and cess. improvements. In

California High-Speed Rail Authority

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Submission B004 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018) - Continued

preventing any last minute attempts to weaken CEQA. Sincerely. ein alil Tran Part Ct Nan Howin The Jun 41

We have many big issues yet to consider before adjournment. Thank you for your leadership in

Response to Submission B004 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018)

B004-1

The commenter has provided a file/letter (PDF) as an attachment to the comment submittal and indicates there is legal obligation to include the file as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS.

The Authority has reviewed and considered the letter that was included with the comment. The letter, which is dated August 16, 2013 and addressed to former California State Senator Darrell Steinberg and former California State Assembly Speaker John Perez from former California Assembly Member Jared Huffman, urges opposition of any proposals to weaken CEQA (e.g., by creating significant new exemptions).

The letter is not directly relevant to the Supplemental EIR/EIS; however, the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS was prepared in full accordance with CEQA and NEPA requirements. This is further described in Chapter 1, Section 1.1.3 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The analysis of the F-B LGA was prepared consistent with the analysis that was conducted for the complementary portion of the Preferred Alternative that was identified in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS to provide an apples-to-apples comparison between the F-B LGA and May 2014 Project. The Authority has included the attachment letter in the Administrative Record for the Final Supplemental EIS.

October 2019



B005-

Submission B005 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018)

Fresho - Bakersfield (2014 J	une+) - RECORD #370 DETAIL Action Pendina
Status : Record Date :	1/17/2018
	1/1//2018
Response Requested :	Pusies and the Oscarization
Affiliation Type : Interest As :	Business and/or Organization
	Business and/or Organization
Submission Date :	1/16/2018
Submission Method :	Project Email
First Name :	Michael
Last Name :	Kennedy
Professional Title :	Principal
Business/Organization :	Bethel Christian School
Address :	
Apt./Suite No. :	
City :	
State :	
Zip Code :	
Telephone :	
Email :	mikeakennedy@gmail.com
Email Subscription :	
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List :	
Stakeholder Comments/Issu	es :
There is legal obligation to in	clude the attached PDF file/letter as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental
EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Ba	
In addition places add this d	compartation to the evicting Administrative Decord for Case No. 24 2014
	ocumentation to the existing Administrative Record for Case No.34-2014-
	ed on behalf of the church-school in the STB Petition.
Regards,	
0 .	
Michael Kennedy, Principal (M.Ed.L.)

Sent from my iPhone **EIR/EIS** Comment : Yes Official Comment Period : Yes Attachments :

370 Kennedy email 011618 Attachment.pdf (631 kb)



22 TRUXTUN AVE., STE. 100 BAKERSFIELD, CA 93301 TEL (661) 395-2620 FAX (661) 395-2622

California State Senate

SENATOR ANDY VIDAK

SIXTEENTH SENATE DISTRICT

October 27, 2014

The Honorable Daniel R. Elliott III, Chairman Surface Transportation Board 395 E. Street, S.W. Suite 100 Washington, DC 20423-0001

RE: California High-Speed Rail Authority: Petition for Declaratory Order

Dear Chairman Elliott,

As the State Senator who represents Senate District 16, which includes virtually every portion of the proposed High-Speed Rail Fresno-Bakersfield route, I write regarding the petition requesting that your Board issue a declaratory order regarding the availability of injunctive remedies under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

With several years of knowledge and engagement in this project, I want to make sure that the high-speed rail project goes through all facets of the normal environmental review process. This includes complying with both the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and CEQA and the mitigation requirements any injunctive relief imposed by the courts. The Fresno to Bakersfield route transverses many sensitive wildlife and environmentally sensitive areas of the San Joaquin Valley. Additionally, this proposed alignment will go through historic tribal lands, prime agriculture farmland, and minority communities. Having the Authority go through the CEQA process and ensuring that proper mitigation is provided mandates that the Authority meets the state standards for protection of the environment and the rights of those who will be affected along the proposed route.

This project is fully contained within the borders of the State of California and therefore should be subject to the State's environmental review, in addition to those required under federal law. On behalf of my constituents I urge your board to reject this petition.

ANDY VIDAK Senator, 16th District

Response to Submission B005 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018)

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The commenter has provided a file/letter (PDF) as an attachment to the comment submittal and indicates there is legal obligation to include the file as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The Authority has reviewed and considered the attachment that was included with the comment. The letter, which is dated October 27, 2014 and addressed to the Surface Transportation Board (STB) from California State Senator Andy Vidak, voices opposition to the Authority's October 9, 2014 petition requesting a declaratory order concerning the availability of injunctive remedies under CEQA. The author also requests that the HSR project be subject to all facets of environmental review consistent with NEPA and CEQA requirements.

The decision related to the petition referenced in the letter is located on the STB's website: https://www.stb.gov/decisions/readingroom.nsf/cac42df635267da4852572b800 41558c/8247a0ee7e3897ff85257dac007ccf08?OpenDocument.

The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS was prepared in full accordance with CEQA and NEPA requirements. This is further described in Chapter 1, Section 1.1.3 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The analysis of the F-B LGA was prepared consistent with the analysis that was conducted for the complementary portion of the Preferred Alternative identified in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS. As described in Section 3.1.3.3 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, this consistency of methodology ensures an apples-to-apples comparison between the F-B LGA and May 2014 Project and that a Preferred Alternative for this portion of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section is fully analyzed per CEQA and NEPA requirements. The Authority has included the attachment letter in the Administrative Record for the Final Supplemental EIS.

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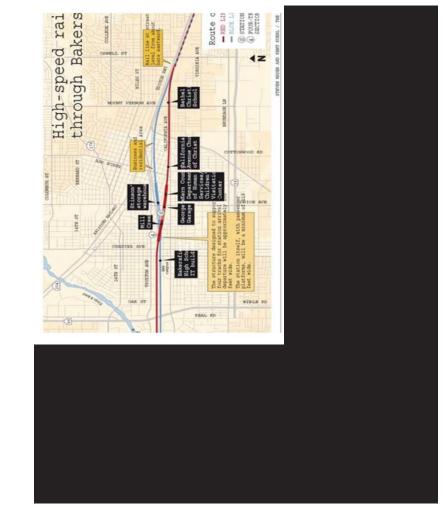
Submission B006 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018)

Status :	Action Pending
Record Date :	1/17/2018
Response Requested :	
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
nterest As :	Business and/or Organization
Submission Date :	1/16/2018
Submission Method :	Project Email
First Name :	Michael
Last Name :	Kennedy
Professional Title :	Principal
Business/Organization :	Bethel Christian School
Address :	
Apt./Suite No. :	
City :	
State :	
Zip Code :	
Telephone :	
Email :	mikeakennedy@gmail.com
Email Subscription :	
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List :	
Stakeholder Comments/Issu	les :
There is legal obligation to in	clude the attached JPG files (3 total) as an official comment to the Draft
0 0	e Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section.
	ocumentation to the existing Administrative Record for Case No.34-2014-
80001864	
Regards,	
Michael Kennedy, Principal (M.Ed.L.)
Bethel Christian School	

Sent from my iPhone EIR/EIS Comment : Yes Official Comment Period : Yes Attachments :

371_Kennedy_email_011618_Attachment.pdf (324 kb)

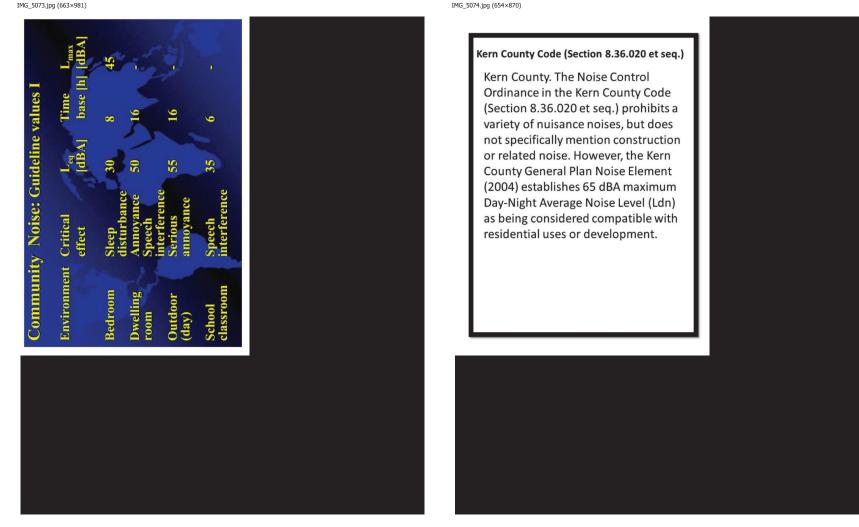
IMG_5072.jpg (730×990)



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Submission B006 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018) - Continued



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Response to Submission B006 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018)

B006-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-N&V-01: Schools, FB-LGA-Response-N&V-02: General Assessment Methodology Concerns - Use of FRA Methodology/Criteria.

The commenter has provided three JPG files as an attachment to the comment submittal and indicates there is a legal obligation to include the file as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The Authority has reviewed and considered the attachments that were included with the comment. The first attachment (Attachment A) presumably shows an HSR alignment evaluated in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section EIR/EIS in relation to various uses in Bakersfield, including the First Free Will Baptist Church and Bethel Christian School. The second attachment (Attachment B) is an unsourced diagram showing Community Noise Guidelines and noise values for various environments (including bedrooms, dwelling rooms, outdoor [day], and school classroom). The third attachment (Attachment C) provides language from Section 8.36.020 of the Kern County Code referencing the County's Noise Control Ordinance.

Attachment A does not specifically pertain to the F-B LGA analyzed in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. Potential impacts associated with the F-B LGA have been discussed throughout Chapter 3 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. Refer to Section 3.2.4.3 for an analysis of transportation and safety impacts on schools; Section 3.3.5.1 for the air quality impacts on sensitive receptors, including schools; Section 3.4.4.2 for a discussion of impacts on noise-sensitive receivers, including schools; Section 3.5.4.2 for an analysis of electromagnetic fields and electromagnetic interference impacts on schools; Section 3.10.3.2 for the hazardous materials impacts on schools; Section 3.11.3.2 for an analysis of safety and security impacts associated with schools; Section 3.12.4.2 for a discussion of impacts to community facilities, including schools; and Section 3.16.3.2 for an analysis of visual quality effects to schools.

Attachment B reflects unsourced noise standards for various environments. Section 3.4.2.3 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS describes the impact assessment guidance and noise thresholds used to assess impacts associated with the F-B LGA. This methodology is consistent with the noise impact methodology in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS, as well as federal, state, and local laws, regulations,

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and orders relevant to noise and vibration described in Section 3.4.1 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS.

Attachment C, which reflects the Kern County Noise Control Ordinance, was considered as part of the analysis of potential noise impacts in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS and is discussed in Appendix B of the Noise Technical Report for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section EIR/EIS. As portions of the alignment traverse through unincorporated Kern County land, the regulations of the Kern County code have been considered in the preparation of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS (refer to Section 3.4.1.3 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS).

The Authority has included the attached JPG files in the Administrative Record for the Final Supplemental EIS.

Submission B007 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 17, 2018)

Status :	Action Pending
Record Date :	1/17/2018
Response Requested :	
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization
Submission Date :	1/17/2018
Submission Method :	Project Email
First Name :	Michael
Last Name :	Kennedy
Professional Title :	Principal
Business/Organization :	Bethel Christian School
Address :	
Apt./Suite No. :	
City :	
State :	
Zip Code :	
Telephone :	
Email :	mikeakennedy@gmail.com
Email Subscription :	
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List : Stakeholder Comments/Issu	
Stakenoluer Comments/ISSu	
There is legal obligation to in	clude the attached JPG files (6 total) from Robert Andres as an official comment to
the Draft Supplemental EIR/E	EIS, for the Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section.
In addition, please add this de	ocumentation to the existing Administrative Record for Case No.34-2014-
80001864.	-
Regards,	

Sent from my iPhone EIR/EIS Comment : Official Comment Period : Attachments :

Yes Yes 372 Kennedy_email_011618_AttachmenLpdf (515 kb) 372_BethelChrstianSchl_email_011618_Original.pdf (512 kb)

October 2019

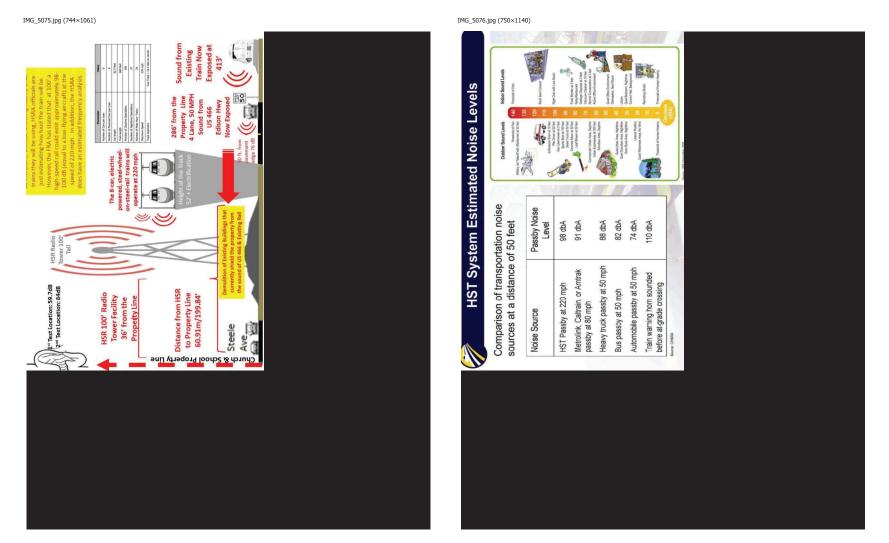
Page | 23-20

B007-1

Michael Kennedy, Principal (M.Ed.L.) Bethel Christian School



Submission B007 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 17, 2018) - Continued

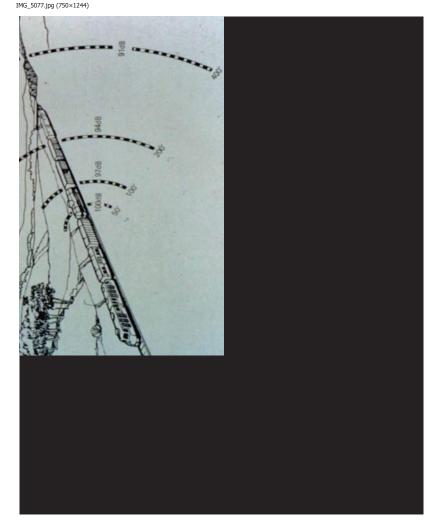


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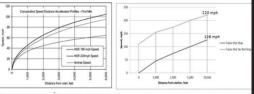
Submission B007 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 17, 2018) - Continued



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The following acceleration profiles were charted with data from Parsons Brincherhoff for the California High-Speed Rail Authority. Therefore, this data is for application to the California High-Speed Train Project. These estimations establish speeds of 126-220 mph just 2 miles to the east of the Bakersfield HSR station. Additionally, it should be noted that the First Free Will Baptist Church and Bethel Christian School are located approximately 2.43 miles from the station location.



Distance from	Speed at various distances from starting point for:					
starting point	High Speed Train for 300 km/h (186 mph)	High Speed Train for 220 mph	Amtrak California Train			
1000 feet *	42 mph	45 mph	34 mph			
2500 feet	67 mph	74 mph	49 mph			
1.0 Mile	89 mph	100 mph	62 mph			
2.0 Miles	114 mph	126 mph	76 mph			
5.0 Miles	151 mph	165 mph	95 mph **			

* where speed limit above 79 mph is permissible

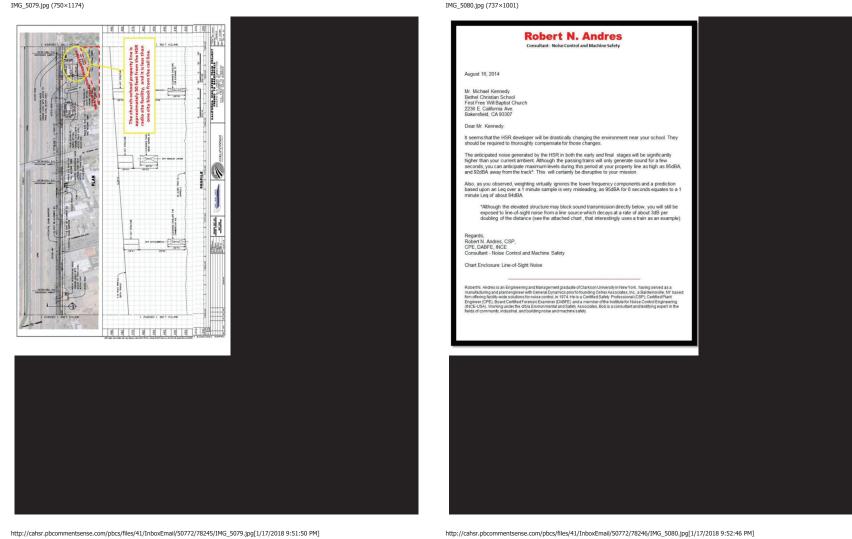




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Submission B007 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 17, 2018) - Continued



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Fresno to Bakersfield Section **Final Supplemental EIS**

Response to Submission B007 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 17, 2018)

B007-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-N&V-02: General Assessment Methodology Concerns - Use of FRA Methodology/Criteria.

The commenter has provided six JPG files and indicates there is legal obligation to include the files as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS.

The Authority has reviewed and considered the six JPG files that were included with the comment. Although the attachments predate the release of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for public review, the Authority has taken into consideration their content and their applicability to the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The attachments include: 1) a diagram showing the distance of the proposed HSR viaduct (presumably the Bakersfield Hybrid alignment evaluated in the Fresno to Bakersfield Final EIR/EIS), proposed HSR radio tower, U.S. 466 Edison Highway, and existing train corridor from the school/church property; 2) an Authority "HST System Estimated Noise Levels" diagram; 3) a figure depicting a freight train and noise contour distances; 4) a figure showing acceleration profiles of the HSR and Amtrak trains at 186 and 220 miles per hour; 5) a design drawing from the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Volume III Sound Barrier Plans showing the distance of the Alignment B3 alternative from the school/church property line; and, 6) a letter from a noise consultant (Robert N. Andres) stating that maximum noise levels of 95 dBA could be experienced at the church/school property line due to HSR operation.

Sensitive receptors within 2,500 feet of the F-B LGA and May 2014 Project have been analyzed in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS as described in Section 3.4.2.6 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, in Section 3.4, takes into account potential noise impacts to the Bethel Christian School using methodology based on the sensitive receptor's distance from the F-B LGA during operation and determines that, without mitigation, impacts would be severe (refer to Table 3.4-21 on page 3.4-31). The Authority will include the six JPG files in the Administrative Record for the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS.

Although the HSR will generate noise, noise levels would be attenuated with distance, shielding factors, and noise abatement measures considered for the project. Noise abatement measures in the form of noise barriers along the HSR alignment were considered for this area (N&V-MM#3). The noise barrier was determined to be both

B007-1

feasible and reasonable in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS, the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, and their respective Noise and Vibration Technical Reports. The implementation of noise barriers would reduce severe exterior noise impacts to no impacts at this church-school facility, as described in Section 3.4.4.2 under Impact N&V #3 and shown in Table 3.4-21 and Figure 3.4-5 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. Refer to N&V-MM#3 for a discussion of the performance standards that must be achieved to ensure interior noise levels do not exceed 45 dBA Ldn.

California High-Speed Rail Authority

October 2019



B008-1

Submission B008 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018)

Status :	Action Pending
Record Date :	1/17/2018
Response Requested :	
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization
Submission Date :	1/16/2018
Submission Method :	Project Email
First Name :	Michael
Last Name :	Kennedy
Professional Title :	Principal
Business/Organization :	Bethel Christian School
Address :	
Apt./Suite No. :	
City :	
State :	
Zip Code :	
Telephone :	
Email :	mikeakennedy@gmail.com
Email Subscription :	
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List :	
Stakeholder Comments/Issu	es :
There is legal obligation to in	clude the attached JPG file as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental
EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bal	
	ocumentation to the existing Administrative Record for Case No.34-2014-
80001864.	
Regards,	
Michael Kennedy, Principal (I	WI.EU.L.)
Bethel Christian School	
Sent from my iPhone EIR/EIS Comment :	

EIR/EIS Comment : Official Comment Period : Attachments :

Yes 373_Kennedy_email_011618_attachment.pdf (247 kb) 373_Kennedy_email_011618_Original.pdf (245 kb) IMG_5081.jpg (384×1091)



http://cahsr.pbcommentsense.com/pbcs/files/41/InboxEmail/50771/78240/IMG_5081.jpg[1/17/2018 9:43:19 PM]

Response to Submission B008 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018)

B008-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-N&V-02: General Assessment Methodology Concerns - Use of FRA Methodology/Criteria.

The commenter has provided one JPG file and indicates there is legal obligation to include the file as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS.

The Authority has reviewed and considered the JPG file that was included with the comment. The attachment contains NEPA regulation excerpts, including Title 1, Section 101(a) ("to use all practicable means and measures, including financial and technical assistance, in a manner calculated to foster and promote the general welfare, to create and maintain conditions under which man and nature can exist in productive harmony, and fulfill the social, economic, and other requirements of present and future generations of Americans"); Section 102 (2)(C) ("...and other major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment."); and Section 1508.14 ("... the human environment is defined as including the natural physical, social, and economic characteristics of the total environment...").

The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS has been prepared in compliance with NEPA and CEQA requirements as described in the Preface and Chapter 1, Section 1.1.3. As such, the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS includes an analysis of impacts associated with the physical, social, and economic environment, as required under NEPA. The Authority has included the JPG file in the Administrative Record for the Final Supplemental EIS.

October 2019

Submission B009 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018)

Status :	Action Pending	
Record Date :	1/17/2018	
Response Requested :		
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization	
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization	
Submission Date :	1/16/2018	
Submission Method :	Project Email	
First Name :	Michael	
Last Name :	Kennedy	
Professional Title :	Principal	
Business/Organization :	Bethel Christian School	
Address :		
Apt./Suite No. :		
City :		
State :		
Zip Code :		
Telephone :		
Email :	mikeakennedy@gmail.com	
Email Subscription :		
Cell Phone :		
Add to Mailing List :		
Stakeholder Comments/Issue	s :	

B009-1 There is legal obligation to include the attached notes as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section. In addition, please add this documentation to the existing Administrative Record for Case No.34-2014-80001864. Regards, Michael Kennedy, Principal (M.Ed.L.) Bethel Christian School

> High-Speed Rail Negative Impact on Bethel Christian School and the First Free Will Baptist Church Executive Summary Report/Update: 2014

Introduction

In November of 2013, the California High Speed Rail Authority (HSRA) approved the staff recommendation for the Hybrid Alignment through Bakersfield. The Authority stated that "The Bakersfield Hybrid Alternative would... impact the fewest religious facilities, and it would not impact... Bethel Christian School." Nevertheless, the environmental studies for all rail alignment alternatives near the church-school are only feet apart from each other, as throughout the City of Bakersfield. They are not true alternatives because all three will cause similar, extensive and severe impacts to the church-school facility and other local organizations. Although churchschool stakeholder comments related to the revised EIR/EIS were initially submitted in writing, before the October 19, 2012 deadline, documented in numerous public hearings (e.g., August 27, 2012 HSRA Hearing), and referenced in FFWBC Validation Complaint (Court Ruling 34-2013-00140689), the church-school community believes that their concerns related to the Bakersfield Hybrid Alignment have not been adequately addressed. It is also clear that little effort has been made by the HSRA to assess the church and school program before the certification of the EIR. Therefore, the stakeholders of the church-school have commissioned this extensive report to validate the existing quality of the school environment and to research the negative impacts that would result if a high-speed rail is situated within close proximity to the existing campus.

Research from this Report and the Study of HSR Documents Reveals the Following Negative Unmitigated Impacts:

- · Air pollution, as there are concerns about cocci-containing dust
- Noise pollution, due to the unique learning environment and work with the learning disabled.
- Traffic circulation, because of possible road closures near the church-school facility.
- Socioeconomic and Environmental Justice, as the school serves the low-income community.
- Land use compatibility related to the CDE, CA Education Code and religious land use.
- Aesthetics and visual, because of the elevated HSR structure towering 52-55 ft.
- Compensation for devaluation of property value and loss of income.
- Lack of specific mitigation in the certified FEIR/FEIS documents.
- Absence of viable route alternatives in violation of RLUIPA & CEQA.
- Additional impacts related to the campus church facility.

History of the Church-School and HSR Impact

Bethel Christian School and the First Free Will Baptist Church are currently in the existing HSR alignments between both California Ave. (South Alignment) and Edison Highway (Hybrid Alignment). The school and church serve the greater Bakersfield area and the many low-income families in this study area.

Socioeconomic, Environmental, and Ministry to Low-Income Stakeholders In an October 22, 2011, Los Angeles Times article, by Ralph Vartabedian, it was noted that: "Officials at First Free Will Baptist Church believe it will lose some of the 22 parcels it owns in east Bakersfield, damaging its outreach mission and a school for 70 kids, no matter which route is selected. 'This area is in decline,' said Pastor Mark Harrison. 'We have a failing economy. There is a lot of vandalism here. There is graffiti everywhere. We are overrun with gangs. It is a violent area at night. If you want to see hopelessness, look at the youth in this area. We like to think of our church as standing for hope."

It should also be noted that, the 2013 WASC Report has verified "...Bethel Christian School serves this local need by providing a low-cost Christian education that is focused on learning results, established on Christiancharacter, and built around the individualized needs of the student..."

Many students in this low-income demographic will not always test at the highest levels or be accepted to the most prestigious academic programs, but it is the desire of the BCS staff to bring about the best in every child, and praise each child for the progress that has been made. This supportive atmosphere encourages students as they work to exceed the median levels and reach their personal educational goals. Such distinguishing features of the BCS program focus on what is best for the individual child.

Submission B009 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018) - Continued

NEPA/CEQA Regulations

Thorough analysis of impacts to the church-school is essential, as according to the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), Title 1, Section 101(a), the HSRA is required to "...use all practicable means and measures, including financial and technical assistance, in a manner calculated to foster and promote the general welfare, to create and maintain conditions under which man and nature can exist in productive harmony, and fulfill the social, economic, and other requirements of present and future generations of Americans." Section 102(2)(C) also states, "...and other major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment." Note: CEQ Regulations §1508.14 the human environment is defined as including the natural physical, social, and economic characteristics of the total environment.

Religious Land Use Laws

As a Baptist church, the Religious Land Use and Institutionalized Persons Act (RLUIPA), Pub.L. 106–274, codified as 42 U.S.C. § 2000cc et seq., is a United States federal law that would apply to the building of a High Speed Rail in close proximity to the church-school facility. RLUIPA prohibits the imposition of such burdens and gives churches and other religious institutions a way to avoid burdensome restrictions to their property use. The law states clearly that it is the responsibility of the government agency to "demonstrate that (any) imposition of the burden on that person, assembly or institution is: in furtherance of a compelling governmental interest; and is the least restrictive means of furthering that compelling governmental interest."

Noise-Sensitive Land Uses Regulations

HSR noise impacts vary depending on the alignment but it has been established that "...noise would be greater with the hybrid aerial option..." Regardless, in the most recent High-Speed Ground Transportation Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment, the FRA has stated that a church and a school would both qualify as "indoor noise-sensitive sites".

California Education Code (EC) Requirements

As a fully accredited WASC school, located only a few feet from the rail easement, Bethel Christian School should receive the same consideration granted to other WASC accredited institutions of learning. Under Title 5 Division 1, Chapter 13, Subchapter 1 of the California Code, the HSRA should consider among other items: "If the proposed site is within 1,500 feet of a railroad track easement, a safety study shall be done by a competent professional trained in assessing cargo manifests, frequency, speed, and schedule of railroad traffic, grade, curves, type and condition of track need for sound or safety barriers, need for pedestrian and vehicle safeguards at railroad crossings, presence of high pressure gas lines near the tracks that could rupture in the event of a derailment, preparation of an evacuation plan. In addition to the analysis, possible and reasonable mitigation measures must be identified."

Aesthetics/Visual Impact to the Church-School

All three of the alternative alignments include 12 to 15 miles of elevated rail viaduct as high as 96 feet that will tower approximately 50 feet high at the church-school location. These impacts have not been mitigated in the most recent FEIS/FEIR documents.

Mitigation and Church-School Stakeholder Recommendation

Due to the aforementioned impacts, the HSRA should "...consult with First Free Will Baptist Church and Bethel Christian School to identify suitable relocation alternatives for both facilities to minimize the impacts of the disruption", as promised with the South Alternative (Revised DEIR/Supplemental DEIS, July, 2012). The Authority should also, as with the South alignment, "...consult with school and church officials before land acquisition to find the facilities necessary to replace displaced classroom space in a manner that ensures similar functionality and accessibility to current levels.

Sent from my iPhone EIR/EIS Comment : Official Comment Period :



Response to Submission B009 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018)

B009-1

The commenter has provided notes as an attachment to the comment submittal and indicates there is a legal obligation to include the file as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The Authority has reviewed and considered the notes that were included with the comment. The notes consist of a summary, dated 2014, of resource topics that the commenter contends were analyzed incorrectly for impacts to the school/church in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS. The notes identify that air pollution, noise pollution, traffic circulation, socioeconomics and environmental justice, land use compatibility, and aesthetics impacts were inadequately analyzed in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS. Similar concerns were addressed in a comment letter submitted by representatives of the Bethel Christian School and Free Will Baptist Church on September 22, 2011 and were included in Volume IV of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS (pages 29-469 through 29-475). The responses that were provided (comment responses P045-1 through P045-3 and P046-1 through P046-8) are sufficient to address the issues the commenter has described related to the analysis in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section EIR/EIS.

The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS provides an analysis of the potential impacts on the Bethel Christian School and Free Will Baptist Church resulting from the F-B LGA. Refer to Section 3.2.4.3 for an analysis of transportation and safety impacts on schools; Section 3.3.5.1 for the air quality impacts on sensitive receivers, including schools; Section 3.4.4.2 for a discussion of impacts on noise-sensitive receivers, including schools; Section 3.5.4.2 for an analysis of electromagnetic fields and electromagnetic interference impacts on schools; Section 3.10.3.2 for the hazardous materials impacts on schools; Section 3.11.3.2 for an analysis of safety and security impacts associated with schools; Section 3.12.4.2 for a discussion of impacts to community facilities, including schools; and Section 3.16.3.2 for an analysis of visual quality effects to schools.

The Authority has included the attached notes in the Administrative Record for the Final Supplemental EIS.

Submission B010 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 17, 2018)

	Action Pending
Record Date :	1/17/2018
Response Requested :	
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization
Submission Date :	1/17/2018
Submission Method :	Project Email
First Name :	Michael
Last Name :	Kennedy
Professional Title :	Principal
Business/Organization :	Bethel Christian School
Address :	
Apt./Suite No. :	
City :	
State :	
Zip Code :	
Telephone :	
Email :	mikeakennedy@gmail.com
Email Subscription :	
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List :	
for the Fresno to Bakersfield	lude the attached notes as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/ Project Section.
Stakeholder Comments/Issue There is legal obligation to ind for the Fresno to Bakersfield	clude the attached notes as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/
Stakeholder Comments/Issue There is legal obligation to ind for the Fresno to Bakersfield I In addition, please add this do	ulue the attached notes as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/ Project Section. ccumentation to the existing Administrative Record for Case No.34-2014-
Stakeholder Comments/Issue There is legal obligation to inc for the Fresno to Bakersfield I In addition, please add this do 80001864. Regards, Michael Kennedy, Principal (N Bethel Christian School	ulue the attached notes as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/ Project Section. ccumentation to the existing Administrative Record for Case No.34-2014-
Stakeholder Comments/Issue There is legal obligation to inc for the Fresno to Bakersfield I In addition, please add this do 80001864. Regards, Michael Kennedy, Principal (N Bethel Christian School	vulue the attached notes as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/ Project Section. ccumentation to the existing Administrative Record for Case No.34-2014- M.Ed.L.)

*According to HSRA, the vertical alignment of the train has an effect. "Noise from elevated trains travels twice as far as noise from trains that are 'at grade' (at ground level). * More than 30 years ago a researcher, Dr. Arline Bronzaft, found that students in a school next to an elevated train in NYC were one year behind in reading ability if they had been on the noisy side of the school. That same researcher found that a couple years after the noise was reduced, the reading abilities of students on the formerly noisy side of school improved.

Based on these issues, the church stakeholders have contacted professionals that are familiar with sound mitigation. These professionals have detailed the negative impacts, and stakeholder needs, as related to mitigating the High Speed Rail impacts at the church-school facility. This document summarizes their findings and demonstrates the necessity for either a new multi-million dollar facility on the existing land, or relocation of the entire church-school facility.

Rebuilding and Mitigating on Existing Land

Some of the church-school stakeholders have requested information on mitigation measures that would allow the church and school to remain on the existing land. Although such changes would not mitigate sound on the playground, an effort was made to research mitigation measures that would reduce sound to the desired level within the classroom.

Unfortunately, this option is not cost effective because it would require demolition of many of the existing buildings, and it would also require extensive changes to any

remaining structures. Within the FEIR, the HSRA contests that simple adjustments can be made to mitigate unacceptable sound levels if there are negative impacts to an organization. Nevertheless, our extensive research indicates that the proximity to the rail, frequent sound level increases from the passing train, loss of existing shielding, and the vertical alignment, will bring a multitude of negative impacts. These impacts will remain severe even with the HSRA mitigation measures in mind. To clarify what would be necessary to reduce such adverse sound, the following should be considered:

Windows and Doors

Sound rated doors with gaskets and the best sound rated windows will need to be purchased. Therefore, new triple-glazed window systems would be needed throughout the buildings. During the construction phase, frames are important and how they fit into the structure. In addition, and as allowed by code, windows and door entrances would need to be cut down dramatically.

Each building should also have a designated main entrance. This designated entrance should be designed with double doors, so that as you go through one door it closes behind you trapping the sound. The inside door and the outside door should have a large cavity between them, so that if sound does get inside it does not enter the main building or classroom.

The Building Structures (Sound Absorbing Walls and Ceiling)

The best way to soundproof a building is to build a smaller building inside of it. This is called acoustic decoupling. This type of building is made from heavy, solid materials. In addition, the structures cannot be touching one another directly or sound will pass through. Typically, the inner structure is supported by small clips (such as RSIC Resilient Sound Isolation Clips or WhisperClips) and the walls have sound-absorbing material. The walls must be 2°x8° construction with a stagger of 2°x6° study within the wall. There should also be 6° of sound insulation within, and on the outside additional plywood should be adde before the siding. There should also be a noise barrier that runs along the wall. For example: 7/8° resilient channels with a resilient clip to help isolate the sound, and possibly a layer of Homasote, if approved by building codes. Then a

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Submission B010 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 17, 2018) - Continued

glue material should be used between the Homasote board and the Gypsum board to help reduce the sound The ceiling should be similar to this but the top side would have shingles.

Note: Although these mitigation measures could be used on the church-school facilities, these changes would require extensive overhaul throughout the existing campus. Furthermore, the buildings would still be in close proximity to the rail line. Thus, a complete rebuild would be the best alternative for mitigation.

Specialized Contractors and Acoustic Engineers

Both the retrofitting option and rebuild option would require a contractor that specializes in this type of mitigation. An independent acoustic engineer would also need to be contracted out to complete the process and meet unique code requirements. These individuals are a key component, because sound technicians and acoustic engineers are familiar with Sound Transmission Class (S.T.C.) materials. Also, without a sound technician, it is very difficult to determine how much reduction is going to be achieved, and address the lowfrequency noise. It is important to get the S.T.C. as high as possible.

Relocation of Structures on Existing Land

Relocation and a complete rebuild would be necessary for many of the structures, to achieve the desired decibel levels. According to HSRA, the vertical alignment of the train has an effect. "Noise from elevated trains travels twice as far as noise from trains that are 'at grade' (at ground level). Therefore, it would be imperative to rebuild on the south side of the property.

Target Decibel Levels and School Classrooms

The World Health Organization (WHO) has established a standard for acceptable noise levels within school classrooms. Based on the WHO requirements, the target of 30-35 decibels, within each classroom, should be achieved on the church-school campus. This would not be possible with the existing structures, even if these buildings were retrofitted.

Conclusion

There is the possibility that a new church-school facility, relocated on the existing land, would meet the necessary decibel levels. However, rebuilding just one portion of the church-school facility would come at great expense (Approximately \$3,777,800.), and there is no possible way to mitigate the impacts to the four outdoor playgrounds. All four of these playgrounds are located on the church-school property line. Additional Note: This analysis does not account for the many negative impacts related to HSR construction.

Church-School Noise Impacts, Mitigation, and EIR Facts

 The High Speed Rail Authority (HSRA) readings along the church-school property line show a current dbl of approximately 59. See p. 112 of the attached/linked HSRA Noise and Vibration Technical Report and the dbl for Steele Ave. & Exchange St. In addition, the baseline decibel (hybrid route) listed for Bethel Christian School is 64 dbl (p. 206).

2. Most city and county ordinances on sound recommend no higher than 60 dbl at a church and school. The County of Kern has a limit of 65 dbl. This is only one decibel from the current ambient at the church-school location.

Industry standard for aviation states that "...65 dbl or more in 'nose-sensitive' areas defined by land use guidelines (e.g., schools, etc.) are considered areas of significant noise..." Also, "...a change in exposure of 1.5 dbl or more, over noise- sensitive areas, at or above 65 dbl as the result of a proposed project is considered 'Significant'..."

3. The World Health Organization has established standards for acceptable noise levels and has stated that

inside a school the sound level should be no more than 35 dbl.

4. The HSRA estimates that the train will emit approximately 98-100* dbl (equal to a low-flying aircraft) at the speed of 220 mph.

*Note: The calculated 100 dbl is from the 2005 the FRA High-Speed Ground Transportation Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment.

5. The trains will, in one location, be about 100 feet from the church-school property line and only a few hundred feet from the buildings. The rail authority will also place a 100 ft. radio tower within approximately 50 feet of the church-school property line.

6. The rail authority will demolish all of the buildings between our church-school and the easement for the train. Demolition of these neighboring structures will not only expose our facility to approximately 100 dbl of sound from the High-Speed Rail, but it will also eliminate the existing sound shielding that these, soon to be demolished, structures provide from the existing train tracks and 50mph Edison

Hwy (US 466). Currently the railroad easement and US 466 are only one city block, or a few hundred feet, from the church-school campus.

7. Train construction and demolition decibel levels will be well over 100 dbl.

8. According to our experts, "modeling" throughout the EIR is not at all realistic. They have used a common deception to hide the fact that maximum levels could well be 20-30 dbl higher.

9. The train will be over 50 ft. in the air and adjacent to the church-school property line. This will, according to the HSRA, increase the overall sound level.

10.A screening distance of 300-700 feet was used throughout the EIR process, depending on the speed of the train (p. 86). However, the HSRA states in this document that the maximum screening distance has now been increased to 2,500 feet, due to further study and the inclusion of a large number of daily trains at high speeds. 11.Our accreditation agency (WASC) has noted that adverse HSR conditions could be an issue with future accreditation evaluations for the school.

12.In the Noise and Vibration Technical Report, Table 6-38 shows with the hybrid alternative, that there will be NO mitigation for the church-school facility.

13.On p. 279, Section 7.3.2, the HSRA states "...Reasonableness implies that good judgment and common sense have been applied during the decision-making process. Reasonableness is determined on the basis of several factors regarding the individual circumstances and the specific needs of affected receivers." Yet no consideration was given to mitigation on the church-school campus in the FEIR, despite a considerable amount of communication from the church-school stakeholders to the HSRA.

Link:

http://www.hsr.ca.gov/docs/programs/fresno-bakereir/final_ERIS_FresBaker_Tech_Noise_and_Vibration_April_2014.pdf

Sent from my iPhone EIR/EIS Comment : Yes Official Comment Period : Yes

Response to Submission B010 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 17, 2018)

B010-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-N&V-01: Schools, FB-LGA-Response-N&V-02: General Assessment Methodology Concerns - Use of FRA Methodology/Criteria.

The commenter has provided notes as an attachment to the comment submittal and indicates there is a legal obligation to include the file as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The Authority has reviewed and considered the notes that were included with the comment. The notes, dated 2014, consist of a summary of church stakeholder concerns associated with the mitigation of noise impacts resulting from the HSR based on input they have collected from professionals familiar with sound mitigation. Church stakeholders indicate a necessity to either construct a new multimillion dollar facility on the existing property or relocate the church-school facility off-site in order to fully mitigate the noise impacts resulting from the HSR. To mitigate the noise impacts at the existing property, the notes indicate that additional mitigation beyond what is proposed in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS be considered, such as new windows and doors, sound-absorbing walls and ceiling, or a complete re-build or relocation of the facilities. The notes also reference World Health Organization (WHO) standards for acceptable noise levels within classrooms (i.e., 30-35 decibels) and assert that these standards would not be achieved with mitigation proposed in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS. Furthermore, the notes indicate that proposed noise mitigation would not mitigate noise impacts on the four outdoor playgrounds on the church-school property. The notes conclude with a list of "church-school noise impacts, mitigation and EIR facts."

In Section 3.4 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, a noise impact analysis was conducted for sensitive receptors located within 2,500 feet of the F-B LGA. The school/church facility is within this 2,500 foot study area and, as such, was accounted for in the analysis for the F-B LGA. It was determined that noise from HSR operation would be severe for the school/church facility. Although the HSR will generate noise, noise levels would be attenuated with distance, shielding factors, and noise abatement measures considered for the project. Noise abatement measures in the form of noise barriers along the HSR alignment were considered for this area. The noise barrier was determined to be both feasible and reasonable in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS, the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, and their respective Noise and Vibration

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Technical Reports. The implementation of noise barriers would reduce severe exterior noise impacts to no impacts at this church-school facility, as described in Section 3.4.4.2 under Impact N&V #3 and shown in Table 3.4-21 and Figure 3.4-5 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. Refer to N&V-MM#3 for a discussion of the performance standards that must be achieved to ensure interior noise levels do not exceed 45 dBA Ldn.

The Authority will acquire the land of property owners whose land is directly affected by the project in accordance with the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, as amended (42 U.S.C. sec. 4601 et seq.) (Uniform Act) and Implementing Regulations (49 C.F.R. Part 24); however, neither alignment (May 2014 Project or the F-B LGA) directly affects the church and school and therefore would not result in property acquisition and relocation.

The Authority has included the attachment in the Administrative Record for the Final Supplemental EIS.

October 2019



Submission B011 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018)

	Fresno - Bakersfield (2014 Jur						
	Status :	Action Pending					
	Record Date :	1/17/2018					Caltrain Electrification Program Draft EIR, Chapter 3, see Section 3.11
	Response Requested :	No					
	Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization					CA Dept of Transportation, Traffic Noise Analysis Protocol
	Interest As :	Business and/or Organization					
	Submission Date :	1/16/2018					Summary of European High-Speed Rail Noise and Vibration Measurements
	Submission Method :	Project Email					
	First Name :	Michael					FRA Guidance on Assessing Noise and Vibration Impacts
	Last Name :	Kennedy					The outdation of the booking foreboard in bracker impacto
	Professional Title :	Principal					Noise and Vibration Mitigation for Rail Transportation System, Proceedings of the
	Business/Organization :	Bethel Christian School					
	Address :				9th International Workshop on Railway Noise, Munich, Germany, 4 – 8 September 2007		
	Apt./Suite No. :						
	City :						On noise pollution and its effects
	State :						
	Zip Code :						Guidelines for Community Noise, 1999, WHO.
	Telephone :						
	Email :	mikeakennedy@gmail.com					ANSI Acoustical Performance Criteria, Design Requirements, and Guidelines for
	Email Subscription :						Schools
	Cell Phone :						
	Add to Mailing List :						Noise Pollution Clearinghouse
	Stakeholder Comments/Issues	5:			Quite Classrooms – includes an extensive library of links to noise research,		
							particularly as it relates to learning
B011-1	There is legal obligation to inclu	ude the attached list as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS					American Speech Language Hearing Association
	for the Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section.				· ····································		
		cumentation to the existing Administrative Record for Case No.34-2014-					
	80001864.						On measuring noise and basic science of sound
							Information on Levels of Environmental Noise Requisite to Protect Public Health
	Regards,						and Welfare with an Adequate Safety Margin, U.S. Environmental Protection
	Michael Kennedy, Principal (M.Ed.L.) Bethel Christian School						
					Agency, 1974 (EPA/ONAC 550/9-74-004).		
	Documents that BCS Stakehol	ders Utilized for Evaluation and Reference					National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4321, et. seq.) (PL-91-190) (40 C.F.R. 1506.5)
	Note: The documents below should be utilized to provide full mitigation for the First Free Will Baptist Church and Bethel Christian School.				Noise Control Act of 1972 (42 U.S.C. 4910)		
					FTA Guidelines (May, 2006)		
	Train/Transit references				FRA Guidelines (October, 2005)		
	FTA Noise and Vibration Manual						HUD Environmental Standards (24 C.F.R. 51)
	FRA High Speed Ground Trans Assessment, Oct 2005.	sportation Noise and Vibration Impact					OSHA Occupational Noise Exposure; Hearing Conversation Amendment (FR 48 (46), 9738—9785)

Submission B011 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018) - Continued

EPA Railroad Noise Emission Standards (40 C.F.R 201) - lame scanned version!

FRA Railroad Noise Emission Compliance Regulations (49 C.F.R. 210) Title 24, Part 2, California Code of Regulations

On Noise Mitigation

Sound Walls: Absorptive versus reflective design and effectiveness, SoundFighter Highway Traffic Noise Barriers at a Glance, Federal Highway Administration

Sent from my iPhone EIR/EIS Comment : Yes Official Comment Period : Yes

October 2019



Response to Submission B011 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018)

B011-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-N&V-01: Schools, FB-LGA-Response-N&V-02: General Assessment Methodology Concerns - Use of FRA Methodology/Criteria, FB-LGA-Response-N&V-03: Determining Mitigation.

The commenter has provided a list of references as an attachment to the comment submittal and indicates there is legal obligation to include the file as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The Authority has reviewed and considered the list of references that was included with the comment. The list includes train/transit references, sources related to noise pollution and its effects, references associated with noise measurement methodology and basic science of sound, and one source related to noise mitigation. The commenter suggests that they should be utilized to provide full mitigation for the First Free Will Baptist Church and Bethel Christian School.

Section 3.4.2.3 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS describes the impact assessment guidance and noise thresholds used to assess impacts associated with the F-B LGA. This methodology is consistent with the noise impact methodology in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS, as well as federal, state, and local laws, regulations, and orders relevant to noise and vibration described in Section 3.4.1 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. Furthermore, the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS was prepared in full accordance with CEQA and NEPA requirements. This is further described in Chapter 1, Section 1.1.3 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The analysis of the F-B LGA was prepared consistent with the analysis that was conducted for the complementary portion of the Preferred Alternative identified in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS. As described in Section 3.1.3.3 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, this consistency of methodology ensures an apples-to-apples comparison between the F-B LGA and May 2014 Project and that a Preferred Alternative for this portion of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section is fully analyzed per CEQA and NEPA requirements. Finally, Chapter 12 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS and Chapter 11 of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS provide a list of references used to provide a consistent and adequate analysis for the May 2014 Project and the F-B LGA.

Submission B012 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018)

		FIRST FREE WILL B
Fresho - Bakersfield (2014 J	une+) - RECORD #379 DETAIL Action Pending	
Record Date :	1/17/2018	
Response Requested :	1/1/2010	BETHEL CHRIS
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization	
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization	
Submission Date :	1/16/2018	
Submission Method :	Project Email	
First Name :	Michael	
Last Name :	Kennedy	
Professional Title :	Principal	MEDIA SAMP
Business/Organization :	Bethel Christian School	
Address :		
Apt./Suite No. :		
City :		Media Files & Lir
State :		
Zip Code :		
Telephone :		Related to the Chu
Email :	mikeakennedy@gmail.com	
Email Subscription : Cell Phone :		
Add to Mailing List :		EIR, and HSRA
Stakeholder Comments/Issu		
	e Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section.	
Regards,		
Michael Kennedy, Principal (M.Ed.L.)	
Bethel Christian School Sent from my iPhone EIR/EIS Comment : Official Comment Period : Attachments :	Yes Yes 379_Kennedy_email_011618_Attachment.pdf (979 kb)	

APTIST CHURCH & STIAN SCHOOL **LES** urch, 2011-2014

California High-Speed Rail Authority

October 2019

B012-1



Submission B012 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018) - Continued

First Free Will Baptist Church **HSR Media Files and Links**

TV NEWS

September 9, 2014

http://www.bakersfieldnow.com/news/busines s/Bakersfield-church-sues-over-states-highspeed-rail-project-274558481.html?tab=video&c=y



June 20, 2014

http://www.turnto23.com/news/localnews/bakersfield-church-is-against-high-speedrail-062014



http://www.bakersfieldnow.com/news/local/C hurch-fears-path-of-high-speed-rail-line-264061671.html



http://www.turnto23.com/news/local-

news/bakersfield-pastor-concerned-aboutproposed-high-speed-rail-route



December 17, 2011

http://www.kget.com/news/local/story/Propos ed-High-Speed-Rail-path-will-go-throughtwo/PJpD2WqQ-UarqqARPjumrA.cspx



June 6, 2012

http://www.turnto23.com/web/kero/news/you r-neighborhood/central/committee-releaseslist-of-properties-affected-by-high-speed-rail



November 11, 2011

http://www.today.com/id/45153941/ns/todaytoday_news/t/obamas-rail-initiative-trainnowhere/



June 24, 2012

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AxJ-5ouRa1c&feature=emshare_video_user&ytsession=WIrUt5kxKNDoDG 7mUxN86ifK0FdOiKBQKkSoo7HUku_ZuSY8nZG Gk_bqAAFBom3QH_pWp5dX2jSAyfDiyd_BnD22 soR8OcA3cNaTrH0gPUxI5DAp3sFdfcBfBT-BeFR8vnVVdMZP00RnaM9DvkMXtXw3ls5t203x rXRiuXaih5lO8Zolaozk4zDLkPdDmaRyOYiqotsnpeaOV_YIICIPvZNS4XKyALA2v eed5aH9CNynKpVGFyMdS2uZSIMn4HeMILbCY3 H2_0Bre1ygJVAhTxI4vjzjVqPNTPbJ5mXseEGS33 h3B87XcRNx9Q6vQFB-HeA1BebxyoBkxccSOgw5GLLFT9_MIYyt4pCjlyjtwRf5h1kBqsmtnSb1hZ7rxakbIT74BnzD alm3ISXyr-9vbOPeSCu2G0aW4vITOH7n3gAEwT-ATKuw1InXMBzGZ9dgyZG9f vkMtl6u6E1VjtLoh



NBUaP6cvKQUSghCE3dFI WPMnbzfGUmQINEIc bOfSTohV-

yv2ym4zErb63s5zZbPA3_rnJtm7ANSxezGv9MIA NC_8V4vXH8IG2tC9ZqfKrtERZH8bnwoDA3ZKPYI yhnxz3HVvFH



October 2019

Fresno to Bakersfield Section **Final Supplemental EIS**

Submission B012 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018) - Continued

December 13, 2011

http://www.bakersfieldnow.com/news/local/hi ghspeedrailproposal-135551293.html?tab=video&c=y



National Magazines

May 19, 2014

http://townhall.com/tipsheet/amandamu%C3% B1oz/2014/06/01/the-boondoggle-expressn1841907



Newspaper articles

October 29, 2011

http://www.bakersfieldcalifornian.com/specialsections/rail/x1766489520/Residents-worryabout-high-speed-rail-bisecting-heart-of-Bakersfield



Aug. 23, 2011 (Church & School not in the EIR)

http://www.bakersfieldcalifornian.com/specialsections/rail/x254542335/City-claims-bullettrain-study-bypasses-east-Bakersfield



http://www.bakersfieldcalifornian.com/local/x1 008890007/Homes-businesses-churches-lie-inthe-path-of-high-speed-rail

http://www.bakersfieldcalifornian.com/local/x2 127194759/Locals-participated-in-high-speedrail-court-case

October 22, 2011

http://articles.latimes.com/2011/oct/22/local/l a-me-bullet-train-20111023/2



August 24, 2012

http://www.examiner.com/article/californiaenvironmental-quality-act-ceqa-fightpostponed-communities-on-alert



Opinion articles

The Bakersfield Californian

HSR Authority is not listening



http://www.bakersfield.com/opinion/communi ty/x1538236170/Will-high-speed-rail-result-inhigher-taxes-and-fewer-jobs

http://www.foxandhoundsdaily.com/2014/05/a ppellate-court-hearing-friday-case-blockinghigh-speed-rail-bonds/

http://www.bakersfieldcalifornian.com/opinion /hot-topics/x920646512/With-affirmative-voteon-HSR-Rubio-ignored-his-constituents

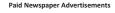
http://www.bakersfieldcalifornian.com/opinion /community-voices/x518127323/We-needsleaders-who-will-weigh-needs-of-constituentshonestly

California High-Speed Rail Authority

October 2019



Submission B012 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018) - Continued





Featured Documentaries

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TWT0iXd 8_sl&feature=youtu.be



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n42LmEG JD7c







Press Conferences

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-kckDEs6cE



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UJEM2S1 owP0



Political Webpages





California High-Speed Rail Authority

Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final Supplemental EIS October 2019

Response to Submission B012 (Michael Kennedy, Bethel Christian School, January 16, 2018)

B012-1

The commenter has provided a word document as an attachment to the comment submittal and indicates there is legal obligation to include the file as an official comment to the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS.

The Authority has reviewed and considered the word document that was included with the comment. The word document provides a conglomeration of media files and links related to the church/school, Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS, and HSRA. The majority of the links and media files provided were not accessible and could not be determined if they were applicable towards the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS or towards the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The files that could be accessed were reviewed and were not relevant to the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS as they were focused on the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS and the HSR project as a whole. The Authority has included the attachment as part of the Administrative Record for the Final Supplemental EIS.

October 2019



Submission B013 (Seven Bates, Canoodle Studios, December 21, 2017)

Fresno - Bakersfield (2014 Ja Status :	
	Action Pending
Record Date :	12/21/2017
Response Requested :	No
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization
Submission Date :	12/21/2017
Submission Method :	Website
First Name :	Seven
Last Name :	Bates
Professional Title :	Managing Editor
Business/Organization :	Canoodle Studios
Address :	
Apt./Suite No. :	
City :	Bakersfield
State :	CA
Zip Code :	93309
Telephone :	714-260-3777
Email :	7bates@gmail.com
Email Subscription :	Bakersfield to Palmdale , Central Valley, Locally Generated Alternative (Bakersfield)
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List :	Yes
Stakeholder Comments/Issu	es :

B013-1 Please ignore every single person complaining about building HSR infrastructure in Bakersfield. This city is populated by petulant libertarians who don't care about anything but ridiculous free market fantasies. They'll be opposed to ANY route you suggest. That's why they threw such a huge fit about the original route along Truxton.

Just build any route, please. I was thrilled about the proposed, elevated route. Now we have to settle for a crap, low to the ground option, instead of having an awesome rail line? Just build exactly what your team proposed and ignore the residents here. They are NOT impartial and they are not capable of seeing the benefits. EIR/EIS Comment : Yes Official Comment Period : Yes

Response to Submission B013 (Seven Bates, Canoodle Studios, December 21, 2017)

B013-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-General-07: General Support of HSR.

October 2019



1

Submission B014 (Marsha Barnden, Care Delivery Adventist Health, January 17, 2018)

Fresno - Bakersfield (2014 Ju	Ine+) - RECORD #362 DETAIL		
Status :	Action Pending	-	
Record Date :	1/17/2018		Subject: FW: F Street/Truxtun
Response Requested :	No		
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization		
Interest As :	Individual		From: Barnden,Marsha [mailto:BarndeMA@ah.org]
Submission Date :	1/17/2018		Sent: Wednesday, January 17, 2018 11:16 AM
Submission Method :	Email		To:Perez-Arrieta, Stephanie (FRA) < <u>stephanie.perez@dot.gov</u> >
First Name :	Marsha		Subject: F Street/Truxtun
Last Name :	Barnden	B014-1	
Professional Title :	Corporate Director Infection Prevention & Clinical Standards	5014-1	I am ADAMANTLY opposed to locating the train station on F Street. The station should be located on Truxtun next
Business/Organization :	Care Delivery Adventist Health		the Amtrak. Ideally, GET bus and Greyhound should move to Truxtun as well so that law enforcement officers can
Address :	1075 Creekside Ridge Drive		patrol the area more easily. It would be an absolute nightmare locating this on F Street and that plan makes absolut
Apt./Suite No. :	Suite 102	I	no sense whatsoever!
City :	Roseville		
State :	CA		Thank you for your thoughtful consideration!
Zip Code :	95678		
Telephone :			Marsha Barnden Corporate Director Infection Prevention & Clinical Standards Care Delivery
Email :	BarndeMA@ah.org		Adventist Health 1075 Creekside Ridge Drive Suite 102 Roseville, CA 95678
Email Subscription :			C 661-301-4083 marsha.barnden@org
Cell Phone :			
Add to Mailing List :	Yes		
Stakeholder Comments/Issue	es :		
EIR/EIS Comment :	Yes		
Official Comment Period :	No		
Attachments :	78263_362_Barnden_email_011718_Original.pdf (134 kb)		

Response to Submission B014 (Marsha Barnden, Care Delivery Adventist Health, January 17, 2018)

B014-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-03: Response to Comments Received After the Close of the Public Comment Period, FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-10: Comments with Opinion Only.

October 2019



270 Kellman email 011118 attachment.pdf (143 kb)

Submission B015 (Cynthia Kellman, Citizens for California High Speed Rail Accountability/Chatten-Brown & Carstens, January 11, 2018)

	une+) - RECORD #270 DETAIL	
Status :	Action Pending	Fax: 310-798-2402
Record Date :	1/11/2018	1 4.4 010 100 2102
Response Requested :		Email: cpk@cbcearthlaw.com
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization	Email: cpk@cbcearmaw.com
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization	
Submission Date :	1/11/2018	Website: www.cbcearthlaw.com
Submission Method :	Project Email	EIR/EIS Comment : Yes Official Comment Period : Yes
First Name :	Cynthia	
Last Name :	Kellman	Attachments : 270_
Professional Title :	Oliveran for Oplifamia Lick Opped Deil Assesstability/Obetter Desug	
Business/Organization :	Citizens for California High Speed Rail Accountability/Chatten-Brown & Carstens	
Address :	2200 Pacific Coast Highway	
Apt./Suite No. :	Suite 318	
City :	Hermosa Beach	
State :	CA	
Zip Code :	90254	
Telephone :	310-798-2400	
Email :	cpk@cbcearthlaw.com	
Email Subscription :		
Cell Phone :		
Add to Mailing List :		
Stakeholder Comments/Issu	ies :	
Good Morning,		
Attached please find a letter above-captioned subject.	from Douglas Carstens regarding the	
Please feel free to contact m	e with any questions or concerns.	
Cynthia Kellman		
CHATTEN-BROWN & CARS	TENS	
2200 Pacific Coast Highway,	Ste. 318	
Hermosa Beach, CA 90254		
Tel: 310-798-2400 x6		

California High-Speed Rail Authority	October 2019
Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final Supplemental EIS	Page 23-45

Submission B015 (Cynthia Kellman, Citizens for California High Speed Rail Accountability/Chatten-Brown & Carstens, January 11, 2018) - Continued

CHATTEN-BROWN & CARSTENS TELEPHONE: (310) 798-2400 FACSIMILE: (310) 798-2402 HERMORS BEACH, CLAIPORNIA 90254		CHSRA January 11, 2018 Page 2 of 3
	B015-2	agriculture, air quality, land use, aesthetics and visual resources, cultural resources, biological resources and wetlands, and parks and recreation resources, a
January 11, 2018		hospital, churches, and hundreds of homes. Notably, a significant portion of the approved Section would deviate from existing transportation corridors such as
Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS Comment 770 L Street, Suite 620 MS-1 Sacramento, CA 95814		Interstate 5, State Route 99, and the existing transportation corridors such as Interstate 5, State Route 99, and the existing Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railway Company ("BNSF") railroad tracks. The Section's deviation from existing transportation corridors would result in the destruction of or substantial interference with thousands of acres of farmland (many of which are "prime," "important," or restricted by Williamson Act contracts) and wildlife habitat,
Via email to Fresno_Bakersfield@hsr.ca.gov		established communities, many businesses, commercial properties and industrial facilities, existing roads, oil and water wells, and water delivery and drainage facilities.
RE: Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section Draft Supplemental		
EIR/EIS Comment	B015-3	The Authority failed to analyze alternatives that would altogether avoid or
Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section:		substantially reduce the identified impacts. It also failed to recirculate the environmental impact report ("EIR") for the Section, even though significant new information about geotechnical impacts, Valley Fever, and interference with
On behalf of the Citizens for California High Speed Rail Accountability (CCHSRA), Kings County and the Kings County Farm Bureau, we must write to you again concerning the Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section. The Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section Revised Draft Environmental Impact Report / Supplemental Draft		existing railroad lines, among other things, was not disclosed until after the draft EIR. In addition, the Authority revised the project to include additional elevated sections and other changes to the alignment without recirculating the EIR.
Environmental Impact Statement: Fresno to Bakersfield (FB RSDEIR) addresses only changes made in the vicinity of Bakersfield. However, it should more comprehensively address defects in prior review that have not yet been remedied.	B015-4	Through the EIR for the Section, the Authority acknowledged some of the Section's significant impacts, but, due to numerous analytical deficiencies, failed to disclose and analyze the full scope and severity of these impacts to decisionmakers or to the public. The Authority also failed to incorporate a number
We have previously written about the EIR for this section, and are currently in litigation regarding its validity. (<i>Kings County et al. v. California High Speed Rail Authority</i> , Sacramento Superior Court case no. 34-2014-80001861. The Supplemental EIR may not build upon a defective EIR. The FBRSDEIR mentions litigation filed by the City of Bakersfield (FBRSDEIR, p. S-7), but does not mention the Kings County lawsuit or other litigation that is still pending and could render the entire Fresno-Bakersfield EIR, or portions of it, void.		of suggested feasible alternatives and mitigation measures to avoid the Section's adverse impacts on the Central Valley, as required by CEQA and Proposition 1A. Proposition 1A authorized funding for the Train System but placed significant restrictions on it including the requirements to follow existing transportation or utility corridors to the extent feasible, to minimize urban sprawl, and to minimize impacts on the natural environment. (Sts. & Hy. Code, § 2704.09.) The Authority's failure to analyze feasible alternatives and adequately mitigate impacts also resulted in its violating the Williamson Act and anti-discrimination
In <i>Kings County et al. v. California High Speed Rail Authority</i> , the following issues are raised, which could and should be addressed in the Supplemental EIR. We incorporate the entire Petition for Writ of Mandate in this letter and set forth the introductory paragraphs below:		aw since feasible alternatives along existing transportation corridors would have avoided or reduced impacts to prime agricultural lands and disproportionate impacts to minority and low income populations. Therefore, the Authority's decision approving the Section must be set aside as contrary to law.
The Section would consist of a broad swath of new train infrastructure through the heart of the Central Valley. The Section would ultimately cause extensive significant adverse impacts to, among other things, Central Valley	B015-5	These issues identified in our lawsuit, should be addressed in the Supplemental EIR before it is certified.

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October 2019

B015-1

B015-2

Submission B015 (Cynthia Kellman, Citizens for California High Speed Rail Accountability/Chatten-Brown & Carstens, January 11, 2018) - Continued

CHSRA January 11, 2018 Page 3 of 3

Conclusion.

Thank you for your consideration of these views. We look forward to your responses.

Sincerely, Douglas P. Carstens

Response to Submission B015 (Cynthia Kellman, Citizens for California High Speed Rail Accountability/Chatten-Brown & Carstens, January 11, 2018)

B015-1

The commenter states that the Supplemental EIR/EIS addresses Bakersfield area impacts. (Note that the commenter refers to the document as a Revised Draft EIR/Supplemental EIS; however, the November 2017 document was a Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS.) The commenter states that in addition to litigation with the City of Bakersfield, the Supplemental EIR/EIS should also address litigation with Kings County regarding the Final EIR/EIS; specifically, that the Supplemental EIR/EIS "should more comprehensively address defects in prior review that have not yet been remedied."

As the Preface to the Final Supplemental EIS describes, the Supplemental EIR/EIS is prepared to "supplement" the Final EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section. The Supplemental EIR/EIS concerns a geographically discrete subsection of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section, the 23.13-mile portion from just north of Poplar Avenue to Oswell Street (with additional consideration of whether a supplemental EIR/EIS for that portion of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section north of Poplar Avenue was warranted related to BVLOS range, see page 3.7-1 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS). The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section, the F-B LGA, and describes and analyzes potential environmental impacts of that new alignment. The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS contains the necessary analysis to allow the public and decision-makers to compare the alternatives under study. Refer to Chapter 8 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the Chapter 8 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the Chapter 8 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the Chapter 8 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the Chapter 8 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the Chapter 8 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the comparison between alternatives.

As of February 2019, there is one lawsuit on file challenging the Authority's 2014 certification of the Final EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section. See Kings County et al. v. CHSRA (Sac. County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2014-80001861). Notwithstanding the presence of the lawsuit, the Authority's decision to certify the Final EIR/EIS is presumed correct and the Final EIR/EIS is not "defective"; the party challenging the Final EIR/EIS "ha[s] the burden of proving the EIR is legally inadequate." (Santa Monica Baykeeper v. City of Malibu (2011) 193 Cal.App.4th 1538, 1545-46; see also Pub. Res. Code§ 21167.3, subd. (b) [absent injunction, responsible agencies shall treat litigated EIR as CEQA-compliant pending final outcome of proceeding]; Evid. Code§ 664.]) A merits hearing in the Kings County lawsuit is scheduled for April, 2019; accordingly, the Final EIR/EIS is presently understood to be presumed CEQA-compliant.

B015-1

Note further that pursuant to Public Resources Code, §21168.9, courts have discretion to order remedies that may de-certify an EIR only in part, and/or to leave project approvals in place. (Center for Biological Diversity v. Dep't of Fish &Wildlife, 17 Cal.App.5th 1245, 1254 (2017).) Any hypothetical finding of a deficiency with respect to the Final EIR/EIS would not necessarily undermine the foundation of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS.

The Authority and the FRA's determinations regarding preparation of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS have been undertaken in furtherance of environmental compliance goals, including disclosure of new information about the expansion of the range for the BVLOS species. There is no reason that the presence of litigation about the Final EIR/EIS, pending for over four years, should paralyze the agencies' ability to proceed with the Final Supplemental EIS.

B015-2

The comment quotes from allegations in the petition for writ of mandate and "incorporates the entire Petition for Writ of Mandate" in the comment. These allegations pre-date, and do not specifically pertain to, the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS and the F-B LGA evaluated in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. Potential impacts associated with the F-B LGA have been discussed throughout Chapter 3 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. With respect to the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, refer to Section 3.14.3.5 for an analysis of agricultural lands, Section 3.7.3.2 for an analysis of wildlife habitat, 3.12.4.2 for an analysis of community division and/or displacement and 3.6.3.2 for an analysis of public utilities. It is observed that the F-B LGA would generally be located adjacent to existing transportation corridors as described in Section 2.4.1, Alignment Requirements of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS.

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Response to Submission B015 (Cynthia Kellman, Citizens for California High Speed Rail Accountability/Chatten-Brown & Carstens, January 11, 2018) - Continued

B015-3

The commenter quotes the Petition alleging that the Authority failed to analyze alternatives in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section EIR/EIS that would avoid or reduce impacts identified in the Petition for Writ of Mandate referenced by the commenter. The commenter alleges that the Fresno to Bakersfield Section EIR/EIS was not recirculated. These allegations pre-date, and do not specifically pertain to, the Supplemental EIR/EIS. Further, it is observed that the F-B LGA alignment is an alternative that reduces impacts relative to the May 2014 alignment identified in the Final EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section.

B015-4

The comment quotes from allegations in the petition for writ of mandate. These allegations pre-date, and do not specifically pertain to, the Supplemental EIR/EIS. The commenter does not suggest any feasible alternative or mitigation measures that pertain to the Supplemental EIR/EIS.

B015-5

The commenter requests that the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS address the issues in the litigation regarding the Fresno to Bakersfield Section EIR/EIS between Kings County and the Authority before it is certified. The allegations at issue in the current lawsuit challenging the Final EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section, *Kings County, et al. v. CHSRA* (Sac. County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2014-80001861), predate, and do not specifically pertain to, the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS and there is no requirement for such allegations about the Final EIR/EIS to be considered in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS considers an additional alignment that was not included in the Final EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section, the F-B LGA, and describes and analyzes potential environmental impacts of that new alignment. The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS contains the necessary analysis to allow the public and decision-makers to compare the alternatives under study. Refer to Chapter 8 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the comparison between alternatives.

Submission B016 (Walter Steimle, Con-Fab California LLC, November 10, 2017)

Flesho - Dakershelu (2014 Julie	+) - RECORD #144 DETAIL
Status :	Action Pending
Record Date :	11/10/2017
Response Requested :	
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization
Submission Date :	11/10/2017
Submission Method :	Website
First Name :	Walter
Last Name :	Steimle
Professional Title :	Plant Manager
Business/Organization :	Con-Fab California LLC
Address :	
Apt./Suite No. :	
City :	Shafter
State :	CA
Zip Code :	93263
Telephone :	6616303275
Email :	walters@confabca.com
Email Subscription :	
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List :	No
Stakeholder Comments/Issues :	

B016-1 As a small business right in the path of the alternate locally designated route and also working on the HSR, we are committed to what is best for our community. We trust that both the community and we will come out of this better off if we all work together and get this done right. We may lose our business location here in Shafter, but it is better than plowing through residential neighborhoods in Bakersfield. We trust in the promises that support will come from the HSR to keep our business going through any transition - especially because we are the low cost provider of precast bridge girders for HSR CP1 and CP4, a fact and relationship we believe the tax payer appreciates. The Bakersfield Bypass - it is the way to go. Thanks EIR/EIS Comment :

Official Comment Period : Yes

October 2019



Response to Submission B016 (Walter Steimle, Con-Fab California LLC, November 10, 2017)

B016-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-General-08: Support of/Opposition to the Fresno to Bakersfield Locally Generated and May 2014 Project Alternatives.

Fresno - Bakersfield (2014 Ju Status :	Action Pending
Record Date :	1/16/2018
Response Requested :	1,10,2010
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
nterest As :	Business and/or Organization
Submission Date :	1/16/2018
Submission Method :	Project Email
irst Name :	Diane V.
Last Name :	Donner
Professional Title :	
Business/Organization :	Dentons US LLP
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Apt./Suite No. :	24th Floor
City :	San Francisco
State :	CA
Zip Code :	94105
Telephone :	415-882-2491
Email :	diane.donner@dentons.com
Email Subscription :	
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List :	
Stakeholder Comments/Issu	es :
Attached please find correspo	ondence from Ivor Samson regarding the referenced matter. The original will
	ess. Please advise if you have any difficulty opening or accessing the attached
document. Thank you.	cos. The account of the second of the and any announce opening of accessing the attached
locument. mank you.	
Sincerely yours,	
http://logo.dentons.com/dent	ons_logo.png]

Diane V. Donner Legal Secretary Assistant To: Steven H. Frankel, Paula M. Yost, Bonnie Lau, Sarah Ratcliffe Choi, Kenneth P. Stensland

D +1 415 882 0143 | US Internal 40143 diane.donner@dentons.com<mailto:diane.donner@dentons.com> Website<http://www.dentons.com>

Dentons US LLP 1999 Harrison Street, Suite 1300, Oakland, CA 94612-4709 Maclay Murray & Spens > Gallo Barrios Pickmann > Muñoz > Cardenas & Cardenas > Lopez Velarde > Rodyk > Boekel > OPF Partners > ?? > McKenna Long

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EIR/EIS Comment : Official Comment Period : Attachments :

Yes Yes 315_DentonsUSLLP_email_011618_Attachment.pdf (2 mb) 315_DentonsUSLLP_email_011618_Attachment.pdf (2 mb)

October 2019



大成DENTONS	Ivor E. Samson Partner ivor.samson@dentons.com D +1 415 882 2491	Dentons US LLP One Market Plaza Speer Tower, 24th Floor San Francisco, CA 94105 United States dentons.com		大成DENTONS	California High Speed Rail Authority January 16, 2018 Page 2	dentons.com
January 16, 2018 Via E-Mail and Federal Expr California High Speed Rail Au 770 L Street, Suite 620 MS-1		centors.com	B017-2	While we appreciate the HSR/ respective parties before land served to continue to access [timing, enforceability, and com The Draft SEIR/SEIS at (Draft SEIR/SEIS at 3 interrupted, this comm all programming resur	the adequacy of the mitigation HSRA has p A's commitment to "minimize disruption" by acquisition" and to "ensure relocation that a [] services" (Draft SEIR/SEIS at 3.12-64), w pieleness of these mitigation measures: commits to relocating BHC prior to demoliti 1.12-64 to -65). To ensure that essential ser nitment should be clarified to specify that BH med (including any permitting necessary for facilities is restricted or otherwise impacted	"consult[ing] with appropriate illows the community currently e are concerned about the on of existing facilities vices will not be IC will be relocated and the same) <i>before</i>
Sacramento, CA 95814 Re: <u>Comments o</u> Dear Sir or Madam:	n Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section	n Supplemental EIR/EIS		SEIR/SEIS at 3.12-64 high-speed trains are occurred for the BHC.	addresses BHC in the context of the Projec to -65). Unfortunately, the impacts of the P operating through Bakersfield. Many of tho . We rely on the generosity and goodwill of osts and to make necessary repairs to our fa	roject will occur long before se impacts have already our donor community to help
Supplemental Environmental published by the California Hig Alternative ("LGA") for the Fre ("Project"). BHC is a special use nonprofi- than 200 adults and children a hundreds more. Among other vocational placement services childcare and after-school pro- management designed to retu- United Way have recognized absorb this service population homeless services in Kern Co- in devastating consequences. As you can imagine, we were existing facility located at 1600 listed services and programs. impact under CEOA "Diplecaus services to Bakersfield's home impacts to BHC should also b ("NEPA") and Executive Orde	disappointed to learn that the proposed I) East Truxton Avenue in Bakersfield, fro We agree with the Draft SEIR/SEIS' cor e the [LGA] would displace key facilities elses population" (Draft SEIR/SEIS at 3.1 e recognized as significant under the Na r 12898 regarding Environmental Justice	tement ("Draft SEIR/SEIS") uate the new Locally Generated ia High-Speed Rail Project en in the Bakersfield area. More rovide additional services to ; education, job training, and dical assistance; licensed on-site ansportation; and intensive case it, sustainable housing. Homeless Collaborative and the square-mile county that could ee: "BHC is the cornerstone of ion in our operations would result .GA will completely displace our m which we deliver the above- clusion that this is a significant providing important community 2-59). For that same reason, ional Environmental Policy Act	B017-3	Recognizing the long and BHC engaged in to do an "early acquis help the community." the property for purpo- between HSRA and E would be "on next mo time that the Public W request (see attachme We rely on the generc and to make necessa sudden change of pos impacting funding, cap solicit operating funds facility remains in limb SEIR/SEIS be revised and, within 45 days of funding to BHC to offs relocated. These adjustments to the mitity that impacts to community fac	besed to displace BHC as part of the 2014 ve lead time necessary to acquire, permit and discussions going back three years with HS ition" of the BHC, both to assist the BHC an to this end, in approximately October, 2016 uses of valuation. Throughout 2017 there we BHC about early acquisition; for months BHI mth's agenda." Unfortunately, in September Yorks Board would not approve funding for the end 3). Sity and goodwill of our donor community to ry repairs to our facilities. Throughout this jilon, donors have been questioning the fut pital projects and long term maintenance ha cand provide necessary services will contin to. To address this significant impact, it is e to to corporate a requirement that HSRA we f LGA approval, implement a transition plan set the cost of providing necessary services gation proposed in the Draft SEIR/SEIS are illities and cohesion are effectively reduced in have a substantial evidentiary basis for conc have been properly mitigated.	build a new facility, the HSRA SRA representing that it wanted d to represent HSRA's efforts to HSRA's appraiser inspected ere numerous discussions C was told that the acquisition , 2017 BHC was told for the first ne purchase despite HSRA's help cover our operating costs beriod, and particularly with this are of the BHC significantly we been deferred. Our ability to ue to be harmed as long as our ssential that the mitigation in the rk with BHC to design, fund, that contributes transition until our facilities are fully necessary in order to ensure o less-than-significant levels.
Maclay Murray & Spens ▶ Gallo Barrios 大成 ▶ McKenna Long	Pickmann ► Muñoz ► Cardenas & Cardenas ► Lopez \	felarde ≽ Rodyk ≽ Boekel ≽ OPF Partners ≽				

B017-1



California High Speed Rail Authority January 16, 2018 Page 3

dentons.com

Thank you for this opportunity to comment on the Draft SEIR/SEIS. We look forward to working with you to minimize the impacts of the Project and ensure that Kern County's most vulnerable citizens continue to get the and services they need. If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

DENTONS US LLP



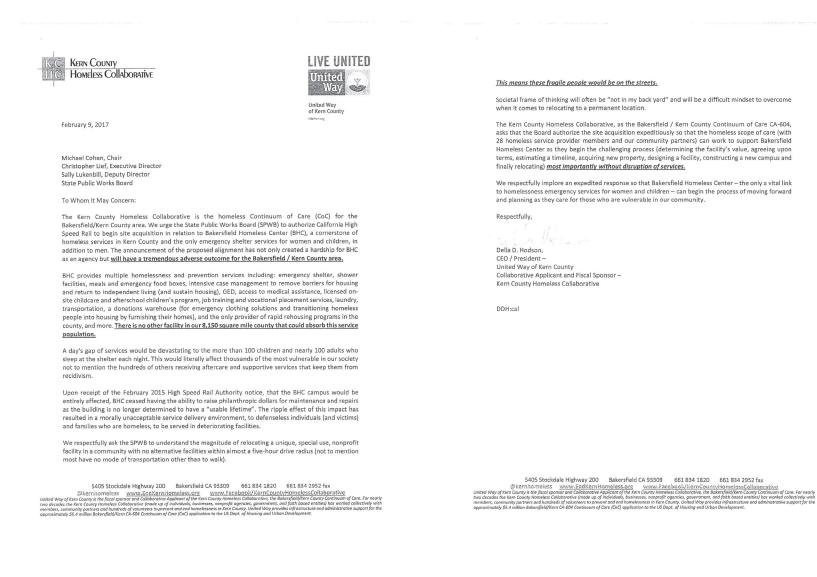
cc: Hon. Dan Richards (via email)

106184855\V-2

ATTACHMENT 1

October 2019





BAKERSFIELD OFFICE 1115 TRUNTN AVE, RCOM 50' BAKERSFIELD, CA 93301 Pravne (661) 868-3690 FAX (661) 868-3645 district5@cokern.claus



SUPERVISOR - FIFTH DISTRICT

LAMONT/ARVIN OFFICE 12014 MAIN STREET LAMINT, CA PHONE (661) 868-5815 FAX (661) 868-5844 www.co.kem.ca.us/boskiist5

February 9, 2017

Michael Cohen, Chair State Public Works Board 915 L Street, Ninth Floor Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Chairman Cohen:

This letter is in support of the California High Speed Rail Authority to begin site acquisition of the Bakersfield Homeless Center. The Bakersfield Homeless Center (BHC) is the cornerstone of homeless services in Kern County, and the announcement of the proposed alignments has created a hardship for BHC. The current plan that the California High Speed Rail Authority has proposed would severely impact this facility and the essential services it provides to Kern County.

At this time, BHC provides multiple services: emergency shelter, shower facilities, meals, medical assistance, childcare, job training and placement, transportation, afterschool children's program, emergency food boxes, donations warehouse, case management, and a myriad of other services and programs. There is, at present, no other facility in Kern County that can absorb the population of homeless families, therefore BHC cannot be closed for even a day.

Relocating a special use nonprofit facility like BHC presents a number of challenges. BHC needs to begin the process of determining the value of the facility, agree upon terms, and estimate a timeline of when the California High Speed Rail Authority can acquire it. BHC will also need to acquire a new property, design a facility, construct the new campus and finally relocate without a disruption of services. It is my understanding that the partners involved would like to move forward with this plan as quickly as possible.

BHC must remain viable for the most vulnerable members of our community. Every day that action is not taken BHC's ability to provide services is impacted and this is morally unacceptable. Time is of the essence, and I respectfully request your consideration of the California High Speed Rail Authority's acquisition of the Bakersfield Homeless Shelter so they can begin the process of moving. Thank you in advance for your time and consideration of this letter. If you should have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact my office at (661) 868-3690.



cc: Christopher Lief, Executive Director Sally Lukenbill, Deputy Director

ATTACHMENT 2

California High-Speed Rail Authority

October 2019

A. L. DENTONS

Ivor E. Samson Partner Ivor.samson@dentons.com D +1 415 882 2491

Dentons US LLP O Drawer, 24th Floor San Francesco, CA 94105 United States Luk Salans FMC SNR Denton McKenna Long dentons.com

October 10, 2017

VIA FEDERAL EXPRESS AND EMAIL

Honorable Dan Richard Chair, California High Speed Rail Authority 770 L Street, Suite 800 Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: Bakersfield Homeless Center

you in the Bay Area, Sacramento or Bakersfield at your convenience.

I am writing to you at the suggestion of Diana Gomez on behalf of my client, the Bakersfield Homeless Center ("the Center.") The Center is a special use non-profit that that serves women and children in Bakersfield and surrounding areas of Kern County and is located on Truxtun Avenue right at the junction of either route that HSR will adopt. The Center has had numerous discussions with Diana Gomez, Don Grebe and others and all are in agreement that it will be completely wiped out by the HSR alignment and

The Center does not object to its acquisition by HSR; on the contrary, we need that to happen sooner rather than later. Ever since the route through the Center was announced, it has put a cloud on continuing operations: donors are reluctant to contribute due to uncertainty, the Center has deferred needed maintenance, installation of capital improvements and long term planning is virtually impossible. HSR's appraiser inspected the property almost exactly one year ago but nothing has happened since

Ms. Gomez has told Center Executive Director Louis Gill that HSR would be willing to proceed with an early acquisition of the property even though it was not part of the route budgeted for in the present

acquisition process. However, we understand that, despite Ms. Gomez best efforts, the Public Works Board will not approve this acquisition because it is outside of the Section 4 acquisition area. I am writing to you to see if Louis Gill and I can meet with you at your earliest convenience to see if this situation can be resolved before the Center is harmed any further. We would be pleased to meet with

Dear Dan:

then.

needs to be re-located.

ATTACHMENT 3

October 2019

<u>جر</u>	#DENTONS		Honorable Dan Richard October 10, 2017 Page 2	đ	大成	Salans Fñ	IC SNR Dent	an McKenna Long dentons.com	
Tha	nk you for your prompt	cons	ideration and be	est wishes					
				Very truly yours,					
				DENTONS US LLP					
				all					
				Ivor E. Samson					
IES/	'dvd								
cc:	Diana Gomez Don Grebe Louis Gill								
105450	(09 V-1								

October 2019



Response to Submission B017 (Diane V. Donner, Dentons US LLP, January 16, 2018)

B017-1

The commenter asks that impacts to the Bakersfield Homeless Center be recognized as significant under NEPA and Executive Order 12898 regarding Environmental Justice. Refer to page 5-47 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, which states:

"the F-B LGA would displace seven community facilities and directly affect an additional eight community facilities. These facilities include the Bakersfield Homeless Center, Golden Empire Gleaners, and the Mercado, which are used primarily by low-income and minority populations. The displacement of these important community facilities would disproportionately affect minority and low-income communities... Because the areas containing minority and low-income populations are more likely to experience greater displacement and community disruption and/or division impacts resulting from implementation of the F-B LGA, when compared to the larger reference community, socioeconomic and community impacts would have disproportionately high and adverse effects in these locations."

B017-2

The avoidance and minimization measures, and the mitigation measures, addressing displacement as a result of the project, including displacement of community facilities like the Bakersfield Homeless Center, are adequate and effective to ensure that associated impacts are mitigated. Page 3.12-65 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS describes how applicable mitigation functions with respect to both construction and operation of the project, contrary to the commenter's characterization, and how the mitigation is effective with regard to impacts from displacement to community facilities, including the Bakersfield Homeless Center. Note that the timing of certain impacts to those geographic portions of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS study area that are located to the south/east of a proposed station location (including the Bakersfield Homeless Center) are anticipated to occur in connection with implementation of the physical project, and thus may occur later in time and in connection with potential approval of the Bakersfield-Palmdale section.

Bakersfield Homeless Center's proposed "clarification" is similar in effectiveness to the mitigation disclosed in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS and, accordingly, is not adopted. Because SO MM-#3 addresses "completing new facilities before necessary relocations, and by involving affected facilities in the process of identifying new locations for their operations," (page 3.12-65), it fulfills the same purpose identified by Bakersfield Homeless Center in seeking clarification about the timing of its relocation. Note further that avoidance and minimization measures detailed in Chapter 5 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, including SO-AM#2, will support the relocation process for facilities like the Bakersfield Homeless Center, and SO-MM#6 provides opportunities for affected communities to further engage with the Authority, including exploration of potential benefits for affected populations.

B017-3

The commenter provides a short description of coordination between the Authority and the BHC regarding acquisition of the facility. Bakersfield Homeless Center's proposed "revision" is similar in effectiveness to the mitigation disclosed in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS and, accordingly, is not adopted. Because SO MM-#3 addresses "completing new facilities before necessary relocations, and by involving affected facilities in the process of identifying new locations for their operations," (page 3.12-65), it fulfills the same purpose identified by Bakersfield Homeless Center in seeking clarification about the timing of its relocation. Note than avoidance and minimization measures detailed in Chapter 5 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, including SO-AM#2, will support the relocation process for facilities like the Bakersfield Homeless Center, and SO-MM#6 provides opportunities for affected communities to further engage with the Authority, including exploration of potential benefits for affected populations. Note further that Bakersfield Homeless Center's proposed "revision" focusing on a "transition plan" shortly after a potential approval may also be infeasible in the context of the Homeless Center's location to the south/east of a proposed station location, insofar as the timing of impacts would be anticipated to occur later in time and in connection with potential approval of the Bakersfield-Palmdale section.

October 2019



Submission B018 (Daryl Wilkendorf, Farmland Reserve, Inc., January 15, 2018)

B018-1

Status :	Action Pending
Record Date :	1/22/2018
Response Requested :	No.
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization
Submission Date :	1/15/2018
Submission Method :	Letter
First Name :	Daryl
Last Name :	Wilkendorf
Professional Title :	Executive Vice President
Business/Organization :	Farmland Reserve, Inc.
Address :	15443 Beech Avenue
Apt./Suite No. :	
City :	Wasco
State :	CA
Zip Code :	93280
Telephone :	661-391-9000
Email :	
Email Subscription :	
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List :	Yes
Stakeholder Comments/Issu	es :
EIR/EIS Comment :	Yes
Official Comment Period :	
Attachments :	438_Wilkendorf_letter_011518_Original.pdf (385 kb)

Farmland Reserve, Inc. 79 South Main Street, Suite 1000 Salt Lake City, UT 84111-1945 (801) 715-9100 15443 Beech Ave. Wasco, CA 93280 (661) 391-9000 January 15, 2018 VIA MAIL AND EMAIL Attn: Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section California High-Speed Rail Authority 770 L Street Suite 620 MS-1 Sacramento, CA 95814 Fresno Bakersfield@hsr.ca.gov RE: Comments to Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section To Whom It May Concern: Farmland Reserve, Inc., is an agricultural company with prime farmland and other production and processing assets in Kern County. We support the originally approved BNSF alignment and oppose the proposed "Fresno to Bakersfield Locally Generated Alternative" alignment. The proposed alignment of the "Fresno to Bakersfield Locally Generated Alternative" (the "F-B LGA") presented in the above-referenced Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS bifurcates FRI property located along Burbank Avenue within the jurisdictional limits of the City of Shafter.

The FRI land and other impacted land in the area are classified as some of the richest farmland in the world. These rich San Joaquin Valley soils, coupled with ideal climatic conditions and a superb water supply (North Kern Water Storage District, "NKWSD", with strong Kern River water rights), provide the most ideal pistachio production lands available anywhere. In fact, these lands strongly contribute to t Kern County's standing as California's leading pistachio producer and its rank among the top three agricultural counties in the state. Cutting into this prime farmland should weigh heavily on the decision of placement of tracks. The unique swath of land being directly and permanently impacted by the rail alignment <u>simply cannot be replaced</u>.

Submission B018 (Daryl Wilkendorf, Farmland Reserve, Inc., January 15, 2018) - Continued

B018-2

Nevertheless, if the F-B LGA is ultimately selected as the preferred alternative and the Supplemental EIR/EIS is certified, a primary objective should be to minimize the loss of prime farmland. We strongly urge the Authority to take deliberate steps to mitigate such detrimental effects.

- B018-3 Accordingly, we recommend that the California High-Speed Rail Authority implement the following in the design of the rail alignment and related facilities so that farming can continue on some or all of what will be left of the FRI land that will be isolated between the proposed alignment and Burbank Avenue:
 - · Address safety and logistical concerns by providing:
 - At least two additional "ag undercrossings" at the locations identified in the attached map.
 - Minimum size requirements to be determined.
 - o Additional "harvest roads" necessary due to the bifurcation
 - Minimum size requirements to be determined.
 - · Resolve all irrigation issues created by the bifurcation
 - Re-engineer and build irrigation system with capacities to match existing system
 - Build reservoir(s) and lift system(s) and all other water systems and facilities as deemed necessary
 - Provide "utility sleeves" (at sufficient size) to serve the bifurcated section
 Provide facilities as necessary (i.e. pumps, pipelines, etc...) to maintain access to NKWSD supplies

B018-4 While we oppose the proposed F-B LGA alignment, we appreciate this opportunity to comment on the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section and look forward to further opportunities to discuss the needs raised in this letter. Any inquiries should be directed to Todd Turley, Land & Governmental Affairs at the Wasco address shown above or by email at: tturley@ari-slc.com.

Sincerely,

Daylike

Daryl Wilkendorf Executive Vice President

October 2019



Response to Submission B018 (Daryl Wilkendorf, Farmland Reserve, Inc., January 15, 2018)

B018-1

The Central Valley of California is one of the most productive agricultural areas in the world. As described in Section 3.14 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, the project would have a direct effect on agricultural production through conversion of agricultural land to a transportation use, disruption of agricultural operations in Kern County, and a resultant indirect effect on the agricultural economy. Under the May 2014 Project, approximately 485 acres of prime farmland would be converted to a transportationrelated use as a result of the project. Under the F-B LGA, approximately 372 acres of farmland, of which 370 acres are prime farmland, would be converted to a transportation-related use as a result of the project. This would result in the permanent loss of these agricultural lands, which the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS identifies as a significant impact under CEQA. (Note that the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS also identified this impact as significant pursuant to NEPA.) Kern County has about 2.7 million acres of farmland, including about 597,771 acres of prime farmland (California Department of Conservation 2015). Nonetheless, the overall impact of the project on agricultural land in the San Joaquin Valley (including Kern County) is identified as a significant adverse impact (see Tables 3.14-10 and 3.14-11 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS) and as contributing to cumulative farmland loss in the San Joaquin Valley.

To mitigate this impact, the Authority will utilize the services of the Department of Conservation's Farmland Conservancy Program to identify suitable agricultural land for permanent preservation through the purchase of conservation easements from willing sellers (see AG-MM#1 in Section 3.14.7 of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS). The Authority has negotiated a contract with the Department of Conservation for this purpose and provided initial funding for agricultural land mitigation in the Merced to Fresno and Fresno to Bakersfield sections. As identified in the scope of work for that contract, the Authority and the Department of Conservation will develop selection criteria for the easements that will include, but not be limited to, the requirements in Public Resources Code section 10252, including the prioritization of easements on lands adjacent to other protected agricultural lands or that provide greenbelts or urban separators that have the added benefit of limiting urban sprawl. This mitigation measure will lessen the impact, but the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS recognizes that the converted farmland will be permanently lost for the production of agricultural commodities.

B018-1

In total, Kern County in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section accounted for about \$6.8 billion of the total \$47.1 billion (or about 14 percent) of the agricultural revenue generated in the state in 2015 (CDFA 2015). The project would have an effect on agricultural production through its conversion of agricultural land and effects on infrastructure (including access roads). It is expected that some of this production would relocate elsewhere within the San Joaquin Valley. Relocation would depend upon a number of variables, including the desires of the displaced farm owners, and cannot be accurately predicted. In some cases, production could not be easily replaced given the limited availability of suitable replacement lands or difficulties related to permitting necessary to continue production at a new site.

Some relocated agricultural production would take time to re-establish full production levels. In addition, any reduced agricultural production would have an additional multiplier effect on the region's economy and could affect businesses involved in agricultural services, food processing, and the transportation of goods (see Section 3.12 of the Fresno to Bakersfield Final EIR/EIS). In order to address this concern, the Final EIR/EIS included a commitment (see Section 3.14.6, Project Design Features) to assign a representative to act as a single point of contact to assist each confined animal facility owner during the process of obtaining new or amended permits or other regulatory compliance necessary to the continued operation or relocation of the facility. For information on relocation assistance, see Section 3.12 of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS (Socioeconomics, Communities, and Environmental Justice) and FB-Response-SO-01 of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS.

The project must also adhere to California Relocation Assistance Act requirements, which are discussed in Appendix 3.12-A of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS. Information about acquisition, compensation, and relocation assistance is also available on the Authority's website. Even with this assistance there would be potential for temporary disruption to agricultural operations as production is reallocated between owners, where severed parcels are transferred to adjoining owners, and as facilities are relocated. Related economic sectors, such as processing facilities, could also experience some short-term multiplier effects from reduced production.

Response to Submission B018 (Daryl Wilkendorf, Farmland Reserve, Inc., January 15, 2018) - Continued

B018-1

Employment

Employment in the agricultural sector accounted for about 16 percent of the total industry employment in 2013 in Kern County (see Section 3.12.3 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS). The conversion of agricultural land could result in a reduction in the number of farm workers, who could be negatively affected if the acquisition were to result in permanent job losses or they were unable to find work on another farm or industry in the region. This effect would be minimized if the agricultural production were to relocate elsewhere in the region. Although Kern County has policies to protect agricultural lands, according to the California Department of Conservation farmland conversion data, conversions of Important Farmland continue to occur. Kern County reported a 13.970 acre reduction in Important Farmland between 2008 and 2014 (California Department of Conservation 2014b). Population growth and the associated pressure for rural, small ranches, and urban development primarily drive the loss of Important Farmland. More recently, the trend to situate solar photovoltaic facilities on agricultural lands has reduced the total number of Important Farmland acres. In addition, the Kern County Council of Governments 2014 RTP/SCS forecasts the addition of 602,900 residents by 2040 (2014-2040 planning period). As a result, Important Farmland loss from urban expansion is expected to convert approximately 24 square miles. Nevertheless, this is less than two percent of Important Farmland and 1/10th the conversion compared to the previous 22 years. This substantially lower rate of farmland conversion is largely due to local government efforts to balance urban expansion with the conservation of economically viable farmland (Kern County Council of Governments 2014).

Road Closures

In addition to the permanent property acquisitions, the project would also result in road closures where the alignment would be at-grade. Permanent road closures resulting from the project were examined to identify potential effects on regional access for agricultural operations (please see Section 3.14.4 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS). The potential effects from restriction in regional access include increased costs to operations and increased difficulties in moving workers and equipment to cultivate and harvest fields and deliver products to processing facilities and markets. There would be a total of 10 road closures as a result of the F-B LGA, 6 of which would be in rural areas and therefore could potentially impact agricultural operations. However, for the May

B018-1

2014 Project and the F-B LGA, the road closures associated with the project would be dispersed and detours to alternative routes or alternative property access would be approximately 2 miles long or less. As a result, regional access for agricultural operations (e.g., moving workers and equipment to cultivate and harvest fields and deliver products to processing operations and markets) is not expected to be restricted.

Impacts to Individual Agricultural Operations

The HSR project in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section would adversely affect individual farms and other agricultural operations. Construction of the HSR System would result in disruption to or removal of existing infrastructure such as buildings and other structures, pumps and wells, reservoirs/tailwater ponds, irrigation systems (including distribution lines, canals, and gravity flow systems), power supplies, and access. The Authority is sensitive to the importance of these disruptions to agricultural operations, including the acquisition of all or a portion of infrastructure needed for agricultural operations. The Authority will acquire right-of-way for the high-speed rail project in accordance with the Uniform Relocation Act (42 U.S.C. Ch. 61). The Uniform Relocation Act establishes minimum standards for treatment and compensation of individuals whose real property is acquired for a federally funded project. For more information on the Uniform Relocation Act, see Chapter 3.12 of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS (Socioeconomics, Communities, and Environmental Justice) and FB-Response-SO-01 of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS. The project must also adhere to California Relocation Assistance Act requirements, which are discussed in Appendix 3.12-A of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS. Information about acquisition, compensation, and relocation assistance is also available on the Authority's website.

B018-2

Refer to Response to Comment B002-1 in Chapter 23 of this Final Supplemental EIS.



Response to Submission B018 (Daryl Wilkendorf, Farmland Reserve, Inc., January 15, 2018) - Continued

B018-3

This comment relates to a request for specific design amendments related to the Farmland Reserve, Inc. property and does not provide a comment on the adequacy or content of the analysis contained in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS includes an analysis of the feasibility of continued agricultural activity on remnant parcels along the alignment. As noted under Impact AG#5, Effects on Agricultural Land from Parcel Severance, parcel severance could cause hardship to irrigation systems. The Authority would work with irrigation districts and landowners to protect irrigation systems as they intersect HSR. During the right-of-way acquisition process, the Authority's right-of-way agents will work with each affected property owner to address issues of concern.

B018-4

The Authority takes this comment into consideration and will continue to coordinate with private and public sectors during the environmental review process and subsequent phases of the project (right-of-way acquisition, regulatory permitting, final design, etc.).

Submission B019 (James Spillers, Flooring Liquidators, January 16, 2018)

Official Comment Period :

Yes

	Fresno - Bakersfield (2014 Ju			
	Status :	Action Pending		
	Record Date :	1/16/2018		
	Response Requested :			
	Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization		
	Interest As :	Individual		
	Submission Date :	1/16/2018		
	Submission Method :	Project Email		
	First Name :	James		
	Last Name :	Spillers		
	Professional Title :	Outside Sales		
	Business/Organization :	Flooring Liquidators		
	Address :	Hooning Elquidators		
	Apt./Suite No. :			
	City :			
	State :			
	Zip Code :			
	Telephone :			
	Email :	james s@flooringliquidators.net		
	Email Subscription :	James_a@noomgirquidators.net		
	Cell Phone :	661-549-3770		
	Add to Mailing List :	001-349-3770		
	Stakeholder Comments/Issu			
	Stakeholder Comments/Issu			
1	Having the station on F street	t and Golden State makes NO SENSE. Your		
	original proposal on Truxtin Avenue is the only smart place for the			
	station- please do not allow th	he station to go on Golden State- this "local		
		Tandy and the City Council is nonsensical.		
	Please place it on Truxton Au	venue- it makes NO sense elsewhere- for safety,		
	useability and any other rease	on!!!!		
	Thank you			
	James Spillers			
	661.549.3770			
	Thank you,			
	Thank you,			
	Thank you, James Spillers			
	James Spillers			
	James Spillers Outside Sales			
	James Spillers Outside Sales Flooring Liquidators			
	James Spillers Outside Sales			
	James Spillers Outside Sales Flooring Liquidators Bakersfield, CA			
	James Spillers Outside Sales Flooring Liquidators	Yes		

October 2019



Response to Submission B019 (James Spillers, Flooring Liquidators, January 16, 2018)

B019-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-General-08: Support of/Opposition to the Fresno to Bakersfield Locally Generated and May 2014 Project Alternatives.

Submission B020 (Brianna Heiber, Flooring Liquidators Branch 9, January 16, 2018)

Status :	Ine+) - RECORD #394 DETAIL Action Pending
Record Date :	1/17/2018
Response Requested :	
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
Interest As :	Individual
Submission Date :	1/16/2018
Submission Method :	Project Email
First Name :	Brianna
Last Name :	Heiber
Professional Title :	
Business/Organization :	Flooring Liquidators Branch 9
Address :	6611 Rosedale Hwy
Apt./Suite No. :	
City :	Bakersfield
State :	CA
Zip Code :	93308
Telephone :	661-589-0123
Email :	brianna@flooringliquidators.net
Email Subscription :	
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List :	
Stakeholder Comments/Issue	35 :
put the station for the new hig	h speed rail on TRUXTON AVENUE
Brianna Heiber	
Flooring Liquidators Branch 9	
661-589-0123	
6611 Rosedale Hwy	
Bakersfield Ca 93308	
Check us out on Yelp!	

B020-1

EIR/EIS Comment : Official Comment Period :

Yes

Yes

October 2019



Response to Submission B020 (Brianna Heiber, Flooring Liquidators Branch 9, January 16, 2018)

B020-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-10: Comments with Opinion Only.

Submission B021 (Jonathan Yates, International Agricultural Development Graduate Group, January 11, 2018)

Status :	Ine+) - RECORD #271 DETAIL Action Pending
Record Date :	1/11/2018
Response Requested :	1/11/2018
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization
Submission Date :	1/11/2018
Submission Method :	Project Email
First Name :	Jonathan
Last Name :	Yates
Professional Title :	fales
Business/Organization :	International Agricultural Development Creducto Creun
Address :	International Agricultural Development Graduate Group
Apt./Suite No. :	
City :	
State :	
Zip Code :	
Telephone :	
Email :	jeyates@ucdavis.edu
Email Subscription :	,,, 0
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List :	
Stakeholder Comments/Issue	
Stakenolder Comments/Issue	es :
Dear HSRA,	25 :
Dear HSRA,	
Dear HSRA, It's difficult for the EIR propos	ed by the Bakersfield City Council to be
Dear HSRA, It's difficult for the EIR propos considered credible when cos	ed by the Bakersfield City Council to be at and impact estimates are not properly
Dear HSRA, It's difficult for the EIR propos considered credible when cos explained and source docume	ed by the Bakersfield City Council to be at and impact estimates are not properly ents are unavailable. How are we truly supposed
Dear HSRA, It's difficult for the EIR propos considered credible when cos explained and source docume to compare the price of the tw	ed by the Bakersfield City Council to be st and impact estimates are not properly ents are unavailable. How are we truly supposed ro alternatives and the impact on land and
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Dear HSRA, It's difficult for the EIR propos considered credible when cos explained and source docume to compare the price of the tw surrounding neighborhoods/p Thanks, Jonathan Jonathan Yates International Agricultural Deve	ed by the Bakersfield City Council to be st and impact estimates are not properly ants are unavailable. How are we truly supposed <i>vo</i> alternatives and the impact on land and roperties unless this is more clear?
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B021-1



Response to Submission B021 (Jonathan Yates, International Agricultural Development Graduate Group, January 11, 2018)

B021-1

The commenter requests explanations of and source documents for cost and impact estimates in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The commenter inaccurately attributes the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS to the Bakersfield City Council; while the City was involved in the development of the LGA, the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS was developed by the HSR Authority and FRA and the Final Supplemental EIR and Final Supplemental EIS was developed by the HSR Authority.

Comparative cost data is included in Chapter 6 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS; however, the 2017 Cost Estimate Report (the source document for Chapter 6) contains a more detailed cost comparison and is available by request.

All source documents used in the preparation of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS and the Final Supplemental EIR and Final Supplemental EIS are available by request, pursuant to the Public Records Act. Instructions and further information about Public Records Act requests can be found on the Authority's website. The Authority encourages written requests submitted via email to records@hsr.ca.gov.

To send a written request via postal mail: California High-Speed Rail Authority Marie Hoffman/Public Records Officer 770 L Street, Suite 620 MS1 Sacramento, CA, 95814

Written requests should include details that will enable staff to identify and locate the requested records. The request should include a telephone number where the person making the request can be reached to discuss the request if the Authority needs additional information to locate the requested records.

Within 10 days from the date the request is received, the Authority will make a determination on the request and will notify the requester of its decision. If the determination cannot be made within 10 days due to unusual circumstances as defined in Government Code section 6253.1, the Authority will notify the requesting person of the reasons for the delay and the date when the determination will be issued. No such notice shall specify a date that results in an extension of more than 14 days.

B021-1

Submission B022 (Unknown, Kern Apartments, January 16, 2018)

	une+) - RECORD #426 DETAIL
Status :	Action Pending
Record Date :	1/19/2018
Response Requested :	No
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization
Submission Date :	1/16/2018
Submission Method :	Program Info Line
First Name :	Unknown
Last Name :	Unknown
Professional Title :	Manager
Business/Organization :	Kern Apartments
Address :	
Apt./Suite No. :	
City :	
State :	CA
Zip Code :	
Telephone :	
Email :	
Email Subscription :	
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List :	Yes
Stakeholder Comments/Issu	es :
Hi I'm the manager of Kern A	partments calling to leave a comment on the Fresno to Bakersfield section I'm just
calling to let you know that I	oppose the F Street station alignment and support the Truxtun station and the

Hybrid alignment, uh again I support the Truxtun station and the Hybrid alignment, thank you have a good day.

Yes

Yes

October 2019

B022-1

EIR/EIS Comment :

Official Comment Period :



Response to Submission B022 (Unknown, Kern Apartments, January 16, 2018)

B022-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-10: Comments with Opinion Only.

Submission B023 (Michael Geyer, KERNTEC Engineering, January 16, 2018)

	une+) - RECORD #322 DETAIL				
				dollars.	
Status : Record Date :	Action Pending				
Response Requested :	1/16/2018			If a HSR station is to be built in	Bakersfield, the Truxtun location should
Affiliation Type :	Business and/ar Organization			be the only logical choice.	
nterest As :	Business and/or Organization			, 3	
Submission Date :	Individual		1	Respectfully submitted,	
	1/16/2018			Respectivity submitted,	
Submission Method : First Name :	Project Email				
ast Name :	Michael			Michael Geyer	
	Geyer				
Professional Title :	PE, CIH, CSP. Project Director			Michael Geyer, PE, CIH, CSP	
Business/Organization :	KERNTEC Engineering			Project Director	
Address :				KERNTEC Engineering	
Apt./Suite No. :	Delversfield			Bakersfield, California	
City :	Bakersfield			www.kerntecindustries.com	
State :	CA				
Zip Code : Telephone :					
Email :	megeyer@atg1.com				
Email Subscription :				EIR/EIS Comment :	Yes
Cell Phone :				Official Comment Period :	Yes
Add to Mailing List :					
Stakeholder Comments/Issu	les :				
Greetings:					
t is with great pleasure that	am able to provide comment to the HSR				
Board.					
ouru.					
It shall be known that I am n	ot a fan of the proposed California High-Spp	ed			
	ong-time resident and taxpayer, I feel that				
	ad when voting on bonds and tax dollars to	be			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	as under-represented, and the value and				
spent on HSR in California w					
idership of HSR was over-re	presented. I feel that this was intentionally				
ridership of HSR was over-re	presented. I feel that this was intentionally				
ridership of HSR was over-re misleading and disingenuou	presented. I feel that this was intentionally				
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ridership of HSR was over-re misleading and disingenuou: That said, the proposed ³ F ² s station in Bakersfield further	presented. I feel that this was intentionally s to do so. Street and Golden State location of the HSR				
ridership of HSR was over-rr misleading and disingenuou: That said, the proposed ³ F ² 3 station in Bakersfield further in charge of California's HSF	presented. I feel that this was intentionally s to do so. Street and Golden State location of the HSR supports my disbelief and distrust of those				
tidership of HSR was over-re misleading and disingenuou: That said, the proposed ³ F ² 1 station in Bakersfield further in charge of California's HSF practical or reasonable sens	presented. I feel that this was intentionally s to do so. Street and Golden State location of the HSR supports my disbelief and distrust of those t ? the ³ F ² Street location makes no logical,				
idership of HSR was over-ru misleading and disingenuou: That said, the proposed ³ F ² : station in Bakersfield further in charge of California's HSF practical or reasonable sens with many public works proje	presented. I feel that this was intentionally s to do so. Street and Golden State location of the HSR supports my disbelief and distrust of those ? 2 the ³ F ² Street location makes no logical, el!! I, as a professional engineer involved tots throughout my 30-yr career, cannot fath	om			
tidership of HSR was over-ru misleading and disingenuou: That said, the proposed ³ F ² 4 station in Bakersfield further in charge of California's HSF practical or reasonable sens with many public works proje the basis for seriously conside	presented. I feel that this was intentionally s to do so. Street and Golden State location of the HSR supports my disbelief and distrust of those ? the ³ F ² Street location makes no logical, eff. I, as a professional engineer involved tots throughout my 30-yr career, cannot fath lering the ³ F ² Street location; especially whe	om			
Tidership of HSR was over-re- misleading and disingenuou: That said, the proposed ³ F ² : station in Bakersfield further in charge of California's HSF practical or reasonable sens with many public works proje the basis for seriously consi compared to the alternate Tr	presented. I feel that this was intentionally s to do so. Street and Golden State location of the HSR supports my disbelief and distrust of those t? the ³ F ² Street location makes no logical, eff. I, as a professional engineer involved tots throughout my 30-yr career, cannot fath lering the ³ F ² Street location; especially whe uxtun Avenue location. I have tried to be	om			
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idership of HSR was over-re- misleading and disingenuou: That said, the proposed ³ F ² 4 station in Bakersfield further n charge of California's HSF practical or reasonable sens with many public works proje the basis for seriously consis compared to the alternate Tr open-minded re the HSR sta- seriousness, the Truxtun loc	presented. I feel that this was intentionally s to do so. Street and Golden State location of the HSR supports my disbelief and distrust of those t? the ³ F ² Street location makes no logical, el!! I, as a professional engineer involved ects throughout my 30-yr career, cannot fath lering the ³ F ² Street location; especially whe uxtun Avenue location. I have tried to be tion's location in Bakersfield, but in all ation makes better use of existing	om n			
Tidership of HSR was over-re- misleading and disingenuou: That said, the proposed ³ F ² 3 station in Bakersfield further in charge of California's HSF practical or reasonable sens with many public works proje the basis for seriously consis compared to the alternate Tr open-minded re the HSR sta seriousness, the Truxtun loc infrastructure, brings HSR rid	presented. I feel that this was intentionally s to do so. Street and Golden State location of the HSR supports my disbelief and distrust of those t? the ³ F ² Street location makes no logical, el!! I, as a professional engineer involved cts throughout my 30-yr career, cannot fath lering the ³ F ² Street location; especially whe uxtun Avenue location. I have tried to be tion's location in Bakersfield, but in all	om n			

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B023-1



Response to Submission B023 (Michael Geyer, KERNTEC Engineering, January 16, 2018)

B023-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-General-08: Support of/Opposition to the Fresno to Bakersfield Locally Generated and May 2014 Project Alternatives.

Refer to Table 6-1 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for a summary of the capital costs associated with the May 2014 Project and the F-B LGA. As shown in the table, the capital costs associated with the May 2014 Project are estimated at \$2,893.7 million, while the F-B LGA capital costs are estimated at \$2,687.5 million, a difference of more than \$200 million.

Submission B024 (Kalpesh Patel, Kerntown Motel, December 7, 2017)

Status :	Action Pending
Record Date :	12/7/2017
Response Requested :	Yes
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization
Submission Date :	12/7/2017
Submission Method :	Website
First Name :	Kalpesh
Last Name :	Patel
Professional Title :	Owner
Business/Organization :	Kerntown Motel
Address :	
Apt./Suite No. :	
City :	Bakersfield
State :	CA
Zip Code :	93305
Telephone :	661-747-6372
Email :	kerntown@gmail.com
Email Subscription :	Bakersfield to Palmdale , Board of Directors, Central Valley, Construction Package 4 Updates, Locally Generated Alternative (Bakersfield)
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List :	No
Stakeholder Comments/Issu	ies :
impacted? couple of years a	n understanding on the process and the timeline, plus how my property is go i had a meeting with Diana Gomez, in which she informed me that my property Authority, with an early buyout, this was mutually agreed
0 1 1	ies that will be acquired by the HSR Authority? Further to that a list of properties
with early buyout? where are	these list in the draft document(s)?
	the list of properties to be acquired, how would i go about having it listed for the early buyout list, what need to be done to to be placed on the early buyout
EIR/EIS Comment :	Yes

Official Comment Period : Yes

October 2019

B024-1



Response to Submission B024 (Kalpesh Patel, Kerntown Motel, December 7, 2017)

B024-1

A list of impacted parcels is not provided in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS; however, Appendix 3.1-A of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS graphically depicts the impacted parcels within the HSR footprint and identifies whether the parcel would be permanently or temporarily impacted.

The Authority has worked closely with government agencies, businesses, and individuals to refine the F-B LGA design to avoid or minimize impacts, including property acquisitions, to the maximum extent possible in light of the performance criteria for the high-speed rail. This refinement process will continue throughout final design for the selected alternative.

The Authority will acquire the land of property owners whose land is directly affected by the project in accordance with the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, as amended (42 U.S.C. sec. 4601 et seq.) (Uniform Act) and Implementing Regulations (49 C.F.R. Part 24). The Uniform Act establishes minimum standards for treatment and compensation of individuals whose real property is acquired for a federally funded project.

For all acquisition of real property, the Uniform Act requirements include the following: Appraisal of the property before negotiation begins An invitation to the property owner to be present for the appraisal A written offer of just compensation and a summary of what is being acquired Payment for property before taking possession of it An offer to acquire uneconomic remnants Reimbursement for expenses resulting from the transfer of title

The Authority will negotiate on a case-by-case basis with property owners whose land would be impacted by the HSR System. Land will be acquired by the Authority at fair market value, as determined by the process described above. The Authority also has the power of eminent domain, allowing it to condemn the property of unwilling sellers, with payment of just compensation (i.e., fair market value) to the property owner. Eminent domain would be viewed as a last resort used to acquire the land for the public purpose of developing the statewide HSR System. Information on the eminent domain process is available on the Authority's website, please see, Your Property, Your High-

B024-1

Speed Rail Project (Authority 2013).

Just compensation is an amount paid to a property owner for property acquired for public purposes that is not less than the fair market value of the property acquired, including damages or benefits to the remaining property. Compensation would include any measurable loss in value to the remaining property as a result of a partial acquisition.

When displacement results from the acquisition of non-residential properties, such as businesses and farms, the Uniform Act's provisions for relocation assistance include: Relocation advisory services

A minimum 90-day written notice to vacate before taking possession Reimbursement for moving and reestablishment expenses

The California Relocation Assistance Act (CRAA) essentially mirrors the Uniform Act and also ensures consistent and fair treatment of owners, expedited acquisition of property by agreement to avoid litigation, and promotion of confidence in the public land acquisitions process. However, if there is federal funding on the project, as here, the Uniform Act takes precedence.

A property owner may also claim a loss of business goodwill under California Code of Civil Procedure 1263.510 et seq. Goodwill is defined as the benefits that accrue to a business because of its location; reputation for dependability, skill, or quality; and any other circumstances resulting in probable retention of old or acquisition of new patronage. Loss of Goodwill is paid as an acquisition expense, but some of the items considered in calculating loss of goodwill may also be covered as a relocation expense.

Consistent with the requirements of the Uniform Act and CRAA, the Authority is committed to working closely and proactively with residents and businesses to help them plan ahead for relocation, find new homes or sites, and solve problems related to the acquisitions. While relocation assistance would mitigate the displacement, relocation could still represent an inconvenience or hardship to some property owners.

The Authority's relocation assistance and advisory services would include, but not be

Response to Submission B024 (Kalpesh Patel, Kerntown Motel, December 7, 2017) - Continued

B024-1

limited to, measures, facilities, or services that may be necessary or appropriate to determine the relocation needs and preferences of each household, business, farm, and nonprofit organization to be displaced. The Authority would provide current information on the availability, purchase prices, and rental costs of comparable replacement dwellings. Other benefits and compensation may include payment of residential moving expenses and replacement housing payments, nonresidential moving expenses, and reestablishment expenses. The Authority's relocation assistance documents in Appendix 3.12-A outline compensation and acquisition procedures in detail. For any properties acquired for the project, including any community facilities identified in Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS Section 3.12.3.7, Communities and Neighborhoods, the Authority would comply with appropriate provisions of the federal Uniform Relocation Act. Property owners whose entire or partial property would be acquired by the Authority would receive just compensation for their land and improvements.

Additional information about acquisition, compensation, and relocation assistance, and the Uniform Act, is also available in Appendix 3.12-A of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS, and on the Authority's website.

October 2019



B025-1

Official Comment Period :

Yes

Submission B025 (Steve Dempsey Jr., KS Industries, LP, January 16, 2018)

California High-Speed Rail Authority October 2019 Fresno to Bakersfield Section **Final Supplemental EIS**

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Response to Submission B025 (Steve Dempsey Jr., KS Industries, LP, January 16, 2018)

B025-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-10: Comments with Opinion Only.

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334_LdrshipCnslfrJstceandAcctbilty_email_011618_Attachment.pdf (3 mb)

Submission B026 (Adeyinka Glover, Leadership Counsel for Justice and Accountability, January 16, 2018)

Attachments :

Status :	+) - RECORD #334 DETAIL
	Action Pending
Record Date :	1/16/2018
Response Requested :	
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization
Submission Date :	1/16/2018
Submission Method :	Project Email
First Name :	Adeyinka
Last Name :	Glover
Professional Title :	Attorney
Business/Organization :	Leadership Counsel for Justice and Accountability
Address :	
Apt./Suite No. :	
City :	
State :	
Zip Code :	
Telephone :	661-843-7677
Email :	aglover@leadershipcounsel.org
Email Subscription :	-9@9
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List :	
Stakeholder Comments/Issues	
Good afternoon,	
My name is Adeyinka Glover and	d I work at Leadership Counsel for Justice and
Accountability. Attached please	
	ifornia Environmental Justice Network, and
Faith in the Valley.	
Faith in the valley.	
Disease lat ma know if you have	nu questione
Please let me know if you have a Yinka	iny questions.
TIIIKd	
TIINa	
 Adeyinka Glover, Esq.	
 Adeyinka Glover, Esq.	
 Adeyinka Glover, Esq. Attorney	und Accountability
 Adeyinka Glover, Esq.	ind Accountability
 Adeyinka Glover, Esq. Attorney Leadership Counsel for Justice a	ind Accountability
 Adeyinka Glover, Esq. Attorney	ind Accountability
 Adeyinka Glover, Esq. Attorney Leadership Counsel for Justice a (661) 843-7677	ind Accountability
 Adeyinka Glover, Esq. Attorney Leadership Counsel for Justice a (661) 843-7677 aglover@leadershipcounsel.org	
 Adeyinka Glover, Esq. Attorney Leadership Counsel for Justice a (661) 843-7677 aglover@leadershipcounsel.org EIR/EIS Comment :	and Accountability Yes
 Adeyinka Glover, Esq. Attorney Leadership Counsel for Justice a (661) 843-7677 aglover@leadershipcounsel.org	
 Adeyinka Glover, Esq. Attorney Leadership Counsel for Justice a (661) 843-7677 aglover@leadershipcounsel.org EIR/EIS Comment :	Yes

California High-Speed Rail AuthorityOctober 2019Fresno to Bakersfield SectionPage | 23-81Final Supplemental EISPage | 23-81





January 16, 2018

Attn: Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section California High-Speed Rail Authority 770 L Street, Suite 620 MS-1 Sacramento. CA 95814

Re: Comments on Fresno to Bakersfield Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS

To Whom It May Concern:

Thank you for the opportunity to submit comments regarding the California High-Speed Rail Authority ("HSRA") Fresno to Bakersfield Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS ("Draft"). Leadership Counsel, along with Central California Environmental Justice Network and Faith in the Valley are partners in the comments. Leadership Counsel for Justice and Accountability works alongside residents of disadvantaged communities across the San Joaquin and East Coachella Valley, including throughout Kern County, to advocate for sound policy and eradicate injustice and secure equal access to opportunity regardless of wealth, race, income or place. Through our comments, we seek to ensure that the Fresno-Bakersfield alignment creates sustainable, equitable, and effective transportation options that benefit all of Kern County's residents, and that the HSRA has thoroughly evaluated and mitigated the environmental and human impacts of the alignment—from construction through operation—on Kern County's disadvantaged communities and populations in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") and state and federal fair housing and civil rights laws.

B026-1

Leadership Counsel understands that there are two proposed routes of HSR through Kern County: the Hybrid Alignment ("Hybrid" also known as the "May 2014 Project Alternative") and the Locally Generated Alternative (LGA). Each option's route affects Kern County substantially differently. The Hybrid for the most part follows the already established BNSF rail line. The LGA charters its own path and would require more property acquisition and road construction to operate. In fact, the LGA would split disadvantaged communities, like Oildale. The Final EIR/EIS must analyze all potentially significant impacts of these alignments for each of these routes, including in particular, impacts on environmentally burdened communities, and identify and adopt all feasible mitigation.

B026-2

I. The Draft is a Subsequent EIR not an Supplemental EIR as Alleged

After certification of an EIR, a subsequent or supplemental EIR is permissible under several circumstances. A subsequent EIR is appropriate when "substantial changes are proposed in the project which will require major revisions of the previous EIR ..."¹ A supplement is appropriate when there are substantial changes however "only minor additions or changes would be necessary to make the previous EIR adequately apply to the project in the changed situation."² The May 2014 EIR for the Fresno-Bakersfield alignment was certified by the appropriate agencies. The LGA proposed a completely new alignment through Kern County for a stretch of about forty miles. The new alignment travels through different communities and proposes a completely new station stop about a mile and a half away from the certified May 2014 stop. These changes are substantial and require an independent analysis of its environmental impacts, and with comparison to the previously certified alignment.

A subsequent EIR must follow appropriate notice and process procedures. A notice of preparation must be developed and sent out. Since, substantial changes to the 2014 certified EIR were made for the Draft, appropriately identifying the EIR as a subsequent EIR is critical to properly notifying the public. This was not done in the Draft.

II. The EIR must Evaluate Environmental Impacts of Industrial Business Displacement

The LGA Summary section briefly mentions that industrial businesses currently in the route's path would be displaced and that industrial areas located in the unincorporated community of Oildale will be relocated. The LGA's "Station Planning, Land Use, and Development" portion of the EIR provides no detailed discussion of how the EIR/EIS would mitigate the impacts of relocating the industrial businesses, nor to where the businesses may be relocated. It is important that the report identify what types of sites are intended as the relocation sites. It's imperative that other disadvantaged communities are not further impacted by industrial businesses moving into their communities.

B026-4

B026-3

III. The EIR Must Be Consistent with Local and Regional General Plans

Section 15125(d) of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines requires EIRs to "...discuss any inconsistencies between the proposed project and applicable general plans and regional plans. The LGA EIR's "Environmental Justice" section mentions that HSR is a state project and the State has not made any commitment to comply with local regulations, but local and regional general plans were reviewed for elements relevant to environmental aborate on which local and regional plans were reviewed and which were not, identify inconsistencies between the

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¹ California Public Resources Code 15162(a)(1) ² California Public Resources Code 15163(a)(2)



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B026-5

routes under consideration and all local and regional plans applicable to the area covered or impacted by the routes, any resulting environmental impacts and impacts on environmental justice considerations, and identify and include appropriate mitigation.

The EIR's analysis of conflicts with local and regional plans must include an evaluation of potential conflicts with general plan housing elements. When evaluating a route's consistency with an applicable housing element, the EIR must evaluate the impact of the proposed routes on the relevant jurisdictions' abilities to meet their Regional Housing Needs Allocations, timely implement the housing element's goals, policies, objectives, and programs, and analyze how potential displacement effects, both economic and physical, of the proposed route may conflict with Housing Element goals and objectives. For example, Kern County's Housing Element states, "Examine and/or adopt policies to facilitate revitalization opportunities of existing infrastructure improvements for underserved Disadvantaged Unincorporated Communities."³ Appropriate analysis would examine how the planned alignment might hinder the policy's implementation. Economic and physical displacement impacts on various communities—especially disadvantaged communities—must be included in this evaluation.

IV. The EIR Must Analyze the Potential For Environmental Impacts of Economic and Physical Displacement Associated With the Proposed Routes And Include All Feasible Mitigation Measures

HSR will draw cost-burdened coastal residents inland to an area like Kern County as part of the skilled labor force to build HSR or to utilize the rail's services upon completion of the project. An influx of inhabitants to Kern County, including residents who will commute to the Coast and earn higher coastal wages, will drive up housing prices that may displace existing Kern County residents who would no longer be able to afford their homes. This may burden the housing market, in particular, the market for housing affordable to lower and moderate income residents, and require additional development of housing at an exponential rate.

Bakersfield is already experiencing high rent increases. In 2016, rent increased by 7% in the course of a year.⁴ In fact, according to Bakersfield's 2015-2023 Housing Element, 10,385 or 84% of Extremely Low Income residents and 10,365 or 83% of Very Low Income residents of the City are deemed "housing cost burdened", with rents comprising at least 30% of household income. Residents experiencing housing cost burdens and severe housing cost burdens are at heightened risk of displacement and homelessness as a result of housing cost increases. The Final EIR/EIS must fully analyze potential displacement—both physical and economic—resulting from the alignments and identify and adopt all feasible mitigation.

³ Kern County Housing Element (6-9) ⁴ http://www.bakersfield.com/news/business/report-bakersfield-rent-increases-led-the-country-indecember/articlei 360190ed-d5e9-544d-8edc-d56eb2e346b6.html B026-6

B026-7

B026-8

V. The Final EIR/EIS Must Fully Evaluate Cumulative Impacts of The Proposed Routes

The Draft includes insufficient analysis and mitigation of the cumulative effects of the LGA and Hybrid routes. Even if following the completion of a thorough analysis of individual environmental justice concerns impacts are not determined to be substantial or are estatisfactorily mitigated, the sum of the impacts must be evaluated. A project is determined to have a significant effect on the environment if "the possible effects of a project are individually limited but cumulatively considerable."⁵ In evaluating cumulative effects, air quality factors like demolition dust and construction, sound, vibration, aesthetics, and transportation access must all be evaluated. For example, the alignment would cut through communities with high pollution burdens under the State's CalEnviroScreen 3.0 Tool and the EIR/EIS must evaluate cumulative impacts that the alignments would have on these communities. Attention must be paid to significant impacts in these areas and all impacts must be fully mitigated.

VI. Draft EIR issues of Civil Rights and Fair Housing

The Final EIR/EIS must thoroughly analyze and mitigate the effects of this Project to lowincome communities of color that stand to be impacted to ensure that the project does not result disproportionately burden any such communities and result in a violation of state and federal eivil rights and fair housing laws.⁶ The Draft does not contain an adequate analysis of civil rights implications for either route. The LGA would cut directly and predominately through lowincome communities of color, whereas the Hybrid travels through a mixture of communities. [See figures 5-2(b) and 5-3(b) in the "Environmental Justice chapter."] The Final EIR/EIS does not adequately analyze the impacts of either route on disadvantaged communities protected classes. The Final EIR/EIS must fully analyze and mitigate these impacts, including in particular impacts associated with route segments that cut through disadvantaged communities.

VII. Kern County Impacts not Identified in Fresno to Bakersfield Draft EIR

The Draft EIR/EIS focuses on the communities between the Fresno and Bakersfield Stations and does not address impacts of potential alignments in communities, including numerous disadvantaged unincorporated communities, located to the south of the Bakersfield Station options. We understand that the portion of the route covering Bakersfield south to Palmdale will be covered in a subsequent EIR/EIS and encourage the HSRA to develop and implement a robust public outreach process beginning with identification of potential route alternatives through the development of the EIR and implementation of mitigation. The outreach process should give special attention to ensuring full inclusion of disadvantaged communities and populations and stakeholder organizations, such as Leadership Counsel. We are available and willing to meet

⁵ CA Public Resources Code Section 21083(b)(2) ⁶ 42 U.S.C. § 3601; Cal. Gov. Code § 11135, 1290, & 65008.

B026-8 with HSR staff to discuss an outreach plan that will ensure that residents of disadvantaged communities are fully included in the planning process for the Bakersfield-Palmdale alignment.

B026-9 While communities further south past either Bakersfield station stop are not discussed generally, one community center located past the Bakersfield Station stops that is discussed is Mercado Latino Tianguis (Mercado Latino). Mercado Latino is made up of an estimated 118 small businesses. To the extent that the Fresno-Bakersfield alignment would result in or require the relocation of Mercado Latino or otherwise impact the business, including by impairing access by patrons during route construction or operation, the Final EIR/EIS must fully analyze and mitigate these potential impacts. For example, one potential impact of relocation or impaired access by residents is an Vehicle Miles Travelled and greenhouse gas emissions, as residents will be required to travel to other establishments to purchase groceries. In addition, loss of Mercado Latino—a culturally significant fixture for the Bakersfield Latino community—could result in relocation of Latino residents seeking to communities with goods and services that meet their needs. These and other impacts must be disclosed, analyzed, and mitigated.

* * * * *

Thank you for your consideration of our comments. We look forward to working together to ensure that the Final EIR/EIS ensures that the route selected benefits and does not undermine environmental health and well-being for disadvantaged communities. Please do not hesitate to contact me at (661) 843-7677 to find a time to discuss them in person.

Sincerely

Adeyinka Glover, Esq. Attorney Leadership Counsel for Justice and Accountability aglover@leadershipcounsel.org

Gustavo Aguirre Jr. Project Coordinator Central California Environmental Justice Network

Alex Gonzalez Community Organizer Faith in the Valley

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The commenter notes the two alignments. The commenter states that the F-B LGA would "charter" its own path and would require more property acquisition and road construction to operate. The commenter notes that the F-B LGA would split disadvantaged communities like Oildale. The commenter states that the environmental document must analyze all potentially significant impacts of these alignments for each of these routes. The commenter stresses the importance of analyzing impacts on environmentally burdened communities and identification and adoption of all feasible mitigation.

Refer to Appendix 8-A of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. Table 8-A-48 summarizes the number of property acquisitions and residential and business displacements that would occur under the May 2014 Project as compared to the F-B LGA. The May 2014 Project would clearly displace more residents, businesses, and community facilities than the F-B LGA.

Both station locations would require reconfiguration of roads and intersections. The F Street station is closer to State Route 204, which would require reconfiguring on- and off-ramps. Both stations will be easily accessed from road systems in the vicinity. The F Street Station, as shown in Drawing Number A1801 in Volume III: Station Drawings of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, would be accessible from Chester Avenue, SR 204, 34th Street, and F Street. The Truxtun Avenue Station, as shown in Drawing Number A9804, in Volume III: Station Drawings of the Final EIR/EIS, would be accessible from Union Avenue, Truxtun Avenue, U Street, and 14th Street. Some reconstruction of all access roads for either station would be required for the construction of the station, parking, and approaches.

The F-B LGA would follow existing transportation corridors, along the UPRR tracks and Golden State Avenue, through the community of Oildale. The F-B LGA would not cause division of this community. Refer to Section 3.12.4.2 and Section 5.6.3 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for detailed discussions regarding the Environmental Justice impacts of the F-B LGA, including in the community of Oildale.

B026-2

The commenter indicates that the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS is a Subsequent EIR under CEQA regulations. The commenter also states that since the F-B LGA is a completely new alignment 40 miles long[1] and proposes a new station stop about a mile and half away from the certified May 2014 stop that such changes are substantial and require an independent analysis of its environmental impacts with comparison to the previously certified alignment in a Subsequent EIR. Although this document is a Final Supplemental EIS, this document responds to this comment.

Chapter 1 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS (Section 1.1.3 pages 1-5 through 1-10) provides an explanation, per CEQA guidelines (refer to Section 15163 "A Supplement to an EIR"), why a Supplemental document was prepared and not a Subsequent document.

CEQA Guidelines Sections 15162 and 15163 describe when a supplement to an EIR may be prepared. To determine whether preparation of a Supplemental EIR is appropriate, the criteria in CEQA Guidelines Section 15162 governing preparation of Subsequent Documents and the additional criteria in CEQA Guidelines Section 15163 governing preparation of Supplemental Documents must be met. Under NEPA (40 Code of Federal Regulations §1502.9), a supplement to a draft or final EIS may be prepared "when the agency determines that the purposes of NEPA would be furthered by doing so" or if "1) the agency makes substantial changes in the proposed action that are relevant to environmental concerns, or 2) there are significant new circumstances or information relevant to environmental concerns and bearing on the proposed actions or its impacts".

The Authority and FRA have determined that the preparation of a Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS is appropriate here because the certified Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS remains relevant. The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS examines only the 23.13mile portion of the full 114-mile Fresno to Bakersfield Section studied in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS that runs between just north of Poplar Avenue to Oswell Street. It evaluates the F-B LGA and proposed station at F Street Station in site-specific detail to provide a complete assessment of the direct, indirect, and cumulative effects of the proposed action.

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[1] The commenter incorrectly states that the F-B LGA alignment is 40 miles long. The F-B LGA alignment is 23.13 miles long, whereas the May 2014 Project is 24.16 miles long.

B026-3

Displacement and relocation of industrial businesses, including those located in the community of Oildale, is addressed under Impact SO #10 –Commercial and Industrial Business Displacements, in Section 3.12.4.2, Fresno to Bakersfield Locally Generated Alternative, of Section 3.12, Socioeconomics and Communities. The availability of suitable properties to which businesses could relocate was performed based on a county-wide assessment area, consistent with the methodology used for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS and other sections of the HSR.

The HSR project would implement avoidance and minimization measures that help reduce impacts to affected business. As stated in Section 3.12.5, Avoidance and Minimization Measures, of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, these measures are summarized in Chapter 3.12, Socioeconomics, Communities, and Environmental Justice, of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS. The two avoidance and minimization measures that apply to industrial displacements and relocations are compliance with the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act and development and implementation of a relocation mitigation plan, as discussed on pages 3.12-135 through 3.12-137 of Chapter 3.12, Socioeconomics, Communities, and Environmental Justice, of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS.

B026-4

The commenter notes that CEQA guidelines require EIRs to discuss any inconsistencies between the proposed project with applicable general plans and regional plans. The commenter further notes that Chapter 5 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS states that local and regional general plans were reviewed in the preparation of analysis. The commenter requests that the discussion be expanded to include which local and regional plans were reviewed, whether there were any inconsistencies found, and any resulting impacts and mitigation.

Although this document is a Final Supplemental EIS, this document responds to this comment. Refer to Section 3.0, Regulatory Setting, in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section CIA (2012) for a discussion of applicable federal, state, and local regulations related to socioeconomic, community, and environmental justice issues applicable to the HSR project, including the F-B LGA. Any local policies and regulations that were changed, updated, or added since publication of the Fresno to Bakersfield Section CIA (2012), as well as any plans that apply specifically to the F-B LGA that were not included previously, are discussed in Table 3-1 of the F-B LGA CIA (2017). Refer also to Appendix 3.13-A of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS disclosing potential inconsistencies.

The commenter further requests that the EIR include a discussion of potential impacts on implementation of applicable housing elements, including an evaluation of any impacts on the ability of local jurisdictions to meet their Regional Housing Needs Allocations.

Refer to the F-B LGA CIA (2017). The Kern Council of Governments' 2014 Regional Housing Needs Allocation Plan was used to prepare the analysis for the CIA, which in turn informed the analysis in Section 3.12, Socioeconomics and Communities and Chapter 5, Environmental Justice of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The current (2014) Regional Housing Needs Allocation Plan covers the period between January 1, 2013 and December 31, 2023. This portion of the HSR system will not be implemented until after construction of the 119-mile Central Valley Segment (Madera to Poplar Avenue), which is anticipated to be completed in 2022, according to the Draft 2018 California HSR Business Plan (Authority 2018). While the allocations found in the Kern Council of Governments' 2014 plan have informed projections and analysis in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, the HSR project in Kern County will not impact the ability of local

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jurisdictions to meet their Regional Housing Needs Allocations. Any future Regional Housing Needs Allocations for Kern County jurisdictions should account for the HSR project as a potential development constraint.

The commenter states that economic and physical displacement impacts on various communities must also be included. Refer to Section 3.12, Socioeconomics and Communities and Chapter 5, Environmental Justice of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for discussion of any economic and physical displacement impacts on communities.

B026-5

Because there are a number of factors that affect housing rates and availability, projecting residential displacement due to potential increased rents that could result from temporary and long-term employment associated with the HSR project would be speculative. Such speculation on potential future impacts is not required by CEQA or NEPA. However, consistent with the methodology used for the analysis in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS, the analysis in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS estimates the number of temporary and long-term jobs that would be generated as a result of the HSR project and includes discussion of potential effects to population.

As discussed under Impact SO #5 –Temporary Construction Employment, in Section 3.12.4.2, Fresno to Bakersfield Locally Generated Alternative, of Section 3.12, Socioeconomics and Communities, some influx of population is expected as workers arrive in the area seeking jobs. However, given the high level of unemployment in the region and the large number of construction workers available for employment, the majority of these new construction jobs would be filled by current residents of these communities who possess the necessary construction skills.

Section 3.18.4.2, Fresno to Bakersfield Locally Generated Alternative, of Section 3.18, Regional Growth, evaluates employment effects and associated population growth associated with the HSR project. This assessment found that 17,200 jobs would be created in Kern County by 2035 as a result of operation of the HSR system, a 4.0 percent increase above the 2035 projections under the No Project Alternative. Given that unemployment rates in Kern County have historically been higher than those of the state, operation of the HSR system would provide employment opportunities for residents in the area and would not induce substantial growth beyond that already projected for Kern County.

The assessment also found that the increase in population induced by the HSR project would contribute a 3.5 percent increase in Kern County compared to 2035 population projections under the No Project Alternative. This increase would remain small relative to the total growth projected to occur in the county between 2010 and 2035 under the No Project Alternative, which amounts to 55.1 percent. The percentage increase in population in Kern County related to operation of the HSR system is expected to be slower than the percentage increase in employment in the county associated with the

B026-5

project due to the likelihood that a number of the jobs generated by operation of the HSR system would be filled by area residents. Additionally, this growth would be spread out over time and any interregional shifts in residential locations are expected to be a small portion of the growth expected in the county. Therefore, the HSR project would not induce substantial population growth beyond that already projected for Kern County.

B026-6

Chapter 5 of the SEIR/SEIS has been revised to include a cumulative analysis of Environmental Justice impacts. Operation of the F-B LGA and other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable projects would not have cumulative adverse impacts on environmental justice populations under NEPA.

B026-7

Chapter 5 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS describes the location of minority and lowincome populations within the study area boundaries for both the May 2014 Project and the F-B LGA. Pages 5-49 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS states:

As shown in Figure 5-2 and described in Section 5.4, Affected Environment, minority and low-income populations in the May 2014 Project study area are located primarily in the urban areas of Shafter and Bakersfield. Within Shafter, minority and low-income communities are located primarily to the southwest of May 2014 Project alignment. In Bakersfield, areas with minority and low-income populations are concentrated south of Truxtun Avenue and around the May 2014 Project alignment at its southern terminus near Oswell Street.

Like the May 2014 Project, minority and low-income populations in the F-B LGA study area are located primarily in the urban areas of Shafter and Bakersfield. Within the F-B LGA study area, the community of Oildale also includes minority and low-income populations, and scattered areas of low-density minority and low-income populations, and scattered areas of low-density minority and low-income populations are located in the rural areas of Kern County between Shafter and Bakersfield. Around the F Street Station, minority and low-income populations are located primarily east/northeast of the station site (east of Chester Avenue) and south of SR 99. For the F-B LGA, one MOIF is proposed to be located in Shafter between Poplar Avenue and Fresno Avenue. The communities south and east of the proposed MOIF site contain minority and low-income populations.

As described above, minority and low-income populations are located within the 0.5-mile study area boundaries for both alignments.

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, sex or disability in programs and activities receiving federal financial assistance. In March 2012, the Authority adopted a policy and plan to ensure that the California HSR Program complies with Title VI (Authority, 2012)[1]. The Authority's Title VI program ensures that no person in the State of California is excluded from participation in, nor denied the benefits of, its programs, activities, and services on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, sex, or disability. The Authority's Title VI program includes guidance on public participation, limited English proficiency (LEP),

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environmental justice, Title VI assurances, complaint procedures, annual reports and data collection. It also includes a commitment to inclusive public involvement of all persons affected by the HSR project (Authority 2012). Consistent with the Authority's Title VI program and the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), the environmental review for the F-B LGA includes an analysis of potential environmental justice effects, as well as public outreach to minority and low-income communities, as described in Chapter 5 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS.

Chapter 5 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS was prepared in compliance with the California High Speed Rail Project Environmental Impact Report/Environmental Impact Statement Environmental Methodology Guidelines Version 5 (Authority and FRA 2014), which describes the appropriate methodology for identifying disproportionately high and adverse impacts on minority and low-income populations resulting from the HSR project. As stated on page 5-22 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS:

When minority or low-income populations were identified, the impacts experienced by that population were compared with the resource study area and the larger reference community (Kern County) to determine whether the project would result in a disproportionately high and adverse impact. A disproportionately high and adverse effect on minority and low-income populations is defined as an impact that is predominantly borne by a minority and/or low-income population or will be suffered by the minority and/or low-income population and is appreciably more severe or greater in magnitude than the adverse effect suffered by the non-minority and/or non-low income population in the affected area and the reference community. In addition, in determining whether the impact would be disproportionately borne by a minority and/or low-income population, the analysis considered if the project would implement measures to avoid or reduce the adverse effect, and/or provide benefits that would affect the minority and low-income populations.

As described above, the presence of minority and low-income populations within the project study area, does not, in itself, indicate that those communities would experience disproportionately high or adverse impacts compared to the larger reference community. Whether adverse effects will be disproportionately high is dependent upon various circumstances, including:

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•The location of an adverse effect primarily in minority or low-income areas or in both minority/low-income areas and non-minority/low-income areas

•The percentage of the minority and low-income population in the area of impact as compared to the percentage of the minority and low-income population in the reference community

•The perceptions of the minority/low-income populations affected by the impact, regarding its severity and the success of the proposed mitigation measures in reducing impacts

•The equal application of mitigation measures to minority/low-income and nonminority/low-income populations

•The project benefits that will be received by the minority/low-income populations •Any social, religious or cultural resources and public services, such as police, fire, and emergency services particularly important to the minority/low-income populations that would be affected.[2]

Chapter 5 provides an analysis of the potential disproportionately high and adverse impacts to minority and low-income populations resulting from construction and operation of the F-B LGA. It also provides a summary of the impacts associated with the May 2014 Project, as identified in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section EIR/EIS. As described in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, a comparison between the impacts of the F-B LGA and May 2014 Project indicates that, though both the F-B LGA and the May 2014 Project would have disproportionately high and adverse impacts to minority and low-income populations, the F-B LGA would have lesser impacts related to noise and vibration, socioeconomics and communities, land use and parks and recreation than the May 2014 Project because the F-B LGA primarily traverses areas zoned for industrial or commercial use, minimizing the impacts to residentially-zoned properties that include minority and low-income populations.

[1] California High Speed Rail Authority, 2012. Title VI Program Plan. February. Available online at:

https://www.hsr.ca.gov/docs/programs/title_VI/CHSRA%20Title%20VI%20Program%20 Final%206-21-12.pdf (accessed February 12, 2018).

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 [2] Authority and FRA, 2014. California High Speed Rail Project Environmental Impact Report/Environmental Impact Statement Environmental Methodology Guidelines Version 5. June.

B026-8

The commenter expresses concern that the environmental document does not address impacts of potential alignments in communities located south of the Bakersfield Station options.

The F-B LGA starts at Poplar Avenue north of Shafter, moves through Shafter, unincorporated Kern County, Oildale and Bakersfield, and continues east/southeast to Oswell Street in East Bakersfield, a community in unincorporated Kern County. The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS discusses impacts along the entire F-B LGA alignment including between the Bakersfield station and Oswell Street. The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS does not discuss impacts to any communities south or east of Oswell Street. The Project Section south of Bakersfield is the Bakersfield to Palmdale Section. The environmental document for that section is under preparation, and will provide analysis of impacts to communities in Kern County east and south of Oswell Street, the terminus of the F-B LGA. See the Authority's website

(http://www.hsr.ca.gov/Programs/Statewide_Rail_Modernization/Project_Sections/baker sfield_palmdale.html) for more information related to the Bakersfield-Palmdale section, including information on public outreach events held to date.

Refer to Section 3.12, Socioeconomics and Communities, of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for analysis of potential impacts and benefits to communities east and southeast of the F Street Station in Bakersfield and in East Bakersfield. Impacts to schools such as Bethel Christian School, community facilities such as the Bakersfield Homeless Center, Mercado Latino, Golden Empire Gleaners, and others, all located east and southeast of the F Street Station, are considered. Additionally, discussions of populations in Bakersfield and Kern County are inclusive of communities east and southeast of the F Street Station.

Refer to Section 3.15, Parks, Recreation, and Open Space of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for a discussion of impacts to Weill Park, located east/southeast of the F Street Station.

Refer also to Section 3.16, Aesthetics and Visual Resources, of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for a discussion of visual impacts to the Central Bakersfield Landscape Unit and the East Bakersfield Landscape Unit, both of which are east and southeast of the F



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Street Station.

Refer to Section 3.17, Cultural Resources, of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for a discussion of impacts to potentially historic Built Resources south and southeast of the F Street Station.

Refer to Chapter 8 and Appendix 8-A of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for analysis of impacts from the May 2014 Project to communities and facilities east of the Truxtun Station. In particular, Tables 8-A-48, 8-A-52, 8-A-53, 8-A-54 provide information about impacts from the May 2014 Project.

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The Community Impact Assessment Technical Report for the F-B LGA determined that the Mercado Latino Tianguis would be partially displaced by the project as the building would be modified by removing the far north end to accommodate two of the piers that support the rail line structure. As the building is altered and the F-B LGA is constructed, the rest of the building would experience only temporary construction impacts from road closures, dust, and noise. The Mercado would not be displaced permanently neither would it be closed for extended times during project construction, as the commenter suggests. Therefore, the F-B LGA would not necessitate new or extended trips by residents to other grocery establishments, nor would it result in the need for residents to travel to other communities to access to goods and services. Neither would the F-B LGA's partial displacement of the Mercado result in substantial short- or long-term impacts to vehicle trips, vehicle miles traveled, or associated GHG emissions.

No revisions to the EIS have been incorporated based on this comment.

Submission B027 (Stephen Montgomery, NARVRE Unit 013, January 19, 2018)

	une+) - RECORD #434 DETAIL
Status :	Action Pending
Record Date :	1/19/2018
Response Requested :	No
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
nterest As :	Business and/or Organization
ubmission Date :	1/19/2018
Submission Method :	Project Email
irst Name :	Stephen
.ast Name :	Montgomery
Professional Title :	Local Legislative Representative
Business/Organization :	NARVRE Unit 013
ddress :	2115 1st Street
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elephone :	661-496-6585
Email :	samonty@pacbell.net
Email Subscription :	
Cell Phone :	
dd to Mailing List :	No
takeholder Comments/Issu	ies :
California High Speed Rail A	uthority, Cecelia Griego
Planning Commission & City	Manager, Mayor Karen Goh, Council Member Andrae Gonzales
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In making choices like this we should first look to history. Since the 19th Century Bakersfield has had a

powerful economic entity that, has owning most of the land west of town, worked like a giant vacuum "sucking" the economic energy from central Bakersfield to their land south and west of town. In that they have been very successful. Originally known as Miller & Lux, but in the 1960s known as Tenneco West prevailed in getting the long overdue CS Bakersfield campus located, not at a better location near the White Wolf area, but west of town on their land for the blatant reasons to facilitate taking some of the finest agriculture land in the world out of production for the benefit of real estate development. In that they succeeded in spades. More recently Castle & Cooke the latest successor to the historic Miller & Lux interests, sought to locate the new, also long overdue, federal courthouse 8 miles west of town vs. the legal and government center where it obviously belonged.

Citizen opposition to this option and their outrage at the reaction of an arrogant US General Services to this badly considered scheme resulted in it being located downtown much closer to where it should be. This history speaks to the problem of the conflict of the desires of special financial interests and their economic goals as opposed to what are better urban planning options to the benefit of the citizenry and the long term economic and environmental interests of the area

Again, referring to history in the late 19th Century, the Southern Pacific Railroad located their Bakersfield depot, not in Bakersfield, but in the town of Sumner, a community of their own creation east of town. This resulted in a trolley line being extended to the SP depot that had to be built to transport travelers from Sumner, that ultimately ended up developing its own smaller scale urban assets, to downtown Bakersfield, their true destination. Sumner is now known as Old Town Kern, a Bakersfield neighborhood, defined by portions of Sumner and Baker St.

B027-2 No route for HSR can be made without cost and the taking of property. That's a fact of late development in already developed communities but the F St, option is isolated and disconnected from the urban core and other important transportation options and likely final destinations of passengers arriving via HSR. Like CSU Bakersfield locating such assets in areas for reasons not consistent with sound urban planning values works well for the interests that benefit but force the community to make unpleasant adjustments to accommodate longer commutes and redundant or missing support development.

B027-3 Among the objections to the BNSF alignment are claimed losses of the city utility yard, 4101 Truxtun Ave <https://maps.google.com/?q=4101+Truxtun+Ave&entry=gmail&source=g>. At this point the proposed route is on an above grade viaduct meaning the only property loss to the city would need only be the footprints for support columns likely taking out some parking spaces. Other than that city buildings could remain as they are now for continued use. Because of the size and layout of the city property if any structures were to be lost they could be relocated nearby on this property. Some, because they are modular or portable structures could be simply picked up and moved.

> That part between Oak St. and Chester Ave. routed above grade would be between 16th St. and the BNSF yard and until relatively recent times most of this was open land with postwar private residences built along the north side of 16th St. up to the Mercy Hospital campus. Development has occurred on much of that formerly open land including a storage rental facility that could continue to operate directly under the viaduct. To the east there are some professional office buildings whose owners might object to rail noise but these were built after the announcement of the proposed HSR project which means the developers had prior knowledge to make different choices for the location of these office structures however the noise from the current at grade

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B027-1



Submission B027 (Stephen Montgomery, NARVRE Unit 013, January 19, 2018) - Continued

B027-3

operations are much noise and longer in duration than the HSR train passing by. At that part of the operation with the slow speed of the passenger train as it approaches the depot would cause little noise intrusion.

The work of routing the HSR viaduct around Mercy Hospital is difficult but should be planned to occupy above existing ground based rail operations to eliminate any added operation noise and vibration not already present at this location.

At the Bakersfield High School campus the properties between the BNSF tracks and 16th St. are of lower value than the campus structures themselves. With routing north of the BNSF tracks the hybrid alignment actually goes around the Bakersfield High School campus north of such historic assets like Harvey Auditorium eliminating legitimate fears about a degradation of environmental quality to these historic and culturally significant assets. At H St. the viaduct should route south of the tracks allowing it to be a challenge to only a handful of commercial buildings, and substandard housing, some of which are currently abandoned as documented in the Cultural Resources Survey 1985 updated 2017 by the Historic Preservation Commission.

This leads the BNSF alignment proposal to the station site preferably near the current Amtrak Station. East of the Amtrak station along the south side of the BNSF tracks to Union Ave. has a large quantity of distressed underutilized properties, owners of which would likely be eager to sell. East of Union Ave. properties on both sides of the BNSF alignment are distressed and would likely be easily acquired leading to more open area to Oswell St. and the route returning to ground level.

B027-4

For the reasons clearly stated by opponents to the F St. station site, the Truxtun Ave. proposal is, by a long shot, the preferred location. This perspective is supported in detail in the Kern County Council of Governments' Metropolitan Bakersfield High Speed Rail Terminal Impact Analysis, July 2003. Among the reasons stated include transportation interface with other mass transit options including Amtrak, Greyhound, Golden Empire Transit, taxi and non-motorized transportation and, importantly, the reasonable alternative of walking to likely and nearby destinations. Note with our poor local air quality any option to reduce the use of fossil fuel that would reduce additional impact on our already poor air quality would be desirable.

The F St. UP alignment option needs to go back on the shelf and details and issues surrounding the Truxtun Ave. BNSF alignment option need to be studied and worked out. Thank you for your consideration of this matter and this opportunity to comment.

Sincerely,

Stephen A. Montgomery NARVRE Unit 013, Local Legislative Representative http://www.narvre.info <http://www.narvre.info/> UTU Local 835 Alumni 2115 1st Street Bakersfield CA 93304-2707

661-496-6585

CC: Jason Cater, Cathy Butler, Paul Gipe, Adam Cohen, Jonathan Yates, Ken Hooper, Gordon Nipp

EIR/EIS Comment : Yes Official Comment Period : No

California High-Speed Rail Authority	October 2019
Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final Supplemental EIS	Page 23-93

Response to Submission B027 (Stephen Montgomery, NARVRE Unit 013, January 19, 2018)

B027-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-10: Comments with Opinion Only.

B027-2

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-03: Response to Comments Received After the Close of the Public Comment Period, FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-05: Proximity of F Street Station to Downtown and Amtrak Station.

B027-3

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-03: Response to Comments Received After the Close of the Public Comment Period, FB-LGA-Response-General-08: Support of/Opposition to the Fresno to Bakersfield Locally Generated and May 2014 Project Alternatives.

The commenter references various "objections to the BNSF alignment" (or May 2014 Project, as analyzed in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS), including the "claimed loss" of the City of Bakersfield utility yard, noise impacts in Bakersfield between Oak Street and Chester Avenue, and impacts to Mercy Hospital and Bakersfield High School. The commenter provides reasons why the loss of the City's corporation yard and the noise impacts in the specified areas of Bakersfield could be considered less severe. Regarding the May 2014 Project's impacts to Mercy Hospital and Bakersfield High School, the commenter suggests a modified alignment in these areas to avoid or minimize impacts to these facilities. The commenter also provides reasons why a station site near the existing Amtrak Station is preferred.

Refer to Appendix 8-A for a complete comparison of impacts to all resources between the May 2014 Project and the F-B LGA. In particular, see Tables 8-A-5, 8-A-7, and 8-A-96 for comparisons of Air Quality and Noise and Vibration impacts, and impacts to Socioeconomics and Communities. Overall, the F-B LGA would have fewer impacts to resources and communities than the May 2014 Project.

Due to the high speeds required for the HSR, changes in horizontal or vertical alignment must be made over relatively long distances. The minimum curve radius varies from approximately 4 to 6.5 miles, thus taking several miles to make a change in direction. As a result, compared to other types of linear projects (e.g., highways, freight trains, transmission lines, and pipelines), designs for the HSR track alignment are less flexible with regard to changes in elevation or to curving, crossing, or shifting around to avoid resources or community facilities.

The proposed F Street Station is approximately 1.8 miles from the Bakersfield Amtrak Station and would be designed as a multi-modal transportation hub that would maximize intermodal transportation opportunities, meeting overall project objectives consistent with the voter-approved Proposition 1A. The location of the F Street Station would



Response to Submission B027 (Stephen Montgomery, NARVRE Unit 013, January 19, 2018) - Continued

B027-3

complement existing public transportation, including local buses, intercity buses, and Amtrak trains.

The City of Bakersfield Making Downtown Bakersfield Vision Plan (May 2018; Vision Plan), available on the City's website, illustrates the City's plan for the revitalization of Downtown Bakersfield in conjunction with the Bakersfield HSR Station. The City's mass transit vision is included in Section 3.4 of the Vision Plan, and contains additional information pertaining to the proposed Bus Rapid Transit upgrades, circulator shuttle, and new mobility hubs.

B027-4

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-03: Response to Comments Received After the Close of the Public Comment Period, FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-05: Proximity of F Street Station to Downtown and Amtrak Station, FB-LGA-Response-General-08: Support of/Opposition to the Fresno to Bakersfield Locally Generated and May 2014 Project Alternatives.

Submission B028 (Todd Jeffries, Optimal Hospice Care, January 16, 2018)

	une+) - RECORD #312 DETAIL
Status :	Action Pending
Record Date :	1/16/2018
Response Requested :	
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization
Submission Date :	1/16/2018
Submission Method :	Project Email
First Name :	Todd
Last Name :	Jeffries
Professional Title :	Director of Community Relations
Business/Organization :	Optimal Hospice Care
Address :	
Apt./Suite No. :	
City :	
State :	
Zip Code :	
Telephone :	661-716-4000
Email :	tjeffries@optimalcares.com
Email Subscription :	
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List :	
Stakeholder Comments/Issu	es :
think the HSR station should	d be on Truxtun in Bakersfield.
Thanks!	
Todd Jeffries	
Director of Community Relati	ons
Optimal Hospice Care	
(661) 716-4000	
www.OptimalCares.com <http< td=""><td>o://www.OptimalCares.com></td></http<>	o://www.OptimalCares.com>
	00.CA0A1540][ACHC][WHV 4]
[cid.imageou i.phg@u ib i4c	
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solely for the use of the indiv	idual or entity to which they are addressed. This communication may also contair
	ned by the Health Insurance and Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA). If yo
	t of this e-mail and the information it contains or if you are not the employee or
	ing this e-mail and the information it contains to the intended recipient, be advised
agent responsible for deliver	ng this e-mail and the information it contains to the intended recipient, be advised

agent responsible for delivering this e-mail and the information it contains to the intended recipient, be advised that you have received this e-mail in error and that any use, dissemination, forwarding, printing or copying of this e-mail is strictly prohibited. If you have received this e-mail in error, please contact the sender of this message

EIR/EIS Comment : Yes Official Comment Period : Yes

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B028-1



Response to Submission B028 (Todd Jeffries, Optimal Hospice Care, January 16, 2018)

B028-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-10: Comments with Opinion Only.

Submission B029 (Rich Krizo, Pacific Appraisal Consultants, Inc., December 29, 2017)

	Fresno - Bakersfield (2014 J Status :	une+) - RECORD #232 DETAIL]	661.333.6668 Fax 661.326.79	66
	Status : Record Date :	Action Pending			
		1/2/2018		www.pacappraisal.com	
	Response Requested : Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization			
	Interest As :	Business and/or Organization			
	Submission Date :	Business and/or Organization 12/29/2017			
	Submission Method :	Project Email		EIR/EIS Comment :	Yes
	First Name :	Rich		Official Comment Period :	Yes
	Last Name :	Krizo			
	Professional Title :	President			
	Business/Organization :	Pacific Appraisal Consultants, Inc.			
	Address :	1400 Chester Ave. Suite L			
	Apt./Suite No. :	1400 Gliester Ave. Guite L			
	City :	Bakersfield			
	State :	CA			
	Zip Code :	93301			
	Telephone :	661-333-6668			
	Email :	richkrizo@pacappraisal.com			
	Email Subscription :				
	Cell Phone :				
	Add to Mailing List :				
	Stakeholder Comments/Issu	ies :			
B029-1	only logical location for the h Bakersfield at Truxtun Ave. r location will severely impact the area. There will be a few overall location should be at downtown location will be m community. The F Street loc and will not get the use. A loo give you an indication on how	appraiser in Bakersfield for 48 years, the igh-speed rail station is downtown text to Amtrak. I do not believe that this the downtown area, rather it will revitalize v buildings taken in this alignment but the a lower cost than the F Street location. The ore convenient for everyone to use in the sation is not in the best neighborhood location ok at the current newer AMTRAK Station will w that structure at that location cleaned up the of Bakersfield proud to use That location. Most vant the downtown location.			
	J. Richard Krizo, President Pacific Appraisal Consultants 1400 Chester Ave. Suite L	s, Inc.			
	Bakersfield, Ca. 93301				

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Response to Submission B029 (Rich Krizo, Pacific Appraisal Consultants, Inc., December 29, 2017)

B029-1

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-05: Proximity of F Street Station to Downtown and Amtrak Station, FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-10: Comments with Opinion Only.

Submission B030 (Troy Hightower, TDH Associates International, January 16, 2018)

Fresno - Bakersfield (2014 J	une+) - RECORD #413 DETAIL	B030-1	information contained within the Fresno to Bakersfield Final EIR/EIS."
Status :	Action Pending		This confirms the analysis is not an apples-to-apples comparison.
Record Date :	1/17/2018		This commissione analysis is not an apples-to-apples companison.
Response Requested :			
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization		Figure 8_A-1 F-B LGA and May 2014 Project on page 8-A-3.
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization		The May 2014 Project illustrated in blue includes the footprint of the
Submission Date :	1/17/2018		alignment plus land and uses adjacent to the actual alignment. Whereas
Submission Method :	Project Email		the LGA illustrated in red depicts the alignment footprint only. Since
First Name :	Troy		this is stated as the reference for much of the analysis and
Last Name :	Hightower		identification of impacts this methodology skews the results in favor
Professional Title :	Principal		of the LGA. This map illustrates another example of not comparing
Business/Organization :	TDH Associates International		apples-to-apples.
Address :	Po Box 2493		
Apt./Suite No. :		B030-2	Tables 8 A 20 and 8 A 40 Comparisons of residential displacements on
City :	Bakersfield		Tables 8-A-39 and 8-A-40 Comparisons of residential displacements an
State :	CA		commercial relocations on page 8-A-91
Zip Code :	93303		The source for the data listed in these tables and others is noted as
Telephone :	661-431-7269		ReferenceUSA 2015. I contacted ReferenceUSA to obtain the data, but
Email :	thightower@tdhintl.net		was told I had to go to my local library to access the data. I called
Email Subscription :			my library Kern County Beale Library and they informed me they did not
Cell Phone :			have access to ReferenceUSA. Therefore the source for the data in the
Add to Mailing List :			EIR is not available to the public. This is of great concern because
Stakeholder Comments/Issu	es:		this information is not only the basis of comparisons within this
			Appendix it is used throughout the EIR.
Hello,		B030-3	
		B030-3	Table 8-A-65 Section 4(f) Impact Comparison between the May 2014
i am an independent transpo	rtation consultant based in downtown		Project and F-B LGA on pag 8-A-139
Bakersfield, CA.			Line item "Mill Creek Linear Park" states "No Impact" for F-B LGA. The
There are a number of conce	rns with the EIR, the process, and data		northern boundary of Mill Creek Linear Park and the canal is at Golden
sources used.			State Hwy are within 250 feet of LGA.
		B030-4	
received a copy of the EIR of	on CD via the mail along with the public		The cost estimates for the required construction projects (Golden
notice. The CD did not contain	n what had been called the May 2014		State & F Street major new interchange, 7th Standard & Hwy 99
project EIR/EIS. This made it	difficult to compare the alignments. The		interhange modifications, Chester Ave and 34 St modifications)to
Community Impact Assessm	ent which was referred to many times in the		access the F Street station are not included. The EIR does state that
document also was not on th	e CD. It took considerable time for me to		no construction is required for access to the May 2014 Project station
search the HSR Authority we	bsite to obtain these documents.		at Truxtun Ave.
		B030-5	
Volume II Technical Appendi	ces 8-A "Analysis of the Comparable Section		The EIR makes reference to information related to F Street station in
(May 2014 Project)"			the "Metropolitan Bakersfield Transit Center Study". However, there is
In the Introduction 8-A-1 it is	stated "Since the Fresno to		no mention of the information related to the Truxtun Ave station that
Bakersfield Section Fial EIR/	EIS does not evaluate the May 2014		is in that same study. The analysis and comparison in the study
	ve of the Fresno to Bakersfield Project		clearly confirms that Truxtun Ave is better suited for HSR station and
-	Allensworth Bypass), affected		Transit Oriented Development (TOD). The study also reported that the F
	mary discussion included in this section for		street/LGA location is not suitable for TOD.
	,	I	
the way 2014 Project has be	en extrapolated from the available		

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B030-1



- B030-6 Regarding public participation in the EIR process, my observation is that the public hearing and release of the EIR were not adequately noticed to the public. I searched the local newspaper for an article or public notice but could not find a notice. At the public hearing I made a verbal and email request to the the person I was told that was handling the public notices. I have yet to receive a response. Plus the City of Bakersfield has been stating publicly for months that the selection has already been made in favor of an F Street station and the LGA. Lack of notice and the perception created by the City are reasons why there was little turnout at the hearing. The fact the the City has released a draft EIR for the station area plan at the same time as the LGA EIR is confusing to people.
- B030-7 Regarding environmental justices issues, I reviewed the EJScreen model developed by the US EPA. It clearly illustrated a variety of minority, non-minority, low income, median, and upper income neighborhoods are impacted by the Hybrid alignment. However, it also clearly illustrated that LGA impacts only minority and low-income neighborhood. This is an example of what is referred to in Title VI as disproportionate impact.
- B030-8 In my professional opinion the LGA EIR is not consistent or reasonably accurate on its own. It certainly can not be used for comparisons of impacts to the May 2014 Project EIR. In addition source data used in the comparison tables is not available. Therefore the EIR in its current draft form is not adequite to reasonably identify and undersand the impacts and/or be used as a source of information to make a reasonable comparison to the May 2014 Project. If I had to rely on this EIR I would not be able to determine if the LGA is environmental clear and LGA is not superior to the May 2014 Project Hybrid alignment.

Troy Hightower ***********

Final Supplemental EIS

Troy D. Hightower Principal TDH Associates International Po Box 2493 Bakersfield, CA 93303 (661) 431-7269 thightower@tdhintl.net www.tdhintl.net SB/DBE Certified CUCP # 41593 EIR/EIS Comment : Official Comment Period : Yes

No

California High-Speed Rail Authority	October 2019
Fresno to Bakersfield Section	Page 23-101

B030-1

The commenter refers to Section 8-A-1 of Appendix 8-A of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, which explains how impacts from the May 2014 Project were determined. As stated in the referenced section, the May 2014 Project was not evaluated as a discrete alternative in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS; rather it is that portion of the Preferred Alternative which is comparable to the F-B LGA. Therefore, to determine the impacts of only this smaller portion, the findings made in the Final EIR/EIS relevant to the exact location, length, and features of the May 2014 Project were extrapolated to provide a real and fair comparison with the F-B LGA. The commenter states, based on this methodology, that the subsequent analysis is not an apples-to-apples comparison.

The impact analysis performed on the F-B LGA in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, however, follows the methodology set out in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS. Refer to Section 3.1.3.3 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, which states:

The methods used to collect data and evaluate potential impacts in this Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS are similar and consistent to the data collection and impact evaluation methods used in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS. The regional study areas presented in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS are used to evaluate resources in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, as appropriate. Where applicable, data collected for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS (including data from 2010) have been used to evaluate impacts associated with development of the F-B LGA. As described in more detail below, preparation of this Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS also includes current (2015) data to evaluate impacts of the F-B LGA. Comparable 2015 data is also used, as needed, for the May 2014 Project, as reflected in the individual resource sections and in Chapter 8 and Appendix 8-A of this Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, in order to facilitate an apples-to-apples comparison with the F-B LGA.

As explained above, the analysis of each alternative used the same data collection and analysis methods. Where updated data was required for the F-B LGA, the same data was also updated for the May 2014 Project to allow comparable analysis. By ascertaining that the data sources as available and the methods for analyzing impacts were the same for both alternatives, the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS ensured that the analysis presented allowed for an apples-to-apples comparison.

B030-1

The commenter refers to Figure 8-A-1, found in Appendix 8-A of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The commenter mistakenly states that May 2014 Project footprint shown in the figure includes "land and uses" adjacent to the alignment whereas the F-B LGA footprint shown in the figure depicts the alignment footprint only. The commenter states that, as much of the analysis and identification of impacts were based on these footprints and their inclusions, the results are skewed in the favor of the F-B LGA, preventing an apples-to-apples comparison.

The figure referenced presents only the footprint of the May 2014 Project (in blue) and the footprint of the F-B LGA (in red), with a green dot representing the Truxtun Avenue Station and a yellow dot representing the F Street Station. The footprints shown represent the permanent and temporary impact areas associated with both alignments and their corresponding facilities and stations. The permanent project footprint for each alternative includes the proposed HSR right-of-way and associated facilities, such as traction power supply stations, maintenance of infrastructure facility (MOIF), and switching and paralleling stations, as well as shifts in roadway ROW associated with those facilities (including overcrossings and interchanges) that would be modified or shifted to accommodate the HSR project. The F-B LGA does not include a proposed Heavy Maintenance Facility; therefore, the Heavy Maintenance Facility was removed from the May 2014 Project permanent project footprint in order to allow a more accurate comparison of the alternatives (i.e., an apples-to-apples comparison). The footprints shown in this figure and used as the basis for the evaluation of impacts do not skew the analysis toward one alternative or another.

B030-2

The ReferenceUSA 2015 citation noted by the commenter is a 144-page spreadsheet and is included as part of the Administrative Record for the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, the Final Supplemental EIR, and the Final Supplemental EIS and is available from the Authority upon request.

No revisions to this Final Supplemental EIS have been incorporated based on this comment.

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B030-3

Mill Creek Linear Park is a tree-lined walkway along a drainage canal in the City of Bakersfield. The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS (page 8-13) states that the May 2014 Project would cross Mill Creek Linear Park and that the F-B LGA would not. As described here, new Geographic Information System (GIS) data confirms that the F-B LGA would not cross Mill Creek Linear Park but would be located closer to the park than previously reported in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. GIS data sources and implications of this data on the impact analysis provided in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS are described below.

Section 15125 of the State CEQA Guidelines states that an EIR must include a description of the physical environmental conditions in the vicinity of the project, as they exist at the time the notice of preparation (NOP) is published, or if no notice of preparation is published, at the time environmental analysis is commenced, from both a local and regional perspective. In this case the NOP (SCH Number 2009091126) and Notice of Intent (74 FR 50866, October 1, 2009) for the Draft Project EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section of the HSR project, of which the May 2014 Project and F-B LGA are a part, were issued on September 29, 2009, and October 1, 2009, respectively. For issue areas, (e.g. Geology and Soils), where the environmental setting remains relatively static over time the 2009 baseline information was deemed sufficient for comparison of both the May 2014 Project and F-B LGA. In other cases, to provide a valid comparison between the May 2014 Project and the F-B LGA, the analysis for the May 2014 Project was updated using newer data sources and the approved May 2014 Project alignment.

GIS data used to support the F-B LGA analysis was downloaded from the City of Bakersfield GIS portal on December 7, 2015, at the time the analysis was commenced, and was used to support the analysis provided in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the F-B LGA. The December 2015 data was the most current data available at the time of preparation of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The analysis for the May 2014 Project was based on data published in 2011, combined with the City's December 2015 GIS data. This data shows Mill Creek Park (also known as "Central Park" or "Central Park at Mill Creek"), as located outside of the 1,000-foot buffer from the F-B LGA alignment centerline. Therefore, this park is identified in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS as outside of the defined study area for the F-B LGA (Figure 3.15-2 of the Draft

B030-3

Supplemental EIR/EIS and Table 8-A-65, pages 8-A-137 through 8-A-140 in Appendix 8-A of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS). Mill Creek Linear Park is not shown in the City's December 2015 data.

On January 31, 2018, in response to this comment, updated GIS data for the F-B LGA study area was downloaded from the City of Bakersfield GIS portal. Unlike the December 2015 GIS data, the January 2018 data delineates a portion of Mill Creek Linear Park as extending to the northeast from Mill Creek Park. This newly-defined park area extends to within 300 feet of the F-B LGA alignment centerline, which means that the F-B LGA would impact a portion of Mill Creek Linear Park that was not assessed in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. As stated on page 3.15-2 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, construction within 300 feet of a park would have the greatest impact due to noise, dust, and visual effects, depending on the construction type and activity. Parks located more than 300 feet from construction are sufficiently remote to remain comparatively unaffected by most activities, due to the attenuation of noise and dust associated with construction activities, and the distance from visual effects associated with construction.

Therefore, as noted by the commenter, construction of the F-B LGA would result in temporary impacts to Mill Creek Linear Park due to its proximity within 300 feet of the alignment centerline. However, the table referenced, Table 8-A-65 identifies the Section 4(f) impacts associated with the May 2014 Project and the F-B LGA. The F-B LGA would not acquire land from the Mill Creek Linear Park and, therefore, would not result in a permanent or temporary use of this park. The "no impact" determination shown in the table, therefore, remains accurate, and no revisions have been made to Table 8-A-65. As with other potential construction impacts to parks, Avoidance and Minimization Measures NV-IAMM#1 and AQ-IAMM#2 would be implemented to address temporary noise and air quality impacts, respectively, during the construction period.

The January 2018 GIS data also shows that the May 2014 Project would traverse a portion of Mill Creek Linear Park, which is consistent with the analysis provided in the 2014 Final EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Section. As a result, the May 2014 Project would still result in a significant unavoidable impact to Mill Creek Linear Park where the alignment would cross over the park and substantially degrade the existing

B030-3

visual character of the site and its surroundings.

Both alignments would be elevated in the vicinity of Mill Creek Linear Park.

B030-4

The commenter states that the costs for the F Street interchange, the 7th Standard Road HSR crossing, and the Chester Ave and 34th Street modifications are not included in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS. The 2017 Cost Estimate Report, available from the Authority upon request, includes costs for the F Street Interchange (Unit Price Element 40.08.425A, approximately \$45 million), the 7th Standard Road Interchange (Unit Price Element 40.08.425B, approximately \$47.9 million), and the modifications at 34th Street (Unit Price Element 40.08.440A, approximately \$6.1 million). Refer to Chapter 6 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for more information about cost; the costs for these and other interchanges and modifications are in fact included in Cost Category 40: Site work, Right-of-Way, Land, Existing Improvements. Refer to Technical Appendix 2-A "Road Crossings" in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for a listing of road crossings associated with the F-B LGA and a description of modifications at the proposed road crossings, if warranted by the Project.

The commenter also states that "the EIR" states that no construction is required for access to the May 2014 Project station at Truxtun Avenue. Neither the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS nor the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS makes such a claim. A number of intersection and roadway modifications would be required for construction of and access to the Truxtun Avenue Station. Refer to Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS Volume III, available on the Authority's website, for more information about the May 2014 Project's design.

B030-5

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-05: Proximity of F Street Station to Downtown and Amtrak Station.

The Transit Center Study identifies the F Street Station as a primary site location for a transit center but was not analyzed because it was identified as a potential HSR station site.



D000 0

B030-6

Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-02: Public Outreach.

The commenter expresses opinions about source data, impact numbers, cost estimates, station location, and station design. These comments are noted, but a response is not possible as the commenter does not provide any examples or specific questions or concerns. The commenter expresses an opinion about the Bakersfield City Council; this last is not related to the environmental document.

The commenter suggests that the Supplemental EIR/EIS is a "station area EIR." The commenter states that the environmental review process was not advertised and moved too quickly.

The Supplemental EIR/EIS analyzes environmental impacts to the whole F-B LGA alignment from Poplar Ave north of Shafter to Oswell Street in East Bakersfield, and not just the F Street station area. The Supplemental EIR/EIS went through numerous agency review cycles before publication. Refer to Chapter 9 of the Supplemental EIR/EIS for more details about outreach activities during the development of the environmental document.

Ahead of document publication, the Notice of Availability, which was distributed initially on November 9, 2017 and then, in corrected form on November 17, 2017, included notice of the Hearing and was mailed to schools, elected officials, stakeholders, agencies, and tribes, pursuant to CEQA §15087 and NEPA §1506.6. It was also mailed out to owners and residents within 300 feet of the project centerline and to anyone who had requested to be notified. Finally, the NOA was published in 10 newspapers with circulation in the project area. The table below shows the names of publications and the dates the NOA was published.

Table 1. NOA Newspaper Publications

Publication	Initial Publication	Secondary Publication Date
	Date	i ublication Date

B030-6			
1	Bakersfield Californian	11/09/2017	11/17/2017
2	Bakersfield.com	11/09/2017- 11/15/2017	11/15/2017
3	El Popular	11/03/2017	11/17/2017
4	Fresno Bee	11/09/2017	11/17/2017
5	Hanford Sentinel	11/09/2017	11/17/2017
6	Vida en el Valle	11/08/2017	11/22/2017
7	Corcoran Journal	11/09/2017	11/15/2017
8	Delano Record	11/09/2017	11/23/2017
9	Wasco Tribune	11/08/2017	11/22/2017
10	Shafter Press	11/08/2017	11/22/2017

In addition to publishing the notice in local newspapers, the Authority posted the NOA on the project section page with a link from the Authority's homepage. We also issued a press release on November 9, 2017 with the specific hearing information to media outlets in the Central Valley and an email list of 8,789 unique email addresses.

The Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) published a notice about the public hearing scheduled for December 19, 2017 in Bakersfield. The webpage was made available to the public on November 17, 2017. Here is a link: https://www.fra.dot.gov/Page/P1072. The U.S. Environmental Protection agency published a notice about the availability of the Fresno to Bakersfield Supplemental EIR/EIS from the FRA also on November 17, 2017.

According to CEQA §15105(a), "when a draft EIR is submitted to the State Clearinghouse for review by state agencies, the public review period shall not be less than 45 days." The review period for the Supplemental EIR/EIS was set at 60 days, to allow ample time for review of the document and submission of any comments from the public and agencies.

B030-6

The environmental processes for the City's Vision Plan and the Authority's alignment through Bakersfield are separate, and the decisions will be made, respectively, by the City and Authority. The timing is coincidental.

B030-7

EJSCREEN is a screening tool that allows users to access high-resolution environmental and demographic information for locations in the United States, and compare their selected locations to the rest of the state, US EPA region, or the nation. EJSCREEN includes 11 environmental indicators, 6 demographic indicators, and 11 environmental justice indexes, which combine demographic indicators with a single environmental indicator. EJSCREEN uses demographic factors as very general indicators of a community's potential susceptibility to the types of environmental factors included in the screening tool.

As stated in the EJSCREEN Technical Documentation (US EPA 2017, pp 8-9), EJSCREEN should be used for a "screening-level" look. Screening is a useful first step in understanding or highlighting locations that may be candidates for further review. However, it is essential to remember that screening-level results do not provide a complete assessment of risk, and have significant limitations. EJSCREEN is a predecisional screening tool, and was not designed to be the basis for agency decisionmaking or determinations regarding the existence or absence of EJ concerns. It also should not be used to identify or label an area as an "EJ Community."

While EJSCREEN is regarded as a useful tool in screening for environmental concerns, it does not meet the needs of the level of analysis in the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for determining the HSR project's environmental impacts. The tool includes data on only some of the relevant issues and there is uncertainty in the data it provides. It lacks the geographic specificity used in the identification of minority and low-income communities for the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, and the methodology for EJSCREEN is not consistent with the methodology identified in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS.

The process for identifying minority and low-income populations for the F-B LGA followed the methodology that was used for the Fresno to Bakersfield CIA, in order to maintain comparability between the F-B LGA and the HSR project alternatives presented in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS. These methodologies are provided in the California High-Speed Train Project-Level Environmental Analysis Methodologies (Authority and FRA 2014). No variations from these procedures were made for the F-B LGA analysis, but United States Census (US Census) data was



B030-7

updated to reflect the most recently available data.

Summary Explanation of the F-B LGA's Environmental Justice Methodology in Comparison to EJSCREEN.

The F-B LGA methodology for identification of minority and low-income communities is compared to EJSCREEN's methodology for identification of minority and low-income communities and summarized below:

F-B LGA	EJSCREEN

B030-7

Minority and low-income areas are geographically defined as census block and block group populations that meet either or both of the following criteria:

1. The census block contains 50 percent or more minority persons and/or the census block group contain 25 percent or more low-income persons.

2. The percentage of minority and/or lowincome persons in any census block or census block group is more than 10 percentage points greater than county average. 1

3. Kern County data was used to determine whether an area qualifies as minority or low-income under the second criterion above. Given that 61.4 percent of Kern County residents qualify as minorities and 22.9 percent of the population is below the poverty line, under the second criterion, communities with a minority population of 71.4 percent and/or a low-income population of 32.9 percent would be considered minority or low-income communities.

EJSCREEN uses demographic indicators as very general indicators of a community's potential susceptibility to the types of environmental exposures included in the screening tool. EJSCREEN then combines the exposure and susceptibility indicators in the form of an EJ Index.

The Demographic Index in EJSCREEN is created using two primary demographic indicators: low-income and minority. For each Census block group, these two indicators are averaged together. The Demographic Indexes count each indicator as adding to the overall potential susceptibility of the population in a block group. EJSCREEN then combines a single environmental indicator with demographic information and considered the extent to which the local demographics are above the national average. EJSCREEN puts each indicator or index value in perspective by reporting the value as a percentile. A percentile in EJSCREEN tells us roughly what percent of the US population lives in a block group that has a lower value (or in some cases, a tied value).

The Demographic indicators used in EJSCREEN are defined as follows: ²

 Low-Income: The number or percent of a block group's population in households where the household income is less than or

B030-7		B030-7	
	equal to twice the federal "poverty level."	the age of 5.	
	·Minority: The number or percent of individuals in a block group who list their racial status as a race other than white	·Individuals over age 64: The number or percent of people in a block group over the age of 64.	
	alone and/or list their ethnicity as Hispanic or Latino. That is, all people other than non-Hispanic white-alone individuals. The word "alone" in this case indicates that the person is of a single race, since multiracial	The methods explained above show a fundamental difference in methodology for identifying minority and low-income communities. For the F-B LGA, minority and low- income census block and block group populations were identified as described above, and then the project's specific environmental effects were analyzed to determine if such effects would result in disproportionately high and adverse effects to identified minority	
	individuals are tabulated in another category –a non-Hispanic individual who is half white and half American Indian would be counted as a minority by this definition.	and low-income populations. EJSCREEN analyzes existing conditions to determine where minority and low-income communities might exist and the level of environmental effect to which they might be exposed. EJSCREEN does not analyze a project's impact on the environment; rather, its	
	Other demographic indicators included in the EJSCREEN include:	use is limited to that of a screening tool and is not specific to a project's impacts. EJSCREEN assesses environmental factors and effects on a regional or communitywide basis and cannot be used in lieu of performing an analysis of the	
	Less than high school education: The number or percent of people age 25 or older in a block group whose education is short of a high school diploma.	potentially significant impacts of any specific project. Accordingly, EJSCREEN was not designed to be the basis for agency decision-making or determinations regarding the existence or absence of EJ concerns[1]. EJSCREEN's initial results should be supplemented with additional information and local knowledge whenever appropriate, for	
	·Linguistic isolation: The number or percent of people in a block group living in	a more complete picture of a location. Additional considerations and data, such as national, regional, or local information and concerns, along with appropriate analysis, should form the basis for any decisions.[2]	
	linguistically isolated households. A household in which all members age 14 years and over speak a non-English language and also speak English less than	Following the methodology explained above, the F-B LGA identified potential environmental justice populations. Through extensive public outreach and community engagement processes as described in Section 5.5, Engagement with Potential Environmental Justice Populations of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS, the Authority	
	"very well" (have difficulty with English) is linguistically isolated.	reached out to minority and low-income community members and community-based organizations to receive input on potential impacts and mitigation in order to avoid, minimize, or mitigate disproportionately high and adverse effects on the populations; to	
	·Individuals under age 5: The number or percent of people in a block group under	ensure full and fair participation by minority and low-income populations in the process; and to prevent denial of, reduction in, or significant delay in the receipt of project	

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benefits by minority and low-income populations (Authority and FRA 2017b). During the analysis of impacts, FRA and the Authority identified whether any of the minority and low-income populations would potentially be disproportionately affected by the project, taking into consideration the potential benefits to the community. Where minority or low-income populations were identified within the study area (the study area for environmental justice is located entirely within Kern County and is defined as the project corridor for the HSR project; this includes the F-B LGA, and the census blocks and block groups that lie completely or partially within a 0.5-mile radius of the F-B LGA and station facility), the impacts experienced by that population were compared with the resource study area and the larger reference community (Kern County) to determine whether the project would result in a disproportionately high and adverse impact. In addition, in determining whether the impact would be disproportionately borne by a minority and/or low-income population, the analysis considered if the project would affect the minority and low-income populations.

EJSCREEN's methodology does not include the presence of historical and/or natural community divisions that pre-date the F-B LGA. Through consultation with minority and low-income community members and community-based organizations, the F-B LGA was able to leverage the qualitative data gained in these public outreach sessions to create an alignment that adheres to several existing community divisions, e.g., highways, the UPPR tracks, etc.

Because the F-B LGA comprises a portion of the larger Fresno to Bakersfield Section, it is important to maintain consistency across all high-speed rail segments when analyzing project impacts related to environmental justice. The F-B LGA methodology for analyzing environmental justice is the same methodology that was applied to the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS. Changing the environmental justice methodology that was applied in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS. Changing the environmental justice methodology that was applied in the Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final EIR/EIS for the F-B LGA analysis would create inconsistencies in avoidance and minimization and mitigation strategies among environmental justice populations along the high-speed rail route. The use of EJSCREEN as the sole environmental justice screening tool for the F-B LGA project would produce inadequate environmental justice impact analysis because of its broad identification of minority and low-income communities, its lack of analysis of natural and/or historical community divisions, and its inconsistency with the HSR

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environmental justice methodology. The current methodology used to analyze the project's environmental justice impacts meets the needs of the project and is sufficient in determining environmental justice impacts along the F-B LGA alignment.

[1] U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), 2017. EJSCREEN Technical Documentation. Accessed Online on February 1, 2018 at https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2017-09/documents/2017_ejscreen_technical_document.pdf
[2] Ibid.

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Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-General-08: Support of/Opposition to the Fresno to Bakersfield Locally Generated and May 2014 Project Alternatives.

Submission B031 (Troy Hightower, TDH Associates International, December 27, 2017)

B031-1

Status :	Action Pending
Record Date :	1/5/2018
Response Requested :	No
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization
Interest As :	Individual
Submission Date :	12/27/2017
Submission Method :	Email
First Name :	Troy
Last Name :	Hightower
Professional Title :	Principal
Business/Organization :	TDH Associates International
Address :	Po Box 2493
Apt./Suite No. :	
City:	Bakersfield
State :	CA
Zip Code :	93303
Telephone :	661-431-7269
Email :	thightower@tdhintl.net
Email Subscription :	
Cell Phone :	
Add to Mailing List :	Yes
Stakeholder Comments/Issu	es:
EIR/EIS Comment :	Yes
Official Comment Period :	Yes
Attachments :	FB238 Hightower Email.pdf (60 kb)

From: To: Subject: Date:	Jeanette Flores <u>"Paul Drozof"</u> FW: Bakersfield HSR Hearing - Public Notices Thursday, January 04, 2018 10:45:34 AM
Sent: Wedne	lightower [mailto:thightower@tdhintl.net] usday, December 27, 2017 3:44 PM
	flores@vmapr.com ersfield HSR Hearing – Public Notices
Hello Ms. Flo	vres,
notices or an	the recent HSR public hearing in Bakersfield. I can not find copies of any local public nouncements of the public hearing. I can find notices on the State/Authority and fed an find local media announcements on the actual day of the hearing.
	de where local notices were printed and/or posted. spies would be nice.
Troy	
Troy D. Hight	ower
Principal TDU Associat	es International
Po Box 2493	es miernanonai
Bakersfield, C	A 93303
(661) 431-726 thightower@to www.tdhintl.n	

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Response to Submission B031 (Troy Hightower, TDH Associates International, December 27, 2017)

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Refer to Standard Response FB-LGA-Response-GENERAL-02: Public Outreach.

The commenter expresses opinions about source data, impact numbers, cost estimates, station location, and station design. These comments are noted, but a response is not possible as the commenter does not provide any examples or specific questions or concerns. The commenter expresses an opinion about the Bakersfield City Council; this last is not related to the environmental document.

The commenter suggests that the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS is a "station area EIR." The commenter states that the environmental review process was not advertised and moved too quickly.

The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS analyzes environmental impacts to the whole F-B LGA alignment from Poplar Ave north of Shafter to Oswell Street in East Bakersfield, and not just the F Street station area. The Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS went through numerous agency review cycles before publication. Refer to Chapter 9 of the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for more details about outreach activities during the development of the environmental document.

Ahead of document publication, the Notice of Availability, which was distributed initially on November 9, 2017 and then, in corrected form on November 17, 2017, included notice of the Hearing and was mailed to schools, elected officials, stakeholders, agencies, and tribes, pursuant to CEQA §15087 and NEPA §1506.6. It was also mailed out to owners and residents within 300 feet of the project centerline and to anyone who had requested to be notified. Finally, the NOA was published in 10 newspapers with circulation in the project area. The table below shows the names of publications and the dates the NOA was published.

Table 1. NOA Newspaper Publications

	Publication	Initial Publication	Second Publication
		Date	Date

B031-1			
1	Bakersfield Californian	11/09/2017	11/17/2017
2	Bakersfield.com	11/09/2017- 11/15/2017	11/15/2017
3	El Popular	11/03/2017	11/17/2017
4	Fresno Bee	11/09/2017	11/17/2017
5	Hanford Sentinel	11/09/2017	11/17/2017
6	Vida en el Valle	11/08/2017	11/22/2017
7	Corcoran Journal	11/09/2017	11/15/2017
8	Delano Record	11/09/2017	11/23/2017
9	Wasco Tribune	11/08/2017	11/22/2017
10	Shafter Press	11/08/2017	11/22/2017

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According to CEQA §15105(a), "when a draft EIR is submitted to the State Clearinghouse for review by state agencies, the public review period shall not be less than 45 days." The review period for the Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS was set at 60 days, to allow ample time for review of the document and submission of any comments from the public and agencies. Response to Submission B031 (Troy Hightower, TDH Associates International, December 27, 2017) - Continued

B031-1



406_Schelbitzki_email_011618_Attachment.pdf (399 kb)

Official Comment Period :

Attachments :

Yes

Submission B032 (Clint Schelbitzki, Union Pacific Corporation, January 18, 2018)

Status :	Action Pending		
Record Date :	1/17/2018		
Response Requested :			
Affiliation Type :	Business and/or Organization		
Interest As :	Business and/or Organization		
Submission Date :	1/18/2018		
ubmission Method : Project Email			
First Name :	Clint		
ast Name : Schelbitzki			
Professional Title : Director - Network Development			
Business/Organization : Union Pacific Corporation			
Address :	10031 Foothills Blvd.		
Apt./Suite No. :			
City :	Roseville		
State :	CA		
Zip Code :	95747		
Telephone :	916-789-6360		
Email: CESCHELB@UP.COM			
Email Subscription :			
Cell Phone :			
Add to Mailing List :			
See attached comments from	UPRR.		
Please let me know if there a			
Please let me know if there a Clint (See attached file: UP Comm			
Please let me know if there a Clint (See attached file: UP Comm	re any questions,		
Please let me know if there a Clint (See attached file: UP Comm 1.16.18.pdf)	re any questions,		
Please let me know if there a Clint (See attached file: UP Comm 1.16.18.pdf) Clint Schelbitzki Dir. Networ	re any questions, ents on CHSRA DSEIR for Bakersfield LGA k & Business Dev. Union Pacific Railroad		
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1.16.18.pdf) Clint Schelbitzki Dir. Networ 10031 Foothills Blvd. Rosevil	re any questions, ents on CHSRA DSEIR for Bakersfield LGA k & Business Dev. Union Pacific Railroad le, CA 95747		
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Please let me know if there a Clint (See attached file: UP Comm 1.16.18.pdf) Clint Schelbitzki Dir. Networ 10031 Foothills Blvd. Rosevil Office: 916.789.6360 Fax: 4 ** This email and any attachme	re any questions, ents on CHSRA DSEIR for Bakersfield LGA k & Business Dev. Union Pacific Railroad le, CA 95747 02.501.1734 ceschelb@up.com		
Please let me know if there a Clint (See attached file: UP Comm 1.16.18.pdf) Clint Schelbitzki Dir. Networ 10031 Foothills Blvd. Rosevil 00fice: 916.789.6360 Fax: 4 ** This email and any attachme the intended recipient. Any u	re any questions, ents on CHSRA DSEIR for Bakersfield LGA k & Business Dev. Union Pacific Railroad le, CA 95747 02.501.1734 ceschelb@up.com nts may contain information that is confidential and/or privileged for the sole use of se, review, disclosure, copying, distribution or reliance by others, and any		
Please let me know if there a Clint (See attached file: UP Comm 1.16.18.pdf) Clint Schelbitzki Dir. Networ 10031 Foothills Blvd. Rosevil Office: 916.789.6360 Fax: 4 ** This email and any attachme the intended recipient. Any u	re any questions, ents on CHSRA DSEIR for Bakersfield LGA k & Business Dev. Union Pacific Railroad le, CA 95747 02.501.1734 ceschelb@up.com		
Please let me know if there a Clint (See attached file: UP Comm 1.16.18.pdf) Clint Schelbitzki Dir. Networ 10031 Foothills Blvd. Rosevil Office: 916.789.6360 Fax: 4 ** This email and any attachme the intended recipient. Any u forwarding of this email or its	re any questions, ents on CHSRA DSEIR for Bakersfield LGA k & Business Dev. Union Pacific Railroad le, CA 95747 02.501.1734 ceschelb@up.com nts may contain information that is confidential and/or privileged for the sole use of se, review, disclosure, copying, distribution or reliance by others, and any		
Please let me know if there a Clint (See attached file: UP Comm 1.16.18.pdf) Clint Schelbitzki Dir. Networ 10031 Foothills Blvd. Rosevil Office: 916.789.6360 Fax: 4 ** This email and any attachme the intended recipient. Any u forwarding of this email or its	re any questions, ents on CHSRA DSEIR for Bakersfield LGA k & Business Dev. Union Pacific Railroad le, CA 95747 02.501.1734 ceschelb@up.com hts may contain information that is confidential and/or privileged for the sole use of se, review, disclosure, copying, distribution or reliance by others, and any contents, without the express permission of the sender is strictly prohibited by		

EIR/EIS Comment : Yes

California High-Speed Rail Authority	October 2019
Fresno to Bakersfield Section Final Supplemental EIS	Page 23-113

Submission B032 (Clint Schelbitzki, Union Pacific Corporation, January 18, 2018) - Continued

B032-1,3,4



January 16, 2018

Attn: Draft Supplemental EIR/EIS for the Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section California High Speed Rail Authority 770 L Street, Suite 800 Sacramento, CA 95814

To Whom It May Concern:

Union Pacific Railroad Company (UPRR) submits these comments in response to the California High-Speed Rail Authority's (CHSRA) Draft Supplemental Environmental Impact Report/Statement: Fresno to Bakersfield Project Section (DSEIR).

UPRR owns and operates a common carrier freight railroad network in the western two thirds of the United States, including the State of California. Specifically, UPRR owns and operates rail main lines connecting the San Francisco Bay Area to Sacramento and points east and north, and to Los Angeles and points east and southeast. UPRR is the largest rail carrier in California in terms of both mileage and train operations. UPRR's network in California is vital to the economic health of the state and the nation as a whole, and its rail service to California customers is crucial to the current and future success and growth of those customers.

UPRR has been actively engaged in discussions with CHRSA for many years in order to ensure that the safety and efficiency of the UPRR system, including UPRR's ability to serve current and future customers, is preserved during the planning, construction, and operation of the California high-speed rail project. UPRR and CHSRA have entered into several agreements that reflect these interests, including the Memorandum of Understanding and Implementing Agreement Related to High-Speed Rail Development in California dated July 11, 2012 (MOU) and the Engineering, Construction, and Maintenance Agreement Related to the California High-Speed Rail Authority Project Merced to Bakersfield Segment dated December 23, 2014.

UNION PACIFIC CORPORATION 10031 Foothills Blvd. Roseville, CA 95747 Clint Schelbitzki p 916-789-6360 Director – Network E ceschelb@up.com UPRR has also submitted formal comments in response to proposals at several points during the environmental permitting process for various aspects of the high-speed rail project. That communication has included comments on plans for the proposed Fresno to Bakersfield high-speed rail segment and the Downtown Bakersfield High-Speed Rail Station Area Plan.

CHSRA's DSEIR proposes a Locally Generated Alternative (LGA) alignment that is largely parallel to and appears to cross UPRR right of way and customer facilities and spur tracks, raising significant concerns for UPRR (compared to the Downtown Bakersfield Hybrid alignment, which is largely parallel to BNSF right of way). As UPRR has expressed in previous correspondence and comments, UPRR will not allow any part of the high-speed rail system to be located on UPRR-owned property. Where UPRR operates on rights of way owned by others, CHSRA facilities and operations must not interfere with UPRR's operations. Where the CHSRA and UPRR alignments run in close proximity, a safe and operationally functional distance must be maintained between them. All CHSRA facilities that may cross above or below UPRR right of way must clear-span the UPRR property and be constructed a sufficient distance away to permit UPRR's full utilization of its property for railroad purposes.

With these general principles as context, UPRR offers these specific points:

• Any new facilities that cross UPRR's right of way in relation to the project, including new or realigned roads, must be grade-separated and comply with UPRR's then-current minimum engineering standards.

• Depending on the design and proximity of the CHRSA facilities to the UPRR right of way, special conditions such as safety barriers may be required.

To comply with the terms of the MOU, CHSRA must design its alignment in a
manner that does not interfere with UPRR's access to current or future customers.
Section 2(A)(2) of the MOU says CHSRA "will take all steps available under law to avoid
impeding UPRR's commercially reasonable access to current and potential customers
and the access of current and potential customers to UPRR along the corridor."
Drawings for the LGA appear to depict the CHSRA alignment crossing existing UPRR
spur tracks and facilities owned or operated by current UPRR customers.

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Submission B032 (Clint Schelbitzki, Union Pacific Corporation, January 18, 2018) - Continued

proposed alignment also appears to separate UPRR from developable property adjacent to the UPRR main line at various points along the proposed route. Impacts to existing and future freight rail customers associated with the proposed LGA alignment are unacceptable. If the LGA is chosen as the preferred route, UPRR will seek to require modification of the route per the terms of the MOU so that there are no impacts to our ability to serve existing or future customers.

B032-4,5

 It is not clear whether the DSEIR has examined the impact that construction of the CHSRA alignment may have on the future ability of the city or other road authorities to grade-separate roads that cross the UPRR tracks throughout Bakersfield. State and federal policies encourage the elimination of railroad grade crossings for the benefit of safety and the efficient movement of trains and vehicular traffic. The design of the CHSRA alignment and its proximity to the UPRR right of way under the LGA may permanently prevent roads that currently cross the freight tracks at grade from being grade-separated in the future. UPRR requests that an analysis be completed to determine the extent of these potential impacts and that the results be formally communicated to the respective roadway authorities who might be impacted and to UPRR.

Considering the potentially serious and detrimental impacts to UPRR facilities, operations, current and future customer access, and to long-term roadway accessibility over UPRR tracks through Bakersfield, UPRR encourages CHSRA not to adopt the LGA.

Thank you for considering our comments.

Sincerely,

fline Soft

Clint Schelbitzki Director Network Development

Response to Submission B032 (Clint Schelbitzki, Union Pacific Corporation, January 18, 2018)

B032-1

The commenter indicates that the F-B LGA is largely parallel to and appears to cross UPRR and customer facilities and spur tracks, while the Bakersfield Hybrid Alternative (or May 2014 Project, as evaluated in the Supplemental EIR/EIS) is largely parallel to BNSF right-of-way. The commenter reiterates UPRR's requirement that no portion of the HSR be located on UPRR property or interfere with UPRR operations on rights-of-way owned by others. Further, when the HSR and UPRR alignments run adjacent or where HSR crosses above or below UPRR right-of-way, UPRR indicates that a safe and operationally functional distance must be maintained and HSR must not prevent UPRR from fully utilizing its property.

The Authority acknowledges the December 2014 Engineering, Construction, and Maintenance Agreement Related to the California High-Speed Rail Authority Project Merced to Bakersfield Segment (Agreement) with UPRR, and notes that it has been working cooperatively with UPRR under that Agreement to address issues of concern.

The May 2014 Project and the F-B LGA follow existing transportation corridors and rights-of-way to the extent feasible, consistent with the objectives of the HSR System. The Authority acknowledges that both the May 2014 Project and F-B LGA parallel the UPRR corridor, yet the F-B LGA follows it for a greater distance (approximately 11.25 miles versus 1.75 miles for the May 2014 Project). However, consistent with the Agreement, the F-B LGA does not physically encroach on UPRR property or where UPRR operates within rights-of-way owned by others, and maintains a minimum 102-foot clearance between UPRR right-of-way and the centerline of the HSR when all tracks are at ground level. Volumes I (Sections 2.4.1, 2.4.2, and 2.4.3) and III (Alignment Plans) of the Supplemental EIR/EIS provide more detail associated with the location of the F-B LGA in relation to the UPRR corridor.

The majority of the portion of the F-B LGA that parallels the UPRR corridor will be on viaduct. As described in Section 2.4.2 of the Supplemental EIR/EIS, and consistent with the Agreement, the F-B LGA would be aligned so that the edge of the structure does not fall within the active UPRR operating corridor. At its closest locations to the UPRR corridor, the F-B LGA viaduct would be as close as 140 feet from the nearest UPRR ground level track along Sumner Street and as close as 70 feet from the nearest UPRR ground level track along Edison Highway (Figures 2-7 and 2-8 in the Supplemental

B032-1

EIR/EIS). Figure 2-13 in the Supplemental EIR/EIS shows the viaduct cross section adjacent to the UPRR corridor within Bakersfield. Drawings TT-B0019, TT-B0020, and TT-B0021 in Volume III of the Supplemental EIR/EIS (Alignment Plans, Profiles, and Cross Sections), available on the Authority's website, show the F-B LGA viaduct in relation to the UPRR right-of-way. Plan and profile drawings for the segment of the F-B LGA that parallels the UPRR are located in this same set of plans (e.g., Drawings TT-D1042 through TT-D1047 show the viaduct within the Sumner Street and Edison Highway road rights-of-way).

The F-B LGA includes several clear-span crossings of UPRR right-of-way. In Bakersfield, 7th Standard Road would be raised to cross over the HSR viaduct, UPRR, and SR 99. However, in the existing condition, 7th Standard Road is already elevated over the UPRR corridor. The 7th Standard Road profile increase associated with the F-B LGA will require the removal and construction of bridges over UPRR and SR 99, as well as raising the intersections with Coffee Road and Golden State Avenue (refer to Drawings CV-T1017 and CV-T1022 in Volume III of the Supplemental EIR/EIS [Roadway and Roadway Structure Plans]). South of the 7th Standard Road crossing, the F-B LGA viaduct will cross a spur that could be used by UPRR just north of Snow Road in Bakersfield (Figure 2-6 in the Supplemental EIR/EIS and Drawing TT-D1029 in the Volume III Alignment Plans, Profiles, and Cross Sections). And, at the F Street Station location, 34th Street would be realigned from approximately L Street to the F Street Station site. To get over the UPRR, the profile of 34th Street would rise to the City of Bakersfield maximum allotted 6 percent grade and Chester Avenue would be raised over the UPRR. A multi-use path would also extend to the F Street Station elevated over the UPRR corridor at this location. Refer to Drawings CV-T1050 and CV-T1051, included in Volume III of the Supplemental EIR/EIS (Roadway and Roadway Structure Plans). Consistent with the Agreement, all overcrossings would be designed to meet freight height clearances and would not prohibit UPRR's full utilization of its property for railroad purposes.

The Agreement provides UPRR review and approval rights of engineering, construction, and maintenance plans from the point in time that the project is approved by the Authority (that is, environmentally cleared) through the point of acceptance of the final engineering design and construction plans. Through this process, the Authority and the UPRR will agree to a final design that satisfies the requirements and concerns of UPRR.



Response to Submission B032 (Clint Schelbitzki, Union Pacific Corporation, January 18, 2018) - Continued

B032-2

As described in Response to Comment B032-2, the F-B LGA would require several crossings of UPRR facilities, and all crossings would be grade-separated and clear-span UPRR right-of-way to fully avoid conflicts with or impacts on UPRR freight operations at ground level. In Bakersfield, 7th Standard Road would be raised to cross over the HSR viaduct, UPRR, and SR 99. South of the 7th Standard Road crossing, the F-B LGA viaduct will cross a spur that could be used by UPRR just north of Snow Road in Bakersfield. And, at the F Street Station location, 34th Street would be realigned from approximately L Street to the F Street Station site. To get over UPRR, the profile of 34th Street would rise to the City of Bakersfield maximum allotted 6 percent grade and Chester Avenue would be raised over UPRR. A multi-use path would also extend to the F Street Station elevated over the UPRR corridor at this location.

Consistent with the Authority and UPRR Agreement (2014) and Technical Memorandum 2.1.7, Rolling Stock and Vehicle Intrusion Protection for High-Speed Rail and Adjacent Transportation Systems (Authority 2013), all overcrossings would be designed to meet freight height clearances and would not prohibit UPRR's full utilization of its property for railroad purposes. Furthermore, the Agreement provides UPRR review and approval rights of engineering, construction, and maintenance plans from the point in time that the project is approved by the Authority and FRA through the point of acceptance of the final engineering design and construction plans. Through this process, the Authority and the UPRR will agree to a final design that satisfies the requirements and concerns of the UPRR.

B032-3

Safety considerations are included in the design of the HSR alignments with regard to proximity of the HSR line to other transportation facilities, including other railroads or highways. Separation requirements, described in Technical Memorandum 2.1.7: Rolling Stock and Vehicle Intrusion Protection for High-Speed Rail and Adjacent Transportation Systems (Authority 2013), were developed specifically for the California HSR System. A horizontal separation of approximately 102 feet between the centerlines of adjacent conventional and HSR trackways has been determined to be a distance sufficient to require no additional protection, and is consistent with the Authority and UPRR Agreement (2014). The F-B LGA maintains a minimum 102-foot clearance between UPRR right-of-way and the centerline of the HSR when all tracks are at ground level.

The majority of the portion of the F-B LGA that parallels the UPRR corridor will be on viaduct. As described in Section 2.4.2 of the Supplemental EIR/EIS, and consistent with the Agreement, the F-B LGA would be aligned so that the edge of the structure does not fall within the active UPRR operating corridor. As described in Section 3.11.4.2, Safety and Security (Impact S&S#4), the F-B LGA track on the viaduct along Sumner Street and Edison Highway in Bakersfield would be as close as 140 feet from the nearest UPRR ground level track along Sumner Street and as close as 70 feet from the nearest UPRR ground level track along Edison Highway. Since the F-B LGA would be on viaduct and the UPRR would be at ground level (grade-separated), additional protection would not be required consistent with the Agreement, and the HSR would not interrupt freight rail service.

Response to Submission B032 (Clint Schelbitzki, Union Pacific Corporation, January 18, 2018) - Continued

B032-4

The Authority acknowledges the July 2012 Memorandum of Understanding and Implementing Agreement Related to High-Speed Rail Development in California (MOU) with the Union Pacific Railroad, and notes that it has been working cooperatively under that MOU with UPRR to address issues of concern.

As described in Response to Comment B032-2, the F-B LGA would involve several clear-span crossings of UPRR facilities. In Bakersfield, 7th Standard Road would be raised to cross over the HSR viaduct, UPRR, and SR 99. South of the 7th Standard Road crossing, the F-B LGA viaduct will cross a spur that could be used by UPRR just north of Snow Road in Bakersfield. At the F Street Station location, 34th Street would be realigned from approximately L Street to the F Street Station site. To get over UPRR, the profile of 34th Street would rise to the City of Bakersfield maximum allotted 6 percent grade and Chester Avenue would be raised over UPRR. A multi-use path would also extend to the F Street Station elevated over the UPRR corridor at this location. Consistent with the Authority and UPRR Agreement (2014) and Technical Memorandum 2.1.7, Rolling Stock and Vehicle Intrusion Protection for High-Speed Rail and Adjacent Transportation Systems (Authority 2013), all overcrossings would be designed to meet freight height clearances and would not prohibit UPRR's full utilization of its property for railroad purposes or access of current and potential customers to UPRR.

The Authority acknowledges that the HSR alignment potentially separates the UPRR corridor from developable right-of-way in Bakersfield (e.g., on 24th Street and at Truxtun Avenue and Washington Street). The Authority also appreciates UPRR's concern related to the HSR limiting UPRR's ability to serve future customers. As the Supplemental EIR/EIS acknowledges in Section 3.4.4.3 (Impact TR#10, under Altering Freight Rail Transportation), the "HSR would, in some locations, restrict the ability of UPRR and BNSF to construct new spur lines for potential future customers." Consistent with the Agreement and MOU, the Authority will continue to work collaboratively with UPRR to preserve UPRR's ability to serve current and future customers.

The Agreement provides UPRR review and approval rights of engineering, construction, and maintenance plans from the point in time that the project is approved by the Authority through the point of acceptance of the final engineering design and construction plans. Through this process, the Authority and UPRR will agree to a final

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design that satisfies the requirements and concerns of UPRR. The Authority understands that changes required by the UPRR review and approval process that result in impacts not fully analyzed in the Final EIR/EIS would require an appropriate level of subsequent environmental review. This review may result in the preparation of subsequent or supplemental environmental documents, if required under CEQA and NEPA.



Response to Submission B032 (Clint Schelbitzki, Union Pacific Corporation, January 18, 2018) - Continued

B032-5

The comment indicates that the Supplemental EIR/EIS has not examined the impact that the HSR may have on the future ability to grade-separate roads that cross the UPRR corridor in Bakersfield. UPRR requests that an analysis be conducted to determine the extent of these potential impacts.

Within the F-B LGA alignment, UPRR has several at-grade crossings in Bakersfield, including Snow Road, Olive Drive, 30th Street, Q Street, and Baker Street. In order to grade separate the crossing, the roadway must go up above or below UPRR. The Authority acknowledges that taking the UPRR up or down is generally not practical due to the length of grades required to make a clearance. Furthermore, the Authority acknowledges that the proposed HSR on viaduct above these streets may limit the options to grade-separate these facilities, though not necessarily prevent it.

The Authority has conducted a preliminary assessment of the options to grade-separate these roadways. For 30th Street, Q Street, and Baker Street, lowering the road under the UPRR appears to be the best and potentially only option. However, at Snow Road and Olive Drive, taking the roadway up or down both appear to be viable options. Thus, the HSR viaduct would not eliminate opportunities to grade-separate roads that cross the UPRR corridor in Bakersfield.

The Authority will make a good faith effort to design the HSR viaduct so as not to preclude future grade separations, and consistent with Section 3.1.16 of the Authority and UPRR Agreement (2014), the Authority acknowledges that UPRR may withhold approval of the design of elements of the project if UPRR concludes that those elements will be built in a manner that will preclude future grade separation of UPRR tracks. Furthermore, in accordance with the Agreement, UPRR will review and approve designs to ensure that operational concerns are addressed in a mutually agreeable negotiated understanding between the Authority and UPRR.