

**OTAY HILLS CONSTRUCTION AGGREGATE AND INERT
DEBRIS ENGINEERED FILL OPERATION PROJECT**

APPENDIX D1

HYDROLOGY REPORT

for the

**PUBLIC REVIEW
DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT**

PDS2004-3300-04-004 (MUP);
PDS2004-3310-04-001 (RP);
PDS2010-3813-10-002 (SPA);
Log No. 04-190-04

JUNE 2020

Prepared for:

COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO
PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES
5510 OVERLAND AVENUE, SUITE 310
SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92123

**CEQA-LEVEL
HYDROLOGY REPORT
FOR THE
OTAY HILLS QUARRY**

(Log No. 93-19-006J, P04-004, RP04-001)

February 19, 2015

Wayne W. Chang, MS, PE 46548

ChangConsultants
Civil Engineering • Hydrology • Hydraulics • Sedimentation

**P.O. Box 9496
Rancho Santa Fe, CA 92067
(858) 692-0760**

FOR REVIEW ONLY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction.....1

Hydrologic Analyses.....1

Hydraulic Analyses.....3

Conclusion4

Declaration of Responsible Charge4

Normal Depth Analyses.....5

APPENDIX

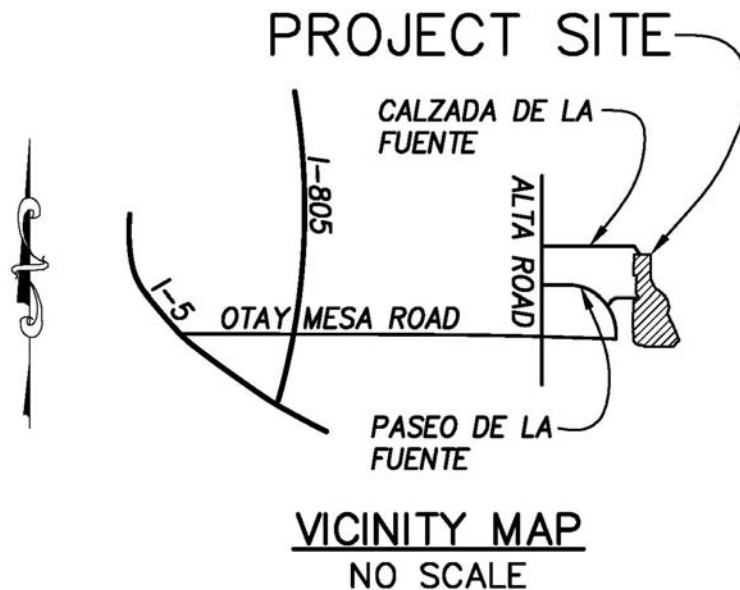
- A. 100-Year Rational Method Analyses
- B. 100-Year Detention Analysis

MAP POCKET

Rational Method Work Maps

INTRODUCTION

The Otay Hills Quarry is a proposed mineral resource recovery project located beyond the westerly terminus of Otay Mesa Road in southern San Diego County (see Vicinity Map). A plot plan and reclamation plan have been prepared for the proposed recovery activities by Chang Consultants. This CEQA-level drainage report analyzes the existing and proposed (ultimate) condition hydrology at the site. The existing condition reflects the site prior to the proposed project initiation. Recent grading and improvements have been performed and constructed immediately west of the site. These grading and improvements are included on the existing and proposed condition work maps in this report. During the extraction phases of the project, borrow areas will be created that act as retention basins. There will not be an increase in off-site runoff or associated impacts during extraction and backfill due to the retention. Therefore, the interim extraction and backfill phases are not analyzed. The proposed condition reflects the ultimate, post-reclamation condition.



HYDROLOGIC ANALYSES

Hydrologic analyses were performed to determine the 100-year existing and ultimate condition flow rates associated with the footprint of the resource recovery area. The existing and ultimate conditions are shown on the work maps at the back of this report. The County of San Diego's 2003 *Hydrology Manual* rational method procedure was used for the analyses. The rational method input parameters are summarized as follows:

- Precipitation: The 100-year, 6- and 24-hour precipitation values from the *Hydrology Manual* are 3.4 and 8.0 inches, respectively.
- Drainage areas: Surface runoff patterns from the site are generally towards the west and south. There are several locations where surface runoff exits the site. The overall drainage area has been grouped into three major drainage basins, or outflow areas, for the existing

and ultimate conditions (Basins 100, 200, and 300 for the existing conditions and Basins 10, 20, and 30 for the ultimate conditions). Existing Basin 100 generally corresponds to ultimate Basin 10, etc. The reclamation and plot plan were developed such that the project would generally maintain the existing off-site runoff directions.

The existing condition drainage basins were delineated using 5-foot contour topographic mapping prepared for the project as well as USGS data for off-site areas. The ultimate condition drainage basins were based on the project plans and the existing topographic mapping. A field visit was performed to verify the drainage basin delineations. The Rational Method Work Maps (see map pocket) contain the drainage basin boundaries as well as flow paths and rational method node numbers.

- Hydrologic soil groups: The hydrologic soil groups were determined from the Soil Conservation Service's *Soil Survey* for San Diego County. The soil group in the study area is entirely "D".
- Runoff coefficients: The runoff coefficients were selected based on the land use and Soil Group "D". The existing condition study area consists of relatively steep, entirely undeveloped hillsides. Since the project involves mineral recovery, the proposed condition land use will also be essentially undeveloped. According to Table 3 from the *Hydrology Manual*, undeveloped land under Soil Group "D" has a runoff coefficient of 0.35.
- Flow lengths and elevations: The flow lengths and elevations were obtained from the Rational Method Work Maps.

The 100-year rational method results are included in Appendix A. The analyses were performed for the existing and ultimate conditions using the CivilDesign Rational Method Hydrology Program, which is based on the County of San Diego criteria. There are five primary discharge locations from the site under existing conditions. These are labeled A through E on the Existing Condition Rational Method Work Map. Two are near the northwest corner, the third is approximately midway along the westerly boundary, and the final two are along the southerly boundary. Under existing conditions, the northwest-most discharge location, A, enters a natural watercourse that flows away from the site in a southwest direction. The additional two westerly discharge locations, B and C, enter a storm drain system constructed by the adjacent project. The storm drain ultimately conveys the runoff in a southwesterly direction away from the site. The southerly two overland discharge locations, D and E, enter natural drainage courses that confluence a short distance south of the site.

Under proposed conditions, the project runoff will continue to exit the site at discharge locations A, C, D, and E. Flow will not exit the site at discharge location B. The 100-year existing and proposed condition 100-year flow rate at each of the discharge locations from the site are summarized in Table 1.

Table 1 shows that the project will not increase the 100-year flow rate from discharge locations B through E. On the other hand, the flow rate from discharge location A will increase slightly. A detention analysis was performed to determine the required detention volume to attenuate the 100-year flow rate from 574 to 559 cfs. The County of San Diego's rational method to hydrograph routine was used to convert the 100-year peak flow rate results to a hydrograph. The results are included in Appendix B and show that a storage volume of at least 0.6 acre-feet is required. A basin is shown on the work map with this volume.

Discharge Location	Existing Condition			Proposed Condition		
	Tributary Area, ac	100-Year Flow, cfs	100-Year Velocity, fps	Tributary Area, ac	100-Year Flow, cfs	100-Year Velocity, fps
A	368.65	559	14.2	375.08	574	12.3
B	13.79	28	2.4	---	---	---
C	46.98	94	3.4	50.46	87	4.8
D	25.60	58	2.2	29.07	57	4.3
E	38.27	80	3.5	38.68	65	9.4

Table 1. Summary 100-Year Rational Method Results

HYDRAULIC ANALYSES

The flow velocities are provided in Table 1 from the rational method results. Under existing conditions, the flow velocities at each discharge location were determined using one of two methods. First, where the rational method routine tributary to the discharge location models an initial area (discharge locations B through E), the flow velocity was approximated by dividing the initial subarea flow distance by the total travel time. Second, where the rational method routine tributary to the discharge location models improved channel travel (discharge location A), the flow velocity was obtained from the improved channel results from the rational method output.

Under proposed conditions, normal depth analyses were performed to more accurately approximate the flow velocity at each of the four site discharge locations. The normal depth analyses were based on the proposed condition 100-year flow rates and the drainage conveyance at each discharge location. The analyses were performed using the FlowMaster program and the results are included after this report text. The results show that the flow velocities at discharge locations C and D are below the erosive threshold of 5 to 6 feet per second. Therefore, energy dissipation is not required at these locations. On the other hand, the flow velocities at discharge locations A and E are erosive. Discharge location A will consist of three 54-inch HDPE pipes. Riprap shall be installed at the pipe outlets in accordance with the County of San Diego's September 2014, *Hydraulic Design Manual* and *San Diego Regional Standard Drawing D-40*. For the outlet velocity of 12.3 feet per second, the rock size is required to be ½-ton with a 2.7 foot thickness over 1-inch gravel with a 1 foot thickness. Discharge Location E will consist of a drainage ditch per D-75. For the outlet velocity of 9.4 feet per second, the rock size is required to be No. 2 backing with a 1 foot thickness over ¼-inch gravel with a 1-foot thickness.

CONCLUSION

The CEQA-level hydrologic analyses show that the project will decrease the 100-year surface runoff at four of the five outflow locations (discharge locations B through E). At discharge location A, a detention basin can be installed near the outflow to mitigate for the 100-year flow increase. Based on this, the project will not adversely impact the off-site drainage conditions. Additional drainage design details will be included in the final drainage report for the project.

The northerly-most proposed pad has a tributary area exceeding 200 acres. The pad will convey the storm runoff through the site in accordance with the State Mining and Reclamation Act requirements. The mine operator shall ensure that the pad will not be adversely impacted by runoff from the watershed. Since the runoff will flow through the site within the pad and the project will not increase the runoff exiting the site, the pad will not adversely impact flow from the watershed.

DECLARATION OF RESPONSIBLE CHARGE

I hereby declare that I am the civil engineer of work for this project, that I have exercised responsible charge over the design of the project as defined in Section 6703 of the Business and Professions Code, and that the design is consistent with current design.

I understand that the check of project drawings and specifications by the County of San Diego is confined to a review only and does not relieve me, as engineer of work, of my responsibilities for project design.

FOR REVIEW ONLY

Wayne W. Chang
RCE 46548
Exp. June 30, 2015

Date

Worksheet for Discharge Location A - 191.3 cfs per pipe (3 pipes total)

Project Description

Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Full Flow Diameter

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.013	
Channel Slope	0.01000	ft/ft
Normal Depth	4.45	ft
Diameter	4.45	ft
Discharge	191.30	ft³/s

Results

Diameter	4.45	ft
Normal Depth	4.45	ft
Flow Area	15.58	ft²
Wetted Perimeter	13.99	ft
Hydraulic Radius	1.11	ft
Top Width	0.00	ft
Critical Depth	3.97	ft
Percent Full	100.0	%
Critical Slope	0.00888	ft/ft
Velocity	12.28	ft/s
Velocity Head	2.34	ft
Specific Energy	6.80	ft
Froude Number	0.00	
Maximum Discharge	205.76	ft³/s
Discharge Full	191.28	ft³/s
Slope Full	0.01000	ft/ft
Flow Type	SubCritical	

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00	ft
Length	0.00	ft
Number Of Steps	0	

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00	ft
Profile Description		
Profile Headloss	0.00	ft
Average End Depth Over Rise	0.00	%

Worksheet for Discharge Location C

Project Description

Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.030	
Channel Slope	0.01000	ft/ft
Left Side Slope	5.00	ft/ft (H:V)
Right Side Slope	5.00	ft/ft (H:V)
Discharge	87.00	ft ³ /s

Results

Normal Depth	1.91	ft
Flow Area	18.32	ft ²
Wetted Perimeter	19.52	ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.94	ft
Top Width	19.14	ft
Critical Depth	1.80	ft
Critical Slope	0.01395	ft/ft
Velocity	4.75	ft/s
Velocity Head	0.35	ft
Specific Energy	2.26	ft
Froude Number	0.86	
Flow Type	Subcritical	

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00	ft
Length	0.00	ft
Number Of Steps	0	

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00	ft
Profile Description		
Profile Headloss	0.00	ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Normal Depth	1.91	ft
Critical Depth	1.80	ft
Channel Slope	0.01000	ft/ft
Critical Slope	0.01395	ft/ft

Worksheet for Discharge Location D

Project Description

Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.030	
Channel Slope	0.01000	ft/ft
Left Side Slope	5.00	ft/ft (H:V)
Right Side Slope	5.00	ft/ft (H:V)
Discharge	57.00	ft ³ /s

Results

Normal Depth	1.63	ft
Flow Area	13.34	ft ²
Wetted Perimeter	16.66	ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.80	ft
Top Width	16.33	ft
Critical Depth	1.52	ft
Critical Slope	0.01476	ft/ft
Velocity	4.27	ft/s
Velocity Head	0.28	ft
Specific Energy	1.92	ft
Froude Number	0.83	
Flow Type	Subcritical	

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00	ft
Length	0.00	ft
Number Of Steps	0	

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00	ft
Profile Description		
Profile Headloss	0.00	ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Normal Depth	1.63	ft
Critical Depth	1.52	ft
Channel Slope	0.01000	ft/ft
Critical Slope	0.01476	ft/ft

Worksheet for Discharge Location E - D-75 Ditch

Project Description

Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.016	
Channel Slope	0.01000	ft/ft
Constructed Depth	3.00	ft
Constructed Top Width	5.00	ft
Discharge	65.00	ft ³ /s

Results

Normal Depth	2.34	ft
Flow Area	6.89	ft ²
Wetted Perimeter	6.73	ft
Hydraulic Radius	1.02	ft
Top Width	4.42	ft
Critical Depth	2.70	ft
Critical Slope	0.00564	ft/ft
Velocity	9.43	ft/s
Velocity Head	1.38	ft
Specific Energy	3.72	ft
Froude Number	1.33	
Flow Type	Supercritical	

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00	ft
Length	0.00	ft
Number Of Steps	0	

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00	ft
Profile Description		
Profile Headloss	0.00	ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Normal Depth	2.34	ft
Critical Depth	2.70	ft
Channel Slope	0.01000	ft/ft
Critical Slope	0.00564	ft/ft

APPENDIX A

100-YEAR RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSES

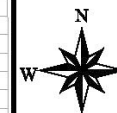
County of San Diego Hydrology Manual



Rainfall Isopleths

100 Year Rainfall Event - 6 Hours

----- Isopleth (inches)

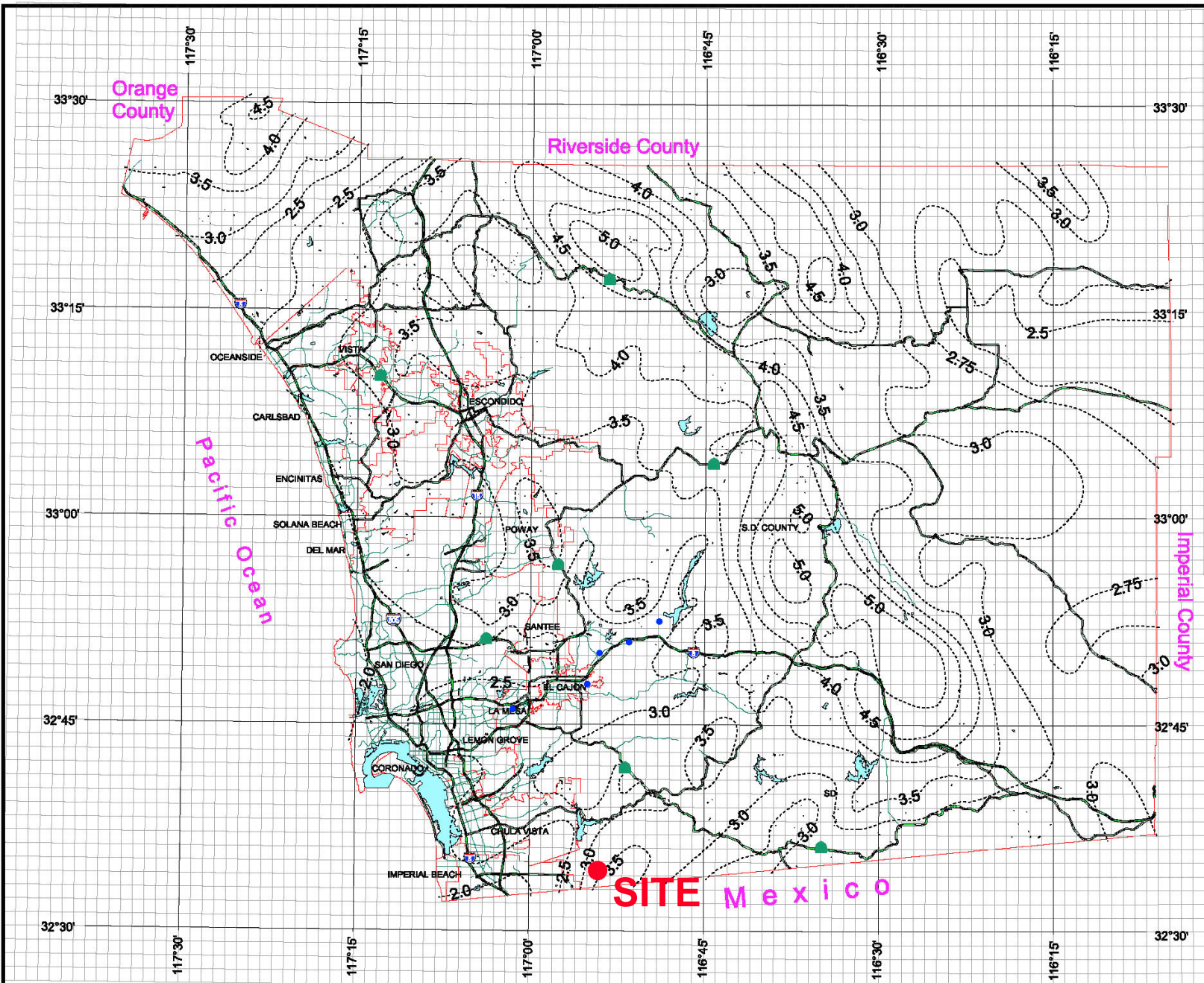


3 0 3 Miles

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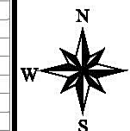
County of San Diego Hydrology Manual



Rainfall Isopleths

100 Year Rainfall Event - 24 Hours

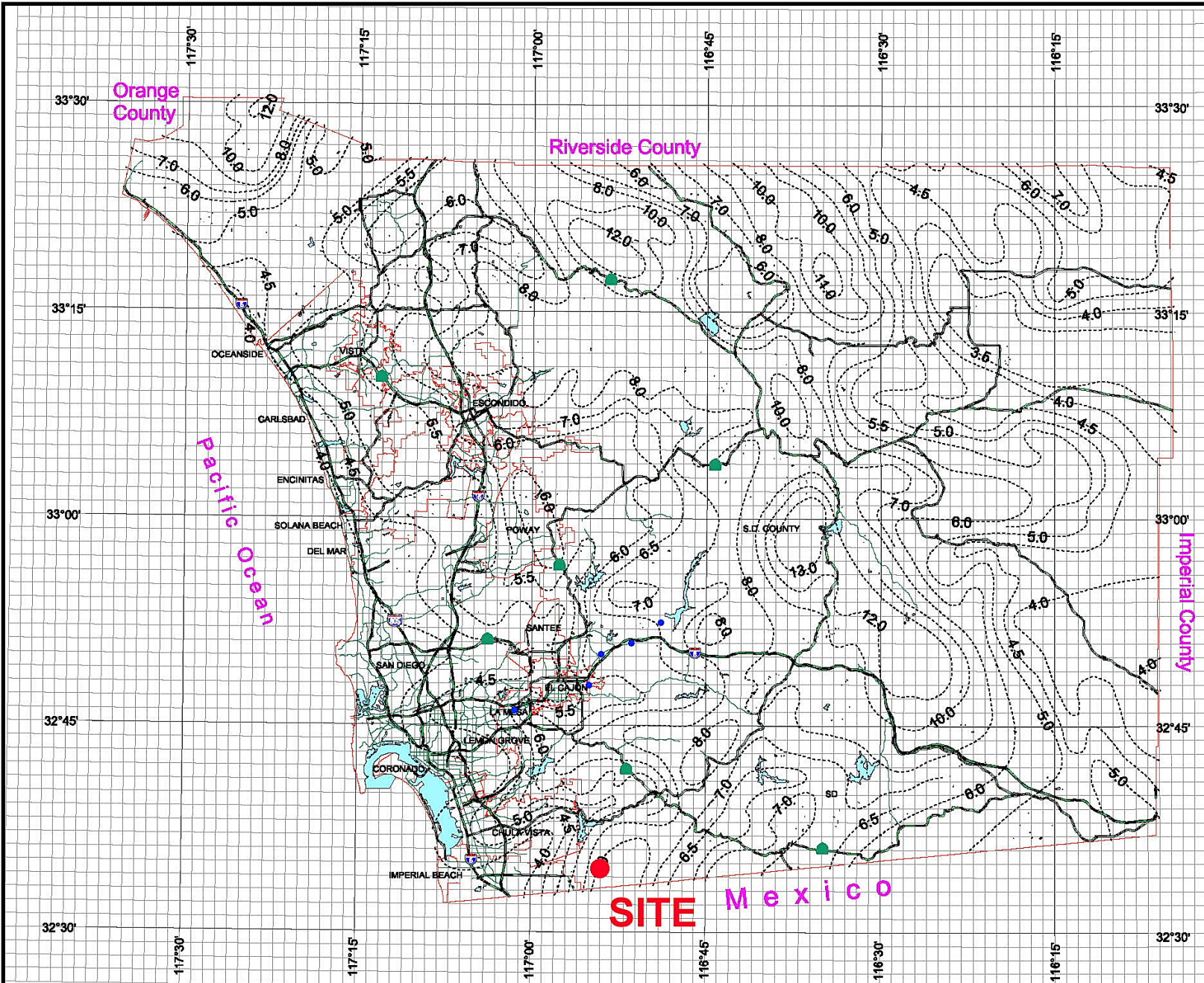
----- Isopleth (inches)

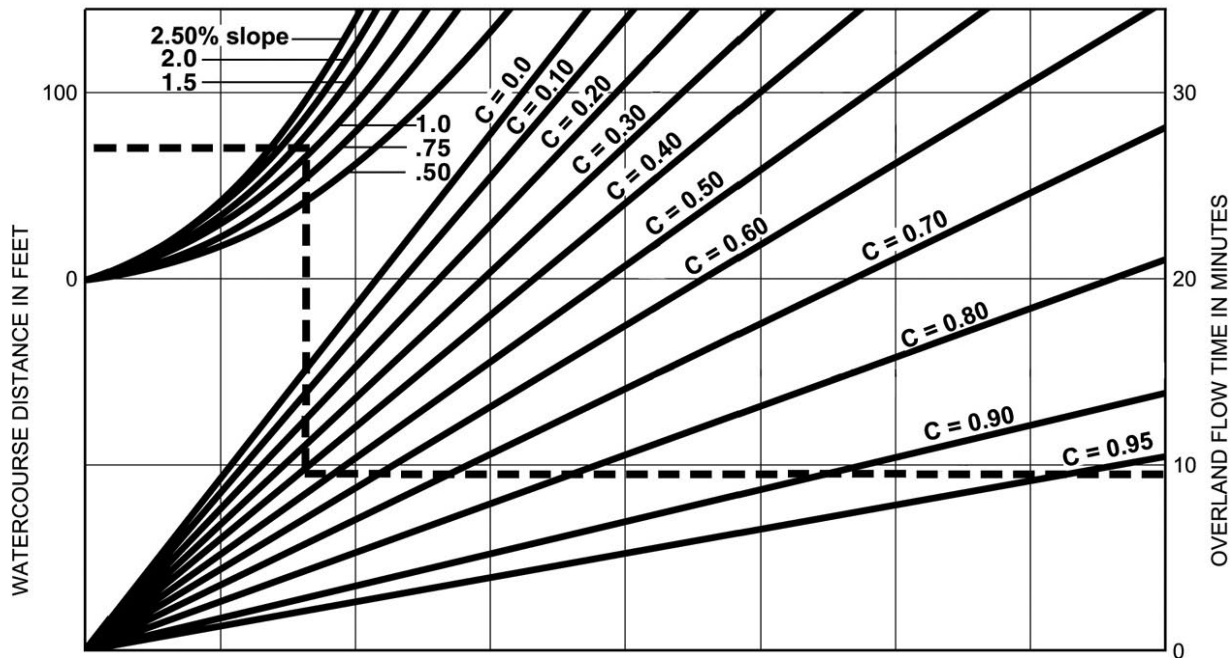


3 0 3 Miles

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EXAMPLE:

Given: Watercourse Distance (D) = 70 Feet
 Slope (s) = 1.3%
 Runoff Coefficient (C) = 0.41
 Overland Flow Time (T) = 9.5 Minutes

$$T = \frac{1.8 (1.1-C) \sqrt{D}}{\sqrt[3]{s}}$$

SOURCE: Airport Drainage, Federal Aviation Administration, 1965

F I G U R E

Rational Formula - Overland Time of Flow Nomograph

3-3

**Table 3-1
RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS FOR URBAN AREAS**

Land Use		Runoff Coefficient "C"				
NRCS Elements	County Elements	% IMPER.	Soil Type			
			A	B	C	D
Undisturbed Natural Terrain (Natural)	Permanent Open Space	0*	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 1.0 DU/A or less	10	0.27	0.32	0.36	0.41
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 2.0 DU/A or less	20	0.34	0.38	0.42	0.46
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 2.9 DU/A or less	25	0.38	0.41	0.45	0.49
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 4.3 DU/A or less	30	0.41	0.45	0.48	0.52
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 7.3 DU/A or less	40	0.48	0.51	0.54	0.57
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 10.9 DU/A or less	45	0.52	0.54	0.57	0.60
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 14.5 DU/A or less	50	0.55	0.58	0.60	0.63
High Density Residential (HDR)	Residential, 24.0 DU/A or less	65	0.66	0.67	0.69	0.71
High Density Residential (HDR)	Residential, 43.0 DU/A or less	80	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.79
Commercial/Industrial (N. Com)	Neighborhood Commercial	80	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.79
Commercial/Industrial (G. Com)	General Commercial	85	0.80	0.80	0.81	0.82
Commercial/Industrial (O.P. Com)	Office Professional/Commercial	90	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.85
Commercial/Industrial (Limited I.)	Limited Industrial	90	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.85
Commercial/Industrial (General I.)	General Industrial	95	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87

*The values associated with 0% impervious may be used for direct calculation of the runoff coefficient as described in Section 3.1.2 (representing the pervious runoff coefficient, C_p , for the soil type), or for areas that will remain undisturbed in perpetuity. Justification must be given that the area will remain natural forever (e.g., the area is located in Cleveland National Forest).

DU/A = dwelling units per acre

NRCS = National Resources Conservation Service

County of San Diego Hydrology Manual



Soil Hydrologic Groups

Legend

Soil Groups	
	Group A
	Group B
	Group C
	Group D
	Undetermined
	Data Unavailable

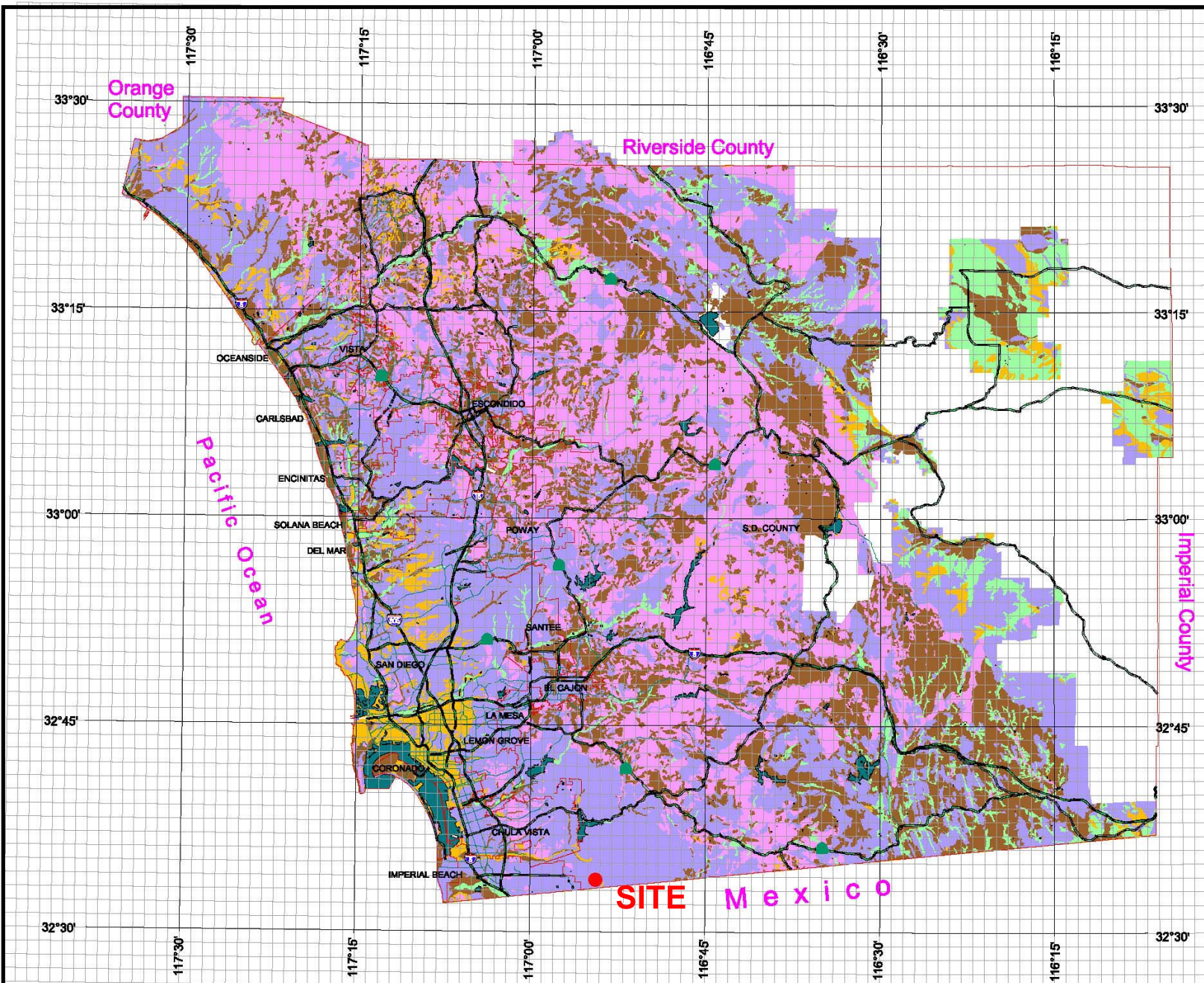


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3 0 3 Miles



San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software,(c)1991-2009 Version 7.8

Rational method hydrology program based on
San Diego County Flood Control Division 2003 hydrology manual
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 02/16/15

Otay Hills Quarry
Existing Conditions
100-Year Storm Event

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

Program License Serial Number 4028

Rational hydrology study storm event year is 100.0
English (in-lb) input data Units used

Map data precipitation entered:
6 hour, precipitation(inches) = 3.400
24 hour precipitation(inches) = 8.000
P6/P24 = 42.5%
Adjusted 6 hour precipitation (inches) = 3.600
Adjusted P6/P24 = 45.0%
San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used

+++++
Process from Point/Station 100.000 to Point/Station 101.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]
(Permanent Open Space)
Impervious value, Ai = 0.000
Sub-Area C Value = 0.350
Initial subarea total flow distance = 2615.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 1585.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 895.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 690.000(Ft.) Slope = 26.386 %
Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 13.000 %
INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
The maximum overland flow distance is 100.00 (Ft)
for the top area slope value of 13.00 %, in a development type of
Permanent Open Space
In Accordance With Figure 3-3
Initial Area Time of Concentration = 5.74 minutes

$TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * \text{distance}(\text{Ft.})^{1.5} / (\% \text{ slope}^{1/3})]$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.3500) * (100.000^{1.5}) / (13.000^{1/3})] = 5.74$
 The initial area total distance of 2615.00 (Ft.) entered leaves a remaining distance of 2515.00 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 5.42 minutes for a distance of 2515.00 (Ft.) and a slope of 26.39 % with an elevation difference of 663.61(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * \text{length}(\text{Mi})^3 / (\text{elevation change}(\text{Ft.}))^{.385} * 60(\text{min/hr})]$
 $= 5.417 \text{ Minutes}$
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.4763^3) / (663.61)]^{.385} = 5.42$
 Total initial area $Ti = 5.74$ minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus 5.42 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 11.16 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.652(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is $C = 0.350$
 Subarea runoff = 81.574(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 41.240(Ac.)

++++++
 Process from Point/Station 101.000 to Point/Station 102.000
 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****

Upstream point elevation = 895.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point elevation = 651.000(Ft.)
 Channel length thru subarea = 4193.000(Ft.)
 Channel base width = 3.000(Ft.)
 Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 2.000
 Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 2.000
 Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 320.556(CFS)
 Manning's 'N' = 0.040
 Maximum depth of channel = 5.000(Ft.)
 Flow(q) thru subarea = 320.556(CFS)
 Depth of flow = 2.933(Ft.), Average velocity = 12.328(Ft/s)
 Channel flow top width = 14.732(Ft.)
 Flow Velocity = 12.33(Ft/s)
 Travel time = 5.67 min.
 Time of concentration = 16.83 min.
 Critical depth = 3.688(Ft.)
 Adding area flow to channel
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 4.336(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
 [UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]
 (Permanent Open Space)
 Impervious value, $A_i = 0.000$
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.350
 Rainfall intensity = 4.336(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for total area (Q=KCIA) is $C = 0.350$ $CA = 129.028$
 Subarea runoff = 477.896(CFS) for 327.410(Ac.)
 Total runoff = 559.470(CFS) Total area = 368.650(Ac.)
 Depth of flow = 3.753(Ft.), Average velocity = 14.192(Ft/s)
 Critical depth = 4.781(Ft.)

```

+++++
Process from Point/Station      101.000 to Point/Station      102.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

```

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 1
 Stream flow area = 368.650(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 559.470(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 16.83 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 4.336(In/Hr)
 Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2

```

+++++
Process from Point/Station      200.000 to Point/Station      201.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

```

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
 [UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]
 (Permanent Open Space)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.000
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.350
 Initial subarea total flow distance = 1559.000(Ft.)
 Highest elevation = 828.000(Ft.)
 Lowest elevation = 652.000(Ft.)
 Elevation difference = 176.000(Ft.) Slope = 11.289 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 100.00 (Ft)
 for the top area slope value of 11.29 %, in a development type of
 Permanent Open Space
 In Accordance With Figure 3-3
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 6.02 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance(Ft.)^{1.5} / (\% slope^{1/3})]$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.3500) * (100.000^{1.5}) / (11.289^{1/3})] = 6.02$
 The initial area total distance of 1559.00 (Ft.) entered leaves a
 remaining distance of 1459.00 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 4.94 minutes
 for a distance of 1459.00 (Ft.) and a slope of 11.29 %
 with an elevation difference of 164.71(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * length(Mi)^3 / (elevation change(Ft.))]^{.385} * 60(min/hr)$
 $= 4.939 Minutes$
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.2763^3) / (164.71)]^{.385} = 4.94$
 Total initial area Ti = 6.02 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
 4.94 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 10.96 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.718(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.350
 Subarea runoff = 27.600(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 13.790(Ac.)

```

+++++
Process from Point/Station      200.000 to Point/Station      201.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

```

Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 1
 Stream flow area = 13.790(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 27.600(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 10.96 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 5.718(In/Hr)

+++++
 Process from Point/Station 210.000 to Point/Station 211.000
 ***** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION *****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
 [UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]
 (Permanent Open Space)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.000
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.350
 Initial subarea total flow distance = 2258.000(Ft.)
 Highest elevation = 997.000(Ft.)
 Lowest elevation = 622.000(Ft.)
 Elevation difference = 375.000(Ft.) Slope = 16.608 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 100.00 (Ft)
 for the top area slope value of 16.61 %, in a development type of
 Permanent Open Space
 In Accordance With Figure 3-3
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 5.29 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * \text{distance}(\text{Ft.})^{.5} / (\% \text{ slope}^{(1/3)})]$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.3500) * (100.000^{.5}) / (16.608^{(1/3)})] = 5.29$
 The initial area total distance of 2258.00 (Ft.) entered leaves a
 remaining distance of 2158.00 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 5.75 minutes
 for a distance of 2158.00 (Ft.) and a slope of 16.61 %
 with an elevation difference of 358.40(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * \text{length}(\text{Mi})^3 / (\text{elevation change}(\text{Ft.}))^{.385} * 60(\text{min/hr})]$
 $= 5.754 \text{ Minutes}$
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.4087^3) / (358.40)]^{.385} = 5.75$
 Total initial area Ti = 5.29 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
 5.75 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 11.05 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.689(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.350
 Subarea runoff = 93.541(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 46.980(Ac.)

+++++
 Process from Point/Station 210.000 to Point/Station 211.000
 ***** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS *****

Along Main Stream number: 2 in normal stream number 2
 Stream flow area = 46.980(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 93.541(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 11.05 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 5.689(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
------------	-----------------	----------	----------------------------

1	27.600	10.96	5.718
---	--------	-------	-------

2	93.541	11.05	5.689
---	--------	-------	-------

Qmax(1) =

1.000 *	1.000 *	27.600)	+	
1.000 *	0.992 *	93.541)	+	120.390

Qmax(2) =

0.995 *	1.000 *	27.600)	+	
1.000 *	1.000 *	93.541)	+	120.997

Total of 2 streams to confluence:

Flow rates before confluence point:

27.600	93.541
--------	--------

Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:

120.390	120.997
---------	---------

Area of streams before confluence:

13.790	46.980
--------	--------

Results of confluence:

Total flow rate = 120.997(CFS)

Time of concentration = 11.046 min.

Effective stream area after confluence = 60.770(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 201.000 to Point/Station 211.000
 ***** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS *****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 2

Stream flow area = 60.770(Ac.)

Runoff from this stream = 120.997(CFS)

Time of concentration = 11.05 min.

Rainfall intensity = 5.689(In/Hr)

Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 3

 Process from Point/Station 300.000 to Point/Station 301.000
 ***** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION *****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000

[UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]

(Permanent Open Space)

Impervious value, Ai = 0.000

Sub-Area C Value = 0.350

Initial subarea total flow distance = 2127.000(Ft.)

Highest elevation = 1015.000(Ft.)

Lowest elevation = 605.000(Ft.)

Elevation difference = 410.000(Ft.) Slope = 19.276 %

INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:

The maximum overland flow distance is 100.00 (Ft)
for the top area slope value of 19.28 %, in a development type of
Permanent Open Space
In Accordance With Figure 3-3
Initial Area Time of Concentration = 5.03 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance(Ft.)^{.5} / (\% slope^{(1/3)})]$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.3500) * (100.000^{.5}) / (19.276^{(1/3)})] = 5.03$
The initial area total distance of 2127.00 (Ft.) entered leaves a
remaining distance of 2027.00 (Ft.)
Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 5.18 minutes
for a distance of 2027.00 (Ft.) and a slope of 19.28 %
with an elevation difference of 390.72(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * length(Mi)^3 / (elevation change(Ft.))]^{.385} * 60(min/hr)$
= 5.178 Minutes
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.3839^3) / (390.72)]^{.385} = 5.18$
Total initial area Ti = 5.03 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
5.18 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 10.21 minutes
Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.984(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.350
Subarea runoff = 80.151(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 38.270(Ac.)

+++++
Process from Point/Station 300.000 to Point/Station 301.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

Along Main Stream number: 3 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 38.270(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 80.151(CFS)
Time of concentration = 10.21 min.
Rainfall intensity = 5.984(In/Hr)

+++++
Process from Point/Station 310.000 to Point/Station 311.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]
(Permanent Open Space)
Impervious value, Ai = 0.000
Sub-Area C Value = 0.350
Initial subarea total flow distance = 1196.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 758.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 576.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 182.000(Ft.) Slope = 15.217 %
INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
The maximum overland flow distance is 100.00 (Ft)
for the top area slope value of 15.22 %, in a development type of
Permanent Open Space
In Accordance With Figure 3-3
Initial Area Time of Concentration = 5.45 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance(Ft.)^{.5} / (\% slope^{(1/3)})]$

$TC = [1.8 \cdot (1.1 - 0.3500) \cdot (100.000^{0.5}) / (15.220^{(1/3)})] = 5.45$
 The initial area total distance of 1196.00 (Ft.) entered leaves a remaining distance of 1096.00 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 3.53 minutes for a distance of 1096.00 (Ft.) and a slope of 15.22 % with an elevation difference of 166.81(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 \cdot \text{length}(\text{Mi})^3 / (\text{elevation change}(\text{Ft.}))]^{.385} \cdot 60(\text{min/hr}) = 3.532 \text{ Minutes}$
 $Tt = [(11.9 \cdot 0.2076^3) / (166.81)]^{.385} = 3.53$
 Total initial area $Ti = 5.45$ minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus 3.53 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 8.98 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 6.502(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area ($Q=KCIA$) is $C = 0.350$
 Subarea runoff = 58.255(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 25.600(Ac.)

++++++
 Process from Point/Station 310.000 to Point/Station 311.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

Along Main Stream number: 3 in normal stream number 2
 Stream flow area = 25.600(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 58.255(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 8.98 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 6.502(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	80.151	10.21	5.984
2	58.255	8.98	6.502

$Q_{\max}(1) = 1.000 * 1.000 * 80.151) + 0.920 * 1.000 * 58.255) + = 133.766$
 $Q_{\max}(2) = 1.000 * 0.879 * 80.151) + 1.000 * 1.000 * 58.255) + = 128.728$

Total of 2 streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 80.151 58.255
 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
 133.766 128.728
 Area of streams before confluence:
 38.270 25.600
 Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 133.766(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 10.213 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 63.870(Ac.)

++++++
 Process from Point/Station 301.000 to Point/Station 311.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 3

Stream flow area = 63.870(Ac.)

Runoff from this stream = 133.766(CFS)

Time of concentration = 10.21 min.

Rainfall intensity = 5.984(In/Hr)

Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
------------	-----------------	----------	----------------------------

1	559.470	16.83	4.336
---	---------	-------	-------

2	120.997	11.05	5.689
---	---------	-------	-------

3	133.766	10.21	5.984
---	---------	-------	-------

Qmax(1) =

1.000 *	1.000 *	559.470)	+	
0.762 *	1.000 *	120.997)	+	
0.725 *	1.000 *	133.766)	+	= 748.626

Qmax(2) =

1.000 *	0.656 *	559.470)	+	
1.000 *	1.000 *	120.997)	+	
0.951 *	1.000 *	133.766)	+	= 615.406

Qmax(3) =

1.000 *	0.607 *	559.470)	+	
1.000 *	0.925 *	120.997)	+	
1.000 *	1.000 *	133.766)	+	= 585.187

Total of 3 main streams to confluence:

Flow rates before confluence point:

559.470	120.997	133.766
---------	---------	---------

Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:

748.626	615.406	585.187
---------	---------	---------

Area of streams before confluence:

368.650	60.770	63.870
---------	--------	--------

Results of confluence:

Total flow rate = 748.626(CFS)

Time of concentration = 16.827 min.

Effective stream area after confluence = 493.290(Ac.)

End of computations, total study area = 493.290 (Ac.)

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software,(c)1991-2009 Version 7.8

Rational method hydrology program based on
San Diego County Flood Control Division 2003 hydrology manual
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 02/19/15

Otay Hills Quarry
Proposed Conditions
100-Year Storm Event

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

Program License Serial Number 4028

Rational hydrology study storm event year is 100.0
English (in-lb) input data Units used

Map data precipitation entered:
6 hour, precipitation(inches) = 3.400
24 hour precipitation(inches) = 8.000
P6/P24 = 42.5%
Adjusted 6 hour precipitation (inches) = 3.600
Adjusted P6/P24 = 45.0%
San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used

+++++
Process from Point/Station 10.000 to Point/Station 11.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]
(Permanent Open Space)
Impervious value, Ai = 0.000
Sub-Area C Value = 0.350
Initial subarea total flow distance = 2998.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 1350.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 683.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 667.000(Ft.) Slope = 22.248 %
INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
The maximum overland flow distance is 100.00 (Ft)
for the top area slope value of 22.25 %, in a development type of
Permanent Open Space
In Accordance With Figure 3-3
Initial Area Time of Concentration = 4.80 minutes
TC = $[1.8 * (1.1 - C) * \text{distance}(\text{Ft.})^{.5} / (\% \text{ slope}^{(1/3)})]$
TC = $[1.8 * (1.1 - 0.3500) * (100.000^{.5}) / (22.248^{(1/3)})] = 4.80$

The initial area total distance of 2998.00 (Ft.) entered leaves a remaining distance of 2898.00 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 6.45 minutes for a distance of 2898.00 (Ft.) and a slope of 22.25 %
 with an elevation difference of 644.75(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * \text{length}(\text{Mi})^3 / (\text{elevation change}(\text{Ft.}))]^{.385} * 60(\text{min/hr})$
 = 6.452 Minutes
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.5489^3) / (644.75)]^{.385} = 6.45$
 Total initial area $Ti = 4.80$ minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
 6.45 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 11.25 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.621(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is $C = 0.350$
 Subarea runoff = 111.199(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 56.520(Ac.)

+++++
 Process from Point/Station 11.000 to Point/Station 12.000
 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****

Upstream point elevation = 683.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point elevation = 680.300(Ft.)
 Channel length thru subarea = 234.000(Ft.)
 Channel base width = 0.000(Ft.)
 Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 20.000
 Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 20.000
 Manning's 'N' = 0.030
 Maximum depth of channel = 5.000(Ft.)
 Flow(q) thru subarea = 111.199(CFS)
 Depth of flow = 1.209(Ft.), Average velocity = 3.802(Ft/s)
 Channel flow top width = 48.374(Ft.)
 Flow Velocity = 3.80(Ft/s)
 Travel time = 1.03 min.
 Time of concentration = 12.28 min.
 Critical depth = 1.141(Ft.)

+++++
 Process from Point/Station 11.000 to Point/Station 12.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 1
 Stream flow area = 56.520(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 111.199(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 12.28 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 5.314(In/Hr)

+++++
 Process from Point/Station 13.000 to Point/Station 14.000
 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
 [UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]

(Permanent Open Space)
 Impervious value, $A_i = 0.000$
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.350
 Initial subarea total flow distance = 2615.000(Ft.)
 Highest elevation = 1585.000(Ft.)
 Lowest elevation = 895.000(Ft.)
 Elevation difference = 690.000(Ft.) Slope = 26.386 %
 Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 13.000 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 100.00 (Ft)
 for the top area slope value of 13.00 %, in a development type of
 Permanent Open Space
 In Accordance With Figure 3-3
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 5.74 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * \text{distance}(\text{Ft.})^{1.5}] / (\% \text{ slope}^{1/3})$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.3500) * (100.000^{1.5})] / (13.000^{1/3}) = 5.74$
 The initial area total distance of 2615.00 (Ft.) entered leaves a
 remaining distance of 2515.00 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 5.42 minutes
 for a distance of 2515.00 (Ft.) and a slope of 26.39 %
 with an elevation difference of 663.61(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * \text{length}(\text{Mi})^3] / (\text{elevation change}(\text{Ft.}))^{1.385} * 60(\text{min/hr})$
 = 5.417 Minutes
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.4763^3) / (663.61)]^{1.385} = 5.42$
 Total initial area $T_i = 5.74$ minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
 5.42 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 11.16 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.652(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area ($Q=KCIA$) is $C = 0.350$
 Subarea runoff = 81.574(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 41.240(Ac.)

++++++
 Process from Point/Station 14.000 to Point/Station 15.000
 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****

Upstream point elevation = 895.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point elevation = 683.000(Ft.)
 Channel length thru subarea = 3369.000(Ft.)
 Channel base width = 3.000(Ft.)
 Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 2.000
 Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 2.000
 Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 250.990(CFS)
 Manning's 'N' = 0.040
 Maximum depth of channel = 5.000(Ft.)
 Flow(q) thru subarea = 250.990(CFS)
 Depth of flow = 2.579(Ft.), Average velocity = 11.927(Ft/s)
 Channel flow top width = 13.317(Ft.)
 Flow Velocity = 11.93(Ft/s)
 Travel time = 4.71 min.
 Time of concentration = 15.87 min.
 Critical depth = 3.313(Ft.)
 Adding area flow to channel
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 4.504(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
 [UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]
 (Permanent Open Space)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.000
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.350
 Rainfall intensity = 4.504(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for total area
 (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.350 CA = 93.331
 Subarea runoff = 338.754(CFS) for 225.420(Ac.)
 Total runoff = 420.328(CFS) Total area = 266.660(Ac.)
 Depth of flow = 3.253(Ft.), Average velocity = 13.595(Ft/s)
 Critical depth = 4.188(Ft.)

++++++
 Process from Point/Station 15.000 to Point/Station 12.000
 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****

Upstream point elevation = 683.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point elevation = 680.300(Ft.)
 Channel length thru subarea = 238.000(Ft.)
 Channel base width = 0.000(Ft.)
 Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 20.000
 Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 20.000
 Manning's 'N' = 0.030
 Maximum depth of channel = 5.000(Ft.)
 Flow(q) thru subarea = 420.328(CFS)
 Depth of flow = 1.998(Ft.), Average velocity = 5.267(Ft/s)
 Channel flow top width = 79.901(Ft.)
 Flow Velocity = 5.27(Ft/s)
 Travel time = 0.75 min.
 Time of concentration = 16.62 min.
 Critical depth = 1.938(Ft.)

++++++
 Process from Point/Station 15.000 to Point/Station 12.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 2
 Stream flow area = 266.660(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 420.328(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 16.62 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 4.371(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	111.199	12.28	5.314
2	420.328	16.62	4.371

Qmax(1) =
 1.000 * 1.000 * 111.199) +
 1.000 * 0.739 * 420.328) + = 421.721
 Qmax(2) =
 0.823 * 1.000 * 111.199) +

$$1.000 * 1.000 * 420.328) + = 511.800$$

Total of 2 streams to confluence:

Flow rates before confluence point:

111.199 420.328

Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:

421.721 511.800

Area of streams before confluence:

56.520 266.660

Results of confluence:

Total flow rate = 511.800(CFS)

Time of concentration = 16.620 min.

Effective stream area after confluence = 323.180(Ac.)

+++++
Process from Point/Station 12.000 to Point/Station 16.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****

Upstream point elevation = 680.300(Ft.)

Downstream point elevation = 675.500(Ft.)

Channel length thru subarea = 497.000(Ft.)

Channel base width = 0.000(Ft.)

Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 20.000

Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 20.000

Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 511.847(CFS)

Manning's 'N' = 0.030

Maximum depth of channel = 5.000(Ft.)

Flow(q) thru subarea = 511.847(CFS)

Depth of flow = 2.217(Ft.), Average velocity = 5.209(Ft/s)

Channel flow top width = 88.663(Ft.)

Flow Velocity = 5.21(Ft/s)

Travel time = 1.59 min.

Time of concentration = 18.21 min.

Critical depth = 2.094(Ft.)

Adding area flow to channel

Rainfall intensity (I) = 4.121(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000

[UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]

(Permanent Open Space)

Impervious value, Ai = 0.000

Sub-Area C Value = 0.350

The area added to the existing stream causes a

a lower flow rate of Q = 488.191(CFS)

therefore the upstream flow rate of Q = 511.800(CFS) is being used

Rainfall intensity = 4.121(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm

Effective runoff coefficient used for total area

(Q=KCIA) is C = 0.350 CA = 118.471

Subarea runoff = 0.000(CFS) for 15.310(Ac.)

Total runoff = 511.800(CFS) Total area = 338.490(Ac.)

Depth of flow = 2.216(Ft.), Average velocity = 5.209(Ft/s)

Critical depth = 2.094(Ft.)

```

+++++
Process from Point/Station      12.000 to Point/Station      16.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

```

Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 1
 Stream flow area = 338.490(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 511.800(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 18.21 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 4.121(In/Hr)

```

+++++
Process from Point/Station      17.000 to Point/Station      18.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

```

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
 [UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]
 (Permanent Open Space)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.000
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.350
 Initial subarea total flow distance = 2362.000(Ft.)
 Highest elevation = 1020.300(Ft.)
 Lowest elevation = 684.000(Ft.)
 Elevation difference = 336.300(Ft.) Slope = 14.238 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 100.00 (Ft)
 for the top area slope value of 14.24 %, in a development type of
 Permanent Open Space
 In Accordance With Figure 3-3
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 5.57 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * distance(Ft.)^{1.5} / (\% \text{ slope}^{1/3})]$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.3500) * (100.000^{1.5}) / (14.238^{1/3})] = 5.57$
 The initial area total distance of 2362.00 (Ft.) entered leaves a
 remaining distance of 2262.00 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 6.33 minutes
 for a distance of 2262.00 (Ft.) and a slope of 14.24 %
 with an elevation difference of 322.06(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * length(Mi)^3 / (elevation \ change(Ft.))]^{.385} * 60(\text{min/hr})$
 $= 6.331 \text{ Minutes}$
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.4284^3) / (322.06)]^{.385} = 6.33$
 Total initial area Ti = 5.57 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
 6.33 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 11.90 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.422(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.350
 Subarea runoff = 69.431(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 36.590(Ac.)

```

+++++
Process from Point/Station      18.000 to Point/Station      16.000
**** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****

```

Upstream point elevation = 684.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point elevation = 675.500(Ft.)

Channel length thru subarea = 694.000(Ft.)
 Channel base width = 0.000(Ft.)
 Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 20.000
 Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 20.000
 Manning's 'N' = 0.030
 Maximum depth of channel = 5.000(Ft.)
 Flow(q) thru subarea = 69.431(CFS)
 Depth of flow = 1.002(Ft.), Average velocity = 3.456(Ft/s)
 Channel flow top width = 40.091(Ft.)
 Flow Velocity = 3.46(Ft/s)
 Travel time = 3.35 min.
 Time of concentration = 15.25 min.
 Critical depth = 0.945(Ft.)

++++++
 Process from Point/Station 18.000 to Point/Station 16.000
 ***** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS *****

Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 2
 Stream flow area = 36.590(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 69.431(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 15.25 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 4.621(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	511.800	18.21	4.121
2	69.431	15.25	4.621

Qmax(1) =
 1.000 * 1.000 * 511.800) +
 0.892 * 1.000 * 69.431) + = 573.720
 Qmax(2) =
 1.000 * 0.837 * 511.800) +
 1.000 * 1.000 * 69.431) + = 497.986

Total of 2 streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 511.800 69.431
 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
 573.720 497.986
 Area of streams before confluence:
 338.490 36.590
 Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 573.720(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 18.210 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 375.080(Ac.)

++++++
 Process from Point/Station 18.000 to Point/Station 16.000
 ***** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS *****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 1
 Stream flow area = 375.080(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 573.720(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 18.21 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 4.121(In/Hr)
 Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2

 Process from Point/Station 20.000 to Point/Station 21.000
 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
 [UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]
 (Permanent Open Space)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.000
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.350
 Initial subarea total flow distance = 1411.000(Ft.)
 Highest elevation = 1020.300(Ft.)
 Lowest elevation = 787.000(Ft.)
 Elevation difference = 233.300(Ft.) Slope = 16.534 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 100.00 (Ft)
 for the top area slope value of 16.53 %, in a development type of
 Permanent Open Space
 In Accordance With Figure 3-3
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 5.30 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * \text{distance}(\text{Ft.})^{.5}] / (\% \text{ slope}^{(1/3)})]$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.3500) * (100.000^{.5})] / (16.534^{(1/3)}) = 5.30$
 The initial area total distance of 1411.00 (Ft.) entered leaves a
 remaining distance of 1311.00 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 3.93 minutes
 for a distance of 1311.00 (Ft.) and a slope of 16.53 %
 with an elevation difference of 216.76(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * \text{length}(\text{Mi})^3] / (\text{elevation change}(\text{Ft.}))^{.385} * 60(\text{min/hr})$
 $= 3.927 \text{ Minutes}$
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.2483^3) / (216.76)]^{.385} = 3.93$
 Total initial area Ti = 5.30 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
 3.93 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 9.23 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 6.389(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.350
 Subarea runoff = 13.730(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 6.140(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 21.000 to Point/Station 22.000
 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****

Upstream point elevation = 787.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point elevation = 650.500(Ft.)
 Channel length thru subarea = 166.000(Ft.)
 Channel base width = 0.500(Ft.)
 Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 2.000

Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 2.000
 Manning's 'N' = 0.016
 Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
 Flow(q) thru subarea = 13.730(CFS)
 Depth of flow = 0.369(Ft.), Average velocity = 30.004(Ft/s)
 Channel flow top width = 1.978(Ft.)
 Flow Velocity = 30.00(Ft/s)
 Travel time = 0.09 min.
 Time of concentration = 9.32 min.
 Critical depth = 1.109(Ft.)

++++++
 Process from Point/Station 22.000 to Point/Station 23.000
 **** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME ****

Upstream point elevation = 650.500(Ft.)
 Downstream point elevation = 624.000(Ft.)
 Channel length thru subarea = 1116.000(Ft.)
 Channel base width = 0.000(Ft.)
 Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 20.000
 Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 20.000
 Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 50.273(CFS)
 Manning's 'N' = 0.030
 Maximum depth of channel = 1.000(Ft.)
 Flow(q) thru subarea = 50.273(CFS)
 Depth of flow = 0.784(Ft.), Average velocity = 4.086(Ft/s)
 Channel flow top width = 31.373(Ft.)
 Flow Velocity = 4.09(Ft/s)
 Travel time = 4.55 min.
 Time of concentration = 13.87 min.
 Critical depth = 0.828(Ft.)
 Adding area flow to channel
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 4.912(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
 [UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]
 (Permanent Open Space)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.000
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.350
 Rainfall intensity = 4.912(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for total area
 (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.350 CA = 17.661
 Subarea runoff = 73.014(CFS) for 44.320(Ac.)
 Total runoff = 86.744(CFS) Total area = 50.460(Ac.)
 Depth of flow = 0.962(Ft.), Average velocity = 4.683(Ft/s)
 Critical depth = 1.023(Ft.)

++++++
 Process from Point/Station 22.000 to Point/Station 23.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
 In Main Stream number: 2

Stream flow area = 50.460(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 86.744(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 13.87 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 4.912(In/Hr)
 Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 3

 Process from Point/Station 30.000 to Point/Station 31.000
 ***** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION *****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
 [UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]
 (Permanent Open Space)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.000
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.350
 Initial subarea total flow distance = 1131.000(Ft.)
 Highest elevation = 1015.000(Ft.)
 Lowest elevation = 700.000(Ft.)
 Elevation difference = 315.000(Ft.) Slope = 27.851 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 100.00 (Ft)
 for the top area slope value of 27.85 %, in a development type of
 Permanent Open Space
 In Accordance With Table 3-2
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 6.90 minutes
 (for slope value of 10.00 %)
 The initial area total distance of 1131.00 (Ft.) entered leaves a
 remaining distance of 1031.00 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 2.67 minutes
 for a distance of 1031.00 (Ft.) and a slope of 27.85 %
 with an elevation difference of 287.14(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * \text{length}(\text{Mi})^3 / (\text{elevation change}(\text{Ft.}))]^{.385} * 60(\text{min/hr})$
 = 2.670 Minutes
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.1953^3) / (287.14)]^{.385} = 2.67$
 Total initial area Ti = 6.90 minutes from Table 3-2 plus
 2.67 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 9.57 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 6.240(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.350
 Subarea runoff = 56.915(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 26.060(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 31.000 to Point/Station 32.000
 ***** IMPROVED CHANNEL TRAVEL TIME *****

Upstream point elevation = 700.000(Ft.)
 Downstream point elevation = 605.000(Ft.)
 Channel length thru subarea = 1399.000(Ft.)
 Channel base width = 3.000(Ft.)
 Slope or 'Z' of left channel bank = 2.000
 Slope or 'Z' of right channel bank = 2.000
 Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 56.940(CFS)

Manning's 'N' = 0.030
 Maximum depth of channel = 3.000(Ft.)
 Flow(q) thru subarea = 56.940(CFS)
 Depth of flow = 1.076(Ft.), Average velocity = 10.270(Ft/s)
 Channel flow top width = 7.305(Ft.)
 Flow Velocity = 10.27(Ft/s)
 Travel time = 2.27 min.
 Time of concentration = 11.84 min.
 Critical depth = 1.594(Ft.)
 Adding area flow to channel
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 5.439(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
 [UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]
 (Permanent Open Space)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.000
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.350
 The area added to the existing stream causes a
 a lower flow rate of Q = 55.343(CFS)
 therefore the upstream flow rate of Q = 56.915(CFS) is being used
 Rainfall intensity = 5.439(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for total area
 (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.350 CA = 10.174
 Subarea runoff = 0.000(CFS) for 3.010(Ac.)
 Total runoff = 56.915(CFS) Total area = 29.070(Ac.)
 Depth of flow = 1.076(Ft.), Average velocity = 10.269(Ft/s)
 Critical depth = 1.594(Ft.)

++++++
 Process from Point/Station 31.000 to Point/Station 32.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

Along Main Stream number: 3 in normal stream number 1
 Stream flow area = 29.070(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 56.915(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 11.84 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 5.439(In/Hr)

++++++
 Process from Point/Station 33.000 to Point/Station 34.000
 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
 [UNDISTURBED NATURAL TERRAIN]
 (Permanent Open Space)
 Impervious value, Ai = 0.000
 Sub-Area C Value = 0.350
 Initial subarea total flow distance = 1383.000(Ft.)
 Highest elevation = 653.000(Ft.)
 Lowest elevation = 572.000(Ft.)

Elevation difference = 81.000(Ft.) Slope = 5.857 %
 Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 26.570 %
 Bottom of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 1.400 %
 INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
 The maximum overland flow distance is 100.00 (Ft)
 for the top area slope value of 26.57 %, in a development type of
 Permanent Open Space
 In Accordance With Figure 3-3
 Initial Area Time of Concentration = 4.52 minutes
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - C) * \text{distance}(\text{Ft.})^{.5}] / (\% \text{ slope}^{(1/3)})]$
 $TC = [1.8 * (1.1 - 0.3500) * (100.000^{.5})] / (26.570^{(1/3)}) = 4.52$
 The initial area total distance of 1383.00 (Ft.) entered leaves a
 remaining distance of 1283.00 (Ft.)
 Using Figure 3-4, the travel time for this distance is 9.99 minutes
 for a distance of 1283.00 (Ft.) and a slope of 1.40 %
 with an elevation difference of 17.96(Ft.) from the end of the top area
 $Tt = [11.9 * \text{length}(\text{Mi})^3] / (\text{elevation change}(\text{Ft.}))^{.385} * 60(\text{min/hr})$
 $= 9.992 \text{ Minutes}$
 $Tt = [(11.9 * 0.2430^3) / (17.96)]^{.385} = 9.99$
 Total initial area Ti = 4.52 minutes from Figure 3-3 formula plus
 9.99 minutes from the Figure 3-4 formula = 14.52 minutes
 Rainfall intensity (I) = 4.770(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.350
 Subarea runoff = 64.570(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 38.680(Ac.)

++++++
 Process from Point/Station 33.000 to Point/Station 34.000
 ***** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS *****

Along Main Stream number: 3 in normal stream number 2
 Stream flow area = 38.680(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 64.570(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 14.52 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 4.770(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	56.915	11.84	5.439
2	64.570	14.52	4.770
Qmax(1) =			
	1.000 *	1.000 *	56.915) +
	1.000 *	0.816 *	64.570) + = 109.582
Qmax(2) =			
	0.877 *	1.000 *	56.915) +
	1.000 *	1.000 *	64.570) + = 114.475

Total of 2 streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 56.915 64.570
 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
 109.582 114.475
 Area of streams before confluence:

29.070 38.680
 Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 114.475(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 14.517 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 67.750(Ac.)

+++++
 Process from Point/Station 34.000 to Point/Station 34.000
 ***** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS *****

The following data inside Main Stream is listed:

In Main Stream number: 3
 Stream flow area = 67.750(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 114.475(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 14.52 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 4.770(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	573.720	18.21	4.121
2	86.744	13.87	4.912
3	114.475	14.52	4.770

Qmax(1) =
 1.000 * 1.000 * 573.720) +
 0.839 * 1.000 * 86.744) +
 0.864 * 1.000 * 114.475) + = 745.400

Qmax(2) =
 1.000 * 0.762 * 573.720) +
 1.000 * 1.000 * 86.744) +
 1.000 * 0.955 * 114.475) + = 633.128

Qmax(3) =
 1.000 * 0.797 * 573.720) +
 0.971 * 1.000 * 86.744) +
 1.000 * 1.000 * 114.475) + = 656.065

Total of 3 main streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 573.720 86.744 114.475
 Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
 745.400 633.128 656.065
 Area of streams before confluence:
 375.080 50.460 67.750

Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 745.400(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 18.210 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 493.290(Ac.)
 End of computations, total study area = 493.290 (Ac.)

APPENDIX B

100-YEAR DETENTION ANALYSIS

```

*****
*
* FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1) *
*   JUN 1998                       *
*   VERSION 4.1                     *
*
* RUN DATE  20JAN12  TIME  15:19:54 *
*
*****

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*****
*
* U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS      *
* HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER     *
* 609 SECOND STREET                 *
* DAVIS, CALIFORNIA 95616           *
* (916) 756-1104                    *
*
*****

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```

X  X  XXXXXXX  XXXX  X
X  X  X      X  X  XX
X  X  X      X  X  X
XXXXXXX  XXXX  X  XXXXX  X
X  X  X      X  X  X
X  X  X      X  X  X
X  X  XXXXXXX  XXXX  XXX

```

THIS PROGRAM REPLACES ALL PREVIOUS VERSIONS OF HEC-1 KNOWN AS HEC1 (JAN 73), HEC1GS, HEC1DB, AND HEC1KW.

THE DEFINITIONS OF VARIABLES -RTIMP- AND -RTIOR- HAVE CHANGED FROM THOSE USED WITH THE 1973-STYLE INPUT STRUCTURE.
 THE DEFINITION OF -AMSKK- ON RM-CARD WAS CHANGED WITH REVISIONS DATED 28 SEP 81. THIS IS THE FORTRAN77 VERSION
 NEW OPTIONS: DAMBREAK OUTFLOW SUBMERGENCE , SINGLE EVENT DAMAGE CALCULATION, DSS:WRITE STAGE FREQUENCY,
 DSS:READ TIME SERIES AT DESIRED CALCULATION INTERVAL LOSS RATE:GREEN AND AMPT INFILTRATION
 KINEMATIC WAVE: NEW FINITE DIFFERENCE ALGORITHM

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

*DIAGRAM

*** FREE ***

1	ID	OTAY HILLS QUARRY									
2	ID	100-YEAR DETENTION ANALYSIS									
3	ID	NORTHWEST OUTFLOW LOCATION									
4	IT	1	01JAN90	1200	400						
5	KK	BASIN									
6	KM	RATIONAL METHOD HYDROGRAPH PROGRAM									
7	KM	6-HOUR RAINFALL IS 3.4 INCHES									
8	KM	RATIONAL METHOD RUNOFF COEFFICIENT IS 0.35									
9	KM	RATIONAL METHOD TIME OF CONCENTRATION IS 18.21 MINUTES									
10	BA	0.5861									
11	IN	18	01JAN90	1157							
12	QI	0	26.9	28.8	30	32.6	34.1	37.8	40.1	46	49.9
13	QI	60.9	69.4	101.9	84.7	573.7	81.7	54.7	42.8	35.8	31.2
14	QI	27.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	QI	0	0								
16	KK	DETAIN									
17	RS	1	STOR	-1							
18	SV	0	0.6								
19	SQ	0	559								
20	SE	100	101								
21	ZZ										

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF STREAM NETWORK

INPUT

LINE	(V) ROUTING	(--->) DIVERSION OR PUMP FLOW
NO.	(.) CONNECTOR	(<---) RETURN OF DIVERTED OR PUMPED FLOW
5	BASIN	
	V	
	V	
16	DETAIN	

(***) RUNOFF ALSO COMPUTED AT THIS LOCATION

```

*****
*
* FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
* JUN 1998
* VERSION 4.1
*
* RUN DATE 20JAN12 TIME 15:19:54
*
*****

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*****
*
* U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
* HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER
* 609 SECOND STREET
* DAVIS, CALIFORNIA 95616
* (916) 756-1104
*
*****

```

OTAY HILLS QUARRY
100-YEAR DETENTION ANALYSIS
NORTHWEST OUTFLOW LOCATION

IT HYDROGRAPH TIME DATA

NMIN	1	MINUTES IN COMPUTATION INTERVAL
IDATE	1JAN90	STARTING DATE
ITIME	1200	STARTING TIME
NQ	400	NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES
NDDATE	1JAN90	ENDING DATE
NDTIME	1839	ENDING TIME
ICENT	19	CENTURY MARK

COMPUTATION INTERVAL .02 HOURS
TOTAL TIME BASE 6.65 HOURS

ENGLISH UNITS

DRAINAGE AREA	SQUARE MILES
PRECIPITATION DEPTH	INCHES
LENGTH, ELEVATION	FEET
FLOW	CUBIC FEET PER SECOND
STORAGE VOLUME	ACRE-FEET
SURFACE AREA	ACRES
TEMPERATURE	DEGREES FAHRENHEIT

*** **

* *
5 KK * BASIN *
* *

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROGRAPH PROGRAM
6-HOUR RAINFALL IS 3.4 INCHES
RATIONAL METHOD RUNOFF COEFFICIENT IS 0.35
RATIONAL METHOD TIME OF CONCENTRATION IS 18.21 MINUTES

11 IN TIME DATA FOR INPUT TIME SERIES

JXMIN	18	TIME INTERVAL IN MINUTES
JXDATE	1JAN90	STARTING DATE
JXTIME	1157	STARTING TIME

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

10 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS

TAREA	.59	SUBBASIN AREA
-------	-----	---------------

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION BASIN

DA	MON	HRMN	ORD	FLOW	*	DA	MON	HRMN	ORD	FLOW	*	DA	MON	HRMN	ORD	FLOW	*	DA	MON	HRMN	ORD	FLOW	*
1	JAN	1200	1	4.	*	1	JAN	1340	101	37.	*	1	JAN	1520	201	78.	*	1	JAN	1700	301	45.	*
1	JAN	1201	2	6.	*	1	JAN	1341	102	37.	*	1	JAN	1521	202	80.	*	1	JAN	1701	302	44.	*
1	JAN	1202	3	7.	*	1	JAN	1342	103	37.	*	1	JAN	1522	203	82.	*	1	JAN	1702	303	43.	*
1	JAN	1203	4	9.	*	1	JAN	1343	104	37.	*	1	JAN	1523	204	84.	*	1	JAN	1703	304	43.	*
1	JAN	1204	5	10.	*	1	JAN	1344	105	38.	*	1	JAN	1524	205	86.	*	1	JAN	1704	305	42.	*
1	JAN	1205	6	12.	*	1	JAN	1345	106	38.	*	1	JAN	1525	206	87.	*	1	JAN	1705	306	42.	*
1	JAN	1206	7	13.	*	1	JAN	1346	107	38.	*	1	JAN	1526	207	89.	*	1	JAN	1706	307	42.	*
1	JAN	1207	8	15.	*	1	JAN	1347	108	38.	*	1	JAN	1527	208	91.	*	1	JAN	1707	308	41.	*
1	JAN	1208	9	16.	*	1	JAN	1348	109	38.	*	1	JAN	1528	209	93.	*	1	JAN	1708	309	41.	*
1	JAN	1209	10	18.	*	1	JAN	1349	110	38.	*	1	JAN	1529	210	95.	*	1	JAN	1709	310	40.	*
1	JAN	1210	11	19.	*	1	JAN	1350	111	38.	*	1	JAN	1530	211	96.	*	1	JAN	1710	311	40.	*
1	JAN	1211	12	21.	*	1	JAN	1351	112	39.	*	1	JAN	1531	212	98.	*	1	JAN	1711	312	40.	*
1	JAN	1212	13	22.	*	1	JAN	1352	113	39.	*	1	JAN	1532	213	100.	*	1	JAN	1712	313	39.	*
1	JAN	1213	14	24.	*	1	JAN	1353	114	39.	*	1	JAN	1533	214	102.	*	1	JAN	1713	314	39.	*
1	JAN	1214	15	25.	*	1	JAN	1354	115	39.	*	1	JAN	1534	215	101.	*	1	JAN	1714	315	39.	*
1	JAN	1215	16	27.	*	1	JAN	1355	116	39.	*	1	JAN	1535	216	100.	*	1	JAN	1715	316	38.	*
1	JAN	1216	17	27.	*	1	JAN	1356	117	39.	*	1	JAN	1536	217	99.	*	1	JAN	1716	317	38.	*
1	JAN	1217	18	27.	*	1	JAN	1357	118	39.	*	1	JAN	1537	218	98.	*	1	JAN	1717	318	37.	*
1	JAN	1218	19	27.	*	1	JAN	1358	119	39.	*	1	JAN	1538	219	97.	*	1	JAN	1718	319	37.	*
1	JAN	1219	20	27.	*	1	JAN	1359	120	40.	*	1	JAN	1539	220	96.	*	1	JAN	1719	320	37.	*
1	JAN	1220	21	27.	*	1	JAN	1400	121	40.	*	1	JAN	1540	221	95.	*	1	JAN	1720	321	36.	*
1	JAN	1221	22	28.	*	1	JAN	1401	122	40.	*	1	JAN	1541	222	94.	*	1	JAN	1721	322	36.	*
1	JAN	1222	23	28.	*	1	JAN	1402	123	40.	*	1	JAN	1542	223	93.	*	1	JAN	1722	323	36.	*
1	JAN	1223	24	28.	*	1	JAN	1403	124	40.	*	1	JAN	1543	224	92.	*	1	JAN	1723	324	35.	*
1	JAN	1224	25	28.	*	1	JAN	1404	125	40.	*	1	JAN	1544	225	91.	*	1	JAN	1724	325	35.	*
1	JAN	1225	26	28.	*	1	JAN	1405	126	41.	*	1	JAN	1545	226	90.	*	1	JAN	1725	326	35.	*
1	JAN	1226	27	28.	*	1	JAN	1406	127	41.	*	1	JAN	1546	227	89.	*	1	JAN	1726	327	35.	*
1	JAN	1227	28	28.	*	1	JAN	1407	128	41.	*	1	JAN	1547	228	89.	*	1	JAN	1727	328	34.	*
1	JAN	1228	29	28.	*	1	JAN	1408	129	42.	*	1	JAN	1548	229	88.	*	1	JAN	1728	329	34.	*
1	JAN	1229	30	28.	*	1	JAN	1409	130	42.	*	1	JAN	1549	230	87.	*	1	JAN	1729	330	34.	*
1	JAN	1230	31	28.	*	1	JAN	1410	131	42.	*	1	JAN	1550	231	86.	*	1	JAN	1730	331	34.	*
1	JAN	1231	32	29.	*	1	JAN	1411	132	43.	*	1	JAN	1551	232	85.	*	1	JAN	1731	332	33.	*
1	JAN	1232	33	29.	*	1	JAN	1412	133	43.	*	1	JAN	1552	233	112.	*	1	JAN	1732	333	33.	*
1	JAN	1233	34	29.	*	1	JAN	1413	134	43.	*	1	JAN	1553	234	139.	*	1	JAN	1733	334	33.	*
1	JAN	1234	35	29.	*	1	JAN	1414	135	44.	*	1	JAN	1554	235	166.	*	1	JAN	1734	335	32.	*
1	JAN	1235	36	29.	*	1	JAN	1415	136	44.	*	1	JAN	1555	236	193.	*	1	JAN	1735	336	32.	*
1	JAN	1236	37	29.	*	1	JAN	1416	137	44.	*	1	JAN	1556	237	221.	*	1	JAN	1736	337	32.	*
1	JAN	1237	38	29.	*	1	JAN	1417	138	45.	*	1	JAN	1557	238	248.	*	1	JAN	1737	338	32.	*
1	JAN	1238	39	29.	*	1	JAN	1418	139	45.	*	1	JAN	1558	239	275.	*	1	JAN	1738	339	31.	*
1	JAN	1239	40	29.	*	1	JAN	1419	140	45.	*	1	JAN	1559	240	302.	*	1	JAN	1739	340	31.	*
1	JAN	1240	41	29.	*	1	JAN	1420	141	46.	*	1	JAN	1600	241	329.	*	1	JAN	1740	341	31.	*
1	JAN	1241	42	29.	*	1	JAN	1421	142	46.	*	1	JAN	1601	242	356.	*	1	JAN	1741	342	31.	*
1	JAN	1242	43	29.	*	1	JAN	1422	143	46.	*	1	JAN	1602	243	384.	*	1	JAN	1742	343	31.	*
1	JAN	1243	44	29.	*	1	JAN	1423	144	46.	*	1	JAN	1603	244	411.	*	1	JAN	1743	344	30.	*
1	JAN	1244	45	30.	*	1	JAN	1424	145	47.	*	1	JAN	1604	245	438.	*	1	JAN	1744	345	30.	*
1	JAN	1245	46	30.	*	1	JAN	1425	146	47.	*	1	JAN	1605	246	465.	*	1	JAN	1745	346	30.	*
1	JAN	1246	47	30.	*	1	JAN	1426	147	47.	*	1	JAN	1606	247	492.	*	1	JAN	1746	347	30.	*
1	JAN	1247	48	30.	*	1	JAN	1427	148	47.	*	1	JAN	1607	248	519.	*	1	JAN	1747	348	30.	*
1	JAN	1248	49	30.	*	1	JAN	1428	149	48.	*	1	JAN	1608	249	547.	*	1	JAN	1748	349	30.	*
1	JAN	1249	50	30.	*	1	JAN	1429	150	48.	*	1	JAN	1609	250	574.	*	1	JAN	1749	350	29.	*
1	JAN	1250	51	30.	*	1	JAN	1430	151	48.	*	1	JAN	1610	251	546.	*	1	JAN	1750	351	29.	*
1	JAN	1251	52	30.	*	1	JAN	1431	152	48.	*	1	JAN	1611	252	519.	*	1	JAN	1751	352	29.	*
1	JAN	1252	53	30.	*	1	JAN	1432	153	48.	*	1	JAN	1612	253	492.	*	1	JAN	1752	353	29.	*
1	JAN	1253	54	30.	*	1	JAN	1433	154	49.	*	1	JAN	1613	254	464.	*	1	JAN	1753	354	29.	*
1	JAN	1254	55	30.	*	1	JAN	1434	155	49.	*	1	JAN	1614	255	437.	*	1	JAN	1754	355	28.	*
1	JAN	1255	56	31.	*	1	JAN	1435	156	49.	*	1	JAN	1615	256	410.	*	1	JAN	1755	356	28.	*
1	JAN	1256	57	31.	*	1	JAN	1436	157	49.	*	1	JAN	1616	257	382.	*	1	JAN	1756	357	28.	*
1	JAN	1257	58	31.	*	1	JAN	1437	158	49.	*	1	JAN	1617	258	355.	*	1	JAN	1757	358	28.	*
1	JAN	1258	59	31.	*	1	JAN	1438	159	50.	*	1	JAN	1618	259	328.	*	1	JAN	1758	359	26.	*
1	JAN	1259	60	31.	*	1	JAN	1439	160	50.	*	1	JAN	1619	260	300.	*	1	JAN	1759	360	25.	*
1	JAN	1300	61	31.	*	1	JAN	1440	161	51.	*	1	JAN	1620	261	273.	*	1	JAN	1800	361	23.	*
1	JAN	1301	62	31.	*	1	JAN	1441	162	51.	*	1	JAN	1621	262	246.	*	1	JAN	1801	362	22.	*
1	JAN	1302	63	32.	*	1	JAN	1442	163	52.	*	1	JAN	1622	263	218.	*	1	JAN	1802	363	20.	*
1	JAN	1303	64	32.	*	1	JAN	1443	164	52.	*	1	JAN	1623	264	191.	*	1	JAN	1803	364	19.	*
1	JAN	1304	65	32.	*	1	JAN	1444	165	53.	*	1	JAN	1624	265	164.	*	1	JAN	1804	365	17.	*
1	JAN	1305	66	32.	*	1	JAN	1445	166	54.	*	1	JAN	1625	266	136.	*	1	JAN	1805	366	15.	*
1	JAN	1306	67	32.	*	1	JAN	1446	167	54.	*	1	JAN	1626	267	109.	*	1	JAN	1806	367	14.	*
1	JAN	1307	68	32.	*	1	JAN	1447	168	55.	*	1	JAN	1627	268	82.	*	1	JAN	1807	368	12.	*

1 JAN 1308	69	32.	*	1 JAN 1448	169	55.	*	1 JAN 1628	269	80.	*	1 JAN 1808	369	11.
1 JAN 1309	70	33.	*	1 JAN 1449	170	56.	*	1 JAN 1629	270	79.	*	1 JAN 1809	370	9.
1 JAN 1310	71	33.	*	1 JAN 1450	171	57.	*	1 JAN 1630	271	77.	*	1 JAN 1810	371	8.
1 JAN 1311	72	33.	*	1 JAN 1451	172	57.	*	1 JAN 1631	272	76.	*	1 JAN 1811	372	6.
1 JAN 1312	73	33.	*	1 JAN 1452	173	58.	*	1 JAN 1632	273	74.	*	1 JAN 1812	373	5.
1 JAN 1313	74	33.	*	1 JAN 1453	174	58.	*	1 JAN 1633	274	73.	*	1 JAN 1813	374	3.
1 JAN 1314	75	33.	*	1 JAN 1454	175	59.	*	1 JAN 1634	275	71.	*	1 JAN 1814	375	2.
1 JAN 1315	76	33.	*	1 JAN 1455	176	60.	*	1 JAN 1635	276	70.	*	1 JAN 1815	376	0.
1 JAN 1316	77	33.	*	1 JAN 1456	177	60.	*	1 JAN 1636	277	68.	*	1 JAN 1816	377	0.
1 JAN 1317	78	33.	*	1 JAN 1457	178	61.	*	1 JAN 1637	278	67.	*	1 JAN 1817	378	0.
1 JAN 1318	79	33.	*	1 JAN 1458	179	61.	*	1 JAN 1638	279	65.	*	1 JAN 1818	379	0.
1 JAN 1319	80	33.	*	1 JAN 1459	180	62.	*	1 JAN 1639	280	64.	*	1 JAN 1819	380	0.
1 JAN 1320	81	34.	*	1 JAN 1500	181	62.	*	1 JAN 1640	281	62.	*	1 JAN 1820	381	0.
1 JAN 1321	82	34.	*	1 JAN 1501	182	63.	*	1 JAN 1641	282	61.	*	1 JAN 1821	382	0.
1 JAN 1322	83	34.	*	1 JAN 1502	183	63.	*	1 JAN 1642	283	59.	*	1 JAN 1822	383	0.
1 JAN 1323	84	34.	*	1 JAN 1503	184	64.	*	1 JAN 1643	284	58.	*	1 JAN 1823	384	0.
1 JAN 1324	85	34.	*	1 JAN 1504	185	64.	*	1 JAN 1644	285	56.	*	1 JAN 1824	385	0.
1 JAN 1325	86	34.	*	1 JAN 1505	186	65.	*	1 JAN 1645	286	55.	*	1 JAN 1825	386	0.
1 JAN 1326	87	34.	*	1 JAN 1506	187	65.	*	1 JAN 1646	287	54.	*	1 JAN 1826	387	0.
1 JAN 1327	88	34.	*	1 JAN 1507	188	66.	*	1 JAN 1647	288	53.	*	1 JAN 1827	388	0.
1 JAN 1328	89	34.	*	1 JAN 1508	189	66.	*	1 JAN 1648	289	53.	*	1 JAN 1828	389	0.
1 JAN 1329	90	35.	*	1 JAN 1509	190	67.	*	1 JAN 1649	290	52.	*	1 JAN 1829	390	0.
1 JAN 1330	91	35.	*	1 JAN 1510	191	67.	*	1 JAN 1650	291	51.	*	1 JAN 1830	391	0.
1 JAN 1331	92	35.	*	1 JAN 1511	192	68.	*	1 JAN 1651	292	51.	*	1 JAN 1831	392	0.
1 JAN 1332	93	35.	*	1 JAN 1512	193	68.	*	1 JAN 1652	293	50.	*	1 JAN 1832	393	0.
1 JAN 1333	94	35.	*	1 JAN 1513	194	68.	*	1 JAN 1653	294	49.	*	1 JAN 1833	394	0.
1 JAN 1334	95	36.	*	1 JAN 1514	195	69.	*	1 JAN 1654	295	49.	*	1 JAN 1834	395	0.
1 JAN 1335	96	36.	*	1 JAN 1515	196	69.	*	1 JAN 1655	296	48.	*	1 JAN 1835	396	0.
1 JAN 1336	97	36.	*	1 JAN 1516	197	71.	*	1 JAN 1656	297	47.	*	1 JAN 1836	397	0.
1 JAN 1337	98	36.	*	1 JAN 1517	198	73.	*	1 JAN 1657	298	47.	*	1 JAN 1837	398	0.
1 JAN 1338	99	36.	*	1 JAN 1518	199	75.	*	1 JAN 1658	299	46.	*	1 JAN 1838	399	0.
1 JAN 1339	100	37.	*	1 JAN 1519	200	77.	*	1 JAN 1659	300	45.	*	1 JAN 1839	400	0.

PEAK FLOW	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	6.65-HR
+	(CFS)	(HR)				
+	574.	4.15	74.	67.	67.	67.
		(INCHES)	1.177	1.182	1.182	1.182
		(AC-FT)	37.	37.	37.	37.
CUMULATIVE AREA =			.59 SQ MI			

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16 KK * DETAIN *
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HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

17 RS	STORAGE ROUTING		
	NSTPS	1	NUMBER OF SUBREACHES
	ITYP	STOR	TYPE OF INITIAL CONDITION
	RSVRIC	-1.00	INITIAL CONDITION
	X	.00	WORKING R AND D COEFFICIENT
18 SV	STORAGE	.0	.6
19 SQ	DISCHARGE	0.	559.
20 SE	ELEVATION	100.00	101.00

* DA MON HRMN ORD OUTFLOW STORAGE STAGE										* DA MON HRMN ORD OUTFLOW STORAGE STAGE									
1 JAN 1200	1	4.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1414	135	43.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1628	269	86.	.1	100.2			
1 JAN 1201	2	5.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1415	136	44.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1629	270	81.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1202	3	6.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1416	137	44.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1630	271	79.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1203	4	8.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1417	138	44.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1631	272	77.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1204	5	9.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1418	139	45.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1632	273	75.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1205	6	11.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1419	140	45.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1633	274	74.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1206	7	12.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1420	141	45.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1634	275	72.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1207	8	14.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1421	142	46.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1635	276	71.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1208	9	15.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1422	143	46.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1636	277	69.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1209	10	17.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1423	144	46.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1637	278	68.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1210	11	18.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1424	145	46.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1638	279	66.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1211	12	20.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1425	146	47.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1639	280	65.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1212	13	21.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1426	147	47.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1640	281	63.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1213	14	23.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1427	148	47.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1641	282	62.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1214	15	24.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1428	149	47.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1642	283	60.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1215	16	26.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1429	150	48.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1643	284	59.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1216	17	27.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1430	151	48.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1644	285	57.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1217	18	27.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1431	152	48.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1645	286	56.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1218	19	27.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1432	153	48.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1646	287	55.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1219	20	27.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1433	154	48.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1647	288	54.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1220	21	27.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1434	155	49.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1648	289	53.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1221	22	27.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1435	156	49.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1649	290	53.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1222	23	28.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1436	157	49.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1650	291	52.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1223	24	28.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1437	158	49.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1651	292	51.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1224	25	28.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1438	159	50.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1652	293	51.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1225	26	28.	.0	100.0	*	1 JAN 1439	160	50.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1653	294	50.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1226	27	28.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1440	161	50.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1654	295	49.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1227	28	28.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1441	162	51.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1655	296	49.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1228	29	28.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1442	163	51.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1656	297	48.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1229	30	28.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1443	164	52.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1657	298	47.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1230	31	28.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1444	165	52.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1658	299	47.	.1	100.1			
1 JAN 1231	32	29.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1445	166	53.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1659	300	46.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1232	33	29.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1446	167	54.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1700	301	45.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1233	34	29.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1447	168	54.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1701	302	45.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1234	35	29.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1448	169	55.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1702	303	44.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1235	36	29.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1449	170	56.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1703	304	43.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1236	37	29.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1450	171	56.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1704	305	43.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1237	38	29.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1451	172	57.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1705	306	42.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1238	39	29.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1452	173	57.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1706	307	42.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1239	40	29.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1453	174	58.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1707	308	42.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1240	41	29.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1454	175	59.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1708	309	41.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1241	42	29.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1455	176	59.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1709	310	41.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1242	43	29.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1456	177	60.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1710	311	40.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1243	44	29.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1457	178	60.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1711	312	40.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1244	45	29.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1458	179	61.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1712	313	40.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1245	46	30.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1459	180	61.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1713	314	39.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1246	47	30.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1500	181	62.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1714	315	39.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1247	48	30.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1501	182	62.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1715	316	38.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1248	49	30.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1502	183	63.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1716	317	38.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1249	50	30.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1503	184	63.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1717	318	38.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1250	51	30.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1504	185	64.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1718	319	37.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1251	52	30.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1505	186	64.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1719	320	37.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1252	53	30.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1506	187	65.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1720	321	36.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1253	54	30.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1507	188	65.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1721	322	36.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1254	55	30.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1508	189	66.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1722	323	36.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1255	56	30.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1509	190	66.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1723	324	35.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1256	57	31.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1510	191	67.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1724	325	35.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1257	58	31.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1511	192	67.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1725	326	35.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1258	59	31.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1512	193	68.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1726	327	35.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1259	60	31.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1513	194	68.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1727	328	34.	.0	100.1			
1 JAN 1300	61	31.	.0	100.1	*	1 JAN 1514	195	69.	.1	100.1	*	1 JAN 1728	329	34.	.0	100.1			

1 JAN 1301 62	31.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1515 196	69.	.1	100.1 *	1 JAN 1729 330	34.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1302 63	31.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1516 197	70.	.1	100.1 *	1 JAN 1730 331	34.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1303 64	32.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1517 198	72.	.1	100.1 *	1 JAN 1731 332	33.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1304 65	32.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1518 199	73.	.1	100.1 *	1 JAN 1732 333	33.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1305 66	32.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1519 200	75.	.1	100.1 *	1 JAN 1733 334	33.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1306 67	32.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1520 201	77.	.1	100.1 *	1 JAN 1734 335	33.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1307 68	32.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1521 202	79.	.1	100.1 *	1 JAN 1735 336	32.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1308 69	32.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1522 203	81.	.1	100.1 *	1 JAN 1736 337	32.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1309 70	32.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1523 204	82.	.1	100.1 *	1 JAN 1737 338	32.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1310 71	33.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1524 205	84.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1738 339	32.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1311 72	33.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1525 206	86.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1739 340	31.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1312 73	33.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1526 207	88.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1740 341	31.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1313 74	33.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1527 208	90.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1741 342	31.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1314 75	33.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1528 209	91.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1742 343	31.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1315 76	33.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1529 210	93.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1743 344	31.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1316 77	33.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1530 211	95.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1744 345	30.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1317 78	33.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1531 212	97.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1745 346	30.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1318 79	33.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1532 213	99.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1746 347	30.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1319 80	33.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1533 214	100.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1747 348	30.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1320 81	33.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1534 215	101.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1748 349	30.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1321 82	34.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1535 216	101.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1749 350	29.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1322 83	34.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1536 217	100.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1750 351	29.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1323 84	34.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1537 218	99.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1751 352	29.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1324 85	34.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1538 219	98.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1752 353	29.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1325 86	34.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1539 220	97.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1753 354	29.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1326 87	34.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1540 221	96.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1754 355	29.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1327 88	34.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1541 222	95.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1755 356	28.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1328 89	34.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1542 223	94.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1756 357	28.	.0	100.1
1 JAN 1329 90	34.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1543 224	93.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1757 358	28.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1330 91	35.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1544 225	92.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1758 359	27.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1331 92	35.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1545 226	91.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1759 360	26.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1332 93	35.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1546 227	90.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1800 361	24.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1333 94	35.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1547 228	89.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1801 362	23.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1334 95	35.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1548 229	88.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1802 363	21.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1335 96	36.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1549 230	87.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1803 364	20.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1336 97	36.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1550 231	86.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1804 365	18.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1337 98	36.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1551 232	85.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1805 366	17.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1338 99	36.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1552 233	95.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1806 367	15.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1339 100	36.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1553 234	119.	.1	100.2 *	1 JAN 1807 368	14.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1340 101	37.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1554 235	145.	.2	100.3 *	1 JAN 1808 369	12.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1341 102	37.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1555 236	172.	.2	100.3 *	1 JAN 1809 370	10.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1342 103	37.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1556 237	199.	.2	100.4 *	1 JAN 1810 371	9.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1343 104	37.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1557 238	227.	.2	100.4 *	1 JAN 1811 372	7.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1344 105	37.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1558 239	254.	.3	100.5 *	1 JAN 1812 373	6.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1345 106	38.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1559 240	281.	.3	100.5 *	1 JAN 1813 374	4.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1346 107	38.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1600 241	308.	.3	100.6 *	1 JAN 1814 375	3.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1347 108	38.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1601 242	335.	.4	100.6 *	1 JAN 1815 376	1.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1348 109	38.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1602 243	362.	.4	100.6 *	1 JAN 1816 377	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1349 110	38.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1603 244	390.	.4	100.7 *	1 JAN 1817 378	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1350 111	38.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1604 245	417.	.4	100.7 *	1 JAN 1818 379	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1351 112	38.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1605 246	444.	.5	100.8 *	1 JAN 1819 380	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1352 113	39.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1606 247	471.	.5	100.8 *	1 JAN 1820 381	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1353 114	39.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1607 248	498.	.5	100.9 *	1 JAN 1821 382	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1354 115	39.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1608 249	525.	.6	100.9 *	1 JAN 1822 383	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1355 116	39.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1609 250	553.	.6	101.0 *	1 JAN 1823 384	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1356 117	39.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1610 251	558.	.6	101.0 *	1 JAN 1824 385	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1357 118	39.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1611 252	538.	.6	101.0 *	1 JAN 1825 386	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1358 119	39.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1612 253	513.	.6	100.9 *	1 JAN 1826 387	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1359 120	39.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1613 254	486.	.5	100.9 *	1 JAN 1827 388	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1400 121	40.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1614 255	458.	.5	100.8 *	1 JAN 1828 389	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1401 122	40.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1615 256	431.	.5	100.8 *	1 JAN 1829 390	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1402 123	40.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1616 257	404.	.4	100.7 *	1 JAN 1830 391	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1403 124	40.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1617 258	376.	.4	100.7 *	1 JAN 1831 392	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1404 125	40.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1618 259	349.	.4	100.6 *	1 JAN 1832 393	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1405 126	41.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1619 260	322.	.3	100.6 *	1 JAN 1833 394	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1406 127	41.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1620 261	294.	.3	100.5 *	1 JAN 1834 395	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1407 128	41.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1621 262	267.	.3	100.5 *	1 JAN 1835 396	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1408 129	41.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1622 263	240.	.3	100.4 *	1 JAN 1836 397	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1409 130	42.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1623 264	212.	.2	100.4 *	1 JAN 1837 398	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1410 131	42.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1624 265	185.	.2	100.3 *	1 JAN 1838 399	0.	.0	100.0
1 JAN 1411 132	42.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1625 266	158.	.2	100.3 *	1 JAN 1839 400	0.	.0	100.0

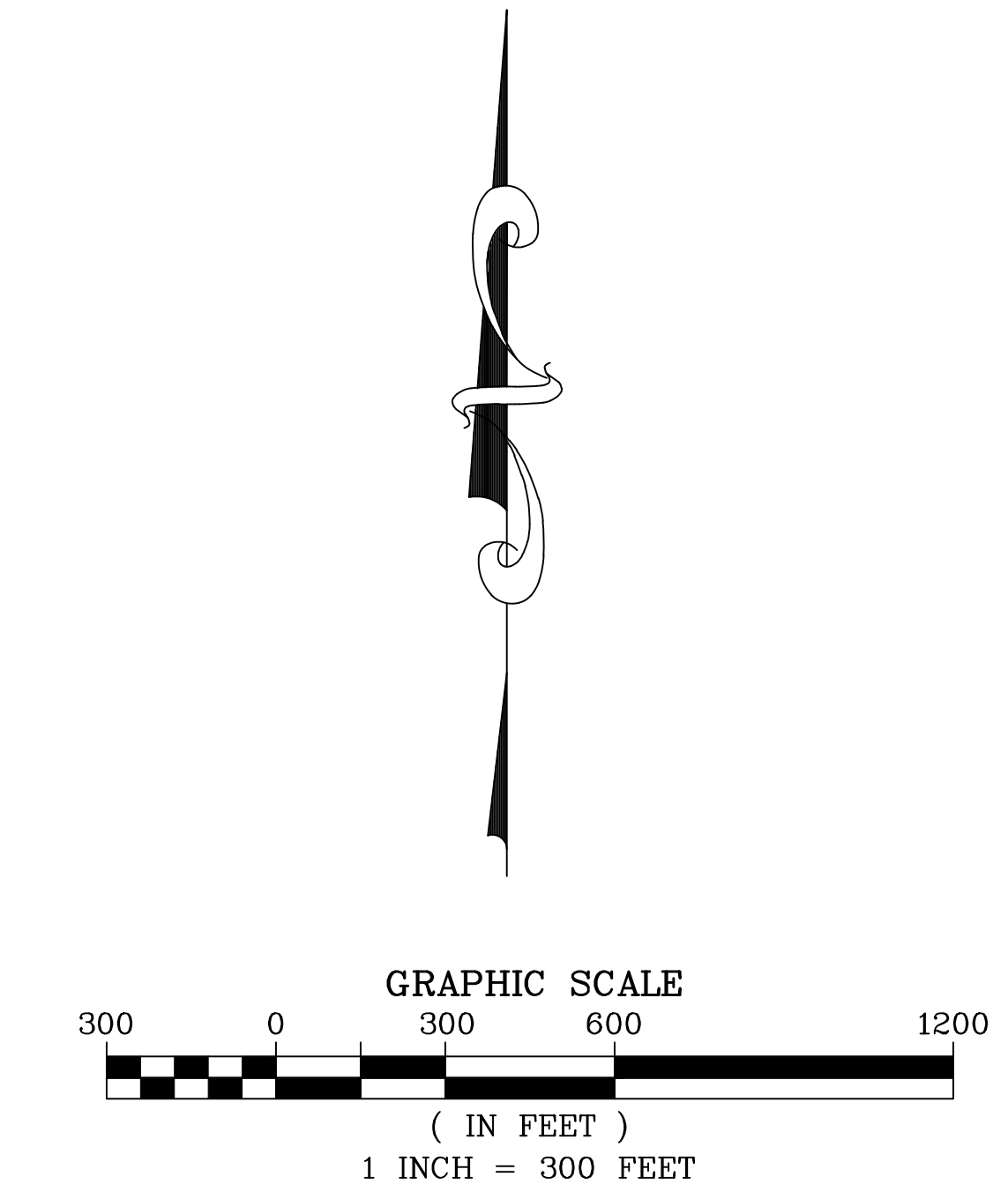
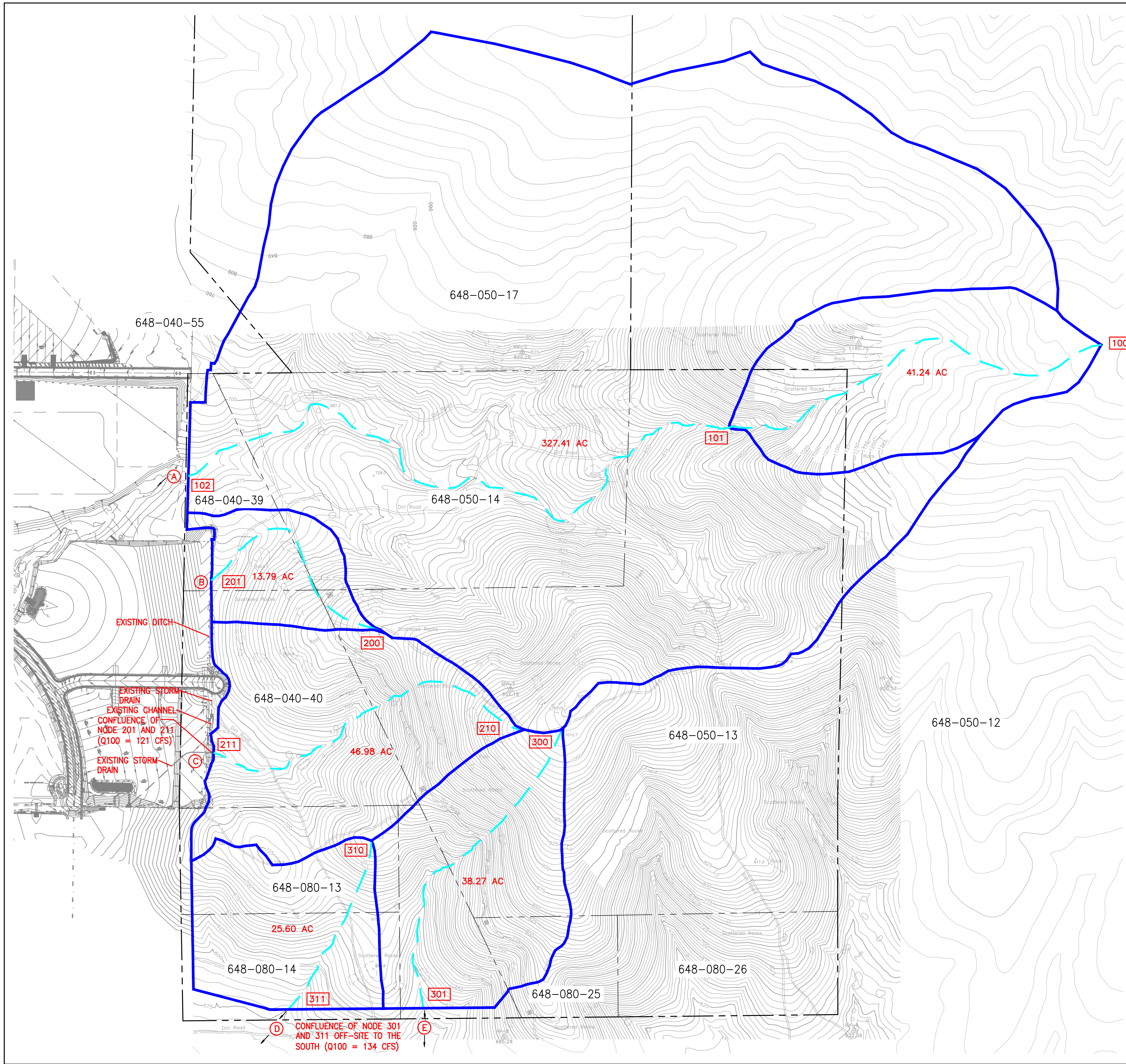
1 JAN 1412 133	43.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1626 267	130.	.1	100.2 *
1 JAN 1413 134	43.	.0	100.1 *	1 JAN 1627 268	103.	.1	100.2 *
			*				*

PEAK FLOW	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	6.65-HR
+ (CFS)	(HR)	(CFS)				
+ 558.	4.17		74.	67.	67.	67.
		(INCHES)	1.177	1.182	1.182	1.182
		(AC-FT)	37.	37.	37.	37.
PEAK STORAGE	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE STORAGE			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	6.65-HR
+ (AC-FT)	(HR)					
1.	4.17		0.	0.	0.	0.
PEAK STAGE	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE STAGE			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	6.65-HR
+ (FEET)	(HR)					
101.00	4.17		100.13	100.12	100.12	100.12
CUMULATIVE AREA =			.59 SQ MI			

RUNOFF SUMMARY
 FLOW IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND
 TIME IN HOURS, AREA IN SQUARE MILES

	OPERATION	STATION	PEAK FLOW	TIME OF PEAK	AVERAGE FLOW FOR MAXIMUM PERIOD			BASIN AREA	MAXIMUM STAGE	TIME OF MAX STAGE
					6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR			
+										
+	HYDROGRAPH AT									
		BASIN	574.	4.15	74.	67.	67.	.59		
+	ROUTED TO									
		DETAIN	558.	4.17	74.	67.	67.	.59		
+									101.00	4.17

*** NORMAL END OF HEC-1 ***



Discharge Location	Tributary Area	100-Year Flow, cfs
A	368.65	559
B	13.79	28
C	46.98	94
D	25.60	58
E	38.27	80

- LEGEND:
- PARCEL BOUNDARIES
 - DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY
 - OVERLAND FLOW PATH
 - 3.62 AC DRAINAGE BASIN AREA
 - 100 RATIONAL METHOD NODE NUMBER
 - A SITE DISCHARGE LOCATION

EXISTING CONDITION RATIONAL METHOD WORK MAP

